## PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc.

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Dates of Tests: January 17-19, 2000

Test Report S/N: 24/22.200113027.CJ6

Test Site: PCTEST Lab, Columbia MD

# CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE FCC Part 24 & 22 Certification

Toshiba Corporation, Product Safety Group Technical & Quality Management Division Digital Media Equipment & Service Co. 1-1 Shibaura 1-Chome, Minatoku

Tokyo 105-01 Japan

Attn: Jim Papadopoulos, Audiovox Communications Corp.

FCC ID CJ6DCE37529A

APPLICANT TOSHIBA CORPORATION

Classification: Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)

FCC Rule Part(s): §24(E), §22(H), §22.901(d); §2

EUT Type: Tri-Mode Dual-Band Analog/PCS Phone (AMPS/CDMA)

Trade Name/Model: AUDIOVOX CDM-9000

Serial Number: 1090000013

Tx Frequency Range: 824.04MHz - 848.97MHz (AMPS) / 824.70 - 848.31 (CDMA)

1851.25MHz - 1908.75MHz (PCS CDMA)

Rx Frequency Range: 869.04MHz - 893.97MHz (AMPS) / 869.70 - 893.31 (CDMA)

1931.25MHz - 1988.75MHz (PCS CDMA)

Max. RF Output Power: 0.6 W ERP AMPS (27.8 dBm) / 0.32 W ERP CDMA (25.08 dBm)

0.27 W EIRP PCS CDMA (24.25 dBm)

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in §2.947 with the following remarks (Note Codes):

 $^{\star}$  (BC) The output power is continuously variable from the value listed in this entry to 5%-10% of the value listed.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been denied the FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 853(a).

200113027. CJ6



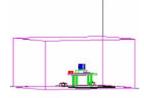
Randy Ortanez

President & Chief Engineer

FCC Parts 24 & 22 Certification

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## MEASUREMENT REPORT



### **1.1 Scope**

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EME) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission.

#### §2.1033 General Information

Applicant Name: Toshiba Corporation, Product Safety Group Address: Technology & Quality Management Division

Digital Media Equipment & Service Co.
1-1 Shibaura 1-Chome, Minatoku

Tokyo 105-01, Japan

Attention: Jim Papadopoulos, Audiovox Communications Corp.

FCC ID: CJ6DCE37529A

• Serial Number: 10900000013

Quantity: Quantity production is planned

• Emission Designators: 1M25F9W, 40K0F8W, 40K0F1D

• Tx Freq. Range: 824.04 – 848.97 MHz (AMPS)

824.70 - 848.31 MHz (CDMA)

1851.25 – 1908.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)

Rx Freq. Range: 869.04 – 893.97 MHz (AMPS)

869.70 - 893.31 MHz (CDMA)

1931.25 - 1988.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)

Max. Power Rating: 0.6 W ERP AMPS (27.80 dBm) / 0.32 W ERP CDMA (25.08 dBm)

0.27 W EIRP PCS CDMA (24.25 dBm)

FCC Classification(s): Licensed Portable Tx Held to Ear (PCE)

Equipment (EUT) Type: Tri-Mode Dual-Band Analog/PCS Phone

Modulation(s): AMPS / CDMA

• Frequency Tolerance: ± 0.00025% (2.5 ppm)

FCC Rule Part(s): § 24(E), §22(H), §22.901(d); §2

Dates of Tests: January 17-19, 2000

Place of Tests:
 PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD U.S.A.

Test Report S/N: 24/22.200113027.CJ6



#### 2.1 INTRODUCTION

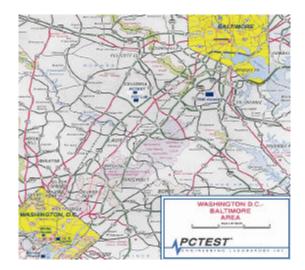


Figure 1. Map of the Greater Baltimore and Metropolitan Washington, D.C. area.

conducted **PCTEST** measurement tests were **Engineering Laboratory, Inc.** facility in New Concept Business Park, Guilford Industrial Park, Columbia, Maryland. The site address is 6660-B Dobbin Road, Columbia, MD 21045. The test site is one of the highest points in the Columbia area with an elevation of 390 feet above mean sea level. The site coordinates are 39° 11'15" N latitude and 76° 49'38" W longitude. The facility is 1.5 miles North of the FCC laboratory, and the ambient signal and ambient signal strength are approximately equal to those of the FCC laboratory. There are no FM or TV transmitters within 15 miles of the site. The detailed description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4 on October 19, 1992.

#### **Measurement Procedure**

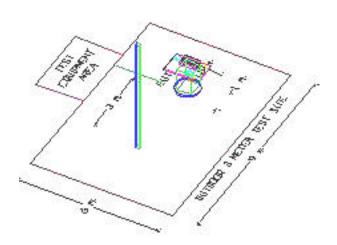


Figure 2. Diagram of 3-meter outdoor test range

The radiated and spurious measurements were made outdoors at 3-meter test range (see Figure 2). The equipment under test is placed on the turntable connected to a RF wattmeter and a dummy RF load, and then its power is adjusted to its rated output. A receiving antenna located 2 meters from the turntable picks up any signal radiated from the transmitter. The turntable containing the system was rotated; the receiving antenna height was varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at the azimuth or height producing the maximum emission. The testing procedure is repeated for both horizontal and vertical polarization of the receiving antenna. The actual radiated signal strength is obtained by substitution method with a signal generator with a calibrated output. The signal generator is adjusted in output until its reading is identical to that obtained when the receiving antenna is connected to the receiver. Signal strength is then read directly from the signal generator.

#### 3.1 DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

### 3.2 §2.1047(a) Transmitter Audio Frequency Response

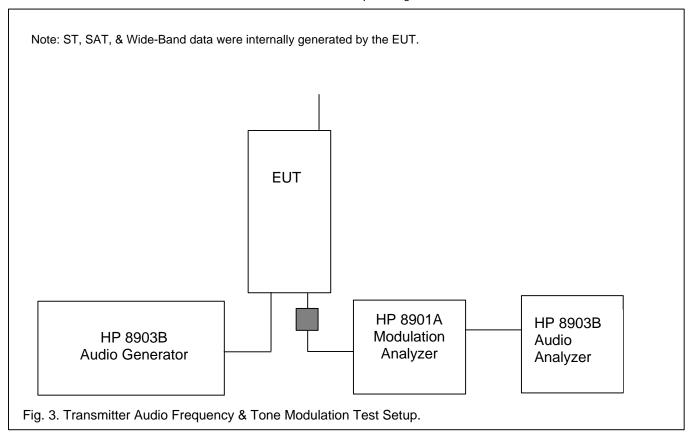
The frequency response of the audio modulating circuit over the frequency range 100 – 5000 Hz is measured. The audio signal generator is connected to the audio input circuit/microphone of the EUT. The audio signal input is adjusted to obtain 50% modulation at 1kHz and this point is taken as the 0dB reference. With the input held constant and below the limit at all frequencies, the audio signal generator is varied from 100 to 50 kHz.

### 3.3 §22.915(d) Audio Low Pass Filter Frequency Response

The response in dB relative to 1kHz is measured using the HP8901 a Modulation Analyzer. For the frequency response of the audio low-pass filter, the audio input is connected at the input to the modulation limiter and the modulated stage. The audio output is connected at the output of the modulated stage. The corresponding plots are shown herein.

### 3.4 §2.1047(b) & §22.915(b) Modulation Limiting

The audio signal generator is connected to the audio input circuit/microphone of the EUT. The modulation response is measured for each of the three modulating frequencies (300Hz, 1000 Hz, and 3000Hz), and the input voltage is varied from 30% modulation (±3.6kHz deviation) to at least 20dB higher than the saturation point. Measurements of modulation and the plots are attached herein. Measurements were performed for ST, SAT, and wide-band data modulations. The corresponding results are shown herein.



### 3.1 DESCRIPTION OF TESTS (CONTINUED)

#### 3.5 §24.238 Occupied Bandwidth Emission Limits

- (a) On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.
- (b) Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.
- (c) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the licensee's frequency block edges, both upper and lower, as the design permits.
- (d) The measurement of emission power can be expressed in peak or average values, provided they are expressed in the same parameters as the transmitter power.

BLOCK	Freq. Range (MHz) Transmitter (Tx)	Freq. Range (MHz) Receiver (Rx)
А	1850 - 1865	1930 - 1945
В	1870 - 1885	1950 - 1965
С	1895 - 1910	1975 - 1990
D	1865 - 1870	1945 - 1950
E	1885 - 1890	1965 - 1970
F	1890 - 1895	1970 - 1975

Table 1. Broadband PCS Service Frequency Blocks.

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#### 3.1 DESCRIPTION OF TESTS (CONTINUED)

#### 3.6 §2.1049(c)(1) Occupied Bandwidth

The audio signal generator is adjusted to 1kHz. The output level is set to ±6kHz deviation. With the level constant, the frequency is set to 2500Hz. Then the audio signal level is increased by 16dB. The occupied bandwidth data is obtained for the SAT (Supervisory Audio Tone), ST (Signaling Tone), WBD (Wideband data), and DTMF (Dual Tone Multi Frequencies). The results are shown on the attached graphs.

#### **Specified Limits:**

- a. On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 20 kHz, up to and including 45kHz, the sideband is at least 26dB below the carrier.
- b. On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 45 kHz, up to and including 90kHz, the sideband is at least 45dB below the carrier.
- c. On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 90 kHz, up to the first multiple of the carrier frequency, the sideband is at least 60dB below the carrier or 40 + log<sub>10</sub> (mean power output in Watts) dB, whichever is the smaller attenuation.

### 3.7 §2.1051 Spurious and Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal

The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequencies is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to 10 GHz. The transmitter is modulated with a 2500Hz tone at a level of 16dB greater than that required to provided 50% modulation.

At the input terminals of the spectrum analyzer, an isolator (RF circulator with on port terminated with 50 ohms) and an 870 MHz to 890 MHz bandpass filter is connected between the test transceiver (for conducted tests) or the receive antenna (for radiated tests) and the analyzer. The rejection of the bandpass filter to signals in the 825 – 845 MHz range is adequate to limit the transmit energy from the test transceiver which appears to a level which will allow the analyzer to measure signals less than –90dBm. Calibration of the test receiver is performed in the 870 – 890 MHz range to insure accuracy to allow variation in the passband filter insertion loss to be calibrated.

## 3.8 §24.229 Frequencies

At the input terminals of the spectrum analyzer, an isolator (RF pad) and an high-pass filter are connected between the test transceiver (for conducted tests) or the receive antenna (for radiated tests) and the analyzer. The high-pass filter (signals below 2 GHz) is to limit the fundamental frequency from interfering with the measurement of low level spurious and harmonic emissions and to ensure that the preamplifier is not saturated.

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### 3.9 §2.1053 Radiation Spurious and Harmonic Emissions

Radiation and harmonic emissions above 1 GHz is measured at out 3-meter indoor site. The EUT is placed on the turntable connected to a dummy load in normal operation using the intended power source. A receiving antenna located 3 meters from the turntable receives any signal radiated from the transmitter and its operating accessories. The antenna is varied from 1 to 4 meters and the polarization is varied (horizontal and vertical) to determine the worst-case emission level. To obtain actual radiated signal strength, a signal generator is adjusted in output until a reading identical to that obtained with the actual transmitter is obtained at the receiver. Signal strength is read directly from the generator and recorded on the attached table.3.8 §24.135 Frequency Stability/Temperature Variation

The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

- a.) **Temperature**: The temperature is varied from -30°C to +60°C using an environmental chamber.
- b.) **Primary Supply Voltage:** The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the voltage normally at the input to the device or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally supplied.

Specification – The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within  $\pm 0.0001$  ( $\pm 1$  ppm) of the center frequency.

#### Time Period and Procedure:

- 1. The carrier frequency of the transmitter and the individual oscillators is measured at room temperature (25°C to 27°C to provide a reference).
- 2. The equipment is subjected to an overnight "soak" at -30°C without any power applied.
- 3. After the overnight "soak" at 30°C (usually 14-16 hours), the equipment is turned on in a "standby" condition for one minute before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter and the individual oscillators is made within a three minute interval after applying power to the transmitter.
- 4. Frequency measurements are made at 10°C interval up to room temperature. At least a period of one and one half hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.
- 5. Again the transmitter carrier frequency and the individual oscillators is measured at room temperature to begin measurement of the upper temperature levels.
- 6. Frequency were made at 10 intervals starting at 30°C up to +50°C allowing at least two hours at each temperature for stabilization. In all measurements the frequency is measured within three minutes after applying power to the transmitter.
- 7. The artificial load is mounted external to the temperature chamber.

NOTE: The EUT is tested down to the battery endpoint.

## 4.1 Test Data

## 4.2 § 22.913 Effective Radiated Power Output

#### A. POWER: Low (Analog Mode)

Freq. Tuned (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	AFCL (dB)	POL (H/V)	F/S ( <sub>µ</sub> V/m)	ERP (W)	ERP (dBm)
824.04	-33.55	31.65	V	179897	0.00593	7.72
836.49	-33.50	31.81	V	184207	0.00622	7.93
848.97	-34.90	31.96	V	159627	0.00467	6.68

#### B. POWER: High (Analog Mode)

Freq. Tuned (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	AFCL (dB)	POL (H/V)	F/S ( <sub>µ</sub> V/m)	ERP (W)	ERP (dBm)	Conducted Power* (dBm)
824.04	-13.90	31.65	V	1727925	0.54747	27.37	26.1
836.49	-13.60	31.81	V	1820985	0.60802	27.83	26.5
848.97	-14.15	31.96	V	1740228	0.55529	27.43	26.3

#### NOTES:

- 1. \* The conducted output power is measured via HP437B Power Meter.
- 2. The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP

is calculated using the formula:

ERP (dBm) =  $10 \text{ Log }_{10} (((r(mV/m)/1 \times 10^6)^2 / 49.2/1 \times 10^{-3}))$ ERP (dBm) =  $10 \text{ Log }_{10} [(3 \times FS/1 \times 10^6)^2 / (49.2) \times 1000]$ 

## 4.1 Test Data (Cont)

## 4.3 § 22.913 Effective Radiated Power Output

#### B. POWER: High (CDMA Mode)

Freq. Tuned (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	AFCL (dB)	POL (H/V)	<b>F/S</b> ( <sub>μ</sub> V/m)	ERP (W)	ERP (dBm)	Conducted Power* (dBm)
824.70	-16.50	31.66	V	1282146	0.30143	24.78	24.3
835.89	-16.35	31.80	V	1325657	0.32223	25.07	24.4
848.31	-16.50	31.95	V	1326459	0.32262	25.08	24.3

#### NOTES:

- 1. \* The conducted output power is measured via HP437B Power Meter.
- 2. The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP is calculated using the formula:

ERP (dBm) =  $10 \text{ Log }_{10} (((r(mV/m)/1 \times 10^6)^2 / 49.2/1 \times 10^{-3}))$ 

ERP (dBm) =  $10 \text{ Log}_{10} [(3 \text{ x FS/1 x } 10^6)^2 / (49.2) \text{ x } 1000]$ 

## 5.1 Test Data

### 5.2 § 24.232(b) Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (E.I.R.P.)

Radiated measurements at 3 meters

Supply Voltage: 3.7 VDC

Modulation: PCS CDMA

FREQ.	LEVEL (dBm)	AFCL (dB)	POL (H/V)	Height (m)	Azimuth (o angle)	<b>F/S</b> ( <sub>μ</sub> V/m)	EIRP (dBm)	EIRP (W)	Conducted Power* (dBm)
1851.25	-23.50	35.31	V	1.2	30.0	871966.9	23.58	0.229	23.1
1880.00	-23.00	35.48	V	1.2	40.0	941889.6	24.25	0.267	24.0
1908.75	-23.30	35.65	V	1.2	30.0	927897.5	24.12	0.259	24.0

#### NOTES:

- 1. The bandwidth is set with RBW = 3MHz and VBW = 3MHz.
- 2. The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- 3. All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- 4. < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- 5. The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported
- 6. The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the EIRP is calculated using the formula:

EIRP (dBm) = 10 Log  $_{10}$  (((r(mV/m)/1 x  $10^6$ )<sup>2</sup> / 30.0/1 x  $10^{-3}$ ) EIRP (dBm) = 10 Log  $_{10}$  [ (3 x FS/1 x  $10^6$ )<sup>2</sup> / (30.0) x 1000]

EIRP (Watts) =  ${(3 \times FS)/1 \times 10^6}^2 / 30.0$ 

7. \* The conducted output power is measured via HP437B Power Meter.

## 6.1 Test Data

#### 6.2 Radiated Measurements

### § 2.1053 Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (CDMA)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 824.70 MHz

CHANNEL: 1013 (Low)

MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 25.08 dBm = 0.32 W

MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)

DISTANCE: 3 meters

LIMIT:  $\overline{43}$  + 10 log<sub>10</sub> (W) = 38.08 dBc

FREQ.	LEVEL	AFCL	POL	F/S	ERP	
(MHz)	(dBm)	(dB)	(H/V)	( <sub>µ</sub> V/m)	(dBm)	(dBc)
1649.40	-85.0	34.5	V	668.3	-40.88	66.0
2474.10	-88.0	38.8	V	776.2	-39.58	64.7
3298.80	-99.0	42.5	V	335.0	-46.88	72.0
4123.50	-110.0	46.1	V	142.9	-54.28	79.4
4948.20	< -130					

#### **NOTES:**

- 1. The bandwidth is set per §22.917 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- 2. The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- 3. All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- 4. < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- 5. The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- 6. The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP is calculated using the formula:

ERP (dBm) =  $10 \text{ Log}_{10} (((r(mV/m)/1 \times 10^6)^2 / 49.2/1 \times 10^{-3}))$ 

ERP (dBm) =  $10 \text{ Log}_{10} [ (3 \text{ x FS/1 x } 10^6)^2 / (49.2) \text{ x } 1000]$ 

## 6.1 Test Data (Cont)

#### 6.3 Radiated Measurements

### § 2.1053 Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (CDMA)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 835.89 MHz

CHANNEL: 363 (Middle)

MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 25.08 dBm = 0.32 W

MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)

DISTANCE:  $\frac{3}{43 + 10 \log_{10}(W)} = \frac{\text{meters}}{38.09}$  dBc

FREQ.	LEVEL	AFCL	POL	F/S	ERP	
(MHz)	(dBm)	(dB)	(H/V)	( <sub>µ</sub> V/m)	(dBm)	(dBc)
1671.78	-84.0	34.5	V	749.9	-39.88	65.0
2507.67	-90.0	39.0	V	631.0	-41.38	66.5
3343.56	-100.0	42.7	V	305.5	-47.68	72.8
4179.45	-111.2	46.2	V	125.9	-55.38	80.5
5015.34	< -130					

#### **NOTES:**

- 1. The bandwidth is set per §22.917 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- 2. The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- 3. All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- 4. < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- 5. The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- 6. The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP is calculated using the formula:

ERP (dBm) =  $10 \text{ Log}_{10} (((r(mV/m)/1 \times 10^6)^2 / 49.2/1 \times 10^{-3}))$ ERP (dBm) =  $10 \text{ Log}_{10} [(3 \times FS/1 \times 10^6)^2 / (49.2) \times 1000]$ 

## 6.1 Test Data (Cont)

#### 6.4 Radiated Measurements

### § 2.1053 Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (CDMA)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 848.31 MHz

CHANNEL: 777 (High)

MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 25.08 dBm = 0.32 W

MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 25.08 dBm = 0.32 W

MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)

DISTANCE: 3 meters

LIMIT:  $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) = 38.09$  dBc

FREQ.	LEVEL	AFCL	POL	F/S	ERP	
(MHz)	(dBm)	(dB)	(H/V)	( <sub>µ</sub> V/m)	(dBm)	(dBc)
1696.62	-85.2	34.9	V	683.9	-40.68	65.8
2544.93	-90.5	39.2	V	609.5	-41.68	66.8
3393.24	-99.9	42.9	V	316.2	-47.38	72.5
4241.55	-113.0	46.3	V	103.5	-57.08	82.2
5089.86	< -130					

#### NOTES:

- 1. The bandwidth is set per §22.917 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- 2. The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- 3. All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- 4. < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- 5. The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- 6. The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP is calculated using the formula:

ERP (dBm) =  $10 \text{ Log}_{10} (((r(mV/m)/1 \times 10^6)^2 / 49.2/1 \times 10^{-3}))$ ERP (dBm) =  $10 \text{ Log}_{10} [(3 \times FS/1 \times 10^6)^2 / (49.2) \times 1000]$ 

## 6.1 Test Data (Cont)

#### 6.5 Radiated Measurements

## § 2.1053 Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (AMPS)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 824.04 MHz

CHANNEL: 991 (Low)

MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 27.80 dBm = 0.60 W

MODULATION SIGNAL: ST (Signalling Tone)

DISTANCE: 3 meters

LIMIT:  $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) = 40.81$  dB

FREQ.	LEVEL (dBm)	AFCL (dB)	POL (H/V)	<b>F/S</b> ( <sub>μ</sub> V/m)	ERP (dBm)	(dBc)
1648.08	-80.8	34.5	V	1083.9	-36.68	64.5
2472.12	-86.0	38.8	V	977.2	-37.58	65.4
3296.16	-97.0	42.5	V	421.7	-44.88	72.7
4120.20	-106.8	46.1	V	206.5	-51.08	78.9
4944.24	< -130	48.0	V			
5768.28		50.1	V			

#### NOTES:

- 1. The bandwidth is set per §22.917 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- 2. The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- 3. All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- 4. < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- 5. The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- 6. The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP is calculated using the formula:

ERP (dBm) =  $10 \text{ Log}_{10} (((r(mV/m)/1 \times 10^6)^2 / 49.2/1 \times 10^{-3}))$ 

ERP (dBm) =  $10 \text{ Log}_{10} [ (3 \text{ x FS/1 x } 10^6)^2 / (49.2) \text{ x } 1000]$ 

## 6.1 Test Data (Cont)

#### 6.6 Radiated Measurements

### § 2.1053 Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (AMPS)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 836.49 MHz

CHANNEL: 383 (Middle)

MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 27.80 dBm = 0.60 W

MODULATION SIGNAL: ST (Signalling Tone)

DISTANCE: 3 meters

LIMIT:  $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) = 40.81$  dBc

FREQ.	LEVEL (dBm)	AFCL (dB)	POL (H/V)	<b>F/S</b> ( <sub>µ</sub> V/m)	ERP (dBm)	(dBc)
1672.98	-82.0	34.5	V	944.1	-37.88	65.7
2509.47	-87.2	39.0	V	871.0	-38.58	66.4
3345.96	-98.0	42.7	V	384.6	-45.68	73.5
4182.45	-107.2	46.2	V	199.5	-51.38	79.2
5018.94	< -130	48.5	V			
5855.43		50.3	V			

#### NOTES:

- 1. The bandwidth is set per §22.917 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- 2. The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- 3. All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- 4. < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- 5. The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- 6. The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP is calculated using the formula:

ERP (dBm) =  $10 \text{ Log}_{10} (((r(mV/m)/1 \times 10^6)^2 / 49.2/1 \times 10^{-3}))$ 

ERP (dBm) =  $10 \text{ Log}_{10} [(3 \text{ x FS/1 x } 10^6)^2 / (49.2) \text{ x } 1000]$ 

## 6.1 Test Data (Cont)

#### 6.7 Radiated Measurements

### § 2.1053 Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (AMPS)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 848.97 MHz

CHANNEL: 799 (High)

MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 27.80 dBm = 0.60 W

MODULATION SIGNAL: ST (Signalling Tone)

DISTANCE: 3 meters

LIMIT:  $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) = 40.81$  dBc

FREQ.	LEVEL (dBm)	AFCL (dB)	POL (H/V)	F/S ( <sub>µ</sub> V/m)	ERP (dBm)	(dBc)
1697.94	-85.0	34.9	V	699.8	-40.48	68.3
2546.91	-88.2	39.2	V	794.3	-39.38	67.2
3395.88	-99.5	42.9	V	331.1	-46.98	74.8
4244.85	-110.0	46.1	V	142.9	-54.28	82.1
5093.82	< -130	46.1	V			
5942.79		48.4	V			

#### **NOTES:**

- 1. The bandwidth is set per §22.917 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- 2. The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- 3. All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- 4. < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- 5. The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- 6. The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP is calculated using the formula:

ERP (dBm) =  $10 \text{ Log }_{10} (((r(mV/m)/1 \times 10^6)^2 / 49.2/1 \times 10^{-3}))$ 

ERP (dBm) =  $10 \text{ Log}_{10} [(3 \text{ x FS/1 x } 10^6)^2 / (49.2) \text{ x } 1000]$ 

## 6.1 Test Data (Cont)

### 6.8 Radiated Measurements

§ 2.1053 Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (PCS CDMA)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 1851.25 MHz

CHANNEL: 025 (Low)

MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 24.25 dBm = 0.27 W

MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)

DISTANCE: 3 meters

LIMIT:  $\overline{43 + 10 \log_{10} (W)} = 37.26$  dBo

FREQ.	LEVEL	AFCL	POL	F/S	EIRP	
(MHz)	(dBm)	(dB)	(H/V)	( <sub>µ</sub> V/m)	(dBm)	(dBc)
3702.50	-90.0	44.4	V	1174.9	-33.83	58.1
5553.75	-100.8	49.7	V	623.7	-39.33	63.6
7405.00	-127.0	53.7	V	48.4	-61.53	85.8
9256.25	< -130					
11107.50	< -130					

#### **NOTES**:

1. The bandwidth is set per §24.238 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz). The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.

3.

4. < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.

The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.

The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the EIRP is calculated using the formula:

EIRP (dBm) = 10 Log 10 ((( $r(mV/m)/1 \times 10^6)^2 / 30.0/1 \times 10^{-3}$ )

EIRP (dBm) = 10 Log 10 [  $(3 \times FS/1 \times 10^6)^2 / (30.0) \times 1000$ ]

## 6.1 Test Data (Cont)

#### 6.9 Radiated Measurements

§ 2.1053 Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (PCS CDMA)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 1880.00 MHz

CHANNEL: 600 (Middle)

MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 24.25 dBm = 0.27 W

MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)

DISTANCE: 3 meters

LIMIT: 43 + 10 log<sub>10</sub> (W) = 37.26 dB

FREQ.	LEVEL	AFCL	POL	F/S	EIRP	
(MHz)	(dBm)	(dB)	(H/V)	( <sub>µ</sub> V/m)	(dBm)	(dBc)
3760.00	-92.0	44.7	V	966.1	-35.53	59.8
5640.00	-100.0	49.9	V	699.8	-38.33	62.6
7520.00	-128.0	54.0	V	44.7	-62.23	86.5
9400.00	< -130					
11280.00	< -130					

#### NOTES:

- 1. The bandwidth is set per §24.238 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- 2. The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- 3. All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- 4. < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- 5. The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- 6. The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the EIRP is calculated using the formula:

EIRP (dBm) = 10 Log 10 (((r(mV/m)/1 x  $10^6$ )<sup>2</sup> / 30.0/1 x  $10^{-3}$ ) EIRP (dBm) = 10 Log 10 [ (3 x FS/1 x  $10^6$ )<sup>2</sup> / (30.0) x 1000] EIRP (Watts) = {(3 x FS)/1 x  $10^6$ }<sup>2</sup> / 30.0

## 6.1 Test Data (Cont)

### 6.10 Radiated Measurements

§ 2.1053 Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (PCS CDMA)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 1908.75 MHz

CHANNEL: 1175 (High)

MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 24.25 dBm = 0.27 W

MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)

DISTANCE: 3 meters

LIMIT:  $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) = 37.26$  dBd

FREQ.		AFCL	POL		EIRP	
(MHz)		(dB)	(H/V)	(μ	(dBm)	(dBc)
3817.50	-90.0		V	1258.9		57.5
5726.25		50.1	V		-39.63	63.9
	-128.2	54.2		44.7	-62.23	
9543.75	< -130					
	< -130					

- 1. The bandwidth is set per §24.238 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- 2. The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- 3. All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- 4. < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- 5. The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- 6. The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the EIRP is calculated using the formula:

EIRP (dBm) = 10 Log 10 ((( $r(mV/m)/1 \times 10^6$ )<sup>2</sup> / 30.0/1 x 10<sup>-3</sup>)

EIRP (dBm) = 10 Log 10 [  $(3 \times FS/1 \times 10^6)^2 / (30.0) \times 1000$ ]

## 7.1 Test Data (Continued)

## 7.4 § 2.995 FREQUENCY STABILITY (AMPS)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 836,490,001 Hz

CHANNEL: 383

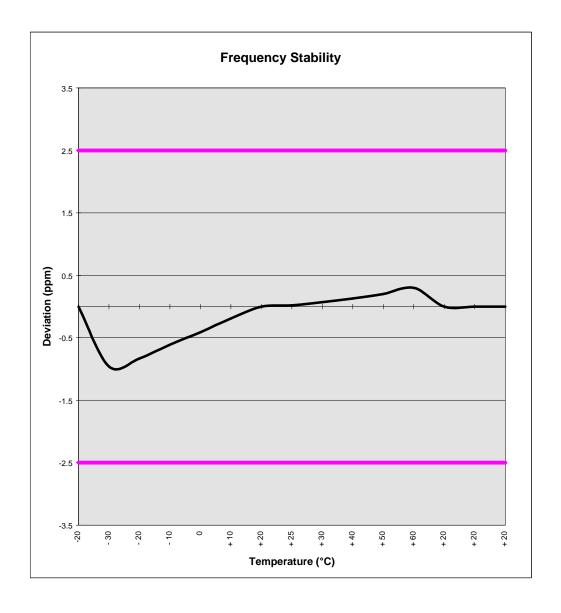
REFERENCE VOLTAGE: 3.7 VDC

DEVIATION LIMIT:  $\pm$  0.00025 % or 2.5 ppm

VOLTAGE (%)	POWER (VDC)	TEMP (°C)	FREQ.	Deviation (%)
100 %	3.70	+ 20 (Ref)	836,490,001	0.000000
100 %		- 30	836,490,804	-0.000096
100 %		- 20	836,490,695	-0.000083
100 %		- 10	836,490,511	-0.000061
100 %		0	836,490,344	-0.000041
100 %		+ 10	836,490,160	-0.000019
100 %		+ 20	836,490,001	0.00000
100 %		+ 25	836,489,984	0.000002
100 %		+ 30	836,489,942	0.000007
100 %		+ 40	836,489,892	0.000013
100 %		+ 50	836,489,834	0.000020
100 %		+ 60	836,489,750	0.000030
85 %	3.15	+ 20	836,490,001	0.00000
115 %	4.26	+ 20	836,490,001	0.00000
BATT. ENDPOINT	2.92	+ 20	836,490,001	0.00000

## 7.1 Test Data (Continued)

## 7.5 § 2.995 FREQUENCY STABILITY (AMPS)



## 7.1 Test Data

## 7.2 § 24.135 FREQUENCY STABILITY (PCS CDMA)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 1,880,000,004 Hz

CHANNEL: 600

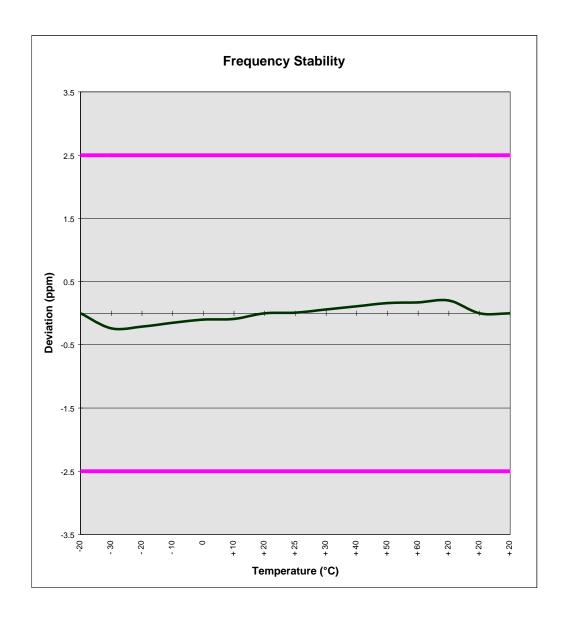
REFERENCE VOLTAGE: 3.7 VDC

DEVIATION LIMIT:  $\pm$  0.00025 % or 2.5 ppm

VOLTAGE (%)	POWER (VDC)	TEMP (°C)	FREQ.	Deviation (%)
100 %	3.70	+ 20 (Ref)	1,880,000,004	0.000000
100 %		- 30	1,880,000,455	-0.000024
100 %		- 20	1,880,000,399	-0.000021
100 %		- 10	1,880,000,286	-0.000015
100 %		0	1,880,000,192	-0.000010
100 %		+ 10	1,880,000,173	-0.000009
100 %		+ 20	1,880,000,004	0.00000
100 %		+ 25	1,879,999,985	0.000001
100 %		+ 30	1,879,999,891	0.000006
100 %		+ 40	1,879,999,797	0.000011
100 %		+ 50	1,879,999,703	0.000016
100 %		+ 60	1,879,999,684	0.000017
85 %	3.15	+ 20	1,879,999,628	0.000020
115 %	4.26	+ 20	1,880,000,004	0.00000
BATT. ENDPOINT	2.92	+ 20	1,880,000,004	0.000000

## 7.1 Test Data (Continued)

## 7.3 § 24.135 FREQUENCY STABILITY (PCS CDMA)



Test Report S/N: 24/22.200113027.CJ6 FCC Parts 24 & 22
Dates of Tests: January 17-19, 2000 Certification

## 8.1 PLOT(S) OF EMISSIONS

(SEE ATTACHMENT D)

### 9.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

9.2 Type	Model (	Cal. Due Date	S/N
Microwave Spectrum Analyzer	HP 8566B (100Hz-22GHz)	08/15/00	3638A08713
Microwave Spectrum Analyzer	HP 8566B (100Hz-22GHz)	04/17/00	2542A11898
Spectrum Analyzer/Tracking Gen.	HP 8591A (100Hz-1.8GHz)	08/10/00	3144A02458
Signal Generator*	HP 8640B (500Hz-1GHz)	06/03/00	2232A19558
Signal Generator*	HP 8640B (500Hz-1GHz)	06/03/00	1851A09816
Signal Generator*	Rohde & Schwarz (0.1-1000M		894215/012
Ailtech/Eaton Receiver	NM 37/57A-SL (30-1000MH		0792-03271
Ailtech/Eaton Receiver	NM 37/57A (30-1000MHz)	03/11/00	0805-03334
Ailtech/Eaton Receiver	NM 17/27A (0.1-32MHz)	09/17/00	0608-03241
Quasi-Peak Adapter	HP 85650A	08/15/00	2043A00301
Ailtech/Eaton Adapter	CCA-7 CISPR/ANSI QP Adapt		0194-04082
Gigatronics Universal Power Meter	8657A		1835256
Gigatronics Power Sensor	80701A (0.05-18GHz)		1833460
Signal Generator	HP 8648D (9kHz-4GHz)		3613A00315
Amplifier Research	5S1G4 (5W, 800MHz-4.2GHz	7)	22322
Network Analyzer	HP 8753E (30kHz-3GHz)	7	JP38020182
Audio Analyzer	HP 8903B		3011A09025
Modulation Analyzer	HP 8901A		2432A03467
Power Meter	HP 437B		3125U24437
Power Sensor	HP 8482H (30µW-3W)		2237A02084
Harmonic/Flicker Test System	HP 6841A (IEC 555-2/3)		3531A00115
Broadband Amplifier (2)	HP 8447D		1145A00470, 1937A033
Broadband Amplifier	HP 8447F		2443A03784
Horn Antenna	EMCO Model 3115 (1-18GHz)		9704-5182
Horn Antenna	EMCO Model 3115 (1-18GHz)		9205-3874
Horn Antenna	EMCO Model 3116 (18-40GHz)	)	9203-2178
Biconical Antenna (4)	Eaton 94455/Eaton 94455-		
Log-Spiral Antenna (3)	Ailtech/Eaton 93490-1	/Singer 74433-1/compilan	0608, 1103, 1104
Roberts Dipoles	Compliance Design (1 set)		0000, 1103, 1104
Ailtech Dipoles	DM-105A (1 set)		33448-111
EMCO LISN (6)	3816/2		1079
Microwave Preamplifier 40dB Gain	HP 83017A (0.5-26.5GHz)		3123A00181
Microwave Cables	MicroCoax (1.0-26.5GHz)		3123A00101
Ailtech/Eaton Receiver	NM37/57A-SL		0792-03271
Spectrum Analyzer	HP 8594A		3051A00187
Spectrum Analyzer (2)	HP 8591A		3034A01395, 3108A02
Microwave Survey Meter		J-7)	80931
Digital Thermometer	Holaday Model 1501 (2.450G) Extech Instruments 421305	IL)	426966
Digital mermometer Attenuator	HP 8495A (0-70dB) DC-4GF	l <del>z</del>	420700
	Narda 3020A (50-1000MHz		
Bi-Directional Coax Coupler Shielded Screen Room	'	,	6710 (DCT270)
	RF Lindgren Model 26-2/2-0		6710 (PCT270)
Shielded Semi-Anechoic Chamber	Ray Proof Model S81 Associated Systems Model 1025 (Temperature/Humidity)		R2437 (PCT278)
Enviromental Chamber	ASSUCIATEU SYSTEMS IVIODEI 102	o (remperature/Humiaity)	PCT285

<sup>\*</sup> Calibration traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

#### 10.1 SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

### A. ERP Sample Calculation

Level 
$$\mu$$
/Vm @ 3 meters = Log  $10^{-1}$  (dBm + 107 + AFCL)  
20

$$Log 10^{-1} \frac{(-14 + 107 + 31.7)}{20}$$

 $1717908.4 \mu / Vm @ 3 meters$ 

Sample Calculation (relative to a dipole)

ERP (dBm) =  $10 \text{ Log}_{10} (((r(\mu V/m)1x10^6)^2/49.2/1x10^{-3})$ 

ERP (dBm) =  $10 \text{ Log}_{10}(((3(1717908.4)1x10^6)^2/49.2/1x10^{-3}))$ 

ERP (dBm) = 27.32

## B. Emission Designator per §2.201

#### **CDMA Sample**

2M + 2DK

CDMA BW = 1.25 MHz

F = Frequency Modulation

9 = Composite Digital Info

W = Combination (Audio/Data)

Emission Designator = 1M25F9W

Test Report S/N: 24/22.200113027.CJ6 FCC Parts 24 & 22
Dates of Tests: January 17-19, 2000 Certification

### 11.1 RECOMMENDATION/CONCLUSION

The data collected shows that the TOSHIBA Tri-Mode Dual-Band Analog/PCS (AMPS/CDMA) Phone FCC ID: CJ6DCE37529A complies with all the requirements of Parts 2, 22, and 24 of the FCC rules.