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| RTS RIM Testing Services | Document SAR Compliance Test Report for the BlackBerry 8703e Wireless Handheld Model RBF20CW | | Page 1(30) |
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SAR Compliance Test Report

| | |
|---|--|
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Statement of Compliance: RIM Testing Services declares under its sole responsibility that the product to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate RF exposure standards, recommendations and guidelines. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices.

Device Category: This wireless handheld is a portable device, designed to be used in direct contact with the user's head, hand and to be carried in approved accessories when carried on the user's body.

RF exposure environment: This wireless portable device has been shown to be in compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01), FCC 96-326, IEEE Std. C95.1-1999, Health Canada's Safety Code 6, as reproduced in RSS-102 issue 2-2005 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01), ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.3-1991, IEEE 1528-2003, IEC 62209-1-2005, Health Canada's Safety Code 6, EN50360, Australian ARPANSA standard and the Council Recommendation 1999/519/EC and for the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in EN50361 July 2001, IEC 62209-1-2005, Australian Communications Authority Radiocommunications (Electromagnetic Radiation — Human Exposure) Standard: Schedule 1, Schedule 2 and AS/NZS 2772.2-1988.

Tested and Documented by:

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1.0 OPERATING CONFIGURATIONS AND TEST CONDITIONS

1.1 Picture of Handheld

Please refer to Appendix E.

Figure 1. BlackBerry Wireless Handheld

1.2 Antenna description

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Type | Internal fixed antenna |
| Location | Back bottom centre section |
| Configuration | Internal fixed antenna |

Table 1. Antenna description

1.3 Handheld description

| | | | |
|---|--|---------------------|-----------|
| Handheld Model | RBF20CW | | |
| FCC ID | L6ARBF20CW | | |
| PIN | FFFFFFF | | |
| Prototype or Production Unit | Production (ASY#: ASY-11785-002, Sample 4 CPR 1528, NO PIN or IMEI available) | | |
| Mode(s) of Operation | Cellular CDMA | PCS CDMA | Bluetooth |
| Maximum conducted RF Output Power | 24.50 dBm | 23.50 dBm | - 4.5 dBm |
| Tolerance in Power Setting on centre channel | ± 0.50 dB | ± 0.50 dB | N/A |
| Duty Cycle | 1:1 | 1:1 | N/A |
| Transmitting Frequency Range (MHz) | 824.70-848.31 MHz | 1851.25-1908.75 MHz | 2402-2483 |

Table 2. Test device description

1.4 Body worn accessories

Holsters

The BlackBerry Wireless Handheld has been tested with the following holsters which all contain metal components and the separation distance between the handheld and the user's body is listed in the table below. All of the holsters are designed with the intended handheld orientation being with the LCD facing the belt clip. Proper positioning is vital for protection of the LCD display, and to help maximize the battery life of the handheld. The handheld can also be placed in Leather Holsters 2 and 4 with the backside facing the belt clip. Body SAR was evaluated with both configurations for these holsters.

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| Holster Type | Model / Part Number | Separation (mm) |
|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| Plastic Holster 1 | ASY-10458-002 | 15.00 |
| Leather Holster 2 | HDW-11939-00x | 19.50 |
| Leather Holster 4 | ASY-09288-00x | 18.00 |

Please refer to Appendix E.

Figure 2. Body-worn holsters

1.5 Headsets

The BlackBerry Wireless Handheld was tested with and without headset model number HDW-03458-001. The SAR values are shown in Table 19.

1.6 Batteries

The BlackBerry Wireless Handheld was tested with the following Lithium Ion Batteries:

- 1) BAT-06860-003
- 2) BAT-06860-003 (Alternate supplier)
- 3) BAT-06985-002 (Higher capacity, alternate)

1.7 Procedure used to establish the test signal

The Handheld was put into test mode for SAR measurements by enabling a call via a Rohde & Schwarz CMU 200 Base Station Simulator test instrument. The CMU 200 was configured to command the Handheld to transmit at full power at the specified frequency.

A Rohde & Schwarz CBT Bluetooth Tester was used to connect to the Handheld's Bluetooth radio and command it to transmit at maximum power. Worst case SAR was measured with CDMA and Bluetooth bands ON simultaneously.

1.7.1 CDMA 2000 1x

The followings are the **FCC SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices issued in May 2006**, applicable to handsets operating under CDMA 2000, Release 0, with MS Protocol Revision 6 (**P_REV 6**). The default test configuration is to measure SAR in RC3 with an established radio link between the DUT and a communication test set. SAR in RC1 is selectively confirmed according to output power and exposure conditions.

1.7.1.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to procedures in section 4.4.5.2 of 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E. Results for at least steps 3, 4 and 10 of the power measurement procedures should be tabulated in the SAR report as shown on Table 5. Steps 3 and 4 should be measured using SO55 with power control bits in "All Up" condition. TDSO / SO32 may be used instead of SO55 for step 4. Step 10 should be measured using TDSO / SO32 with power control bits in the "Bits Hold" condition (i.e. alternative Up/Down Bits).

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1.7.1.2 3GPP2 C.S0011/ TIA-98-E, section 4.4.5.2 Method of Measurement

3. If the mobile station supports Reverse Traffic Channel Radio Configuration 1 and 7 Forward Traffic Channel Radio Configuration 1, set up a call using Fundamental 8 Channel Test Mode 1 with 9600 bps data rate only and perform steps 6 through 8.
4. If the mobile station supports the Radio Configuration 3 Reverse Fundamental 11 Channel and demodulation of Radio Configuration 3, 4, or 5, set up a call using 12 Fundamental Channel Test Mode 3 with 9600 bps data rate only and 13 perform steps 6 through 8.
6. Set the test parameters as specified in Table 3.
7. Send continuously '0' power control bits to the mobile station.
8. Measure the mobile station output power at the mobile station antenna connector.
10. If the mobile station supports the Radio Configuration 3 Reverse Fundamental Channel, Radio Configuration 3 Reverse Supplemental Channel 0 and demodulation of Radio Configuration 3, 4, or 5, set up a call using Supplemental Channel Test Mode 3 with 9600 bps Fundamental Channel and 9600 bps Supplemental Channel 0 data rate, and perform the following:
 - a) Set the test parameters as specified in Table 4.
 - b) Send alternating '0' and '1' power control bits to the mobile station using the smallest supported closed loop power control step size supported by the mobile station.
 - c) Determine the active channel configuration. If the desired channel configuration is not active, increase by 1 dB and repeat the verification. Repeat this step until the desired channel configuration becomes active.
 - d) Measure the mobile station output power at the mobile station antenna connector and record reading.

| Parameter | Units | Value |
|------------------------------|--------------|-------|
| \bar{I}_{or} | dBm/1.23 MHz | -104 |
| $\frac{Pilot E_c}{I_{or}}$ | dB | -7 |
| $\frac{Traffic E_c}{I_{or}}$ | dB | -7.4 |

Table 3

| Parameter | Units | Value |
|------------------------------|--------------|-------|
| \bar{I}_{or} | dBm/1.23 MHz | -86 |
| $\frac{Pilot E_c}{I_{or}}$ | dB | -7 |
| $\frac{Traffic E_c}{I_{or}}$ | dB | -7.4 |

Table 4

Test Parameters for Maximum RF Output Power for Spreading Rate 1

1.7.1.3 Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate using Loopback Service Option SO55. SAR for RC1 is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in RC1 using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

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1.7.1.4 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate on FCH with all other code channels disabled using TDSO / SO32. SAR for multiple code channels (FCH + SCH_n) is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured with FCH only. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel (FCH + SCH_n) with FCH at full rate and SCH₀ enabled at 9600 bps using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel with FCH only. When multiple code channels are enabled, the DUT output may shift by more than 0.5 dB and lead to higher SAR drifts and SCH dropouts.

Body SAR in RC1 is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in RC1; with Loopback Service Option SO55, at full rate, using the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

1.7.1.5 1x Ev-DO

For handsets with Ev-Do capabilities, when the maximum average output of each channel in Rev. 0 is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3 (1x RTT), body SAR for Ev-Do is not required. Otherwise, SAR for Rev. 0 is measured on the maximum output channel at 153.6 kbps using the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3. SAR for Rev. A is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than that measured in Rev. 0 or less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for Rev. A using a Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and a Termination Target of 16 slots defined for Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations. A Forward Traffic Channel data rate corresponding to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots should be configured in the downlink for both Rev. 0 and Rev. A.

| Band | Channel | 1x EvDO (153.6kbps) | CDMA2000 RC | SO2 Loopback | SO55 Loopback | TDSO SO32 Loopback |
|--------------|---------|------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| CDMA 800 | 1013 | 24.73 | RC1 | 24.68 | 24.68 | - |
| | | | RC3 | 24.74 | 24.74 | 24.73 |
| | 384 | 24.52 | RC1 | 24.47 | 24.44 | - |
| | | | RC3 | 24.55 | 24.56 | 24.52 |
| | 777 | 24.58 | RC1 | 24.52 | 24.52 | - |
| | | | RC3 | 24.57 | 24.57 | 24.58 |
| | | | | | | |
| Band | Channel | 1x EvDO (153.6kbps) | CDMA2000 RC | SO2 Loopback | SO55 Loopback | TDSO SO32 Loopback |
| CDMA 1900 | 25 | 23.07 | RC1 | 23.07 | 23.05 | - |
| | | | RC3 | 23.15 | 23.27 | 23.18 |
| | 600 | 23.44 | RC1 | 23.42 | 23.42 | - |
| | | | RC3 | 23.48 | 23.47 | 23.47 |
| | 1175 | 23.52 | RC1 | 23.35 | 23.34 | - |
| | | | RC3 | 23.42 | 23.44 | 23.49 |

Table 5: Conducted RF output power measured for various settings

| | | | |
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2.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

2.1 SAR measurement system

SAR measurements were performed using a Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY4), an automated SAR measurement system manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG), of Zurich, Switzerland.

The DASY 4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software.
- An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A DAE module that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, A/D conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC).
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector that is connected to the EOC.
- The EOC performs the conversion from an optical signal into the digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the PC plug-in card.
- The functions of the PC plug-in card based on a DSP is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, surveillance of the robot operation fast movement interrupts.
- A computer operating Windows 2000.
- DASY 4 software version 4.7.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM Twin Phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes (see section 6.1).
- System validation dipoles allowing for the validation of proper functioning of the system.

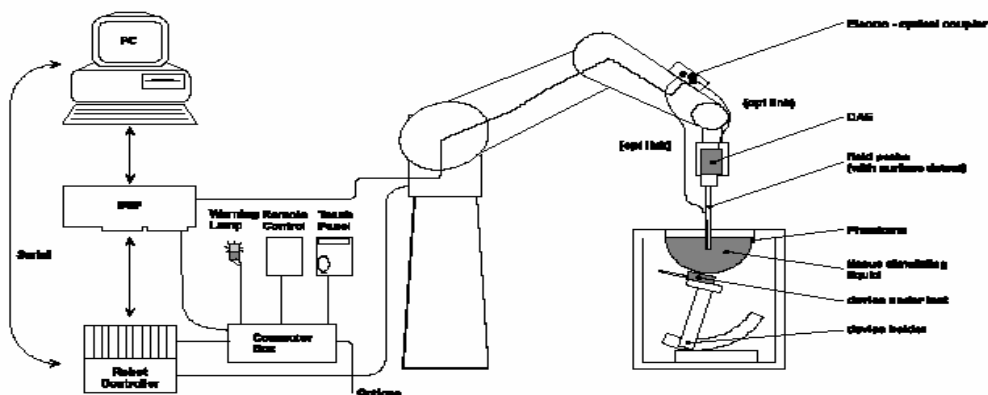


Figure 3. System Description

| | | | |
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2.1.1 Equipment List

| Manufacturer | Test Equipment | Model Number | Serial Number | Cal. Due Date |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG | E-field probe | ET3DV6 | 1642 | 01/19/2007 |
| SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG | Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE3) | DAE3 V1 | 472 | 04/25/2007 |
| SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG | Dipole Validation Kit | D835V2 | 446 | 01/07/2007 |
| SCHMID & Partner Engineering AG | Dipole Validation Kit | D1900V2 | 545 | 01/06/2007 |
| Agilent Technologies | Signal generator | HP 8648C | 4037U03155 | 09/13/2007 |
| Agilent Technologies | Power meter | E4419B | GB40202821 | 09/14/2006 |
| Agilent Technologies | Power sensor | 8482A | US37295126 | 09/20/2006 |
| Amplifier Research | Amplifier | 5S1G4M3 | 300986 | CNR |
| Agilent Technologies | Network analyzer | 8753ES | US39174857 | 09/14/2006 |
| Rohde & Schwarz | Base Station Simulator | CMU 200 | 109747 | 02/08/2007 |
| Rohde & Schwarz | CBT Bluetooth Tester | - | 100133 | 04/11/2007 |

Table 6. Equipment list

2.2 Description of the test setup

Before a SAR test is conducted, the Handheld and the DASY equipment are setup as follows:

2.2.1 Handheld and base station simulator setup

- Power up the Handheld.
- Turn on the base station simulator and set the radio channel and power to the appropriate values.
- Connect an antenna to the RF IN/OUT of the communication test set and place it close to the Handheld.

2.2.2 DASY setup

- Turn the computer on and log on to Windows 2000.
- Start the DASY4 software by clicking on the icon located on the Windows desktop.
- Mount the DAE unit and the probe. Turn on the DAE unit.
- Turn the Robot Controller on by turning the main power switch to the horizontal position
- Align the probe by clicking the 'Align probe in light beam' button.
- Open a file and configure the proper parameters - probe, medium, communications system etc.
- Establish a connection between the Handheld and the communications test instrument. Place the Handheld on the stand and adjust it under the phantom.
- Start SAR measurements.

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3.0 ELECTRIC FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION

3.1 Probe Specifications

SAR measurements were conducted using the dosimetric probe ET3DV6, designed by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG for the measurement of SAR. The probe is constructed using the thin film technique, with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. It has a symmetrical design with triangular core, built-in optical fibre for the surface detection system and built-in shielding against static discharge. The probe is sensitive to E-fields and thus incorporates three small dipoles arranged so that the overall response is close to isotropic. The table below summarizes the technical data for the probe.

| Property | Data |
|---|---------------------------|
| Frequency range | 30 MHz – 3 GHz |
| Linearity | ± 0.1 dB |
| Directivity (rotation around probe axis) | $\leq \pm 0.2$ dB |
| Directivity (rotation normal to probe axis) | ± 0.4 dB |
| Dynamic Range | 5 mW/kg – 100 W/kg |
| Probe positioning repeatability | ± 0.2 mm |
| Spatial resolution | < 0.125 mm ³ |

Table 7. Probe specifications

3.2 Probe calibration and measurement errors

The probe was calibrated on January 19, 2006 with an accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe were tested. The probe calibration parameters are shown on Appendix D.

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4.0 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the system was validated using the dipole validation kit and the flat section of the SAM phantom. A power level of 1.0W was applied to the dipole antenna. The verification results are in the table below with a comparison to reference values. Printouts are shown in Appendix A. All the measured parameters are within the allowed tolerances.

4.1 System accuracy verification for Head Adjacent use

| f (MHz) | Limits / Measured | SAR (W/kg) 1 g/ 10 g | Dielectric Parameters | | Liquid Temp (°C) |
|------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| | | | ϵ_r | σ [S/m] | |
| 835 | Measured (06/29/2006) | 9.39 / 6.12 | 41.25 | 0.90 | 22.0 |
| | Measured (06/30/2006) | 8.22 / 5.47 | 41.25 | 0.90 | 22.1 |
| | Recommended Limits | 9.1 / 5.93 | 41.5 | 0.90 | N/A |
| 1900 | Measured (06/26/2006) | 37.9 / 19.8 | 38.94 | 1.44 | 22.1 |
| | Measured (06/27/2006) | 36.0 / 18.9 | 38.95 | 1.38 | 22.2 |
| | Measured (06/28/2006) | 41.8 / 21.8 | 38.95 | 1.38 | 22.0 |
| | Measured (07/04/2006) | 40.1 / 21.0 | 38.68 | 1.44 | 22.3 |
| | Recommended Limits | 39.5 / 20.7 | 40.0 | 1.40 | N/A |

Table 8. System accuracy (Validation for Head Adjacent use)

| | | | |
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5.0 PHANTOM DESCRIPTION

The SAM Twin Phantom, manufactured by SPEAG, was used during the SAR measurements. The phantom is made of a fibreglass shell integrated with a wooden table.

The SAM Twin Phantom is a fibreglass shell phantom with 2 mm shell thickness. It has three measurement areas:

- Left side head
- Right side head
- Flat phantom

The phantom table dimensions are: 100x50x85 cm (LxWxH). The table is intended for use with freestanding robots.

The bottom shelf contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder in place. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different solutions).

A white cover is provided to top the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on the cover are possible; however the optical surface detector does not work properly at the cover surface. Place a sheet of white paper on the cover when using optical surface detection.

Liquid depth of ≥ 15 cm is maintained in the phantom for all the measurements.



Figure 4. SAM Twin Phantom

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6.0 TISSUE DIELECTRIC PROPERTIES

6.1 Composition of tissue simulant

The composition of the brain and muscle simulating liquids for 800-900 MHz and 1800-1900 MHz are shown in the table below.

| INGREDIENT | MIXTURE 800–900MHz | | MIXTURE 1800–1900MHz | |
|-------------|--------------------|----------|----------------------|----------|
| | Brain % | Muscle % | Brain % | Muscle % |
| Water | 51.07 | 65.45 | 54.88 | 69.91 |
| Sugar | 47.31 | 34.31 | 0 | 0 |
| Salt | 1.15 | 0.62 | 0.21 | 0.13 |
| HEC | 0.23 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bactericide | 0.24 | 0.10 | 0 | 0 |
| DGBE | 0 | 0 | 44.91 | 29.96 |

Table 9. Tissue simulant recipe

6.1.1 Equipment

| Manufacturer | Test Equipment | Model Number | Serial Number | Cal. Due Date |
|-----------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Pyrex, England | Graduated Cylinder | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Pyrex, USA | Beaker | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Acculab | Weight Scale | V1-1200 | 018WB2003 | N/A |
| Control Company | Digital Thermometer | 15-077-21 | 51129471 | 05/20/2007 |
| IKA Works Inc. | Hot Plate | RC Basic | 3.107433 | N/A |

Table 10. Tissue simulant preparation equipment

6.1.2 Preparation procedure

800-900 MHz liquids

- Fill the container with **water**. Begin heating and stirring.
- Add the **Cellulose**, the **preservative substance** and the **salt**. After several hours, the liquid will become more transparent again. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Add **Sugar**. Stir it well until the sugar is sufficiently dissolved.
- Keep the liquid hot but below the boiling point for at least an hour. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Remove the container from, and turn the hotplate off and allow the liquid to cool off to room temperature prior to performing dielectric measurements.

| | | | |
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1800-1900 MHz liquids

- Fill the container with **water**. Begin heating and stirring.
- Add the **salt** and **Glycol**. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Keep the liquid hot but below the boiling point for at least an hour. The container must be covered to prevent evaporation.
- Remove the container from, and turn the hotplate off and allow the liquid to cool off to room temperature prior to performing dielectric measurements.

6.2 Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid

The tissue dielectric parameters shall be measured before a batch can be used for SAR measurements to ensure that the simulated tissue was properly made and will simulate the desired human characteristic. Limits and measured electrical parameters are shown in the table below.

Recommended limits are adopted from IEEE P1528-2003:

“Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, SPEAG dipole calibration certificates and from FCC Tissue Dielectric Properties web page at <http://www.fcc.gov/fcc-bin/dielec.sh>

| f (MHz) | Tissue Type | Limits / Measured | Dielectric Parameters | | Liquid Temp (°C) |
|---------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| | | | ϵ_r | σ [S/m] | |
| 835 | Head | Measured (06/28/2006) | 41.25 | 0.90 | 22.0 |
| | | Recommended Limits | 41.5 | 0.90 | N/A |
| | Muscle | Measured (06/29/2006) | 54.25 | 0.95 | 22.0 |
| | | Recommended Limits | 55.2 | 0.97 | N/A |
| 1900 | Head | Measured (06/26/2006) | 38.94 | 1.44 | 22.1 |
| | | Measured (06/27/2006) | 38.95 | 1.38 | 22.2 |
| | | Measured (07/04/2006) | 38.68 | 1.44 | 22.3 |
| | | Recommended Limits | 40 | 1.40 | N/A |
| | Muscle | Measured (06/27/2006) | 50.72 | 1.55 | 22.3 |
| | | Measured (07/04/2006) | 50.71 | 1.59 | 22.1 |
| | | Recommended Limits | 53.3 | 1.52 | N/A |

Table 11. Electrical parameters of tissue simulating liquid

6.2.1 Equipment

| Manufacturer | Test Equipment | Model Number | Serial Number | Cal. Due Date |
|----------------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Agilent Technologies | Network Analyzer | 8753ES | US39174857 | 09/14/2006 |
| Agilent Technologies | Dielectric probe kit | HP 85070C | US9936135 | CNR |
| Dell | PC using GPIB card | GX110 | 347 | N/A |
| Control Company | Digital Thermometer | 15-077-21 | 51129471 | 05/20/2007 |

Table 12. Equipment required for electrical parameter measurements

| | | | |
|--|--|------------------|------------|
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6.2.2 Test Configuration

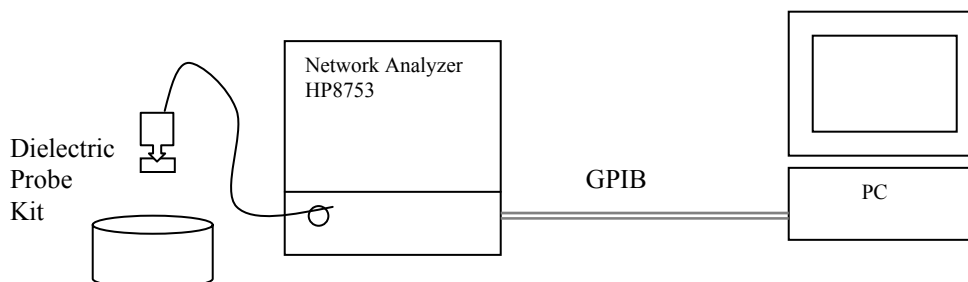


Figure 5. Test configuration

6.2.3 Procedure

1. Turn NWA on and allow at least 30 minutes for warm up.
2. Mount dielectric probe kit so that interconnecting cable to NWA will not be moved during measurements or calibration.
3. Pour de-ionized water and measure water temperature ($\pm 1^\circ$).
4. Set water temperature in HP-Software (Calibration Setup).
5. Perform calibration.
6. Relative permittivity $\epsilon_r = \epsilon'$ and conductivity can be calculated from ϵ''

$$\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 \epsilon''$$
7. Measure liquid shortly after calibration.
8. Stir the liquid to be measured. Take a sample (~50ml) with a syringe from the center of the liquid container.
9. Pour the liquid into a small glass flask. Hold the syringe at the bottom of the flask to avoid air bubbles.
10. Put the dielectric probe in the glass flask. Check that there are no air bubbles in front of the opening in the dielectric probe kit.
11. Perform measurements.
12. Adjust medium parameters in DASY4 for the frequencies necessary for the measurements ('Setup Config', select medium (e.g. Head 900 MHz) and press 'Option'-button.
13. Select the current medium for the frequency of the validation (e.g. Setup Medium Brain 900 MHz).

Sample calculation for 835 MHz head tissue dielectric parameters using data from Table 13.

Relative permittivity $\epsilon_r = \epsilon' = 41.25$

Conductivity $\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 \epsilon'' = (2\pi \times 835 \times 10^6)(8.854 \times 10^{-12})(19.48) = 0.90 \text{ S/m}$

| | | | |
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Title

SubTitle

June 28, 2006 10:55 PM

Title

SubTitle

June 29, 2006 09:51 PM

| Frequency | e' | e'' |
|----------------|---------|---------|
| 750.000000 MHz | 42.6488 | 19.7584 |
| 755.000000 MHz | 42.6136 | 19.7001 |
| 760.000000 MHz | 42.6860 | 19.6597 |
| 765.000000 MHz | 42.6354 | 19.5837 |
| 770.000000 MHz | 42.4430 | 19.3942 |
| 775.000000 MHz | 42.3384 | 19.3186 |
| 780.000000 MHz | 42.3050 | 19.2974 |
| 785.000000 MHz | 42.0949 | 19.1911 |
| 790.000000 MHz | 41.9532 | 19.1673 |
| 795.000000 MHz | 42.0184 | 19.2964 |
| 800.000000 MHz | 41.8972 | 19.3382 |
| 805.000000 MHz | 41.8604 | 19.3841 |
| 810.000000 MHz | 41.7716 | 19.4331 |
| 815.000000 MHz | 41.6760 | 19.4515 |
| 820.000000 MHz | 41.5868 | 19.4683 |
| 825.000000 MHz | 41.4712 | 19.5191 |
| 830.000000 MHz | 41.3446 | 19.5042 |
| 835.000000 MHz | 41.2489 | 19.4812 |
| 840.000000 MHz | 41.1876 | 19.5017 |
| 845.000000 MHz | 41.1427 | 19.4654 |
| 850.000000 MHz | 41.1287 | 19.4623 |
| 855.000000 MHz | 41.0975 | 19.4330 |
| 860.000000 MHz | 41.0717 | 19.3666 |
| 865.000000 MHz | 41.0788 | 19.3425 |
| 870.000000 MHz | 41.0720 | 19.2868 |
| 875.000000 MHz | 41.0693 | 19.2100 |
| 880.000000 MHz | 41.0711 | 19.1829 |
| 885.000000 MHz | 41.0705 | 19.1466 |
| 890.000000 MHz | 41.0706 | 19.0952 |
| 895.000000 MHz | 41.0801 | 19.0413 |
| 900.000000 MHz | 41.0324 | 18.9948 |

| Frequency | e' | e'' |
|----------------|---------|---------|
| 750.000000 MHz | 55.4520 | 21.1338 |
| 755.000000 MHz | 55.5584 | 21.0938 |
| 760.000000 MHz | 55.6353 | 21.0038 |
| 765.000000 MHz | 55.6525 | 20.9815 |
| 770.000000 MHz | 55.6733 | 20.9342 |
| 775.000000 MHz | 55.6490 | 20.8909 |
| 780.000000 MHz | 55.6213 | 20.8026 |
| 785.000000 MHz | 55.5090 | 20.7682 |
| 790.000000 MHz | 55.4320 | 20.6989 |
| 795.000000 MHz | 55.3165 | 20.6787 |
| 800.000000 MHz | 55.1421 | 20.6006 |
| 805.000000 MHz | 55.0013 | 20.5630 |
| 810.000000 MHz | 54.8248 | 20.5617 |
| 815.000000 MHz | 54.6517 | 20.5321 |
| 820.000000 MHz | 54.4858 | 20.5010 |
| 825.000000 MHz | 54.3974 | 20.5093 |
| 830.000000 MHz | 54.2914 | 20.4801 |
| 835.000000 MHz | 54.2532 | 20.4816 |
| 840.000000 MHz | 54.2063 | 20.4862 |
| 845.000000 MHz | 54.2191 | 20.5014 |
| 850.000000 MHz | 54.2812 | 20.5302 |
| 855.000000 MHz | 54.2853 | 20.5474 |
| 860.000000 MHz | 54.3537 | 20.5613 |
| 865.000000 MHz | 54.4503 | 20.5635 |
| 870.000000 MHz | 54.5615 | 20.5482 |
| 875.000000 MHz | 54.6115 | 20.5130 |
| 880.000000 MHz | 54.6722 | 20.5051 |
| 885.000000 MHz | 54.7329 | 20.4965 |
| 890.000000 MHz | 54.7445 | 20.4698 |
| 895.000000 MHz | 54.7501 | 20.3876 |
| 900.000000 MHz | 54.6757 | 20.3535 |

Head

Muscle

Table 13. 835 MHz head and muscle tissue dielectric parameters

| | | | |
|---|--|---|------------------------------|
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SubTitle

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| Frequency | e' | e'' |
|-----------------|---------|---------|
| 1.750000000 GHz | 40.2721 | 13.3659 |
| 1.760000000 GHz | 40.0505 | 13.3444 |
| 1.770000000 GHz | 39.7788 | 13.3327 |
| 1.780000000 GHz | 39.5383 | 13.3838 |
| 1.790000000 GHz | 39.3423 | 13.4642 |
| 1.800000000 GHz | 39.2678 | 13.5609 |
| 1.810000000 GHz | 39.2870 | 13.6591 |
| 1.820000000 GHz | 39.4053 | 13.7331 |
| 1.830000000 GHz | 39.5692 | 13.7656 |
| 1.840000000 GHz | 39.7277 | 13.7781 |
| 1.850000000 GHz | 39.8080 | 13.7224 |
| 1.860000000 GHz | 39.7784 | 13.6746 |
| 1.870000000 GHz | 39.6340 | 13.6153 |
| 1.880000000 GHz | 39.4247 | 13.5745 |
| 1.890000000 GHz | 39.1705 | 13.5726 |
| 1.900000000 GHz | 38.9386 | 13.6116 |
| 1.910000000 GHz | 38.7636 | 13.6809 |

| | | | |
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Title

SubTitle

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Title

SubTitle

June 27, 2006 05:28 PM

| Frequency | e' | e'' |
|-----------------|---------|---------|
| 1.750000000 GHz | 39.5437 | 12.4458 |
| 1.760000000 GHz | 39.4405 | 12.5311 |
| 1.770000000 GHz | 39.3492 | 12.6640 |
| 1.780000000 GHz | 39.3213 | 12.8286 |
| 1.790000000 GHz | 39.3275 | 12.9907 |
| 1.800000000 GHz | 39.3843 | 13.0974 |
| 1.810000000 GHz | 39.4240 | 13.1532 |
| 1.820000000 GHz | 39.4990 | 13.1263 |
| 1.830000000 GHz | 39.5548 | 13.0141 |
| 1.840000000 GHz | 39.5004 | 12.8652 |
| 1.850000000 GHz | 39.4719 | 12.7014 |
| 1.860000000 GHz | 39.3939 | 12.5403 |
| 1.870000000 GHz | 39.3069 | 12.6288 |
| 1.880000000 GHz | 39.1996 | 12.7715 |
| 1.890000000 GHz | 39.0542 | 12.8970 |
| 1.900000000 GHz | 38.9532 | 13.0801 |
| 1.910000000 GHz | 38.9338 | 13.2909 |

| Frequency | e' | e'' |
|-----------------|---------|---------|
| 1.750000000 GHz | 51.2302 | 14.3563 |
| 1.760000000 GHz | 51.1593 | 14.4002 |
| 1.770000000 GHz | 51.1084 | 14.3999 |
| 1.780000000 GHz | 51.0392 | 14.4540 |
| 1.790000000 GHz | 51.0415 | 14.4754 |
| 1.800000000 GHz | 51.0266 | 14.5213 |
| 1.810000000 GHz | 51.0516 | 14.5486 |
| 1.820000000 GHz | 51.0790 | 14.5380 |
| 1.830000000 GHz | 51.0941 | 14.5833 |
| 1.840000000 GHz | 51.0858 | 14.5983 |
| 1.850000000 GHz | 51.0276 | 14.5775 |
| 1.860000000 GHz | 50.9485 | 14.5927 |
| 1.870000000 GHz | 50.8736 | 14.6191 |
| 1.880000000 GHz | 50.7868 | 14.6213 |
| 1.890000000 GHz | 50.7450 | 14.6736 |
| 1.900000000 GHz | 50.7245 | 14.7077 |
| 1.910000000 GHz | 50.6902 | 14.7682 |

| | | | |
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Title

SubTitle

July 04, 2006 04:56 PM

Title

SubTitle

July 04, 2006 05:27 PM

| Frequency | e' | e'' | Frequency | e' | e'' |
|-----------------|---------|---------|-----------------|---------|---------|
| 1.750000000 GHz | 39.5906 | 12.9004 | 1.750000000 GHz | 51.4696 | 14.3876 |
| 1.760000000 GHz | 39.5201 | 13.0079 | 1.760000000 GHz | 51.3605 | 14.4466 |
| 1.770000000 GHz | 39.3925 | 13.1031 | 1.770000000 GHz | 51.2407 | 14.5291 |
| 1.780000000 GHz | 39.2233 | 13.2474 | 1.780000000 GHz | 51.1461 | 14.5778 |
| 1.790000000 GHz | 39.0686 | 13.3349 | 1.790000000 GHz | 51.0538 | 14.6397 |
| 1.800000000 GHz | 38.9429 | 13.3756 | 1.800000000 GHz | 51.0143 | 14.6805 |
| 1.810000000 GHz | 38.8421 | 13.3841 | 1.810000000 GHz | 50.9987 | 14.7091 |
| 1.820000000 GHz | 38.8474 | 13.3569 | 1.820000000 GHz | 50.9767 | 14.7148 |
| 1.830000000 GHz | 38.8844 | 13.3317 | 1.830000000 GHz | 51.0172 | 14.7040 |
| 1.840000000 GHz | 38.9271 | 13.3055 | 1.840000000 GHz | 51.0039 | 14.6952 |
| 1.850000000 GHz | 38.9998 | 13.3082 | 1.850000000 GHz | 51.0251 | 14.7424 |
| 1.860000000 GHz | 39.0603 | 13.3145 | 1.860000000 GHz | 50.9971 | 14.7920 |
| 1.870000000 GHz | 39.0911 | 13.3772 | 1.870000000 GHz | 50.9715 | 14.8504 |
| 1.880000000 GHz | 39.0109 | 13.4696 | 1.880000000 GHz | 50.8939 | 14.9074 |
| 1.890000000 GHz | 38.8612 | 13.5521 | 1.890000000 GHz | 50.8137 | 14.9672 |
| 1.900000000 GHz | 38.6806 | 13.6337 | 1.900000000 GHz | 50.7064 | 15.0053 |
| 1.910000000 GHz | 38.5149 | 13.6978 | 1.910000000 GHz | 50.6327 | 15.0716 |

Head

Muscle

Table 14. 1900 MHz head and muscle tissue dielectric parameters

| | | | |
|---|--|---|------------------------------|
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7.0 SAR SAFETY LIMITS

| Standards/Guideline | Localized SAR Limit (W/kg) General public (uncontrolled) | Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) Workers (controlled) |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| ICNIRP (1998) Standard | 2.0 (10g) | 10.0 (10g) |
| IEEE C95.1 (1999) Standard | 1.6 (1g) | 8.0 (1g) |

Table 15. SAR safety limits for Controlled / Uncontrolled environment

| Human Exposure | Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) 10g, ICNIRP (1998) Standard | Localized SAR Limits (W/kg) 1g, IEEE C95.1 (1999) Standard |
|--|---|--|
| Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body) | 0.08 | 0.08 |
| Spatial Peak (averaged over any X g of tissue) | 2.00 | 1.60 |
| Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g) | 4.00 | 4.00 (10g) |

Table 16. SAR safety limits

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

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8.0 DEVICE POSITIONING

8.1 Device holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The Handheld was positioned for all test configurations using the DASY4 holder. The device holder facilitates the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately and with repeatability positioned according to FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

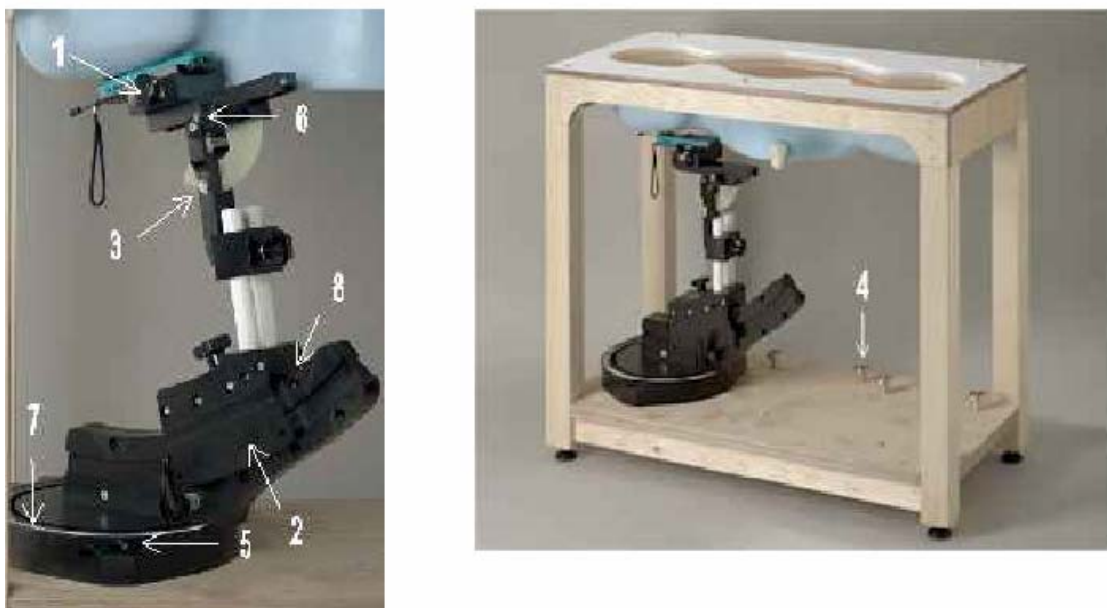


Figure 6. Device Holder

1. Put the phone in the clamp mechanism (1) and hold it straight while tightening. (Curved phones or phones with asymmetrical ear pieces should be positioned so that the earpiece is in the symmetry plane of the clamp).
2. Adjust the sliding carriage (2) to 90°. Then adjust the phone holder angle (3) until the reference line of the phone is horizontal (parallel to the flat phantom bottom). The phone reference line is defined as the front tangential line between the earpiece and the center of the device bottom (or the center of the flip hinge). For devices with parallel front and backsides, the phone holder angle (3) is 0°.
3. Place the device holder at the desired phantom section and move it securely against the positioning pins (4). The screw in front of the turning plate can be applied for correct positioning (5). (Do not tighten it too strongly).
4. Shift the phone clamp (6) so that the earpiece is exactly below the ear marking of the phantom. The phone is now correctly positioned in the holder for all standard phantom measurements, even after changing the phantom or phantom section.

| | | | |
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5. Adjust the device position angles to the desired measurement position.
6. After fixing the device angles, move the phone fixture up until the phone touches the ear marking. (The point of contact depends on the design of the device and the positioning angle).

8.2 Description of the test positioning

8.2.1 Test Positions of Device Relative to Head

The handset was tested in two test positions against the head phantom, the “cheek” position and the “tilted” position, on both left and right sides of the phantom.

The handset was tested in the above positions according to IEEE 1528- 2003 “Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques”.

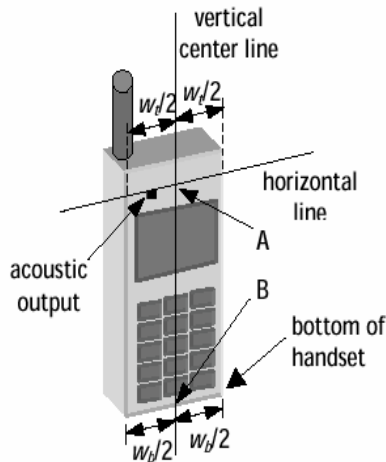


Figure 7a. Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines – fixed case

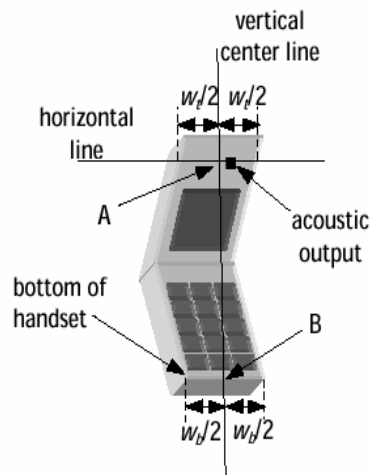


Figure 7b. Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines – “clam-shell”

8.2.1.1 Definition of the “cheek” position

- 1) Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece, open the cover.
- 2) Define two imaginary lines on the handset: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A on Figures 7a and 7b), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 7a). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 7b), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip pieces, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

| | | | | |
|--|--|------------------|------------|--------|
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3) Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 7), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal center line is in a plane approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

4) Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the handset touches the ear.

5) While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is the plane normal to MB ("mouth-back") - NF ("neck-front") including the line MB (reference plane).

6) Rotate the phone around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.

7) While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, rotate the handset about the line NF until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek).

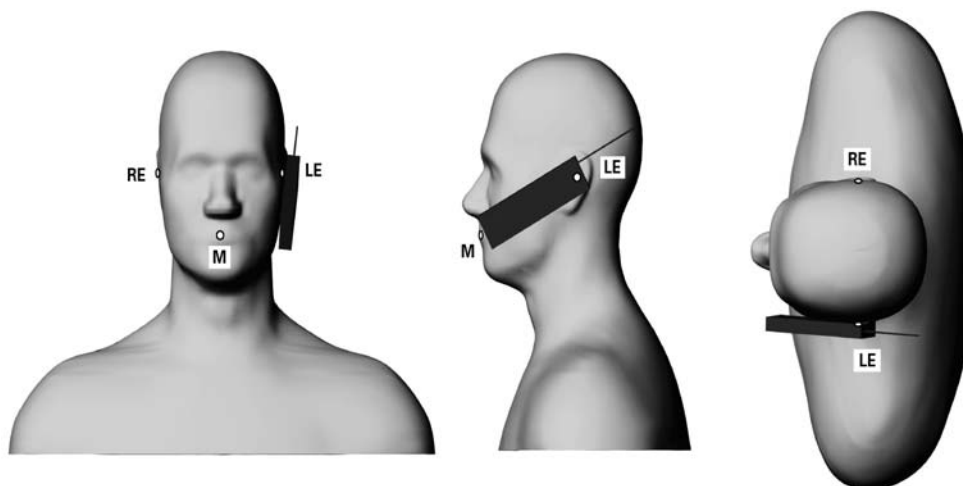


Figure 8. Phone position 1, “cheek” or “touch” position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning, are indicated. The shoulders are shown for illustration purposes only.

8.2.1.2 Definition of the “Tilted” Position

1) Repeat steps 1 to 7 of 5.4.1 (in this report 8.2.1.1) to replace the device in the “cheek position.”

2) While maintaining the device in the reference plane (described above) and pivoting against the ear, move the device outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees, or until the antenna touches the phantom.

| | | | |
|---|--|---|------------------------------|
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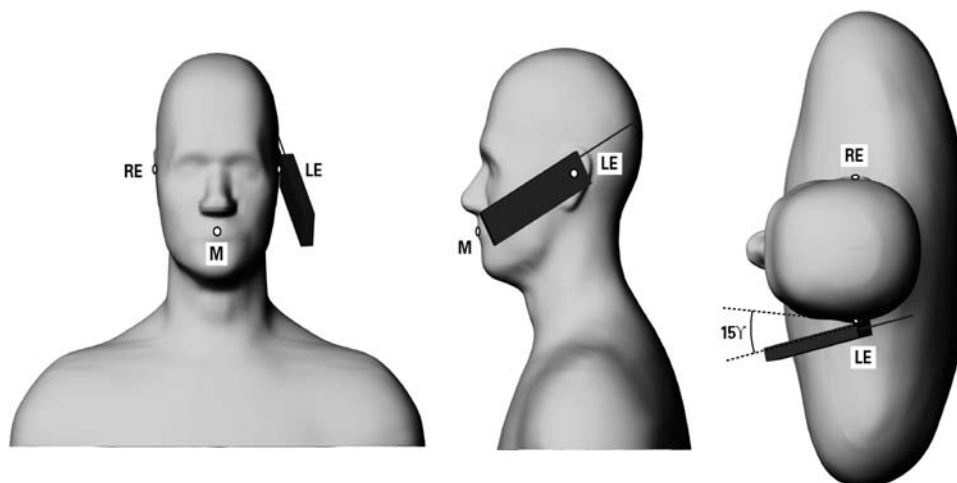


Figure 9. Phone position 2, “tilted position.” The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the reference plane for phone positioning, are indicated. The shoulders are shown for illustration purposes only.

8.2.2 Body Holster Configuration

A body worn holster, as shown on Figure 2, was tested with the Wireless Handheld for FCC RF exposure compliance. The EUT was positioned in the holster case and the belt clip was placed against the flat section of the phantom. A headset was then connected to the handheld to simulate hands-free operation in a body worn holster configuration.

| | | | |
|---|--|---|------------------------------|
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9.0 HIGH LEVEL EVALUATION

9.1 Maximum search

The maximum search is automatically performed after each coarse scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the coarse scan measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations.

9.2 Extrapolation

The extrapolation can be used in z-axis scans with automatic surface detection. The SAR values can be extrapolated to the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is the sum of the probe sensor offset, the surface detection distance and the grid offset. The extrapolation is based on fourth order polynomial functions. The extrapolation is only available for SAR values.

9.3 Boundary correction

The correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is done in the standard (worst case) evaluation; the boundary effect is reduced by different weights for the lowest measured points in the extrapolation routine. The result is a slight overestimation of the extrapolated SAR values (2% to 8%) depending on the SAR distribution and gradient. The advanced evaluation makes a full compensation of the boundary effect before doing the extrapolation. This is only possible for probes with specifications on the boundary effect.

9.4 Peak search for 1g and 10g cube averaged SAR

The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 7x7x7 scan. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements.

The measured volume of 30x30x30 mm with 5 mm resolution amounts to 343 measurement points. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. Boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid (35000 points). In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is then moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. This last procedure is repeated for a 10 g cube. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.

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10.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

| DASY4 Uncertainty Budget According to IEEE P1528 [1] | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------|------|--------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Error Description | Uncertainty value | Prob. Dist. | Div. | (c_i) 1g | (c_i) 10g | Std. Unc. (1g) | Std. Unc. (10g) | (v_i) v_{eff} |
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | ±4.8 % | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | ±4.8 % | ±4.8 % | ∞ |
| Axial Isotropy | ±4.7 % | R | √3 | 0.7 | 0.7 | ±1.9 % | ±1.9 % | ∞ |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | ±9.6 % | R | √3 | 0.7 | 0.7 | ±3.9 % | ±3.9 % | ∞ |
| Boundary Effects | ±1.0 % | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±0.6 % | ±0.6 % | ∞ |
| Linearity | ±4.7 % | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±2.7 % | ±2.7 % | ∞ |
| System Detection Limits | ±1.0 % | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±0.6 % | ±0.6 % | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | ±1.0 % | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | ±1.0 % | ±1.0 % | ∞ |
| Response Time | ±0.8 % | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±0.5 % | ±0.5 % | ∞ |
| Integration Time | ±2.6 % | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±1.5 % | ±1.5 % | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions | ±3.0 % | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±1.7 % | ±1.7 % | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | ±0.4 % | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±0.2 % | ±0.2 % | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning | ±2.9 % | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±1.7 % | ±1.7 % | ∞ |
| Max. SAR Eval. | ±1.0 % | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±0.6 % | ±0.6 % | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | ±2.9 % | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | ±2.9 % | ±2.9 % | 145 |
| Device Holder | ±3.6 % | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | ±3.6 % | ±3.6 % | 5 |
| Power Drift | ±5.0 % | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±2.9 % | ±2.9 % | ∞ |
| Phantom and Setup | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | ±4.0 % | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±2.3 % | ±2.3 % | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (target) | ±5.0 % | R | √3 | 0.64 | 0.43 | ±1.8 % | ±1.2 % | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (meas.) | ±2.5 % | N | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | ±1.6 % | ±1.1 % | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity (target) | ±5.0 % | R | √3 | 0.6 | 0.49 | ±1.7 % | ±1.4 % | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity (meas.) | ±2.5 % | N | 1 | 0.6 | 0.49 | ±1.5 % | ±1.2 % | ∞ |
| Combined Std. Uncertainty | | | | | | ±10.3 % | ±10.0 % | 330 |
| Expanded STD Uncertainty | | | | | | ±20.6 % | ±20.1 % | |

Table 17. Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY4 assessed according to IEEE P1528.

[1] The budget is valid for the frequency range 300MHz - 3 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller.

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11.0 TEST RESULTS

11.1 SAR Measurement results at highest power measured against the head

| Mode | f (MHz) | Cond. Output Power (dBm) | Battery # | SAR, averaged over 1g / 10g (W/kg) | | | SAR, averaged over 1g / 10g (W/kg) | | |
|--------------|------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| | | | | Left-hand | | | Right-hand | | |
| | | | | Liquid Temp (°C) | Cheek | Tilted | Liquid Temp (°C) | Cheek | Tilted |
| CDMA 800 | 824.70 | 24.74 | 1 | - | - | - | 22.3 | 1.11 / 0.81 | - |
| | 836.52 | 24.56 | 1 | - | - | - | 22.1 | 1.31 / 0.95 | - |
| | 848.52 | 24.57 | 1 | - | - | - | 22.5 | 1.38 / 1.00 | - |
| | 836.52 | 24.56 | 1 | - | - | - | 21.9 | - | 0.61 / 0.46 |
| | 824.70 | 24.74 | 1 | 22.3 | 1.17 / 0.84 | - | - | - | - |
| | 836.52 | 24.56 | 1 | 21.7 | 1.28 / 0.92 | - | - | - | - |
| | 848.52 | 24.57 | 1 | 22.2 | 1.37 / 0.98 | - | - | - | - |
| | 836.52 | 24.56 | 1 | 22.1 | - | 0.59 / 0.45 | - | - | - |
| | 848.52 | 24.57 | 2 | - | - | - | 22.2 | 1.08 / 0.80 ¹ | - |
| | 848.52 | 24.57 | 3 | - | - | - | 21.6 | 1.27 / 0.92 | - |
| CDMA 1900 | 1851.25 | 23.27 | 1 | - | - | - | 22.5 | 1.39 / 0.82 ¹ | - |
| | 1880.00 | 23.47 | 1 | - | - | - | 22.3 | 1.21 / 0.73 ¹ | - |
| | 1908.50 | 23.44 | 1 | - | - | - | 22.3 | 0.55 / 0.33 ¹ | - |
| | 1880.00 | 23.47 | 1 | - | - | - | 22.4 | - | 0.20 / 0.12 |
| | 1880.00 | 23.47 | 1 | 22.6 | 0.75 / 0.45 | - | - | - | - |
| | 1851.25 | 23.27 | 1 | 22.7 | - | 0.41 / 0.24 ¹ | - | - | - |
| | 1880.00 | 23.47 | 1 | 22.5 | - | 1.10 / 0.63 | - | - | - |
| | 1908.50 | 23.44 | 1 | 22.8 | - | 1.14 / 0.64 ¹ | - | - | - |
| | 1851.25 | 23.27 | 2 | - | - | - | 22.2 | 1.34 / 0.79 ¹ | - |
| | 1851.25 | 23.27 | 3 | - | - | - | 22.0 | 1.44 / 0.85¹ | - |

Table 18. SAR results for head configuration

¹ Extrapolated SAR values when Power Drift is less than 0.20 dB. Compensated SAR value is calculated by the following formula: SAR (compensated) = SAR (measured) * 10^{(|Power Drift (dB)| / 10)}

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11.2 SAR measurement results at highest power measured against the body using accessories

| Mode | f (MHz) | Cond. Output Power (dBm) | Batt. # | Liquid Temp (°C) | Accessory | Body SAR, averaged over 1g / 10g (W/kg) |
|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|------------------------|---|---|
| CDMA 800 | 824.70 | 24.73 | 1 | 21.5 | Plastic Holster 1, front facing phantom | 0.96 / 0.70 |
| | 836.52 | 24.52 | 1 | 21.8 | Plastic Holster 1, front facing phantom | 0.95 / 0.70 |
| | 848.52 | 24.58 | 1 | 21.6 | Plastic Holster 1, front facing phantom | 0.95 / 0.70 |
| | 836.52 | 24.52 | 1 | 21.5 | Leather Holster 2, front facing phantom | 0.76 / 0.56 ² |
| | 824.70 | 24.73 | 1 | 21.7 | Leather Holster 2, back facing phantom | 0.86 / 0.63 |
| | 836.52 | 24.52 | 1 | 21.8 | Leather Holster 2, back facing phantom | 0.87 / 0.64 ² |
| | 848.52 | 24.58 | 1 | 21.9 | Leather Holster 2, back facing phantom | 0.86 / 0.64 ² |
| | 836.52 | 24.52 | 1 | 22.0 | Leather Holster 4, front facing phantom | 0.54 / 0.37 |
| | 836.52 | 24.52 | 1 | 22.1 | Leather Holster 4, back facing phantom | 0.65 / 0.42 |
| | 824.70 | 24.73 | 1 | 21.6 | No Holster, 15 mm away, back facing phantom | 0.85 / 0.62 |
| | 836.52 | 24.52 | 1 | 21.9 | No Holster, 15 mm away, back facing phantom | 0.91 / 0.67 |
| | 848.52 | 24.58 | 1 | 21.3 | No Holster, 15 mm away, back facing phantom | 0.94 / 0.69 |
| | 824.70 | 24.73 | 1 | 22.3 | Plastic Holster 1, front facing phantom, with Headset attached | 0.69 / 0.51 |
| | 824.70 | 24.73 | 1 | 22.5 | Plastic Holster 1, front facing phantom, with Bluetooth connected | 1.02 / 0.75 |
| CDMA 1900 | 1880.00 ¹ | 23.47 | 1 | 22.3 | Plastic Holster 1, front facing phantom | 0.28 / 0.17 ² |
| | 1880.00 | 23.47 | 1 | 22.1 | Leather Holster 2, front facing phantom | 0.15 / 0.09 |
| | 1851.25 | 23.18 | 1 | 22.0 | Leather Holster 2, back facing phantom | 0.83 / 0.50 ² |
| | 1880.00 | 23.47 | 1 | 22.1 | Leather Holster 2, back facing phantom | 1.16 / 0.69 |
| | 1908.50 | 23.49 | 1 | 22.0 | Leather Holster 2, back facing phantom | 1.22 / 0.71 ² |
| | 1880.00 | 23.47 | 1 | 22.3 | Leather Holster 4, front facing phantom | 0.24 / 0.14 ² |
| | 1851.25 | 23.18 | 1 | 22.2 | Leather Holster 4, back facing phantom | 1.01 / 0.60 |
| | 1880.00 | 23.47 | 1 | 22.1 | Leather Holster 4, back facing phantom | 1.24 / 0.73 |
| | 1908.50 | 23.49 | 1 | 22.0 | Leather Holster 4, back facing phantom | 1.40 / 0.82 ² |
| | 1851.25 | 23.18 | 1 | 22.0 | No Holster, 15 mm away, back facing phantom | 1.01 / 0.60 ² |
| | 1880.00 | 23.47 | 1 | 22.2 | No Holster, 15 mm away, back facing phantom | 1.17 / 0.68 |
| | 1908.50 | 23.49 | 1 | 21.8 | No Holster, 15 mm away, back facing phantom | 1.55 / 0.87 |
| | 1908.50 | 23.49 | 1 | 22.1 | Leather Holster 4, back facing phantom, with Headset attached | 1.41 / 0.82 ² |
| | 1908.50 | 23.49 | 1 | 21.9 | Leather Holster 4, back facing phantom, with Bluetooth connected | 1.24 / 0.73 ² |

Table 19. SAR results for body-worn configurations

¹ Supplement C: Middle channel testing is sufficient only if SAR < 3dB below limit see PN 02-1438

² Extrapolated SAR values when Power Drift is less than 0.20 dB. Compensated SAR value is calculated by the following formula: SAR (compensated) = SAR (measured) * 10^{(|Power Drift (dB)| / 10)}

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Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)