



# FCC RF Test Report

**APPLICANT** : SHARP CORPORATION, IoT Communication BU  
**EQUIPMENT** : Smart Phone  
**BRAND NAME** : NTT docomo  
**MODEL NAME** : SH-03J  
**FCC ID** : APYHRO00248  
**STANDARD** : 47 CFR Part 2, 22(H)  
**CLASSIFICATION** : PCS Licensed Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)

The product was received on Apr. 01, 2017 and completely tested on Apr. 21, 2017. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in ANSI / TIA / EIA-603-D-2010 and the testing has shown the tested sample to be in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

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Reviewed by: Joseph Lin / Supervisor

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Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



## **SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.**

**No. 52, Hwa Ya 1<sup>st</sup> Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Tao Yuan City, Taiwan, R.O.C.**



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## REVISION HISTORY

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FG720140B	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Jun. 02, 2017



## SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

Report Section	FCC Rule	Description	Limit	Result	Remark
3.4	§2.1046	Conducted Output Power	Reporting Only	PASS	-
3.5	N/A	Peak-to-Average Ratio	<13 dB	PASS	-
3.6	§2.1049	Occupied Bandwidth	Reporting Only	PASS	-
3.7	§2.1051 §22.917(a)	Conducted Band Edge Measurement (Band 5)	$< 43 + 10 \log_{10}(P[\text{Watts}])$	PASS	-
3.8	§2.1051 §22.917(a)	Conducted Spurious Emission (Band 5)	$< 43 + 10 \log_{10}(P[\text{Watts}])$	PASS	-
3.9	§2.1055 §22.355	Frequency Stability Temperature & Voltage	< 2.5 ppm for Part 22	PASS	-
4.4	§22.913(a)(2)	Effective Radiated Power (Band 5)	ERP < 7 Watt	PASS	-
4.5	§2.1053 §22.917(a)	Radiated Spurious Emission (Band 5)	$< 43 + 10 \log_{10}(P[\text{Watts}])$	PASS	Under limit 40.46 dB at 3384.000 MHz

# 1 General Description

## 1.1 Applicant

SHARP CORPORATION, IoT Communication BU

2-13-1, Hachihonmatsu-lida, Higashi-hiroshima-shi, Hiroshima, 739-0192, Japan

## 1.2 Manufacturer

SHARP CORPORATION, IoT Communication BU

2-13-1, Hachihonmatsu-lida, Higashi-hiroshima-shi, Hiroshima, 739-0192, Japan

## 1.3 Product Feature of Equipment Under Test

GSM/WCDMA/LTE, Bluetooth, Wi-Fi 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n/ac, Wi-Fi 5GHz 802.11a/n/ac, NFC, and GPS

Product Specification subjective to this standard	
Sample 1	EUT with Memory 1
Sample 2	EUT with Memory 2
Antenna Type	WWAN: ILA Antenna WLAN: ILA Antenna Bluetooth: ILA Antenna GPS/Glonass/Beidou/Galileo: ILA Antenna NFC: Loop Antenna

Remark: All tests were performed with sample 1.

## 1.4 Modification of EUT

No modifications are made to the EUT during all test items.

## 1.5 Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code : 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW0007 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC Test.

<b>Test Site</b>	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
<b>Test Site Location</b>	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 <sup>st</sup> Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Tao Yuan City, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978
<b>Test Site No.</b>	<b>Sporton Site No.</b>
	TH05-HY

<b>Test Site</b>	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
<b>Test Site Location</b>	No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd Rd. Guishan Dist, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-0868 FAX: +886-3-327-0855
<b>Test Site No.</b>	<b>Sporton Site No.</b>
	03CH10-HY

## 1.6 Applicable Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- 47 CFR Part 2, 22(H)
- ANSI / TIA / EIA-603-D-2010
- FCC KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas. License Digital Systems v02r02

### Remark:

1. All test items were verified and recorded according to the standards and without any deviation during the test.
2. This EUT has also been tested and complied with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart B, recorded in a separate test report.

## 2 Test Configuration of Equipment Under Test

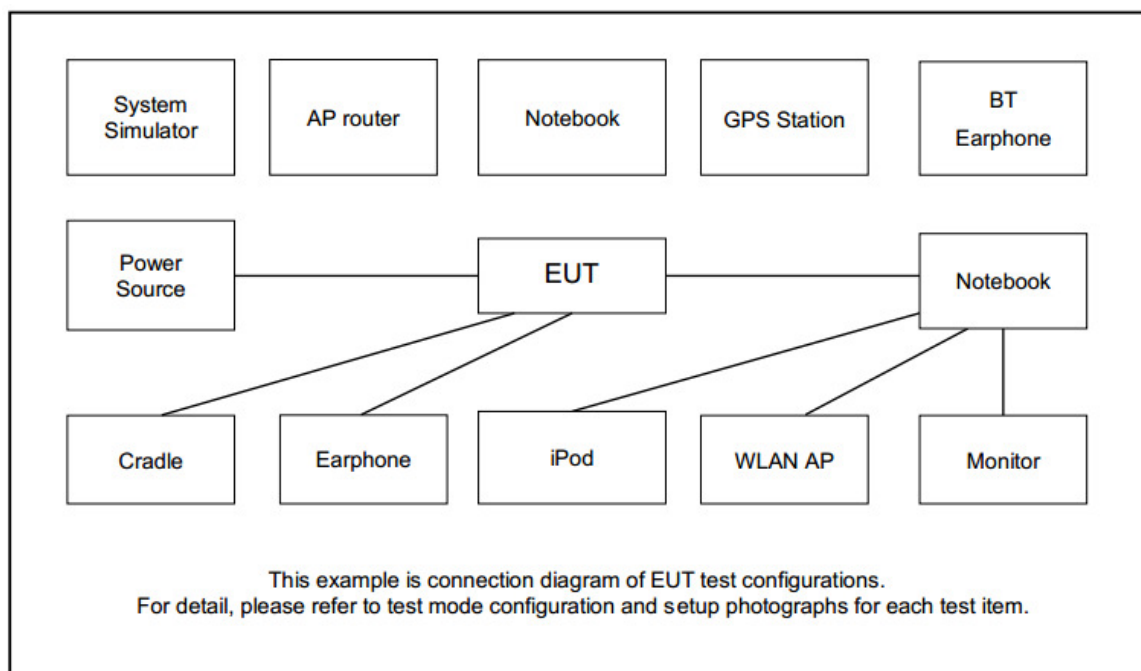
### 2.1 Test Mode

Antenna port conducted and radiated test items listed below are performed according to KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas. License Digital Systems v02r02 with maximum output power.

Radiated measurements are performed by rotating the EUT in three different orthogonal test planes to find the maximum emission.

Test Items	Band	Bandwidth (MHz)						Modulation		RB #			Test Channel		
		1.4	3	5	10	15	20	QPSK	16QAM	1	Half	Full	L	M	H
Max. Output Power	5	v	v	v	v	-	-	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
Peak-to-Average Ratio	5				v	-	-	v	v	v		v	v	v	v
26dB and 99% Bandwidth	5	v	v	v	v	-	-	v	v			v	v	v	v
Conducted Band Edge	5	v	v	v	v	-	-	v	v	v		v	v		v
Conducted Spurious Emission	5	v	v	v	v	-	-	v	v	v			v	v	v
Frequency Stability	5				v	-	-	v				v		v	
E.R.P.	5	v	v	v	v	-	-	v	v	v			v	v	v
Radiated Spurious Emission	5	v	v	v	v	-	-	v		v					v
Note	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The mark "v" means that this configuration is chosen for testing</li> <li>The mark "-" means that this bandwidth is not supported.</li> <li>The device is investigated from 30MHz to 10 times of fundamental signal for radiated spurious emission test under different RB size/offset and modulations in exploratory test. Subsequently, only the worst case emissions are reported.</li> </ol>														

## 2.2 Connection Diagram of Test System



## 2.3 Support Unit used in test configuration and system

Item	Equipment	Trade Name	Model No.	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	LTE Base Station	Anritsu	MT8820C	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m



## 2.4 Measurement Results Explanation Example

### For all conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

$$\text{Offset} = \text{RF cable loss} + \text{attenuator factor}.$$

Following shows an offset computation example with cable loss 4.2 dB and 10dB attenuator.

Example :

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Offset(dB)} &= \text{RF cable loss(dB)} + \text{attenuator factor(dB)}. \\ &= 4.2 + 10 = 14.2 \text{ (dB)} \end{aligned}$$

## 2.5 Frequency List of Low/Middle/High Channels

LTE Band 5 Channel and Frequency List				
BW [MHz]	Channel/Frequency(MHz)	Lowest	Middle	Highest
10	Channel	20450	20525	20600
	Frequency	829	836.5	844
5	Channel	20425	20525	20625
	Frequency	826.5	836.5	846.5
3	Channel	20415	20525	20635
	Frequency	825.5	836.5	847.5
1.4	Channel	20407	20525	20643
	Frequency	824.7	836.5	848.3

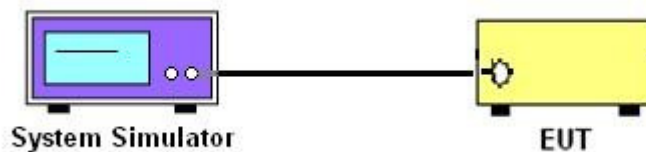
### 3 Conducted Test Items

#### 3.1 Measuring Instruments

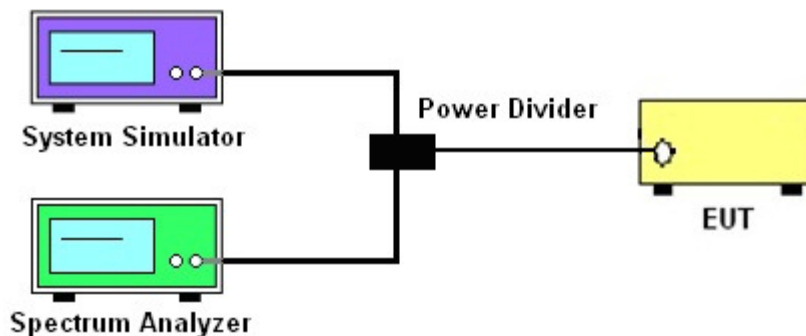
See list of measuring instruments of this test report.

#### 3.2 Test Setup

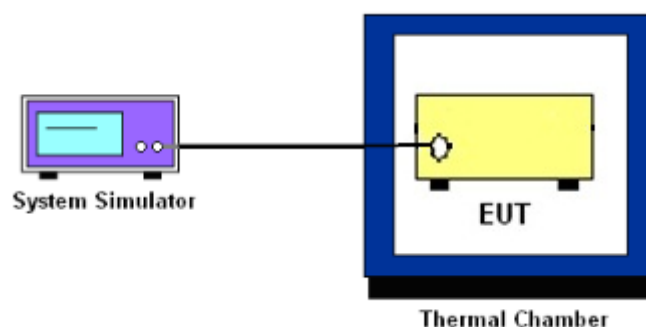
##### 3.2.1 Conducted Output Power



##### 3.2.2 Peak-to-Average Ratio, Occupied Bandwidth ,Conducted Band-Edge and Conducted Spurious Emission



##### 3.2.3 Frequency Stability



### 3.3 Test Result of Conducted Test

Please refer to Appendix A.

## **3.4 Conducted Output Power**

### **3.4.1 Description of the Conducted Output Power Measurement**

A system simulator was used to establish communication with the EUT. Its parameters were set to force the EUT transmitting at maximum output power. The measured power in the radio frequency on the transmitter output terminals shall be reported.

### **3.4.2 Test Procedures**

1. The transmitter output port was connected to the system simulator.
2. Set EUT at maximum power through the system simulator.
3. Select lowest, middle, and highest channels for each band and different modulation.
4. Measure and record the power level from the system simulator.

## **3.5 Peak-to-Average Ratio**

### **3.5.1 Description of the PAR Measurement**

Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) curves provide a means for characterizing the power peaks of a digitally modulated signal on a statistical basis. A CCDF curve depicts the probability of the peak signal amplitude exceeding the average power level. Most contemporary measurement instrumentation include the capability to produce CCDF curves for an input signal provided that the instrument's resolution bandwidth can be set wide enough to accommodate the entire input signal bandwidth. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

### **3.5.2 Test Procedures**

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v02r02 Section 5.7.1.
2. The EUT was connected to spectrum and system simulator via a power divider.
3. Set the CCDF (Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function) option in spectrum analyzer.
4. The highest RF powers were measured and recorded the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1 %.
5. Record the deviation as Peak to Average Ratio.

## **3.6 Occupied Bandwidth**

### **3.6.1 Description of Occupied Bandwidth Measurement**

The occupied bandwidth is the width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal to a specified percentage 0.5% of the total mean transmitted power.

The 26 dB emission bandwidth is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and one below the carrier frequency, at which the spectral density of the emission is attenuated 26 dB below the maximum in-band spectral density of the modulated signal. Spectral density (power per unit bandwidth) is to be measured with a detector of resolution bandwidth equal to approximately 1.0% of the emission bandwidth.

### **3.6.2 Test Procedures**

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v02r02 Section 4.2.
2. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
3. The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the spectrum analyzer shall be between two and five times the anticipated OBW.
4. The nominal resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1 to 5 % of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be at least 3 times the RBW.
5. Set the detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max hold.
6. Determine the reference value: Set the EUT to transmit a modulated signal. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace.  
(this is the reference value)
7. Determine the “-26 dB down amplitude” as equal to (Reference Value – X).
8. Place two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display such that each marker is at or slightly below the “-X dB down amplitude” determined in step 6. If a marker is below this “-X dB down amplitude” value it shall be placed as close as possible to this value. The OBW is the positive frequency difference between the two markers.
9. Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the spectrum analyzer and report the measured bandwidth.

## 3.7 Conducted Band Edge

### 3.7.1 Description of Conducted Band Edge Measurement

22.917(a)

For operations in the 824 – 849 MHz band, the FCC limit is  $43 + 10\log_{10}(P[\text{Watts}])$  dB below the transmitter power  $P(\text{Watts})$  in a 100kHz bandwidth. However, in the 1MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed.

### 3.7.2 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v02r02 Section 6.0.
2. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
3. The band edges of low and high channels for the highest RF powers were measured.
4. Set RBW  $\geq 1\%$  EBW in the 1MHz band immediately outside and adjacent to the band edge.
5. Beyond the 1 MHz band from the band edge, RBW=1MHz was used.
6. Set spectrum analyzer with RMS detector.
7. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
8. Checked that all the results comply with the emission limit line.

The limit line is derived from  $43 + 10\log(P)\text{dB}$  below the transmitter power  $P(\text{Watts})$

## 3.8 Conducted Spurious Emission

### 3.8.1 Description of Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be lower than the transmitter power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB.

It is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer and scanned from 30 MHz up to a frequency including its 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic.

### 3.8.2 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v02r02 Section 6.0.
2. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
3. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator.  
The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
4. The middle channel for the highest RF power within the transmitting frequency was measured.
5. The conducted spurious emission for the whole frequency range was taken.
6. Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz.
7. Set spectrum analyzer with RMS detector.
8. Taking the record of maximum spurious emission.
9. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
10. The limit line is derived from  $43 + 10\log(P)$ dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)

### **3.9 Frequency Stability**

#### **3.9.1 Description of Frequency Stability Measurement**

The frequency stability shall be measured by variation of ambient temperature and variation of primary supply voltage to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within  $\pm 0.00025\%$  ( $\pm 2.5\text{ppm}$ ) of the center frequency.

#### **3.9.2 Test Procedures for Temperature Variation**

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v02r02 Section 9.0.
2. The EUT was set up in the thermal chamber and connected with the system simulator.
3. With power OFF, the temperature was decreased to  $-30^{\circ}\text{C}$  and the EUT was stabilized before testing. Power was applied and the maximum change in frequency was recorded within one minute.
4. With power OFF, the temperature was raised in  $10^{\circ}\text{C}$  step up to  $50^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The EUT was stabilized at each step for at least half an hour. Power was applied and the maximum frequency change was recorded within one minute.

#### **3.9.3 Test Procedures for Voltage Variation**

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v02r02 Section 9.0.
2. The EUT was placed in a temperature chamber at  $20\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$  and connected with the system simulator.
3. The power supply voltage to the EUT was varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value measured at the input to the EUT.
4. The variation in frequency was measured for the worst case.

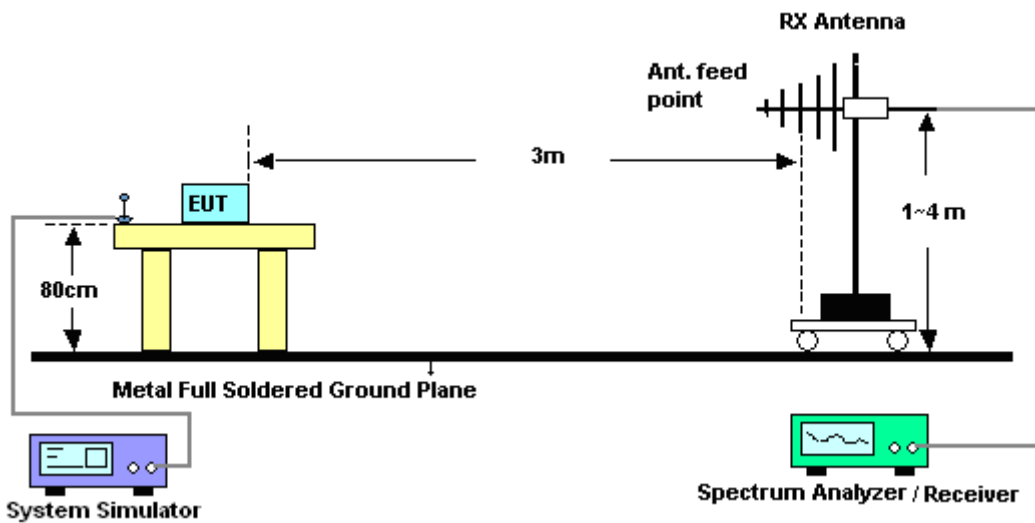
## 4 Radiated Test Items

### 4.1 Measuring Instruments

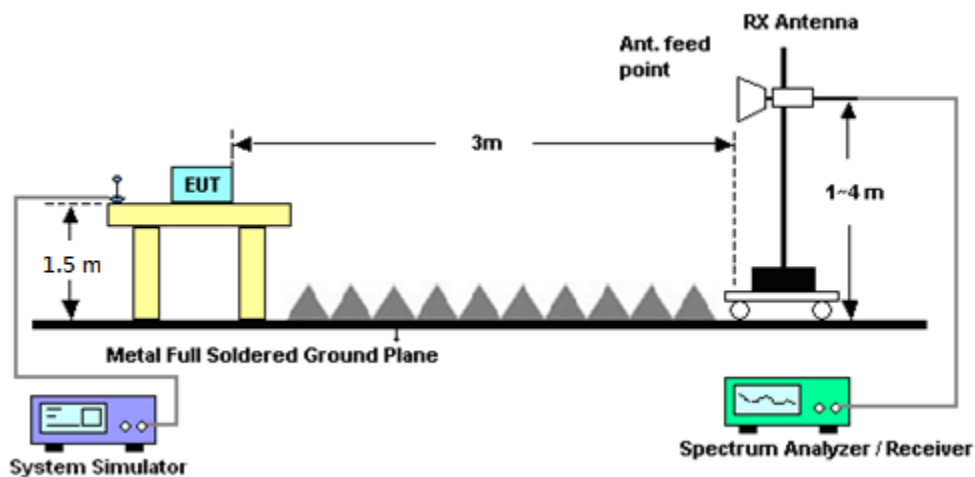
See list of measuring instruments of this test report.

### 4.2 Test Setup

#### 4.2.1 For radiated test from 30MHz to 1GHz



#### 4.2.2 For radiated test above 1GHz



### 4.3 Test Result of Radiated Test

Please refer to Appendix B.



## 4.4 Effective Radiated Power

### 4.4.1 Description of the ERP Measurement

Effective radiated power output measurements by substitution method according to ANSI / TIA / EIA-603-D-2010, and the spectrum analyzer configuration follows KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas. License Digital Systems v02r02. Mobile and portable (hand-held) stations operating are limited to average ERP of 7 watts with LTE band 5.

### 4.4.2 Test Procedures

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive rotating platform (0.8 meters for frequency below 1GHz and 1.5 meter for frequency above 1GHz) in a semi-anechoic chamber. The radiated emission at the fundamental frequency was measured at 3 m with a test antenna and a spectrum analyzer with RMS detector per section 5. of KDB 971168 D01.
2. During the measurement, the system simulator parameters were set to force the EUT transmitting at maximum output power. The maximum emission was recorded from analyzer power level (LVL) from the 360 degrees rotation of the turntable and the test antenna raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in both horizontally and vertically polarized orientations.
3. Effective Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) was measured by substitution method according to TIA/EIA-603-D. The EUT was replaced by the substitution antenna at same location, and then a known power from S.G. was applied into the dipole antenna through a Tx cable, and then recorded the maximum Analyzer reading through raised and lowered the test antenna. The correction factor (in dB) = S.G. - Tx Cable loss + Substitution antenna gain - Analyzer reading. Then the EUT's EIRP was calculated with the correction factor,  $EIRP = LVL + \text{Correction factor}$  and  $ERP = EIRP - 2.15$ . Take the record of the output power at substitution antenna.

	LTE Average					
LTE BW	1.4M	3M	5M	10M	15M	20M
Span	3MHz	6MHz	10MHz	20MHz	30MHz	40MHz
RBW	30kHz	100kHz	100kHz	300kHz	300kHz	300kHz
VBW	100kHz	300kHz	300kHz	1MHz	1MHz	1MHz
Detector	RMS	RMS	RMS	RMS	RMS	RMS
Trace	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average
Average Type	Power	Power	Power	Power	Power	Power
Sweep Count	100	100	100	100	100	100

## **4.5 Radiated Spurious Emission**

### **4.5.1 Description of Radiated Spurious Emission**

The radiated spurious emission was measured by substitution method according to ANSI / TIA / EIA-603-D-2010. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB.

The spectrum is scanned from 30 MHz up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic.

### **4.5.2 Test Procedures**

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v02r02 Section 5.8 and ANSI / TIA-603-D-2010 Section 2.2.12.
2. The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter for frequency below 1GHz and 1.5 meter for frequency above 1GHz respectively above ground.
3. The EUT was set 3 meters from the receiving antenna, which was mounted on the antenna tower.
4. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest spurious emission.
5. The height of the receiving antenna is varied between one meter and four meters to search the maximum spurious emission for both horizontal and vertical polarizations.
6. Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz, taking the record of maximum spurious emission.
7. A horn antenna was substituted in place of the EUT and was driven by a signal generator.
8. Tune the output power of signal generator to the same emission level with EUT maximum spurious emission.
9. Taking the record of output power at antenna port.
10. Repeat step 7 to step 8 for another polarization.
11. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.

The limit line is derived from  $43 + 10\log(P)$ dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)



## 5 List of Measuring Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Test Date	Due Date	Remark
LTE Base Station	Anritsu	MT8820C	6201432821	GSM/GPRS /WCDMA/LTE	Oct. 11, 2016	Apr. 01, 2017 ~ Apr. 15, 2017	Oct. 10, 2017	Conducted (TH05-HY)
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101397	10Hz~40GHz	Nov. 04, 2016	Apr. 01, 2017 ~ Apr. 15, 2017	Nov. 03, 2017	Conducted (TH05-HY)
Temperature Chamber	ESPEC	SH-641	92013720	-30℃~70℃	Sep. 01, 2016	Apr. 01, 2017 ~ Apr. 15, 2017	Aug. 31, 2017	Conducted (TH05-HY)
Programmable Power Supply	GW Instek	PSS-2005	EL890001	1V~20V 0.5A~5A	Oct. 03, 2016	Apr. 01, 2017 ~ Apr. 15, 2017	Oct. 02, 2017	Conducted (TH05-HY)
Amplifier	SONOMA	310N	187311	9kHz~1GHz	Oct. 26, 2016	Apr. 21, 2017	Oct. 25, 2017	Radiation (03CH10-HY)
Bilog Antenna	TESEQ	CBL 6111D&00800 N1D01N-06	35413&02	30MHz~1GHz	Jan. 07, 2017	Apr. 21, 2017	Jan. 06, 2018	Radiation (03CH10-HY)
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120 D	9120D-1325	1GHz ~ 18GHz	Sep. 30, 2016	Apr. 21, 2017	Sep. 29, 2017	Radiation (03CH10-HY)
Preamplifier	Keysight	83017A	MY53270078	1GHz~26.5GHz	Oct. 26, 2016	Apr. 21, 2017	Oct. 25, 2017	Radiation (03CH10-HY)
Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9010A	MY54200485	10Hz ~ 44GHz	Oct. 17, 2016	Apr. 21, 2017	Oct. 16, 2017	Radiation (03CH10-HY)
Antenna Mast	EMEC	AM-BS-4500-B	N/A	1~4m	N/A	Apr. 21, 2017	N/A	Radiation (03CH10-HY)
Turn Table	EMEC	TT 2200	N/A	0~360 Degree	N/A	Apr. 21, 2017	N/A	Radiation (03CH10-HY)
Preamplifier	MITEQ	JS44-18004000-33-8P	1840917	18GHz ~ 40GHz	Jun. 14, 2016	Apr. 21, 2017	Jun. 13, 2017	Radiation (03CH10-HY)
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-1620	1G~18GHz	Sep. 30, 2016	Apr. 21, 2017	Sep. 29, 2017	Radiation (03CH10-HY)
SHF-EHF Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170584	18GHz- 40GHz	Nov. 08, 2016	Apr. 21, 2017	Nov. 07, 2017	Radiation (03CH10-HY)
Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3694C	163401	0.1Hz~40GHz	Jan. 04, 2017	Apr. 21, 2017	Jan. 03, 2018	Radiation (03CH10-HY)

## 6 Uncertainty of Evaluation

### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (30 MHz ~ 1000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2U_c(y)$ )	5.6
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### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (1000 MHz ~ 18000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2U_c(y)$ )	5.9
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### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (18000 MHz ~ 40000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2U_c(y)$ )	5.2
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## Appendix A. Test Results of Conducted Test

### Conducted Output Power(Average power)

LTE Band 5 Maximum Average Power [dBm]						
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest
10	1	0	QPSK	22.40	22.56	22.72
10	1	25		22.44	22.57	22.71
10	1	49		22.45	22.51	22.64
10	25	0		21.45	21.66	21.80
10	25	12		21.50	21.65	21.79
10	25	25		21.44	21.61	21.71
10	50	0		21.48	21.63	21.76
10	1	0	16-QAM	21.71	21.84	21.98
10	1	25		21.74	21.86	22.00
10	1	49		21.76	21.79	21.92
10	25	0		20.43	20.67	20.80
10	25	12		20.52	20.67	20.80
10	25	25		20.45	20.60	20.71
10	50	0		20.51	20.66	20.76
5	1	0	QPSK	22.42	22.58	22.71
5	1	12		22.35	22.54	22.66
5	1	24		22.44	22.51	22.65
5	12	0		21.45	21.64	21.74
5	12	7		21.42	21.65	21.75
5	12	13		21.47	21.58	21.70
5	25	0		21.42	21.60	21.71
5	1	0	16-QAM	21.70	21.89	22.00
5	1	12		21.64	21.85	21.97
5	1	24		21.71	21.79	21.93
5	12	0		20.43	20.65	20.76
5	12	7		20.48	20.63	20.76
5	12	13		20.52	20.63	20.70
5	25	0		20.46	20.63	20.73



LTE Band 5 Maximum Average Power [dBm]						
BW [MHz]	RB Size	RB Offset	Mod	Lowest	Middle	Highest
3	1	0	QPSK	22.38	22.56	22.67
3	1	8		22.35	22.53	22.62
3	1	14		22.31	22.52	22.63
3	8	0		21.45	21.60	21.72
3	8	4		21.43	21.64	21.70
3	8	7		21.41	21.58	21.66
3	15	0		21.38	21.59	21.71
3	1	0	16-QAM	21.67	21.84	21.98
3	1	8		21.64	21.84	21.96
3	1	14		21.62	21.81	21.91
3	8	0		20.48	20.67	20.76
3	8	4		20.50	20.68	20.76
3	8	7		20.44	20.66	20.76
3	15	0		20.43	20.61	20.74
1.4	1	0	QPSK	22.30	22.47	22.57
1.4	1	3		22.36	22.51	22.63
1.4	1	5		22.28	22.46	22.55
1.4	3	0		22.32	22.50	22.57
1.4	3	1		22.37	22.53	22.65
1.4	3	3		22.32	22.48	22.59
1.4	6	0		21.33	21.51	21.60
1.4	1	0	16-QAM	21.58	21.76	21.84
1.4	1	3		21.65	21.81	21.91
1.4	1	5		21.57	21.73	21.85
1.4	3	0		21.36	21.51	21.63
1.4	3	1		21.40	21.57	21.69
1.4	3	3		21.33	21.52	21.62
1.4	6	0		20.41	20.60	20.67



## LTE Band 5

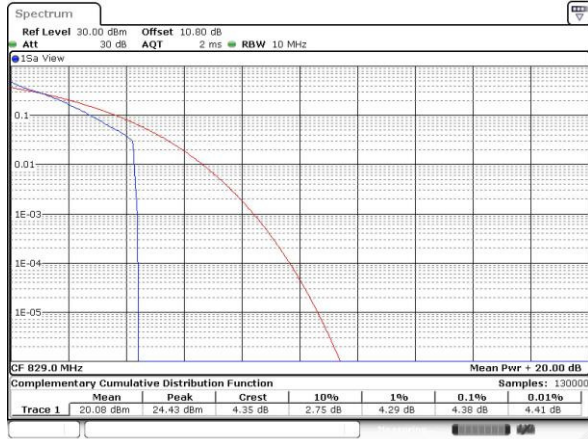
### Peak-to-Average Ratio

Mode	LTE Band 5 / 10MHz				
Mod.	QPSK		16QAM		Limit: 13dB
RB Size	1RB	Full RB	1RB	Full RB	Result
Lowest CH	4.38	5.04	4.84	5.94	PASS
Middle CH	4.61	5.1	5.3	5.97	
Highest CH	4.67	5.19	5.36	5.91	

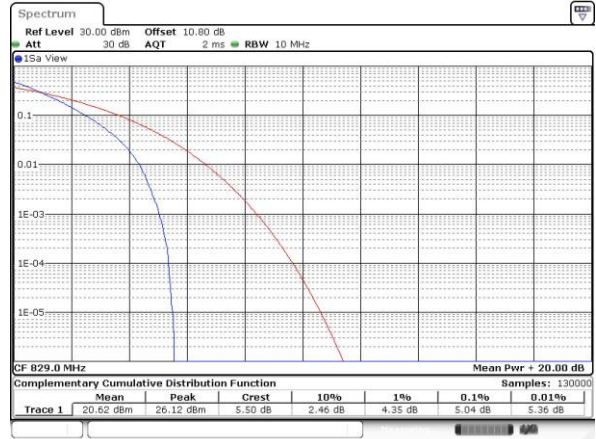


## LTE Band 5 / 10MHz / QPSK

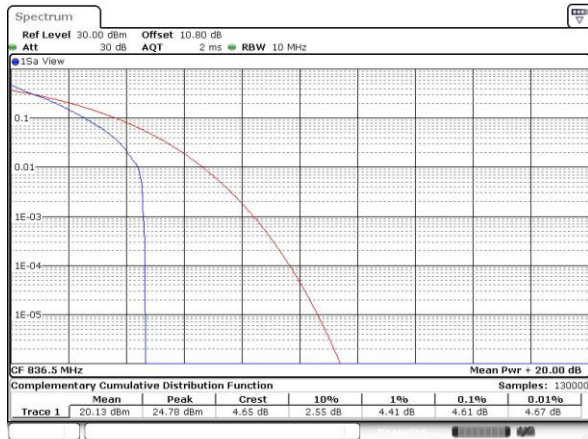
## Lowest Channel / 1RB



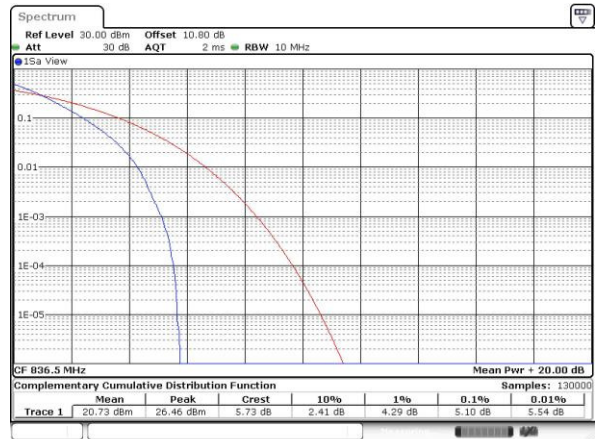
## Lowest Channel / Full RB



## Middle Channel / 1RB



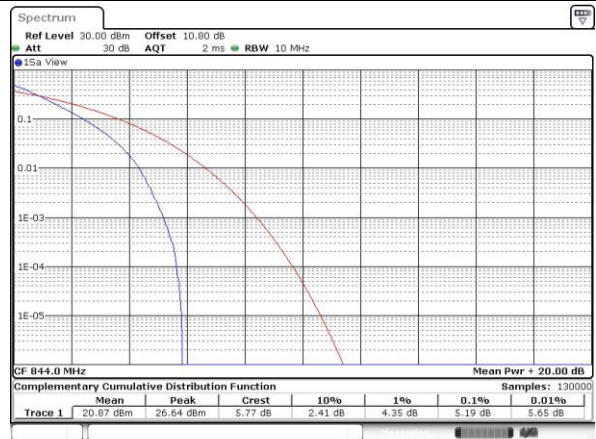
## Middle Channel / Full RB



## Highest Channel / 1RB



## Highest Channel / Full RB

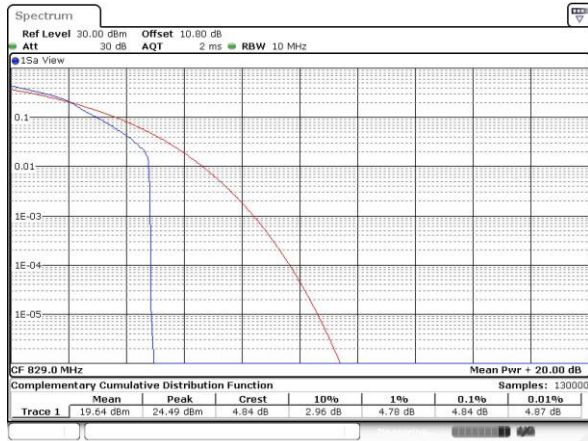




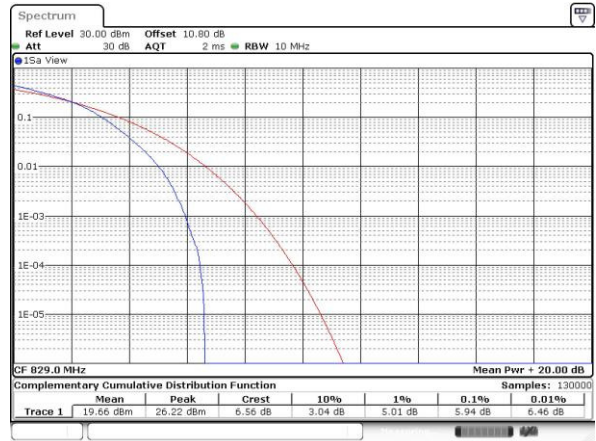


## LTE Band 5 / 10MHz / 16QAM

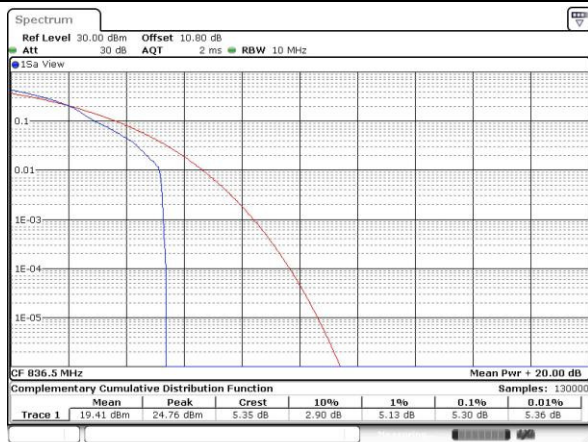
## Lowest Channel / 1RB



## Lowest Channel / Full RB



## Middle Channel / 1RB



## Middle Channel / Full RB



## Highest Channel / 1RB



## Highest Channel / Full RB



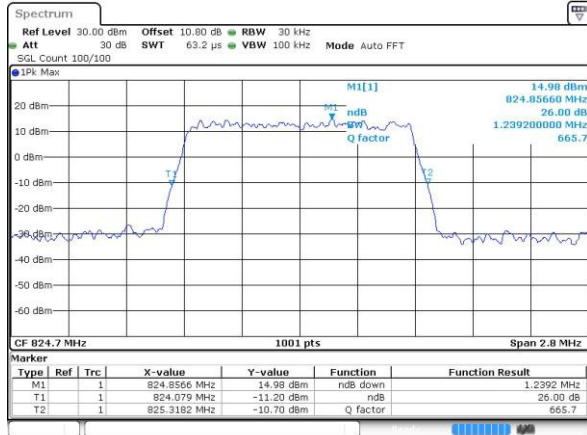
**26dB Bandwidth**

Mode	LTE Band 5 : 26dB BW(MHz)											
BW	1.4MHz		3MHz		5MHz		10MHz		15MHz		20MHz	
Mod.	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Lowest CH	1.239	1.22	3.045	3.021	4.835	4.875	9.73	9.77	-	-	-	-
Middle CH	1.231	1.231	2.979	3.039	4.985	4.885	9.71	9.79	-	-	-	-
Highest CH	1.225	1.231	3.027	3.021	4.985	4.905	9.83	9.63	-	-	-	-



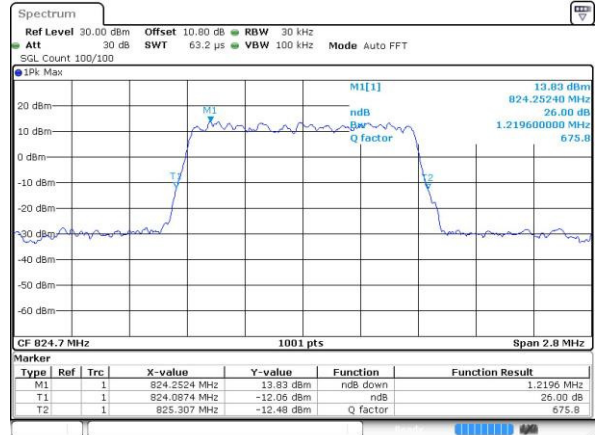
## LTE Band 5

## Lowest Channel / 1.4MHz / QPSK



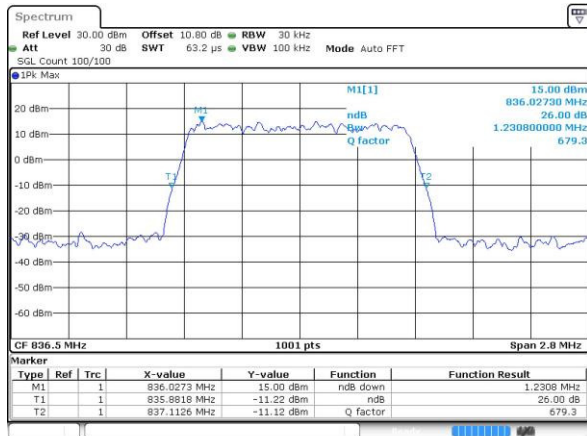
Date: 15 APR 2017 10:18:51

## Lowest Channel / 1.4MHz / 16QAM



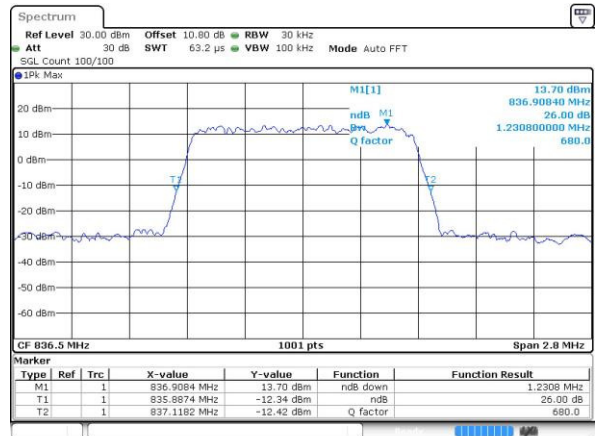
Date: 15 APR 2017 10:18:41

## Middle Channel / 1.4MHz / QPSK



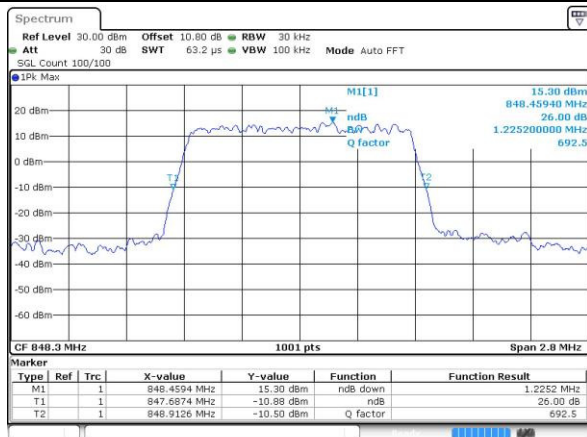
Date: 15 APR 2017 10:27:47

## Middle Channel / 1.4MHz / 16QAM



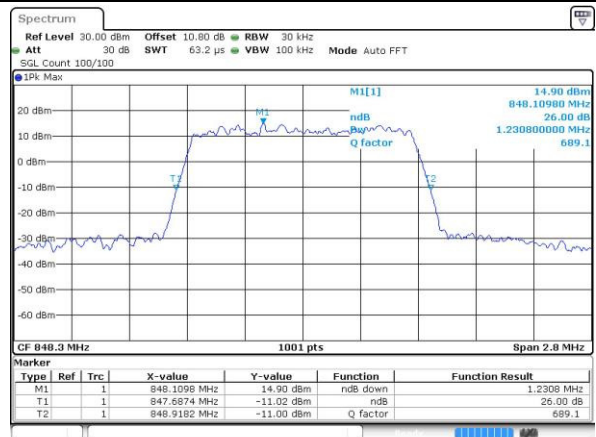
Date: 15 APR 2017 10:27:58

## Highest Channel / 1.4MHz / QPSK



Date: 15 APR 2017 10:30:17

## Highest Channel / 1.4MHz / 16QAM

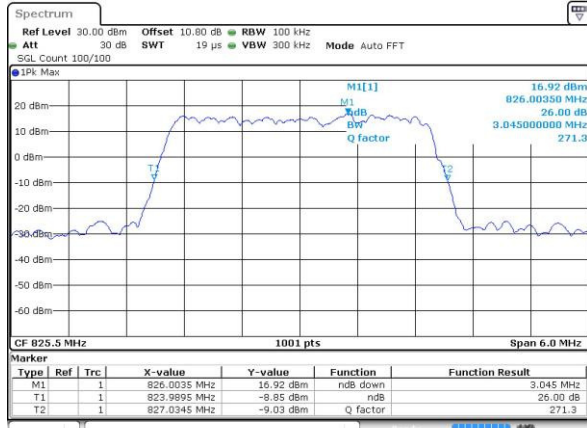


Date: 15 APR 2017 10:30:27



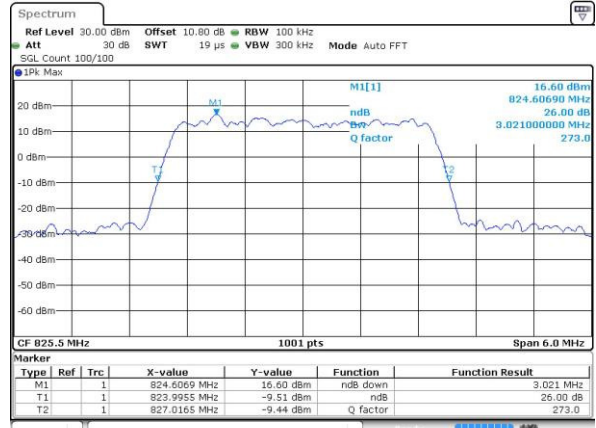
## LTE Band 5

## Lowest Channel / 3MHz / QPSK



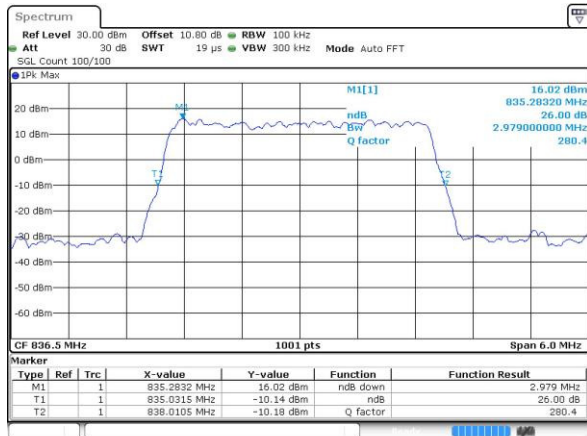
Date: 15 APR 2017 09:13:03

## Lowest Channel / 3MHz / 16QAM



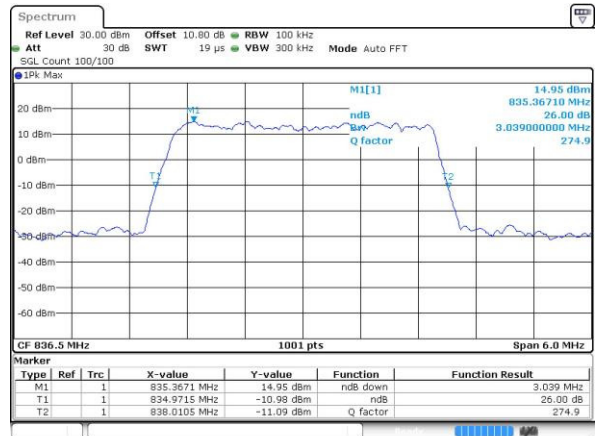
Date: 15 APR 2017 09:13:14

## Middle Channel / 3MHz / QPSK



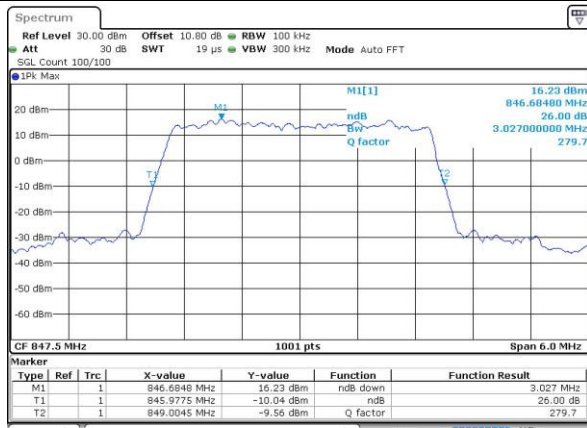
Date: 15 APR 2017 09:22:10

## Middle Channel / 3MHz / 16QAM



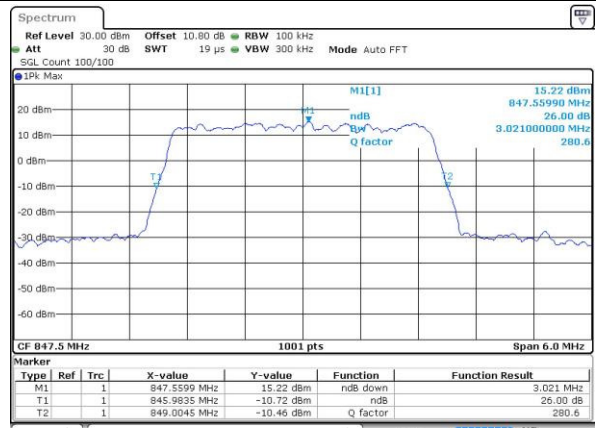
Date: 15 APR 2017 09:22:21

## Highest Channel / 3MHz / QPSK



Date: 15 APR 2017 09:24:40

## Highest Channel / 3MHz / 16QAM

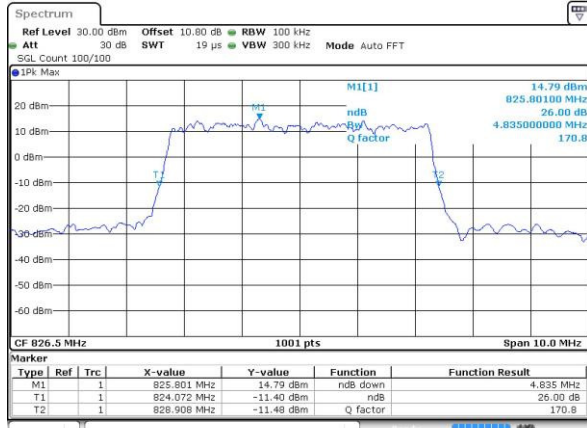


Date: 15 APR 2017 09:24:50

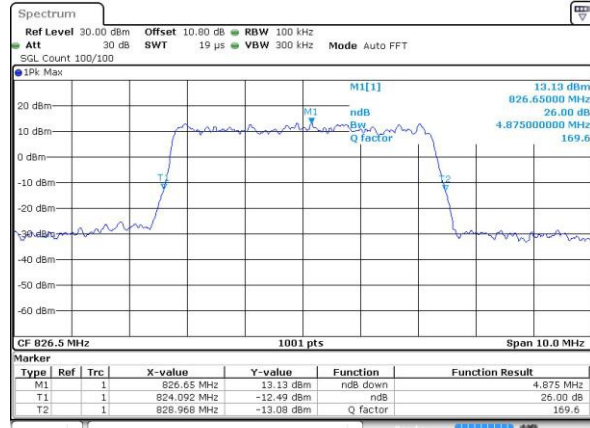


## LTE Band 5

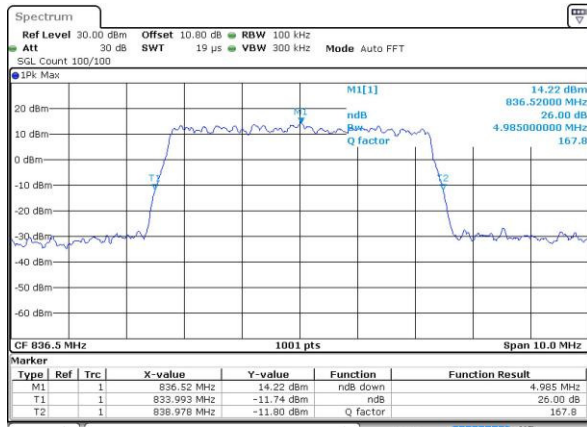
## Lowest Channel / 5MHz / QPSK



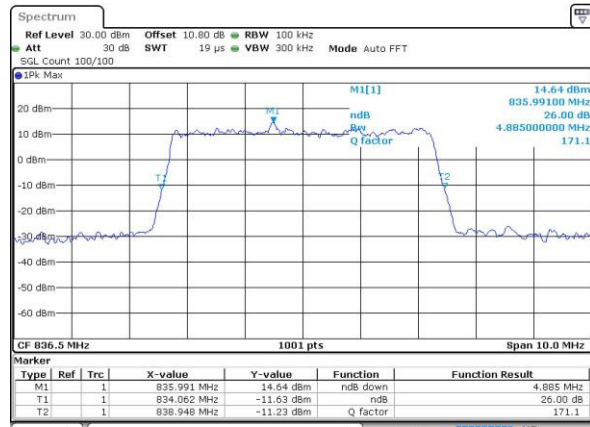
## Lowest Channel / 5MHz / 16QAM



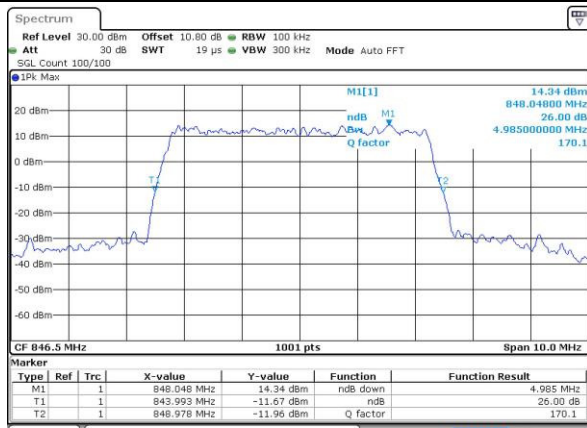
## Middle Channel / 5MHz / QPSK



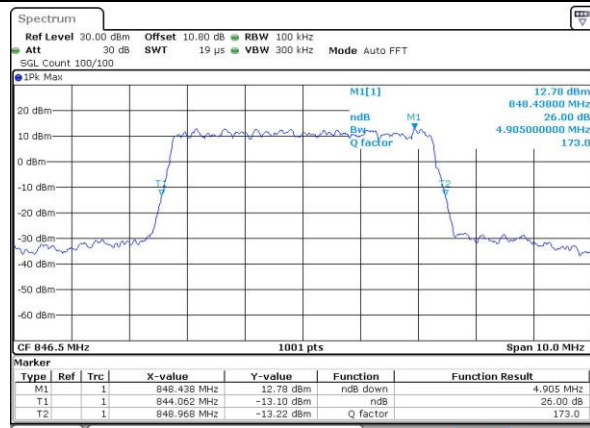
## Middle Channel / 5MHz / 16QAM



## Highest Channel / 5MHz / QPSK



## Highest Channel / 5MHz / 16QAM

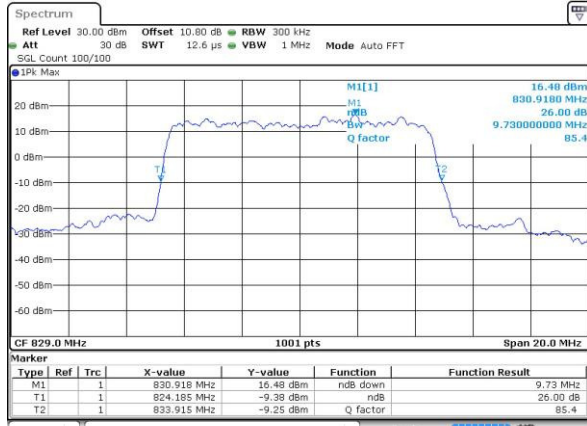




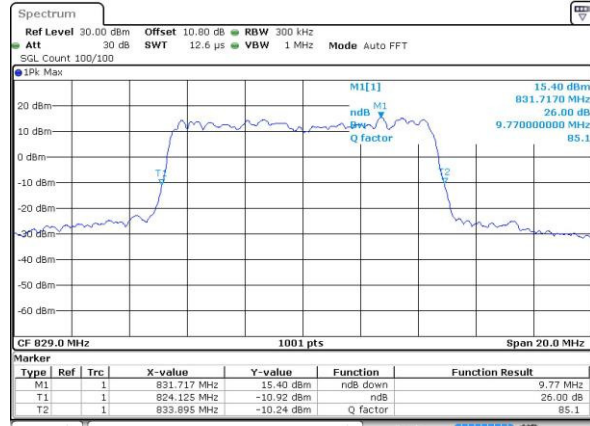


## LTE Band 5

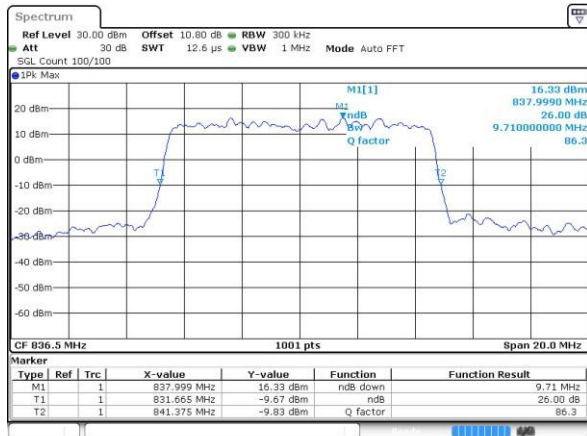
## Lowest Channel / 10MHz / QPSK



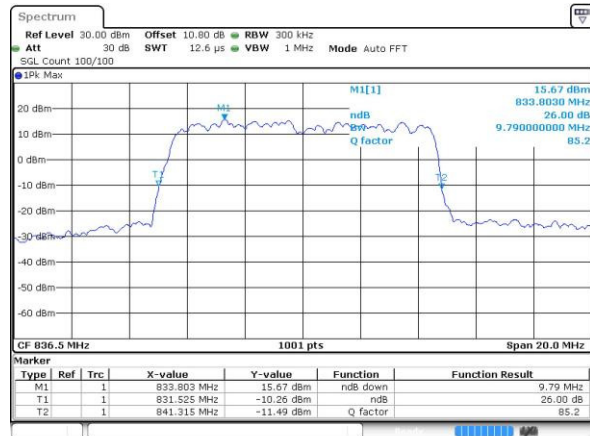
## Lowest Channel / 10MHz / 16QAM



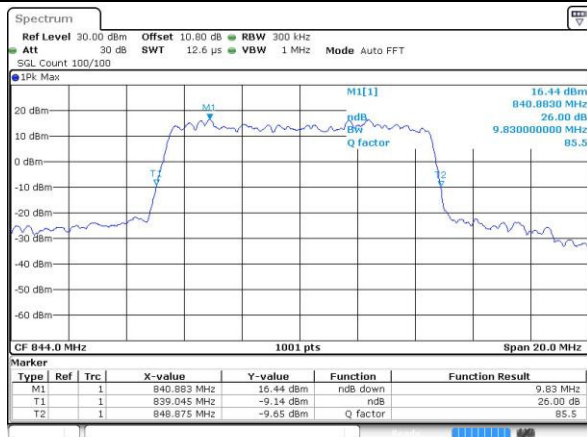
## Middle Channel / 10MHz / QPSK



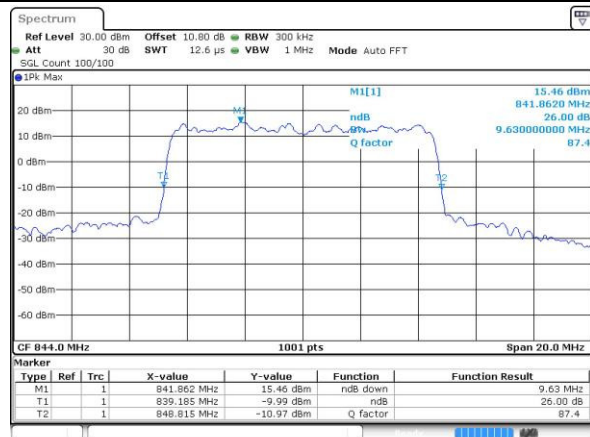
## Middle Channel / 10MHz / 16QAM



## Highest Channel / 10MHz / QPSK



## Highest Channel / 10MHz / 16QAM



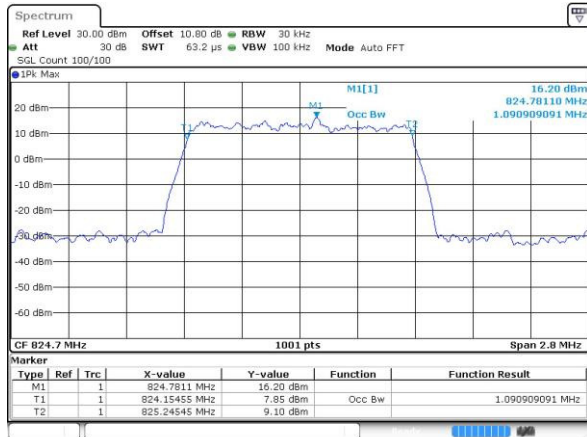
**Occupied Bandwidth**

Mode	LTE Band 5 : 99%OBW(MHz)											
BW	1.4MHz		3MHz		5MHz		10MHz		15MHz		20MHz	
Mod.	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM	QPSK	16QAM
Lowest CH	1.09	1.09	2.73	2.72	4.49	4.47	9.03	9.03	-	-	-	-
Middle CH	1.09	1.09	2.72	2.72	4.51	4.48	9.09	8.99	-	-	-	-
Highest CH	1.1	1.1	2.7	2.71	4.48	4.49	9.03	9.05	-	-	-	-

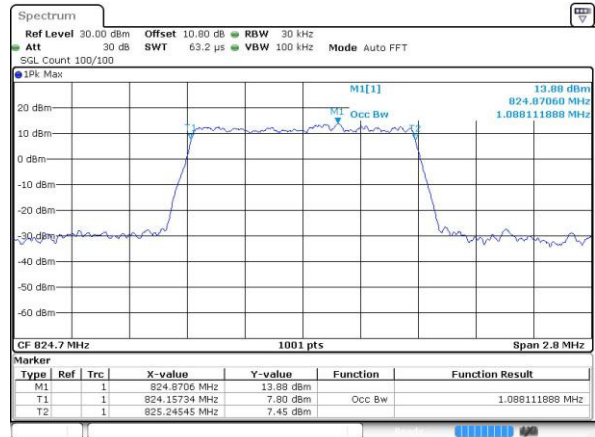


## LTE Band 5

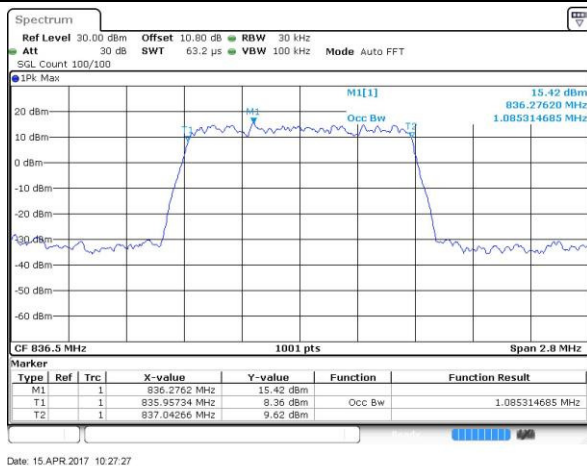
## Lowest Channel / 1.4MHz / QPSK



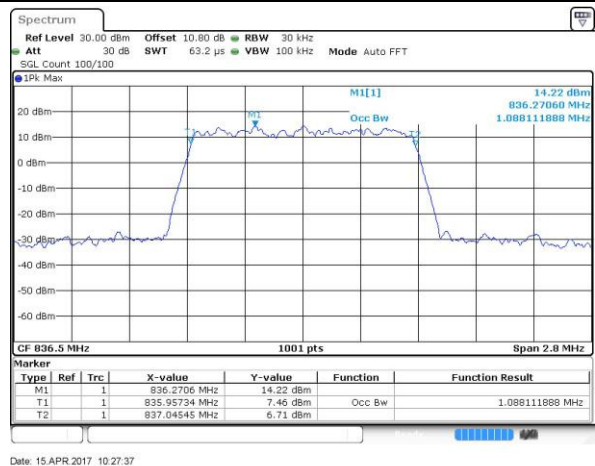
## Lowest Channel / 1.4MHz / 16QAM



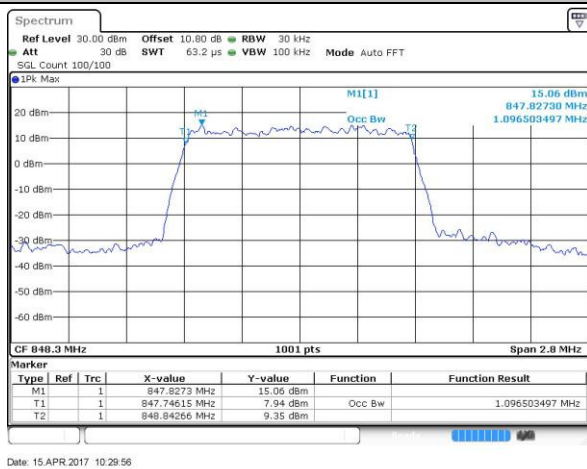
## Middle Channel / 1.4MHz / QPSK



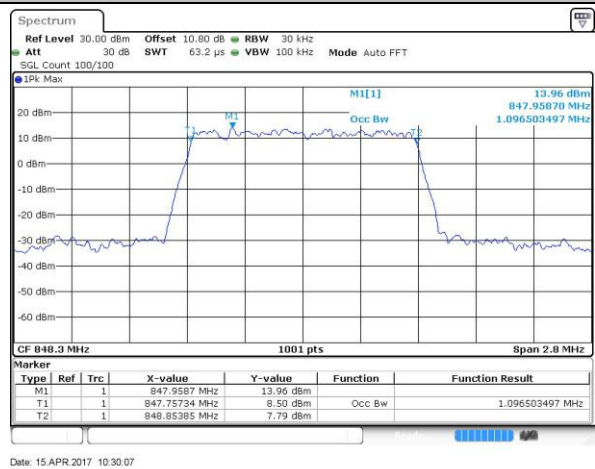
## Middle Channel / 1.4MHz / 16QAM



## Highest Channel / 1.4MHz / QPSK



## Highest Channel / 1.4MHz / 16QAM





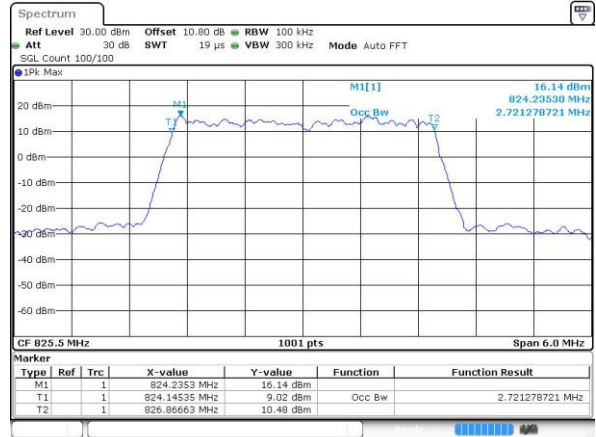


## LTE Band 5

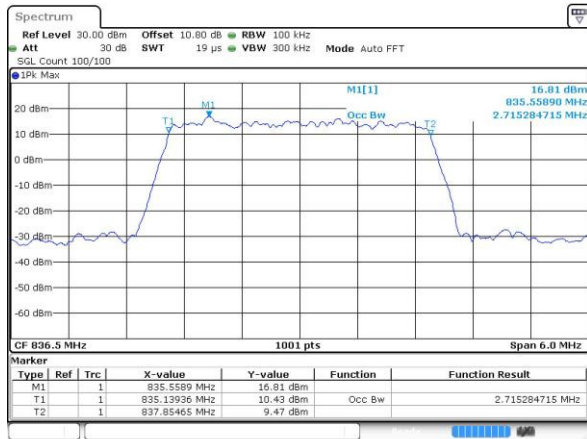
## Lowest Channel / 3MHz / QPSK



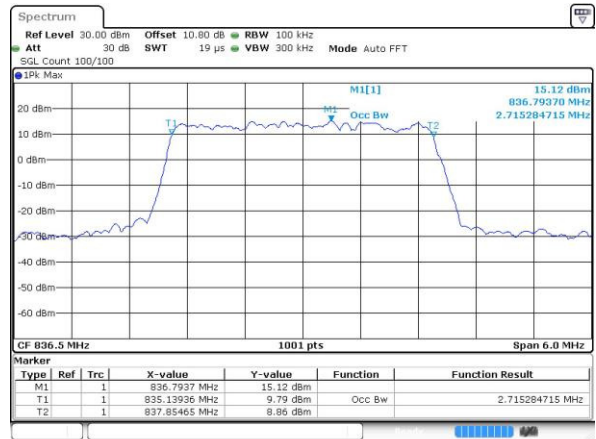
## Lowest Channel / 3MHz / 16QAM



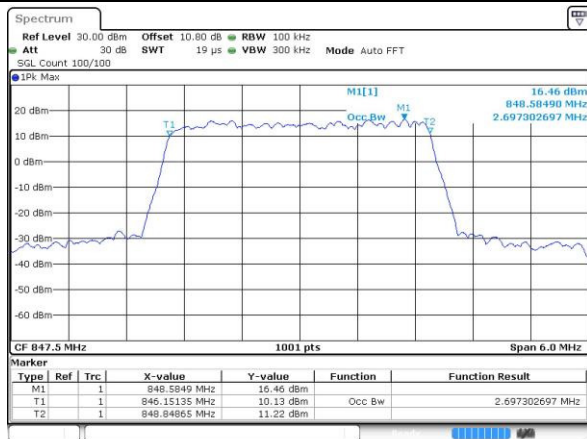
## Middle Channel / 3MHz / QPSK



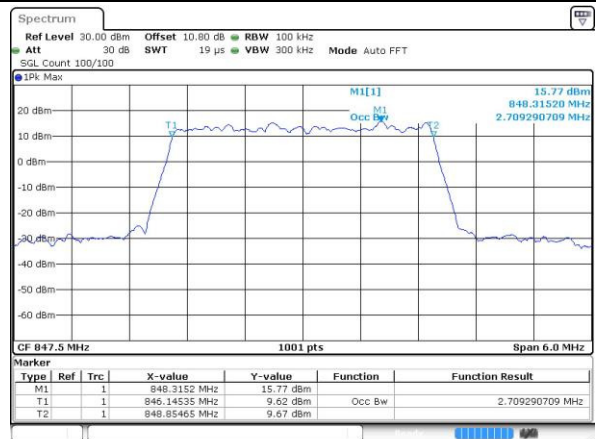
## Middle Channel / 3MHz / 16QAM



## Highest Channel / 3MHz / QPSK



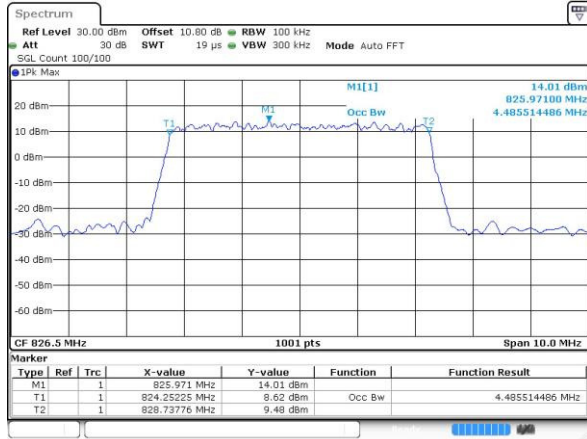
## Highest Channel / 3MHz / 16QAM



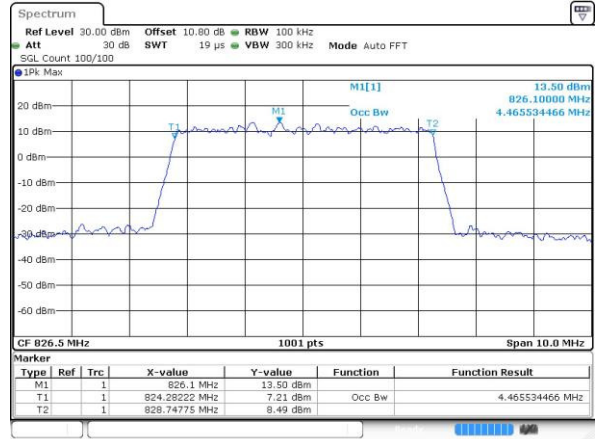


## LTE Band 5

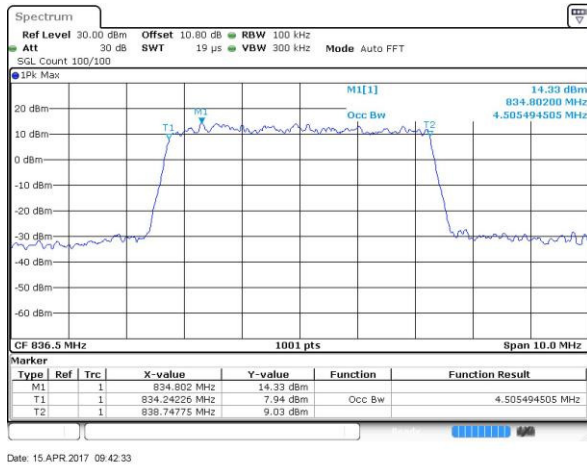
## Lowest Channel / 5MHz / QPSK



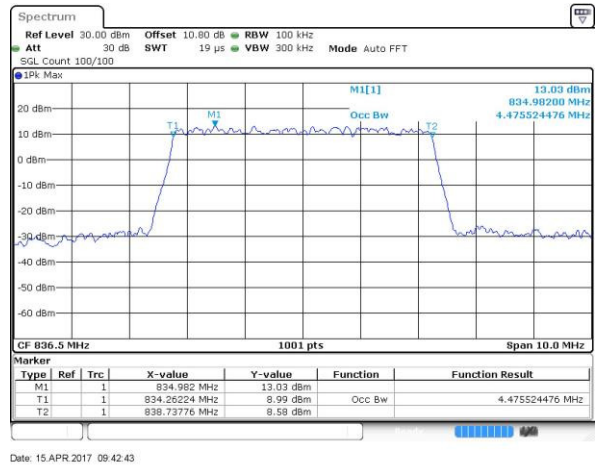
## Lowest Channel / 5MHz / 16QAM



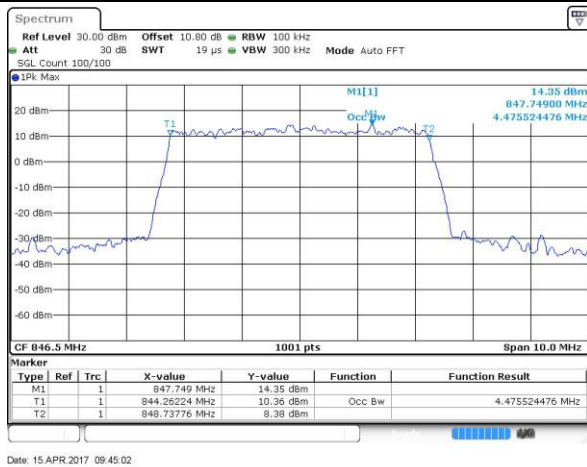
## Middle Channel / 5MHz / QPSK



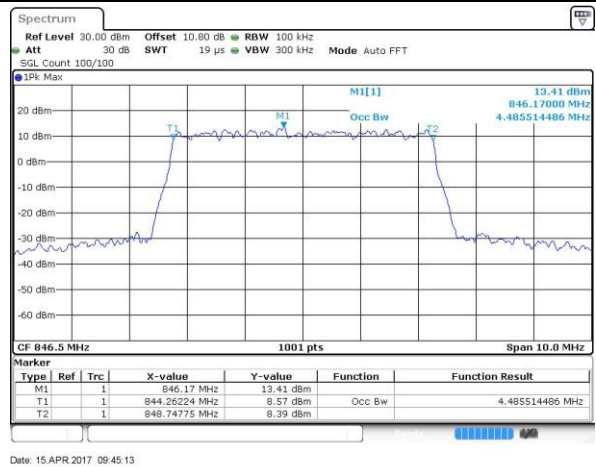
## Middle Channel / 5MHz / 16QAM



## Highest Channel / 5MHz / QPSK



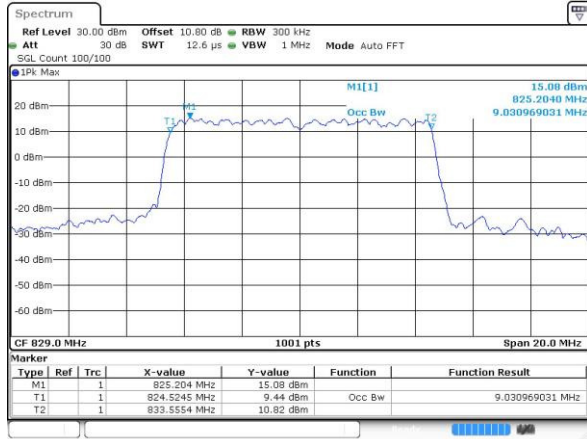
## Highest Channel / 5MHz / 16QAM



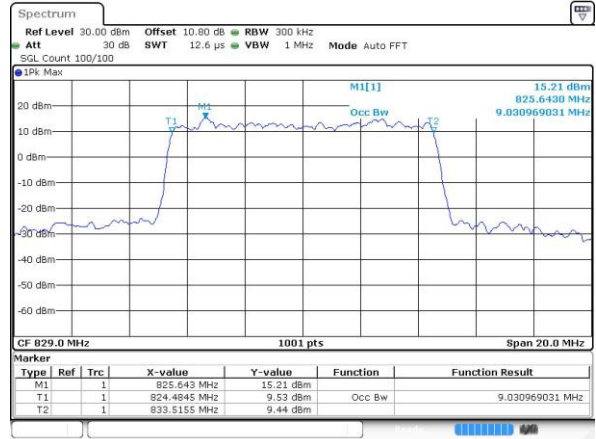


## LTE Band 5

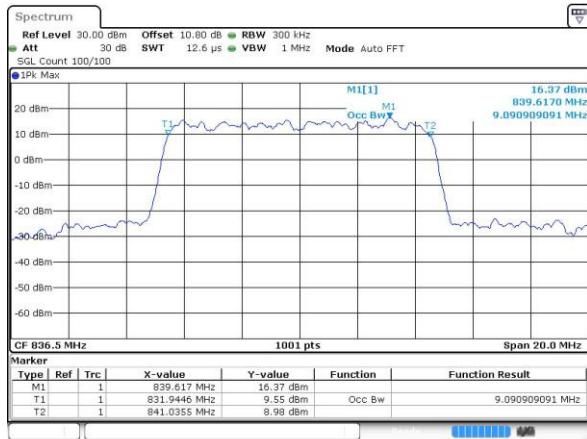
## Lowest Channel / 10MHz / QPSK



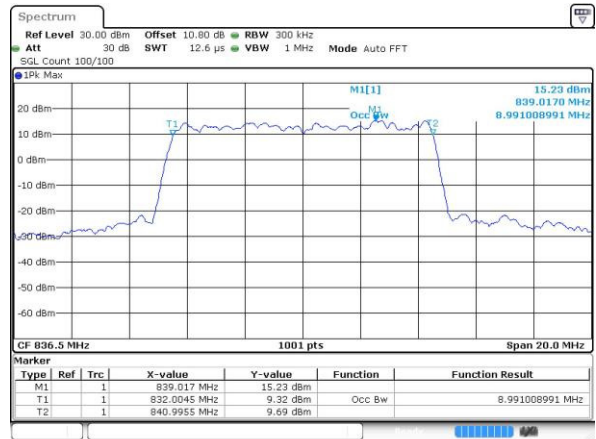
## Lowest Channel / 10MHz / 16QAM



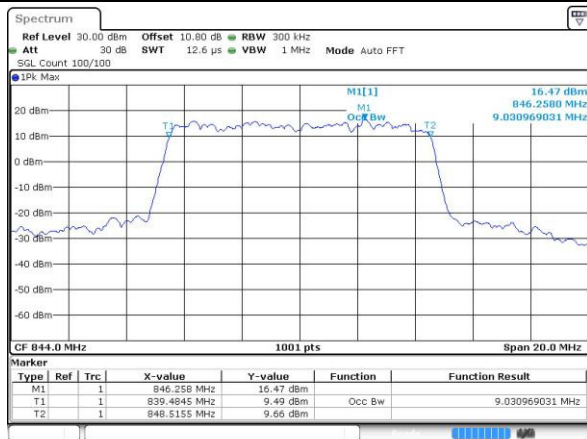
## Middle Channel / 10MHz / QPSK



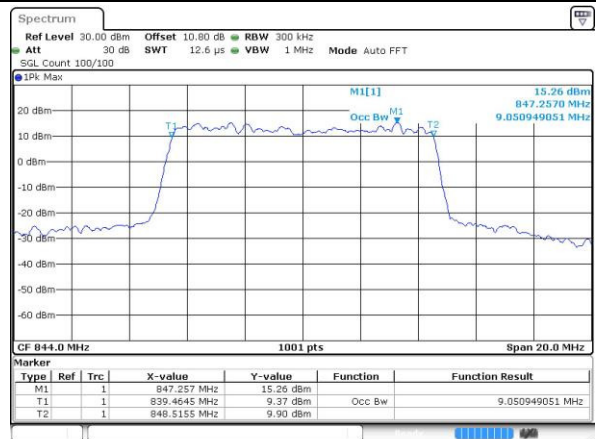
## Middle Channel / 10MHz / 16QAM



## Highest Channel / 10MHz / QPSK



## Highest Channel / 10MHz / 16QAM

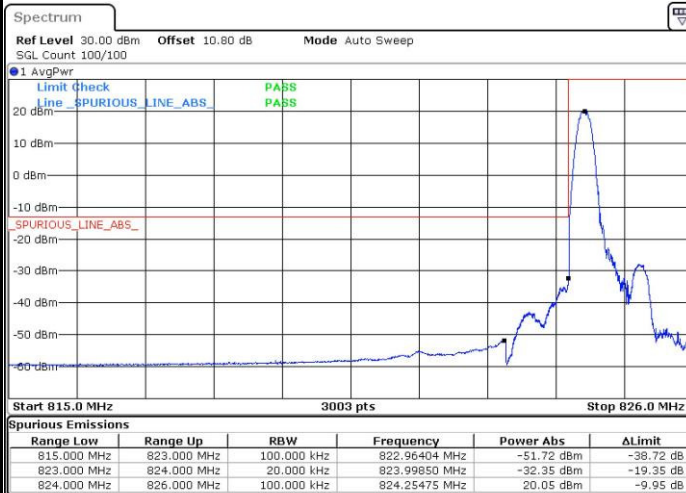




# Conducted Band Edge

## LTE Band 5 / 1.4MHz / QPSK

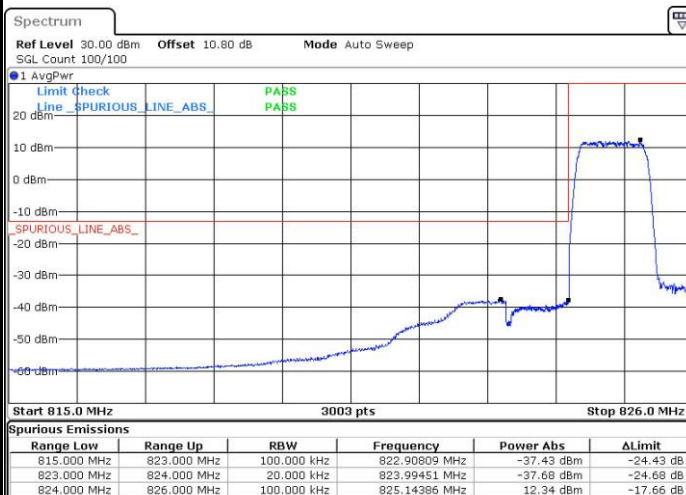
### Lowest Band Edge / 1RB



### Highest Band Edge / 1RB



### Lowest Band Edge / Full RB



### Highest Band Edge / Full RB

