



RF Exposure Evaluation

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06, Unless specifically required by the *published RF exposure KDB procedures*, standalone 1-g head or body and 10-g extremity SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding *SAR Test Exclusion Threshold* condition(s), listed below, is (are) satisfied.

For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances \leq 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following:

The EUT is a portable device

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance,

mm)] $\cdot \left[\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}\right] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

 $f_{\left(\text{GHz}\right)}$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The product is used at a distance of 5 mm from the human body.

BLE2M-worst mode and channel								
Frequency	Max Power	Tune up tolerance	Maximum tune-up					
(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(mW)				
2402	-2.38	-2 ± 1	-1	0.794				

Maxtune-up Power (dBm)	Max tune-up Power (mW)	Frequency (MHz)	Min. distance (mm)	Calc. thresholds	limit
-1	0.794	2402	5	0.246	3.0

Calculated value0.246< 3.0, So there is no require SAR test

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