

# **TEST REPORT**

# No. I16N01166-WCDMA

for

# Yulong Computer Telecommunication Scientific (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

LTE phone

Model Name: Coolpad E503

FCC ID: R38YLE503

with

Hardware Version: P0

# Software Version: 6.0.003.P0.161010.3505I-A00

# Issued Date: 2016-11-28

#### Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of CTTL.

Test Laboratory:

#### FCC 2.948 Listed: No. 342690

CTTL, Telecommunication Technology Labs, Academy of Telecommunication Research, MIIT

No. 52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China 100191

Tel: +86(0)10-62304633-2512, Fax:+86(0)10-62304633-2504

Email: cttl\_terminals@catr.cn, website: www.chinattl.com



# **REPORT HISTORY**

Report Number	Revision	Description	Issue Date
I16N01166-WCDMA	Rev.0	1st edition	2016-11-28



# **CONTENTS**

1.	FEST LABORATORY 4
1.1.	TESTING LOCATION 4
1.2.	TESTING ENVIRONMENT 4
1.3.	PROJECT DATA 4
1.4.	SIGNATURE 4
2.	CLIENT INFORMATION
2.1.	APPLICANT INFORMATION
2.2.	MANUFACTURER INFORMATION
3.	EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) AND ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT (AE)
3.1.	ABOUT EUT6
3.2.	INTERNAL IDENTIFICATION OF EUT USED DURING THE TEST
3.3.	INTERNAL IDENTIFICATION OF AE USED DURING THE TEST
3.4.	GENERAL DESCRIPTION6
4.	REFERENCE DOCUMENTS
4.1.	REFERENCE DOCUMENTS FOR TESTING
5.	LABORATORY ENVIRONMENT
	SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS
6.	
7.	TEST EQUIPMENTS UTILIZED 10
ANI	EX A: MEASUREMENT RESULTS11
А	OUTPUT POWER11
А	2 EMISSION LIMIT
А	FREQUENCY STABILITY
А	OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH
А	5 EMISSION BANDWIDTH
А	5 BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE
А	CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION
А	B PEAK-TO-AVERAGE POWER RATIO



# 1. Test Laboratory

### 1.1. Testing Location

Company Name:	CTTL ShenZhen, Telecommunication Technology Labs, Academy of
	Telecommunication Research, MIIT
Address:	TCL International E city No. 1001 Zhongshanyuan Road, Nanshan
	District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Postal Code:	518048
Telephone:	+86(755)33322000
Fax:	+86(755)33322000

#### 1.2. Testing Environment

Normal Temperature:	<b>15-35℃</b>
Relative Humidity:	20-75%

1.3. Project data Testing S

Testing Start Date:	2016-10-19
Testing End Date:	2016-11-26

1.4. Signature

Lai Minghua (Prepared this test report)

Shen Shaoming

(Reviewed this test report)

Ma Zhiguo Deputy Director of the laboratory (Approved this test report)

©Copyright. All rights reserved by CTTL.



# 2. Client Information

# 2.1. Applicant Information

Company Name:	Yulong Computer Telecommunication Scientific (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd		
Address /Post:	Coolpad Information Harbor, High-tech Industrial Park (North), Nanshan District, Shenzhen, P.R.C.		
Contact Person:	wangping		
Contact Email	wangping1@yulong.com		
Telephone:	0755-83301199-83335		
Fax:	1		

# 2.2. Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	Yulong Computer Telecommunication Scientific (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd		
Address /Post:	Coolpad Information Harbor, High-tech Industrial Park (North), Nanshan District, Shenzhen, P.R.C.		
Contact Person:	wangping		
Contact Email	wangping1@yulong.com		
Telephone:	0755-83301199-83335		
Fax:	/		



# 3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

3.1. About EUT	
Description	LTE phone
Model Name	Coolpad E503
FCC ID	R38YLE503
Antenna	Integrated
Output power	27.99dBm maximum EIRP measured for Band II
Extreme vol. Limits	3.6VDC to 4.4VDC (nominal: 4.0VDC)
Extreme temp. Tolerance	-30°C to +50°C

Note: Components list, please refer to documents of the manufacturer; it is also included in the original test record of CTTL, Telecommunication Technology Labs, Academy of Telecommunication Research, MIIT

#### 3.2. Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI	HW Version	SW Version	Sample Arrival Date
S01	008600251139837	P0	6.0.003.P0.16101	2016-10-19
			0.3505I-A00	
S02	008600251139589	P0	6.0.003.P0.16101	2016-10-19
			0.3505I-A00	

\*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

### 3.3. Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	
AE1	Battery	
AE2	Charger	
AE1		
Model		CPLD-414
Manufact	turer	ZHUHAI COSLIGHT BATTERY CO., LTD.
Capacita	nce	2500mAh
AE2		
Model		CA05-050100U
Manufact	turer	JIANGSU CHENYANG ELECTRON CO., LTD

\*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

### 3.4. General Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a model HSDPA/HSUPA/UMTS / GSM / LTE mobile phone with integrated antenna. Manual and specifications of the EUT were provided to fulfil the test.



# 4. <u>Reference Documents</u>

# 4.1. Reference Documents for testing

The following documents listed in this section are referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
FCC Part 24	PERSONAL COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES	10-1-15
		Edition
FCC Part 22	PUBLIC MOBILE SERVICES	10-1-15
		Edition
FCC Part 2	FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS AND RADIO TREATY	10-1-15
	MATTERS; GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS	Edition
FCC Part 27	WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES	10-1-15
		Edition
ANSI/TIA-603-C	Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment	2004
	Measurement and Performance Standards	
ANSI C63.4	Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from	2009
	Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the	
	Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	
KDB 971168 D01	Measurement Guidance for Certification of Licensed Digital	v02r02
	Transmitters	



# 5. LABORATORY ENVIRONMENT

Control room / conducted chamber did not exceed following limits along the EMC testing:

Temperature	Min. = 15 °C, Max. = 35 °C
Relative humidity	Min. =20 %, Max. = 80 %
Shielding effectiveness	> 110 dB
Electrical insulation	> 2 MΩ
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω

**Fully-anechoic chamber 2** (8.6 meters × 6.1 meters × 3.85 meters) did not exceed following limits along the EMC testing:

Temperature	Min. = 15 °C, Max. = 30 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 35 %, Max. = 60 %
Shielding effectiveness	> 110 dB
Electrical insulation	> 2 MΩ
Ground system resistance	<1Ω
Site voltage standing-wave ratio (S <sub>VSWR</sub> )	Between 0 and 6 dB, from 1GHz to 18GHz
Uniformity of field strength	Between 0 and 6 dB, from 80 to 4000 MHz

**Semi-anechoic chamber 2** / **Fully-anechoic chamber 3** (10 meters × 6.7 meters × 6.15 meters) did not exceed following limits along the EMC testing:

Min. = 15 °C, Max. = 30 °C
Min. = 35 %, Max. = 60 %
> 100 dB
> 2 MΩ
< 0.5 Ω
< ±3.5 dB, 3 m distance
Between 0 and 6 dB, from 1GHz to 18GHz
Between 0 and 6 dB, from 80 to 3000 MHz



# 6. <u>SUMMARY OF</u> 错误! 未找到引用源。

Items	List	Clause in FCC rules	Verdict
1	Output Power	22.913(a)/24.232(c)/27.50(d)	Р
2	Emission Limit	2.1051/22.917/24.238/27.53	Р
3	Frequency Stability	2.1055/24.235/27.54	Р
4	Occupied Bandwidth	2.1049(h)(i)	Р
5	Emission Bandwidth	22.917(b)/24.238(b)/27.53(h)	Р
6	Band Edge Compliance	22.917(b)/24.238(b)/27.53(h)	Р
7	Conducted Spurious Emission	2.1057/22.917/24.238/27.53	Р
8	Peak to Average Ratio	24.232 (d) /27.50(d)	Р



# 7. Test Equipments Utilized

NO.	Description	TYPE	Manufacture	series number	CAL DUE DATE
1	Test Receiver	ESCI	R&S	100702	2017-06-26
2	BiLog Antenna	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck	9163 330	2017-04-22
3	Horn Antenna	3117	ETS-Lindgren	00066577	2019-04-05
4	BiLog Antenna	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck	9163 329	2017-01-20
5	Horn Antenna	3117	ETS-Lindgren	00066585	2019-03-05
6	Signal Generator	SMR40	R&S	100541	2017-06-27
7	Fully Anechoic Chamber	FACT5-2.0	ETS-Lindgren	4166	2018-05-13
8	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP40	R&S 100378		2016-12-18
9	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	R&S	114540	2016-12-24
10	Test Receiver	ESCI	R&S	100702	2017-06-26
11	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	R&S	114828	2017.01.02
12	Spectrum Analyzer	FSU	R&S 200679		2017.01.02
13	Temperature Chamber	SH-241	ESPECs	92007516	2016.11.30
14	DC Power Supply	U3606A	Agilent Technologies	- MY50450012	



# **ANNEX A: MEASUREMENT RESULTS**

# A.1 OUTPUT POWER

#### A.1.1 Summary

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Rhode & Schwarz Digital Radio Communication tester (CMU-200 or CMW500) to ensure max power transmission and proper modulation.

This result contains peak output power and EIRP measurements for the EUT. In all cases, output power is within the specified limits.

#### A.1.2 Conducted

#### A.1.2.1 Method of Measurements

The EUT was set up for the max output power with pseudo random data modulation.

These measurements were done at 3 frequencies, 1852.4 MHz, 1880.0MHz and 1907.6MHz for WCDMA Band II;826.4MHz, 836.6MHz and 846.6MHz for WCDMA Band V and 1712.4MHz, 1740.0MHz and 1752.6MHz for WCDMA Band IV (bottom, middle and top of operational frequency range).

#### Limit

According to FCC§2.1046.

#### WCDMA Band II Measurement result QPSK

	СН	Frequency(MHz)	output power(dBm)
WCDMA	9262	1852.4	23.51
(Band II)	9400	1880.0	23.55
	9538	1907.6	23.75



### WCDMA Band V Measurement result QPSK

	СН	Frequency(MHz)	output power(dBm)
WCDMA	4132	826.4	23.55
(Band V)	4183	836.6	23.57
	4233	846.6	23.65

# WCDMA Band IV Measurement result

QPSK

	СН	Frequency(MHz)	output power(dBm)
WCDMA	1312	1712.4	22.96
(Band IV)	1450	1740.0	22.99
	1513	1752.6	22.90



## A.1.3 Radiated

## A.1.3.1 Description

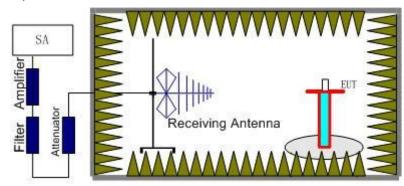
This is the test for the maximum radiated power from the EUT.

Rule Part 24.232(b) specifies, "Mobile/portable stations are limited to 2 watts e.i.r.p. Peak power" and 24.232(c) specifies that "Peak transmit power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage." Rule Part 22.913(a) specifies "The ERP of mobile transmitters and auxiliary test transmitters must not exceed 7 Watts."

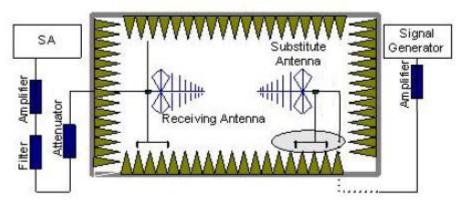
# A.1.3.2 Method of Measurement

The measurements procedures in TIA-603C-2004 are used.

 EUT was placed on a 1.5 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna. A receiving antenna was placed on the antenna mast 3 meters from the EUT for emission measurements. The height of receiving antenna is 1.5m. The test setup refers to figure below. Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the EUT through 360° and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization. The radiated emission measurements of all transmit frequencies in three channels (High, Middle, Low) were measured with peak detector.



- 2. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level during the test. And the maximum value of the receiver should be recorded as (Pr).
- 3. The EUT shall be replaced by a substitution antenna. The test setup refers to figure below.



In the chamber, an substitution antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference point of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the substitution antenna with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere

# No. I16N01166-WCDMA Page14 of 66



with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A power ( $P_{Mea}$ ) is applied to the input of the substitution antenna, and adjust the level of the signal generator output until the value of the receiver reach the previously recorded ( $P_r$ ). The power of signal source ( $P_{Mea}$ ) is recorded. The test should be performed by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization.

 A amplifier should be connected to the Signal Source output port. And the cable should be connect between the Amplifier and the Substitution Antenna. The cable loss (P<sub>cl</sub>) ,the Substitution Antenna Gain (G<sub>a</sub>) and the Amplifier Gain (P<sub>Ag</sub>) should be recorded after test.

The measurement results are obtained as described below:

Power(EIRP)=P<sub>Mea</sub> - P<sub>Ag</sub> - P<sub>cl</sub> - G<sub>a</sub>

- 5. This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using an antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power.
- 6. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, ERP = EIRP -2.15dBi.



#### WCDMA Band II-EIRP

L	im	its	
_			

	Burst Peak EIRP (dBm)
WCDMA Band II	≤33dBm (2W)

### Measurement result

QPSK

Frequency(MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	$P_{cl}(dB)$ + $P_{Ag}(dB)$	G <sub>a</sub> Antenna Gain(dB)	EIRP(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Polarization
1852.4	-9.22	-29.40	6.86	27.04	33.00	V
1880	-8.16	-29.30	6.85	27.99	33.00	V
1907.6	-8.71	-29.30	6.84	27.43	33.00	Н

Frequency: 1880.00MHz

Peak EIRP(dBm)=  $P_{Mea}(-8.16dBm)-(P_{cl}+P_{Ag})$  (-29.30dB)-G<sub>a</sub> (-6.85dB) =27.99dBm

ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = VBW = 5MHz

#### WCDMA Band V-ERP

Limits

Burst Peak ERP (dBm)	
WCDMA Band V	≤38.45dBm

#### **Measurement result**

QPSK

Frequency(MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	P <sub>cl</sub> (dB)+ P <sub>Ag</sub> (dB)	G <sub>a</sub> Antenna Gain(dB)	Correction (dB)	ERP(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Polarization
826.4	-12.47	-33.60	7.83	2.15	26.81	38.45	V
836.6	-12.36	-33.50	7.88	2.15	26.87	38.45	V
846.6	-12.08	-33.50	7.64	2.15	26.91	38.45	V

Frequency: 846.60MHz



#### WCDMA Band IV-EIRP

#### Limits

	Burst Peak EIRP (dBm)		
WCDMA Band IV	≤30.00dBm		

# Measurement result

#### QPSK

Frequency(MHz) P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	D (dDar)	P <sub>cl</sub> (dB)+	G <sub>a</sub> Antenna	EIRP(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Polarization
	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	P <sub>Ag</sub> (dB)	Gain(dB)			
1712.4	-9.61	-29.40	6.89	26.68	30.00	V
1740	-9.42	-29.30	6.88	26.76	30.00	Н
1752.6	-9.37	-29.30	6.87	26.80	30.00	V

Frequency: 1752.60MHz

Peak EIRP(dBm)=  $P_{Mea}(-9.37dBm)-(P_{cl}+P_{Ag})$  (-29.30dB)-G<sub>a</sub> (-6.87dB)=26.80dBm

ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = VBW = 5MHz

Note: Both of Vertical and Horizontal polarizations are evaluated, but only the worst case is recorded in this report.



### A.2 EMISSION LIMIT

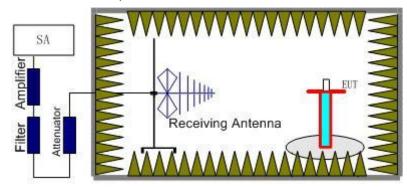
### A.2.1 Measurement Method

The measurements procedures in TIA-603C-2004 are used.

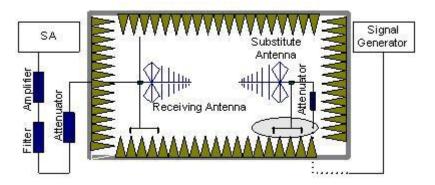
The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 24.238, Part 22.917 and Part 27.50. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of WCDMA Band II, WCDMA Band V and WCDMA Band IV.

#### The procedure of radiated spurious emissions is as follows:

1. EUT was placed on a 1.5 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna. A receiving antenna was placed on the antenna mast 3 meters from the EUT for emission measurements. The height of receiving antenna is 1.5m. The test setup refers to figure below. Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the EUT through 360° and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization. The radiated emission measurements of all non-harmonic and harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector.



- 2. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level during the test. And the maximum value of the receiver should be recorded as (Pr).
- 3. The EUT shall be replaced by a substitution antenna. The test setup refers to figure below.



In the chamber, an substitution antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference point of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the substitution antenna with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A power ( $P_{Mea}$ ) is applied to the input of the

# No. I16N01166-WCDMA Page18 of 66



substitution antenna, and adjust the level of the signal generator output until the value of the receiver reach the previously recorded ( $P_r$ ). The power of signal source ( $P_{Mea}$ ) is recorded. The test should be performed by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization.

- 4. The Path loss (P<sub>pl</sub>) between the Signal Source with the Substitution Antenna and the Substitution Antenna Gain (G<sub>a</sub>) should be recorded after test.
  A amplifier should be connected in for the test.
  The Path loss (P<sub>pl</sub>) is the summation of the cable loss and the gain of the amplifier.
  The measurement results are obtained as described below:
  Power(EIRP)=P<sub>Mea</sub> P<sub>pl</sub> G<sub>a</sub>
- 5. This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using an antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power.
- 6. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, ERP = EIRP -2.15dBi.



#### A.2.2 Measurement Limit

Part 24.238 , Part 22.917 and Part 27.50 specify that the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P) dB$ .

The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

#### A.2.3 Measurement Results

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, middle, and lower carrier frequencies of WCDMA Band II (1852.4 MHz, 1880.0MHz and 1907.6MHz), WCDMA Band V(826.4MHz, 836.6MHz and 846.6MHz) and WCDMA Band IV (1712.4MHz, 1740.0MHz and 1752.6MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the WCDMA Band II,WCDMA Band V and WCDMA Band IV into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.



#### A.2.4 Measurement Results Table

Frequency	Channel	Frequency Range	Result
	Low	30MHz-10GHz	Pass
WCDMA Band V	Middle	30MHz-10GHz	Pass
	High	30MHz-10GHz	Pass
	Low	30MHz-20GHz	Pass
WCDMA Band II	Middle	30MHz-20GHz	Pass
	High	30MHz-20GHz	Pass
	Low	30MHz-20GHz	Pass
WCDMA Band IV	Middle	30MHz-20GHz	Pass
	High	30MHz-20GHz	Pass

# A.2.5 Sweep Table

Working Frequency	Subrange (GHz)	RBW	VBW	Sweep time (s)
	0.03~1	100KHz	300KHz	10
	1-2	1 MHz	3 MHz	2
WCDMA Band V	2~5	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	5~8	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	8~10	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	0.03~1	100KHz	300KHz	10
	1-2	1 MHz	3 MHz	2
	2~5	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
WCDMA Band II	5~8	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	8~11	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	11~14	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	14~18	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	18~20	1 MHz	3 MHz	2
	0.03~1	100KHz	300KHz	10
	1-2	1 MHz	3 MHz	2
	2~5	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
WCDMA Band IV	5~8	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	8~11	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	11~14	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	14~18	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	18~20	1 MHz	3 MHz	3



	D (dDm)	Antenna	Peak	Limit	Polarization
Frequency(MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Gain	EIRP(dBm)	(dBm)	Folarization
2200	-65.78	4.53	-62.15	-13.00	V
2394	-57.03	4.53	-53.4	-13.00	V
2524	-65.79	5.97	-60.82	-13.00	V
6707	-73.17	10.87	-64.10	-13.00	V
8144	-73.92	12.17	-63.65	-13.00	Н
9614	-71.74	12.96	-60.88	-13.00	Н

### WCDMA BAND II Mode Channel 9262/1852.4MHz (QPSK)

#### WCDMA BAND II Mode Channel 9400/1880MHz (QPSK)

Frequency(MHz)	D (dDm)	Antenna	Peak	Limit	Polarization
	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Gain	EIRP(dBm)	(dBm)	Folarization
2075	-65.20	4.53	-61.57	-13.00	V
2200	-59.79	4.53	-56.16	-13.00	V
7520	-73.53	11.91	-63.42	-13.00	V
9395	-69.25	12.89	-58.36	-13.00	V
11274	-71.70	13.14	-60.66	-13.00	V
13160	-70.88	14.49	-58.59	-13.00	V

#### WCDMA BAND II Mode Channel 9538/1907.6MHz (QPSK)

	D (dDm)	Antenna	Peak	Limit	Polarization
Frequency(MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Gain	EIRP(dBm)	(dBm)	Polarization
2532	-67.33	5.97	-62.26	-13.00	Н
2791	-72.21	5.97	-67.14	-13.00	Н
7520	-69.21	11.91	-59.10	-13.00	V
9401	-70.55	12.96	-59.69	-13.00	Н
12105	-70.28	12.99	-59.49	-13.00	V
13626	-70.92	14.02	-59.10	-13.00	V



	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Antenna	Peak	Limit	Polarization
Frequency(MHz)	r <sub>Mea</sub> (ubiii)	Gain	ERP(dBm)	(dBm)	Foidrization
2201	-54.06	4.53	-52.58	-13.00	Н
2298	-50.69	4.53	-49.21	-13.00	Н
2411	-43.50	5.97	-40.58	-13.00	Н
2481	-49.70	5.97	-46.78	-13.00	Н
2642	-52.80	5.97	-49.98	-13.00	Н
7555	-73.62	11.91	-65.66	-13.00	V

#### WCDMA BAND V Mode Channel 4132/826.4MHz (QPSK)

#### WCDMA BAND V Mode Channel 4183/836.6MHz (QPSK)

Fraguenov(MHz)	D (dDm)	Antenna	Peak	Limit	Polarization
Frequency(MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Gain	ERP(dBm)	(dBm)	Folanzation
2225	-51.45	4.53	-49.97	-13.00	Н
2359	-49.34	4.53	-47.86	-13.00	Н
2407	-44.54	5.97	-41.62	-13.00	Н
2445	-49.31	5.97	-46.39	-13.00	Н
2591	-53.85	5.97	-51.03	-13.00	Н
3341	-72.64	6.85	-69.04	-13.00	Н

#### WCDMA BAND V Mode Channel 4233/846.6MHz (QPSK)

Frequency(MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Antenna	Peak	Limit	Polarization
		Gain	ERP(dBm)	(dBm)	
2233	-50.70	4.53	-49.22	-13.00	Н
2343	-50.46	4.53	-48.98	-13.00	Н
2402	-42.63	5.97	-39.71	-13.00	Н
2462	-47.86	5.97	-44.94	-13.00	Н
2620	-52.73	5.97	-49.91	-13.00	Н
7020	-74.29	11.41	-66.83	-13.00	Н



Frequency(MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Antenna Gain	Peak EIRP(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarization
2622	-67.20	5.97	-62.13	-13.00	V
10187	-71.34	13.11	-60.33	-13.00	Н
11667	-71.02	13.32	-59.8	-13.00	Н
12789	-69.69	13.25	-58.64	-13.00	V
13695	-71.26	14.02	-59.44	-13.00	Н
14455	-68.94	13.84	-57.4	-13.00	V

#### WCDMA BAND IV Mode Channel 1312/1712.4MHz (QPSK)

#### WCDMA BAND IV Mode Channel 1450/1740.0MHz (QPSK)

Frequency(MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Antenna	Peak	Limit	Polarization
	r <sub>Mea</sub> (ubiii)	Gain	EIRP(dBm)	(dBm)	Folarization
2583	-67.71	5.97	-62.64	-13.00	Н
3465	-73.45	8.19	-66.36	-13.00	Н
5197	-73.09	9.99	-64.3	-13.00	V
6929	-74.38	11.41	-64.77	-13.00	V
8659	-73.00	12.7	-62.2	-13.00	V
10394	-73.76	13.11	-62.75	-13.00	V

#### WCDMA BAND IV Mode Channel 1513/1752.6MHz (QPSK)

Frequency(MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Antenna	Peak	Limit	Polarization
	Mea(- )	Gain	EIRP(dBm)	(dBm)	
2394	-56.99	4.53	-53.36	-13.00	V
5710	-73.72	10.32	-64.6	-13.00	V
7446	-73.68	11.91	-63.57	-13.00	Н
8849	-74.13	12.89	-63.14	-13.00	V
10478	-71.85	13.03	-60.92	-13.00	Н
11841	-70.70	13.32	-59.48	-13.00	Н



# A.3 FREQUENCY STABILITY

### A.3.1 Method of Measurement

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the EUT in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER.

- 1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
- 2. Subject the EUT to overnight soak at -30  $^{\circ}$ C.
- 3. With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on mid channel of WCDMA Band II, WCDMA Band V and WCDMA Band IV, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
- 4. Repeat the above measurements at 10<sup>°</sup>C increments from -30<sup>°</sup>C to +50<sup>°</sup>C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with nominal voltage. Vary supply voltage from minimum voltage to maximum voltage, in 0.1Volt increments remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at nominal voltage for 1 1/2 hours unpowered, to allow any self-heating to stabilize, before continuing.
- 6. Subject the EUT to overnight soak at +50℃.
- 7. With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on the centre channel, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
- 8. Repeat the above measurements at 10 C increments from +50°C to -30°C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 9. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/-  $0.5^{\circ}$  during the measurement procedure.

#### A.3.2 Measurement Limit

#### A.3.2.1 For Hand carried battery powered equipment

According to the JTC standard the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. As this transceiver is considered "Hand carried, battery powered equipment" Section 2.1055(d)(2) applies. This requires that the lower voltage for frequency stability testing be specified by the manufacturer. This transceiver is specified to operate with an input voltage of between 3.4VDC and 4.32VDC, with a nominal voltage of 3.8VDC. Operation above or below these voltage limits is prohibited by transceiver software in order to prevent improper operation as well as to protect components from overstress. These voltages represent a tolerance of -10 % and +12.5 %. For the purposes of measuring frequency stability these voltage limits are to be used.

#### A.3.2.2 For equipment powered by primary supply voltage

According to the JTC standard the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. For this EUT section



2.1055(d)(1) applies. This requires varying primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.

# A.3.3 Measurement results

### WCDMA Band II

## Frequency Error vs Voltage-QPSK

Voltage(V)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
3.6	7	0.008
4.0	1	0.001
4.4	5	0.006

#### Frequency Error vs Temperature-QPSK

temperature(°C)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
-30	15	0.018
-20	8	0.010
-10	-1	0.001
0	-2	0.002
10	4	0.005
20	2	0.002
30	8	0.010
40	11	0.013
50	-4	0.005



#### WCDMA Band V

#### Frequency Error vs Voltage-QPSK

Voltage(V)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
3.6	13	0.007
4.0	11	0.006
4.4	7	0.004

### Frequency Error vs Temperature-QPSK

temperature(°C)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
-30	21	0.011
-20	13	0.007
-10	9	0.005
0	5	0.003
10	11	0.006
20	-8	0.004
30	12	0.006
40	23	0.012
50	7	0.004

#### WCDMA Band IV

#### Frequency Error vs Voltage-QPSK

Voltage(V)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
3.6	13	0.007
4.0	7	0.004
4.4	1	0.001

#### Frequency Error vs Temperature-QPSK

temperature(°C)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
-30	22	0.013
-20	13	0.007
-10	11	0.006
0	7	0.004
10	23	0.013
20	8	0.005
30	10	0.006
40	22	0.013
50	24	0.014



# A.4 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

#### Reference

FCC: CFR Part 2.1049(h)(i)

### A.4.1 Occupied Bandwidth Results

Occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the US Cellular/PCS frequency bands. The table below lists the measured 99% BW. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

The measurement method is from KDB 971168 4.2:

a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.

The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be set wide enough to capture all modulation products including the emission skirts (i.e., two to five times the OBW).

b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1 to 5 % of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be at least 3 times the RBW.

c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope must be at least 10log (OBW / RBW) below the reference level.

e) Set the detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max hold.

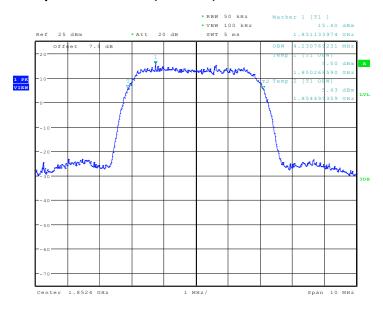
d) Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the spectrum analyzer and report the measured bandwidth.

#### WCDMA Band II (99% BW)-QPSK

Frequency(MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)( MHz)
1852.4	4.23
1880.0	4.23
1907.6	4.23

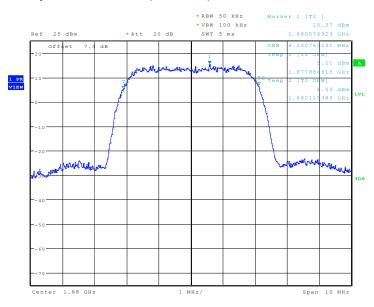


#### WCDMA Band II Channel 9262-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 19:48:38

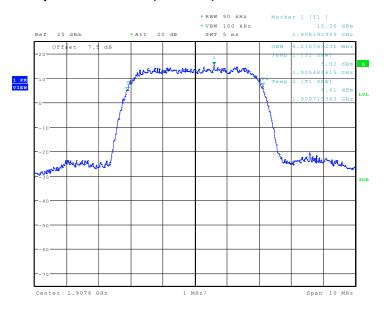
#### Channel 9400-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 19:52:11



#### Channel 9538-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 19:53:16

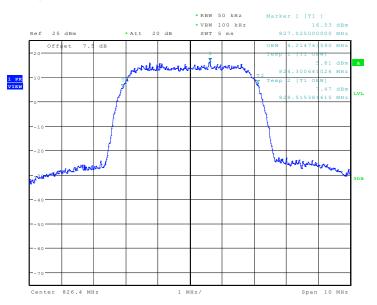


#### WCDMA Band V(99% BW)-QPSK

Frequency(MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)( MHz)
826.4	4.21
836.6	4.21
846.6	4.21

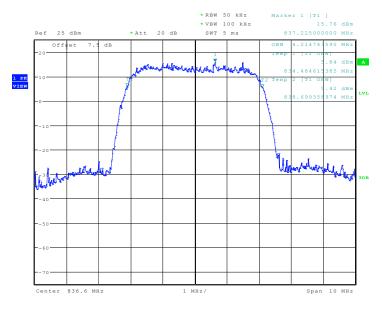
#### WCDMA Band V

#### Channel 4132-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 21:07:19

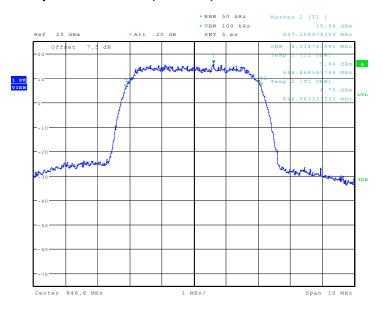
#### Channel 4183-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 21:05:01



#### Channel 4233-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 21:04:22

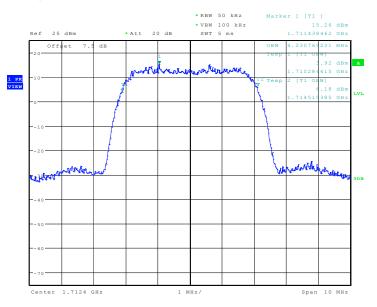


#### WCDMA Band IV(99% BW)-QPSK

Frequency(MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)( MHz)
1712.4	4.23
1740.0	4.23
1752.6	4.23

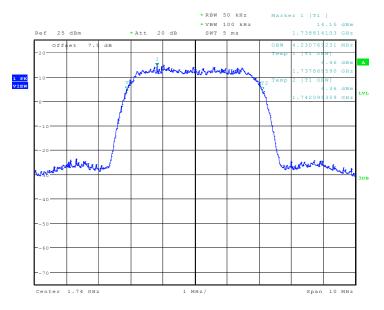
#### WCDMA Band IV

#### Channel 1312-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 21:19:10

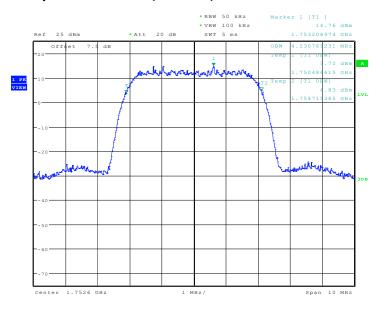
#### Channel 1450-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 21:18:20



## Channel 1513-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 21:16:49



### A.5 EMISSION BANDWIDTH

#### Reference

FCC: CFR Part 22.917(b), 24.238(a), 27.53(h)

#### A.5.1Emission Bandwidth Results

The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

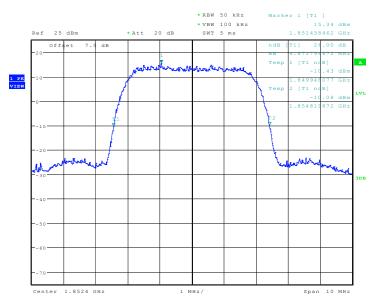
Similar to conducted emissions; Emission bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies. Table below lists the measured -26 dB BW. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

#### WCDMA Band II (-26 dB BW)-QPSK

Frequency(MHz)	Emission Bandwidth (-26 dB BW)( MHz)
1852.4	4.87
1880.0	4.89
1907.6	4.89

#### WCDMA Band II

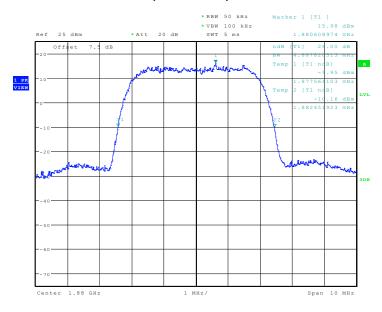
#### Channel 9262-Emission Bandwidth (-26 dB BW)-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 19:49:42

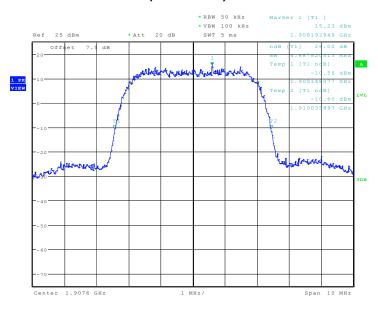


#### Channel 9400-Emission Bandwidth (-26 dB BW)-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 19:51:33

#### Channel 9538-Emission Bandwidth (-26 dB BW)-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 19:54:15

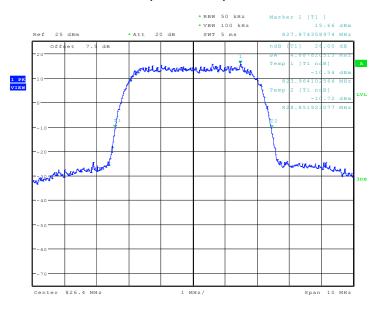


#### WCDMA Band V(-26 dB BW)-QPSK

Frequency(MHz)	Emission Bandwidth (-26 dB BW)( MHz)
826.40	4.89
836.60	4.84
846.60	4.89

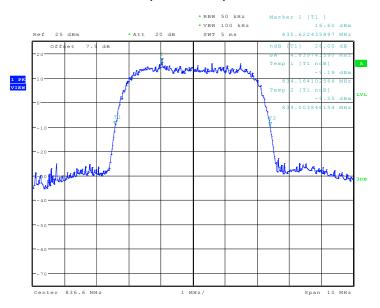
#### WCDMA Band V

#### Channel 4132-Emission Bandwidth (-26 dB BW)-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 21:06:36

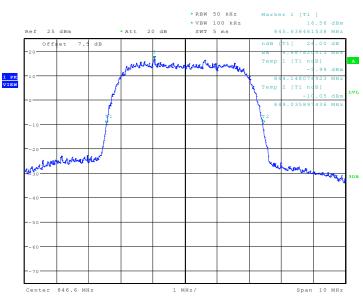




#### Channel 4183-Emission Bandwidth (-26 dB BW)-QPSK

Date: 24.0CT.2016 21:05:55





Date: 24.0CT.2016 21:03:48

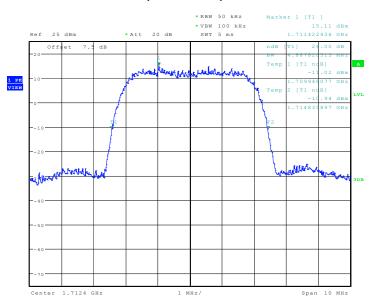


## WCDMA Band IV(-26 dB BW)-QPSK

Frequency(MHz)	Emission Bandwidth (-26 dB BW)( MHz)	
1712.4	4.89	
1740.0	4.87	
1752.6	4.87	

### WCDMA Band IV

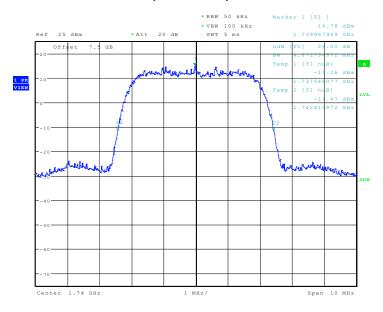
# Channel 1312-Emission Bandwidth (-26 dB BW)-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 21:19:35

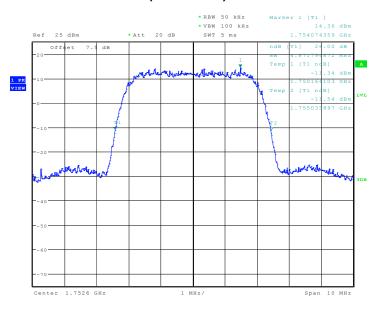


#### Channel 1450-Emission Bandwidth (-26 dB BW)-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 21:17:46

#### Channel 1513-Emission Bandwidth (-26 dB BW)-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 21:17:15



# A.6 BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE

#### Reference

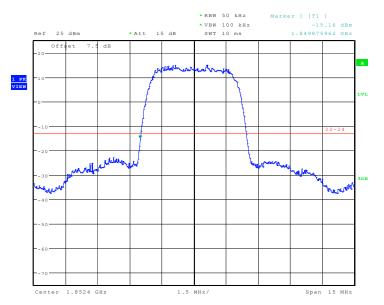
FCC: CFR Part 22.917(b), 24.238(a).

#### A.6.1 Measurement limit

On any frequency outside frequency band of the US Cellular/PCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in Watts) by at least 43+10Log (P) dB. For all power levels +30 dBm to 0 dBm, this becomes a constant specification limit of -13 dBm. According to KDB 971168 6.0, a relaxation of the reference bandwidth is often provided for measurements within a specified frequency range at the edge of the authorized frequency block/band. This is often implemented by permitting the use of a narrower RBW (typically limited to a minimum RBW of 1% of the OBW) for measuring the out-of-band emissions without a requirement to integrate the result over the full reference bandwidth.

# A.6.2 Measurement result WCDMA Band II

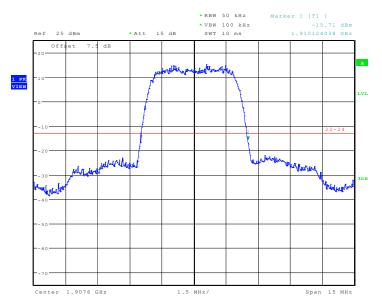
LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK-A (WCDMA Band II)-Channel 9262-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:03:38



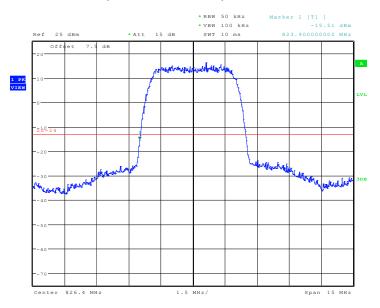
## HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-C (WCDMA Band $\rm II$ ) –Channel 9538-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:04:23

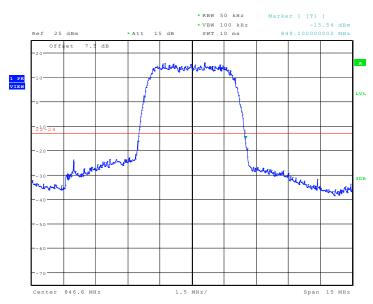


# WCDMA Band V LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK-A (WCDMA Band V)-Channel 4132-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 21:01:34

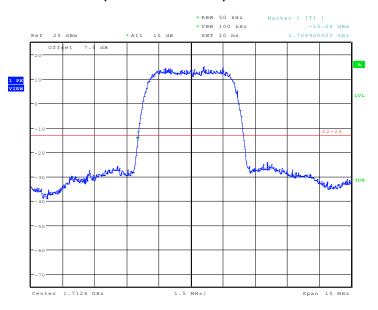
## HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-C (WCDMA Band V) – Channel 4233-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 21:02:32

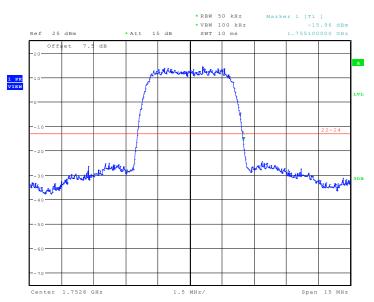


# WCDMA Band IV LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK-A (WCDMA Band IV)-Channel 1312-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 21:20:37

## HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-C (WCDMA Band IV) – Channel 1513-QPSK



Date: 24.0CT.2016 21:21:23



# A.7 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

## Reference

FCC: CFR Part 2.1057, 22.917, 24.238.

# A.7.1 Measurement Method

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the EUT.

- Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 9 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 25 GHz.
- 2. Determine EUT transmit frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.
- According to KDB 971168 6.0, the applicable rule part specifies the reference bandwidth for measuring unwanted emission levels (typically, 100 kHz if the authorized frequency band/block is at or below 1 GHz and 1 MHz if the authorized frequency band/block is above 1 GHz)

## WCDMA Band II Transmitter

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	
9262	1852.40	
9400	1880.00	
9538	1907.60	

## WCDMA Band VTransmitter

Channel	Frequency (MHz)		
4132	826.40		
4183	836.60		
4233	846.60		

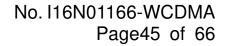
#### WCDMA Band IV Transmitter

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	
1312	1712.4	
1450	1740.0	
1513	1752.6	

# A.7.2 Measurement Limit

Part 24.238 and Part 22.917 specify that the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P) dB$ .

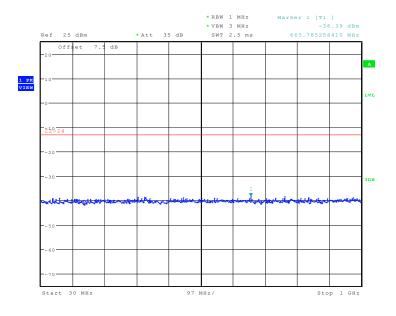
The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.





A.7.3 Measurement result WCDMA Band II Channel 9262: 30MHz –1GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

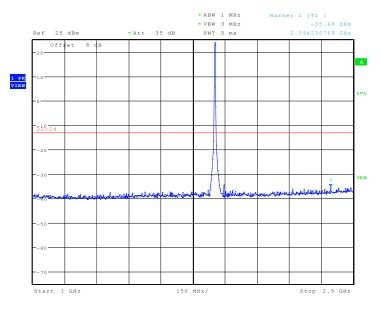


Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:06:41

# Channel 9262: 1GHz –2.5GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

#### NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.

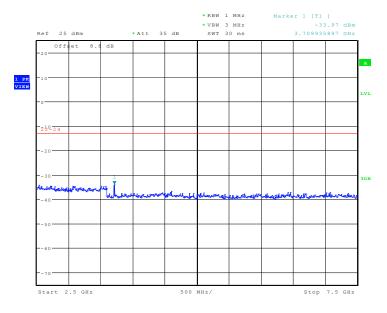


Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:12:11

Channel 9262: 2.5GHz -7.5GHz



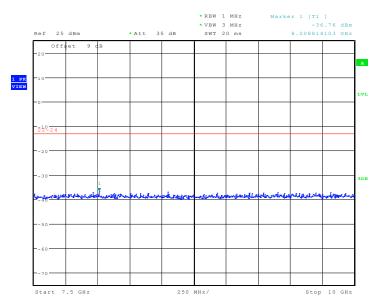
#### Spurious emission limit –13dBm.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:13:25

# Channel 9262: 7.5GHz -10GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

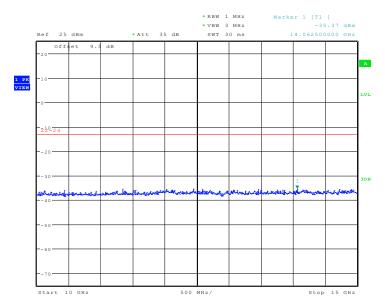


Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:17:32



#### Channel 9262: 10GHz –15GHz

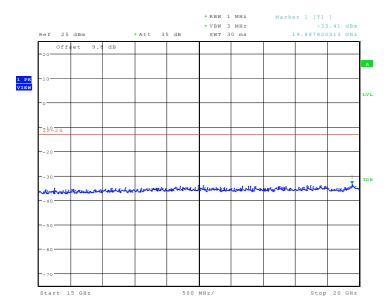
Spurious emission limit –13dBm.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:18:49

## Channel 9262: 15GHz -20GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

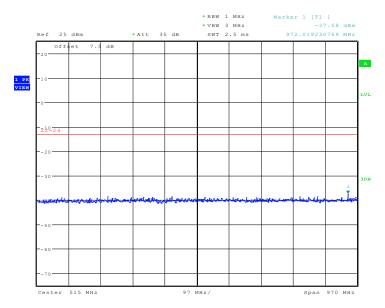


Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:23:06



## Channel 9400: 30MHz –1GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

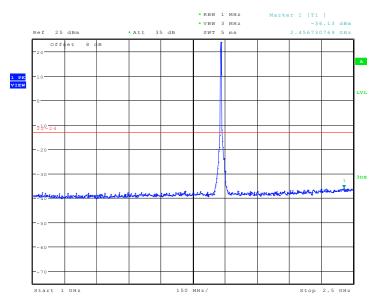


Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:07:22

## Channel 9400: 1GHz -2.5GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

## NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.

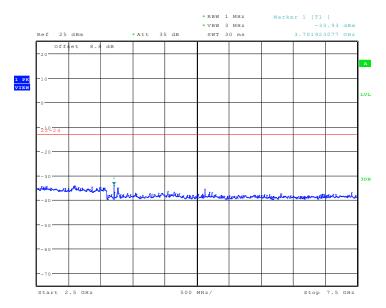


Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:11:00



## Channel 9400: 2.5GHz -7.5GHz

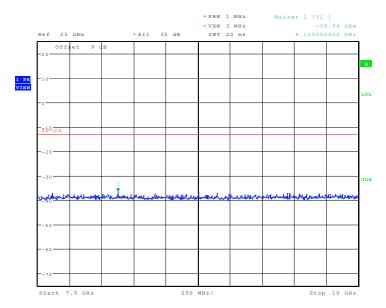
Spurious emission limit –13dBm.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:14:22

#### Channel 9400: 7.5GHz –10GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

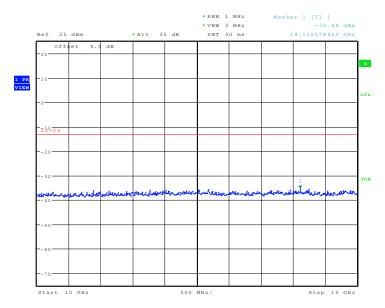


Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:16:58



## Channel 9400: 10GHz –15GHz

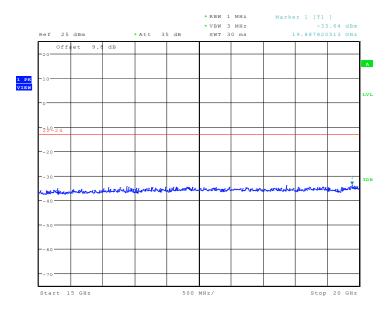
Spurious emission limit –13dBm.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:19:27

## Channel 9400: 15GHz –20GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

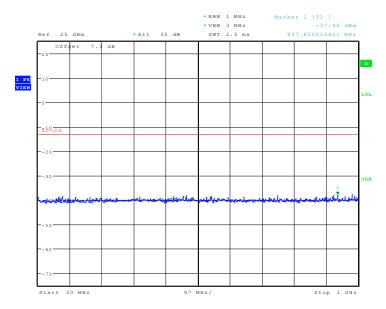


Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:22:05



## Channel 9538: 30MHz –1GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

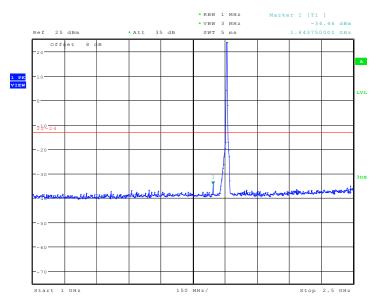


Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:08:10

## Channel 9538: 1GHz -2.5GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

## NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.

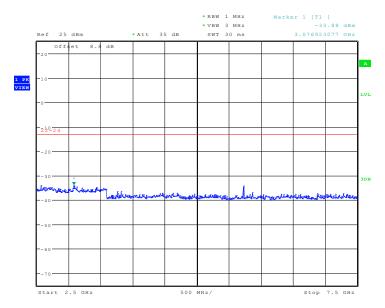


Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:09:37



## Channel 9538: 2.5GHz -7.5GHz

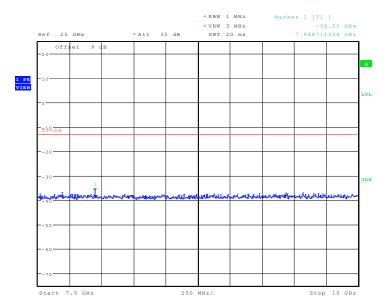
Spurious emission limit –13dBm.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:15:16

## Channel 9538: 7.5GHz –10GHz

Spurious emission limit -13dBm.

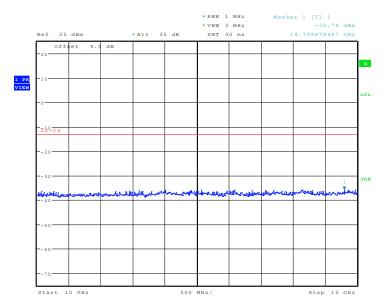


Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:16:24



## Channel 9538: 10GHz –15GHz

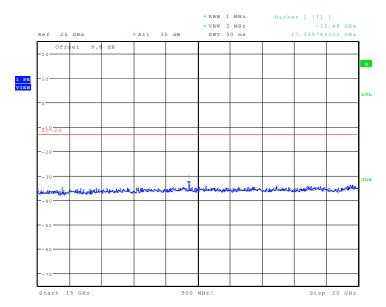
Spurious emission limit –13dBm.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:20:15

## Channel 9538: 15GHz –20GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

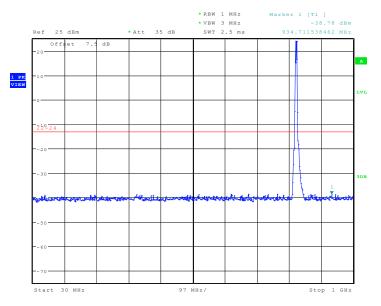


Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:21:13



# WCDMA Band V Channel 4132: 30MHz –1GHz Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

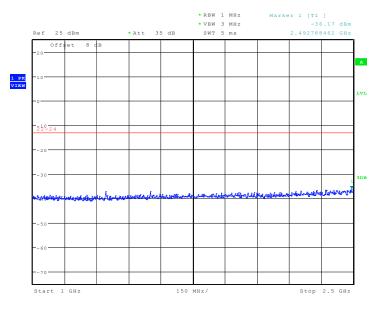
NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:48:25

# Channel 4132: 1GHz – 2.5GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

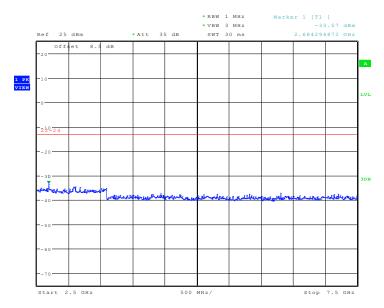


Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:56:17



## Channel 4132: 2.5GHz -7.5GHz

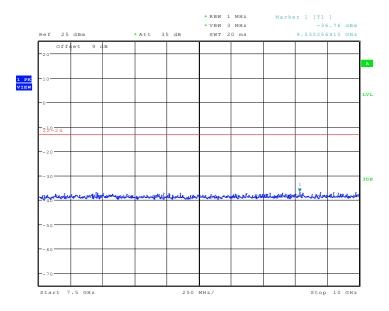
Spurious emission limit –13dBm.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:57:03

#### Channel 4132: 7.5GHz – 10GHz

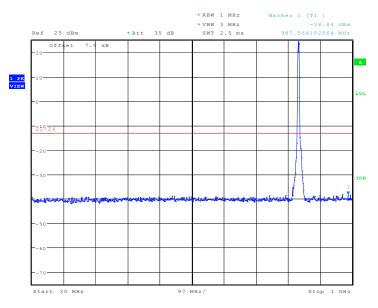
Spurious emission limit –13dBm.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 21:00:11



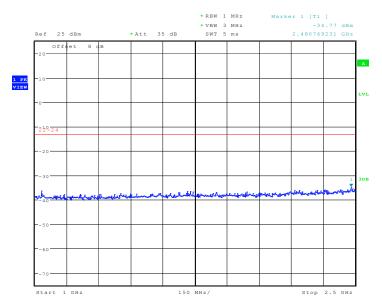
# Channel 4183: 30MHz –1GHz Spurious emission limit –13dBm. NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:48:58

# Channel 4183: 1GHz – 2.5GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

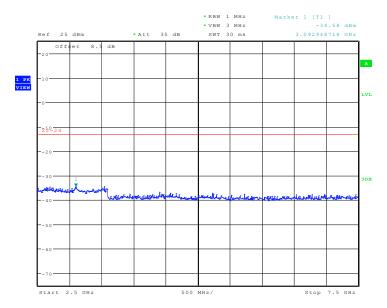


Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:55:45



## Channel 4183: 2.5GHz -7.5GHz

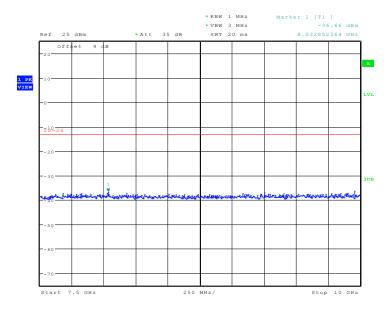
Spurious emission limit –13dBm.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:57:46

#### Channel 4183: 7.5GHz – 10GHz

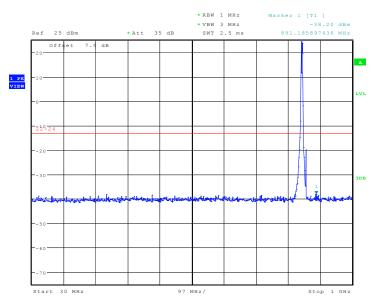
Spurious emission limit –13dBm.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:59:33



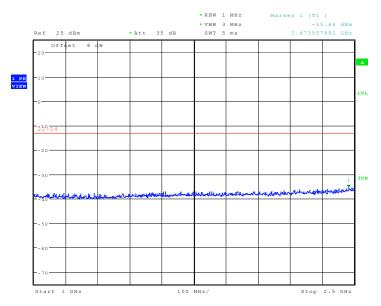
# Channel 4233: 30MHz –1GHz Spurious emission limit –13dBm. NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:49:40

# Channel 4233: 1GHz – 2.5GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

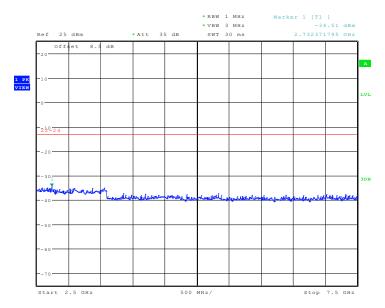


Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:53:21



## Channel 4233: 2.5GHz -7.5GHz

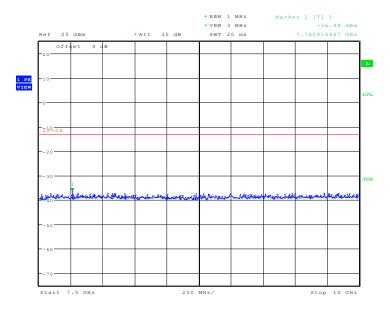
Spurious emission limit –13dBm.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:58:14

#### Channel 4233: 7.5GHz – 10GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

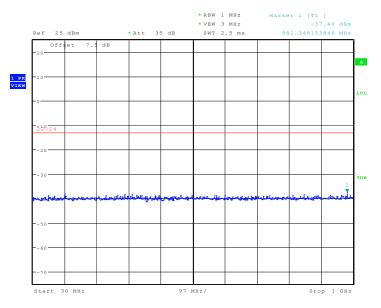


Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:58:51



# WCDMA Band IV Channel 1312: 30MHz –1GHz Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

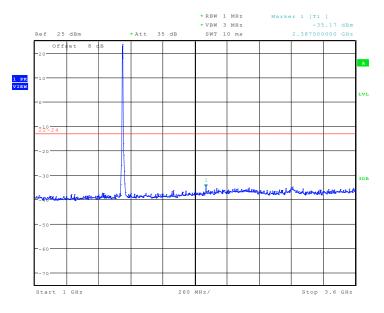
#### NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:28:55

# Channel 1312: 1GHz – 3.6GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

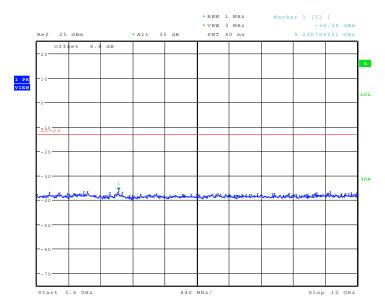


Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:35:28



## Channel 1312: 3.6GHz –10GHz

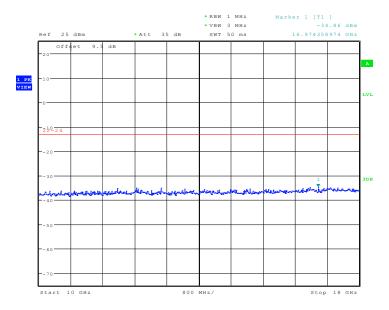
Spurious emission limit –13dBm.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:36:43

## Channel 1312: 10GHz – 18GHz

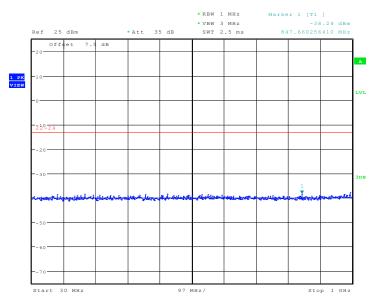
Spurious emission limit –13dBm.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:40:43



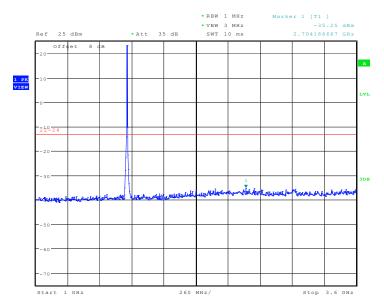
# Channel 1450: 30MHz –1GHz Spurious emission limit –13dBm. NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:29:38

# Channel 1450: 1GHz –3.6GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

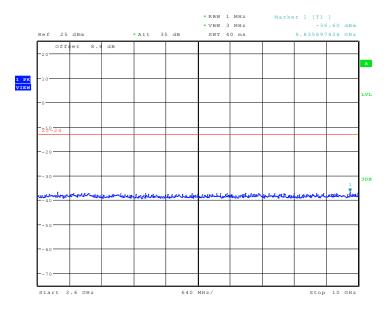


Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:34:42



## Channel 1450: 3.6GHz –10GHz

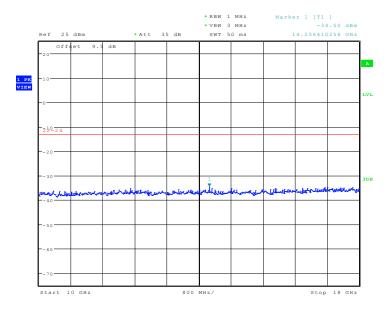
Spurious emission limit –13dBm.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:37:45

#### Channel 1450: 10GHz – 18GHz

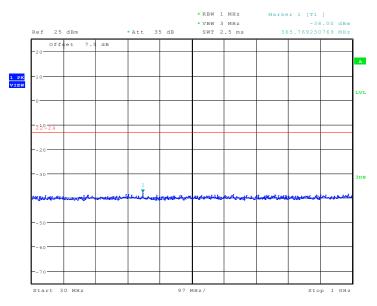
Spurious emission limit –13dBm.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:39:54



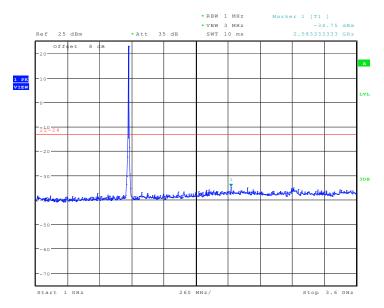
# Channel 1513: 30MHz –1GHz Spurious emission limit –13dBm. NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:30:39

# Channel 1513: 1GHz – 3.6GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm.

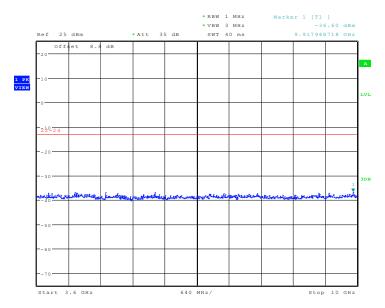


Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:33:49



## Channel 1513: 3.6GHz –10GHz

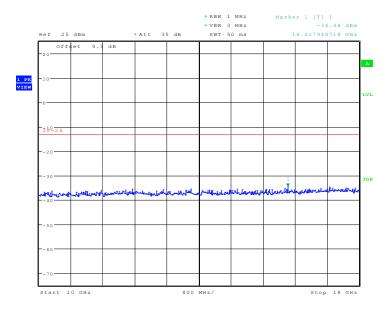
Spurious emission limit –13dBm.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:38:22

## Channel 1513: 10GHz – 18GHz

Spurious emission limit –13dBm.



Date: 24.0CT.2016 20:39:13



# A.8 PEAK-TO-AVERAGE POWER RATIO

## Reference

## FCC: CFR Part 24.232 (d) ,27.50(d)

The peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR) of the transmitter output power must not exceed 13 dB. The PAPR measurements should be made using either an instrument with complementary cumulative distribution function (CCDF) capabilities to determine that PAPR will not exceed 13 dB for more than 0.1 percent of the time or other Commission approved procedure. The measurement must be performed using a signal corresponding to the highest PAPR expected during periods of continuous transmission.

According to KDB 971168 5.7.1:

a)Refer to instrument's analyzer instruction manual for details on how to use the power statistics/CCDF function;

b) Set resolution/measurement bandwidth  $\geq$  signal's occupied bandwidth;

c) Set the number of counts to a value that stabilizes the measured CCDF curve;

d) Set the measurement interval to 1 ms

e)Record the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1%

#### A.8.1 Measurement limit

not exceed 13 dB

#### A.8.2 Measurement results

#### WCDMA Band II

Measurement result-QPSK

	СН	Frequency(MHz)	PAPR(dB)
WCDMA	9400	1880.0	3.65
(Band II)	3400	1000.0	5.05

# WCDMA Band IV

#### Measurement result-QPSK

	СН	Frequency(MHz)	PAPR(dB)
WCDMA	1450	1740.0	0.67
(Band IV)		1740.0	3.67

\*\*\*END OF REPORT\*\*\*