

FCC SAR Test Report

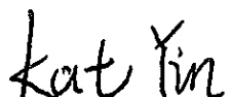
APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility LLC
EQUIPMENT : Mobile Cellular Phone
BRAND NAME : Motorola
MODEL NAME : XT2173-2
FCC ID : IHDT56ZV4
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Nick Hu / Supervisor



Approved by: Kat Yin / Manager



Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

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Revision History

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

FCC ID : IHDT56ZV4

Issued Date : Aug. 30, 2021

Form version. : 200414



1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Motorola Mobility LLC, Mobile Cellular Phone, XT2173-2**, are as follows.

Highest 1g SAR Summary						
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 5mm)	Body-worn (Separation 5mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
			1g SAR (W/kg)			
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	0.29	0.95	0.95	1.58
		GSM1900	<0.10	1.43	1.43	
	WCDMA	Band II	0.19	1.43	1.32	
		Band V	0.39	1.05	1.05	
	LTE	Band 2	0.17	1.43	1.38	
		Band 7	0.23	1.31	1.31	
		Band 26/Band 5	0.35	0.83	0.83	
		Band 41/ Band 38	0.19	1.44	1.30	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1.19	0.87	0.87	1.58
NII		5GHz WLAN	1.17	1.13	1.20	1.55
DSS	Bluetooth	2.4GHz Bluetooth	0.11	<0.10	<0.10	1.52
Highest 10g SAR Summary						
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Product Specific 10g SAR (W/kg) (Separation 0mm)		Highest Simultaneous Transmission 10g SAR (W/kg)	
License	GSM	GSM1900	2.93		3.99	
	WCDMA	Band II	3.34			
	LTE	Band 2	3.13			
		Band 7	2.86			
		Band 41/Band 38	2.70			
NII	WLAN	5GHz WLAN	1.35		3.99	
Date of Testing:			2021/8/13 ~ 2021/8/18			
Remark: This device supports both LTE B5/38 and B26/41. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B5/38 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B26/41, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B26/41.						

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.



2. Administration Data

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Testing Laboratory			
Test Firm	Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.		
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL : +86-512-57900158 FAX : +86-512-57900958		
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.
	SAR05-KS	CN1257	314309

Applicant	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Address	222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

Manufacturer	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Address	222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	XT2173-2
FCC ID	IHDT56ZV4
IMEI Code	Sample 1: SIM 1: 354943970025535 SIM 2: 354943970025543 Sample 2: SIM 1: 354943970025899 SIM 2: 354943970025907 Sample 3: SIM 1: 354943970040138 SIM 2: 354943970040146
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA/HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
HW Version	DVT2
SW Version	RRWB31.Q3-25
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark: 1. 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz WLAN. 2. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation. 3. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications. 4. This device 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only). 5. This device does not support DTM operation and supports GPRS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 12. 6. The device implements the power management and proximity sensor /receiver detection/hotspot mode for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity) and the details about the power management decision and sensor detection are provided in the operational description. And the device will invoke	

- corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to power table at appendix E.
7. For some WWAN bands, receiver off/sensor on reduced power level is higher than hotspot reduced power level, so front/back receiver off/sensor on SAR can represent hotspot conservatively.
 8. For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests.
 9. There are three samples. Please refer to the XT2173-2_Operational Description of Product Equality Declaration exhibit submitted. According to the difference, we chose sample 1 to perform full SAR testing and sample 2/3 verified the worst case of sample 1.
 10. There are three type batteries, with the same battery capacity, only manufacturer different. So we only chose battery 1 to perform full SAR testing.
 11. There are three headsets, only supplier different, so only chose headset 1/2 to perform SAR testing.

4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05																																																																							
FCC ID	IHDT56ZV4																																																																						
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone																																																																						
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz																																																																						
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 26:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 41: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz																																																																						
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM																																																																						
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data																																																																						
LTE Release Version	R9, Cat4																																																																						
CA Support	Not supported																																																																						
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	<table><tr><th colspan="8">Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3</th></tr><tr><th rowspan="2">Modulation</th><th colspan="6">Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB})</th><th rowspan="2">MPR (dB)</th></tr><tr><th>1.4 MHz</th><th>3.0 MHz</th><th>5 MHz</th><th>10 MHz</th><th>15 MHz</th><th>20 MHz</th></tr><tr><td>QPSK</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 1</td></tr><tr><td>16 QAM</td><td>≤ 5</td><td>≤ 4</td><td>≤ 8</td><td>≤ 12</td><td>≤ 16</td><td>≤ 18</td><td>≤ 1</td></tr><tr><td>16 QAM</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 2</td></tr><tr><td>64 QAM</td><td>≤ 5</td><td>≤ 4</td><td>≤ 8</td><td>≤ 12</td><td>≤ 16</td><td>≤ 18</td><td>≤ 2</td></tr><tr><td>64 QAM</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 3</td></tr><tr><td>256 QAM</td><td colspan="6">≥ 1</td><td>≤ 5</td></tr></table>	Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3								Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})						MPR (dB)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2	64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2	64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3	256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5
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64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3																																																																
256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5																																																																
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)																																																																						
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.																																																																						
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	Yes, head/body-worn/ hotspot/extremity will trigger reduced power for some LTE bands, the detail please referred to section 13.																																																																						

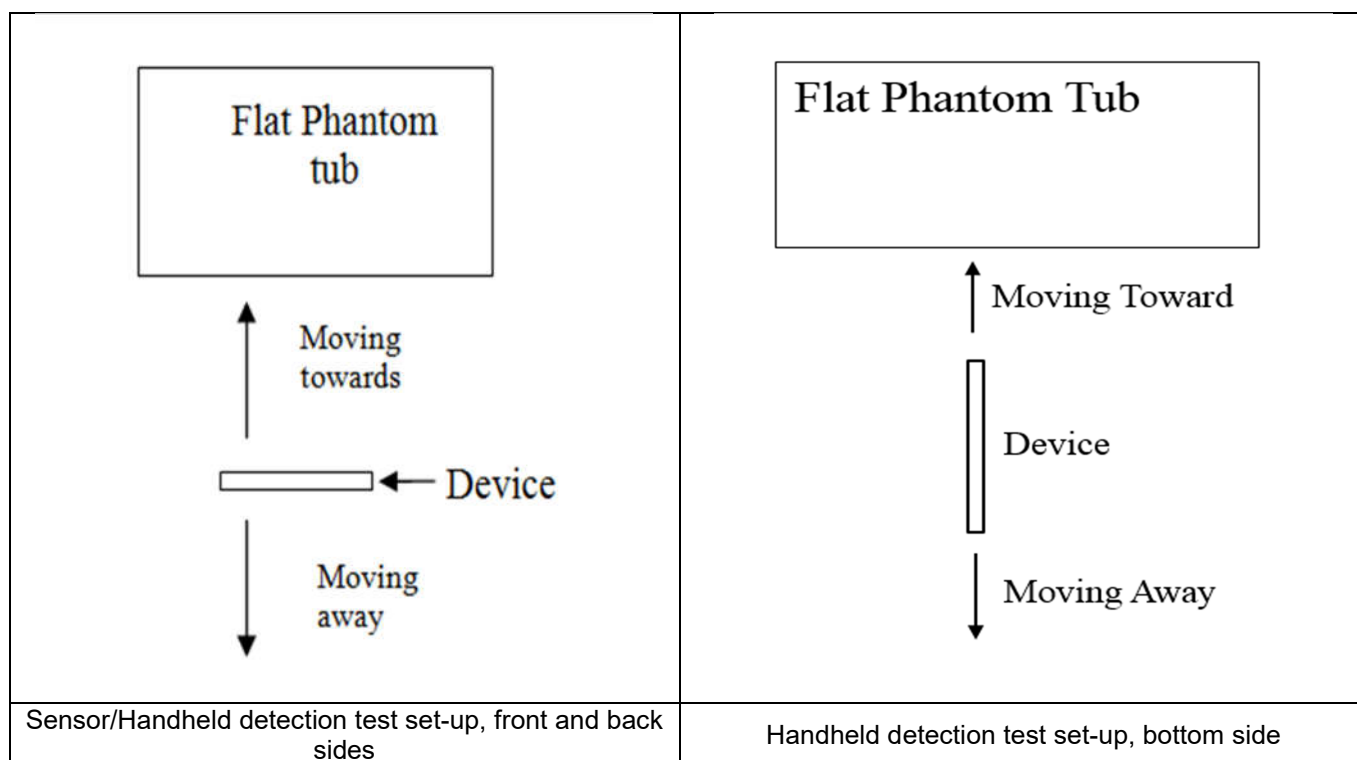
Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900
LTE Band 5												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829	20450	829	20450	829
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844	20600	844	20600	844
LTE Band 7												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20825	2507.5	20850	2510	20850	2510	20850	2510
M	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535
H	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21375	2562.5	21350	2560	21350	2560	21350	2560

LTE Band 26										
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	26697	814.7	26705	815.5	26715	816.5	26740	819	26765	821.5
M	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5
H	27033	848.3	27025	847.5	27015	846.5	26990	844	26965	841.5
LTE Band 38										
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz			
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	37775	2572.5	37800	2575	37825	2577.5	37850		2580	
M	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000		2595	
H	38225	2617.5	38200	2615	38175	2612.5	38150		2610	
LTE Band 41										
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz			
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	39675	2498.5	39700	2501	39725	2503.5	39750		2506	
LM	40148	2545.8	40160	2547	40173	2548.3	40185		2549.5	
M	40620	2593	40620	2593	40620	2593	40620		2593	
HM	41093	2640.3	41080	2639	41068	2637.8	41055		2636.5	
H	41565	2687.5	41540	2685	41515	2682.5	41490		2680	

5. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test

<Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance>:

1. Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed according to the procedures outlined in KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2, and EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed and the tissue-equivalent medium for highest frequency (5850MHz) and lowest (1900MHz) frequency was used for proximity sensor triggering testing.
2. Capacitive proximity sensors placed coincident with antenna elements at the top and bottom ends of the phone are utilized to determine when the device comes in proximity of the user's body at the front or back of the device. The output power will reduce to body worn power level when top and bottom sensor pad be detected.
3. The sensors used to detect the proximity of the user's body at the front or back surface of the device use a detection threshold distance. The data shown in the sections below shows the distance(s). When front or back body worn condition is detected reduced power will be active.
4. The device employs proximity sensors also can detect the presence of the user's a finger or hand when handheld state at the front/back/bottom side of the device. When front/back/bottom side of handheld condition is detected reduced power will be active.
5. For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance -1mm was performed:



<P-Sensor>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)				
Position	Front		Back	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	16	26	24	33

<Handheld>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)						
Position	Front		Back		Bottom Side	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	8	10	10	18	11	19

6. RF Exposure Limits

6.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

6.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

7. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

7.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

7.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

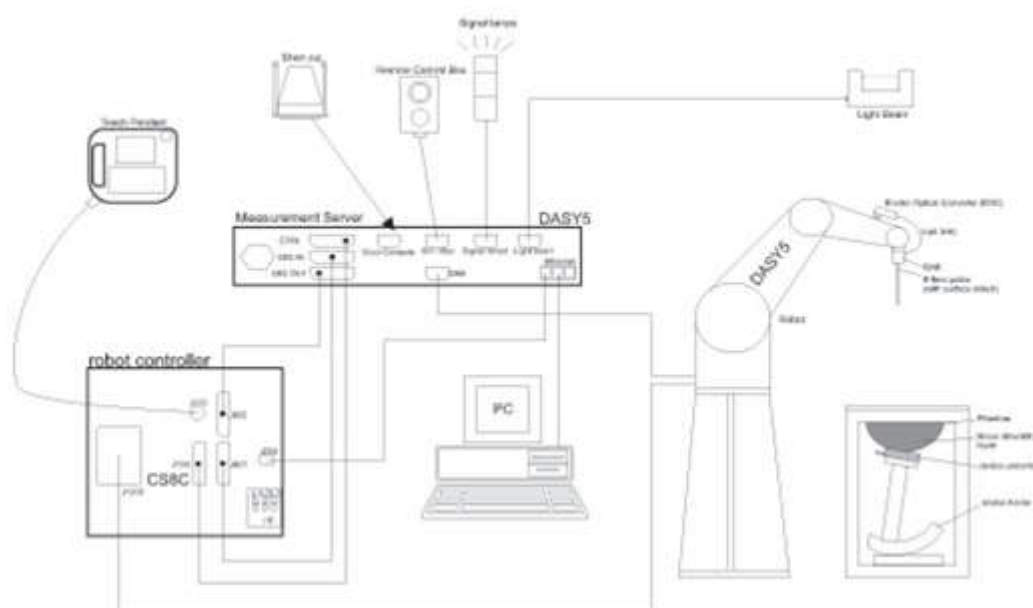
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

8. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

8.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Photo of DAE

8.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

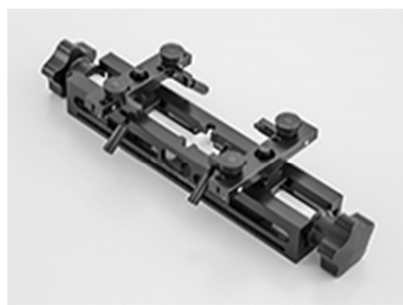
8.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

9.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

9.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm *	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

9.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

10. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d258	2020/5/7	2023/5/6
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	2019/3/26	2022/3/24
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	2019/3/25	2022/3/23
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	2020/11/26	2021/11/25
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1113	2019/9/24	2022/9/23
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	690	2021/3/17	2022/3/16
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7630	2021/2/10	2022/2/9
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM Twin	TP-2022	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6201432831	2021/4/13	2022/4/12
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46106933	2021/7/31	2022/7/30
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1144	2020/12/2	2021/12/1
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101246	2021/4/12	2022/4/11
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101632	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
FLUKE	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	51II	97240029	2021/8/13	2022/8/12
Testo	Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332126	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	Note 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	Note 1	

Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check
2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
3. The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

11. System Verification

11.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.2.

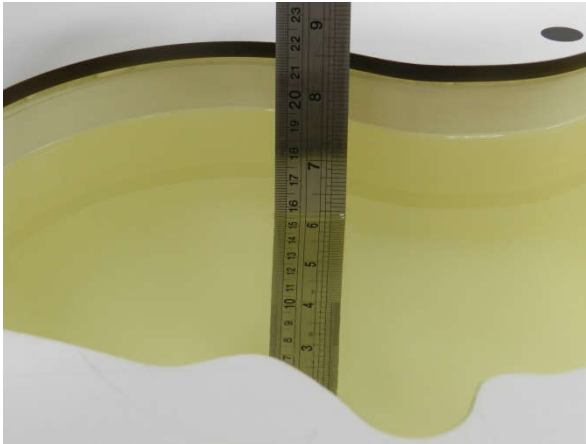


Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR



Fig 11.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

11.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.7	0.936	42.537	0.90	41.50	4.00	2.50	±5	2021/8/13
1900	Head	22.9	1.427	38.725	1.40	40.00	1.93	-3.19	±5	2021/8/14
2450	Head	22.6	1.775	39.490	1.80	39.20	-1.39	0.74	±5	2021/8/15
2600	Head	22.6	1.889	39.293	1.96	39.00	-3.62	0.75	±5	2021/8/16
5250	Head	22.7	4.637	36.499	4.71	35.90	-1.55	1.67	±5	2021/8/17
5600	Head	22.7	4.989	35.914	5.07	35.50	-1.60	1.17	±5	2021/8/18
5750	Head	22.7	5.214	35.621	5.22	35.40	-0.11	0.62	±5	2021/8/18

11.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<1g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2021/8/13	835	Head	50	4d258	7630	690	0.491	9.44	9.82	4.03
2021/8/14	1900	Head	50	5d170	7630	690	2.030	39.00	40.6	4.10
2021/8/15	2450	Head	50	908	7630	690	2.450	52.80	49	-7.20
2021/8/16	2600	Head	50	1061	7630	690	2.610	56.60	52.2	-7.77
2021/8/17	5250	Head	50	1113	7630	690	3.710	80.50	74.2	-7.83
2021/8/18	5600	Head	50	1113	7630	690	3.910	83.40	78.2	-6.24
2021/8/18	5750	Head	50	1113	7630	690	3.710	80.00	74.2	-7.25

<10g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2021/8/13	835	Head	50	4d258	7630	690	0.292	6.13	5.84	-4.73
2021/8/14	1900	Head	50	5d170	7630	690	1.040	20.30	20.8	2.46
2021/8/15	2450	Head	50	908	7630	690	1.130	24.20	22.6	-6.61
2021/8/16	2600	Head	50	1061	7630	690	1.160	25.10	23.2	-7.57
2021/8/17	5250	Head	50	1113	7630	690	1.080	23.10	21.6	-6.49
2021/8/18	5600	Head	50	1113	7630	690	1.120	23.80	22.4	-5.88
2021/8/18	5750	Head	50	1113	7630	690	1.080	22.80	21.6	-5.26

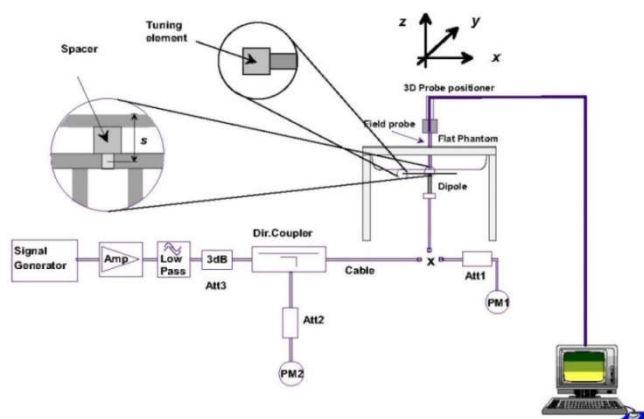


Fig 11.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 11.3.2 Setup Photo

12. RF Exposure Positions

12.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 12.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled “M,” the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked “LE,” and the right ERP is marked “RE.” Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 12.1.2. The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 12.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 12.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

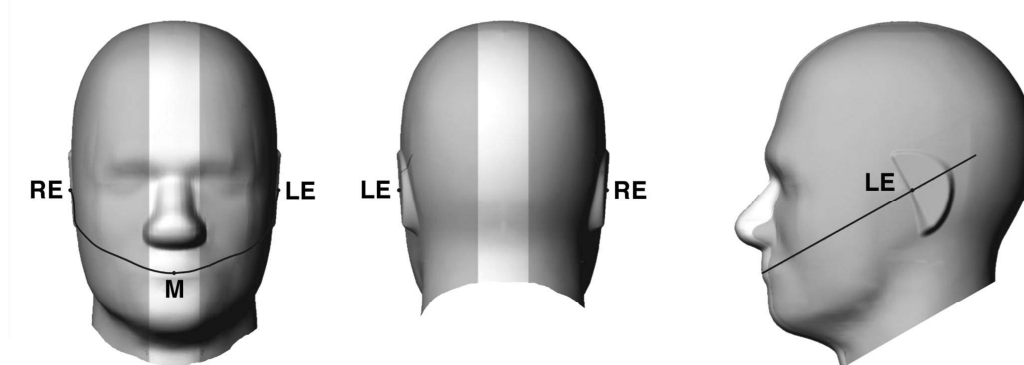


Fig 12.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

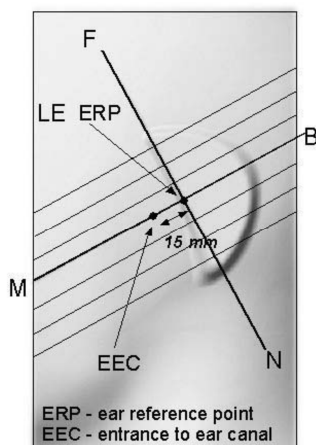


Fig 12.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

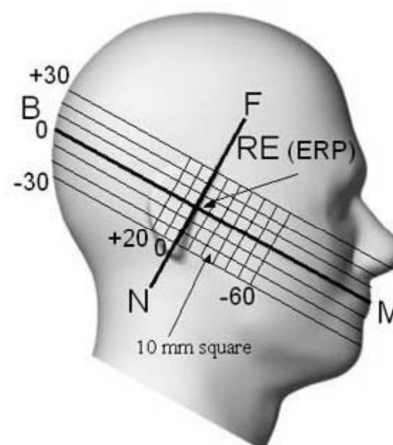


Fig 12.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

12.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 12.2.1 and Figure 12.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 12.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the handset. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 12.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 12.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 12.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

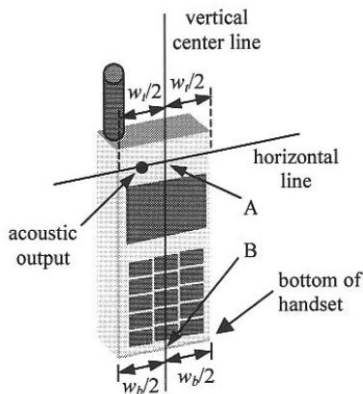


Fig 12.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case"

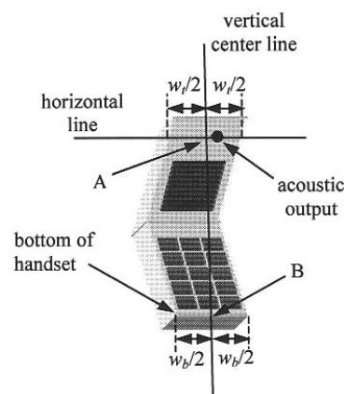


Fig 12.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

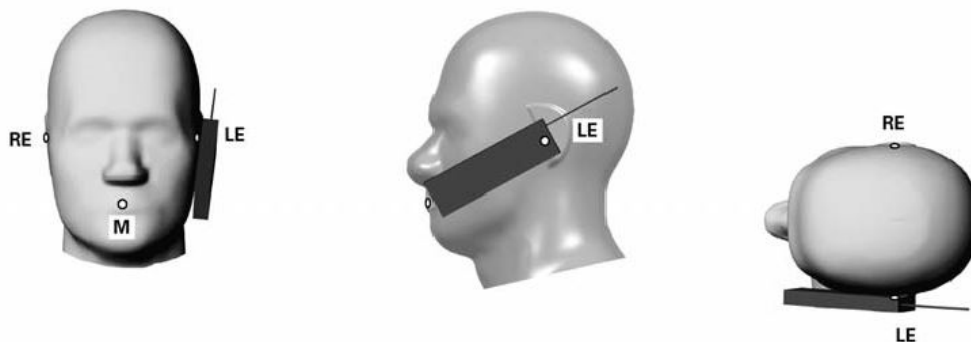


Fig 12.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

12.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 12.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

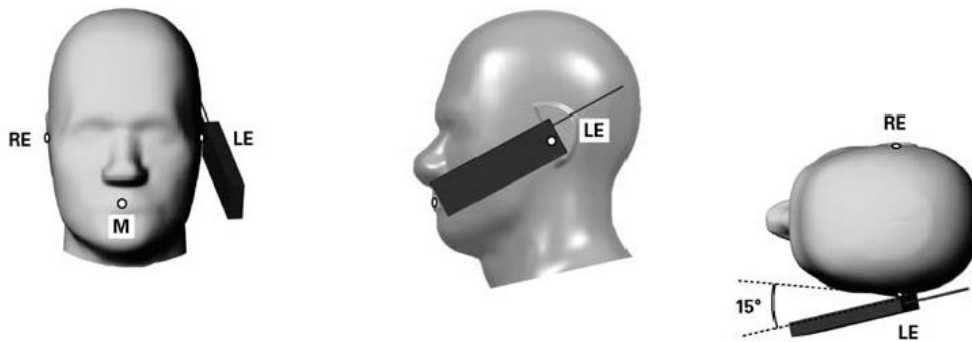


Fig 12.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

12.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 12.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

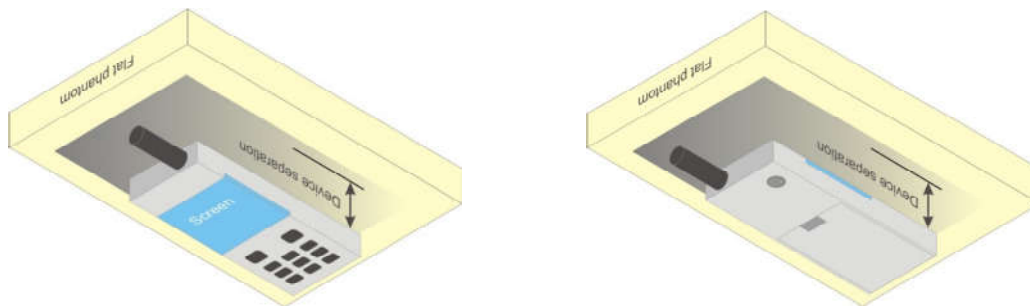


Fig 12.4 Body Worn Position

12.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.⁶ The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

12.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9$ cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

13. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS 2Tx slots for GSM850 and GPRS 3Tx slots for GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.
3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_o/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5
Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 24/15 * \beta_c$. Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_o/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_o/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.							

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - Set UE Target Power
 - Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1)	β_{EC}	β_{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 5/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 5: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

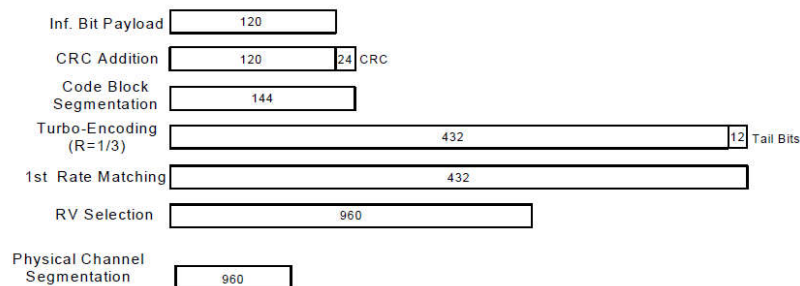
DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration below
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
 - iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
 - b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
 - c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
 - d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
 - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12
Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.		
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)
Setup Configuration

HSPA+ 3GPP release 7 (uplink category 7) 16QAM, Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2E:HSPA+:UL with 16QAM
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121-1 s5.2E
 - iii. Set Channel Params
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set Channel Type = HSPA
 - vi. Set UE Target Power = 21 dBm
 - vii. Power Ctrl Mode= All Up Bits
 - viii. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc/Bd = Manual
 - ix. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc and Bd=15,15(for 34.121-1 v8.10.0 table C11.1.4 sub-test 1)
 - x. Set HSPA Conn DL Channel Levels
 - xi. Set HS-SCCH Configs
 - xii. Set RB Test Mode Setup
 - xiii. Set Common HSUPA Parameters
 - xiv. Set Serving Grant
 - xv. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 105 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM

Sub-test	β_c (Note 3)	β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β_{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 30/15 β_{ed2} : 30/15	β_{ed3} : 24/15 β_{ed4} : 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105
Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{is} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0). Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β_c is set to 1 and $\beta_d = 0$ by default. Note 4: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value. Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signaled to use the extrapolation algorithm.											

Setup Configuration

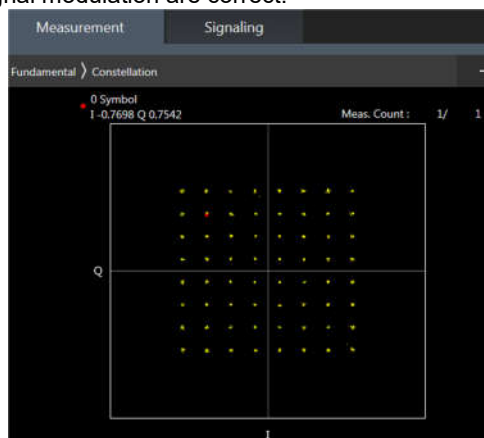
<WCDMA Conducted Power>**General Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA/ HSPA+ is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA/ HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA/ HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA/ HSPA+) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA/ HSPA+

<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. For LTE B5 / B26 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
9. LTE B5/ B38 SAR test was covered by B26/ B41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is $\leq$ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band
10. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.


64QAM

16QAM

<TDD LTE SAR Measurement>

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- “special subframe S” contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS
- Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.

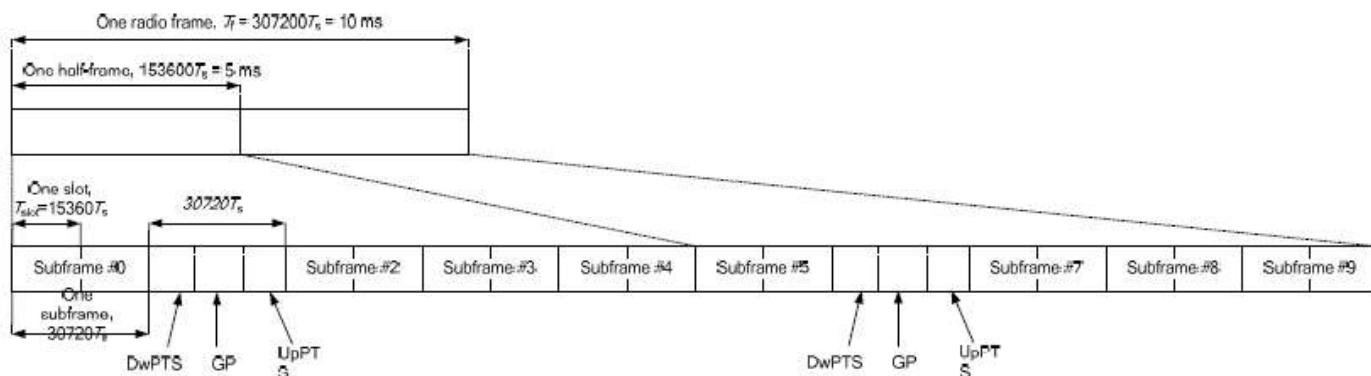


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink			Extended cyclic prefix in downlink		
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS	
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$
1	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
2	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
3	$24144 \cdot T_s$			$25600 \cdot T_s$		
4	$26336 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$
5	$6592 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
6	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
7	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$12800 \cdot T_s$	-	-
8	$24144 \cdot T_s$			-		
9	$13168 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-

Special subframe (30720·T _s): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~4	7.13%	8.33%
	5~9	14.3%	16.7%

Special subframe(30720·T _s): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~3	7.13%	8.33%
	4~7	14.3%	16.7%

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subframes, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: $(3+0.167)/5 = 63.3\%$
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: $(3+0.143)/5 = 62.9\%$
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix $63.3\%/62.9\% = 1.006$ is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

<WLAN Conducted Power>

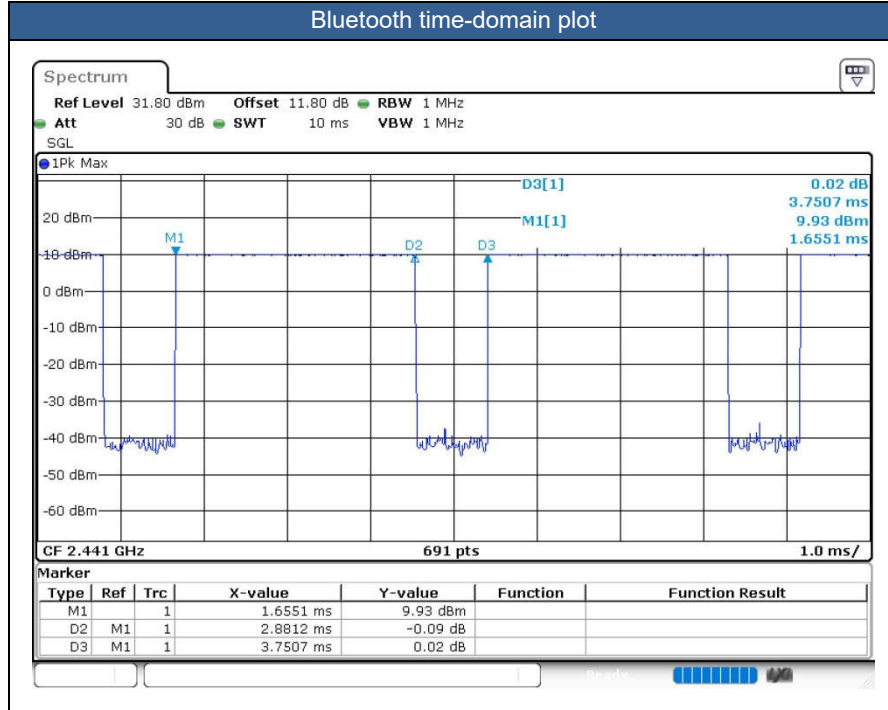
General Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.¹⁸ The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
2. The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.82 % as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the maximum duty cycle is 100%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to 100% for Bluetooth reported SAR calculation





14. Antenna Location

The detailed antenna location information can refer to SAR Test Setup Photos.

15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of BT/WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - d. For BT/WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
 - e. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix $63.3\%/62.9\% = 1.006$ is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The Reported TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
4. The device implements the power management and proximity sensor /receiver detection/hotspot mode for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity) and the details about the power management decision and sensor detection are provided in the operational description. And the device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to power table at appendix E.
5. For some WWAN bands, receiver off/sensor on reduced power level is higher than hotspot reduced power level, so front/back receiver off/sensor on SAR can represent hotspot conservatively.
6. For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests.
7. There are three samples. Please refer to the XT2173-2_Operational Description of Product Equality Declaration exhibit submitted. According to the difference, we chose sample 1 to perform full SAR testing and sample 2/3 verified the worst case of sample 1.
8. There are three type batteries, with the same battery capacity, only manufacturer different. So we only chose battery 1 to perform full SAR testing.
9. There are three headsets, only supplier different, so only chose headset 1/2 to perform SAR testing.
10. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.
 - a. For this device SAR for WWAN/WLAN transmitter scaled to maximum output power mode for product specific 10g SAR is higher than 1.2 W/kg of GSM1900, WCDMA Band II, LTE Band2/7/38/41, WLAN5.2/5.8GHz, therefore product specific 10g SAR is necessary.
 - b. WLAN 5.3/5.5GHz tested the product specific 10g SAR since it has no hotspot mode.
 - c. When 10-g product specific 10g SAR is considered, SAR thresholds is specified in the procedures for SAR test reduction and exclusion should be multiplied by 2.5.

**GSM Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS 2Tx slots for GSM850 and GPRS 3Tx slots for GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.
2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

WCDMA Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+.

LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $> \text{not } \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $> \text{not } \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
6. For LTE B5 / B26 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
7. LTE B5 / B38 SAR test was covered by B26 / B41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is $\leq$ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band

WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
6. Based on WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna, so Bluetooth RF exposure evaluation chose the worst position of WLAN 2.4GHz Ant to perform Bluetooth SAR test, and used this Bluetooth SAR value conservatively represent other position do co-located analysis with WWAN.



15.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	189	836.4	1	31.59	32.50	1.233	0.05	0.216	0.266
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	Full	189	836.4	1	31.59	32.50	1.233	-0.19	0.135	0.166
01	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	189	836.4	1	31.59	32.50	1.233	0.03	0.234	0.289
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	Full	189	836.4	1	31.59	32.50	1.233	0.1	0.141	0.174
02	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	661	1880	1	26.27	27.50	1.327	0.03	0.071	0.094
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	Full	661	1880	1	26.27	27.50	1.327	0.03	0.056	0.074
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	661	1880	1	26.27	27.50	1.327	-0.11	0.070	0.093
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	Full	661	1880	1	26.27	27.50	1.327	0.04	0.059	0.078

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
03	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	9400	1880	1	22.67	24.00	1.358	0.16	0.139	0.189
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Full	9400	1880	1	22.67	24.00	1.358	-0.15	0.116	0.158
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	9400	1880	1	22.67	24.00	1.358	0.09	0.131	0.178
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Full	9400	1880	1	22.67	24.00	1.358	0.15	0.118	0.160
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	4182	836.4	1	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.02	0.282	0.380
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Full	4182	836.4	1	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.08	0.185	0.249
04	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	4182	836.4	1	22.71	24.00	1.346	-0.09	0.293	0.394
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Full	4182	836.4	1	22.71	24.00	1.346	-0.18	0.221	0.297

<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
05	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	18900	1880	1	22.89	24.00	1.291	0.12	0.132	0.170
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	18900	1880	1	21.88	23.00	1.294	0.02	0.104	0.135
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Full	18900	1880	1	22.89	24.00	1.291	0.08	0.103	0.133
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Full	18900	1880	1	21.88	23.00	1.294	0.06	0.082	0.106
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	18900	1880	1	22.89	24.00	1.291	-0.04	0.123	0.159
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	18900	1880	1	21.88	23.00	1.294	0.05	0.092	0.119
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Full	18900	1880	1	22.89	24.00	1.291	-0.11	0.118	0.152
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Full	18900	1880	1	21.88	23.00	1.294	0.02	0.092	0.119
06	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	21100	2535	1	22.31	24.00	1.476	0.01	0.158	0.233
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	21100	2535	1	21.52	23.00	1.406	0.02	0.125	0.176
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Full	21100	2535	1	22.31	24.00	1.476	0.05	0.040	0.059
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Full	21100	2535	1	21.52	23.00	1.406	0.14	0.031	0.044
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	21100	2535	1	22.31	24.00	1.476	0.15	0.084	0.124
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	21100	2535	1	21.52	23.00	1.406	0.04	0.066	0.093
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Full	21100	2535	1	22.31	24.00	1.476	-0.17	0.055	0.081
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Full	21100	2535	1	21.52	23.00	1.406	0.1	0.046	0.065
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	26865	831.5	1	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.07	0.266	0.330
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	26865	831.5	1	22.04	23.00	1.247	0.06	0.216	0.269
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Full	26865	831.5	1	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.14	0.180	0.223
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Full	26865	831.5	1	22.04	23.00	1.247	-0.12	0.144	0.180
07	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	26865	831.5	1	23.07	24.00	1.239	-0.03	0.284	0.352
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	26865	831.5	1	22.04	23.00	1.247	0.14	0.232	0.289
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Full	26865	831.5	1	23.07	24.00	1.239	-0.16	0.179	0.222
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Full	26865	831.5	1	22.04	23.00	1.247	0.07	0.145	0.181



<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
08	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	40620	2593	1	22.31	24.00	1.476	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.127	0.189
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	40620	2593	1	21.28	23.00	1.486	62.9	1.006	-0.12	0.099	0.148
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Full	40620	2593	1	22.31	24.00	1.476	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.036	0.053
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Full	40620	2593	1	21.28	23.00	1.486	62.9	1.006	-0.03	0.028	0.042
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	40620	2593	1	22.31	24.00	1.476	62.9	1.006	-0.19	0.064	0.095
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	40620	2593	1	21.28	23.00	1.486	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.047	0.070
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Full	40620	2593	1	22.31	24.00	1.476	62.9	1.006	0.13	0.054	0.080
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Full	40620	2593	1	21.28	23.00	1.486	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.043	0.064

<WLAN2.4G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	1	2412	1	18.80	20.00	1.318	100	1.000	0.16	0.380	0.501
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Full	1	2412	1	18.80	20.00	1.318	100	1.000	0.16	0.345	0.455
09	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	1	2412	1	18.80	20.00	1.318	100	1.000	-0.03	0.903	1.190
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	1	2412	2	18.80	20.00	1.318	100	1.000	0.09	0.788	1.039
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	1	2412	3	18.80	20.00	1.318	100	1.000	-0.03	0.825	1.088
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	11	2462	1	18.60	20.00	1.380	100	1.000	0.08	0.758	1.046
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Full	1	2412	1	18.80	20.00	1.318	100	1.000	0.06	0.850	1.121
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Full	11	2462	1	18.60	20.00	1.380	100	1.000	0.02	0.706	0.975

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
10	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	39	2441	1	10.00	11.00	1.259	76.82	1.302	0.01	0.066	0.108

<WLAN5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	Reduced	58	5290	1	14.03	15.50	1.403	87.79	1.139	0.1	0.410	0.655
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Reduced	58	5290	1	14.03	15.50	1.403	87.79	1.139	-0.13	0.478	0.764
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Reduced	58	5290	1	14.03	15.50	1.403	87.79	1.139	0.01	0.601	0.960
11	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	58	5290	1	14.03	15.50	1.403	87.79	1.139	0.05	0.685	1.094
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	Reduced	138	5690	1	14.92	16.50	1.439	87.79	1.139	0.06	0.303	0.497
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Reduced	138	5690	1	14.92	16.50	1.439	87.79	1.139	0.05	0.364	0.597
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Reduced	138	5690	1	14.92	16.50	1.439	87.79	1.139	-0.18	0.358	0.587
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	138	5690	1	14.92	16.50	1.439	87.79	1.139	-0.08	0.498	0.816
12	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	122	5610	1	14.80	16.50	1.479	87.79	1.139	-0.06	0.693	1.168
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	15.50	16.50	1.259	87.79	1.139	0.05	0.415	0.595
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	15.50	16.50	1.259	87.79	1.139	0.06	0.520	0.746
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	15.50	16.50	1.259	87.79	1.139	0.11	0.547	0.784
13	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	15.50	16.50	1.259	87.79	1.139	-0.03	0.663	0.951



15.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Sample	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	1	Full	189	836.4	31.59	32.50	1.233	-0.08	0.475	0.586
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	1	Full	189	836.4	31.59	32.50	1.233	0.06	0.722	0.890
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	1	Full	128	824.2	31.58	32.50	1.236	0.05	0.616	0.761
14	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	1	Full	251	848.8	31.52	32.50	1.253	-0.07	0.758	0.950
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Side	5mm	1	Full	189	836.4	31.59	32.50	1.233	0.05	0.319	0.393
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Side	5mm	1	Full	189	836.4	31.59	32.50	1.233	-0.03	0.306	0.377
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Full	189	836.4	31.59	32.50	1.233	-0.16	0.217	0.268
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	1	Reduced	661	1880	23.15	24.00	1.216	0.07	0.570	0.693
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	661	1880	23.15	24.00	1.216	0.11	1.079	1.312
15	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	512	1850.2	23.13	24.00	1.222	-0.06	1.170	1.430
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	810	1909.8	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.02	0.857	1.062
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Side	5mm	1	Reduced	661	1880	21.63	22.50	1.222	-0.13	0.039	0.048
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Side	5mm	1	Reduced	661	1880	21.63	22.50	1.222	-0.08	0.049	0.060
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	661	1880	21.63	22.50	1.222	0.06	1.080	1.320
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	512	1850.2	21.61	22.50	1.227	0.02	1.060	1.301
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	810	1909.8	21.55	22.50	1.245	-0.19	0.843	1.049

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Sample	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	1	Reduced	9400	1880	15.79	17.00	1.321	0.1	0.482	0.637
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	9400	1880	15.79	17.00	1.321	0.03	0.736	0.972
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	9262	1852.4	15.77	17.00	1.327	0.03	0.994	1.319
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	9538	1907.6	15.72	17.00	1.343	-0.05	0.780	1.047
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	5mm	1	Reduced	9400	1880	13.85	15.00	1.303	-0.11	0.044	0.057
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	5mm	1	Reduced	9400	1880	13.85	15.00	1.303	0.02	0.043	0.056
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	9400	1880	13.85	15.00	1.303	0.08	0.939	1.224
16	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	9262	1852.4	13.81	15.00	1.315	0.03	1.090	1.434
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	2	Reduced	9262	1852.4	13.81	15.00	1.315	0.01	0.831	1.093
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	3	Reduced	9262	1852.4	13.81	15.00	1.315	-0.04	0.877	1.153
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	9538	1907.6	13.76	15.00	1.330	0.16	0.816	1.086
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	1	Full	4182	836.4	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.08	0.565	0.760
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	1	Full	4182	836.4	22.71	24.00	1.346	-0.08	0.711	0.957
17	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	1	Full	4132	826.4	22.63	24.00	1.371	-0.02	0.765	1.049
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	2	Full	4132	826.4	22.63	24.00	1.371	0.01	0.698	0.957
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	3	Full	4132	826.4	22.63	24.00	1.371	0.04	0.636	0.872
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	1	Full	4233	846.6	22.62	24.00	1.374	0.18	0.615	0.845
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	5mm	1	Full	4182	836.4	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.07	0.359	0.483
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	5mm	1	Full	4182	836.4	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.04	0.389	0.524
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Full	4182	836.4	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.06	0.244	0.328



<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Sample	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5mm	1	Reduced	18900	1880	15.84	17.00	1.306	-0.06	0.519	0.678
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5mm	1	Reduced	18900	1880	14.71	16.00	1.346	0.04	0.413	0.556
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	18900	1880	15.84	17.00	1.306	0.01	0.739	0.965
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	18700	1860	15.57	17.00	1.390	0.02	0.991	1.377
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	19100	1900	15.40	17.00	1.445	0.1	0.615	0.889
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	18900	1880	14.71	16.00	1.346	-0.02	0.611	0.822
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	18700	1860	14.63	16.00	1.371	0.05	0.705	0.966
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	19100	1900	14.39	16.00	1.449	0.08	0.585	0.848
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	18900	1880	14.58	16.00	1.387	0.05	0.586	0.813
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	5mm	1	Reduced	18900	1880	14.34	15.50	1.306	0.13	0.040	0.052
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	5mm	1	Reduced	18900	1880	13.36	14.50	1.300	-0.11	0.031	0.040
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	5mm	1	Reduced	18900	1880	14.34	15.50	1.306	-0.13	0.040	0.052
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	5mm	1	Reduced	18900	1880	13.36	14.50	1.300	0.04	0.037	0.048
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	18900	1880	14.34	15.50	1.306	-0.17	0.906	1.183
18	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	18700	1860	14.15	15.50	1.365	-0.01	1.050	1.433
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	19100	1900	13.97	15.50	1.422	-0.09	0.785	1.117
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	18900	1880	13.36	14.50	1.300	-0.11	0.720	0.936
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	18700	1860	13.29	14.50	1.321	-0.08	0.826	1.091
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	19100	1900	13.13	14.50	1.371	0.01	0.620	0.850
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	18900	1880	13.31	14.50	1.315	-0.06	0.720	0.947
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5mm	1	Reduced	21100	2535	18.68	20.00	1.355	0.07	0.396	0.537
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5mm	1	Reduced	21100	2535	17.62	19.00	1.374	0.08	0.315	0.433
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	21100	2535	18.68	20.00	1.355	-0.03	0.668	0.905
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	20850	2510	18.29	20.00	1.483	0.02	0.621	0.921
19	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	21350	2560	18.25	20.00	1.496	0.06	0.876	1.311
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	21100	2535	17.62	19.00	1.374	0.11	0.588	0.808
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	20850	2510	17.51	19.00	1.409	0.08	0.492	0.693
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	21350	2560	17.44	19.00	1.432	-0.11	0.606	0.868
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	21100	2535	17.57	19.00	1.390	0.06	0.519	0.721
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	5mm	1	Reduced	21100	2535	18.68	20.00	1.355	-0.18	0.201	0.272
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	5mm	1	Reduced	21100	2535	17.62	19.00	1.374	-0.11	0.159	0.218
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	5mm	1	Reduced	21100	2535	18.68	20.00	1.355	0.13	0.031	0.042
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	5mm	1	Reduced	21100	2535	17.62	19.00	1.374	0.18	0.025	0.034
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	21100	2535	18.68	20.00	1.355	0.06	0.777	1.053
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	20850	2510	18.29	20.00	1.483	0.01	0.784	1.162
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	21350	2560	18.25	20.00	1.496	0.1	0.823	1.231
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	21100	2535	17.62	19.00	1.374	0.09	0.616	0.846
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	20850	2510	17.51	19.00	1.409	-0.03	0.620	0.874
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	21350	2560	17.44	19.00	1.432	0.08	0.652	0.934
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	21100	2535	17.57	19.00	1.390	-0.06	0.606	0.842
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5mm	1	Full	26865	831.5	23.07	24.00	1.239	-0.03	0.464	0.575
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Front	5mm	1	Full	26865	831.5	22.04	23.00	1.247	0.07	0.376	0.469
20	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	1	Full	26865	831.5	23.07	24.00	1.239	-0.04	0.668	0.828
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Back	5mm	1	Full	26865	831.5	22.04	23.00	1.247	-0.04	0.583	0.727
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	75	0	Back	5mm	1	Full	26865	831.5	22.06	23.00	1.242	-0.1	0.513	0.637
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	5mm	1	Full	26865	831.5	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.03	0.319	0.395
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Left Side	5mm	1	Full	26865	831.5	22.04	23.00	1.247	0.1	0.257	0.321
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	5mm	1	Full	26865	831.5	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.07	0.345	0.427
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Right Side	5mm	1	Full	26865	831.5	22.04	23.00	1.247	0.18	0.251	0.313
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Full	26865	831.5	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.03	0.179	0.222
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Full	26865	831.5	22.04	23.00	1.247	-0.16	0.146	0.182



<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Sample	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5mm	1	Reduced	40620	2593	21.18	22.50	1.355	62.9	1.006	-0.1	0.439	0.598
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5mm	1	Reduced	40620	2593	20.40	21.50	1.288	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.340	0.441
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	40620	2593	21.18	22.50	1.355	62.9	1.006	-0.11	0.653	0.890
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	39750	2506	21.13	22.50	1.371	62.9	1.006	-0.11	0.328	0.452
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	40185	2549.5	21.11	22.50	1.377	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.370	0.513
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	41055	2636.5	21.12	22.50	1.374	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.905	1.251
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	41490	2680	21.09	22.50	1.384	62.9	1.006	0.12	0.935	1.301
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	40620	2593	20.40	21.50	1.288	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.505	0.654
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	39750	2506	20.15	21.50	1.365	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.255	0.350
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	40185	2549.5	20.20	21.50	1.349	62.9	1.006	-0.1	0.287	0.389
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	41055	2636.5	20.13	21.50	1.371	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.702	0.968
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	41490	2680	20.27	21.50	1.327	62.9	1.006	0.1	0.737	0.984
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	40620	2593	20.38	21.50	1.294	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.494	0.643
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	5mm	1	Reduced	40620	2593	21.18	22.50	1.355	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.020	0.027
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	5mm	1	Reduced	40620	2593	20.40	21.50	1.288	62.9	1.006	0.14	0.018	0.023
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	5mm	1	Reduced	40620	2593	21.18	22.50	1.355	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.342	0.466
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	5mm	1	Reduced	40620	2593	20.40	21.50	1.288	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.278	0.360
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	40620	2593	21.18	22.50	1.355	62.9	1.006	-0.11	0.919	1.253
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	39750	2506	21.13	22.50	1.371	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.834	1.150
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	40185	2549.5	21.11	22.50	1.377	62.9	1.006	-0.1	0.739	1.024
21	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	41055	2636.5	21.12	22.50	1.374	62.9	1.006	0.04	1.040	1.438
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	2	Reduced	41055	2636.5	21.12	22.50	1.374	62.9	1.006	0.09	1.030	1.424
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	3	Reduced	41055	2636.5	21.12	22.50	1.374	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.977	1.350
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	41490	2680	21.09	22.50	1.384	62.9	1.006	-0.15	0.920	1.281
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	40620	2593	20.40	21.50	1.288	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.720	0.933
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	39750	2506	20.15	21.50	1.365	62.9	1.006	0.13	0.655	0.899
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	40185	2549.5	20.20	21.50	1.349	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.579	0.786
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	41055	2636.5	20.13	21.50	1.371	62.9	1.006	-0.12	0.816	1.125
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	41490	2680	20.27	21.50	1.327	62.9	1.006	-0.12	0.727	0.971
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	5mm	1	Reduced	40620	2593	20.38	21.50	1.294	62.9	1.006	0.14	0.715	0.931

<WLAN2.4G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Sample	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	5mm	1	Full	1	2412	18.80	20.00	1.318	100	1.000	0.03	0.461	0.608
22	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	1	Full	1	2412	18.80	20.00	1.318	100	1.000	-0.01	0.662	0.873
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	2	Full	1	2412	18.80	20.00	1.318	100	1.000	0.08	0.552	0.728
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	3	Full	1	2412	18.80	20.00	1.318	100	1.000	-0.03	0.533	0.703
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	1	Full	11	2462	18.60	20.00	1.380	100	1.000	0.03	0.511	0.705
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	5mm	1	Full	1	2412	18.80	20.00	1.318	100	1.000	-0.18	0.434	0.572
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	5mm	1	Full	1	2412	18.80	20.00	1.318	100	1.000	0.02	0.597	0.787

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Sample	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
23	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	5mm	1	Full	39	2441	10.00	11.00	1.259	76.82	1.302	-0.03	0.056	0.092



<WLAN5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Sample	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	5mm	1	Reduced	46	5230	15.73	17.00	1.340	93.52	1.069	0.03	0.322	0.461
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	46	5230	15.73	17.00	1.340	93.52	1.069	-0.08	0.503	0.720
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Side	5mm	1	Reduced	46	5230	15.73	17.00	1.340	93.52	1.069	-0.02	0.106	0.152
24	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	1	Reduced	46	5230	15.73	17.00	1.340	93.52	1.069	0.09	0.697	0.998
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	2	Reduced	46	5230	15.73	17.00	1.340	93.52	1.069	0.03	0.670	0.960
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	3	Reduced	46	5230	15.73	17.00	1.340	93.52	1.069	0.01	0.682	0.977
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	1	Reduced	38	5190	13.90	15.50	1.445	93.52	1.069	0.1	0.455	0.703
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	1	Reduced	155	5775	17.34	18.00	1.164	87.79	1.139	0.08	0.278	0.369
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	1	Reduced	155	5775	17.34	18.00	1.164	87.79	1.139	-0.17	0.401	0.532
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Side	5mm	1	Reduced	155	5775	17.34	18.00	1.164	87.79	1.139	0.01	0.155	0.206
25	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	1	Reduced	155	5775	17.34	18.00	1.164	87.79	1.139	0.12	0.855	1.134
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	2	Reduced	155	5775	17.34	18.00	1.164	87.79	1.139	0.09	0.703	0.932
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	3	Reduced	155	5775	17.34	18.00	1.164	87.79	1.139	0.01	0.700	0.928



15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Sample	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	-	1	Full	189	836.4	31.59	32.50	1.233	-0.08	0.475	0.586
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	1	Full	189	836.4	31.59	32.50	1.233	0.06	0.722	0.890
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	1	Full	128	824.2	31.58	32.50	1.236	0.05	0.616	0.761
26	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	1	Full	251	848.8	31.52	32.50	1.253	-0.07	0.758	0.950
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	-	1	Reduced	661	1880	23.15	24.00	1.216	0.07	0.570	0.693
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	661	1880	23.15	24.00	1.216	0.11	1.079	1.312
27	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	512	1850.2	23.13	24.00	1.222	-0.06	1.170	1.430
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	2	Reduced	512	1850.2	23.13	24.00	1.222	0.01	1.030	1.258
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	3	Reduced	512	1850.2	23.13	24.00	1.222	-0.08	0.992	1.212
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	810	1909.8	23.07	24.00	1.239	0.02	0.857	1.062
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Headset1	1	Reduced	512	1850.2	23.13	24.00	1.222	-0.17	1.060	1.295
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Headset2	1	Reduced	512	1850.2	23.13	24.00	1.222	-0.1	1.110	1.356
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	15mm	-	1	Full	512	1850.2	26.14	27.50	1.368	0.05	0.877	1.199
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	15mm	-	1	Full	661	1880	26.27	27.50	1.327	-0.05	0.827	1.098
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	15mm	-	1	Full	810	1909.8	26.23	27.50	1.340	0.08	0.789	1.057
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	23mm	-	1	Full	512	1850.2	26.14	27.50	1.368	-0.13	0.835	1.142
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	23mm	-	1	Full	661	1880	26.27	27.50	1.327	0.06	0.766	1.017
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	23mm	-	1	Full	810	1909.8	26.23	27.50	1.340	0.01	0.731	0.979

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Sample	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	-	1	Reduced	9400	1880	15.79	17.00	1.321	0.1	0.482	0.637
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	9400	1880	15.79	17.00	1.321	0.03	0.736	0.972
28	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	9262	1852.4	15.77	17.00	1.327	0.03	0.994	1.319
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	9538	1907.6	15.72	17.00	1.343	-0.05	0.580	0.779
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Headset1	1	Reduced	9262	1852.4	15.77	17.00	1.327	-0.15	0.911	1.209
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Headset2	1	Reduced	9262	1852.4	15.77	17.00	1.327	0.07	0.961	1.276
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	15mm	-	1	Full	9262	1852.4	22.58	24.00	1.387	0.01	0.861	1.194
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	15mm	-	1	Full	9400	1880	22.67	24.00	1.358	-0.18	0.868	1.179
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	15mm	-	1	Full	9538	1907.6	22.60	24.00	1.380	0.05	0.792	1.093
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	23mm	-	1	Full	9262	1852.4	22.58	24.00	1.387	0.02	0.526	0.729
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	-	1	Full	4182	836.4	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.08	0.565	0.760
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	1	Full	4182	836.4	22.71	24.00	1.346	-0.08	0.711	0.957
29	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	1	Full	4132	826.4	22.63	24.00	1.371	-0.02	0.765	1.049
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	2	Full	4132	826.4	22.63	24.00	1.371	0.01	0.698	0.957
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	3	Full	4132	826.4	22.63	24.00	1.371	0.04	0.636	0.872
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	1	Full	4233	846.6	22.62	24.00	1.374	0.18	0.615	0.845



<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Sample	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5mm	-	1	Reduced	18900	1880	15.84	17.00	1.306	-0.06	0.519	0.678
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5mm	-	1	Reduced	18900	1880	14.71	16.00	1.346	0.04	0.413	0.556
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	18900	1880	15.84	17.00	1.306	0.01	0.739	0.965
30	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	18700	1860	15.57	17.00	1.390	0.02	0.991	1.377
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	19100	1900	15.40	17.00	1.445	0.1	0.615	0.889
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	18900	1880	14.71	16.00	1.346	-0.02	0.611	0.822
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	18700	1860	14.63	16.00	1.371	0.05	0.705	0.966
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	19100	1900	14.39	16.00	1.449	0.08	0.585	0.848
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	18900	1880	14.58	16.00	1.387	0.05	0.586	0.813
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	Headset1	1	Reduced	18700	1860	15.57	17.00	1.390	-0.13	0.859	1.194
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	Headset2	1	Reduced	18700	1860	15.57	17.00	1.390	0.04	0.809	1.124
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	15mm	-	1	Full	18700	1860	22.68	24.00	1.355	0.01	0.764	1.035
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	15mm	-	1	Full	18900	1880	22.89	24.00	1.291	0.08	0.857	1.107
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	15mm	-	1	Full	19100	1900	22.57	24.00	1.390	0.04	0.842	1.170
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	23mm	-	1	Full	18700	1860	22.68	24.00	1.355	0.05	0.512	0.694
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5mm	-	1	Reduced	21100	2535	18.68	20.00	1.355	0.07	0.396	0.537
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5mm	-	1	Reduced	21100	2535	17.62	19.00	1.374	0.08	0.315	0.433
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	21100	2535	18.68	20.00	1.355	-0.03	0.668	0.905
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	20850	2510	18.29	20.00	1.483	0.02	0.621	0.921
31	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	21350	2560	18.25	20.00	1.496	0.06	0.876	1.311
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	2	Reduced	21350	2560	18.25	20.00	1.496	-0.07	0.698	1.044
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	3	Reduced	21350	2560	18.25	20.00	1.496	0.03	0.747	1.118
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	21100	2535	17.62	19.00	1.374	0.11	0.588	0.808
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	20850	2510	17.51	19.00	1.409	0.08	0.492	0.693
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	21350	2560	17.44	19.00	1.432	-0.11	0.606	0.868
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	21100	2535	17.57	19.00	1.390	0.06	0.519	0.721
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	Headset1	1	Reduced	21350	2560	18.25	20.00	1.496	-0.1	0.801	1.198
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	Headset2	1	Reduced	21350	2560	18.25	20.00	1.496	0.02	0.841	1.258
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	15mm	-	1	Full	21100	2535	22.31	24.00	1.476	0.14	0.260	0.384
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	23mm	-	1	Full	21350	2560	22.29	24.00	1.483	0.04	0.196	0.291
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5mm	-	1	Full	26865	831.5	23.07	24.00	1.239	-0.03	0.464	0.575
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Front	5mm	-	1	Full	26865	831.5	22.04	23.00	1.247	0.07	0.376	0.469
32	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Full	26865	831.5	23.07	24.00	1.239	-0.04	0.668	0.828
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Full	26965	841.5	22.02	23.00	1.253	-0.04	0.583	0.731
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	75	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Full	26865	831.5	22.06	23.00	1.242	-0.1	0.513	0.637



<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Sample	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5mm	-	1	Reduced	40620	2593	21.18	22.50	1.355	62.9	1.006	-0.1	0.439	0.598
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5mm	-	1	Reduced	40620	2593	20.40	21.50	1.288	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.340	0.441
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	40620	2593	21.18	22.50	1.355	62.9	1.006	-0.11	0.653	0.890
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	39750	2506	21.13	22.50	1.371	62.9	1.006	-0.11	0.328	0.452
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	40185	2549.5	21.11	22.50	1.377	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.370	0.513
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	41055	2636.5	21.12	22.50	1.374	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.905	1.251
33	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	41490	2680	21.09	22.50	1.384	62.9	1.006	0.12	0.935	1.301
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	40620	2593	20.40	21.50	1.288	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.505	0.654
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	39750	2506	20.15	21.50	1.365	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.255	0.350
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	40185	2549.5	20.20	21.50	1.349	62.9	1.006	-0.1	0.287	0.389
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	41055	2636.5	20.13	21.50	1.371	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.702	0.968
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	41490	2680	20.27	21.50	1.327	62.9	1.006	0.1	0.737	0.984
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	40620	2593	20.38	21.50	1.294	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.494	0.643
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	Headset1	1	Reduced	41490	2680	21.09	22.50	1.384	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.933	1.299
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	Headset2	1	Reduced	41490	2680	21.09	22.50	1.384	62.9	1.006	-0.04	0.863	1.201
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	15mm	-	1	Full	40620	2593	22.31	24.00	1.476	62.9	1.006	-0.05	0.577	0.857
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	15mm	-	1	Full	39750	2506	22.22	24.00	1.507	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.534	0.809
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	15mm	-	1	Full	40185	2549.5	22.18	24.00	1.521	62.9	1.006	-0.11	0.422	0.646
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	15mm	-	1	Full	41055	2636.5	22.15	24.00	1.531	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.651	1.003
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	15mm	-	1	Full	41490	2680	22.19	24.00	1.517	62.9	1.006	-0.1	0.698	1.065
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	23mm	-	1	Full	41490	2680	22.19	24.00	1.517	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.759	1.158
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	23mm	-	1	Full	40620	2593	22.31	24.00	1.476	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.733	1.088
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	23mm	-	1	Full	39750	2506	22.22	24.00	1.507	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.716	1.085
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	23mm	-	1	Full	40185	2549.5	22.18	24.00	1.521	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.701	1.072
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	23mm	-	1	Full	41055	2636.5	22.15	24.00	1.531	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.745	1.148



<WLAN2.4G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Sample	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	5mm	-	1	Full	1	2412	18.80	20.00	1.318	100	1.000	0.03	0.461	0.608
34	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	-	1	Full	1	2412	18.80	20.00	1.318	100	1.000	-0.01	0.662	0.873
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	-	2	Full	1	2412	18.80	20.00	1.318	100	1.000	0.08	0.552	0.728
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	-	3	Full	1	2412	18.80	20.00	1.318	100	1.000	-0.03	0.533	0.703
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	-	1	Full	11	2462	18.60	20.00	1.380	100	1.000	0.03	0.511	0.705

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Sample	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
35	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	5mm	-	1	Full	39	2441	10.00	11.00	1.259	76.82	1.302	-0.03	0.056	0.092

<WLAN5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Sample	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	5mm	-	1	Reduced	46	5230	16.79	18.00	1.321	93.52	1.069	-0.13	0.482	0.681
36	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	46	5230	16.79	18.00	1.321	93.52	1.069	-0.08	0.754	1.065
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	2	Reduced	46	5230	16.79	18.00	1.321	93.52	1.069	-0.03	0.589	0.832
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	3	Reduced	46	5230	16.79	18.00	1.321	93.52	1.069	0.01	0.622	0.879
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	38	5190	13.90	15.50	1.445	93.52	1.069	-0.01	0.422	0.652
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	15mm	-	1	Full	46	5230	17.53	19.00	1.403	93.52	1.069	-0.1	0.162	0.243
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	23mm	-	1	Full	46	5230	17.53	19.00	1.403	93.52	1.069	-0.05	0.224	0.336
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	5mm	-	1	Reduced	54	5270	15.75	17.00	1.334	93.52	1.069	0.05	0.276	0.393
37	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	54	5270	15.75	17.00	1.334	93.52	1.069	-0.03	0.630	0.898
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	62	5310	14.33	16.00	1.469	93.52	1.069	-0.09	0.489	0.768
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	15mm	-	1	Full	54	5270	17.55	19.00	1.396	93.52	1.069	-0.05	0.155	0.231
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	23mm	-	1	Full	54	5270	17.55	19.00	1.396	93.52	1.069	0.04	0.266	0.397
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	-	1	Reduced	138	5690	14.51	16.00	1.409	87.79	1.139	-0.12	0.160	0.257
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	138	5690	14.51	16.00	1.409	87.79	1.139	0.08	0.502	0.806
38	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	1	Full	106	5530	14.47	16.00	1.422	87.79	1.139	0.06	0.549	0.889
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	2	Full	106	5530	14.47	16.00	1.422	87.79	1.139	0.05	0.509	0.825
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	3	Full	106	5530	14.47	16.00	1.422	87.79	1.139	-0.01	0.498	0.807
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	15mm	-	1	Full	138	5690	17.54	19.00	1.400	87.79	1.139	-0.17	0.202	0.322
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	23mm	-	1	Full	138	5690	17.54	19.00	1.400	87.79	1.139	-0.09	0.463	0.738
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	-	1	Full	155	5775	17.66	19.00	1.361	87.79	1.139	0.04	0.335	0.519
39	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	1	Full	155	5775	17.66	19.00	1.361	87.79	1.139	0.01	0.771	1.196
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	2	Full	155	5775	17.66	19.00	1.361	87.79	1.139	-0.01	0.755	1.171
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	3	Full	155	5775	17.66	19.00	1.361	87.79	1.139	0.07	0.741	1.149

15.4 Product specific 10g SAR
<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	0mm	Full	661	1880	1	26.27	27.50	1.327	-0.19	1.280	1.699
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	Full	661	1880	1	26.27	27.50	1.327	0.09	1.420	1.885
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	Full	661	1880	1	26.27	27.50	1.327	0.04	2.010	2.668
40	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	Full	512	1850.2	1	26.14	27.50	1.368	-0.04	2.140	2.927
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	Full	810	1909.8	1	26.23	27.50	1.340	0.11	1.840	2.465

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	0mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	1	18.72	20.00	1.343	-0.18	1.520	2.041
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	0mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	1	18.73	20.00	1.340	0.06	1.250	1.675
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	0mm	Reduced	9400	1880	1	18.75	20.00	1.334	0.08	1.290	1.720
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Reduced	9400	1880	1	18.75	20.00	1.334	0.09	1.460	1.947
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	9400	1880	1	18.75	20.00	1.334	-0.17	2.310	3.080
41	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	1	18.72	20.00	1.343	-0.05	2.490	3.343
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	2	18.72	20.00	1.343	-0.03	1.920	2.578
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	3	18.72	20.00	1.343	0.02	2.110	2.833
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	1	18.73	20.00	1.340	0.04	2.200	2.947
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	7mm	Full	9262	1852.4	1	22.58	24.00	1.387	0.17	1.380	1.914
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	9mm	Full	9400	1880	1	22.67	24.00	1.358	0.15	1.390	1.888
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	Full	9262	1852.4	1	22.58	24.00	1.387	0.09	2.040	2.829



<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	19.81	21.00	1.315	0.01	1.160	1.526
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	18.72	20.00	1.343	-0.09	0.926	1.243
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	19.81	21.00	1.315	0.03	1.350	1.776
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	18.72	20.00	1.343	0.09	1.060	1.423
42	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18700	1860	1	19.78	21.00	1.324	-0.16	2.360	3.125
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	19.81	21.00	1.315	0.18	2.230	2.933
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	19100	1900	1	19.60	21.00	1.380	0.09	2.140	2.954
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18700	1860	1	18.68	20.00	1.355	0.09	1.760	2.385
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	18.72	20.00	1.343	0.06	1.860	2.498
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	19100	1900	1	18.58	20.00	1.387	0.07	1.670	2.316
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	18.85	20.00	1.303	-0.16	1.760	2.294
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	7mm	Full	18900	1880	1	22.89	24.00	1.291	-0.04	1.320	1.704
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	9mm	Full	18900	1880	1	22.89	24.00	1.291	0.19	1.400	1.808
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Full	18700	1860	1	22.68	24.00	1.355	-0.14	1.860	2.521
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	20.57	22.00	1.390	-0.01	0.988	1.373
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	19.48	21.00	1.419	0.04	0.784	1.113
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	20.57	22.00	1.390	0.13	1.800	2.502
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	20850	2510	1	20.25	22.00	1.496	-0.13	1.850	2.768
43	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	21350	2560	1	20.33	22.00	1.469	0.02	1.950	2.864
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	21350	2560	2	20.33	22.00	1.469	0.09	1.860	2.732
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	21350	2560	3	20.33	22.00	1.469	-0.01	1.910	2.806
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	19.48	21.00	1.419	-0.04	1.430	2.029
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	20850	2510	1	19.45	21.00	1.429	0.09	1.460	2.086
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	21350	2560	1	19.31	21.00	1.476	0.04	1.530	2.258
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	19.68	21.00	1.355	-0.17	1.410	1.911
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	20.57	22.00	1.390	0.08	1.350	1.876
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	19.48	21.00	1.419	0.1	1.070	1.518
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	7mm	Full	21100	2535	1	22.31	24.00	1.476	0.1	0.387	0.571
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	9mm	Full	21350	2560	1	22.29	24.00	1.483	0.14	0.391	0.580
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Full	21100	2535	1	22.31	24.00	1.476	0.09	0.387	0.571

<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0mm	Full	40620	2593	1	22.31	24.00	1.476	62.9	1.006	0.06	1.520	2.257
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0mm	Full	39750	2506	1	22.22	24.00	1.507	62.9	1.006	0.05	1.360	2.061
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0mm	Full	40185	2549.5	1	22.18	24.00	1.521	62.9	1.006	-0.12	1.180	1.805
44	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0mm	Full	41055	2636.5	1	22.15	24.00	1.531	62.9	1.006	-0.05	1.750	2.695
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0mm	Full	41490	2680	1	22.19	24.00	1.517	62.9	1.006	0.05	1.690	2.579
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Full	40620	2593	1	21.28	23.00	1.486	62.9	1.006	0.02	1.200	1.794
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Full	39750	2506	1	21.19	23.00	1.517	62.9	1.006	0.03	1.030	1.572
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Full	40185	2549.5	1	21.22	23.00	1.507	62.9	1.006	0.01	1.110	1.682
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Full	41055	2636.5	1	21.14	23.00	1.535	62.9	1.006	0.12	1.050	1.621
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Full	41490	2680	1	21.16	23.00	1.528	62.9	1.006	-0.09	1.160	1.783
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	0mm	Full	40620	2593	1	21.33	23.00	1.469	62.9	1.006	0.06	1.185	1.751
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Full	40620	2593	1	22.31	24.00	1.476	62.9	1.006	0.06	1.204	1.787
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Full	39750	2506	1	22.22	24.00	1.476	62.9	1.006	0.01	1.070	1.622
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Full	40185	2549.5	1	22.18	24.00	1.476	62.9	1.006	0.09	1.130	1.729
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Full	41055	2636.5	1	22.15	24.00	1.476	62.9	1.006	-0.01	1.050	1.617



FCC SAR Test Report

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LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Full	41490	2680	1	22.19	24.00	1.476	62.9	1.006	0.02	1.090	1.664
LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Full	40620	2593	1	21.28	23.00	1.486	62.9	1.006	-0.09	0.946	1.414
LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Full	40620	2593	1	21.33	23.00	1.469	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.927	1.370



<WLAN 5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
45	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Full	46	5230	1	17.53	19.00	1.403	93.52	1.069	-0.05	0.836	1.254
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	0mm	Full	54	5270	1	17.55	19.00	1.396	93.52	1.069	-0.19	0.512	0.764
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	0mm	Full	54	5270	1	17.55	19.00	1.396	93.52	1.069	0.01	0.636	0.949
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Side	0mm	Full	54	5270	1	17.55	19.00	1.396	93.52	1.069	-0.07	0.095	0.142
46	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Full	54	5270	1	17.55	19.00	1.396	93.52	1.069	0.03	0.902	1.346
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Full	54	5270	2	17.55	19.00	1.396	93.52	1.069	0.09	0.886	1.323
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Full	54	5270	3	17.55	19.00	1.396	93.52	1.069	-0.04	0.895	1.336
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	0mm	Full	138	5690	1	17.54	19.00	1.400	87.79	1.139	0.02	0.378	0.603
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	0mm	Full	138	5690	1	17.54	19.00	1.400	87.79	1.139	0.08	0.703	1.121
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Side	0mm	Full	138	5690	1	17.54	19.00	1.400	87.79	1.139	0.1	0.147	0.234
47	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Full	138	5690	1	17.54	19.00	1.400	87.79	1.139	-0.09	0.731	1.165
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Full	138	5690	2	17.54	19.00	1.400	87.79	1.139	0.03	0.730	1.164
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Full	138	5690	3	17.54	19.00	1.400	87.79	1.139	0.07	0.725	1.156
48	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Full	155	5775	1	17.66	19.00	1.361	87.79	1.139	0.08	0.677	1.050
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Full	155	5775	2	17.66	19.00	1.361	87.79	1.139	0.06	0.647	1.003
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Full	155	5775	3	17.66	19.00	1.361	87.79	1.139	0.01	0.671	1.041



15.5 Repeated SAR Measurement

<1g>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Sample	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WLAN2.4GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	-	1	Full	1	2412	18.80	20.00	1.318	100	1.000	-0.03	0.903	1	1.190
2nd	WLAN2.4GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	-	1	Full	1	2412	18.80	20.00	1.318	100	1.000	0.07	0.853	1.059	1.124
1st	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	512	1850.2	23.13	24.00	1.222	-	1.000	-0.06	1.170	1	1.430
2nd	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	1	Reduced	512	1850.2	23.13	24.00	1.222	-	1.000	-0.09	1.020	1.147	1.246
1st	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	-	1	Reduced	41055	2636.5	21.12	22.50	1.374	62.9	1.006	0.04	1.040	1	1.438
2nd	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	-	1	Reduced	41055	2636.5	21.12	22.50	1.374	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.974	1.068	1.346
1st	WLAN5.8GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	-	1	Reduced	155	5775	17.34	18.00	1.164	87.79	1.139	0.12	0.855	1	1.134
2nd	WLAN5.8GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	-	1	Reduced	155	5775	17.34	18.00	1.164	87.79	1.139	0.09	0.843	1.014	1.118

<10g>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	18.72	20.00	1.343	-0.05	2.490	1	3.343
2nd	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	18.72	20.00	1.343	-0.01	2.250	1.107	3.021

General Note:

- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg.
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR < 1.45 W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
- The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
- All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset			
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Product specific 10g SAR
1.	WWAN + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.	WWAN + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	WWAN + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

General Note:

1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation.
2. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
3. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
4. This device 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WLAN Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WLAN Direct (GC only).
5. WIFI 5.3/5.3GHz has no hotspot function.
6. The worst case 5 GHz WLAN SAR for each configuration was used for SAR summation.
7. WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna so can't transmit simultaneously.
8. According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN 5GHz and Bluetooth can't transmit simultaneously.
9. According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN 5GHz and WLAN 2.4GHz can't transmit simultaneously.
10. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
11. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) 1g Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg and 10g Scalar SAR summation < 4.0W/kg.
 - ii) $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\min. \text{ separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$ for 1g SAR and $SPLSR \leq 0.10$ for 10g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band 1g SAR < 1.6W/kg and 10g SAR < 4.0W/kg.
 - v) The SPLSR calculated results please refer to section 16.5.



16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2	1+3	1+4
		WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	Summed	Summed	Summed
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Right Cheek	0.266	0.501	0.655	0.108	0.77	0.92	0.37
	Right Tilted	0.166	0.455	0.764	0.108	0.62	0.93	0.27
	Left Cheek	0.289	1.190	0.960	0.108	1.48	1.25	0.40
	Left Tilted	0.174	1.121	1.168	0.108	1.30	1.34	0.28
GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.094	0.501	0.655	0.108	0.60	0.75	0.20
	Right Tilted	0.074	0.455	0.764	0.108	0.53	0.84	0.18
	Left Cheek	0.093	1.190	0.960	0.108	1.28	1.05	0.20
	Left Tilted	0.078	1.121	1.168	0.108	1.20	1.25	0.19
WCDMA II	Right Cheek	0.189	0.501	0.655	0.108	0.69	0.84	0.30
	Right Tilted	0.158	0.455	0.764	0.108	0.61	0.92	0.27
	Left Cheek	0.178	1.190	0.960	0.108	1.37	1.14	0.29
	Left Tilted	0.160	1.121	1.168	0.108	1.28	1.33	0.27
WCDMA V	Right Cheek	0.380	0.501	0.655	0.108	0.88	1.04	0.49
	Right Tilted	0.249	0.455	0.764	0.108	0.70	1.01	0.36
	Left Cheek	0.394	1.190	0.960	0.108	1.58	1.35	0.50
	Left Tilted	0.297	1.121	1.168	0.108	1.42	1.47	0.41
LTE Band 2	Right Cheek	0.170	0.501	0.655	0.108	0.67	0.83	0.28
	Right Tilted	0.133	0.455	0.764	0.108	0.59	0.90	0.24
	Left Cheek	0.159	1.190	0.960	0.108	1.35	1.12	0.27
	Left Tilted	0.152	1.121	1.168	0.108	1.27	1.32	0.26
LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.233	0.501	0.655	0.108	0.73	0.89	0.34
	Right Tilted	0.059	0.455	0.764	0.108	0.51	0.82	0.17
	Left Cheek	0.124	1.190	0.960	0.108	1.31	1.08	0.23
	Left Tilted	0.081	1.121	1.168	0.108	1.20	1.25	0.19
LTE Band 26	Right Cheek	0.330	0.501	0.655	0.108	0.83	0.99	0.44
	Right Tilted	0.223	0.455	0.764	0.108	0.68	0.99	0.33
	Left Cheek	0.352	1.190	0.960	0.108	1.54	1.31	0.46
	Left Tilted	0.222	1.121	1.168	0.108	1.34	1.39	0.33
LTE Band 41	Right Cheek	0.189	0.501	0.655	0.108	0.69	0.84	0.30
	Right Tilted	0.053	0.455	0.764	0.108	0.51	0.82	0.16
	Left Cheek	0.095	1.190	0.960	0.108	1.29	1.06	0.20
	Left Tilted	0.080	1.121	1.168	0.108	1.20	1.25	0.19

16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2	1+3	1+4	Case No
		WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	5GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	
GSM850	Front	0.586	0.608	0.461	0.092	1.19	1.05	0.68	
	Back	0.950	0.873	0.720	0.092	1.82	1.67	1.04	1&2
	Right side	0.377	0.572	0.206	0.092	0.95	0.58	0.47	
	Top side		0.787	1.134	0.092	0.79	1.13	0.09	
	Bottom side	0.268				0.27	0.27	0.27	
GSM1900	Front	0.693	0.608	0.461	0.092	1.30	1.15	0.79	
	Back	1.430	0.873	0.720	0.092	2.30	2.15	1.52	3&4
	Left side	0.048			0.092	0.05	0.05	0.14	
	Right side	0.060	0.572	0.206	0.092	0.63	0.27	0.15	
	Top side		0.787	1.134	0.092	0.79	1.13	0.09	
WCDMA II	Bottom side	1.320				1.32	1.32	1.32	
	Front	0.637	0.608	0.461	0.092	1.25	1.10	0.73	
	Back	1.319	0.873	0.720	0.092	2.19	2.04	1.41	5&6
	Left side	0.057			0.092	0.06	0.06	0.15	
	Right side	0.056	0.572	0.206	0.092	0.63	0.26	0.15	
WCDMA V	Top side		0.787	1.134	0.092	0.79	1.13	0.09	
	Bottom side	1.434				1.43	1.43	1.43	
	Front	0.760	0.608	0.461	0.092	1.37	1.22	0.85	
	Back	1.049	0.873	0.720	0.092	1.92	1.77	1.14	7&8
	Left side	0.483			0.092	0.48	0.48	0.58	
LTE Band 2	Right side	0.524	0.572	0.206	0.092	1.10	0.73	0.62	
	Top side		0.787	1.134	0.092	0.79	1.13	0.09	
	Bottom side	0.328				0.33	0.33	0.33	
	Front	0.678	0.608	0.461	0.092	1.29	1.14	0.77	
	Back	1.377	0.873	0.720	0.092	2.25	2.10	1.47	9&10
LTE Band 7	Left side	0.052			0.092	0.05	0.05	0.14	
	Right side	0.052	0.572	0.206	0.092	0.62	0.26	0.14	
	Top side		0.787	1.134	0.092	0.79	1.13	0.09	
	Bottom side	1.433				1.43	1.43	1.43	
	Front	0.537	0.608	0.461	0.092	1.15	1.00	0.63	
LTE Band 26	Back	1.311	0.873	0.720	0.092	2.18	2.03	1.40	11&12
	Left side	0.272			0.092	0.27	0.27	0.36	
	Right side	0.042	0.572	0.206	0.092	0.61	0.25	0.13	
	Top side		0.787	1.134	0.092	0.79	1.13	0.09	
	Bottom side	1.231				1.23	1.23	1.23	
LTE Band 41	Front	0.575	0.608	0.461	0.092	1.18	1.04	0.67	
	Back	0.828	0.873	0.720	0.092	1.70	1.55	0.92	13
	Left side	0.395			0.092	0.40	0.40	0.49	
	Right side	0.427	0.572	0.206	0.092	1.00	0.63	0.52	
	Top side		0.787	1.134	0.092	0.79	1.13	0.09	
LTE Band 41	Bottom side	0.222				0.22	0.22	0.22	
	Front	0.598	0.608	0.461	0.092	1.21	1.06	0.69	
	Back	1.301	0.873	0.720	0.092	2.17	2.02	1.39	14&15
	Left side	0.027			0.092	0.03	0.03	0.12	
	Right side	0.466	0.572	0.206	0.092	1.04	0.67	0.56	
LTE Band 41	Top side		0.787	1.134	0.092	0.79	1.13	0.09	
	Bottom side	1.438				1.44	1.44	1.44	

16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2	1+3	1+4	Case No
		WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	5GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	
GSM850	Front	0.586	0.608	0.681	0.092	1.19	1.27	0.68	
	Back	0.950	0.873	1.196	0.092	1.82	2.15	1.04	1&16
GSM1900	Front	0.693	0.608	0.681	0.092	1.30	1.37	0.79	
	Back	1.430	0.873	1.196	0.092	2.30	2.63	1.52	3&17
WCDMA II	Front	0.637	0.608	0.681	0.092	1.25	1.32	0.73	
	Back	1.319	0.873	1.196	0.092	2.19	2.52	1.41	5&18
WCDMA V	Front	0.760	0.608	0.681	0.092	1.37	1.44	0.85	
	Back	1.049	0.873	1.196	0.092	1.92	2.25	1.14	7&19
LTE Band 2	Front	0.678	0.608	0.681	0.092	1.29	1.36	0.77	
	Back	1.377	0.873	1.196	0.092	2.25	2.57	1.47	9&20
LTE Band 7	Front	0.537	0.608	0.681	0.092	1.15	1.22	0.63	
	Back	1.311	0.873	1.196	0.092	2.18	2.51	1.40	11&21
LTE Band 26	Front	0.575	0.608	0.681	0.092	1.18	1.26	0.67	
	Back	0.828	0.873	1.196	0.092	1.70	2.02	0.92	13&22
LTE Band 41	Front	0.598	0.608	0.681	0.092	1.21	1.28	0.69	
	Back	1.301	0.873	1.196	0.092	2.17	2.50	1.39	14&23

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	3	1+3	Case No
		WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	5GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	
GSM850	Front	0.586	0.681	1.27	
	Back	0.950	1.196	2.15	16
	Front with Headset			0.00	
	Back with Headset			0.00	
GSM1900	Front	0.693	0.681	1.37	
	Back	1.430	1.196	2.63	17
	Front with Headset			0.00	
	Back with Headset	1.356		1.36	
WCDMA II	Front	0.637	0.681	1.32	
	Back	1.319	1.196	2.52	18
	Front with Headset			0.00	
	Back with Headset	1.276		1.28	
WCDMA V	Front	0.760	0.681	1.44	
	Back	1.049	1.196	2.25	19
	Front with Headset			0.00	
	Back with Headset			0.00	
LTE Band 2	Front	0.678	0.681	1.36	
	Back	1.377	1.196	2.57	20
	Front with Headset			0.00	
	Back with Headset	1.194		1.19	
LTE Band 7	Front	0.537	0.681	1.22	
	Back	1.311	1.196	2.51	21
	Front with Headset			0.00	
	Back with Headset	1.258		1.26	
LTE Band 26	Front	0.575	0.681	1.26	
	Back	0.828	1.196	2.02	22
	Front with Headset			0.00	
	Back with Headset			0.00	
LTE Band 41	Front	0.598	0.681	1.28	
	Back	1.301	1.196	2.50	23
	Front with Headset			0.00	
	Back with Headset	1.299		1.30	

Sensor Off

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	2	1+2	Case No
		WWAN	5GHz WLAN Ant 3	Summed	
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
GSM1900	Front at 15mm	1.199	0.322	1.52	
	Back at 23mm	1.142	0.738	1.88	24
WCDMA II	Front at 15mm	1.194	0.322	1.52	
	Back at 23mm	0.729	0.738	1.47	
LTE Band 2	Front at 15mm	1.170	0.322	1.49	
	Back at 23mm	0.694	0.738	1.43	
LTE Band 7	Front at 15mm	0.384	0.322	0.71	
	Back at 23mm	0.291	0.738	1.03	
LTE Band 26	Front at 15mm		0.322	0.32	
	Back at 23mm		0.738	0.74	
LTE Band 41	Front at 15mm	1.065	0.322	1.39	
	Back at 23mm	1.158	0.738	1.90	25

16.4 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	2	1+2
		WWAN	5GHz WLAN	Summed
		10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)
GSM1900	Front	1.699	0.764	2.46
	Back	1.885	1.121	3.01
	Left side			0.00
	Right side		0.234	0.23
	Top side		1.346	1.35
	Bottom side	2.927		2.93
WCDMA II	Front	2.041	0.764	2.81
	Back	1.947	1.121	3.07
	Left side			0.00
	Right side		0.234	0.23
	Top side		1.346	1.35
	Bottom side	3.343		3.34
LTE Band 2	Front	1.526	0.764	2.29
	Back	1.776	1.121	2.90
	Left side			0.00
	Right side		0.234	0.23
	Top side		1.346	1.35
	Bottom side	3.125		3.13
LTE Band 7	Front	1.373	0.764	2.14
	Back	2.864	1.121	3.99
	Left side			0.00
	Right side		0.234	0.23
	Top side		1.346	1.35
	Bottom side	1.876		1.88
LTE Band 41	Front		0.764	0.76
	Back	2.695	1.121	3.82
	Left side			0.00
	Right side		0.234	0.23
	Top side		1.346	1.35
	Bottom side	1.781		1.78

Sensor Off

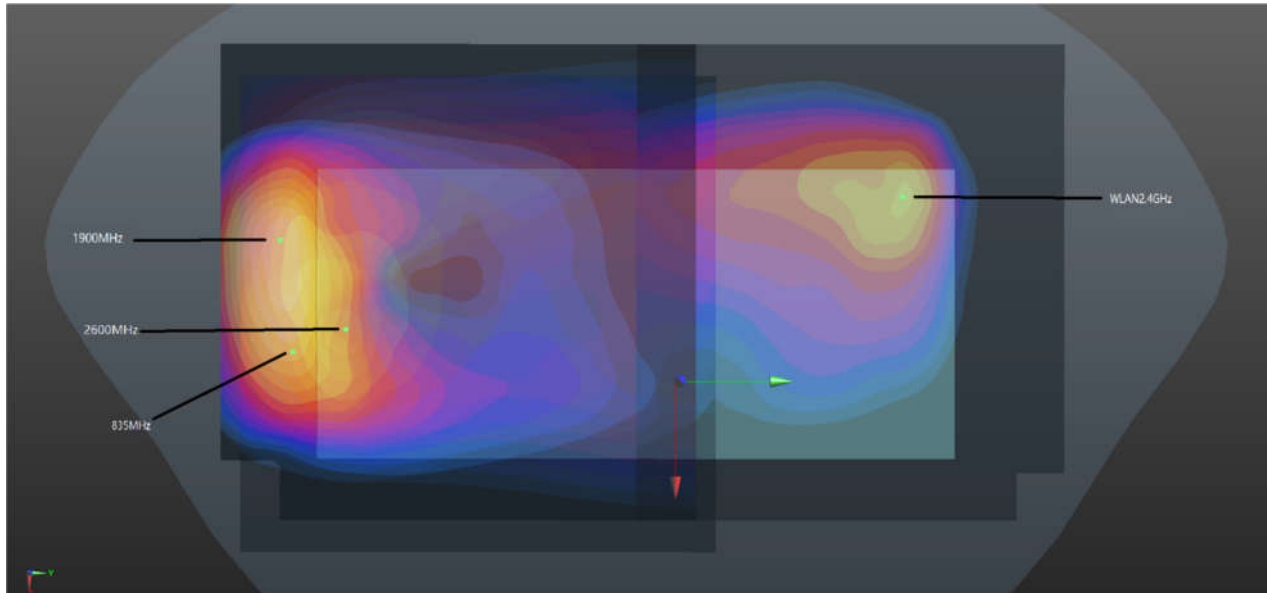
WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	2	1+2
		WWAN	5GHz WLAN	Summed
		10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA II	Front at 7mm	1.914	0.764	2.68
	Back at 9mm	1.888	1.121	3.01
	Bottom side at 10mm	2.829		2.83
LTE Band 2	Front at 7mm	1.704	0.764	2.47
	Back at 9mm	1.808	1.121	2.93
	Bottom side at 10mm	2.521		2.52
LTE Band 7	Front at 7mm	0.571	0.764	1.34
	Back at 9mm	0.580	1.121	1.70
	Bottom side at 10mm	0.571		0.57

Remark: Chose 5GHz WLAN Front/Back at 0mm as Front at 7mm, Back at 9mm, Bottom side at 10mm SAR to do co-located with WWAN analysis.

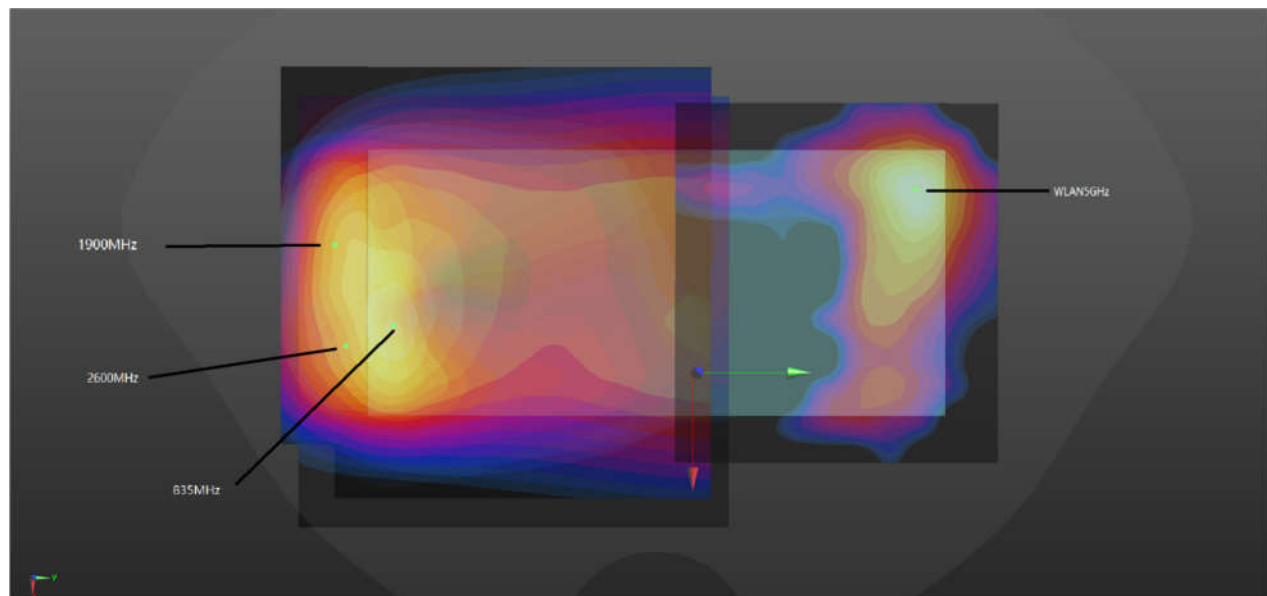
16.5 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

General Note:

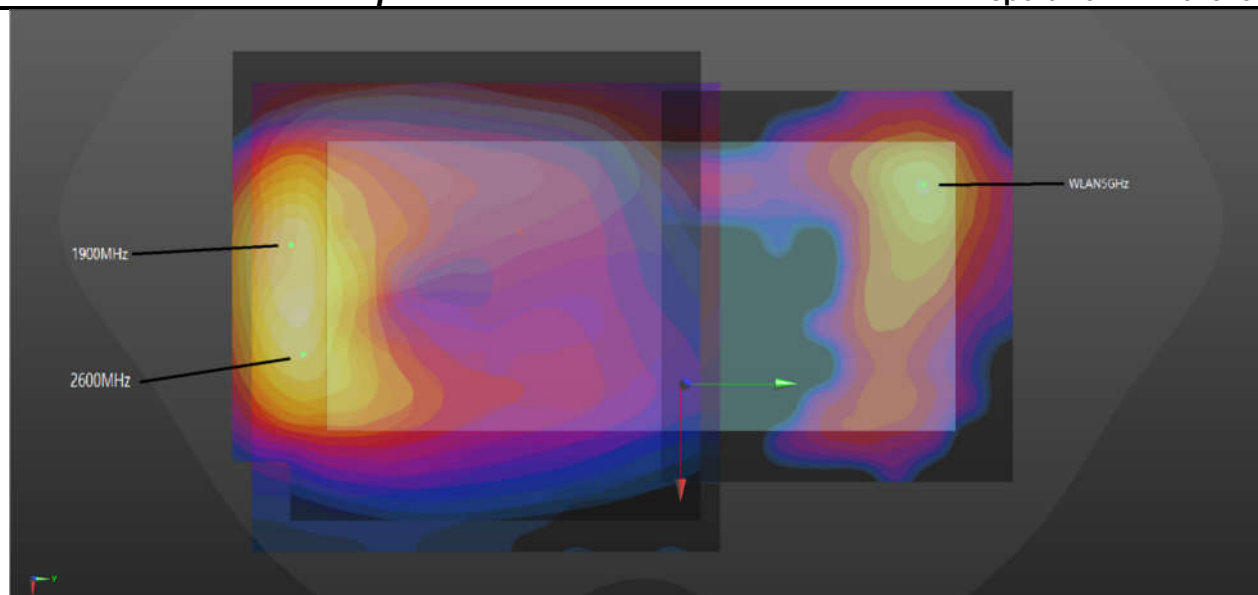
1. When standalone SAR is measured for both antennas in the pair, the peak location separation distance is computed by the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates in the area scans or extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scans, as appropriate.
2. $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)1.5 / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$. If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$ for 1g SAR and $SPLSR \leq 0.10$ for 10g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.



WWAN+WLAN2.4GHz_Back 5mm



WWAN+WLAN5GHz_Back 5mm


WWAN+WLAN5GHz Back 23mm

Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case 1	GSM850	Back	0.95	5	10.4	-79.9	0.62	147.8	1.82	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.873	5	-17.6	65.2	-1.74				
Case 2	GSM850	Back	0.95	5	10.4	-79.9	0.62	155.1	1.67	0.01	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.72	5	-24.4	71.2	0.54				
Case 3	GSM1900	Back	1.43	5	-7.3	-88.4	0.55	154.0	2.30	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.873	5	-17.6	65.2	-1.74				
Case 4	GSM1900	Back	1.43	5	-7.3	-88.4	0.55	160.5	2.15	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.72	5	-24.4	71.2	0.54				
Case 5	WCDMA II	Back	1.319	5	-6.4	-85.5	0.53	151.1	2.19	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.873	5	-17.6	65.2	-1.74				
Case 6	WCDMA II	Back	1.319	5	-6.4	-85.5	0.53	157.7	2.04	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.72	5	-24.4	71.2	0.54				
Case 7	WCDMA V	Back	1.049	5	11.9	-78.3	0.61	146.5	1.92	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.873	5	-17.6	65.2	-1.74				
Case 8	WCDMA V	Back	1.049	5	11.9	-78.3	0.61	153.8	1.77	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.72	5	-24.4	71.2	0.54				
Case 9	LTE Band 2	Back	1.377	5	-6.4	-84	0.53	149.6	2.25	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.873	5	-17.6	65.2	-1.74				



FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : FA162325-01

Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
				(mm)	X	Y	Z				
Case 10	LTE Band 2	Back	1.377	5	-6.4	-84	0.53	156.2	2.10	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.72	5	-24.4	71.2	0.54				
Case 11	LTE Band 7	Back	1.311	5	8.6	-85.8	-0.96	153.3	2.18	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.873	5	-17.6	65.2	-1.74				
Case 12	LTE Band 7	Back	1.311	5	8.6	-85.8	-0.96	160.4	2.03	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.72	5	-24.4	71.2	0.54				
Case 13	LTE Band 26	Back	0.828	5	13.5	-79.9	0.62	148.4	1.70	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.873	5	-17.6	65.2	-1.74				
Case 14	LTE Band 41	Back	1.301	5	21	-83.6	0.67	153.7	2.17	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.873	5	-17.6	65.2	-1.74				
Case 15	LTE Band 41	Back	1.301	5	21	-83.6	0.67	161.3	2.02	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.72	5	-24.4	71.2	0.54				

Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
				(mm)	X	Y	Z				
Case 16	GSM850	Back	0.95	5	10.4	-79.9	0.62	153.3	2.14	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.187	5	-26.2	69	0.57				
Case 17	GSM1900	Back	1.43	5	-12.1	-91	-1.64	160.6	2.62	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.187	5	-26.2	69	0.57				
Case 18	WCDMA II	Back	1.319	5	-10.4	-85.3	-1.67	155.1	2.51	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.187	5	-26.2	69	0.57				
Case 19	WCDMA V	Back	1.049	5	11.9	-78.3	0.61	152.1	2.24	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.187	5	-26.2	69	0.57				
Case 20	LTE Band 2	Back	1.377	5	-10.4	-85.3	-1.67	155.1	2.56	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.187	5	-26.2	69	0.57				
Case 21	LTE Band 7	Back	1.311	5	13.5	-88.5	-1.51	162.4	2.50	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.187	5	-26.2	69	0.57				
Case 22	LTE Band 26	Back	0.828	5	13.5	-79.9	0.62	154.1	2.02	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.187	5	-26.2	69	0.57				
Case 23	LTE Band 41	Back	1.301	5	12.4	-83.2	-1.5	157.0	2.49	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.187	5	-26.2	69	0.57				

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FCC ID : IHDT56ZV4

Issued Date : Aug. 30, 2021

Form version. : 200414

Case 24	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
				(mm)	X	Y	Z				
	GSM850	Back	1.142	23	10.4	-79.9	0.62	153.3	1.88	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.738	23	-26.2	69	0.57				
Case 25	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
				(mm)	X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 41	Back	1.158	23	12.4	-83.2	-1.5	157.0	1.90	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.738	23	-26.2	69	0.57				

Test Engineer : Nick Hu, Seven Xu, Bruce Li

17. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\leq 30\%$, for a confidence interval of $k = 2$. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg and highest measured 10-g SAR is less 3.75W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

18. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.
- [7] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [10] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers", Oct 2015
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [12] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [13] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.

-----THE END-----



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

System Check_Head_835MHz**DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d258**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.936$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.537$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(10.24, 10.24, 10.24) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.927 W/kg

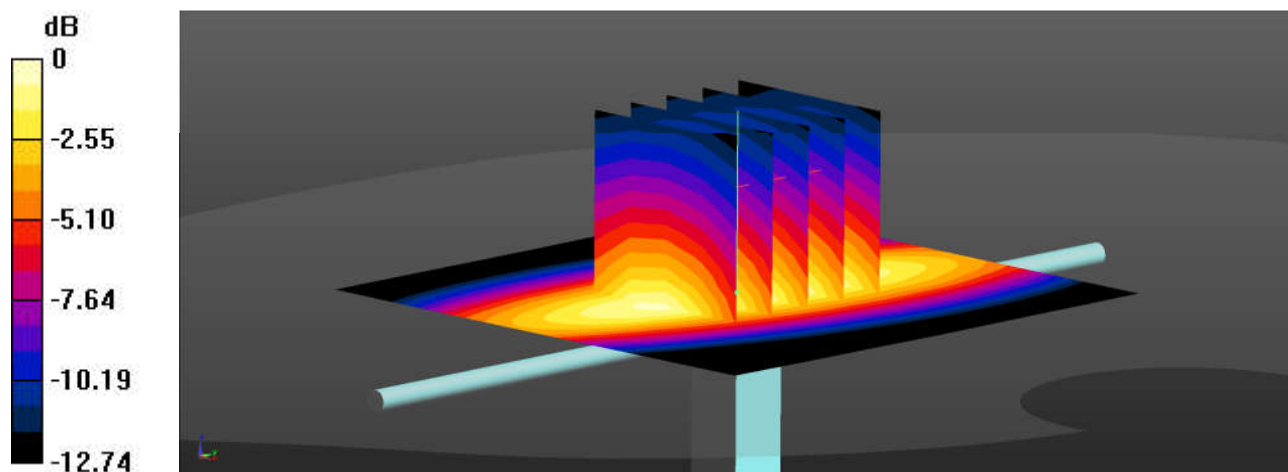
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 32.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.491 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.292 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.925 W/kg



0 dB = 0.925 W/kg = -0.34 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz**DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d170**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.427$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.725$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(8.56, 8.56, 8.56) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.23 W/kg

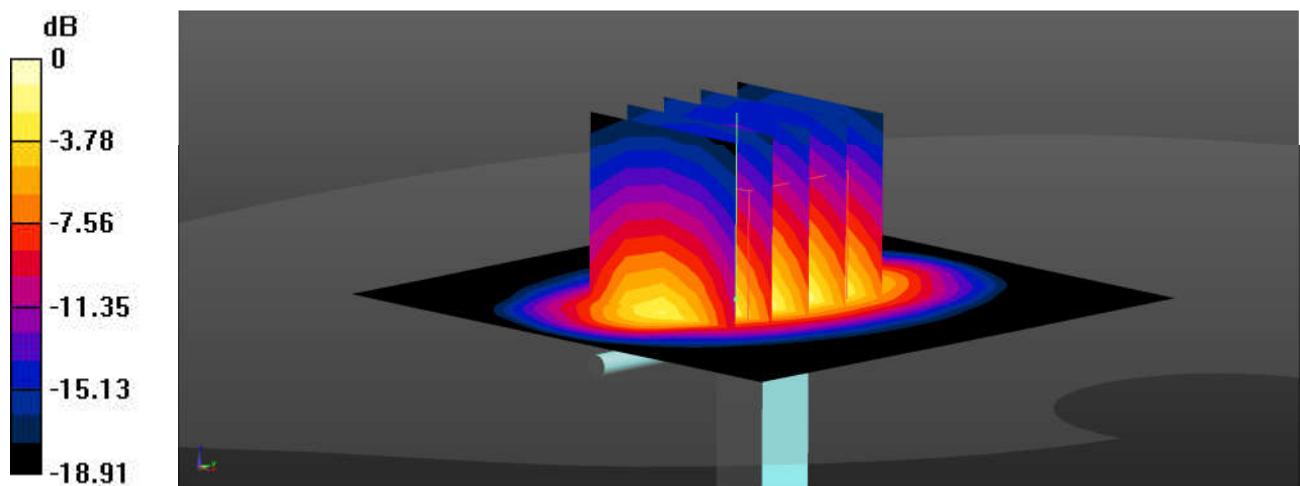
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.93 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.04 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.23 W/kg



0 dB = 3.23 W/kg = 5.09 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2450MHz**DUT: D2450V2 - SN:908**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.775$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.49$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(8.14, 8.14, 8.14) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.04 W/kg

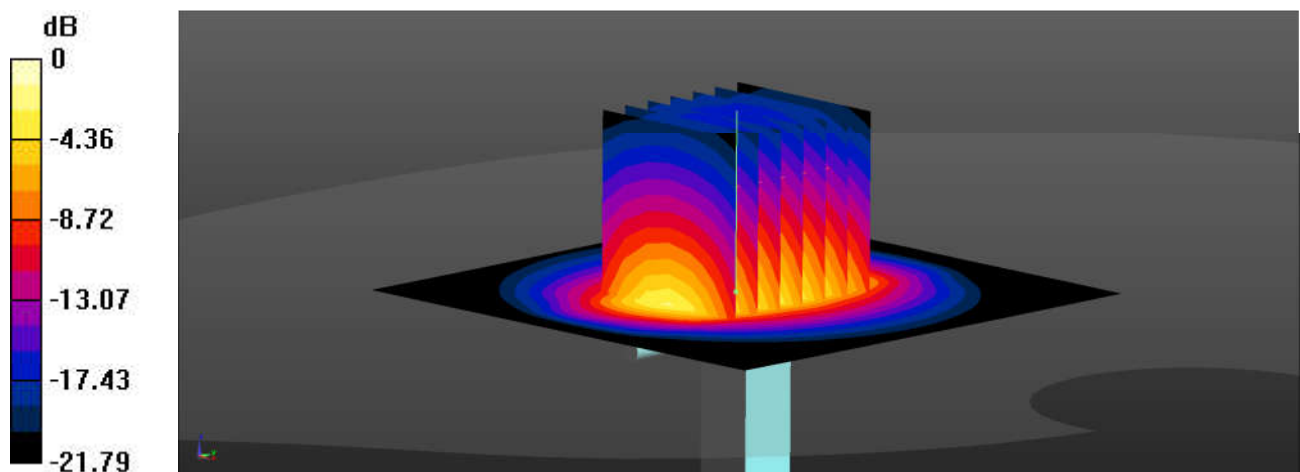
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.97 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.45 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.13 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.01 W/kg



0 dB = 4.01 W/kg = 6.03 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2600MHz**DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.889$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.293$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.35 W/kg

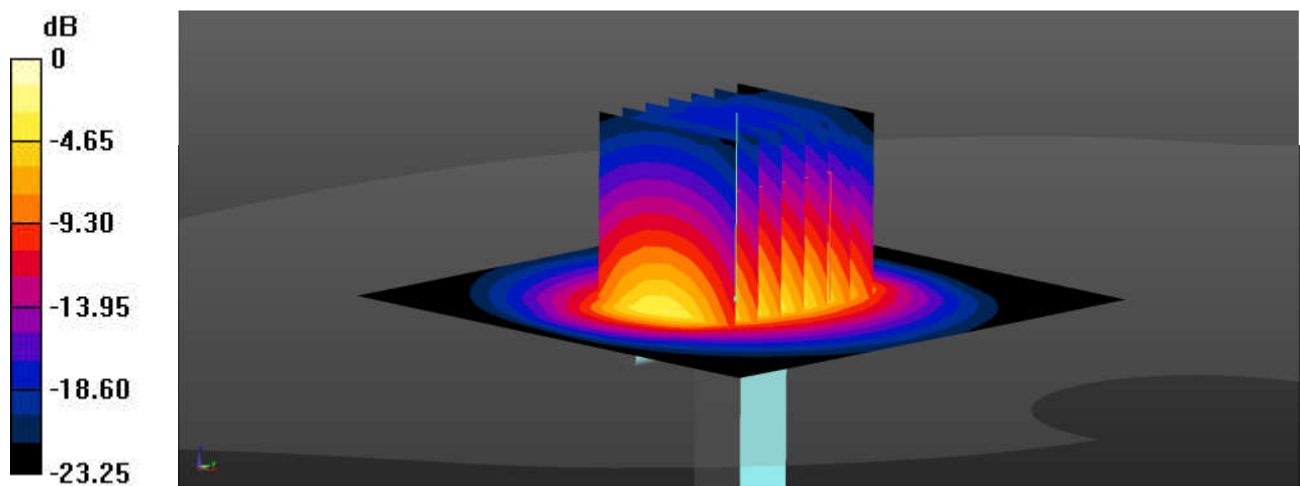
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.16 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.36 W/kg



0 dB = 4.36 W/kg = 6.39 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5250MHz**DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.637$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.499$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(5.55, 5.55, 5.55) @ 5250 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.52 W/kg

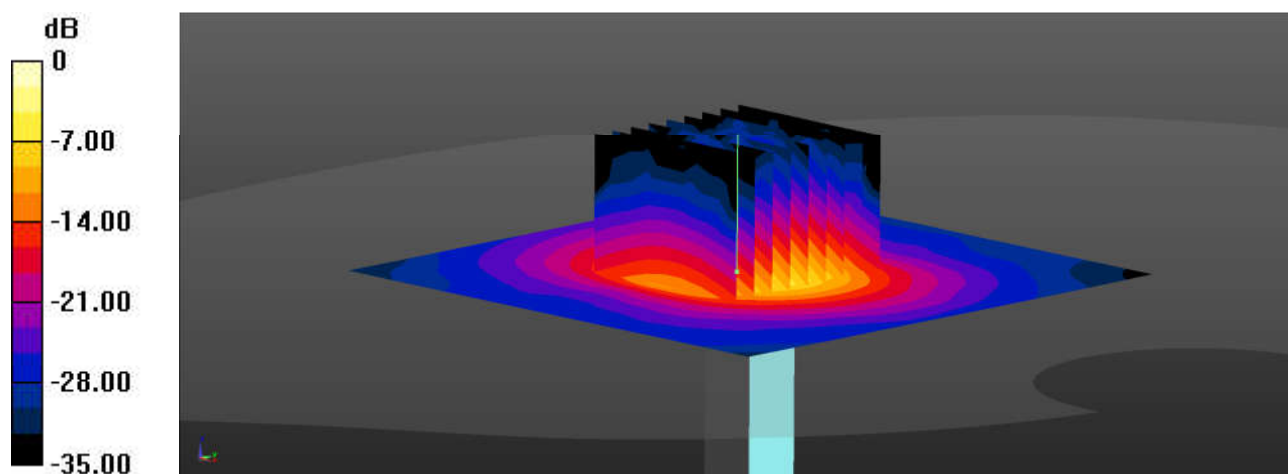
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 48.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.71 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.08 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.07 W/kg



0 dB = 9.07 W/kg = 9.58 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5600MHz**DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.989$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.914$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85) @ 5600 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.59 W/kg

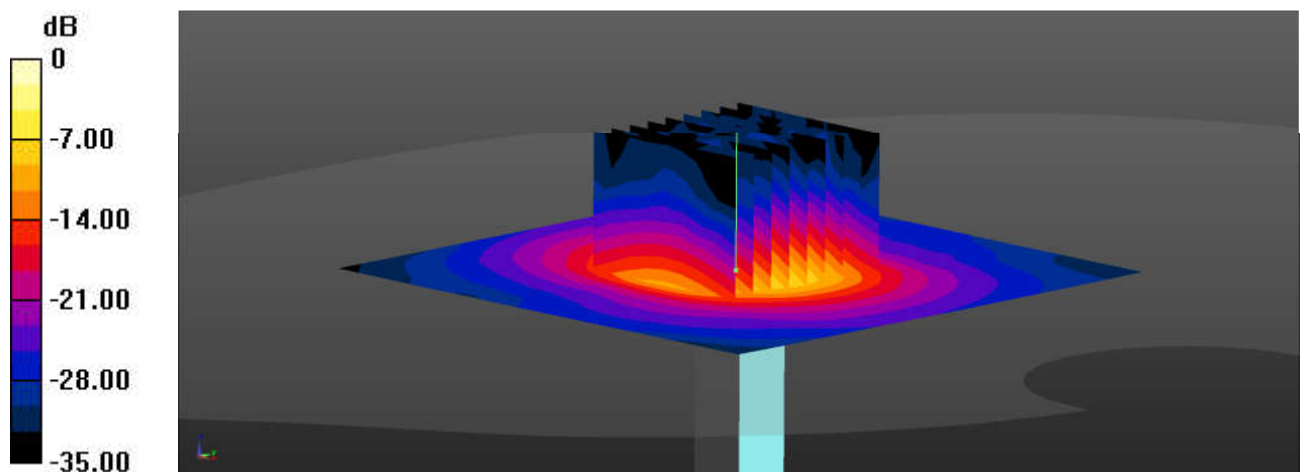
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 49.45 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.91 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.2 W/kg



0 dB = 10.2 W/kg = 10.09 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5750MHz**DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.214$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.621$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(5.07, 5.07, 5.07) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.44 W/kg

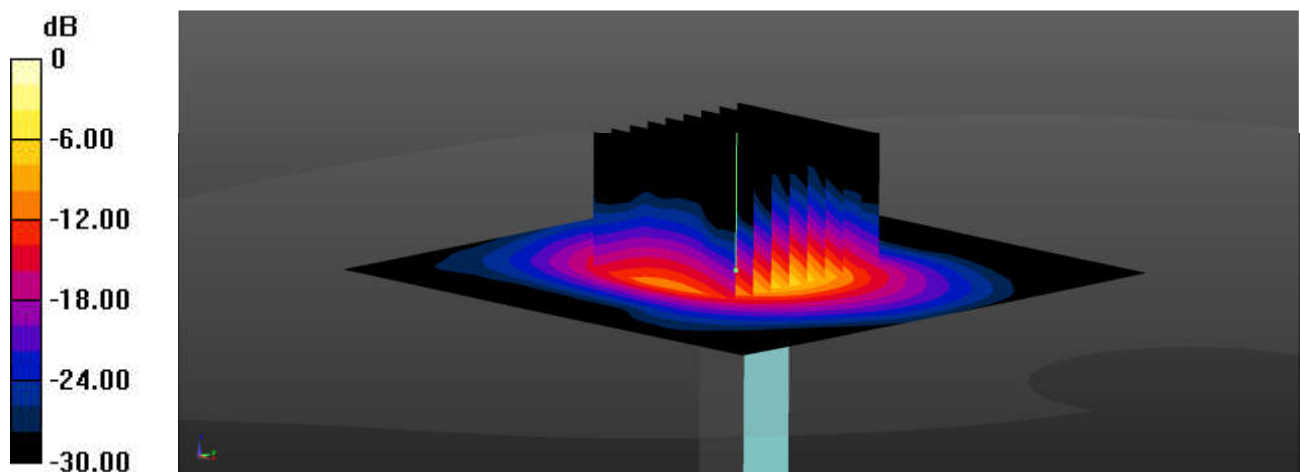
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 45.81 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.71 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.08 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.14 W/kg



0 dB = 9.14 W/kg = 9.61 dBW/kg



Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

01_GSM850_GPRS (2 Tx slots)_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch189

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.937$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(10.24, 10.24, 10.24) @ 836.4 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.281 W/kg

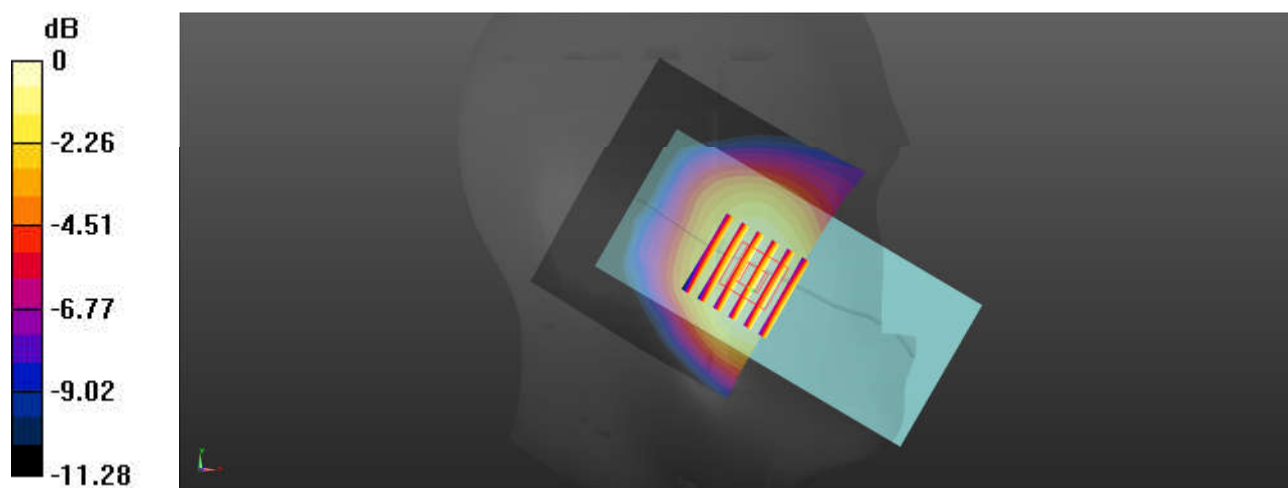
Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.47 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.303 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.234 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.278 W/kg



0 dB = 0.278 W/kg = -5.56 dBW/kg

02_GSM1900_GPRS (3 Tx slots)_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, PCS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.415$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.749$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(8.56, 8.56, 8.56) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0968 W/kg

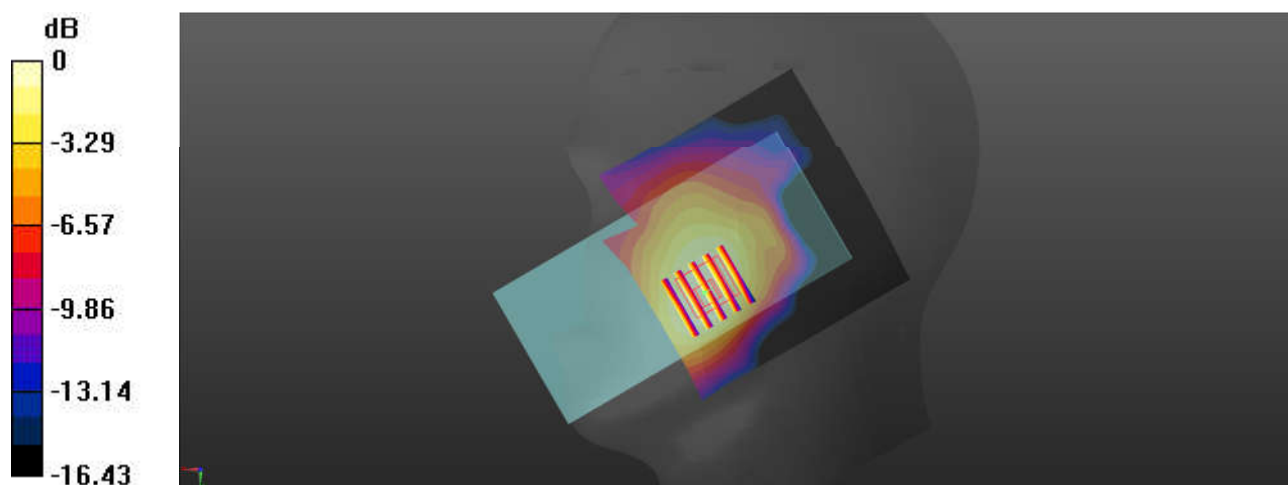
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.531 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.109 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.071 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.046 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0937 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0937 W/kg = -10.28 dBW/kg

03_WCDMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch9400

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.415$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.749$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(8.56, 8.56, 8.56) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.189 W/kg

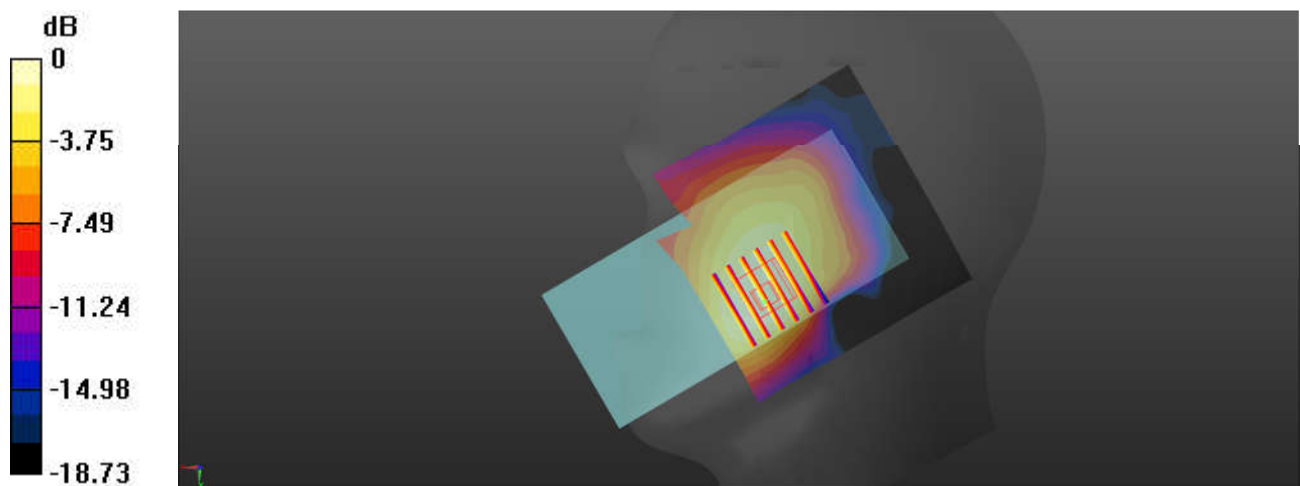
Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.215 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.139 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.091 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.185 W/kg



0 dB = 0.185 W/kg = -7.33 dBW/kg

04_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch4182

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.937$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(10.24, 10.24, 10.24) @ 836.4 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.356 W/kg

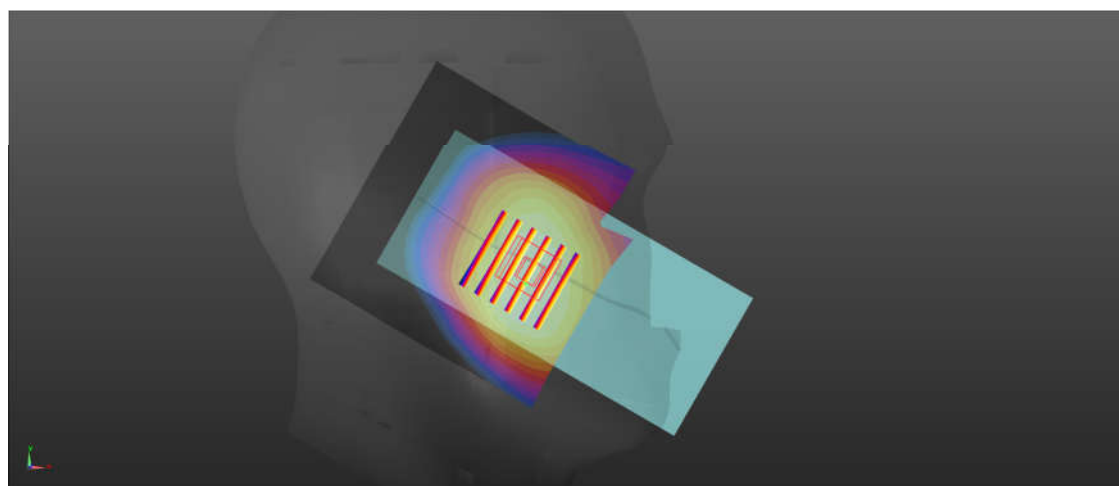
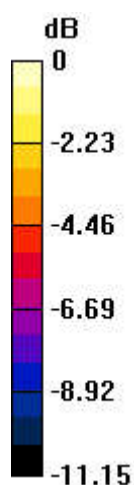
Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.383 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.293 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.350 W/kg



0 dB = 0.350 W/kg = -4.56 dBW/kg