

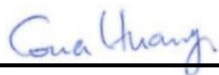
HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY T-COIL TEST REPORT

FCC ID : UZ7TC26AK
Equipment : Touch computer
Brand Name : Zebra
Model Name : TC26AK
T-Rating : T4
Applicant : Zebra Technologies Corporation
1 Zebra Plaza, Holtsville, NY 11742
Manufacturer : Zebra Technologies Corporation
1 Zebra Plaza, Holtsville, NY 11742
Standard : FCC 47 CFR §20.19
ANSI C63.19-2011

The product was received on Jan. 15, 2020 and testing was started from Apr. 29, 2020 and completed on May 05, 2020. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any agency of government.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory
No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)



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Appendix A. Plots of T-Coil Measurement

Appendix B. DASY Calibration Certificate

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History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA010720-01B	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	May 07, 2020

**1. Attestation of Test Results**

Air Interface	Band MHz	T-Rating	Frequency Response	Magnetic Intensity
OTT over UMTS	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over LTE	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 41	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over WiFi	2450	T4	Pass	Pass
	5200	T4	Pass	Pass
	5300	T4	Pass	Pass
	5500	T4	Pass	Pass
	5800	T4	Pass	Pass
Date Tested	2020/04/29 ~ 2020/05/05			

The device is compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.

Reviewed by: Jason Wang

Report Producer: Wan Liu

2. General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Applicant Name	Zebra Technologies Corporation
Equipment Name	Touch computer
Brand Name	Zebra
Model Name	TC26AK
FCC ID	UZ7TC26AK
EUT Stage	Engineering sample
Frequency Band	WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 14: 788 MHz ~ 798 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz WLAN 5.6GHz Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5725 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz NFC : 13.56 MHz
Mode	RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK
Remark: 1. This is a variant report to add VoIP evaluation for TC26AK, others VoLTE and CMRS Voice operation refer to Sporton HAC report, FCC ID: UZ7TC26AK, Report No.: HA010720B.	



Specification of Accessories				
AC Adapter	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	PWR-WUA5V12W0US
AC Adapter	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	PWR-WUA5V12W0EU
Battery 1	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	BT-000409-00
Battery 2	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	BT-000410-50
Battery 3	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	BT-000411-08
USB Cable (TypeA plug to TypeC plug)	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	CBL-TC5X-USBC2A-01
Headset 3.5mm type with PTT/micassy	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	HDST-35MM-PTVP-01
Adapter Cable PTT headset (3.5mm to 3.5mm)	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	CBL-TC51-HDST35-01
Snap on Trigger handle	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	TRG-TC2Y-SNP1-01
Belt Holster	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	SG-TC2Y-HLSTR1-01
Wearable Arm Mount	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	SG-TC2Y-ARMNT-01

Supported Unit Used in Test Configuration and System				
Type C to 3.5mm headset adaptor	Brand Name	Google	Part Number	Pixel-2-2XL



3. Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
Test Site Location	No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.: SAR04-HY

4. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19 2011-version
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v03
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01



5. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band MHz	Type	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
UMTS	Band II	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice ⁽³⁾	No
	Band IV			WLAN, BT		No
	Band V			WLAN, BT		No
	HSPA	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾ / WFC ^(1,2)	No
LTE (FDD)	Band 2	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	VoLTE ⁽³⁾ / Google Duo ⁽¹⁾ / WFC ^(1,2)	No
	Band 4			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 5			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 7			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 12			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 13			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 14			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 17			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 25			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 26			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 66			WLAN, BT		No
LTE (TDD)	Band 41	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	VoLTE ⁽³⁾ / Google Duo ⁽¹⁾ / WFC ^(1,2)	No
Wi-Fi	2450	VD	Yes	GSM,WCDMA,LTE	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾ / WFC ^(1,2)	No
	5200					No
	5300					No
	5500					No
	5800					No
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM,WCDMA,LTE	NA	No

Type Transport:

VO= Voice only

DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)

VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

Remark:

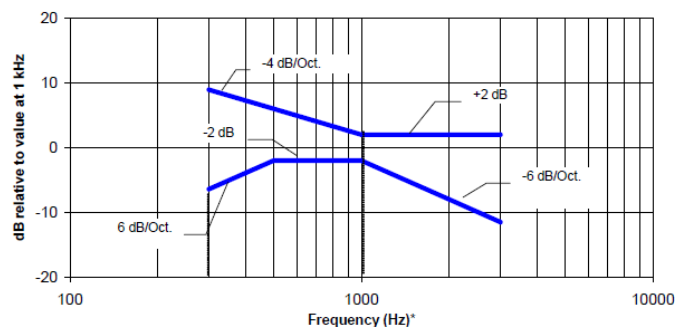
- For protocols not listed in Table 7.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011 or the ANSI C63.19-2011 VoLTE interpretation, the average speech level of -20 dBm0 should be used.
- The Workforce Connect (WFC) is an over-the-top (OTT) – voice services operating over IP, and this voice application was development and pre-installed on a wireless handset by the Zebra Technologies Corporation.
- This is a variant report to add VoIP evaluation for TC26AK, others VoLTE and CMRS Voice operation refer to Sporton HAC report, FCC ID: UZ7TC26AK, Report No.: HA010720B.

6. Measurement standards for T-Coil

6.1 Frequency Response

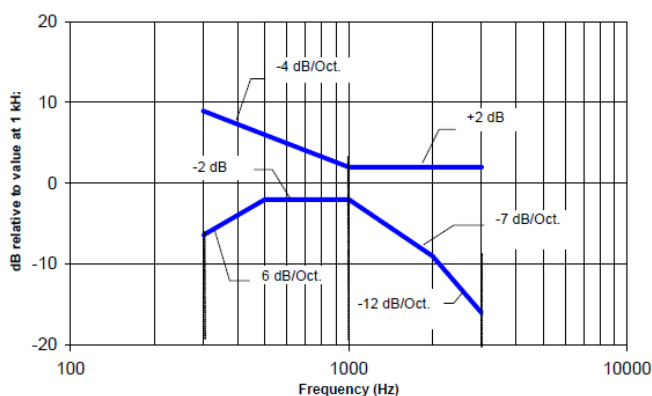
The frequency response of the perpendicular component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz.

Figure 1.1 and Figure 1.2 provide the boundaries as a function of frequency. These response curves are for true field-strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus, the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.



NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.1 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with field strength ≤ -15 dB at 1 KHz



NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.2 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds -15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

6.2 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

This section provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. A device is assessed beginning by determining the category of the RF environment in the area of the T-Coil source.

The RF measurements made for the T-Coil evaluation are used to assign the category T1 through T4. The limitation is given in Table 1. This establishes the RF environment presented by the WD to a hearing aid.

Category	Telephone parameters WD signal quality ((signal + noise) to noise ratio in dB)
Category T1	0 to 10 dB
Category T2	10 to 20 dB
Category T3	20 to 30 dB
Category T4	> 30 dB

Table 1 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories



7. T-Coil Test Procedure

Referenced to ANSI C63.19-2011, Section 7.4

This section describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. In addition to measuring the absolute signal levels, the A-weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. To assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal must be made at the same location for each measurement position. In addition, the RF field strength at each measurement location must be at or below that required for the assigned category.

Measurements shall not include undesired properties from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load, there might still be RF leakage from the WD, which can interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be performed with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well.

Measurement shall be performed at two locations specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 A.3, with the correct probe orientation for a particular location, in a multistage sequence by first measuring the field intensity of the desired T-Coil signal the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired magnetic components (ABM2) must be measured at the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired ABM signals must be calculated. For the perpendicular field location, only the ABM1 frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage.

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining ABM1 and ABM2. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of ABM1.

- a. A validation of the test setup and instrumentation may be performed using a TMFS or Helmholtz coil Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within the specified tolerance.
- b. Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- c. The drive level to the WD is set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (ABM1) at $f = 1$ kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.2, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. The same drive level shall be used for the ABM1 frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.
- d. Determine the magnetic measurement locations for the WD device (A.3), if not already specified by the manufacturer, as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.1.1 and 7.4.4.2.
- e. At each measurement location, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (ABM1 at f_i) as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.2 in each individual ISO 266-1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (f_i) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in item c) and the reading taken for that band.
- f. Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input-output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated probe output, as specified in D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB A/m.)
- g. All Measurements of the desired signal shall be shown to be of the desired signal and not of an undesired signal. This may be shown by turning the desired signal ON and OFF with the probe measuring the same location. If the scanning method is used the scans shall show that all measurement points selected for the ABM1 measurement meet the ambient and test system noise criteria in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- h. At the measurement location for each orientation, measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (ABM2) as specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.4 with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using A-weighting and the half-band integrator. Calculate the ratio of the desired to undesired signal strength (i.e., signal quality).
- i. Obtain the data from the postprocessor, SEMCAD, and determine the category that properly classifies the signal quality based on ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 8.5.

7.1 Test Flow Chart

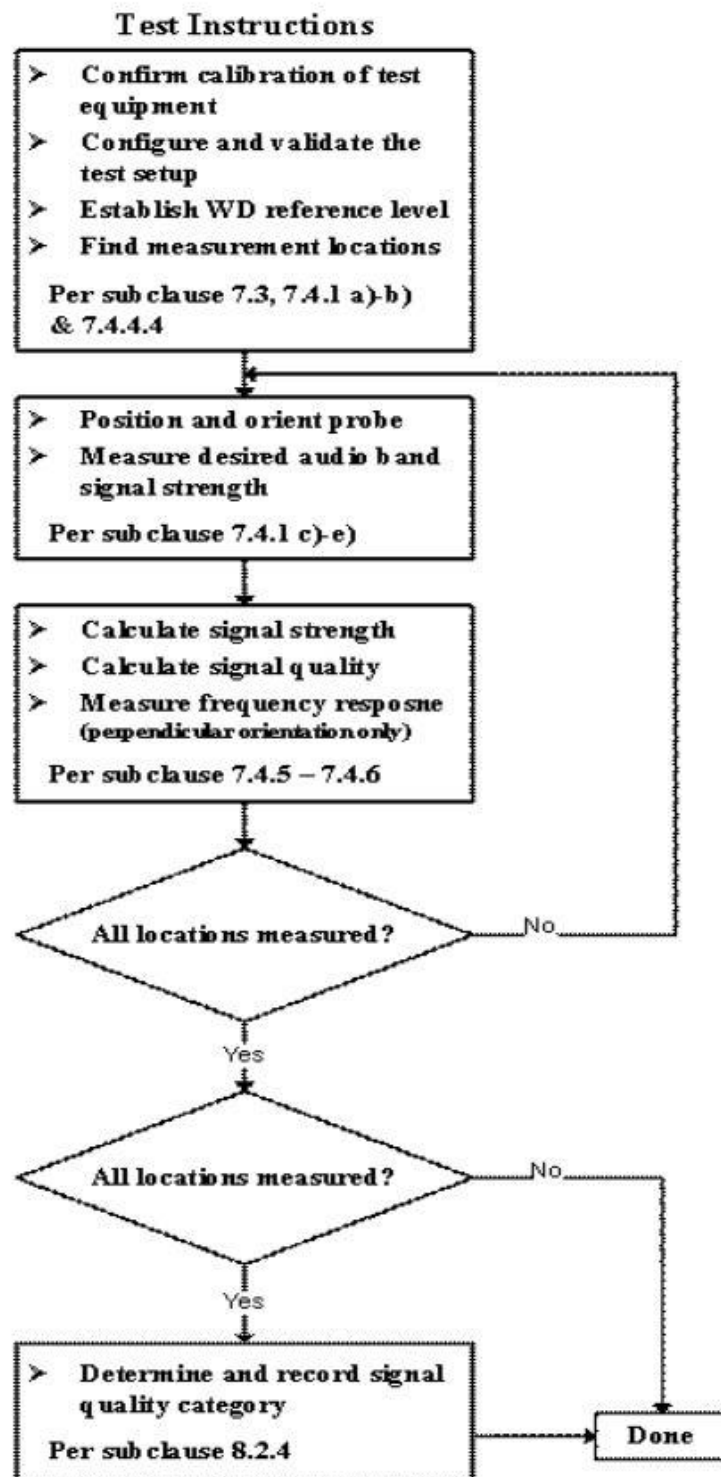
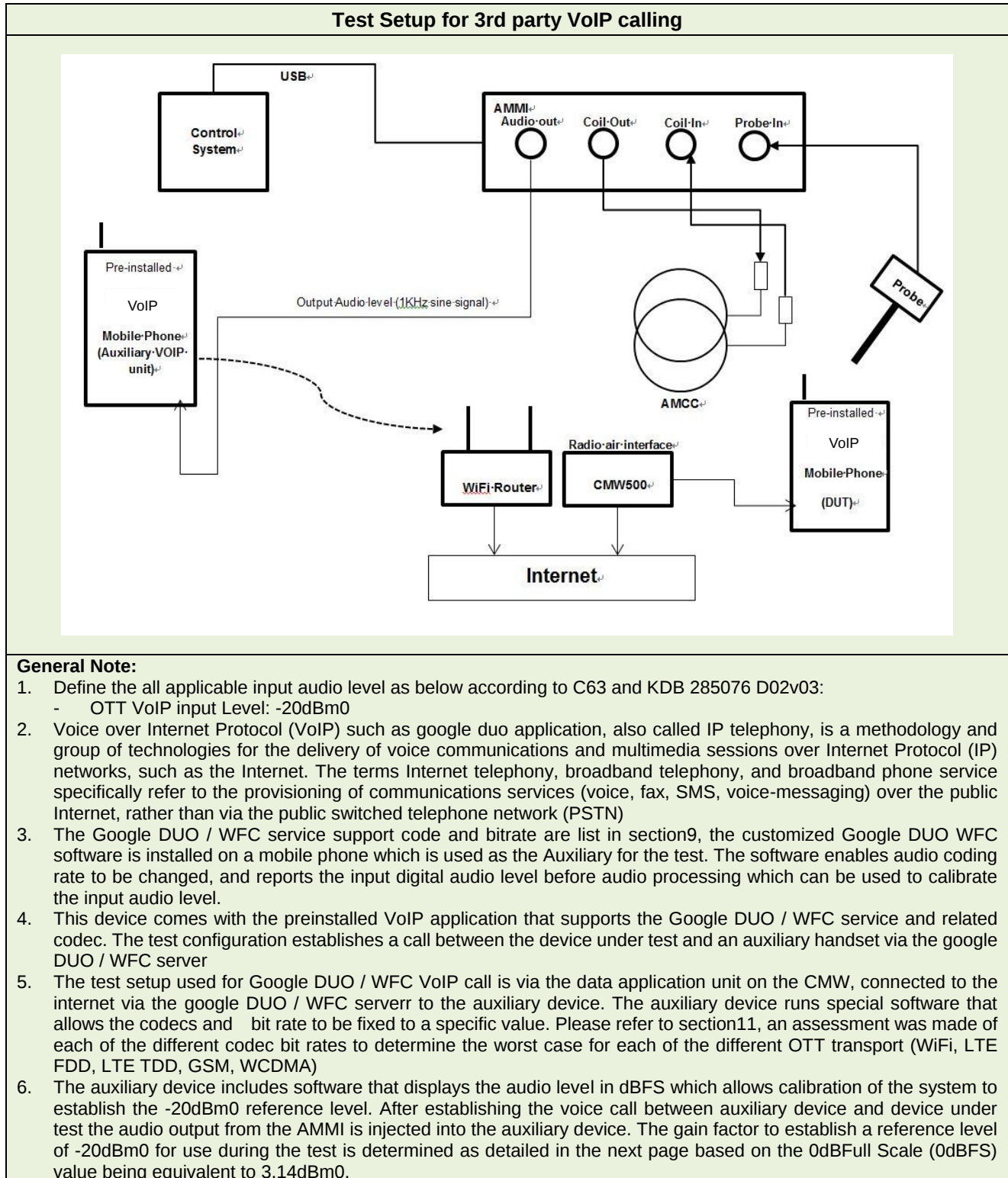


Fig. 2 T-Coil Signal Test flowchart

7.2 Test Setup and Diagram for OTT VoIP – PAG Reuse



<Define the input level for OTT VoIP>

1. The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal
2. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.
3. Input a gain value to readout the -23dBFS level as reference. (0dBFS = 3.14 dBm0)
4. Adjust gain level until to readout the dBFS level until it changes to -24dBFS.
5. Based on the step 1 and 2, and then calculate the gain value(dB) by interpolation to get the -20dBm0 corresponding gain value.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine	---	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

Step	Signal type	Audio out		Target Level		
		Gain value	Gain value (dB)	dBFS	dBm0	
Step 1	1KHz Sine	7.7	17.73 (Ref.)	-23		
Step 2	1KHz Sine	6.8	16.65	-24		
Step 3	1KHz Sine	7.57**	17.58*	-23.14	-20	
Remark	(*) Based on the step 1 and 2 and then via interpolation to get this value.					
	(**) Gain value=10^Gain value(dB)/20					
Signal type		Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain value
1kHz sine			3	0	1	7.57
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav		1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	32.77
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav		2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	64.79
1. According to the gain setting for 1kHz sine wave, determine the gain setting for signals above.						
2. The gain for the specific signal is multiplied by this factor to achieve the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.						

7.3 Description of EUT Test Position

Fig.3 illustrate the references and reference plane that shall be used in a typical EUT emissions measurement. The principle of this section is applied to EUT with similar geometry. Please refer to Appendix C for the setup photographs.

- ◆ The area is 5 cm by 5 cm.
- ◆ The area is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- ◆ The area is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- ◆ The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

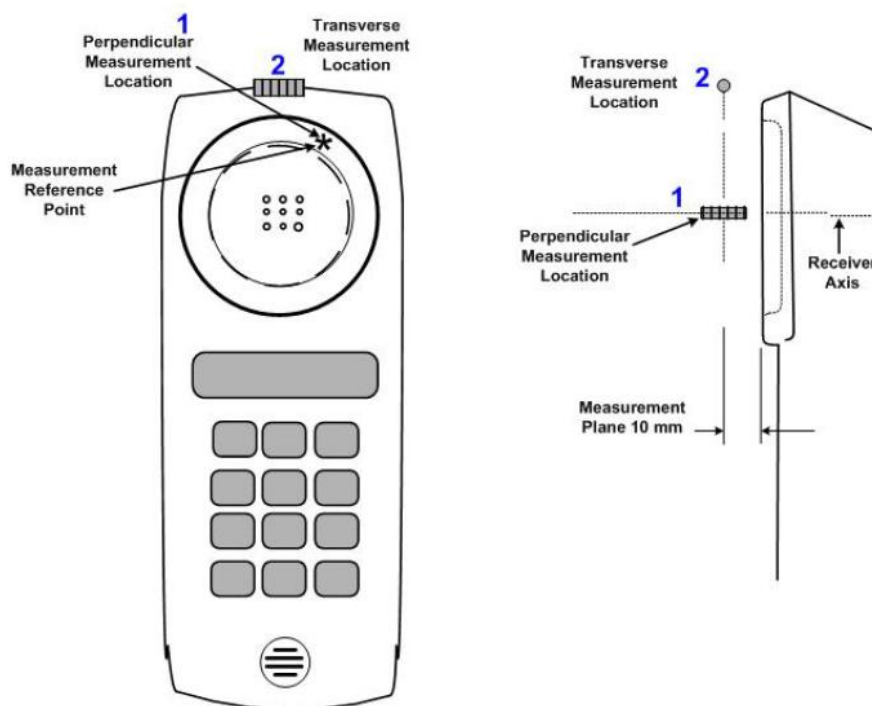


Fig.3 A typical EUT reference and plane for T-Coil measurements

**8. Test Equipment List**

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3130	Nov. 20, 2019	Nov. 19, 2020
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1311	Aug. 27, 2019	Aug. 26, 2020
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	495	May. 21, 2019	May. 20, 2020
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Sep. 17, 2019	Sep. 16, 2020
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1049	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1041	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Testo	Hygro meter	608-H1	45207528	Nov. 18, 2019	Nov. 17, 2020
R&S	Base Station	CMW500	115793	Jun. 04, 2019	Jun. 03, 2020
R&S	Base Station	CMU200	117591	Dec. 09, 2019	Dec. 08, 2020

Note:

1. NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

9. T-Coil testing for OTT VoIP Application

General Notes:

- According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.
- The google Duo and WFC VoIP application are pre-installed on this device. According to KDB 285076 D02, all air interfaces via a data connection with VoIP application need to be considered HAC testing.
- The Google Duo only support OPUS audio codec and support 6Kbps to 75Kbps bitrate and the WFC support G.729/GSM13Kbit/G.722/PCMA64Kbit/PCMU64Kbit codec are list as below table.
- The test setup used for OTT VoIP call is the DUT connect to the CMW500 and via the data application unit on CMW500 connection to the Internet, the Auxiliary EUT is connected to the WiFi access point, the channel/Modulation/Frequency bands/data rate is configured on the CMW500 for the DUT unit. For the Auxiliary VoIP unit which is used to configure the audio codec rate and determine the audio input level of -20dBm0 based on the KDB 285076 D02v03 requirement.
- Codec Investigation:** For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- Air Interface Investigation:**
 - Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface.
 - Select WLAN 2.4GHz and WLAN 5GHz one frequency band to do measurement at the worst SNR position was additionally performed with varying the BWs/Modulations/data rate to verify the variation to find out worst configuration , the observed variation is very little to be within 1 dB which is much less than the margin from the rating threshold.
 - Due to OTT service and CMRS IP service are all be established over the internet protocol for the voice service, and on both services use the identical RF air interface for the LTE, therefore according to VoLTE test results of air interface investigation from original report, Sporton T report, FCC ID: UZ7TC26AK, Report No.: HA010720B, the worst configuration and frequency band of air interface was used for OTT T-Coil testing for LTE.
 -LTE FDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 2/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
 -LTE TDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 41/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size

<Codec Investigation>

HSPA

Google Duo				WFC					Orientation	Band / Channel
Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	G.729	GSM 13Kbit/s	G.722	PCMA 64 Kbit/s	PCMU 64 Kbit/s		
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	15.84	15.8	16.26	9.91	9.15	9.96	8.01	9.51	Axial	UMTS B2 / 9400
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-47.96	-48.16	-48.31	-40.87	-40.37	-40.2	-41.2	-40.7		
Signal Quality (dB)	63.8	63.96	64.57	50.78	49.52	50.16	49.21	50.21		
Freq. Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

LTE FDD

Google Duo				WFC					Orientation	Band / Channel
Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	G.729	GSM 13Kbit/s	G.722	PCMA 64 Kbit/s	PCMU 64 Kbit/s		
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	15.9	15.88	15.97	9.72	9.39	10.37	9.82	9.82	Axial	B2 / 20M / 18900
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-46.93	-47.05	-47.06	-41.01	-39.29	-46.68	-39.78	-40.43		
Signal Quality (dB)	62.83	62.93	63.03	50.73	48.68	57.05	49.6	50.25		
Freq. Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

LTE TDD

Google Duo				WFC					Orientation	Band / Channel
Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	G.729	GSM 13Kbit/s	G.722	PCMA 64 Kbit/s	PCMU 64 Kbit/s		
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	11.19	11.49	11.43	8.29	6.1	6.91	6.53	6.51	Axial	B41 / 20M / 40620
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-42.57	-42.43	-42.67	-37.34	-39.17	-39.87	-39.83	-39.49		
Signal Quality (dB)	53.76	53.92	54.1	45.63	45.27	46.78	46.36	46		
Freq. Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

WLAN

Google Duo				WFC					Orientation	Band / Channel
Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	G.729	GSM 13Kbit/s	G.722	PCMA 64 Kbit/s	PCMU 64 Kbit/s		
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	15.74	15.9	15.85	9.9	9.81	10.55	9.28	10.18	Axial	WLAN2.4G / 6
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-40.29	-40.67	-40.69	-38.26	-37.34	-37.26	-36.83	-37.88		
Signal Quality (dB)	56.03	56.57	56.54	48.16	47.15	47.81	46.11	48.06		
Freq. Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS		

**<Air Interface Investigation>**

Frequency Bands	Modulation	Bandwidth	Data Rate	Channel	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB
WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b	20	1M	6	12.14	-36.22	48.36
	802.11b	20	11M	6	12.10	-36.86	48.96
	802.11g	20	6M	6	12.12	-37.51	49.63
	802.11g	20	54M	6	12.04	-36.77	48.81
	802.11n-HT20	20	MCS0	6	12.15	-36.68	48.83
	802.11n-HT20	20	MCS7	6	12.11	-37.59	49.70
	802.11n-HT40	40	MCS0	6	12.14	-37.45	49.59
	802.11n-HT40	40	MCS7	6	12.16	-37.36	49.52
	802.11ac-VHT20	20	MCS0	6	12.15	-37.53	49.68
	802.11ac-VHT20	20	MCS8	6	12.06	-36.79	48.85
	802.11ac-VHT40	40	MCS0	6	12.14	-37.82	49.96
	802.11ac-VHT40	40	MCS8	6	12.14	-37.49	49.63
WLAN 5GHz	802.11a	20	6M	40	11.13	-38.43	49.56
	802.11a	20	54M	40	11.12	-40.02	51.14
	802.11an-HT20	20	MCS0	40	11.12	-40.36	51.48
	802.11an-HT20	20	MCS7	40	11.12	-40.20	51.32
	802.11an-HT40	40	MCS0	38	11.12	-40.07	51.19
	802.11an-HT40	40	MCS7	38	11.11	-39.61	50.72
	802.11ac-VHT20	20	MCS0	40	11.12	-40.54	51.66
	802.11ac-VHT20	20	MCS8	40	11.09	-40.06	51.15
	802.11ac-VHT40	40	MCS0	38	11.12	-39.95	51.07
	802.11ac-VHT40	40	MCS8	38	11.13	-39.97	51.10
	802.11ac-VHT80	80	MCS0	50	11.12	-39.68	50.80
	802.11ac-VHT80	80	MCS8	50	11.10	-39.45	50.55

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
1	WCDMA II	HSPA	9400	Axial (Z)	8.01	-41.20	49.21	T4	-50.34	0.03	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	4.96	-42.70	47.66	T4	-50.24		
2	WCDMA IV	HSPA	1413	Axial (Z)	7.45	-40.38	47.83	T4	-50.33	0.06	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	8.08	-39.69	47.77	T4	-50.27		
3	WCDMA V	HSPA	4182	Axial (Z)	10.57	-38.13	48.70	T4	-50.38	0.07	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	7.96	-40.11	48.07	T4	-50.24		
4	LTE Band 2	20M_QPSK_1_0	18900	Axial (Z)	9.39	-39.29	48.68	T4	-50.38	0.69	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	4.36	-43.54	47.90	T4	-50.27		
5	LTE Band 41	20M_QPSK_1_0	40620	Axial (Z)	8.60	-39.79	48.39	T4	-50.35	1.59	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	4.69	-40.44	45.13	T4	-50.24		
6	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	6	Axial (Z)	12.77	-37.77	50.54	T4	-50.36	1.28	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	5.26	-41.75	47.01	T4	-50.25		
7	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	40	Axial (Z)	9.06	-39.32	48.38	T4	-50.38	1.42	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	6.17	-41.68	47.85	T4	-50.23		
8	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	60	Axial (Z)	11.53	-39.55	51.08	T4	-50.38	1.34	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	6.13	-42.23	48.36	T4	-50.25		
9	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	124	Axial (Z)	12.56	-38.98	51.54	T4	-50.37	1.16	PASS
				Transversal (Y)	7.25	-41.45	48.70	T4	-50.24		
10	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	157	Axial (Z)	12.35	-38.38	50.73	T4	-50.35	1.1	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	6.41	-42.42	48.83	T4	-50.24		

Remark:

1. Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume
2. The detail frequency response results please refer to appendix A.
3. Test Engineer : Tom Jiang

10. Uncertainty Assessment

The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance. The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 8.2. The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (ABM1)	Ci (ABM2)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM1)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM2)
Probe Sensitivity							
Reference Level	3.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.0 %	± 3.0 %
AMCC Geometry	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
AMCC Current	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Positioning During Calibrate	0.1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
Noise Contribution	0.7	Rectangular	√3	0.0143	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
Frequency Slope	5.9	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.3 %	± 3.5 %
Probe System							
Repeatability / Drift	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity / Dynamic Range	0.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.4 %	± 0.4 %
Acoustic Noise	1.0	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Angle	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %
Spectral Processing	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	0.6	Normal	1	1	5	± 0.6 %	± 3.0 %
Field Disturbance	0.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
Test Signal							
Reference Signal Spectral Response	0.6	Rectangular	√3	0	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
Positioning							
Probe Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
Phantom Thickness	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
EUT Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
External Contributions							
RF Interference	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.3	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %
Test Signal Variation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 4.1 %	± 6.1 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K = 2	
Expanded Uncertainty						± 8.1 %	± 12.3 %

Table 8.2 Uncertainty Budget of audio band magnetic measurement



11. References

- [1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011.
- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v05, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Sep 2017
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v03, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Sep 2017
- [4] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Sep 2017
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook