CTB



TEST REPORT

Product Name: Mini PC 2A8MN-MC1N FCC ID: Trademark: HASEE Model Number: MC1N, MC, MW, ML, MB Prepared For: SHENZHEN HASEE INNOVATION CO., LTD West Zone, Floor 1, Hasee Building, Xintianxia Industrial Park, Banxuegang Industrial Area, Bantian Street, Longgang District, Address: Shenzhen City, China Manufacturer: SHENZHEN HASEE INNOVATION CO..LTD West Zone, Floor 1, Hasee Building, Xintianxia Industrial Park, Banxuegang Industrial Area, Bantian Street, Longgang District, Address: Shenzhen City, China Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd. Prepared By: 1&2/F., Building A, No.26, Xinhe Road, Xinqiao, Xinqiao Street, Bao'an Address: District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Mar. 5, 2025 Sample Received Date: Sample tested Date: Mar. 5, 2025 to May. 19, 2025 Issue Date: May. 19, 2025 CTB25030508001RF04 Report No.: FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 **Test Standards** KDB 789033 V02r01 Test Results PASS This is WIFI-5GHz band radio test report. Remark: Compiled by: Approved by: Reviewed by:

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Note: If there is any objection to the inspection results in this report, please submit a written report to the company within 15 days from the date of receiving the report. The test report is effective only with both signature and specialized stamp. This result(s) shown in this report refer only to the sample(s) tested. Without written approval of Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd. this report can't be reproduced except in full. The tested sample(s) and the sample information are provided by the client. "*" indicates the testing items were fulfilled by subcontracted lab. "#" indicates the items are not in CNAS accreditation scope.



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1. VERSION

Report No.	Issue Date	Description	Approved
CTB25030508001RF04	May. 19, 2025	Original	Valid



2. TEST SUMMARY

The Product has been tested according to the following specifications:

Test Item	Test Requirement	Test method	Result
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (b)(9)	ANSI C63.10-2013	PASS
Radiated Spurious emissions	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.205/15.407(b)	KDB789033v02r01	PASS
Band edge	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.205/15.407(b)	KDB789033v02r01	PASS
Conducted Peak Output Power	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)	KDB789033v02r01	PASS
Emission Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)(e)	KDB789033v02r01	PASS
Power Spectral Density	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)	KDB789033v02r01	PASS
Frequency stability	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (g)	KDB789033v02r01	PASS
Operation in the absence of information to the transmit	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (c)	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E	PASS
Antenna Requirement	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.203	ANSI C63.10-2013	PASS

Remark:

Test according to ANSI C63.10-2013.



Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd. Report No.: 0

3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the Product as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

No.	Item	Uncertainty
1	Occupancy bandwidth	U=±54.3Hz
2	Adjacent channel power	U=±1.3dB
3	Conducted Adjacent channel power	U=±1.38dB
4	Conducted output power Above 1G	U=±1.0dB
5	Conducted output power below 1G	U=±0.9dB
6	Power Spectral Density, Conduction	U=±1.0dB
7	Conduction spurious emissions	U=±2.8dB
8	Out of band emission	U=±54Hz
9	3m camber Radiated spurious emission(30MHz-1GHz)	U=±4.3dB
10	3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(1GHz-18GHz)	U=±4.5dB
11	humidity uncertainty	U=±5.3%
12	Temperature uncertainty	U=±0.59 ℃
13	Supply volyages	U=±3%
14	Time C C C C C	U=±5%
15	Conducted Emission (150KHz-30MHz)	3.2 dB
16	3m camber Radiated spurious emission(9KHz-30MHz)	4.8dB
17	3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(18GHz-40GHz)	3.4dB



4. PRODUCT INFORMATION AND TEST SETUP

4.1 Product Information

Model(s):	MC1N, MC, MW, ML, MB
Model Description:	All the model are the same circuit and RF module, only the model and appearance are different. Test sample model: MC1N
Wi-Fi Specification:	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac
Hardware Version:	V1.0
Software Version:	V1.0
Operation Frequency:	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac(20M): 5150MHz ~5250MHz/ 4 channel IEEE 802.11n/ac(40M): 5150MHz ~5250MHz/ 2 channel IEEE 802.11ac(80M): 5150MHz ~5250MHz/ 1 channel
	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac(20M): 5725MHz ~5850MHz/ 5 channel IEEE 802.11n/ac(40M): 5725MHz ~5850MHz/ 2 channel IEEE 802.11ac(80M): 5725MHz ~5850MHz/ 1 channel
Max. RF output power:	WiFi (5G): 15.398dBm
Type of Modulation:	WiFi (5G): OFDM
Antenna installation:	WiFi (5G): FPC antenna
Antenna Gain:	WiFi (5.2G):2.82dBi WiFi (5.8G):4.63dBi
Ratings:	12V2.5A

4.2 Test Setup Configuration

See test photographs attached in EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS for the actual connections between Product and support equipment.

4.3 Support Equipment

ltem	Equipment	Mfr/Brand	Model/Type No.	Series No.	Note
1.	Keyboard	DELL	KB216t	N/A	AE
2.	Mouse	DELL	MS116c	N/A	AE
3.	Monitor	DELL	SE2218HV	N/A	AE
4.	Router	Huawei	AX2 Pro		AE

Notes:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.

2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.



4.4 Channel List

For 802	.11a/n/ac(20M) Operation	in the 5180MHz ~5240	MHz band
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
36	5180MHz	44	5220MHz
40	5200MHz	48	5240MHz
For 802	.11a/n/ac(20M) Operation	in the 5745MHz ~5825	MHz band
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
149	5745MHz	161	5805MHz
	5765MHz	165	5825MHz
153	57 05IVII 12	100	0020101112

For 802.11n/ac	(40M) Operation	in the 5190MHz ~5230	MHz band
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
38	5190MHz	46	5230MHz
For 802.11n/ac	(40M) Operation	in the 5755MHz ~5795	MHz band
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
151	5755MHz	159	5795MHz

	For 802.1	1ac(80M) Operation	in the 5210 MHz bar	nd
Channel	0'0	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
42	- Cha	5210MHz	NA	NA
~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	For 802.1	1ac(80M) Operation	in the 5775 MHz bar	nd a a a
Channel	0 0	Frequency	O NA C	O NA O
155	4	5775MHz	NA	NA

NOTE: Dutycycle>98%

Test mode	rate
802.11a	54M
802.11n	500M
802.11/ac	500M



4.5 Test Mode

All test mode(s) and condition(s) mentioned were considered and evaluated respectively by performing full tests, the worst data were recorded and reported.

Test Mode	Tx/Rx	RF Channel		
rest mode		Low(L)	Middle(M)	High(H)
802.11a/n/ac(20M)		Channel 36	Channel 40	Channel 48
002.11a/11/ac(20101)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5180MHz	5200MHz	5240MHz
802.11 m/pp(40 M)	5180MHz ~5240 MHz	Channel 38	N/A	Channel 46
802.11n/ac(40M)		5190MHz	N/A	5230MHz
902 11cc(90M)		N/A	Channel 42	N/A
802.11ac(80M)		N/A	5210MHz	N/A
802 11 a/p/aa(20M)		Channel 149	Channel 157	Channel 165
802.11a/n/ac(20M)	5 8 5 8 5 S	5745MHz	5785MHz	5825MHz
$802.11 \text{m/s}_{20}(40 \text{M})$	5745MHz ~5825MHz —	Channel 151	N/A	Channel 159
802.11n/ac(40M)		5755MHz	N/A	5795MHz
802 11cc(80M)		N/A	Channel 155	N/A
802.11ac(80M)	1 8 1 8 1 8 1 S	N/A	5775MHz	N/A

4.6 Test Environment

Humidity(%):	
Atmospheric Pressure(kPa):	101
Normal Voltage(AC):NV	120V
Normal Temperature(°C):NT	23
Low Temperature(°C):LT	
High Temperature(℃):HT	40



5. TEST FACILITY AND TEST INSTRUMENT USED

5.1 Test Facility

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 1&2F., Building A, No. 26, Xinhe Road, Xinqiao, Xinqiao Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. The site and apparatus are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1-1 other equivalent standards.

FCC Test Firm Registration Number: CN1276

5.2 Test Instrument Used

No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Firmware Version	Calibrated until
1	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY52090073	A.14.16	2025/6/28
2	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY56120032		2025/6/28
3	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA MY561200		\	2025/6/28
4	Communication test set	R&S CMW500 108058		V3.5.80	2025/6/28	
5	Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY51289897	A.14.16	2025/6/28
6	Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50140365	A.01.60	2025/6/28
7	Vector signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY47420195	A.01.87	2025/6/28
8	Communication test set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50102567	B.19.07 (E1962B)	2025/6/28
9	2.4 GHz Filter	Shenxiang	MSF2400-2483.5MS-1154	20181015001		2025/6/30
10	5 GHz Filter	Shenxiang	MSF5150-5850MS-1155	20181015001		2025/6/30
11	Filter	Xingbo	XBLBQ-DZA120	190821-1-1		2025/6/30
12	BT&WI-FI Automatic test software	Micowave	MTS8310	Ver. 2.0.0.0	99	~ °
13	Rohde & Schwarz SFU Broadcast Test System	R&S	SFU	101017	\$ \$ \$	2025/6/28
14	Temperature humidity chamber	Hongjing	TH-80CH	DG-15174	9	2025/6/28
15	234G Automatic test software	Micowave	MTS8200	Ver. 2.0.0.0		
16	966 chamber	C.R.T.	966		S /S	2027/6/21
17	Receiver	R&S	ESPI	100362	RF_ATTEN_7 (104489/003)	2025/6/28
18	Amplifier	HP	8447E	2945A02747		2025/6/28
19	Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01838	s / s	2025/6/28
20	TRILOG Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	00869		2025/6/28



21	Double Ridged Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	01911	st Lite	2025/6/28
22	EMI test software	Fala	EZ-EMC	FA-03A2 RE		STO ESTO
23	Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519B	1519B-224		2025/6/28
24	loop antenna	ZHINAN	ZN30900A	GTS534	9	1
25	40G Horn antenna	A/H/System	SAS-574	588		2025/6/28
26	Amplifier	AEROFLEX	Aeroflex	097	9	2025/6/28
27	Power Metter	KEYSIGHT	N1912AP	N/A	A.05.00	2025/6/28

		Continu	uous disturban	се			
No.	Equipment	Equipment Manufacturer M		Serial No.	Firmware version	Calibrated until	
1	843 Shield Room	C/ R/ T	843			2027/6/21	
2	AMN	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESH3-Z5	831551852	\$/ \$	2025/6/30	
3	Pulse limiter	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESH3Z2	357881052		2025/6/28	
4	EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESCI	100428	V4.42.SP3	2025/6/30	
5	Coaxial cable	ZDECL	Z302S	18091904	P	2025/6/30	
6	ISN	Schwarzbeck	NTFM8158	183	<u> </u>	2025/6/30	
7	Voltage sensor	Schwarzbeck	TK 9420	01189	s/ s	2025/10/25	
8	EZ-EMC	Frad	EMC-con3A1.1			ి /ి	
9	Current Probe	FCC	F-52B	199453	\$1.8	2025/5/27	
10	Communication test set	R&S	CMW500	108058	B.19.07 (E1962B)	2025/6/28	
11	Communication test set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50102567	V3.5.80	2025/6/28	

	Radiated emission(No.2 Chamber)										
No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Firmware version	Calibrated until					
1	966 Chamber	C/ R/ T	966	676		2026/11/14					
2	Double Ridged Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120 D	01911	\$ 57 5 ^{\$}	2026/7/07					
3	Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	1471		2025/7/06					
4	Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01838		2025/6/30					
5	Preamplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9743 B	00500	\$ 1 \$	2025/5/23					
6	EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI7	100861		2025/10/25					
7	Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY51289897	A.14.16	2025/6/28					
8	EMI test software	Farad	EZ-EMC		Ver. FARAD-3A1+						
9	Coaxial cable	Rosenberg	8m			2025/10/25					

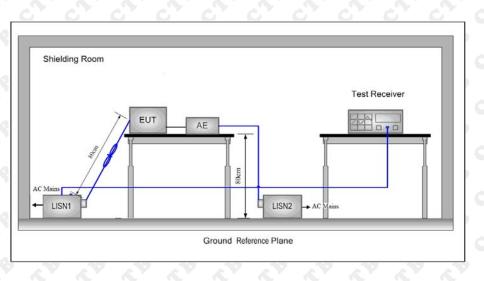


10	Coaxial cable	Times	2m		\$ <u>.</u> }	2025/10/25
11	Coaxial cable	Times	2m 🔿	07 0		2025/10/25
12	Coaxial cable	Times	1m			2025/10/25
13	loop antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519B	1519B-224		2025/6/29
14	Communication test set	R&S	CMW500	108058	B.19.07 (E1962B)	2025/6/28
15	Communication test set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50102567	V3.5.80	2025/6/28



6. AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION

6.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



6.2 Limit

Table 4 – AC power-line conducted emissions limits						
Frequency (MHz)	Conducted limit (dBµV)	Conducted limit (dBµV)				
	Quasi-peak	Average				
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56 ^{Note 1}	56 to 46 ^{Note 1}				
0.5 - 5	56	46				
5 - 30	60	50				

Note 1: The level decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency.

* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

6.3 Test procedure

- 1) The mains terminal disturbance voltage test was conducted in a shielded room.
- 2) The EUT was connected to AC power source through a LISN 1 (Line Impedance Stabilization Network) which provides a $50\Omega/50\mu$ H + 5Ω linear impedance. The power cables of all other units of the EUT were connected to a second LISN 2, which was bonded to the ground reference plane in the same way as the LISN 1 for the unit being measured. A multiple socket outlet strip was used to connect multiple power cables to a single LISN provided the rating of the LISN was not exceeded.
- 3) The tabletop EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the ground reference plane. And for floor-standing arrangement, the EUT was placed on the horizontal ground reference plane,
- 4) The test was performed with a vertical ground reference plane. The rear of the EUT shall be 0,4 m from the vertical ground reference plane. The vertical ground reference plane was bonded to the horizontal ground reference plane. The LISN 1 was placed 0,8 m from the boundary of the unit under



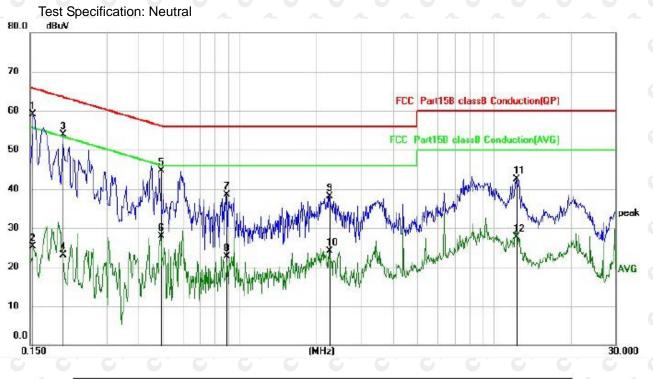
test and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISNs mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance was between the closest points of the LISN 1 and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment was at least 0,8 m from the LISN 2.

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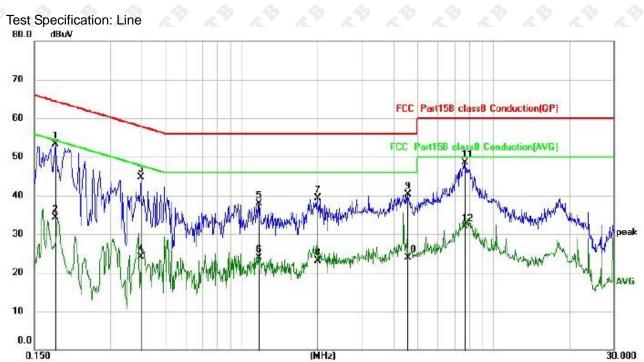
5) In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.10 on conducted measurement.



6.4 Test Result



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector
1	×	0.1539	48.30	10.88	59.18	65.79	-6.61	QP
2		0.1539	14.37	10.88	25.25	55.79	-30.54	AVG
3		0.2020	43.22	10.71	53.93	63.53	-9.60	QP
4		0.2020	12.41	10.71	23.12	53.53	-30.41	AVG
5		0.4900	34.21	10.51	44.72	56.17	-11.45	QP
6		0.4900	17.35	10.51	27.86	46.17	-18.31	AVG
7		0.8860	27.66	10.86	38.52	56.00	-17.48	QP
8		0.8860	11.81	10.86	22.67	46.00	-23.33	AVG
9		2.2418	26.42	11.63	38.05	56.00	-17.95	QP
10		2.2418	12.56	11.63	24.19	46.00	-21.81	AVG
11		12.2299	29.16	13.28	42.44	60.00	-17.56	QP
12		12.2299	14.43	13.28	27.71	50.00	-22.29	AVG



				1				
No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector
1	*	0.1819	42.58	10.78	53.36	64.40	-11.04	QP
2		0.1819	23.53	10.78	34.31	54.40	-20.09	AVG
3		0.3980	34.10	10.57	44.67	57.90	-13.23	QP
4		0.3980	13.63	10.57	24.20	47.90	-23.70	AVG
5		1.1700	26.92	11.06	37.98	56.00	-18.02	QP
6		1.1700	12.83	11.06	23.89	46.00	-22.11	AVG
7		1.9858	27.74	11.57	39.31	56.00	-16.69	QP
8		1.9858	11.59	11.57	23.16	46.00	-22.84	AVG
9		4.5537	28.10	12.14	40.24	56.00	-15.76	QP
10		4.5537	11.80	12.14	23.94	46.00	-22.06	AVG
11		7.6779	35.46	13.01	48.47	60.00	-11.53	QP
12		7.6779	18.84	13.01	31.85	50.00	-18.15	AVG

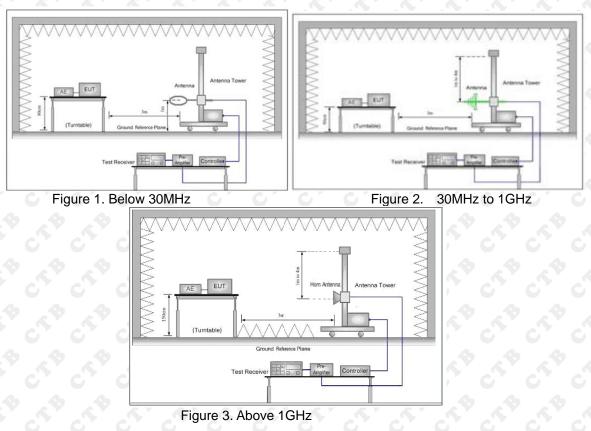
Remark:

- 1. Factor = Cable loss + LISN factor, Margin = Limit Level
- All modes were tested at AC 120V and 240V, only the worst result of AC 120V 60Hz was reported.
 All the test modes completed for test. Only the worst result of was reported.



7. RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

7.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



7.2 Limit

Spurious Emissions:

Frequency	Field strength (dBµV/m)	Remark	Measurement distance (m)
0.009MHz-0.490MHz	20log 2400/F (kHz) + 80	Quasi-peak	3
0.490MHz-1.705MHz	20log 24000/F (kHz) + 40	Quasi-peak	3
1.705MHz-30MHz	20log 30 + 40	Quasi-peak	3
30MHz-88MHz	40.0	Quasi-peak	3
88MHz-216MHz	43.5	Quasi-peak	3
216MHz-960MHz	46.0	Quasi-peak	3
960MHz-1GHz	54.0	Quasi-peak	3
Above 1GHz	54.0	Average	3

Note: 15.35(b), Unless otherwise specified, the limit on peak radio frequency emissions is 20dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. This peak limit applies to the total peak emission level radiated by the device.



If radiated measurements are performed, field strength is then converted to EIRP as follows: (i) EIRP = $((E^*d)^2) / 30$ where:

- E is the field strength in V/m;
- d is the measurement distance in meters;
- EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power in watts.
- (ii) Working in dB units, the above equation is equivalent to: EIRP[dBm] = E[dB μ V/m] + 20 log(d[meters]) - 104.77
- $EIRP[dBm] = E[dB\mu V/m] + 20 \log(d[meters]) 104.77$ (iii) Or, if d is 3 meters:

 $E[RP[dBm] = E[dB\mu V/m] - 95.2$

7.3 Test procedure

Below 1GHz test procedure as below:

a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.

b.The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.

c.The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.

d.For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rota table table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.

e.The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

f.If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

Above 1GHz test procedure as below:

g.Different between above is the test site, change from Semi- Anechoic Chamber to fully Anechoic Chamber and change form table 0.8 meter to 1.5 meter(Above 18GHz the distance is 1 meter and table is 1.5 meter). h.Test the EUT in the lowest channel ,the middle channel ,the Highest channel

j.Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.

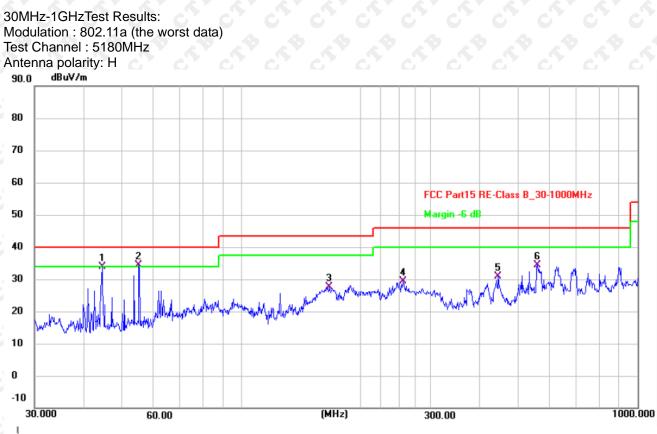
Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Remark
0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Peak	10kHz	30KHz	Peak
0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Average	10kHz	30KHz	Average
0.090MHz-0.110MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30KHz	Quasi-peak
0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Peak	10kHz	30KHz	Peak
0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Average	10kHz	30KHz	Average
0.490MHz -30MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak
30MHz-1GHz	Quasi-peak	120 kHz	300KHz	Quasi-peak
Above 4011-	Peak	1MHz	3MHz	Peak
Above 1GHz	Peak	1MHz	10Hz	Average

Receiver set:

1. The EUT was pretested with 3 orientations placed on the table for the radiated emission measurement -X, Y, and Z-plane. The X-plane results were found as the worst case and were shown in this report.

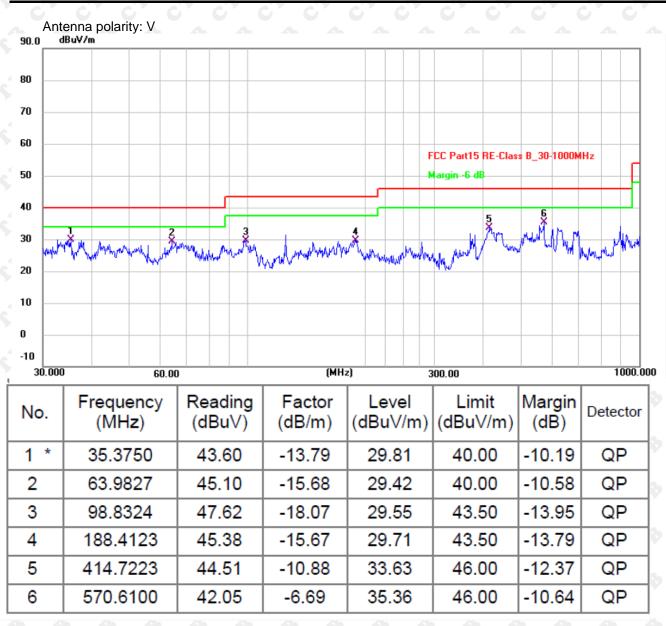


7.4 Test Result



		-					
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	44.4307	47.46	-13.46	34.00	40.00	-6.00	QP
2 *	55.0274	48.56	-14.19	34.37	40.00	-5.63	QP
3	166.6511	41.39	-13.68	27.71	43.50	-15.79	QP
4	255.6230	43.86	-14.56	29.30	46.00	-16.70	QP
5	444.8514	41.08	-10.16	30.92	46.00	-15.08	QP
6	558.7300	41.56	-7.06	34.50	46.00	-11.50	QP





Remark: Factor = Cable lose + Antenna factor - Pre-amplifier; Margin = Measurement - Limit

1. The margin of 9K-30MH measurement exceeds 20dB, so the test chart is not included. Test Mode: 802.11a20 (the worst)



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Radiated Spurious Emission (Above 1GHz):

Freq (MHz)	Rd_level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over (dB)	detector	Height	Degree	Antenna polarizatior
4	8 4	4	0 0	Channel:	5180MHz	40	40 4		4 4
10360	39.99	16.39	56.38	74	-17.62	РК	1.10	354	н
10360	26.41	16.39	42.80	54	-11.20	AV	1.18	207	R HR
10360	41.18	16.39	57.57	74	-16.43	РК	1.10	280	V
10360	26.76	16.39	43.15	54	-10.85	AV	1.02	105	v
•	\$ \$		\$ \$	Channel:	5240MHz		\$ \$		2 2
10480	39.99	16.11	56.10	74	-17.90	РК	1.69	81	н
10480	25.94	16.11	42.05	54	-11.95	AV	1.27	23	<u>к</u> , йк,
10480	40.93	16.11	57.04	74	-16.96	РК	1.79	203	V
10480	25.99	16.11	42.10	54	-11.90	AV O	1.71	26	v
\$	6		\$ \$	Channel:	5745MHz		•		
11490	40.76	17.46	58.22	74	-15.78	PK	1.49	351	н
11490	26.02	17.46	43.48	54	-10.52	AV	1.21	76	с н
11490	41.37	17.46	58.83	74	-15.17	РК	1.61	344	V
11490	25.31	17.46	42.77	54	-11.23	AV	1.09	298	v
4	8	49	e e	Channel:	5825MHz	40	4 4		4 4
11650	41.28	17.57	58.85	74	-15.15	PK	1.14	281	н
11650	25.08	17.57	42.65	54	-11.35	AV	1.12	356	<u>д</u> о н д
11650	39.99	17.57	57.56	74	-16.44	РК	1.77	96	v
11650	27.17	17.57	44.74	54	-9.26	AV	1.83	168	S VS

Modulation : 802.11(a) (the worst data)



Freq (MHz)	Rd_level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over (dB)	detector	Height	Degree	Antenna polarization
	Y AY	< <u> </u>	Y KY	Channel:	5190MHz	6 K		C.Y	~ ~ ~
10380	39.54	16.34	55.88	74	-18.12	РК	1.32	62	H
10380	25.34	16.34	41.68	54	-12.32	AV	1.67	40	Н
10380	40.61	16.34	56.95	74	-17.05	PK	1.70	108	∕ v ∕s
10380	26.64	16.34	42.98	54	-11.02	O AV O	1.14	181	V
8 a	× ~ ~ .	2 x	V ZV	Channel:	5230MHz	2 A	8 al		2 2
10460	40.98	16.15	57.13	74	-16.87	PK	1.04	54	Ĥ
10460	27.05	16.15	43.20	54	-10.80	AV	1.14	51	Н
10460	40.66	16.15	56.81	74	-17.19	РК	1.13	268	S V S
10460	26.86	16.15	43.01	54	-10.99	O AV O	1.84	254	V
8 2	\$ <u>\$</u>	2° 6	\$ <u>\$</u>	Channel:	5755MHz	29	9 2		2 2
11510	41.66	17.49	59.15	74	-14.85	РК	1.47	87	H
11510	27.17	17.49	44.66	54	-9.34	AV	1.53	202	, Ч
11510	41.96	17.49	59.45	74	-14.55	РК	1.75	92	V V
11510	26.28	17.49	43.77	54	-10.23	O AV O	1.33	312	V
×	×	5 5		Channel:	5795MHz	5° 6			5 5
11590	40.74	17.52	58.26	74	-17.79	РК	1.05	189	н
11590	27.90	17.52	45.42	54	-15.74	AV	1.31	85	н
11590	39.08	17.52	56.60	74	-17.40	РК	1.57	103	V V
11590	25.72	17.52	43.24	54	-10.76	AV	1.58	57	v



Freq (MHz)	Rd_level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over (dB)	detector	Height	Degree	Antenna polarizatior
N A		SY S		Channel:	5210MHz	S. A			SY SY
10420	41.78	16.25	58.03	74	-15.97	PK	1.46	279	SH S
10420	27.60	16.25	43.85	54	-10.15	AV	1.24	29	н
10420	41.98	16.25	58.23	74	-15.77	РК	1.10	95	V
10420	26.92	16.25	43.17	54	-10.83	AV	1.22	48	v
8 2	× 2 × 1	A 6	\$ ~\$	Channel:	5775MHz	29	A 2	2	24 24
11550	41.79	17.50	59.29	74	-14.71	PK	1.76	307	н
11550	25.74	17.50	43.24	54	-10.76	AV	1.54	164	н
11550	40.07	17.50	57.57	74	-16.43	РК	1.65	256	v
11550	26.68	17.50	44.18	54	-9.82	AV	1.60	91	v v

Remark:

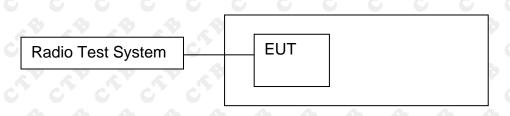
1.Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier. Emission level = Reading Result + Factor, Margin = Emission level - Limits

2. The EUT was tested in the low, high channel and the worst case position data was reported.

3.Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, other than listed in the table above are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.



- 8. BAND EDGE
- 8.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



8.2 Limit

(1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.

(2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.

(3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.

(4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band: All emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.

(5) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.

(6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.

8.3 Test procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.

2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.

3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 1 MHz with a convenient frequency span.

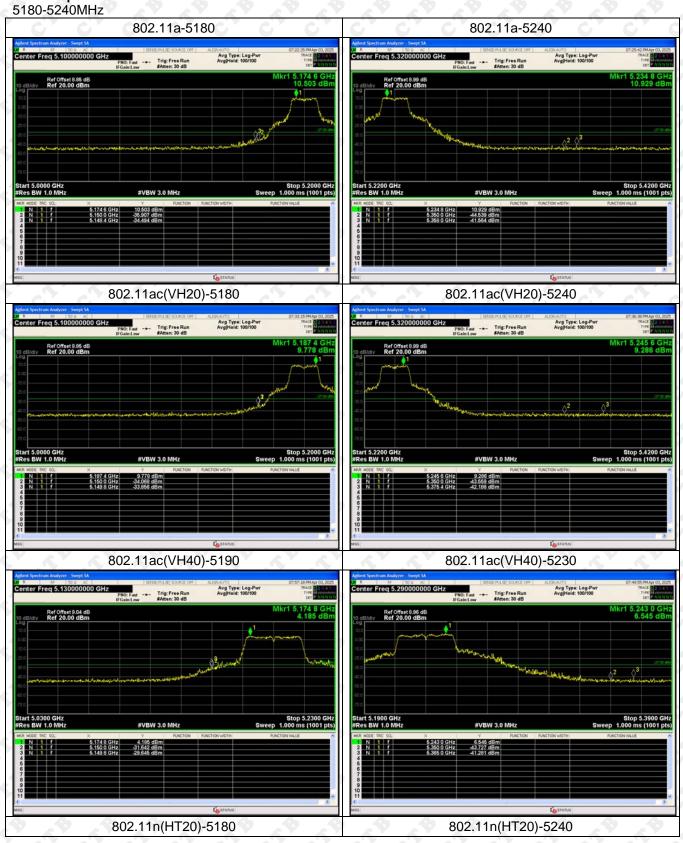
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.

5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

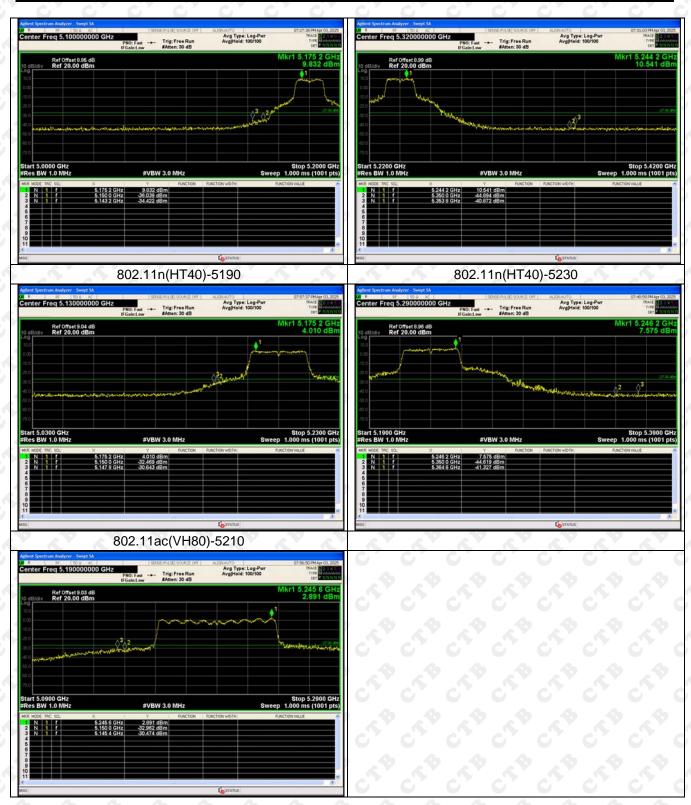


8.4 Test Result

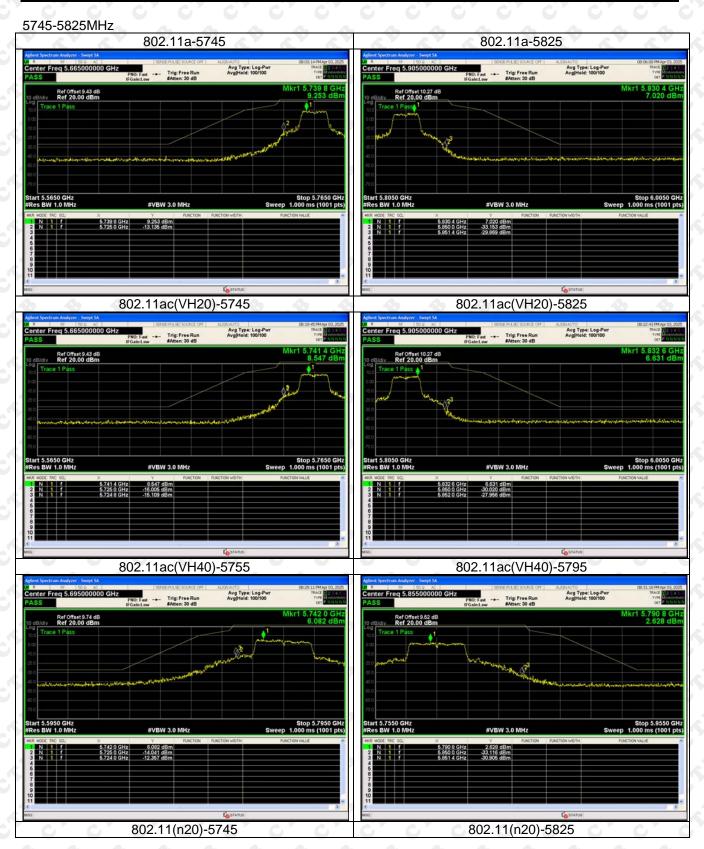
Test Graph











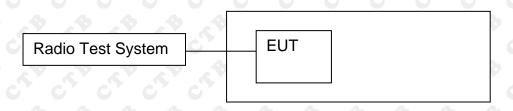






9. CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

9.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



9.2 Limit

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p.

at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm). (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(4) The maximum conducted output power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage.

(5) The maximum power spectral density is measured as a conducted emission by direct connection of a calibrated test instrument to the equipment under test. If the device cannot be connected directly, alternative techniques acceptable to the Commission may be used. Measurements in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band are made over a reference bandwidth of 500 kHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. Measurements in the 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and the 5.47-5.725 GHz bands are made over a



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bandwidth of 1 MHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. A narrower resolution bandwidth can be used, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth.

(h) Transmit Power Control (TPC) and Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS).

(1) Transmit power control (TPC). U-NII devices operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band and the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall employ a TPC mechanism. The U-NII device is required to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the mean EIRP value of 30 dBm. A TPC mechanism is not required for systems with an e.i.r.p. of less than 500 mW.

9.3 Test procedure

According to KDB789033 D02v02r01 sectionE, the following is the measurement procedure.

(i) Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.

(ii) Set RBW = 1 MHz.

(iii) Set VBW ≥ 3 MHz.

(iv) Number of points in sweep $\ge 2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}$. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is $\le \text{RBW}/2$, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)

(v) Sweep time = auto.

(vi) Detector = power averaging (rms), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.

(vii) If transmit duty cycle < 98%, use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. Transmitter must operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle \ge 98%, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to "free run."

(viii) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.

(ix) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the spectrum.



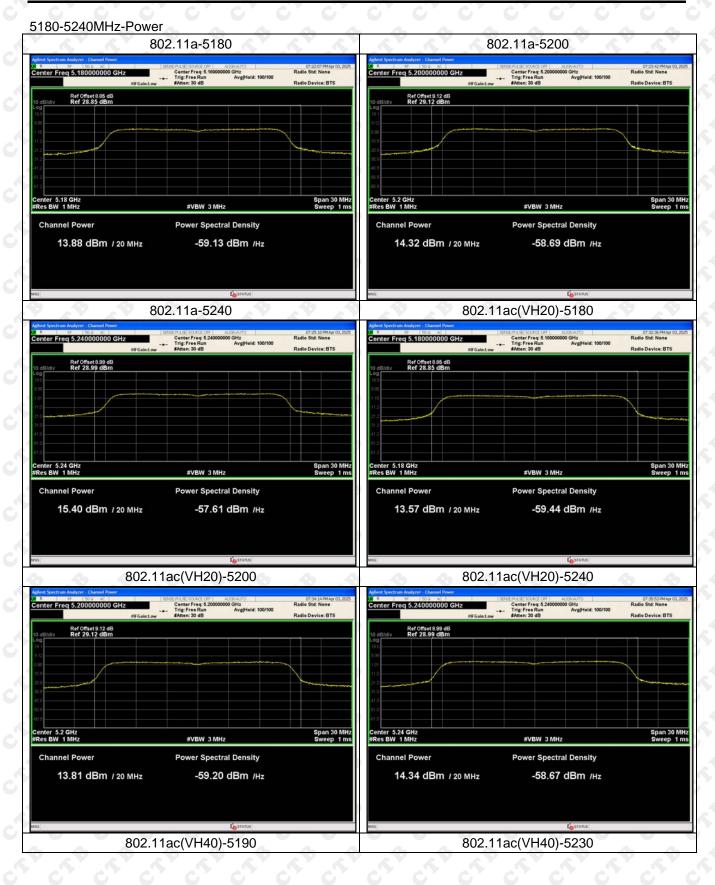
Report No.: CTB25030508001RF04

9.4 Test Result

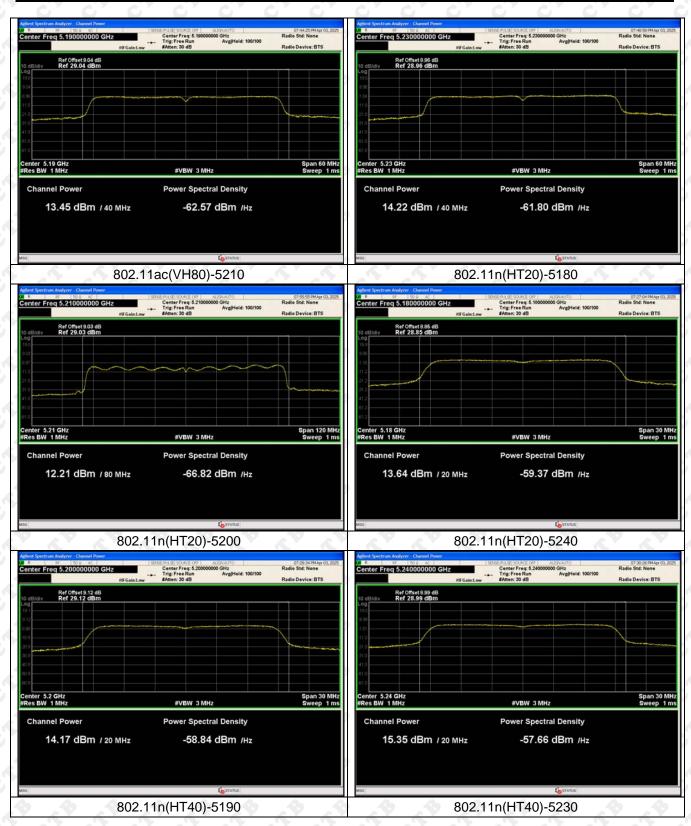
Test mode1	Test Channel (MHz)	Output Power dBm	Limit dBm
\circ \circ \circ	5180	13.882	23.98
802.11a20	5200	14.318	23.98
	5240	15.398	23.98
5 A A	5180	13.567	23.98
802.11ac20	5200	13.809	23.98
	5240	14.344	23.98
902 11 10	5190	13.45	23.98
802.11ac40	5230	14.22	23.98
802.11ac80	5210	12.214	23.98
6 6 6	5180	13.642	23.98
802.11n(HT20)	5200	14.172	23.98
	5240	15.352	23.98
000 44 m/LIT40)	5190	13.849	23.98
802.11n(HT40)	5230	14.327	23.98

Test mode1	Test Channel (MHz)	Output Power dBm	Limit dBm		
	5745	13.152	30		
802.11a20	5785	11.28	30		
	5825	12.127	30		
S . S . S	5745	12.933	30		
802.11ac20	5785	11.189	30		
	5825	12.063	30		
000 110010	5755 0 0	12.505	30 0		
802.11ac40	5795	10.715	30		
802.11ac80	5775	11.688	30		
A A	5745	12.806	30		
802.11n(HT20)	5785	11.104	30		
	5825	12.015	30		
000 44 m (UT 40)	5755	12.734	30		
802.11n(HT40)	5795 0 0	10.878	30 0		

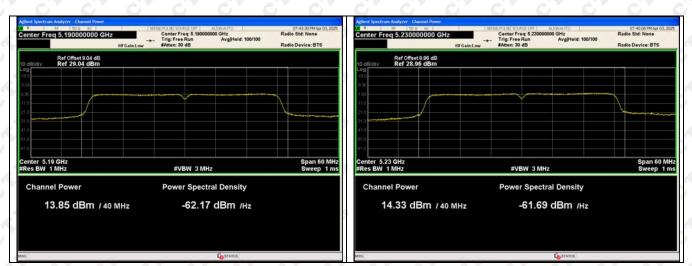




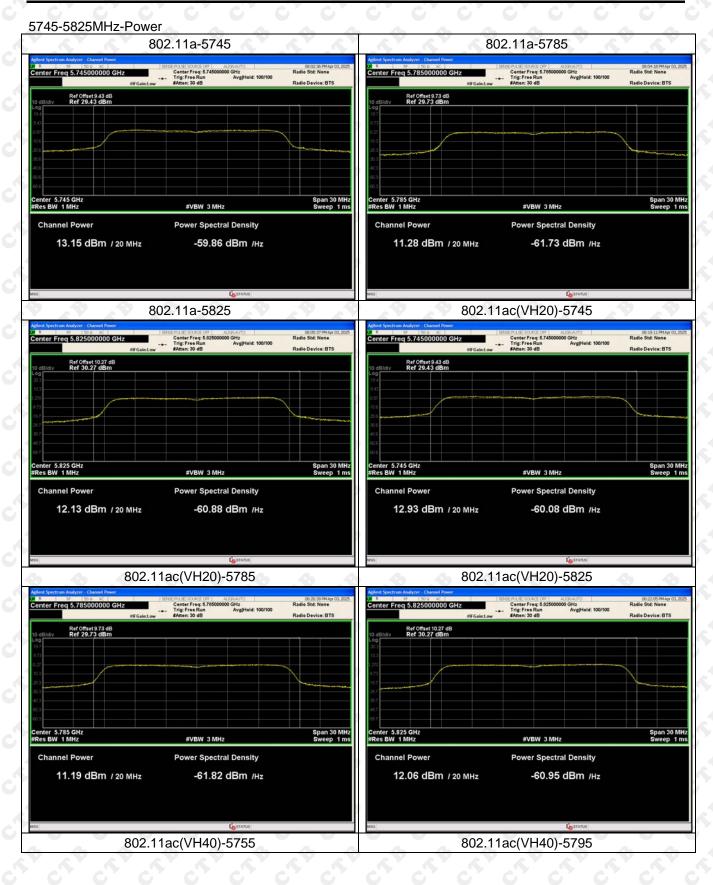




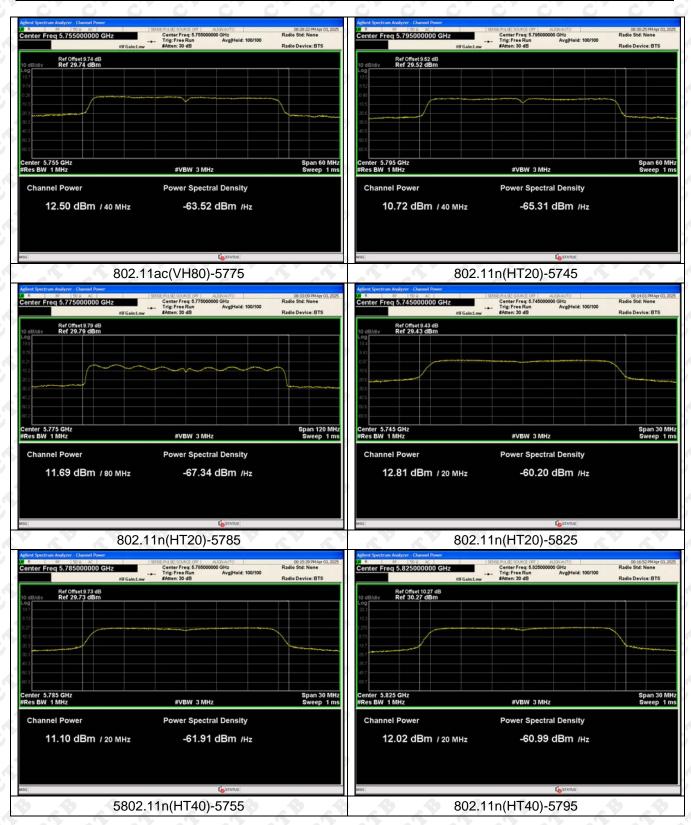






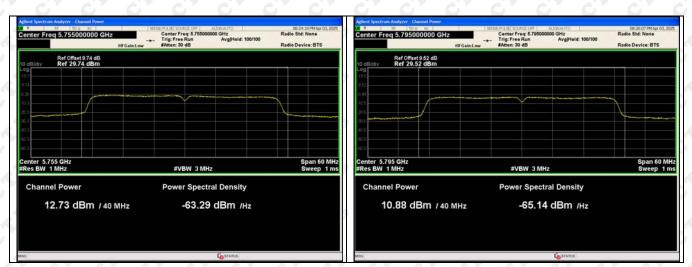








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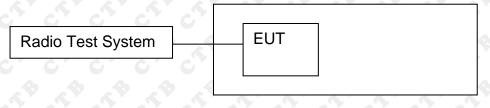


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10. EMISSION BANDWIDTH& OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

10.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



10.2 Limits

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

(e) Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

10.3 Test Procedure

According to KDB789033 D02v02r01 sectionE, the following is the measurement procedure.

1. Emission Bandwidth (EBW)

- a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
- b) Set the VBW > RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.

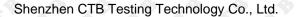
e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

2. Minimum Emission Bandwidth for the band 5.725-5.85 GHz

Section 15.407(e) specifies the minimum 6 dB emission bandwidth of at least 500 kHz for the band 5.725–5.85 GHz. The following procedure shall be used for measuring this bandwidth:

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \geq 3 * RBW.

c) Detector = Peak.



- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.

g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Note: The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver may be employed if it implements the functionality described in this section. For devices that use channel aggregation refer to III.A and III.C for determining emission bandwidth.

D. 99% Occupied Bandwidth

The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. Measurement of the 99% occupied bandwidth is *required* only as a condition for using the optional band-edge measurement techniques described in II.G.3.d). Measurements of 99% occupied bandwidth may also optionally be used in lieu of the EBW to define the minimum frequency range over which the 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 Page 4 spectrum is integrated when measuring maximum conducted output power as described in II.E. However, the EBW must be measured to determine bandwidth dependent limits on maximum conducted output power in accordance with Section 15.407(a). The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99%) power bandwidth:

1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.

2. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.

3. Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW

4. Set VBW ≥ 3 * RBW

5. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.

6. Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).

7. If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in power units. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% occupied bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.



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10.4 Test Results

Test mode	Test Channel	26dB Bandwidth		
Test mode	(MHz)	(MHz)		
0'0'0	5180	21.066		
802.11a	5200	20.985		
A A	5240	20.95		
0 0 0	5180	20.988		
802.11ac20	5200	21.542		
2 2 0	5240	21.158		
802.11ac40	5190	42.396		
002.11aC40	5230	42.083		
802.11ac80	5210	79.326		
	5180	20.782		
802.11n(HT20)	5200	20.901		
0'0'0	5240	20.825		
902 11p(UT40)	5190	40.062		
802.11n(HT40)	5230	40.607		

Test mode	Test Channel (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)		
	5745	16.535		
802.11a	5785	16.509		
	5825	16.538		
	5745	17.772		
802.11ac20	5785	17.76		
	5825	17.749		
000 44 40	5755	35.805		
802.11ac40	5795	36.498		
802.11ac80	5775	75.891		
2	5745	17.783		
802.11n(HT20)	5785	17.787		
	5825	17.793		
000 44 × (UT 40)	5755	36.494		
802.11n(HT40)	5795	36.516		



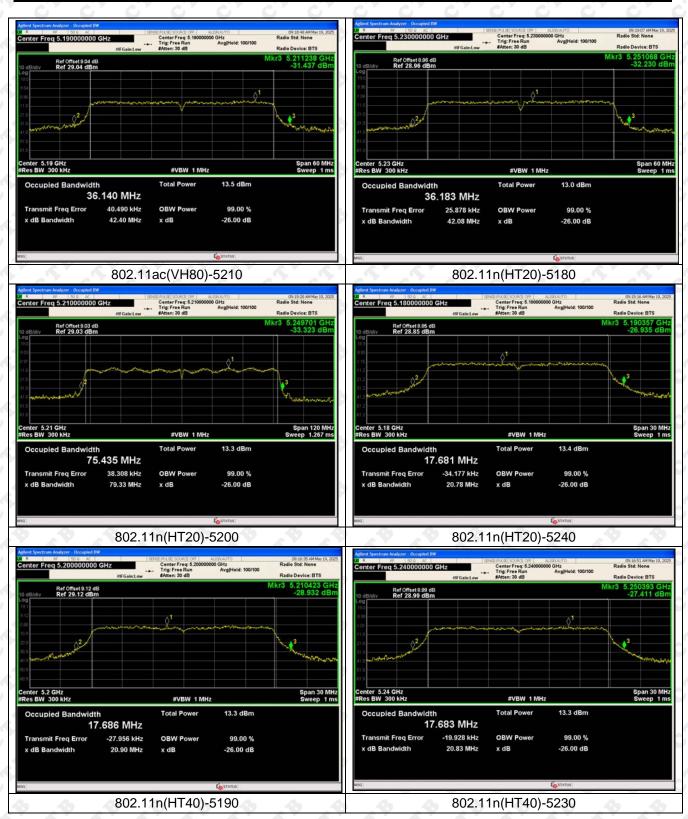
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Test Graph





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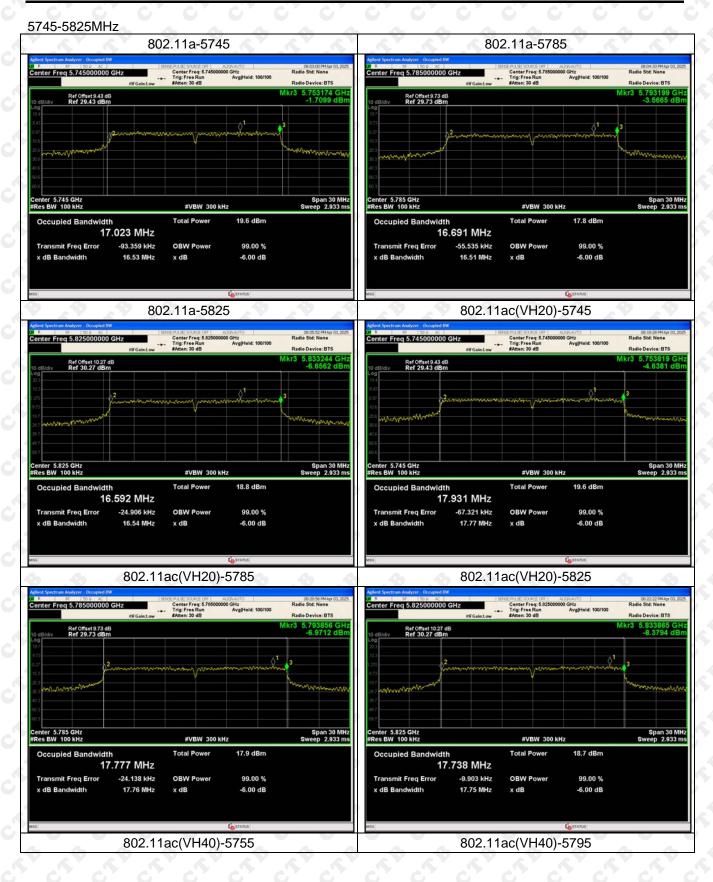


Report

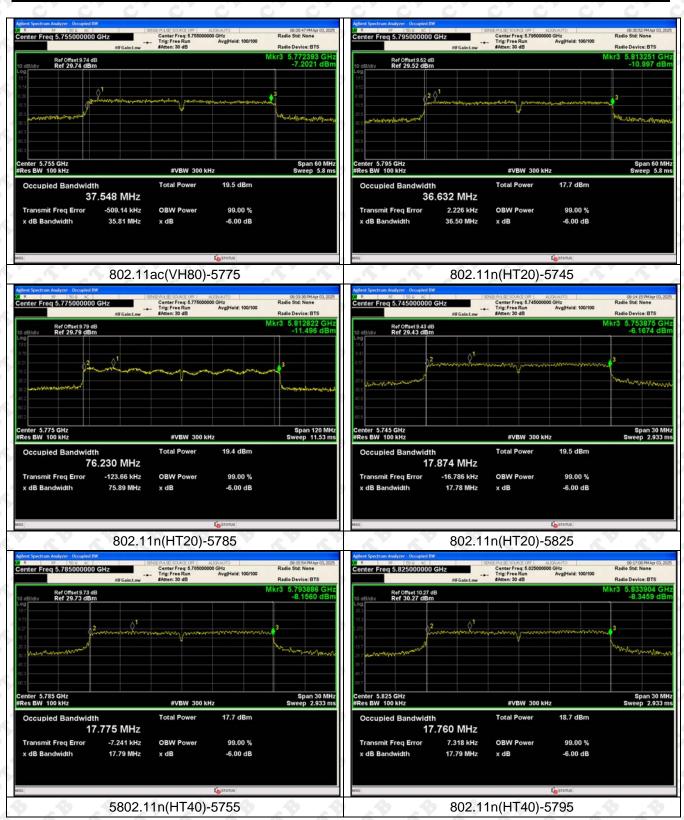






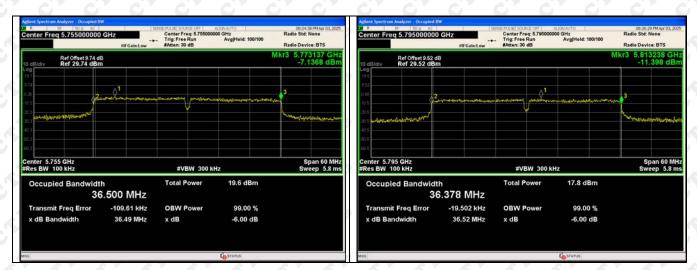








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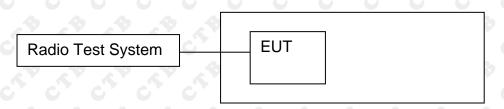


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11. POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

11.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



11.2 Limit

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

11.3 Test procedure

According to KDB789033 D02v02r01 sectionE, the following is the measurement procedure.

For devices operating in the bands 5.15–5.25 GHz, 5.25–5.35 GHz, and 5.47–5.725 GHz, the preceding procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference bandwidth specified in Section 15.407(a)(5). For devices operating in the band 5.725–5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of RBWs less than 1 MHz, or 500 kHz, "provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth" to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 kHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:

a) Set RBW $\geq 1/T$, where T is defined in II.B.I.a).

b) Set VBW ≥ 3 RBW.

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c) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add 10 log (500 kHz/RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (<500 kHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.

d) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add 10 log (1MHz/RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 1 MHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.

e) Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100 kHz for the II.F.5.c) and II.F.5.d), since RBW=100 kHz is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.



11.4 Test Result

Test mode	Test Channel (MHz)	PSD [dBm/MHz]	Limit [dBm/MHz]	Result
C' C' C	5180	2.981	11	Pass
802.11a	5200	3.576	11	Pass
ດີ ດີ ເ	5240	4.543	11	Pass
4 4	5180	2.291	A 11 A	Pass
802.11ac(VH20)	5200	2.539	11	Pass
0 0 0	5240	3.102	11	Pass
000 11 00()//// 140)	5190	-0.732	11	Pass
802.11ac(VH40)	5230	0.182	11	Pass
802.11ac(VH80)	5210	-1.433	11	Pass
× × ×	5180	2.369	11	Pass
802.11n(HT20)	5200	2.926	11	Pass
	5240	4.105	11	Pass
902.14 m(HT40)	5190	-0.695	11	Pass
802.11n(HT40)	5230	0.547	11	Pass

Test mode	Test Channel (MHz)	PSD [dBm/500kHz]	Limit [dBm/MHz]	Result
\$ \$ \$	5745	-0.477	30	Pass
802.11a	5785	-2.207	30	Pass
	5825	-1.038	30	Pass
V V V	5745	-1.13	30	Pass
802.11ac(VH20)	5785	-2.833	30	Pass
	5825	-1.785	30	Pass
000 44 co()/1140)	5755	-4.241	30	Pass
802.11ac(VH40)	5795	-6.505	S 30 S	Pass
802.11ac(VH80)	5775	-5.915	30	Pass
	5745	-0.975	30	Pass
802.11n(HT20)	5785	-2.836	30	Pass
	5825	-1.6	30	Pass
000.44 m (UT40)	5755	-3.808	30	Pass
802.11n(HT40)	5795	-6.269	30	Pass



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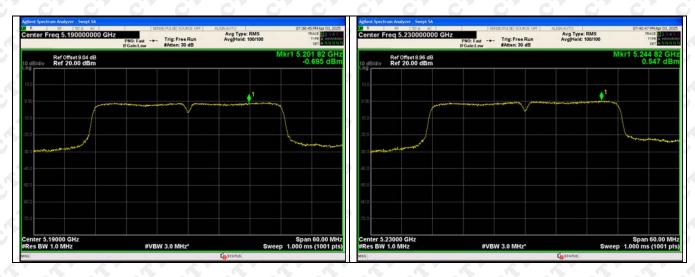








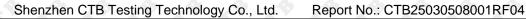
Report No.: CTB25030508001RF04

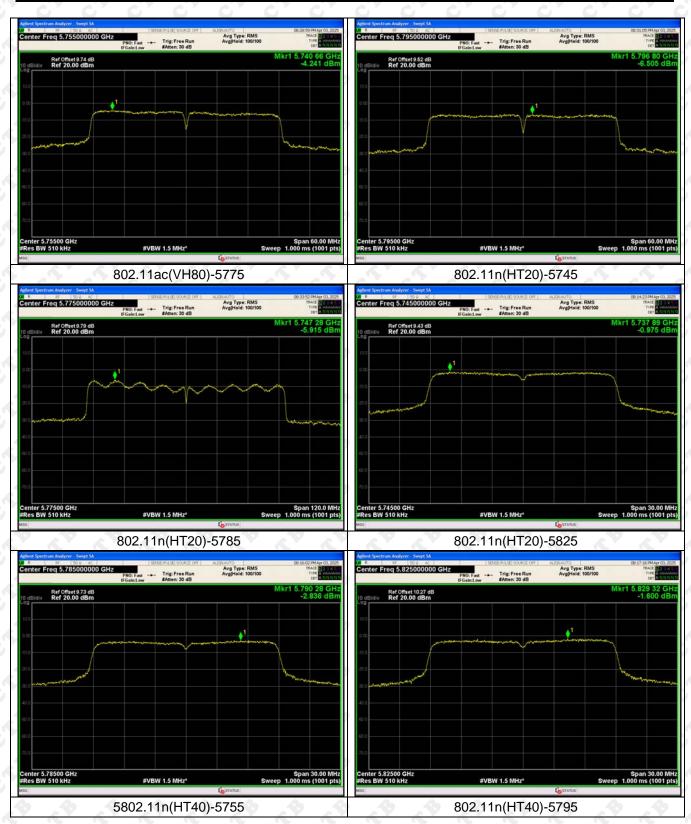


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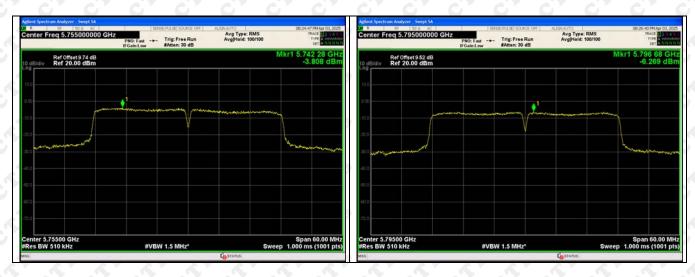








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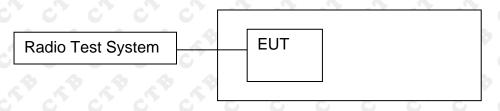
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12. FREQUENCY STABILITY

12.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



12.2 Limit

Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

- 12.3 Test procedure
- 1. The EUT was placed inside temperature chamber and powered and powered by nominal DC voltage.
- 2. Set EUT as normal operation.
- 3. Turn the EUT on and couple its output to spectrum.
- 4. Turn the EUT off and set the chamber to the highest temperature specified.
- 5. Allow sufficient time (approximately 30 min) for the temperature of the chamber to stabilize, turn the
- EUT and measure the operating frequency.
- 6. Repeat step with the temperature chamber set to the lowest temperature.



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12.4 Test Result

TX Frequency (5150-5250MHz)

Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

b b	-	4		Refe	rence Free	quency: 5	180MHz
С [°] ТІ	TEST CONDITIONS				fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom	0 0	V nom (V)	12.0	5180.0359	5180	0.0359	6.9353
(°C)	20	V max (V)	13.2	5180.0740	5180	0.0740	14.2905
(\mathbf{C})	S 6	V min (V)	10.8	5180.0030	5180	0.0030	0.5806
b b	🔥 Li	mits	4	6 6 9	• • ±2	20ppm 🔥	& & &
	Result				Co	omplies	5 6 6

6 6	2 8		2	Refer	ence Free	quency: 5	180MHz
S STE	ST CC	NDITIONS	5 ⁴⁰ c	هي آي ^ه	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
	A 1	T (°C)	0	5180.0185	5180	0.0185	3.5667
Vnom		T (°C)	10	5180.0207	5180	0.0207	3.9994
V nom	12	(°C) T	20	5180.0075	5180	0.0075	🔷 1.4411 📣
(V)		T (°C)	30	5180.0114	5180	0.0114	2.2068
6 A I		T (°C)	40	5180.0320	5180	0.0320	6.1702
	Limits			· · · ·	±2	20ppm	S . S . S
	Result				Co	mplies	



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Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

5	S 6		2 6	Refei	rence Fre	quency: 5	200MHz
A CTE	TEST CONDITIONS				fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom	29	V nom (V)	12.0	5200.0154	5200	0.0154	2.9709
(°C)	20	V max (V)	13.2	5200.0169	5200	0.0169	3.2559
(\mathbf{U})		V min (V)	10.8	5200.0217	5200	0.0217	4.1678
6 6	Ŀ	mits	2 5		c e	20ppm	
	Result			a a a	C	omplies	4. 4. 4.

6.6	4	\$ \$		Refer	ence Fre	quency: 52	200MHz	
C TE	EST CO	NDITIONS		of of	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)	
0'0	5	T (°C)	0	5200.0013	5200	0.0013	0.2484	
Vinom		T (°C)	10	5200.0398	5200	0.0398	7.6562	
V nom	12	T (°C)	20	5200.0171	5200	0.0171	3.2847	
(V)		T (°C)	30	5200.0392	5200	0.0392	7.5310	
	5	T (°C)	40	5200.0341	5200	0.0341	6.5606	
	Limits				±ź	20ppm		
	Result				Complies			



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Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

6 0	S 6		2	Refei	rence Fre	quency: 5	240MHz
о _с уте	TEST CONDITIONS				fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom	29	V nom (V)	12.0	5240.0428	5240	0.0428	8.1754
(°C)	20	V max (V)	13.2	5240.0163	5240	0.0163	3.1141
(\mathbf{U})		V min (V)	10.8	5240.0168	5240	0.0168	3.2035
6 6	Ŀ	mits	2		c e	20ppm	
h (h	Result				C	omplies	a. a. a.

b 49	-			Reference Frequency: 5240MHz			
्रि इ	EST CO	NDITION	S	e e	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
0	0'0	T (°C)	0	5240.0244	5240	0.0244	4.6484
Vinem		T (°C)	10	5240.0475	5240	0.0475	9.0614
V nom (V)	12	T (°C)	20	5240.0355	5240	0.0355	6.7792
(v)		T (°C)	30	5240.0283	5240	0.0283	5.3987
S.Y	SY a	T (°C)	40	5240.0506	5240	0.0506	9.6493
	Limits ±20ppm						
N N	Result				Co	omplies	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~



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TX Frequency (5725-5850MHz)

Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

\$. \$				Refe	rence Fre	quency: 5	745MHz
C TE	EST CO	ONDITIONS	ۍ کې	์ of of	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
Thom		V nom (V)	12.0	5745.0051	5745	0.0051	0.8812
T nom (°C)	20	V max (V)	13.2	5745.0217	5745	0.0217	3.7835
	ి ర	V min (V)	10.8	5745.0051	5745	0.0051	0.8812
b	s L	imits		& & 	• • • ±	20ppm	
2	Result				Co	omplies	2 6 6

6	N 6	quency Stabili	2	Refe	rence Fred	quency: 5	745MHz
OT OTE	EST CO	NDITIONS	5, * .	م روم م ^و ر م	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
\$ \$	~ ~ ×	T (°C)	0	5745.0117	5745	0.0117	2.0401
Vnom		T (°C)	10	5745.0745	5745	0.0745	12.9753
V nom	12	T (°C)	20	5745.0563	5745	0.0563	9.7921
(V)		T (°C)	30	5745.0317	5745	0.0317	5.5180
۰ A		T (°C)	40	5745.0614	5745	0.0614	10.6930
Limits			±20ppm				S . S . S
Result					Co	mplies	



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Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

5 0	<u> </u>		2	Refei	Reference Frequency: 5785MHz			
TEST CONDITIONS			* 5 ¹ 5	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)		
T nom	2	V nom (V)	12.0	5785.0027	5785	0.0027	0.4633	
(°C)	20	V max (V)	13.2	5785.0598	5785	0.0598	10.3389	
		V min (V)	10.8	5785.0274	5785	0.0274	4.7425	
Limits					c' e	20ppm		
Result			a. a. a	C	omplies	4. 4. 4.		

b 4	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$				ence Fre	quency: 5	785MHz	
с ^т те Х	EST CO	NDITIONS		f c	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)	
O ' (5 0	T (°C)	0	5785.0480	5785	0.0480	8.2948	
Vinom	12	T (°C)	10	5785.0581	5785	0.0581	10.0394	
V nom		T (°C)	20	5785.0484	5785	0.0484	8.3585	
(V)		T (°C)	30	5785.0526	5785	0.0526	9.0874	
		T (°C)	40	5785.0385	5785	0.0385	6.6564	
	Limits				±	20ppm		
	Result			S . S	Complies			



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Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

8.8	\diamond \diamond \diamond \diamond			Refe	Reference Frequency: 5825MHz			
TEST CONDITIONS			ि ते ते के दूके दे	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)		
T nom	20	V nom (V)	12.0	5825.0822	5825	0.0822	14.1108	
(°C)		V max (V)	13.2	5825.0837	5825	0.0837	14.3609	
		V min (V)	10.8	5825.0898	5825	0.0898	15.4204	
Limits				\$ \$	• • ±	20ppm		
Result			2 2	Co	omplies	2 2 2		

				Reference Frequency: 5825MHz				
TEST CONDITIONS				c f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviatior (ppm)	
0	6	T (°C)	0	5825.0913	5825	0.0913	15.6744	
V nom	12	T (°C)	10	5825.0667	5825	0.0667	11.4465	
V nom (V)		T (°C)	20	5825.0303	5825	0.0303	5.2080	
		T (°C)	30	5825.0353	5825	0.0353	6.0606	
	S.	T (°C)	40	5825.0098	5825	0.0098	1.6855	
Limits			±20ppm					
Result				C	omplies			



13. OPERATION IN THE ABSENCE OF INFORMATION TO THE TRANSMIT

13.1 Requirement

15.407(c) requirement:

The device shall automatically discontinue transmission in case of either absence of information to transmit or operational failure. These provisions are not intended to preclude the transmission of control or signal ling information or the use of repetitive codes used by certain digital technologies to complete frame or burst intervals. Applicants shall include in their application for equipment authorization a description of how this requirement is met.

13.2 Test Results

Operation in the absence of information to the transmit:

While the EUT is not transmitting any information, the EUT can automatically discontinue transmission and become standby mode for power saving. The EUT can detect the controlling signal of WLAN message transmitting from remote device and verify whether it shall reconnect. (manufacturer declare)



14. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

15.203 requirement:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

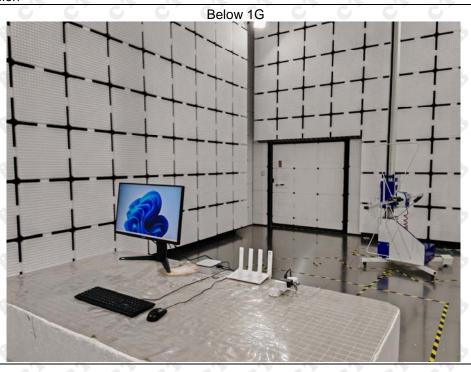
EUT Antenna:

The antenna is FPC antenna and no consideration of replacement. The best case gain of the antenna is WiFi (5.2G):2.82dBi, WiFi (5.8G):4.63dBi.



15. EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Radiated Emission







Conducted Emission



******** END OF REPORT ******