TEST REPORT

APPLICANT	:	Borqs BeiJing Ltd.
PRODUCT NAME	:	Lively Mobile 2
MODEL NAME	:	GCR4
BRAND NAME	:	GreatCall
FCC ID	:	2ABDK-GCR4
STANDARD(S)	:	FCC 47CFR 2.1093 IEEE 1528-2013
RECEIPT DATE	:	2018-10-09
TEST DATE	:	2019-01-17 to 2019-01-18
ISSUE DATE	:	2019-01-21

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Change History			
Version	**Date**	**Reason for change**	**Test engineer**
1.0	2019-01-21	First edition	Su Jinhai

1 SAR Results Summary

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during test as bellows:

Frequency Band		Highest SAR Summary	
		Body worn with Lanyard	Face in speech mode
		1g SAR (W/kg)	
CDMA	CDMA2000 BC0	**1.433**	0.464
	CDMA2000 BC1	1.429	0.360
LTE	LTE Band 2	1.357	0.420
	LTE Band 4	1.403	0.375
	LTE Band 5	1.406	**0.487**
	LTE Band 13	0.509	0.201
WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	N/A	
	5GHz WLAN	N/A	
2.4GHz Band	Bluetooth	N/A	
Highest Simultaneous Transmission			
WWAN+2.4GHz WLAN		1.565	N/A
WWAN+5GHz WLAN		1.519	N/A
WWAN+Bluetooth		1.485	N/A

Max Scaled SAR$_{1g}$(W/Kg):	Body worn with Lanyard:	1.433W/kg	Limit(W/kg):1.6W/kg
	Face in speech mode:	0.487W/kg	

Note:

1. The highest simultaneous transmission is scalar summation of Reported standalone SAR per FCC KDB 690783 D01 v01r03, and scalar SAR summation of all possible simultaneous transmission scenarios are < 1.6W/kg.
2. This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

2 Technical Information

Note: Provide by manufacturer.

2.1 Applicant and Manufacturer Information

Applicant:	Borqs BeiJing Ltd.
Applicant Address:	Tower A, Building B23, Universal Business Park, No. 10 Jiuxianqiao Road, Chaoyang District Beijing, 100015 China
Manufacturer:	Borqs BeiJing Ltd.
Manufacturer Address:	Tower A, Building B23, Universal Business Park, No. 10 Jiuxianqiao Road, Chaoyang District Beijing, 100015 China

2.2 Equipment Under Test (EUT) Description

EUT Type:	Lively Mobile 2
Hardware Version:	DVT3
Software Version:	054
Operation Frequency:	CDMA BC 0: 824.7MHz~848.31MHz CDMA BC 1: 1851.25MHz~1908.75MHz FDD LTE Band 2 :1850MHz~1910MHz FDD LTE Band 4 :1710MHz~1755MHz FDD LTE Band 5 :824MHz~849MHz FDD LTE Band 13: 777MHz~787MHz Wi-Fi: 802.11b/g/n-HT20: 2412MHz~2462 MHz 802.11n-HT40 :2422MHz~2452MHz 802.11a/n/ac:5180MHz~5240MHz,5260MHz~5320MHz 5500MHz~5720MHz,5745MHz~5825MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Modulation technology:	CDMA 1xRTT: QPSK LTE:QPSK/16QAM Wi-Fi: 802.11b: DSSS, 802.11a/ac-20/40/80/g/n-20/40: OFDM BLE: GFSK
Antenna Type:	FPC Antenna
Hotspot Function:	Not support
SIM Cards Description:	For Single SIM card version

2.3 Environment of Test Site

Temperature:	18°C ~25 °C
Humidity:	35%~75% RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

Normal Temperature (NT):	20 ... 25 ° C
Relative Humidity:	30 ... 75 %
Air Pressure:	980 ... 1020 hPa
Test frequency:	CDMA BC0/BC1; FDD-LTE Band 2/4/5/13; WLAN 2.4GHz; Bluetooth;
Operation mode:	Call established
Power Level:	CDMA BC0/BC1 (All Up Bits); FDD-LTE Band 2/4/5/13 Maximum output power; WLAN 2.4GHz; Bluetooth;

3 Introduction

3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{dU}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)
SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength. However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

4 RF Exposure Limits

4.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

4.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

4.3 RF Exposure Limits

SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT *General Population* (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT *Occupational* (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Brain	1.6	8.0
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR Whole Body	0.08	0.4
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.0	20

Note:

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

4.4 Applied Reference Documents

Leading reference documents for testing:

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR§2.1093	Radio Frequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices
2	IEEE 1528-2013	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
3	KDB 447498 D01v06	General RF Exposure Guidance
4	KDB 941225 D05v02r05	SAR Evaluation Consideration for LTE Devices

5 SAR Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.

The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

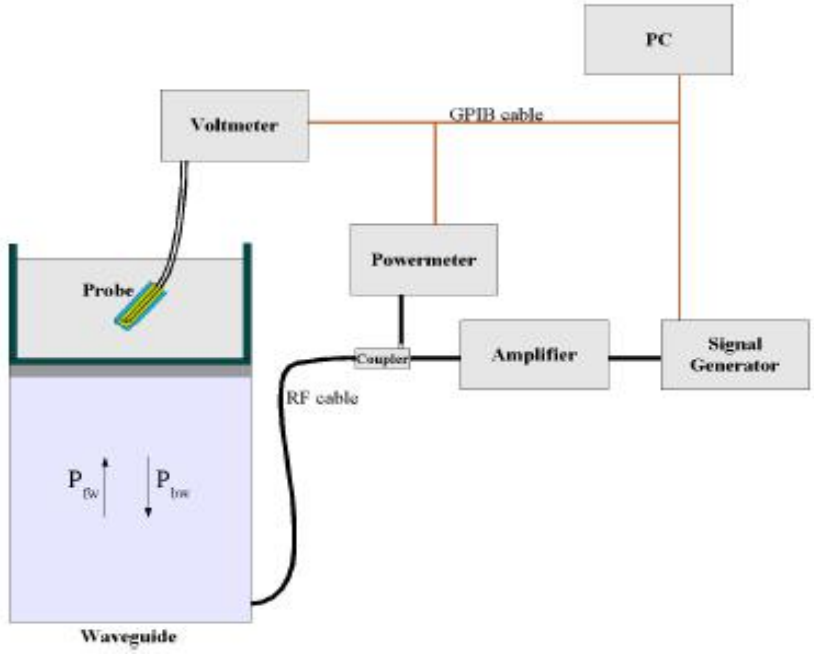
5.1 E-Field Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 37/08 EP80 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter : 6.5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm
(repeatability better than +/- 1mm)
- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Calibration range: 835 to 2500MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 622091 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4\,(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\delta} \cos^2\left(\pi \frac{y}{a}\right) e^{-(2z/\delta)}$$

Where :
Pfw = Forward Power
Pbw = Backward Power
a and b = Waveguide dimensions
ı = Skin depth
Keithley configuration:
Rate = Medium; Filter =ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE =MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO
After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.
The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:
CF(N)=SAR(N)/Vlin(N) (N=1,2,3)
The linearised output voltage Vlin(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using
Vlin(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N)) (N=1,2,3)

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

Temperature Assessment Procedure

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulating head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

Where:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \mathbf{C}\left(\frac{\delta \mathbf{T}}{\delta \mathbf{t}}\right)$$

δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

δT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to ΔT/Δt, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

Where:

$$\mathrm{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |\mathrm{E}|^2}{\rho}$$

σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

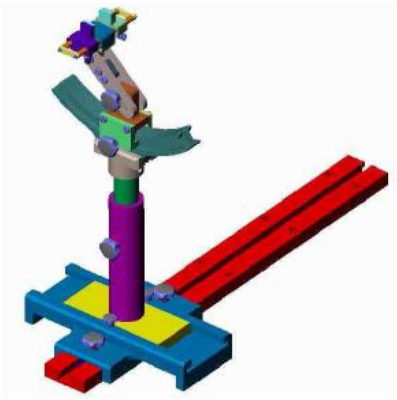
ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

5.2 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

5.3 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



Device holder

System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

5.4 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SATIMO	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835	20/08 DIPC99	2018.05.10	2019.05.09
SATIMO	1800MHz System Validation Kit	D1800	36/08 DIPF101	2018.05.10	2019.05.09
SATIMO	2000MHz System Validation Kit	D2000V2	20/08 DIPI102	2018.05.10	2019.05.09
SATIMO	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	N/A	37/08 EP80	2018.05.10	2019.05.09
Keithley	Voltmeter	2000	1000572	2018.05.10	2019.05.09
SATIMO	SAM Twin Phantom 2	N/A	SN_36_08_SAM62	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
R&S	Network Emulator	CMW500	124534	2018.04.17	2019.04.16
Agilent	Network Emulator	8960	10752	2018.04.17	2019.04.16
Agilent	Network Analyzer	E5071B	MY42404762	2018.04.17	2019.04.16
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85033E	N/A	2018.04.17	2019.04.16
mini-circuits	Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	608501717	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Signal Generator	N5182B	MY53050509	2018.04.17	2019.04.16
Agilent	Power Meter	E4416A	MY45102093	2018.04.17	2019.04.16
Agilent	Power Senor	N8482A	MY41090849	2018.04.17	2019.04.16
R&S	Power Meter	NRVD	101066	2018.04.17	2019.04.16
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	N/A	2018.04.17	2019.04.16
Giga-tronics	Directional coupler	N/A	1829112	NA	NA
MCL	Attenuation1	6dBm	351-218-010	NA	NA
N/A	Tissue Simulating Liquids	Head 700-2000 MHz Body 700-2000 MHz		Within 24H	
THERMOMETER	Thermo meter	Mode-01	N/A	2018.04.25	2019.04.24

6 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1, for body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.2.

Fig 6.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

Fig 6.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
Body								
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.96	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within±5% of the values given in the table below recommended by the FCC OET 65supplement C and RSS 102 Issue 5.

Target Frequency	Head		Body	
(MHz)	εr	σ(S/m)	εr	σ(S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(εr = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m^3)

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85033E Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.
The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Delta (σ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	HSL	21.4	0.876	0.90	-2.67	±5	2019.01.17
1800	HSL	21.5	1.365	1.40	-2.50	±5	2019.01.18
2000	HSL	21.5	1.414	1.40	1.00	±5	2019.01.18
835	MSL	21.4	0.969	0.97	-0.10	±5	2019.01.17
1800	MSL	21.5	1.517	1.52	-0.20	±5	2019.01.18
2000	MSL	21.5	1.522	1.52	0.13	±5	2019.01.18

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Permittivity (ε r)	Permittivity Target (ε r)	Delta (ε r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	HSL	21.4	41.185	41.50	-0.76	±5	2019.01.17
1800	HSL	21.5	40.095	40.00	0.24	±5	2019.01.18
2000	HSL	21.5	39.984	40.00	-0.04	±5	2019.01.18
835	MSL	21.4	55.384	55.20	0.33	±5	2019.01.17
1800	MSL	21.5	53.294	53.30	-0.01	±5	2019.01.18
2000	MSL	21.5	53.285	53.30	-0.03	±5	2019.01.18

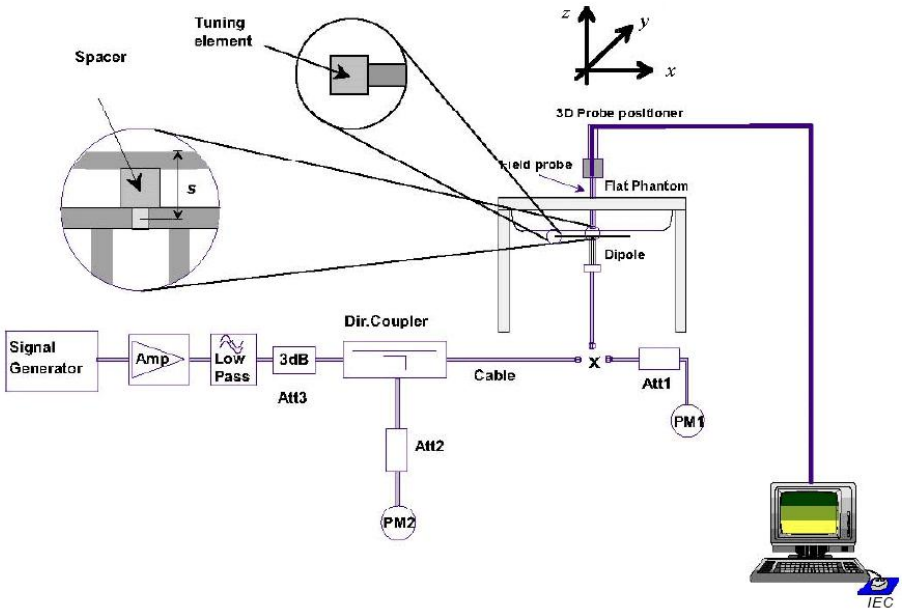
7 SAR System Verification

- **Purpose of System Performance check**

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

- **System Setup**

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



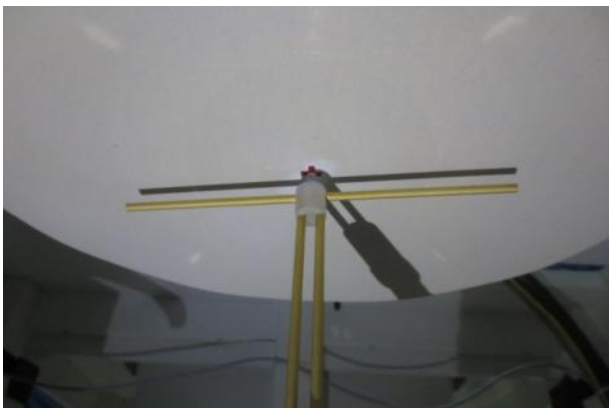


Fig.8.1 Photo of Dipole setup

➢ **System Verification Results**

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

<1g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2019.01.17	835	HSL	100	D835V2-DIPC99	EP80	0.969	9.61	9.69	-0.83
2019.01.18	1800	HSL	100	D1800V2-DIPF101	EP80	3.695	37.05	36.95	0.27
2019.01.18	2000	HSL	100	D2000V2-DIPI102	EP80	4.256	42.70	42.56	0.33
2019.01.17	835	MSL	100	D835V2-DIPC99	EP80	0.987	9.88	9.87	0.10
2019.01.18	1800	MSL	100	D1800V2-DIPF101	EP80	3.760	37.78	37.6	0.48
2019.01.18	2000	MSL	100	D2000V2-DIPI102	EP80	4.120	41.43	41.2	0.56

<10g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2019.01.17	835	HSL	100	D835V2-DIPC99	EP80	0.625	6.17	6.25	-1.28
2019.01.18	1800	HSL	100	D1800V2-DIPF101	EP80	2.048	19.85	20.48	-3.08
2019.01.18	2000	HSL	100	D2000V2-DIPI102	EP80	2.093	21.39	20.93	2.20
2019.01.17	835	MSL	100	D835V2-DIPC99	EP80	0.629	6.48	6.29	3.02
2019.01.18	1800	MSL	100	D1800V2-DIPF101	EP80	2.039	20.15	20.39	-1.18
2019.01.18	2000	MSL	100	D2000V2-DIPI102	EP80	2.113	20.86	21.13	-1.28

Note: System checks the specific test data please see Annex C

8 EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested in ten different positions. They are right cheek/right tilted/left cheek/left tilted for head, Front/Back/Right Side/Top Side/Bottom Side of the EUT with phantom 10 mm gap, as illustrated below, please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

8.1 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones.
Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR locations identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation < 4 mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.

8.2 Body Worn Accessory Configurations

- To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 10 mm or holster surface and the flat phantom to 0 mm.

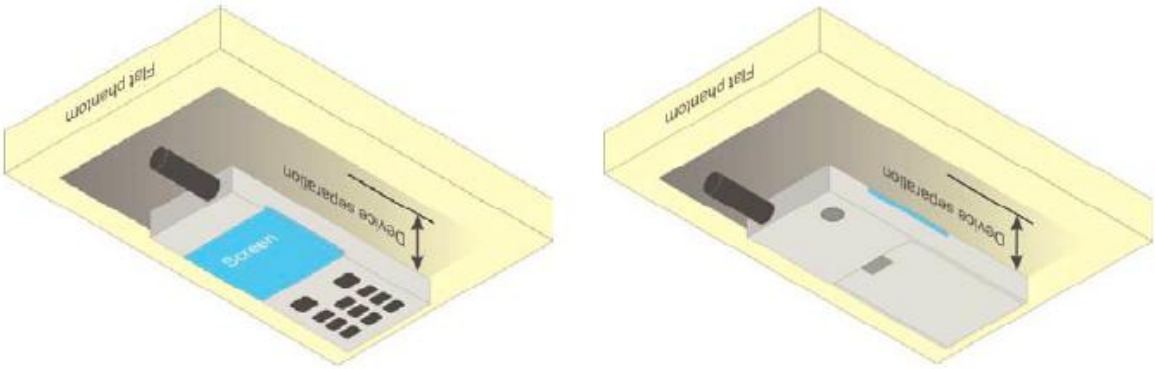


Fig.8.1 Illustration for Body Worn Position

9 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as bellows:

<Conducted power measurement>
- For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transition in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter or spectrum analyzer, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

<Conducted power measurement>
- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- Place the EUT in positions as Appendix B demonstrates.
- Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the Reported SAR or highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan

9.1 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

9.2 Area Scan Procedures

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a10mm^2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.
When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE1528-2003, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

9.3 Zoom Scan Procedures

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m^3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications utilize a physical step of 5x5x7 (8mmx8mmx5mm)providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

9.4 SAR Averaged Methods

In SATIMO, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Sheppard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1g and 10g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

10 Conducted RF Output Power

10.1 CDMA2000 1XRTT Conducted Power

Band	CDMA2000 BC0			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	1013	384	777	
Frequency (MHz)	824.7	836.52	848.31	
RC3 SO32	21.97	22.07	**22.15**	22.50
RC3 SO55	22.05	22.09	**22.17**	22.50
RC3 SO32 (F+SCH)	21.62	21.78	21.83	22.00
RC3 SO32 (+SCH)	21.59	21.66	21.74	22.00

Band	CDMA2000 BC1			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	25	600	1175	
Frequency (MHz)	1851.25	1880	1908.75	
RC3 SO32	21.06	**21.07**	21.03	21.50
RC3 SO55	21.13	**21.20**	21.13	21.50
RC3 SO32 (F+SCH)	21.02	21.10	20.90	21.50
RC3 SO32 (+SCH)	20.96	21.06	20.89	21.50

Note:

1. According to KDB 941225 D01V03, 1xRTT Body-worn SAR is measured on RC3 SO32.Head SAR for RC3-SO55 mode.
2. The power measurements are based on the power reduction implementation configuration. Use RF engineering tool,with the pre-defined setting command, to measure reduced power.

10.2 LTE Conducted Power

10.2.1 Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.8 When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in section 4.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.9

QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in sections 4.2.1, 5.2.2 and 4.2.3 to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

10.2.2 Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section 4.2 to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is > ½ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg. The equivalent channel configuration for the RB allocation, RB offset and modulation etc. is determined for the smaller channel bandwidth according to the same number of RB allocated in the largest channel bandwidth. For example, 50 RB in 10 MHz channel bandwidth does not apply to 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, this cannot be tested in the smaller channel bandwidth. However, 50% RB allocation in 10 MHz channel bandwidth is equivalent to 100% RB allocation in 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, these are the equivalent configurations to be compared to determine the specific channel and configuration in the smaller channel bandwidth that need SAR testing.

<LTE Band 2>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Channel				18700	18900	19100	
Frequency (MHz)				1860	1880	1900	
20	QPSK	1	0	21.28	21.24	21.26	22.5
20	QPSK	1	49	21.48	**21.58**	21.57	
20	QPSK	1	99	21.12	21.10	21.39	
20	QPSK	50	0	**20.53**	20.33	20.46	21.5
20	QPSK	50	24	20.6	20.42	20.36	
20	QPSK	50	50	20.37	20.34	20.5	
20	QPSK	100	0	**20.61**	20.31	20.43	
20	16QAM	1	0	20.29	19.67	20.14	21.5
20	16QAM	1	49	20.66	20.72	20.55	
20	16QAM	1	99	20.09	19.67	20.4	
20	16QAM	50	0	19.49	19.46	19.36	20.5
20	16QAM	50	24	19.53	19.54	19.44	
20	16QAM	50	50	19.51	19.39	19.56	
20	16QAM	100	0	19.61	19.37	19.37	
Channel				18675	18900	19125	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				1857.5	1880	1902.5	
15	QPSK	1	0	21.28	20.74	20.94	22
15	QPSK	1	37	21.6	21.42	21.6	
15	QPSK	1	74	21.1	21.06	21.44	
15	QPSK	36	0	20.32	20.43	20.39	21
15	QPSK	36	20	20.43	20.33	20.47	
15	QPSK	36	39	20.26	20.35	20.43	
15	QPSK	75	0	20.33	20.41	20.37	
15	16QAM	1	0	20.27	20.19	20.38	21
15	16QAM	1	37	20.79	20.15	20.57	
15	16QAM	1	74	20.06	19.87	20.59	
15	16QAM	36	0	19.42	19.27	19.33	20
15	16QAM	36	20	19.34	19.36	19.59	
15	16QAM	36	39	19.35	19.37	19.58	
15	16QAM	75	0	19.28	19.4	19.45	
Channel				18650	18900	19150	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				1855	1880	1905	
10	QPSK	1	0	21.18	21.07	20.96	22
10	QPSK	1	25	21.33	21.52	21.68	

10	QPSK	1	49	21.12	20.89	21.35	
10	QPSK	25	0	20.23	20.21	20.45	21
10	QPSK	25	12	20.24	20.24	20.44	
10	QPSK	25	25	20.25	20.27	20.47	
10	QPSK	50	0	20.35	20.29	20.4	
10	16QAM	1	0	19.69	20.49	20.27	21
10	16QAM	1	25	20.39	20.49	20.73	
10	16QAM	1	49	20.27	19.76	20.25	
10	16QAM	25	0	19.42	19.36	19.54	20
10	16QAM	25	12	19.57	19.31	19.58	
10	16QAM	25	25	19.48	19.22	19.56	
10	16QAM	50	0	19.3	19.41	19.43	
Channel				18625	18900	19175	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				1852.5	1880	1907.5	
5	QPSK	1	0	21.2	21.17	21.15	22.5
5	QPSK	1	12	21.19	21.2	21.42	
5	QPSK	1	24	21.22	21.22	21.11	
5	QPSK	12	0	20.25	20.24	20.44	21.5
5	QPSK	12	7	20.29	20.3	20.53	
5	QPSK	12	13	20.3	20.28	20.49	
5	QPSK	25	0	20.35	20.32	20.45	
5	16QAM	1	0	19.91	20.2	19.94	21.5
5	16QAM	1	12	19.89	19.82	20.78	
5	16QAM	1	24	19.93	20.27	20.22	
5	16QAM	12	0	19.41	19.26	19.59	20.5
5	16QAM	12	7	19.24	19.37	19.63	
5	16QAM	12	13	19.16	19.35	19.68	
5	16QAM	25	0	19.27	19.49	19.65	
Channel				18615	18900	19185	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				1851.5	1880	1908.5	
3	QPSK	1	0	21.4	21.17	21.37	22
3	QPSK	1	8	21.35	21.37	21.55	
3	QPSK	1	14	21.45	21.41	21.17	
3	QPSK	8	0	20.36	20.36	20.38	21
3	QPSK	8	4	20.35	20.37	20.59	
3	QPSK	8	7	20.3	20.31	20.41	
3	QPSK	15	0	20.3	20.3	20.43	
3	16QAM	1	0	20.49	20.03	20.25	20.5
3	16QAM	1	8	20.48	19.96	20.24	
3	16QAM	1	14	20.42	20.01	20.28	

3	16QAM	8	0	19.51	19.46	19.85	20
3	16QAM	8	4	19.43	19.23	19.41	
3	16QAM	8	7	19.49	19.39	19.74	
3	16QAM	15	0	19.49	19.23	19.47	
Channel				18607	18900	19193	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				1850.7	1880	1909.3	
1.4	QPSK	1	0	21.3	21.19	21.44	22
1.4	QPSK	1	3	21.35	21.11	21.43	
1.4	QPSK	1	5	21.28	21.03	21.33	
1.4	QPSK	3	0	21.4	21.21	21.42	
1.4	QPSK	3	1	21.42	21.47	21.58	
1.4	QPSK	3	3	21.41	21.42	21.44	
1.4	QPSK	6	0	20.35	20.19	20.55	21
1.4	16QAM	1	0	20.4	20.03	20.51	21
1.4	16QAM	1	3	20.26	20.28	20.5	
1.4	16QAM	1	5	20	20.11	20.54	
1.4	16QAM	3	0	20.28	20.21	20.46	
1.4	16QAM	3	1	20.17	20.35	20.45	
1.4	16QAM	3	3	20.24	20.32	20.36	
1.4	16QAM	6	0	19.35	19.35	19.5	20

<LTE Band 4>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Channel				20050	20175	20300	
Frequency (MHz)				1720	1732.5	1745	
20	QPSK	1	0	19.77	20.21	20.19	21.3
20	QPSK	1	49	20.54	20.58	**20.61**	
20	QPSK	1	99	19.89	20.39	19.73	
20	QPSK	50	0	19.34	19.11	**19.48**	20.3
20	QPSK	50	24	19.42	19.24	19.44	
20	QPSK	50	50	19.2	19.31	19.04	
20	QPSK	100	0	**19.43**	19.29	19.43	
20	16QAM	1	0	19.21	19.4	19.13	20.3
20	16QAM	1	49	19.08	19.08	18.95	
20	16QAM	1	99	18.63	19.11	18.97	
20	16QAM	50	0	18.47	18.26	18.63	19.3
20	16QAM	50	24	18.47	18.43	18.53	
20	16QAM	50	50	18.27	18.42	18.04	
20	16QAM	100	0	18.34	18.38	18.4	

Channel				20025	20175	20325	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				1717.5	1732.5	1747.5	
15	QPSK	1	0	19.98	20	20.32	21
15	QPSK	1	37	20.25	20.31	20.42	
15	QPSK	1	74	19.95	20.33	19.89	
15	QPSK	36	0	19.35	19.13	19.46	20
15	QPSK	36	20	19.32	19.29	19.23	
15	QPSK	36	39	19.37	19.29	19.04	
15	QPSK	75	0	19.42	19.27	19.18	
15	16QAM	1	0	18.91	18.69	19.54	20
15	16QAM	1	37	19.71	19.59	19.01	
15	16QAM	1	74	18.38	19.4	18.66	
15	16QAM	36	0	18.39	18.18	18.44	19
15	16QAM	36	20	18.34	18.36	18.32	
15	16QAM	36	39	18.26	18.32	18.05	
15	16QAM	75	0	18.52	18.47	18.26	
Channel				20000	20175	20350	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				1715	1732.5	1750	
10	QPSK	1	0	19.9	19.83	20.16	20.5
10	QPSK	1	25	20.19	20.37	19.87	
10	QPSK	1	49	20.13	20.1	19.77	
10	QPSK	25	0	19.32	19.2	19.33	19.5
10	QPSK	25	12	19.35	19.19	19.03	
10	QPSK	25	25	19.19	19.27	19.04	
10	QPSK	50	0	19.26	19.24	19.01	
10	16QAM	1	0	18.87	18.5	19.6	19.5
10	16QAM	1	25	19.41	19.48	19.47	
10	16QAM	1	49	18.98	19.15	18.63	
10	16QAM	25	0	18.39	18.23	18.5	19.5
10	16QAM	25	12	18.5	18.48	18.22	
10	16QAM	25	25	18.44	18.33	18.19	
10	16QAM	50	0	18.39	18.34	18.14	
Channel				19975	20175	20375	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				1712.5	1732.5	1752.5	
5	QPSK	1	0	19.94	19.95	20.17	21
5	QPSK	1	12	20.58	20.4	20.05	
5	QPSK	1	24	20.09	20.17	19.71	
5	QPSK	12	0	19.03	19.22	19.18	20
5	QPSK	12	7	19.24	19.39	19	

5	QPSK	12	13	19.27	19.35	19.04	
5	QPSK	25	0	19.13	19.3	19.01	
5	16QAM	1	0	18.96	19.07	19.1	
5	16QAM	1	12	19.02	19.66	18.99	20
5	16QAM	1	24	18.78	19.26	18.97	
5	16QAM	12	0	18.26	18.38	18.18	
5	16QAM	12	7	18.34	18.33	17.89	19
5	16QAM	12	13	18.49	18.47	17.99	
5	16QAM	25	0	18.47	18.63	18.04	
Channel				19965	20175	20385	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				1711.5	1732.5	1753.5	
3	QPSK	1	0	20.13	20.02	19.85	
3	QPSK	1	8	20.25	20.23	19.71	20.5
3	QPSK	1	14	20.2	20.19	19.74	
3	QPSK	8	0	19.22	19.28	18.96	
3	QPSK	8	4	19.35	19.44	18.92	20
3	QPSK	8	7	19.4	19.23	18.86	
3	QPSK	15	0	19.28	19.32	18.97	
3	16QAM	1	0	19.35	19.17	18.66	
3	16QAM	1	8	18.61	19.16	19.15	19.5
3	16QAM	1	14	19.25	19.45	18.88	
3	16QAM	8	0	18.42	18.43	17.74	
3	16QAM	8	4	18.31	18.39	17.96	19
3	16QAM	8	7	18.43	18.39	17.95	
3	16QAM	15	0	18.24	18.27	17.76	
Channel				19957	20175	20393	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1732.5	1754.3	
1.4	QPSK	1	0	20.1	20.15	19.92	
1.4	QPSK	1	3	20.18	20.26	19.9	
1.4	QPSK	1	5	20.23	20.19	19.8	21
1.4	QPSK	3	0	20.13	20.25	19.9	
1.4	QPSK	3	1	20.56	20.37	19.96	
1.4	QPSK	3	3	20.36	20.13	19.95	
1.4	QPSK	6	0	19.26	19.25	18.95	20
1.4	16QAM	1	0	19.25	19.1	18.78	
1.4	16QAM	1	3	19.5	18.95	18.66	
1.4	16QAM	1	5	18.93	19.33	19.08	20
1.4	16QAM	3	0	19.49	19.16	18.97	
1.4	16QAM	3	1	19.19	19.32	19.01	
1.4	16QAM	3	3	19.49	19.23	18.88	

1.4	16QAM	6	0	18.17	18.19	18.14	19

<LTE Band 5>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Channel				20450	20525	20600	
Frequency (MHz)				829	836.5	844	
10	QPSK	1	0	21.01	20.71	20.95	22.5
10	QPSK	1	25	**21.43**	21.43	21.31	
10	QPSK	1	49	20.96	21.19	20.92	
10	QPSK	25	0	20.39	20.37	20.35	21.5
10	QPSK	25	12	20.17	**20.41**	20.2	
10	QPSK	25	25	20.18	20.35	20.16	
10	QPSK	50	0	20.22	**20.28**	20.16	
10	16QAM	1	0	20.17	19.75	19.88	21.5
10	16QAM	1	25	20.44	20.49	20.49	
10	16QAM	1	49	19.72	19.96	19.95	
10	16QAM	25	0	19.27	19.25	19.48	20.5
10	16QAM	25	12	19.2	19.32	19.45	
10	16QAM	25	25	19.16	19.47	19.25	
10	16QAM	50	0	19.44	19.34	19.29	
Channel				20425	20525	20625	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				826.5	836.5	846.5	
5	QPSK	1	0	20.3	20.28	20.49	20.5
5	QPSK	1	12	20.35	20.32	20.45	
5	QPSK	1	24	19.91	20.2	19.94	
5	QPSK	12	0	19.89	19.82	20.78	21
5	QPSK	12	7	19.93	20.27	20.22	
5	QPSK	12	13	19.41	19.26	19.59	
5	QPSK	25	0	19.24	19.37	19.63	
5	16QAM	1	0	19.16	19.35	19.68	20.5
5	16QAM	1	12	19.27	19.49	19.65	
5	16QAM	1	24	20.18	20.36	20.31	
5	16QAM	12	0	20.04	20.24	20.33	20.5
5	16QAM	12	7	19.89	20.11	20.45	
5	16QAM	12	13	19.6	19.46	19.52	
5	16QAM	25	0	19.46	19.32	19.7	
Channel				20415	20525	20635	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				825.5	836.5	847.5	

3	QPSK	1	0	20.75	20.7	20.51	21
3	QPSK	1	8	20.74	20.45	20.45	
3	QPSK	1	14	20.45	20.74	20.56	
3	QPSK	8	0	20.25	20.02	20.14	20.5
3	QPSK	8	4	20.16	20.05	20.19	
3	QPSK	8	7	20.91	20.58	20.2	
3	QPSK	15	0	20.91	20.69	20.25	
3	16QAM	1	0	20.44	20.87	20.83	21
3	16QAM	1	8	20.41	20.54	20.62	
3	16QAM	1	14	20.39	20.62	20.8	
3	16QAM	8	0	20.86	20.54	20.75	21
3	16QAM	8	4	20.87	20.64	20.68	
3	16QAM	8	7	20.91	20.66	20.61	
3	16QAM	15	0	20.91	20.55	20.43	
Channel				20407	20525	20643	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				824.7	836.5	848.3	
1.4	QPSK	1	0	20.79	20.59	20.48	21.5
1.4	QPSK	1	3	21.06	21.11	21.02	
1.4	QPSK	1	5	20.98	20.63	21.02	
1.4	QPSK	3	0	21.05	20.85	20.85	
1.4	QPSK	3	1	20.26	20.71	20.43	
1.4	QPSK	3	3	20.28	20.59	21.07	
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21	21.01	21.06	21.5
1.4	16QAM	1	0	20.8	21.09	20.57	21.5
1.4	16QAM	1	3	20.98	20.67	20.43	
1.4	16QAM	1	5	20.86	20.63	20.37	
1.4	16QAM	3	0	20.88	20.65	20.38	
1.4	16QAM	3	1	20.85	20.75	21.1	
1.4	16QAM	3	3	20.78	20.72	21.03	
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.8	20.59	20.6	19.5

<LTE Band 13>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Channel					23230		
Frequency (MHz)					782		
10	QPSK	1	0		23.46		24.5
10	QPSK	1	25		**24.02**		
10	QPSK	1	49		23.31		
10	QPSK	25	0		22.69		23.5
10	QPSK	25	12		22.76		
10	QPSK	25	25		**22.81**		
10	QPSK	50	0		22.80		
10	16QAM	1	0		22.20		23.5
10	16QAM	1	25		22.53		
10	16QAM	1	49		22.75		
10	16QAM	25	0		21.80		22.5
10	16QAM	25	12		21.74		
10	16QAM	25	25		21.80		
10	16QAM	50	0		21.83		
Channel				23205	23230	23255	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				779.5	782	784.5	
5	QPSK	1	0	23.69	23.11	23.96	24
5	QPSK	1	12	23.97	24.11	23.80	
5	QPSK	1	24	23.60	23.54	23.47	
5	QPSK	12	0	22.57	22.84	22.89	23.5
5	QPSK	12	7	22.89	23.02	22.75	
5	QPSK	12	13	22.80	22.92	22.74	
5	QPSK	25	0	22.74	22.96	22.74	
5	16QAM	1	0	22.46	22.16	22.47	23.5
5	16QAM	1	12	22.57	22.97	22.61	
5	16QAM	1	24	22.26	22.55	22.21	
5	16QAM	12	0	21.59	21.78	21.94	22.5
5	16QAM	12	7	21.86	22.06	21.80	
5	16QAM	12	13	21.96	21.78	21.68	
5	16QAM	25	0	22.11	21.86	21.87	

10.3 WLAN 2.4 GHz Band Conducted Power

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Power Setting	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN ANT	802.11b 1Mbps	CH 1	2412	4.24	5.00	1	100.00
		CH 6	2437	2.68	3.50	1	
		CH 11	2462	**4.34**	**5.00**	1	
	802.11g 6Mbps	CH 1	2412	3.48	3.50	1	95.39
		CH 6	2437	2.14	2.50	1	
		CH 11	2462	3.41	3.50	1	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	CH 1	2412	3.32	3.50	1	92.79
		CH 6	2437	2.02	2.50	1	
		CH 11	2462	3.04	3.50	1	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	CH 3	2422	2.54	3.00	1	89.57
		CH 6	2437	2.63	3.00	1	
		CH 9	2452	2.36	3.00	1	

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:
   [(*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*) / (*min. test separation distance, mm*)] · [√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR, where
   - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
   - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
   - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
b/CH 11	2.462	4.50	3.16	5	0.99	3.0

2. The max. tune-up power was provided by manufacturer, base on the result of note 1, RF exposure evaluation is not required.
3. The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case of all mode were shown in report.
4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

10.4 WLAN 5GHz Band Conducted Power

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Power Setting
5.2GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	CH 36	5180	0.45	0.50	1
		CH 40	5200	0.42	0.50	1
		CH 44	5220	0.91	1.00	1
		CH 48	5240	**1.02**	**1.50**	1
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	CH 36	5180	0.52	1.00	1
		CH 40	5200	0.49	0.50	1
		CH 44	5220	0.94	1.00	1
		CH 48	5240	0.97	1.00	1
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	CH 38	5190	0.44	0.50	1
		CH 46	5230	0.65	1.00	1
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	CH 36	5180	0.56	1.00	1
		CH 40	5200	0.52	1.00	1
		CH 44	5220	0.81	1.00	1
		CH 48	5240	0.97	1.00	1
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	CH 38	5190	0.46	0.50	1
		CH 46	5230	0.69	1.00	1
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	CH 42	5210	-0.29	0.50	1

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Power Setting
5.3GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	CH 52	5260	0.72	1.00	1
		CH 56	5280	0.52	1.00	1
		CH 60	5300	0.08	0.50	1
		CH 64	5320	-0.26	0.50	1
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	CH 52	5260	0.75	1.00	1
		CH 56	5280	0.34	0.50	1
		CH 60	5300	0.09	0.50	1
		CH 64	5320	-0.38	0.00	1
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	CH 54	5270	0.13	0.50	1
		CH 62	5310	-0.39	0.50	1

	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	CH 52	5260	0.77	1.00	1
		CH 56	5280	0.15	0.50	1
		CH 60	5300	0.11	0.50	1
		CH 64	5320	-0.39	0.50	1
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	CH 54	5270	0.12	0.50	1
		CH 62	5310	-0.42	0.50	1
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	CH 58	5290	-0.24	0.50	1

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Power Setting
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	CH 100	5500	-0.33	0.50	1
		CH 116	5580	0.01	0.50	1
		CH 124	5620	-0.25	0.50	1
		CH 132	5660	-0.34	0.50	1
		CH 140	5700	-1.21	0.50	1
		CH 144	5720	-1.28	0.50	1
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	CH 100	5500	-1.25	0.50	1
		CH 116	5580	-0.14	0.50	1
		CH 124	5620	-0.25	0.50	1
		CH 132	5660	-0.16	0.50	1
		CH 140	5700	-1.23	0.50	1
		CH 144	5720	-1.26	0.50	1
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	CH 102	5510	-1.36	0.50	1
		CH 110	5550	-1.38	0.50	1
		CH 126	5630	0.15	0.50	1
		CH 134	5670	0.12	0.50	1
		CH 142	5710	-1.89	0.50	1
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	CH 100	5500	-0.37	0.50	1
		CH 116	5580	-0.12	0.50	1
		CH 124	5620	-0.25	0.50	1
		CH 132	5660	-0.32	0.50	1
		CH 140	5700	-1.22	0.50	1
		CH 144	5720	-1.32	0.50	1
	802.11ac-VHT40	CH 102	5510	-0.41	0.50	1

	MCS0	CH 110	5550	-0.25	0.50	1
		CH 126	5630	0.16	0.50	1
		CH 134	5670	-0.25	0.50	1
		CH 142	5710	-1.88	0.50	1
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	CH 106	5530	-0.93	0.50	1
		CH 122	5610	-0.29	0.50	1
		CH 138	5690	-0.63	0.50	1

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Power Setting
5.8GHz WLAN	802.11a MCS0	CH 149	5745	-0.88	0.50	1
		CH 157	5785	-1.56	0.50	1
		CH 165	5825	-1.63	0.50	1
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	CH 149	5745	-0.98	0.50	1
		CH 157	5785	-1.57	0.50	1
		CH 165	5825	-1.67	0.50	1
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	CH 151	5755	-1.48	0.50	1
		CH 159	5795	-1.98	0.50	1
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	CH 149	5745	-0.99	0.50	1
		CH 157	5785	-1.58	0.50	1
		CH 165	5825	-1.74	0.50	1
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	CH 151	5755	-1.19	0.50	1
		CH 159	5795	-1.95	0.50	1
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	CH 155	5775	-0.35	0.50	1

Note:

5. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:
   [(*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*) / (*min. test separation distance, mm*)] · [√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR, where
   - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
   - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
   - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
a/CH 48	5.240	1.50	1.41	5	0.65	3.0

6. The max. tune-up power was provided by manufacturer, base on the result of note 1, RF exposure evaluation is not required.

7. The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case of all mode were shown in report.
8. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

10.5 Bluetooth Conducted Power

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
			GFSK
LE	CH 00	2402	0.22
	CH 19	2440	0.83
	CH 39	2480	-0.47
Tune-up Limit (dBm)			1.00

Note:

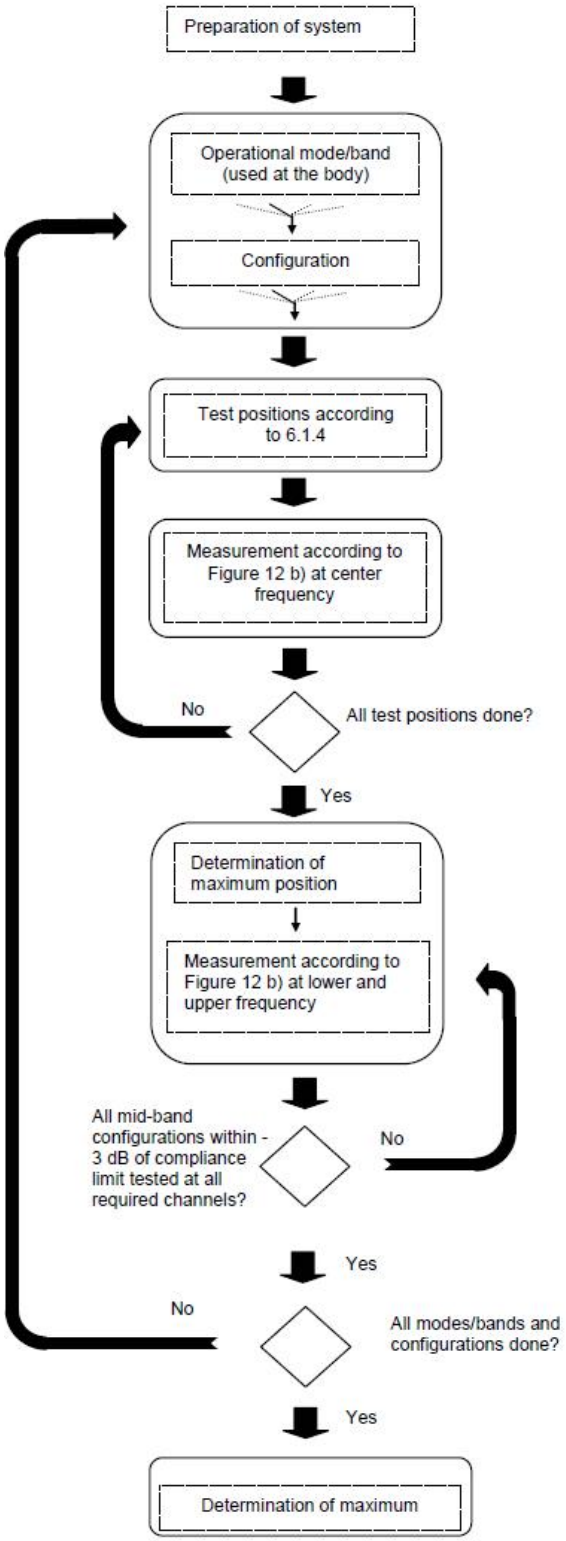
1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:
   [(*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*) / (*min. test separation distance, mm*)] · [√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR, where
   - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
   - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
   - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
CH 19	2.440	1.00	1.26	5	0.39	3.0

2. The max. tune-up power was provided by manufacturer, base on the result of note 1, RF exposure evaluation is not required.
3. The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case of all mode were shown in report.
4. When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

11 Block diagram of the tests to be Performed

11.1 Body



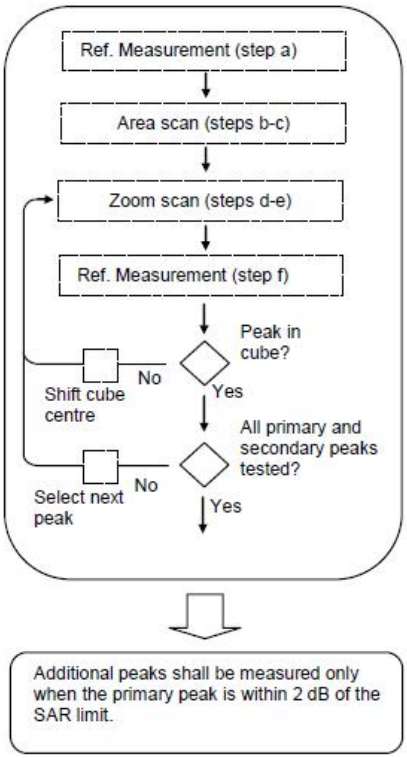


Figure 12b – General procedure

11.2 Test Configurations

According to KDB 447498,the device was tested with the supplied 2 accessories again the flat phantom.

Accessory:

1. Lanyard: The device cannot be swiveled or reversed with this accessory.
2. Belt-clip

The EUT was tested in following configurations

1. Necklace Type (Lanyard):

A .Back/Front side of the EUT with Lanyard was tested with 5 mm gap against the flat phantom.(MSL Tissue)

B .Front side of the EUT with Lanyard was tested with 10 mm gap against the flat phantom with.(HSL Tissue)

2 .Belt Clip Type

A .Back side of the EUT with Belt-clip accessory was tested with 0 cm gap against the flat phantom.(MSL Tissue)

12 SAR Test Results Summary

12.1 Standalone SAR

➢ **CDMA Body SAR**

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-Up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
	BC0/RC3 SO32	Back With Clip	0	777	22.15	22.50	1.084	0.841	0.912
	BC0/RC3 SO32	Back With Clip	0	1013	21.97	22.50	1.130	0.824	0.931
	BC0/RC3 SO32	Back With Clip	0	384	22.07	22.50	1.104	0.798	0.881
	BC0/RC3 SO32	Back With Lanyard	5	777	22.15	22.50	1.084	0.801	0.868
1#	BC0/RC3 SO32	Back With Lanyard	5	1013	21.97	22.50	1.130	1.268	**1.433**
	BC0/RC3 SO32	**Back With Lanyard**	**5**	**1013**	**21.97**	**22.50**	**1.130**	**1.261**	**1.425**
	BC0/RC3 SO32	Back With Lanyard	5	384	22.07	22.50	1.104	1.010	1.115
	BC0/RC3 SO32	Front With Lanyard	5	777	22.15	22.50	1.084	0.603	0.654
	BC1/RC3 SO32	Back With Clip	0	600	21.07	21.50	1.104	0.318	0.351
	BC1/RC3 SO32	Back With Lanyard	5	600	21.07	21.50	1.104	1.076	1.188
	BC1/RC3 SO32	Back With Lanyard	5	25	21.06	21.50	1.107	1.195	1.322
2#	BC1/RC3 SO32	Back With Lanyard	5	1175	21.03	21.50	1.114	1.282	**1.429**
	BC1/RC3 SO32	**Back With Lanyard**	**5**	**1175**	**21.03**	**21.50**	**1.114**	**1.271**	**1.416**
	BC1/RC3 SO32	Front With Lanyard	5	600	21.07	21.50	1.104	0.788	0.870
	BC1/RC3 SO32	Front With Lanyard	5	25	21.06	21.50	1.107	0.715	0.791
	BC1/RC3 SO32	Front With Lanyard	5	1175	21.03	21.50	1.114	0.758	0.845

➢ **LTE Body SAR**

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-Up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2/20MHz 1RB49	Back With Clip	0	18900	21.58	22.5	1.236	0.297	0.367
	LTE Band 2/20MHz 1RB49	Back With Clip	0	18900	21.58	22.5	1.236	0.935	1.156
3#	LTE Band 2/20MHz 1RB49	Back With Clip	0	18700	21.48	22.5	1.265	1.073	**1.357**
	LTE Band 2/20MHz 1RB49	**Back With Lanyard**	**5**	**18700**	**21.48**	**22.5**	**1.265**	**1.070**	**1.353**
	LTE Band 2/20MHz 1RB49	Back With Lanyard	5	19100	21.57	22.5	1.239	0.927	1.148
	LTE Band 2/20MHz 1RB49	Front With Lanyard	5	18900	21.58	22.5	1.236	0.737	0.911
	LTE Band 2/20MHz 1RB49	Front With Lanyard	5	18700	21.48	22.5	1.265	0.702	0.888
	LTE Band 2/20MHz 1RB49	Front With Lanyard	5	19100	21.57	22.5	1.239	0.711	0.881
	LTE Band 2/20MHz 50RB0	Back With Clip	0	18700	20.53	21.5	1.250	0.311	0.389
	LTE Band 2/20MHz 50RB0	Back With Lanyard	5	18700	20.53	21.5	1.250	0.777	0.971
	LTE Band 2/20MHz 50RB0	Back With Lanyard	5	18900	20.33	21.5	1.309	0.799	1.046
	LTE Band 2/20MHz 50RB0	Back With Lanyard	5	19100	20.46	21.5	1.271	0.831	1.056
	LTE Band 2/20MHz 50RB0	Front With Lanyard	5	18700	20.53	21.5	1.250	0.670	0.838
	LTE Band 2/20MHz 50RB0	Front With Lanyard	5	18900	20.33	21.5	1.309	0.670	0.812
	LTE Band 2/20MHz 50RB0	Front With Lanyard	5	19100	20.46	21.5	1.271	0.670	0.823
	LTE Band 2/20MHz 100RB0	Back With Lanyard	5	18700	20.61	21.5	1.227	0.708	0.869

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-Up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
	LTE Band 4/20MHz 1RB49	Back With Clip	0	20300	20.61	21.30	1.172	0.452	0.530
	LTE Band 4/20MHz 1RB49	Back With Lanyard	5	20300	20.61	21.30	1.172	1.048	1.228
	LTE Band 4/20MHz 1RB49	Back With Lanyard	5	20050	20.54	21.30	1.191	0.989	1.178
4#	LTE Band 4/20MHz 1RB49	Back With Lanyard	5	20175	20.58	21.30	1.180	1.189	**1.403**
	LTE Band 4/20MHz 1RB49	**Back With Lanyard**	**5**	**20175**	**20.58**	**21.30**	**1.180**	**1.173**	**1.385**
	LTE Band 4/20MHz 1RB49	Front With Lanyard	5	20300	20.61	21.30	1.172	0.766	0.898
	LTE Band 4/20MHz 1RB49	Front With Lanyard	5	20050	20.54	21.30	1.191	0.701	0.835
	LTE Band 4/20MHz 1RB49	Front With Lanyard	5	20175	20.58	21.30	1.180	0.720	0.850
	LTE Band 4/20MHz 50RB0	Back With Clip	0	20300	19.48	20.30	1.208	0.349	0.422
	LTE Band 4/20MHz 50RB0	Back With Lanyard	5	20300	19.48	20.30	1.208	0.788	0.952
	LTE Band 4/20MHz 50RB0	Back With Lanyard	5	20050	19.34	20.30	1.247	0.806	1.005
	LTE Band 4/20MHz 50RB0	Back With Lanyard	5	20175	19.11	20.30	1.315	0.724	0.952
	LTE Band 4/20MHz 50RB0	Front With Lanyard	5	20300	19.48	20.30	1.208	0.609	0.736
	LTE Band 4/20MHz 100RB0	Back With Lanyard	5	20300	19.43	20.30	1.222	0.788	0.963

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-Up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5/10MHz 1RB25	Back With Clip	0	20525	21.43	22.5	1.279	0.648	0.829
	LTE Band 5/10MHz 1RB25	Back With Clip	0	20525	21.43	22.5	1.279	0.963	1.232
5#	LTE Band 5/10MHz 1RB25	Back With Clip	0	20450	21.43	22.5	1.279	1.099	**1.406**
	LTE Band 5/10MHz 1RB25	**Back With Lanyard**	**5**	**20450**	**21.43**	**22.5**	**1.279**	**1.057**	**1.352**
	LTE Band 5/10MHz 1RB25	Back With Lanyard	5	20600	21.31	22.5	1.315	0.783	1.030
	LTE Band 5/10MHz 1RB25	Front With Lanyard	5	20525	21.43	22.5	1.279	0.725	0.928
	LTE Band 5/10MHz 1RB25	Front With Lanyard	5	20450	21.43	22.5	1.279	0.725	0.928
	LTE Band 5/10MHz 1RB25	Front With Lanyard	5	20600	21.31	22.5	1.315	0.725	0.954
	LTE Band 5/10MHz 25RB12	Back With Clip	0	20525	20.41	21.5	1.285	0.523	0.672
	LTE Band 5/10MHz 25RB12	Back With Lanyard	5	20525	20.41	21.5	1.285	0.756	0.972
	LTE Band 5/10MHz 25RB12	Back With Lanyard	5	20450	20.17	21.5	1.358	0.719	0.977
	LTE Band 5/10MHz 25RB12	Back With Lanyard	5	20600	20.2	21.5	1.349	0.724	0.977
	LTE Band 5/10MHz 25RB12	Front With Lanyard	5	20525	20.41	21.5	1.285	0.610	0.784
	LTE Band 5/10MHz 50RB0	Back With Lanyard	5	20525	20.28	21.5	1.324	0.706	0.935

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-Up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
	LTE Band 13/10MHz 1RB25	Back With Clip	0	23230	24.02	24.50	1.117	0.184	0.206
6#	LTE Band 13/10MHz 1RB25	Back With Lanyard	5	23230	24.02	24.50	1.117	0.456	**0.509**
	LTE Band 13/10MHz 1RB25	Front With Lanyard	5	23230	24.02	24.50	1.117	0.314	0.351
	LTE Band 13/10MHz 25RB0	Back With Clip	0	23230	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.167	0.196
	LTE Band 13/10MHz 25RB0	Back With Lanyard	5	23230	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.358	0.420
	LTE Band 13/10MHz 25RB0	Front With Lanyard	5	23230	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.245	0.287

12.2 Standalone Face SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-Up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR_{10g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR_{10g} (W/kg)
	BC0/RC3 SO55	Face With Lanyard	10	777	22.17	22.50	1.079	0.430	0.464
	BC1/RC3 SO55	Face With Lanyard	10	600	21.2	21.5	1.072	0.336	0.360
	LTE Band 2/20MHz 1RB49	Face With Lanyard	10	18700	20.53	21.5	1.250	0.336	0.420
	LTE Band 4/20MHz 1RB49	Face With Lanyard	10	20300	20.61	21.30	1.172	0.320	0.375
	LTE Band 5/10MHz 1RB25	Face With Lanyard	10	20525	21.43	22.5	1.279	0.381	0.487
	LTE Band 13/10MHz 1RB25	Face With Lanyard	10	23230	24.02	24.50	1.117	0.180	0.201

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel Reported SAR ≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel.
4. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.
5. Back With Clip 0mm and Front/Back With Lanyard 5mm use Body Tissue,Face With Lanyard 10mm use Head Tissue.
6. Highlight part of test data means repeated test.

12.3 Repeated SAR measurement

Band/ Mode	Test Position	CH.	Measured SAR (W/kg)				
			Original	1st Repeated		2nd Repeated	
				Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio
BC0/RC3 SO52	Back With Lanyard	1013	1.433	1.425	1.01	/	/
BC1/RC3 SO52	Back With Lanyard	1175	1.429	1.416	1.01	/	/
LTE Band 2/20MHz 1RB49	Back With Lanyard	18700	1.357	1.353	1.00	/	/
LTE Band 4/20MHz 1RB49	Back With Lanyard	20175	1.403	1.385	1.01	/	/
LTE Band 5/10MHz 1RB25	Back With Lanyard	20450	1.406	1.352	1.04	/	/

Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8 W/kg
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio of *original* and *repeated* is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45 W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.

12.4 Multi-Band Simultaneous Transmission Considerations

➢ **Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities**

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the EUT are shown in below Figure and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.

Fig.15.1 Simultaneous Transmission Paths

➢ **Simultaneous Transmission Procedures**

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}{7.5} \cdot \frac{\text{Max. power of channel, mW}}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Mode	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Exposure Position	Body
		Test Distance (mm)	0
2.4GHz WIFI	5.0	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.132
5GHz WIFI	1.5		0.086
Bluetooth	1.0		0.052

Note:

1. When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine estimated SAR.

➢ **Multi-Band simultaneous Transmission Consideration**

Simultaneous Transmission Consideration	Position	Applicable Combination
	Body	WWAN+ WLAN 2.4GHz/5GHz/BLE

Note:

1. WLAN 2.4GHz Band, WLAN 5GHz Band share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
2. For WLAN mode, just the worst case was chosen for simultaneously transmission evaluation.
3. CDMA/LTE shares the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
4. The Report SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
5. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
   i. Scalar SAR summation < 1.6 W/kg.
   ii. SPLSR = $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}$ / (*min. separation distance, mm*), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
   iii. Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the Reported multi-band SAR < 1.6 W/kg

12.5 SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

➢ **Body worn Simultaneous Transmission**

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth			
			1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)			
CDMA	BC0	Front	0.651	0.132	0.086	0.052	0.786	0.740	0.706
		Back	1.406	0.132	0.086	0.052	**1.565**	**1.519**	**1.485**
	BC1	Front	0.844	0.132	0.086	0.052	1.002	0.956	0.922
		Back	1.396	0.132	0.086	0.052	1.561	1.515	1.481
LTE	LTE Band 2	Front	0.911	0.132	0.086	0.052	1.043	0.997	0.963
		Back	1.357	0.132	0.086	0.052	1.489	1.443	1.409
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.898	0.132	0.086	0.052	1.030	0.984	0.950
		Back	1.403	0.132	0.086	0.052	1.535	1.489	1.455
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.954	0.132	0.086	0.052	1.086	1.040	1.006
		Back	1.406	0.132	0.086	0.052	1.538	1.492	1.458
	LTE Band 13	Front	0.351	0.132	0.086	0.052	0.483	0.437	0.403
		Back	0.509	0.132	0.086	0.052	0.641	0.595	0.561

➢ **Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion**

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

12.6 Measurement Uncertainty

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A Type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution,rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in below Table.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor	1/k(b)	$1/\sqrt{3}$	$1/\sqrt{6}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$

Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The SATIMO uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Uncertainty Evaluation For Handset SAR Test

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	j
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	5.83	N	1	1	1	5.83	5.83	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.02	2.02	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.41	3.41	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation Response	E.2.4	4.1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.4	2.4	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.0	3.0	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
Test sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2.1	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.6	2.6	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1.1	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0	N-1
Output power Power drift - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	∞
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	M
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	∞
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.0	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
Liquid conductivity	E.3.4		R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.41			∞

–temperature uncertainty					8				
Liquid permittivity –temperature uncertainty	E.3.4		R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26			∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				11.55	12.07	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				±23.20	±24.17	

Uncertainty For System Performance Check

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	4.76	N	1	1	1	4.76	4.76	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.44	1.41	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.32	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	∞
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Dipole									
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.2	4.04	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.33	2.33	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞

Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	4.57	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	∞
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	M
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	3.69	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	∞
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	3.46	2.83	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				8.83	8.37	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				17.66	16.73	

12.7 Measurement Conclusion

The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the CE, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested. Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

Annex A General Information

1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

Laboratory Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory
Laboratory Address:	FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Block 67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, GuangDong Province, P. R. China
Telephone:	+86 755 36698555
Facsimile:	+86 755 36698525

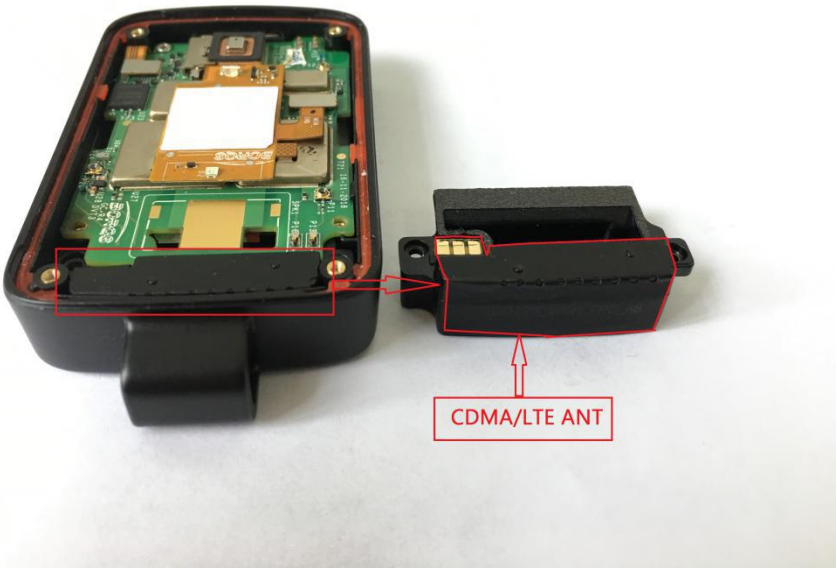
2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory
Address:	FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Block 67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, GuangDong Province, P. R. China

Annex B Test Setup Photos

Dimensions (L*W*H):68mm (L)× 42mm (W)× 16mm (H)

EUT Antenna Location


CDMA/LTE ANT

BJ0125_BT_A4
WIFI/BT ANT

Body

Body worn _ Back with Clip

(Test distance: 0mm, Thickness of DUT: 16mm)

Body worn _ Front with Lanyard

(Test distance: 5mm, Thickness of DUT: 16mm)

Body worn _ Back With Lanyard

(Test distance: 5mm, Thickness of DUT: 16mm)

Face _ with Lanyard

(Test distance: 10mm, Thickness of DUT: 16mm)

Annex C Plots of System Performance Check

System Performance Check Data (835MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2019.01.17

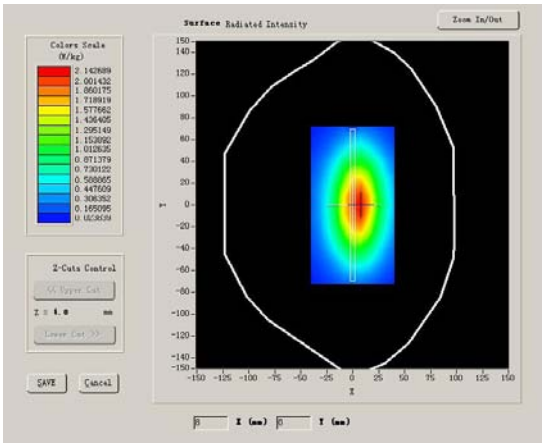
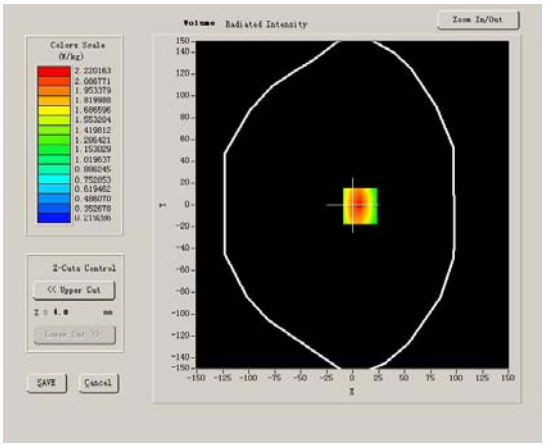
Measurement duration: 13 minutes 37 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat
Device Position	
Band	835MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.185285
Conductivity (S/m)	0.875717
Power drift (%)	1.010000
Ambient Temperature:	22.2°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.4°C
ConvF:	6.13
Crest factor:	1:1

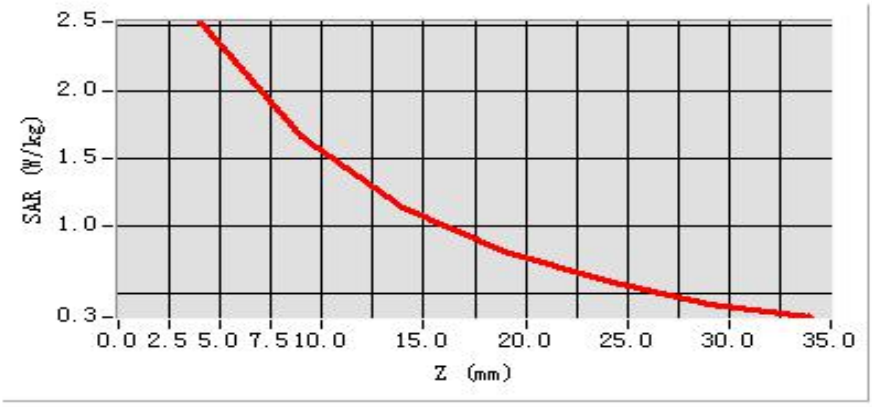
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

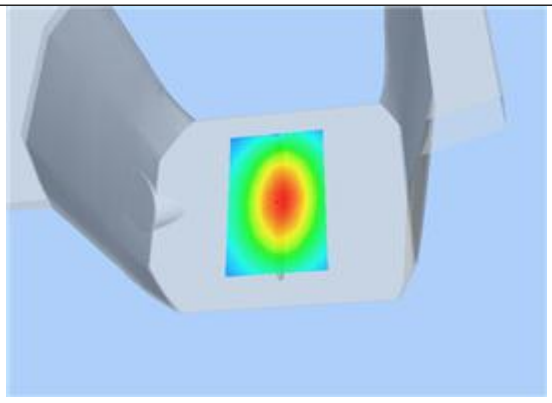
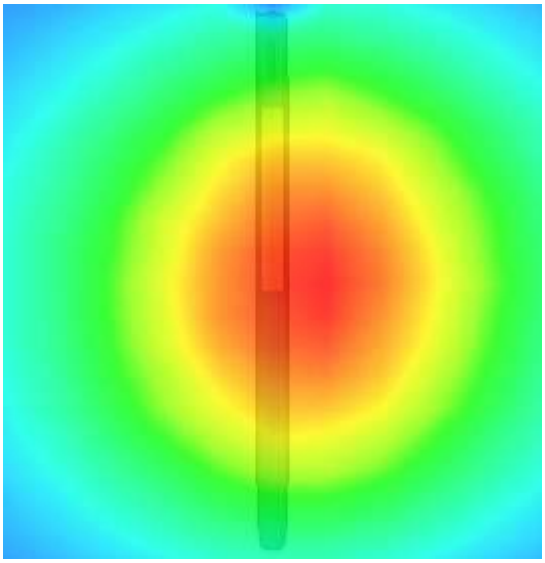
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.625122
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.969154

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.5209	1.6629	1.1437	0.8075	0.5889	0.4143



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

System Performance Check Data (835MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2019.01.17

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 47 seconds

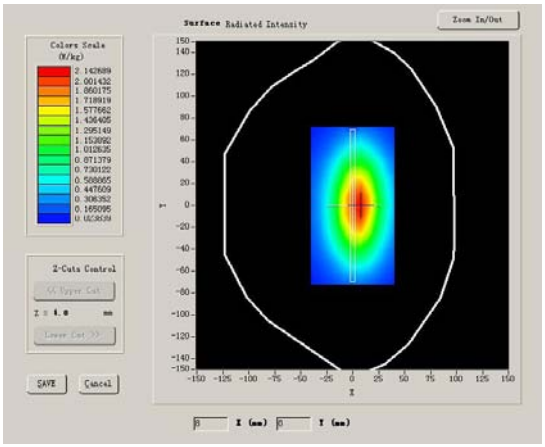
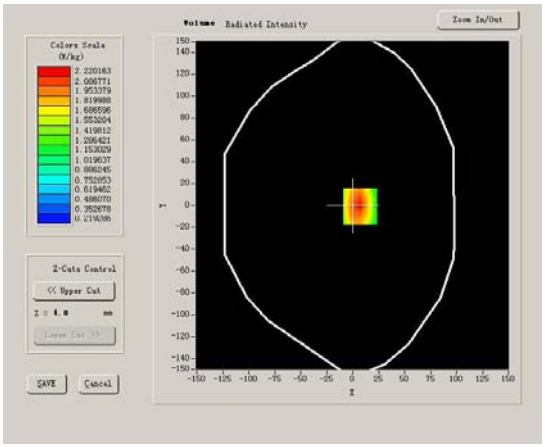
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat
Device Position	
Band	835MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.3842702
Conductivity (S/m)	0.968174
Power drift (%)	0.970000
Ambient Temperature:	22.2°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.4°C
ConvF:	6.37
Crest factor:	1:1

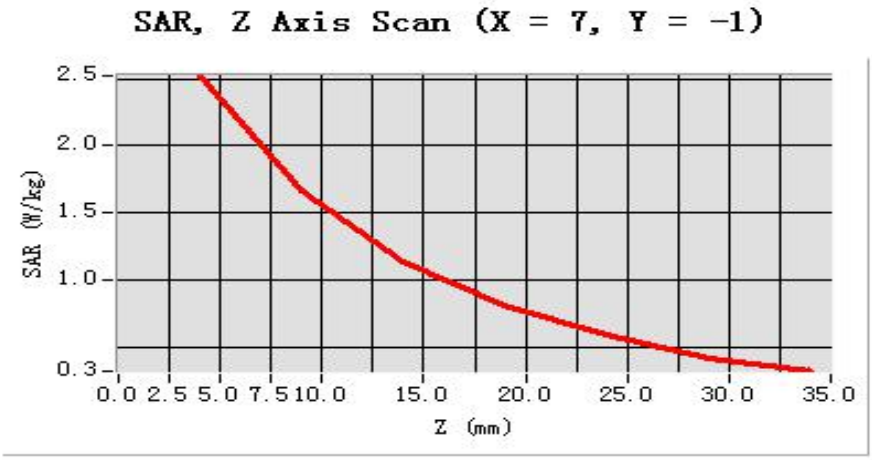
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

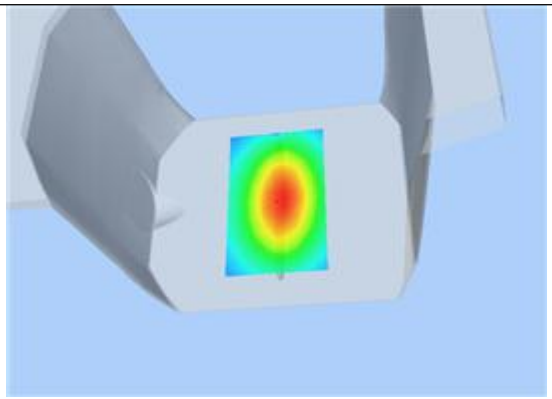
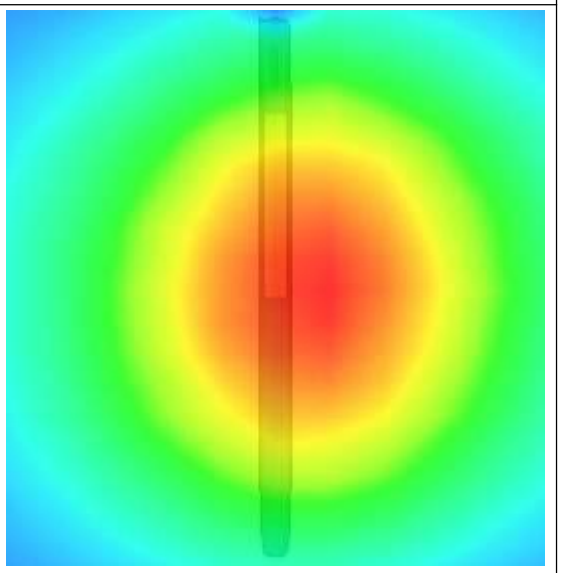
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.629542
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.987475

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.5209	1.6629	1.1437	0.8075	0.5889	0.4143



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

System Performance Check Data(1800MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2019.01.18

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

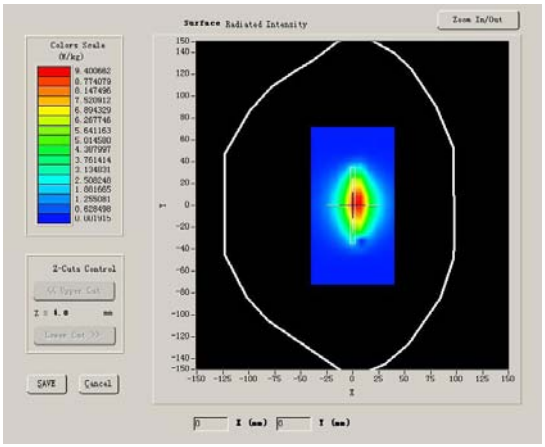
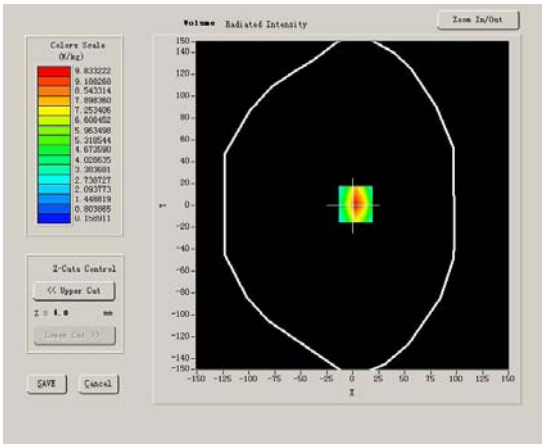
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat
Device Position	
Band	1800MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	1800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.095167
Conductivity (S/m)	1.365073
Power drift (%)	0.310000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C
ConvF:	5.21
Crest factor:	1:1

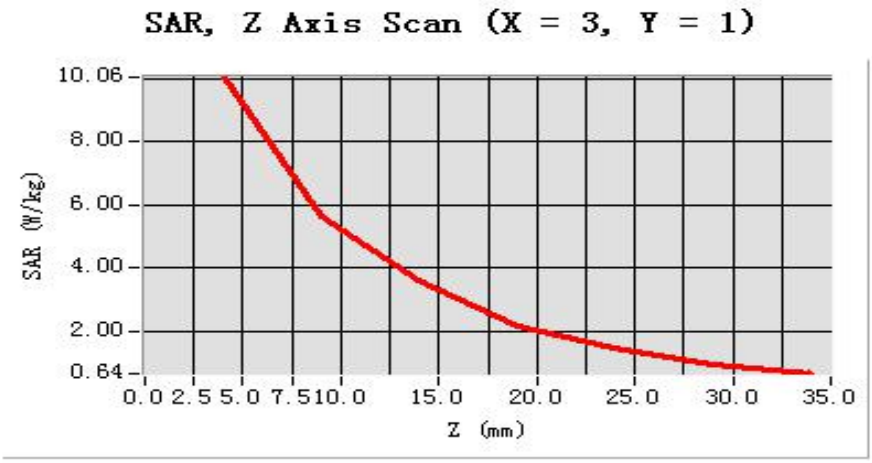
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

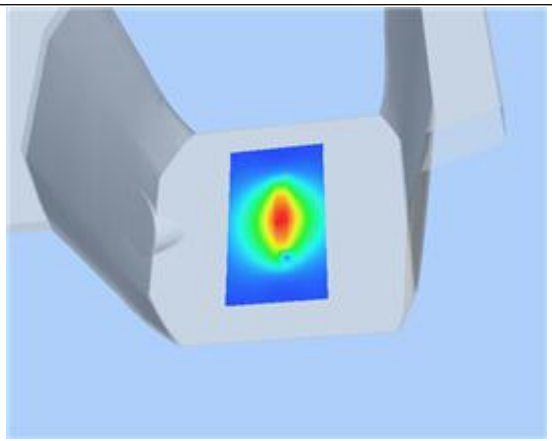
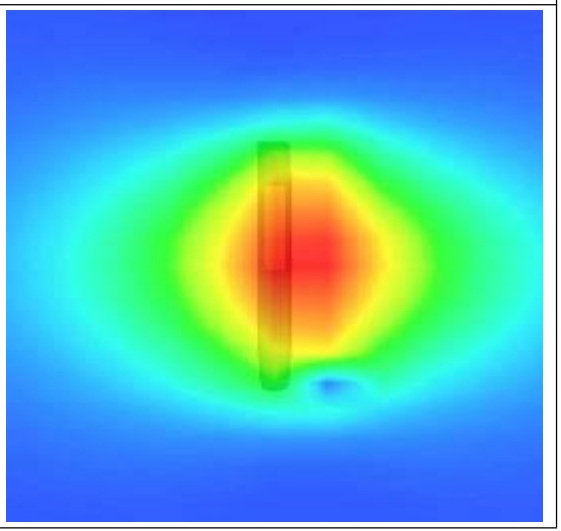
Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.048472
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.695054

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.0621	5.6445	3.6226	2.1642	1.4521	0.9078



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

System Performance Check Data(1800MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2019.01.18

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

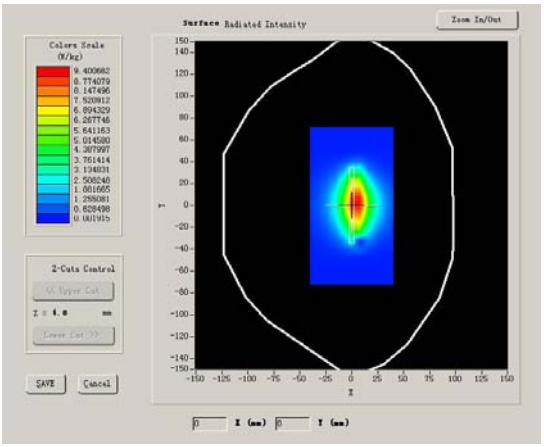
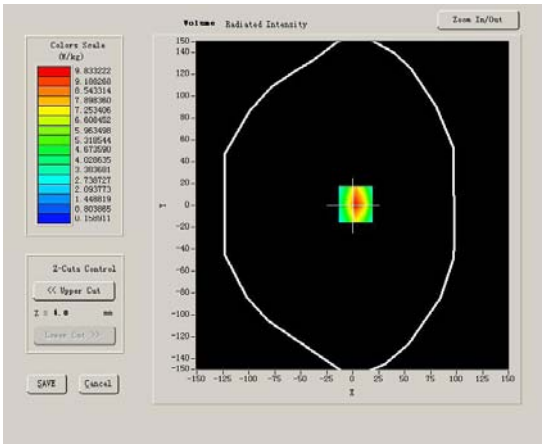
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat
Device Position	
Band	1800MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	1800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.294148
Conductivity (S/m)	1.517075
Power drift (%)	0.520000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C
ConvF:	5.38
Crest factor:	1:1

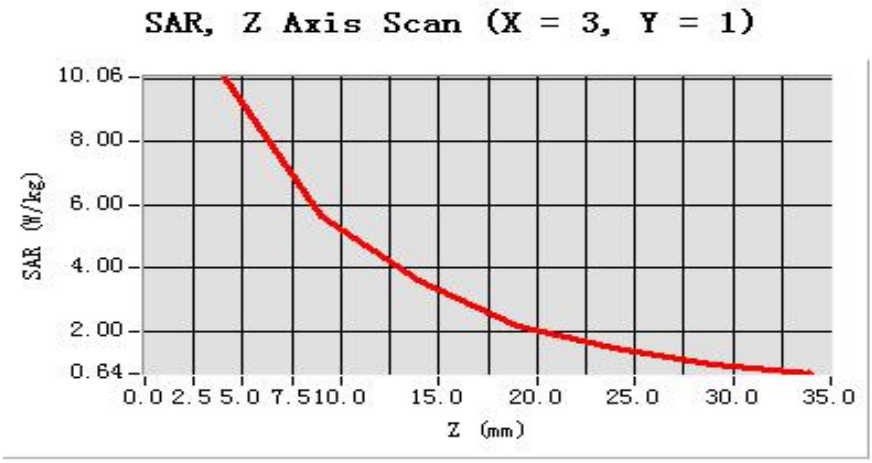
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

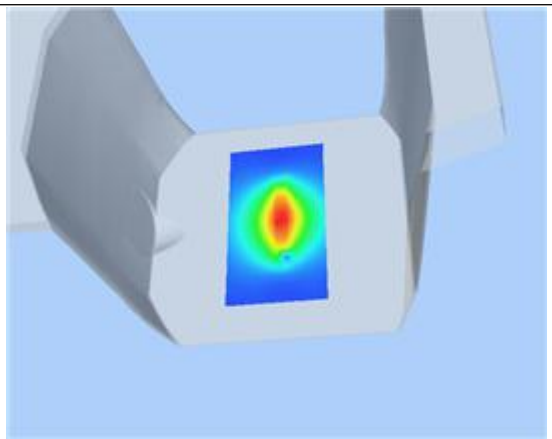
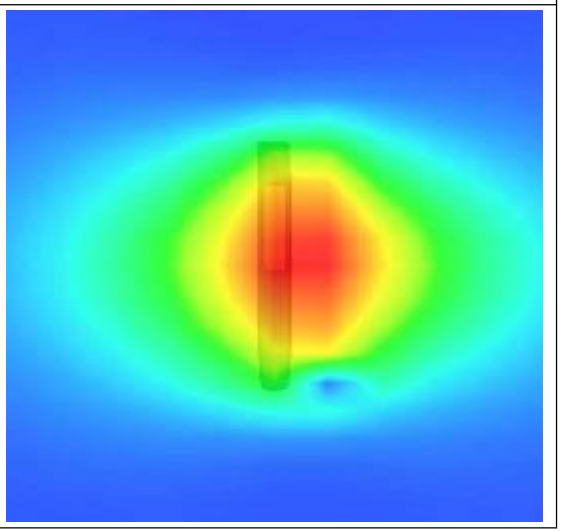
Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.039173
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.760455

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.0621	5.6445	3.6226	2.1642	1.4521	0.9078



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

System Performance Check Data(2000MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2019.01.18

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

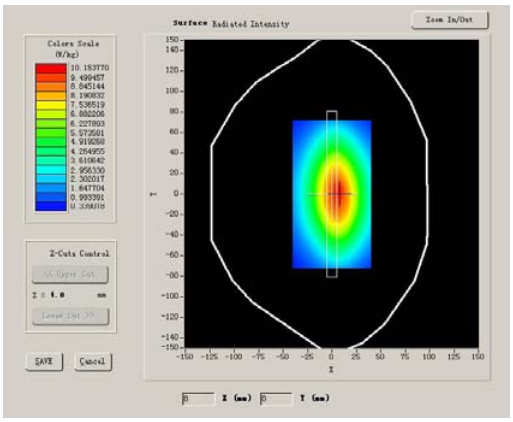
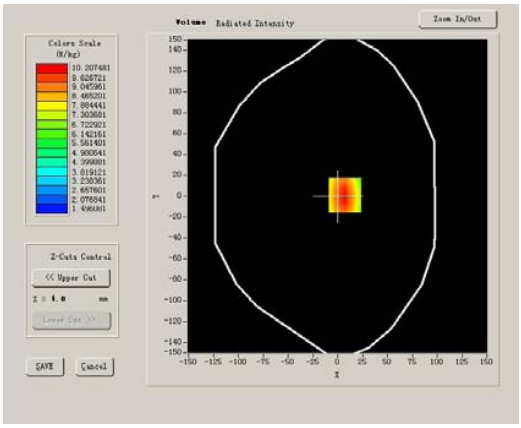
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat
Device Position	
Band	2000MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	2000.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.984477
Conductivity (S/m)	1.414283
Power drift (%)	-0.830000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C
ConvF:	5.61
Crest factor:	1:1

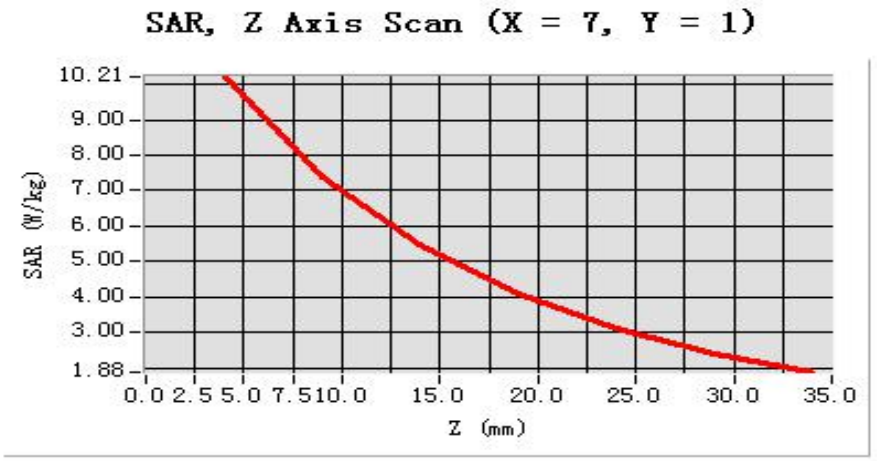
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

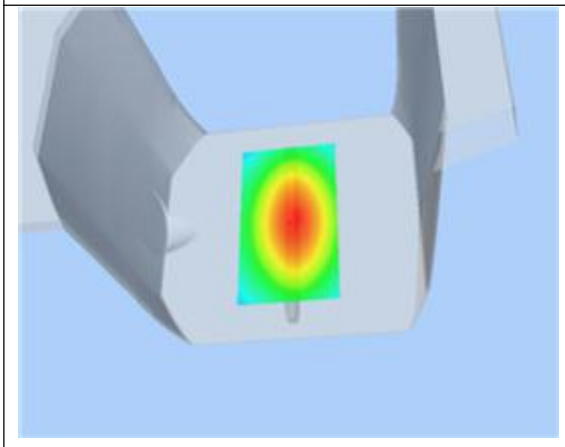
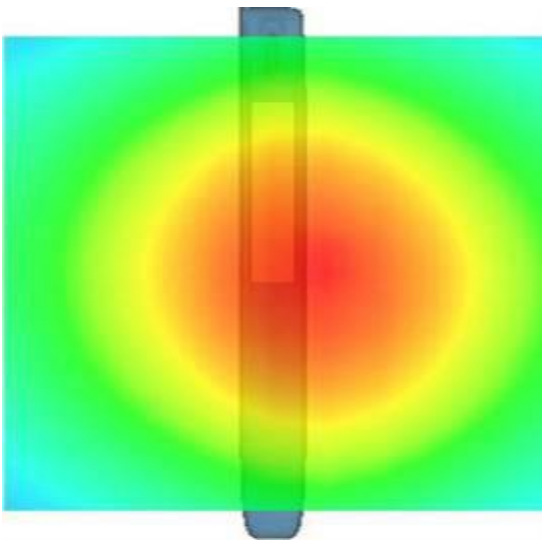
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.092518
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.255954

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.2075	7.3996	5.4654	4.1101	3.1286	2.4128



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

System Performance Check Data(2000MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2019.01.18

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

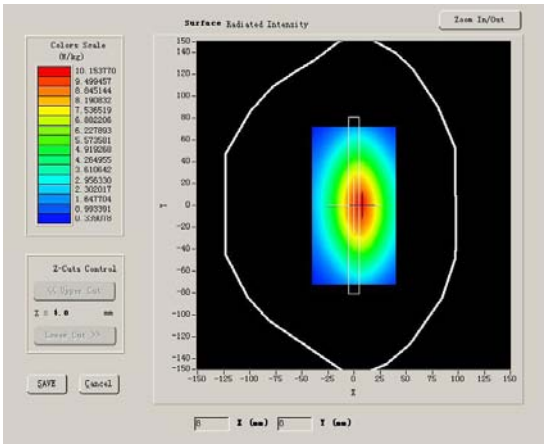
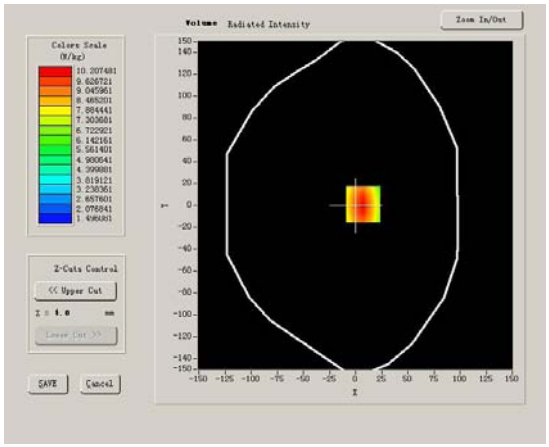
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat
Device Position	
Band	2000MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	2000.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.285167
Conductivity (S/m)	1.522073
Power drift (%)	-1.860000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C
ConvF:	5.71
Crest factor:	1:1

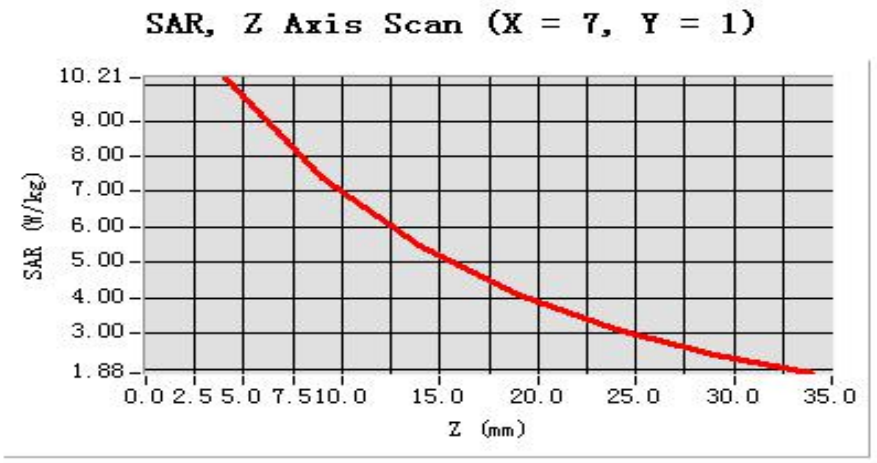
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

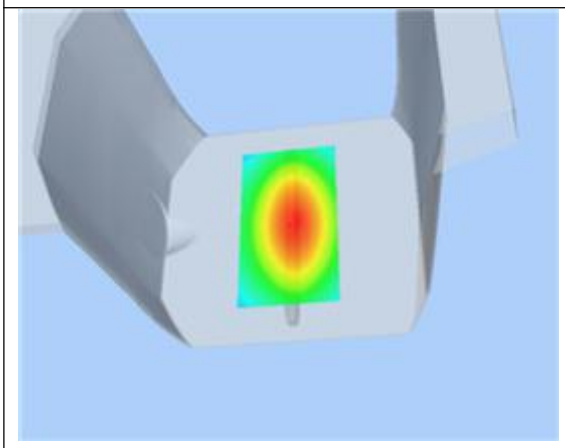
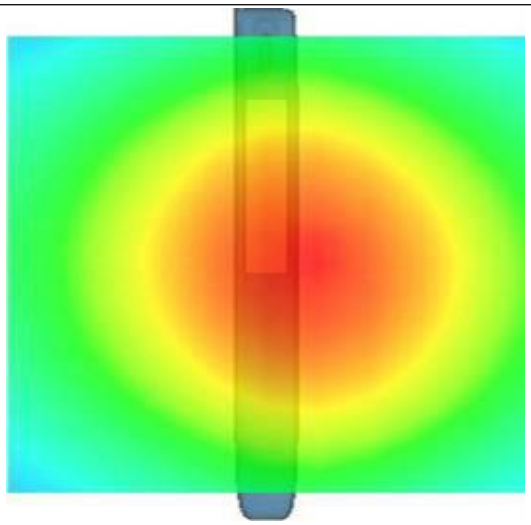
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.112518
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.119540

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.2075	7.3996	5.4654	4.1101	3.1286	2.4128



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

Annex D Plots of Maximum SAR Test Results

MEASUREMENT 1

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Parameter area scan=step 15 mm

Parameter zoom scan=dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2019.01.17

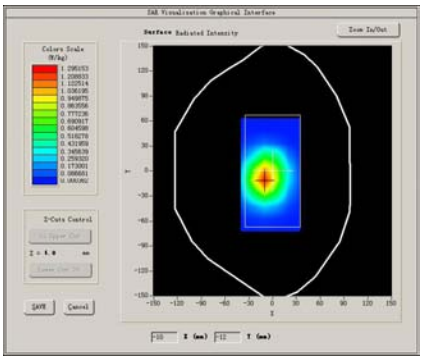
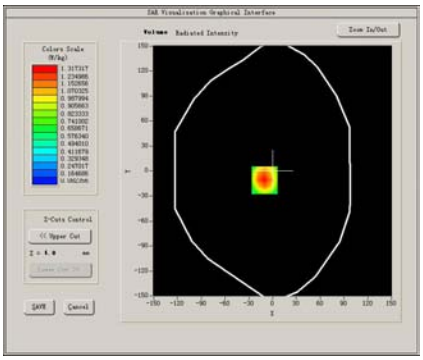
Measurement duration: 15 minutes 50 seconds

A. Experimental Conditions.

Phantom	Body
Device	Plane
Band	BC0_US_Cellular
Channels	LOW
Signal	CDMA2000

B. SAR Measurement Results.

Channel	1013
Frequency (MHz)	824.7
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.243
Conductivity (S/m)	0.986
Power drift (%)	-1.9
Ambient Temperature:	22.2°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.4°C
ConvF:	6.37
Duty Cycle:	1:1.0

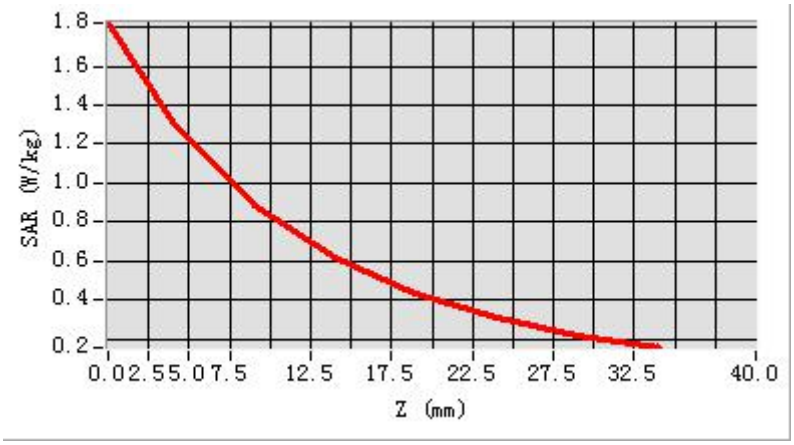
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

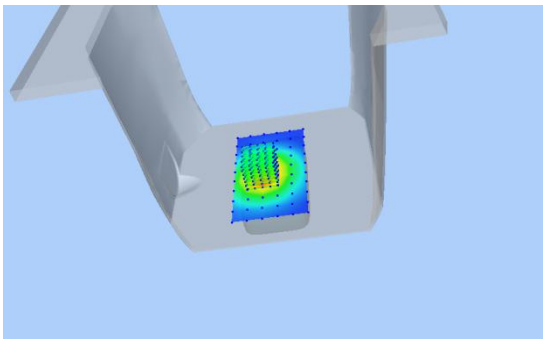
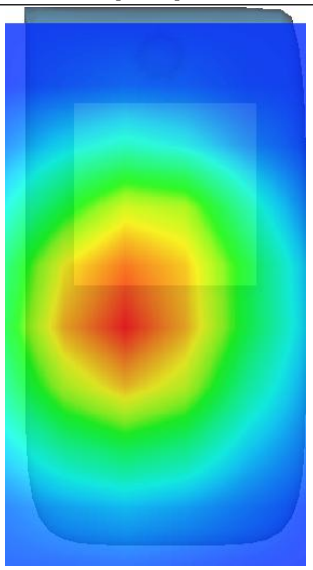
Maximum location: X=-10.000000 Y=-11.000000

SAR Peak: 1.830103 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.795053
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.268331

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00	34.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.822226	1.317317	0.885965	0.620517	0.432161	0.306997	0.215960	0.154101



3D screen shot	Hot spot positio
	

MEASUREMENT 2

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Parameter area scan=step 15 mm

Parameter zoom scan=dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm.

Date of measurement: 2019.01.18

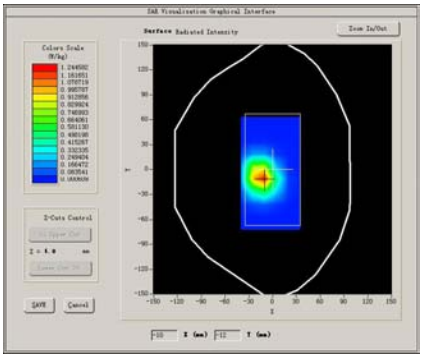
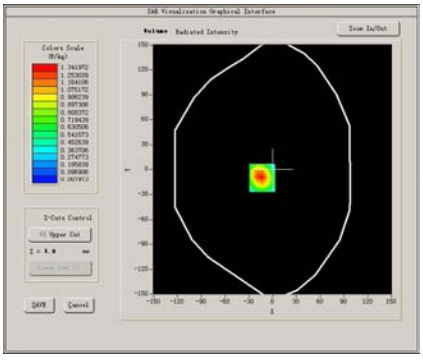
Measurement duration: 17 minutes 49 seconds

A. Experimental Conditions.

Phantom	Body
Device	Plane
Band	BC1_North_American_PCS
Channels	HIGH
Signal	CDMA2000

B. SAR Measurement Results.

Channel	1175
Frequency (MHz)	1908.75
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.307
Conductivity (S/m)	1.521
Power drift (%)	3.29
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C
ConvF:	5.71
Duty Cycle:	1:1.0

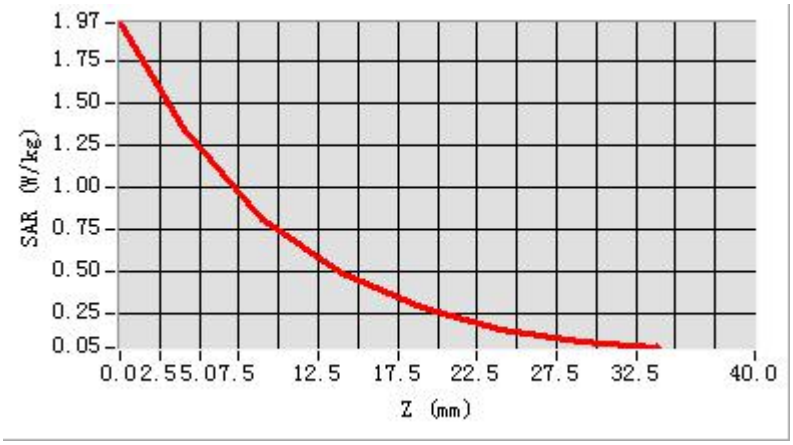
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

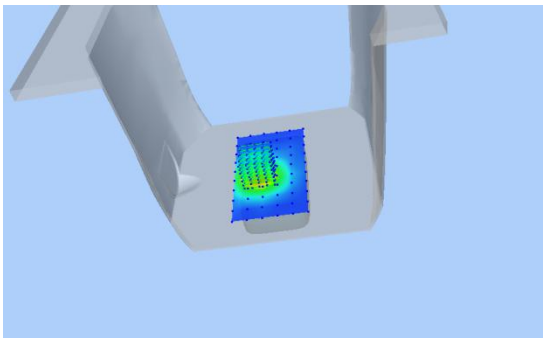
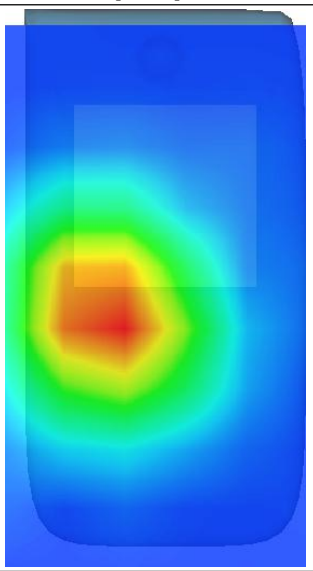
Maximum location: X=-13.000000 Y=-10.000000

SAR Peak: 2.066325 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.678390
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.282189

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00	34.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.971544	1.341972	0.810762	0.493126	0.288870	0.164830	0.094153	0.053975



3D screen shot	Hot spot positio
	

MEASUREMENT 3

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Parameter area scan=step 15 mm

Parameter zoom scan=dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm.

Date of measurement: 2019.01.18

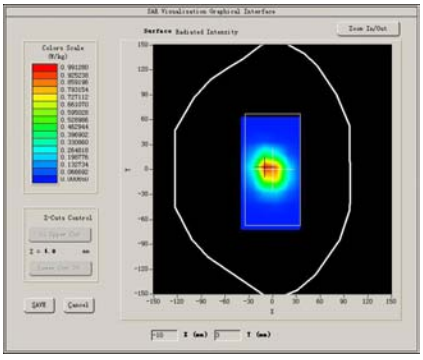
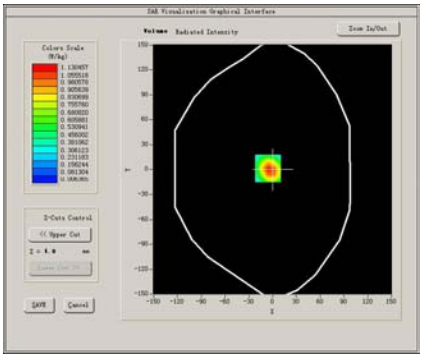
Measurement duration: 18 minutes 48 seconds

A. Experimental Conditions.

Phantom	Body
Device	Plane
Band	LTE band 2
Channels	LOW
Signal	LTE

B. SAR Measurement Results.

Channel	18700
Frequency (MHz)	1860.0
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.308
Conductivity (S/m)	1.524
Power drift (%)	3.3
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C
ConvF:	5.71
Duty Cycle:	1:1.0

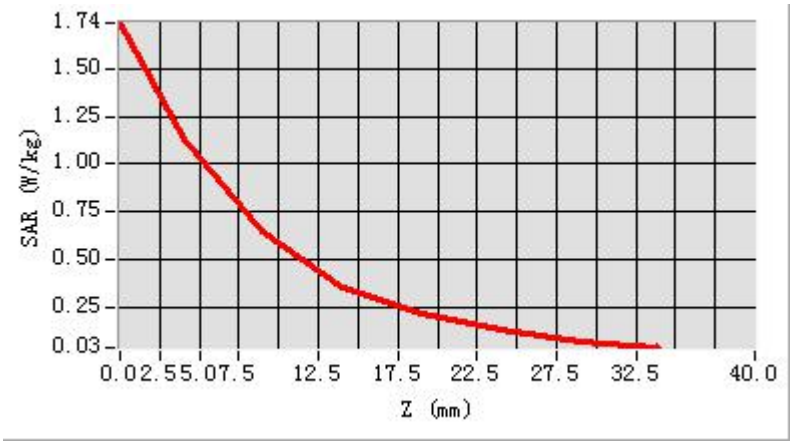
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

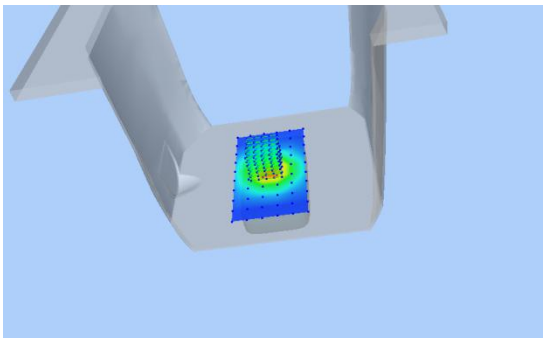
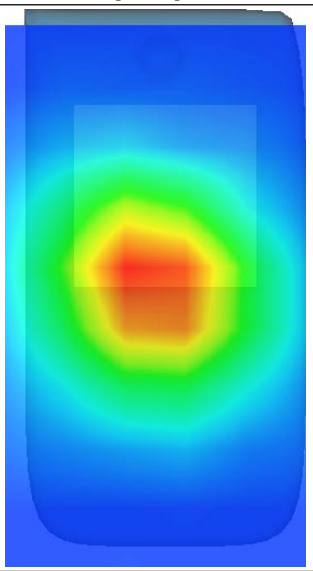
Maximum location: X=-6.000000 Y=1.000000

SAR Peak: 1.739894 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.567234
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.073416

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00	34.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.740876	1.130457	0.647131	0.350042	0.212923	0.124885	0.070551	0.034671



3D screen shot	Hot spot positio
	

MEASUREMENT 4

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Parameter area scan=step 15 mm

Parameter zoom scan=dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm.

Date of measurement: 2019.01.18

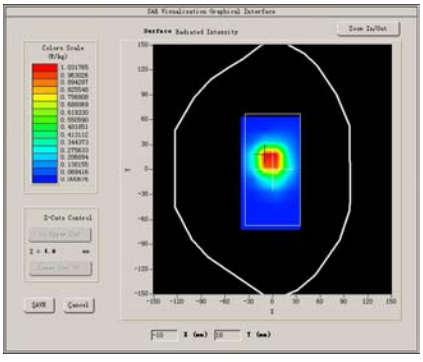
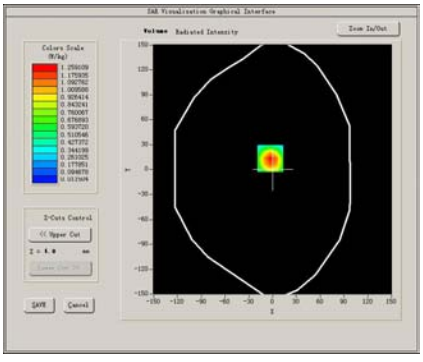
Measurement duration: 15 minutes 4 seconds

A. Experimental Conditions.

Phantom	Body
Device	Plane
Band	LTE band 4
Channels	MIDDLE
Signal	LTE

B. SAR Measurement Results.

Channel	20175
Frequency (MHz)	1732.5
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.483
Conductivity (S/m)	1.482
Power drift (%)	2.76
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C
ConvF:	5.38
Duty Cycle:	1:1.0

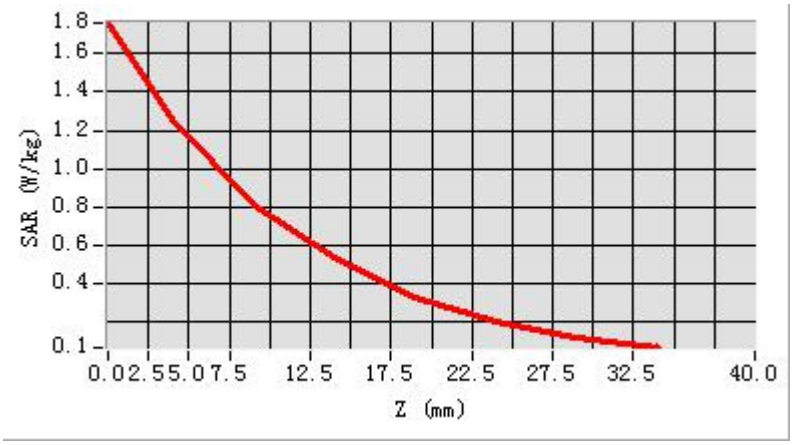
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

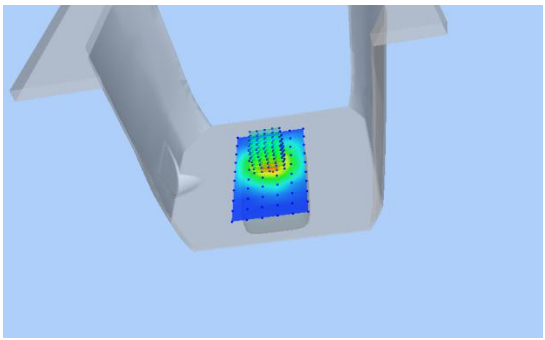
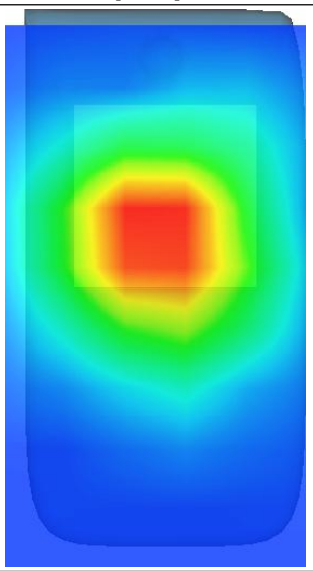
Maximum location: X=-3.000000 Y=13.000000

SAR Peak: 1.773526 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.676585
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.189020

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00	34.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.760869	1.259109	0.810233	0.532709	0.321395	0.196306	0.112056	0.062992



3D screen shot	Hot spot positio
	

MEASUREMENT 5

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Parameter area scan=step 15 mm

Parameter zoom scan=dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm.

Date of measurement: 2019.01.17

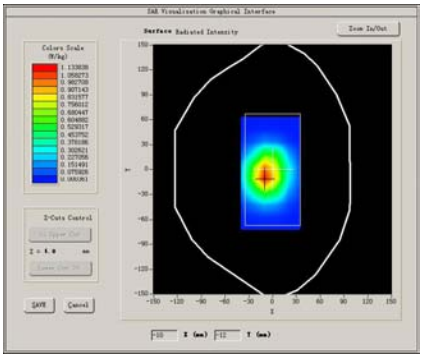
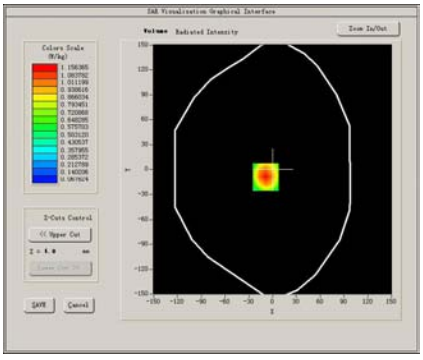
Measurement duration: 17 minutes 16 seconds

A. Experimental Conditions.

Phantom	Body
Device	Plane
Band	LTE band 5
Channels	LOW
Signal	LTE

B. SAR Measurement Results.

Channel	20450
Frequency (MHz)	829.0
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.239
Conductivity (S/m)	0.984
Power drift (%)	-2.88
Ambient Temperature:	22.2°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.4°C
ConvF:	6.37
Duty Cycle:	1:1.0

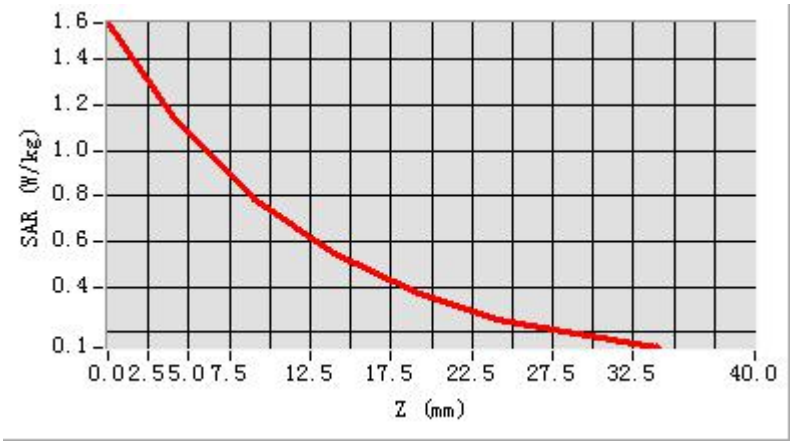
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

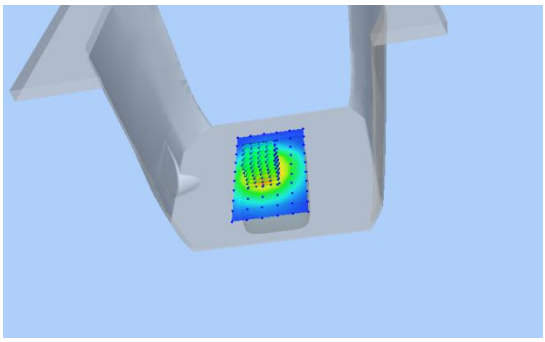
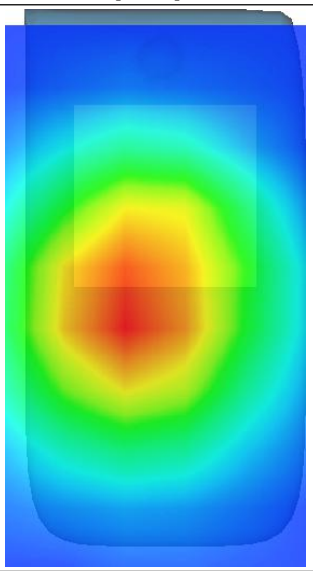
Maximum location: X=-9.000000 Y=-9.000000

SAR Peak: 1.566365 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.693735
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.098670

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00	34.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.559600	1.156365	0.786447	0.547372	0.375170	0.260168	0.191148	0.132646



3D screen shot	Hot spot positio
	

MEASUREMENT 6

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Parameter area scan=step 15 mm

Parameter zoom scan=dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm.

Date of measurement: 2019.01.17

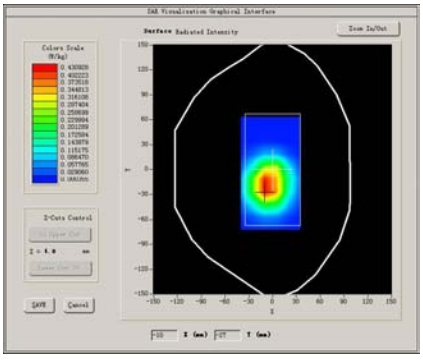
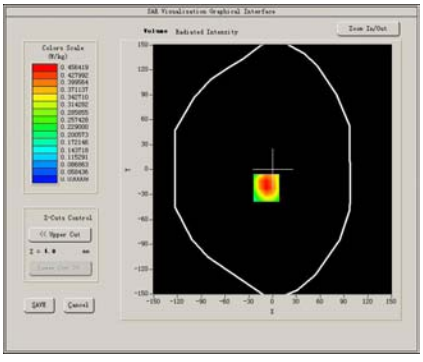
Measurement duration: 15 minutes 49 seconds

A. Experimental Conditions.

Phantom	Body
Device	Plane
Band	LTE band 13
Channels	MIDDLE
Signal	LTE

B. SAR Measurement Results.

Channel	23230
Frequency (MHz)	782.0
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.412
Conductivity (S/m)	1.010
Power drift (%)	-0.36
Ambient Temperature:	22.2°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.4°C
ConvF:	6.37
Duty Cycle:	1:1.0

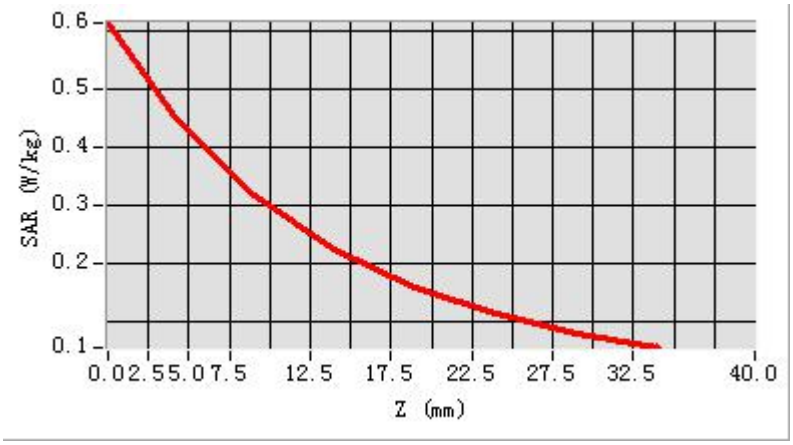
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

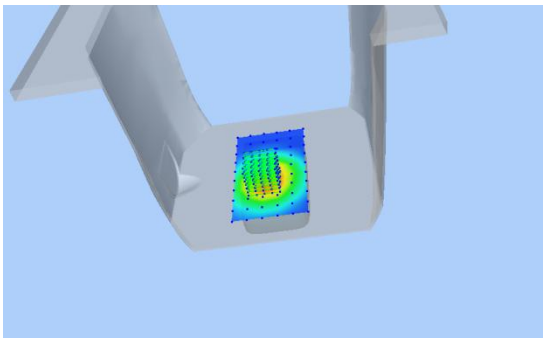
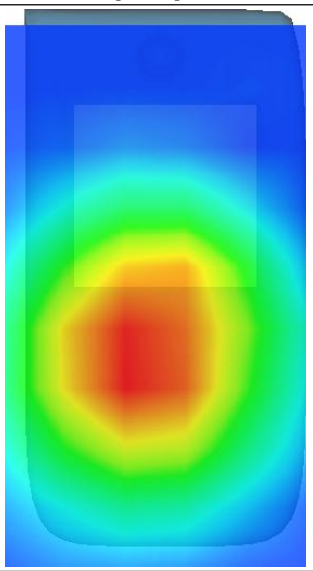
Maximum location: X=-8.000000 Y=-22.000000

SAR Peak: 0.634782 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.290820
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.455579

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00	34.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.613123	0.456419	0.317503	0.221100	0.156935	0.111881	0.076849	0.053508



3D screen shot	Hot spot positio
	

Annex E SATIMO Calibration Certificate

COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.189.1.16.SATU.A

SHENZHEN MORLAB COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD

FL3, BUILDING A, FEIYANG SCIENCE PARK, NO.8 LONGCHANG ROAD,

BLOCK 67, BAOAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG PROVINCE, P.R. CHINA

MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 37/08 EP80

Calibrated at MVG US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

Calibration Date: 10/05/2018

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

	Name	*Function*	*Date*	*Signature*
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	17/5/2018	
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	17/5/2018	
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	17/5/2018	

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd

Issue	*Date*	*Modifications*
A	17/5/2018	Initial release

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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE5
Serial Number	SN 37/08 EP80
Product Condition (new / used)	Used
Frequency Range of Probe	0.7 GHz-3GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=1.445 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=1.467 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=1.477 MΩ

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.

Figure 1 – *MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole*

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	4.5 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	2.7 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	**Uncertainty value (%)**	**Probability Distribution**	**Divisor**	**ci**	**Standard Uncertainty (%)**
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%

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Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

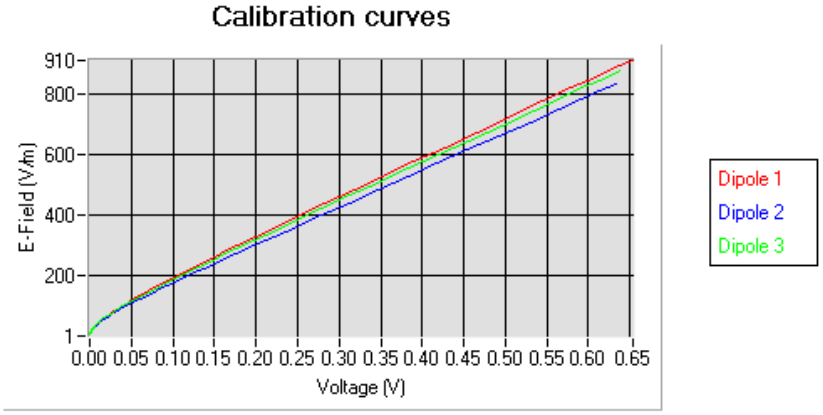
5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole 1 (μV/(V/m)^2)	Normy dipole 2 (μV/(V/m)^2)	Normz dipole 3 (μV/(V/m)^2)
5.13	5.62	5.15

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
129	109	123

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^{\,2} + E_2^{\,2} + E_3^{\,2}}$$



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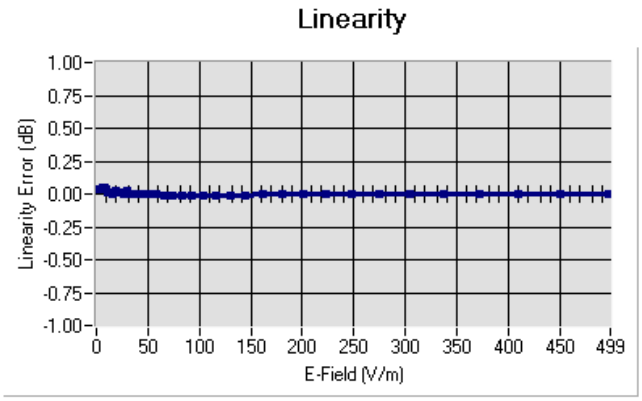
5.2 LINEARITY



Linearity:±1.11% (+/-0.05dB)

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	ConvF
HL450	450	42.17	0.86	7.55
BL450	450	57.65	0.95	7.77
HL750	750	40.03	0.93	6.44
BL750	750	56.83	1.00	6.68
HL900	900	42.08	1.01	6.13
BL900	900	55.25	1.08	6.37
HL1800	1800	41.68	1.46	5.21
BL1800	1800	53.86	1.46	5.38
HL1900	1900	38.45	1.45	5.61
BL1900	1900	53.32	1.56	5.71
HL2450	2450	37.50	1.80	4.82
BL2450	2450	53.22	1.89	4.96
HL2600	2600	39.80	1.99	4.74
BL2600	2600	52.52	2.23	4.93

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 8mW/kg

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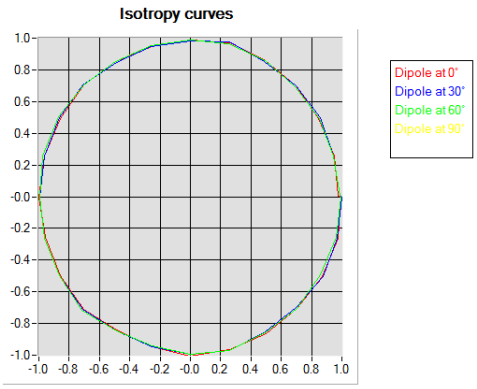
5.4 ISOTROPY

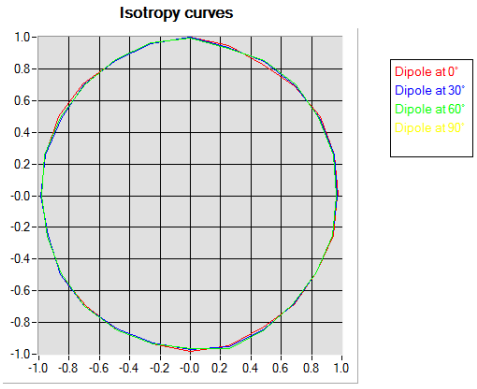
HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.05 dB



HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



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6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	**Manufacturer / Model**	**Identification No.**	**Current Calibration Date**	**Next Calibration Date**
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019
Reference Probe	MVG	EP 94 SN 37/08	04/2018	04/2019
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2016	12/2019
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2016	12/2019
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2016	12/2019
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2016	12/2019
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	10/2017	10/2019

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SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.189.4.16.SATU.A

SHENZHEN MORLAB COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD

FL3, BUILDING A, FEIYANG SCIENCE PARK, NO.8 LONGCHANG ROAD,

BLOCK 67, BAOAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG PROVINCE, P.R. CHINA

MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 20/08 DIPC99

Calibrated at MVG US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

Calibration Date: 10/05/2018

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

	Name	*Function*	*Date*	*Signature*
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	17/5/2018	
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	17/5/2018	
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	17/5/2018	

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd

Issue	*Date*	*Modifications*
A	17/5/2018	Initial release

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SID835
Serial Number	SN 20/08 DIPC99
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.

Figure 1 – *MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole*

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %

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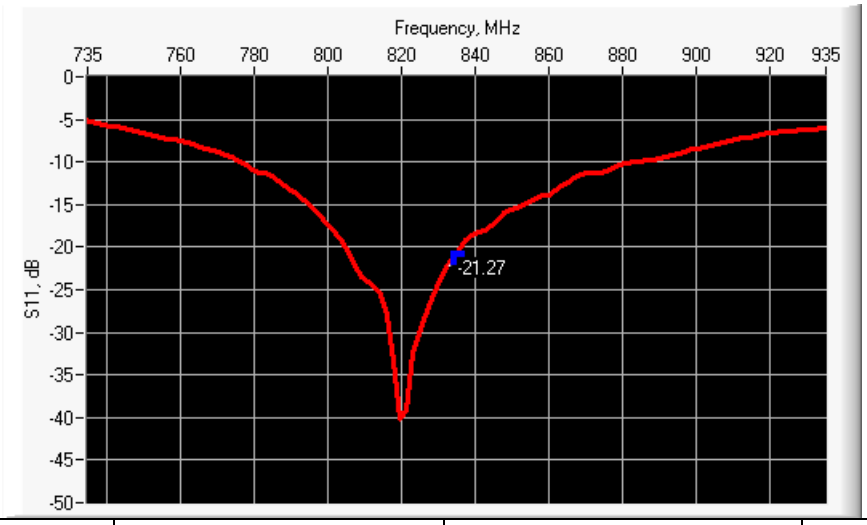
10 g	20.1 %

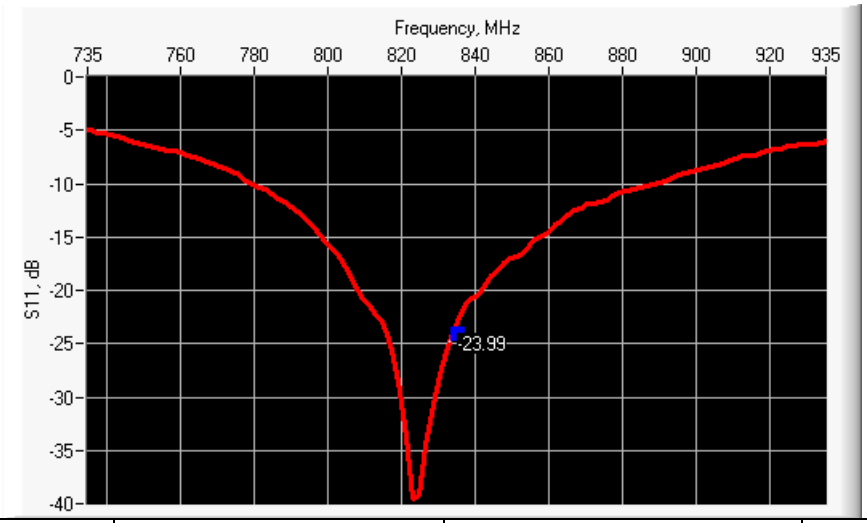
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-21.27	-20	57.4 Ω + 5.3 jΩ

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-23.99	-20	53.8 Ω + 5.4 jΩ

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	**L** mm		**h** mm		**d** mm	
	required	**measured**	**required**	**measured**	**required**	**measured**
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	

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450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.	PASS	89.8 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %	PASS	0.90 ±5 %	PASS
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	

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1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 40.0 sigma : 0.90
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	**1 g SAR (W/kg/W)**		**10 g SAR (W/kg/W)**	
	required	**measured**	**required**	**measured**
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56	9.61 (0.96)	6.22	6.17 (0.62)
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	

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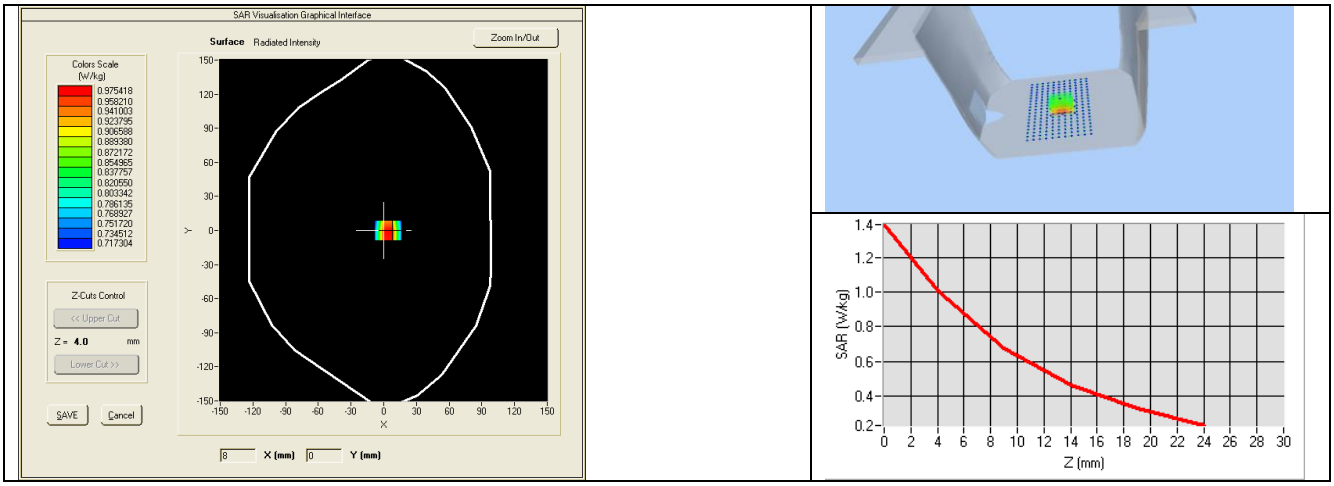
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	



7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %	PASS	0.97 ±5 %	PASS
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	

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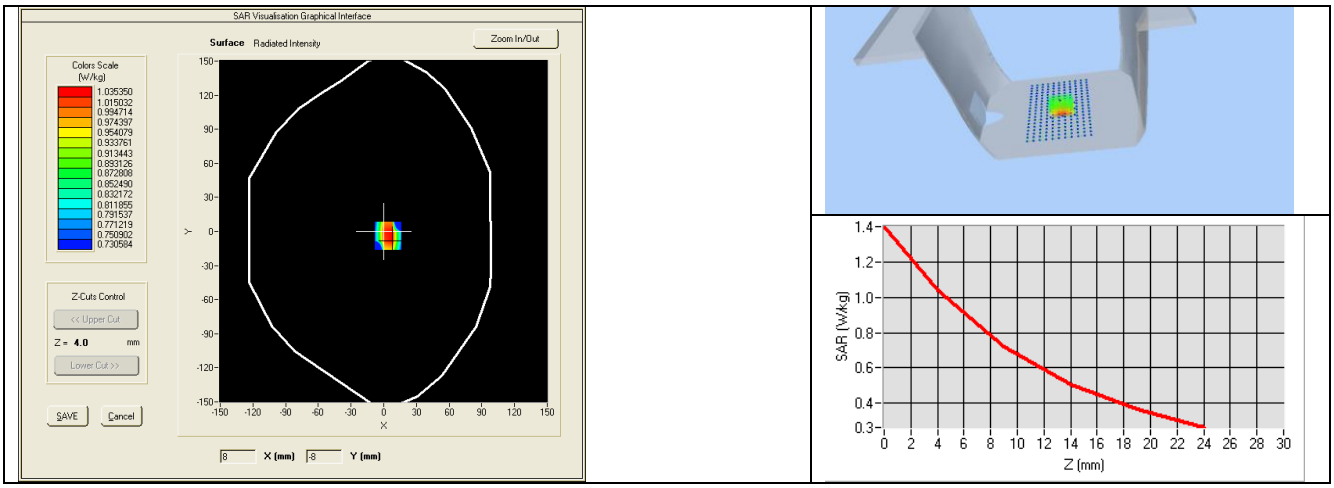
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 57.5 sigma : 0.96
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	**1 g SAR (W/kg/W)**	**10 g SAR (W/kg/W)**
	measured	**measured**
835	9.88 (0.99)	6.48 (0.65)



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	**Manufacturer / Model**	**Identification No.**	**Current Calibration Date**	**Next Calibration Date**
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2016	12/2019
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	04/2018	04/2019
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2016	12/2019
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2016	12/2019
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2016	12/2019
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2016	12/2019
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	10/2017	10/2019

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SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.189.6.16.SATU.A

SHENZHEN MORLAB COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD

FL3, BUILDING A, FEIYANG SCIENCE PARK, NO.8 LONGCHANG ROAD,

BLOCK 67, BAOAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG PROVINCE, P.R. CHINA

MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 1800 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 36/08 DIPF101

Calibrated at MVG US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

Calibration Date: 10/05/2018

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

	Name	*Function*	*Date*	*Signature*
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	17/5/2018	
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	17/5/2018	
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	17/5/2018	

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd

Issue	*Date*	*Modifications*
A	17/5/2018	Initial release

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SID1800
Serial Number	SN 36/08 DIPF101
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.

Figure 1 – *MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole*

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %

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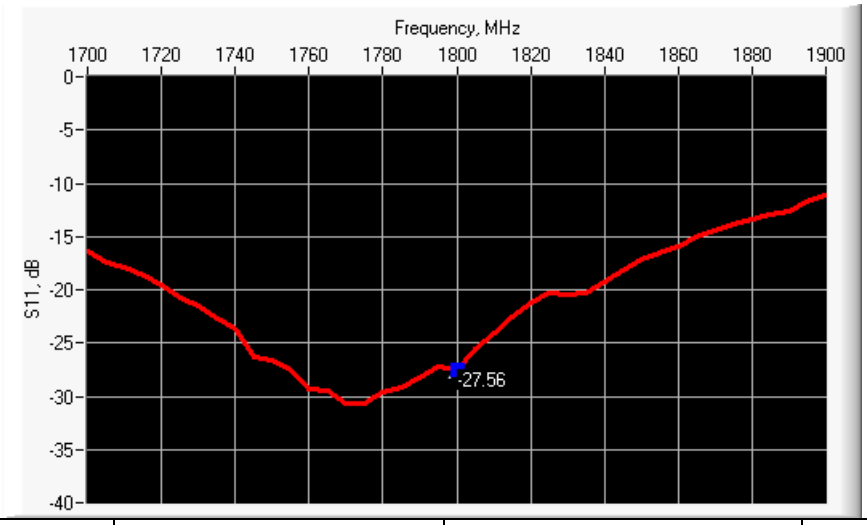
10 g	20.1 %

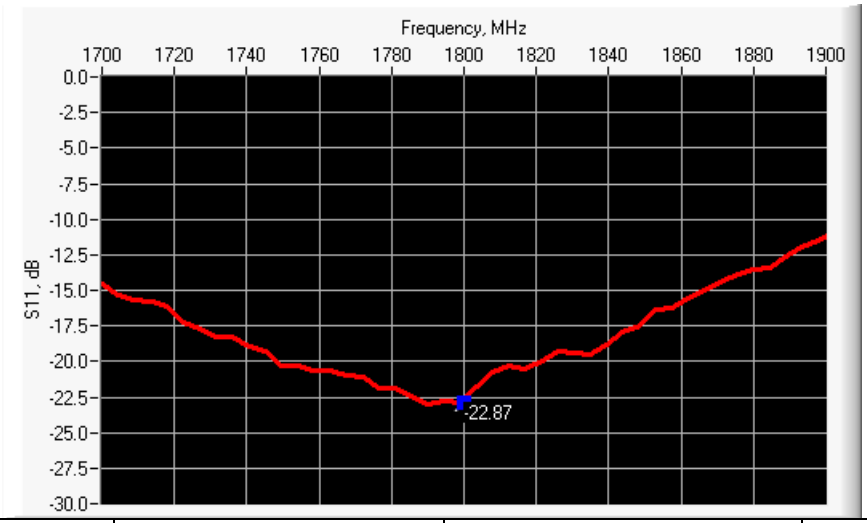
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1800	-27.56	-20	51.1 Ω - 4.0 jΩ

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1800	-22.87	-20	57.3 Ω - 2.5 jΩ

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	**L** mm		**h** mm		**d** mm	
	required	**measured**	**required**	**measured**	**required**	**measured**
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	

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450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.	PASS	41.7 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	

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1800	40.0 ±5 %	PASS	1.40 ±5 %	PASS
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 41.7 sigma : 1.46
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	1800 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	**1 g SAR (W/kg/W)**		**10 g SAR (W/kg/W)**	
	required	**measured**	**required**	**measured**
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4	37.05 (3.71)	20.1	19.85 (1.98)

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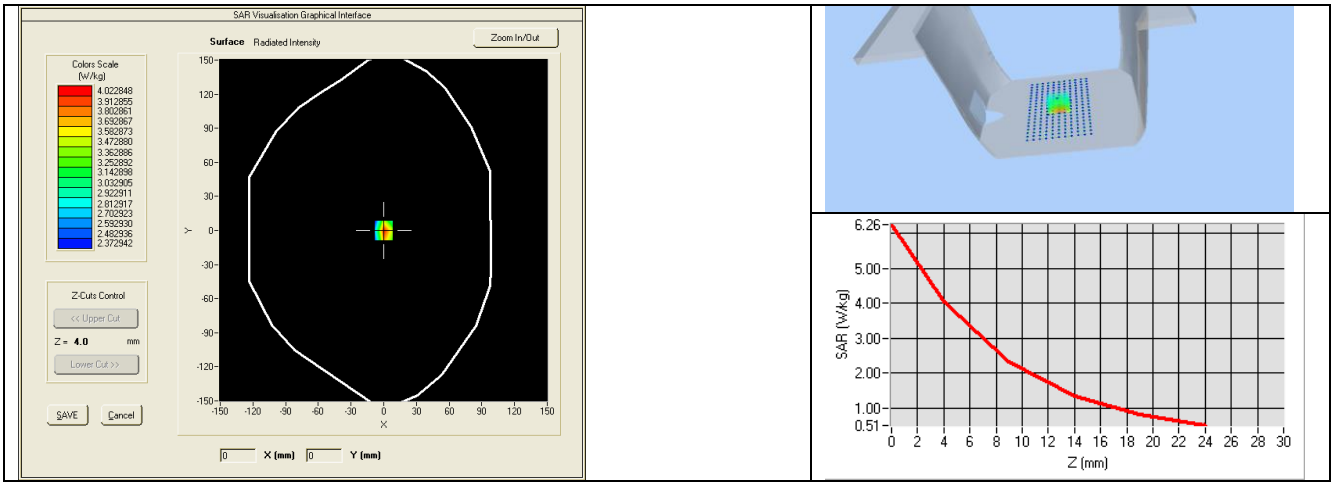
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	



7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %	PASS	1.52 ±5 %	PASS
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	

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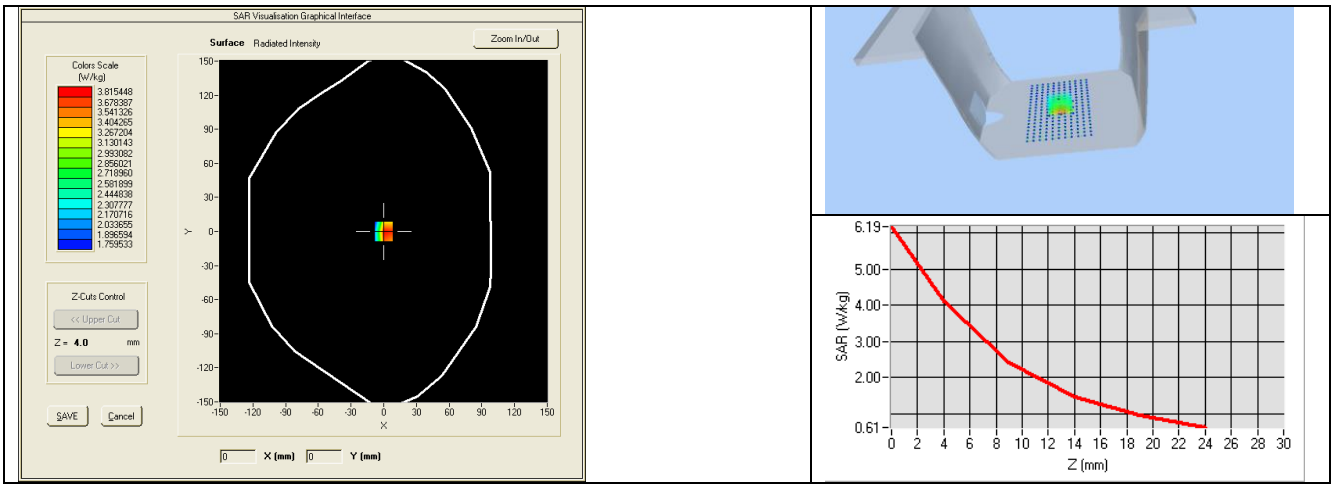
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 53.9 sigma : 1.46
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	1800 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	**1 g SAR (W/kg/W)**	**10 g SAR (W/kg/W)**
	measured	**measured**
1800	37.78 (3.78)	20.15 (2.02)



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	**Manufacturer / Model**	**Identification No.**	**Current Calibration Date**	**Next Calibration Date**
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2016	12/2019
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	04/2018	04/2019
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2016	12/2019
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2016	12/2019
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2016	12/2019
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2016	12/2019
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	10/2017	10/2019

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SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.189.7.16.SATU.A

SHENZHEN MORLAB COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD

FL3, BUILDING A, FEIYANG SCIENCE PARK, NO.8 LONGCHANG ROAD,

BLOCK 67, BAOAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG PROVINCE, P.R. CHINA

MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 2000 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 20/08 DIPI102

Calibrated at MVG US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

Calibration Date: 10/05/2018

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

	Name	*Function*	*Date*	*Signature*
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	17/5/2018	
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	17/5/2018	
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	17/5/2018	

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd

Issue	*Date*	*Modifications*
A	17/5/2018	Initial release

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 2000 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SID2000
Serial Number	SN 20/08 DIPI102
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.

Figure 1 – *MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole*

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %

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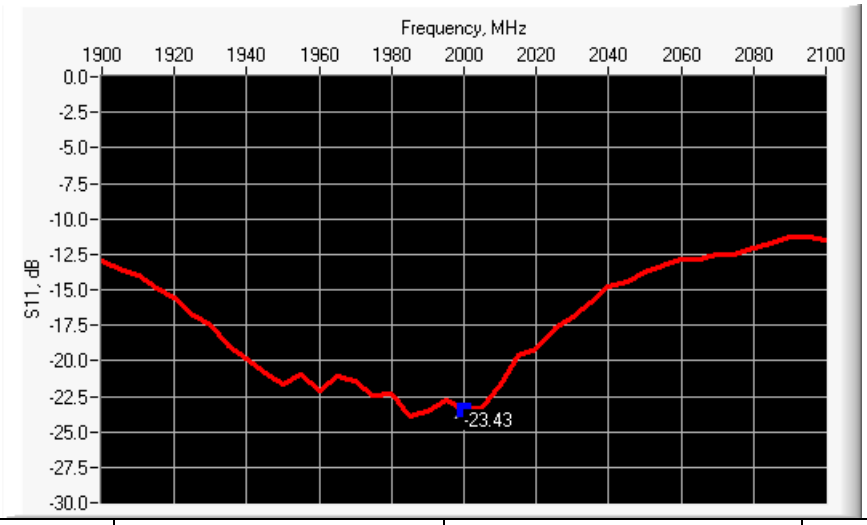
10 g	20.1 %

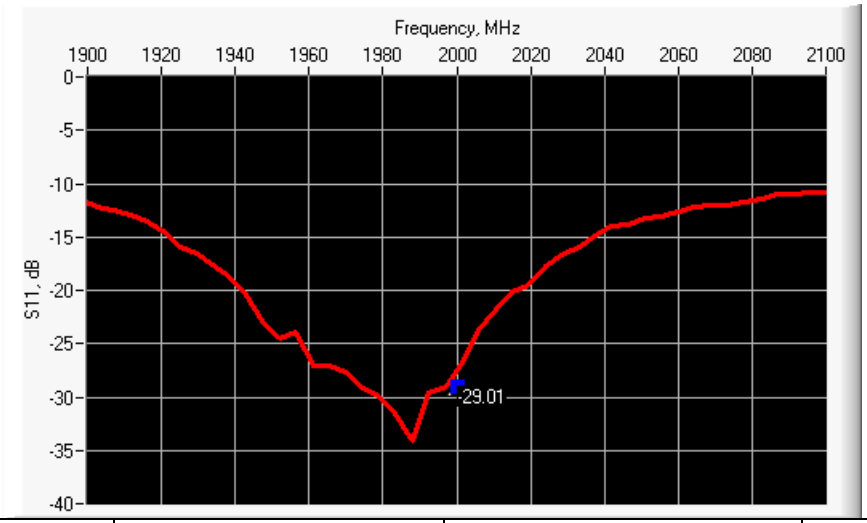
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2000	-23.43	-20	56.4 Ω + 3.2 jΩ

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2000	-29.01	-20	51.9 Ω + 2.9 jΩ

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	**L** mm		**h** mm		**d** mm	
	required	**measured**	**required**	**measured**	**required**	**measured**
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	

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450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.	PASS	37.5 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	**Relative permittivity (ε_r')**		**Conductivity (σ) S/m**	
	required	**measured**	**required**	**measured**
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	

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1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %	PASS	1.40 ±5 %	PASS
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 38.3 sigma : 1.38
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	2000 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	**1 g SAR (W/kg/W)**		**10 g SAR (W/kg/W)**	
	required	**measured**	**required**	**measured**
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	

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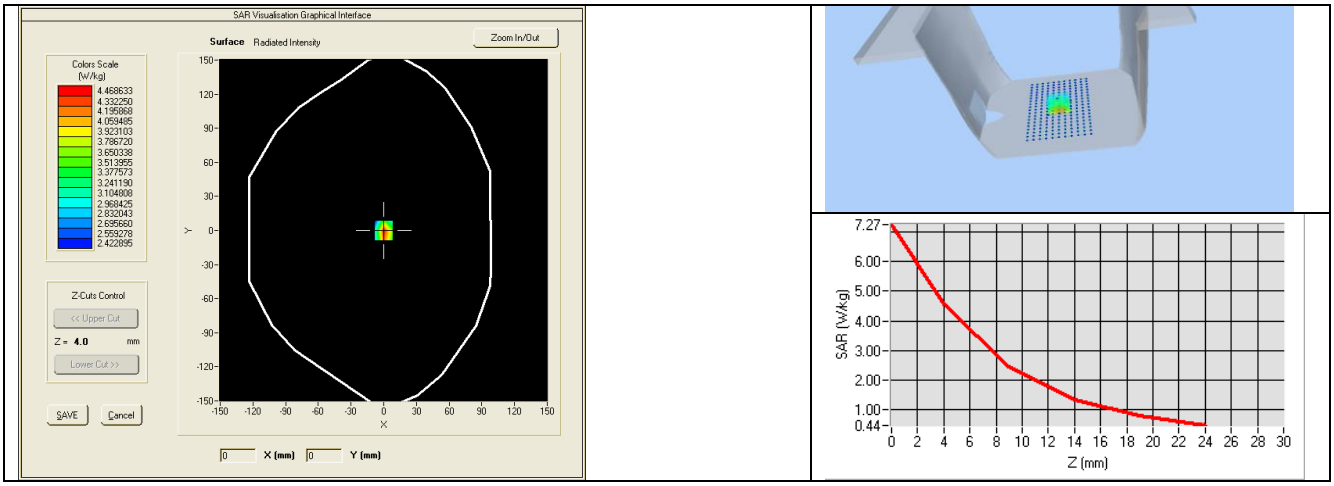
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1	42.70 (4.27)	21.1	21.39 (2.14)
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	



7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %	PASS	1.52 ±5 %	PASS
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	

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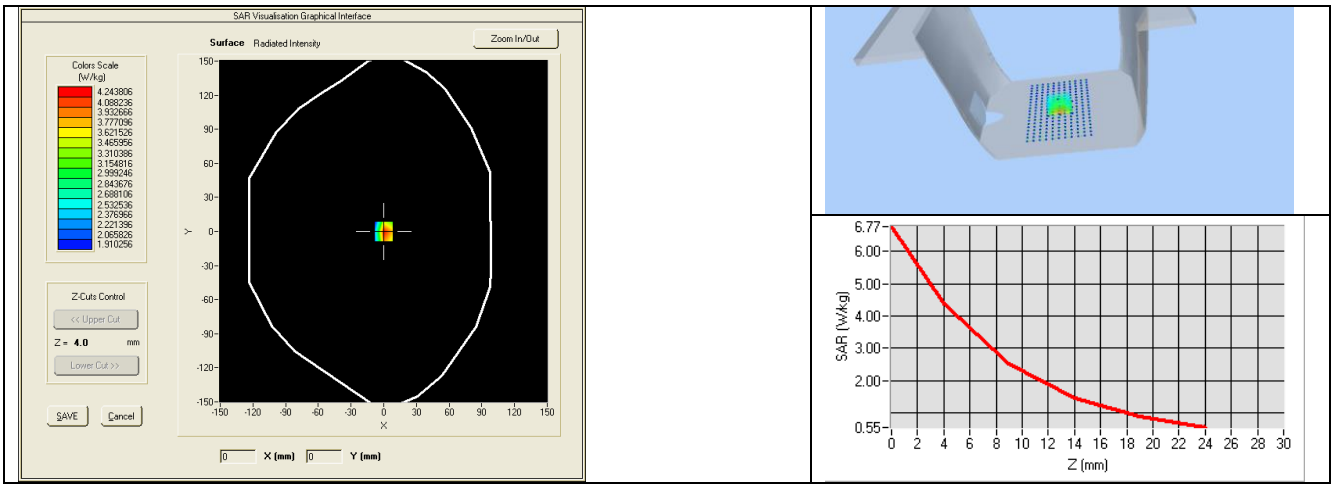
2600	52.5 ±5 %		2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %		5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 52.7 sigma : 1.51
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	2000 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	**1 g SAR (W/kg/W)**	**10 g SAR (W/kg/W)**
	measured	**measured**
2000	41.43 (4.14)	20.86 (2.09)



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	**Manufacturer / Model**	**Identification No.**	**Current Calibration Date**	**Next Calibration Date**
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2016	12/2019
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	04/2018	04/2019
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2016	12/2019
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2016	12/2019
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2016	12/2019
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2016	12/2019
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	10/2017	10/2019

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