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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **BTL-CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: **DAE4-1390_Oct19**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1390**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-06.v29**
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: **October 29, 2019**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Sep-19 (No:25949)	Sep-20
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-19 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-20
	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	07-Jan-19 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-20

Calibrated by: **Eric Hainfeld** **Laboratory Technician** **Signature**

Approved by: **Sven Kühn** **Deputy Manager**

Issued: October 29, 2019

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - *Input Offset Measurement:* Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 μ V , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61 nV , full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	403.670 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2)	403.384 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2)	404.266 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.96400 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2)	3.98241 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2)	3.98298 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	138.5 ° $\pm$ 1 °
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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200033.02	-7.71	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20005.85	0.49	0.00
Channel X - Input	-20003.96	1.31	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	200034.09	0.45	0.00
Channel Y + Input	20004.26	-0.96	-0.00
Channel Y - Input	-20007.27	-1.77	0.01
Channel Z + Input	200032.21	-8.05	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	20004.47	-0.76	-0.00
Channel Z - Input	-20007.05	-1.61	0.01

Low Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2001.54	0.33	0.02
Channel X + Input	201.30	-0.01	-0.01
Channel X - Input	-198.66	0.14	-0.07
Channel Y + Input	2001.09	0.01	0.00
Channel Y + Input	200.51	-0.57	-0.28
Channel Y - Input	-199.66	-0.75	0.38
Channel Z + Input	2001.01	-0.09	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	200.08	-1.05	-0.52
Channel Z - Input	-199.89	-0.88	0.44

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-3.91	-4.94
	- 200	5.79	3.98
Channel Y	200	15.93	15.56
	- 200	-18.67	-18.24
Channel Z	200	13.03	13.36
	- 200	-16.33	-16.05

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	1.74	-4.99
Channel Y	200	8.51	-	3.99
Channel Z	200	9.79	6.52	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16121	16943
Channel Y	15799	16742
Channel Z	15729	15655

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10M Ω

	Average (μ V)	min. Offset (μ V)	max. Offset (μ V)	Std. Deviation (μ V)
Channel X	0.23	-0.31	0.98	0.28
Channel Y	-1.04	-1.75	-0.31	0.31
Channel Z	-1.09	-2.10	0.12	0.39

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9



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Client : **BTL Inc .**

Certificate No: **Z20-60148**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **DAE3 - SN: 420**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FF-Z11-002-01**
Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics (DAEx)

Calibration date: **June 22, 2020**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22 ± 3) $^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753	1971018	16-Jun-20 (CTTL, No.J20X04342)	Jun-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: June 24, 2020

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 μ V, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	405.592 $\pm$ 0.15% (k=2)	405.166 $\pm$ 0.15% (k=2)	406.232 $\pm$ 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.95950 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)	4.02361 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)	3.95823 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	163° $\pm$ 1 °
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Client

BTL Inc .

Certificate No: Z20-60147

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN : 3162**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FF-Z11-004-01**
Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: **May 09, 2020**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125)	Jun-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125)	Jun-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125)	Jun-20
Reference 10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525)	Feb-22
Reference 20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526)	Feb-22
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	30-Jan-20(SPEAG, No.EX3-3617_Jan20/2)	Jan-21
DAE4	SN 1556	4-Feb-20(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1556_Feb20)	Feb-21

Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGenerator MG3700A	6201052605	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05127)	Jun-20
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: May 11, 2020

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A,B,C,D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization Φ	Φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i $\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta=0$ ($f \leq 900\text{MHz}$ in TEM-cell; $f > 1800\text{MHz}$: waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}; A,B,C** are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800\text{MHz}$) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800\text{MHz}$. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from $\pm 50\text{MHz}$ to $\pm 100\text{MHz}$.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 – SN:3162

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	1.27	1.03	1.14	±10.0%
DCP(mV) ^B	103.1	104.8	102.4	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	283.9	±2.1%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		245.7	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		266.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 – SN:3162

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Uct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.14	6.14	6.14	0.40	1.40	± 12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	5.95	5.95	5.95	0.39	1.48	± 12.1%
900	41.5	0.97	5.93	5.93	5.93	0.37	1.55	± 12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	5.22	5.22	5.22	0.59	1.28	± 12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	4.97	4.97	4.97	0.59	1.32	± 12.1%
2000	40.0	1.40	4.92	4.92	4.92	0.60	1.33	± 12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	4.72	4.72	4.72	0.71	1.22	± 12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	4.54	4.54	4.54	0.75	1.22	± 12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	4.41	4.41	4.41	0.89	1.12	± 12.1%

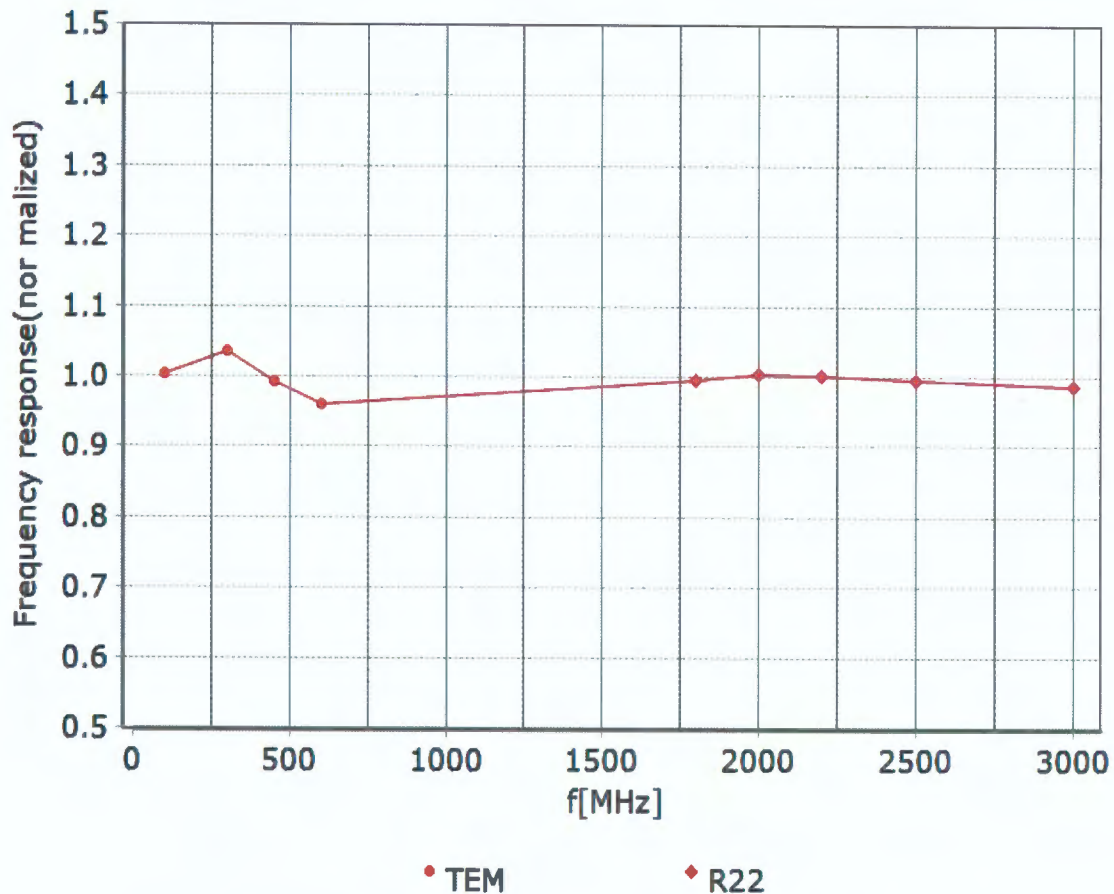
^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

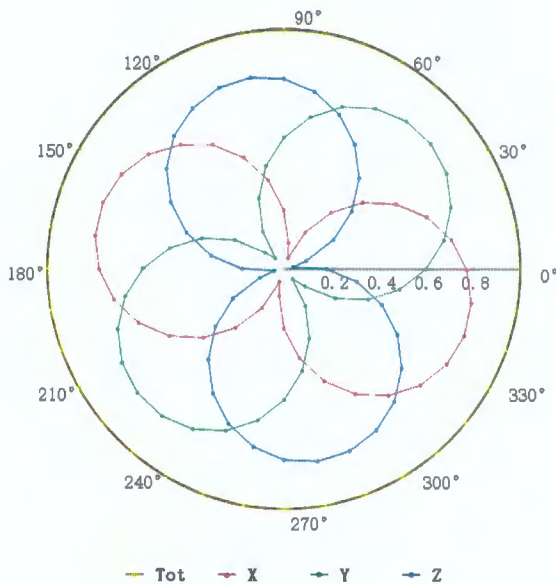


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 7.4\%$ ($k=2$)

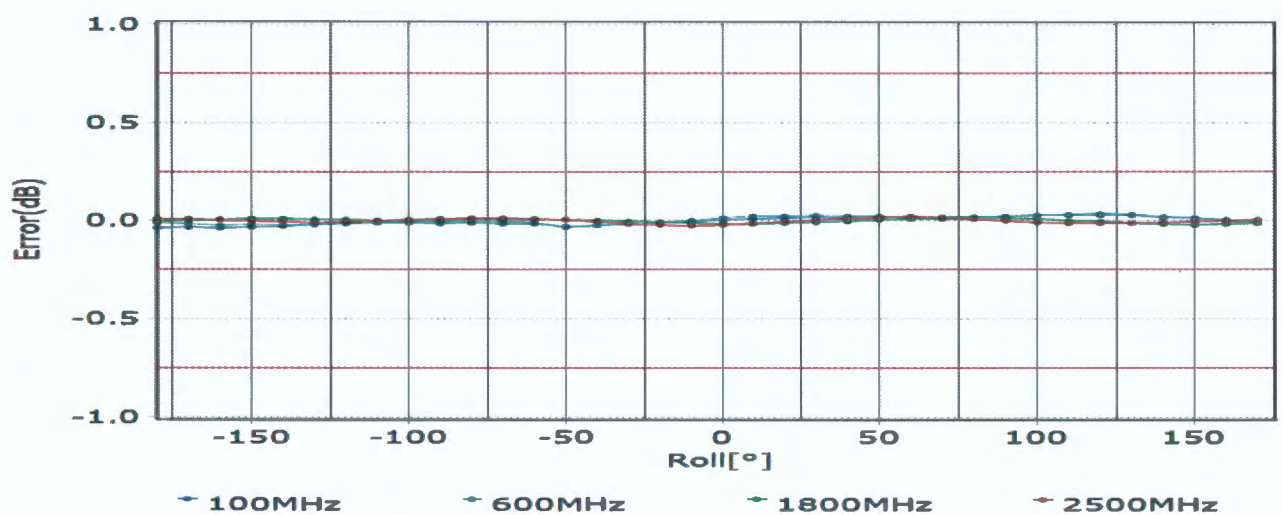
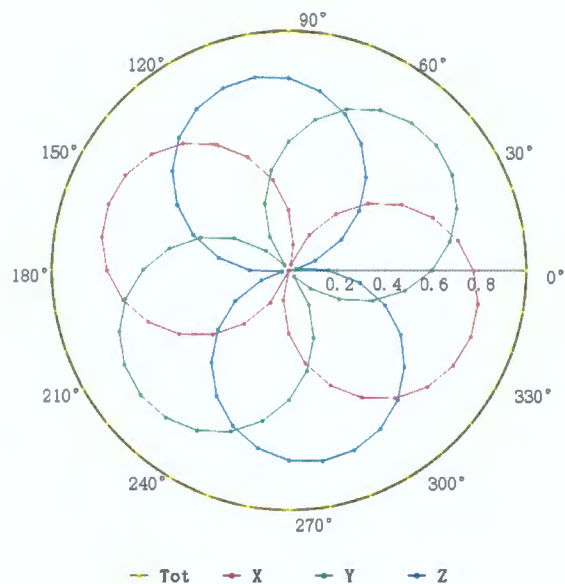


Receiving Pattern (Φ), $\theta=0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM



f=1800 MHz, R22



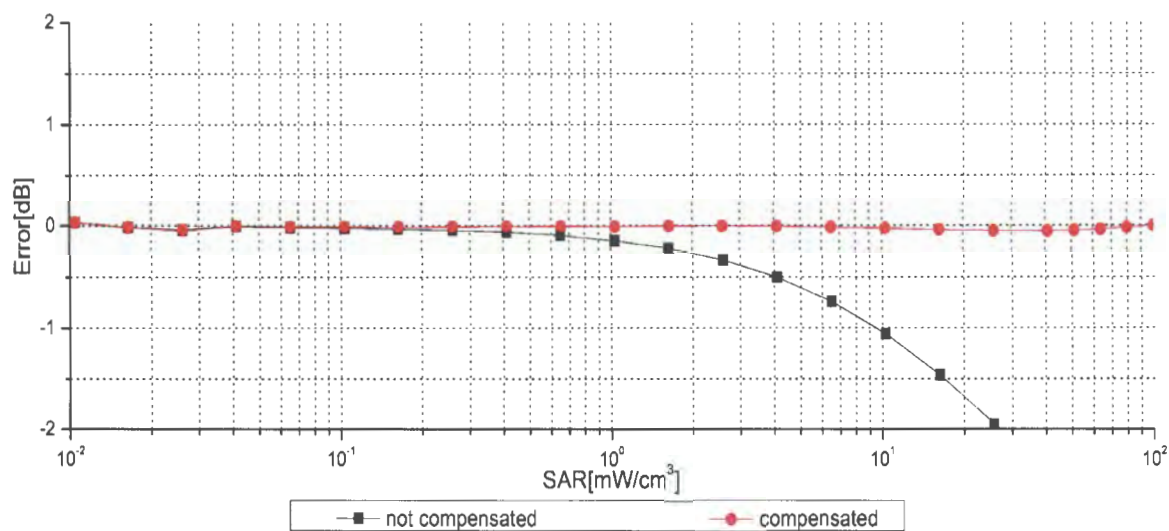
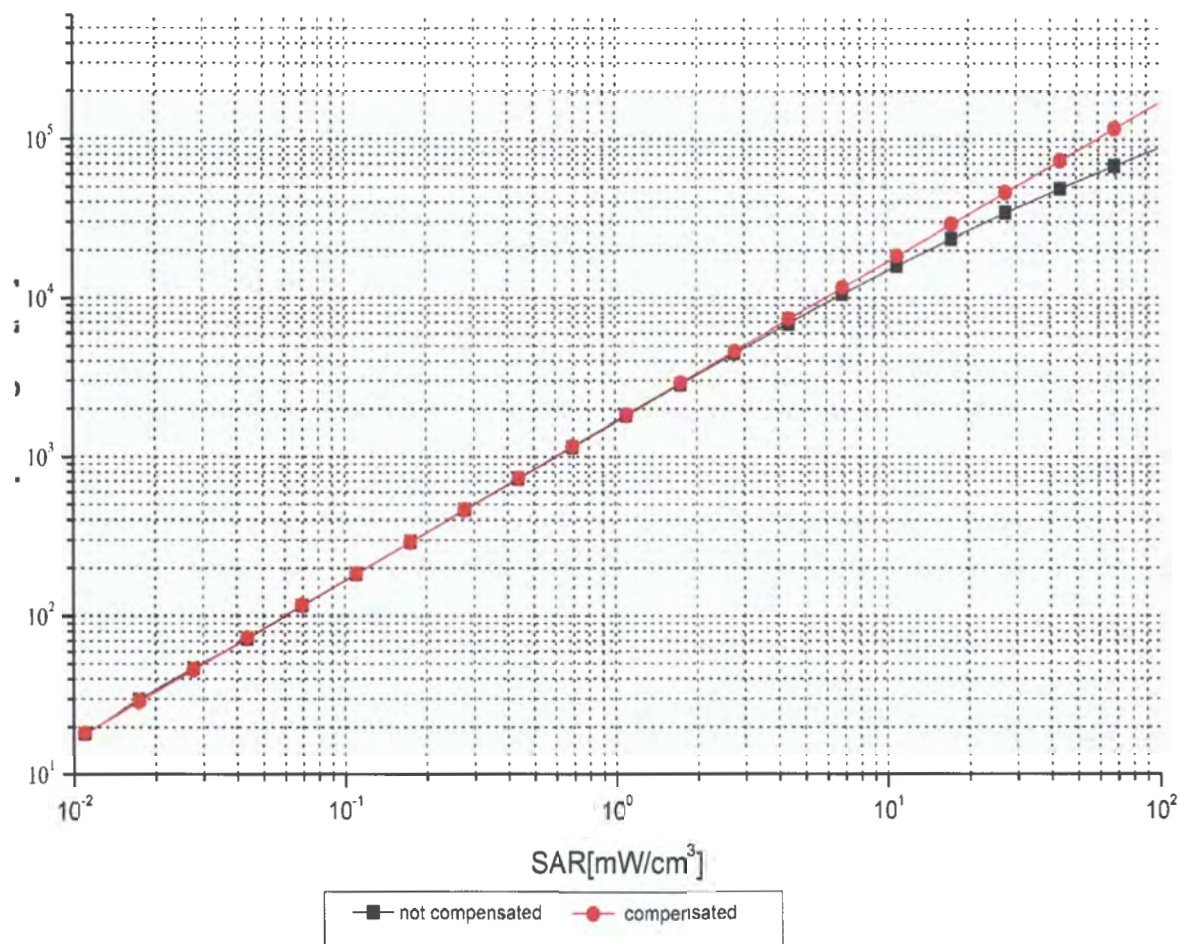
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 1.2\%$ ($k=2$)



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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.9\%$ ($k=2$)



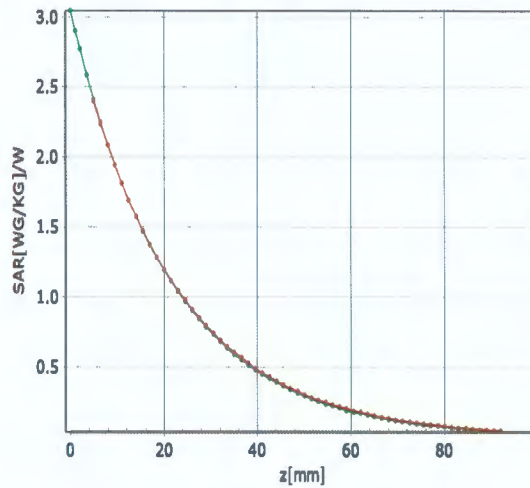
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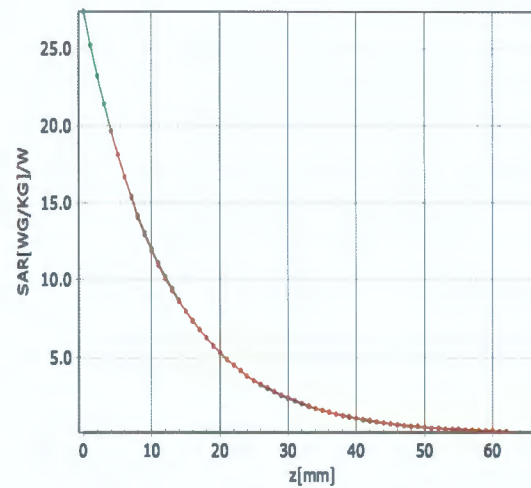
Conversion Factor Assessment

f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H_convF)

f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H_convF)

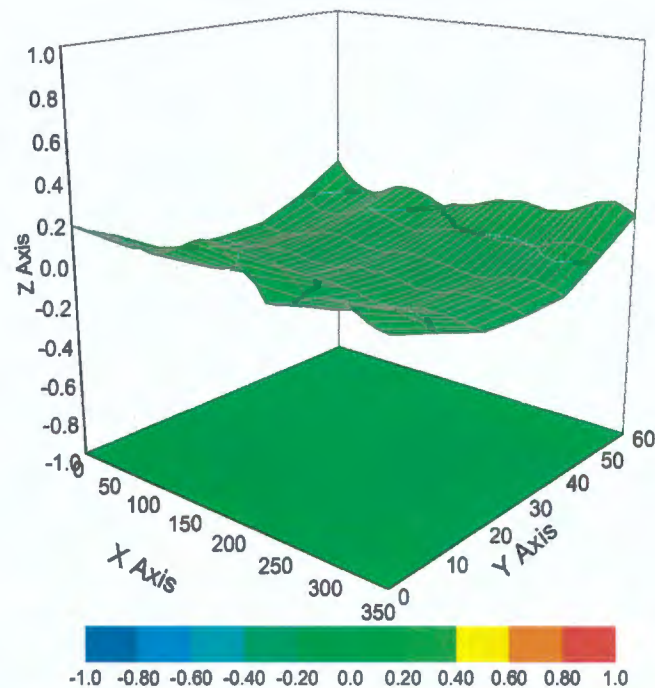


+ analytical + measured



+ analytical + measured

Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 3.2\%$ ($k=2$)



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 – SN:3162

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	40.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	10mm
Tip Diameter	4mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3mm



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Client

Sunway

Certificate No: **Z20-60204**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ES3DV3 - SN : 3228

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-004-01

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date:

June 16, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125)	Jun-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125)	Jun-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125)	Jun-20
Reference 10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525)	Feb-22
Reference 20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526)	Feb-22
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	30-Jan-20(SPEAG, No.EX3-3617_Jan20/2)	Jan-21
DAE4	SN 1556	4-Feb-20(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1556_Feb20)	Feb-21
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGenerator MG3700A	6201052605	18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05127)	Jun-20
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: June 18, 2020

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A,B,C,D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization Φ	Φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i $\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta=0$ ($f \leq 900\text{MHz}$ in TEM-cell; $f > 1800\text{MHz}$: waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800\text{MHz}$) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800\text{MHz}$. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from $\pm 50\text{MHz}$ to $\pm 100\text{MHz}$.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).



DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 – SN:3228

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	1.11	0.99	1.05	±10.0%
DCP(mV) ^B	109.9	107.0	106.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	278.1	±2.5%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		263.2	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		264.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4 and Page 5).
^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 – SN:3228

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.40	6.40	6.40	0.40	1.40	± 12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	6.21	6.21	6.21	0.41	1.49	± 12.1%
900	41.5	0.97	6.23	6.23	6.23	0.42	1.50	± 12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	5.41	5.41	5.41	0.71	1.23	± 12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	5.14	5.14	5.14	0.75	1.23	± 12.1%
2100	39.8	1.49	5.09	5.09	5.09	0.70	1.28	± 12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	4.90	4.90	4.90	0.90	1.15	± 12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	4.73	4.73	4.73	0.90	1.16	± 12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	4.54	4.54	4.54	0.90	1.15	± 12.1%

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 – SN:3228

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.38	6.38	6.38	0.40	1.45	± 12.1%
835	55.2	0.97	6.18	6.18	6.18	0.44	1.56	± 12.1%
900	55.0	1.05	6.20	6.20	6.20	0.52	1.43	± 12.1%
1750	53.4	1.49	5.05	5.05	5.05	0.67	1.32	± 12.1%
1900	53.3	1.52	4.85	4.85	4.85	0.69	1.30	± 12.1%
2100	53.2	1.62	4.90	4.90	4.90	0.75	1.28	± 12.1%
2300	52.9	1.81	4.61	4.61	4.61	0.90	1.17	± 12.1%
2450	52.7	1.95	4.43	4.43	4.43	0.90	1.18	± 12.1%
2600	52.5	2.16	4.25	4.25	4.25	0.90	1.15	± 12.1%

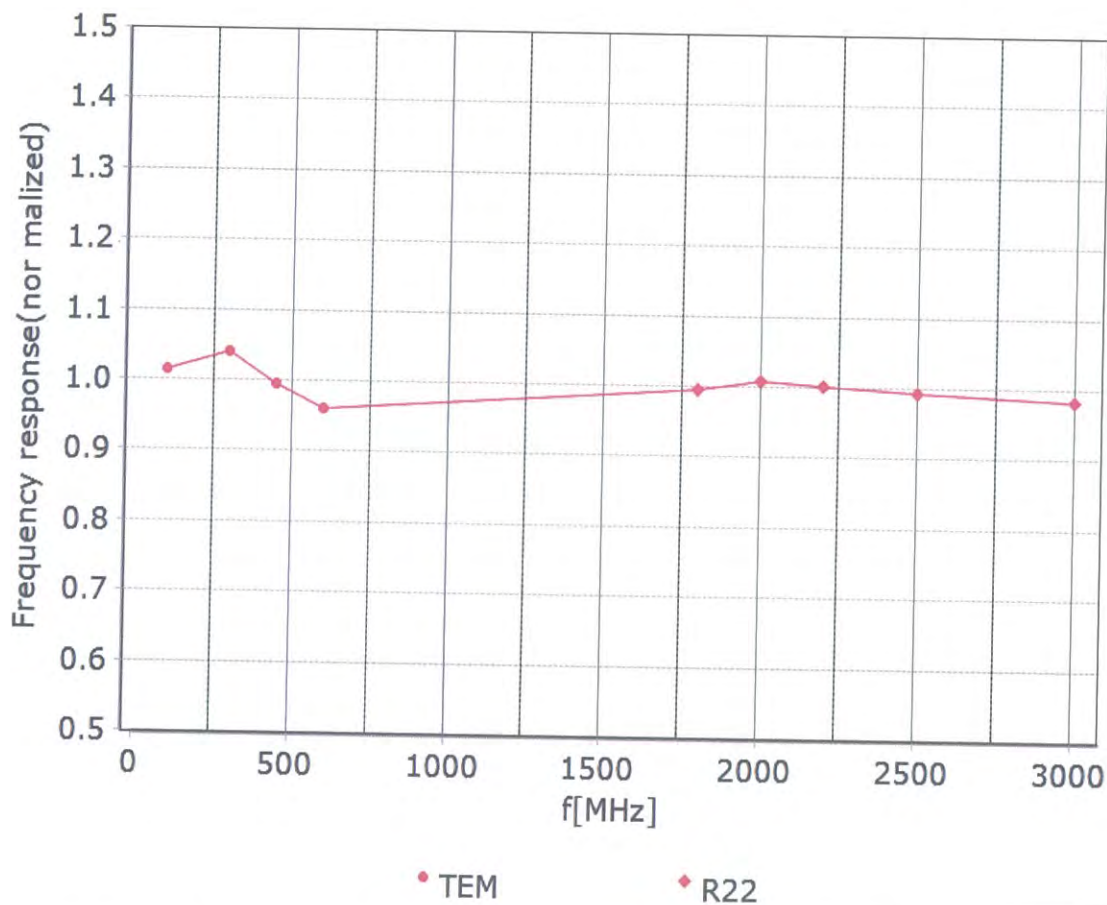
^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 7.4\%$ ($k=2$)

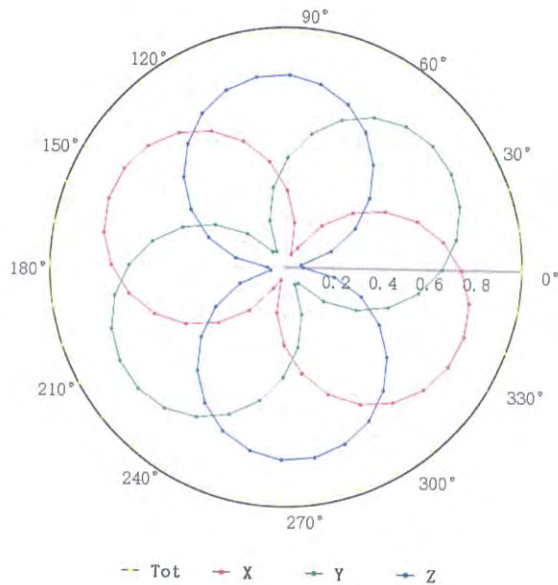


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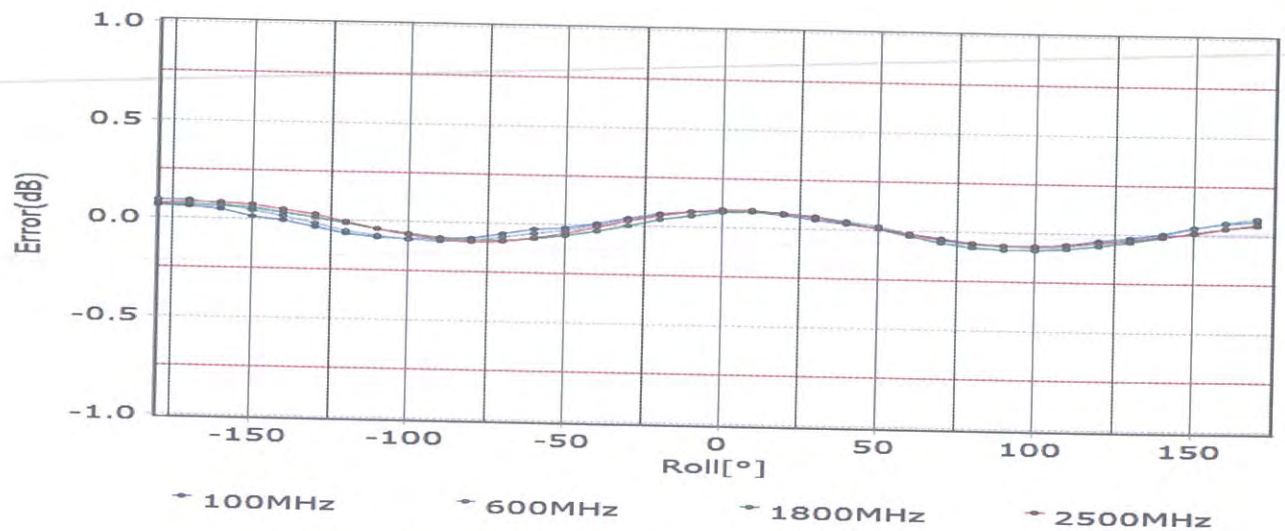
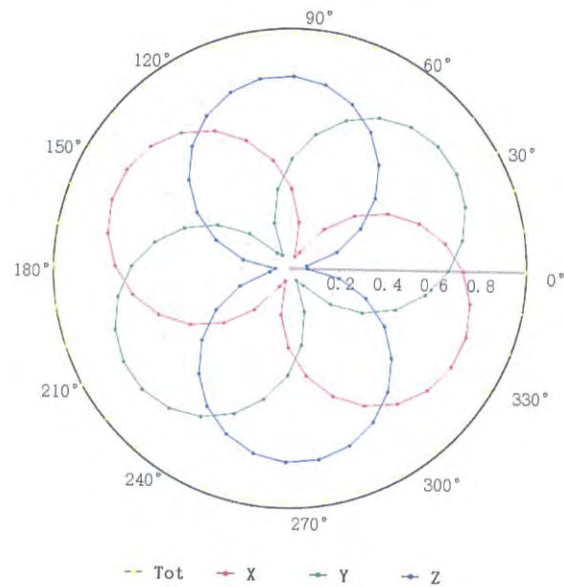
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Receiving Pattern (Φ), $\theta=0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM



f=1800 MHz, R22



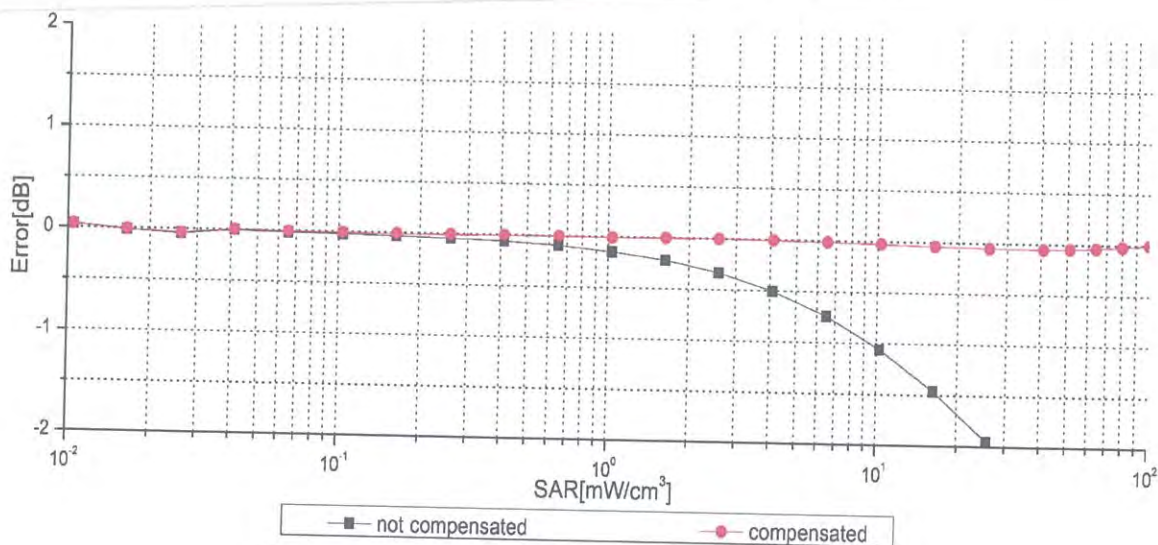
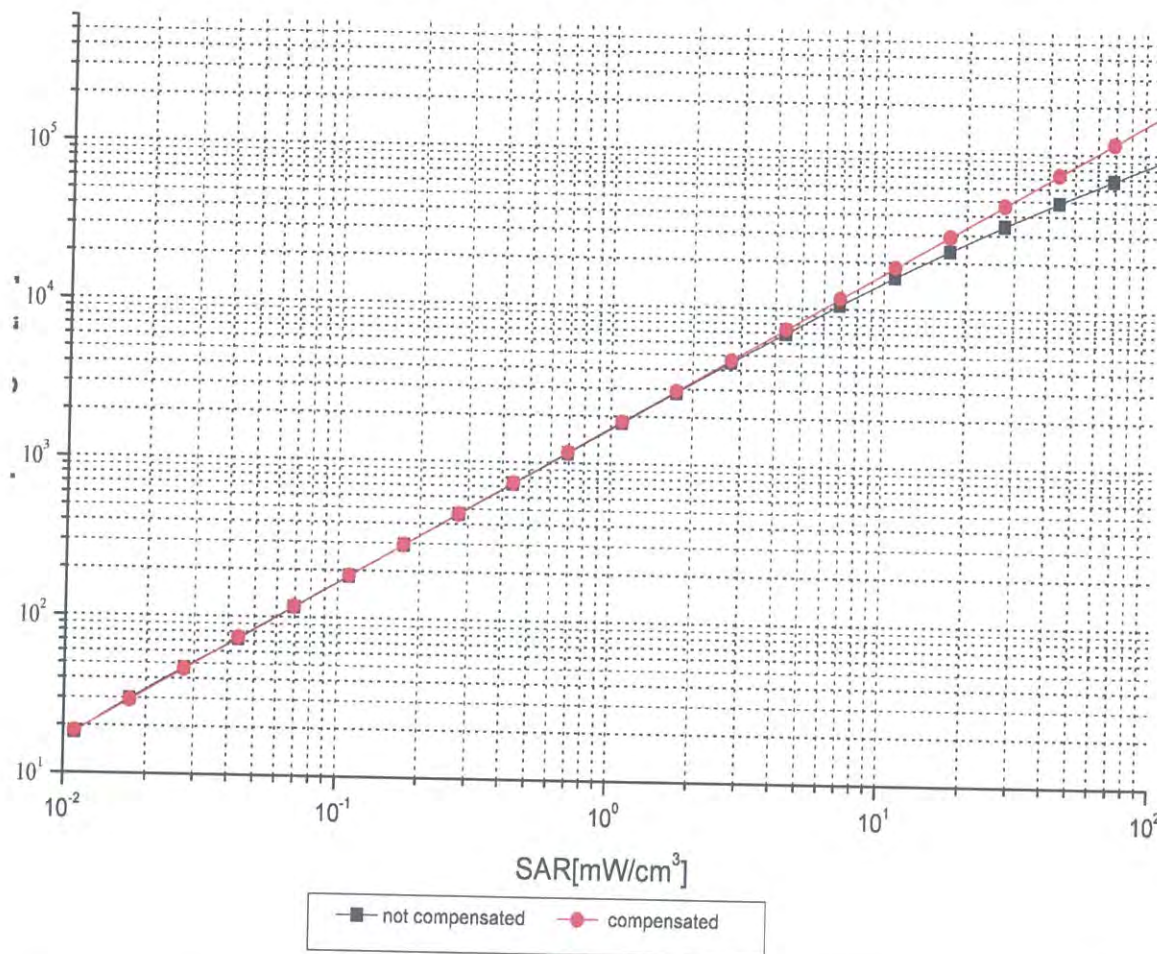
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 1.2\%$ ($k=2$)



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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.9\%$ ($k=2$)



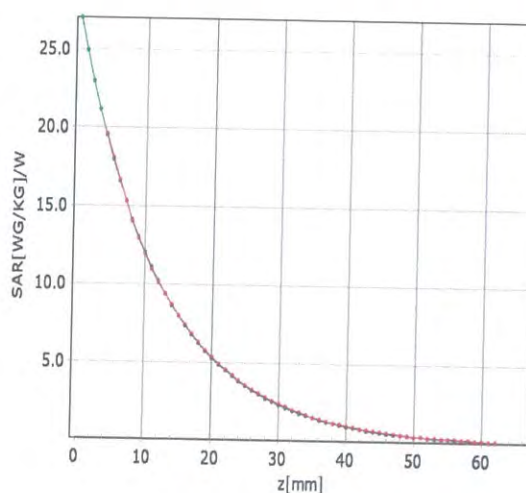
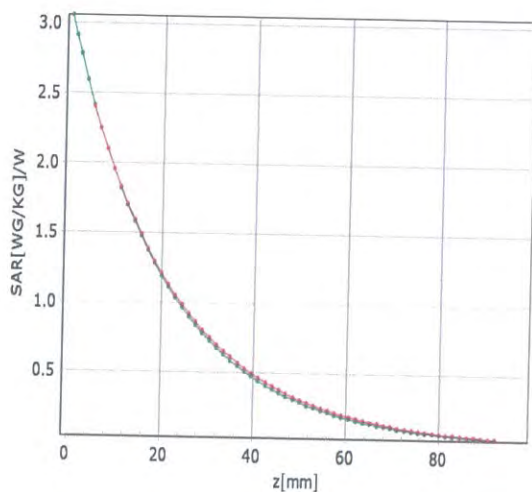
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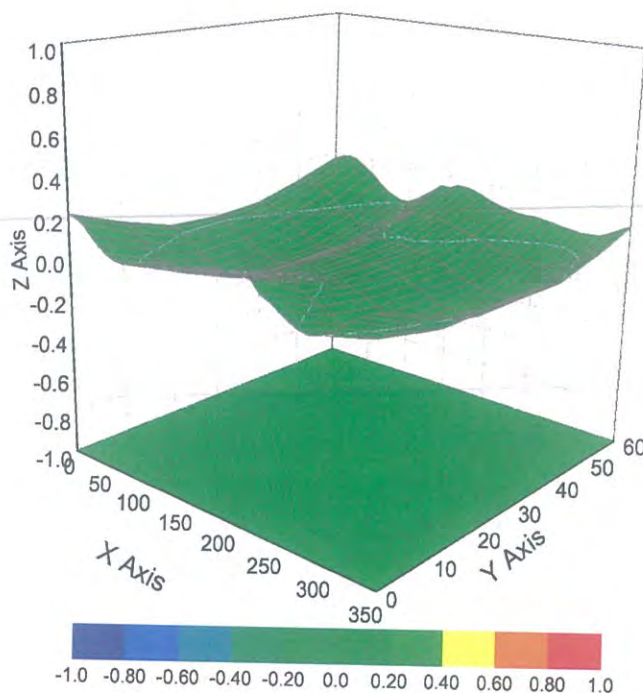
Conversion Factor Assessment

f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H_convF)

f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 3.2\%$ ($k=2$)



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 – SN:3228

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	45.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	10mm
Tip Diameter	4mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3mm



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Client

BTL Inc .

Certificate No: Z19-60168

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:7544

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-004-01

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date:

September 09, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	18-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J19X05125)	Jun-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	18-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J19X05125)	Jun-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	18-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J19X05125)	Jun-20
Reference10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	09-Feb-18(CTTL, No.J18X01133)	Feb-20
Reference20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	09-Feb-18(CTTL, No.J18X01132)	Feb-20
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7307	24-May-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_May19)	May-20
DAE4	SN 1331	06-Feb-19(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1331_Feb19)	Feb -20
DAE4	SN 917	07-Dec-18(SPEAG, No.DAE4-917_Dec18)	Dec -19
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGeneratorMG3700A	6201052605	18-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J19X05127)	Jun-20
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Jan -20

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: September 10, 2019

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Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

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Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

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- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800\text{MHz}$) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800\text{MHz}$. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from $\pm 50\text{MHz}$ to $\pm 100\text{MHz}$.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

Probe EX3DV4

SN: 7544

Calibrated: September 09, 2019

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7544

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.66	0.56	0.63	$\pm 10.0\%$
DCP(mV) ^B	100.6	98.0	100.6	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	212.7	$\pm 2.1\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		198.5	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		207.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7544

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.49	10.49	10.49	0.40	0.80	± 12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	10.14	10.14	10.14	0.15	1.35	± 12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.54	8.54	8.54	0.19	1.16	± 12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.26	8.26	8.26	0.24	1.01	± 12.1%
2100	39.8	1.49	8.24	8.24	8.24	0.22	1.07	± 12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.86	7.86	7.86	0.41	0.81	± 12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.58	7.58	7.58	0.47	0.80	± 12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.40	7.40	7.40	0.56	0.73	± 12.1%
3300	38.2	2.71	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.30	1.30	± 13.3%
3500	37.9	2.91	6.80	6.80	6.80	0.30	1.25	± 13.3%
3700	37.7	3.12	6.49	6.49	6.49	0.30	1.45	± 13.3%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.47	6.47	6.47	0.30	1.35	± 13.3%
4200	37.1	3.63	6.25	6.25	6.25	0.40	1.20	± 13.3%
4400	36.9	3.84	6.15	6.15	6.15	0.30	1.60	± 13.3%
4600	36.7	4.04	6.11	6.11	6.11	0.40	1.30	± 13.3%
4800	36.4	4.25	5.94	5.94	5.94	0.40	1.30	± 13.3%
4950	36.3	4.40	5.81	5.81	5.81	0.40	1.35	± 13.3%
5200	36.0	4.66	5.54	5.54	5.54	0.40	1.40	± 13.3%
5300	35.9	4.76	5.21	5.21	5.21	0.40	1.40	± 13.3%
5500	35.6	4.96	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.40	1.40	± 13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.81	4.81	4.81	0.40	1.40	± 13.3%
5800	35.3	5.27	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.40	1.40	± 13.3%

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7544

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	10.48	10.48	10.48	0.16	1.46	± 12.1%
835	55.2	0.97	10.12	10.12	10.12	0.19	1.32	± 12.1%
1750	53.4	1.49	8.29	8.29	8.29	0.25	1.03	± 12.1%
1900	53.3	1.52	7.90	7.90	7.90	0.20	1.18	± 12.1%
2100	53.2	1.62	8.05	8.05	8.05	0.21	1.19	± 12.1%
2300	52.9	1.81	7.66	7.66	7.66	0.47	0.85	± 12.1%
2450	52.7	1.95	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.61	0.74	± 12.1%
2600	52.5	2.16	7.35	7.35	7.35	0.67	0.68	± 12.1%
3300	51.6	3.08	6.66	6.66	6.66	0.45	1.08	± 13.3%
3500	51.3	3.31	6.20	6.20	6.20	0.40	1.35	± 13.3%
3700	51.0	3.55	6.04	6.04	6.04	0.40	1.25	± 13.3%
3900	51.2	3.78	6.06	6.06	6.06	0.35	1.70	± 13.3%
4200	50.4	4.13	5.75	5.75	5.75	0.40	1.60	± 13.3%
4400	50.1	4.37	5.70	5.70	5.70	0.40	1.70	± 13.3%
4600	49.8	4.60	5.58	5.58	5.58	0.35	1.65	± 13.3%
4800	49.6	4.83	5.44	5.44	5.44	0.40	1.65	± 13.3%
4950	49.4	5.01	5.21	5.21	5.21	0.40	1.90	± 13.3%
5200	49.0	5.30	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.45	1.65	± 13.3%
5300	48.9	5.42	4.51	4.51	4.51	0.45	1.70	± 13.3%
5500	48.6	5.65	4.26	4.26	4.26	0.40	1.90	± 13.3%
5600	48.5	5.77	4.10	4.10	4.10	0.45	1.60	± 13.3%
5800	48.2	6.00	4.13	4.13	4.13	0.50	1.50	± 13.3%

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

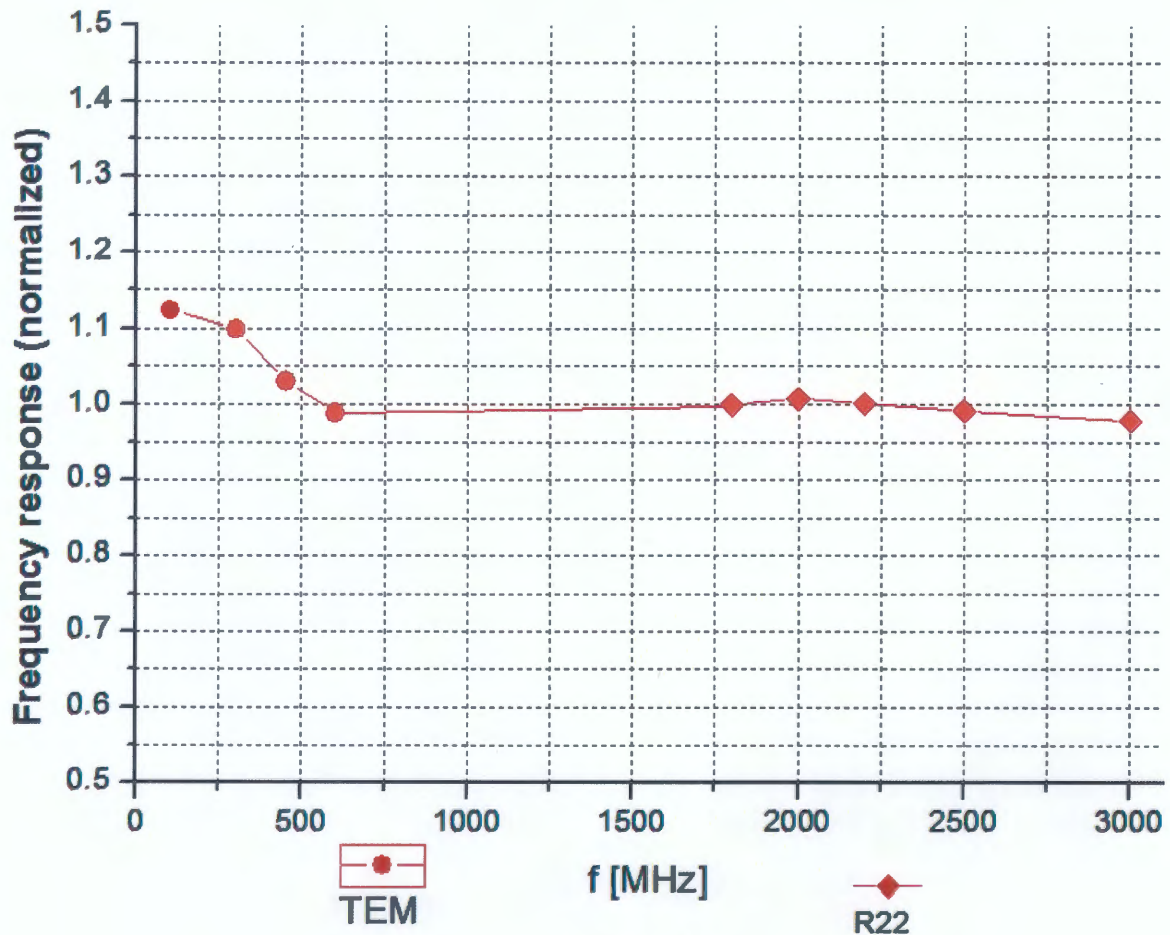
^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 7.4\%$ ($k=2$)

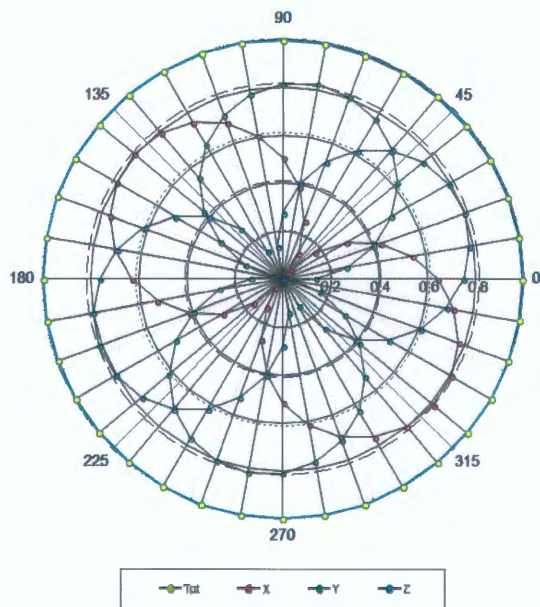


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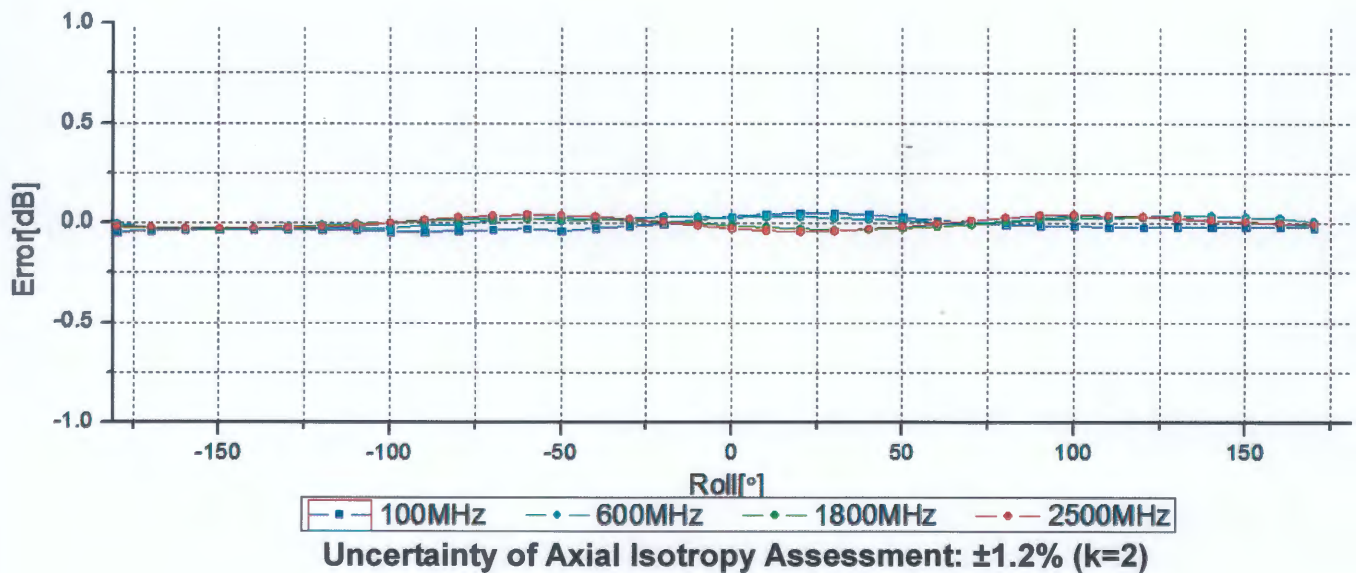
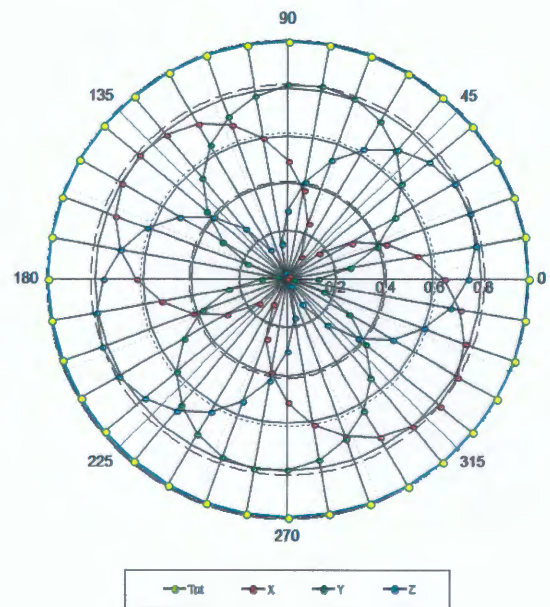
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Receiving Pattern (Φ), $\theta=0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM



f=1800 MHz, R22

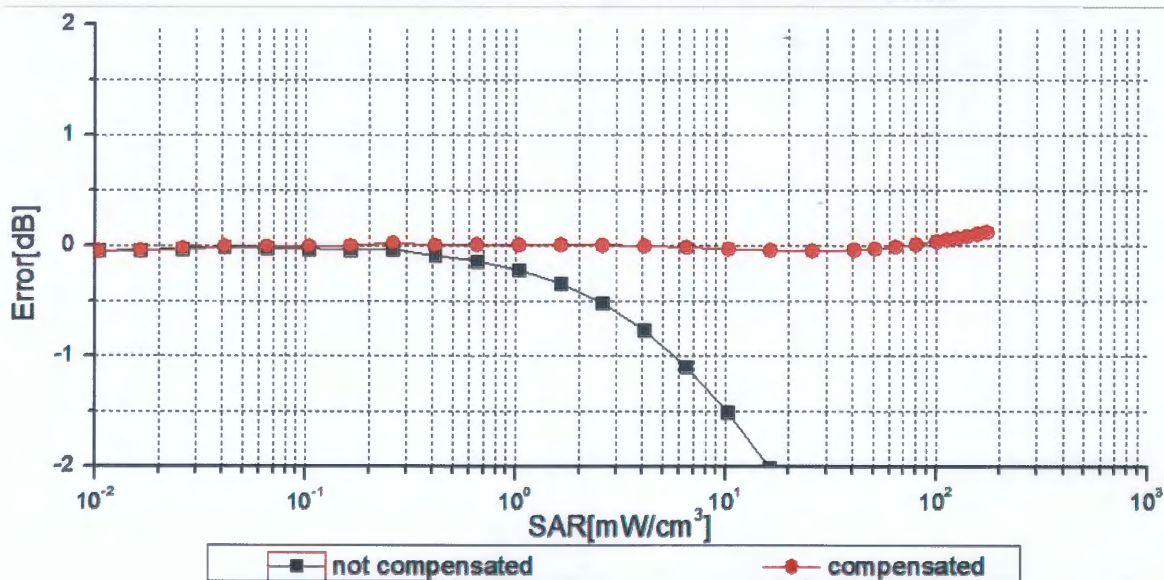
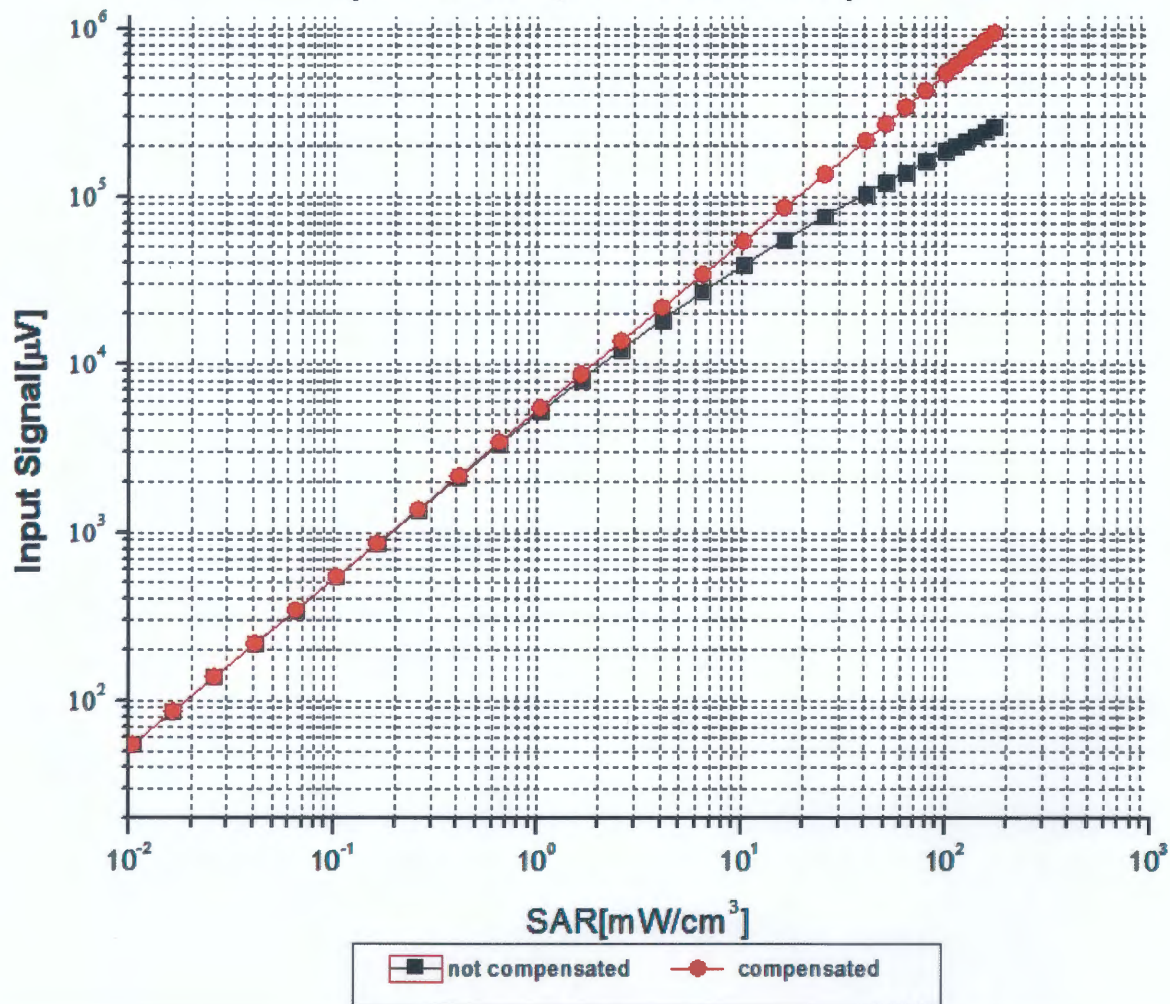




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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.9\%$ ($k=2$)



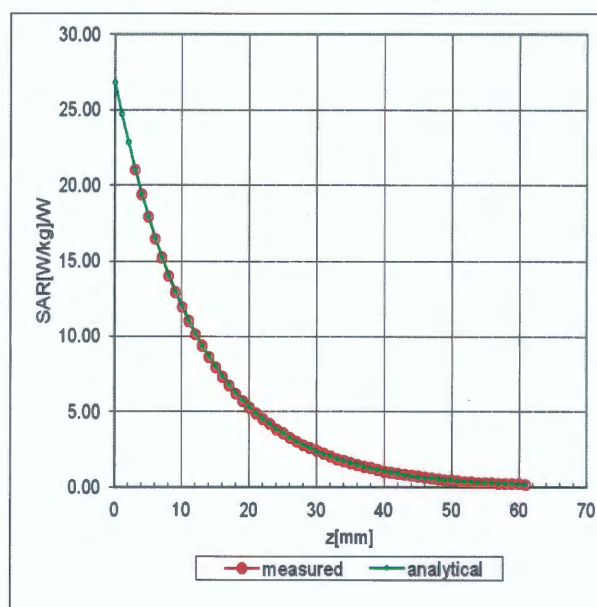
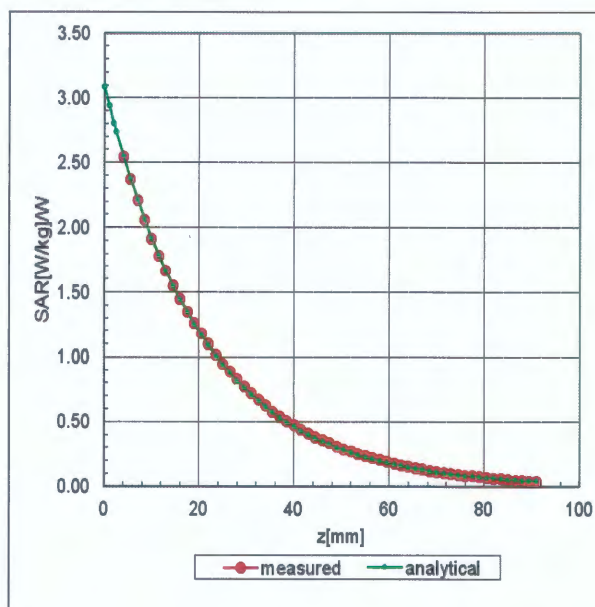
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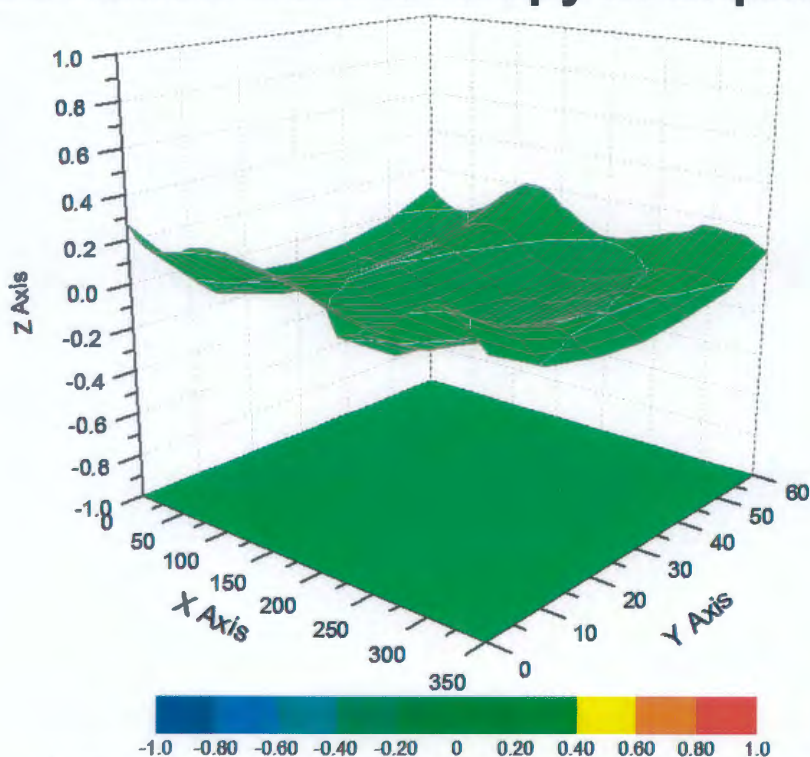
Conversion Factor Assessment

f=750 MHz, WGLS R9(H_convF)

f=1900 MHz, WGLS R22(H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 3.2\%$ (K=2)



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7544

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	125.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm



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 CNAS L0570

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Client **BTL Inc.**

Certificate No: **Z18-60183**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 919**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FF-Z11-003-01**
 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **June 11, 2018**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	102083	01-Nov-17 (CTTL, No.J17X08756)	Oct-18
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100542	01-Nov-17 (CTTL, No.J17X08756)	Oct-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7464	12-Sep-17(SPEAG,No.EX3-7464_Sep17)	Sep-18
DAE4	SN 1525	02-Oct-17(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1525_Oct17)	Oct-18
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00560)	Jan-19
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00561)	Jan-19

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: June 13, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.1.1476
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	40.4 $\pm$ 6 %	1.85 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	---	---

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.1 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.1 mW / g $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.17 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.6 mW / g $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	54.1 $\pm$ 6 %	1.98 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	---	---

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.7 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	50.8 mW / g $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.93 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.7 mW / g $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2)



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.0\Omega + 2.85j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 27.9dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$49.9\Omega + 4.74j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.5dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.022 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 06.11.2018

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 919

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.85$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7464; ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 9/12/2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525; Calibrated: 10/2/2017
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

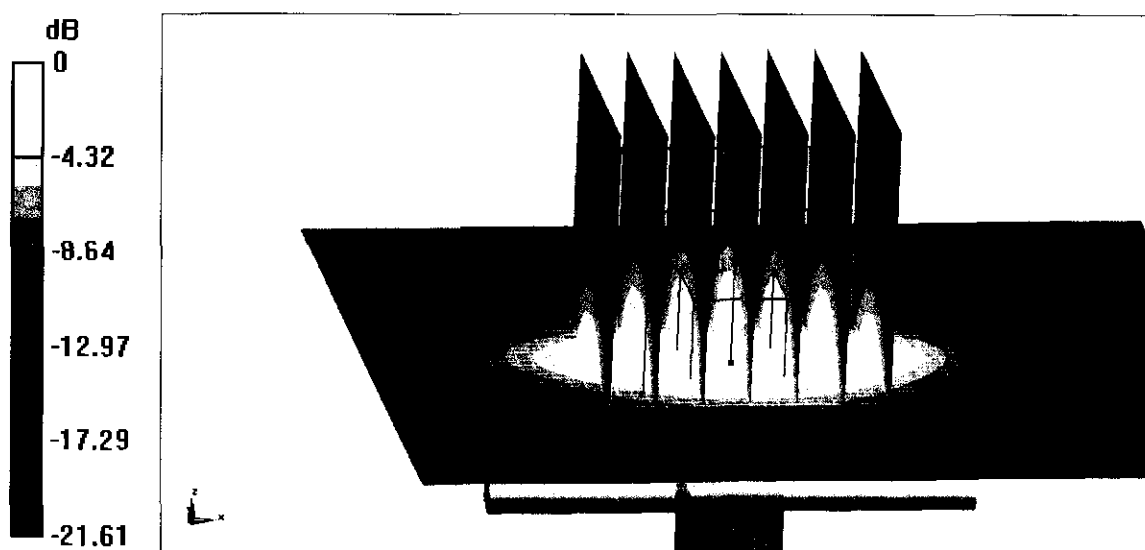
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.0 W/kg



0 dB = 22.0 W/kg = 13.42 dBW/kg



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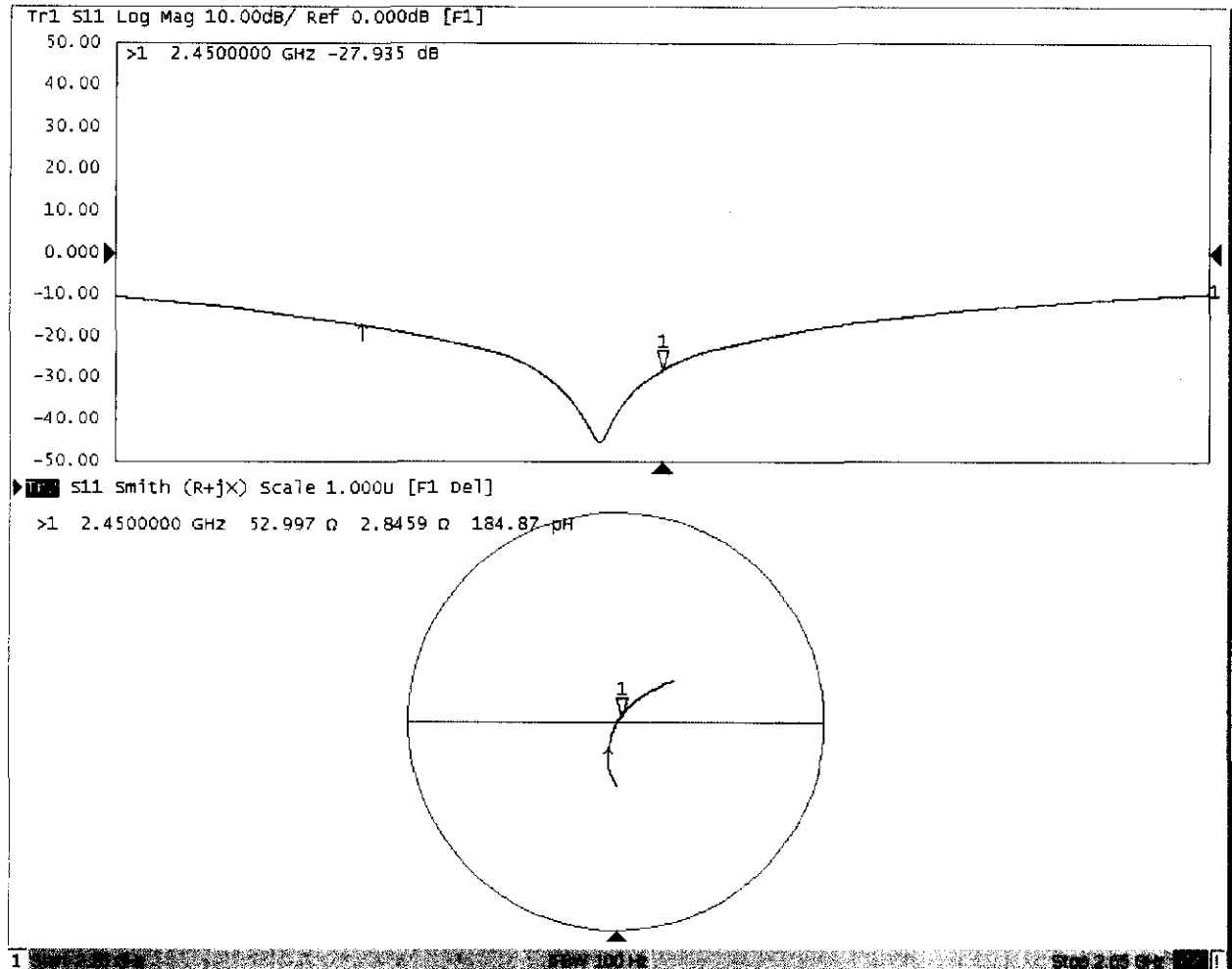
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 06.08.2018

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 919

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.977$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.12$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7464; ConvF(8.09, 8.09, 8.09) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 9/12/2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525; Calibrated: 10/2/2017
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

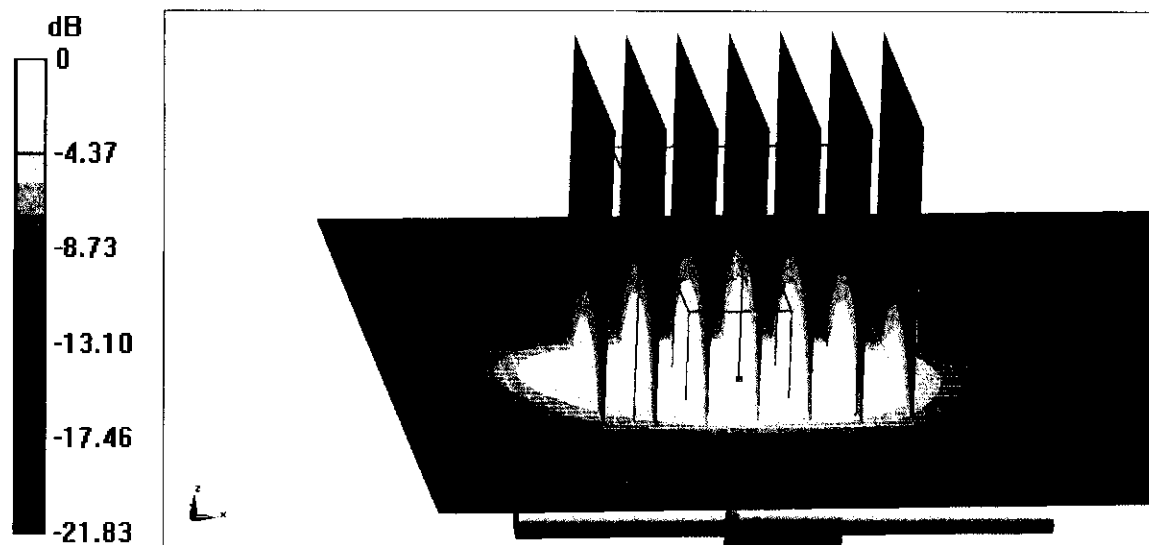
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.30 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.93 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg



0 dB = 20.8 W/kg = 13.18 dBW/kg



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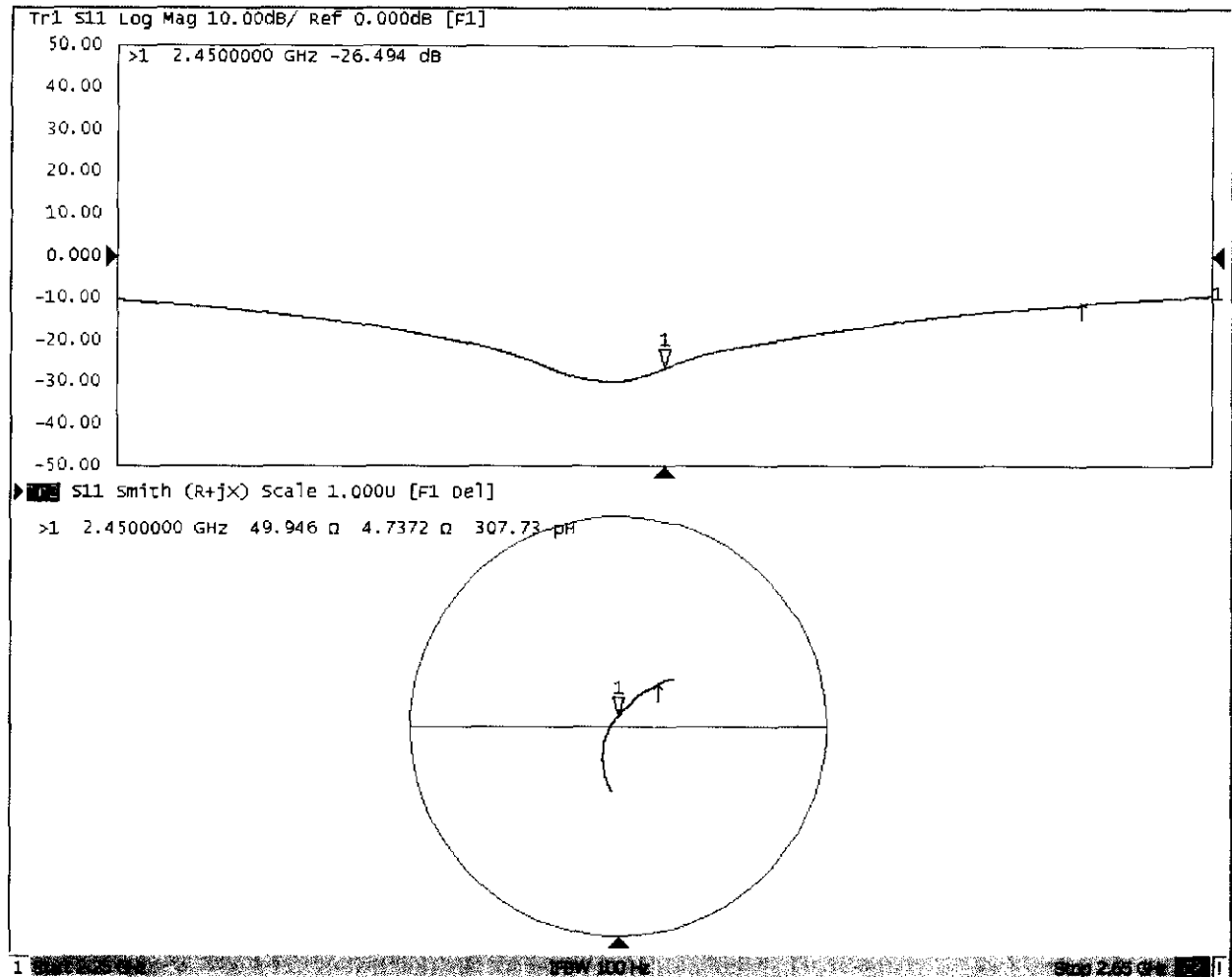
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Dipole Internal Calibration Record

Asset No. :	E-434	Model No. :	D2450V2	Serial No. :	919
Environmental	23.1°C, 51 %	Original Cal. Date :	June 11, 2018	Next Cal. Date :	June 11, 2021

Standard List

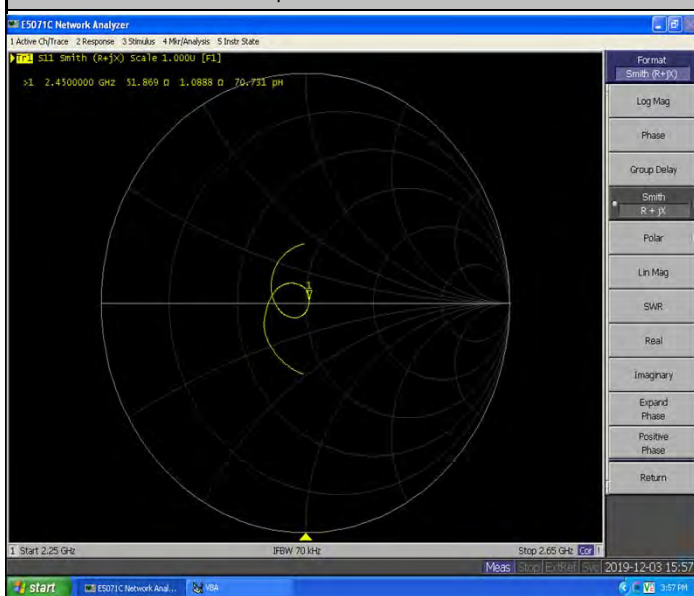
1	IEEE Std 1528-2013	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, June 2013
2	IEC 62209-2	Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body(frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), March 2010
3	KDB865664	SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Equipment Information

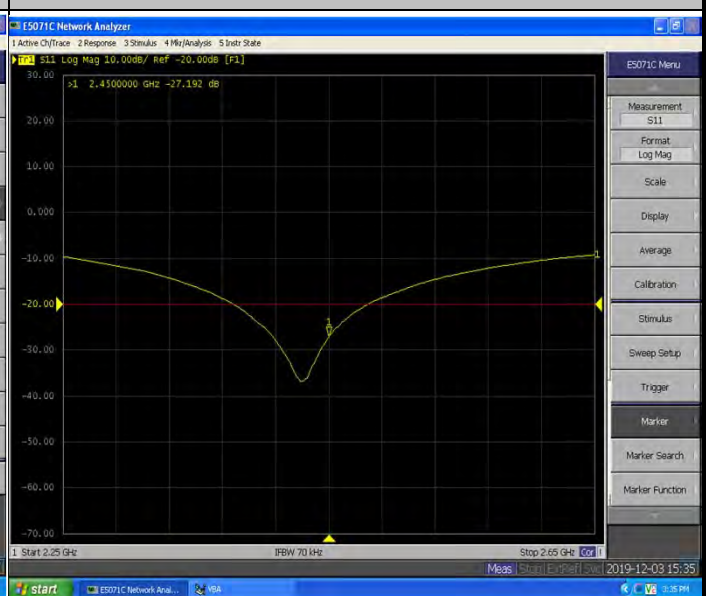
Equipment :	Manufacturer :	Model No. :	Serial No. :	Cal.Organization :	Cal. Date :
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W+	QA1333003	NA	February 25, 2019
DC Source	Iteck	OT6154	M00157	NA	August 3, 2019
P-series power meter	Agilent	N1911A	MY45100473	NA	September 23, 2019
wideband power sensor	Agilent	N1921A	MY51100041	NA	September 23, 2019
Smart Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z21	102209	NA	March 1, 2019
Dual directional coupler	Woken	TS-PCC0M-05	107090019	NA	March 10, 2019
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY4907131	NA	Mar. 10, 2019
ENA Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46102965	NA	March 10, 2019

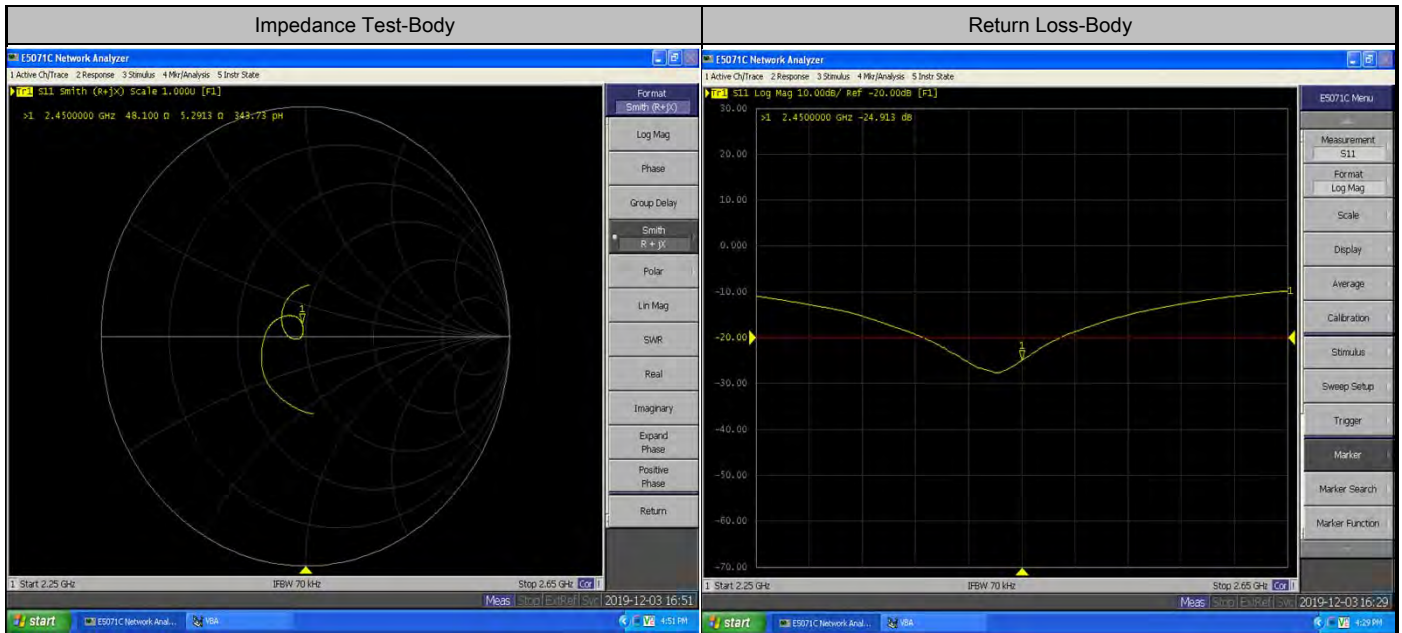
Model No	For Head Tissue				
D2450V2	Item	Original Cal. Result	Verified on 2019/12/3	Deviation	Result
	Impedance, transformed to feed point	53Ω+2.85jΩ	51.869Ω+1.09jΩ	<5Ω	Pass
	Return Loss(dB)	-27.9	-27.192	-2.5%	Pass
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	13.1	12.4	-5.3%	Pass
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	6.17	6.2	0.5%	Pass
	For Body Tissue				
	Item	Original Cal. Result	Verified on 2019/12/3	Deviation	Result
	Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.9Ω+4.74jΩ	48.100Ω+5.29jΩ	<5Ω	Pass
	Return Loss(dB)	-26.5	-24.913	-6.0%	Pass
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	12.7	13.1	3.1%	Pass
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	5.93	6.12	3.2%	Pass

Impedance Test-Head



Return Loss-Head





Validation Report for Head TSL	Validation Report for Body TSL
Test Laboratory: BTL Inc. Date: 2019/12/03 System Check_H2450_1203 DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2;SN:919; Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.874$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.311$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C DASY Configuration: - Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7544; ConvF(7.58, 7.58, 7.58) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/9/9 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = 1.0, 31.0$ - Electronics: DAE4 Sn1390; Calibrated: 2019/10/29 - Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1222 - DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450) Area Scan (7x7x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=12$ mm, $dy=12$ mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.3 W/kg Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$mm, $dy=5$mm, $dz=5$mm Reference Value = 106.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 23.5 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.2 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg	Test Laboratory: BTL Inc. Date: 2019/12/03 System Check_B2450_1203 DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2;SN:919; Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.036$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.015$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C DASY Configuration: - Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7544; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/9/9 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = 1.0, 31.0$ - Electronics: DAE4 Sn1390; Calibrated: 2019/10/29 - Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1222 - DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450) Area Scan (7x7x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=12$ mm, $dy=12$ mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.9 W/kg Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$mm, $dy=5$mm, $dz=5$mm Reference Value = 106.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.12 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.0 W/kg

Calibrator: *Rot - Liang*

Approver: *Herbert Lin*



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Client

BTL Inc .

Certificate No: Z18-60185

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D5GHzV2 - SN: 1160

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-003-01
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: June 20, 2018

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	102083	01-Nov-17 (CTTL, No.J17X08756)	Oct-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	100542	01-Nov-17 (CTTL, No.J17X08756)	Oct-18
ReferenceProbe EX3DV4	SN 3846	25-Jan-18(SPEAG,No.EX3-3846_Jan18)	Jan-19
DAE4	SN 1525	02-Oct-17(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1525_Oct17)	Oct-18
DAE4	SN 777	15-Dec-17(SPEAG,No.DAE4-777_Dec17)	Dec-18

Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00560)	Jan-19
NetworkAnalyzerE5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00561)	Jan-19

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: June 23, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.1.1476
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5300 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5500 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5600 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5800 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	36.6 $\pm$ 6 %	4.63 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.50 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	75.3 mW / g $\pm$ 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.16 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.7 mW / g $\pm$ 24.2 % (k=2)



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Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.3 ± 6 %	4.75 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.66 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	76.8 mW / g ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.20 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.1 mW / g ± 24.2 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.6 ± 6 %	4.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.08 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.8 mW / g ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.30 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.0 mW / g ± 24.2 % (k=2)



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Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.8 ± 6 %	4.98 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.85 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.6 mW / g ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.25 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.5 mW / g ± 24.2 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.6 ± 6 %	5.24 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.78 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.9 mW / g ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.21 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.1 mW / g ± 24.2 % (k=2)



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Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.8 ± 6 %	5.32 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	6.99 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	69.8 mW / g ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	1.92 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.2 mW / g ± 24.2 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.4 ± 6 %	5.38 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.25 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	72.3 mW / g ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.04 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.3 mW / g ± 24.2 % (k=2)



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Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.4 ± 6 %	5.56 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.63 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	76.2 mW / g ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.13 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.3 mW / g ± 24.2 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.1 ± 6 %	5.80 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.78 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.7 mW / g ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.14 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.4 mW / g ± 24.2 % (k=2)



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Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.0 ± 6 %	6.07 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.66 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	76.6 mW /g ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.15 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.5 mW /g ± 24.2 % (k=2)



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.5Ω - 8.96jΩ
Return Loss	- 20.7dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.1Ω - 3.00jΩ
Return Loss	- 30.5dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.4Ω - 5.39jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.2dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.5Ω - 2.95jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.5dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.5Ω - 1.38jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.9dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.1Ω - 7.52jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.1dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.3Ω - 2.06jΩ
Return Loss	- 33.1dB



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Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.9Ω - 4.94jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.1dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	58.5Ω - 0.79jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.1dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.3Ω + 0.12jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.6dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.065 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 06.20.2018

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1160

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz,
Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz,

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.633$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.62$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.754$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.31$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.942$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.58$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.984$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.81$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.241$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.58$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846; ConvF(5.57, 5.57, 5.57) @ 5200 MHz; Calibrated: 1/25/2018, ConvF(5.34, 5.34, 5.34) @ 5300 MHz; Calibrated: 1/25/2018, ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91) @ 5500 MHz; Calibrated: 1/25/2018, ConvF(4.73, 4.73, 4.73) @ 5600 MHz; Calibrated: 1/25/2018, ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 1/25/2018,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 12/15/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/3
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 67.38 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 62.70 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.66 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.4 W/kg



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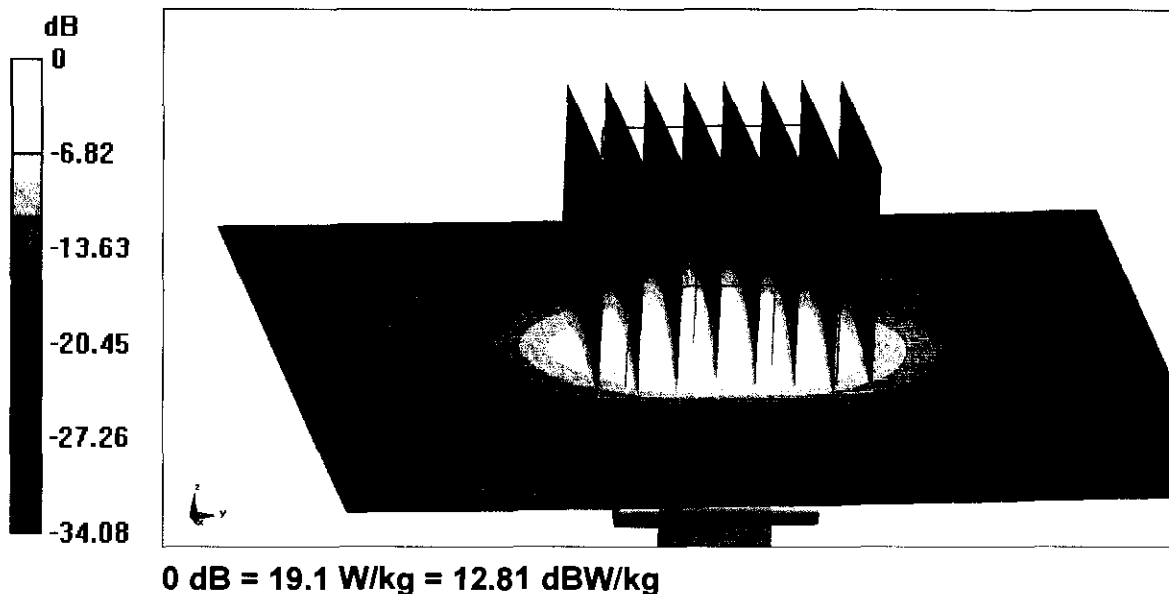
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Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 66.94 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.3 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 65.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 62.16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.21 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg





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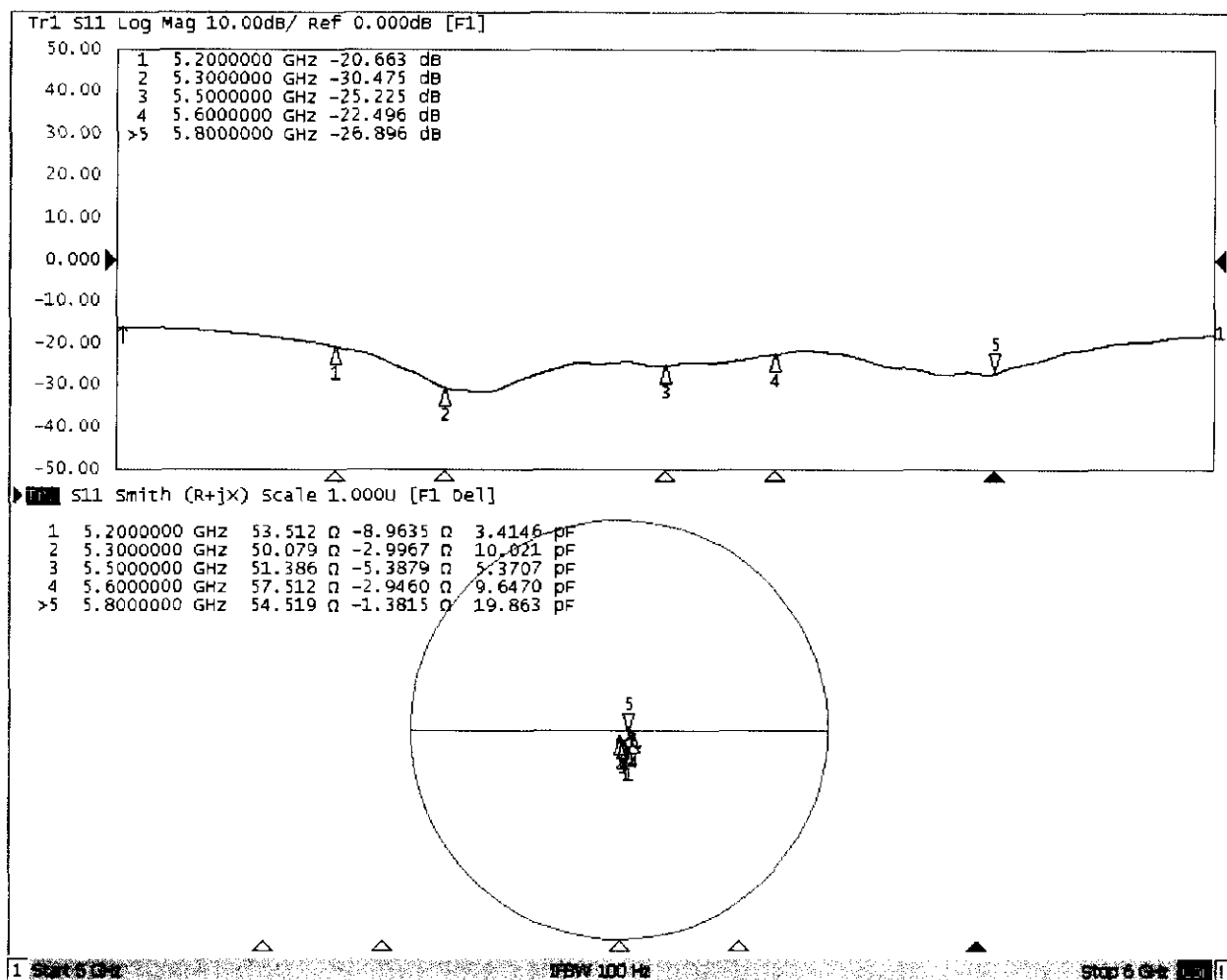
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512

Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504

E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 06.19.2018

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1160

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz,
Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz,

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.317$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.78$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.381$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.35$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.56$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.795$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.14$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.065$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.03$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³,

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846; ConvF(5.15, 5.15, 5.15) @ 5200 MHz; Calibrated: 1/25/2018, ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04) @ 5300 MHz; Calibrated: 1/25/2018, ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46) @ 5500 MHz; Calibrated: 1/25/2018, ConvF(4.36, 4.36, 4.36) @ 5600 MHz; Calibrated: 1/25/2018, ConvF(4.51, 4.51, 4.51) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 1/25/2018,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525; Calibrated: 10/2/2017
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 12/15/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/3
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 62.32 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.92 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 56.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.04 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg



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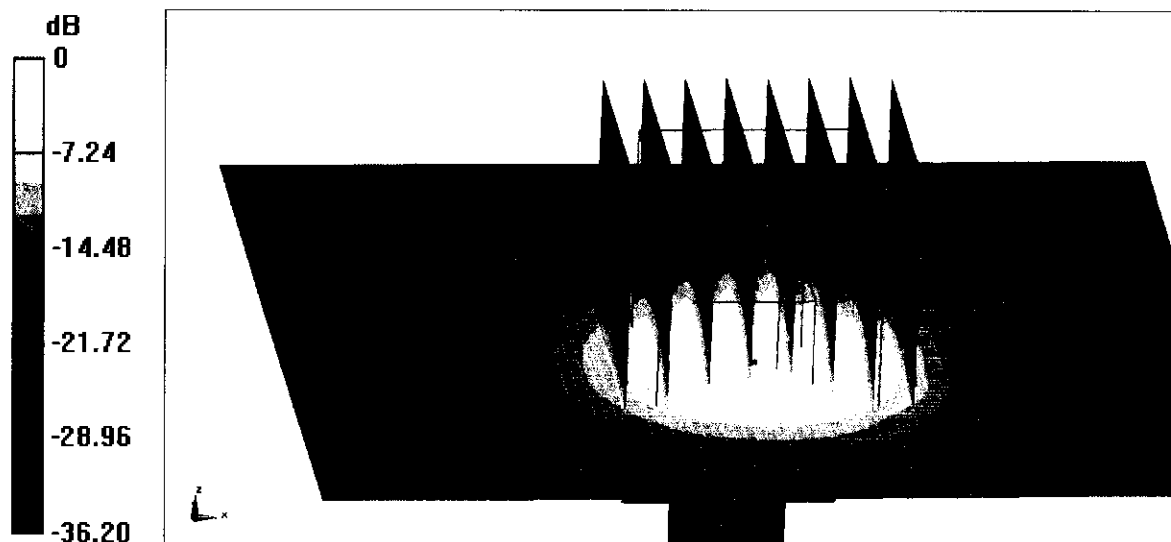
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Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 65.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.63 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.13 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 57.49 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 41.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.66 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg

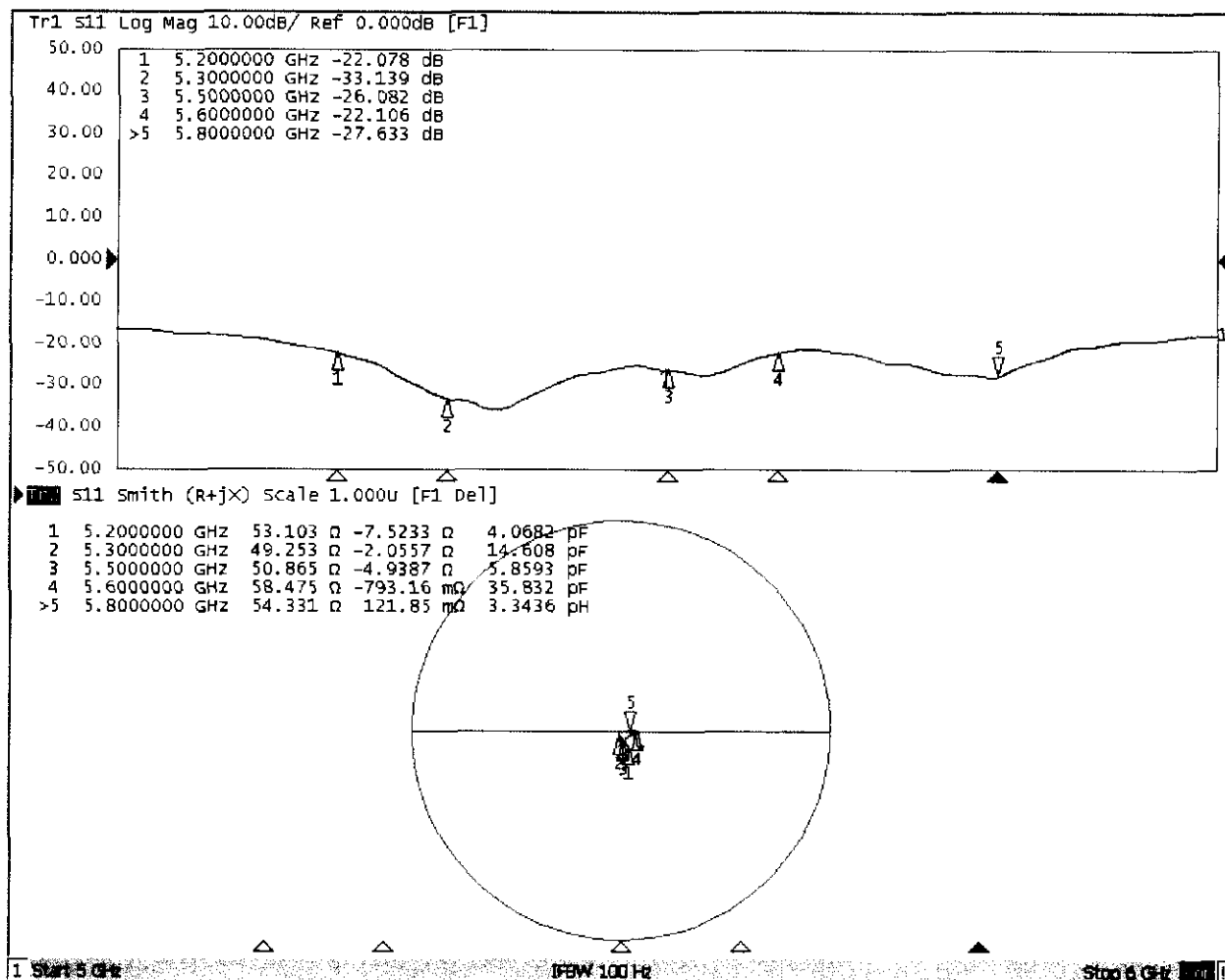


0 dB = 18.8 W/kg = 12.74 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



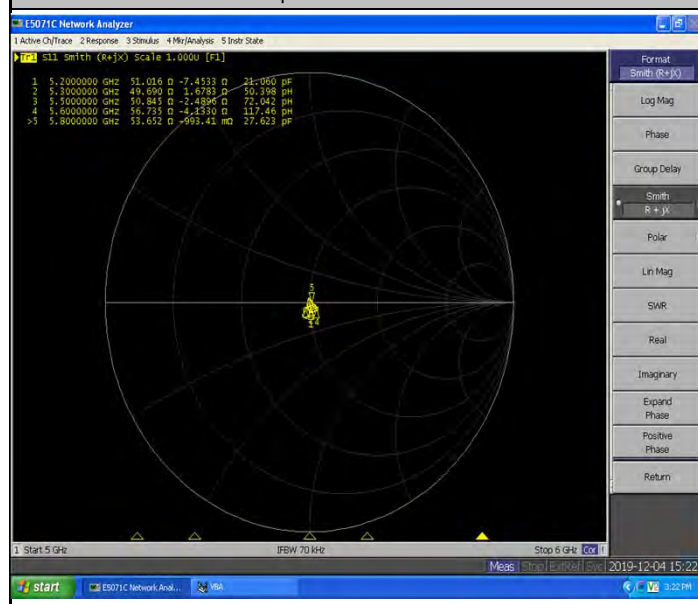


Dipole Internal Calibration Record

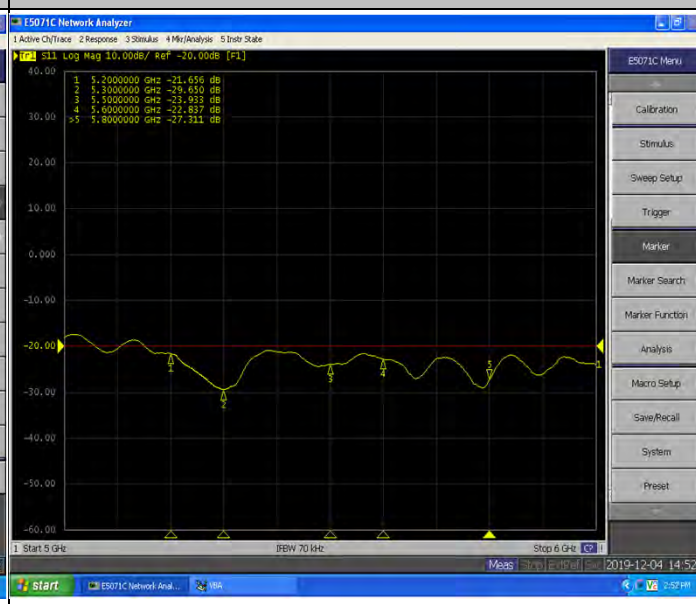
Asset No. :	E-436	Model No. :	D5GHzV2	Serial No. :	1160
Environmental	23.2°C, 49 %	Original Cal. Date :	June 20, 2018	Next Cal. Date :	June 20, 2021
Standard List					
1	IEEE Std 1528-2013	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorpton Rate(SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Texhniques, June 2013			
2	IEC 62209-2	Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body(frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), March 2010			
3	KDB865664	SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz			
Equipment Information					
Equipment :	Manufacturer :	Model No. :	Serial No. :	Cal.Organization :	Cal. Date :
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVE-8G+	520701341	NA	February 25, 2019
DC Source	Iteck	OT6154	M00157	NA	August 3, 2019
P-series power meter	Agilent	N1911A	MY45100473	NA	September 23, 2019
wideband power sensor	Agilent	N1921A	MY51100041	NA	September 23, 2019
Smart Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z21	102209	NA	March 1, 2019
Dual directional coupler	Woken	TS-PCC0M-05	107090019	NA	March 10, 2019
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY4907131	NA	Mar. 10, 2019
ENA Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46102965	NA	March 10, 2019
Model No	For Head Tissue				
	Item	Originak Cal. Result	Verified on 2019/12/4	Deviation	Result
D5GHzV2(5.2GHz)	Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.5Ω-8.96jΩ	51.016Ω-7.45jΩ	<5Ω	Pass
	Return Loss(dB)	-20.7	-21.656	4.6%	Pass
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	7.5	7.84	4.5%	Pass
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	2.16	2.24	3.7%	Pass
D5GHzV2(5.3GHz)	Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.1Ω-3jΩ	49.690Ω-1.68jΩ	<5Ω	Pass
	Return Loss(dB)	-30.5	-29.65	-2.8%	Pass
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	7.66	7.72	0.8%	Pass
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	2.2	2.2	0.0%	Pass
D5GHzV2(5.5GHz)	Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.4Ω-5.39jΩ	50.8452Ω-2.49jΩ	<5Ω	Pass
	Return Loss(dB)	-25.2	-23.933	-5.0%	Pass
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	8.08	7.79	-3.6%	Pass
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	2.3	2.21	-3.9%	Pass
D5GHzV2(5.6GHz)	Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.5Ω-2.95jΩ	56.735Ω-4.13jΩ	<5Ω	Pass
	Return Loss(dB)	-22.5	-22.837	1.5%	Pass
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	7.85	7.82	-0.4%	Pass
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	2.25	2.19	-2.7%	Pass
D5GHzV2(5.8GHz)	Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.5Ω-1.38jΩ	53.652Ω-0.993jΩ	<5Ω	Pass
	Return Loss(dB)	-26.9	-27.311	1.5%	Pass
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	7.78	7.83	0.6%	Pass
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	2.21	2.19	-0.9%	Pass

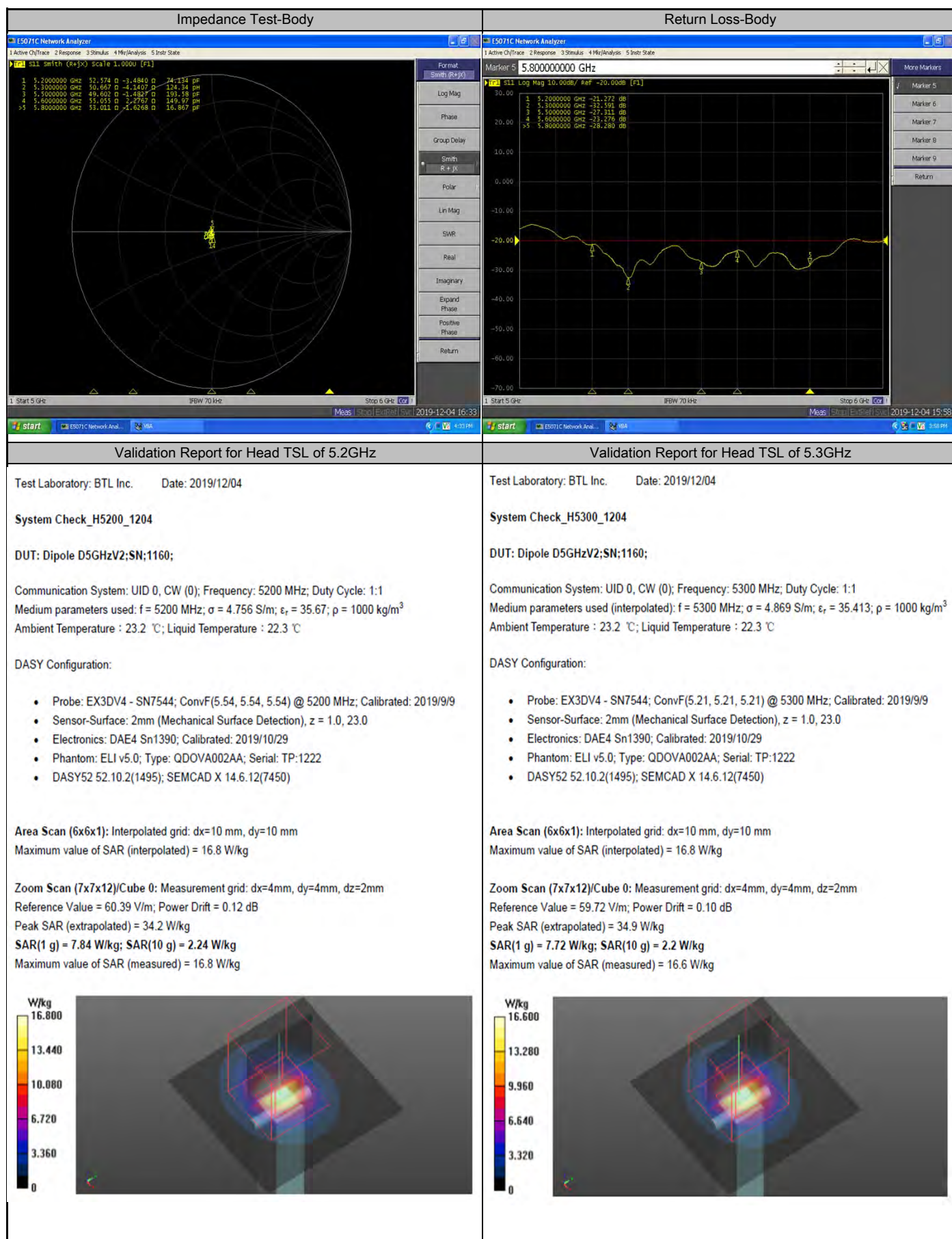
Model No	For Body Tissue				
	Item	Originak Cal. Result	Verified on 2019/12/4	Deviation	Result
D5GHzV2(5.2GHz)	Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.1 Ω -7.52j Ω	52.574 Ω -3.48j Ω	<5 Ω	Pass
	Return Loss(dB)	-22.1	-21.272	-3.7%	Pass
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	6.99	7.02	0.4%	Pass
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	1.92	2.01	4.7%	Pass
D5GHzV2(5.3GHz)	Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.3 Ω -2.06j Ω	50.667 Ω -4.14j Ω	<5 Ω	Pass
	Return Loss(dB)	-33.1	-32.591	-1.5%	Pass
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	7.25	7.48	3.2%	Pass
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	2.04	2.13	4.4%	Pass
D5GHzV2(5.5GHz)	Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.9 Ω -4.94j Ω	49.602 Ω -1.48j Ω	<5 Ω	Pass
	Return Loss(dB)	-26.1	-27.311	4.6%	Pass
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	7.63	7.74	1.4%	Pass
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	2.13	2.21	3.8%	Pass
D5GHzV2(5.6GHz)	Impedance, transformed to feed point	58.5 Ω -0.79j Ω	55.055 Ω +2.28j Ω	<5 Ω	Pass
	Return Loss(dB)	-22.1	-23.276	5.3%	Pass
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	7.78	8.01	3.0%	Pass
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	2.14	2.23	4.2%	Pass
D5GHzV2(5.8GHz)	Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.3 Ω +0.12j Ω	53.011 Ω -1.63j Ω	<5 Ω	Pass
	Return Loss(dB)	-27.6	-28.28	2.5%	Pass
	SAR Value for 1g(mW/g)	7.66	7.73	0.9%	Pass
	SAR Value for 10g(mW/g)	2.15	2.17	0.9%	Pass

Impedance Test-Head

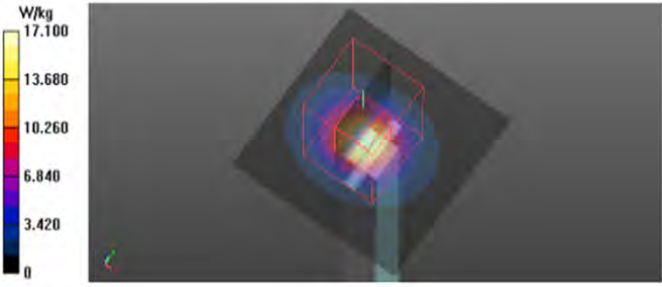
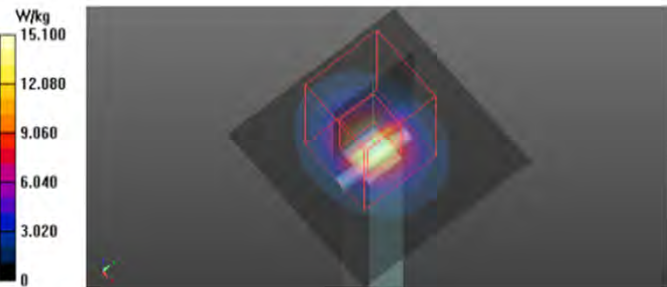


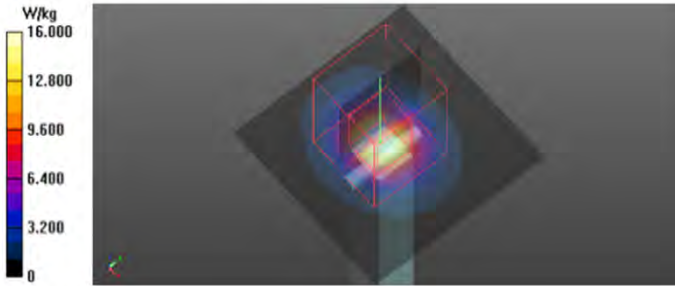
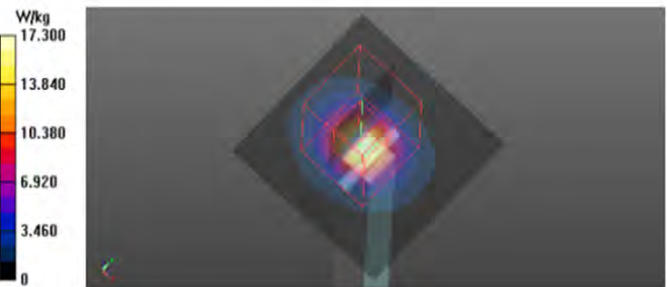
Return Loss-Head

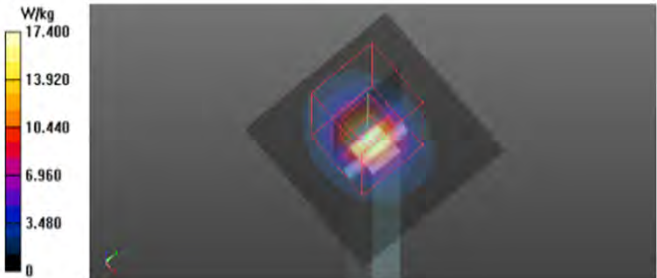
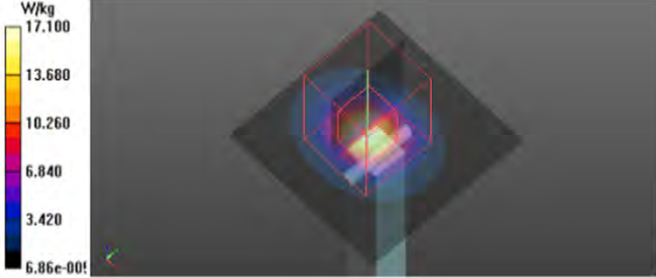




Validation Report for Head TSL of 5.5GHz	Validation Report for Head TSL of 5.6GHz
Test Laboratory: BTL Inc. Date: 2019/12/04 System Check_H5500_1204 DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.089$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.996$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3 °C DASY Configuration: - Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7544; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95) @ 5500 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/9/9 - Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = 1.0, 23.0$ - Electronics: DAE4 Sn1390; Calibrated: 2019/10/29 - Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1222 - DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450) Area Scan (6x6x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.9 W/kg Zoom Scan (7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$mm, $dy=4$mm, $dz=2$mm Reference Value = 58.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.21 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.9 W/kg	Test Laboratory: BTL Inc. Date: 2019/12/04 System Check_H5600_1204 DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.212$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.691$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3 °C DASY Configuration: - Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7544; ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81) @ 5600 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/9/9 - Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = 1.0, 23.0$ - Electronics: DAE4 Sn1390; Calibrated: 2019/10/29 - Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1222 - DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450) Area Scan (6x6x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.4 W/kg Zoom Scan (7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$mm, $dy=4$mm, $dz=2$mm Reference Value = 58.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 38.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.82 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 W/kg

Validation Report for Head TSL of 5.8GHz	Validation Report for Body TSL of 5.2GHz
Test Laboratory: BTL Inc. Date: 2019/12/04 System Check_H5800_1204 DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2;SN;1160; Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.468$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.215$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3 °C DASY Configuration: - Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7544; ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/9/9 - Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = 1.0, 23.0$ - Electronics: DAE4 Sn1390; Calibrated: 2019/10/29 - Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1222 - DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450) Area Scan (6x6x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.0 W/kg Zoom Scan (7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$mm, $dy=4$mm, $dz=2$mm Reference Value = 57.22 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 41.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 W/kg 	Test Laboratory: BTL Inc. Date: 2019/12/04 System Check_B5200_1204 DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2;SN;1160; Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.368$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.819$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C DASY Configuration: - Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7544; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68) @ 5200 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/9/9 - Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = 1.0, 23.0$ - Electronics: DAE4 Sn1390; Calibrated: 2019/10/29 - Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1222 - DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450) Area Scan (6x6x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.0 W/kg Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$mm, $dy=4$mm, $dz=2$mm Reference Value = 55.25 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.01 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.1 W/kg 

Validation Report for Body TSL of 5.3GHz	Validation Report for Body TSL of 5.5GHz
Test Laboratory: BTL Inc. Date: 2019/12/04 System Check_B5300_1204 DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2;SN;1160; Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.503$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.637$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C DASY Configuration: - Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7544; ConvF(4.51, 4.51, 4.51) @ 5300 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/9/9 - Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = 1.0, 23.0$ - Electronics: DAE4 Sn1390; Calibrated: 2019/10/29 - Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1222 - DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450) Area Scan (6x6x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.5 W/kg Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$mm, $dy=4$mm, $dz=2$mm Reference Value = 57.20 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.13 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.0 W/kg 	Test Laboratory: BTL Inc. Date: 2019/12/04 System Check_B5500_1204 DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.792$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.276$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C DASY Configuration: - Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7544; ConvF(4.26, 4.26, 4.26) @ 5500 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/9/9 - Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = 1.0, 23.0$ - Electronics: DAE4 Sn1390; Calibrated: 2019/10/29 - Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1222 - DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450) Area Scan (6x6x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.0 W/kg Zoom Scan (7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$mm, $dy=4$mm, $dz=2$mm Reference Value = 57.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.74 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.21 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.3 W/kg 

Validation Report for Body TSL of 5.6GHz	Validation Report for Body TSL of 5.8GHz
Test Laboratory: BTL Inc. Date: 2019/12/04 System Check_B5600_1204 DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.943$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.085$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C DASY Configuration: - Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7544; ConvF(4.1, 4.1, 4.1) @ 5600 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/9/9 - Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = 1.0, 23.0$ - Electronics: DAE4 Sn1390; Calibrated: 2019/10/29 - Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1222 - DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450) Area Scan (6x6x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.6 W/kg Zoom Scan (7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$mm, $dy=4$mm, $dz=2$mm Reference Value = 55.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 39.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.4 W/kg 	Test Laboratory: BTL Inc. Date: 2019/12/04 System Check_B5800_1204 DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2;SN:1160; Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.234$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.686$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C DASY Configuration: - Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7544; ConvF(4.13, 4.13, 4.13) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 2019/9/9 - Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), $z = 1.0, 23.0$ - Electronics: DAE4 Sn1390; Calibrated: 2019/10/29 - Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1222 - DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450) Area Scan (6x6x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.8 W/kg Zoom Scan (7x7x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$mm, $dy=4$mm, $dz=2$mm Reference Value = 54.08 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 38.5 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.73 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 W/kg 

Calibrator:

Rot - Liang

Approver:

Herbert Lim