TCC
Salo

T117 (EN ISO/IEC 17025)

SAR Compliance Test Report

Test report no.:	SAR0335_01	**Date of report:**	2003-08-28
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Testing laboratory:	TCC Salo P.O. Box 86 Joensuunkatu 7E / Kiila 1B FIN-24101 SALO, FINLAND Tel. +358 (0) 7180 08000 Fax. +358 (0) 7180 45220	**Client:**	Nokia Denmark A/S Frederikskaj DK-1790 Copenhagen V Denmark Tel. +45 33 29 29 29 Fax. +45 33 29 20 01
Responsible test engineer:	Virpi Tuominen	**Product contact person:**	Ole Myrtue
Measurements made by:	Virpi Tuominen		
Tested devices:	RH-36		
FCC ID (USA):	QTKRH-36	**Industry Canada ID:**	-
Supplement reports:	-		

Testing has been carried out in accordance with:

47CFR §2.1093
Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields

RSS-102
Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields

IEEE P1528/D1.2, April 21, 2003
Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques

Documentation: The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC Salo.

Test results: **The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test.** The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Date and signatures: **2003-08-28**

For the contents:

Arto Hihnala
Engineering Manager, EMC

Virpi Tuominen
Senior Design Engineer

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1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2003-08-22 to 2003-08-25
SN, HW, SW and DUT numbers of tested device	SN: 004400/29/176349/6, HW: 0314, SW: 2.70, DUT: 06675
Accessories used in testing	Battery BL-5C, DUT #'s: 06671, 06672, 06673, 06674 Headset HDC-5, DUT: 06645
Notes	-

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / *f* (MHz)	ERP/EIRP	Position	SAR limit (1g avg)	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Result
GSM 850	251 / 849	29.62 dBm	Right Cheek	1.6 W/kg	0.67 W/kg	PASSED
GSM 1900	810 / 1910	29.00 dBm	Right Tilt	1.6 W/kg	0.37 W/kg	PASSED

Note: The radiated power for this device was measured by an accredited test lab.

1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / *f* (MHz)	ERP/EIRP	Separation distance	SAR limit (1g avg)	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Result
GSM 850	251 / 849	29.62 dBm	1.5 cm	1.6 W/kg	0.77 W/kg	PASSED
GSM 1900	810 / 1910	29.00 dBm	1.5 cm	1.6 W/kg	0.40 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift during measurements	-0.16 dB

1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Extended Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	±29.1 %

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST (DUT)

Device category	Portable	
Exposure environment	General population/uncontrolled	
Unit type	Prototype unit	
Modes of Operation	GSM 850	GSM 1900
Modulation Mode	GMSK	GMSK
Duty Cycle	1/8	1/8
Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)	824.2 – 848.8	1850.2 - 1909.8

2.1 Picture of Device

2.2 Description of the Antenna

The device has an internal patch antenna.

2.3 Batteries

The device was measured with BL-5C.

2.4 Headsets

The device was measured with headset HDC-5.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Period of measurement:	2003-08-22 to 2003-08-25
Ambient temperature (°C):	22.1 to 22.3
Ambient humidity (RH %):	53 to 55

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies, and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement system and components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY 3 software version 3.1d, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements on the test device was the 'worst-case extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration expiry
DASY3 DAE V1	388	05/2004
E-field Probe ET3DV6	1396	01/2004
Dipole Validation Kit, D835V2	462	07/2004
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	5d013	07/2004

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	SML03	101265	06/2004
Amplifier	TL-2001	501137	-
Power Meter	NRVS	849305/028	07/2004
Power Sensor	NRV-Z32	839176/020	07/2004
Digital Radiocommunication Tester	CMU 200	101111	07/2004
Vector Network Analyzer	8753E	US38432928	10/2003
Dielectric Probe Kit	85070C	US33020420	-

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field probe SN: 1396

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certifcate in Appendix A
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Optical Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 µW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both validation testing and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE P1528/D1.2, April 21, 2003 (as established by sub committee SCC-34/SC-2).

Validation tests were performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the test device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Simulating Liquids

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the simulating liquids are given in IEEE P1528/D1.2, April 21, 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using liquids whose dielectric parameters were within ± 5% of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the liquid was 15.0 ± 0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during validation and device measurements.

4.3.1 Liquid recipes

The following recipes were used for Head and Body liquids:

850MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Muscle (% by weight)
Deionised Water	39.74	50.75
HEC	0.25	-
Sugar	58.31	48.21
Preservative	0.15	0.10
Salt	1.55	0.94

1900MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Muscle (% by weight)
Deionised Water	54.88	69.02
Butyl Diglycol	44.91	30.76
Salt	0.21	0.22

4.3.2 Verification of the System

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the simulating liquids were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A SAR

measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the liquids, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The validation results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System verification, head tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters ε_r	Dielectric Parameters σ [S/m]	Temp [°C]
835	Reference result	2.45	42.5	0.90	N/A
	± 10% window	2.21 to 2.79			
	2003-08-22	2.62	40.9	0.91	21.6
1900	Reference result	11.0	39.8	1.46	N/A
	± 10% window	9.90 to 12.1			
	2003-08-25	10.8	38.2	1.43	20.5

System verification, body tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters ε_r	Dielectric Parameters σ [S/m]	Temp [°C]
835	Reference result	2.28	55.5	0.96	N/A
	± 10% window	2.23 to 2.73			
	2003-08-25	2.59	53.0	0.96	21.1
1900	Reference result	10.6	51.0	1.57	N/A
	± 10% window	9.54 to 11.7			
	2003-08-25	9.69	50.7	1.51	21.6

4.3.3 Tissue simulants used in the measurements

Head tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ε_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	41.5	0.90	N/A
	± 5% window	39.4 to 43.6	0.86 to 0.95	
	2003-08-22	40.9	0.91	21.0
1880	Recommended value	40.0	1.40	N/A
	± 5% window	38.0 to 42.0	1.33 to 1.47	
	2003-08-25	38.3	1.41	21.0

Body tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ε_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	55.2	0.97	N/A
	± 5% window	52.5 to 58.0	0.92 to 1.02	
	2003-08-25	53.0	0.96	21.0
1900	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	N/A
	± 5% window	50.6 to 56.0	1.44 to 1.60	
	2003-08-25	50.7	1.49	21.0

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The test device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.

Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the test device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the test device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.

Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE P1528/D1.2 April 21 2003 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques”.

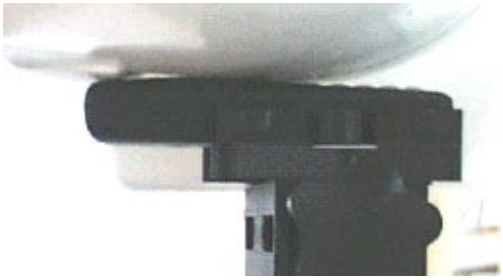


Photo of the device in “cheek” position.

Photo of the device in “tilt” position.

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at 1.5 cm using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with its antenna facing the phantom since this orientation gave higher results.

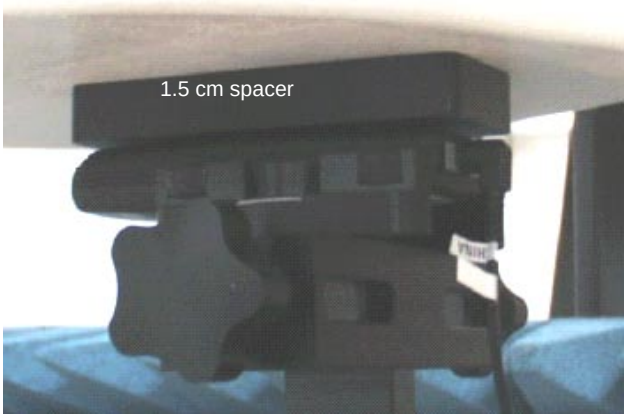


Photo of the device positioned for Body SAR measurement.
The spacer was removed for the tests.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First coarse scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next a cube scan, 5x5x7 was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the coarse scan and again at the end of the cube scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation of the points was done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline comprised three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" -condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p. 141-150] (x, y and z -directions) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p 123].

The extrapolation was based on least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 30 mm in all z-axis, a fourth order polynomial was calculated. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the phantom surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the phantom surface, were at 1mm spacing.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	P1528 Sec	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	c_i	u_i (%)	v_i
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±4.8	N	1	1	±4.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	$(1\text{-}c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±8.3	R	√3	1	±4.8	∞
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	±1.0	N	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5.2	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2.1	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±10.0	R	√3	1	±5.8	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Liquid Permittivity Target tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			**±14.5**	208
Coverage Factor for 95%			**k=2**				
Expanded Standard Uncertainty						**±29.1**	

7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Position		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 128 824 MHz	Ch 190 837 MHz	Ch 251 849 MHz
GSM 850	Power level		27.98 dBm	29.91 dBm	29.62 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	0.534	-
		Tilt	-	0.341	-
	Right	Cheek	0.433	0.549	**0.669**
		Tilt	-	0.342	-

1900MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Position		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850 MHz	Ch 661 1880 MHz	Ch 810 1910 MHz
GSM 1900	Power level		25.90 dBm	27.90 dBm	29.00 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	0.204	-
		Tilt	-	0.273	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.228	**-**
		Tilt	0.229	0.281	**0.367**

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Body-worn location setup	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 128 824 MHz	Ch 190 837 MHz	Ch 251 849 MHz
GSM 850	Power level	27.98 dBm	29.91 dBm	29.62 dBm
	Headset HDC-5	0.465	0.494	**0.774**

1900MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Body-worn location setup	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 512 1850 MHz	Ch 661 1880 MHz	Ch 810 1910 MHz
GSM 1900	Power level	25.90 dBm	27.90 dBm	29.00 dBm
	Headset HDC-5	0.320	0.336	**0.395**

7.1 Validation printouts

Available in Appendix A.

7.2 Measurement printouts

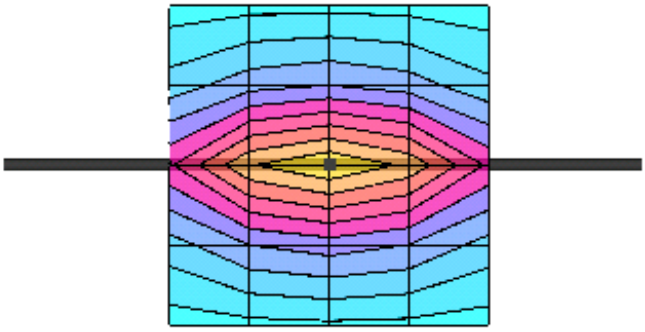
Available in Appendix B.

APPENDIX A: VALIDATION SCANS

System verification, head tissue simulants, GSM 850
2003-08-22
t(liq.)=21.6°C

Dipole 835 MHz

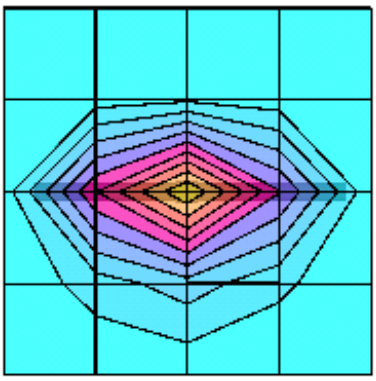
SAM 2; Flat
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.90,6.90,6.90); Crest factor: 1.0; Brain 835 MHz: $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m $\varepsilon_r = 40.9$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm^3
Cubes (2): Peak: 4.19 mW/g ± 0.11 dB, SAR (1g): 2.62 mW/g ± 0.12 dB, SAR (10g): 1.68 mW/g ± 0.13 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Penetration depth: 12.0 (10.7, 13.6) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.01 dB



System verification, head tissue simulants, GSM 1900
2003-08-25
t(liq.)=20.5°C

Dipole 1900 MHz

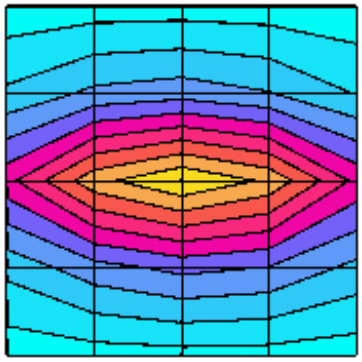
SAM 2; Flat
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(5.60,5.60,5.60); Crest factor: 1.0; Brain 1900 MHz: σ = 1.43 mho/m ε_r = 38.2 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cubes (2): Peak: 20.4 mW/g ± 0.10 dB, SAR (1g): 10.8 mW/g ± 0.13 dB, SAR (10g): 5.51 mW/g ± 0.15 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Penetration depth: 8.0 (7.6, 8.9) [mm]
Powerdrift: 0.02 dB



System verification, body tissue simulants, GSM 850
2003-08-25
t(liq.)=21.1°C

835 dipole

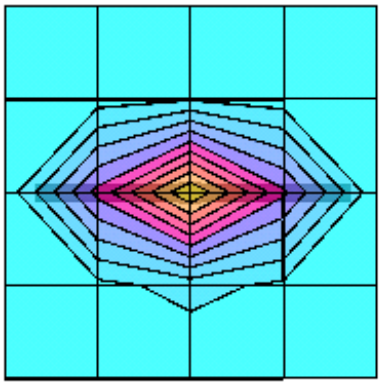
SAM 2;
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.60,6.60,6.60); Crest factor: 1.0; B0DY 835 MHz: $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m $\varepsilon_r = 53.0$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm^3
Cubes (2): Peak: 3.83 mW/g ± 0.12 dB, SAR (1g): 2.59 mW/g ± 0.13 dB, SAR (10g): 1.71 mW/g ± 0.13 dB, (Advanced extrapolation)
Penetration depth: 13.7 (13.2, 14.4) [mm]
Powerdrift: 0.06 dB



System verification, body tissue simulants, GSM 1900
2003-08-25
t(liq.)=21.6°C

Dipole 1900 MHz

SAM; Flat
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(5.10,5.10,5.10); Crest factor: 1.0; BODY 1900 MHz: σ = 1.51 mho/m ε_r = 50.7 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cubes (2): Peak: 16.7 mW/g ± 0.19 dB, SAR (1g): 9.69 mW/g ± 0.15 dB, SAR (10g): 5.15 mW/g ± 0.13 dB, (Advanced extrapolation)
Penetration depth: 9.5 (9.4, 9.9) [mm]
Powerdrift: 0.06 dB

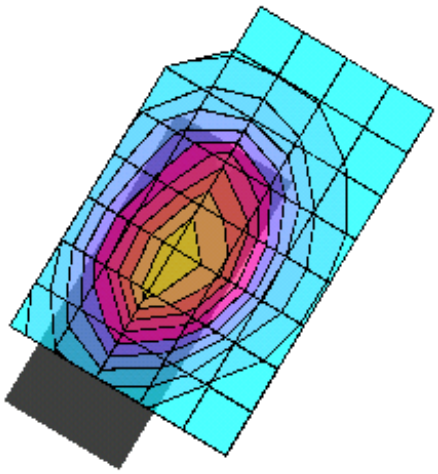


APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

LH Cheek / GSM 850

RH-36
2003-08-22
t(liq.)=21.2°C

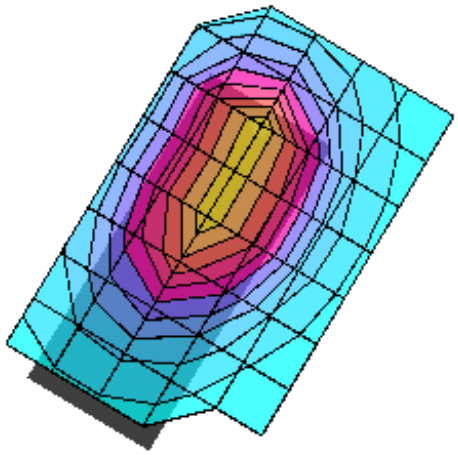
SAM 2 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 836 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.90,6.90,6.90); Crest factor: 8.0; Brain 836 MHz: σ = 0.91 mho/m ε_r = 40.9 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.534 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.363 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Powerdrift: -0.01 dB



LH Tilt / GSM 850

RH-36
2003-08-22
t(liq.)=21.3°C

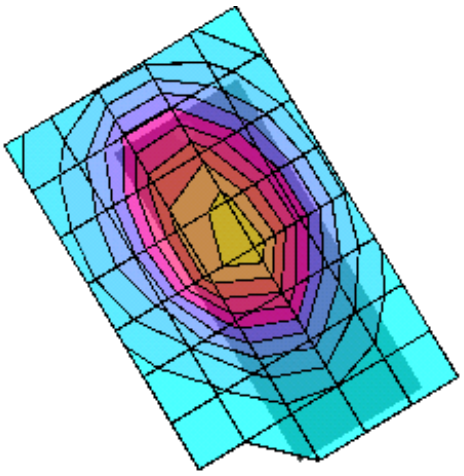
SAM 2 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 836 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.90,6.90,6.90); Crest factor: 8.0; Brain 836 MHz: σ = 0.91 mho/m ε_r = 40.9 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.341 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.232 mW/g * Max outside, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Powerdrift: -0.02 dB



RH Cheek / GSM 850

RH-36
2003-08-22
t(liq.)=21.1°C

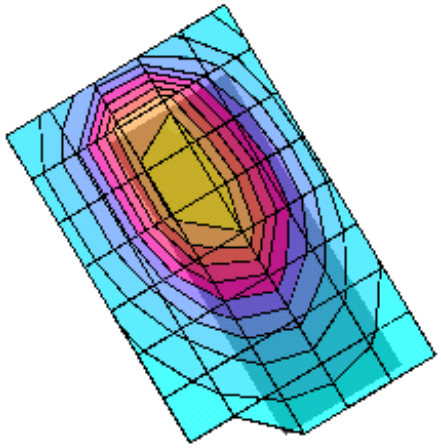
SAM 2 Phantom; Righ Hand Section; Position: (90°,301°); Frequency: 849 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.90,6.90,6.90); Crest factor: 8.0; Brain 836 MHz: σ = 0.91 mho/m ε_r = 40.9 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.669 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.457 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Powerdrift: -0.05 dB



RH Tilt / GSM 850

RH-36
2003-08-22
t(liq.)=21.1°C

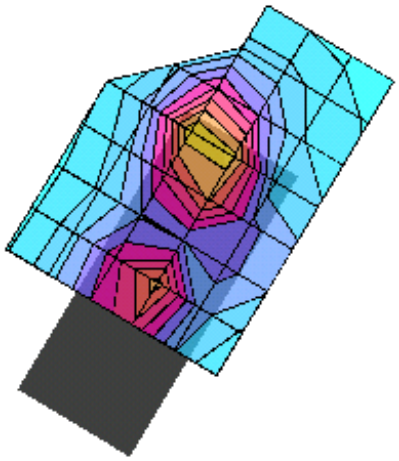
SAM 2 Phantom; Righ Hand Section; Position: (90°,301°); Frequency: 836 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.90,6.90,6.90); Crest factor: 8.0; Brain 836 MHz: σ = 0.91 mho/m ε_r = 40.9 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.342 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.238 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Powerdrift: -0.04 dB



LH Cheek / GSM 1900

RH-36
2003-08-25
t(liq.)=20.5°C

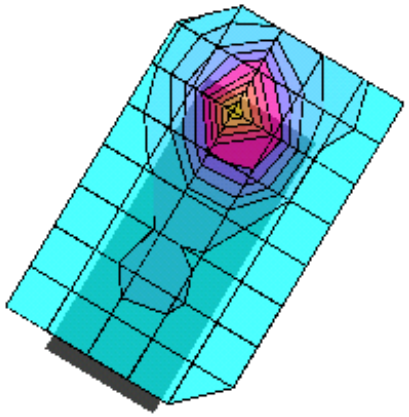
SAM 2 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(5.60,5.60,5.60); Crest factor: 8.0; Brain 1880 MHz: σ = 1.41 mho/m ε_r = 38.3 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.204 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.113 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Powerdrift: -0.06 dB



LH Tilt / GSM 1900

RH-36
2003-08-25
t(liq.)=20.5°C

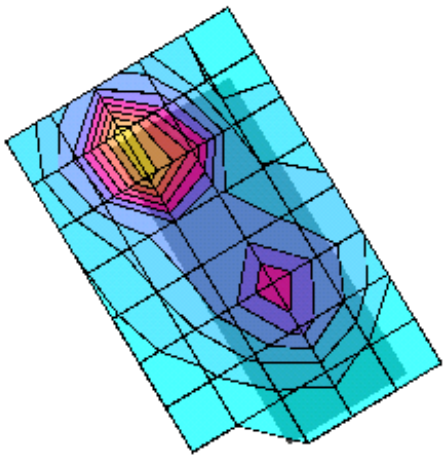
SAM 2 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,59°); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(5.60,5.60,5.60); Crest factor: 8.0; Brain 1880 MHz: σ = 1.41 mho/m ε_r = 38.3 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.273 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.141 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Powerdrift: -0.13 dB



RH Cheek / GSM 1900

RH-36
2003-08-25
t(liq.)=20.5°C

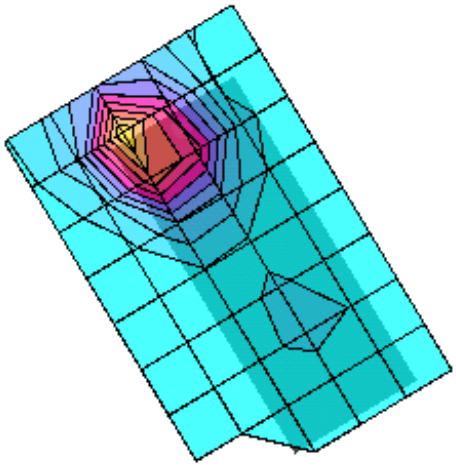
SAM 2 Phantom; Righ Hand Section; Position: (90°,301°); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(5.60,5.60,5.60); Crest factor: 8.0; Brain 1880 MHz: σ = 1.41 mho/m ε_r = 38.3 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.228 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.121 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Powerdrift: 0.11 dB



RH Tilt / GSM 1900

RH-36
2003-08-25
t(liq.)=20.4°C

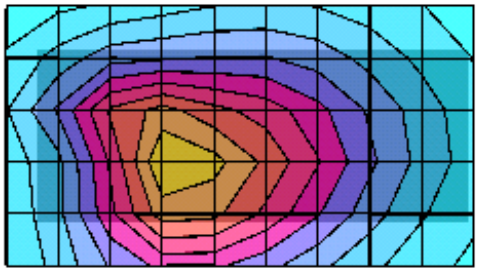
SAM 2 Phantom; Righ Hand Section; Position: (90°,301°); Frequency: 1910 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(5.60,5.60,5.60); Crest factor: 8.0; Brain 1880 MHz: σ = 1.41 mho/m ε_r = 38.3 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.367 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.189 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Powerdrift: 0.05 dB



Body / GSM 850

RH-36
2003-08-25
t(liq.)=21.0°C

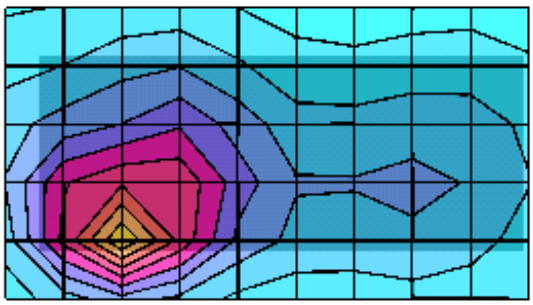
SAM 2 Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (270°,90°); Frequency: 849 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.60,6.60,6.60); Crest factor: 8.0; Body 836MHz: σ = 0.96 mho/m ε_r = 53.0 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.774 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.513 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 12.0, Dy = 12.0, Dz = 12.0
Powerdrift: -0.03 dB



Body / GSM 1900

RH-36
2003-08-25
t(liq.)=21.4°C

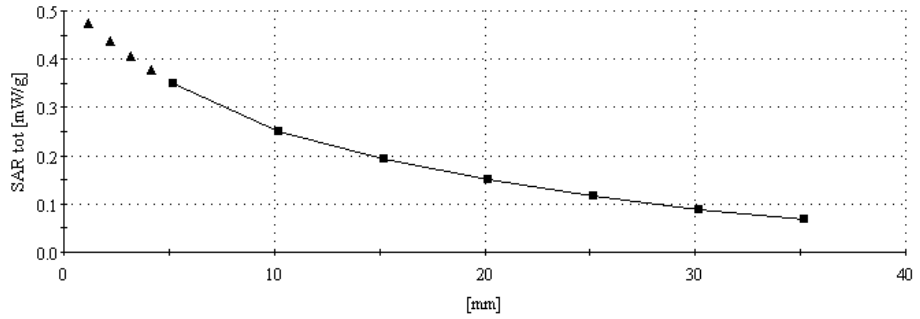
SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (270°,90°); Frequency: 1910 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(5.10,5.10,5.10); Crest factor: 8.0; B0DY 1880 MHz: σ = 1.49 mho/m ε_r = 50.7 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.395 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.216 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 12.0, Dy = 12.0, Dz = 12.0
Powerdrift: -0.01 dB



Z-PLOT corresponding Maximum Head SAR result / GSM 850:

RH-36, RH Cheek
2003-08-22
t(liq.)=21.1°C

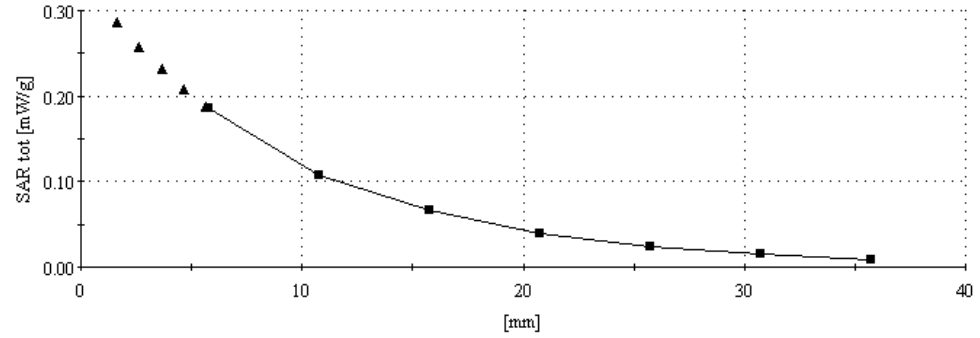
SAM 2 Phantom; Righ Hand Section; Position: (90°,301°); Frequency: 824 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.90,6.90,6.90); Crest factor: 8.0; Brain 836 MHz: σ = 0.91 mho/m ε_r = 40.9 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.669 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.457 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Cube 5x5x7: Dx = 8.0, Dy = 8.0, Dz = 5.0



Z-PLOT corresponding Maximum Head SAR result / GSM 1900:

RH-36, RH Tilt
2003-08-25
t(liq.)=20.4°C

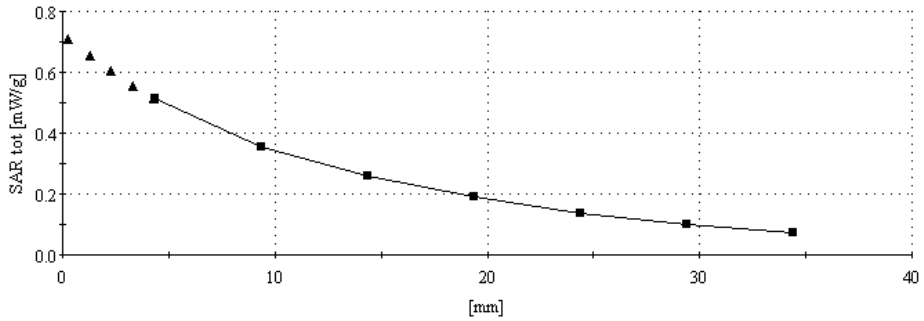
SAM 2 Phantom; Righ Hand Section; Position: (90°,301°); Frequency: 1910 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(5.60,5.60,5.60); Crest factor: 8.0; Brain 1880 MHz: σ = 1.41 mho/m ε_r = 38.3 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.367 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.189 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Cube 5x5x7: Dx = 8.0, Dy = 8.0, Dz = 5.0



Z-PLOT corresponding Maximum Body SAR result / GSM 850:

RH-36
2003-08-25
t(liq.)=21.0°C

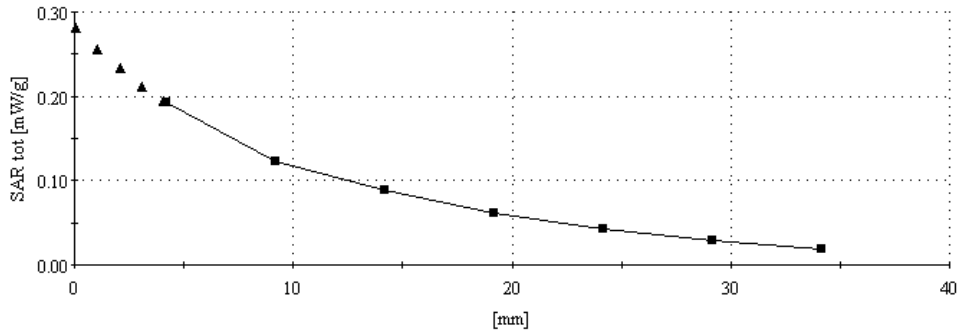
SAM 2 Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (270°,90°); Frequency: 849 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(6.60,6.60,6.60); Crest factor: 8.0; Body 836MHz: σ = 0.96 mho/m ε_r = 53.0 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.774 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.513 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Cube 5x5x7: Dx = 8.0, Dy = 8.0, Dz = 5.0



Z-PLOT corresponding Maximum Body SAR result / GSM 1900:

RH-36
2003-08-25
t(liq.)=21.4°C

SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (270°,90°); Frequency: 1910 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(5.10,5.10,5.10); Crest factor: 8.0; B0DY 1880 MHz: σ = 1.49 mho/m ε_r = 50.7 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.395 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.216 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Cube 5x5x7: Dx = 8.0, Dy = 8.0, Dz = 5.0



APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client Nokia Salo (TTC)

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s) ET3DV6 - SN 1396

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v2
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: January 15, 2003

Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator HP 8684C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Aug-02)	In house check: Aug-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	8-Mar-02	Mar-03
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02	Sep-03
Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	13-Sep-02	Sep-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US38432426	3-May-00	In house check: May 03
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	3-Sep-01	Sep-03

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Nico Vetterli	Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	

Date issued: January 16, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

ET3DV6 SN:1396 January 15, 2003

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1396

Sensitivity in Free Space

NormX	1.72 μV/(V/m)²	DCP X	93	mV
NormY	1.73 μV/(V/m)²	DCP Y	93	mV
NormZ	1.84 μV/(V/m)²	DCP Z	93	mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head	900 MHz	ε_r = 41.5 ± 5%	σ = 0.97 ± 5% mho/m
Head	835 MHz	ε_r = 41.5 ± 5%	σ = 0.90 ± 5% mho/m
ConvF X	6.9 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	6.9 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	0.35
ConvF Z	6.9 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	2.53

Head	1800 MHz	ε_r = 40.0 ± 5%	σ = 1.40 ± 5% mho/m
Head	1900 MHz	ε_r = 40.0 ± 5%	σ = 1.40 ± 5% mho/m
ConvF X	5.6 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	5.6 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	0.46
ConvF Z	5.6 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	2.71

Boundary Effect

Head 900 MHz **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Probe Tip to Boundary		1 mm	2 mm
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	9.2	5.2
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.3	0.5

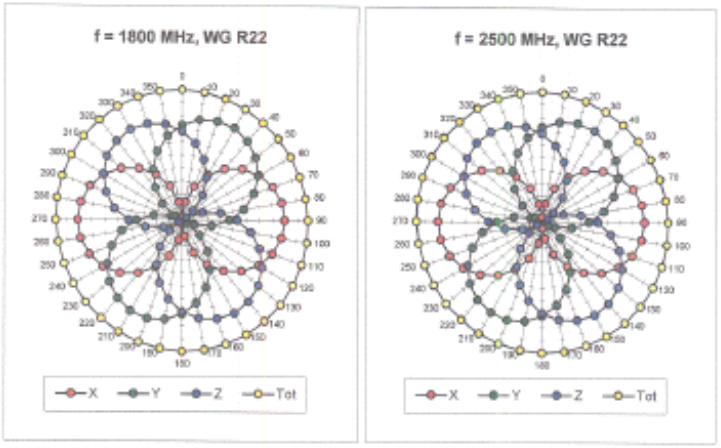
Head 1800 MHz **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

Probe Tip to Boundary		1 mm	2 mm
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	13.1	8.9
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.2	0.1

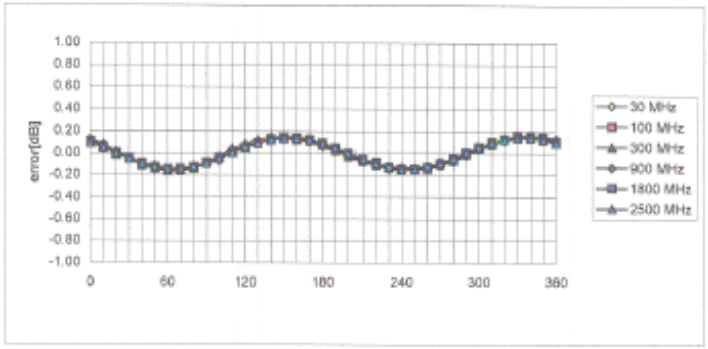
Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center	2.7	mm
Optical Surface Detection	1.5 ± 0.2	mm

ET3DV6 SN:1396 January 15, 2003

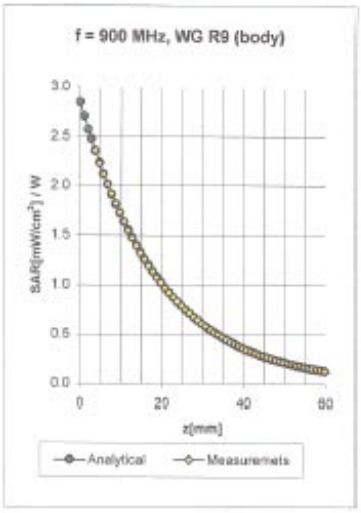


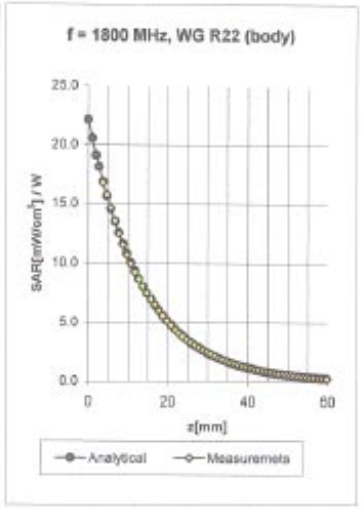
Isotropy Error (ϕ), θ = 0°



ET3DV6 SN:1396 January 15, 2003

Conversion Factor Assessment





Body	900 MHz	ε_r = 55.0 ± 5%	σ = 1.05 ± 5% mho/m
Body	835 MHz	ε_r = 55.2 ± 5%	σ = 0.97 ± 5% mho/m
ConvF X	6.6 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	6.6 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	0.36
ConvF Z	6.6 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	2.57

Body	1800 MHz	ε_r = 53.3 ± 5%	σ = 1.52 ± 5% mho/m
Body	1900 MHz	ε_r = 53.3 ± 5%	σ = 1.52 ± 5% mho/m
ConvF X	5.1 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	5.1 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	0.53
ConvF Z	5.1 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	2.75

APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT

835 MHz DIPOLE, HEAD CALIBRATION:

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Calibration Certificate

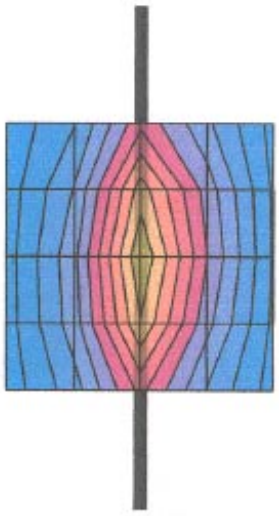
835 MHz System Validation Dipole

Type:	D835V2
Serial Number:	462
Place of Calibration:	Zurich
Date of Calibration:	July 1, 2002
Calibration Interval:	24 months

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Calibrated by:	
Approved by:	



Validation Dipole D835V2 SN462, d = 15 mm
Frequency: 835 MHz; Antenna Input Power: 250 [mW]
SAM Phantom, Flat Section; Grid Spacing: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(6.60,6.60,6.60) at 835 MHz; IEEE1528 835 MHz: σ = 0.90 mho/m ε_r = 42.5 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³
Cubes (2): Peak: 3.82 mW/g ± 0.02 dB, SAR (1g): 2.45 mW/g ± 0.02 dB, SAR (10g): 1.58 mW/g ± 0.02 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Penetration depth: 12.2 (11.2, 13.5) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.09 dB

07/01/02

835 MHz DIPOLE, BODY CALIBRATION:

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client Nokia Inc. Salo TTC

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s)	D835V2 - SN:462
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05 v2 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits
Calibration date:	January 8, 2003
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator HP 8684C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Aug-02)	In house check: Aug-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	8-Mar-02	Mar-03
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02	Sep-03
Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	13-Sep-02	Sep-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US38432426	3-May-00	In house check: May 03
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	3-Sep-01	Sep-03

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Nico Vetterli	Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	

Date issued: January 10, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

880-KP0301061-A Page 1 (1)

Date/Time: 01/08/03 14:26:58

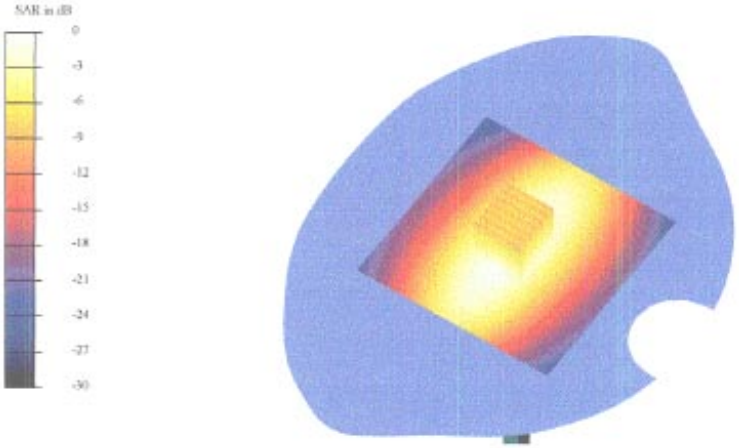
Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland
File Name: SN462_SN1507_M835_080103.da4

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz Type & Serial Number: D835V2 - SN462
Program: Dipole Calibration; Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Muscle 835 MHz (σ = 0.96 mho/m, ε = 55.47, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 1/24/2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN410; Calibrated: 7/18/2002
- Phantom: SAM 4.0 - TP:1006
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Reference Value = 56 V/m
Peak SAR = 3.45 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 2.48 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.003 dB



1900 MHz DIPOLE; HEAD CALIBRATION:

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

DASY3

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D1900V2

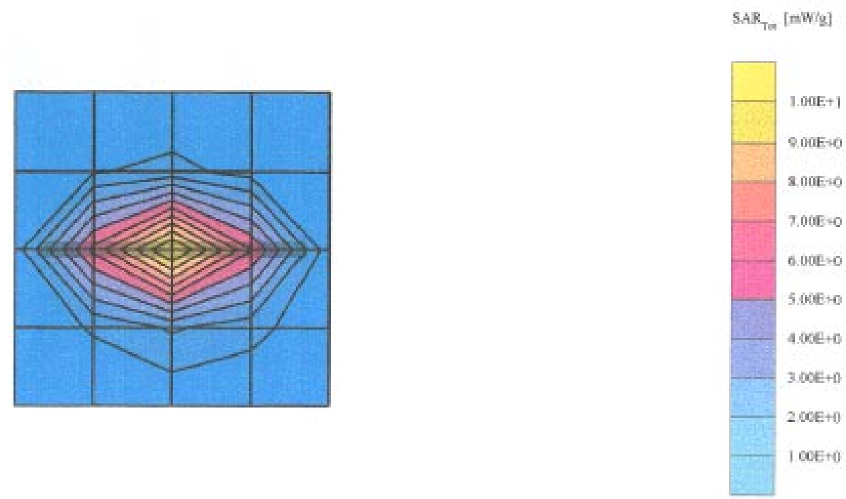
Serial: 5d013

Manufactured: April 30, 2002
Calibrated: July 1, 2002

07/01/02

Validation Dipole D1900V2 SN5d013, d = 10 mm

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Antenna Input Power: 250 [mW]
SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Grid Spacing: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(5.20,5.20,5.20) at 1900 MHz; IEEE1528 1900 MHz: σ = 1.46 mho/m ϵ_r = 39.8 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³
Cubes (2): Peak: 20.5 mW/g ± 0.03 dB, SAR (1g): 11.0 mW/g ± 0.02 dB, SAR (10g): 5.70 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Penetration depth: 8.1 (7.8, 8.9) [mm]
Powerdrift: 0.02 dB



1900 MHz DIPOLE, BODY CALIBRATION:

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client Nokia Inc. Salo TTC

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s)	D1900V2 - SN:5d013
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v2 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits
Calibration date:	January 9, 2003
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator HP 8684C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Aug-02)	In house check: Aug-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	8-Mar-02	Mar-03
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02	Sep-03
Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	13-Sep-02	Sep-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US38432426	3-May-00	In house check: May 03
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	3-Sep-01	Sep-03

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Nico Vetterli	Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	

Date issued: January 11, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

S80-KPU01061-A

Page 1 (1)

Date/Time: 01/09/03 17:04:5

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland
File Name: SN5d013_SN1507_M1900_090103.da4

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz Type & Serial Number: D1900V2 - SN5d013
Program: Dipole Calibration; Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm

Communication System: CW-1900; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Muscle 1900 MHz (σ = 1.57 mho/m, ε = 50.97, ρ = 1000 kg/m3)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 1/24/2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN410; Calibrated: 7/18/2002
- Phantom: SAM 4.0 - TP:1006
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Reference Value = 91.7 V/m
Peak SAR = 19.4 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 10.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.44 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.003 dB