



# User's Guide LTE Series

**Default Login Details** 

LAN IP Address	http://192.168.1.1	
Login	admin	
Password	See the Zyxel Device label	

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## IMPORIANT!

### READ CAREFULLY BEFORE USE

## KEEP THIS GUIDE FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

This is a series User's Guide. Screenshots and graphics in this book may differ slightly from what you see due to differences in yourproduct firm ware or your computer operating system. Every effort has been made to ensure that the information in this manual is accurate.

### Related Documentation

• Quic k Start Guide

The Quick Start Guide shows how to connect the Zyxel Device.

• More Information

Go to support.zyxel.com to find other information on the Zyxel Device.



## Document Conventions

## Warnings and Notes

These are how warnings and notes are shown in this guide.

## Wamings tell you about things that could harm you or your Zyxel Device.

Note: Notes tell you other important information (for example, other things you may need to configure or helpful tips) or recommendations.

#### Syntax Conventions

- The LTE device in this user's guide may be referred to as the "Zyxel Device" in this guide.
- Product labels, screen names, field labels and field choices are all in bold font.
- A right angle bracket (>) within a screen name denotes a mouse click. For example, Network Setting > Routing > DNS Route means you first click Network Setting in the navigation panel, then the Routing submenu and finally the DNS Route tab to get to that screen.

#### Icons Used in Figures

Figures in this userguide may use the following generic icons. The Zyxel Device icon is not an exact representation of your Zyxel Device.

Zyxe l De vic e	Generic Router	Swite h
Se rve r	Fire w a ll	USB Storage Device
Printe r		

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# PART I User's Guide

## C HAPTER 1 Introduction

## 1.1 Overview

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 $Zyxel \, De\, vic\, e \ re\, fers \ to \ the se \ models \ a \ s \ outlined \ b \ e \ lo \ w.$ 

## OUIDOOR INDOOR

• LTE7240-M403 • LTE3301-PLUS

LTE7461-M602 •

• LIE7480-M804 • LIE5398-M904

LTE5388-M804

- LIE7480-S905 LIE3316-M604
  - LTE7490-M904 LTE5388-S905
- LTE7485-S905

The following table describes the feature differences of the Zyxel Device by model.

Table 1 Outdoor Zyxel Device Companison Table

	LIE7240- M403	LIE7461- M602	LIE7480- M804	LIE7480- S905	LIE7490- M904	LIE7485- S905
2.4G WIAN	V	V	v	V	V	V
5G WIAN	-	-	-	-	-	-
LTE Speed	150/50 Mbps (FDD-LIE)	400/150 Mbps (FDD-LTE)	600/100 Mbps	573/15.1 Mbps (TDD-LTE config.#2)	1200/150 Mbps	573/15.1 Mbps (TDD-LTE config.#2)
G ig a b it Ethe me t Po rt	V	v	v	V	V	v
Ethe met WAN	-	-	-	-	-	-
IP Passthrough	V	V	V	V	V	V
USB for File Sharing	V	V	-	V	-	V
Exte mal Ante nna s	-	-	-	-	-	-
Po E Inje c to r	V	V	-	V	-	V
Wall Mount	V	V	v	V	V	V
Pole Mount	-	V	V	V	V	V
Firm w a re Ve rsio n	2.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00
Parental Control	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vo ic e	-	-	-	-	-	-
TR069	V	V	V	V	V	V

	LIE3301-PLUS	LIE5388-M804	LIE5398-M904	LIE3316-M604	LIE5388-S905
2.4G WLAN	V	V	V	V	V
5G WIAN	V	V	V	V	-
LTE Speed	300/50 Mbps	600/100 Mbps	1200/150 Mbps	300/50 Mbps	580/30 Mbps
G ig a b it Ethe me t Port	V	V	V	V	V
Ethe met WAN	LAN4 can be a WAN bac kup.	IAN1 can be a WAN bac kup.	IAN1 can be a WAN bac kup.	IAN1 can be a WAN backup.	-
IP Passthrough	Available when LAN4 doesn't act as a WAN backup.	Available when IAN1 doesn't actas a WAN backup.	Available when IAN1 doesn't actas a WAN backup.	Available when LAN1 doesn'tact as a WAN backup.	V
USB fo r File Sha ring	V	V	V	-	-
Exte ma l Ante nna s	V	-	-	-	-
Po E Inje c to r	-	-	-	-	-
Wall Mount	-	-	-	V	-
Pole Mount	-	-	-	-	-
Firm w a re Ve rsio n	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00
Parental Control	V	V	V	-	-
Vo ic e	-	V	V	V	-
TR069	V	V	V	V	V

Table 2 Indoor Zyxel Device Companison Table

The Zyxel Device is an LTE (Long Term Evolution) router that supports (but not limited to) the following:

- WAN Backup (LTE3301-PLUS / LTE5388-M804 / LTE5398-M904 / LTE3316-M604)
- Gig a bit Ethe met connection
- DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server
- NAT(Ne two rk Ad d re ss Transla tion)
- DMZ (Demilitarized Zone)
- Port Forwarding/Triggering
- ALG (Application LayerGateway)
- Embedded Bridge/Routermode
- Dynamic DNS (Domain Name System) for the first APN (Access Point Name)
- Static / Dynamic Route setting for RIP (Routing Information Protocol)
- Remote Management under Bridge mode
- Add ress Resolution Protocol(ARP)
- Fire wall that uses State ful Packet Inspection (SPI) technology
- Protects against Denial of Service (DoS) attacks
- Filter of IAN MAC address, IAN IP address and URLs
- Localand remote device management
- Firmware upgrade via TR-069 and Web Configurator

The embedded Web-based Configuratorenables straightforward management and maintenance. Just insert the SIM card (with an active data plan) and make the hardware connections. See the Quick Start Guide for how to do the hardware installation, wall/pole mounting, and Internet setup.

Note: The se are the theoretic aldownlink/up link rates. LTE speed is affected by strength of signal, network congestion, LTE band(s) or frequency(-ies) to which your Zyxel Device is connected, and so forth.

## 1.2 Application for the Zyxel Device

#### Wire less WAN

The Zyxel Device can connect to the Intermet through a 2G/3G/4G LTE SIM card to access a wireless WAN connection. Just insert a SIM card into the SIM card slot at the bottom of the Zyxel Device.

Note: You must insert the SIM card into the card slot before turning on the Zyxel Device.

You can install two external antennas to improve your wireless WAN signal strength. See Table 1 on page 16 for the feature differences.

#### Wire less IAN (WiFi)

Wire less clients can connect to the LIE Device to access network resources and the Internet. Your LIE Device supports WiFi Protected Setup (WPS), which allows you to quickly set up a wire less network with strong security.



#### Internet Access

Your Zyxel Device provides shared Internet access by connecting to an LIE network. A computer can connect to the Zyxel Device's PoEinjectorora LAN port for configuration via the Web Configurator. See Table 1 on page 16 for the feature differences.





## Carrier Aggregation (LIE7480-M804 / LIE7490-M904 / LIE5388-M804 / LIE5398-M904 / LIE3316-M604)

CamerAggregation (CA) is a technology to deliver high downlink data rates by combining more than one camerin the same or different bands together.





#### Ethe met WAN (LIE3301-PLUS / LIE5388-M804 / LIE5398-M904 / LIE3316-M604)

If you have another broadband modem or router available, you can use the Ethemet WAN port and then connect it to the broadband modem or router. This way, you can access the Internet via an Ethemet connection and still use the Fire wall function on the Zyxel Device.

- Note: For LIE3301-PLUS, convert LAN port number four as a WAN port first. See Section 6.4 on page 91 for more information about the Network Setting > Broadband > Ethemet WAN screen.
- Note: For LIE5388-M804 / LIE5398-M904 / LIE3316-M604, convert LAN port number one as a WAN port first. See Section 6.4 on page 91 for more information about the Network Setting > Broadband > Ethemet WAN screen.



Figure 3 Zyxel Device's Internet Access Application: Ethemet WAN

## 1.2.1 WAN Priority (LTE3301-PLUS / LTE5388-M804 / LTE5398-M904 / LTE3316-**M604**)

The WAN connection priority is as follows:

- Ethe met WAN 1
- 2 Cellular WAN (3G/4G)

## 1.3 Manage the Zyxel Device

Use the Web Configurator for management of the Zyxel Device using a (supported) web browser.

## 1.4 Good Habits for Managing the Zyxel Device

Do the following things regularly to make the Zyxel Device more secure and to manage the Zyxel Device more e ffe c tive ly.

- Change the password. Use a password that's not easy to guess and that consists of different types of characters, such as numbers and letters.
- Write down the password and put it in a safe place.
- Back up the configuration (and make sure you know how to restore it). Refer to Section 34.2 on page 274. Restoring an earlier working configuration may be useful if the Zyxel Device becomes unstable or even crashes. If you forget your password to access the Web Configurator, you will have to reset the Zyxel Device to its factory default settings. If you backed up an earlier configuration file, you would not have to totally re-configure the Zyxel Device. You could simply restore your last configuration. Write down any information your ISP provides you.

## 1.5 Front and Bottom Panels

The LED indicators are located on the front (LTE7240-M403 / LTE3301-PLUS / LTE5388-M804 / LTE5398-M904 / LTE3316-M604 / LIE5388-S905)/the bottom panel(LIE7461-M602 / LIE7480-M804 / LIE7480-S905 / LIE7490-M904 / LIE7485-S905)/ the rearpanels (LTE5388-M804 / LTE5398-M904 / LTE3316-M604).

## Front & Top Panels



Figure 5 Front Panel (LTE7240-M403)











#### Figure 9 Top Panel (LTE3316-M604)



Figure 10 Front Panel (LTE5388-S905)



## Bottom / Rear/Side Panels



Figure 12 Bottom Panel (LTE7240-M403)



Figure 13 Bottom Panel (LIE7461-M602 / LIE7480-M804 / LIE7480-S905 / LIE7490-M904 / LIE7485-S905)



Figure 14 Rear Panel (LTE5388-M804 / LTE5398-M904)



Figure 15 Bottom Panel (LIE5388-M804 / LIE5398-M904 / LIE5388-S905)



Figure 16 Rear Panel (LTE3316-M604)



Figure 17 Side Panel (LIE3316-M604)



Figure 18 Rear Panel (LTE5388-S905)



## 1.5.1 IEDs (Lights)

None of the LEDs are on if the Zyxel Device is not receiving power.

LED	COLOR	STATUS	DESC RIPTIO N
POWER	White	On	The Zyxel Device is receiving power and ready for use.
	Blinking		The Zyxel Device is booting or self-testing.
		Off	The Zyxel Device is not receiving power.
Inte me t	White	On	The re is Internet connection.
		Blinking	The Zyxel Device is sending or receiving IP traffic.
		Off	The re is no Internet connection.
LTE/3G	White	On	The Zyxel Device is registered and successfully connected to a 4G network.
		Blinking (slow)	The Zyxel Device is connected to a 3G network.
		Blinking (fast)	The Zyxel Device is trying to connect to a 3G/4G network.
		Off	The re is no service.
	Green	On	The Zyxel Device has an Ethemet connection on the WAN.
		Off	There is no Ethernet connection on the WAN.
Signal	Green	On	The signal strength is excellent.
Stre ng th	Amber	On	The signal strength is fair.
	Re d	On	The signal strength is poor.
		Blinking	There is no SIM card inserted, no signal, or the signal strength is below the poor level.
		Off	The SIM card is invalid, or the PIN code is not comect.
WLAN	Green	On	The 2.4 GHz wire less network is a c tiva ted.
		Blinking (slow)	The Zyxel Device is setting up a WPS connection with a 2.4 GHz wire less client.
		Blinking (fast)	The Zyxel Device is communicating with 2.4 GHz wire less clients.
	White	On	The 5 G Hz wire less network is a c tiva ted.
		Blinking (slow)	The Zyxel Device is setting up a WPS connection with a 5 GHz wire less client.
		Blinking (fast)	The Zyxel Device is communicating with 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz wire less clients.
		Off	The wire less network is not activated.
USB	White	On	The Zyxel Device recognizes a USB connection through the USB port.
		Blinking	The Zyxel Device is sending/receiving data to/from the USB device connected to it.
		Off	The Zyxel Device does not detect a USB connection through the USB port.

Table 3 LIE3301-PLUS LED Descriptions

Note: Blinking (slow) means the LED blinks once persecond. Blinking (fast) means the LED blinks once per 0.5 second.

LED	COLOR	STATUS	DESC RIPTIO N	
POWER	Green	On	The Zyxel Device is receiving power and ready for use.	
		Blinking	The Zyxel Device is booting or self-testing.	
		Off	The Zyxel Device is not receiving power.	
EIHERNET	Green	On	The Zyxel Device has a successful 10/100/1000 Mbps Ethemet connection with a device on the Local Area Network (LAN).	
		Off	The Zyxel Device does not have an Ethemet connection with the IAN.	
LTE/3G/2G	Green	On	The Zyxel Device is registered and successfully connected to a 4G network.	
		Blinking (slow)	The Zyxel Device is connected to a 3G/2G network.	
		Blinking (fast)	The Zyxel Device is trying to connect to a 4G/3G/2G network.	
		Off	The re is no service.	
WLAN	Green	On	The wire less network is a c tiva ted.	
		Off	The wire less network is not activated.	
Signal	Green	On	The signal strength is excellent.	
Stre ng th	Orange	On	The signal strength is fair.	
	Re d	On	The signal strength is poor.	
		Blinking	There is no SIM card inserted, the SIM card is invalid, the PIN code is not correct.	
		Off	There is no signal or the signal strength is below the poor level.	

Table 4 LTE7240-M403 LED Descriptions

Note: Blinking (slow) means the LED blinks once persecond. Blinking (fast) means the LED blinks once per 0.2 second.

Table 5 LIE7461-M602 / LIE7480-M804 / LIE7480-S905 / LIE7490-M904 LED	De sc rip tio ns
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COLOR	STATUS	DESC RIPTIO N
Re d	Blinking	The Zyxel Device is booting or self-testing.
	On	The Zyxel Device encountered an error.
Green	Blinking	The Zyxel Device is trying to connect to the Internet.
	On	The Zyxel Device is connected to the Internet.
Amber	Blinking	The Zyxel Device WiFi is on.

Table 6 LTE5388-M804 / LTE5398-M904 LED Descriptions

LED	COLOR	STATUS	DESC RIPTIO N
Power/System or USB	Green	On	The Zyxel Device is receiving power and ready for use.
		Blinking	The Zyxel Device is booting.
		Off	The Zyxel Device is not receiving power.
	Blue	On	The ZyxelDevice is sending/receiving data to/from the USB device connected to it.
		Off	The Zyxel Device does not detect a USB connection through the USB port.

	т, дшоосо т		se up do his (e e hidilide d)	
LED	COLOR	STATUS	DESC RIPHO N	
Internet/SMS	Green	On	The re is Internet connection.	
		Blinking	There is a new SMS message.	
		Off	The re is no Internet connection.	
LTE/3G Sig nal Strength	Green	On	The signal strength is excellent.	
	Orange	On	The signal strength is fair.	
	Re d	On	The signal strength is poor.	
		Blinking	There is no LTE/3G signalor the signal strength is below the poor level.	
WiFi/WPS	Green	On	The WiFi AP is a c tiva te d.	
		Blinking (fast)	Data is being transmitted and received.	
		Blinking (slow)	The WPS is a c tiva ted.	
Voice Green		On	A telephone connected to the <b>PHONE</b> port has its receiver off the hook.	
		Blinking	The Zyxel Device is receiving an incoming call.	
		Off	A telephone connected to the <b>PHONE</b> port has its receiver on the hook.	
LAN	Green	On	The Zyxel Device recognizes an Ethemetcable through the IAN port.	
		Blinking	The ZyxelDevice is sending/meceiving data through the IAN.	
		Off	The wire less network is not a c tiva ted.	

Table 6 LTE5388-M804 / LTE5398-M904 LED Descriptions (continued)

## Table 7 LTE3316-M604 LED Descriptions

LED	COLOR	STATUS	DESC RIPTIO N	
Power	White	On The Zyxel Device is receiving power and functioning properly.		
		Blinking	The Zyxel Device is in the process of starting up or default restoring.	
		Off	The Zyxel Device is not receiving power.	
Inte me t	White	On	The Zyxel Device's WAN connection is ready, but there is no traffic.	
		Blinking	The Zyxel Device is transmitting and receiving data through the WAN.	
		Off	The WAN connection is not ready, or has failed.	
LTE/3G/Ethe met	White	On	The Zyxel Device is successfully connected to a 4G network.	
		Blinking	The Zyxel Device is successfully connected to a 3G network.	
	Green	On	The Zyxel Device is successfully connected to an Ethemet WAN network.	
LTE/3G Sig nal Strength	Green	On	The signal strength is good.	
	Orange	On	The signal strength is fair.	
	Re d	On	The signal strength is poor.	
		Blinking	A valid SIM card is inserted, but no signal is detected.	

LED	COLOR	STATUS	DESC RIPTIO N	
WiF/WPS	White	On	This indicates either 5G and 2.4G wire less IAN are both on or the 5G wire less IAN is on.	
		Blinking	This indicates either 5G and 2.4G WPS are both on or the 5G WPS is on.	
	Green	On	The 2.4G wire less IAN is on, but the Zyxel Device is not sending/receiving data through the wire less IAN.	
		Blinking	The Zyxel Device is ready and the 2.4G WPS is on.	
Vo ic e	White	On	A telephone connected to the <b>PHONE</b> port has its receiver on the hook.	
		Blinking	The Zyxel Device is receiving an incoming call.	
		Off	A telephone connected to the <b>PHONE</b> port has its receiver off the hook.	
IAN	Green	On	A 10/100 Mbps IAN connection is ready.	
		Blinking	The Zyxel Device is sending/receiving data at 10/100 Mbps through a IAN port.	
		Off	The wire less network is not a c tiva ted.	
	O m ng e	On	A 1000 Mb p s IAN c o nne c tio n is re a d y.	
		Blinking	The Zyxel Device is sending/receiving data at 1000 Mbps through a IAN port.	
		Off	The wire less ne two rk is not a c tiva ted.	

Table 7 LTE3316-M604 LED Descriptions (continue d)

#### Table 8 LTE5388-S905 LED Descriptions

LED	COLOR	STATUS	DESC RIPTIO N	
Power	Green	On	The Zyxel Device is receiving power and ready for use.	
		Blinking	The Zyxel Device is booting.	
		Off	The Zyxel Device is not receiving power.	
Inte me t	Green	On	There is an Internet connection.	
		Off	There is no Internet connection.	
LTE Sig nal Strength	Green	On	The signal strength is excellent.	
	Orange	On	The signal strength is fair.	
	Re d	On	The signal strength is poor.	
		Blinking	A valid SIM c ard is inserted, but no signal is detected.	
WiFi/WPS	Green	On	The wire less ne two rk is a c tiva te d.	
		Blinking	The WPS process is in progress.	
		Off	The WiFI/WPS is not a c tiva ted.	
LAN	Green	On	The Zyxel Device recognizes an Ethemetcable through the LAN port.	

Table 9 LIE7485-S905 LED Descriptions

COLOR	STATUS	DESC RIPIIO N	
Re d	Blinking	The Zyxel Device is booting or self-testing.	
	On	The ZyxelDevice encountered an error.	

COLOR	STATUS	DESC RIPIIO N
Green	Blinking	The Zyxel Device is trying to connect to the Internet.
	On	The Zyxel Device is connected to the Internet.
Amber	Blinking	The Zyxel Device WiFi is on.

Table 9 LIE7485-S905 LED Descriptions

## 1.5.2 Panel Ports & Buttons

The connection ports are located on the bottom/rearpanels.

The following table describes the items on the bottom panel.

Table 10	Panel Ports and	Butto ns

IABELS	DESC RIPIIO N
ANT1-ANT2	Install the external antennas to streng then the cellular signal.
USB	The USB port of the Zyxel Device is used for file sharing.
LAN/ Ethe me t	Connecta computer via the PoEinjector for configuration.
	Connect the PoEinjector to a power outlet to start the device.
IAN/ WAN	For LIE5388-M804 / LIE5398-M904 / LIE3316-M604, connect an RJ45 cable to a modem to connect to the Internet when using a IAN port as a WAN port.
IAN	For LTE5388-M804 / LTE5398-M904 / LTE3316-M604 / LTE5388-S905, connect an RJ45 cable to a computer to connect to the internal network. In using a LAN port.
WiFi	Press the WIAN (WiFi) button formore than five seconds to enable the wireless function. To set up a WiFiconnection between the Zyxel Device and a wireless client, press the WPS button for longer than five seconds for LIE5388-M804 / LIE5398-M904 / LIE5388-S905, and press the <b>WPS</b> button for two seconds for LIE3316-M604.
WPS	After the wire less function is enabled, press the WIAN button for more than one second but less than five seconds to quickly set up a secure wire less connection between the Zyxel Device and a WPS-compatible client. To enable WPS, press the <b>WPS</b> button for less than five seconds for LIE5388-M804 / LIE5398-M904 / LIE5388-S905, and press the <b>WPS</b> button for more than five seconds for LIE3316-M604.
RESET	Press the button for more than five seconds to return the Zyxel Device to the factory defaults.
POWER Button	Press the <b>POWER</b> button after the power adapter is connected to start the Zyxel Device.
POWER/DC IN	Connect the power adapter and press the POWER button to start the Zyxel Device.
Reboot	Press the <b>RESET</b> button formore than 2 seconds but less than 5 seconds, it will cause the system to reboot.
SIM c a rd	Insert a micro-SIM card into the slot with the chip facing down and the beveled comerin the top left comer.
PHO NE	For LIE5388-M804 / LIE5398-M904 / LIE3316-M604, the phone port is used for VoIP and VoLIE.
INT/ EXT	For LTE5388-M804 / LTE5398-M904, the internal/external switch is used for selecting between the internal or external LTE antenna.

## 1.5.3 Turning On/Off WiFi

Use the WPS or WiF/WPS button on the Zyxel Device to tum on or tum off the wire less network.

Note: Use the WiFi function of the LIE7461-M602 / LIE7480-M804 / LIE7480-S905 / LIE7490-M904 / LIE7485-S905 for configuration (for example, connect to the LIE Ally app of your mobile device to find the optimal LIE signal strength and manage your LIE7461-M602 / LIE7480-M804 / LIE7480-S905 / LIE7490-M904 / LIE7485-S905).

Figure 19 LTE3301-PLUS WiFV WPS Button



Figure 20 LIE7240-M403 WiFi Button



Figure 21 LTE7461-M602 / LTE7480-M804 / LTE7480-S905 / LTE7490-M904 / LTE7485-S905 WiFi Button







#### To tum on WiFi:

• Make sure the **POWER** LED is on and not blinking. Press the **WiFi** or **WiFi**/**WPS** button for more than 5 seconds and release it.

For LIE3301-PLUS: Once WiFi is turned on, the WIAN LED turns green/white.

For LTE7240-M403: Once WiFi is turned on, the **WIAN** LED shines green.

For LIE7461-M602 / LIE7480-M804 / LIE7480-S905 / LIE7490-M904 / LIE7485-S905: Once WiFi is turned on, the LED blinks amber.

For LIE5388-M804 / LIE5398-M904 / LIE5388-S905: Once WiFistumed on, the LED tums green.

• Make sure the POWER LED is on and not blinking. Press the WiFi or WiFi/WPS button for 2 seconds.

For LTE3316-M604: Once WiFi is turned on, the WIAN LED turns green/white.

### To activate WPS (WiFimust be already on):

You can also quickly set up a secure wire less connection between the Zyxel Device and a WPS-compatible client by adding one device at a time.

• Press the WiFi or WiFi WPS button for more than 1 second but less than 5 seconds and release it (pressing more than 5 seconds will turn off WiFi). Press the WPS button on another WPS-enabled device within range of the Zyxel Device.

For LIE3301-PLUS:

Once a wire less connection is ready, the WIAN LED turns green/white.

For LTE7240-M403:

Once a wire less connection is ready, the WIAN LED shines green.

For LIE7461-M602 / LIE7480-M804 / LIE7480-S905 / LIE7490-M904 / LIE7485-S905: Once a wire less connection is ready, the LED blinks amber.

For LIE5388-M804 / LIE5398-M904 / LIE5388-S905: Once a wire less connection is ready, the **WPS** LED blinks green.

• Press the WiFi or WiFi/WPS button for more than 5 second of the Zyxel Device and release it. Press the WPS button on another WPS-enabled device within range of the Zyxel Device.

For LTE3316-M604:

Once a wire less connection is ready, the WPS LED blinks green/white.

• Press the WPS button for more than 1-4 seconds of the Zyxel Device and release it. Press the WPS button on another WPS-enabled device within range of the Zyxel Device.

#### To turn off the wire less network:

• Press the WiFi or WiFi / WPS button for more than 5 seconds.

For LTE3301-PLUS: The **WIAN** LED turns off when the wire less network is off.

For LTE7240-M403: The **WIAN** LED turns off when the wire less network is off.

For LIE7461-M602 / LIE7480-M804 / LIE7480-S905 / LIE7490-M904 / LIE7485-S905: The amber LED turns off when the wire less network is off.

For LIE5388-M804 / LIE5398-M904 / LIE3316-M604 / LIE5388-S905: The **WIAN** LED turns off when the wire less network is off.

• Press the WiFi or WiFi/WPS button for 2 seconds.

For LTE3316-M604: The **WIAN** LED turns off when the wire less network is off.

## 1.5.4 The RESET Button

If you forget your password or cannot access the Web Configurator, you will need to use the **RESET** button of the Zyxel Device as shown in the following figure to reload the factory-default configuration file. This means that you will

lose all configurations that you had previously saved. The password will be reset to the default (see the Zyxel Device label) and the Paddress will be reset to 192.168.1.1.



Figure 24 Reset Button (LTE3301-PLUS)

Figure 25 Reset Button (LTE7240-M403)



Figure 26 Reset Button (LIE7461-M602 / LIE7480-M804 / LIE7480-S905 / LIE7490-M904/ LIE7485-S905)



Figure 27 Reset Button (LIE5388-M804 / LIE5398-M904)



#### Figure 28 Reset Button (LTE3316-M604)



Figure 29 Reset Button (LTE5388-S905)



- 1 Make sure the Zyxel Device is connected to power and POWER LED is on.
- 2 To set the Zyxel Device back to the factory default settings, press the RESET button for 5 seconds.

## 1.6 Wall Mounting

Please refer to the installation guide below for the wall mounting procedures of the LTE3316-M604. You may need screw anchors if mounting on a concrete or brick wall.

Table 11 Wall Mounting Information

Distance between holes	100 mm	
M4 Sc re ws	Two	
Screw anchors (optional)	Two	

Do the following to attach your Zyxel Device to a wall.

- 1 Select a position free of obstructions on a wall strong enough to hold the weight of the device.
- 2 Mark two holes on the wall at the appropriate distance apart for the screws.

## Be careful to avoid damaging pipes or cables located inside the wall when drilling holes for the screws.

Note: If you press the **RESET** button for more than 2 seconds but less than 5 seconds, it will cause the system to reboot/restart.

## Do not wall mount the Zyxel Device over a height of 2 m.

3 If using screw anchors, drill two holes for the screw anchors into the wall. Push the anchors into the full depth of the holes, then insert the screws into the anchors. Do not insert the screws all the way in - leave a small gap of about 0.5 cm.

If not using screw anchors, use a screwdriver to insert the screws into the wall. Do not insert the screws all the way in leave a gap of about 0.5 cm.

- 4 Make sure the screws are fastened well enough to hold the weight of the Zyxel Device with the connection cables.
- 5 Align the holes on the back of the Zyxel Device with the screws on the wall. Hang the Zyxel Device on the screws.



Figure 30 Wall Mounting Example



## C HAPTER 2 The Web Configurator

## 2.1 Overview

The Web Configurator is an HIML based management interface that allows easy system setup and management via Internet browser. Use a browser that supports HIML5, such as Internet Explorer 11, Mozilla Fire fox, or Google Chrome. The recommended screen resolution is 1024 by 768 pixels.

In order to use the Web Configurator you need to allow:

- Web browserpop-up windows from your Zyxel Device.
- JavaScript (enabled by default).
- Java permissions (enabled by default).

## 2.1.1 Access the Web Configurator

- 1 Make sure your Zyxel Device hardware is properly connected (refer to the Quick Start Guide).
- 2 Launch your web browser. If the Zyxel Device does not automatically re-direct you to the login screen, go to http://192.168.1.1.
- 3 A password screen displays. Select the language you prefer (upper right).
- 4 To access the Web Configurator and manage the Zyxel Device, type the default use mame **admin** and the randomly assigned default password (see the Zyxel Device label) in the **Login** screen and click **Login**. If you have changed the password, enteryour password and click **Login**.

#### Figure 32 Password Screen

ZYXEL	1767240-94403	10 B.
	Login	
-		
-		0
	inter.	

- Note: The first time you enter the password, you will be asked to change it. Make sure the new password must contain at least one upper ase letter, one lower ase letter and one number.
- 5 The Connection Status screen appears. Use this screen to configure basic Internet access and wireless setting s.


Figure 33 Connection Status

# 2.2 Web Configurator Layout



As illustrated above, the main screen is divided into these parts:

- A Settings k on (Navigation Panel & Side Bar)
- B Widgetkon
- C Main Window

#### 2.2.1 Settings Icon

Click this icon ( == ) to see the side barand navigation panel.

#### 2.2.1.1 Side Bar

The side barprovides some icons on the right hand side.





The iconsprovide the following functions.

Table 12	Web	Configu	ura to r <b>k</b>	consin	${\rm the}$	Title	Bar
----------	-----	---------	-------------------	--------	-------------	-------	-----

ICON	DESC RIPIIO N
Water	Wizard: Click this icon to open screens where you can configure the Zyxel Device's time zone and wire less settings. See Chapter3 on page 45 for more information about the Wizard screens.
No. 11	Theme: Click this icon to select a color that you prefer and apply it to the Web Configurator.
0	Ianguage: Select the language you prefer.
Lastur	Restart: Click this icon to reboot the Zyxel Device without turning the power off.
	Logout: Click this icon to log out of the Web Configurator.

#### 2.2.1.2 Navigation Panel

Use the menu items on the navigation panel to open screens to configure Zyxel Device features. The following tables describe each menu item.

Table 13 Navigation Panel Summary

LINK	ТАВ	FUNCTION	
Home		Use this screen to configure basic Internet access and wireless settings. This screen also shows the network status of the Zyxel Device and computers/devices connected to it.	
Ne two rk Se tting			
Broadband	Broadband	Use this screen to view and configure ISP parameters, WAN IP address assignment, and other advanced properties.	
	WAN Bac kup	Use this screen to configure your Zyxel Device's Internet settings if the cellular connection is down.	
	Ethe me t WAN	Use this screen to convert the IAN port as WAN port, or restore the WAN port to IAN port.	
	Cellular WAN	Use this screen to configure an LIE WAN connection.	
	Cellular APN	Use this screen to configure the Access Point Name (APN) provided by your service provider.	
	C e llula r SIM	Use this screen to enter a PIN for your SIM card to prevent others from using it.	
	Cellular Band	Use this screen to configure the LTE frequency bands that can be used for Internet access as provided by your service provider.	
	C e llula r PLMN	Use this screen to view available PIMNs and select your preferred network.	
	C e llula r IP Pa ssthro ug h	Use this screen to enable IP Passthrough mode (bridge mode).	
		Note: This screen is not available when the fourth IAN port acts as an Ethemet WAN port. See Table 1 on page 16 for the feature differences of the Zyxel Devices.	
	CellularLock	Use this screen to enable ordisable PCILock.	
Wire le ss	General	Use this screen to configure the wireless IAN settings and WIAN a uthentic a tion/sec unity settings.	
	Guest/More AP	Use this screen to configure multiple BSSs on the Zyxel Device.	
	MAC Authe ntic a tio n	Use this screen to blockorallow wire less traffic from wire less devices of certain SSIDs and MAC addresses to the Zyxel Device.	
	WPS	Use this screen to configure and view your WPS (WiFi Protected Setup) setting s.	
	WMM	Use this screen to enable ordisable WiFi MultiMedia (WMM).	
	O the rs	Use this screen to configure advanced wire less settings.	
	WLAN Scheduler	Use this screen to create rules to schedule the times to permit Internet traffic from each wire less network interfaces.	
	Channel Status	Use this screen to scan wire less IAN channel noises and view the results.	
Home Networking	IAN Se tup	Use this screen to configure IAN TCP/IP settings, and otheradvanced properties.	
	Static DHCP	Use this screen to a ssign specific IP addresses to individual MAC addresses.	
	UPnP	Use this screen to turn UPnP and UPnP NATTon or off.	

LINK	ТАВ	FUNCTION	
Ro uting	Static Route	Use this screen to view and set up static routes on the Zyxel Device.	
	DNS Ro ute	Use this screen to forward DNS queries for certain domain names through a specific WAN interface to its DNS server(s).	
	Po lic y Ro ute	Use this screen to configure policy routing on the Zyxel Device.	
	RIP	Use this screen to configure Routing Information Protocol to exchange routing information with other routers.	
NAT	Port Forwarding	Use this screen to make your local servers visible to the outside world.	
	Port Triggening	Use this screen to change your Zyxel Device's port triggering settings.	
	DMZ	Use this screen to configure a default server which receives packets from ports that are not specified in the <b>Port Forwarding</b> screen.	
	AIG	Use this screen to enable ordisable SIPALG.	
	Address Mapping	Use this screen to change your Zyxel Device's IP address mapping setting s.	
	Se ssio ns	Use this screen to limit the number of NAT sessions each client can use.	
DNS	DNS Entry	Use this screen to view and configure DNS routes.	
	Dynamic DNS	Use this screen to allow a static hostname alias for a dynamic IP address.	
USB	USB Se rvic e	Use this screen to enable file sharing via the Zyxel Device.	
Se c urity			
Fire wall	General	Use this screen to configure the security level of your fire wall.	
	Pro to c o l	Use this screen to add Internet services and configure fire wall rules.	
	Access Control	Use this screen to enable specific traffic directions for network services.	
	Do S	Use this screen to activate protection against Denial of Service (DoS) attacks.	
MAC Filte r	MAC Filte r	Use this screen to block or allow traffic from devices of certain MAC addresses to the Zyxel Device.	
Parental Control	Parental Control	Use this screen to define time periods and days during which the Zyxel Device performs parental control and/or block web sites with the specific URL	
C e rtific a te s	LocalCertificates	Use this screen to view a summary list of certificates and manage certificates and certification requests.	
	Truste d CA	Use this screen to view and manage the list of the trusted CAs.	
Vo ic e	Voice Mode	Use this screen to enable the Voice Mode on the Zyxel Device.	
	SIP	Use this screen to set up information about your SIP account.	
	Phone	Use this screen to change settings that depend on the country you are in.	
	C a ll Rule	Use this screen to add, edit, or remove speed-dial numbers for outgoing calls.	
	C a ll Histo ry	Use this screen to view a call history list.	
System Monitor			

Table 13 Navigation Panel Summary (continued)

LINK	ТАВ	FUNCTION	
Log	System Log	Use this screen to view the status of events that occurred to the Zyxel Device. You can export or email the logs.	
	Se c urity Lo g	Use this screen to view all security related events. You can select the level and category of the security events in their properdrop-down list window. Levels include: • Emergency • Alert • Critical • Error • Waming • Notice • Informational • Debugging Categories include: • Account • Attack • Firewall • MAC Filter	
Traffic Status	WAN	Use this screen to view the status of all network traffic going through the WAN port of the Zyxel Device.	
	IAN	Use this screen to view the status of all network traffic going through the IAN ports of the Zyxel Device.	
Vo IP Sta tus	Vo IP Status	Use this screen to view Vo IP registration, current call status and phone numbers.	
ARP ta b le	ARP ta b le	Use this screen to view the ARP table. It displays the IP and MAC address of each DHCP connection.	
Routing Table	Routing Table	Use this screen to view the routing table on the Zyxel Device.	
WAN Station Status	WAN Station Status	Use this screen to view the wireless stations that are currently a ssociated to the Zyxel Device's wireless IAN.	
C e llula r WAN Sta tus	C e llula r Sta tistic s	Use this screen to look at the cellular Internet connection status.	
Ma inte na nc e			
Syste m	Syste m	Use this screen to set the Zyxel Device name and Domain name.	
Use r Ac c o unt	Use r Ac c o unt	Use this screen to change the userpassword on the Zyxel Device.	
Remote Management	MG MTSe rvic e s	Use this screen to enable specific traffic directions for network services.	
management	MG MTSe rvic e s fo r IP Pa ssthro ug h	Use this screen to enable various approaches to access this Zyxel Device remotely from a WAN and/or LAN connection.	
	Trust Domain	Use this screen to view a list of public IP addresses which are allowed to access the Zyxel Device through the services configured in the <b>Maintenance &gt; Remote Management</b> screen.	
	Trust Domain for IP Passthrough	Use this screen to enable public IP addresses to access this Zyxel Device remotely from a WAN and/or IAN connection.	
TR-069 C lie nt	TR-069 C lie nt	Use this screen to configure your Zyxel Device to be managed remotely by an Auto Configuration Server (ACS) using TR-069.	
Time	Tim e	Use this screen to change your Zyxel Device's time and date.	
Em a il No tific a tio n	Em a il No tific a tio n	Use this screen to configure up to two mail servers and sender addresses on the Zyxel Device.	

Table 13 Navigation Panel Summary (continued)

UNK	ТАВ	FUNCTION
Log Setting	Log Setting	Use this screen to change your Zyxel Device's log settings.
Firm ware Upgrade	Firm ware Upgrade	Use this screen to up load firm ware to your Zyxel Device.
Backup/Restore	Backup/Restore	Use this screen to backup and restore your Zyxel Device's configuration (settings) or reset the factory default settings.
Reboot	Reboot	Use this screen to reboot the Zyxel Device without turning the power off.
Dia g no stic	Ping &Traceroute &Nslookup	Use this screen to identify problems with the DSL connection. You can use Ping, Thace Route, or Nskokup to help you identify problems.

Table 13 Navigation Panel Summary (continued)

#### 2.2.1.3 Dashboard

Use the menu items in the navigation panelon the right to open screens to configure the Zyxel Device's features.



Figure 36 Navigation Panel

#### 2.2.2 WidgetIcon

Click this icon (

Outrie Connection down	nims 30 secs
Cellular Info WiFi Settings	
With IP Fastbrough Mode 240 Williams Williams	
Indo Connection down Syxet 9919	•• @
S Malinery Williams	

The following screen appears. Select a block and hold it to move around. Click the Check icon (1/2)) in the lower left comerto save the changes.



Figure 38 The Screen Order

# C HAPTER 3 Quic k Start

# 3.1 Overview

Use the Wizard screens to configure the Zyxel Device's time zone and wireless settings.

Note: See the technical reference chapters (starting on Chapter 5 on page 72) for background information on the features in this chapter.

# 3.2 Quick Start Setup

You can click the **Wizard** icon in the side barto open the **Wizard** screens. See Section 2.2.1.1 on page 38 for more information about the side bar. After you click the **Wizard** icon, the following screen appears. Click **Let's go** to proceed with settings on time zone and wireless networks. It will take you a few minutes to complete the settings on the **Wizard** screens. You can click **Skip** to leave the **Wizard** screens.





# 3.3 Time Zone

Select the time zone of your location. Click Next.

Figure 40 Wizard - Time Zone

1 Time zone	(2) Interv	et'	>	(3) WII
time come				
(GMT+08:00	) Taipei			•
Back		Next		

# 3.4 The Internet Connection Setup

 $Se \, \mathsf{lect} \, \mathsf{the} \, \, \mathsf{Intermet} \, \mathsf{connection} \, \mathsf{mode} \, \, \mathsf{of} \, \mathsf{the} \, \, \mathsf{Zyxel} \, \mathsf{Device} \, \mathsf{.} \, \mathsf{Clic} \, \mathsf{k} \, \mathsf{Next} \, \mathsf{to} \, \, \mathsf{continue} \, \mathsf{.}$ 



#### 3.4.1 Successful Internet Connection

The Zyxel Device has Internet access.



Figure 42 Wizard - Successful Internet Connection

#### 3.4.2 Unsuccessful Internet Connection

The Zyxel Device didn't detect a WAN connection.

#### Figure 43 Wizard - Internet Connection is down



## 3.5 Quick Start Setup-Wireless

Tum WiFi on or off. If you keep it on, record the **WiFi Name** and **Password** in this screen so you can configure your wire less clients to connect to the Zyxel Device. If you want to show or hide your WiFi password, click the Eye icon (5).

Figure 44 Wizard - Wire less	
O > Time sone	() > (3) Informet WE
2.4G WIFI 📫	5/5 WIFI 💶
YST Harris	Mill Normal
2yaal_8853	Iyuu1_8853_5G
with provide	(62) Pointwood
Iherge	a sharph
	lone

Note: You can also enable the wireless service using any of the following methods: Click Network Setting > Wireless to open the General screen. Then select Enable in the Wireless field. Or, Press the WiFi button located under the RESET button (see Section 1.5.4 on page 32 for the location and for how long the wireless function is turned on) for one second.

# 3.6 Quick Start Setup-Finish

 $Yo \ ur \ Zyxel \ De \ vic \ e \ save \ s \ yo \ ur \ setting \ s \ and \ a \ ttemp \ ts \ to \ c \ onnec \ t \ to \ the \ Intermet.$ 

# C HA PTER 4 Tuto ria ls

# 4.1 Overview

This chapter provides tuto rials for setting up your Zyxel Device.

- Set Up a Wire less Network Using WPS
- Connect to the Zyxel Device's WiFi Network
- Use Multiple SSIDs on the Zyxel Device
- Make a VolP/VoLTEPhone Call
- Configure a Fire wall Rule
- Configure MAC Filter
- Upgrade Firmware on the Zyxel Device
- Backup a Configuration File
- Restore Configuration
- Connect to the Internet
- Configure DHCP
- Configure Static Route for Routing to Another Network
- Access the Zyxel Device Using DDNS

## 4.2 Set Up a Wireless Network Using WPS

This section gives you an example of how to set up wire less network using WPS. This example uses the Zyxel Device as the AP and a WPS-enabled Android smartphone as the wire less client.

There are two WPS methods for creating a secure connection via the web configurator or utility. This tutorial shows you how to do both.

- Push Button Configuration (PBC) create a secure wire less network simply by pressing a button. See Section 4.2.1 on page 50. This is the easier method.
- PIN Configuration create a secure wire less network simply by entering a wire less client's PIN (Personal Identification Number) in the Zyxel Device's interface. See Section 4.2.2 on page 51. This is the more secure method, since one device can authenticate the other.

#### 4.2.1 Push Button Configuration (PBC)

- 1 Make sure that your Zyxel Device is turned on. Make sure the wireless IAN is turned on by pressing the WiF/WPS button for two seconds, and that the device is placed within range of your notebook (for LTE3316-M604). For more information about WiF/WPS settings, see Section 1.5.3 on page 29.
- 2 WPS is enabled by default on the Zyxel Device. If not, log into the Zyxel Device's Web Configurator and press the **Push Button** in the **Configuration > Network Setting > Wire less > WPS** screen. You can either press the WPS button on the Zyxel Device's top/side panelor press **WPS** in the screen.
- 3 Go to your phone settings and tum on WiFi. Open the WiFi networks list and tap WPS Push Button or the WPS ic on (
  - Note: It doesn't matter which button is pressed first. You must press the second button within two minutes of pressing the first one.

The Zyxel Device sends the proper configuration settings to the wireless client. This may take up to two minutes. Then the wireless client is able to communicate with the Zyxel Device securely.

The following figure shows you an example to set up wire less network and security by pressing a button on both Zyxel Device and wire less client (the Android smartphone in this example).

Figure 45 Example WPS Process: PBC Method



LTE Se rie s Use r's Guide

#### 4.2.2 PIN Configuration

When you use the PIN configuration method, you need to check the client's PIN number and use the Zyxel Device's configuration interface.

- 1 Go to your phone settings and tum on WiFi. Open the WiFi networks list and tap WPS PIN Entry to get a PIN number.
- 2 Enter the client's PIN number in the PIN field in the Configuration > Network Setting > Broardband > Cellular SIM screen on the Zyxel Device.
- 3 Click Start button (or the button next to the PIN field) on the Zyxel Device's Cellular SIM screen within two minutes.

The Zyxel Device authenticates the wireless client and sends the proper configuration settings to the wireless client. This may take up to two minutes. Then the wireless client is able to communicate with the Zyxel Device securely.

The following figure shows you the example to set up wireless network and security on Zyxel Device and wireless client (ex. the Android smartphone in this example) by using PIN Method.



```
Figure 46 Example WPS Process: PIN Method
```

# 4.3 Connect to the Zyxel Device's WiFi Network

In this example, you've configured the Zyxel Device's WiFi Network to the following settings.

SSID SSID\_Example

Channel	6
Se c urity	WPA2-PSK
	(Pre-Shared Key: ThisismyWPA-PSKpre-sharedkey)

Note: In this example, we use a Windows 7 laptop that has a built-in wire less adapter as the wire less client.

- 1 The Zyxel Device supports IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g, and IEEE 802.11n wire less clients. Make sure that yournote book or computer's wire less adapter supports one of the se standards.
- 2 Click the WiFi icon in your computer's system tray.



- 3 The Wireless Network Connection screen displays. Click the refresh button to update the list of the available wireless APs within range.
- 4 Select SSID\_Example and click Connect.

Not connected	49	1
eff Connections are available		
Wireless Network Connection		-
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7yXEL_C50_24G	at	
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ZvXEL: WF-FI	JIn.	
Open Network and Sharing C	enter	

5 The following screen displays if WPS is enabled on the Zyxel Device but you didn't press the WPS button. Click Connect using a security key instead.

Y Connect to a Network		
Type the 8-digit PIN	from the router disp	lay
PDI	_	1
		5
Connect using a security ke	x instead	
	Back	tent Cancel

6 Type the security key in the following screen. Click OK.

10.1
ThisismyWPA-PSKpre-sharedkey
Hide characters

7 Check the status of your wire less connection in the screen below.



8 If the wire less client keeps trying to connect to or acquiring an IP address from the Zyxel Device, make sure you entered the correct security key.

If the connection has limited or no connectivity, make sure the DHCP server is enabled on the Zyxel Device.

If your connection is successful, open your Internet browser and enter http://www.zyxel.com or the URL of any other website in the address bar. If you are able to access the web site, your wire less connection is successfully configured.

# 4.4 Use Multiple SSIDs on the Zyxel Device

You can configure more than one SSID on a Zyxel Device. See Section 7.3 on page 106.

This allows you to configure multiple independent wire less networks on the Zyxel Device as if there were multiple APs (virtual APs). Each virtual AP has its own SSID, and wire less security type. That is, each SSID on the Zyxel Device represents a different access point/wire less network to wire less clients in the network.

Clients can associate only with the SSIDs for which they have the comect security settings. Clients using different SSIDs can access the Internet and the wired network behind the Zyxel Device (such as a printer).

For example, you may set up three wireless networks (A, B and C) in your office. A is for workers, B is for guests and C is specific to a VoIP device in the meeting room.



#### 4.4.1 Configure Security Settings of Multiple SSIDs

The Zyxel Device is in router mode by default.

This example shows you how to configure the SSIDs with the following parameters on your Zyxel Device.

SSID	SEC URITY TYPE	KEY
SSID_Worker	WPA2-PSK	Do No tSte a lMyWire le ssNe two rk
	WPA Compatible	
SSID_Vo IP	WPA-PSK	Vo IPO nly12345678
SSID_G ue st	WPA-PSK	ke ye xa m p le 123

- 1 Connect your computer to the IAN port of the Zyxel Device using an Ethemet cable.
- 2 The default P address of the Zyxel Device is "192.168.1.1". In this case, your computer must have an P address in the range between "192.168.1.2" and "192.168.1.254".
- 3 Click Start > Run on your computer in Windows. Type "cmd" in the dialog box. Enter "ipconfig" to show your computer's IP address. If your computer's IP address is not in the correct range then see Section 7.3 on page 106 for information on changing your computer's IP address.
- 4 Afteryou've set your computer's IP address, open a web browsersuch as Internet Explorer and type "http://192.168.1.1" as the web address in your web browser.
- 5 Use "admin" as the username and "1234" (default) as the password and click Login.
- 6 Go to Configuration > Network Setting > Wire less > Guest/More AP. Click the Modify/Edit icon of the first entry to configure wire less and security settings for SSID\_Worker.

General General Manual Art Annenhinden Art Bild Steel General Lide							
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31	Ŷ	2/mi_8853_pusts	WPACI-Plansings	NICH	321		

7 Configure the screen as follows. In this example, you enable Intra-BSS Traffic for SSID\_Worker to allow wire less clients in the same wire less network to communicate with each other. Click OK.

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8 Click the Modify/Edit icon of the second entry to configure wireless and security settings for SSID\_VoIP.

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9 Configure the screen as follows. In this example, you do not enable Intra-BSS Thaffic for SSID\_VoIP. Click OK.

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10 Click the Modify/Edit icon of the third entry to configure wire less and security settings for SSID\_Guest.

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11 Configure the screen as follows. In this example, you enable Intra-BSS Thaffic for SSID\_Guest to a llow wire less clients in the same wire less network to communicate with each other. Click OK.

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# 4.5 Make a VoIP/VoLIE Phone Call

You can make phone calls over the VoIP/VoLTE via the Zyxel Device.

- 1 For VoIP, make sure a SIM card is installed on the Zyxel Device to have Internet access. For VoLTE (Vo3G), contact your ISP to make sure that your SIM card supports VoLTE (Vo3G).
- 2 Log into the Web Configurator.
- 3 Go to the Configuration > Voice > Voice Mode screen.
- 4 Select Enable in the Voice Mode screen to activate the VoIP/VoLTE service. Click Apply.

Please select a valce servi	oe on the Zystel Device		
Voca Jarvice	VoParvice 🖒 volitie	1408	
Note			
If Voice Service is changed.	ythem will rebook.		
	Cancel	Apply	

5 Connect an analog telephone to a PHONE port to make phone calls over the VoIP/VoLIE.

# 4.6 Configure a Fire wall Rule

You can enable the fire wall to protect your IAN computers from malicious attacks from the Internet if you want to allow specific traffic in from the Internet.

- 1 Click Configuration > Security > Firewall to open the General screen.
- 2 Select IPv4 Fine wall/ IPv6 Fine wall to enable the fine wall, and click Apply.

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- 3 Open the Access Control screen to create a rule.
- 4 Click Add New ACL Rule to set up a rule.

- Filter Name: Enter a name to identify the fire wall rule.
- Source IP Address: Enter the IP address of the computer that initializes traffic for the application or service.
- Select Destination IP Address: Enter the IP address of the computer to which traffic for the application or service is entering.
- Protocol: Select the protocol (TCP, UDP or ICMP) used to transport the packets.
- Custom Source Port: Enter the port number/range of the source that define the traffic type.
- $\bullet \ {\bf Custom} \ {\bf Destination} \ {\bf Port} : \\ {\bf Enterthe port number'n ange of the destination that define the traffic type. }$
- 5 Select Enable Rate Limit to activate the rules you created. Click OK.

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# 4.7 Configure MAC Filter

You can block certain web features and specific website addresses.

- 1 Go to the Configuration > Security > MAC Filter screen. Click Add New Rule.
- 2 Type the Host Name and the corresponding MAC Address that you want to block in the MAC Filter screen.
- 3 Select the Active check box and click Apply.

		MAG	C Filter				
Enable MAC Files and odd th with to plove or deny them to security of your terteach.	e MAC ordonine occess your nerve	of LAN city on. Someth	nt in your h tree. MAC 7	orne or offic Ther is consi	oe nefecoli denid o me	tu the followin rfhod to hored	g toble, if you one the
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# 4.8 Upgrade Firmware on the Zyxel Device

Up load the router firm ware to the Zyxel Device for feature enhancements.

- 1 Download the firm ware file at <u>www.zyxel.com</u> in a compressed file. Decompress the file.
- 2 Go to the Maintenance > Firm ware Upgrade screen.
- 3 Click Browse and select a .bin file to upload. Click Upload.

Firr	nware Upgrade
Firmware Upgrade is where you can update the a You can download the latest firmware tile from the	device with newly released features by upgrading the latest firmware. In manufacturer website of this device.
Upgrode Firmware	
Fasture Default Settings After Ferriwore Lipgrade Current Ferriwore Version 200(AMM.1)(CD	
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Do Online Firmware Upgrade	
Chock for Liter Fernware New	

4 This process may take up to two minutes to finish. After two minutes, log in again and check your new firm ware version in the Status screen.

# 4.9 Back up a Configuration File

Back up a configuration file in case you want to return to your previous settings.

- 1 Go to the Maintenance > Backup/Restore screen.
- 2 Click Backup in the Backup Configuration section, and a configuration file will be saved to your computer.

Backup/Restore	
Too can save the current settings in a backup file on your computer, or restore previous settings from a backup file. Too can also reset the device back to its factory default state.	
Backup Configuration	
click Bookup to save the current configuration of your system to your computer.	
Restore Configuration	
To restore a previously loved configuration file to your system, browse to the location of the configuration file and clicit Upload.	
File Purts Browne Uplaced	
Back to Factory Default Settings	
Cick Reset to clear of user-entered configuration information and return to factory detault settings. After resetting, the	
- Panword will be 1234	
+LAVEP oddress will be 192,145,1.1	
- DHCP will be recent to defourt setting	
Warring, please remove the ethernel code connected to WAN on LANI before resetting.	

## 4.10 Restore Configuration

You can up load a previously saved configuration file from your computer to your Zyxel Device to restore that previous configuration.

- 1 Go to the Maintenance > Backup/Restore screen.
- 2 Click Browse in Restore Configuration section, and select the configuration file that you want to upload. Click Upload.

Backup/Restore	
You can save the current settings in a backup file on your computer, or restore pre- can also reset the device back to its factory default state.	vious settings from a backup file. You
Backup Configuration	
Click Bookup to save the current configuration of your system to your computer.	
Bockup	
Restore Configuration	
To restore a previously soved configuration file to your system, browse to the location Upload.	of the configuration file and clicit
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Back to Factory Default Settings	
Click Reset to clear all user-entered configuration information and return to factory d	ofour cottings, After resorting, the
- Panword will be 1234	
-LAN P oddrest will be 192.165.1.1	
- DHCP will be reast to default setting	
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Reset	

3 The Zyxel Device will restart automatically after the configuration file is successfully uploaded. Wait for one minute before logging into the Zyxel Device again.

# 4.11 Connect to the Internet

This section gives you an example on how to connect to the Internet.

- 1 Insert the SIM Card into your Zyxel Device SIM slot. Make sure this SIM has an active data plan with your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
- 2 Connect your Zyxel Device to your computer, and log into the Web Configurator.
- 3 If your SIM has a PIN Code, enter this code in the Broardband > Cellular SIM screen.
- 4 Use the Home screen to check the Internet Status (IPv4) or Internet Status (IPv6). If it shows Connected this means your Internet connection is up.

# 4.12 Configure DHCP

You can enable the DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) in your Zyxel Device to assign IP addresses and DNS servers to systems that support DHCP client capability. DHCP allows clients to obtain TCP/IP configuration at start-up from a server.

The following figure shows how **Client A** uses DHCP to join the Zyxel Device's network. First Client A searches for an available DHCP, and sends a **DHCP Discover** broadcast message asking for an IP address to connect to. Then the DHCP selects an IP address from its pool of IP addresses for Client A. The DHCP sends a **DHCP Offer** including the IP address selected and a lease time, which is the period of time Client A will be able to use this IP address, After Client A has received DHCP offers for an IP address, it chooses one and sends out a **DHCP Request** including the IP address it chose. Finally the DHCP confirms through a **DHCPAck** (Acknowledge) message that the host can use the IP address for the previously specified lease time.

Client A	(1) DHCP Discover		
	(3) DHEP Request	12	12
	(4) DHCP Ack	LIE	

To configure the DHCP in your Zyxel Device:

- 1 Log into the Zyxel Device's Web Configurator.
- 2 Click Network Setting > Home Networking > IAN Setup.
- $\textbf{3} \quad \text{Se} \, \mathrm{le} \, \mathrm{c} \, \mathrm{t} \, \textbf{Enable DHCP Server State} \, .$
- 4 Enter a range of addresses from which your DHCP will assign to devices in your network.

Note: Do not include the Zyxel Device's LAN IP address in your range of addresses.

5 Type the DHCP Server Lease Time, the period of time (in minutes) a device can use one of the IP addresses from the DHCP pool. The lease time helps recycle unused IP addresses so that other can use them again. Click Apply.

#### 4.12.1 Add Devices to Your Static DHCP List

IP addresses from the DHCP pool can be reused after they have completed their lease time. Add your devices to your Static DHCP List so they have the same IP address everytime they connect to your network.

To add a device to your Static DHCP List:

- 1 Log into the Zyxel Device's Web Configurator.
- 2 Go to Network Setting > Home Networking > Static DHCP screen.

- 3 Click Static DHCP Configuration in the Static DHCP Configuration screen.
- 4 Select Active and type the IP address you want to assign to your device.
- 5 Type the MAC Address of your device to which the LTE7460 assigns the IP address and click OK.

Actors		
Onlive Norme	Default	1.1
Phoe .	104	
Select Device (eff)	Manual Hash	()#
MAC Addms.	The second second	
P.Addens		

# 4.13 Configure Static Route for Routing to Another Network

In order to extend your Intranet and control traffic flowing directions, you may connect a router to the Zyxel Device's IAN. The router may be used to separate two area networks. This tutorial shows how to configure a static routing rule for two network routings.

In the following figure, router R is connected to the Zyxel Device's LAN. R connects to two networks, N1 (192.168.1.x/24) and N2 (192.168.10.x/24). If you want to send traffic from computer A (in N1 network) to

computer B (in N2 network), the traffic is sent to the Zyxel Device's WAN default gate way by default. In this case, B will never receive the traffic.



You need to specify a static routing rule on the Zyxel Device to specify  $\mathbf{R}$  as the router in charge of forwarding traffic to N2. In this case, the Zyxel Device routes traffic from  $\mathbf{A}$  to  $\mathbf{R}$  and then  $\mathbf{R}$  routes the traffic to  $\mathbf{B}$ .



This tuto rial uses the following example IP settings:

DEVICE/ COMPUTER	IP ADDRESS
The Zyxel Device's LAN	192.168.1.1
А	192.168.1.34
R's N1	192.168.1.253
R's N2	192.168.10.2
В	192.168.10.33

Table 14 IP Settings in this Tuto rial

To configure a static route to route traffic from N1 to N2:

- 1 Log into the Zyxel Device's Web Configurator.
- 2 Go to Network Setting > Routing > Static Route screen.
- 3 Click Add New Static Route in the Static Route screen.
- 4 Configure the Static Route Setup screen using the following settings:
  - **4a** Type 192.168.10.2 and subnet mask 255.255.255.0 for the destination, N2.
  - 4b Type 192.168.1.253 (R's N1 address) in the Gateway IP Address field.
  - 4c C lic k O K.

Now **B** should be able to receive traffic from **A**. You may need to additionally configure **B**'s fire wall settings to allow specific traffic to pass through.

Achre .					
Reading Francis					
# Type	Pet				
Destruction P Address					
Submet Miss.					
Un Dolenzy IF Address					
Coleway P Address					
Universitie	Default				1.0
Note					
The input range of the Gatew	os P Address =	utbent	le some kong	e of the live i	Neflace.

# 4.14 Access the Zyxel Device Using DDNS

If you connect your Zyxel Device to the Internet and it uses a dynamic WAN IP address, it is inconvenient for you to manage the device from the Internet. The Zyxel Device's WAN IP address changes dynamic ally. Dynamic DNS (DDNS) allows you to access the Zyxel Device using a domain name.



To use this feature, you have to apply for DDNS service at www.dyndns.org.

This tuto rial covers:

- Registering a DDNS Accounton www.dyndns.org
- Configuring DDNS on Your Zyxel Device
- Te sting the DDNS Setting

Note: If you have a private WAN IP address, then you cannot use DDNS.

#### 4.14.1 Register a DDNS Account on www.dyndns.org

- 1 Open a browser and type http://www.dyndns.org.
- 2 Apply for a user account. This tutorial uses UserName 1 and 12345 as the user mame and password.
- 3 Log into www.dyndns.org using your account.
- 4 Add a new DDNS host name. This tuto rial uses the following settings as an example.
  - Ho stname: zyxe houter.dyndns.org
  - Service Type: Host with IP address
  - IP Address: Enter the WAN IP address that your Zyxel Device is currently using. You can find the IP address on the Zyxel Device's Web Configurator **Home** page.
- 5 Then you will need to configure the same account and host name on the Zyxel Device later.

#### 4.14.2 Configure DDNS on Your Zyxel Device

Configure the following settings in the Network Setting > DNS > Dynamic DNS screen.

- Select Enable Dynamic DNS.
- Selectwww.DynDNS.com as Service Provider.
- Type zyxe houter.dyndns.org in the Host Name field.

Dynamic DHI san up DHI information.	olde your surrent dynamic P'er	ts a harmone. Use the sett	nge to eet up dynamic
ynamic DNS Setup			
Denorm DHE	🔹 Srussia 🙄 Okatsia (bel	Togs have investig where about	é) C
Service Contraction	www.DyrDNLcom		
Host Marine			
Diemanae ;			
Pyterrord			0
Dealer Welcont C	Palitie		
Divisie Officia Op	New CONVERSION OF CLASSES DND	÷	
ynamic DNS Statu			
User Authorn Excellent			
Last Variation Trrie			

• Type the username (UserName1) and password (12345).

 $C \, \text{lic} \, k \, \textbf{Apply}.$ 

#### 4.14.3 Test the DDNS Settings

Now you should be able to access the Zyxel Device from the Internet. To test this:

- 1 Open a web browseron the computer (using the IP address a.b.c.d) that is connected to the Internet.
- 2 Type http://zyxelrouter.dyndns.org and press [Enter].
- 3 The Zyxel Device's login page should appear. You can then log into the Zyxel Device and manage it.

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# PART II Te c hnic a l Re fe re nc e

# C HAPTER 5 Connection Status

# 5.1 Connection Status Overview

After you log into the Web Configurator, the **Connection Status** screen appears. You can configure basic Internet access and wireless settings in this screen. It also shows the network status of the Zyxel Device and computers/devices connected to it.

#### 5.1.1 Connectivity

Use this screen to view the network connection status of the Zyxel Device and its clients.



Click the Amowicon ()) to view IP addresses and MAC addresses of the wireless and wired devices

Figure 48 Connectivity: Connected Devices

connected to the Zyxel Device.

Connectivity		
	0	
mingendelPhone		
	Connectivity	Connectivity

You can change the icon and name of a connected device. Place yourmouse within the device block, and an Edit icon ( ) will appear. Click the Edit icon, and you'll see there are several icon choices foryou to select. Enter a name in the **Device Name** field for a connected device. Click to enable ( ) i **Internet Blocking** for a connected device. Click **Save** to save your changes.
Figure 49 Connectivity: Edit

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0	6.0				?	Desice rame	Soce
arenta.	4	8	0		C	Linenawe	Cairee
	ikoown 1921aù 193 ac 1919 (c'Dat		1				

## 5.1.2 System Info

Use this screen to view the basic system information of the Zyxel Device.

Figure 50 System Info

System Info		
Model Name	LTE7240-M403	
Limware Version	2.00(ABMG.0)C0	
System Upline	0 days 2 hours 28 mins 11 secs	
LAN MAC Address	84:AA:9C:83:89:03	
WAN Shortus	Connection down	

Click the Arrow icon ()) to view more information on the status of your fire wall and interfaces (WAN, IAN, and WIAN).

.<		System Info		
Ingé kome Mocel Name Balla number Namuse Vellor Nater Latine	LTESCRO-MED4 LTESCRO-MED4 ET90264004624 1.00L4800L0101 0.days 2 hours 25 mins 8 secs	Maria Lang California Maria Lang California Maria Lang California	Interface Status	
NAN Informatio	on (No WAN)	WLAN Information	2.4GHz	SGHz
AN Informatio	n	MAC Address	10.00.47:11:43:65	TR:DD:47:TT:43:84
F 45215	172.168.1.1	Illutus	Dit	Qm
Subner Mari	255 255 255.0	310	Zyxel_4355	Zyxel_6358_60
TVL NOTING		Chonnel	Auto(Current 0)	Auto(Current D)
PH LPA LICE AR	64 C	Security	WPAD-Personal	WFA2-Fersonal
fe80::9e0d.67ft1	le11:8364	002.11 Mode	802.11b/g/n Mised	802.11s/n/sc Mixed
DHCF	Sarver	WPE	On	On
lecurity				
Preventil.	Disable			

Each field is described in the following table.

	Ta b le	15	Syste m	Info:	De ta ile d	Informati	io n
--	---------	----	---------	-------	-------------	-----------	------

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Ho st Na m e	This field displays the Zyxel Device system name. It is used for identification.
ModelName	This shows the model number of your Zyxel Device.
Se ria l Num b e r	This field displays the serial number of the Zyxel Device.
Firm ware Version	This is the current version of the firm ware inside the Zyxel Device.
System Up Time	This field displays how long the Zyxel Device has been running since it last started up. The Zyxel Device starts up when you plug it in, when you restart it ( <b>Maintenance &gt; Reboot</b> ), or when you reset it.
Interface Status	
Virtual ports are show	n here. You can see the ports in use and their transmission rate.
WAN Information (The	e se fields display when you have a WAN connection.)
Mode	This field displays the current mode of your Zyxel Device.
IP Add ress	This field displays the current IP address of the Zyxel Device in the WAN.
IP Subnet Mask	This field displays the current subnet mask in the WAN.
IPv6 Address	This field displays the current IPv6 address of the Zyxel Device in the WAN.
Prim a ry DNS se rve r	This field displays the first DNS server address assigned by the ISP.
Secondary DNS server	This field displays the second DNS server address assigned by the ISP.
Prim a ry DNSv6 se rve r	This field displays the first DNS server IPv6 address assigned by the ISP.

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Se c o nd a ry DNSv6 se rve r	This field displays the second DNS server IPv6 address assigned by the ISP.
LAN Information	
IP Address	This is the current IP address of the Zyxel Device in the IAN.
Sub ne t Ma sk	This is the cument subnet mask in the IAN.
DHC P	This field displays what DHCP services the Zyxel Device is providing to the LAN. The possible values are:
	Server - The Zyxel Device is a DHCP server in the IAN. It assigns IP addresses to other computers in the IAN.
	<b>Relay</b> - The Zyxel Device acts as a sumogate DHCP server and relays DHCP requests and responses between the remote server and the clients.
	None - The Zyxel Device is not providing any DHCP services to the IAN.
Se c urity	
Fire wall	This d isp la ys the fire wall's current security level.
WIAN Information	
MAC Address	This shows the wire less adapter MAC (Media Access Control) Address of the wire less interface.
Sta tus	This d isp lays whe the r the WIAN is a c tiva ted.
SSID	This is the descriptive name used to identify the Zyxel Device in a wireless IAN.
Channel	This is the channel number curently used by the wire less interface.
Se c urity	This displays the type of security mode the wireless interface is using in the wireless IAN.
802.11 Mode	This displays the type of 802.11 mode the wireless interface is using in the wireless IAN.
WPS	This d isp la ys whe the r WPS is a c tiva te d on the wire less interface.

Table 15 System Info: Detailed Information (continued)

## 5.1.3 Cellular Info

Use this screen to view the LIE connection details and LIE signal strength value that you can use as reference for positioning the Zyxel Device, as well as SIM card and module information.

Figure 52 Cellular Info

Cellular Info		
tione	IP Passthrough Mode	
Shahus	Up	
IP Address	10.204.58.202	
Frimply DNE server	210.241.206.1,139.175.1.1	
Access Technology	LTE	
Signal Shength	-71	1

Click the Arrow icon ()) to view the more information on the LIE connection.

3	Ce	ilular info	
Modula Information		Service information	
1.0	357964130000165	Advest factorings	109
Statute DV Vestore	EG12EAPARDLA05M4G	day.	111_007
SIM Status		5 MIN 1	-10
March Street of Control of Contro	The state of the s	040	56410647
	ALADITADUMUMP	Propinsi Cat ID	23
	INARADIRI STWARTING	10. Beneral Million	20
Participanting and an other statements	Division	CE. Barolulum, Mine	20
And in case of the local division of	- Constant	and a	1250
	- 12	100	-00
ie Fastmough status		9.610	.4
V Partnership Institute	Dissibility	1027	N/A
Cellular Status		See.	N/A
Caluter Parise	- Har	TAC	59242
Dold Rooming	Direction	640	N/A
Cowyler,	For fundame	ANC:	N/A.
Marine .	44401	20	N/A
		1946	29

Figure 53 Cellular Info: De tailed Information

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Module Informati	on
IMEI	This shows the International Mobile Equipment Identity of the Zyxel Device.
Module SW Version	This shows the software version of the LIE module.
SIM Status	
SIM Card Status	This displays the SIM c ard status:
	None - the Zyxel Device does not detect that there is a SIM card inserted.
	Available - the SIM card could either have or doesn't have PIN code security.
	Locked - the SIM card has PIN code security, but you did not enter the PIN code yet.
	Blocked - you entered an incorrect PIN code too many times, so the SIM card has been locked; call the ISP for a PUK (Pin Unlock Key) to unlock the SIM card.
	Error - the Zyxel Device detected that the SIM card has errors.
IMSI	This displays the International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) of the installed SIM card. An IMSI is a unique ID used to identify a mobile subscriber in a mobile network.
ICCID	Integrated Circuit Card Identifier (ICCID). This is the serial number of the SIM card.
PIN Pro te c tio n	A PIN (Personal Identification Number) code is a key to a SIM card. Without the PIN code, you cannot use the SIM card.
	Shows <b>Enable</b> if the service provider requires you to enter a PIN to use the SIM card.
	Shows <b>Disable</b> if the service provider lets you use the SIM without inputting a PIN.
PIN Remaining Attempts	This is how many more times you can try to enter the PIN code before the ISP blocks your SIM card.
IP Passthrough Sta	a tus

Table 16 Cellular Info: Detailed Information

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
IP Passthrough	This d isp la ys if IP Passthrough is e nabled on the Zyxel Device.
Enable	IP Passthrough allows a IAN computer on the local network of the Zyxel Device to have access to web services using the public IP address. When IP Passthrough is configured, all traffic is forwarded to the IAN computer and will not go through NAT.
IP Passthrough	This displays the IP Passthrough mode.
Mode	This displays <b>Dynamic</b> and the Zyxel Device will allow traffic to be forwarded to the first LAN computer requesting an IP address from the Zyxel Device.
	This displays <b>Fixed</b> and the Zyxel Device will allow traffic to be forwarded to a specific IAN computer on the local network of the Zyxel Device.
Cellular Status	
C e llula r Sta tus	This displays the status of the cellular Internet connection.
Data Roaming	This displays if data roaming is enabled on the Zyxel Device.
	4G roaming is to use your Zyxel Device in an area which is not covered by your service provider. Enable roaming to ensure that your Zyxel Device is kept connected to the Internet when you are traveling outside the geographical coverage area of the network to which you are registered.
Operator	This displays the name of the service provider.
PLMN	This d isp la ys the PLMN number.
Servic e Informatio	n
Access Technology	This displays the type of the mobile network (such as LIE, UMIS, GSM) to which the Zyxel Device is connecting.
Band	This displays the current LIE band of your Zyxel Device (WCDMA2100).
RSSI	This displays the strength of the $3G/LTE$ signal strength between an associated cellular station and the Zyxel Device.
CellID	This shows the cell ID, which is a unique number used to identify the Base Thansceiver Station to which the Zyxel Device is connecting.
	The value depends on the Cument Access Technology:
	<ul> <li>For G PRS, it is the Cell Identity as specified in 3G PP-TS.25.331.</li> <li>For UMTS, it is the Cell Identity as defined in SIB3 3G PP-TS.25.331, 3G PP-TS.24.008.</li> <li>For LTE, it is the 28-bit binary number Cell Identity as specified in SIB1 in 3G PP-TS.36.331.</li> </ul>
	The value is '0' (zero) or 'N/A' if there is no network connection.
Physic al Cell ID	This shows the Physical Cell ID (PCl), which are queries and replies between the Zyxel Device and the mobile network it is connecting to. The normal range is 1 to 504.
UL Bandwidth (MHz)	This shows the LIE channel bandwidth from device to base station. According to 3GPP specifications, the bandwidths defined by the standard are 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, and 20 MHz. The wider the bandwidth the higher the throughput.
DL Band width (MHz)	This shows the LIE channel bandwidth from base station to LIE device. According to 3GPP specifications, the bandwidths defined by the standard are 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, and 20 MHz. The wider the bandwidth the higher the throughput.

Table 16 Cellular Info: Detailed Information

|--|

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
RFC N	This displays the Radio Frequency Channel Number of DLc amer frequency used by the mobile network to which the Zyxel Device is connecting.
	The value depends on the Cument Access Technology:
	• For GPRS, it is the ARFCN (Absolute Radio-Frequency Channel Number) as specified in 3GPP- IS.45.005.
	• For UMTS, it is the UARFCN (UIRA Ab solute Radio-Frequency Channel Number) as specified in 3G PP-TS.25.101.
	• For LTE, it is the EARFCN (E-UIRA Ab solute Radio -Frequency Channel Number) as specified in 3G PP-TS.36.101.
	The value is '0' (zero) or 'N/A' if there is no network connection.
RSRP	This displays the Reference Signal Receive Power (RSRP), which is the average received power of all Resource Element (RE) that carry cell-specific Reference Signals (RS) within the specified band width.
	The received RSRP level of the connected E-UIRA cell, in dBm, is as specified in 3G PP-TS.36.214. The reporting range is specified in 3G PP-TS.36.133.
	An undetectable signal is indicated by the lower limit, example -140 dBm.
	This parameter is for LIE only. The normal range is -30 to -140. The value is -140 if the Current Access Technology is not LIE. The value is 'N/A' if there is no network connection.
RSRQ	This displays the Reference Signal Receive Quality (RSRQ), which is the ratio of RSRP to the E-UIRA camer RSSI and indicates the quality of the received reference signal.
	The received RSRQ level of the connected E-UIRA cell, in 0.1 dB, is as specified in 3G PP-TS.36.214. An undetectable signal is indicated by the lower limit, example -240.
	This parameter is for LIE only. The normal range is -30 to -240. The value is -240 if the Cument Access Technology is not LIE. The value is 'N/A' if there is no network connection.
RSC P	This displays the Received SignalCode Power, which measures the power of channel used by the Zyxel Device.
	The received signal level, in dBm, is of the CPICH channel (Ref. 3GPP TS 25.133). An undetectable signal is indicated by the lower limit, example -120 dBm.
	This parameter is for UMTS only. The normal range is -30 to -120. The value is -120 if the Current Access Technology is not UMTS. The value is 'N/A' if there is no network connection.
Ec No	This displays the ratio (in dB) of the received energy perchip and the interference level.
	The measured Ec No is in 0.1 dB and is received in the downlink pilot channel. An undetectable signal is indicated by the lower limit, example -240 dB.
	This parameter is for UMTS only. The normal range is -30 to -240. The value is -240 if the Current Access Technology is not UMTS or there is no network connection.
TAC	This displays the Tracking Area Code (TAC), which is used to identify the country of a mobile subscriber.
	The physical cell ID of the connected E-UIRAN cell, is as specified in 3GPP-TS.36.101.
	This parameter is for LTE only. The value is '0' (zero) or 'N/A' if the Current Access Technology is not LTE or there is no network connection.
LAC	This displays the 2-octet Location Area Code (LAC), which is used to identify a location area within a PLMN.
	The LAC of the connected cell is as defined in SIB 1 [3GPP-TS.25.331]. The concatenation of PLMN ID (MCC+MNC) and LAC uniquely identifies the LAI (Location Area ID) [3GPP-TS.23.003].
	This parameter is for UMTS or GPRS. The value is '0' (zero) if the Current Access Technology is not UMTS or GPRS. The value is 'N/A' if there is no network connection.

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
RAC	This displays the RAC (Routing Area Code), which is used in mobile network "packet domain service" (PS) to identify a routing area within a location area.
	In a mobile network, it uses LAC (Location Area Code) to identify the geographical location for the old 3G voice only service, and use RAC to identify the location of data service like HSDPA or LIE
	The RAC of the connected UIRAN cell is as defined in SIB 1 [3GPP-TS.25.331]. The concatenation of PIMN ID (MCC+MNC), IAC, and RAC uniquely identifies the RAI(Routing Area ID) [3GPP-TS.23.003].
	This parameter is for UMTS or GPRS. The value is '0' (zero) if the Cument Access Technology is not UMTS or GPRS. The value is 'N/A' if there is no network connection.
BSIC	The Base Station Identity Code (BSIC), which is a code used in GSM to uniquely identify a base station.
	This parameter is for GPRS only. The value is '0' (zero) if the Current Access Technology is not GPRS. The value is 'N/A' if there is no network connection.
SINR	This d isp lays the Signal to Interference plus Noise Ratio (SINR) in dB. This is also a measure of signal quality and used by the UE (User Equipment) to calculate the Channel Quality Indicator (CQI) that it reports to the network. A negative value means more noise than signal.
CQI	This displays the Channel Quality Indicator (CQI). It is an indicator canying the information on how good/bad the communication channel quality is.
MCS	MCS stands for modulation coding scheme. The base station selects MCS based on cument radio conditions. The higher the MCS the more bits can be transmitted pertime unit.
RI	This displays the Rank Indication, one of the control information that a UE will report to eNodeB (Evolved Node-B) on either PUCCH (Physical Up link Control Channel) or PUSCH (Physical Up link Shared Channel) based on up link scheduling.
PMI	This displays the Precoding Matrix Indicator (PMI).
	PMI is for transmission modes 4 (closed loop spatial multiple xing), 5 (multi-user MIMO), and 6 (closed loop spatial multiple xing using a single layer).
	PMI determines how cellular data are encoded for the antennas to improve downlink rate.

Table 16 Cellular Info: De tailed Information

## 5.1.4 WiFi Settings

Use this screen to enable or disable the main wireless network. When the switch turns blue ( ), the function is enabled. Otherwise, it's not. You can use this screen or the QR code on the upperight comer to check the SSIDs (WiFi network name) and passwords of the main wireless networks. If you want to show or hide your WiFi passwords, click the Eye icon ( ).



WIFI 5	ettings		龗
*	245 WHIteme	Hits Formand	
-	Zyxet_#355		0
8	SO WININGS	WR Taxward	
-	Type( \$355,50		•
			>

Click the Anow icon () to configure the SSIDs and/orpasswords for your main wireless networks. Click the Eye icon () to display the characters as you enter the WiFi Password.

Figure 55 WiFi Setting s: Configuration

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ver., 6355		Weinigene	Tront, 1253, 3G	
	0	Rel Second		
Hedur			madure -	
	1997_6255	mer, 5255 Treature	ner, 535 Ser filme Ser filme realizer	mer, 5251 With Harme Type, 1355, 55 O Mill Research medium medium

Each field is described in the following table.

Table 17	WiFi Se tting s:	Config ura tion
----------	------------------	-----------------

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
2.4G / 5G WiFi	C lick this switch to enable ordisable the 2.4 G Hz / 5 G Hz wire less network. When the switch turns blue (2.1), the function is enabled. Otherwise, it's not.
WiFi Na m e	The SSID (Service Set IDentity) identifies the service set with which a wireless device is a ssociated. Wireless devices associating to the access point (AP) must have the same SSID.
	Enter a descriptive name (up to 32 English keyboard characters) for the wire less LAN.
WiFi Pa ssw o rd	If you selected <b>Random Password</b> , this field displays a pre-shared key generated by the Zyxel Device.
	If you did not select <b>Random Password</b> , you can manually type a pre-shared key from 8 to 64 case -sensitive keyboard characters.
	C lick the Eye icon to show or hide the password for your wire less network. When the Eye icon is slashed 🐝, you'll see the password in plain text. Otherwise, it's hidden.
Random Password	Select this option to have the Zyxel Device automatically generate a password. The WiFi Password field will not be configurable when you select this option.
Hide WiFinetwork name	Select this check box to hide the SSID in the outgoing beacon frame so a station cannot obtain the SSID through scanning using a site survey tool.
	Note: Disable WPS in the Network Setting > Wireless > WPS screen to hide the SSID.
Save	Click Save to save yourchanges.

## 5.1.5 Guest WiFi Settings

Use this screen to enable ordisable the guest wireless network. When the switch turns blue (, the function is enabled. Otherwise, it's not. You can use this screen or the QR code on the upperight comer to check the SSIDs (WiFI network name) and passwords of the guest wireless networks. If you want to show or hide your WiFI passwords, click the Eye ic on ().

Figure 56 Guest WiFi Settings

ruest	with seminids		200
8	Exclimitione	WR Present	
-•	Zyxal_A368_gued1		Ø
8	SQ-WIT Hans	WEPPersonal Contemporate	
-	Tyxel 4555 guetti 5G	********	Ø

Click the Anow icon ()) to configure the SSIDs and/orpasswords for the guest wire less networks. Click the Eye icon ()) to display the characters as you enter the WiFi Password.

Figure 57 Guest WiFi Settings: Configuration

	2.4G Wifi 🛛 🖘			5G Wifi 🏾 🌑	
NTI ISANA	Type, 2001, guest		all they a	Intel, 6351, guest 1, 3G	
With Provention		0	WT Presson		0
	madum			medum	

Each field is described in the following table.

Table 18	Guest WiFi Settings:	Config ura tion
----------	----------------------	-----------------

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
2.4G / 5G WiFi	Click this switch to enable ordisable the 2.4 GHz / 5 GHz wire less network. When the switch turns blue (2.1), the function is enabled. Otherwise, it's not.
WiFi Na m e	The SSID (Service Set IDentity) identifies the service set with which a wireless device is a ssociated. Wireless devices a ssociating to the access point (AP) must have the same SSID.
	Enter a descriptive name (up to 32 English keyboard characters) for the wire less IAN.
WiFi Pa ssw o rd	If you selected <b>Random Password</b> , this field displays a pre-shared key generated by the Zyxel Device.
	If you did not select <b>Random Password</b> , you can manually type a pre-shared key from 8 to 64 case -sensitive keyboard characters.
	C lick the Eye icon to show or hide the password for your wire less network. When the Eye icon is slashed 🐝, you'll see the password in plain text. O the rwise, it's hidden.
Random Password	Select this option to have the Zyxel Device automatically generate a password. The WiFi Password field will not be configurable when you select this option.
Hide WiFinetwork name	Select this check box to hide the SSID in the outgoing beacon frame so a station cannot obtain the SSID through scanning using a site survey tool.
	Note: Disable WPS in the Network Setting > Wireless > WPS screen to hide the SSID.
Save	Click Save to save yourchanges.

## 5.1.6 IAN

Use this screen to view the LAN  ${\rm I\!P}$  address, subnet mask, and DHCP settings of your Zyxel Device.

192.168.1.1
255.255.255.0
192.168.1.2 ~ 192.168.1.254
1 days Ohours Omins

Click the Anow icon (2) to configure the LAN IP settings and DHCP setting for your Zyxel Device.

Figure 59	IAN Se tup			
		LAN		×
	LAN IP Setup		IP Addressing Values	
P-Adams	192 548 1 1	Nagerong P Addesi	192 An 1 2	
Subver More.	200 . 200 . 200 . 0	ti-and P Address	192 (46 ) 254	
		DHCP Server State		
	DHCP Server Leader Time	and a	hists 0 mitulat	
		Save		

Each field is described in the following table.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N		
IAN IP Se tup			
IP Ad d re ss	Enter the IAN IPv4 IP address you want to assign to your Zyxel Device in dotted decimal notation, for example, 192.168.1.1 (factory default).		
Sub ne t Ma sk	Type the subnet mask of your network in dotted decimal notation, for example 255.255.255.0 (factory default). Your Zyxel Device automatically computes the subnet mask based on the IP Address you enter, so do not change this field unless you are instructed to do so.		
IP Add ressing Values			
Beginning IP Address	This field specifies the first of the contiguous addresses in the IP address pool.		
Ending IP Address	This field specifies the last of the contiguous addresses in the IP address pool.		
DHC P Server State			

Table 19 Status Screen

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
DHC P Server Le a se Time	This is the period of time DHCP-assigned addresses is used. DHCP automatically assigns IP addresses to clients when they log in. DHCP centralizes IP address management on central computers that run the DHCP server program. DHCP leases addresses, for a period of time, which means that past addresses are "recycled" and made available for future reassignment to other systems.
Da ys/Hours/ Minute s	Enter the lease time of the DHCP server.
Save	Click Save to save yourchanges.

Table 19 Status Screen (continued)

# C HAPTER 6 Broadband

# 6.1 Overview

This chapter discusses the Zyxel Device's **Broadband** screens. Use these screens to configure your Zyxel Device for Internet access.

A WAN (Wide Area Network) connection is an outside connection to another network or the Internet. It connects your private networks, such as a IAN (Local Area Network) and other networks, so that a computer in one location can communicate with computers in other locations.



## 6.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- Use the **Broadband** screen to view a WAN interface. You can also configure the WAN settings on the Zyxel Device for Internet access (Section 6.2 on page 85).
- Use the WAN Backup screen to configure your Zyxel Device's WAN backup settings (Section 6.3 on page 90).
- Use the **Ethemet WAN** screen to convert IAN port number four as a WAN port or restore the Ethemet WAN port to a IAN port (Section 6.4 on page 91).
- Use the Cellular WAN screen to configure an LIE WAN connection (Section 6.5 on page 92).
- Use the Cellular APN screen to configure the APN setting (Section 6.6 on page 92).
- Use the Cellular SIM screen to enter the PIN of your SIM card (Section 6.6 on page 92).
- Use the **Cellular Band** screen to view oredit an LIE WAN interface. You can also configure the WAN settings on the Zyxel Device for Internet access (Section 6.2 on page 85).
- Use the **Cellular PIMN** screen to display available Public Land Mobile Networks (Section 6.9 on page 95).
- Use the Cellular IP Passthrough screen to configure an LIE WAN connection (Section 6.10 on page 98)

• Use the **Cellular Lock** screen to configure the base station you choose to connect to (Section 6.11 on page 99).

LAYER-2 INTERFACE		INTERNET C O NNECTIO N			
CONNECTION	DSL LINK TYPE	MODE	ENCAPSULATION	CONNECTION SETTINGS	
Ethe me t	N/A	Ro uting	IPo E	WAN IPv4/IPv6 IP address, NAT, DNS server and muting feature.	

Table 20 WAN Setup Overview

## 6.1.2 What You Need to Know

The following terms and concepts may help as you read this chapter.

## WAN IP Address

The WAN IP address is an IP address for the Zyxel Device, which makes it accessible from an outside network. It is used by the Zyxel Device to communicate with other devices in other networks. The ISP dynamically assigns it each time the Zyxel Device tries to access the Internet.

## APN

Access Point Name (APN) is a unique string which indicates an LTE network. An APN is required for LTE stations to enter the LTE network and then the Internet.

## 6.1.3 Before You Begin

You may need to know your Internet access settings such as LIE APN, WAN IP address and SIM card's PIN code if the INTERNET light on your Zyxel Device is off. Get this information from your service provider.

# 6.2 Broadband

Use this screen to change your Zyxel Device's Internet access settings. The summary table shows you the configure d WAN services (connections) on the Zyxel Device. Use information provided by your ISP to configure WAN settings.

C lic k Ne twork Setting > Broadband to access this screen.

Figure 61	Ne two rk Se tting > Bro a d b a nd
-----------	-------------------------------------

					В	roadb	and					
1.000	diand w.s.	() in the	i ditarta	war esta	WARE C	alia di	Ési.urt	en de	Gerthin .			
Ye	o can santig	ure the it	tional sett	ings of this device	e Corect	configurat	lons build a	icceatul l	ntemet connec	Non.		
										<b>室</b> ^//	12 Tomas W/A	a heinafferen
,	Name	lype	Mode	Escapeviation	802.1p	802.1q	IGMP Proxy	NAT	Delasti Galeway	Ind.	MLD Procey	Modity
9	Cellulor WAH	Chi	Roufing	Pol.	N/A -	hitA.	H	Ψ.	τ.		N	R.
1	ETHWAH	(E3)	Aputing	Fol	11/6	16/A			7	1	Y	百

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
#	This is the index number of the entry.
Name	This is the service name of the connection.
Туре	This shows whether it is a cellular or Ethemet connection.
Mode	This shows the connection is in routing mode.
Enc a p sula tio n	This is the method of encap sulation used by this connection.
802.1p	This indicates the 802.1 p priority level assigned to traffic sent through this connection. This displays $N/A$ when there is no priority level assigned.
802.1q	This indicates the VLAN ID number assigned to traffic sent through this connection. This displays N/A when there is no VLAN ID number assigned.
IG MP Pro xy	This shows whether the Zyxel Device actas an IG MP proxy on this connection.
NAT	This shows whether NAT is a c tiva ted or not for this connection.
De fault Gate way	This shows whether the Zyxel Device use the WAN interface of this connection as the system default gate way.
I₽v6	This shows whether IPv6 is activated or not for this connection. IPv6 is not available when the connection uses the bridging service.
MLD Pro xy	This shows whether Multic ast Listener Discovery (MLD) is activated or not for this connection. MLD is not available when the connection uses the bridging service.
Mo d ify	Click the Editor Modify icon to configure the WAN connection.
	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to remove the WAN connection.

Table 21 Network Setting > Broadband

## 6.2.1 Add/Edit Internet Connection

Click the **Edit** or **Modify** icon to open the following screen. Use this screen to configure a WAN connection.

9	Edi# W	AN Interface					
	General 🧰		VLAN CO				
The state		100.100					
See.		102.10		2.00			
in the second	turing •		MTU				
Sumplements.	P-0 *	101	Tan.				
Postina .	Per Pol Dystream •		1915				
	IP Address		Routing Feature				
Contractor	Admin Administration	NAT	can stated invest				
0 900 PAR	DNS Server	Apply or Detail Odtweny	a Advine Mit				
	No. A. Commission						
8) en en en	a Trans Diff. Agricult						
	DHCPC Opliens		IPvő Address				
Request Caller		Carlein an	Contract our Prof. Address: Automationally				
() min 10	Danie (B. Danie (B.	0-200-Pe	Address .				
Serr Cafford			IPv6 DNS Server				
Distant.							
water C.		Constant of the	A CHI IN ACCOUNT				
Contractor.		10/10/201	All states in the second				
1445							
000							
El sufice (GF							
	IPvå Rauting Feature						
Will Provy	Agenty on Dataset						

Figure 62 Network Setting > Broadband > Add/Edit New WAN Interface

Table 22 Ne two rk Se tting > Bro a d b a nd > Ad d / Ed it Ne w WAN Interface

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
General	Click this switch to enable ordisable the interface. When the switch goes to the right 🚮, the function is enabled. Otherwise, it is not.
Name	This is the service name of the connection.
Туре	This shows the type of the connection the Zyxel Device is currently a ssociated with.
Mo d e	This shows the connection is in <b>Routing</b> or <b>Bridge</b> mode. If the Zyxel Device is in routing mode, your ISP gives you one IP address only and you want multiple computers to share an Intermet account.

LTE Se rie s Use r' s G uid e

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Enc a p sula tio n	This is the method of encapsulation used by this connection.
IPv4/IPv6 Mode	This shows IPv4 IPv6 DualStack.
	IPv4 IPv6 DualStack allows the Zyxel Device to run IPv4 and IPv6 at the same time.
VIAN	Click this switch to enable ordisable VIAN on this WAN interface. When the switch goes to the right <b>click</b> , the function is enabled. Otherwise, it is not.
802.1p	IEEE 802.1p defines up to 8 separate traffic types by inserting a tag into a MAC-layer frame that contains bits to define class of service.
	Select the IEEE 802.1 p priority level (from 0 to 7) to add to traffic through this connection. The greater the number, the higher the priority level.
802.1q	Type the VIAN ID number (from 1 to 4094) for traffic through this connection.
MTU	
MTU	Enter the MIU (Maximum Transfer Unit) size for this traffic.
IP Address	
Obtain an IP Address Automatically	A static IP address is a fixed IP that your ISP gives you. A dynamic IP address is not fixed; the ISP assigns you a different one each time you connect to the Internet. Select this if you have a dynamic IP address.
Static IP Address	Select this option If the ISP assigned a fixed IP address.
IP Address	Enter the static IP address provided by your ISP.
Sub ne t Ma sk	Enter the subnet mask provided by your ISP.
Gateway IP Address	Enter the gate way IP address provided by your ISP.
DNS Se rve r	
	Select <b>Obtain DNS Info Automatically</b> if you want the Zyxel Device to use the DNS server addresses assigned by your ISP.
	Select <b>Use Following Static DNS Address</b> if you want the Zyxel Device to use the DNS server addresses you configure manually.
Prim a ry DNS Se rve r	Enter the first DNS server address assigned by the ISP.
Secondary DNS Server	Enter the second DNS server address assigned by the ISP.
Routing Feature	
NAT	C lick this switch to activate or deactivate NAT on this connection. When the switch goes to the right the function is enabled. Otherwise, it is not.
IG MP Pro xy	Internet Group Multic ast Protocol (IGMP) is a network-layer protocol used to establish membership in a Multic ast group - it is not used to carry user data.
	Click this switch to have the Zyxel Device act as an IGMP proxy on this connection. When the switch goes to the right (2011), the function is enabled. Otherwise, it is not.
	This allows the Zyxel Device to get subscribing information and maintain a joined member list for each multicast group. It can reduce multicast traffic significantly.
ApplyasDefault Gateway	C lick this switch to have the Zyxel Device use the WAN interface of this connection as the system default gate way. When the switch goes to the right the function is enabled. Otherwise, it is not.

Table 22	Ne two rk Se tting	> Broadband 🛛	> Add/Edit New	WAN Interface	(continued)
----------	--------------------	---------------	----------------	---------------	-------------

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Fullcone NAT	C lick this switch to enable ordisable fullcone NAT on this connection. When the switch goes to the right (20), the function is enabled. Otherwise, it is not.
	This field is available only when you activate NAT
	In full one NAT, the Zyxel Device maps alloutgoing packets from an internal IP address and port to a single IP address and port on the external network. The Zyxel Device also maps packets coming to that external IP address and port to the internal IP address and port.
DHCPC Options	
Request Options	Select <b>Option 43</b> to have the Zyxel Device automatically add vendor specific information in the DHCP packets to request the vendor specific options from the DHCP server.
	Select <b>Option 120</b> to have the Zyxel Device get the IP address or a fully-qualified domain name of SIP server from DHCP.
	Select Option 121 to have the Zyxel Device push static routes to clients.
Sent Options	
option 60	Se le c t this and enter the device identity you want the Zyxel Device to add in the DHCP discovery packets that go to the DHCP server.
Vendor ID	Enter the Vendor Class Identifier, such as the type of the hardware or firm ware.
option 61	Select this and enter any string that identifies the device.
IAID	Enter the Identity Association Identifier (IAID) of the device, for example, the WAN connection index number.
DUID	Enter the hardware type, a time value and the MAC address of the device.
option 125	Se le c t this to have the Zyxel Device automatically generate and add vendor specific parameters in the DHCP discovery packets that go to the DHCP server.
IPv6 Address	
Obtain an IPv6 Address Automatically	Se le c t <b>Obtain an IPv6 Address Automatically</b> if you want to have the Zyxel Device use the IPv6 prefix from the connected router's RouterAdvertisement (RA) to generate an IPv6 address.
Static IPv6 Address	Se le c t <b>Static IPv6 Address</b> if you have a fixed IPv6 address assigned by your ISP. When you se le c t this, the following fields appear.
IPv6 Address	Enter an IPv6 IP address that your ISP gave to you for this WAN interface.
Pre fix Le ng th	Enter the address prefix length to specify how many most significant bits in an IPv6 address compose the network address.
₽v6 De fault Gateway	Enter the IP address of the next-hop gateway. The gateway is a router or switch on the same segment as your Zyxel Device's interface(s). The gateway helps forward packets to their destinations.
IPv6 DNS Server	
Obtain IPv6 DNS Info Automatically	Select Obtain IPv6 DNS Info Automatically to have the Zyxel Device get the IPv6 DNS server addresses from the ISP automatically.
Use Following Static IPv6 DNS Address	Select Use Following Static IPv6 DNS Address to have the Zyxel Device use the IPv6 DNS server addresses you configure manually.
Prim a ry DNS Se rve r	Enter the first IPv6 DNS server address assigned by the ISP.
Se c o nd a ry DNS Se rve r	Enter the second IPv6 DNS server address assigned by the ISP.
IPv6 Routing Feat	ure

Table 22Network Setting > Broadband > Add/Edit New WAN Interface (continued)

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
MLD Proxy Enable	Se lect this check box/option to have the Zyxel Device act as an MLD proxy on this connection. This allows the Zyxel Device to get subscription information and maintain a joined member list for each multicast group. It can reduce multicast traffic significantly.
Apply as Default Gateway	Se le c t this option to have the Zyxel Device use the WAN interface of this connection as the system default gate way.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to exit this screen without saving.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes.

Table 22 Network Setting > Broadband > Add/Edit New WAN Interface (continued)

# 6.3 WAN Backup

Use this screen to configure your Zyxel Device's Internet settings if the wired connection is down. You can use an alternative network, and assign an IP address to verify the accessibility of the Internet and the time interval allowed between each connection check.

Click Network Setting > Broadband > WAN Backup to display the following screen.

Figure 63 Network Setting > Broadband > WAN Backup

	Broad	lband		
oodbard WAN Beckligt	Constant WAAL School W	//i Delléy IM Ca	d. in Tire	0.046663346
Whenever the WAN connecto	on is abown. WARI Bockup folies of	ver the job and keeps yo	u onime	
WAH barries Southe				
Person WAIN	Danal			
Ne Destructor: for Connection Check	Geogle DHS			
Convector Direct Interval	10			(0-00.000)
				on the second

The following table describes the fields in this screen.

Table 23	Ne two rk Se tting	> Broadband	> WAN Bac kup
----------	--------------------	-------------	---------------

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
WAN Backup Enable	Select Enable to have the Zyxel Device use the cellular connection as your WAN or a backup when the wired WAN connection fails.
Primary WAN	This field displays the connection the Zyxel Device would use first when the wire d WAN connection fails. You can choose <b>Ethemet</b> or <b>Cellular</b> as the primary WAN connection for your Zyxel Device.

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
The Destination for Connection Check	Configure this field to test your Zyxel Device's WAN accessibility. Type the IP address of a reliable nearby computer (for example, your ISP's DNS server address).
	Note: If you activate either traffic redirect or dial backup, you must configure at least one IP address here. When using a WAN backup connection, the Zyxel Device periodically pings the addresses configured here and uses the other WAN backup connection (if configured) if there is no response.
Connection Check Interval	When the Zyxel Device is using a lowerpriority connection (usually a WAN backup connection), it periodically checks to whether or not it can use a higherpriority connection. Type the number of seconds (30 recommended) for the Zyxel Device to wait between checks. Allow more time if your destination IP address handles lots of traffic.
Check Fail Limit	Type the number of times (2 recommended) that your Zyxel Device may ping the IP addresses configured in the <b>WAN Backup Enable</b> field without getting a response before switching to a WAN backup connection (or a different WAN backup connection).
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to exit this screen without saving.
Apply	Click Apply to save yourchanges.

Table 23 Network Setting > Broadband > WAN Backup (continued)

# 6.4 Ethemet WAN

Use this screen to have a IAN port act as an Ethemet WAN port. You can restore it back from a WAN port to a IAN port. Click the switch to set up the configuration. When the switch goes to the right, the IAN port acts as an Ethemet WAN port. Otherwise, the IAN port remains as a IAN port. The Ethemet WAN connection has priority over the DSL connection. Click **Apply** to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.

Click Network Setting > Broadband > Ethemet WAN to display the following screen.

Figure 64 Network Setting > Broadband > Ethernet WAN

			Broa	dband		
Prostored 31	Altheotopic	Ethernet WAX	Concer Ville	California (197) (California)	and Selver Palette	
You can conv	ort Ethornal	UAN part 410 E	themet WAN port	or restore the WAN port	fo LAN port.	
Hone:						
Tiole						
<ol> <li>Active Enoble</li> <li>Active Disable</li> <li>Active Disable</li> <li>If Ethernet WA</li> </ol>	, the Ethern 6. The Ethern 14 cable on	et Fort is WAN I let Port is CAN E d Cellular intert	thenet. Thenet. face is connected	at the same time, only i	Bhomet WAN will link up	2.
			Cancel	Apply		

# 6.5 CellularWAN

Click **Network Setting > Broadband > Cellular WAN** to display the following screen. Use this screen to enable data roaming and network monitoring when the Zyxel Device cannot ping a base station.

Note: Roaming charges may apply when **Data Roaming** is enabled.

Figure 65 Network Setting > Broadband > Cellular WAN

	Broadband			
Receivers Column	Contra Mari Contra Dilli Con	vier hand in Celular P. U.S. (Celular P. Kossferovar)		
Configure on UE conne	sction, including the Access Point Nor	re (APN) provided by your service provider.		
Roaming				
Data Roaning				
Note				
Roaming charges may ap	ply when Data Roaming is enabled.			
	Cancel	Apply		

The following table describes the fields in this screen.

Table 24	Ne two rk Se tting >	Broadband	>	Cellular WAN
----------	----------------------	-----------	---	--------------

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Antenna	
Antenna Select	Select between External or Internal Antenna for your Zyxel Device.
Roaming	
Data Roaming	Click this to enable ( 🔁 ) data roaming on the Zyxel Device.
	4G maming is to use your mobile device in an area which is not covered by your service provider. Enable maming to ensure that your Zyxel Device is kept connected to the Internet when you are traveling outside the geographical coverage area of the network to which you are registered.
Apply	Click this to save yourchanges.
Cancel	C lick this to exit this screen without saving.

# 6.6 CellularAPN

Click Network Setting > Broadband > Cellular APN to display the following screen.

Note: APN information can be obtained from the service provider. Automatic APN Mode is not supported when operating in 3G only mode.

			Broc	adband		
Prosto Column	na i Cel fa Witt John	Callular After	Calify (0.1)	lahir keng Kahiri	NAME Gebox P.Com	trough
Config	ure an LTE connect	forn, including th	e Access Point I	forme (APM) provided b	y your service provider.	
APN Se	ttings					
	Enable	Mode	APN	Auth Type	PDP Type	Modity
1	Ercitie	Auto	NZA.	NZA	N/A	10
2	Disoble	N/A	th/A	N/A	76/A	10

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
APN Setting s	
#	This is the index number of the entry.
Enable	This field indicates whether the cellular APN setting is enabled or not.
Mode	If the cellular APN setting is disabled, the Zyxel Device will configure the APN (Access Point Name) of an LIE network automatically. Otherwise, enter the APN manually in the field.
APN	This field allows you to display the Access Point Name (APN) in the profile.
	Enter the Access Point Name (APN) provided by your service provider. Connections with different APNs may provide different services (such as Internet accessor MMS (Multi-Media Messaging Service)) and charging method.
	You can enter up to 30 printable ASC II characters. Spaces are allowed.
Authentic ation Type	Select the type of a uthentic ation method peers use to connect to the Zyxel Device in LIE connections.
	In Password Authentication Protocol ( <b>PAP</b> ) peers identify themselves with a user name and password. In Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol ( <b>CHAP</b> ) additionally to username and password the Zyxel Device sends regular challenges to make sure an intruder has not replaced a peer. Otherwise select <b>PAP</b> / <b>CHAP</b> or <b>None</b> .
PDP Type	Select <b>IPv4</b> if you want the Zyxel Device to run IPv4 (Internet Protocol version 4 addressing system) only.
	Select <b>IPv4</b> / <b>IPv6</b> if you want the Zyxel Device to run both IPv4 and IPv6 (Internet Protocol version 4 and 6 addressing system) at the same time.
Mo d ify	Click the Editic on to change the APN settings.
Cancel	C lick this to exit this screen without saving.

# 6.7 Cellular SIM Configuration

Enter a PIN for your SIM c and to prevent others from using it.

Entering the wrong PIN code 3 consecutive times locks the SIM card after which you need a PUK (Personal Unlocking Key) from the service provider to unlock it.

Click Network Setting > Broadband > Cellular SIM. The following screen opens.

Figure 67 Network Setting > Broadband > Cellular SIM

PIN Management		
References		
791		60
	Aniemets remonsing: 2	
Briote		
1) The Pill is outomatically 2) Britemp The wrong Pill	zoved in the 2yeal Davice. exceeding is set number of times will lock the 3M cord.	

Note: The PIN is a utomatically saved in the Zyxel Device.

Entering the wrong PIN exceeding a set number of times will lock the SIM c and.

The following table describes the fields in this screen.

Table 26 Network Setting > Broadband > Cellular SIM

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N			
PIN Manageme	PIN Management			
PIN Pro te c tio n	A PIN (Personal Identification Number) code is a key to a SIM card. Without the PIN code, you cannot use the SIM card.			
	Click to enable () if the service provider requires you to enter a PIN to use the SIM card.			
	Click to disable if the service provider lets you use the SIM without inputting a PIN.			
PIN	If you enabled PIN verification, enter the 4-digit PIN code (0000 for example) provided by your ISP. If you enter the PIN code incorrectly too many times, the ISP may block your SIM card and not let you use the account to access the Internet.			
Attempts Remaining	This is how many more times you can try to enter the PIN code before the ISP blocks your SIM card.			
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes.			
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to return to the previous screen without saving.			

# 6.8 Cellular Band Configuration

Either select **Auto** to have the Zyxel Device connect to an available network using the default settings on the SIM card or select the type of the network (4G, 3G, or 2G) to which you want the Zyxel Device to connect.

Click Network Setting > Broadband > Cellular Band. The following screen opens.

Figure 68	Ne two rk Se tting	> Broadband	> C e llula r Ba nd
-----------	--------------------	-------------	---------------------

Either telect Auto to have the 2 the type of the network (45-30	yvel Device 9. or 29) to	e connect to an avail which you want the 2	the network using the drawel Device to connect.	elauli settingi on the 27	a cord or select
Access Technology					
Performent Access Telephone opp	Auto				
and Management					
and Auto Selectory	00				
		Cancel	Apply		

Tabl	le 27	Ne two rk Se tting	>	Broadband	>	Cel	ula r	Band	l
------	-------	--------------------	---	-----------	---	-----	-------	------	---

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Access Technology	
Pre fe me d Access Technology	Select the type of the network (4G, 3G, or 2G) to which you want the Zyxel Device to connect and click Apply to save your settings.
	O the rwise, select <b>Auto</b> to have the Zyxel Device connect to an available network using the default settings on the SIM card. If the currently registered mobile network is not available or the mobile network's signal strength is too low, the Zyxel Device switches to another available mobile network.
Band Management	
Band Auto Selection	Select the LIE bands to use for the Zyxel Device's WAN connection. Click to enable (
Apply	Click this to save your changes.
Cancel	C lick this to exit this screen without saving.

# 6.9 Cellular PIMN Configuration

Each service provider has its own unique Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) number. Either select **PLMN Auto Selection** to have the Zyxel Device connect to the service provider using the default settings on the SIM card ormanually view available PLMNs and select your service provider.

Click Network Setting > Broadband > Cellular PIMN. The screen appears as shown next.

Figure 69 Network Setting > Broadband > Cellular PLMN

Each service provider has to the Lyne Device connect to and select your service pro-	to own unique I to the service p wider.	Fublic sand Mobile rie rovider using the defo	nvoni (PUMN) rumber. Ether select FUMN Avte Selection to have suit settings on the SMI card or manually view available PUMNE
PLMN Management			
TSMP Auto Selection			
		Cancel	Apply

LTE Se rie s Use r's G uid e

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
PIMN Management	
PIMN Auto Se le c tio n	Click to enable ( and have the Zyxel Device automatically connect to the first available mobile network. Select disabled to display the network list and manually select a preferred network.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to exit this screen without saving.

Table 28 Network Setting > Broadband > Cellular PLMN

After selecting to disable the following warning appears. Click OK to continue.

Figure 70	Ne two rk Se tting	>	Broadband	>	C e llula r PLMN >	Manual Scan	Waming
-----------	--------------------	---	-----------	---	--------------------	-------------	--------



Click Scan to check for a vailable PLMNs in the area sum unding the Zyxel Device, and then display them in the network list. Select from the network list and click Apply.

WN Management				
PLAN Auto Selection				
Scan				
	Status	Name	Type	PLMN
	Available	PET	1.76	4660)
	Current	ret	wats .	45601
	Forbidden	TW/M	01/03.	46697
	Ayalabie	Chunghwa	107/075	46692
	Avaliable	Chuoghiwa	LTE	46672
	Forbidden	1 star	135	46689
	Forbladen	TWW	LTE	45677
	Forbidden	456 05	GPR5	46605
	Porbladen.	46± 05	6.TE	46805
	Forbidden	T Stor	UM75	46689

Figure 71 Network Setting > Broadband > Cellular PLMN >	> Manual Scan
---	---------------

Table 29 Ne twork Setting > Broadband > Cellular PLMN > Manual Scan

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
#	Click the radio button so the Zyxel Device connects to this ISP.
Status	This shows Current to show the ISP the Zyxel Device is currently connected to.
	This shows <b>Forbidden</b> to indicate the Zyxel Device cannot connect to this ISP.
	This shows <b>Available</b> to indicate an available ISP your Zyxel Device can connect to.
Name	This shows the ISP name.
Туре	This shows the type of network the ISP provides.
PLMN	This shows the PLMN number.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to exit this screen without saving.

# 6.10 Cellular IP Passthrough

Enable **IP Passthrough** to allow Internet traffic to go to a IAN computer behind the Zyxel Device without going through NAT

Click Network Setting > Broadband > Cellular IP Passthrough to display the following screen.

Note: This screen is not available when the fourth LAN port acts as an Ethemet WAN port. See Table 1 on page 16 for the feature differences of the Zyxel Devices.

Figure 72 Ne twork Setting > Broadband > Cellular IP Passthrough

IP Fassthrough Managem	ent							
P Positivough	-							
Proeffrough Mode	Fired						1.11	
Prattimurgh to fixed \$1442			-	10	. *	-		
à i che								
Changing the IP Passthrough se	tingi may al	fact the	nerfwitzit te	iting of cir	et devices.			
					-			

Note: Changing the **IP Passthrough** settings may affect the network setting of client devices. After selecting to enable the following warning appears. Click **OK** to continue.



Figure 73 Network Setting > Broadband > Cellular IP Passthrough > Enable Warning

The following table describes the fields in this screen.

Table 30 Network Setting > Broadband > Cellular IP Passthrough

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N				
IP Passthrough	IP Passthrough Management				
IP Passthrough	IP Passthrough allows a IAN computeron the local network of the Zyxel Device to have access to web services using the public IP address. When IP Passthrough is configured, all traffic is forwarded to the IAN computer and will not go through NAT.				

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Pa ssthro ug h Mo d e	Select <b>Dynamic</b> to allow traffic to be forwarded to any IAN computeron the local network of the Zyxel Device. Select <b>Fixed</b> to allow traffic to be forwarded to a specific IAN computeron the local network of the Zyxel Device. Note: This field will show upon enabling <b>IP Passthrough</b> in the previous field.
Passthrough to fixed MAC	Enter the MAC address of a IAN computer on the local network of the Zyxel Device upon selecting <b>Fixed</b> in the previous field. Note: This field will show upon selecting <b>Fixed</b> in the previous field.
Apply	Click this to save yourchanges.
Cancel	C lick this to exit this screen without saving.

Table 30 Network Setting > Broadband > Cellular IP Passthrough (continued)

# 6.11 CellularLock

Cellular Lock locks the CPE to the base station that it is currently connected to. This is useful if the CPE is within range of multiple base stations, and you would prefer the CPE to connect to one base station over the others.

Click Network Setting > Broadband > Cellular Lock. The following screen displays.

```
Figure 74 CellularLock
```

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1		0	Cathe	
	Cancel	Apply		

The following table describes the fields in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPHO N			
PC I Lo c k	Select this to enable or disable PCI (Physical Cell Identifier) Lock.			
Add New Rule	Se le c t this if you want to add a new rule or to configure ce llular lock rules.			
Physic a l C e ll ID	Use this to enter the PCI number of the base station you choose to connect to (0~504).			
RFC N	Use RFCN (Radio Frequency Channel Number) to enter the LIE frequency of the selected PCI number(1~65535).			

Table 31 Cellular Lock

LTE Se rie s Use r' s G uid e

99

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Cancel	C lick this to exit this screen without saving.
Apply	C lick this to save your changes.

Table 31 CellularLock

# C HA PTER 7 Wire le ss

# 7.1 Overview

This chapter describes the Zyxel Device's **Network Setting > Wire less** screens. Use these screens to set up your Zyxel Device's WiFi network and security settings.

## 7.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

This section describes the Zyxel Device's **Wireless** screens. Use these screens to set up your Zyxel Device's WiFiconnection.

- Use the General screen to enable the Wireless IAN, enter the SSID and select the WiFi security mode (Section 7.2 on page 102)
- Use the Guest/More AP screen to set up multiple wireless networks on your Zyxel Device (Section 7.3 on page 106).
- Use the MAC Authentication screen to allow ordeny wireless clients based on their MAC addresses from connecting to the Zyxel Device (Section 7.5 on page 110).
- Use the **WPS** screen to enable or disable WPS, view or generate a security PIN (Personal Identification Number) (Section 7.6 on page 112).
- Use the WMM screen to enable WiFi MultiMedia (WMM) to ensure quality of service in WiFi networks for multimedia applications (Section 7.7 on page 114).
- Use the **O thers** screen to configure WiFi advanced features, such as the RTS/CTS Threshold (Section 7.8 on page 115).
- Use the WIAN Scheduler screen to create rules to schedule the times to permit Internet traffic from each wire less network interfaces (Section 7.9 on page 117).
- Use the **Channel Status** screen to scan the number of accessing points and view the results (Section 7.10 on page 119).

## 7.1.2 What You Need to Know

#### Wire less Basics

"Wire less" is essentially radio communication. In the same way that walkie-talkie radios send and receive information over the airwaves, wire less networking devices exchange information with one another. A wire less networking device is just like a radio that lets your computer exchange information with radios attached to other computers. Like walkie-talkies, most wire less networking devices operate at radio frequency bands that are open to the public and do not require a license to use. However, wire less networking is different from that of most traditional radio communications in that there are a number of wire less networking standards available with different methods of data encryption.

## Finding Out More

See Section 7.11 on page 120 for advanced technical information on WiFinetworks.

# 7.2 General Settings

Use this screen to enable the Wireless IAN, enter the SSID and select the wireless security mode. We recommend that you select **More Secure** to enable **WPA2-PSK** data encryption.

Note: If you are configuring the Zyxel Device from a computer connected by WiFi and you change the Zyxel Device's SSID, channelor security settings, you will be your wireless connection when you press **Apply**. You must change the wireless settings of your computer to match the new settings on the Zyxel Device.

Click Network Setting > Wireless to open the General screen.

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Figure 75 Network Setting > Wire less > General

The following table describes the general wireless LAN labels in this screen.

Table 32	Ne two rk Se tting	> Wire le ss >	General
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LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
WiFi Ne two rk Se tu	p
Band	This shows the WiFi band which this radio profile is using. <b>2.4GHz</b> is the frequency used by IEEE $802.11b/g/n$ WiFi c lients while <b>5GHz</b> is used by IEEE $802.11a/ac$ WiFi c lients.
WiFi	Click Enable to enable the wireless IAN in this field.
Channel	Use Auto to have the Zyxel Device automatically determine a channel to use.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Band wid th	Select whether the Zyxel Device uses a WiFich annel width of 20MHz, 40MHz or 20/40MHz.
	A standard 20MHz channel offers transfer speeds of up to 150Mbps whereas a 40MHz channel uses two standard channels and offers speeds of up to 300Mbps.
	40MHz (channelbonding ordual channel) bonds two adjacent radio channels to increase throughput. The WiFi clients must also support 40MHz. It is often better to use the 20MHz setting in a location where the environment hinders the WiFi signal.
	Se lect <b>20MHz</b> if you want to lessen radio interference with other WiFidevices in your neighborhood or the WiFiclients do not support channel bonding.
Control Sideband	This is a vailable for some regions when you select a specific channel and set the Bandwidth field to 40MHz. Set whether the control channel (set in the Channel field) should be in the Lower or Upper range of channel bands.
WiFi Ne two rk Se tt	ings
WiFi Ne two rk Na me	The SSID (Service Set ID entity) id entifies the service set with which a WiFidevice is associated. WiFidevices associating to the access point (AP) must have the same SSID.
	Entera descriptive name (up to 32 English keyboard characters) for the wire less IAN.
Max C lie nts	Specify the maximum number of clients that can connect to this network at the same time.
Hide SSID	Select this check box to hide the SSID in the outgoing beacon frame so a station cannot obtain the SSID through scanning using a site survey tool.
	This check box is grayed out if the WPS function is enabled in the <b>Network &gt; Wire less &gt; WPS</b> screen.
Multic a st Forwarding	Se le c t this c he c k b o x to a llow the Zyxel Device to c onvert wire less multicast traffic into wire less unicast traffic.
Max. Up stre am Band wid th	Specify the maximum rate for up stream wire less traffic to the WAN from this WIAN in kilobits per second (Kbps).
Ma x. Do w nstre a m Ba nd wid th	Specify the maximum rate for downstream wire less traffic to this WIAN from the WAN in kilobits per second (Kbps).
BSSID	This shows the MAC address of the wireless interface on the Zyxel Device when wireless IAN is enabled.
Security Level	
Security Mode	Se lect <b>More Secure</b> ( <b>WPA2-PSK</b> ) to add security on this WiFinetwork. The WiFic lients which want to associate to this network must have the same WiFi security settings as the Zyxel Device. When you select to use a security, additional options appears in this screen.
	Oryou can select <b>No Security</b> to allow any client to a ssociate with this network without any data encryption or authentication.
	See the following sections formore details about this field.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to restore your previously saved setting s.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes.

Table 32 Network Setting > Wire less > General (continue d)

## 7.2.1 No Security

Select **No Security** to allow wire less stations to communicate with the access points without any data encryption or authentication.

Note: If you do not enable any WiFi security on your Zyxel Device, your network is accessible to any wire less networking device that is within range.





Table 33 Wire less > General: No Security

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Security Level	Choose No Security to allow all WiFiconnections without data encryption or authentication.

### 7.2.2 More Secure (WPA2-PSK)

The WPA2-PSK security mode is a newer, more robust version of the WPA encryption standard. It offers slightly better security, although the use of PSK makes it less robust than it could be. Using a Pre-Shared Key (PSK), both the Zyxel Device and the connecting client share a common password in order to validate the connection.

Click Network Setting > Wireless to display the General screen. Select More Secure as the security level. WPA2-PSK is the default Security Mode.

Figure 77 Wire less > General: More Secure: WPA2-PSK

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	Tomas	3400		100

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 34 Wireless > General: More Secure: WPA2-PSK

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Security Level	Select More Secure to enable WPA2-PSK data encryption.
Se c urity Mode	WPA2-PSK is the default security mode.

LTE Se rie s Use r's G uid e

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Generate password automatically	Select this option to have the Zyxel Device automatically generate a password. The password field will not be configurable when you select this option.
Password	Select Generate password automatically orenter a Password.
	The password has two uses.
	1. Manual. Manually enter the same password on the Zyxel Device and the client. Enter 8-63 ASC II characters or exactly 64 hexadecimal ('0-9', 'a-f') characters.
	2. WPS. When using WPS, the Zyxel Device sends this password to the client.
	Note: Enter 8-63 ASC II c haracters only. 64 he xade c im al c haracters are not accepted for WPS.
	Click the Eye icon to show or hide the password for your wireless network. When the Eye icon is slashed 🛒, you'll see the password in plain text. Otherwise, it's hidden.
m o re	Click this 🚈 to show more fields in this section. Click this 🛀 to hide them.
Enc ryp tio n	AES is the default data encryption type, which uses a 128-bit key.
Tim e r	This is the rate at which the RADIUS server sends a new group key out to all clients.

Table 34 Wire less > General: More Secure: WPA2-PSK (continued)

# 7.3 Guest/More AP

Use this screen to configure a guest wire less network that a llows access to the Internet through the Zyxel Device. Click **Network Setting > Wire less > Guest/More AP**. The screen appears as shown. This allows you to use one access point to provide several BSSs simultaneously. You can then assign varying security types to different SSIDs. Wire less clients can use different SSIDs to associate with the same access point. Figure 78 Network Setting > Wire less > Guest/More AP

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Medly	22	8	B	

The following table describes the labels in this sc	reen.
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IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
#	This is the index number of each SSID profile.
Status	This shows whether the SSID profile is active (a yellow bulb) or not (a gray bulb).
SSID	An SSID profile is the set of parameters relating to one of the Zyxel Device's BSSs. The SSID (Service Set IDentifier) identifies the Service Set with which a wireless device is associated. You can configure up to four SSIDs to enable multiple BSSs (Basic Service Sets) on the Zyxel Device. This field displays the name of the wireless profile on the network. When a wireless client scans for an AP to associate with, this is the name that is broad cast and seen in the wireless client utility.
Se c urity	This field indicates the security mode of the SSID profile.
Gue st WIAN	This field shows whether the SSID profile is an external or home guest.
Modify	Click Modify to change the SSID profile.

Table 35 Guest/More APNetwork Setting > Wireless >

# 7.4 More APEdit

Use this screen to create a guest wire less network and configure its security settings. Click the Modify ic on in the More AP screen. The following screen displays. Click Network Setting > Wire less > More AP Edit.

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Figure 79 Network Setting > Wire less > More AP Edit

Table 36 Network Setting > Wire less > More AP Ed it

IABEL	DESC RIPHO N
WiFi Ne two rk Se tup	
WiFi	Click Enable to enable the wire less LAN in this field.
Se c urity Le ve l	

LTE Se rie s Use r's G uid e
LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N			
WiFi Ne two ık Na me	The SSID (Service Set IDentity) identifies the service set with which a WiFidevice is a ssociated. WiFidevices a ssociating to the access point (AP) must have the same SSID.			
	Entera descriptive name (up to 32 English keyboard characters) for the wire less IAN.			
Hide SSID	Select this check box to hide the SSID in the outgoing beacon frame so a station cannot obtain the SSID through scanning using a site survey tool.			
	This check box is grayed out if the WPS function is enabled in the <b>Network &gt; Wire less</b> > <b>WPS</b> screen.			
Guest WLAN	Select the check box to enable Guest WIAN.			
Access Scenario	If you select Home Guest, clients connecting to the same SSID can communicate with each other directly.			
	If you select External Guest, clients are blocked from connecting to each other directly.			
Max. Up stream Band wid th	Specify the maximum rate for up stream wireless traffic to the WAN from this WIAN in kilo bits per second (Kbps).			
Max.downstream Bandwidth	Specify the maximum rate for downstream wireless traffic to this WIAN from the WAN in kilobits per second (Kbps).			
BSSID	This shows the MAC address of the wireless interface on the Zyxel Device when wireless IAN is enabled.			
BBSID Subnet	Select Enable to create an independent subnet for the SSID, which is separated from the IAN subnet(s).			
DHC P Start Ad d re ss	Enter the first of the contiguous addresses in the IP address pool for the SSID subnet. The Zyxel Device assigns IP addresses from this DHCP pool to wire less clients connecting to the SSID.			
DHC P End Address	Enter the last of the contiguous addresses in the IP address pool for the SSID subnet.			
SSID Subnet Mask	Enter the subnet mask of the Zyxel Device for the SSID subnet.			
IAN IP Address	Enter the IP address of the Zyxel Device for the Guest SSID.			
Se c unity Le ve l				
Se c unity Mode	Select <b>More Secure or WPA2-PSK</b> to add security on this WiFi network. The WiFi clients which want to associate to this network must have the same WiFi security settings as the Zyxel Device. When you select to use a security, additional options appears in this screen.			
	Or you can select <b>No Security</b> to allow any client to associate with this network without any data encryption or authentic ation.			
	See the following sections formore details about this field.			
Generate password automatically	Se le c t this option to have the Zyxel Device automatically generate a password. The password field will not be configurable when you select this option.			

Table 36 Network Setting > Wire less > More AP Edit (continue d)

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N		
Pa ssw o rd	Select Generate password automatically or enter a Password.		
	The password has two uses.		
	1. Manual. Manually enter the same password on the Zyxel Device and the client. Enter 8-63 ASC II characters or exactly 64 hexadecimal ('0-9', 'a-f') characters.		
	2. WPS. When using WPS, the Zyxel Device sends this password to the client.		
	Note: Enter 8-63 ASC II c haracters only. 64 hexadecimal c haracters are not accepted for WPS.		
	Click the Eye icon to show or hide the password for your wireless network. When the Eye icon is slashed 🕵, you'll see the password in plain text. Otherwise, it's hidden.		
more	Click this 📩 to show more fields in this section. Click this 🚰 to hide them.		
Enc ryp tio n	AES is the default data encryption type, which uses a 128-bit key.		
Tim e r	This is the rate at which the RADIUS server sends a new group key out to all clients.		
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to restore your previously saved setting s.		
Apply	Click Apply to save yourchanges.		

Table 36 Network Setting > Wire less > More AP Edit (continue d)

# 7.5 MAC Authentication

Use this screen to give exclusive access to specific devices (Allow) or exclude specific devices from accessing the Zyxel Device (Deny), based on the MAC address of each device. Every Ethemet device has a unique factory-assigned MAC (Media Access Control) address, which consists of six pairs of hexadecimal characters, for example: 00:A0:C5:00:00:02. You need to know the MAC addresses of the device you want to allow/deny to configure this screen.

Use this screen to view your Zyxel Device's MAC filter settings and add new MAC filter rules. Click Network Setting > Wire less > MAC Authentication. The screen appears as shown.

#### Figure 80 Network Setting > Wire less > MAC Authentication

Configure the Tysel Device Tysel Device (Deny) Scale oddress. If is origined of th need to more the MAC or device the rule of original	a to give exclusive access to specific de d on the device (ii) MAC address. Every E w factory and constrt of se part of her- datement of the device (i) you want to all out device (ii).	wcas (Allow) or anclude of themet device has a unig adecimal characters for a per/deny to configure the	people devices from accessing the use MAC (Madio Access Control) example 30(AD CE00/0000, You reveal, tight the fid in the toble to
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			+ Add new MAC address
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@Joste			
A maximum of 25 MAC Auto	enfootion rules can be configured.		
	Cancel	Apply	

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
General	
SSID	Select the SSID for which you want to configure MAC filter setting s.
MAC Restrict Mode	Define the filteraction for the list of MAC addresses in the MAC Address table. Select Disable to turn off MAC filtering. Select Deny to block access to the Zyxel Device. MAC addresses not listed will be allowed to access the Zyxel Device. Select Allow to permit access to the Zyxel Device. MAC addresses not listed will be denied access to the Zyxel Device.
MAC address List	

Table 37	Ne two rk Se tting >	Wire $ e ss >$	MAC	Authentic ation
	The two in octuning >	WIC IC 55 -	MILLO	

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N		
Add new MAC	This field is available when you select <b>Deny</b> or <b>Allow</b> in the <b>MAC Restrict Mode</b> field. Click this if you want to add a new MAC address entry to the MAC filter list below.		
a d d re ss			
	Enter the MAC addresses of the WiFi devices that are allowed ordenied access to the Zyxel Device in these address fields. Enter the MAC addresses in a valid MAC address format, that is, six hexadecimalcharacterpairs, for example, 12:34:56:78:9a:bc.		
	Figure 81 Add New MAC Address		
	Add MAC address to list		
	To add a device, please enter device's MAC address		
#	This is the index number of the entry.		
MAC Address	This is the MAC addresses of the WiFidevices that are allowed ordenied access to the Zyxel Device.		
Mod ify	Click the Editic on and type the MAC address of the peerdevice in a valid MAC address format (six hexadecimal characterpairs, for example 12:34:56:78:9a:bc).		
	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to delete the entry.		
Cancel	Click Cancel to exit this screen without saving.		
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save yourchanges.		

Table 37 Network Setting > Wire less > MAC Authentication (continued)

# 7.6 WPS

Use this screen to configure WiFi Protected Setup (WPS) on your Zyxel Device.

WiFi Protected Setup (WPS) allows you to quickly set up a wireless network with strong security, without having to configure security settings manually. Selectone of the WPS methods and follow the instructions to establish a WPS connection. Your devices must support WPS to use this feature. We recommend using Push Button Configuration (**PBC**) if your device supports it. See Section 7.11.7.3 on page 128 for more information about WPS.

- Note: The Zyxel Device applies the security settings of the main SSID (SSID1) profile to the WPS wire less connection (see Section 7.2.2 on page 105).
- Note: The WPS switch is unavailable if the wire less LAN is disabled. If WPS is enabled, UPnP will automatically be turned on.

Click Network Setting > Wireless > WPS. The following screendisplays. Click this switch and it will turn blue. Click Apply to activate the WPS function. Then you can configure the WPS settings in this screen.



#### Figure 82 Network Setting > Wire less > WPS

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

#### Table 38 Network Setting > Wireless > WPS

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N		
General			
WPS	Click to enable () and have the Zyxel Device activate WPS. Otherwise, it is disabled.		
Add a new device	with WPS Me tho d		
Me tho d 1 PBC	Use this section to set up a WPS WiFi network using Push Button Configuration (PBC). Click this switch to make it turn blue. Click <b>Apply</b> to activate WPS method 1 on the Zyxel Device.		
WPS	C lick this button to add another WPS-enabled WiFi device (within WiFi range of the Zyxel Device) to your WiFi network. This button may either be a physical button on the outside of a device, or a menu button similar to the <b>WPS</b> button on this screen.		
	Note: You must press the other WiFidevice's WPS button within two minutes of pressing this button.		
Me tho d 2 PIN	Use this section to set up a WPS WiFinetwork by entering the PIN of the client into the Zyxel Device. Click this switch to make it tum blue. Click <b>Apply</b> to activate WPS method 2 on the Zyxel Device.		

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Re g iste r	Enter the PIN of the device that you are setting up a WPS connection with and click <b>Register</b> to authenticate and add the WiFidevice to your WiFinetwork.
	You can find the PIN eitheron the outside of the device, orby checking the device's settings.
	Note: You must also activate WPS on that device within two minutes to have it present its PIN to the Zyxel Device.
Me tho d 3	Use this section to set up a WPS WiFi network by entering the PIN of the Zyxel Device into the client. Click this switch to make it turn blue. Click <b>Apply</b> to activate WPS method 3 on the Zyxel Device.
Re le a se Configuration	The default WPS status is configured.
	Click this button to remove all configured WiFi and WiFi security settings for WPS connections on the Zyxel Device.
Generate New PIN	If this me thod has been enabled, the PIN (Personal Identification Number) of the Zyxel Device is shown here. Enter this PIN in the configuration utility of the device you want to connect to using WPS.
	The PIN is not necessary when you use the WPS push-button method.
	Click the Generate New PIN button to have the Zyxel Device create a new PIN.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to restore your previously saved setting s.
Apply	Click Apply to save yourchanges.

Table 38 Network Setting > Wire less > WPS (continue d)

# 7.7 WMM

Use this screen to enable WiFi MultiMedia (WMM) and WMM Automatic Power Save (APSD) in wire less networks for multimedia applications. WMM enhances data transmission quality, while APSD improves power management of wire less clients. This allows de lay-sensitive applications, such as voice and videos, to run more smoothly.

Click Network Setting > Wireless > WMM to display the following screen.

Figure 83 Network Setting > Wire less > WMM

Enote VPI Multivedia (WMM applications, WMM enforces) amostily, APD2 improves power Device is connected also supp	and WMM Automatic Power Save data transmission quality which at a management of Will mobile cli ons this leafure.	e (AFID) in With networks for delay-tensitive muthreadio lows delay-sensitive applications, such at videos, to run more ents. AFID works only if the With device to which the Zysel
where of states	00	
wakki Autorodisi Power Jone Delivery (APSS)	•	
@rkste		
WIMM connot be discoved if (00.)	I mode includes 802.11/c or 902.1	Tes.
	Concel	Apply

Note: WMM cannot be disabled if 802.11 mode includes 802.11n or 802.11ac.

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
WMM of SSID1~4	Select On to have the Zyxel Device automatically give the WiFI network (SSIDx) a priority level according to the ToS value in the IP header of packets it sends. WMM QoS (WiFI MultiMedia Quality of Service) gives high priority to video, which makes them run more smoothly. If the 802.11 Mode in Network Setting > Wireless > Others is set to include 802.11n or 802.11ac, WMM cannot be disabled.
WMM Automatic PowerSave Delivery (APSD)	<ul> <li>Select this option to extend the battery life of your mobile devices (especially useful for small devices that are running multimedia applications). The Zyxel Device goes to sleep mode to save power when it is not transmitting data. The AP buffers the packets sent to the Zyxel Device until the Zyxel Device "wakes up." The Zyxel Device wakes up periodically to check for incoming data.</li> <li>Note: This works only if the WiFidevice to which the Zyxel Device is connected also supports this feature.</li> </ul>
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to restore your previously saved settings.
Apply	Click Apply to save yourchanges.

Ta b le 39 Ne two rk Se tting > Wire le ss > WMM

# 7.8 Others Screen

Use this screen to configure advanced wire less settings, such as additional security settings, power saving, and data transmission settings. Click **Network Setting > Wire less > O thers**. The screen appears as shown.

See Section 7.11.2 on page 122 for detailed definitions of the terms listed here.

atturces transford	2347		
nogramulation threshold	3346		
Output Power	100%	•	
leacon nitro-di	102		m
Ditter principal	3		m
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R22.11 Profigizieri	Add	•	
histoite .			
Profected Monogement Increase	Copoble	•	
	Cancel	APP	aly.

Figure 84 Network Setting > Wire less > O the rs

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
RIS/ C IS Thre sho ld	Data with its frame size larger than this value will perform the RTS (Request To Send)/CTS (Clear To Send) hand shake.
	Entera value between 0 and 2347.
Fragmentation Threshold	This is the maximum data fragment size that can be sent. Enter a value between 256 and 2346.
Output Power	Set the output power of the Zyxel Device. If there is a high density of APs in an area, decrease the output power to reduce interference with other APs. Selectone of the following: 20%, 40%, 60%, 80% or 100%.
Beacon Interval	When a wire lessly networked device sends a beacon, it includes with it a beacon interval. This specifies the time period before the device sends the beacon again.
	The interval tells receiving devices on the network how long they can wait in low power mode before waking up to handle the beacon. This value can be set from 50ms to 1000ms. A high value helps save current consumption of the access point.
DTIM Interval	De livery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM) is the time period after which broadcast and multicast packets are transmitted to mobile clients in the Power Saving mode. A high DTIM value can cause clients to lose connectivity with the network. This value can be set from 1 to 255.
802.11 Mode	For 2.4GHz frequency WIAN devices:
	• Select 802.11b Only to allow only IEEE 802.11b compliant WIAN devices to associate with the Zyxel Device.
	• Select <b>802.11g Only</b> to allow only IEEE 802.11g compliant WIAN devices to associate with the Zyxel Device.
	• Select 802.11n Only to allow only IEEE 802.11n compliant WLAN devices to associate with the Zyxel Device.
	• Select 802.11b/g Mixed to allow either IEEE 802.11b or IEEE 802.11g compliant WIAN devices to associate with the Zyxel Device. The transmission rate of your Zyxel Device might be reduced.
	• Select 802.11b/g/n Mixed to a llow IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g or IEEE 802.11n compliant WIAN devices to associate with the Zyxel Device. The transmission rate of your Zyxel Device might be reduced.
	For 5GHz frequency WIAN devices:
	• Select 802.11a Only to allow only IEEE 802.11a compliant WIAN devices to associate with the Zyxel Device.
	• Select 802.11n Only to allow only IEEE 802.11n compliant WIAN devices to associate with the Zyxel Device.
	• Select 802.11 ac Only to a llow only IEEE 802.11 ac compliant WIAN devices to associate with the Zyxel Device.
	• Select 802.11a/n Mixed to allow either IEEE 802.11a or IEEE 802.11n compliant WIAN devices to associate with the Zyxel Device. The transmission rate of your Zyxel Device might be reduced.
	• Select 802.11n/ac Mixed to allow either IEEE 802.11n or IEEE 802.11ac compliant WIAN devices to associate with the Zyxel Device. The transmission rate of your Zyxel Device might be reduced.
	• Select 802.11a/n/ac Mixed to allow IEEE 802.11a, IEEE 802.11n or IEEE 802.11ac compliant WIAN devices to associate with the Zyxel Device. The transmission rate of your Zyxel Device might be reduced.
802.11 Pro te c tio n	Enabling this feature can help prevent collisions in mixed-mode networks (networks with both IEEE 802.11b and IEEE 802.11g traffic).
	Select <b>Auto</b> to have the wireless devices transmit data after a RIS/C TS handshake. This helps improve IEEE 802.11g performance.
	Select <b>Off</b> to disable 802.11 protection. The transmission rate of your Zyxel Device might be reduced in a mixed-mode network.
	This field displays Off and is not configurable when you set 802.11 Mode to 802.11b Only.

Table 40 Network Setting > Wire less > O the rs

LTE Se rie s Use r' s G uid e

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Pre a m b le	Select a preamble type from the drop-down list box. Choices are <b>Long</b> or <b>Short</b> . See Section 7.11.6 on page 125 for more information.
	This field is configurable only when you set 802.11 Mode to 802.11b.
Protected Management Frames	WiFi with Protected Management Frames (PMF) provides protection for unic ast and multic ast management action frames. Unic ast management action frames are protected from both eaves dropping and forging, and multic ast management action frames are protected from forging. Select <b>Capable</b> if the WiFi c lient supports PMF, then the management frames will be encrypted. Select <b>Required</b> to force the WiFi c lient to support PMF; otherwise the authentic ation cannot be performed by the Zyxel Device. Otherwise, select <b>Disabled</b> .
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to restore your previously saved settings.
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save yourchanges.

Table 40 Network Setting > Wire less > O thers (continued)

# 7.9 WIAN Scheduler

Use the **WIAN Scheduler**screen to create rules to schedule the times to permit Internet traffic from each wire less network interfaces. Select a specific time and day of a week for scheduling. You can also create a rule to automatically switch off all the WIAN together.

#### C lic k Ne two rk Se tting > Wire less > WLAN Sc he dule r.

Figure 85 Ne twork Setting > Wire less > WIAN Scheduler

				WiFi			
Colum	AND ADDRESS	Share Write WW	or gebra	WLAN Sched	tulet.		
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							+ Acid New Base
	Active	Rule Nome	5510	Doy	Time	Description	ModRy
			Concel	1	Apply		

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
WIAN Scheduler Access	C lick this switch to enable the WIAN scheduler function. This serves as the main switch to a low the individual rules to function. When the switch turns blue (25), the function is enabled. O therwise, it's not.
Add New Rule	Click this to configure a new WIAN scheduler rule.
#	This is the index number of the entry.

Table 41 Network Setting > Wire less > WIAN Scheduler

LTE Se rie s Use r's G uid e

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Ac tive	Click the checkbox to enable individual rules.
	Note: Make sure to enable the WIAN SchedulerAccess switch for the individual rules to work.
Rule Name	This field displays the name of the rule.
SSID	This is the descriptive name used to identify the wire less network interface that this rule applies to. Will show ALLWIAN if you select All wire less networks in the Add New Rule screen.
Day	This field displays the day(s) of the week that you wish to apply this rule.
Tim e	This field displays the time of the day that you wish to apply this rule.
De sc rip tio n	This field shows a description of the rule, usually to help identify it.
Mod ify	Click the Editic on to configure the rule.
	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to remove the rule.

Table 41 Network Setting > Wire less > WLAN Scheduler (continued)

Note: If you enable a rule for a specific SSID, you will not be able to connect to otherwire less ne two rks.

# 7.9.1 Add/Edit Rules

Click Add New Rule in the WIAN Schedulerscreen, or click the Editic on next to a scheduling rule, and the following screendisplays.

wire less ne twork interface.

		Add New Rule	
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Rule March			
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reaction of every approximate			
TAFaque			

The	fo llo wing	ta b le	d e sc rib e s the	labels in this screen.	
-----	-------------	---------	--------------------	------------------------	--

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Ac tive	Slide the switch to the right ([]) to enable this WIAN scheduler rule.
SSID	Se le c t All wire less networks if you want the rule to apply to all wire less network interfaces or se le c t a wire less network interface to apply the rule to.
Rule Name	Entera descriptive name for the rule.
Day	Select the day(s) of the week that you wish to apply this rule.
Time of Day Range	Specify the time of the day that you wish to apply to this rule (format hh:mm).
	Note: Click the checkbox for <b>All day</b> if you wish to apply the rule for the whole day (24 hours).
De sc rip tio n	Enter a description of the rule, usually to help identify it (its purpose).
ОК	Click OK to save the changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to close the window with changes unsaved.

# 7.10 Channel Status

Use this screen to scan for wire less IAN channel no ises and view the results. Click **Scan** to start, and then view the results in the **Channel Scan Result** section. The value on each channel number indicates the number of Access Points (AP) using that channel. The Auto-channel-selection algorithm does not always directly follow the AP count; other factors about the channels are also considered. Click **Network Setting** > **Wire less** > **Channel Status**. The screen appears as shown. Click **Scan** to scan wire less IAN channels. You can view the results in Channel Status screen.



Figure 87 Network Setting > Wire less > Channel Status

# 7.11 Technical Reference

This section d iscusses wire less LANs in depth.

# 7.11.1 WiFi Network Overview

WiFi ne two rks consist of WiFi clients, a ccess points and bridges.

- A WiFi c lient is a radio connected to a user's computer.
- An access point is a radio with a wired connection to a network, which can connect with numerous WiFi clients and let them access the network.
- A bridge is a radio that relays communications between access points and WiFi clients, extending a network's range.

No mally, a WiFi ne twork operates in an "infrastructure" type of ne twork. An "infrastructure" type of ne twork has one or more access points and one or more WiFi clients. The WiFi clients connect to the access points.

The following figure provides an example of a WiFinetwork.

Figure 88 Example of a WiFi Network



The WiFi network is the part in the blue circle. In this WiFi network, devices **A** and **B** use the access point (**AP**) to interact with the other devices (such as the printer) or with the Internet. Your Zyxel Device is the AP.

Every WiFinetwork must follow these basic guidelines.

• Every device in the same WiFinetwork must use the same SSID.

The SSID is the name of the WiFinetwork. It stands for Service Set ID entifier.

• If two WiFine two rks overlap, they should use a different channel.

Like radio stations or television channels, each WiFinetwork uses a specific channel, or frequency, to send and receive information.

• Every device in the same WiFinetwork must use security compatible with the AP.

Security stops unauthorized devices from using the WiFinetwork. It can also protect the information that is sent in the WiFinetwork.

## Radio Channels

In the radio spectrum, there are certain frequency bands allocated for unlicensed, civilian use. For the purposes of WiFinetworking, these bands are divided into numerous channels. This allows a variety of networks to exist in the same place without interfering with one another. When you create a network, you must select a channel to use.

Since the available unlicensed spectrum varies from one country to another, the number of available channels also varies.

# 7.11.2 Additional Wireless Terms

The following table describes some WiFinetwork terms and a cronyms used in the Zyxel Device's Web Configurator.

TERM	DESC RIPIIO N
RTS/ C TS Thre sho ld	In a WiFi network which covers a large area, WiFi devices are sometimes not aware of each other's presence. This may cause them to send information to the AP at the same time and result in information colliding and not getting through.
	By setting this value lower than the default value, the WiFi devices must sometimes get permission to send information to the Zyxel Device. The lower the value, the more often the devices must get permission.
	If this value is greater than the fragmentation threshold value (see below), then WiFi devices never have to get permission to send information to the Zyxel Device.
Pre a m b le	A preamble affects the timing in your WiFinetwork. There are two preamble modes: long and short. If a device uses a different preamble mode than the Zyxel Device does, it cannot communicate with the Zyxel Device.
Authentic a tion	The process of verifying whether a WiFi device is a llowed to use the WiFi network.
Fragmentation Threshold	A small fragmentation threshold is recommended for busy networks, while a larger threshold provides faster performance if the network is not very busy.

Table 43 Additional WiFiTerms

# 7.11.3 WiFi Security Overview

By the ir nature, radio communications are simple to intercept. For WiFi data networks, this means that anyone within range of a WiFi network without security can not only read the data passing over the airwaves, but also join the network. Once an unauthorized person has access to the network, he or she can steal information or introduce malware (malicious software) intended to compromise the network. For these reasons, a variety of security systems have been developed to ensure that only authorized people can use a WiFi data network, or understand the data carried on it.

These security standards do two things. First, they authenticate. This means that only people presenting the right credentials (often a use mame and password, or a "key" phrase) can access the network. Second, they encrypt. This means that the information sent over the air is encoded. Only people with the code key can understand the information, and only people who have been authenticated are given the code key.

The se security standards vary in effective ness. Some can be broken, such as the old Wired Equivalent Protocol (WEP). Using WEP is better than using no security at all, but it will not keep a determined attackerout. Other security standards are secure in themselves but can be broken if a userdoes not use them properly. For example, the WPA-PSK security standard is very secure if you use a long key which is difficult for an attacker's software to guess - for example, a twenty-letter long string of apparently random numbers and letters - but it is not very secure if you use a short key which is very easy to guess - for example, a three-letter word from the dictionary.

Be cause of the damage that can be done by a malicious attacker, it's not just people who have sensitive information on their network who should use security. Everybody who uses any WiFi network should ensure that effective security is in place.

A good way to come up with effective security keys, passwords and so on is to use obscure information that you personally will easily remember, and to enterit in a way that appears random and does not include real words. For example, if your mother owns a 1970 Dodge Challenger and her favorite movie is

Vanishing Point (which you know was made in 1971) you could use "70dodchal71vanpoi" as your security key.

The following sections introduce different types of WiFi security you can set up in the WiFi network.

#### 7.11.3.1 SSID

Normally, the Zyxel Device acts like a beacon and regularly broadcasts the SSID in the area. You can hide the SSID instead, in which case the Zyxel Device does not broadcast the SSID. In addition, you should change the default SSID to something that is difficult to guess.

This type of security is fairly weak, however, because there are ways for unauthorized WiFidevices to get the SSID. In addition, unauthorized WiFidevices can still see the information that is sent in the WiFi network.

## 7.11.3.2 MAC Address Filter

Every device that can use a WiFinetwork has a unique identification number, called a MAC address.<sup>1</sup> A MAC address is usually written using twelve hexadecimal characters<sup>2</sup>; for example, 00A0C 5000002 or 00:A0:C 5:00:00:02. To get the MAC address for each device in the WiFinetwork, see the device's User's Guide or other documentation.

You can use the MAC address filter to tell the Zyxel Device which devices are allowed or not allowed to use the WiFi network. If a device is allowed to use the WiFi network, it still has to have the correct information (SSID, channel, and security). If a device is not allowed to use the WiFi network, it does not matter if it has the correct information.

This type of security does not protect the information that is sent in the WiFi network. Furthermore, there are ways for unauthorized WiFi devices to get the MAC address of an authorized device. Then, they can use that MAC address to use the WiFi network.

## 7.11.3.3 UserAuthentication

Authentication is the process of verifying whether a WiFi device is allowed to use the WiFi network. You can make every user log in to the WiFi network before using it. However, every device in the WiFi network has to support IEEE 802.1x to do this.

For WiFi ne tworks, you can store the user names and passwords for each user in a RADIUS server. This is a server used in businesses more than in homes. If you do not have a RADIUS server, you cannot set up user names and passwords for your users.

Unauthorized WiFi devices can still see the information that is sent in the WiFi network, even if they cannot use the WiFi network. Furthermore, there are ways for unauthorized WiFi users to get a valid user name and password. Then, they can use that username and password to use the WiFi network.

## 7.11.3.4 Encryption

WiFine two rks can use encryption to protect the information that is sent in the WiFine two rk. Encryption is like a secret code. If you do not know the secret code, you cannot understand the message.

<sup>1.</sup> So me wire less devices, such as scanners, can detect WiFinetworks but cannot use WiFinetworks. These kinds of wire less devices might not have MAC addresses.

<sup>2.</sup> He xade c im a l c hara c ters are 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, A, B, C, D, E, and F.

The types of encryption you can choose depend on the type of authentication. (See Section 7.11.3.3 on page 123 for information about this.)

	NO A UIHENTICATION	RADIUS SERVER
Weakest	No Security	WPA
\$	WPA-PSK	
Strongest	WPA2-PSK	
		WPA2

Table 44 Types of Encryption for Each Type of Authentication

For example, if the WiFinetwork has a RADIUS server, you can choose **WPA** or **WPA2**. If users do not log in to the WiFinetwork, you can choose no encryption, **WPA-PSK**, or **WPA2-PSK**.

Note: It is recommended that WiFinetworks use **WPA-PSK**, **WPA**, or strongerencryption. The other types of encryption are better than none at all, but it is still possible for unauthorized WiFi devices to figure out the original information pretty quickly.

Many types of encryption use a key to protect the information in the WiFinetwork. The longer the key, the stronger the encryption. Every device in the WiFinetwork must have the same key.

# 7.11.4 Signal Problems

Be c a use WiFi ne two rks are radio ne two rks, the ir sig nals are subject to limitations of distance, interference and ab sorption.

Problems with distance occur when the two radios are too far a part. Problems with interference occur when other radio waves interrupt the data signal. Interference may come from other radio transmissions, such as military or air traffic control communications, or from machines that are coincidental emitters such as electric motors or mic rowaves. Problems with absorption occur when physical objects (such as thick walls) are between the two radios, muffling the signal.

# 7.11.5 BSS

A Basic Service Set (BSS) exists when all communications between wireless stations go through one access point (AP).

Intra -BSS traffic is traffic between wire less stations in the BSS. When Intra -BSS traffic blocking is disabled, wire less station A and B can access the wired network and communicate with each other. When Intra-BSS traffic blocking is enabled, wire less station A and B can still access the wired network but cannot communicate with each other.





## 7.11.6 Preamble Type

Preamble is used to signal that data is coming to the receiver. Short and long refer to the length of the sync hronization field in a packet.

Short preamble increases performance as less time sending preamble means more time for sending data. All EEE 802.11 compliant wire less adapters support long preamble, but not all support short preamble.

Use long preamble if you are unsure what preamble mode other WiFi devices on the network support, and to provide more reliable communications in busy WiFi networks.

Use short preamble if you are sure all WiFidevices on the network support it, and to provide more efficient communications.

Use the dynamic setting to automatically use short preamble when all WiFidevices on the network support it, otherwise the Zyxel Device uses long preamble.

Note: The WiFidevices MUST use the same preamble mode in order to communicate.

## 7.11.7 WiFi Protected Setup (WPS)

Yo ur Zyxel Device supports WiFi Protected Setup (WPS), which is an easy way to set up a secure WiFi network. WPS is an industry standard specification, defined by the WiFi Alliance.

WPS a llows you to quickly set up a WiFine twork with strong security, without having to configure security settings manually. Each WPS connection works between two devices. Both devices must support WPS (checkeach device's documentation to make sure).

Depending on the devices you have, you can either press a button (on the device itself, or in its configuration utility) or enter a PIN (a unique Personal Identification Number that allows one device to authenticate the other) in each of the two devices. When WPS is activated on a device, it has two minutes to find another device that also has WPS activated. Then, the two devices connect and set up a secure network by themselves.

## 7.11.7.1 Push Button Configuration

WPS Push Button Configuration (PBC) is initiated by pressing a button on each WPS-enabled device, and allowing them to connect automatically. You do not need to enter any information.

Not every WPS-enabled device has a physical WPS button. Some may have a WPS PBC button in their configuration utilities instead of or in addition to the physical button.

Take the following steps to set up WPS using the button.

- 1 Ensure that the two devices you want to set up are within wireless range of one another.
- 2 Look for a WPS button on each device. If the device does not have one, log into its configuration utility and locate the button (see the device's User's Guide for how to do this - for the Zyxel Device, see Section 7.6 on page 112).
- 3 Press the button on one of the devices (it doesn't matter which). For the Zyxel Device you must press the WiFi button for more than five seconds.
- 4 Within two minutes, press the button on the other device. The registrar sends the network name (SSID) and security key through a secure connection to the enrollee.

If you need to make sure that WPS worked, check the list of a ssociated WiFi clients in the AP's configuration utility. If you see the WiFi client in the list, WPS was successful.

## 7.11.7.2 PIN Configuration

Each WPS-enabled device has its own PIN (Personal Identification Number). This may either be static (it cannot be changed) or dynamic (in some devices you can generate a new PIN by clicking on a button in the configuration interface).

Use the PIN method instead of the push-button configuration (PBC) method if you want to ensure that the connection is established between the devices you specify, not just the first two devices to activate WPS in range of each other. However, you need to log into the configuration interfaces of both devices to use the PIN method.

When you use the PIN method, you must enter the PIN from one device (usually the WiFi client) into the second device (usually the Access Point or wireless router). Then, when WPS is activated on the first device, it presents its PIN to the second device. If the PIN matches, one device sends the network and security information to the other, allowing it to join the network.

Take the following steps to set up a WPS connection between an access point or wire less router (referred to here as the AP) and a client device using the PIN method.

- 1 Ensure WPS is enabled on both devices.
- 2 Access the WPS section of the AP's configuration interface. See the device's User's Guide on how to do this.
- 3 Look for the client's WPS PIN; it will be displayed either on the device, or in the WPS section of the client's configuration interface (see the device's User's Guide on how to find the WPS PIN for the Zyxel Device, see Section 7.6 on page 112).
- 4 Enter the client's PIN in the AP's configuration interface.
- 5 If the client device's configuration interface has an area for entering another device's PIN, you can either enter the client's PIN in the AP, or enter the AP's PIN in the client it does not matter which.
- 6 Start WPS on both devices within two minutes.
- 7 Use the configuration utility to activate WPS, not the push-button on the device itself.
- 8 On a computer connected to the WiFiclient, try to connect to the Internet. If you can connect, WPS was successful.

If you cannot connect, check the list of a ssociated WiFi clients in the AP's configuration utility. If you see the WiFi client in the list, WPS was successful.

The following figure shows a WPS-enabled WiFiclient (installed in a notebook computer) connecting to the WPS-enabled AP via the PIN method.



Figure 90 Example WPS Process: PIN Method

## 7.11.7.3 How WPS Works

When two WPS-enabled devices connect, each device must assume a specific role. One device acts as the registrar (the device that supplies network and security settings) and the other device acts as the enrollee (the device that receives network and security settings. The registrar creates a secure EAP (Extensible Authentic ation Protocol) tunnel and sends the network name (SSID) and the WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK pre-shared key to the enrollee. Whether WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK is used depends on the standards supported by the devices. If the registrar is already part of a network, it sends the existing information. If not, it generates the SSID and WPA(2)-PSK randomly.

The following figure shows a WPS-enabled client (installed in a notebook computer) connecting to a WPS-enabled access point.



The roles of registrar and enrollee last only as long as the WPS setup process is active (two minutes). The next time you use WPS, a different device can be the registrar if necessary.

The WPS connection process is like a hand shake; only two devices participate in each WPS transaction. If you want to add more devices you should repeat the process with one of the existing networked devices and the new device.

Note that the access point (AP) is not always the registrar, and the WiFi client is not always the enrollee. All WPS-certified APs can be a registrar, and so can some WPS-enabled WiFi clients.

By default, a WPS device is 'unconfigured'. This means that it is not part of an existing network and can act as eitherenno lee or registrar (if it supports both functions). If the registrar is unconfigured, the security settings it transmits to the enno lee are randomly-generated. Once a WPS-enabled device has connected to another device using WPS, it becomes 'configured'. A configured WiFi client can still act as enro lee or registrar in subsequent WPS connections, but a configured access point can no longeract as enro lee. It will be the registrar in all subsequent WPS connections in which it is involved. If you want a configured AP to act as an enro lee, you must reset it to its factory defaults.

## 7.11.7.4 Example WPS Network Setup

This section shows how security settings are distributed in a sample WPS setup.

The following figure shows a sample network. In step 1, both AP1 and Client 1 are unconfigured. When WPS is activated on both, they perform the hand shake. In this example, AP1 is the registrar, and Client 1

is the enrollee. The registrar randomly generates the security information to set up the network, since it is unconfigured and has no existing information.



In step 2, you add another WiFic lient to the network. You know that **Client 1** supports registrar mode, but it is better to use **AP1** for the WPS hand shake with the new client since you must connect to the access point anyway in order to use the network. In this case, **AP1** must be the registrar, since it is configured (it a heady has security information for the network). **AP1** supplies the existing security information to **Client** 2.





# CLIENT 2

In step 3, you add anotheraccess point (AP2) to yourne twork. AP2 is out of range of AP1, so you cannot use AP1 for the WPS handshake with the new access point. However, you know that Client 2 supports the registrar function, so you use it to perform the WPS handshake instead.



#### 7.11.7.5 Limitations of WPS

WPS has some limitations of which you should be aware.

• When you use WPS, it works between two devices only. You cannot enroll multiple devices simultaneously, you must enroll one after the other.

For instance, if you have two enrollees and one registraryou must set up the first enrollee (by pressing the WPS button on the registrar and the first enrollee, for example), then check that it was successfully enrolled, then set up the second device in the same way.

• WPS works only with other WPS-enabled devices. However, you can still add non-WPS devices to a network you already set up using WPS.

WPS works by a uto matic ally issuing a randomly-generated WPA-PSKor WPA2-PSK pre-shared key from the registrar device to the enrollee devices. Whether the network uses WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK depends on the device. You can check the configuration interface of the registrar device to discover the key the network is using (if the device supports this feature). Then, you can enter the key into the non-WPS device and join the network as normal (the non-WPS device must also support WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK).

• When you use the PBC method, there is a short period (from the moment you press the button on one device to the moment you press the button on the other device) when any WPS-enabled device could join the network. This is because the registrar has no way of identifying the 'correct' enrollee, and cannot differentiate between your enrollee and a rogue device. This is a possible way for a hacker to gain access to a network.

You can easily check to see if this has happened. WPS only works simultaneously be tween two devices, so if another device has enrolled your device will be unable to enroll, and will not have access to the network. If this happens, open the access point's configuration interface and look at the list of associated clients (usually displayed by MAC address). It does not matter if the access point is the WPS registrar, the enrollee, or was not involved in the WPS hand shake; a rogue device must still associate with the access point to gain access to the network. Check the MAC addresses of your WiFi clients (usually printed on a label on the bottom of the device). If there is an unknown MAC address you can remove it or reset the AP.

# C HAPTER 8 Home Networking

# 8.1 Overview

A Local Area Network (IAN) is a shared communication system to which many computers are attached. A IAN is usually located in one immediate area such as a building or floor of a building.

The IAN screens can help you configure a IAN DHCP server and manage IP addresses.



# 8.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- Use the IAN Setup screen to set the IAN IP address, subnet mask, and DHCP settings (Section 8.2 on page 134).
- Use the Static DHCP screen to assign IP addresses on the IAN to specific individual computers based on their MAC addresses (Section 8.3 on page 138).
- Use the UPnP screen to enable UPnP (Section 8.4 on page 140).

# 8.1.2 What You Need To Know

The following terms and concepts may help as you read this chapter.

# 8.1.2.1 About IAN

## **IP**Address

Similar to the way houses on a street share a common street name, so too do computers on a IAN share one common network number. This is known as an Internet Protocol address.

#### Subnet Mask

The subnet mask specifies the network number portion of an IP address. Your Zyxel Device will compute the subnet mask automatically based on the IP address that you entered. You do not need to change the subnet mask computed by the Zyxel Device unless you are instructed to do otherwise.

## DHC P

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) allows clients to obtain TCP/IP configuration at start-up from a server. This Zyxel Device has a built-in DHCP server capability that assigns IP addresses and DNS servers to systems that support DHCP client capability.

#### DNS

DNS (Domain Name System) maps a domain name to its corresponding IP address and vice versa. The DNS server is extremely important because without it, you must know the IP address of a computer before you can access it. The DNS server address syou enter when you set up DHCP are passed to the client machines along with the assigned IP address and subnet mask.

## 8.1.2.2 About UPnP

## How do I know if I'm using UPnP?

UPnP hardware is identified as an icon in the Network Connections folder (Windows 7). Each UPnP compatible device installed on yournetwork will appear as a separate icon. Selecting the icon of a UPnP device will allow you to access the information and properties of that device.

## Cautions with UPnP

The automated nature of NAT traversal applications in establishing their own services and opening fire wall ports may present network security issues. Network information and configuration may also be obtained and modified by users in some network environments.

When a UPnP device joins a network, it announces its presence with a multicast message. For security reasons, the Zyxel Device a llows multicast messages on the IAN only.

All UPnP-enabled devices may communicate freely with each other without additional configuration. Disable UPnP if this is not your intention.

## UPnP and Zyxel

Zyxel has a chieved UPnP certification from the Universal Plug and Play Forum UPnP<sup>™</sup> Implementers Cop. (UIC). Zyxel's UPnP implementation supports Internet Gateway Device (IGD) 1.0.

See Section 8.6 on page 142 for examples on installing and using UPnP.

# 8.2 IAN Setup

A LAN IP address is the IP address of a networking device in the LAN. You can use the Zyxel Device's LAN IP address to access its Web Configurator from the LAN. The DHCP server settings define the rules on assigning IP addresses to LAN clients on yournetwork.

Use this screen to set the Local Area Network IP address and subnet mask of your Zyxel Device. Configure DHCP settings to have the Zyxel Device or a DHCP server assign IP addresses to devices. Click Network Setting > Home Networking to open the IAN Setup screen.

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Figure 95 Network Setting > Home Networking > LAN Setup

The following table describes the fields in this screen.

Table 45 Netw	vork Setting	>	Home	Ne two	rking	>	LAN Se tu	ιp
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IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Interface Group	
Group Name	This displays the name of the group that your Zyxel Device belongs to.
LAN IP Se tup	
IP Address	Enter the LAN IP address you want to assign to your Zyxel Device in dotted decimal notation, for example, 192.168.1.1 (factory default).
Subnet Mask	Type the subnet mask of your network in dotted decimal notation, for example 255.255.255.0 (factory default). Your Zyxel Device automatically computes the subnet mask based on the IP address you enter, so do not change this field unless you are instructed to do so.
DHC P Server State	
DHC P	Se le c t <b>Enable</b> to have your Zyxel Device assign IP addresses, an IP default gate way and DNS servers to IAN computers and other devices that are DHCP clients.
	If you select <b>Disable</b> , you need to manually configure the IP addresses of the computers and other devices on your IAN.
	If you select <b>DHCP Relay</b> , the Zyxel Device acts as a sumogate DHCP server and relays DHCP requests and responses between the remote server and the clients.
	When DHCP is used, the following fields need to be set:
IP Addressing Values	
Beginning IP Address	This field specifies the first of the contiguous addresses in the IP address pool.
Ending IP Address	This field specifies the last of the contiguous addresses in the IP address pool.
Auto reserve IP for the same host	Enable this if you want to reserve the IP address for the same host.
DHCPServerLeaseTh	me
Days/Hours/Minutes	DHCP server leases an address to a new device for a period of time, called the DHCP lease time. When the lease expires, the DHCP server might assign the IP address to a different device.
DNS Va lue s	
DNS	The Zyxel Device supports DNS proxy by default. The Zyxel Device sends out its own IAN IP address to the DHCP clients as the first DNS server address. DHCP clients use this first DNS server to send domain-name queries to the Zyxel Device. The Zyxel Device sends a response directly if it has a record of the domain-name to IP address mapping. If it does not, the Zyxel Device queries an outside DNS server and relays the response to the DHCP client.
	Se lect <b>From ISP</b> if your ISP dynamic ally assigns DNS server information (and the Zyxel Device's WAN IP address).
	Select <b>Static</b> if you have the IP address of a DNS server. Enter the DNS server's IP address in the field to the right.
	Select <b>DNS Proxy</b> to have the DHCP clients use the Zyxel Device's own LAN IP address. The Zyxel Device works as a DNS relay.
IAN IPv6 Mode Setup	
IPv6 Ac tive	Use this field to Enable or Disable IPv6 activation on the Zyxel Device.
	When IPv6 activation is used, the following fields need to be set:

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Link Local Address Туре	A link-local address uniquely identifies a device on the local network (the IAN). It is similar to a "private IP address" in IPv6. You can have the same link-local address on multiple interfaces on a device. A link-local unic ast address has a predefined prefix of fe80::/10. The link-local unic ast address format is as follows. Select <b>EUI64</b> to allow the Zyxel Device to generate an interface ID for the IAN interface's link-local address using the EUI-64 format. Otherwise, enter an interface ID for the IAN interface's link-local address if you select <b>Manual</b> .
	Link-local Unicast Address Format
	1111 1110 10 0 Interface ID
	10 bits 54 bits 64 bits
IAN Global Id entifier Type	Select <b>EUI64</b> to have the Zyxel Device generate an interface ID using the EUI-64 format for its global address. Select <b>Manual</b> to manually enter an interface ID for the IAN interface's global IPv6 address.
IAN IPv6 Pre fix Se tup	Select <b>Delegate prefix from WAN</b> to automatically obtain an IPv6 network prefix from the service provideroran uplink router. Select <b>Static</b> to configure a fixed IPv6 address for the Zyxel Device's IAN IPv6 address.
IAN IPv6 Address Assign Setup	Se le c t how you want to obtain an IPv6 address: State less: The Zyxel Device uses IPv6 state less autoconfiguration. RADVD (Router Advertise ment Daemon) is enabled to have the Zyxel Device send IPv6 prefix information in router advertise ments periodically and in response to router solic itations. DHC Pv6 server is disabled. State ful: The Zyxel Device uses IPv6 state ful autoconfiguration. The DHC Pv6 server is enabled to have the Zyxel Device act as a DHC Pv6 server and pass IPv6 addresses to DHC Pv6 c lients.
IAN IPv6 DNS Assig n Se tup	Select how the Zyxel Device provide DNS server and domain name information to the clients: From Router Advertisement: The Zyxel Device provides DNS information through router advertisements.
	From RA & DHCPv6 Server. The Zyxel Device provides DNS information through both router advertisements and DHCPv6.
DHC Pv6 C o nfig ura tio n	<b>DHC Pv6 Ac tive</b> shows the status of the DHC Pv6. <b>DHC Pv6 Server</b> displays if you configured the Zyxel Device to actas a DHC Pv6 server which assigns IPv6 addresses and/or DNS information to clients.
IPv6 Router Advertisement State	RADVD Ac tive shows whether RADVD is enabled or not.
$\mathbb{P}v6$ DNS Va lue s	
₽v6 DNS Server 1~3	Specify the IP addresses up to three DNS servers for the DHCP clients to use. Use one of the following ways to specify these IP addresses.
	User Defined - Select this if you have the IPv6 address of a DNS server. Enter the DNS server IPv6 addresses the Zyxel Device passes to the DHCP clients.
	From ISP - Se le c t this if your ISP dynamic ally assigns IPv6 DNS server information.
	<b>Proxy</b> - Select this if the DHCP clients use the IP address of this interface and the Zyxel Device works as a DNS relay.
	O the rwise, se le c t None if you do not want to configure IPv6 DNS servers.

Table 45 Network Setting > Home Networking > LAN Setup (continued)

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
DNS Que ry Scenario	Select how the Zyxel Device handles clients' DNS information requests.
	IPv4/IPv6 DNS Server. The Zyxel Device forwards the requests to both the IPv4 and IPv6 DNS servers and sends clients the first DNS information it receives.
	IPv6 DNS Server Only: The Zyxel Device forwards the requests to the IPv6 DNS server and sends clients the DNS information it receives.
	<b>IPv4 DNS Server Only</b> : The Zyxel Device forwards the requests to the IPv4 DNS server and sends clients the DNS information it receives.
	<b>IPv6 DNS Server First</b> : The Zyxel Device forwards the requests to the IPv6 DNS server first and then the IPv4 DNS server. Then it sends clients the first DNS information it receives.
	<b>IPv4 DNS Server First</b> : The Zyxel Device forwards the requests to the IPv4 DNS server first and then the IPv6 DNS server. Then it sends clients the first DNS information it receives.
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save yourchanges.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to restore your previously saved settings.

Table 45 Network Setting > Home Networking > IAN Setup (continued)

# 8.3 Static DHCP

When any of the LAN c lients in your network want an assigned fixed IP address, add a static lease for each LAN c lient. Knowing the LAN c lient's MAC addresses is necessary. This table allows you to assign IP addresses on the LAN to individual computers based on their MAC addresses.

Every Ethe met device has a unique MAC (Media Access Control) address. The MAC address is assigned at the factory and consists of six pairs of hexadecimal characters, for example, 00:A0:C5:00:00:02.

# 8.3.1 Before You Begin

Find out the MAC addresses of your network devices if you intend to add them to the Static DHCP screen.

Use this screen to change your Zyxel Device's static DHCP settings. Click **Network Setting > Home Networking > Static DHCP** to open the following screen.

Figure 96 Network Setting > Home Networking > Static DHCP

When an The LAN MAC od	y of the LAN clients in dien l'x MAC oddresse drosses.	your network want an assgned twed IP ( sis necessory, Assign IP addresses on the	address, odd a state labse for a I AN to specific individual com	ach LAN cliant. Knowing puterchicked on their
				Static DECP Configuration
*	Status	MAC Address	IP Address	Modify

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Static DHCP Configuration	Click this to configure a static DHCP entry.
#	This is the index number of the entry.
Status	Ac tive
MAC Address	The MAC (Media Access Control) or Ethe met address on a IAN (Local Area Network) is unique to your computer (six pairs of hexadecimal notation). A network interface card such as an Ethe met adapter has a hard wired address that is
	assigned at the factory. This address follows an industry standard that ensures no other adapter has a similar address.
IP Address	This field displays the IP address relative to the # field listed above.
Mod ify	Click the Editic on to configure the connection.
	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to remove the connection.

Table 46 Network Setting > Home Networking > Static DHCP

If you click Static DHCP Configuration in the Static DHCP screen, the following screen displays.

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AND INCOME.		
(7.4.com)		

Figure 97 Static DHCP: Static DHCPConfiguration

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Ac tive	Select Enable to activate static DHCP in your Zyxel Device.
Group Name	This displays the Group Name, usually Default.
IP Туре	The <b>IP Type</b> is normally <b>IPv4</b> (non-configurable).
Select Device Info	Select between <b>Manual Input</b> which allows you to enter the next two fields ( <b>MAC Address</b> and <b>IP Address</b> ); or selecting an existing device would show its MAC address and IP address.
MAC Address	Enter the MAC address of a computer on your IAN if you select <b>Manual Input</b> in the previous field.
IP Ad d re ss	Enter the IP address that you want to assign to the computer on your IAN with the MAC address that you will also specify if you select <b>Manual Input</b> in the previous field.
ОК	Click OK to save your changes.
Cancel	Click Cancel to exit this screen without saving.

Table 47 Static DHCP: Configuration

LTE Se rie s Use r' s G uid e

# 8.4 UPnP

Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) is an open networking standard that uses TCP/IP for simple peer-to-peer network connectivity between networking devices or software applications which have UPnP enabled. A UPnP device can dynamically join a network, obtain an IP address, advertise its services, and learn about other devices on the network. A device can also leave a network automatically when it is no longer in use.

See Section 8.6 on page 142 for more information on UPnP.

Use the following screen to configure the UPnP settings on your Zyxel Device. Click **Network Setting >** Home Networking > UPnP to display the screen shown next.

Figure 98 Network Setting > Home Networking > UPnP

cont cont oetw	isal Rug and Rey JUP ectivity between riets and obtain on P adds an emostity and out	n?) is a distributed, open networkin, working devices and software that a stat, convey it capabilities and lear stratically when it is no longer in use	g standard that uses 10) no hove UPSP enabled n obout other devices o L	P/P for single peer to A UPSP device con d in the network. A device	peer network lynamically join a ce can leave a
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BRAP 30	41-1 only works when t	(Af is enable			
•	Description	Destination P Address	Esternal Part	Internal Part	Profocal
		Cancel	Apply		

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
UPnP State	
UPnP	Select <b>Enable</b> to activate UPnP. Be aware that anyone could use a UPnP application to open the Web Configurator's log in screen without entering the Zyxel Device's IP address (although you must still enter the password to access the Web Configurator).
UPnP NAT-TSta te	
UPnP NATT	Select <b>Enable</b> to activate UPnP with NATenabled. UPnP NATtraversal automates the process of allowing an application to operate through NAT. UPnP network devices can automatically configure network addressing, announce their presence in the network to other UPnP devices and enable exchange of simple product and service descriptions.
#	This field displays the index number of the entry.
De sc rip tio n	This field displays the description of the UPnP NATTconnection.
De stina tio n IP Ad d re ss	This field displays the IP address of the other connected UPnP-enabled device.
Exte mal Port	This field displays the external port number that identifies the service.

Table 48 Network Settings > Home Networking > UPnP

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Internal Port	This field displays the internal port number that identifies the service.
Pro to c o l	This field displays the protocolof the NAT mapping rule. Choices are TCP or UDP.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes.
Cancel	Click Cancel to restore your previously saved settings.

Table 48 Network Settings > Home Networking > UPnP

# 8.5 Technical Reference

This section provides some technical background information about the topics covered in this chapter.

## LANs, WANs and the Zyxel Device

The actual physical connection determines whether the Zyxel Device ports are LAN or WAN ports. There are two separate IP networks, one inside the LAN network and the other outside the WAN network as shown next.



#### Private IP Addresses

Every machine on the Internet must have a unique address. If your networks are isolated from the Internet, for example, only between your two branch offices, you can assign any IP addresses to the hosts without problems. However, the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) has reserved the following three blocks of IP addresses specifically for private networks:

- 10.0.0.0 10.255.255.255
- 172.16.0.0 172.31.255.255
- $\bullet \ 192.168.0.0 192.168.255.255$

You can obtain your IP address from the IANA, from an ISP or it can be assigned from a private network. If you belong to a small organization and your Internet access is through an ISP, the ISP can provide you with the Internet addresses for your local networks. On the other hand, if you are part of a much larger organization, you should consult your network administrator for the appropriate IP addresses.

Note: Regardless of your particular situation, do not create an arbitrary IP address; always follow the guidelines above. For more information on address assignment, please refer to RFC 1597, "Address Allocation for Private Internets" and RFC 1466, "Guidelines for Management of IP Address Space."

# 8.6 Tum on UPnP in Windows 7 Example

This section shows you how to use the UPnP feature in Windows 7. UPnP server is installed in Windows 7. Activate UPnP on the Zyxel Device by clicking Network Setting > Home Networking > UPnP.

Make sure the computer is connected to the IAN port of the Zyxel Device. Tum on your computer and the Zyxel Device.

1 Click the start icon, Control Panel and then the Network and Sharing Center.

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	0 W 8			~	

2 Click Change Advanced Sharing Settings.



3 Select Tum on network discovery and click Save Changes. Network discovery allows your computer to find other computers and devices on the network and other computers on the network to find your computer. This makes it easier to share files and printers.

Windows creates a separate network profile for each network you use. You ca aach profile.	in choose specific options for
Home or Work	۲
Tuble	
Borrowin (current profile)	
Network.discovery	
visible to other network computers. What is network discovery?	
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# 8.6.1 Auto-discover Your UPnP-enabled Network Device

Before you follow these steps, make sure you already have UPnP activated on the Zyxel Device and in your computer.

Make sure your computer is connected to the LAN port of the Zyxel Device.

- 1 Open Windows Explorer and click Network.
- 2 Right-click the Zyxel Device icon and select Properties.



Figure 100 Network Connections

LTE Se rie s Use r's G uid e

- 3 In the Internet Connection Properties window, click Settings to see port mappings.
  - Figure 101 Internet Connection Properties

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Correct to the Internet using:	
a Internet Connection	
The corrector alove you to correct to the branet to an another computer.	rough a shared connection
	Settings
OL	- Cancel Profe

4 You may editor delete the port mappings or c lick Add to manually add port mappings.

Figure 102 Internet Connection Properties: Advanced Settings

Advanced Settings	10.20
Services	
Select the services running on your network that econes.	Driemet Jamo cari
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geboor -	
NO 1.0	Trease a
OK	Sece
Figure 103 Internet Connection Properties: Advanced Settings: Add



Note: When the UPnP-enabled device is disconnected from your computer, all port mappings will be deleted automatically.

5 Click OK. Check the network icon on the system tray to see your Internet connection status.



6 To see more details about your current Internet connection status, right click the network icon in the system tray and click Open Network and Sharing Center. Click Local Area Network.

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## 8.7 Tum on UPnP in Windows 10 Example

This section shows you how to use the UPnP feature in Windows 10. UPnP server is installed in Windows 10. Activate UPnP on the Zyxel Device by clicking **Network Setting > Home Networking > UPnP**.

Make sure the computer is connected to the IAN port of the Zyxel Device. Tum on your computer and the Zyxel Device.

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1 Click the start icon, Settings and then Network & Internet.

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Control Panel Home Change adapter settings	View your basic network information and s View your active networks	et up connections			
Change advanced sharing settings	Network 2 Private network	Access type Internet Connections: Utternet 2			
	Change your networking settings				
	Set up a new connection or network Set up a broadband, dial-up, or VPN connection	er; or set up a router or access point.			
	Troubleshoot problems Diagnose and repair network problems, or get	troublehoeting information.			
See also					
Internet Options					
Windows Defender Firewall					

4 Under Domain, select Tum on network discovery and click Save Changes. Network discovery allows your computer to find other computers and devices on the network and other computers on the network to find your computer. This makes it easier to share files and printers.

=4 Advanced sharing settings			-	- X -
4 · · · · · · · · · Control Famil · All	Control Pariel fairs -> Herverit and Sharing Conter -> Advanced sharing settings	= 0	Sect Cristin Fared	: <b>p</b> )
	Change sharing options for different network profiles Produce create a separate released profile for each network process. The can choose specific options for each profile.			
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	When the and pointer chains is an, the and pointers that plu fewe charel from this computer can be accessed by proph on the extense. Turk on the and proving chains,			
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## 8.7.1 Auto-discover Your UPnP-enabled Network Device

Before you follow these steps, make sure you already have UPnP activated on the Zyxel Device and in your computer.

Make sure your computer is connected to the IAN port of the Zyxel Device.

- 1 Open File Explorer and click Network.
- 2 Right-click the Zyxel Device icon and select Properties.
  - Figure 106 Network Connections

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Ge sharing it turned off. Some network computer	r and decion might not be visible. Click to change
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3 In the Internet Connection Properties window, click Settings to see port mappings.

Figure 107 Internet Connection Properties

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4 LTE7340-MARS Properties	×
General Network Device	
Convert to the Internet using:	
a Ditemet Connectan	
This connection allows you in connect to the Internet through a shared connects on anyther compute:	1

4 You may edit or delete the port mappings or c lick Add to manually add port mappings.

Figure 108 Internet Connection Properties: Advanced Settings

Advanced Settings			×
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		OK	Cancel

Figure 109 Internet Connection Properties: Advanced Settings: Add

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Edonal Potmanber for the .	enice. Si Ita	ow	P
	OK	De	cal .

Note: When the UPnP-enabled device is disconnected from your computer, all port mappings will be deleted automatic ally.

5 Click OK. Check the network icon on the system tray to see your Internet connection status.



6 To see more details about your current Internet connection status, right click the network icon in the system tray and click **Open Network & Internet settings**. Click **Network and Sharing Center** and click the **Connections**.

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#### Figure 111 Internet Connection Status

# 8.8 Web Configurator Easy Access in Windows 7

With UPnP, you can access the Web-based Configurator on the Zyxel Device without needing to find out the IP address of the Zyxel Device first. This comes help fulif you do not know the IP address of the Zyxel Device.

Follow the steps below to access the Web Configurator.

- 1 Open Windows Explorer.
- 2 Click Network.

rganize - Network and Sharing Center	Add a greater Add a wireless device
	Computer (1)     WPC2182778-81     Network Infrastructure (1)     THE TABLE MARKS
오 ten 모 cse,	

- 3 An icon with the description for each UPnP-enabled device displays under Network Infrastructure.
- 4 Right-click the icon for your Zyxel Device and select View device webpage. The Web Configurator login screen displays.

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Figure 113 Network Connections: My Network Places

5 Right-click the icon for your Zyxel Device and select **Properties**. Click the **Network Device** tab. A window displays with information about the Zyxel Device.

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anal Network Devic	a:	
LTE7240-64	423	
Device Details		
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Model Humbert	LTE7240-MHDI	
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MAL address	10	
unique deroffer:	4.8	
P address	28	

Figure 114 Network Connections: My Network Places: Properties: Example

# 8.9 Web Configurator Easy Access in Windows 10

Follow the steps below to access the Web Configurator.

- 1 Open File Explorer.
- 2 Clic k Network.

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A Quick access	<ul> <li>Network Infrastructure (1)</li> </ul>
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- National	

Figure 115 Network Connections

- 3 An icon with the description for each UPnP-enabled device displays under Network Infrastructure.
- 4 Right-click the icon for your Zyxel Device and select View device webpage. The Web Configurator login screen displays.

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Figure 116 Network Connections: Network Infrastructure

5 Right-click the icon for your Zyxel Device and select **Properties**. Click the **Network Device** tab. A window displays information about the Zyxel Device.

|--|

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7 address)	192. year h 1

# C HAPTER 9 Routing

## 9.1 Overview

The Zyxel Device usually uses the default gate way to mute outbound traffic from computers on the IAN to the Internet. To have the Zyxel Device send data to devices not reachable through the default gate way, use static mutes.

For example, the next figure shows a computer (A) connected to the Zyxel Device's IAN interface. The Zyxel Device mutes most traffic from A to the Internet through the Zyxel Device's default gateway (R1). You create one static mute to connect to services offered by your ISP behind muter R2. You create another static mute to communicate with a separate network behind a muter R3 connected to the IAN.

Figure 118 Example of Static Routing Topology

## 9.2 Configure Static Route

Use this screen to view and configure static route rules on the Zyxel Device. A static route is used to save time and bandwidth usage when IAN devices within an Intranet are transferring files or packets, especially when there are more than two Intermet connections in your home or office network. Click **Network Setting > Routing** to open the **Static Route** screen.





The following table describes the labels in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Add New Static Route	Click this to set up a new static route on the Zyxel Device.
#	This is the number of an individual static route.
Sta tus	This field indicates whether the rule is active (yellow bulb) or not (gray bulb).
Name	This is the name of the static route.
De stina tio n IP	This parameter specifies the IP network address of the final destination. Routing is always based on network number.
Subnet Mask/ Prefix Length	This parameter specifies the IP network subnet mask of the final destination.
Gateway	This is the IP address of the gate way. The gate way is a routeror switch on the same network segment as the Zyxel Device's LAN or WAN port. The gate way helps forward packets to their destinations.
Inte rfa c e	This is the WAN interface through which the traffic is routed.
Mod ify	$C \ \hbox{lic} \ k \ \hbox{the} \ \textbf{Edit} \ \hbox{ic} \ on \ \hbox{to} \ g \ o \ \hbox{to} \ \hbox{the} \ sc \ \textbf{reen} \ where \ you \ can \ set \ up \ a \ static \ nute \ on \ \hbox{the} \ Zyxel \ Device \ .$
	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to remove a static route from the Zyxel Device.

Table 49 Network Setting > Routing > Static Route

## 9.2.1 Add/Edit Static Route

Click Add New Static Route in the Static Route screen, the following screen appears. Configure the required information for a static route.

Note: The Gateway IP Address must be within the range of the selected interface in Use Interface.

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 $\label{eq:Figure 120} Figure \ 120 \quad \mbox{Ne two rk Setting > Routing > Static Route > Add \ \mbox{Ne w Static Route}$ 

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Ac tive	Select Enable to activate your static route.
Route Name	Assign a name for your static route (up to 15 characters). Special characters are allowed except the following: double quote (") back quote (`) apostrophe or single quote (') less than (<) greater than (>) caretor circumflex accent (^) dollar sign (\$) vertical bar( ) ampersand (&) semicolon (;)
№ Туре	Select between <b>IPv4</b> or <b>IPv6</b> . Compared to <b>IPv4</b> , <b>IPv6</b> (Internet Protocolversion 6), is designed to enhance IP address size and features. The increase in <b>IPv6</b> address size to 128 bits (from the 32- bit <b>IPv4</b> address) allows up to 3.4 x 1038 IP addresses. The Zyxel Device can use <b>IPv4</b> / <b>IPv6</b> dual stack to connect to <b>IPv4</b> and <b>IPv6</b> networks, and supports <b>IPv6</b> rapid deployment (6RD).
De stina tio n IP Ad d re ss	This parameter specifies the IP network address of the final destination. Routing is always based on network number. If you need to specify a route to a single host, use a subnet mask of 255.255.255.255 in the subnet mask field to force the network number to be identical to the host ID.
IP Subnet Mask	Enter the IP subnet mask here.
Use Gateway IP Address	Select Enable to enable forwarding packets to a gateway IP addressor a bound interface.
Gateway IP	You can decide if you want to forward packets to a gate way IP address or a bound interface.
Address	If you want to configure <b>Gateway IPAddress</b> , enter the IP address of the next-hop gateway. The gateway is a router or switch on the same network segment as the Zyxel Device's IAN or WAN port. The gateway helps forward packets to their destinations.
Use Interface	You can decide if you want to forward packets to a gate way IP address ( <b>Default</b> ) or a bound interface ( <b>Cellular WAN</b> ).
	If you want to configure bound interface, choose an interface through which the traffic is sent. You must have the WAN interfaces already configured in the <b>Broadband</b> screen.
ОК	Click this to save your changes.
Cancel	Click this to exit this screen without saving.

Ta b le 50 Ne two rk Se tting > Routing > Sta tic Route > Ad d Ne w Sta tic Route

LTE Se rie s Use r' s G uid e

# 9.3 DNS Route

Use this screen to view and configure DNS routes on the Zyxel Device. A DNS route entry defines a policy for the Zyxel Device to forward a particular DNS query to a specific WAN interface. Click **Network Setting** > Routing > DNS Route to open the DNS Route screen.

Figure 121 Network Setting > Routing > DNS Route

				+	COLORN STOR
e.	Stotus	Domain Name	WAN Infeduce	Subnet Mask	Modity

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Add New DNS Route	Click this to create a new entry.
#	This is the number of an individual DNS route.
Sta tus	This field indicates whether the rule is active (yellow bulb) or not (gray bulb).
Domain Name	This is the domain name to which the DNS route applies.
WAN Interface	This is the WAN interface through which the matched DNS request is routed.
Sub ne t Ma sk	This parameter specifies the IP network subnet mask.
Modify	Click the Editic on to configure a DNS route on the Zyxel Device.
	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to remove a DNS route from the Zyxel Device.

Table 51 Network Setting > Routing > DNS Route

## 9.3.1 Add/Edit DNS Route

Click Add New DNS Route in the DNS Route screen, use this screen to configure the required information for a DNS route.

	Add New DNS Route
dia	
rich Hörm	
atriet Alasti	the second second
AVC HINK HIS CON	Celuter WAH

Figure 122 Network Setting > Routing > DNS Route > Add New DNS Route

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table	52	Ne two rk Setting :	> Routing	> DNS Route	> Add New	DNS Route
anc	04	THE UN O IN DE UMING	· IW utilig		~ 11u u 110 W	DINDINUU

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Ac tive	En a b le DNS route in your Zyxel Device.
Domain Name	Enter the domain name you want to resolve.
	You can use the wild card character, an "*" (asterisk) as the left most part of a domain name, such as *.example.com. The Zyxel Device forwards DNS queries for any domain name ending in example.com to the WAN interface specified in this route.
Subnet Mask	Type the subnet mask of the network for which to use the DNS route in dotted decimal notation, for example 255.255.255.255.
WAN Interface	Select a WAN interface through which the matched DNS query is sent. You must have the WAN interface(s) a heady configured in the <b>Broadband</b> screen.
ОК	C lick this to save your changes.
Cancel	C lick this to exit this screen without saving.

## 9.4 Policy Route

By default, the Zyxel Device routes packets based on the shortest path to the destination address. Policy routes allow you to override the default behavior and route packets based on other criteria, such as the source address. For example, you can use policy-based routing to direct traffic from specific users through specific connections or distribute traffic across multiple paths for load sharing. Policy-based routing is applied to outgoing packets before the default routing rules are applied.

The Policy Route screen let you view and configure routing policies on the Zyxel Device. Click Network Setting > Routing > Policy Route to open the following screen.

<b>Fig ure</b>	123	Ne two rk	Setting	> Ro ut	ing >	Po lic y	Ro ute
<b>.</b>			····				



LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Add New Policy Route	Click this to create a new policy forwarding rule.
#	This is the index number of the entry.
Sta tus	This field displays whether the DNS route is active or not. A yellow bulb signifies that this DNS route is active. A gray bulb signifies that this DNS route is not active.
Name	This is the name of the rule.
Source IP	This is the source IP address.
Source Subnet Mask	This is the source subnet mask address.
Pro to c o l	This is the transport layer protocol.
Source Port	This is the source port number.
Source MAC	This is the source MAC address.
So urc e Inte rfa c e	This is the interface from which the matched traffic is sent.
WAN Interface	This is the WAN interface through which the traffic is routed.
Modify	Click the Editic on to edit this policy.
	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to remove a policy from the Zyxel Device. A window displays asking you to confirm that you want to delete the policy.

Table 53 Network Setting > Routing > Policy Route

## 9.4.1 Add/Edit Policy Route

Click Add New Policy Route in the Policy Route screen or click the Editic on next to a policy. Use this screen to configure the required information for a policy route.

Figure 124 Policy Route: Add/Edit

	18	Add New I	Policy Route	N:	
Azlini	-				
Route factorie					
Same P Address				10	
Source Subrief Man		G	2	3	
Printer and	Trane				
Jairos Part					
Enros MAC	1.1	5			
bioos pleticajes intin- caminant					
WAG method	: Deluter W.A	40			

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Ac tive	C lick this to enable (tums blue) ac tivation of the policy route. O the rwise, c lick to d isable (tums gray).
Route Name	Enter a descriptive name of up to 8 printable English keyboard characters, not including spaces.
Source IP Address	Enter the source IP address.
Source Subnet Mask	Enter the source subnet mask address.
Pro to c o l	Select the transport layer protocol (TCP, UDP, or None).
Source Port	Enter the source port number.
Source MAC	Enter the source MAC address.
Source Interface (ex: br0 or IAN1~IAN4)	Type the name of the interface from which the matched traffic is sent.
WAN Interface	Select a WAN interface through which the traffic is sent. You must have the WAN interface(s) a leady configured in the <b>Broadband</b> screens.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to exit this screen without saving.
ОК	Click OK to save your changes.

Ta b le 54 Po lic y Route : Ad d/Ed it

## 9.5 RIP Overview

Routing Information Protocol (RIP, RFC 1058 and RFC 1389) allows the Zyxel Device to exchange routing information with other routers. To activate RIP for the WAN interface, select the supported RIP version and operation.

## 9.5.1 RIP

Click Network Setting > Routing > RIP to open the RIP screen. Select the desired RIP version and operation by clicking the check box. To stop RIP on the WAN interface, clear the check box. Click the Apply button to start/stop RIP and save the configuration.

Figure 125 N	le twork Setting	> Routing	> RIP
--------------	------------------	-----------	-------

i\$)/	He contraction				
	Interface	Version	Operation	Insble	Disable Default Galeway
	CelliorWAY	4m. <b>T</b>	Active		
2	ETHWAIC	80.0	Activ		

Table 55	Ne two rk Se tting > Ro uting > RIP	

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
#	This is the index of the interface in which the RIP setting is used.
Interface	This is the name of the interface in which the RIP setting is used.
Ve rsio n	The RIP version controls the format and the broadcasting method of the RIP packets that the Zyxel Device sends (it recognizes both formats when receiving). RIPv1 is universally supported but RIPv2 carries more information. RIPv1 is probably adequate for most networks, unless you have an unusual network topology. When set to Both, the Zyxel Device will broadcast its routing table periodically and incorporate the RIP information that it receives
Operation	Select <b>Passive</b> to have the Zyxel Device update the muting table based on the RIP packets received from neighbors but not advertise its mute information to other muters in this interface. Select <b>Active</b> to have the Zyxel Device advertise its mute information and also listen for muting updates from neighboring muters.
Enable	Select the check box to activate the setting s.
Disable Default Gateway	Select the check box to set the Zyxel Device to not send the mute information to the default gate way.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to exit this screen without saving.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.

# C HAPTER 10 Network Address Translation (NAT)

## 10.1 Overview

NAT (Ne twork Address Translation - NAT, RFC 1631) is the translation of the IP address of a host in a packet, for example, the source address of an outgoing packet, used within one network to a different IP address known within another network.

## 10.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- Use the **Port Forwarding** screen to configure forward incoming service requests to the servers on your local network (Section 10.2 on page 164).
- Use the **Port Triggering** screen to add and configure the Zyxel Device's trigger port settings (Section 10.3 on page 167).
- Use the DMZ screen to configure a default server (Section 10.4 on page 170).
- Use the AIG screen to enable ordisable the SIPALG (Section 10.5 on page 171).
- Use the Address Mapping screen to enable and disable the NATAddress Mapping in the Zyxel Device (Section 10.6 on page 172).
- Use the Sessions screen to limit the number of concurrent NATsessions each client can use (Section 10.7 on page 174).

## 10.1.2 What You Need To Know

The following terms and concepts may help as you read this chapter.

#### Inside/Outside and Global/Local

Inside / outside denotes where a host is located relative to the Zyxel Device, for example, the computers of your subscribers are the inside hosts, while the web servers on the Internet are the outside hosts.

Global local denotes the IP address of a host in a packet as the packet traverses a router, for example, the local address refers to the IP address of a host when the packet is in the local network, while the global address refers to the IP address of the host when the same packet is traveling in the WAN side.

#### NAT

In the simplest form, NATchanges the source IP address in a packet received from a subscriber (the inside local address) to another (the inside global address) before forwarding the packet to the WAN side. When the response comes back, NATtranslates the destination address (the inside global address) back to the inside local address before forwarding it to the original inside host.

#### Port Forwarding

A port forwarding set is a list of inside (behind NATon the IAN) servers, for example, web or FIP, that you can make visible to the outside world even though NATmakes your whole inside network appearas a single computer to the outside world.

# 10.2 Port Forwarding Overview

Use **Port Forwarding** to forward incoming service requests from the Internet to the server(s) on your local network. Port forwarding is commonly used when you want to host online gaming, P2P file sharing, or other servers on your network.

You may enter a single port numberor a range of port numbers to be forwarded, and the local IP address of the desired server. The port number identifies a service; for example, web service is on port 80 and FIP on port 21. In some cases, such as for unknown services or where one server can support more than one service (for example both FIP and web service), it might be better to specify a range of port numbers. You can allocate a server IP address that corresponds to a port or a range of ports. Please refer to RFC 1700 for further information about port numbers.

Note: Many residential broadband ISP accounts do not allow you to run any server processes (such as a Web or FIP server) from your location. Your ISP may periodically check for servers and may suspend your account if it discovers any active services at your location. If you are unsure, refer to your ISP.

#### Configure Servers Behind Port Forwarding (Example)

Let's say you want to assign ports 21-25 to one FIP, Telnet and SMTP server (A in the example), port 80 to another (B in the example), a default server IP address of 192.168.1.35 to a third (C in the example), and a default server IP address of 192.168.1.36 to a fourth (D in the example). You assign the LAN IP addresses and the ISP assigns the WAN IP address. The NAT network appears as a single host on the Internet.



## 10.2.1 Port Forwarding

Click Network Setting > NAT to open the Port Forwarding screen.

Note: TCP port 7547 is reserved for system use.

Figure 127 Ne two rk Setting > NAT > Port Forwarding

									+ Add	cowe flui
Status	Service Nome	Originating	WAN	Server IP Address	Stort Port	End Port	Translation Start Port	translation End Part	Protocol	Modify

The following table describes the fields in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Add New Rule	Click this to add a new port forwarding rule.
#	This is the index number of the entry.
Status	This field indicates whether the rule is active or not.
	A ye llow bulb signifies that this rule is active. A gray bulb signifies that this rule is not active.
Service Name	This is the service's name. This shows <b>User Defined</b> if you manually added a service. You can change this by clicking the editic on.
Originating IP	This is the source's IP address.
WAN Interface	Select the WAN interface for which to configure NAT port forwarding rules.
Server IP Address	This is the server's IP address.
Start Port	This is the first external port number that identifies a service.
End Port	This is the last external port number that identifies a service.
Tia nsla tio n Sta rt Po rt	This is the first internal port number that identifies a service.
Translation End Port	This is the last internal port number that identifies a service.
Pro to c o l	This field displays the protocol (TCP, UDP, TCP+UDP) used to transport the packets for which you want to apply the rule.
Mo d ify	Click the Editic on to edit the port forwarding rule.
	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to delete an existing port forwarding rule. Note that subsequent address mapping rules move up by one when you take this action.

Table 56 Network Setting > NAT > Port Forwarding

## 10.2.2 Add/Edit Port Forwarding

Create ore dit a port forwarding rule. Specify either a port or a range of ports, a server IP address, and a protocol to configure a port forwarding rule. Click Add New Rule in the Port Forwarding screen or the Edit icon next to an existing rule to open the following screen.

	Add New	Rule
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Talvice Interna	-	
www.mtertoce	Detout	
atten Part		
inition		
Somistion Dark Park		
trestation that for		
Server P Address		
Currique Organizing P	a troope	
Crignaria #		
Particol.	107	
2 riote		
<ol> <li>Create or edit a port forward configure a port forwarding (2) To configure port forwarding</li> </ol>	riding rule. Specify aither a port or a run grule. 19. you need its have the some carrigo	nge of parts is server if address, and is protocol to rations in the Short Port, and Part, Translation Short Port
Translation and Part Fisici. To configure part translatio Translation and Part Fisici.	n, you need to have different configure	clibra in the Blad Fort, End Part, Translation Start Port.
	to evolution them.	

Figure 128 Port Forwarding: Add/Edit

Note: To configure port forwarding, you need to have the same configurations in the Start Port, End Port, Translation Start Port, and Translation End Port fields. To configure port translation, you need to have different configurations in the Start Port, End Port, Translation Start Port, and Translation End Port fields.

Here is an example to configure port translation. Configure Start Port to 100, End Port to 120, Thanslation Start Port to 200, and Translation End Port to 220.

Note: TCP port 7547 is reserved for system use.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Ac tive	Selectorclear this field to tum the port forwarding rule on oroff.
Service Name	Select a service to forward or select User Defined and enter a name in the field to the right.
WAN Interface	Select the WAN interface for which to configure NATport forwarding rules.

Table 57 Port Forwarding: Add/Edit

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Start Port	Configure this for a user-defined entry. Enter the original destination port for the packets.
	To forward only one port, enter the port number again in the <b>End Port</b> field.
	To forward a series of ports, enter the start port number here and the end port number in the <b>End Port</b> field.
End Port	$Configure \ this for a \ user-defined \ entry. \ Enter the \ last port of the \ original \ destination \ port \ range.$
	To forward only one port, enter the port number in the <b>Start Port</b> field above and then enter it again in this field.
	To forward a series of ports, enter the last port number in a series that begins with the port number in the <b>Start Port</b> field above.
Translation Start Port	Configure this for a user-defined entry. This shows the port number to which you want the Zyxel Device to translate the incoming port. For a range of ports, enter the first number of the range to which you want the incoming ports translated.
Translation End Port	Configure this for a user-defined entry. This shows the last port of the translated port range.
Server IP Address	Enter the inside IP address of the virtual server here.
Configure Originating IP	Click the Enable check box to enter the originating IP in the next field.
Originating IP	Enter the originating IP address here.
Pro to c o l	Select the protocol supported by this virtual server. Choices are TCP, UDP, or TCP/UDP.
ОК	Click this to save your changes.
Cancel	Click this to exit this screen without saving.

Table 57 Port Forwarding: Add/Edit (continued)

# 10.3 Port Triggering

Some services use a dedicated range of ports on the client side and a dedicated range of ports on the server side. With regular port forwarding, you set a forwarding port in NAT to forward a service (coming in from the server on the WAN) to the IP address of a computer on the client side (LAN). The problem is that port forwarding only forwards a service to a single LAN IP address. In order to use the same service on a different LAN computer, you have to manually replace the LAN computer's IP address in the forwarding port with another IAN computer's IP address.

Trigger port forwarding a llows computers on the LAN to dynamic ally take turns using the service.

The Zyxel Device records the IP address of a IAN computer that sends traffic to the WAN to request a service with a specific port number and protocol (a \"trigger\" port). When the Zyxel Device's WAN port receives a response with a specific port number and protocol (\"open\" port), the Zyxel Device forwards the traffic to the IAN IP address of the computer that sent the request. After that computer's connection for that service closes, another computer on the IAN can use the service in the same manner. This way you do not need to configure a new IP address each time you want a different IAN computer to use the application.

Forexample:



Figure 129 Trigger Port Forwarding Process: Example

- 1 Jane requests a file from the Real Audio server (port 7070).
- 2 Port 7070 is a "trigger" port and causes the Zyxel Device to record Jane's computer IP address. The Zyxel Device associates Jane's computer IP address with the "open" port range of 6970-7170.
- 3 The Real Audio server responds using a port number ranging between 6970-7170.
- 4 The Zyxel Device forwards the traffic to Jane's computer IP address.
- 5 Only Jane can connect to the Real Audio server until the connection is closed or times out. The Zyxel Device times out in three minutes with UDP (User Datagram Protocol) or two hours with TCP/IP (Transfer Control Protocol/Internet Protocol).

Click Network Setting > NAT> Port Triggering to open the following screen. Use this screen to view your Zyxel Device's triggerport settings.

Note: TCP port 7547 is reserved for system use.

Note: The sum of trigger ports in all rules must be less than 1000 and every open port range must be less than 1000. When the protocol is TCP/UDP, the ports are counted twice.

Figure 130 Network Setting > NAT > Port Triggering

		in the second	0.000.000						+ 40	11 iew Ruie
e 58	efus	Service Name	WAN Infentoce	Trigger Start Fort	Trigger End	tripper Profe.	Open Start Part	Open End Fort	Open Motocol	Modity
Note										

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Add New Rule	Click this to create a new rule.
#	This is the index number of the entry.
Status	This field displays whether the port triggering rule is active or not. A yellow bulb signifies that this rule is active. A gray bulb signifies that this rule is not active.
Service Name	This field displays the name of the service used by this rule.
WAN Interface	This field shows the WAN interface through which the service is forwarded.
Thigger Start Port	The triggerport is a port (or a range of ports) that causes (or triggers) the Zyxel Device to record the IP address of the IAN computer that sent the traffic to a server on the WAN.
	This is the first port number that identifies a service.
TriggerEnd Port	This is the last port number that identifies a service.
Trig g e r Pro to .	This is the trigger transport layer protocol.
Open Start Port	The open port is a port (or a range of ports) that a server on the WAN uses when it sends out a partic ular service. The Zyxel Device forwards the traffic with this port (or range of ports) to the client computer on the IAN that requested the service.
	This is the first port number that identifies a service.
Open End Port	This is the last port number that identifies a service.
Open Protocol	This is the open transport layer protocol.
Modify	Click the Editic on to edit this rule.
	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to delete an existing rule.

Table 58 Network Setting > NAT > Port Triggering

## 10.3.1 Add/Edit Port Triggering Rule

This screen lets you create new port triggering rules. Click **Add New Rule** in the **Port Triggering** screen or click a rule's **Edit** icon to open the following screen. Use this screen to configure a portorrange of ports and protocols for sending out requests and for receiving responses.

Fig ure	131	Port Thigg	ering:	Add/Edit
			·	

	Add New K	he
Active		
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Wokia wheelindee	Defoult	
NUMBER OF STREET		
Nager Brid Part		
higger Periodici	102	•
Open Shart Port		
Captern Druk Past-		
Cipien Matucial	102	

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Ta b le	59	Port Triggering: Add/Edit
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LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Ac tive	Click to enable (blue switch) ordisable (gray switch) to activate ordeactivate the rule.
Service Name	Enter a name to identify this rule using keyboard characters (A-Z, a-z, 1-2 and so on).
WAN Interface	Select a WAN interface for which you want to configure port triggering rules.
Trigger Start Port	The triggerport is a port (or a range of ports) that causes (or triggers) the Zyxel Device to record the P address of the IAN computer that sent the traffic to a server on the WAN.
	Type a port number of the starting port number in a range of port numbers.
Trigger End Port	Type a port number or the ending port number in a range of port numbers.
Trigger Protocol	Select the transport layerprotocol from TCP, UDP, or TCP/UDP.
Open Start Port	The open port is a port (or a range of ports) that a server on the WAN uses when it sends out a particular service. The Zyxel Device forwards the traffic with this port (or range of ports) to the client computer on the IAN that requested the service.
	Type a port number or the starting port number in a range of port numbers.
Open End Port	Type a port number or the ending port number in a range of port numbers.
Open Protocol	Select the transport layer protocol from TCP, UDP, or TCP/UDP.
Cancel	Click Cancel to exit this screen without saving.
ОК	Click OK to save yourchanges.

# 10.4 DMZ

Use this screen to specify the IP address of a default server to receive packets from ports not specified in the **Port Triggering** screen. The DMZ (De Militarized Zone) is a network between the WAN and the IAN that is accessible to devices on both the WAN and IAN with fire wall protection. Devices on the WAN

can initiate connections to devices on the DMZ but not to those on the IAN.

You can put public servers, such as email, web, and FIP servers, on the DMZ to provide services on both the WAN and IAN. To use this feature, you first need to assign a DMZ host. Click **Network Setting > NAT> DMZ** to open the **DMZ** sc reen.

Note: Use an  ${\rm I\!Pv4}$  address for the DMZ server.

Note: Enter the IP address of the default server in the **Default Server Address** field, and click **Apply** to activate the DMZ host. Otherwise, clear the IP address in the **Default Server Address** field, and click **Apply** to deactivate the DMZ host.

#### Figure 132 Network Setting > NAT> DMZ

such as video contenencing an Device. Use this screen to speci higgering screen.	d internet gome ly the P addres	ng witho	out restriction effoldit server	ns, This, however, m foreceive podieth	ay pase a sec i fom parts na	uity threat to t specified in	the Zynei the Port
Setout livver Addees	(e)		8	2	1		
tote Low on PV4 oddres for the DV Erter the Planties and click a Otherwise, clear the Planties	t server. I poly to activat	ie îne Di Apply 13	vit holt. I de octivat	e me CMZ host.			
		Canc	oĭ	Apply			

The following table describes the fields in this screen.

Table 60	Ne two rk Se tting	> NAT > DMZ
----------	--------------------	-------------

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
De fa ult Se rve r Ad d re ss	Enter the IP address of the default server which receives packets from ports that are not specified in the <b>Port Forwarding</b> screen.
	Note: If you do not assign a default server, the Zyxel Device discards all packets received for ports not specified in the virtual server configuration.
Ap p ly	Click this to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to restore your previously saved settings.

# 10.5 ALG

Click Network Setting > NAT > AIG to open the AIG screen. Use this screen to enable and disable the NATApplication Layer Gateway (ALG) in the Zyxel Device.

Application LayerGateway (ALG) allows certain applications such as File Transfer Protocol (FIP), Session Initiation Protocol (SIP), or file transfer in Instant Messaging (IM) applications to pass through the Zyxel Device.





The following table describes the fields in this screen.

Table 61 Network Setting > NAT > ALG

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
SIP ALG	C lick this (switch tums blue) to make sure SIP (VoIP) works conectly with port-forwarding and address-mapping rules. Otherwise, c lick this to tum off (switch tums gray) the SIP ALG.
PPTP ALG	Click this to tum on (switch tums blue) the PPTP ALG on the Zyxel Device to detect PPTP traffic and help build PPTP sessions through the Zyxel Device's NAT.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to restore your previously saved setting s.

# 10.6 Address Mapping

Use this screen to enable or disable the NATAddress Mapping in the Zyxel Device.

## 10.6.1 Address Mapping Screen

#### Click Network Setting > NAT > Address Mapping to open the Address Mapping screen.

Figure 134 Network Setting > NAT > Address Mapping

			NAT				
Address Marrie	Bert Nacering		idress Mapping				
Contrast (1995)	ang contrate coo	o i comine o	occorr correspond			<b>*</b> *	td New Tule
Rule Name	Local Start IP	Local End IP	Global Start IP	Global End P	Type	WAN Interfoce	Modify

LABEL	DESC RIPHO N
Rule Name	This is the name of the rule.
Local Start IP	This is the starting Inside Local IP Address (IIA).

Table 62 Network Setting > NAT > Address Mapping

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Local End IP	This is the ending Inside Local IP Address (ILA). If the rule is for all local IP addresses, then this field displays 0.0.0.0 as the Local Start IP address and 255.255.255.255 as the Local End IP address. This field is blank for One -to -One mapping types.
Global Start IP	This is the starting Inside Global IP Address (IGA). Enter 0.0.0.0 here if you have a dynamic IP address from your ISP. You can only do this for the Many-to-One mapping type.
GlobalEnd IP	This is the ending Inside Global IP Address (IGA). This field is blank for One-to-One and Many-to-One mapping types.
Туре	This is the address mapping type.
	One-to-One: This mode maps one local IP address to one global IP address. Note that port numbers do not change for the One-to-One NAT mapping type.
	Many-to-One: This mode maps multiple local IP addresses to one global IP address. This is equivalent to SUA (i.e., PAT, port address translation), the Device's Single User Account feature that previous routers supported only.
	Many-to-Many: This mode maps multiple local IP addresses to shared global IP addresses.
WAN Interface	This is the WAN interface to which the address mapping rule applies.
Modify	Click the Editic on to go to the screen where you canedit the address mapping rule.
	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to delete an existing address mapping rule. Note that subsequent address mapping rules move up by one when you take this action.

Table 62 Network Setting > NAT > Address Mapping (continued)

## 10.6.2 Add New Rule Screen

To add oredit an address mapping rule, click Add New Rule or the Modify icon in the Address Mapping screen to display the screen shown next.

	Add New Role
Labora	
(here:	OrethOre
limiter.	
Line body	
Omailart	
Shink berry	
Withhit	Getaal

Figure 135 Network Setting > NAT> Address Mapping > Add New Rule

The following table describes the fields in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Rule Name	Type up to 20 alphanumeric characters for the name of this rule.
Туре	Choose the IP/port mapping type from one of the following.
	One-to-One: This mode maps one local IP address to one global IP address. Note that port numbers do not change for the One-to-One NAT mapping type.
	Many-to-One: This mode maps multiple local IP addresses to one global IP address. This is equivalent to SUA (i.e., PAT, port address translation), the Device's Single User Account feature that previous routers supported only.
	Many-to-Many: This mode maps multiple local IP addresses to shared global IP addresses.
Local Start IP	Enter the starting Inside Local IP Address (IIA).
Local End IP	Enter the ending Inside Local IP Address (IIA). If the rule is for all local IP addresses, the n this field displays 0.0.0.0 as the Local Start IP address and 255.255.255.255 as the Local End IP address. This field is blank for One-to-One mapping types.
Global Start IP	Enter the starting Inside Global IP Address (IGA). Enter 0.0.0.0 here if you have a dynamic IP address from your ISP. You can only do this for the Many-to-One mapping type.
Global End IP	Enter the ending Inside Global IP Address (IGA). This field is blank for One-to-One and Many-to-One mapping types.
WAN Interface	Select a WAN interface to which the address mapping rule applies.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to exit this screen without saving.
OK	Click OK to save yourchanges.

Table 63 Network Setting > NAT > Address Mapping > Add New Rule

# 10.7 Sessions

Use the Sessions screen to limit the number of concurrent NATsessions each client can use. Click Network Setting > NAT> Sessions to open the Sessions screen.

Figure 136 Network Setting > NAT> Sessions

	N	AT	
Patfowardra Dethiaanis	DVF - NO - Address Manager	s Settions	
The figure below limits the ope sharing demand a greater nur	n sealions on a per host (a LAN IP riber of NAT sealans in order to gr	Address) bars, Some applications, esp et a better uploading and downloading	ociały ika 72° filo prate.
MAX NAT Sealon Fer Host (0 - 20400)	2048		
Note			
<ol> <li>Enter section number and cild</li> <li>Clear the section number field</li> </ol>	"Apply" to activate this teature, and click "Apply" to de-activate	this feasture,	
	Cancel	Apply	

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
MAX NATSe ssio n Pe r Ho st (0~20480)	Use this field to set a common limit to the number of concument NATsessions each client computer can have.
	If only a few clients use peerto peerapplications, you can raise this number to improve their performance. With heavy peer to peerapplication use, lower this number to ensure no single client uses too many of the available NATsessions.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to restore your previously saved settings.
Apply	Click Apply to save yourchanges.

Table 64 Network Setting > NAT > Sessions

# C HAPTER 11 Dynamic DNS Setup

# 11.1 DNS Overview

#### DNS

DNS (Domain Name System) is for mapping a domain name to its corresponding IP address and vice versa. The DNS server is extremely important because without it, you must know the IP address of a machine before you can access it.

In addition to the system DNS server(s), each WAN interface (service) is set to have its own static or dynamic DNS server list. You can configure a DNS static mute to forward DNS queries for certain domain names through a specific WAN interface to its DNS server(s). The Zyxel Device uses a system DNS server (in the order you specify in the **Broadband** screen) to resolve domain names that do not match any DNS muting entry. After the Zyxel Device receives a DNS reply from a DNS server, it creates a new entry for the resolved IP address in the muting table.

#### Dynamic DNS

Dynamic DNS allows you to use a dynamic IP address with one ormany dynamic DNS services so that anyone can contact you (in NetMeeting, CU-SeeMe, etc.). You can also access your FIP serveror Web site on yourown computerusing a domain name (for instance myhost.dhs.org, where myhost is a name of your choice) that will never change instead of using an IP address that changes each time you reconnect. Your friends or relatives will always be able to call you even if they don't know your IP address.

You first need to have registered a dynamic DNS account with www.dyndns.org. This is for people with a dynamic IP from their ISP or DHCP server that would still like to have a domain name. The Dynamic DNS service provider will give you a password or key.

## 11.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- Use the DNS Entry screen to view, configure, or remove DNS routes (Section 11.2 on page 177).
- Use the **Dynamic DNS** screen to enable DDNS and configure the DDNS settings on the Zyxel Device (Section 11.3 on page 178).

## 11.1.2 What You Need To Know

#### DYNDNS Wildcard

Enabling the wildcard feature for your host causes \*.yourhost.dyndns.org to be aliased to the same IP address as yourhost.dyndns.org. This feature is useful if you want to be able to use, for example, www.yourhost.dyndns.org and still reach your hostname.

If you have a private WAN IP address, then you cannot use Dynamic DNS.

# 11.2 DNS Entry

DNS (Domain Name System) is used for mapping a domain name to its corresponding IP address and vice versa. Use this screen to view and configure DNS routes on the Zyxel Device. Click **Network Setting > DNS** to open the **DNS Entry** screen.

Note: The host name should consist of the host's local name and the domain name. For example, Mycomputer.home is a host name where Mycomputer is the host's local name, and .home is the domain name.



DHG (Domain Ind to view and card	me System) is used for mobiling a dar Iguns DHI raufes on the Syste Device.	mari nome to its corresponding IP addre	as and you yead, use this screen
			Add New Drub Brity
	HestName	IF Address	Modity
Briate			
The hold nome should be the top of top	ed conset of the host's locisi name an nost's locisi name, and home is the d	a the domain name. Far example, Myco andén name.	mpuhel/home is a hair name where

The following table describes the fields in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Add New DNS Entry	Click this to create a new DNS entry.
#	This is the index number of the entry.
Ho stNa m e	This indicates the host name or domain name.
IP Address	This indicates the IP address assigned to this computer.
Mod ify	Click the Editic on to edit the rule.
	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to delete an existing rule.

Table 65 Network Setting > DNS > DNS Entry

## 11.2.1 Add/Edit DNS Entry

You can manually add ore dit the Zyxel Device's DNS name and IP address entry. Click Add New DNS Entry in the DNS Entry screen or the Edit icon next to the entry you want to edit. The screen shown next appears.

Figure 138 DNS Entry: Add/Edit

<	Add New DNS Entry	
Hoal Name		
IPv4 Address		
	Cancel OK	

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 66 DNS Entry: Add/Edit

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Ho st Name	Enter the host name of the DNS entry.
$\mathbb{P}v4 \operatorname{Address}$	Enter the IPv4 address of the DNS entry.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to exit this screen without saving.
ОК	Click <b>OK</b> to save yourchanges.

# 11.3 Dynamic DNS

Dynamic DNS can update your current dynamic IP address mapping to a hostname. Configure a DDNS service provider on your Zyxel Device. Click **Network Setting > DNS > Dynamic DNS**. The screen appears as shown.

Figure 139	Ne two rk Se tting	> DNS >	Dynamic	DNS
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Dynamic DNS Setup				
Oynamic DH	· Instite CLOSEDE Defings are availableer closes;			
Service Provider	www.DynDH0.com			
wild Harris				
uncors				
Ammword			0	
Chable Wildcord Cattor	e .			
Chatter Of Line Option	(Cray spalles to statem (Drs.)			
Dynamic DNS Status				
Une estimation frank				
A day mod day of Rese				

The following table describes the fields in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N		
Dynamic DNS Se tup			
Dynamic DNS	Select Enable to use dynamic DNS.		
Se rvic e Pro vid e r	Select your Dynamic DNS service provider from the drop-down list box.		
Ho st Name	Type the domain name assigned to your Zyxel Device by your Dynamic DNS provider.		
	You can specify up to two host names in the field separated by a comma (",").		
Usemame	Type yourusername.		
Pa ssw o rd	Type the password assigned to you.		
Enable Wildcard Option	Select the check box to enable DynDNS Wildcard.		
Enable Off Line Option (Only applies to custom DNS)	Check with your Dynamic DNS service provider to have traffic redirected to a URL (that you can specify) while you are off line.		
Dynamic DNS Status			
Use r Authe ntic a tio n Re sult	This shows <b>Success</b> if the account is comectly set up with the Dynamic DNS provider account.		
Last Updated Time	This shows the last time the IP address the Dynamic DNS provider has associated with the hostname was updated.		
Cument Dynamic ₽	This shows the IP address your Dynamic DNS provider has currently associated with the hostname.		
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to exit this screen without saving.		
Apply	Click Apply to save yourchanges.		

### Table 67 Network Setting > DNS > Dynamic DNS

LTE Se rie s Use r' s G uid e

# C HAPTER 12 SAS CBSD

# 12.1 SAS CBSD Overview

#### C BRS

Citizen Broadband Radio Service (CBRS) uses the 3.55 GHz to 3.7 GHz band for mobile technology camiers to provide LTE and 5G wire less services.

#### SAS

Spectrum Access System (SAS) is a method to assign and manage CBRS frequencies to LIE and 5GT providers. The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) uses a 3-tier license system to assign bandwidth within the CBRS band.

- Incumbent access: The federal government, the coastal navy, and fixed sate lite base stations.
- Priority Access License (PAL): Enterprises and camiers that obtain spectrum from a lease via an auction.
- General Authorized Access (GAA): Unlicensed users who do not interfere with users of higher priority.

#### ESC

The Environmental Sensing Capability (ESC) is a frequency sensor that detects use of the CBRS according to SAS and reports to the FCC if there are violations.

## 12.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- Use the **Unregistered** screen to allow the Zyxel Device to register with the SAS for a permission to transmit data (Section 12.2 on page 181).
- Use the Idle registered screen to configure the installation site of the Zyxel Device (Section 12.3 on page 182).
- Use the **Granted** screen to configure the antenna setting on the Zyxel Device (Section 12.4 on page 184).
- Use the Authorized screen to enable a Certified Professional Installer (CPI) to provide information for the SAS (Section 12.5 on page 185).
## 12.1.2 What You Need to Know

#### CBSD

Any certified Citizen Broadband Radio Service Device (CBSD) must follow the SAS procedures to initiate requests for data transmission. The SAS in charge of scheduling frequency will authorize, suspend, or terminate requests according to various operational parameters in given request messages. A CBSD is allowed to take the following six measures to interact with the SAS.

- SAS Discovery: Prior to the Registration procedure, a CBSD must initiate an SAS Discovery procedure to establish a successful SAS session to be recognized by the SAS. If the request fails, the SAS will send a response with an emorcode.
- Registration: It is mandatory for a CBSD to initiate a Registration request to obtain a CBSD ID. If the request fails, the CBSD can continue sending the request until it is accepted or revoked.
- Spectrum Inquiry: Prior to sending a Grant request, a CBSD may send a request to the SAS to acquire information on available frequency ranges. If the request fails, the SAS will send a response with an emor code.
- Grant: A C BSD must send a Grant request with the parameters, including the frequency range, maximum EIRP, and the desired access license. If the request fails, the SAS will send a response with an emorcode.
- Heartbeat: A CBSD must send a Heartbeat request after receiving a grant to inform the SAS that it needs an access to the allocated spectrum. After the SAS approves the request, the CBSD is allowed to use the allocated spectrum to transmit data.
- Relinquish: A CBSD must send a Relinquish request when it no longer wants to use the allocated spectrum.
- Deregister: A CBSD must send a Deregister request if the CBSD is not in the same geographical place or is decommissioned. After the CBSD receives the deregister response and removes all the existing grants, it considers itself as unregistered.

## 12.2 The Unregistered Screen

Use this screen to initiate a request to transmit data in CBRS for an unregistered Zyxel Device. Click Network Setting > SAS CBSD > Unregistered to open the Unregistered screen.

<b>Figure 140</b> Network Setting > SAS C BSD > Unregis	iste re d
---	-----------

	SAS CBSD
Marchine Access	System (SAG) - (200em) Productional Radio Service Devical (CBR2)
SAS CBSD Proces	are .
	UNARGUSTARED - (2) - (3) - (4) NUMARGUSTARED - CRAWITE - AUTHORIZED
SAS CBSD Config	wollon
cellbooki.	
Address (market)	•
Presses."	And Control of Control
Base	But to explore this local cone
It The Nerrol of Sec C The House of Sec	ndersprectuationale <mark>. (1970).</mark> Homosofic Research (1970). Hender C. Homosofic According and Ventican According), die factoretin for the analogit mus

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
UNREG ISTERED	
C BSD Enable	Se le c t this to e n a b le the Zyxel Device to follow the SAS procedures to initiate a request for d a ta transmission.
Auto Registration	Se le c t this to e nable the Zyxel Device to a utomatically start the registration with the SAS after the Zyxel Device is turned on.
Pro c e ss	Select Start to register, Start to deregister, Start to relinquish, or None from the drop down list box to initiate the configuration.
	Select Start to register, if you have not registered to the SAS yet.
	Select Start to deregister, if the CBSD is decommissioned or moved to a different site.
	Select Start to relinquish, if you no longer want to use the allocated spectrum.
	Se le c t None, if you only want to update the CBSD settings, such as CBRS Enable and Auto Registration.

Table 68 Ne two rk Setting > SAS C BSD > Unregistered

## 12.3 The Idle Registered Screen

Click Network Setting > SAS CBSD > Idle Registered to open the Idle Registered screen.

A3 CBID Configuration		
Chill Index		
NATION CONTRACTOR		
Section 1	Intel to explorate G. Int. (44)	
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icce.	www.rtc/445-6010	
CHERCHARD AND	- F	
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Contract.	24723137	
- sectors.	+2000met	
and the second s	(Jestimi)	
mage look	NG	
weight have	450000	
enhorit-science	2004000	

Figure 141 Network Setting > SAS CBSD > Id le Registered

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
IDLE REG ISTERED	
C BSD Enable	Se le c t this to e nable the Zyxel Device to follow the SAS procedures to initiate requests for d a ta transmission.
Auto Registration	Se le c t this to e na b le the Zyxel Device to a utomatically start the registration with the SAS after the Zyxel Device is turned on.
Pro c e ss	Select Start to register, Start to deregister, Start to relinquish, or None from the drop down list box to initiate the configuration.
	Select <b>Start to register</b> , if you have not registered to the SAS yet.
	Select <b>Start to deregister</b> , if the CBSD is decommissioned or moved to a different site.
	Select Start to relinquish, if you no longer want to use the allocated spectrum.
	Se le c t <b>None</b> , if you only want to update the CBSD settings, such as <b>CBRS Enable</b> and <b>Auto Registration</b> .
Use r ID	Enter the user ID authorized by the SAS to communicate with the SAS server. The user ID contains up to 64 alphanumeric characters. Also, spaces and the following special characters listed in the brackets ["<>^\$  &;\/:*?'] are not allowed for User ID.
	Note: The Zyxel Device's serial number serves as the user ID by default to communicate with the SAS server.
FCCID	Enter the FCC ID validated by the FCC database to communicate with the SAS server. The FCC ID contains up to 20 alphanumeric characters. Also, spaces and the following special characters listed in the brackets ["<>^\$  &;\/:*?'] are not allowed for FCC ID.

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
C BSD C a te g o ry	Select a CBSD category (A or B) from the drop down list box.
	Category A refers to the CBSDs installed with antennas not exceeding 6 meters. Category B refers to the CBSDs installed with antennas exceeding 6 meters. The maximum EIRP of a category A CBSD is 30 dBm/10MHz, while the maximum EIRP of a category B CBSD is 47 dBm/10MHz.
	EIRP is the measured output power of an isotropic antenna in a specific direction. The equation of EIRP is :
	EIRP= The output power of the antenna (dBm) - Cable Loss (dB) + Antenna Gain (dBi)
Radio Technology	Select the parameter of the radio technology used by the Zyxel Device from the drop down list box. The default value, <b>E_UIRA</b> , means the LIE technology.
La titud e	Specify the latitude of the installation site measured by a GPS device.
Lo ng itud e	Specify the long itude of the installation site measured by a GPS device.
Height	$Spec {\it ify} the height of the antenna on the Zyxel Device measured by a GPS device.$
He ig ht Typ e	Select the height type of the installation from the drop down list box. The default setting is AGL(Above Ground Level).
Ho rizo n ta l Ac c u ra c y	The horizontal accuracy verifies if the CBSD antenna's horizontal location is accurate based on FCC requirements. The value should be less than 50 meters (0-50000000) and is accurate to the sixth decimal place.
Vertic a l Ac c ura c y	The vertical accuracy verifies if the CBSD antenna's vertical location is accurate based on FCC requirements. The value should be less than 3 meters (0-3000000) and is accurate to the sixth decimal place.

Table 69 Network Setting > SAS C BSD > Id le Registered

## 12.4 The Granted Screen

Click Network Setting > SAS CBSD > Granted to open the Granted screen.

Activity Depletation	0		
Antonist, Azeroldis (	340		
Artonia Dovinte	1		
American	19		
the Capacity-	24		
Arminist Reservables	17		
ArmentiAndel	Future Parent		
Low Production	3136		101
High frequency	zakan		101
Intradeuser (Day	24		
SAJ ODDRAKA			
SAU Address	ALL ALL ALL PRODUCTION		No. 191
IAL HIGH Cartherine			
CHEL Cartilizer		•	

Figure 142 Ne two rk Setting > SAS CBSD > Granted

Table	70	Ne two rk	Setting	>	SAS	C BSD	>	Granted
LU D L		110 010 011	CC UUIIE	-	N410		-	u nu nuc u

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
G ra nte d	
Indoor Deployment	Select this to verify that the antenna on Zyxel Device is indoor. Otherwise, SAS will consider it as an outdoor device and apply the standard of Category B to the Zyxel Device, which is likely to cause a failed registration.
Antenna Azimuth	Enter the upward angle measured by a GPS locater.
Antenna Downtilt	Enter the downward angle measured by a GPS locater.
Antenna Gain	Enter the maximum antenna gain based on the setup of the antenna. The value is between -127 dBi and 128 dBi. The default value of the antenna gain for the LTE7485-S905 is 13.
Emp Capability	$ \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Enter the maximum of the Effective Isotropic Radiated Power(EIRP) in dBm/10MHz.} \\ \mbox{The allowed range is between -127 and +47 (dBm/10MHz).} \\ \mbox{The default value of the EIRP capability for the LIE7485-S905 is 36.} \\ \end{array} $
Antenna Beamwidth	Enter the beam width of the antenna on the Zyxel Device. The default value for the LIE7485-S905 is 57 degree.
Antenna Model	Enter the model type of the antenna on the Zyxel Device.
Low Frequency	Enter the lowest frequency of the Zyxel Device. The allowed frequency range is between 3550 MHz and 3700 MHz.
High Frequency	Enter the highest frequency of the Zyxel Device. The allowed frequency range is between 3550 MHz and 3700 MHz.
Maximum Eirp	Enter the maximum of the Effective Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) in dBm/MHz. The allowed range is between -137 and +37 (dBm/MHz). If the maximum EIRP of the registration parameters is within this frequency range, it is more likely to obtain a grant for data transmission.
SAS Operator	Select the SAS operator from the drop down list box that the Zyxel Device uses.
SAS Address	Enter the IP address of the SAS server.
SAS ROOTC e rtific a te	Select the SAS mot certificate provided by the SAS to communicate with the SAS server. The support formats include X.509 PEM, X.509 DER, PKC S7, and PKC S7 DER.
C BSD C e rtific a te	Select the CBSD certificate including specific public and private keys to communicate with the SAS server. The support formats include X.509 PEM and PKC 12.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to exit this screen without saving.
Apply	Click Apply to save yourchanges.

# 12.5 The Authorized Screen

Click Network Setting > SAS CBSD > Authorized to open the Authorized screen.

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O'Cageed Data	

Figure 143 Network Setting > SASCBSD > Authorized

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Authorize d	
C PI Ena b le	Select this to enable a CPI to provide specific information for the SAS. O therwise, select disable if CPI data is not required for the given installation processes.
CPID	Enter the CPI identification number authorized by the FCC.
CPIName	Enter the CPI name authorized by the FCC.
Install Certific a tion Time	Enter the time and date of the installation certified by the CPL
CPISigned Data	Select the CPI signed data including the specific CPI private key to validate the legitimacy of the installation. Click Security > Certificate to import data.

 $\underline{ Ta \ b \ le \ 71 } Ne \ two \ rk \ Se \ tting \ > \ SAS \ C \ BSD \ > \ Au \ tho \ rize \ d \\$ 

# C HAPTER 13 USB Servic e

## 13.1 USB Service Overview

You can share files on a USB memory stick or hard drive connected to your Zyxel Device with users on your network.

The following figure is an overview of the Zyxel Device's file server feature. Computers A and B can access files on a USB device (C) which is connected to the Zyxel Device.





The Zyxel Device will not be able to join the workgroup if your local area network has restrictions set up that do not allow devices to join a workgroup. In this case, contact your network administrator.

### 13.1.1 What You Need To Know

The following terms and concepts may help as you read this chapter.

#### 13.1.1.1 About File Sharing

#### Workgroup Name

This is the name given to a set of computers that are connected on a network and share resources such as a printer or files. Windows automatically assigns the workgroup name when you set up a network.

#### Sha re s

When settings are set to default, each USB device connected to the Zyxel Device is given a folder, called a "share". If a USB hard drive connected to the Zyxel Device has more than one partition, then each partition will be allocated a share. You can also configure a "share" to be a sub-folder or file on the USB device.

#### File Systems

A file system is a way of storing and organizing files on your hard drive and storage device. Often different operating systems such as Windows or Linux have different file systems. The file sharing feature on your Zyxel Device supports File Allocation Table (FAT) and FAT32.

#### Common Internet File System

The Zyxel Device uses Common Internet File System (CIFS) protocol for its file sharing functions. CIFS compatible computers can access the USB file storage devices connected to the Zyxel Device. CIFS protocol is supported on Microsoft Windows, Linux Samba and other operating systems (refer to your systems specific ations for CIFS compatibility).

#### 13.1.2 Before You Begin

Make sure the Zyxel Device is connected to your network and turned on.

- 1 Connect the USB device to one of the Zyxel Device's USB port. Make sure the Zyxel Device is connected to your network.
- 2 The Zyxel Device detects the USB device and makes its contents available for browsing. If you are connecting a USB hard drive that comes with an external power supply, make sure it is connected to an appropriate power source that is on.

Note: If your USB device cannot be detected by the Zyxel Device, see the trouble shooting for suggestions.

## 13.2 USB Service

Use this screen to set up file sharing through the Zyxel Device. The Zyxel Device's LAN users can access the shared folder (or share) from the USB device inserted in the Zyxel Device. To access this screen, click Network Setting > USB Service.

The modern can a	-				
-indextar use the 0	fills to share or	your (118 Rath drive or ) so which users can acc	Bik when you altach II Is the ans five sharest fulders.	e 158 port. You way 3hart him de	ckding which
Information					
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the share Service Share Directory Li	sf.	•			Acto New Strate
Active	Shafus	Share Name	Share Path	Share Description	Modity
Account Manage	ment				
	Status			User Name	. ALL NOW COM
	8			0.0110	

Figure 145 Network Setting > USB Service

Note: Share Directory List field appears when you connect a USB device to the USB port. O the rwise, it does not.

 $\operatorname{Each}$  field is described in the following table.

Table 72	Ne twork Setting	>	USB Servic e	>	File	Sharing
----------	------------------	---	--------------	---	------	---------

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N			
Inform a tio n				
Volume	This is the volume name the Zyxel Device gives to an inserted USB device.			
C a p a c ity	lhis is the total available memory size (in megabytes) on the USB device.			
Used Space	This is the memory size (in megabytes) a leady used on the USB device.			
Server Configurat	io n			
File Sharing Services	Click this switch to enable ord isable file sharing through the Zyxel Device. When the switch goes to the right (2), the function is enabled. Otherwise, it is not.			
Share Directory Li	st			
Add New Share	Click this to set up a new share on the Zyxel Device.			
Ac tive	Select this to allow the share to be accessed.			
Status	This field shows the status of the share			
	The share is not ac tivated.			
	👕: The share is activated.			

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N				
Share Name	This field displays the name of the file you shared.				
Share Path	This field displays the location in the USB of the file you shared.				
Sha re De sc rip tio n	ais field displays a description of the file you shared.				
Mod ify	Click the Editic on to change the settings of an existing share.				
	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to delete this share in the list.				
Account Manage	ment				
Add New User	C lick this button to create a user account to access the secured shares. This button redirects you to Maintenance > UserAccount.				
Status	This field shows the status of the user.				
	: The useraccount is not activated for the share.				
	🔹 : The useraccount is activated for the share .				
Use r Na m e	This is the name of a user who is allowed to access the secured shares on the USB device.				
Cancel	Click this to restore your previously saved settings.				
Apply	Click this to save your changes to the Zyxel Device.				

Table 72 Network Setting > USB Service > File Sharing

#### 13.2.1 Add New Share

Use this screen to set up a new share ore dit an existing share on the Zyxel Device. Click Add New Share in the File Sharing screen orclick the Edit/Modify icon next to an existing share.

Please note that you need to set up your shares in the USB before enabling file sharing in the Zyxel Device. Also, spaces and the following special characters listed in the brackets ["<>^\$ | &; \/:\*?'] are not allowed for the USB share name.

	Add New Share	•
Visiume Share Poth	uabi2_sidio1	Т
Description Access Level	Public)	*
	Cancel	K.

Figure 146 Network Setting > USB Service > File Sharing > Add New Share

Table 73 Network Setting > USB Service > Media	Server
--	--------

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Volume	Select the volume in the USB storage device that you want to add as a share in the Zyxel Device.
	This field is read-only when you are editing the share.
Share Path	Manually enter the file path for the share, or click the <b>Browse</b> button and select the folder that you want to add as a share.
	This field is read-only when you are editing the share.
De sc rip tio n	You can eitherentera short description of the share, or leave this field blank.
Access Level	Select <b>Public</b> if you want the share to be accessed by users connecting to the Zyxel Device. O the rwise, select <b>Security</b> .
Allo we d	If Security is selected in the Access Level field, select this check box to a low/prohibit access to the share.
User Name	This field specifies the userforwhich the Allowed setting applies. Users can be added or modified in Maintenance > UserAccount.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to return to the previous screen.
ОК	Click OK to save yourchanges.

#### 13.2.2 The Add New User Screen

Once you click the Add New Userbutton, you'll be directed to the UserAccount screen. To create a useraccount that can access the secured shares on the USB device, click the Add New Account button in the Network Setting > USB Service > UserAccount screen.

Please see Chapter 27 on page 253, for detailed information about User Account screen.

# C HAPTER 14 Fire wall

## 14.1 Overview

This chapter shows you how to enable the Zyxel Device fire wall. Use the fire wall to protect your Zyxel Device and network from attacks by hackers on the Internet and control access to it. The fire wall:

- allows traffic that originates from your LAN computers to go to all other networks.
- blocks traffic that originates on other networks from going to the LAN.

By default, the Zyxel Device blocks DoSattacks whether the fire wall is enabled or disabled.

The following figure illustrates the fire wall action. Use rA can initiate an IM (Instant Messaging) session from the IAN to the WAN (1). Return traffic for this session is also allowed (2). However other traffic initiated from the WAN is blocked (3 and 4).





#### 14.1.1 What You Need to Know About Firewall

#### DoS

Denials of Service (DoS) attacks are aimed at devices and networks with a connection to the Internet. Their goal is not to steal information, but to disable a device or network so users no longer have access to network resources. The Zyxel Device is pre-configured to automatically detect and thwart all known DoS attacks.

#### ЮMР

Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) is a message control and emor-reporting protocol between a host server and a gate way to the Internet. ICMP uses Internet Protocol (IP) datagrams, but the messages are processed by the TCP/IP software and directly apparent to the application user.

#### DoS Thre sholds

For DoS attacks, the Zyxel Device uses thresholds to determine when to drop sessions that do not become fully established. These thresholds apply globally to all sessions. You can use the default threshold values, or you can change them to values more suitable to your security requirements.

## 14.2 Fire wall

#### 14.2.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- Use the General screen to configure the security level of the fire wall on the Zyxel Device (Section 14.3 on page 193).
- Use the **Protocol** screen to add or remove predefined Internet services and configure fire wall rules (Section 14.4 on page 195).
- Use the Access Control screen to view and configure incoming/outgoing filtering rules (Section 14.5 on page 196).
- Use the **DoS** screen to activate protection against Denial of Service (DoS) attacks (Section 14.6 on page 199).

## 14.3 Fire wall General Settings

Use the fire wall to protect your Zyxel Device and network from attacks by hackers on the Internet and control access to it. Use this screen to set the security level of the fire wall on the Zyxel Device. Fire wall rules are grouped based on the direction of travel of packets. A higher fire wall level means more restrictions on the Internet activities you can perform. Click **Security > Fire wall > General** to display the following screen. Use the slider to select the level of fire wall protection.

Post Separat				
Pro Travel	-			
		- 991	Median (Recommended)	(84)
	Line to year	0	:	0
	WANTER MIT	0	•	0.
(riote				
) LAN to WARE your bo 2 WARE D LAN & the boo 3 When the security were the LAN.	ces to all internet services, eas of other computers on th it is set to <b>High</b> , occess to fer	he sittemet næt, FTP, H	The devices before the THE HITHS, DHE, MARP	e Zynei Device. POPS SMIF, and IPvs Ping are still allowed ha

Figure 148 Security > Fire wall > General

Note: IAN to WAN is your access to all Internet services. WAN to IAN is the access of other computers on the Internet to devices behind the Zyxel Device. When the security level is set to **High**, Telnet, FIP, HTIPS, DNS, IMAP, POP3, SMTP, and/or IPv6 IC MPv6 (Ping) traffic from the IAN are still allowed.

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
IPv4 Fire wall	Enable fire wall protection when using <b>IPv4</b> (Internet Protocolversion 4).
IPv6 Fine wall	Enable fire wall protection when using <b>IPv6</b> (Internet Protocolversion 6).
Hig h	This setting blocks all traffic to and from the Internet. Only local network traffic and IAN to WAN service (Te lnet, FIP, HTIPS, DNS, POP3, SMTP) is permitted.
Me d ium	This is the recommended setting. It allows traffic to the Internet but blocks anyone from the Internet from accessing any services on your local network.
Lo w	This setting a llows traffic to the Internet and a lso a llows someone from the Internet to access services on your local network. This would be used with Port Forwarding, Default Server.
Apply	Click this to save your changes.
Cancel	C lick this to restore your previously saved settings.

Table 74 Security > Fire wall > General

## 14.4 Protocol (Customized Services)

You can configure customized services and port numbers in the **Protocol** screen. Each set of protocol nules listed in the table are reusable objects to be used in conjunction with ACL nules in the Access Control screen. For a comprehensive list of port numbers and services, visit the IANA (Internet Assigned Number Authority) website. Click **Security > Firewall > Protocol** to display the following screen.

Note: Removing a protocol rule will also remove associated ACL rules.

Figure 149 Secu April 100 a port Finition on Voice of Access Central of	rity > Fire wall > Protocol	Services include Emplit Rie dramig, Instant me in this screen that you want to apply docted out of numbers and services, will the service (internet)	eraging, Online games, rainulas to in the <b>Firewall</b> Assigned Humbler
Concernal manines			Add New Hotocol Entry
Nome	Description	Ports/Profacial Number	Modily
Rhore Removing a protocoly	de vill des remove casolisted AC	2. Kulietu (	

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Add New Protocol Entry	Click this to configure a customized service.
Name	This is the name of your customized service.
De sc rip tio n	This is a description of your customized service.
Ports/ Protocol Number	This shows the port number or range and the IP protocol (TCP or UDP) that defines your customized service.
Mo d ify	Click this to edit a customized service.

Table 75 Security > Fire wall > Protocol

## 14.4.1 Add Customized Service

Add a customized rule oredit an existing rule by specifying the protocol and the port numbers. Click Add New Protocol Entry in the Protocol screen to display the following screen.

Figure 15	50 \$	Security >	Fire wall >	Pro to c o l:	Add	New	Pro to c o	l Entry
-----------	-------	------------	-------------	---------------	-----	-----	------------	---------

	Add New Pro	slocol Entry	
Acts a currometer / numberol	ie a etj ar entative	to another heads	oco and the pot
Sandca Norma December			
Printer .	Otter		
Personalitie			10.048
		1 Acres	

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Service Name	Type a unique name for your custom port.
De sc rip tio n	Entera de scription for your custom port.
Pro to c o l	Choose the protocol (TCP, UDP, ICMP, ICMPv6, or Other) that defines your customized port from the drop down list box.
Protocol Number	Type a single port number or the range of port numbers (0-255) that define your customized service.
ОК	Click this to save your changes.
Cancel	C lick this to exit this screen without saving.

 $\label{eq:linear} Table ~~76 ~~Security > Fire wall > Protocol: Add ~~New ~~Protocol Entry$ 

## 14.5 Access Control (Rules)

An Access Control List (ACL) rule is a manually-defined rule that can accept, reject, ordrop incoming or outgoing packets from your network. This screen displays a list of the configured incoming oroutgoing filtering rules. Note the order in which the rules are listed. Click **Security > Fire wall > Access Control** to display the following screen.

Note: The ordering of your rules is very important as rules are applied in turn.

An Appens Control (un (ACL) your network based on the tr screen duploys of let of the or The ordering of your rules is y	rula is o more part of service antigured inc env moorton	usily defined rule that i. For example, you as aming or outgoing th for rules are applied.	I can access, reject, or suid block users using a aring statu. Note the or in turk.	, dros incomin stant Alexadi der in which th	g or outgoing ng in your net a rules ore latr	popiers hom work, Tris ard
Rules Honope Lonces stooge	-	AU. 1				
Contraction of the second second						dd Hew ACL Pule
	Nome	Sie IF	Desf IP	Service	Action	Modiły
1	and -	192140.1.1182	192.148.130.02	40.	Accelle	10 E

Figure 151 Security > Fire wall > Access Control

LTE Se rie s Use r' s G uid e

196

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Rules Storage Space Usage	This read-only bar shows how much of the Zyxel Device's memory for recording fire wall rules it is currently using. When you are using 80% or less of the storage space, the bar is green. When the amount of space used is over 80%, the bar is red.
Add New ACLRule	Se lect an index number and click <b>Add New ACLRule</b> to add a new fire wall rule after the se lected index number. For example, if you se lect "6", your new rule becomes number 7 and the previous rule 7 (if there is one) becomes rule 8.
#	This field displays the rule index number. The ordering of your rules is important as rules are applied in turn.
Name	This field displays the rule name.
Src IP	This field displays the source IP addresses to which this rule applies.
De st IP	This field displays the destination IP addresses to which this rule applies.
Se rvic e	This field displays the protocol (All, TC P, UDP, TC P/UDP, IC MP, IC MPv6, or any) used to transport the packets for which you want to apply the rule.
Ac tio n	Displays whether the fire wall sile ntly disc and s packets ( <b>Drop</b> ), disc and s packets and sends a TCP reset packet or an ICMP destination-unreachable message to the sender ( <b>Reject</b> ), or allow the passage of ( <b>Accept</b> ) packets that match this rule.
Modify	Click the Editic on to edit the fire wall rule.
	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to delete an existing fire wall rule.

Table 77 Security > Fire wall > Rules

## 14.5.1 Add New ACLRule Screen

Use this screen to configure fire wall rules. In the Access Control screen, select an index number and click Add New ACLRule or click a rule's Editic on to display this screen and refer to the following table for information on the labels.

	Add New ACL Rule	
Titler Hamie		
Otter	20.	
Select Source IP Address	Ipecific # Address	
Source IP Address		Score in Security
Select Definition Device	Specific # Actives	
Dertholion P Address		Uperlaining
IF Type	19'vd	
Select Service	Specific Service	
Pretocol	ALL	
Curtory Scores Port	Parge - 1	
Custom Destination Port	Ronger + 1	
TORO	ACCEPT	
Ciraction	WAN to LAN	
Enables Right Limit		
	escherlicture Alinute II	102
por second	and a second	

Figure 152 Security > Fire wall > Access Control > Add New ACL Rule

Table 78	Security >	Fire wall >	Access	Control>	$\operatorname{Add}$	$Ne \ w$	ACLRule
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IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Filte r Na m e	Type a unique name foryour filter rule.
Order	Assign the order of your rules as rules are applied in tum.
Select Source IP Address	If you want the source to come from a particular (single) IP, select <b>Specific IP Address</b> . If not, select from a detected device.
Source IP Address	If you selected <b>Specific IP Address</b> in the previous item, enter the source device's IP address here. Otherwise this field will be hidden if you select the detected device.
Se le c t De stina tio n De vic e	If you want your rule to apply to packets with a particular (single) IP, select <b>Specific IP</b> Address. If not, select a detected device.
De stina tio n IP Ad d re ss	If you selected <b>Specific IP Address</b> in the previous item, enter the destination device's IP address here. Otherwise this field will be hidden if you select the detected device.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
№ Туре	Select between <b>IPv4</b> or <b>IPv6</b> . Compared to <b>IPv4</b> , <b>IPv6</b> (Internet Protocolversion 6), is designed to enhance IP address size and features. The increase in <b>IPv6</b> address size to 128 bits (from the 32-bit <b>IPv4</b> address) allows up to 3.4 x 1038 IP addresses. The Zyxel Device can use <b>IPv4/IPv6</b> dual stack to connect to <b>IPv4</b> and <b>IPv6</b> networks, and supports <b>IPv6</b> rapid deployment (6RD).
Se le c t Se rvic e	Select a service from the Select Service box.
Pro to c o l	Select the protocol (AIL, TC P/UDP, TC P, UDP, IC MP, or IC MPv6) used to transport the packets for which you want to apply the rule.
Custom Source Port	This is a single port number or the starting port number of a range that defines your rule.
C usto m De stina tio n Po rt	This is a single port number or the ending port number of a range that defines your rule.
TC P Flag	Select the TCP Flag (SYN, ACK, URG, PSH, RST, FIN).
Po lic y	Use the drop-down list box to select whether to disc and ( <b>Drop</b> ), deny and send an IC MP destination-unreachable message to the sender( <b>Reject</b> ), or allow the passage of ( <b>Accept</b> ) packets that match this rule.
Dire c tio n	Select WAN to IAN to apply the rule to traffic from WAN to IAN. Select IAN to WAN to apply the rule to traffic from IAN to WAN. Select WAN to Router to apply the rule to traffic from WAN to router. Select IAN to Router to apply the rule to traffic from IAN to router.
Enable Rate Limit	C lick to enable (switch tums blue) the setting of maximum number of packets per maximum number of minute/sec ond to limit the throughput of traffic that matches this rule. If not, the next item will be disabled.
Sc he d ule r Rule s	
packet(s) per(1-512)	Enter the maximum number of packets (1-512) perminute/second.
Add New Rule	Select a schedule rule for this ACL rule from the drop-down list box. You can configure a new schedule rule by clicking <b>Add New Rule</b> .
ОК	Click this to save your changes.
Cancel	C lick this to exit this screen without saving.

Table 78Security > Fire wall > Access Control > Add New ACL Rule (continued)

## 14.6 DoS

Do S (De nial of Service) attacks can flood your Internet connection with invalid packets and connection requests, using so much bandwidth and so many resources that Internet access becomes unavailable. Use the **DoS** screen to activate protection against Do Sattacks.

Click Security > Fire wall > DoS to display the following screen.

Figure 153 Security > Fire wall > DoS

Activate protection against and connection requests, us	Dot allocks, Dot (Denial of Deniae) a ing to much bandwidth and so many	Rocks can food your internet comp resources that internet access been	ection with insulid pockets omes unavailable.
DoSt Yolection Hocking	🏶 Linable - () Diable (Sellings a	re invalid when clicit let	
	Cancel	Apply	

LTE Se rie s Use r's G uid e

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LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Do S Pro te c tio n Blo c king	Enable this to protect against DoSattacks. The Zyxel Device will drop sessions that surpass maximum thresholds.
Apply	Click this to save yourchanges.
Cancel	C lick this to restore your previously saved settings.

Table 79 Security > Fire wall > Do S

## 14.7 Fire wall Technical Reference

This section provides some technical background information about the topics covered in this chapter.

#### 14.7.1 Fire wall Rules Overview

Your customized rules take precedence and override the Zyxel Device's default settings. The Zyxel Device checks the source IP address, destination IP address and IP protocol type of network traffic against the fire wall rules (in the order you list them). When the traffic matches a rule, the Zyxel Device takes the action specified in the rule.

Fre wall rules are grouped based on the direction of travel of packets to which they apply:

٠	LAN to Router	•	WAN to LAN

LAN to WAN
WAN to Router

By default, the Zyxel Device's stateful packet inspection allows packets traveling in the following directions:

• LAN to Router

These rules specify which computers on the LAN can manage the Zyxel Device (remote management).

Note: You can also configure the remote management settings to allow only a specific computer to manage the Zyxel Device.

• LAN to WAN

The se rules specify which computers on the IAN can access which computers or services on the WAN.

By default, the Zyxel Device's state fulpacket inspection drops packets traveling in the following directions:

• WAN to LAN

These rules specify which computers on the WAN can access which computers or services on the IAN.

Note: You also need to configure NATport forwarding (or full featured NATaddress mapping rules) to allow computers on the WAN to access devices on the IAN.

• WAN to Router

By default the Zyxel Device stops computers on the WAN from managing the Zyxel Device. You could configure one of these rules to allow a WAN computer to manage the Zyxel Device.

Note: You also need to configure the remote management settings to allow a WAN computer to manage the Zyxel Device.

You may define additional rules and sets or modify existing ones but please exercise extreme caution in doing so.

For example, you may create rules to:

- Block certain types of traffic, such as IRC (Internet Relay Chat), from the IAN to the Internet.
- Allow certain types of traffic, such as Lotus Notes database synchronization, from specific hosts on the Internet to specific hosts on the IAN.
- Allow everyone except your competitors to access a web server.
- Restrict use of certain protocols, such as Telnet, to authorized users on the IAN.

The se custom rules work by comparing the source IP address, destination IP address and IP protocol type of network traffic to rules set by the administrator. Your customized rules take precedence and override the Zyxel Device's default rules.

#### 14.7.2 Guidelines For Security Enhancement With Your Firewall

- 1 Change the default password via the Web Configurator.
- 2 Think about access control before you connect to the network in any way.
- 3 Limit who can access your router.
- 4 Don't enable any local service (such as telnet or FIP) that you don't use. Any enabled service could present a potential security risk. A determined hacker might be able to find creative ways to misuse the enabled services to access the fire wall or the network.
- 5 For local services that are enabled, protect against misuse. Protect by configuring the services to communicate only with specific peers, and protect by configuring rules to block packets for the services at specific interfaces.
- 6 Protect against IP spoofing by making sure the fire wall is active.
- 7 Keep the fire wall in a secured (locked) room.

#### 14.7.3 Security Considerations

Note: Incorrectly configuring the fire wall may block valid accessor introduce security risks to the Zyxel Device and your protected network. Use caution when creating or deleting fire wall rules and test your rules after you configure them.

Consider these security ramifications before creating a rule:

- 1 Does this rule stop LAN users from accessing critical resources on the Internet? For example, if IRC (Internet Relay Chat) is blocked, are there users that require this service?
- 2 Is it possible to modify the rule to be more specific? For example, if IRC is blocked for all users, will a rule that blocks just certain users be more effective?
- 3 Does a rule that allows Internet users access to resources on the LAN create a security vulnerability? For example, if FIP ports (TCP 20, 21) are allowed from the Internet to the LAN, Internet users may be able to connect to computers with running FIP servers.
- 4 Does this rule conflict with any existing rules?

Once these questions have been answered, adding rules is simply a matter of entering the information into the correct fields in the Web Configurators creens.

# C HAPTER 15 MAC Filter

## 15.1 MAC Filter Overview

You can configure the Zyxel Device to permit access to clients based on their MAC addresses in the **MAC Filter** screen. This applies to wired and wireless connections. Every Ethemet device has a unique MAC (Media Access Control) address. The MAC address is assigned at the factory and consists of six pairs of hexadecimal characters, for example, 00:A0:C5:00:00:02. You need to know the MAC addresses of the IAN client to configure this screen.

## 15.2 MAC Filter

Enable MAC Address Filter and add the host name and MAC address of a IAN client to the table if you wish to allow ordeny them access to your network. You can choose to enable ordisable the filters per entry; make sure that the check box under Active is selected if you want to use a filter. Select Security > MAC Filter. The screen appears as shown.



		MAC	ilter	
fou can a poplet to oddwar is to know th	onfigure the Drie Weed and where assigned of the t te MAC addresse	I Device to permit godes to clients bo is connections. Every Ethernel device to octory and consists of all pairs of hexad a of the LAN client to configure this sos	ed on their MAC addresses in the <b>M</b> as a unique MAC (Media Access Or eclimal characters, for example, (0)/ en.	AC Filter screen, this minul address the MAC which address You need
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NAME SHOP	11000			
				t Addrew Rub
Set	Active	Host Name	MAC Address	Delete
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cown lo yo	ur network.		and the second second second second	an an airson an

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
MAC Add ress Filter	Select Enable to activate the MAC filter function.
MAC Restrict Mode	Select Allow to only permit the listed MAC addresses access to the Zyxel Device. Select <b>Deny</b> to permit anyone access to the Zyxel Device except the listed MAC addresses.
Add New Rule	Click this button to create a new entry.
Set	This is the index number of the MAC address.
Ac tive	Select Active to enable the MAC filter rule. The rule will not be applied if Allow is not selected under MAC Restrict Mode.
Ho st Na m e	Enter the host name of the wireless or IAN clients that are allowed access to the Zyxel Device.
MAC Address	Enter the MAC addresses of the wireless or IAN clients that are allowed access to the Zyxel Device in these address fields. Enter the MAC addresses in a valid MAC address format, that is, six hexadecimal character pairs, for example, 12:34:56:78:9a:bc.
De le te	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to delete an existing rule.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to restore your previously saved settings.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes.

Table 80 Security > MAC Filter

## 15.2.1 Add New Rule

You can choose to enable or disable the filters perentry; make sure that the check box under Active is selected if you want to use a filter, as shown in the example below. Select Security > MAC Filter > Add New Rule. The screen appears as shown.

Figure 155 Security > MAC Filter > Add New Rule

Set	Active	Host Nome	MAC Address	Delefe
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2		fast	SC + 66 - 99 - 00 - 11 + 23	Ξ

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 81	Security >	MAC	Filter>	Add	Ne w	Rule
200 20 0 2			<b>T MOO T</b>			

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Set	This is the index number of the MAC address.
Ac tive	Select Active to enable the MAC filter rule. The rule will not be applied if Allow is not selected under MAC Restrict Mode.
Ho st Na m e	Enter the host name of the wire less or IAN clients that are allowed access to the Zyxel Device.
MAC Address	Enter the MAC addresses of the wireless or IAN clients that are allowed access to the Zyxel Device in the se address fields. Enter the MAC addresses in a valid MAC address format, that is, six hexadecimal character pairs, for example, 12:34:56:78:9a:bc.
De le te	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to delete an existing rule.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to restore your previously saved settings.
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save yourchanges.

# C HAPTER 16 Parental Control

# 16.1 Overview

Use this screen to enable parental control and view parental control rules and schedules. Parental control allows you to limit the time users can access the Internet, and prevent users from viewing in appropriate content or participating in unauthorized online activities. These rules are defined in a Parental Control Profile (PCP).

# 16.2 The Parental Control Screen

Use this screen to enable parental control, view the parental control rules and schedules.

Click Security > Parental Control to open the following screen.

Figure 156 Security > Parental Control

To trial the f administration crisiated.	me of using It can define	internet or to prevent familie Porental Canital Profile(PC	y members have mapping In a specific home ref	nate contents and work user A mission	ontre activites,t mai 20 profiles o	tan be
General						
Parents Col	initia	. Loope. Dea	the Dellings and in-this we	un endere		
arental Co	introl Profi	e(PCP)				
					+*	sd New PC
# Status	PCP None	Home Natwork User MAC	internet Access Schedule	Network Service	Website Blocked	Modify

The following table describes the fields in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Parental Control	Select Enable to activate parental control.
Add New PCP	Click this if you want to configure a new parental control rule.
#	This shows the index number of the rule.

**Table 82**Pare ntal Control > Pare ntal Control

Table 82	Parental Control>	ParentalControl(continued)
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LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Status	This indicates whether the rule is active or not.
	A ye llow bulb signifies that this rule is active. A gray bulb signifies that this rule is not active.
PC P Name	This shows the name of the rule.
Home Network User (MAC)	This shows the MAC address of the LAN user's computer to which this rule applies.
Inte me t Ac c e ss Sc he d ule	This shows the day(s) and time on which parental control is enabled.
Ne two rk Se rvic e	This shows whether the network service is configured. If not, None will be shown.
Website Blocked	This shows whether the web site block is configured. If not, None will be shown.
Mod ify	Click the Editic on to go to the screen where you can edit the rule.
	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to delete an existing rule.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to exit this screen without saving.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.

## 16.2.1 Add New Parental Control Rule

Click Add New PCP in the Parental Control screen to add a new PCP rule. Use this screen to configure a restricted access schedule and/or URL filtering settings to block the users on your network from accessing certain websites.

Figure 157	Parental Control>	Parental Control>	Add New PCP
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The following table describes the fields in this screen.

**Table 83**Pare ntal Control > Pare ntal Control > Add New PCP

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
General	
Ac tive	Select Enable to activate this parental control rule.

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Parental Control Profile Name	Entera descriptive name for the rule.
Home Network User	Se le c t the IAN user that you want to apply this rule to from the drop-down list box. If you se le c t <b>Custom</b> , enter the IAN user's MAC address. If you se le c t <b>All</b> , the rule applies to all IAN users.
Rule List	In <b>Home Network User</b> , select <b>Custom</b> , enter the IAN user's MAC address, then click the + sign to enter a computer MAC address for this PCP. Up to five are allowed. Click the - sign to remove one.
Inte me t Ac c e ss Sc he	d ule
Day	Select the days that you want the Zyxel Device to perform parental control.
Time	Drag the time barto define the time that the LAN user is allowed access.
Add New Time	Click this to add a new time bar. Up to three are allowed.
Ne two rk Se rvic e	
Ne two rk Se rvic e Se tting	If you select <b>Block</b> , the Zyxel Device prohibits the users from viewing the Web sites with the URLs listed below.
	If you select <b>Allow</b> , the Zyxel Device blocks access to all URLs except the ones listed below.
Add New Service	Click this to show a screen in which you can add a new service rule. You can configure the Add New Service, Protocol, and Port of the new rule.
#	This shows the index number of the rule. Select the checkbox next to the rule to activate it.
Pro to c o l	This shows the protocolof the rule. Choices are TCP, UDP, or TCP& UDP.
Port	This shows the port of the rule.
Mod ify	Click the Editic on to go to the screen where you can edit the rule.
	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to delete an existing rule.
Site / URL Ke yw o rd	
BlockorAllow the Web Site	If you select <b>Block the Web URLs</b> , the Zyxel Device prohibits the users from viewing the Web sites with the URLs listed below.
	If you select Allow the Web URLs, the Zyxel Device blocks access to all URLs except the ones listed below.
#	This shows the index number of the rule.
We b site	This shows the URL of web site or URL keyword to which the Zyxel Device blocks or a lows access.
Mod ify	Click the Editicon to go to the screen where you can edit the rule.
	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to delete an existing rule.
Add	Click Add to show a screen to enter the URL of web site or URL keyword to which the Zyxel Device blocks or allows access.
OK	Click OK to save your settings back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to return to the previous screen without saving any changes.

**Table 83**Parental Control > Parental Control > Add New PCP

# C HAPTER 17 Certific a tes

## 17.1 Certificates Overview

The Zyxel Device can use certificates (also called digital IDs) to authenticate users. Certificates are based on public-private key pairs. A certificate contains the certificate owner's identity and public key. Certificates provide a way to exchange public keys for use in authentication.

### 17.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- Use the Local Certificates screen to view and import the Zyxel Device's CA-signed (Certification Authority) certificates (Section 17.2 on page 209).
- Use the **Trusted CA** screen to save the certificates of trusted CAs to the Zyxel Device. You can also export the certificates to a computer (Section 17.3 on page 213).

## 17.2 Local Certificates

Use this screen to view the Zyxel Device's summary list of certificates, generate certification requests, and import signed certificates. You can import the following certificates to your Zyxel Device:

- Web Server This certificate secures HTTP connections.
- SSH-This certificate secures remote connections.

Click Security > Certificates to open the Local Certificates screen.

Figure 158 Security > Certificates > Local Certificates

Current File	Subject	Issuer	Valid Pro		Valid To	Modity
				ingori Certificate		Discle Derificate Request
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Table 84	Security >	Certificates >	LocalCertific	a te s
	No c any ,		Lo c u i c c i unic	u u u

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Replace Private Key	y/Certificate file in PEM format
Private Key is protected by password	Select the check box and enter the private key into the text box to store it on the Zyxel Device. The private key should not exceed 63 ASCII characters (not including spaces).
Choose File/ Browse	Click this button to find the certificate file you want to upload.
Import Certificate	Click this button to save the certificate that you have enrolled from a certification authority from your computer to the Zyxel Device.
Create Certificate Request	Click this button to go to the screen where you can have the Zyxel Device generate a certification request.
Cument File	This field displays the name used to identify this certificate. It is recommended that you give each certificate a unique name.
Subject	This field displays identifying information about the certificate's owner, such as CN (Common Name), OU (Organizational Unit or department), O (Organization or company) and C (Country). It is recommended that each certificate have a unique subject information.
Issue r	This field displays identifying information about the certificate's issuing certification authority, such as a common name, organizational unit or department, organization or company and country.
Valid From	This field displays the date that the certificate becomes applicable. The text displays in red and includes a Not Yet Valid! message if the certificate has not yet become applicable.
Valid To	This field displays the date that the certificate expires. The text displays in red and includes an <b>Expiring!</b> or <b>Expired!</b> message if the certificate is about to expire or has already expired.
Modify	Click the View icon to open a screen with an in-depth list of information about the certificate.
	For a certification request, click Load Signed to import the signed certificate.
	Click the <b>Remove</b> icon to remove the certificate (orcertification request). A window displays a sking you to confirm that you want to delete the certificate. Note that subsequent certificates move up by one when you take this action.

## 17.2.1 Create Certificate Request

Click **Security > Certificates > Local Certificates** and then **Create Certificate Request** to open the following screen. Use this screen to have the Zyxel Device generate a certification request. To create a certificate signing request, you need to enter a common name, organization name, state/province name, and the two-letter country code for the certificate.

Fig ure	159	C re a te	C e rtific a te	Request
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House the Sysel Device gen commute nome, organization	entre a certification request. To creat princime atote/province nome and	e o carthoate signing rease në hvo-etter counts code	d, you need to enter a for the certificate.
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Table 8	5 Create	e Certificate Request
LABEL	I	DESC RIPTIO N

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Certificate Name	Type up to 63 ASC II c haracters (not including spaces) to identify this certificate.
Common Name	Select <b>Auto</b> to have the Zyxel Device configure this field automatically. Or select <b>Customize</b> to enter it manually.
	Type the IP address (in dotted decimal notation), domain name oremailaddress in the field provided. The domain name oremailaddress can be up to 63 ASC II characters. The domain name oremail address is for identification purposes only and can be any string.
Org a niza tio n Na m e	Type up to 63 c haracters to identify the company or group to which the certificate owner belongs. You may use any character, including spaces, but the Zyxel Device drops trailing spaces.
State/Province Name	Type up to 32 c haracters to identify the state or province where the certificate owner is located. You may use any character, including spaces, but the Zyxel Device drops trailing spaces.
Country/Region Name	Select a country to identify the nation where the certificate owner is located.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to exit this screen without saving.
ОК	Click <b>OK</b> to save yourchanges.

#### 17.2.2 View Certificate Request

Use this screen to view in-depth information about the certificate request. The **Certificate** is used to verify the authenticity of the certification authority. The **Private Key** serves as your digital signature for authentic ation and must be safely stored. The **Signing Request** contains the certificate signing request value that you will copy upon submitting the certificate request to the CA (certificate authority).

Click the View icon in the Local Certificates screen to open the following screen.

Certificate Derate		
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	BOWAW000CA08A00MC30HC40J BekUraM43CaPLexControl Transfer CARAGOCIYE	
	A Third and the second se	-

Figure 160 Certificate Request: View

Table 86 Certificate	Request: View
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LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Name	This field displays the identifying name of this certificate.
Туре	This field displays general information about the certificate. <b>ca</b> means that a Certification Authority signed the certificate.
Subject	This field d isp lays information that identifies the owner of the certificate, such as Common Name (CN), Organizational Unit (OU), Organization (O) and Country (C).
C e rtific a te	This read-only text box displays the certificate in Privacy Enhanced Mail (PEM) format. PEM uses base 64 to convert the binary certificate into a printable form.
	You can copy and paste the certificate into an email to send to friends or colleagues or you can copy and paste the certificate into a text editor and save the file on a management computer for later distribution.
Private Key	This field displays the private key of this certific ate.

LTE Se rie s Use r's G uid e

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Signing Request	This field displays the CSR (Certific ate Signing Request) information of this certific ate. The CSR will be provided to a certific ate authority, and it includes information about the public key, organization name, domain name, location, and country of this certific ate.
Ba c k	Click Back to return to the previous screen.

Table 86 Certificate Request: View (continued)

## 17.3 Trusted CA

Click Security > Certificates > Thusted CA to open the following screen. This screen displays a summary list of certificates of the certification authorities that you have set the Zyxel Device to accept as trusted. The Zyxel Device accepts any valid certificate signed by a certification authority on this list as being trustworthy, which means you do not need to import any certificate that is signed by one of the se certification authorities.

Note: A maximum of 4 certificates can be added.

Figure 161	Se c unity $>$ C e rtific a te s $>$ Truste d	$\mathbf{C}\mathbf{A}$
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			+ moort Carille
Name	Subject	Туре	Modily

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N	
Import Certificate	C lick this button to open a screen where you can save the certificate of a certification a uthority that you trust to the Zyxel Device.	
#	This is the index number of the entry.	
Name	This field displays the name used to identify this certificate.	
Subject	This field displays information that identifies the owner of the certificate, such as Common Name (CN), OU(Organizational Unit or department), Organization (O), State (SI) and Country (C). It is recommended that each certificate have a unique subject information.	
Туре	This field displays general information about the certificate. <b>ca</b> means that a Certification Authority signed the certificate.	
Mo d ify	Click the <b>View</b> icon to open a screen with an in-depth list of information about the certificate (or certification request).	
	Click the <b>Remove</b> icon to delete the certificate (orcertification request). You cannot delete a certificate that one or more features is configured to use.	

Ta b le 87 Se c unity > C e rtific a te s > Thuste d CA

## 17.4 Import Trusted CA Certificate

Click **Import Certificate** in the **Trusted CA** screen to open the **Import Certificate** screen. The Zyxel Device trusts any valid certificate signed by any of the imported trusted CA certificates. Certificates should be in one of the following formats: Binary X.509, PEM (base-64) encoded, Binary PKC S# 7, or PEM (base-64) encoded PKC S# 7.

Note: You must remove any spaces from the certificate's file name before you can import the certificate.

Figure 162 Trusted CA > Import



The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Certificate File Path	Type in the location of the file you want to upload in this field orclick <b>Choose File</b> / <b>Browse</b> to find it.
Choose File/ Browse	Click this button to find the certificate file you want to upload.
ОК	Click this to save the certificate on the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	C lick this to exit this screen without saving.

# 17.5 View Trusted CA Certificate

Use this screen to view in-depth information about the certification authority's certificate. The certificate text box is read-only and can be distributed to others.

Click Security > Certificates > Trusted CA to open the Trusted CA screen. Click the View icon to open the View Certificate screen.

<b>Fig ure</b>	163	Truste d	CA:	Vie w
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Ministration Philippenia Phili	Construction of the end of the			
	Back			

Tabl	e	89	Trust	e d	CA:	Vie	W	

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Name	This field displays the identifying name of this certificate.
	This read-only text box displays the certificate or certification request in Privacy Enhanced Mail (PEM) format. PEM uses 64 ASC II characters to convert the binary certificate into a printable form. You can copy and paste the certificate into an email to send to friends or colleagues or you can copy and paste the certificate into a text editor and save the file on a management computer for later distribution (via USB thumb drive for example).
Ba c k	Click this to return to the previous screen.

## 17.6 Certificates Technical Reference

This section provides some technical background information about the topics covered in this chapter.

#### Certific a tion Authorities

A Certification Authority (CA) issues certificates and guarantees the identity of each certificate owner. There are commercial certification authorities like CyberTlustor VeriSign and government certification authorities.

#### Public and Private Keys

When using public -key cryptology for a uthentication, each host has two keys. One key is public and can be made openly available; the other key is private and must be kept secure. Public -key encryption in general works as follows.

- 1 Tim wants to send a private message to Jenny. Tim generates a public private key pair. What is encrypted with one key can only be decrypted using the other.
- 2 Tim keeps the private key and makes the public key openly available.
- 3 Tim uses his private key to encrypt the message and sends it to Jenny.
- 4 Jenny receives the message and uses Tim's public key to decrypt it.
- 5 Additionally, Jenny uses herown private key to encrypt a message and Tim uses Jenny's public key to decrypt the message.

The Zyxel Device uses certificates based on public-key cryptology to authenticate users attempting to establish a connection. The method used to secure the data that you send through an established connection depends on the type of connection. For example, a VPN tunnel might use the triple DES encryption algorithm.

The certification authority uses its private key to sign certificates. Anyone can then use the certification authority's public key to verify the certificates.

#### Advantages of Certificates

Certificates offer the following benefits.

- The Zyxel Device only has to store the certificates of the certification authorities that you decide to trust, no matter how many devices you need to authenticate.
- Key distribution is simple and very secure since you can freely distribute public keys and you never need to transmit private keys.

#### Certificate File Format

The certification authority certificate that you want to import has to be in PEM (Base-64) encoded X.509 file format. This Privacy Enhanced Mail format uses 64 ASC II characters to convert a binary X.509 certificate into a printable form.

#### 17.6.1 Verify a Certificate

Before you import a trusted CA or trusted remote host certificate into the Zyxel Device, you should verify that you have the actual certificate. This is especially true of trusted CA certificates since the Zyxel Device also trusts any valid certificate signed by any of the imported trusted CA certificates.

You can use a certificate's fingerprint to verify it. A certificate's fingerprint is a message digest calculated using the MD5 or SHA1 algorithms. The following procedure describes how to check a certificate's fingerprint to verify that you have the actual certificate.

1 Browse to where you have the certificate saved on your computer.
2 Make sure that the certificate has a ".cer" or ".crt" file name extension.

Figure 164 Certificates on Your Computer

	London-Office.cer
Certificates	

3 Double-click the certificate's icon to open the Certificate window. Click the Details tab and scroll down to the Thumbprint Algorithm and Thumbprint fields.

General Details Centification	Path [
Show: Colo	z .
S.dunt.	Genn
EPublic key	RSA (1024 08s)
E Uny Usage	Digital Signature , Certificate Signing(
Te Subject Advertising Name	CNS Name-Genti
Basic Constrants	Subject Type+CA, Path Length Cons
Thumborint algorithm	dal.
Bunkpret	80A7 2286 7960 FP92 52F4 684C A2
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	Gitty to File.
	L OK

Use a secure method to verify that the certificate owner has the same information in the **Thumbprint Algorithm** and **Thumbprint** fields. The secure method may vary based on your situation. Possible examples would be over the telephone or through an HTIPS connection.

# C HAPTER 18 Voice

### 18.1 Overview

4G only supports all-IP-based packet-switched telephony services. When Voice service is enabled, the Zyxel Device supports Circuit Switched FallBack (CSFB) to deliver/receive circuit-switched voice calls and text messages via a 3G mobile network and then goes back to the 4G LIE network to transmit data packets.

With the voice service, users do not need a SIP account and SIP server to make phone calls over the Internet.

#### 18.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

These screens a low you to configure your Zyxel Device to make phone calls over the Internet and your regular phone line, and to set up the phone you connect to the Zyxel Device.

- Use the Voice Mode screen to enable VolPorVoLTE services on the Zyxel Device (Section 18.2 on page 218).
- Use the SIP Account screen to set up information about your SIP account, control which SIP accounts the phones connected to the LIE Device use and configure audio settings such as volume levels for the phones connected to the ZyXEL Device (Section 18.3.1 on page 219).
- Use the SIP Service Provider screen to configure the SIP server information, and the numbers for certain phone functions (Section 18.3.3 on page 223).
- Use the **Phone** screen to change settings that depend on which region of the world the Zyxel Device is in (Section 18.4 on page 227).
- Use the **Call Rule** screen to set up shortcuts for dialing frequently-used (Vo IP) phone numbers (Section 18.5 on page 227).
- Use the Call History screen to view a call history list (Section 18.6 on page 228).

# 18.2 Voice Mode

Use this screen to enable Vo IP or Vo LIE services on the Zyxel Device. To access this screen, click Voice > Voice Mode.

Figure 166 Voice > Voice Mode

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Hores .			
# Voce Service a charged	syller wilnibost.		
	Cancel	Apply	

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 90	Vo ic e	> Voice	Mode
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LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
C o nfig ura tio n	
Voice Service	Select Enable to activate VolPorVoLIE on the Zyxel Device.
Apply	Click Apply to save the setting s.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to start configuring this screen again.

### 18.3 SIP

SIP stands for Session Initiation Protocol. SIP is a signalling standard that lets one network device (like a computeror the Zyxel Device) send messages to another. In VoIP, these messages are about phone calls over the network. For example, when you dial a number on your Zyxel Device, it sends a SIP message over the network asking the other device (the number you dialed) to take part in the call. To access this screen, click **Voice > SIP**.

#### 18.3.1 SIP Account

You can make calls over the Internet using Vo IP technology. For this, you first need to set up a SIP account with a SIP service provider. The Zyxel Device uses a SIP account to make outgoing Vo IP calls, and to check if an incoming call's destination number matches your SIP account's Vo IP number. In order to make and receive Vo IP calls, you need to enable and configure a SIP account, and then map it to a phone port. The SIP account contains information that allows your Zyxel Device to connect to your Vo IP service provider.

To access this screen, click Voice > SIP > SIP Account.



SIP							
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The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
#	This is the index number of the entry.
Enable	This shows whether the SIP account is activated or not. A yellow bulb signifies that this SIP account is activated. A gray bulb signifies that this SIP account is activated.
SIP Ac count	This shows the name of the SIP account.
Service Provider	This shows the name of the SIP service provider.
AccountNumber	This shows the SIP number.
Mod ify	Click the Modify icon to configure the SIP account.

#### Table 91 Voice > SIP > SIP Account

#### 18.3.2 SIP Account Entry Edit

You can configure a SIP account. To access this screen, click the Modify icon.

	SIP Account Entry Edit		
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Figure 168 Voice > SIP > SIP Account > SIP Account Entry Edit

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Tab	le	92	Vo ic e	>	SIP >	SIP	Account>	SIP	'Account	Entry	Ed it
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LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N					
SIP Servic e Provider Association						
SIP Service Provider Associated with	Select the check box to use this account. Clearit to not use this account.					
General						
SIP Account Number	Enteryour SIP number. In the full SIP URI, this is the part before the @ symbol. You can use up to 127 printable ASC II characters.					
Authentic ation						
Use r Na m e	Enter the user name for registering this SIP account, exactly as it was given to you. You can use up to 95 printable ASCII characters.					

LTE Se rie s Use r's Guide

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Pa ssw o rd	Enter the password for registering this SIP account, exactly as it was given to you. You can use up to 95 printable ASCII characters.
URL Typ e	
URL Typ e	Select whether or not to include the SIP service domain name when the LIE Device sends the SIP number.
	SIP - include the SIP service domain name.
	TEL-do not include the SIP service domain name.
Voice Features	
Primary Compression Type Secondary Compression	Select the type of voice coder/decoder(codec) that you want the LIE Device to use.
Туре	G.711 provides higher voice quality but requires more bandwidth (64 kbps).
Third Compression Type	• G.729 provides good sound quality and reduces the required bandwidth to 8 kbps.
	• G.711a is typic a lly used in Europe.
	• G.711u is typic ally used in North America and Japan.
	• G.726-32 operates at 16, 24, 32 or 40 kbps.
	• G.722 operates at 6.3 kbps or 5.3 kbps.
	When two SIP devices start a SIP session, they must agree on a codec.
	Select the LIE Device's first choice for voice coder/decoder.
	Select the LIE Device's second choice forvoice coder/decoder. Select <b>None</b> if you only want the LIE Device to accept the first choice.
	Select the LIE Device's third choice forvoice coder/decoder. Select None if you only want the LIE Device to accept the first or second choice.
Speaking Volume Control	Select the loudness that the LIE Device uses for speech that it sends to the peer device. Choices are Minimum, Middle, and Maximum.
Listening Volume Control	Select the loudness that the LTE Device uses for speech that it receives from the peer device. Choices are Minimum, Middle, and Maximum.
Enable G. 168	Select this if you want to eliminate the echo caused by the sound of your voice reverberating in the telephone receiver while you talk.
Enable VAD	Select this if the LIE Device should stop transmitting when you are not speaking. This reduces the band width the LIE Device uses.
C a ll Fe a ture s	
Send Caller ID	Se le c t this if you want to send identification when you make VoIP phone calls. Clear this if you do not want to send identification.
Enable Call Waiting	Se le c t this to e nable c all waiting on the LIE Device. This allows you to place a c all on hold while you answer another incoming c all on the same telephone (directory) number.
Call Waiting Reject Timer	Specify a time of seconds that the LIE Device waits before rejecting the second call if you do not answer it.
Enable Do NotDisturb (DND)	Select this to turn the do not disturb feature on. This has the Zyxel Device reject all calls destined to the phone line.
Ac tive Incoming Anonymous Call Block	Select this to have the phone not ring for incoming calls with caller ID deactivated.
ОК	Click this to save your changes.
Cancel	C lic k this to e xit this sc reen without saving.

Table 92 Voice > SIP > SIP Account > SIP Account Entry Edit (contr	, inued)
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LTE Se rie s Use r' s G uid e

#### 18.3.3 SIP Service Provider

Use this screen to view the SIP service provider information on the Zyxel Device. A SIP provider offers Internet call services using VoIP technology. You may need to consult your SIP service provider for the following settings. To access this screen, click **Voice > SIP > SIP Service Provider**.

Figure 169 Voice > SIP > SIP Service Provider

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÷.	BP Service Provider Name	SP Proxy Server Address	REGISTER Server Address	MP bervice Duessin	Modily
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The following table describes the labels in this screen. Table 93 Voice > SIP > SIP Service Provider

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
#	This is the index number of the entry.
SIP Service Provider Name	This shows the name of the SIP service provider.
SIP Proxy Server Address	This shows the IP address or domain name of the SIP server.
Register Server Address	This shows the IP address or domain name of the SIP register server.
SIP Service Domain	Enter the SIP service domain name. In the full SIP URI, this is the part after the @ symbol. You can use up to 127 printable ASC II Extended set characters.
Mo d ify	Click the Modify icon to configure the profile of SIP service provider settings.

#### 18.3.4 Provider Entry Edit

Use this screen to configure the SIP server information, the numbers for certain phone functions and dialing plan for a SIP service provider. Click **Voice > SIP > SIP Service Provider** and then click the **Modify** icon next to a profile of SIP service provider settings to open the following screen.

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Figure 170 Voice > SIP > SIP Service Provider. Edit

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPHO N	
General		
SIP Service Provider	Se le c t this if you want the Zyxel Device to use this SIP provider. C le arit if you do not want the Zyxel Device to use this SIP provider.	
SIP Service Provider Name	Enter the name of your SIP service provider.	
SIP Local Port	Enter the Zyxel Device's listening port number, if your Vo IP service provider gave you one. Otherwise, keep the default value.	
SIP Proxy Server Address	Enter the IP address or domain name of the SIP server provided by your VoIP service provider. You can use up to 95 printable ASC II characters. It does not matter whether the SIP server is a proxy, redirector register server.	

LTE Se rie s Use r's G uid e

IABEL	DESC RIPHO N	
SIP Pro xy Se rve r Po rt	Enter the SIP server's listening port number, if your VoIP service provider gave you one. Otherwise, keep the default value.	
SIP REG ISTAR Server Address	Enter the IP address or domain name of the SIP register server, if your VoIP servic e provider gave you one. Otherwise, enter the same address you entered in the SIP Server Address field. You can use up to 95 printable ASC II characters.	
SIP REG ISTAR Server Port	Enter the SIP register server's listening port number, if your VoIP service provider gave you one. Otherwise, enter the same port number you entered in the SIP Server Port field.	
SIP Service Domain	Enter the SIP service domain name. In the full SIP URI, this is the part after the @ symbol. You can use up to 127 printable ASC II Extended set characters.	
RFC Support		
PRACK(RFC 3262)	RFC 3262 defines a mechanism to provide reliable transmission of SIP provisional response messages, which convey information on the processing progress of the request. This uses the option tag 100 reland the Provisional Response AC Knowledgement (PRACK) method.	
	Select <b>Supported</b> or <b>Required</b> to have the Zyxel Device include a SIP Require/ Supported header field with the option tag 100 relinall INVIE requests. When the Zyxel Device receives a SIP response message indicating that the phone it called is ringing, the Zyxel Device sends a PRACK message to have both sides confirm the message is received.	
	If you select <b>Supported</b> , the peerdevice supports the option tag 100 rel to send provisional responses reliably.	
	If you select <b>Required</b> , the peerdevice requires the option tag 100 rel to send provisional responses reliably.	
	Select <b>Disabled</b> to tum off this function.	
Vo IP IO P Flags - Se le c t Vo IP inter-opera bility settings.		
	Replace dialdigit '#' to '%23' in SIP messages.	
	Remove ':5060' and 'transport=udp' from request-un in SIP messages.	
	Remove the 'Route' header in SIP messages.	
	Don't send re-Invite to the remote party when there are multiple codecs answered in the Session Description Protocol (SDP).	
	Remove the 'Authentic ation' header in SIP ACK messages.	
Bound Interface Name		
Bound Interface Name	If you select <b>AnyWAN</b> , the Zyxel Device automatically activates the VoIP service when any WAN connection is up.	
	If you select <b>MultiWAN</b> , you also need to select the pre-configured WAN connections. The VoIP service is activated only when one of the selected WAN connections is up.	
Outbound Proxy		
Ena b le	Select this if your VoIP service provider has a SIP outbound server to handle voice calls. This allows the Zyxel Device to work with any type of NAT router and eliminates the need for SIUN or a SIP ALG. Turn off any SIP ALG on a NAT router in front of the Zyxel Device to keep it from re-translating the IP address (since this is already handled by the outbound proxy server).	
Outbound Proxy Address	Enter the IP address or domain name of the SIP outbound proxy server.	
Outbound Proxy Port	Enter the SIP outbound proxy server's listening port, if your VoIP service provider gave you one. Otherwise, keep the default value.	
Use DHCPOption 120 first	Select this to have the Zyxel Device use DHCPOption 120 first.	

Table 94 Voice > SIP > SIP Service Provider. Edit (continued)

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N			
RTP Port Range				
Start Port	Enter the listening port number(s) for RIP traffic, if your VoIP service provider gave you this information. Otherwise, keep the default values.			
End Port	To enterone port number, enter the port number in the Start Port and End Port fields.			
	To enter a range of ports,			
	<ul> <li>enter the port number at the beginning of the range in the Start Port field.</li> <li>enter the port number at the end of the range in the End Port field.</li> </ul>			
DTMF Mode	Control how the Zyxel Device handles the tones that your telephone makes when you push its buttons. You should use the same mode your Vo IP service provider uses.			
	RFC 2833 - send the DIMF to nes in RIP packets.			
	Inband - send the DTMF tones in the voice data stream. This method works best when you are using a codec that does not use compression (like G.711). Codecs that use compression (like G.726) can distort the tones.			
	SIPInfo - send the DTMF to nes in SIP messages.			
Transport Type				
Transport Type	Select the transport layer protocol UDP or TCP (usually UDP) used for SIP.			
Ignore Direct IP	Select <b>Enable</b> to have the connected devices accept SIP requests only from the SIP proxy/registerserver specified above. SIP requests sent from other IP addresses will be ignored.			
FAX Op tio n	This field controls how the Zyxel Device handles fax messages.			
Q o S Ta g				
SIP DSC P Mark Setting	Enter the DSCP (DiffServ Code Point) number for SIP message transmissions. The Zyxel Device creates Class of Service (CoS) priority tags with this number to SIP traffic that it transmits.			
RTP DSC P Mark Setting	Enter the DSCP (DiffServ Code Point) number for RIP voice transmissions. The Zyxel Device creates Class of Service (CoS) priority tags with this number to RIP traffic that it transmits.			
Time r Se tting				
SIP Register Expiration Duration	Enter the number of second syour SIP account is registered with the SIP registers erver before it is deleted. The Zyxel Device automatically tries to re-register your SIP account when one-half of this time has passed (The SIP registers erver might have a different expiration).			
SIP RegisterFall Re-try timer	Enter the number of seconds the Zyxel Device waits before it tries again to register the SIP account, if the first try failed or if there is no response.			
Session Expires [SE]	Enter the number of seconds the Zyxel Device lets a SIP session remain idle (without traffic) before it automatically disconnects the session.			
Min-SE	Enter the minimum number of seconds the Zyxel Device lets a SIP session remain id le (without traffic) before it automatically disconnects the session. When two SIP devices start a SIP session, they must agree on an expiration time for id le sessions. This field is the shortest expiration time that the Zyxel Device accepts.			
Dia ling interval se le c tio n	Dia ling interval se le c tio n			
Dia ling interval se le c tio n	Enter the number of seconds the Zyxel Device should wait after you stop dialing numbers before it makes the phone call. The value depends on how quickly you dial phone numbers.			
Enable DNS SRV	Se le c t this to have the Zyxel Device query your ISP's DNS server for a list of any available SIP servers that it maintains. This is use ful if your static SIP server experiences difficulties, making it hard for your IP phone users to make SIP calls.			

Table 94 Voice > SIP > SIP Service Provider. Edit (continued	Table	94	Voice >	SIP >	SIP Servic e	Provider: Edit	(continue d
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Table 94 Voice > SIP > SIP Service Provider. Edit (continued)

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
ОК	Click this to save your changes.
Cancel	C lick this to exit this screen without saving.

### 18.4 Phone

Use this screen to configure settings that depend on which region of the world the Zyxel Device is in. Selecting the region where the device is physically located improves the quality of phone calls. To access this screen, click Voice > Phone.

Figure 171 Voice > Phone

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	Concel Apply	

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Table 95	Voice > Phone	
IABEL		DESC RIPTIO N
<b>D</b> : 0		

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N	
Region Setting	Select the place in which the Zyxel Device is located.	
Call Service Mode	<ul> <li>Mode</li> <li>Select the mode for supplementary phone services (call hold, call waiting, call transfer and three-way conference calls) that your Vo IP service provider support</li> <li>Europe Type - use supplementary phone services in European mode.</li> <li>USA Type - use supplementary phone services American mode.</li> </ul>	
	You might have to subscribe to these services to use the m. Contact your Vo ${\rm I\!P}$ service provider.	
Apply	Click this to save your changes and to apply them to the Zyxel Device.	
Cancel	Click this to set every field in this screen to its last-saved value.	

Note: You need to reboot the device after changing the region settings for it to take effect.

#### 18.5 Call Rule

Use this screen to add, edit, or remove speed-dial numbers for outgoing calls. Speed dial provides shortcuts for dialing frequently-used (VoIP) phone numbers. You also have to create speed-dialentries if you want to call SIP numbers that contain letters. Once you have configured a speed dial rule, you can use a shortcut (the speed dial number, #01 for example) on your phone's keypad to call the phone number. To access this screen, click Voice > Call Rule.

Figure 172 Voice > Call Rule

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KE		
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41		
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KB .		
er:		
11		

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPHO N
Ke ys	This field displays the speed-dial number you should dial to use this entry.
Number	Enter the SIP number you want the Zyxel Device to call when you dial the speed-dial number.
De sc rip tio n	Enter a short description to identify the party you call when you dial the speed-dial number. You can use up to 127 printable ASCII characters.
Clear All Speed Dials	Click this button to remove all speed dials saved.
Ap p ly	Click this to save your changes and to apply them to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click this to set every field in this screen to its last-saved value.

Table 96 Voice > Call Rule

### 18.6 Call History

The Zyxel Device logs calls from or to your SIP addresses. This screen allows you to view a summary of received, dialed and missed calls and a call history list. You can also view detailed information on each outgoing and incoming call.

#### 18.6.1 Call History Screen

To a c c e ss this sc re e n, c lic k Voic e > C a ll History.

#### Figure 173 Voice > Call History

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Classfy:	Al					Class List. Roke	de Tasart
					Q H	cumine 😵 Ovignine	S. Mond
lype	Date	Norre	Normber	Phone Device	Oulgoing Number	Donation (Inhumanus)	Modify

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
C la ssify	Select the type of the calls. The call types are: Incoming, Outgoing and Missed.
C le a r List	C lick this button to remove all entries from the call history list.
Re fre sh	C lick this button to renew the call history list.
Exp o rt	Click Export to download a call history list.
Туре	This displays the type of the calls.
Date	This displays the date when the calls were made.
Name	This displays the SIP account you called.
Number	This displays the SIP number you called.
Phone Device	This field displays the name of a phone port on the Zyxel Device.
Outgoing Number	This displays how many calls originated from you that day.
Dura tio n	This d isp lays how long the current call has lasted.
Mo d ify	Click the Modify icon to make changes to the call history.

#### Table 97 Voice > Call History

#### 18.6.2 Call Summary Screen

The Zyxel Device logs calls to or from your SIP addresses. This screen allows you to view the summary of received, dialed and missed calls. To access this screen, click **Voice > Call History > Call Summary**.

Figure 174 Voice > Call History > Call Summary



LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Re fre sh	C lick this button to renew the call history list.
ClearAll	Click this button to remove all entries from the call history list.
Date	This is the date when the calls were made.
To ta l C a lls	This displays the total number of calls from or to your SIP numbers that day.
Outgoing Calls	This displays how many calls originated from you that day.
Incoming Calls	This displays how many calls you received that day.
Missing Calls	This displays how many incoming calls were not answered that day.
To ta l Dura tio n	This displays how long all calls lasted that day.

Table 98 Voice > Call History > Call Summary

# C HAPTER 19 Log

### 19.1 Log Overview

These screens allow you to determine the categories of events and/or a lerts that the Zyxel Device logs and then display these logs or have the Zyxel Device send them to an administrator (through email) or to a syslog server.

#### 19.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- Use the System Log screen to see the system logs (Section 19.2 on page 232).
- Use the Security Log screen to see the security-related logs for the categories that you select (Section 19.3 on page 232).

#### 19.1.2 What You Need To Know

The following terms and concepts may help as you read this chapter.

#### Alerts and Logs

An alert is a type of log that warrants more serious attention. They include system errors, attacks (access control) and attempted access to blocked web sites. Some categories such as **System Errors** consist of both logs and alerts. You may differentiate them by their color in the **View Log** screen. Alerts display in red and logs display in black.

#### Syslog Overview

The syslog protocolallows devices to send event notification messages across an IP network to syslog servers that collect the event messages. A syslog-enabled device can generate a syslog message and send it to a syslog server.

Syslog is defined in RFC 3164. The RFC defines the packet format, content and system log related information of syslog messages. Each syslog message has a facility and sevenity level. The syslog facility identifies a file in the syslog server. Refer to the documentation of your syslog program for details. The following table describes the syslog sevenity levels.

CODE	SEVERIIY
0	Emergency: The system is unusable.
1	Alert: Action must be taken immediately.
2	Critic a l: The system c o nd itio n is c ritic a l.
3	Error. There is an error condition on the system.
4	Waming: There is a waming condition on the system.

Table 99 Syslog Severity Levels

CODE	SEVERIIY
5	No tice: There is a normal but significant condition on the system.
6	Informational: The syslog contains an informational message.
7	Debugging: The message is intended for debug-level purposes.

Table 99 Syslog Severity Levels

### 19.2 System Log

Use the **System Log** screen to see the system logs. You can filter the entries by selecting a severity level and/orcategory. Click **System Monitor > Log** to open the **System Log** screen.

Figure 175 System Monitor > Log > System Log

Siport o	remail the sys	nam lág	p. You can til	ter the er	met by cloting the	Level and/or Category drap	-down lat bores.
16646	AL.		Categos	30		Clearlog, Rehat	t Exporting E-mailing New
	Time		feelilly		Level	Category	Messages

The following table describes the fields in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Level	Se le c t a sevenity le vel from the drop-down list box. This filters search results according to the sevenity le vel you have selected. When you select a sevenity, the Zyxel Device searches through all logs of that sevenity or higher.
C a te g o ry	Select the type of logs to display.
ClearLog	Click this to delete all the logs.
Re fre sh	Click this to renew the log screen.
Export Log	Click this to export the selected log(s).
Email Log Now	Click this to send the log file(s) to the email address you specify in the <b>Maintenance &gt; Logs</b> Setting screen.
#	This field is a sequential value and is not a ssociated with a specific entry.
Tim e	This field displays the time the log was recorded.
Fa c ility	The log facility allows you to send logs to different files in the syslog server. Refer to the documentation of your syslog program for more details.
Le ve l	This field displays the sevenity level of the log that the device is to send to this syslog server.
C a te g o ry	This field displays the type of the log.
Me ssa g e s	This field states the reason for the log.

Ta b le 100 Syste m Monito r > Log > Syste m Log

## 19.3 Security Log

Use the **Security Log** screen to see the security-related logs for the categories that you select. You can filter the entries by selecting a severity level and/or category. Click **System Monitor > Log > Security Log** to open the following screen.

Figure 176 System Monitor > Log > Security Log

View the ghop-do	e security-relation	ed log	for the calleg	porties the	Y you pelect. You co	m the mines by closing	g the Level and/or Collegory
See.	Al		diffegury	Al:		Clear Log. Refre	ah Expeditop E-melitop New.
	Time		Facility		Sevel	Category	Messages

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Level	Se le c t a severity le vel from the drop-down list box. This filters search results according to the severity le vel you have selected. When you select a severity, the Zyxel Device searches through all logs of that severity or higher.
C a te g o ry	Select the type of logs to display.
ClearLog	C lick this to delete all the logs.
Re fre sh	Click this to renew the log screen.
Export Log	C lick this to export the selected log(s).
Email Log Now	C lick this to send the log file(s) to the email address you specify in the <b>Maintenance &gt; Logs</b> Setting screen.
#	This field is a sequential value and is not a ssociated with a specific entry.
Tim e	This field displays the time the log was recorded.
Fa c ility	The log facility a llows you to send logs to different files in the syslog server. Refer to the documentation of your syslog program formore details.
Level	This field displays the seventy level of the log that the device is to send to this syslog server.
C a te g o ry	This field displays the type of the log.
Me ssa g e s	This field states the reason for the log.

 Table 101
 System Monitor > Log > Security Log

# C HAPTER 20 Traffic Status

## 20.1 Traffic Status Overview

Use the **Thaffic Status** screens to look at the network traffic status and statistics of the WAN/IAN interfaces.

#### 20.1.1 What You Can Do in this Chapter

- Use the WAN screen to view the WAN traffic statistics (Section 20.2 on page 234).
- Use the IAN screen to view the IAN traffic statistics (Section 20.3 on page 235).

#### 20.2 WAN Status

Click **System Monitor > Tiaffic Status** to open the **WAN** screen. The figures in this screen show the number of bytes received and sent through the Zyxel Device's WAN interface. The table below shows packet statistics for each WAN interface.





The following table describes the fields in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Re fre sh Inte rva l	Select how often you want the Zyxel Device to update this screen.
Connected Interface	This shows the name of the WAN interface that is currently connected.
Packets Sent	
Da ta	This indic a tes the number of transmitted packets on this interface.
Erro r	This indic a tes the number of frames with enors transmitted on this interface.
Dro p	This indicates the number of outgoing packets dropped on this interface.
Packets Received	1
Da ta	This indicates the number of received packets on this interface.
Erro r	This indic a testhe number of frames with enors received on this interface.
Dro p	This indicates the number of received packets dropped on this interface.
Disa b le d Inte rfa c e	This shows the name of the WAN interface that is currently disabled.
Packets Sent	
Da ta	This indic a tes the number of transmitted packets on this interface.
Enro r	This indic a tes the number of frames with errors transmitted on this interface.
Dro p	This indicates the number of outgoing packets dropped on this interface.
Packets Received	1
Da ta	This indicates the number of received packets on this interface.
Erro r	This indic a tes the number of frames with errors received on this interface.
Dro p	This indicates the number of received packets dropped on this interface.

Table 102 System Monitor > Traffic Status > WAN

# 20.3 IAN Status

Click System Monitor > Tiraffic Status > IAN to open the following screen. This screen allows you to view packet statistics for each IAN or WIAN interface on the Zyxel Device.

	Traffic Status						
VAN LAN							
Pigunie sboort data	Hallhow been will to and	Neurisia Homisiach S	Aripset pricks	ing wheten) are alteria, and in the	Closing table.		
Fallent Inter-IP	20 mcm/8						
Interface		LAN		2.40 WLAN	IS WLAN		
	lyttes Sant	Differe L	torters the first				
Byte	n Rocational	480814		2014	4.		
	biterface		LAN	2 4G WLAN	3G HLAN		
		Date	10110		in the second se		
	ent (Fsicket)	Since .	0	0	0		
		Drop	. 0	ü	1		
		Dutin	40%	- 31	11		
( Test	and Pacost	Eres					
		Drop		- 11	10		

Figure 178 System Monitor > Traffic Status > LAN

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Re fre sh Inte rva l	Select how often you want the Zyxel Device to update this screen.
Inte rfa c e	This shows the IAN or WIAN interface.
Byte s Se nt	This indic a tes the number of bytes transmitted on this interface.
Byte s Re c e ive d	This indicates the number of bytes received on this interface.
Inte rfa c e	This shows the IAN or WIAN interfaces.
Sent (Packets)	
Da ta	This indicates the number of transmitted packets on this interface.
Erro r	This indicates the number of frames with enors transmitted on this interface.
Dro p	This indicates the number of outgoing packets dropped on this interface.
Received (Packet	s)
Da ta	This indicates the number of received packets on this interface.
Erro r	This indicates the number of frames with enors received on this interface.
Dro p	This indicates the number of received packets dropped on this interface.

Table 103 System Monitor > Traffic Status > IAN

# C HAPTER 21 ARP Table

# 21.1 ARP Table Overview

Address Resolution Protocol(ARP) is a protocol for mapping an Internet Protocol (IP) address to a physical machine address, known as a Media Access Control (MAC) address, on the local area network.

An IP version 4 address is 32 bits long. MAC addresses are 48 bits long. The ARP table maintains an association between each MAC address and its corresponding IP address.

#### 21.1.1 How ARP Works

When an incoming packet destined for a host device on a local area network arrives at the device, the device's ARP program looks in the ARP table and, if it finds the address, sends it to the device.

## 21.2 ARP Table

Use the ARP table to view the IPv4-to-MAC address mappings for each device connected to the Zyxel Device. The neighbor table shows the IPv6-to-MAC address mappings of each IPv6 neighbor. To open this screen, click System Monitor > ARP Table.



	AR	P Table	
Aclahess Reso oclahest, also	ution Profocol (ARP) is a profocol for mapping known as a Media Access Control of MAC ad-	on internet Protocol octories (JP octories) to a dress on the local and network.	physical maphine
te ARP toole	maintains on association between each MAC	addees and its corresponding if address	
ite the ATP 5 happing(it) u	oble to view the Pv4-to-MAC oddress mopping f each neighbor.	git) for the LAN. The neighbor toble shows the	Pei-lo-MAC oddeel
Pv4.AllTable	(c) [1]		
Pow ARE Topi	o IFv4 Address	MAC Address	Device
PV4 AHT TODA	0 IFv4 Address 192.140.1.129	MAC Address octable abarc 31	Device tx0
NA ARE ROOM	0 IPv4 Address 192.148.1.129 192.148.1.95	MAC Address occasion associati 74/s:100df(169	Device Inti Inti
eve Alle Topie	e IPv4 Address 192.148.1.129 192.148.1.92	MAC Address octable street# ParistcodifusP	Device 150 150
1 2 Nws. Telegrabio	e IPv4 Address 192,148.1,129 192,148.1,92 of Tobse IPv4 Address	MAC Address actacle alter M Paris I c.DoffusP MAC Address	Device DO DO Device
Pve AHP Topk	e IPv4 Address 192.148.1.129 192.148.1.92 IPv4 Address IPv4 Address IPv4 Address	MAC Address activate shec.0 Paristic Odfiles MAC Address descriptioned	Device 240 240 240 240

Ta b le	104	Syste m	Monitor>	ARP Table
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IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
#	This is the ARP table entry number.
IPv4/IPv6 Address	This is the learned IPv4 or IPv6 IP address of a device connected to a port.
MAC Address	This is the MAC address of the device with the listed IP address.
De vic e	This is the type of interface used by the device. You can click the device type to go to its configuration screen.

# C HAPTER 22 Routing Table

## 22.1 Routing Table Overview

Routing is based on the destination address only and the Zyxel Device takes the shortest path to forward a packet.

### 22.2 Routing Table

The table below shows  $\mathbb{P}v4$  and  $\mathbb{P}v6$  routing information. The  $\mathbb{P}v4$  subnet mask is '255.255.255.255' for a host destination and '0.0.0.0' for the default route. The gate way address is written as '\*' ( $\mathbb{P}v4$ )/'::' ( $\mathbb{P}v6$ ) if none is set.

#### $C \ lic \ k \ System \ Monitor > Routing \ Table \ to \ open \ the \ fo \ lio \ wing \ sc \ reen.$

#### Figure 180 System Monitor > Routing Table

		Routing Table				
Routing is based on the destination address only and the Zyvei Device takes the shortest path to forward a packet.						
he toble below show 265,268,265,265,767 o one is set. Flogs cont hodfied (redirect). M sill be sent.	I Pve and Pve routing into had declination and 50 be U - up. 1 - reject, G - go etic is the distance to the	imitation. The destination op 2.0° for the detaol route. Th Neway, C - cache, H - hait, I larget (usually counted in h	n be a network e gafeway adu k - xenatafe. D lapej. Inferface	or host. The Five Seal is written as dynamic (redre is how the packs	subnet mosk is **(Psa)/*2*(Psa cl), or M - ab for this route	
Pu4 Routing Table						
Destination	Gateway	Subnet Mask	fiog	Mehic	interface	
1033	104042198	0.0.0.0	10		wworld	
10.40.42.154	0.0.0.0	255,225,255,253	U.	0	(WWIGHD)	
uraap	0.0.00	288,288,0,0	14.)		- 10	
197,148.1,E	3.553	255.255.255.2	12	10	6r0	
200.00	0.500	211.003	¥)		tio	
Pvs Routing Table						
D	estimation	Galaway	ring	Metric	Interface	
	600::/4A		U	154	244	
14	6-0211/5-6		U	. 354	60	
	00011/64	5	197	254	100	
1.5	00015/64	E .	19	-354	Www.chi	
	11/128			0	0	
3	6801/128		10	0.	15	
1	1001/128	2	187	0	6	
	e501/138		14	0	10	
	e801/128	1.2		0	10	
7480-3048	mithado:164/128		) <u>U</u>	6	6	
(whiteholdering)	settientiintii/128		147		16	
fe80:8600	Notifiestably 128		ini i	00	162	
lato degli	tuff/editional titt	1.2	10	0	14	
	122-17124		úc.	- 5	bet	
	HDOOH		18	354	470	
	Robult	E .	- ú	254	640	
	Rocotti		- iù	356	900	
	H00-J8	100	14	354	Websel	
	CALCULAR DATE:					

	Ta b le	105	Syste m	Mo nito r >	Routing	Tabl
--	---------	-----	---------	-------------	---------	------

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N			
IPv4/IPv6 Routing Table				
De stina tio n	This indic ates the destination IPv4 address or IPv6 address and prefix of this route.			
Gateway	This indic a tes the ${\rm I\!P} v4$ add ress or ${\rm I\!P} v6$ add ress of the gate way that helps forward this route's traffic .			
Sub ne t Ma sk	This indic a tes the destination subnet mask of the IPv4 route.			

<b>T</b> եհԽ	105	Sugto m	Monitors	<b>Routing</b>	Thhh	(a ontinuo d)
la b le	100	Syste m		TW utiling	la b le	(continue a)

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Flag	This indic a tes the route status.
	U-Up: The route is up.
	!-Reject: The route is blocked and will force a route lookup to fail.
	G-Gateway: The route uses a gateway to forward traffic.
	H-Host: The target of the route is a host.
	R-Reinstate: The route is reinstated for dynamic routing.
	D-Dynamic (redirect): The route is dynamically installed by a routing daemon or redirect.
	M-Modified (redirect): The route is modified from a routing daemon or redirect.
Me tric	The metric represents the "cost of transmission." A router determines the best route for transmission by choosing a path with the lowest "cost." The smaller the number, the lower the "cost."
Interfac e	This indicates the name of the interface through which the route is forwarded.

# C HAPTER 23 WIAN Station Status

## 23.1 WIAN Station Status Overview

Use this screen to view information and status of the wire less stations (wire less clients) that are currently a ssociated with the Zyxel Device. Being a ssociated means that a wire less client (for example, your computer with a wire less network card installed) has connected successfully to an AP (or wire less notter) using the same SSID, channel, and WiFI security settings.

Click System Monitor > WIAN Station Status to open the following screen.

WLAN Station Status						
•	MAC Address	Bathe (Mape)	859 (d8m)	SHR	Level	
WEAK KOSTANIAN A	des.					
	MAC Address	Bate (Mbpe)	859 (d8m)	SHR	Level	

Figure 181 System Monitor > WIAN Station Status

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
#	This is the index number of an associated wire less station.
MAC Address	This field displays the MAC address of an associated wireless station.
Rate (Mbps)	This field displays the transmission rate of WiFi traffic between an associated wireless station and the Zyxel Device.
RSSI(dBm)	The RSSI (Received Signal Strength Indicator) field shows the WiFi signal strength of the station's wire less connection.
	The normal range is -30d Bm to -79d Bm. If the value drops below -80d Bm, try moving the associated wire less station closer to the Zyxel Device to get better signal strength.

Table 106 System Monitor > WLAN Station Status

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
SNR	The Signal-to-Noise Ratio (SNR) is the ratio between the received signal power and the received noise power.
	The normal range is 15 to 40. If the value drops below 15, try moving the associated wireless station closer to the Zyxel Device to get better quality WiFi.
Level	This field displays a number which represents the strength of the WiFi signal between an a ssociated wireless station and the Zyxel Device. The Zyxel Device uses the RSSI and SNR values to determine the strength of the WiFi signal.
	5 means the Zyxel Device is neceiving an excellent WiFi signal.
	4 means the Zyxel Device is receiving a very good WiFi signal.
	3 means the Zyxel Device is neceiving a weak WiFi signal.
	2 means the Zyxel Device is neceiving a very weak WiFi signal.
	1 means the Zyxel Device is not receiving a WiFi signal.

Table 106System Monitor > WIAN Station Status (continued)

# C HAPTER 24 VoIP Status

## 24.1 Vo IP Status Screen

Click System Monitor > Vo IP Status to open the following screen. You can view the Vo IP registration, current call status and phone numbers in this screen.

Figure 182 System Monitor > Vo IP Status

niorroalia pope.	n. such av v	fieftier is DF isc	icunt la matterned	and the fullid call volume i	made inca 1P	occurit can be	vieweit in the
tietenanie N	16						el Antoniosi, Situa
Account	Register Action	Registration	Registration	un	Messoge Walling	Last Incoming Number	Lad Outgoing Number
- 1)	0	Destroyed 1		Drange Mell Change Me	9405		
Call Status Account	Duration	Status (	of type Cod	es From Phone Port Ty	rpe Ta P	hone Furl Type	Feel Number
hone Stat	ve						
10000							A DEC TRANSPORT

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

	Table 1	07 Sy	ste m N	Io nito	r > V	∕o∎	Sta tus
--	---------	-------	---------	---------	-------	-----	---------

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Po ll Inte rva l	Enter the number of seconds the Device needs to wait before updating this screen and then click Set Interval. Click Stop to have the Device stop updating this screen.
SIP Status	
Account	This column displays each SIP account in the Device.
Re g istra tio n	This field displays the cument registration status of the SIP account. You can change this in the Status screen. Registered - The SIP account is registered with a SIP server. Not Registered - The last time the Device tried to register the SIP account with the SIP server, the attempt failed. The Device automatically tries to register the SIP account when you tum on the Device or when you activate it. Inactive - The SIP account is not active. You can activate it in VoIP > SIP > SIP Account.

LTE Se rie s Use r's G uid e

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Registration Time	This field displays the last time the Device successfully registered the SIP account. The field is blank if the Device has never successfully registered this account.
URI	This field displays the account number and service domain of the SIP account. You can change these in the VoIP > SIP screen.
Message Waiting	This field indicates whether or not there are any messages waiting for the SIP account.
La st Incoming Number	This field displays the last number that called the SIP account. The field is blank if no number has ever dialed the SIP account.
La st O utg o ing Numb e r	This field displays the last number the SIP account called. The field is blank if the SIP account has never dialed a number.
Call Status	
Account	This column displays each SIP account in the Device.
Dura tio n	This field displays how long the current call has lasted.
Status	This field displays the cument state of the phone call.
	klle - There are no current VolP calls, incoming calls or outgoing calls being made.
	Dial-The callee's phone is ringing.
	Ring - The phone is ringing for an incoming Vo IP call.
	Process - There is a VoIP call in progress.
	DISC - The callee's line is busy, the callee hung up or your phone was left off the hook.
СаШ Туре	This field displays the call direction type of the current VoIP call. Outgoing Call - It's a SIP VoIP call made by local phone ports, and this SIP account is able to issue a (SIP-based) call setup to the SIP account of remote peers for a VoIP call establishment. This (SIP-based) call setup signal is sent to the SIP server first, and then the SIP server would relay it to the target peerafter correctly resolving and locating the target peer. During the call setup (signaling) phase, Calling state is displayed in the Status field, and it turns to InCall state once the call is successfully established.
	Incoming Call-It's a SIP VoIP call made or originated by remote SIP accounts to connect to this local SIP account. One or more local phone ports can be configured to receive this type of call, see the Incoming Numberbelow, and all of them should begin to ring during the call setup (signaling phase), see the Status above. Once some remote SIP accounts start to ring one local phone, answer by off-hook to the call, and the call is successfully established. The other ringing local phone ports will stop ringing and turning to InCall state in the Status field. Internal Call - It's a local VoIP call between two different local phone ports. No SIP signaling is needed and thus no SIP server is involved to establish this type of call. This type of call is established via the Internal and Non-SIP local setup signaling procedure between the call-
	originating and call-terminating local phone ports. In general, one ormore local phone ports can be designed to receive this type of call, and once any of the ringing phones answer the call, the other ringing ones will stop ringing. During the call setup phase (signaling phase), Calling state is displayed in Status field, and turns to InCall state once the call is successfully established.
Codec	This field displays what voice codec is being used for a cument VoIP call through a phone port.
From Phone Port Type	This field displays the phone ports type used to originate, start, or create the current Vo IP call. Type Two possible type values will be displayed here: SIP - For the current call which is categorized as Incoming Call in the Call Type filed, this field will show the type SIP. FXS - As for the other cases: Outgoing Call and Internal Call, this field will show the corresponding local phone port type: FXS, the legacy analog phone port on the device.

Table 107 System Monitor > Vo IP Status (continue d)

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
To Phone Port Type	This field displays the phone ports type used to receive the current Vo IP call. Three possible type Type values will be displayed here: SIP - For the current call which is categorized as Outgoing Call in the Call Type field, this field will show the type SIP. FXS and Unknown - As for the other cases: Incoming Call and Internal Call, this field will show the corresponding local phone port type: FXS, the legacy analog phone port on the device. While the call is established, this field shows Unknown during the call setup phase (signaling phase). This is because one ormore local phone ports can be configured ordesigned to receive these two types of calls, see the Call Type above, and the local phone port will answer the call that hasn't be endetermined yet at that time.
PeerNumber	This field displays the SIP number of the party that is currently engaged in a VoIP call through a phone port.
Phone Status	
Phone	This field displays the name of a phone port on the Device.
Outgoing Number	This field displays the SIP number that you use to make calls on this phone port.
Incoming Number	This field displays the SIP number that you use to receive calls on this phone port.
Hook Status	This field displays whether the phone is in the on or off hook status.

Table 107 System Monitor > Vo IP Status (continued)

# C HAPTER 25 Cellular WAN Status

## 25.1 Cellular WAN Status Overview

View the LIE connection details and LIE signal strength value that you can use as reference for positioning the Zyxel Device, as well as SIM card and module information.

### 25.2 Cellular WAN Status

To open this screen, click System Monitor > Cellular WAN Status. Cellular information is available on this screen only when you insert a valid SIM card in the Zyxel Device.

Figure 183	Syste m	Monitor>	CellularW	AN Status
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	Cellular WAN Status	
tes tests consider sector of		ne russe nomme
Salar Hymothy & Science of Post	set on over purchants of the control of the barries	
14742-110-12	1018	
Module Information		
448	Annual constant	
	No. and react reduces a	
SIM Stotoy		
be barbery	10.0	
Af Presidence Status		
of Address of Party of	holes.	
programming them.	however, and the second s	
Califictur Status		
THE PARTY	The Control of Control	
ton warms	10.94	
19477		
1000 C		

Service information		
Anna Indenings	N/A	
Parent	N/A	
803	R/A	
0400	R/A	
Physical Cell D	N/A	
III American Inc (ABA)	N/A	
Di Sanakari (1994)	R/A	
DRCN	N/A	
0407	N/A	
0400	N/A	
0472	N/A	
Area -	R/A	
545	R/A	
185	R/A	
845.	R/A	
Mar.	R/A	
DS7	R/A	
69	N/A	
64°X	N/A	
01	N/A	
PMI .	N/A	

Figure 184 System Monitor > Cellular WAN Status (Service Information)

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Re fre sh Inte rva l	Select the time interval the Zyxel Device will check and refresh the fields shown on this screen. Select None to stop detection.
Module Informati	on
IMEI	This shows the International Mobile Equipment Identity of the Zyxel Device.
Module SW Version	This shows the software version of the LTE module.
SIM Status	
SIM Card Status	This displays the SIM c and status:
	None - the Zyxel Device does not detect that there is a SIM card inserted.
	Available - the SIM card could either have or doesn't have PIN code security.
	Locked - the SIM card has PIN code security, but you did not enter the PIN code yet.
	Blocked - you entered an incomect PIN code too many times, so the SIM card has been locked; call the ISP for a PUK (Pin Unlock Key) to unlock the SIM card.
	Envor-the Zyxel Device detected that the SIM card has envors.
IMSI	This displays the International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) of the installed SIM card. An IMSI is a unique ID used to identify a mobile subscriber in a mobile network.
ICCID	Integrated Circuit Card Identifier (ICCID). This is the serial number of the SIM card.
PIN Pro te c tio n	A PIN (Personal Identification Number) code is a key to a SIM card. Without the PIN code, you cannot use the SIM card.
	Shows Enable if the service provider requires you to enter a PIN to use the SIM card.
	Shows <b>Disable</b> if the service provider lets you use the SIM without inputting a PIN.
PIN Remaining Attempts	This is how many more times you can try to enter the PIN code before the ISP blocks your SIM card.
IP Passthrough Sta	a tus

Table 108 System Monitor > Cellular WAN Status

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
IP Passthrough	This d isp la ys if IP Passthrough is e nabled on the Zyxel Device.
Enable	IP Passthrough allows a IAN computer on the local network of the Zyxel Device to have access to web services using the public IP address. When IP Passthrough is configured, all traffic is forwarded to the IAN computer and will not go through NAT
IP Passthrough	This d isp lays the IP Passthrough mode.
Mode	This displays <b>Dynamic</b> and the Zyxel Device will allow traffic to be forwarded to the first IAN computer requesting an IP address from the Zyxel Device.
	This displays <b>Fixed</b> and the ZyxelDevice will allow traffic to be forwarded to a specific IAN computeron the local network of the ZyxelDevice.
C e llula r Sta tus	This displays the status of the cellular Internet connection.
Data Roaming	This displays if data roaming is enabled on the Zyxel Device.
	4G roaming is to use your Zyxel Device in an area which is not covered by your service provider. Enable roaming to ensure that your Zyxel Device is kept connected to the Internet when you are traveling outside the geographical coverage area of the network to which you are registered.
Operator	This displays the name of the service provider.
PLMN	This displays the PIMN number.
Access Tèchnology	This d is p lays the type of the mobile network (such as LTE, UMTS, GSM) to which the Zyxel Device is connecting.
Band	This displays the current LIE b and of your Zyxel Device (WCDMA2100).
RSSI	This displays the strength of the WiFi signal between an associated wire less station and an AP.
	The normal range is -30d Bm to -79d Bm. If the value drops below -80d Bm, try moving the associated wire less station closer to the Zyxel Device to get better signal strength.
CellID	This shows the cell ID, which is a unique number used to identify the Base Transceiver Station to which the Zyxel Device is connecting.
	The value depends on the Cument Access Technology:
	• For G PRS, it is the Cell Identity as specified in 3G PP-TS.25.331.
	<ul> <li>For UMTS, it is the Cell Identity as defined in SIB3 3G PP-TS.25.331, 3G PP-TS.24.008.</li> <li>For LTE, it is the 28-bit binary number Cell Identity as specified in SIB1 in 3G PP-TS.36.331.</li> </ul>
	The value is '0' (zero) or 'N/A' if there is no network connection.
Physic al Cell ID	This shows the Physical Cell ID (PCl), which are queries and replies between the Zyxel Device and the mobile network it is connecting to. The normal range is 1 to 504.
UL Bandwidth (MHz)	This shows the LTE channel band width from device to base station. According to 3GPP specifications, the band widths defined by the standard are 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, and 20 MHz. The wider the band width the higher the throughput.
DL Band wid th (MHz)	This shows the LTE channel bandwidth from base station to LTE device. According to 3GPP specifications, the bandwidths defined by the standard are 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, and 20 MHz. The wider the bandwidth the higher the throughput.
RFC N	This displays the Radio Frequency Channel Number of DLcamer frequency used by the mobile network to which the Zyxel Device is connecting.
	The value depends on the Cument Access Technology:
	• For G PRS, it is the ARFC N (Ab so lute Radio - Frequency Channel Number) as specified in 3G PP- TS.45.005.
	• For UMTS, it is the UARFCN (UIRA Ab solute Radio-Frequency Channel Number) as specified in 3G PP-TS.25.101.
	• For LTE, it is the EARFCN (E-UTRA Absolute Radio -Frequency Channel Number) as specified in 3G PP-TS.36.101.
	The value is '0' (zero) or 'N/A' if there is no network connection.

Table 108System Monitor > Cellular WAN Status (continued)

LTE Se rie s Use r's Guide

|--|

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
RSRP	This displays the Reference Signal Receive Power (RSRP), which is the average received power of all Resource Element (RE) that carry cell-specific Reference Signals (RS) within the specified bandwidth.
	The received RSRP level of the connected E-UIRA cell, in dBm, is as specified in 3GPP-TS.36.214. The reporting range is specified in 3GPP-TS.36.133.
	An undetectable signal is indicated by the lower limit, example -140 dBm.
	This parameter is for LIE only. The normal range is -30 to -140. The value is -140 if the Cument Access Technology is not LIE. The value is 'N/A' if there is no network connection.
RSRQ	This displays the Reference Signal Receive Quality (RSRQ), which is the ratio of RSRP to the E-UIRA camier RSSI and indicates the quality of the received reference signal.
	The received RSRQ level of the connected E-UIRA cell, in 0.1 dB, is as specified in 3G PP-TS.36.214. An undetectable signal is indicated by the lower limit, example -240.
	This parameter is for LIE only. The normal range is -30 to -240. The value is -240 if the Current Access Technology is not LIE. The value is 'N/A' if there is no network connection.
RSC P	This displays the Received SignalCode Power, which measures the power of channel used by the ZyxelDevice.
	The received signal level, in dBm, is of the CPICH channel (Ref. 3GPP TS 25.133). An undetectable signal is indicated by the lower limit, example -120 dBm.
	This parameter is for UMTS only. The normal range is -30 to -120. The value is -120 if the Current Access Technology is not UMTS. The value is 'N/A' if there is no network connection.
Ec No	This displays the ratio (in dB) of the received energy perchip and the interference level.
	The measured Ec No is in 0.1 dB and is received in the downlink pilot channel. An undetectable signal is indicated by the lower limit, example -240 dB.
	This parameter is for UMTS only. The normal range is -30 to -240. The value is -240 if the Current Access Technology is not UMTS or there is no network connection.
TAC	This displays the Tracking Area Code (TAC), which is used to identify the country of a mobile subscriber.
	The physical cell ID of the connected E-UIRAN cell, is as specified in 3GPP-TS.36.101.
	This parameter is for LIE only. The value is '0' (zero) or 'N/A' if the Current Access Technology is not LIE or there is no network connection.
IAC	This displays the 2-octet Location Area Code (LAC), which is used to identify a location area within a PLMN.
	The LAC of the connected cell is as defined in SIB 1 [3G PP-TS.25.331]. The concatenation of PLMN ID (MCC+MNC) and LAC uniquely identifies the LAI (Location Area ID) [3G PP-TS.23.003].
	This para meter is for UMTS or GPRS. The value is '0' (zero) if the Current Access Technology is not UMTS or GPRS. The value is 'N/A' if there is no network connection.
RAC	This displays the RAC (Routing Area Code), which is used in mobile network "packet domain service" (PS) to identify a routing area within a location area.
	In a mobile network, it uses IAC (Location Area Code) to identify the geographical location for the old 3G voice only service, and use RAC to identify the location of data service like HSDPA or LTE.
	The RAC of the connected UIRAN cell is as defined in SIB 1 [3GPP-TS.25.331]. The concatenation of PLMN ID (MCC+MNC), IAC, and RAC uniquely identifies the RAI(Routing Area ID) [3GPP-TS.23.003].
	This parameter is for UMTS or GPRS. The value is '0' (zero) if the Current Access Technology is not UMTS or GPRS. The value is 'N/A' if there is no network connection.

LTE Se rie s Use r' s G uid e

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
BSIC	The Base Station Identity Code (BSIC), which is a code used in GSM to uniquely identify a base station.
	This parameter is for GPRS only. The value is '0' (zero) if the Current Access Technology is not GPRS. The value is 'N/A' if there is no network connection.
SINR	This displays the Signal to Interference plus Noise Ratio (SINR) in dB. This is also a measure of signal quality and used by the UE (User Equipment) to calculate the Channel Quality Indicator (CQI) that it reports to the network. A negative value means more noise than signal.
CQI	This displays the Channel Quality Indicator (CQI). It is an indicator canying the information on how good/bad the communication channel quality is.
MCS	MCS stands for modulation coding scheme. The base station selects MCS based on current radio conditions. The higher the MCS the more bits can be transmitted pertime unit.
RI	This displays the Rank Indication, one of the control information that a UE will report to eNodeB (Evolved Node-B) on either PUCCH (Physical Uplink Control Channel) or PUSCH (Physical Uplink Shared Channel) based on uplink scheduling.
PMI	This d isp lays the Precoding Matrix Indicator (PMI).
	PMI is for transmission modes 4 (c losed loop spatial multiple xing), 5 (multi-user MIMO), and 6 (c losed loop spatial multiple xing using a single layer).
	PMI determines how cellular data are encoded for the antennas to improve downlink rate.

Table 108System Monitor > Cellular WAN Status (continued)

# C HAPTER 26 System

### 26.1 System Overview

Use this screen to name your Zyxel Device (Host) and give it an associated domain name for identification purposes.

#### 26.2 System

Click Maintenance > System to open the following screen. Assign a unique name to the Zyxel Device so it can be easily recognized on your network. You can use up to 30 characters, including spaces. Figure 185 Maintenance > System

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Manager and American	12226-0408	
Line concerns		

	Table 109 Maintenance > System		
	IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N	
	Ho st Na m e	Type a host name for your Zyxel Device. Enter a descriptive name of up to 16 alphanumer characters, not including spaces, underscores, and dashes.	
	Domain Name	Type a domain name for your host Zyxel Device.	
	Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to a bandon this screen without saving.	
	Apply	Click Apply to save your changes.	
## C HAPTER 27 UserAccount

## 27.1 UserAccountOverview

In the UserAccount screen, you can view the settings of the "admin" and other user accounts that you use to log into the Zyxel Device to manage it.

#### 27.2 UserAccount

Click **Maintenance > UserAccount** to open the following screen. Use this screen to create ormanage useraccounts and their privileges on the Zyxel Device.

Figure 186	Ma inte na nc e	> Use r Ac c o unt
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The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Add New Account	Click this button to add a new user account (up to 4 Administrator accounts and 4 User accounts).
#	This is the index number.
Ac tive	This indicates whether the user account is active or not.
	The check box is selected when the user account is enabled. It is cleared when it is disabled.
Use r Na m e	This displays the name of the account used to log into the Zyxel Device Web Configurator.
Re try Tim e s	This displays the number of times consecutive wrong passwords can be entered for this account. O means there is no limit.

Table 110 Maintenance > UserAccount

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Id le Timeout	This displays the length of in a c tive time before the Zyxel Device will automatic ally log the user out of the Web Configurator.
Lock Period	This field displays the length of time a user must wait before attempting to log in again after a number of consecutive wrong passwords have been entered as defined in <b>Retry Times</b> .
Group	This field displays whether this user has Administrator or User privileges.
Mod ify	Click the <b>Edit</b> icon to configure the entry. Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to remove the entry.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to restore your previously saved settings.
Apply	Click Apply to save yourchanges.

Table 110 Maintenance > UserAccount (continued)

#### 27.2.1 UserAccountAdd/Edit

Add or change the name of the user account, set the security password and the retry times, and whether this user will have Administrator or User privile ges. Click Add New Account or the Editic on of an existing account in the Maintenance > UserAccount to open the following screen.

Figure 187	Maintenance > UserAccount > Add/Edit

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The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Ac tive	Click to enable (switch tums blue) or disable (switch tums gray) to activate or deactivate the useraccount.
UserName	Entera new name for the account (up to 15 characters). Special characters are allowed except the following: double quote (') back quote (`) apostrophe or single quote (') less than (<) greater than (>) caretorcircumflex accent (^) dollar sign (\$) vertical bar( ) ampersand (&) semicolon (;)
Pa ssw o rd	Type yournew system password (up to 256 c haracters). Note that as you type a password, the screen displays a (*) for each c haracteryou type. After you change the password, use the new password to access the Zyxel Device.

Table 111 Maintenance > UserAccount > Add/Edit

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Verify Password	Type the new password again for confirmation.
Re try Tim e s	Enter the number of times consecutive wrong passwords can be entered for this account. 0 means there is no limit.
Id le Timeout	Enter the length of inactive time before the Zyxel Device will automatically log the user out of the Web Configurator.
Lock Period	Enter the length of time a user must wait before attempting to log in again after a number of consecutive wrong passwords have been entered as defined in <b>Retry Times</b> .
Group	<ul> <li>Spec ify whether this user will have Administrator or User privileges.</li> <li>The Administrator privileges are the following: <ul> <li>Quick Start setup.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Quick Start setup.</li> <li>The following screens are visible for setup: Broadband, Wireless, Home Networking, Routing, NAT, DNS, Fre wall, MAC Filter, Certificates, Voice, Log, Traffic Status, ARP Table, Routing Table, Cellular WAN Status, System, User Account, Remote Management, TR 069 Client, Time, Email Notification, Log Setting, Firm ware Upgrade, Backup/Restore, Reboot, Diagnostic.</li> <li>The User privileges are the following: <ul> <li>The following screens are visible for setup: Log, Traffic Status, ARP Table, Routing Table, Cellular WAN Status, User Account, Remote Management, Time, Email Notification, Log Setting, Firm ware Upgrade, Backup/Restore, Reboot, Diagnostic.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to restore your previously saved settings.
ОК	Click OK to save your changes.

Table 111 Maintenance > User Account > Add/Edit (continued)

## CHAPTER 28 Remote Management

### 28.1 Overview

Remote management controls through which interface(s), which web services (such as HTIP, HTIPS, FIP, Te het, SSH and Ping) can access the Zyxel Device.

Note: The Zyxel Device is managed using the Web Configurator.

### 28.2 MGMTServices

Note: The MGMTServices screen will be hidden if you enable the IP Passthrough function in Network Setting > Broadband > Cellular IP Passthrough screen.

Use this screen to configure the interfaces through which services can access the Zyxel Device. Click **Maintenance > Remote Management** to open the following screen.

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Figure 188 Maintenance > Remote Management

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
WAN Interface used for services	Select <b>Any_WAN</b> to have the Zyxel Device automatically activate the remote management service when any WAN connection is up.
	Select <b>Multi_WAN</b> and then select one or more WAN connections to have the Zyxel Device activate the remote management service when the selected WAN connections are up.
C e llula r WAN	Enable the LTE WAN connection configured in <b>Network Setting &gt; Broadband &gt; Cellular WAN</b> to access the service on the Zyxel Device.
EIHWAN	Enable the LTE WAN connection configured in <b>Network Setting &gt; Broadband &gt; Cellular WAN</b> to access the service on the Zyxel Device.
Se rvic e	This is the service you may use to access the Zyxel Device.
IAN/WIAN	Select the <b>Enable</b> check box for the comesponding services that you want to allow access to the Zyxel Device from the IAN/WIAN.
WAN	Select the <b>Enable</b> check box for the come sponding services that you want to allow access to the Zyxel Device from all WAN connections.
Trust Domain	Select the <b>Enable</b> check box for the come sponding services that you want to allow access to the Zyxel Device from the trusted host IP address.
Po rt	You may change the server port number for a service if needed, however you must use the same port number in order to use that service for remote management.
Apply	Click Apply to save yourchangesback to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to restore your previously saved setting s.

Table 112 Maintenance > Remote Management

## 28.3 MGMTServices for IP Passthrough

Configure which interfaces you can use to access the Zyxel Device in **IP** Passthrough mode (bridge mode) for a given service. You can also specify the service port numbers computers must use to connect to the Zyxel Device. IP Passthrough allows Intermet traffic to go to a LAN computer behind the Zyxel Device without going through NAT. Make sure to enable IP Passthrough in **Network Setting** > **Broadband** > **Cellular IP** Passthrough. See Section 6.10 on page 98 for details.

Click Maintenance > Remote Management > MGMTServices for IP Passthrough to open the following screen.

Figure 189	Ma inte na nc e 🔅	> Re mo te	Management>	• MGMTServices for IP Passt	through
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ce Control				
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	lable 115 Malitellance > hemote Management > MGM15ervices for it rassinough				
	IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N			
	Se rvic e	This is the service you may use to access the Zyxel Device.			
WAN Select the Enable check b Zyxel Device from all WAN		Select the <b>Enable</b> check box for the come sponding services that you want to allow access to the Zyxel Device from all WAN connections.			
	Trust Domain	Select the <b>Enable</b> check box for the come sponding services that you want to allow access to the Zyxel Device from the trusted host IP address.			
	Po rt	You may change the server port number for a service if needed, however you must use the			

same port number in order to use that service for remote management.

Click Apply to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.

Click Cancel to restore your previously saved settings.

Table 113	Mainte nance 💈	> Re mo te	Management>	• MGMTServices for IP	' Pa ssthro ug h
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#### 28.4 Trust Domain

Apply

Cancel

Use this screen to view a list of public IP addresses which are allowed to access the Zyxel Device through the services configured in the Maintenance > Remote Management > MGMTServices screen. Click Maintenance > Remote Management > Trust Domain to open the following screen.

Note: Enter the IP address of the management station permitted to access the local management services. If specific services from the trusted hosts are allowed access but the trust domain list is empty, all public IP addresses can access the Zyxel Device from the WAN using the specified services.

Figure 190 Maintenance > Remote Management > Trust Domain

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he specified services.	
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LTE Se rie s Use r's G uid e

la ble 114 Maintenance > Remote Management > Bust Domain				
IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N			
Add Tiust Domain	Click this to add a trusted host IP address.			

Click the Delete icon to remove the trusted host IP address.

Table 114 Maintenance > Remote Management > Trust Domain

This field shows a trusted host IP address.

## 28.5 Add Trust Domain

IP Address

De le te

Use this screen to add a public IP addresses or a complete domain name of a device which is allowed to access the Zyxel Device. Click the Add Thust Domain button in the Maintenance > Remote Management > Tiust Domain screen to open the following screen.

Figure 191 Maintenance > Remote Management > Trust Domain > Add Trust Domain

¢	Add Trust Domain	
Carrigues o public P (screen) P Access	which way want to allow occessing the Zywel Device	Contraction of the
	Concel 08	

The following table describes the fields in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
IP Add ress	Enter a public IPv4/IPv6 IP address which is allowed to access the service on the Zyxel Device from the WAN.
ОК	Click OK to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.
Cancel	Click Cancel to restore your previously saved settings.

Table 115 Maintenance > Remote Management > Trust Domain > Add Trust Domain

### 28.6 Trust Domain for IP Passthrough

Use this screen to view a list of public IP addresses/complete domain names which are allowed to access the Zyxel Device in **IP** Passthrough mode (bridge mode). IP Passthrough allows Internet traffic to go to a IAN computer behind the Zyxel Device without going through NAT. Make sure to enable IP Passthrough in **Network Setting > Broadband > Cellular IP** Passthrough. See Section 6.10 on page 98 for details.

Click Maintenance > Remote Management > Trust Domain for IP Passthrough to open the following screen.

Figure 192	Ma inte na nc e	> Remote	Management >	Trust Domain	for IP Pa	ssthro ug h
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Remote Mar	agement
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View a list of public IP addresses which you want to allow access acreers. It this last is empty, all public IP addresses can access the 2/xet D	a to the Zyvisi Davice through the services configured in this evice from the WAN through the greatiled services.
	+ Agus Ruar Disrvan
IP Address	Deinte

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Add Trust Domain	Click this to add a trusted host IP address.
IP Address	This field shows a trusted host IP address.
De le te	Click the <b>Delete</b> icon to remove the trusted host IP address.

## 28.7 Add Trust Domain

Use this screen to add a public IP address or a complete domain name of a device which is allowed to access the Zyxel Device. Click the Add Thust Domain button in the Maintenance > Remote Management > Thust Domain for IP Passthrough screen to open the following screen.

Figure 193	Ma inte na nc e	> Re m o te	Management >	Trust Domain for IF	Passthrough >	> Ad d	Trust Domain
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The following table describes the fields in this screen.

Table 117 Maintenance > Remote Management > Thust Domain for IP Passthrough > Add Thust Domain

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
IP Address	Enter a public IPv4/IPv6 IP address which is allowed to access the service on the Zyxel Device from the WAN.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to restore your previously saved setting s.
ОК	Click OK to save your changes back to the Zyxel Device.

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## CHAPTER 29 TR-069 Client

### 29.1 Overview

This chapter explains how to configure the Zyxel Device's TR-069 auto-configuration settings.

#### 29.2 TR-069 Client

TR-069 is a protocol that defines how your Zyxel Device can be managed via a management server. You can use a management server to remotely set up the Zyxel Device, modify settings, perform firm ware upgrades as well as monitor and diagnose the Zyxel Device.

Click Maintenance > TR-069 Client to open the following screen.

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Figure 194 Maintenance > TR-069 Client

Table	118	Ma inte na nc e	>	TR-069	Client
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IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
C WMP Ac tive	CPE WAN Management Protocol (CWMP) enables the Zyxel Device to be remotely configured via a WAN link. Communication between the Zyxel Device and the management server is conducted via SOAP/HTIP(S) in the form of remote procedure calls (RPC).
	C lick to enable (switch tums blue) to allow the Zyxel Device to be managed by a management server. Otherwise, c lick to disable (switch tums gray) to disallow the Zyxel Device to be managed by a management server.
Info m	Click to enable (switch turns blue) the Zyxel Device to send periodic inform via TR-069 on the WAN. Otherwise, click to disable (switch turns gray).
Inform Interval	Enter the time interval (in seconds) at which the Zyxel Device sends information to the auto- configuration server.
IP Protocol	Select the type of IP protocol to allow TR-069 to operate on.
ACSURL	Enter the URLor IP address of the auto-configuration server.
ACS Use r Na m e	Enter the TR-069 user name for a uthentic ation with the auto-configuration server.
ACS Password	Enter the TR-069 password for a uthentic a tion with the auto-configuration server.
WAN Interface	Select a WAN interface through which the TR-069 traffic passes.
used by TR-069 client	If you select <b>Any_WAN</b> , the Zyxel Device automatically passes the TR-069 traffic when any WAN connection is up.
	If you select <b>Multi_WAN</b> , you also need to select two ormore pre-configured WAN interfaces. The Zyxel Device automatically passes the TR-069 traffic when one of the selected WAN connections is up.
Cellula r WAN	The Zyxel Device automatically passes the TR-069 traffic when cellular WAN connection is up.
Disp la y SOAP me ssa g e s o n se ria l c o nso le	Click to enable (switch turns blue) the dumping of all SOAP messages during the ACS server communication with the CPE
Connection Request Authentication	Select this option to enable authentication when there is a connection request from the ACS.
Connection	Enter the connection request user name.
Request User Name	When the ACS makes a connection request to the Zyxel Device, this user name is used to a uthenticate the ACS.
Connection	Enter the connection request password.
Request Password	When the ACS makes a connection request to the Zyxel Device, this password is used to a uthenticate the ACS.
Connection	This shows the connection request URL
Request URL	The ACS can use this URL to make a connection request to the Zyxel Device.
Validate ACS Certificate	Click to enable (switch turns blue) the validation of a local certificate used by TR-069 client.
Lo c a l c e rtific a te use d by TR-069 c lie nt	You can choose a local certificate used by TR-069 client. The local certificate should be imported in the Security > Certificates > Local Certificates screen.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to restore the screen's last saved setting s.

## C HAPTER 30 Time Settings

## 30.1 Time Settings Overview

This chapter shows you how to configure system related settings, such as system time, password, name, the domain name and the inactivity time out interval.

## 30.2 Time

Use this screen to configure the ZyxelDevice's time based on your local time zone. You can enter a time server address, select the time zone where the ZyxelDevice is physically located, and configure Daylight Savings settings if needed.

To change your Zyxel Device's time and date, click Maintenance > Time. The screen appears as shown.

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Time and Date Setup				
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Time Zone				
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#### Figure 195 Maintenance > Time

The following table describes the fields in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Current Date/Time	
Cument Time	This d isp lays the time of your Zyxel Device.
	Each time you reload this screen, the Zyxel Device synchronizes the time with the time server.
Cument Date	This displays the date of your Zyxel Device.
	Each time you reload this screen, the Zyxel Device synchronizes the date with the time server.
Time and Date Setup	p
Time Protocol	This displays the time protocol used by your Zyxel Device.

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
First ~ Fifth Time	Select an NIP time server from the drop-down list box.
Server Address	O the rwise, select <b>O ther</b> and enter the IP address or URL (up to 29 extended ASC II c haracters in length) of your time server.
	Select None if you don't want to configure the time server.
	Check with your ISP/network administrator if you are unsure of this information.
Time Zone	
Time zone	Choose the time zone of your location. This will set the time difference between your time zone and Greenwich Mean Time (GMT).
Daylight Savings	Daylight Saving Time is a period from late spring to early fall when many countries set their clocks ahead of normal local time by one hour to give more daytime light in the evening.
Ac tive	Click this switch to enable ordisable Daylight Saving Time. When the switch tums blue 🚮, the function is enabled. Otherwise, it's not.
Start Rule	Configure the day and time when Daylight Saving Time starts if you enabled Daylight Saving. You can select a specific date in a particular month or a specific day of a specific week in a particular month. The <b>Time</b> field uses the 24 hour format. Here are a couple of examples:
	Daylight Saving Time starts in most parts of the United States on the second Sunday of March. Each time zone in the United States starts using Daylight Saving Time at 2 A.M. local time. So in the United States, set the day to <b>Second</b> , <b>Sunday</b> , the month to <b>March</b> and the time to <b>2</b> in the <b>Hour</b> field.
	Daylight Saving Time starts in the European Union on the last Sunday of March. All of the time zones in the European Union start using Daylight Saving Time at the same moment (1 A.M. GMTorUIC). So in the European Union you would set the day to <b>Last, Sunday</b> and the month to <b>March</b> . The time you select in the <b>o'clock</b> field depends on your time zone. In Germany for instance, you would select <b>2</b> in the <b>Hour</b> field because Germany's time zone is one hour ahead of GMTorUIC (GMT+1).
End Rule	Configure the day and time when Daylight Saving Time ends if you enabled Daylight Saving. You can select a specific date in a particular month or a specific day of a specific week in a particular month. The <b>Time</b> field uses the 24 hour format. Here are a couple of examples:
	Daylight Saving Time ends in the United States on the first Sunday of November. Each time zo ne in the United States stops using Daylight Saving Time at 2 A.M. local time. So in the United States you would set the day to <b>First</b> , <b>Sunday</b> , the month to <b>November</b> and the time to 2 in the <b>Hour</b> field.
	Daylight Saving Time ends in the European Union on the last Sunday of October. All of the time zones in the European Union stop using Daylight Saving Time at the same moment (1 A.M. GMTorUIC). So in the European Union you would set the day to Last, Sunday, and the month to October. The time you select in the o'clock field depends on your time zone. In Germany for instance, you would select 2 in the Hour field because Germany's time zone is one hour ahead of GMTorUIC (GMT+1).
Cancel	Click Cancel to exit this screen without saving.
Apply	Click Apply to save your changes.

Table 119 Maintenance > Time (continued)

## C HA PTER 31 E-mail No tific a tion

## 31.1 E-mail Notification Overview

A mail server is an application or a computer that can receive, forward and delivere-mail messages.

To have the Zyxel Device send reports, logs or notifications via e-mail, you must specify an e-mail server and the e-mail addresses of the sender and receiver.

#### 31.2 E-mail Notification

Use this screen to view, remove and add e-mail account information on the Zyxel Device. This account can be set to send e-mail notifications for logs.

Click Maintenance > E-mail Notification to open the E-mail Notification screen.

Note: The default port number of the mail server is 25.



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Most Server Address	Genore	Fort.	Security	E micli Address	Remove

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Add New e-mail	Click this button to create a new entry (up to 32 can be created).
Mail Server Address	This displays the server name or the IP address of the mail server.
Username	This displays the user name of the sender's mail account.
Po rt	This field displays the port number of the mail server.
Se c urity	This field displays the protocolused for encryption.

Table 120 Maintenance > E-mail Notification

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Table 120 Maintenance > E-mail Notification (continued)

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
E-mail Address	This field displays the e-mail address that you want to be in the from/senderline of the e-mail that the Zyxel Device sends.
Remove	Click this button to delete the selected entry(ies).

#### 31.2.1 E-mail Notification Edit

Click the Add button in the E-mail Notification screen. Use this screen to configure the required information for sending e-mail via a mail server.

Figure 197 E-m a il No tific a tio n > Add

	Add New e-mail	
E-mail Notification Con	Aguration	
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The following table describes the labels in this screen.

IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Mail Server Address	Enter the server name or the IP address of the mail server for the e-mail address specified in the Account e-mail Address field.
	If this field is left blank, reports, logsornotific ations will not be sent via e-mail.
Po rt	Enter the same port number here as is on the mail server for mail traffic.
Authentication Usemame	Enter the username (up to 32 c haracters). This is usually the username of a mail account you specified in the Accountemail Address field.
Authentication Password	Enter the password associated with the user name above.
Accounte-mail Address	Enter the e-mail address that you want to be in the from/sender line of the e-mail no tific ation that the Zyxel Device sends.
	If you activate SSL/TLS authentication, the e-mail address must be able to be authenticated by the mail server as well.
Connection Security	Select SSL to use Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) or Transport Layer Security (TLS) if you want encrypted communications between the mail server and the Zyxel Device.
	Select STARTIES to upgrade a plain text connection to a secure connection using SSL/ILS.

Table 121 E-mail No tific ation > Add

LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Cancel	Click this button to beg in configuring this screen a fresh.
ОК	Click this button to save your changes and return to the previous screen.

Table 121 E-mail Notification > Add (continued)

## C HAPTER 32 Log Setting

## 32.1 Log Setting Overview

Use this screen to configure where the Zyxel Device sends logs, and which type of logs the Zyxel Device records.

## 32.2 Log Setting

You can configure where the ZyxelDevice sends logs and which type of logs the ZyxelDevice records in the Logs Setting screen.

If you have a server that is running a syslog service, you can also save log files to it by enabling **Syslog Logging**, and then entering the IP address of the server in the **Syslog Server** field. Select **Remote** to store logs on the syslog server, or select **Local File** to store logs on the Zyxel Device. Select **Local File and Remote** to store logs on both the Zyxel Device and the syslog server. To change your Zyxel Device's log settings, click **Maintenance > Log Setting**. The screen appears as shown.

Figure	198	Ma inte na nc e	> Lo g	Se tting
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LABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Syslog Settings	
Syslog Logging	Click the switch (it will turn blue) to enable syslog logging.
Mode	Select Remote to have the Zyxel Device send it to an external syslog server.
	Select Local File to have the Zyxel Device save the log file on the Zyxel Device itself.
	Select <b>Local File and Remote</b> to have the ZyxelDevice save the log file on the ZyxelDevice itself and send it to an external syslog server.
	Note: A warning appears upon selecting <b>Remote</b> or <b>Local File and Remote</b> . Just click <b>OK</b> to continue.

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IABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Syslog Server	Enter the server name or IP address of the syslog server that will bg the selected categories of logs.
UDP Po rt	Enter the port number used by the syslog server.
E-mail Log Setting	s
E-mailLog Setting	Click the switch (it will turn blue) to allow the sending via e-mail the system and security logs to the e-mail address specified in <b>Send Log to</b> .
	Note: Make sure that the <b>Mail Server Address</b> field is not left blank in the <b>Maintenance &gt; E mail Notific ations</b> screen.
Mail Account	Select a server specified in Maintenance > E-mail Notifications to send the logs to.
System Log Mail Subject	This field allows you to enter a descriptive name for the system log e-mail (for example Zyxel System Log). Up to 127 characters are allowed for the <b>System Log Mail Subject</b> including special characters inside the square brackets $[!\# \%()^*+,/:=?@[] \$ .
Security Log Mail Subject	This field allows you to enter a descriptive name for the security log e-mail (for example Zyxel Security Log). Up to 127 characters are allowed for the Security Log Mail Subject including special characters inside the square brackets [!# %()*+,/:=?@[]\{}~].
Send Log to	This field allows you to enter the log's designated e-mail recipient. The log's format is plain text file sent as an e-mail attachment.
Send Alarm to	This field allows you to enter the alam's designated e-mail recipient. The alam's format is plain text file sent as an e-mail attachment.
Alarm Interval	Select the frequency of showing of the alarm.
Active Log	
System Log	Select the categories of System Logs that you want to record.
Se c urity Lo g	Select the categories of Security Logs that you want to record.
Apply	Click Apply to save yourchanges.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to restore your previously saved settings.

Table 122 Maintenance > Log Setting (continued)

## C HAPTER 33 Firm ware Upgrade

### 33.1 Overview

This chapter explains how to upload new firmware to your Zyxel Device. You can download new firmware releases from your nearest Zyxel FIP site (or www.zyxel.com) to use to upgrade your Zyxel Device's performance.

Only use firm ware for your Zyxel Device's specific model. Refer to the label on the bottom of your Zyxel Device.

## 33.2 Firmware Upgrade

This screen lets you up load new firmware to your Zyxel Device. Download the latest firmware file from the Zyxel website and up load it to your Zyxel Device using this screen. The up load process uses HTTP (Hypertext Transfer Protocol) and may take up to three minutes. After a successful up load, the Zyxel Device will reboot.

Click Maintenance > Firm ware Upgrade to open the following screen.

#### Do NOT turn off the Zyxel Device while firm ware upload is in progress!

Figure 199 Maintenance > Firmware Upgrade

Firmware Upgrade						
Laborat have films dea to paux Zynes Denice by Samerows Device. The upper biological process uses HTTP (hypothes) figurate report	ng the latest tensores the transition from pressing. Then, use this advect to uppose it to provide a Photosoff and may take up to these minutes. After a successful uppose, the Speet Device will					
Upgrade firmware						
Average Default Lettings Afric Terrisons Lagrages Current Terrisons Version 1000/48/45/0001						
Telefit	Discus File Int Ne chosen Taxoot					
Online Firmware opgrade						
Check in Liber Teneral Now						

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Upgrade Firmware	Use the se fields to upload firm ware to the Zyxel Device.
Restore Default SettingsAfter Firmware Upgrade	C lick to enable this option that restores the factory-default to the Zyxel Device after upgrading the firmware. Note: Make sure to backup the Zyxel Device's configuration settings first in case the restore to factory-default process is not successful. Refer to Section 34.2 on page 274.
Cument Firm ware Version	This is the present firm ware version.
File Path	Type in the location of the file you want to upload in this field orclick <b>Choose File</b> / <b>Browse</b> to find it.
Choose File/ Browse	C lick this to find the .bin file you want to upload. Remember that you must decompress compressed (.zip) files before you can upload them.
Up lo a d	Click this to begin the upload process. This process may take up to three minutes.

Table 123 Maintenance > Firmware Upgrade

After you see the firm ware updating screen, wait a few minutes before logging into the Zyxel Device again.

The Zyxel Device automatically restarts in this time causing a temporary network disconnect. In some operating systems, you may see the following icon on your desktop.

Figure 200 Network Temporarily Disconnected



After two minutes, log in again and check your new firm ware version in the Status screen.

If the upload was not successful, an emorscreen will appear. Click OK to go back to the Firm ware Upgrade screen.

## C HA PTER 34 Backup/Restore

## 34.1 Backup/Restore Overview

Information related to factory default settings and backup configuration are shown in this screen. You can also use this to restore previous device configurations.

## 34.2 Backup/Restore

Click **Maintenance > Backup**/**Restore**. Information related to factory defaults, backup configuration, and restoring configuration appears in this screen, as shown next.

#### Figure 201 Maintenance > Backup/Restore

	Backup/Restore
Back up and renove	your Zwei Device configurations. You can also reset your Zwei Device settings back to the factory default.
Bootop Configuratio Even Device is configuratio	e allows you to back up powel the 2yee Device's survent configuration to a fee on your computer. Once the press and Anathoning properts in a fighterecommended, that you book up your configuration fee before in changes. The backup configuration file will be useful in case you need to return to your previous tertings.
Residue Configuratio	a atoms you to variable a new or previously saved configuration the horn your computer to your Dever Device.
Backup Configural	loin.
Citol Bookup to vove th	e current configuration of your system to your computer.
Barritop	
Reading Conditioned	
Transfer Component	on nuar confinantics fia to usur action nation in the monter of the modulation fie and size (const
File Futh	Reason To fine selection Release
Bock to Factory De	fou? Settings
Citiz Reset to cave all a	are entened configuration information and return to factory default settings. After resetting, the
- Possesord will be 123	
· LAN P SODEL WE S	# 192/48.17
- DHCP will be reser to	delast setting
Bener	

#### Backup Configuration

Backup Configuration allows you to back up (save) the Zyxel Device's current configuration to a file on your computer. Once your Zyxel Device is configured and functioning properly, it is highly recommended that you back up your configuration file before making configuration changes.

Click Backup to save the Zyxel Device's current configuration to your computer.

#### Restore Configuration

**Restore Configuration** allows you to upload a new orpreviously saved configuration file from your computer to your Zyxel Device.

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
File Path	Type in the location of the file you want to upload in this field orclick Choose File to find it.
Choose File	C lick this to find the file you want to upload. Remember that you must decompress compressed (.ZIP) files before you can upload them.
Up lo a d	Click this to begin the upload process.
Re se t	Click this to reset your Zyxel Device settings back to the factory default.

Table 124 Restore Configuration

## Do not tum off the Zyxel Device while configuration file upload is in progress.

After the Zyxel Device configuration has been restored successfully, the login screen appears. Login again to restart the Zyxel Device.

The Zyxel Device automatically restarts in this time causing a temporary network disconnect. In some operating systems, you may see the following icon on your desktop.

Figure 202 Network Temporarily Disconnected

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If you restore the default configuration, you may need to change the IP address of your computer to be in the same subnet as that of the default Zyxel Device IP address (192.168.1.1).

If the upload was not successful, an emorscreen will appear. Click OK to go back to the Configuration screen.

#### 34.3 Reboot

System **Reboot** allows you to reboot the Zyxel Device remotely without turning the power off. You may need to do this if the Zyxel Device hangs, for example. This does not affect the Zyxel Device's configuration.

Click Maintenance > Reboot. Click Reboot to have the Zyxel Device reboot.

#### Figure 203 Maintenance > $\operatorname{Reboot}$

	Reboot
Rebeat The synci Dev Zysel Device's configu	recremelely wheel for any the power off. Yes may need to do theil the Speel Dowee heings, for exempte, the does not of out the water of
System Related	Behavet

## C HAPTER 35 Diagnostic

### 35.1 Diagnostic Overview

The Diagnostic screensdisplay information to help you identify problems with the Zyxel Device.

## 35.2 Ping/TraceRoute/NslookupTest

Use this screen to ping, traceroute, ornslookup for trouble shooting. Ping and traceroute are used to test whether a particular host is reachable. After entering an IP address and clicking one of the buttons to start a test, the results will be shown in the Ping/Taceroute Test area. Use nslookup to find the IP address for a host name and vice versa. Click **Maintenance > Diagnostic** to open the **Ping/TaceRoute/Nslookup** screen shown next.

			ſ	Dagnosti	с				
You can use different diagnostic methods to test a connection and see its detailed information. The Diagnostic screens display information to help you receiving products with the 2yeat Device.									
Parlann pr an 17 adds addreat fo	Perform ping, independence in misoricip for insublective ing. Ping and independence used to fast whether a pericular hast is reachable. After entering on Electrony and alloking one of the outloos to dark a fast, the results will be shown in the Ping/Tradeoute Test area. Use addocup to find the Pingerset for a bast name and vice were.								
Ping/Troce	Route Text								
T/T P/IP									
Address				Bhg	Ting 6	Ince Inde	Trace Route &	Mdonkup	Speed left

Figure 204 Maintenance > Diagnostic > Ping/Thace Route/Nslookup

The following table describes the fields in this screen.

Table 125 Maintenance > Diagnostic

IABEL	DESC RIPTIO N
Ping/ TraceRoute Test	The result of tests is shown here in the info area.
TC P/ IP	

LABEL	DESC RIPIIO N
Add ress	Entereitheran IP address or a host name to start a test.
Ping	Click this button to perform a ping test on the IPv4 address or host name in order to test a connection. The ping statistics will show in the info area.
Ping 6	Click this button to perform a ping test on the IPv6 address or host name in order to test a connection. The ping statistics will show in the info area.
Trace Route	$C \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$
Thace Route 6	Click this button to perform the IPv6 trace route function. This determines the path a packet takes to the specified host.
Nslo o kup	Click this button to perform a DNS lookup on the IP address or host name.
Speed Test	

Table 125 Maintenance > Diagnostic (continued)

## C HAPTER 36 Trouble shooting

### 36.1 Overview

This chapter offers some suggestions to solve problems you might encounter. The potential problems are divided into the following categories.

- Power and Hardware Connections
- Zyxel Device Access and Login
- Internet Access
- USB De vic e Connection
- UPnP
- SIM Card
- Cellular Signal

## 36.2 Power and Hardware Connections

The Zyxel Device does not turn on.

#### For LIE3301-PLUS / LIE5388-M804 / LIE5398-M904 / LIE3316-M604

- 1 Make sure you are using the power adapter included with the Zyxel Device.
- 2 Make sure the power adapter is connected to the Zyxel Device and plugged in to an appropriate power source. Make sure the power source is turned on.
- 3 Disconnect and re-connect the power adapter to the Zyxel Device.
- 4 Make sure you've pressed the POWER button to turn on the Zyxel Device.
- 5 If the problem continues, contact the vendor.

#### For LIE7240-M403/LIE7461-M602/LIE7480-S905

1 Make sure you are using the PoEinjector and cable (PoweroverEthemet, PoE) included with the Zyxel Device.

- 2 Make sure the PoE is connected to the Zyxel Device and plugged in to an appropriate power source. Make sure the power source is turned on.
- **3** Tum the Zyxel Device off and on.
- 4 If the problem continues, contact the vendor.

## 36.3 Zyxel Device Access and Login

If orgot the IP address for the Zyxel Device.

- 1 The default IP address is 192.168.1.1.
- 2 If you changed the Paddress and have forgotten it, you might get the Paddress of the Zyxel Device by looking up the Paddress of the default gateway for your computer. To do this in most Windows computers, click Start > Run, enter cmd, and then enter ipconfig. The Paddress of the Default Gateway might be the Paddress of the Zyxel Device (it depends on the network), so enter this Paddress in your Internet browser.
- 3 If this does not work, you have to reset the Zyxel Device to its factory defaults. Refer to Section 34.2 on page 274.

If orgot the password.

- 1 See the Zyxel Device label for the default admin password.
- 2 If you changed the password, and can't remember the password, you have to reset the Zyxel Device to its factory defaults. Refer to Section 34.2 on page 274.

Icannot see or access the Login screen in the Web Configurator.

- 1 Make sure you are using the correct IP address.
  - The default  $\mathbb{P}$  address is 192.168.1.1.
  - If you changed the IP address (Section 8.2 on page 134), use the new IP address.
  - If you changed the IP address and have forgotten it, see the trouble shooting suggestions for I forgot the IP address for the Zyxel Device.
- 2 Check the hardware connections, see the Quick Start Guide.
- 3 Make sure your Internet browser does not block pop-up windows and has Java Script and Java enabled.

- 4 Reset the Zyxel Device to its factory default, and try to access the Zyxel Device with the default **P** address. Refer to Section 34.2 on page 274.
- 5 If the problem continues, contact the network administratoror vendor, or try the advanced suggestion.

Advanced Suggestion

• Thy to access the Zyxel Device using another service, such as Telnet. If you can access the Zyxel Device, check the remote management settings and fire wall rules to find out why the Zyxel Device does not respond to HTTP.

Ican see the Login screen, but Icannot log in to the Zyxel Device.

- 1 Make sure you have entered the username and password correctly. The default username is **admin**. These fields are case-sensitive, so make sure [Caps Lock] is not on.
- 2 You cannot log in to the Web Configurator while someone is using Telnet to access the Zyxel Device. Log out of the Zyxel Device in the other session, or ask the person who is logged in to log out.
- **3** Tum the Zyxel Device off and on.
- 4 If this does not work, you have to reset the Zyxel Device to its factory default. See Section 34.2 on page 274.

Icannot use FTP, Telnet, SSH or Ping to access the Zyxel Device.

See the Remote Management Chapter 28 on page 256 for details on allowing web services (such as HTIP, HTIPS, FIP, Telnet, SSH and Ping) to access the Zyxel Device.

Check the server **Port** number field for the web service in the **Maintenance > Remote Management** screen. You must use the same port number in order to use that web service for remote management.

### 36.4 Internet Access

Icannot access the Internet.

- 1 Check the hardware connections and make sure the LEDs are behaving as expected. See the Quick Start Guide and Section 1.5.1 on page 25.
- 2 Check the SIM card. Maybe it has wrong settings (refer to Section 6.6 on page 92), the account has expired, it became loose (remove and reinsert it refer to the Quick Start Guide) or it's missing (stolen). See Section 36.7 on page 284 for possible SIM card problems.

- 3 Make sure you entered your ISP account information comectly. These fields are case-sensitive, so make sure [CapsLock] is not on.
- 4 For LIE3301-PLUS / LIE5388-M804 / LIE5398-M904 / LIE3316-M604 make sure you converted the first or fourth LAN port to a WAN port. Click Enable in Network Setting > Broadband > Ethernet WAN screen. Make sure you have the Ethernet WAN port connected to a modern or router.
- 5 If the problem continues, contact your ISP.

Icannotaccess the Internet anymore. I had access to the Internet (with the Zyxel Device), but my Internet connection is not available anymore.

- 1 Check the hardware connections (refer to the Quick Start Guide).
- 2 Tum the Zyxel Device off and on.
- 3 If the problem continues, contact your ISP.

The Internet connection is slow or intermittent.

- 1 There might be a lot of traffic on the network. If the Zyxel Device is sending or receiving a lot of information, try closing some programs that use the Internet, especially peer-to-peer applications.
- 2 Check the signal strength. Look at the LEDs, and check the LED section formore information. If the signal strength is low, try moving the Zyxel Device closer to the ISP's base station if possible, and look around to see if there are any devices that might be interfering with the wire less network (for example, microwaves, otherwire less networks, and so on).
- **3** For the LIE3301-PLUS/LIE5388-M804/LIE5398-M904/LIE3316-M604, connect two external antennas to improve the wireless WAN signal strength. Point the antennas to the base stations directions if you know where they are, or try pointing the antennas in different directions and check which provides the strongest signal to the Zyxel Device. See the Introduction chapter for more information.
- 4 Tum the Zyxel Device off and on.
- 5 If the problem continues, contact the network administratoror vendor, or try the advanced suggestion (refer to Icannot see or access the Login screen in the Web Configurator in this chapter).
  - Note: Since your Zyxel Device is an outdoor-type, inclement weather like rain and hot weather may affect LIE signals.

#### 36.5 USB Device Connection

The Zyxel Device fails to detect my USB device.

- 1 Disconnect the USB device.
- 2 Reboot the Zyxel Device.
- 3 If you are connecting a USB hard drive that comes with an external power supply, make sure it is connected to an appropriate power source that is on.
- 4 Re-connect your USB device to the Zyxel Device.

## 36.6 UPnP

When using UPnP and the Zyxel Device reboots, my computer cannot detect UPnP and refresh **My Network Places > Local Network**.

- 1 Make sure that UPnP is enabled in your computer. For Windows 7, see Section 8.6 on page 142. For Windows 10, see Section 8.7 on page 145.
- 2 Make sure that UPnP is enabled in the Network Settings > Home Networking > UPnP screen. See Section 8.4 on page 140 for details.
- 3 Disconnect the Ethemet cable from the Zyxel Device's Ethemet port or from your computer.
- 4 Re-connect the Ethemet cable.

The Local Area Connection icon for UPnP disappears in the screen.

Re start your computer.

Icannot open special applications such as white board, file transfer and video when Iuse the MSN Messenger.

- 1 Wait more than three minutes.
- 2 Restart the applications.

### 36.7 SIM Card

The SIM card cannot be detected.

- 1 Disconnect the Zyxel Device from the power supply.
- 2 Remove the SIM c and from its slot.
- 3 Clean the SIM card slot of any loose debris using compressed air.
- 4 Clean the gold connectors on the SIM card with a clean lint-free cloth.
- 5 Insert the SIM card into its slot and connect the Zyxel Device to the power supply to restart it.

Iget an Invalid SIM card alert.

- 1 Make sure you have an active plan with your ISP.
- 2 Make sure that the Zyxel Device is in the coverage area of a cellular network.

## 36.8 Cellular Signal

How should Iposition the Zyxel Device to get a strong cellular signal?

- 1 Find the location of your nearest cellular base station(s), then install the Zyxel Device towards the direction of those sites. The nearest site or site with a direct line-of-sight is usually preferred.
  - Note: It is best to test to wards more than one cellular site, as the nearest site / line-of-sight is not always the best due to the terrain, interference, density of usage, etc. All of the se factors influence the stability, availability and throughput of the link to the Zyxel Device.
- 2 Position the Zyxel Device towards a direction where coverage is expected (example the nearest town).
- 3 Conduct test measurements using the Web Configurator's System Monitor > Cellular WAN Status screen to obtain a report of the cellular network signal strength and quality at various test positions.
  - Note: It is best to reboot the Zyxel Device before each test measurement is taken to ensure that it is not camping on the previous cellular site. This is because the Zyxel Device can 'lock' onto the previous cellular site even when the new cellular site is at a much better signal level and quality.

Although installing the ZyxelDevice as high as possible is the usual rule of thumb, it is sometimes possible that the ZyxelDevice is in a weak coverage spot at that specific height. Adjust the height to achieve the best service possible.

Note: Cellular network sig nals and quality can fluctuate. A measurement taken now and a few moments later can differ substantially even if nothing apparent has changed – this can be due to many aspects, such as fading, reflections, interference, capacity due to high network traffic, etc.

It is possible that the network to pology and usage changes over time, even from one minute to the next as network utilization increases. If poorperformance is experienced at a later stage, re-test different installation locations again. It is possible that the current serving cellular site has become over utilized or is out-of-service. As the network design and to pology changes, so will the experience change, either for the better or for the worse.

# PART III Appendices

Appendices contain general information. Some information may not apply to your Zyxel Device.

## A PPENDIX A Customer Support

In the event of problems that cannot be solved by using this manual, you should contact your vendor. If you cannot contact your vendor, then contact a Zyxel office for the region in which you bought the device.

See *https://www.zyxelcom/homepage.shtml* and also *https://www.zyxelcom/about\_zyxel/zyxel\_worldwide.shtml* for the latest information.

Please have the following information ready when you contact an office.

#### Required Information

- Product model and serial number.
- Warranty Information.
- Date that you received your device.
- Briefdescription of the problem and the steps you took to solve it.

#### Corporate Headquarters (Worldwide)

#### Ta iwa n

- ZyxelCommunic ationsCorporation
- https://www.zyxelcom

#### Asia

#### China

- ZyxelCommunications (Shanghai)Corp. ZyxelCommunications (Beijing)Corp.
  - $\operatorname{Zyxel} C \operatorname{o} m \, m \, unic \, a \, tio \, ns$  (Tia njin)  $C \operatorname{o} rp$  .
- https://www.zyxelcom/cn/zh/

#### India

- Zyxel Technology India Pvt Ltd
- https://www.zyxel.com/in/en/

#### Ka za khsta n

- Zyxel Ka za khsta n
- https://www.zyxel.kz

#### Ko re a

- Zyxel Korea Corp.
- http://www.zyxel.kr

#### Ma la ysia

- Zyxel Malaysia Sdn Bhd.
- http://www.zyxel.com.my

#### Pa kista n

- Zyxel Pakistan (Pvt.) Ltd.
- http://www.zyxelcom.pk

#### **Philippines**

- Zyxel Philippines
- http://www.zyxelcom.ph

#### Singapore

- Zyxel Sing a pore Pte Ltd.
- http://www.zyxel.com.sg

#### Ta iwa n

- ZyxelCommunic ationsCorporation
- https://www.zyxel.com/tw/zh/

#### Tha ila nd

- Zyxel Thailand Co., Ltd
- https://www.zyxel.com/th/th/

#### Vie tna m

- ZyxelCommunicationsCorporation-VietnamOffice
- https://www.zyxelcom/vn/vi

#### Europe

#### Be la rus

- ZyxelBY
- https://www.zyxelby

#### Be lg ium

- ZyxelCommunicationsB.V.
- https://www.zyxel.com/be/nl/
• https://www.zyxel.com/be/fr/

## Bulg a ria

- ZyxelБългария
- https://www.zyxelcom/bg/bg/

# Czech Republic

- ZyxelCommunicationsCzechs.r.o
- https://www.zyxelcom/cz/cs/

# Denmark

- Zyxe l C o m m unic a tio ns A/S
- https://www.zyxel.com/dk/da/

# Esto nia

- Zyxe l Esto nia
- https://www.zyxelcom/ee/et/

# Finla nd

- ZyxelCommunications
- https://www.zyxelcom/fi/fi/

# France

- Zyxel France
- https://www.zyxel.fr

# Gemany

- Zyxel Deutschland GmbH
- https://www.zyxel.com/de/de/

# Hung a ry

- Zyxel Hung a ry & SEE
- https://www.zyxelcom/hu/hu/

# Ita ly

- ZyxelCommunicationsItaly
- https://www.zyxelcom/it/it/

# La tvia

- Zyxe l La tvia
- https://www.zyxel.com/lv/lv/

# Lithua nia

- Zyxe l Lithua nia
- https://www.zyxelcom/lt/lt/

## Ne the rlands

- Zyxel Benelux
- https://www.zyxel.com/nl/nl/

## Norway

- ZyxelCommunications
- https://www.zyxelcom/no/no/

# Poland

- Zyxel Communic a tions Poland
- https://www.zyxelcom/pl/pl/

# Romania

- Zyxel Romania
- https://www.zyxelcom/ro/ro

## Russia

- Zyxel Russia
- https://www.zyxelcom/ru/ru/

## Slo va kia

- ZyxelCommunicationsCzechs.r.o.organizacna zlozka
- https://www.zyxelcom/sk/sk/

## Spain

- ZyxelCommunicationsESLtd
- https://www.zyxel.com/es/es/

# Sweden

- ZyxelCommunications
- https://www.zyxelcom/se/sv/

## Switze rland

- Stude rus AG
- https://www.zyxel.ch/de
- https://www.zyxel.ch/fr

# Turke y

- Zyxel Turke y A.S.
- https://www.zyxel.com/tr/tr/

# UK

- ZyxelCommunicationsUKLtd.
- https://www.zyxelcom/uk/en/

# Ukra ine

- Zyxel Ukraine
- http://www.ua.zyxel.com

# South America

## Argentina

- ZyxelCommunic ationsCorporation
- https://www.zyxelcom/co/es/

## Bra zil

- ZyxelCommunic a tions Brasil Ltda.
- https://www.zyxelcom/br/pt/

# Colombia

- ZyxelCommunic a tionsCorporation
- https://www.zyxelcom/co/es/

# Ecuador

- ZyxelCommunicationsCorporation
- https://www.zyxelcom/co/es/

# South America

- ZyxelCommunic ationsCorporation
- https://www.zyxelcom/co/es/

# Middle East

# Isra e l

- ZyxelCommunic ationsCorporation
- http://il.zyxel.com/

# Middle East

- ZyxelCommunic a tionsCorporation
- https://www.zyxelcom/me/en/

# North America

# USA

- Zyxel Communic ations, Inc. North America Headquarters
- https://www.zyxelcom/us/en/

# O c e a nia

# Austra lia

- ZyxelCommunic a tionsCorporation
- https://www.zyxelcom/au/en/

# A fric a

# So uth Afric a

- No logy (Pty) Ltd.
- https://www.zyxel.com/za/en/

# A PPENDIX B IPv6

## Overvie w

 $\mathbb{P}$ v6 (Internet Protocol version 6), is designed to enhance  $\mathbb{P}$  address size and features. The increase in  $\mathbb{P}$ v6 address size to 128 bits (from the 32-bit  $\mathbb{P}$ v4 address) allows up to 3.4 x 10<sup>38</sup>  $\mathbb{P}$  addresses.

## IPv6 Addressing

The 128-bit IPv6 address is written as eight 16-bit hexadec imal blocks separated by colons (:). This is an example IPv6 address 2001:0db8:1a2b:0015:0000:0000:1a2f:0000.

IPv6 addresses can be abbreviated in two ways:

- Leading zerosin a block can be omitted. So 2001:0db8:1a2b:0015:0000:0000:1a2f:0000 can be written as 2001:db8:1a2b:15:0:0:1a2f:0.
- Any number of consecutive blocks of zeros can be replaced by a double colon. A double colon can only appearonce in an IPv6 address. So 2001:0db8:0000:0000:1a2f:0000:0000:0015 can be written as 2001:0db8::1a2f:0000:0000:0015, 2001:0db8:0000:0000:1a2f::0015, 2001:db8::1a2f:0:0:15 or 2001:db8::0:0:1a2f::15.

## Prefix and Prefix Length

Similar to an IPv4 subnet mask, IPv6 uses an address prefix to represent the network address. An IPv6 prefix length specifies how many most significant bits (start from the left) in the address compose the network address. The prefix length is written as "/x" where x is a number. For example,

```
2001:db8:1a2b:15::1a2f:0/32
```

means that the first 32 bits (2001:db8) is the subnet prefix.

# Link-local Address

A link-local address unique ly identifies a device on the local network (the IAN). It is similar to a "private IP address" in IPv4. You can have the same link-local address on multiple interfaces on a device. A link-local unicast address has a predefined prefix of fe80::/10. The link-local unicast address format is as follows.

Table 126 Link-local Unicast Address Format

1111 1110 10	0	Interface ID
10 b its	54 bits	64 b its

# **Global Address**

A global address unique ly identifies a device on the Internet. It is similar to a "public IP address" in IPv4. A global unic ast address starts with a 2 or 3.

# Unspecified Address

An unspecified address (0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0 or ::) is used as the source address when a device does not have its own address. It is similar to "0.0.0.0" in IPv4.

# Loopback Address

A loopback address (0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:1 or ::1) allows a host to send packets to itself. It is similar to "127.0.0.1" in IPv4.

## Multic a st Addre ss

In IPv6, multic ast addresses provide the same functionality as IPv4 broadcast addresses. Broadcasting is not supported in IPv6. A multicast address allows a host to send packets to all hosts in a multicast group.

Multic ast scope allows you to determine the size of the multic ast group. A multic ast address has a predefined prefix of ff00::/8. The following table describes some of the predefined multic ast addresses.

Table 127 Predefined Multicast Address

MULTICASTADDRESS	DESC RIPIIO N
FF01:0:0:0:0:0:1	All hosts on a local node.
FF01:0:0:0:0:0:2	All routers on a local node.
FF02:0:0:0:0:0:1	All hosts on a local connected link.
FF02:0:0:0:0:0:0:2	All routers on a local connected link.
FF05:0:0:0:0:0:2	All routers on a local site.
FF05:0:0:0:0:1:3	All DHCP severs on a local site.

The following table describes the multicast addresses which are reserved and cannot be assigned to a multicast group.

Table 128 Reserved Multicast Address

MULTIC ASTADDRESS
FF00:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF01:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF02:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF03:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF04:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF05:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF06:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF07:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF08:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF09:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF0A:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF0B:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF0C:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
FF0D:0:0:0:0:0:0:0

Table 128 Reserved Multicast Address (continued)

MULTICASTADDRESS	
FF0E:0:0:0:0:0:0:0	
FF0F:0:0:0:0:0:0:0	

# Subnet Masking

## Interface ID

In IPv6, an interface ID is a 64-bit identifier. It identifies a physical interface (for example, an Ethemet port) or a virtual interface (for example, the management IP address for a VIAN). One interface should have a unique interface ID.

## EUI-64

The EUI-64 (Extended Unique Identifier) defined by the IEEE (Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers) is an interface ID format designed to adapt with IPv6. It is derived from the 48-bit (6-byte) Ethemet MAC address as shown next. EUI-64 inserts the hex digits fffe between the third and fourth bytes of the MAC address and complements the seventh bit of the first byte of the MAC address. See the following example.



## Identity Association

An Identity Association (IA) is a collection of addresses assigned to a DHCP client, through which the server and client can manage a set of related IP addresses. Each IA must be associated with exactly one interface. The DHCP client uses the IA assigned to an interface to obtain configuration from a DHCP server for that interface. Each IA consists of a unique IAID and associated IP information. The IA type is the type of address in the IA. Each IA holds one type of address. IA\_NA means an identity association for non-temporary addresses and IA\_TA is an identity association for temporary addresses. An IA\_NA option contains the T1 and T2 fields, but an IA\_TA option does not. The DHCPv6 server uses T1 and T2 to control the time at which the client contacts with the server to extend the lifetimes on any addresses in the IA\_NA before the lifetimes expire. After T1, the client sends the server (S1) (from which the addresses in the IA\_NA were obtained) a Renew message. If the time T2 is reached and the server



does not respond, the client sends a Rebind message to any available server (S2). For an IA\_TA, the client may send a Renew or Rebind message at the client's disc retion.

# DHCP Relay Agent

A DHCP re lay agent is on the same network as the DHCP clients and helps forward messages between the DHCP server and clients. When a client cannot use its link-local address and a well-known multicast address to locate a DHCP server on its network, it then needs a DHCP re lay agent to send a message to a DHCP server that is not attached to the same network.

The DHCP re lay agent can add the remote identification (remote-ID) option and the interface-ID option to the Re lay-Forward DHCPv6 messages. The remote-ID option cames a user-defined string, such as the system name. The interface-ID option provides slot number, port information and the VIAN ID to the DHCPv6 server. The remote-ID option (if any) is stripped from the Re lay-Re ply messages before the re lay agent sends the packets to the clients. The DHCP server copies the interface-ID option from the Re lay-Forward message into the Re lay-Re ply message and sends it to the re lay agent. The interface-ID should not change even after the re lay agent restarts.

# Pre fix De le g a tio n

Pre fix delegation enables an IPv6 router to use the IPv6 pre fix (network address) received from the ISP (or a connected uplink router) for its IAN. The Zyxel Device uses the received IPv6 pre fix (for example, 2001:db2::/48) to generate its IAN IP address. Through sending Router Advertisements (RAs) regularly by multicast, the Zyxel Device passes the IPv6 pre fix information to its IAN hosts. The hosts then can use the pre fix to generate their IPv6 addresses.

# IC MPv6

Internet Control Message Protocol for IPv6 (ICMPv6 or ICMP for IPv6) is defined in RFC 4443. ICMPv6 has a preceding Next Headervalue of 58, which is different from the value used to identify ICMP for IPv4. ICMPv6 is an integral part of IPv6. IPv6 nodes use ICMPv6 to report errors encountered in packet processing and perform other diagnostic functions, such as "ping".

# Neighbor Discovery Protocol (NDP)

The Neighbor Discovery Protocol (NDP) is a protocol used to discover other IPv6 devices and track neighbor's reachability in a network. An IPv6 device uses the following ICMPv6 messages types:

- Neighbor solic itation: A request from a host to determine a neighbor's link-layer address (MAC address) and detect if the neighbor is still reachable. A neighbor being "reachable" means it responds to a neighbor solic itation message (from the host) with a neighbor advertise ment message.
- Neighboradvertisement: A response from a node to announce its link-layeraddress.

- Router solic itation: A request from a host to locate a router that can act as the default router and forward packets.
- Router advertisement: A response to a router solic itation or a periodic almultic ast advertisement from a router to advertise its presence and other parameters.

# IPv6 Cache

An IPv6 host is required to have a neighbor cache, destination cache, prefix list and default router list. The Zyxel Device maintains and updates its IPv6 caches constantly using the information from response messages. In IPv6, the Zyxel Device configures a link-local address automatically, and then sends a neighbor solic itation message to check if the address is unique. If there is an address to be resolved or verified, the Zyxel Device also sends out a neighbor solic itation message. When the Zyxel Device receives a neighbor advertisement in response, it stores the neighbor's link-layer address in the neighbor cache. When the Zyxel Device uses a router solic itation message to query for a router and receives a router advertisement message, it adds the router's information to the neighbor cache, prefix list and destination cache. The Zyxel Device creates an entry in the default router list cache if the router can be used as a default router.

When the Zyxel Device needs to send a packet, it first consults the destination cache to determine the next hop. If there is no matching entry in the destination cache, the Zyxel Device uses the prefix list to determine whether the destination address is on-link and can be reached directly without passing through a router. If the address is unlink, the address is considered as the next hop. Otherwise, the Zyxel Device determines the next-hop from the default router list or routing table. Once the next hop IP address is known, the Zyxel Device looks into the neighbor cache to get the link-layer address and sends the packet when the neighbor is reachable. If the Zyxel Device cannot find an entry in the neighbor cache or the state for the neighbor is not reachable, it starts the address resolution process. This helps reduce the number of IPv6 solic itation and advertise ment messages.

## Multic a st Liste ner Disc overy

The Multic ast Listener Discovery (MLD) protocol (defined in RFC 2710) is derived from IPv4's Internet Group Management Protocol version 2 (IGMPv2). MLD uses ICMPv6 message types, rather than IGMP message types. MLDv1 is equivalent to IGMPv2 and MLDv2 is equivalent to IGMPv3.

MLD allows an IPv6 switch or router to discover the presence of MLD listeners who wish to receive multicast packets and the IP addresses of multicast groups the hosts want to join on its network.

MLD snooping and MLD proxy are analogous to IGMP snooping and IGMP proxy in IPv4.

MLD filtering controls which multicast groups a port can join.

### MLD Messages

A multic ast routeror switch periodically sends general queries to MID hosts to update the multicast forwarding table. When an MID host wants to join a multicast group, it sends an MID Report message for that address.

An MLD Done message is equivalent to an IGMP Leave message. When an MLD host wants to leave a multicast group, it can send a Done message to the routerorswitch. The routerorswitch then sends a group-specific query to the port on which the Done message is received to determine if other devices connected to this port should remain in the group.

# Example - Enabling IPv6 on Windows 7

Windows 7 supports IPv6 by default. DHC Pv6 is also enabled when you enable IPv6 on a Windows 7 computer.

To enable IPv6 in Windows 7:

- 1 Select Control Panel > Network and Sharing Center > Local Area Connection.
- 2 Select the Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) checkbox to enable it.
- 3 Click OK to save the change.

Necwar	iong i					
Conne	to using:					
2	Broadcon ?	ie/Xrene	Ggabt Bher	ret		
This c	onnection u	ses the fo	foring terre	(	Configure	-
3 5 5 5 5 5	Clent for Clos Fac File and P A Internet F	Morbert ket Scher hinter Shi histocol V	Networks duler anng for Moro maion 4 (TCP)	soft Nety (Pv4)	)	
Dea	ketal olotion	9 (	Uvital		Properties	
TC	P/IP version provides co	6. The la mmunica	test version of tion across div	the inter rece inter	net protocol sconnected	

- $\label{eq:connection} 4 \quad C \mbox{ lic } k \mbox{ Close to exit the } \mbox{ local Area Connection Status } screen.$
- 5 Se le c t Start > All Programs > Accessories > Command Prompt.
- 6 Use the ipconfig command to checkyourdynamic IPv6 address. This example shows a global address (2001:b021:2d::1000) obtained from a DHCP server.

# **APPENDIX** C Legal Information

### Copyright

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The following information applies if you use the product within the European Union.

### Declaration of Conformity with Regard to EU Directive 2014/53/EU (Radio Equipment Directive, RED)

- Compliance information for wire less products relevant to the EU and other Countries following the EU Directive 2014/53/EU (RED). And this product may be used in all EU countries (and other countries following the EU Directive 2014/53/EU) without any limitation except for the countries mentioned below table:
- In the majority of the EU and other European countries, the 5GHz bands have been made available for the use of wireless local area ne tworks (IANs). La ter in this document you will find an overview of countries in which additional restrictions or requirements or both are applicable. The requirements for any country may evolve. Zyxel recommends that you check with the local authonities for the latest status of the ir national regulations for the 5GHz wire less IANs.
- If this device for operation in the band 5150-5350 MHz, it is for indoor use only.
- This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 cm between the radio equipment and your body.
- The maximum RF power operating for each band as follows:

### (LIE7240-M403)

- WiFi
  - The band 2,400 to 2,483.5 MHz is 88.51 mW
- GSM
  - The GSM 900 is 1967.89 mW
  - The DCS1800 is 968.28 mW
- WCDMA
  - The WCDMA Band I is 213.8 mW
  - The WCDMA Band VIII is 208.93 mW
- LTE
- The LTE Band 1 is 204.17 mW
- The LTE Band 3 is 199.53 mW
- The LTE Band 7 is 190.55 mW
- The LTE Band 8 is 208.93 mW
- The LTE Band 20 is 223.87 mW
- The LTE Band 38 is 147.91 mW
- The LTE Band 40 is 141 25 mW
- (LTE3301-PLUS)
- WiFi
  - The band 2,400 to 2,483.5 MHz is  $81.28\ \mathrm{mW}$
  - The band 5,150 to 5,350 MHz is 180.3 mW
  - The band 5,470 to 5,725 MHz is 612.35 mW
- WCDMA
  - The WCDMA Band I is 193.64 mW

- The WCDMA Band III is 228.56 mW
- The WCDMA Band VIII is 198.15 mW
- LTE
  - The LTE Band 1 is 223.87 mW
  - The LTE Band 3 is 239.88 mW
  - The LTE Band 7 is 218.78 mW
  - The LTE Band 8 is  $186.21\ \mathrm{mW}$
  - The LTE Band 20 is 186.21 mW
  - The LTE Band 28 is 206.06  $\mathrm{m\,W}$
  - The LTE Band 38 is 247.17  $\mathrm{mW}$
  - The LTE Band 40 is 231.21 mW
- (LIE7480-M804 & LIE7490-M904)
  - The band 2,400 to 2,483.5 MHz is 87.1 mW (LTE7480-M804)
  - The band 2,400 to 2,483.5 MHz is 87.1 mW (LTE7490-M904)
- WCDMA
  - The WCDMA Band I is 316.23 mW
  - The WCDMA Band III is 316.23 mW
  - The WCDMA Band VIII is 281.84 mW
- LTE

• The LTE Band 1/3/7/8/20/28/38/40 is 281.84 mW

- (LTE3316-M604)
- WCDMA
  - The WCDMA Band I is 193.64 mW
  - The WCDMA Band III is 228.56 mW
  - The WCDMA Band VIII is 198.15 mW
- LTE
  - The LTE Band 1 is 223.87 mW
  - The LTE Band 3 is 251.19 mW
  - The LTE Band 7 is 218.78 mW
  - The LTE Band 8 is 186.21 mW
  - The LTE Band 20 is 186.21 mW
  - The LIE Band 28 is 206.06 mW
  - The LTE Band 38 is 247.17 mW
  - The LTE Band 40 is 231.21 mW
- 802.11 Mode
  - 802.11b Band is 84.3 mW
  - 802.11g Band is 95.72 mW
  - 802.11n Band is 96.83 mW
  - 802.11ac Band is 195.88 mW
  - 802.11ac Band is 392.64 mW

Български (Bulg a ria n)	С настоящото Zyxe 1 декларира, че това оборудване е в съответствие със съществените изисквания и другите приложими разпоредбите на Директива 2014/53/ЕС.
	Na tio na l Re stric tio ns
	<ul> <li>The Belgian Institute for Postal Services and Telecommunications (BIPT) must be notified of any outdoorwireless link having a range exceeding 300 meters. Please check http://www.bipt.be formore details.</li> <li>Draadloze verbindingen voorbuitengebruik en met een reikwijdte van meerdan 300 meterdienen aangemeld te worden bij het Belgisch Instituut voorpostdiensten en telecommunicatie (BIPT). Zie http://www.bipt.be voormeer gegevens.</li> <li>Ies liaisons sans fil pour une utilisation en extérieur d'une distance supérieure à 300 mètres doivent être notifiées à l'Institut Belge des services Postaux et des Télécommunications (IBPT). Visitez http://www.ibpt.be pour de plus amples détails.</li> </ul>
Esp a ño l (Sp a nish)	Por medio de la presente Zyxel declara que el equipo cum ple con los requisitos esenciales y cualesquiera otras disposiciones aplicables o exigibles de la Directiva 2014/53/UE.
Če ština (C ze c h)	Zyxel tímto prohlašuje, že tento zařízení je ve shodě se základními požadavky a dalšími příslušnými ustanoveními směmic e 2014/53/EU.
Dansk (Danish)	Undertegnede Zyxelerkkærer herved, at følgende udstyr udstyr overholder de væsentlige krav og øvrige relevante krav i direktiv 2014/53/EU.
	Na tional Restric tions
	<ul> <li>In Denmark, the band 5150 - 5350 MHz is also allowed for outdoor usage.</li> <li>IDanmark må frekvensbåndet 5150 - 5350 og så anvendes udendørs.</li> </ul>
De utsch (Geman)	Hie mit erklärt Zyxel, dass sich das Gerät Ausstattung in Übereinstimmung mit den grundlegenden Anforderungen und den übrigen einschlägigen Bestimmungen der Richtlinie 2014/53/EU befindet.
Ee sti ke e l (Esto nia n)	Kä e so le vaga kinnitab Zyxel se adme se admed vastavust direktiivi 2014/53/EL põhinõue te le ja nimetatud direktiivist tulenevate le teiste le asjako haste le sä te te le.
Ελληνικά (Greek)	ΜΕ ΤΗΝ ΠΑΡΟΥΣΑ Ζ <u>yxe1</u> ΔΗΛΩΝΕΙ ΟΤΙ εξοπλισμός ΣΥΜΜΟΡΦΩΝΕΤΑΙ ΠΡΟΣ ΤΙΣ ΟΥΣΙΩΔΕΙΣ ΑΠΑΙΤΗΣΕΙΣ ΚΑΙ ΤΙΣ ΛΟΙΠΕΣ ΣΧΕΤΙΚΕΣ ΔΙΑΤΑΞΕΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΟΔΗΓΙΑΣ 2014/53/ΕΕ.

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English	Here by, Zyxeldeclares that this device is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 2014/53/EU.
Français (French)	Par la présente Zyxel déclare que l'appareil équipements est conforme aux exigences essentielles et aux autres dispositions pertinentes de la directive 2014/53/UE
Hrvatski (Croatian)	Zyxelovime izjavljuje da je radijska oprema tipa u skladu s Direktivom 2014/53/UE.
Ísle nska (Ic e la nd ic )	Hérmeð lýsir, Zyxel því yfir að þessi búnaður er í sam æmi við grunnkröfur og önnur við eigandi á kvæði tilskip unar 2014/53/ UE
Italiano (Italian)	Con la presente Zyxel dichiara che questo attrezzatura è conforme ai requisiti essenziali ed alle altre disposizioni pertinenti stabilite dalla direttiva 2014/53/UE
	Na tional Restrictions
	<ul> <li>This product meets the National Radio Interface and the requirements specified in the National Frequency Allocation Table for Italy. Unless this wire less IAN product is operating within the boundaries of the owner's property, its use requires a "general authorization." Please check http://www.sviluppoeconomico.gov.it/ for more details.</li> <li>Questo prodotto è conforme alla specifiche di Interfaccia Radio Nazionalie rispetta il Piano Nazionale di ripartizione de lle frequenze in Italia. Se non viene installato all'intermo del proprio fondo, lutilizzo di prodotti Wire less IAN richiede una "Autorizzazione Generale". Consulta re http://www.sviluppoeconomico.gov.it/ per maggiori dettagli.</li> </ul>
La tvie šu va lo d a	Ar šo Zyxelde klarē, ka ie kārtas at bilst Dire ktīvas 2014/53/ES būtiskajām prasībām un citiem ar to saistītajiem noteikumiem.
(Latvian)	Na tional Restrictions
	<ul> <li>The outdoorusage of the 2.4 GHz band requires an authorization from the Electronic Communications Office. Please check http://www.esd.lv formore details.</li> <li>2.4 GHz frekvenèu joslas izmantoðanai ârpus telpâm nepiecieðama atiauja no Elektronisko sakaru direkcijas. Vairâk infomâcijas: http://www.esd.lv.</li> </ul>
Lie tuviŲ kalba (Lithua nia n)	Šiuo Zyxeldeklaruoja, kad šis įranga atitinka esminius reikalavimus ir kitas 2014/53/ES Direktyvos nuostatas.
Magyar (Hungarian)	Alulírott, Zyxel nyilatkozom, hogy a berendezés megfelel a vonatkozó alapvető követelményeknek és az 2014/53/EU irányelv egyébelőírásainak.
Malti (Maltese)	Hawnhekk, Zyxel, jiddikjara lidan tag ħmirjikkonforma mal-ħtiģijiet essenzjali u ma provvedimenti oħrajn relevanti li hemm fid-Dimettiva 2014/53/UE
Ne d e rla nd s (Dutc h)	Hierbij verklaart Zyxeldat het toesteluitrusting in overeenstemming is met de essentiële eisen en de andere relevante bepalingen van richtlijn 2014/53/EU.
Po lski (Po lish)	Ninie jszym Zyxe loświadcza, że sprzęt je st zgodny z zasadnic zymi wymogami oraz pozostałymi stosow nymi postanowie niami Dyre ktywy 2014/53/UE
Po rtug uê s (Po rtug ue se )	Zyxeldeclara que este equipamento está conforme com os requisitos essenciais e outras disposições da Directiva 2014/53/ UE
Română (Romanian)	Prin prezenta, Zyxeldeclară că a cestechipamenteste în conformitate cu cerințele esențiale și alte prevederi relevante ale Directivei 2014/53/UE
Slovenčina (Slovak)	Zyxel týmto vyhlasuje, že zaniadenia spĺňa základné požiadavky a všetky príslušné ustanovenia Smemice 2014/53/EÚ.
Slovenščina (Slovene)	Zyxe l izjavlja, da je ta oprema v skladu z bistve nimi zahte vami in ostalimi rele vantnimi določili direktive 2014/53/EU.
Suomi (Finnish)	Zyxel va kuuttaa täten että laitteet tyyppinen laite on direktiivin 2014/53/EU oleellisten vaa timusten ja sitä koskevien direktiivin muiden ehtojen mukainen.
Sve nska (Swe d ish)	Hämned intygar Zyxelatt denna utrustning står I överensstämme kemed de väsentliga egenskap skrav och övriga relevanta bestämme ker som framgår av direktiv 2014/53/EU.
No rsk (No rwe g ia n)	Erklærer herved Zyxelat dette utstyret er I sam svar med de grunnleggende kravene og andre relevante bestemmelser I direktiv 2014/53/EU.

Notes:

• Although Norway, Switzerland and Lie chtenstein are not EU member states, the EU Directive 2014/53/EU has also been implemented in those

countries. The regulatory limits for maximum output power are specified in EIRP. The EIRP level (in dBm) of a device can be calculated by adding the gain of the antenna used (specified in dBi) to the output power available at the connector (specified in dBm). •

COUNTRY	ISO 3166 2 LETTER CODE	COUNTRY	ISO 3166 2 LETTER CODE
Austria	AT	Lie c hte nste in	Ш
Belgium	BE	Lithua nia	LT
Bulg a ria	BG	Luxe mbourg	m
C ro a tia	HR	Malta	МТ
Cyprus	СҮ	Ne the rlands	NL
C ze c h Re p ub lic	CZ	Norway	NO
Denmark	DK	Po la nd	PL
Esto nia	EE	Po rtug a l	PT
Finland	FI	Ro m a nia	RO
France	FR	Se rb ia	RS
Gemany	DE	Slovakia	SK
Greece	GR	Slovenia	SI
Hung a ry	HU	Spain	ES
Ic e la nd	IS	Switze rla nd	СН
Ire la nd	E	Sweden	SE
Ita ly	П	Turke y	TR
La tvia	LV	United Kingdom	GB

### List of national codes

### United States of America (LIE7461-M602, LIE7480-S905, LIE5388-905, and LIE7485-S905)



The following information applies if you use the product within USA area.

### FCC EMC Statement

- This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:
   (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
- Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.
- This product has been tested and complies with the specifications for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used according to the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.
- If this device does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which is found by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:
  - Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
  - Increase the separation between the equipment or devices.
  - Connect the equipment to an outlet other than the receiver's.
  - Consult a de ale ror an experience d radio/TV te chnician for assistance.

The following information applies if you use the product with RF function within USA area.

#### FCC Radiation exposure statement

• This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment.

This transmitter must be at least 30 cm from the user and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

• (LIE7480-S905 and LIE5388-S905)

This transmitter must be at least 20 cm from the user and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

• (LIE7485-S905)

(LIE7461-M602)

This transmitter must be at least 23 cm from the user and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

### CANADA (LTE7461-M602)

The following information applies if you use the product within Canada area.

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### Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada ICES Statement CAN ICES 3 (B/NMB-3(B)

### Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada RSS-GEN & RSS-247 Statement

- This device contains licence-exempt transmitter(s)/receiver(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's licence-exempt RSS(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.
- This radio transmitter (2468C-LIE7461M602)) has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have, a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed, are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

### Antenna Information

Chain No.	Antenna Type	Frequency Range	WiFi Gain (dBi)	LIE Gain (dBi)	Connector
WLAN-ANTO	PIFA	$2.4 \sim 2.4835 \; \mathrm{GHz}$	6	N.A.	iPEX
WLAN-ANTI	PIFA	$2.4 \sim 2.4835 \; \mathrm{GHz}$	5	N.A.	iPEX
WWAN	Dip o le	2500 ~ 2570 MHz	N.A.	9	iPEX
		698 ~ 716 MHz	N.A.	3.5	iPEX
		777 ~ 787 MHz	N.A.	3	iPEX
		1850 ~ 1915 MHz	N.A.	8	iPEX
		814 ~ 849 MHz	N.A.	3.6	iPEX
		2305 ~ 2315 MHz	N.A.	9	iPEX
		1710 ~ 1780 MHz	N.A.	6	iPEX

If the product with 5G wire less function operating in 5150-5250 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz, the following attention must be paid,

- The device for operation in the band 5150-5250 MHz is only for indoor use to reduce the potential for harmful interference to co-channel mobile sate lite systems.
- For devices with detachable antenna(s), the maximum antenna gain permitted for devices in the band 5725-5850 MHz shall be such that the equipment still complies with the e.i.r.p. limits as a propriate; and
- Where applicable, antenna type(s), antenna models(s), and the worst-case tilt angle(s) necessary to remain compliant with the e.i.r.p. elevation mask requirement set forth in Section 6.2.2.3 of RSS 247 shall be clearly indicated.
- If the product with 5G wireless function operating in 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz, the following attention must be paid.
- For devices with detachable antenna (s), the maximum antenna gain permitted for devices in the bands 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz shall be such that the equipment still complies with the e.ir.p. limit.
- L'émette uv'récepteure xempt de licence contenu dans le présent appare il est conforme aux CNR d'Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada applicables aux appare il est conforme aux CNR d'Innovation, Sciences et suivantes : (1) l'appare il ne doit pas produire de brouillage; (2) L'appare il doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.
- Le présent émette ur radio (2468C-LE7461M602) a été approuvé par Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada pour fonctionner avec les types d'antenne énumérés cidessous et ayant un gain admissible maximal. Les types d'antenne non inclus dans cette liste, et dont le gain est supérieur au gain maximal indiqué pour tout type figurant sur la liste, sont strictement interdits pour l'exploitation de l'émetteur.

Chaîne NB.	Antenne Type	Gamme de fréquences	WiFi Gain (dBi)	LIE Gain (dBi)	Connecteur
WIAN-ANTO	PIFA	$2.4\sim2.4835~\mathrm{GHz}$	6	N.A.	iPEX
WIAN-ANTI	PIFA	$2.4\sim2.4835~\mathrm{GHz}$	5	N.A.	iPEX
WWAN	Dip o le	2500 ~ 2570 MHz	N.A.	9	iPEX
		698 ~ 716 MHz	N.A.	3.5	iPEX
		777 ~ 787 MHz	N.A.	3	iPEX
		1850 ~ 1915 MHz	N.A.	8	iPEX
		814 ~ 849 MHz	N.A.	3.6	iPEX
		2305 ~ 2315 MHz	N.A.	9	iPEX
		1710 ~ 1780 MHz	N.A.	6	iPEX

### inform a tions antenne

Lo 1sque la fonction sans fil 5G fonctionnant en 5150-5250 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz est activée pource produit, il est nécessaire de porter une attention particulière aux choses suivantes

• Les dispositifs fonctionnant dans la bande de 5 150 à 5 250 MHz sont réservés uniquement pour une utilisation à l'intérieur afin de réduire les risques de brouillage préjudiciable aux systèmes de satellites mobiles utilisant les mêmes canaux;

• Pour les dispositifs munis d'antennes amovibles, le gain maximal d'antenne permis (pour les dispositifs utilisant la bande de 5725 à 5850 MHz) doit être conforme à la limite de la p.i.r.e. spécifiée, selon le cas;

• Lorsqu'il y a lieu, les types d'antennes (s'il y en a plusieurs), les numéros de modèle de l'antenne et les pires angles d'inclinaison nécessaires pour rester conforme à l'exigence de la p.i.r.e. applicable au masque d'élévation, énoncée à la section 6.2.2.3 du CNR-247, doivent être claire ment indiqués.

Lorsque la fonction sans fil 5G fonctionnant en 5250-5350 MHz et 5470-5725 MHz est activée pource produit, il est nécessaire de porter une attention particulière aux choses suivantes.

• Pour les dispositifs munis d'antennes amovibles, le gain maximal d'antenne permis pour les dispositifs utilisant les bandes de 5 250 à 5 350 MHz et de 5 470 à 5 725 MHz doit être conforme à la limite de la p.i.r.e.

### Industry Canada radiation exposure statement

This equipment complies with ISED radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 30 cm between the radiator and your body.

#### Déclaration d'exposition aux radiations:

Cet équipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux rayonnements ISED établies pour un environnement non contrôlé. Cet équipement doit être installé et utilisé avec un minimum de 30 cm de distance entre la source de rayonnement et votre corps.

### Safety Warnings (All LIE Models)

- Do not use this product nearwater, for example, in a wet basement or near a swimming pool.
- Do not expose your Zyxel Device to dampness, dust or comosive liquids.
- Do not store things on the device.
- Do not obstruct the Zyxel Device ventilation slots as insufficient airflow may harm your Zyxel Device. For example, do not place the Zyxel Device in an enclosed space such as a box oron a very soft surface such as a bed or sofa.
- Do not install, use, or service this Zyxel Device during a thunderstorm. There is a remote risk of electric shock from lightning.
- Connect ONLY suitable accessories to the Zvxel Device.
- Do not open the Zyxel Device or unit. Opening or removing covers can expose you to dangerous high voltage points or other risks.
- Only qualified service personnel should service or disassem ble this Zyxel Device. Please contact your vendor for further information.
- Make sure to connect the cables to the correct ports.
- Place connecting cables carefully so that no one will step on them or stumble over them
- Always disconnect all cables from this Zyxel Device before servicing or disassembling. • Do not remove the plug and connect it to a power outlet by itself; always attach the plug to the power adapter first before connecting it to a poweroutlet.
- Do not allow anything to rest on the poweradapter or cord and do NOTplace the product where anyone can walk on the poweradapter orcord.
- Please use the provided ordesignated connection cables/powercables/adapters. Connectit to the right supply voltage (for example, 110V AC in North America or 230V AC in Europe). If the power adapter or cord is damaged, it might cause electrocution. Remove it from the Zyxel Device and the powersource, repairing the poweradapterorcord is prohibited. Contact your local vendorto ordera new one.
- The following warning statements apply, where the disconnect device is not incorporated in the Zyxel Device or where the plug on the power supply cord is intended to serve as the disconnect device,
- For permanently connected Zyxel Device, a readily accessible disconnect device shall be incorporated external to the Zyxel Device;
- For pluggable devices, the socket-outlet shall be installed near the Zyxel Device and shall be easily accessible.

### Environment Statement

#### EP (LIE3301-PLUS / LIE5388-M804 / LIE5398-M904 / LIE3316-M604)

Zyxel products put on the EU market in compliance with the requirement of the European Parliament and the Council published Directive 2009/ 125/DC establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products (recast), so called as "EPP Directive (Energy-related Products directive) as well as ecodesign requirement laid down in applicable implementing measures, power consumption has satisfied regulation requirements which are:

- Network standby powerconsumption < 8W, and/or</li>
- Off mode powerconsumption < 0.5W, and/or •
- Standby mode powerconsumption < 0.5W.

(Wire less settings, please refer to the chapter about wire less settings for more detail.)

### European Union - Disposal and Recycling Information

The symbol below means that according to local regulations your product and/or its battery shall be disposed of separately from domestic waste. If this product is end of life, take it to a recycling station designated by local authorities. At the time of disposal, the separate collection of your product and/or its battery will help save natural resources and ensure that the environment is sustainable development.

Die folgende Symbol bedeutet, dass Ihr Produkt und/oder seine Batterie gemäßden örtlichen Bestimmungen getrennt vom Hausmüllentsorgt werden muss. Wenden Sie sich an eine Recycling station, wenn die ses Produkt das Ende seiner Lebensdaueremeicht hat. Zum Zeitpunkt der Entsorg ung wird die getrennte Sammlung von Produkt und/oder seiner Batterie dazu beitragen, natürliche Ressourcen zu sparen und die Umwelt und die menschliche Gesundheit zu schützen.

El símbolo de abajo indica que según las regulaciones locales, su producto y/o su batería deberán depositarse como basura separada de la doméstica. Cuando este producto alcance elfinal de su vida útil, llévelo a un punto limpio. Cuando llegue el momento de desecharel producto, la recogida por separado éste y/o su batería ayudará a salvar los recursos naturales y a proteger la salud humana y medioambiental.

Le symbole ci-de ssous signifie que se lon les réglementations locales votre produit et/ou sa batterie doivent être éliminés séparément de sordures ménagères. Lorsque ce produit atteint sa fin de vie, amenez-le à un centre de recyclage. Au moment de la mise au rebut, la collecte séparée de votre produit et/ou de sa batterie aidera à économiser les ressources nature lles et protéger l'environnement et la santé humaine.

Il simbolo sotto significa che secondo i regolamenti locali il vostro prodotto e/o batteria deve essere smaltito separatamente dai rifiuti domestici. Quando questo prodotto raggiunge la fine della vita di servizio portarlo a una stazione di ricic laggio. Al momento dello smaltimento, la raccolta separata del vostro prodotto e/o della sua batteria aiuta a risparmiare risorse naturalie a proteggere l'ambiente e la salute umana.

Symbolen inne bäratt enligt lokal lagstiftning ska produkten och/eller dess batteri kastas separat från hushållsavfallet. Närden härprodukten når slutet av sin livslängd ska du ta den till en återvinning sstation. Vid tiden för kasseringen bidrar du till en bättre miljö och mänsklig hälsa genom att göra dig av med den på ett återvinning sställe.









以下訊息僅適用於產品具有無線功能且銷售至台灣地區

- 第十二條 經型式認證合格之低功率射頻電機,非經許可,公司,商號或使用者均不得擅自變更頻率、加大功率或變更原設計之特性及功能。
- 第十四條低功率射頻電機之使用不得影響飛航安全及干擾合法通信;經發現有干擾現象時,應立即停用,並改善至無干擾時方得繼續使用。 前項合法通信,指依電信法規定作業之無線電通信。低功率射頻電機須忍受合法通信或工業、科學及醫療用電波輻射性電機設備之干擾。
- 無線資訊傳輸設備忍受合法通信之干擾且不得干擾合法通信;如造成干擾,應立即停用,俟無干擾之虞,始得繼續使用。
- 無線資訊傳輸設備的製造廠商應確保頻率穩定性,如依製造廠商使用手冊上所述正常操作,發射的信號應維持於操作頻帶中
- 使用無線產品時,應避免影響附近雷達系統之操作。
- 高增益指向性天線只得應用於固定式點對點系統。

以下訊息僅適用於產品屬於專業安裝並銷售至台灣地區

• 本器材須經專業工程人員安裝及設定,始得設置使用,且不得直接販售給一般消費者。

安全警告 - 為了您的安全,請先閱讀以下警告及指示:

- 請勿將此產品接近水、火焰或放置在高溫的環境。
- 避免設備接觸:
  - 任何液體 切勿讓設備接觸水、雨水、高濕度、污水腐蝕性的液體或其他水份。
- 灰塵及污物 切勿接觸灰塵、污物、沙土、食物或其他不合適的材料。
- 雷雨天氣時,不要安裝,使用或維修此設備。有遭受電擊的風險。
- 切勿重摔或撞擊設備,並勿使用不正確的電源變壓器。
- 若接上不正確的電源變壓器會有爆炸的風險。
- 請勿隨意更換產品內的電池。
- 如果更換不正確之電池型式,會有爆炸的風險,請依製造商說明書處理使用過之電池。
- 請將廢電池丟棄在適當的電器或電子設備回收處。
- 請勿將設備解體。
- 請勿阻礙設備的散熱孔,空氣對流不足將會造成設備損害。
- 請插在正確的電壓供給插座(如:北美/台灣電壓110V AC,歐洲是230V AC)。
- 假若電源變壓器或電源變壓器的纜線損壞,請從插座拔除,若您還繼續插電使用,會有觸電死亡的風險。
- 請勿試圖修理電源變壓器或電源變壓器的纜線,若有毀損,請直接聯絡您購買的店家,購買一個新的電源變壓器。
- 請勿將此設備安裝於室外,此設備僅適合放置於室內。
- 請勿隨一般垃圾丟棄。
- 請參閱產品背貼上的設備額定功率。
- 請參考產品型錄或是彩盒上的作業溫度。
- 產品沒有斷電裝置或者採用電源線的插頭視為斷電裝置的一部分,以下警語將適用:
  - 對永久連接之設備, 在設備外部須安裝可觸及之斷電裝置;
  - 對插接式之設備, 插座必須接近安裝之地點而且是易於觸及的。

### About the Symbols

Various symbols are used in this product to ensure correct usage, to prevent danger to the user and others, and to prevent property damage. The meaning of these symbols are described below. It is important that you read these descriptions thoroughly and fully understand the contents.

SYMBOL	EXPLANATION
-	Alte mating cument (AC):
$\sim$	AC is a nelectric current in which the flow of electric charge periodically reverses direction.
	Dire ct c urre nt (DC):
	DC if the unid irectional flow or movement of electric charge camers.
	Earth; g ro und :
<u>r</u>	A wiring term in a lintended for connection of a Protective Earthing Conductor.
	Class II e quipment:
	The method of protection against electric shock in the case of class II equipment is either double insulation or reinforced insulation.

### Explanation of the Symbols

### Viewing Certifications

Go to <u>http://www.zyxelcom</u> to view this product's documentation and certifications.

### Zyxel Limited Warranty

Zyxel warants to the original end user(purchaser) that this product is free from any defects in material or workmanship for a specific period (the Waranty Period) from the date of purchase. The Waranty Period varies by region. Check with yourvendorand/or the authorized Zyxel local distributor for details about the Waranty Period of this product. During the waranty period, and upon proof of purchase, should the product have indications of failure due to faulty workmanship and/or materiaks, Zyxel will, at its disc retion, repair or replace the defective product sor components without charge foreither parts or labor, and to whate verextent it shall deem necessary to restore the product or components to properoperating condition. Any replacement will consist of a new orre-manufactured functionally equivalent product of equalor higher value, and will be solely at the disc retion of Zyxel. This warmanty shall not apply if the product has been modified, misused, tampered with, damaged by an actof God, or subjected to abnormal working conditions.

### Note

Repair or replacement, as provided under this warranty, is the exclusive remedy of the purchaser. This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, express or implied, including any implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular use or purpose. Zyxel shall in no event be held liable for indirector consequential damages of any kind to the purchaser.

To obtain the services of this warranty, contact your vendor. You may also refer to the warranty policy for the region in which you bought the Zyxel Device at http://www.zyxel.com/web/support\_warranty\_info.php.

### Registration

Register your product online at www.zyxel.com to receive e-mail notices of firm ware upgrades and related information.

### **Open Source Licenses**

This product may contain in part some free software distributed under GPL like ense terms and/or GPL like like enses. Open source like enses are provided with the firm ware package. You can download the latest firm ware at <u>www.zyxel.com</u>. If you cannot find it there, contact your vendor or Zyxel Technical Support at <u>support@zyxelcom.tw</u>.

To obtain the source code covered under those Licenses, please contact your vendor or Zyxel Technical Support at support@zyxel.com.

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