# 1. RF Exposure Requirements

## 1.1 General Information

**Client Information** 

Address of applicant:

Applicant: Shenzhen Olight E-Commerce Technology Co.,Ltd

5th Floor, Building A2, Fuhai Information Harbor, Fuhai Subdistrict,

Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518000, China

Manufacturer: Shenzhen Olight E-Commerce Technology Co.,Ltd

5th Floor, Building A2, Fuhai Information Harbor, Fuhai Subdistrict,

Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518000, China

**General Description of EUT:** 

Address of manufacturer:

Product Name: light strip
Trade Name OLIGHT
Model No.: Ostrip
Adding Model(s): /
Rated Voltage: DC5V

Power Adapter: /

FCC ID: 2A44S-OSTRIP Equipment Type: Mobile device

#### **Technical Characteristics of EUT:**

2.4GHz

Frequency Range: 2402-2480MHz

RF Output Power: 1.26dBm (Conducted)
2Mbps: -1.15dBm (Conducted)

Data Rate: 1Mbps, 2Mbps

Modulation: GFSK
Quantity of Channels: 40
Channel Separation: 2MHz

Type of Antenna: Plannar Inverted F Antenna on board

Antenna Gain: 2.499dBi

# 1.2 RF Exposure Exemption

According to §1.1307(b)(3) and KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01, system operating under the provisions of this section shall be operating in a manner that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure.

**Option A:** FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(A):The available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1mW, regardless of separation distance.

**Option B:** FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(B): The available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold  $P_{th}$  (mW) described in the following formula.  $P_{th}$  is given by:

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 cm} (d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \le 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 cm} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \le 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases}$$

Where

$$x = -\log_{10}\left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20\ cm}\sqrt{f}}\right) \text{ and } f \text{ is in GHz;}$$

and

$$ERP_{20\ cm}\ (\text{mW}) = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3\ \text{GHz} \le f < 1.5\ \text{GHz} \\ \\ 3060 & 1.5\ \text{GHz} \le f \le 6\ \text{GHz} \end{cases}$$

d = the separation distance (cm);

**Option C:** FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(C): The minimum separation distance (R in meters) from the body of a nearby person for the frequency (f in MHz) at which the source operates, the ERP (watts) is no more than the calculated value prescribed for that frequency. R must be at least  $\lambda/2\pi$ , where  $\lambda$  is the free-space operating wavelength in meters.

| Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation |                                      |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| RF Source frequency (MHz) Threshold ERP (wa                   |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| 0.3-1.34                                                      | 1,920 R <sup>2</sup>                 |  |  |  |  |
| 1.34-30                                                       | 3,450 R <sup>2</sup> /f <sup>2</sup> |  |  |  |  |
| 30-300                                                        | 3.83 R <sup>2</sup>                  |  |  |  |  |
| 300-1,500                                                     | 0.0128 R <sup>2</sup> f              |  |  |  |  |
| 1,500-100,000                                                 | 19.2R <sup>2</sup>                   |  |  |  |  |

#### For Multiple RF sources: FCC Rule Part 1.1307(b)(3)(ii):

- (A) The available maximum time-averaged power of each source is no more than 1 mW and there is a separation distance of two centimeters between any portion of a radiating structure operating and the nearest portion of any other radiating structure in the same device, except if the sum of multiple sources is less than 1 mW during the time-averaging period, in which case they may be treated as a single source (separation is not required).
- (B) In the case of fixed RF sources operating in the same time-averaging period, or of multiple mobile or portable RF sources within a device operating in the same time averaging period, if the sum of the fractional contributions to the applicable thresholds is less than or equal to 1 as indicated in the following equation.

$$\sum_{i=1}^{a} \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^{b} \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^{c} \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure\ Limit_k} \le 1$$

## 1.3 Calculated Result

| Radio      | Prediction | Output | Antenna | Duty  | Tune-Up             | ERP   |  |
|------------|------------|--------|---------|-------|---------------------|-------|--|
| Access     | Frequency  | Power  | Gain    | Cycle | Time-Averaged Power |       |  |
| Technology | (MHz)      | (dBm)  | (dBi)   | (%)   | (dBm)               | (dBm) |  |
| 2.4G       | 2402       | -1.15  | 2.499   | 100   | -1.00               | -0.65 |  |

|   | Frequency | Ontion | Min. Distance | Max.  | Power | Exposure Limit | Ratio | Result    |
|---|-----------|--------|---------------|-------|-------|----------------|-------|-----------|
|   | (MHz)     | Option | (cm)          | (dBm) | (mW)  | (mW)           | Kallo | Pass/Fail |
| Ī | 2402      | В      | 0.5           | -0.65 | 0.86  | 2.788          | 0.31  | Pass      |

Note: 1. Time-Averaged Power=Output Power \* Duty Cycle; ERP= Time-Averaged Power+ Antenna gain-2.15dB

- 2. Option A, B and C refers as clause 1.2.
- 3. For option B, Max (time-averaged power, effective radiated power (ERP)) converts to Max. Power. For option C, ERP converts to Max. Power;
- 4. For option B, P<sub>th</sub> (mW) converts to Exposure Limit (mW); For option C, ERP (W) converts to Exposure Limit (mW).
  - 5. Ratio= Tune-Up ERP (mW)/ Exposure Limit (mW)

#### **Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission:**

| Radio Access | Ratio 1 | Ratio 2 | Simultaneous | Limit  | Result    |
|--------------|---------|---------|--------------|--------|-----------|
| Technology   |         |         | Ratio        | LIIIII | Pass/Fail |
|              |         |         |              |        |           |

Result: Pass