

RF TEST REPORT

ISSUED BY
Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.



FOR
Tablet PC

ISSUED TO
Lenovo (Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.

Section 304-305, Building No. 4, # 222, Meiyue Road, China
(Shanghai) Pilot Free Trade Zone, 200131, CHINA



Tested by:

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Date

Aug. 24, 2021

Approved by:

Liao Jianming
(Technical Director)

Date

Aug. 24, 2021

Report No.: BL-SZ2170450-601

EUT Name: Tablet PC

Model Name: IP Duet 5 Chromebook 13Q7C6
(refer section 2.3)

Brand Name: Lenovo

Test Standard: 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C
(refer section 3.1)

FCC ID: O57DUET5CB7C

ISED Number: 10407A-DUET5CB7C

Test Conclusion: Pass

Test Date: Jul. 19, 2021 ~ Aug. 10, 2021

Date of Issue: Aug. 24, 2021

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Revision History

Version	Issue Date	Revisions Content
<u>Rev. 01</u>	<u>Aug. 24, 2021</u>	<u>Initial Issue</u>

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1 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA (GENERAL INFORMATION)

1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 11524A-1. The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.
Description	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China 518055

1.3 Laboratory Condition

Ambient Temperature	20°C to 25°C
Ambient Relative Humidity	45% to 55%
Ambient Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa

1.4 Announce

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v6.9.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (5) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (6) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.
- (7) The laboratory is only responsible for the data released by the laboratory, except for the part provided by the applicant.

2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Lenovo (Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Section 304-305, Building No. 4, # 222, Meiyue Road, China (Shanghai) Pilot Free Trade Zone, 200131, CHINA

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Lenovo PC HK Limited
Address	23/F, Lincoln House, Taikoo Place 979 King's Road, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong, P.R.China

2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	Tablet PC
Model Name Under Test	IP Duet 5 Chromebook 13Q7C6
Series Model Name	IP Duet 5 Chromebook 13***** (* can be 0-9, a-z, A-Z, any symbol, blank or nothing)
Description of Model name differentiation	Only differences are model names for trading purpose.
Serial Number	AYX02JTMQ
Hardware Version	N/A
Software Version	N/A
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A

Antenna Information:

Antenna Port	Model Name	Antenna Manufacturer	Antenna Type	Antenna Gain (dBi)			
				2.4 GHz	5.15-5.35 GHz	5.47-5.725 GHz	5.725-5.85 GHz
Main Antenna	N12-7723-R0A	South Star	PIFA	0.44	-1.01	-0.86	-0.63
Auxiliary Antenna	N12-7724-R0A		PIFA	1.77	-1.72	-0.91	-1.13
Main Antenna	2.00004363	ZhongTianXun	PIFA	1.84	1.76	1.35	1.47
Auxiliary Antenna	2.00004364		PIFA	1.92	1.17	1.14	1.41
Note: The report only shown the antenna which matches the antenna with the highest antenna gain.							

2.4 Technical Information

Network and Wireless connectivity	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE) 2.4G WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20/40) 5G WIFI 802.11a, 802.11n(HT20/40), 802.11ac(VHT20/40/80), U-NII-1/2A/2C/3
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The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Modulation Technology	DTS				
Modulation Type	GFSK				
Product Type	☐ Mobile ☒ Portable ☐ Fix Location				
Transfer Rate	1 Mbps, 2 Mbps				
Frequency Range	The frequency range used is 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz.				
Number of Channel	40 (at intervals of 2 MHz)				
Tested Channel	0 (2402 MHz), 19 (2440 MHz), 39 (2480 MHz)				
Antenna Type	<table> <tr> <td>Main Antenna</td><td rowspan="2">PIFA Antenna</td></tr> <tr> <td>Aux. Antenna</td></tr> </table>	Main Antenna	PIFA Antenna	Aux. Antenna	
Main Antenna	PIFA Antenna				
Aux. Antenna					
Antenna Gain	<table> <tr> <td>Main Antenna</td><td>1.84 dBi (In test items related to antenna gain, the final results reflect this figure. This value is provided by the applicant.)</td></tr> <tr> <td>Aux. Antenna</td><td>1.92 dBi (In test items related to antenna gain, the final results reflect this figure. This value is provided by the applicant.)</td></tr> </table>	Main Antenna	1.84 dBi (In test items related to antenna gain, the final results reflect this figure. This value is provided by the applicant.)	Aux. Antenna	1.92 dBi (In test items related to antenna gain, the final results reflect this figure. This value is provided by the applicant.)
Main Antenna	1.84 dBi (In test items related to antenna gain, the final results reflect this figure. This value is provided by the applicant.)				
Aux. Antenna	1.92 dBi (In test items related to antenna gain, the final results reflect this figure. This value is provided by the applicant.)				
Antenna Impedance	50Ω				
Antenna System (MIMO Smart Antenna)	N/A				

2.5 Additional Instructions

EUT Software Settings:

Mode	☒ Special software is used. The software provided by client to enable the EUT under transmission condition continuously at specific channel frequencies individually.
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During testing. Channel and Power Controlling Software provided by the customer was used to control the operating channel as well as the output power level. The RF output power selection is for the setting of RF output power expected by the customer and is going to be fixed on the firmware of the final end product.

Power level setup in software			
Test Software Version	QRCT4		
Support Units (Software installation media)	Description	Manufacturer	Model
	Notebook	Lenovo	YOGA 13s
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Soft Set
BLE(1 Mbps)	CH0	2402	9
	CH19	2440	
	CH39	2480	
BLE(2 Mbps)	CH0	2402	TX LEVEL is built-in set parameters and cannot be changed and selected.
	CH19	2440	
	CH39	2480	

Run Software

The screenshot displays the Qualcomm Radio Control Tool interface. The top bar shows the target as 'UART_USB_BLUE' and the device ID as 'Remote'. The main window is divided into several sections:

- Navigation Panel:** Shows the 'Bluetooth' category selected, with a list of commands and logs.
- Commands:** Includes 'Bluetooth Signaling Debug' and 'Bluetooth Low Energy'.
- BT Low Energy Transmitter Tests:**
 - Test Frequency (MHz): 2402
 - Data Rate: LE1M
 - Payload Length: 37
 - Payload Type: Pseudo-Random bit sequence 9
 - Transmitter Test: Tx Stop
- BT Low Energy Receiver Tests:**
 - Test Frequency (MHz): 2402
 - Data Rate: LE1M
 - Stable Modulation: ☐
 - Receiver Test: End Test (Get Number Of Packets)
 - No. Of Packets: 0
- BT Low Energy Continuous Tx Tests:**
 - Test Frequency (MHz): 2402
 - Power Level (0-11): 9
 - Test Type: LE1M
 - Pattern Length (1 - 32): 1
 - Pattern (Hex UNIT32): 00000000
 - BLE TX Continuous ON: Tx Stop
- BT Low Energy Continuous Tx Tests (QCA402x):**
 - Test Frequency (MHz): 2402
 - Power Level (0-15): 15
 - Test Type: CW
 - Pattern Length (1 - 32): 1
 - Pattern (Hex UNIT32): 00000000
- BT Cap Value (QCA402x):**
 - Cap Value (0-FF): 0
 - Set Cap Value
- BT Low Energy Transmitter Tests V3:**
 - Test Frequency (MHz): 2402
 - Length Of Test Data: 0
 - Packet Payload: 0
 - PHY Type: 0
 - CTE Length: 0
- BT Low Energy Receiver Tests V3:**
 - Test Frequency (MHz): 2402
 - PHY Type: 0
 - Modulation Index: 0
 - Expected CTE Length: 0
 - Expected CTE Type: 0
- Activity:**
 - QRCT: QMSL
 - Status Polling: ☒
 - Log entries showing time, category, and message (e.g., SEND: QLIB_FTM_BT_Enable_Bluetooth(), REC: QLIB_FTM_BT_Enable_Bluetooth(), SEND: QMCC_FTM_BT_HCI_Reset(), etc.)

ResourceID: udt=yes, jotype=serial, connectiondetails=ipaddress=192.168.10.23, port=2390 : Connected USB Mode: User Defined Transport

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services
2	KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	Guidance for compliance measurements on digital transmission system, frequency hopping spread spectrum system, and hybrid system devices operating under section 15.247 of the FCC rules
3	RSS-Gen Issue 5	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus
4	RSS-247 Issue 2	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems(FHSs) and Licence-Exemp Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
5	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

3.2 Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	ISED Part No.	Channel	Test Result	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	RSS-247, 5.4 (f)	N/A	--	Pass ^{Note1}
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	RSS-247, 5.4 (d)	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.1	Pass
3	Occupied Bandwidth	15.247(a)	RSS-GEN, 6.7; RSS-247, 5.2 (a)	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.2	Pass
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.3	Pass
5	Band Edge(Authorized-band band-edge)	15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5;	Low/ High	ANNEX A.4	Pass
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	RSS-GEN, 8.8	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.5	Pass
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.6	Pass
8	Band Edge(Restricted-band band-edge)	15.209 15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.7	Pass
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247(e)	RSS-247, 5.2 (b)	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.8	Pass
10	Receiver Spurious Emissions	--	RSS-Gen, 7.4	--	N/A	N/A ^{Note2}

Note ¹: The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the requirement FCC 15.203.

Note ²: Only radio communication receivers operating in stand-alone mode within the band 30-960 MHz, as well as scanner receivers, are subject to Industry Canada requirements, so this test is not applicable.

4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	45% to 55%	
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa	
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+22°C to +25°C
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	7.72 V

4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV-40	101544	2021.04.01	2022.03.31
Bluetooth Signaling Unit	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CMW500	142028	2021.06.01	2022.05.31
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY53220118	2021.06.01	2022.05.31
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESRP	101036	2021.06.01	2022.05.31
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-687	2021.06.01	2022.05.31
Test Antenna-Loop(9 kHz-30 MHz)	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2019.10.29	2021.10.28
Test Antenna-Bi-Log(30 MHz-3 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-624	2019.07.02	2022.07.01
Test Antenna-Horn(1-18 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-1917	2019.07.02	2022.07.01
Test Antenna-Horn (18-40 GHz)	A-INFO	LB-180400KF	J211060273	2021.01.05	2023.01.04
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	N/A	2017.02.21	2022.02.20
Anechoic Chamber	EMC Electronic Co., Ltd	20.10*11.60*7.35m	N/A	2019.08.08	2022.08.07
Shielded Enclosure	ChangNing	CN-130701	130703	--	--

4.3 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

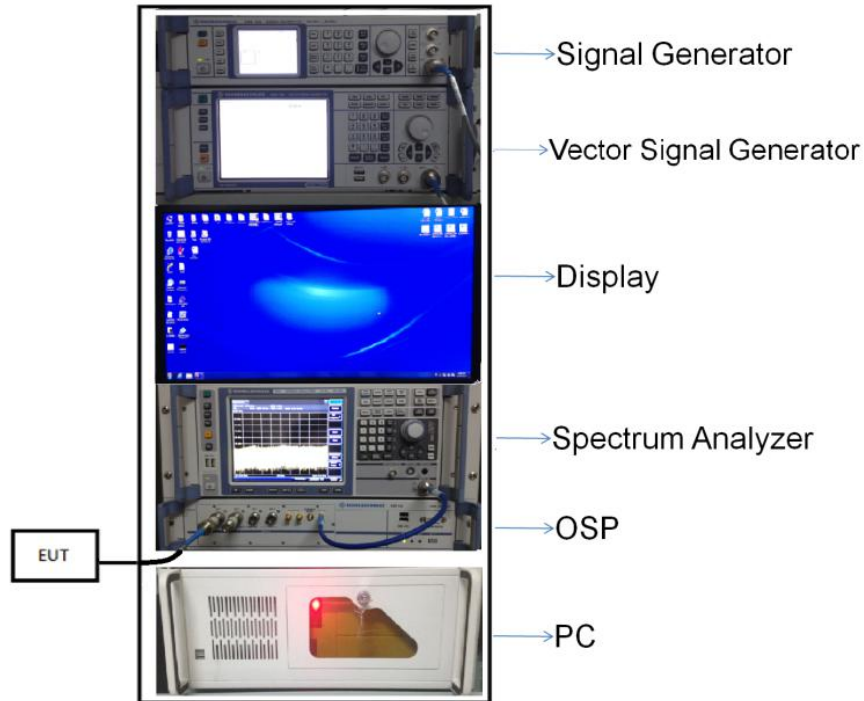
Measurement	Value
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±2.8%
RF output power, conducted	±1.28 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±1.30 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±1.84 dB
All emissions, radiated	±5.36 dB
Temperature	±0.82°C
Humidity	±4.1%

4.4 Description of Test Setup

4.4.1 For Antenna Port Test

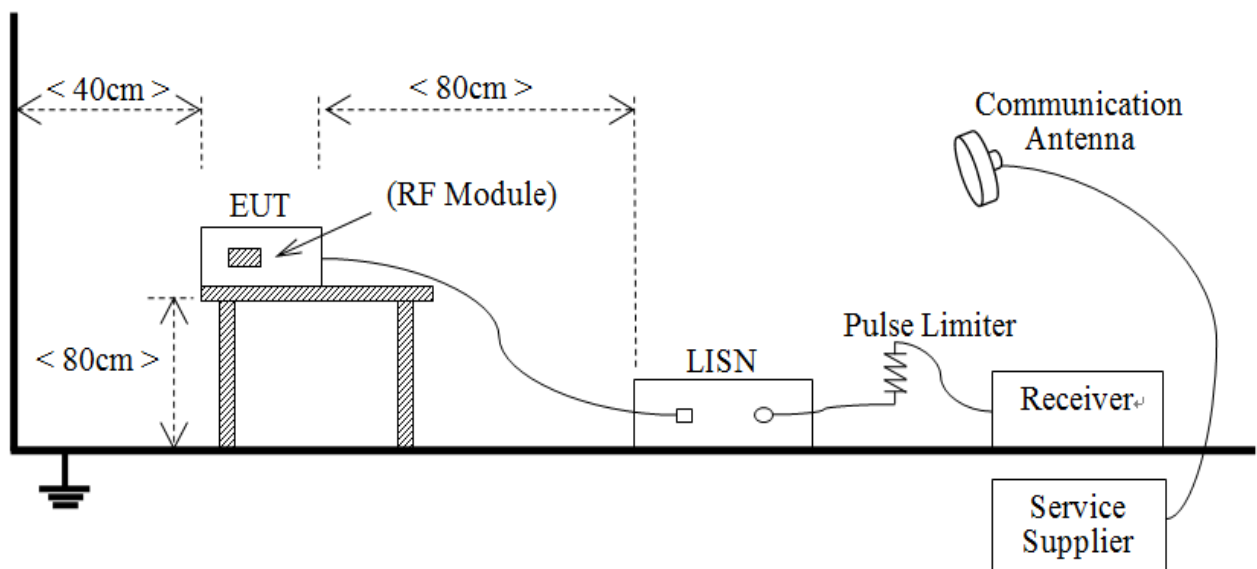
Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable loss is 0.5dB, then the conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



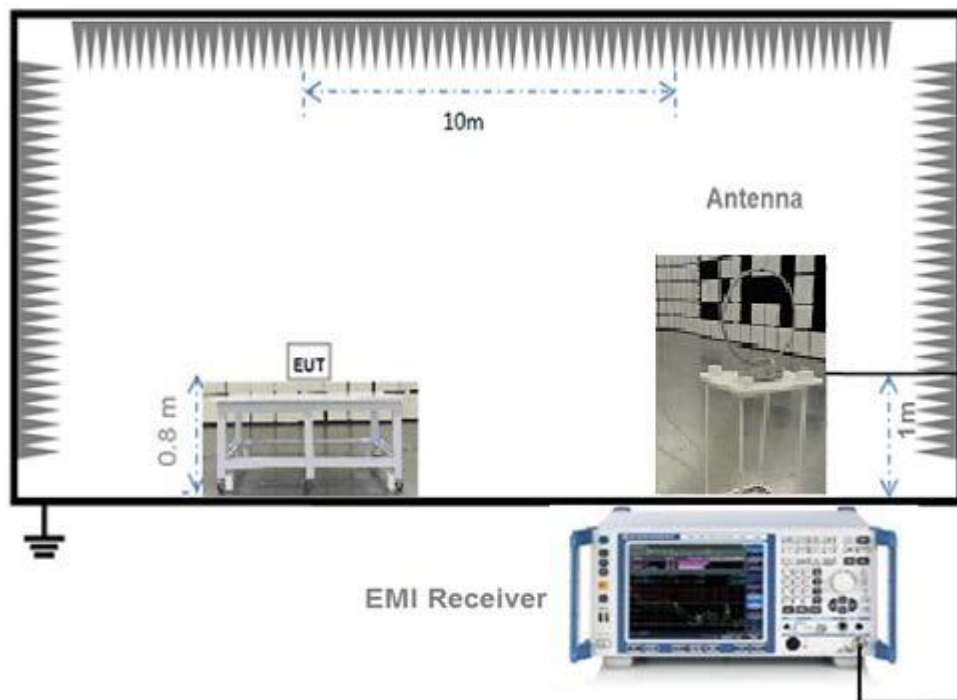
(Diagram 1)

4.4.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



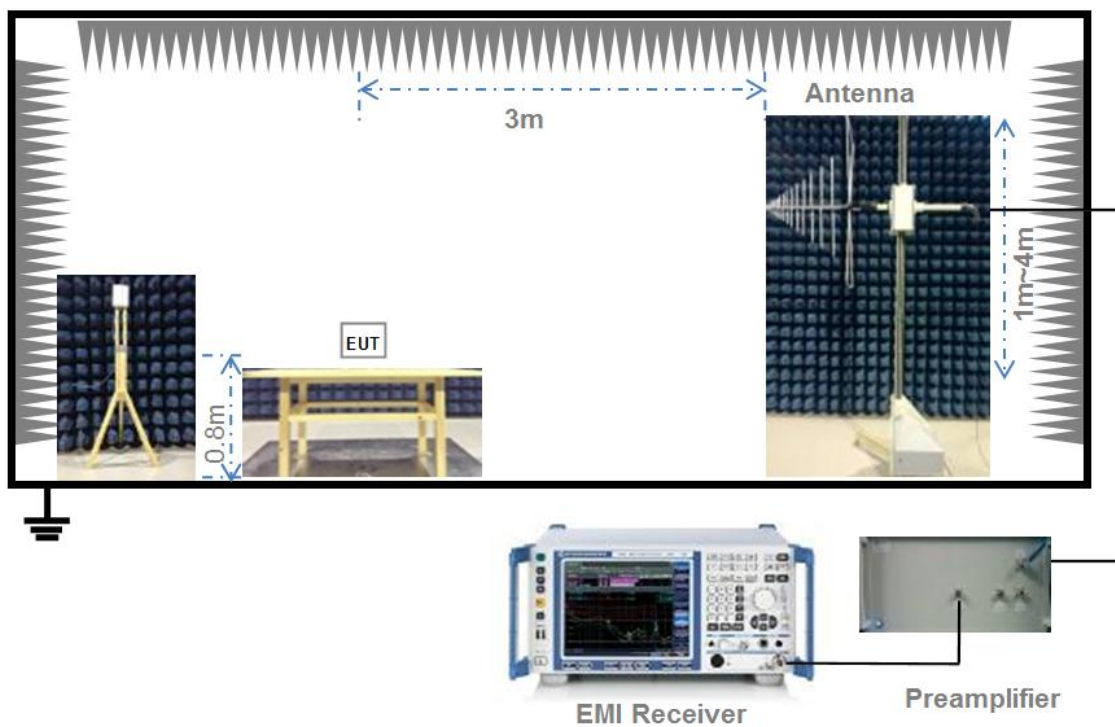
(Diagram 2)

4.4.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



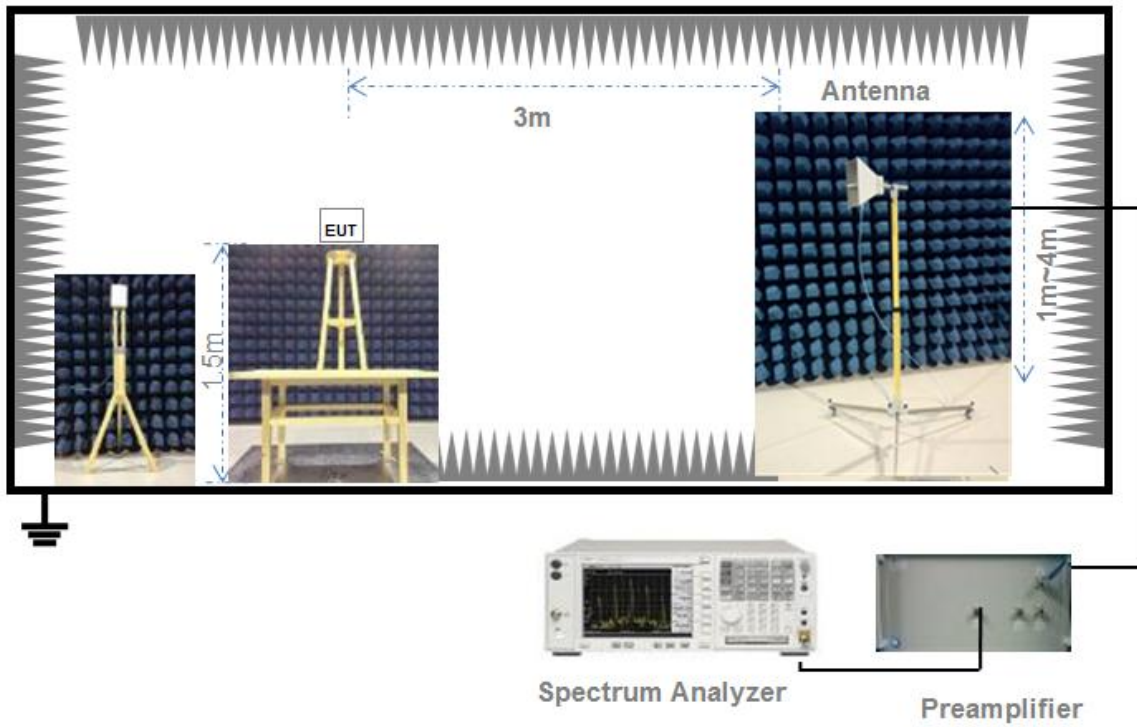
(Diagram 3)

4.4.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

4.4.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)

4.5 Measurement Results Explanation Example

4.5.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

4.5.2 For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20\log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB μ V/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

5 TEST ITEMS

5.1 Antenna Requirements

5.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (f)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the product.	An embedded-in antenna design is used.

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.

5.2 Output Power

5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

RSS-247, 5.4 (d)

For DTSS employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1W. Except as provided in Section 5.4(5), the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W.

5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.2.3 Test Procedure

a) Maximum peak conducted output power

This procedure shall be used when the measurement instrument has available a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW $\geq$ DTS bandwidth.

Set VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

Set span $\geq 3 \times$ RBW

Sweep time = auto couple.

Detector = peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

b) Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

Set RBW $\geq$ OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set VBW $\geq$ RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$ and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 16.7$ microseconds.)

5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.

5.3 Occupied Bandwidth

5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a); RSS-247, 5.2 (a); RSS-GEN, 6.7

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.3.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.

5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.4.3 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

- a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).
- b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
- c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

Reference level measurement:

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Emission level measurement:

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.

5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.5.3 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle $\geq 98\%$). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission) ± 0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission ± 0.5 MHz.

5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.

5.6 Conducted Emission

5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.207; RSS-GEN, 8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dB μ V)	
	Quai-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 - 5	56	46
0.50 - 30	60	50

5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.6.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.

5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9; RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ($\mu\text{V/m}$)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	$2400/F(\text{kHz})$	300
0.490 - 1.705	$24000/F(\text{kHz})$	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

1. Field Strength ($\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}$) = $20 \cdot \log[\text{Field Strength } (\mu\text{V/m})]$.
2. In the emission tables above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
3. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
4. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: $54\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}@3\text{m}$ (AV) and $74\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}@3\text{m}$ (PK).

5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.3 to 4.4.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.7.3 Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands:

- a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
- d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20 \log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB μ V/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

- f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.
- g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

Peak power measurement procedure:

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

- a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.
- b) VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Sweep time = auto.
- e) Trace mode = max hold.
- f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction:

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle ≥ 98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

- a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- b) Measure the duty cycle, x , of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.
- c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- d) VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- e) Detector = RMS, if $\text{span}/(\# \text{ of points in sweep}) \leq (\text{RBW}/2)$. Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
 - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
 - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- g) Sweep time = auto.
- h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
 - 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
 - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $20 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
 - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain:

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).

Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

Radiated spurious emission test:

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz

VBW $\geq$ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.

5.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.10; RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.3 to 4.4.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.8.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz

VBW $\geq$ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

For transmitters operating above 1 GHz repeat the measurement with an average detector.

1.1.1 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.

5.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(e); RSS-247, 5.2 (b)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.4(4), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 (Diagram 1) for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.

Set the VBW $\geq 3 \text{ RBW}$.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.

ANNEX A TEST RESULT

A.1 Output Power, E.I.R.P, Duty Cycle

Peak Power Test Data

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)		dBm	mW	
	dBm	mW			
Low	6.26	4.23	30	1000	Pass
Middle	7.42	5.52			Pass
High	7.05	5.07			Pass

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)		dBm	mW	
	dBm	mW			
Low	1.24	1.33	30	1000	Pass
Middle	2.58	1.81			Pass
High	2.57	1.81			Pass

E.I.R.P Test Data (For ISSED)

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict
	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)		dBm	mW	
	dBm	mW			
Low	8.18	6.58	36	4000	Pass
Middle	9.34	8.59			Pass
High	8.97	7.89			Pass

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict
	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)		dBm	mW	
	dBm	mW			
Low	3.16	2.07	36	4000	Pass
Middle	4.50	2.82			Pass
High	4.49	2.81			Pass

Test plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



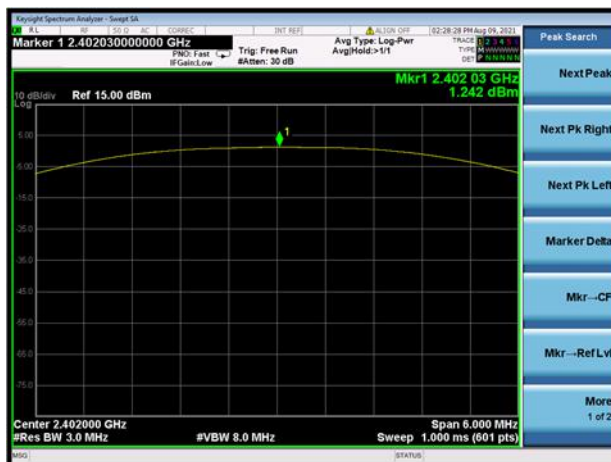
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



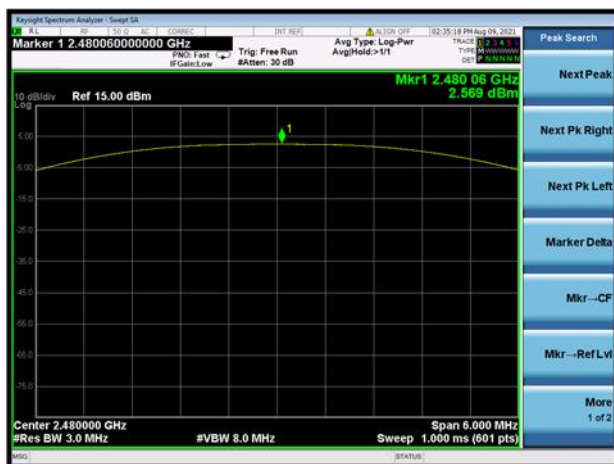
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



Duty Cycle Test Data

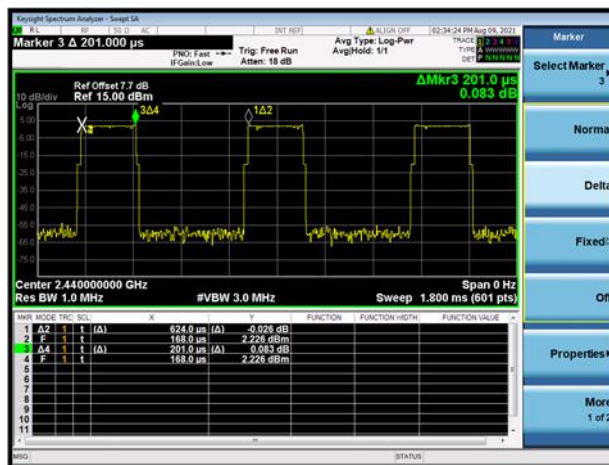
Band	On Time (ms)	On+Off Time (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)	10.06	10.06	100.00
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)	0.201	0.624	32.21

Test plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)



A.2 Occupied Bandwidth

Test Data

Test Mode	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)		
Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	99% Bandwidth (kHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low Channel	755.000	1016.200	≥500
Middle Channel	755.000	1016.300	≥500
High Channel	755.000	1015.000	≥500

Test Mode	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)		
Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	99% Bandwidth (kHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low Channel	1170.000	1999.700	≥500
Middle Channel	1180.000	1997.800	≥500
High Channel	1170.000	2005.300	≥500

Test plots

6 dB Bandwidth

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



99% Bandwidth

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions

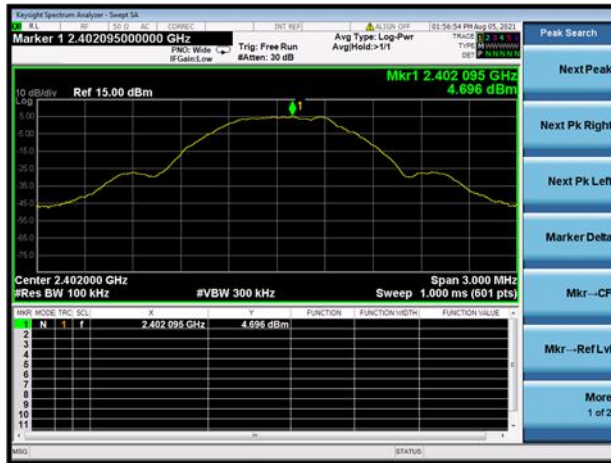
Test Data

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)				
Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-38.00	4.70	-15.30	Pass
Middle	-38.29	5.29	-14.71	Pass
High	-36.20	5.28	-14.72	Pass

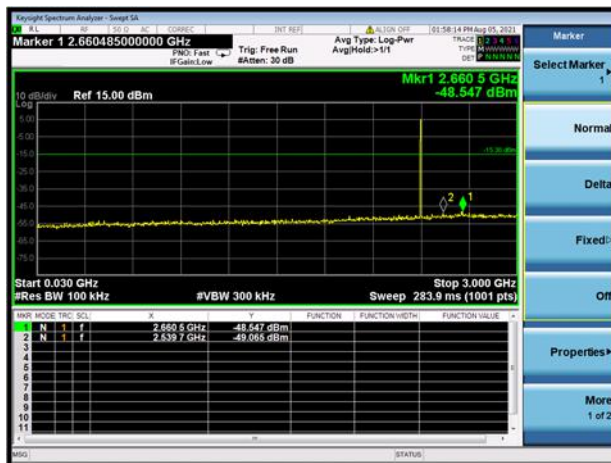
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)				
Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-36.27	0.69	-19.31	Pass
Middle	-37.41	2.10	-17.91	Pass
High	-37.56	2.07	-17.93	Pass

Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



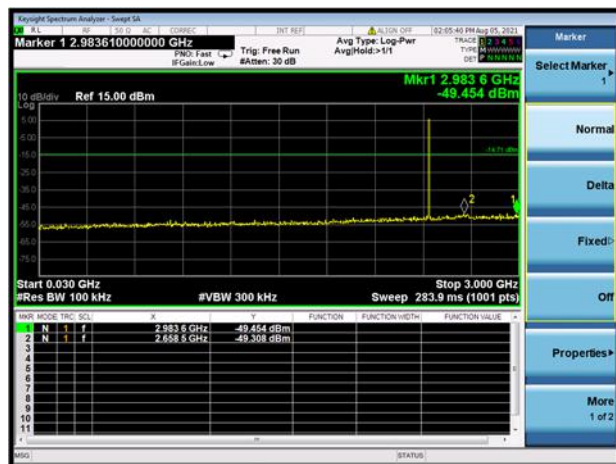
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



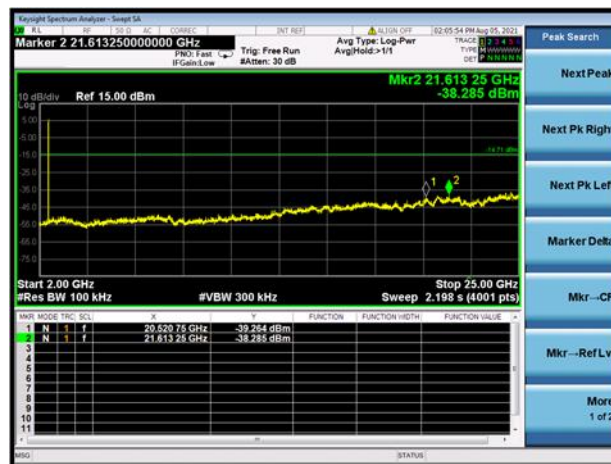
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



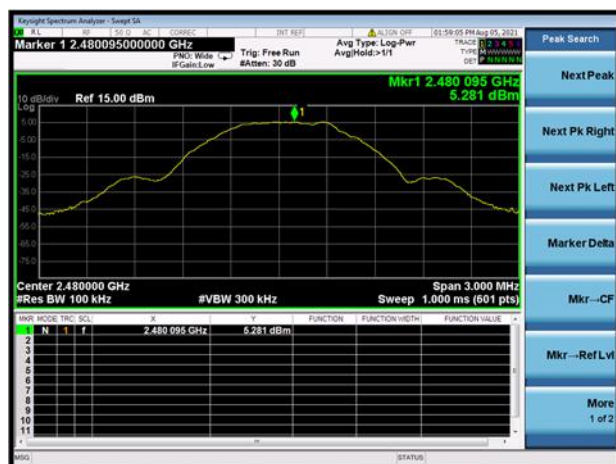
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



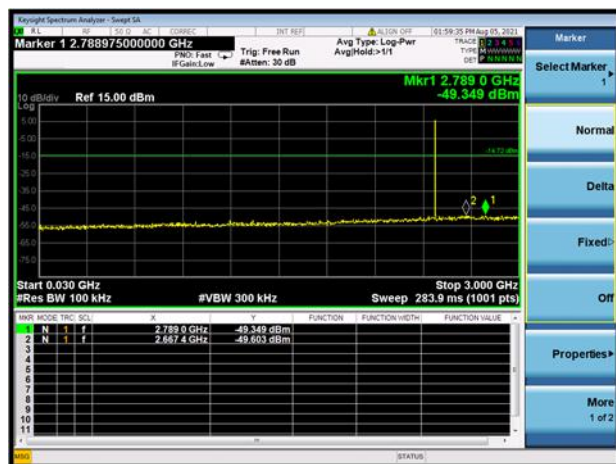
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



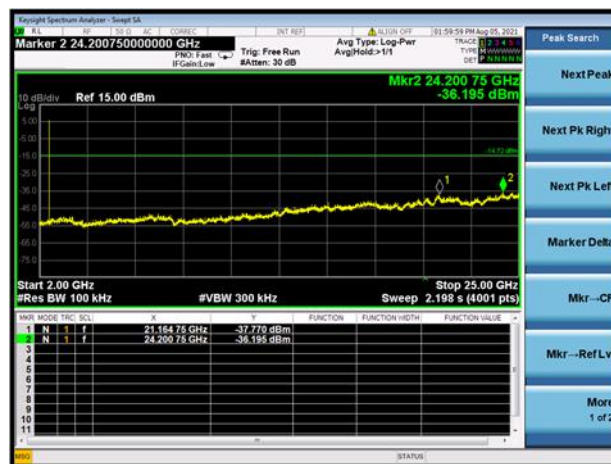
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



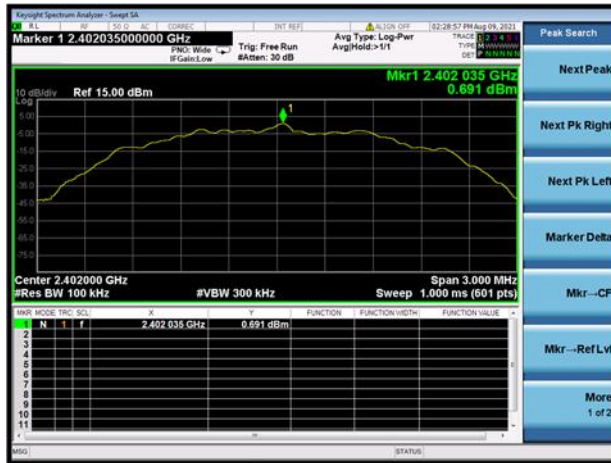
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



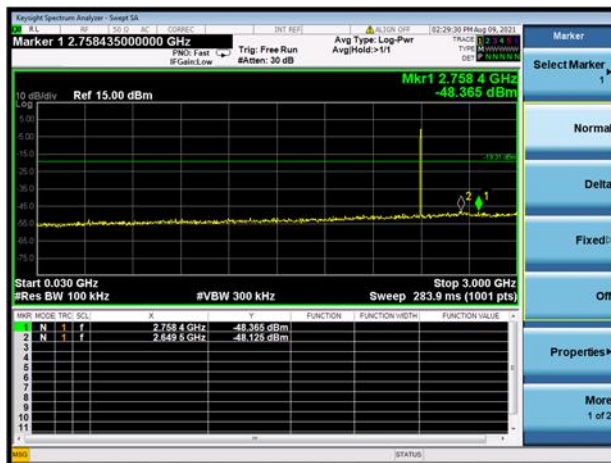
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



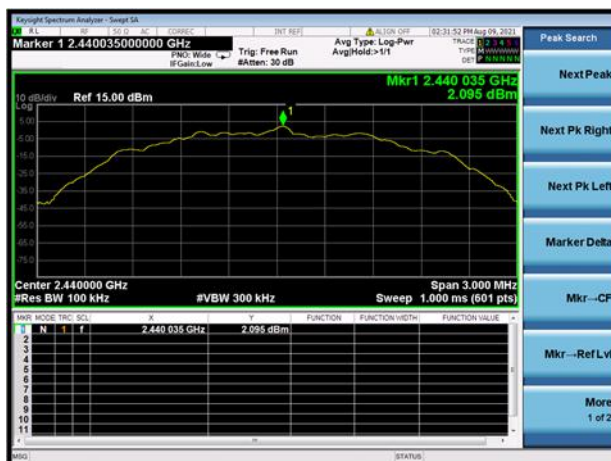
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



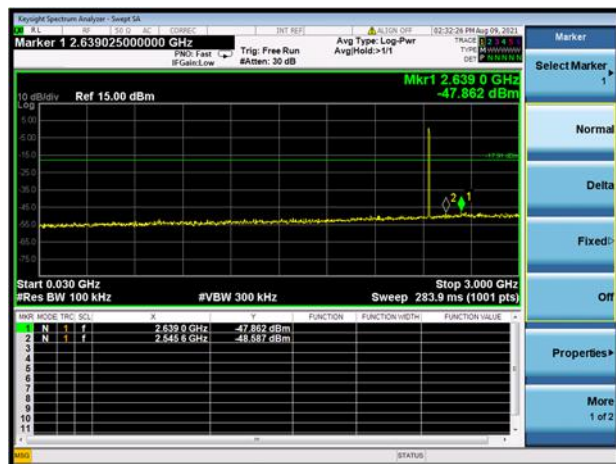
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



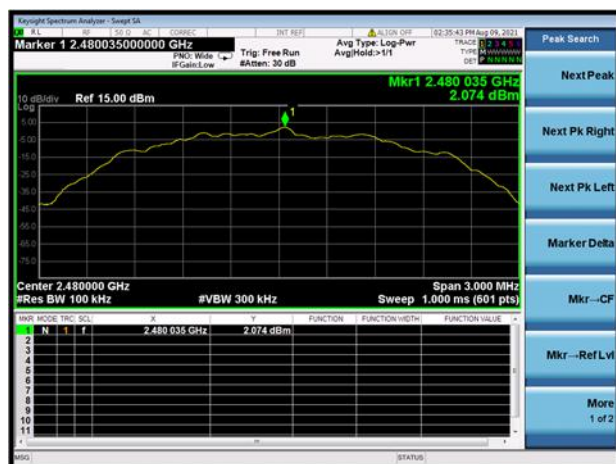
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



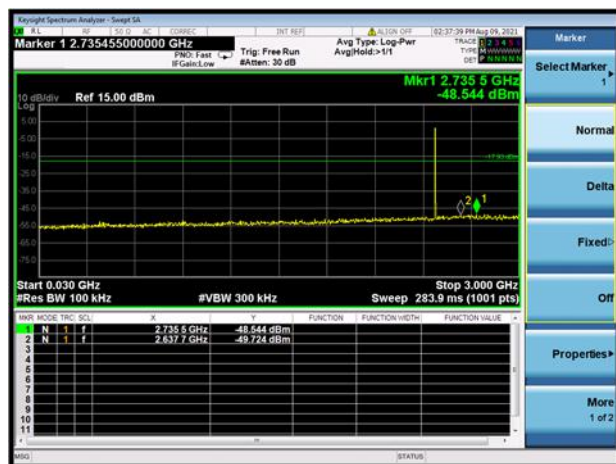
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



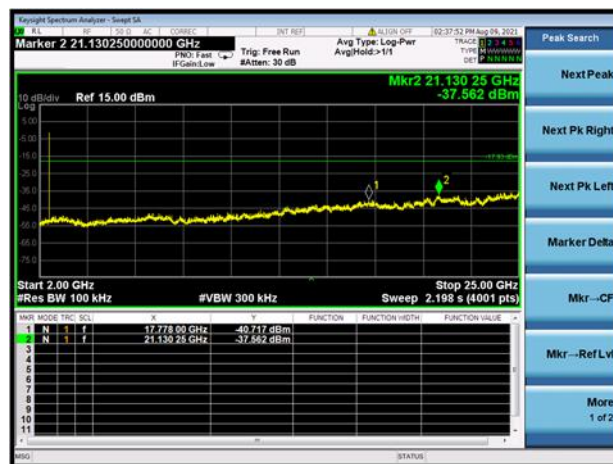
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



A.4 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

Note: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

BLE 1Mbps

Channel	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-51.31	4.70	-15.30	Pass
High Channel	-57.57	5.28	-14.72	Pass

BLE 2Mbps

Channel	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-51.71	0.69	-19.309	Pass
High Channel	-58.03	2.07	-17.926	Pass

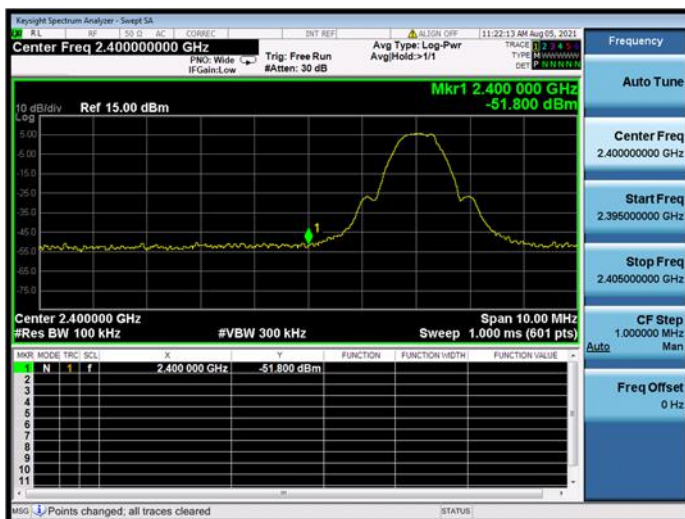
Test Plots

BLE 1Mbps

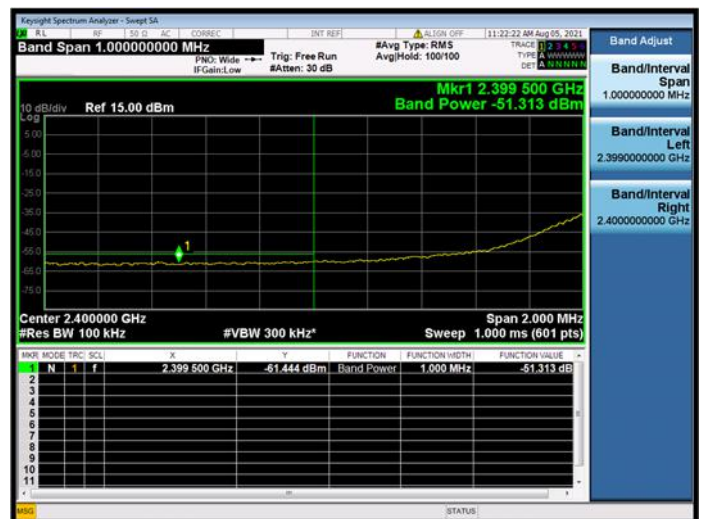
LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



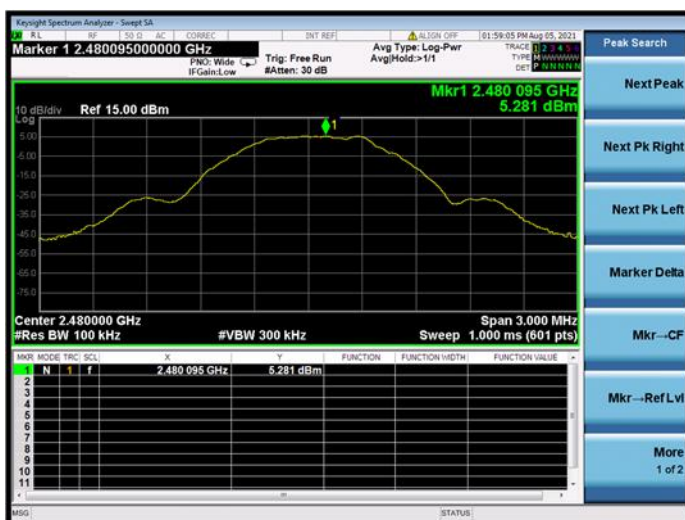
LOW CHANNEL, Reference level



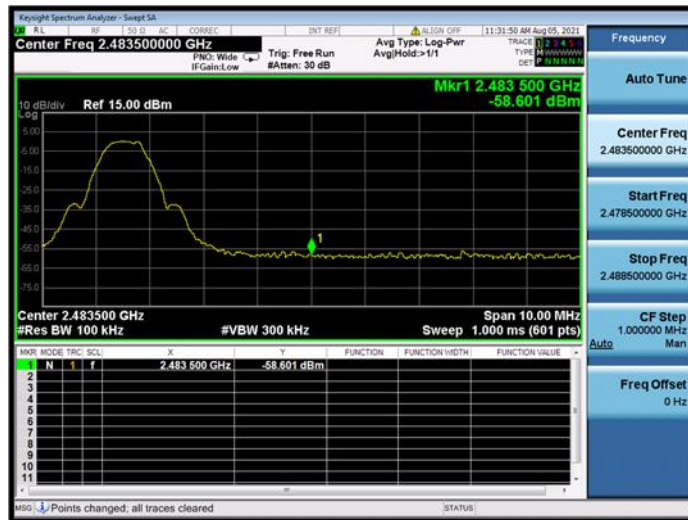
LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge



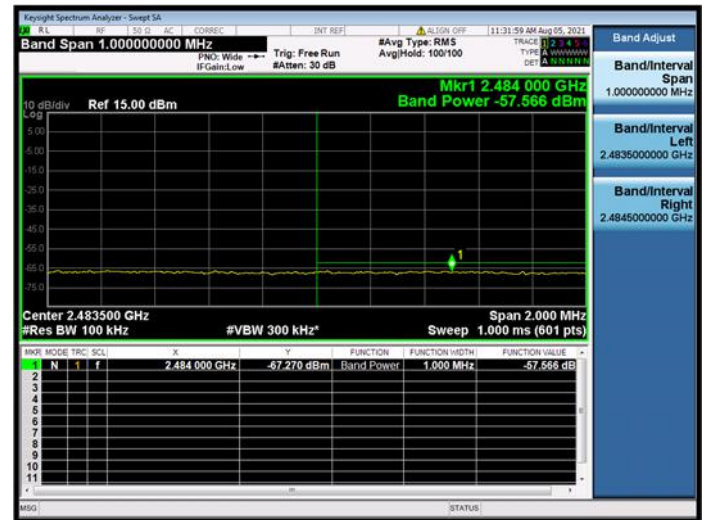
High CHANNEL, Carrier level



HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level

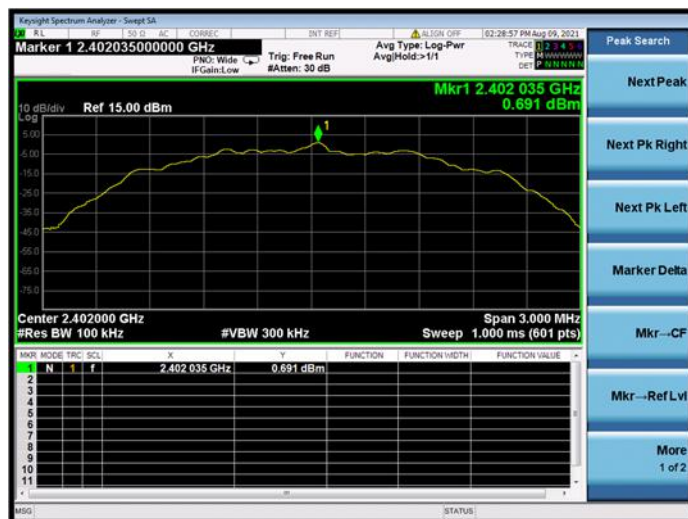


HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge

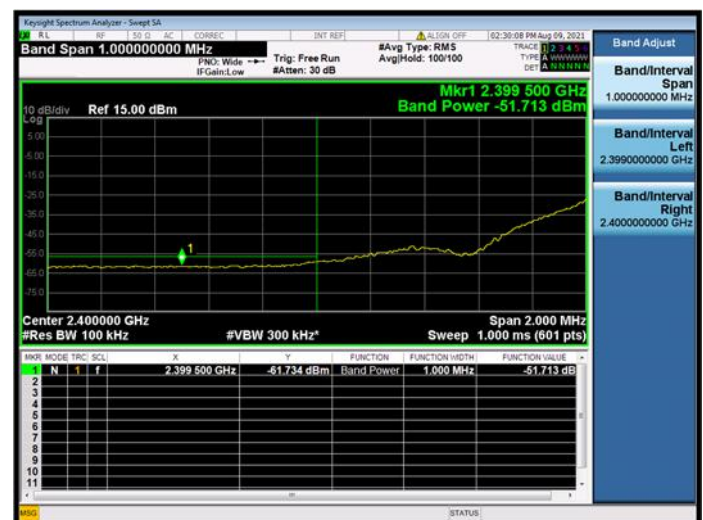


BLE 2Mbps

LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge



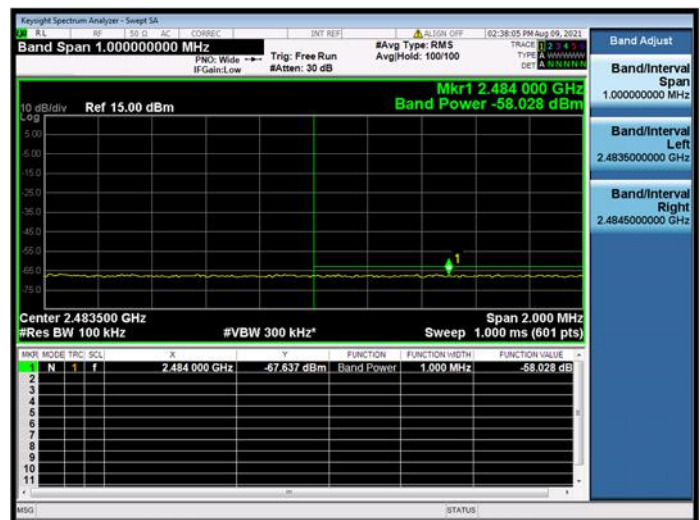
High CHANNEL, Carrier level



HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level



HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge



A.5 Conducted Emissions

Note¹: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode.

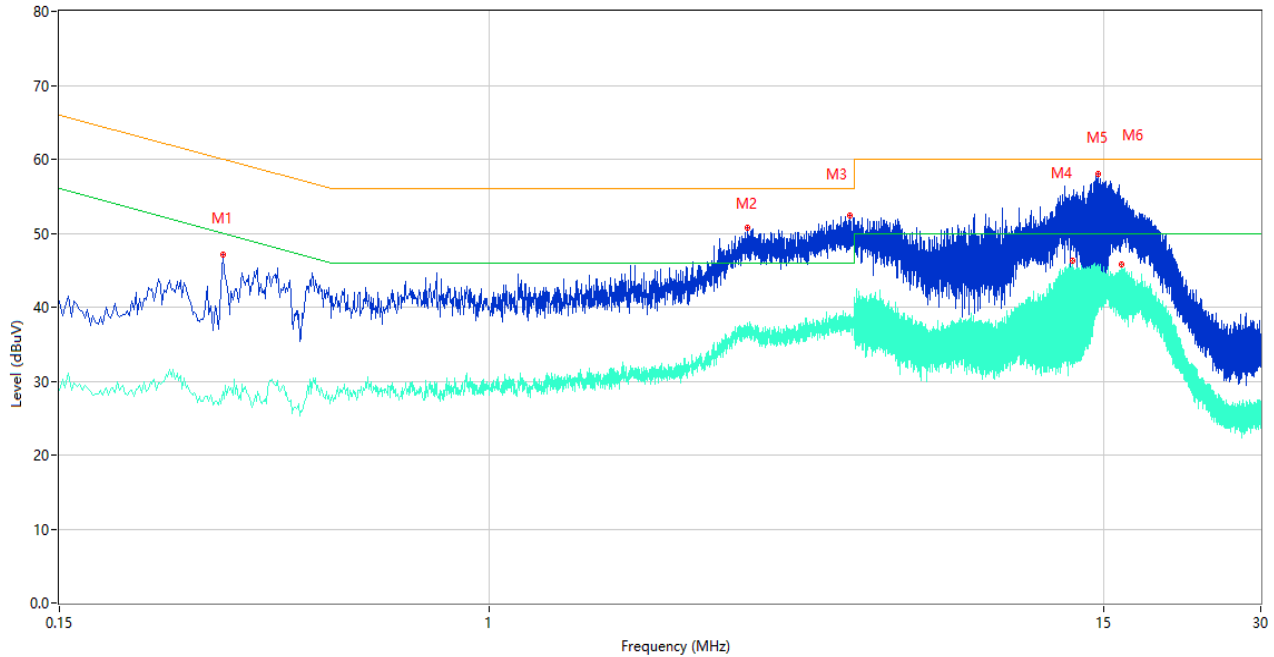
Note²: Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. So, The configuration 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz were tested respectively, but only the worst configuration (120 VAC, 60 Hz) shown here.

Note³: Results (dBuV) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

Test Data and Plots

PHASE L

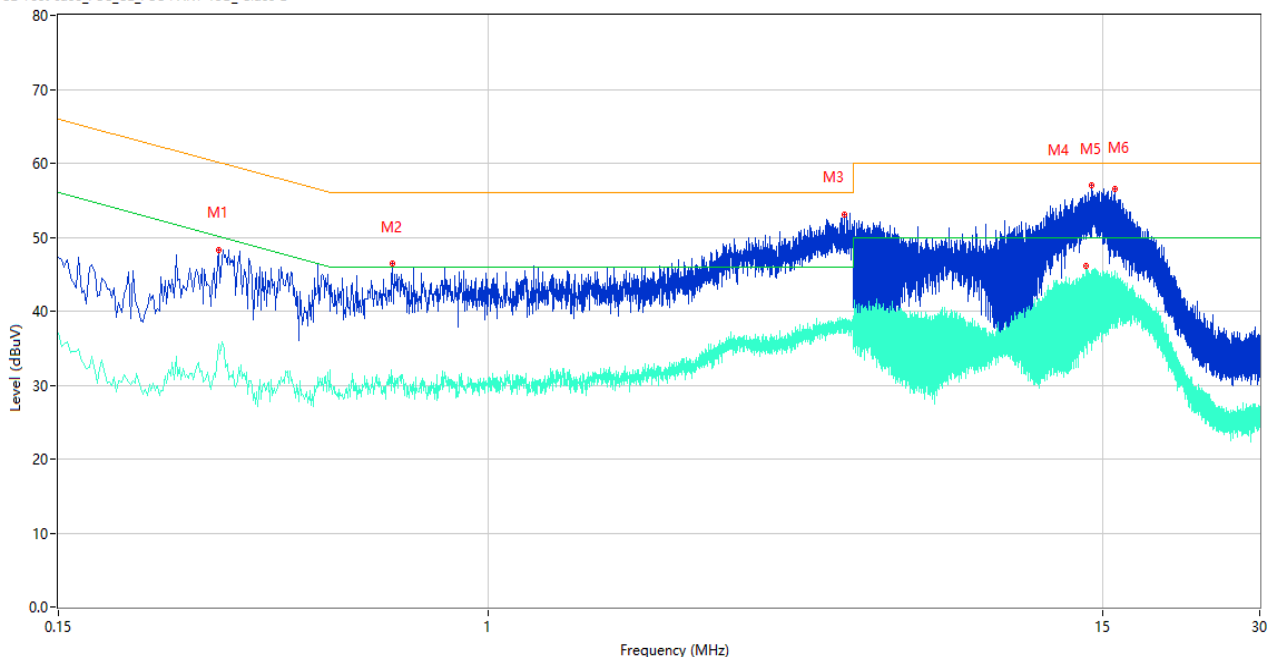
CE Test case_FCC_CE_FCC PART 15B_Class B



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.308	47.14	10.33	60.02	-12.88	Peak	L	Pass
1**	0.308	28.57	10.33	50.02	-21.45	AV	L	Pass
2	3.122	50.77	10.28	56.00	-5.23	Peak	L	Pass
2**	3.122	37.43	10.28	46.00	-8.57	AV	L	Pass
3	4.904	52.36	10.32	56.00	-3.64	Peak	L	Pass
3**	4.904	38.04	10.32	46.00	-7.96	AV	L	Pass
4	13.096	54.62	10.39	60.00	-5.38	Peak	L	Pass
4**	13.096	46.21	10.39	50.00	-3.79	AV	L	Pass
5	14.648	58.38	10.41	60.00	-1.62	Peak	L	N/A
5*	14.648	53.51	10.41	60.00	-6.49	QP	L	Pass
5**	14.648	44.77	10.41	50.00	-5.23	AV	L	Pass
6	16.226	49.33	10.44	60.00	-10.67	Peak	L	Pass
6**	16.226	45.77	10.44	50.00	-4.23	AV	L	Pass

PHASE N

CE Test case_FCC_CE_FCC PART 15B_Class B



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.304	48.33	10.33	60.13	-11.80	Peak	N	Pass
1**	0.304	35.50	10.33	50.13	-14.63	AV	N	Pass
2	0.656	46.37	10.27	56.00	-9.63	Peak	N	Pass
2**	0.656	30.61	10.27	46.00	-15.39	AV	N	Pass
3	4.806	53.31	10.30	56.00	-2.69	Peak	N	N/A
3*	4.806	48.03	10.30	56.00	-7.97	QP	N	Pass
3**	4.806	38.05	10.30	46.00	-7.95	AV	N	Pass
4	13.916	54.98	10.40	60.00	-5.02	Peak	N	Pass
4**	13.916	46.07	10.40	50.00	-3.93	AV	N	Pass
5	14.296	56.96	10.40	60.00	-3.04	Peak	N	Pass
5**	14.296	44.31	10.40	50.00	-5.69	AV	N	Pass
6	15.866	56.53	10.43	60.00	-3.47	Peak	N	Pass
6**	15.866	39.27	10.43	50.00	-10.73	AV	N	Pass

A.6 Radiated Spurious Emission

Note¹: The symbol of “--” in the table which means not application.

Note²: For the test data above 1 GHz, according the ANSI C63.4-2014, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

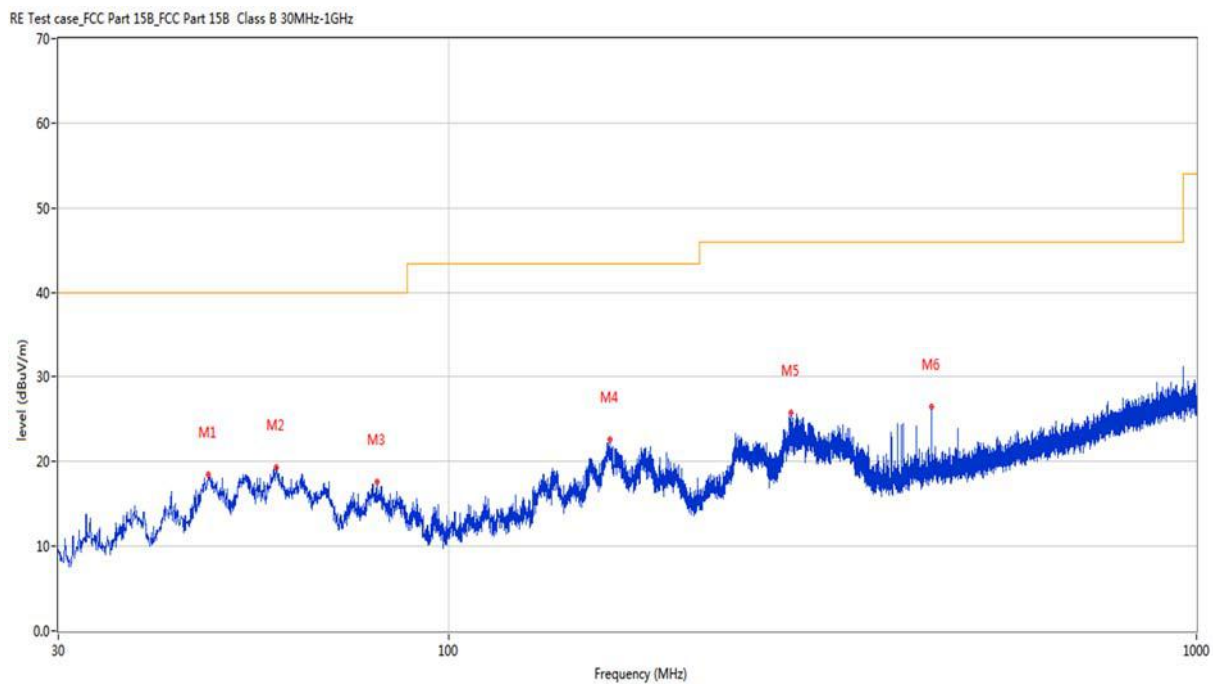
Note³: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Note⁴: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz. All modes have been tested and BLE 1M-Middle channel mode is the worst.

Note⁵: Results (dBuV/m) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV/m) + Factor (dB)

Test Data and Plots

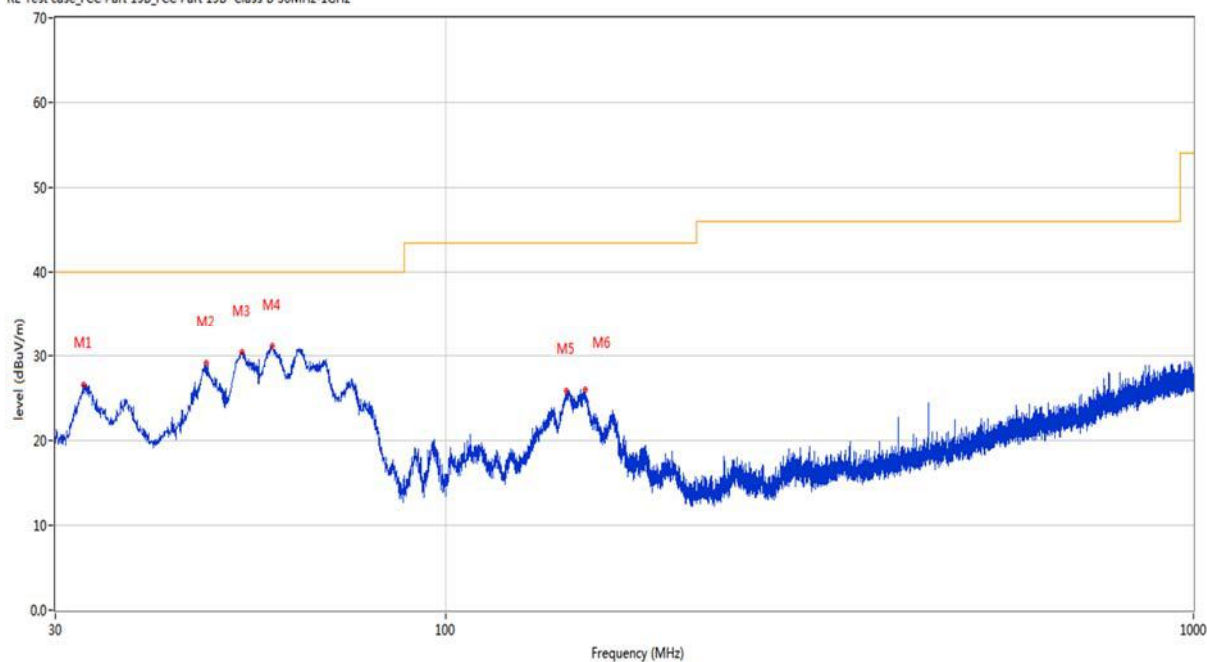
30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	47.654	18.37	-22.72	40.0	-21.63	Peak	360.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	58.615	19.33	-24.06	40.0	-20.67	Peak	296.10	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	80.052	17.60	-28.47	40.0	-22.40	Peak	311.80	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	164.296	22.51	-26.81	43.5	-20.99	Peak	264.80	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	286.856	25.68	-22.05	46.0	-20.32	Peak	118.30	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	441.620	26.40	-17.86	46.0	-19.60	Peak	219.80	100	Horizontal	Pass

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V

RE Test case_FCC Part 15B_FCC Part 15B Class B 30MHz-1GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	32.764	26.56	-26.46	40.0	-13.44	Peak	332.10	100	Vertical	Pass
2	47.703	29.21	-22.71	40.0	-10.79	Peak	187.40	100	Vertical	Pass
3	53.377	30.37	-22.94	40.0	-9.63	Peak	273.40	100	Vertical	Pass
4	58.518	31.16	-24.07	40.0	-8.84	Peak	200.60	100	Vertical	Pass
5	145.042	25.82	-27.56	43.5	-17.68	Peak	227.10	100	Vertical	Pass
6	153.578	26.06	-27.49	43.5	-17.44	Peak	294.60	100	Vertical	Pass

Note 1: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

Note 2: The spurious from 18GHz-25GHz is noise only, do not show on the report.

Note 3: All antenna were tested, but only the worst case has been reported in this report.

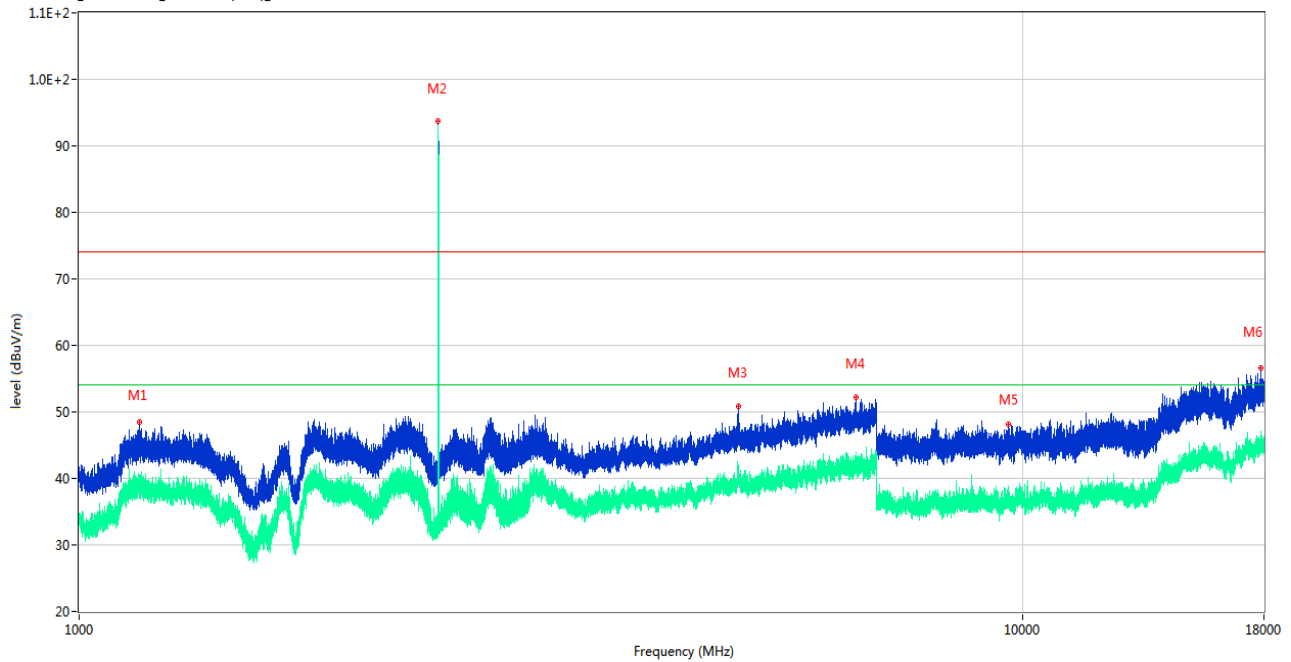
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1248.400	48.31	-14.90	74.0	-25.69	Peak	63.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1248.400	40.97	-14.90	54.0	-13.03	AV	63.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2402.300	95.67	-10.73	74.0	21.67	Peak	309.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2402.300	94.35	-10.73	54.0	40.35	AV	309.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4996.800	51.63	-0.92	74.0	-22.37	Peak	129.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4996.800	40.12	-0.92	54.0	-13.88	AV	129.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6978.800	51.52	4.97	74.0	-22.48	Peak	26.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6978.800	42.60	4.97	54.0	-11.40	AV	26.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	9260.325	48.31	16.79	74.0	-25.69	Peak	216.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	9260.325	36.07	16.79	54.0	-17.93	AV	216.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17238.749	55.78	24.19	74.0	-18.22	Peak	108.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17238.749	45.04	24.19	54.0	-8.96	AV	108.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

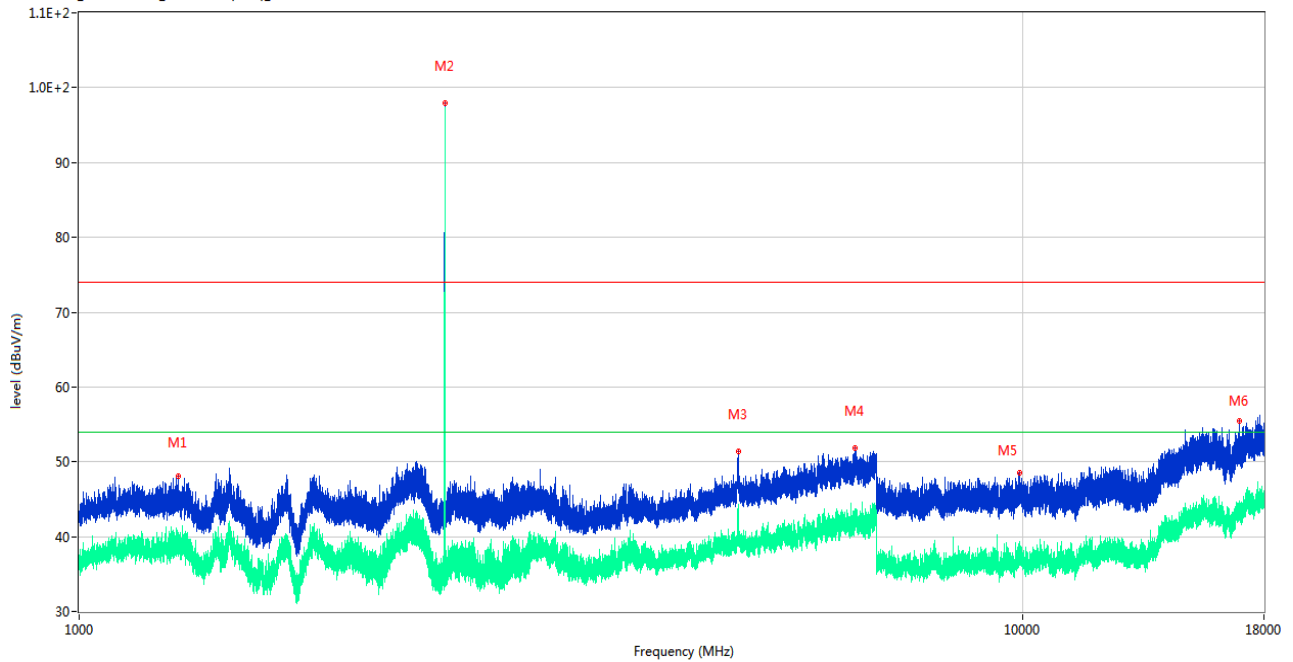
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1157.200	48.48	-14.95	74.0	-25.52	Peak	140.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1157.200	40.25	-14.95	54.0	-13.75	AV	140.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2402.300	93.65	-10.73	74.0	19.65	Peak	274.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2402.300	93.08	-10.73	54.0	39.08	AV	274.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4989.800	50.81	-1.09	74.0	-23.19	Peak	25.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4989.800	40.57	-1.09	54.0	-13.43	AV	25.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	6655.000	52.22	4.62	74.0	-21.78	Peak	214.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	6655.000	42.03	4.62	54.0	-11.97	AV	214.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	9661.100	48.13	18.82	74.0	-25.87	Peak	88.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	9661.100	36.97	18.82	54.0	-17.03	AV	88.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17867.176	56.58	24.31	74.0	-17.42	Peak	0.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17867.176	45.15	24.31	54.0	-8.85	AV	0.00	150	Vertical	Pass

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

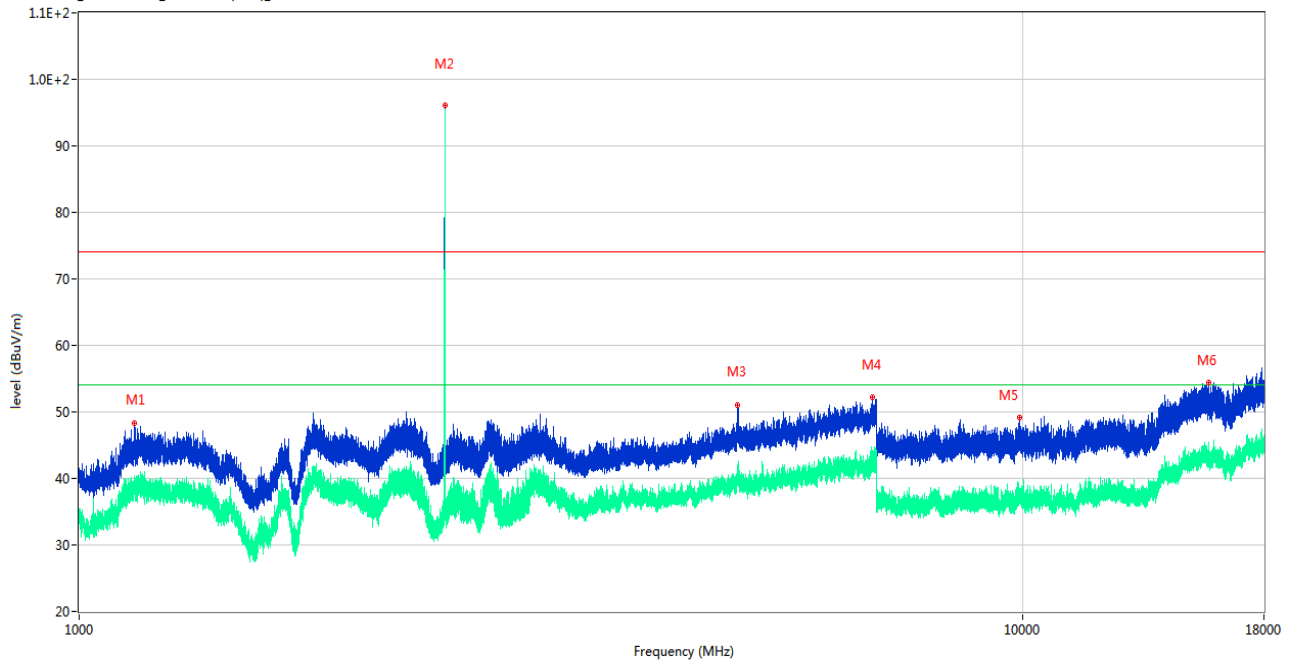
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1274.000	48.13	-14.81	74.0	-25.87	Peak	59.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1274.000	37.93	-14.81	54.0	-16.07	AV	59.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2439.800	97.88	-10.52	74.0	23.88	Peak	305.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2439.800	95.34	-10.52	54.0	41.34	AV	305.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4998.200	51.39	-0.83	74.0	-22.61	Peak	132.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4998.200	40.01	-0.83	54.0	-13.99	AV	132.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6641.000	51.86	3.95	74.0	-22.14	Peak	218.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6641.000	42.72	3.95	54.0	-11.28	AV	218.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	9923.875	48.51	17.79	74.0	-25.49	Peak	285.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	9923.875	36.78	17.79	54.0	-17.22	AV	285.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	16965.489	55.53	23.89	74.0	-18.47	Peak	142.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	16965.489	43.06	23.89	54.0	-10.94	AV	142.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

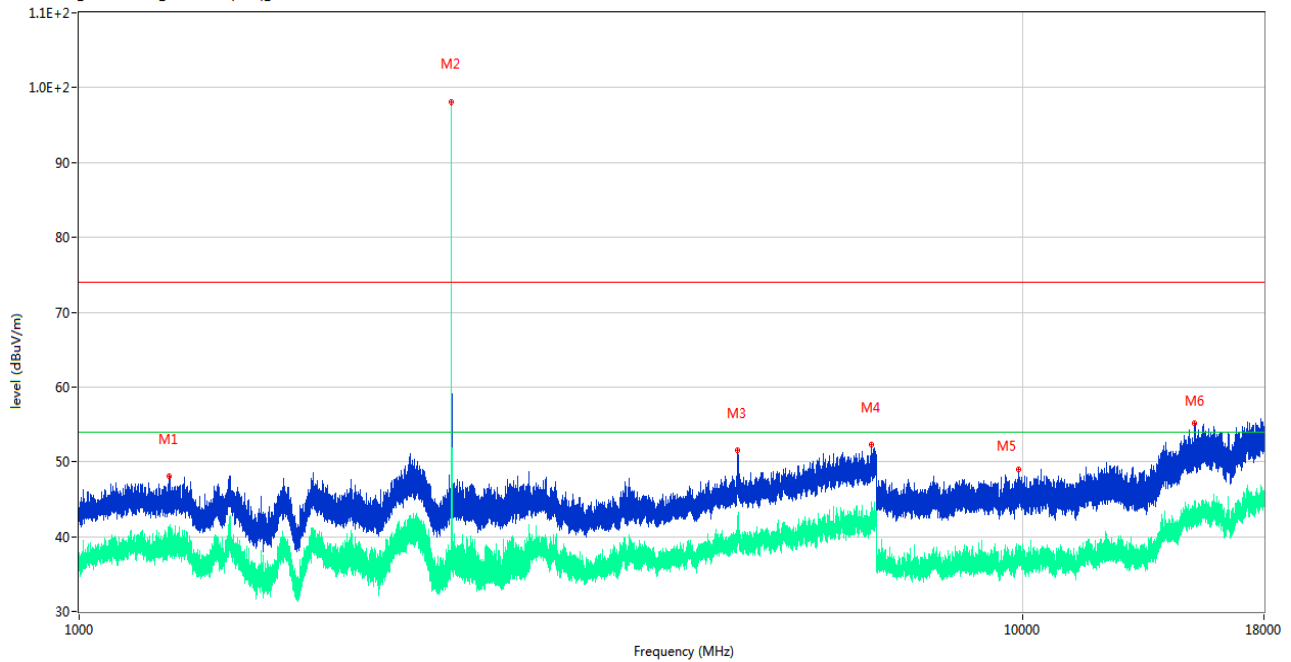
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1144.800	48.29	-15.06	74.0	-25.71	Peak	143.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1144.800	39.08	-15.06	54.0	-14.92	AV	143.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2439.800	96.06	-10.52	74.0	22.06	Peak	266.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2439.800	94.12	-10.52	54.0	40.12	AV	266.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4977.800	50.93	-1.33	74.0	-23.07	Peak	26.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4977.800	40.04	-1.33	54.0	-13.96	AV	26.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	6921.000	52.13	4.51	74.0	-21.87	Peak	117.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	6921.000	42.64	4.51	54.0	-11.36	AV	117.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	9911.800	49.08	17.75	74.0	-24.92	Peak	222.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	9911.800	36.44	17.75	54.0	-17.56	AV	222.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	15750.112	54.49	23.35	74.0	-19.51	Peak	101.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	15750.112	43.36	23.35	54.0	-10.64	AV	101.00	150	Vertical	Pass

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

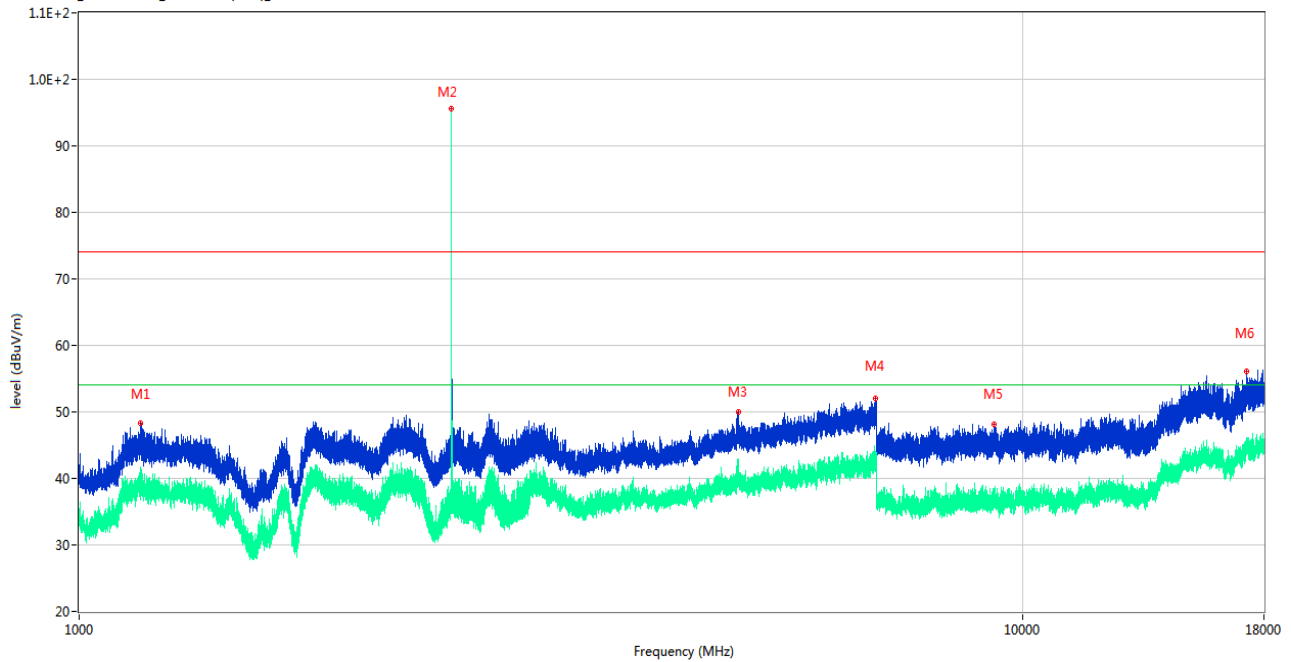
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1244.700	48.15	-14.85	74.0	-25.85	Peak	69.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1244.700	38.54	-14.85	54.0	-15.46	AV	69.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2479.800	98.14	-10.36	74.0	24.14	Peak	305.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2479.800	95.51	-10.36	54.0	41.51	AV	305.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4982.000	51.52	-1.23	74.0	-22.48	Peak	82.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4982.000	40.37	-1.23	54.0	-13.63	AV	82.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6914.800	52.22	4.81	74.0	-21.78	Peak	166.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6914.800	42.42	4.81	54.0	-11.58	AV	166.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	9885.350	48.94	17.66	74.0	-25.06	Peak	50.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	9885.350	36.14	17.66	54.0	-17.86	AV	50.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	15210.937	55.10	22.14	74.0	-18.90	Peak	230.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	15210.937	44.72	22.14	54.0	-9.28	AV	230.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

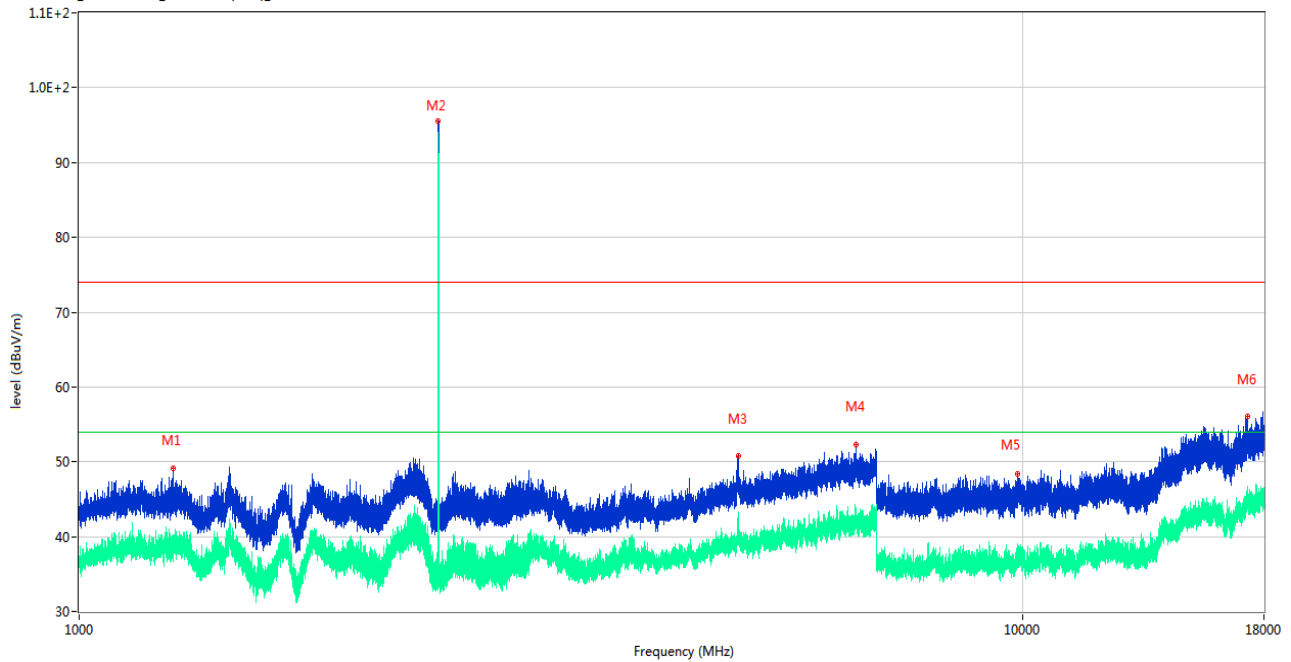
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1162.600	48.26	-15.01	74.0	-25.74	Peak	142.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1162.600	39.35	-15.01	54.0	-14.65	AV	142.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2480.100	95.56	-10.33	74.0	21.56	Peak	277.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2480.100	95.15	-10.33	54.0	41.15	AV	277.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4992.800	49.99	-1.03	74.0	-24.01	Peak	28.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4992.800	39.83	-1.03	54.0	-14.17	AV	28.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	6969.400	51.99	5.13	74.0	-22.01	Peak	181.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	6969.400	42.66	5.13	54.0	-11.34	AV	181.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	9320.412	48.10	17.00	74.0	-25.90	Peak	189.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	9320.412	36.30	17.00	54.0	-17.70	AV	189.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17267.626	56.11	24.34	74.0	-17.89	Peak	99.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17267.626	45.09	24.34	54.0	-8.91	AV	99.00	150	Vertical	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

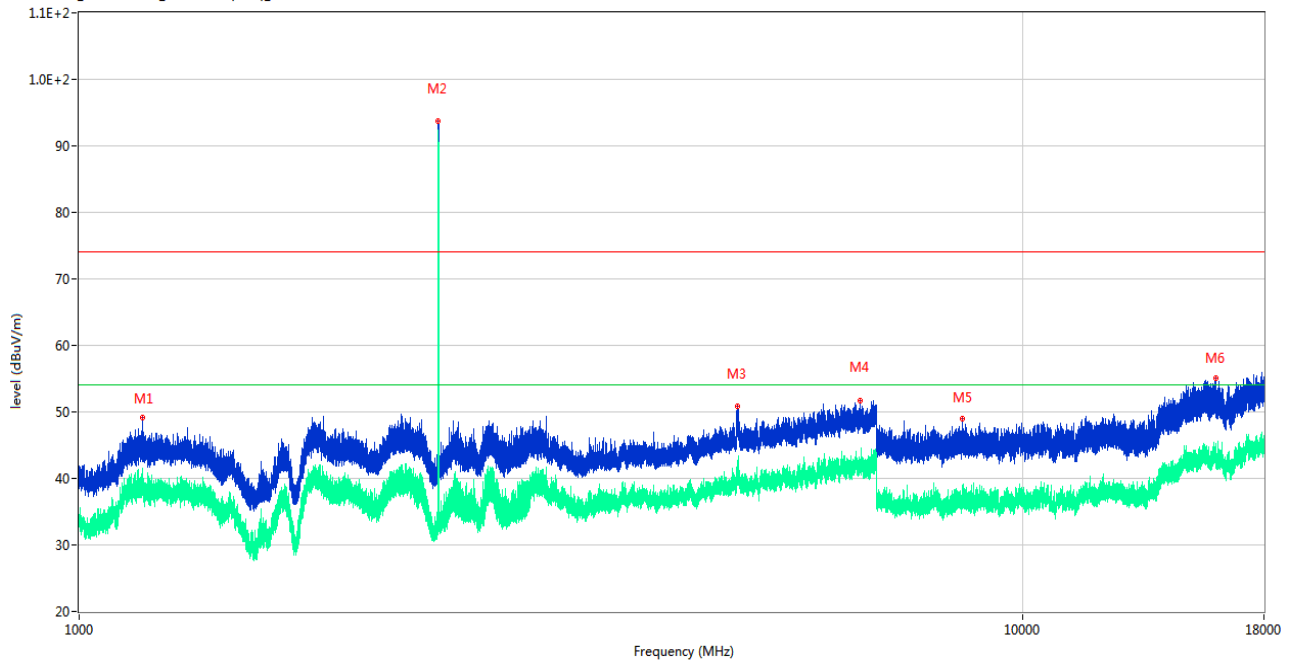
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1257.300	49.12	-14.92	74.0	-24.88	Peak	67.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1257.300	39.99	-14.92	54.0	-14.01	AV	67.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2402.500	95.50	-10.72	74.0	21.50	Peak	296.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2402.500	92.21	-10.72	54.0	38.21	AV	296.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4992.400	50.86	-1.01	74.0	-23.14	Peak	122.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4992.400	42.16	-1.01	54.0	-11.84	AV	122.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6650.200	52.28	4.62	74.0	-21.72	Peak	218.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6650.200	43.44	4.62	54.0	-10.56	AV	218.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	9878.162	48.42	17.64	74.0	-25.58	Peak	18.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	9878.162	37.88	17.64	54.0	-16.12	AV	18.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17288.624	56.00	24.54	74.0	-18.00	Peak	314.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17288.624	45.59	24.54	54.0	-8.41	AV	314.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

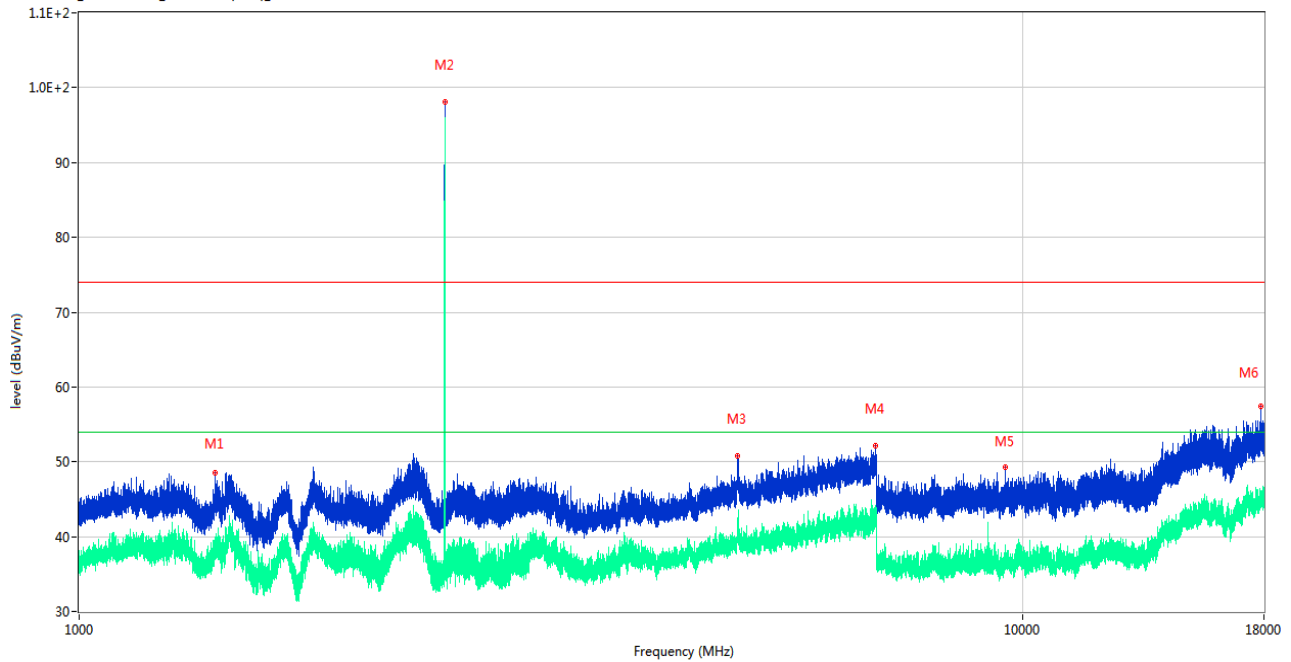
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1166.500	49.12	-14.97	74.0	-24.88	Peak	149.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1166.500	38.34	-14.97	54.0	-15.66	AV	149.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2402.500	93.69	-10.72	74.0	19.69	Peak	269.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2402.500	91.31	-10.72	54.0	37.31	AV	269.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4987.000	50.80	-1.22	74.0	-23.20	Peak	26.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4987.000	40.96	-1.22	54.0	-13.04	AV	26.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	6720.800	51.63	3.73	74.0	-22.37	Peak	53.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	6720.800	42.96	3.73	54.0	-11.04	AV	53.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	8635.875	48.99	18.11	74.0	-25.01	Peak	260.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	8635.875	38.42	18.11	54.0	-15.58	AV	260.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	15993.975	55.11	24.01	74.0	-18.89	Peak	207.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	15993.975	42.99	24.01	54.0	-11.01	AV	207.00	150	Vertical	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

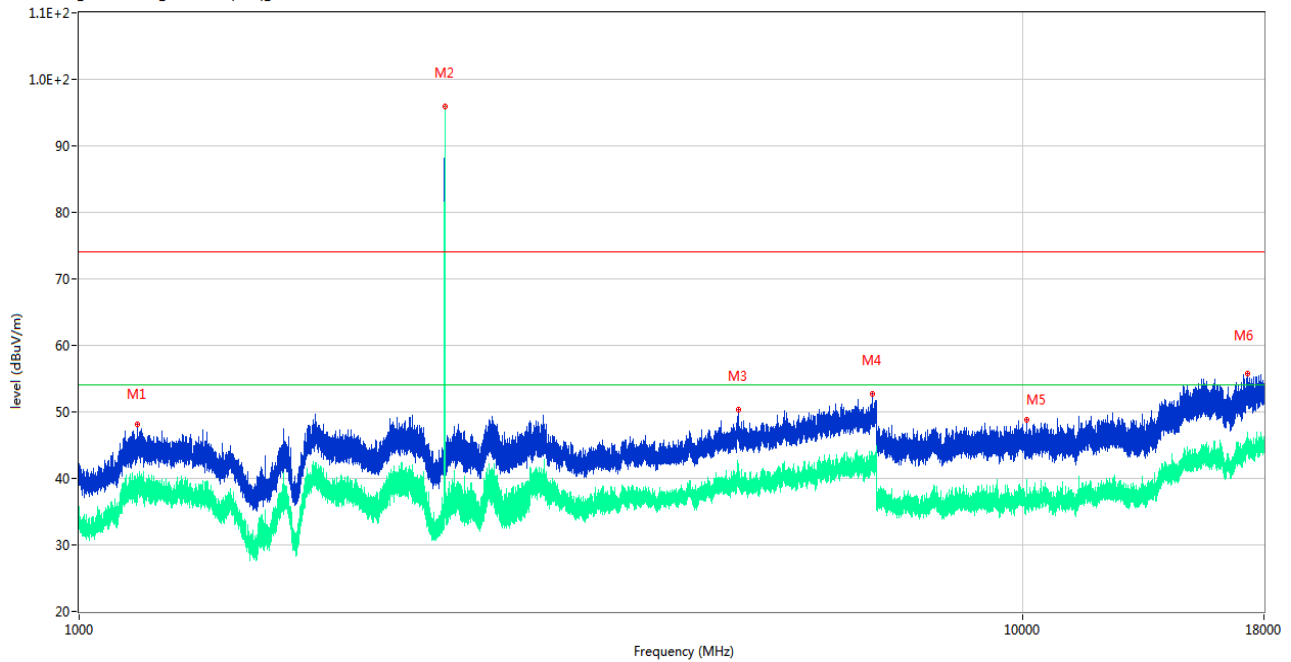
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1394.300	48.47	-14.91	74.0	-25.53	Peak	83.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1394.300	39.05	-14.91	54.0	-14.95	AV	83.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2440.600	98.06	-10.52	74.0	24.06	Peak	305.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2440.600	93.65	-10.52	54.0	39.65	AV	305.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4987.600	50.77	-1.21	74.0	-23.23	Peak	127.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4987.600	39.74	-1.21	54.0	-14.26	AV	127.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6973.000	52.11	5.11	74.0	-21.89	Peak	57.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6973.000	43.81	5.11	54.0	-10.19	AV	57.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	9581.175	49.33	18.49	74.0	-24.67	Peak	162.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	9581.175	37.99	18.49	54.0	-16.01	AV	162.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17876.363	57.45	24.39	74.0	-16.55	Peak	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17876.363	45.40	24.39	54.0	-8.60	AV	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

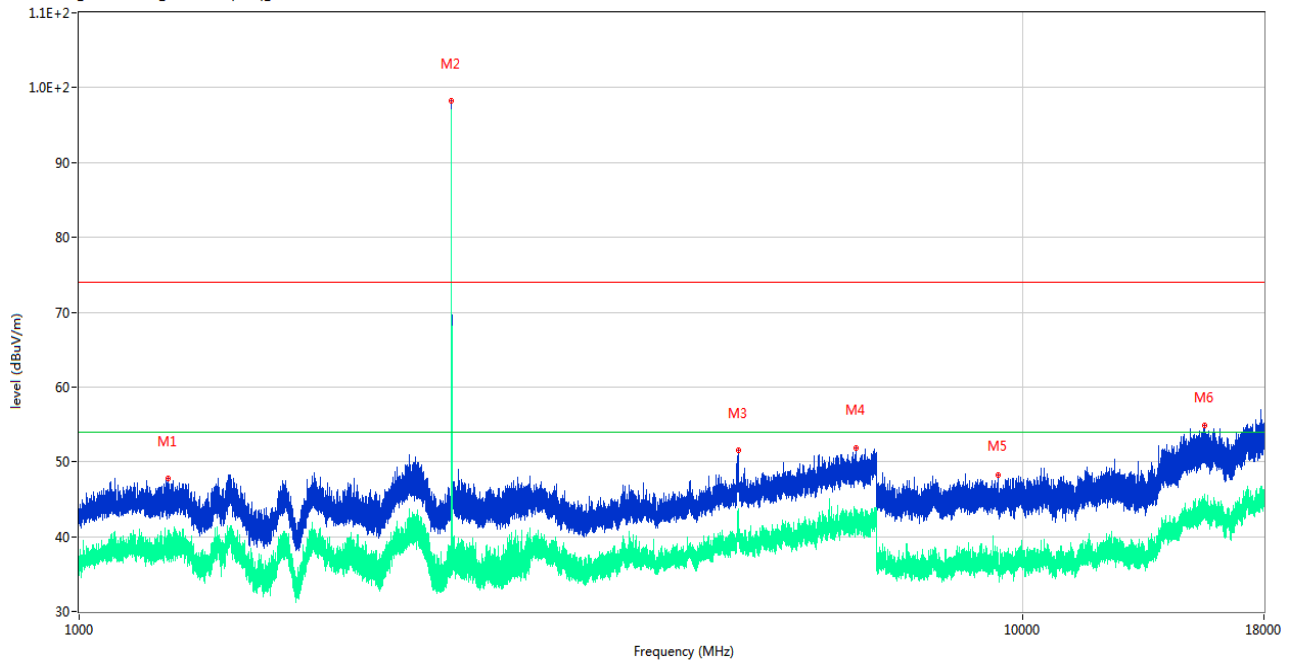
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1152.300	48.07	-14.93	74.0	-25.93	Peak	140.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1152.300	37.84	-14.93	54.0	-16.16	AV	140.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2440.500	96.26	-10.52	74.0	22.26	Peak	259.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2440.500	92.79	-10.52	54.0	38.79	AV	259.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4991.400	50.27	-1.01	74.0	-23.73	Peak	169.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4991.400	40.08	-1.01	54.0	-13.92	AV	169.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	6926.000	52.68	4.22	74.0	-21.32	Peak	182.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	6926.000	42.24	4.22	54.0	-11.76	AV	182.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	10100.975	48.81	17.42	74.0	-25.19	Peak	206.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	10100.975	36.67	17.42	54.0	-17.33	AV	206.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17294.662	55.83	24.57	74.0	-18.17	Peak	84.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17294.662	46.29	24.57	54.0	-7.71	AV	84.00	150	Vertical	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

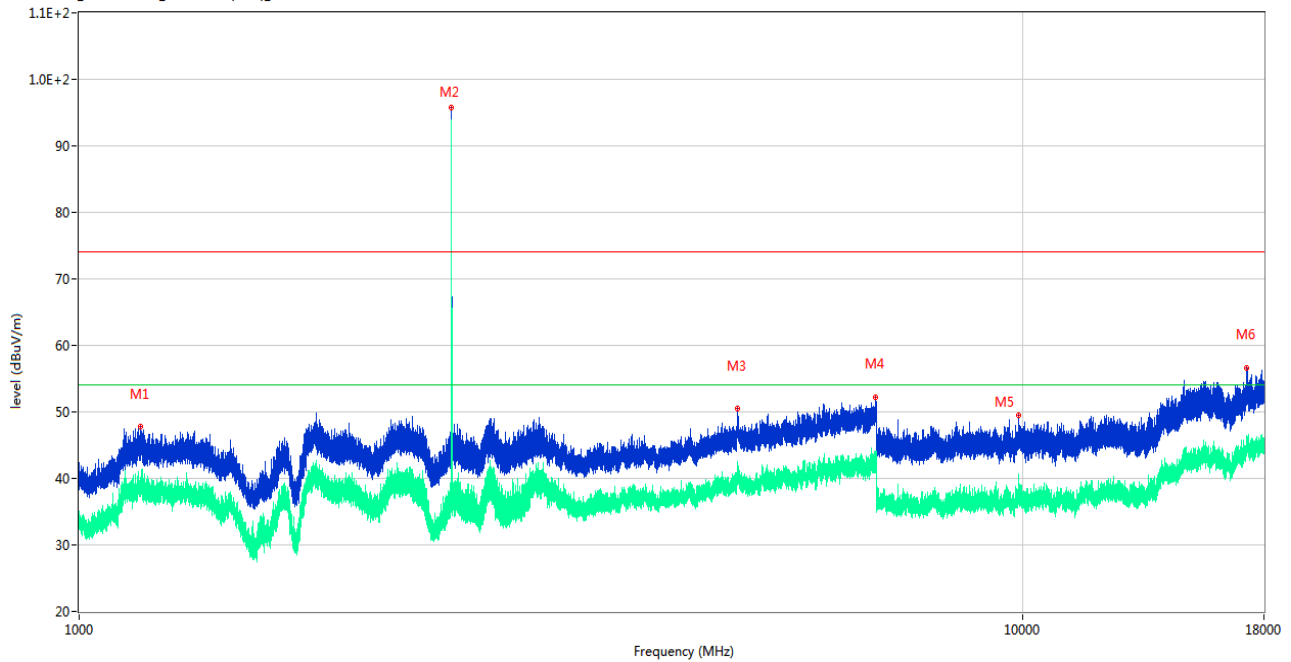
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1243.300	47.73	-14.90	74.0	-26.27	Peak	66.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1243.300	37.70	-14.90	54.0	-16.30	AV	66.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2479.500	98.21	-10.38	74.0	24.21	Peak	298.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2479.500	92.30	-10.38	54.0	38.30	AV	298.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4992.200	51.55	-1.01	74.0	-22.45	Peak	125.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4992.200	43.36	-1.01	54.0	-10.64	AV	125.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6649.600	51.84	4.66	74.0	-22.16	Peak	316.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6649.600	42.29	4.66	54.0	-11.71	AV	316.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	9410.113	48.27	17.36	74.0	-25.73	Peak	71.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	9410.113	35.38	17.36	54.0	-18.62	AV	71.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	15560.325	54.91	23.58	74.0	-19.09	Peak	111.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	15560.325	43.34	23.58	54.0	-10.66	AV	111.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1162.800	47.76	-15.00	74.0	-26.24	Peak	144.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1162.800	39.18	-15.00	54.0	-14.82	AV	144.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2479.600	95.69	-10.37	74.0	21.69	Peak	276.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2479.600	92.46	-10.37	54.0	38.46	AV	276.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4985.600	50.49	-1.23	74.0	-23.51	Peak	157.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4985.600	40.85	-1.23	54.0	-13.15	AV	157.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	6971.600	52.16	5.08	74.0	-21.84	Peak	255.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	6971.600	43.12	5.08	54.0	-10.88	AV	255.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	9903.462	49.53	17.73	74.0	-24.47	Peak	244.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	9903.462	37.24	17.73	54.0	-16.76	AV	244.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17248.725	56.58	24.20	74.0	-17.42	Peak	249.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17248.725	44.58	24.20	54.0	-9.42	AV	249.00	150	Vertical	Pass

A.7 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

Note ¹: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

Note ²: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

Note ³: According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note ⁴: The Level (dBuV/m) has been corrected by factor.

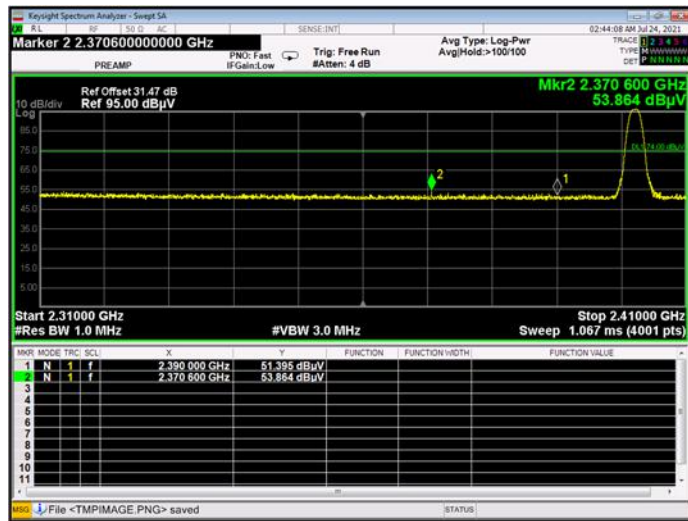
Note ⁵: All antenna were tested, but only the worst case has been reported in this report.

Test Mode	Test Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)	Low	2390	53.864	31.47	74	20.136	PEAK	Pass
		2390	N/A	N/A	54	N/A	AVERAGE	Pass
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)	HIGH	2483.5	53.525	31.40	74	20.475	PEAK	Pass
		2483.5	N/A	N/A	54	N/A	AVERAGE	Pass
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)	Low	2390	53.594	31.47	74	20.406	PEAK	Pass
		2390	N/A	N/A	54	N/A	AVERAGE	Pass
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)	HIGH	2483.5	53.940	31.40	74	20.060	PEAK	Pass
		2483.5	N/A	N/A	54	N/A	AVERAGE	Pass

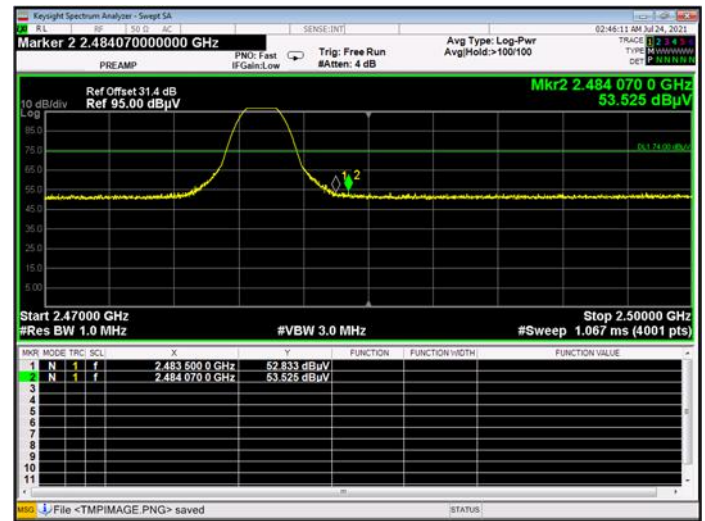
Test plots

BLE 1Mbps

LOW CHANNEL, PEAK

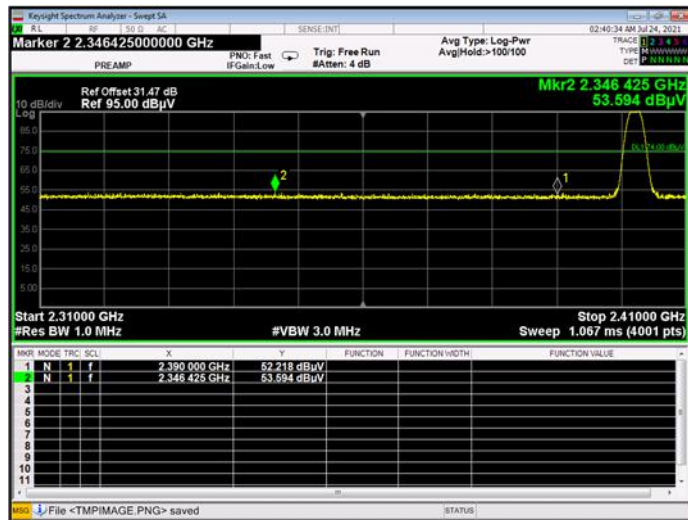


HIGH CHANNEL, PEAK

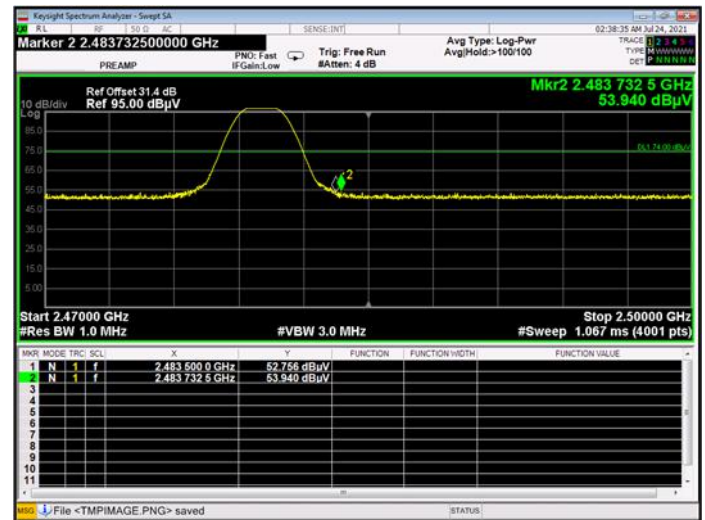


BLE 2Mbps

LOW CHANNEL, PEAK



HIGH CHANNEL, PEAK



A.8 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

Test Data

BLE 1Mbps

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Verdict
Low Channel	-11.10	8	Pass
Middle Channel	-10.07	8	Pass
High Channel	-10.51	8	Pass

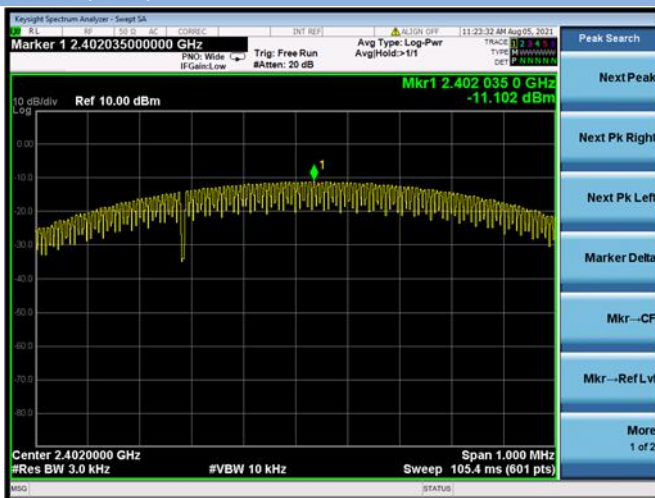
BLE 2Mbps

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Verdict
Low Channel	-16.92	8	Pass
Middle Channel	-15.52	8	Pass
High Channel	-15.64	8	Pass

Test plots

BLE 1Mbps

GFSK (BLE) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE) HIGH CHANNEL



BLE 2Mbps

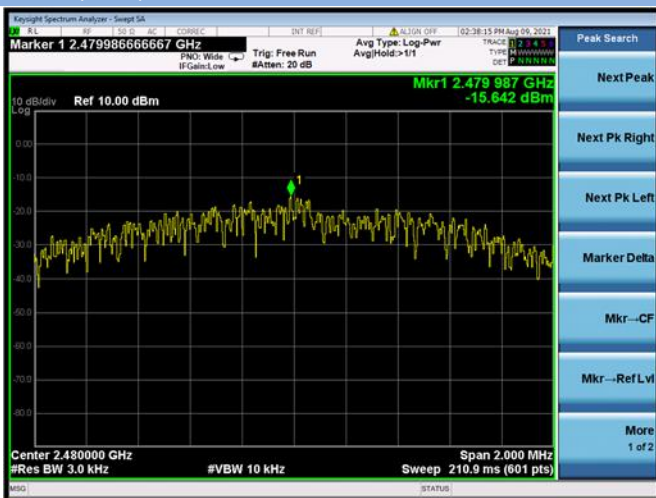
GFSK (BLE) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE) HIGH CHANNEL



ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2170450-AR.PDF”.

ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2170450-AW.PDF”.

ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2170450-AI.PDF”.

--END OF REPORT--