



TEST REPORT

Applicant Name: Meizhou Guo Wei Electronics Co., Ltd.

Address: AD1 Section, Economic Development Area, Dongsheng

Industrial District, Meizhou, Guangdong, China.

Report Number: 2401V85171E-RFC FCC ID: 2ARRB-MB500R IC: 20353-MB500R

Test Standard (s)

FCC PART 15.247; RSS-GEN ISSUE 5, FEBRUARY 2021 AMENDMENT 2; RSS-247 ISSUE 3, AUGUST 2023

Sample Description

Product Type: TRUE WIRELESS EARBUDS Model No.: MOTO BUDS 500 ANC

Multiple Model(s) No.: N/A

Trade Mark: Motorola
Date Received: 2024/07/10
Issue Date: 2024/11/07

Test Result:	Pass▲
TEXT REXIIII	1 2422

▲ In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards above.

Prepared and Checked By: Approved By:

Wills yu Michelle Zeng

Wills Yu Michelle Zeng
RF Engineer RF Supervisor

Note: The information marked # is provided by the applicant, the laboratory is not responsible for its authenticity and this information can affect the validity of the result in the test report. Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are included.

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Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen)

5F(B-West), 6F, 7F, the 3rd Phase of Wan Li Industrial Building D, Shihua Rd, FuTian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, China Tel: +86-755-33320018 Fax: +86-755-33320008 www.baclcorp.com.cn

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	2401V85171E-RFC	Original Report	2024/11/07

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

HVIN	MB500R
FVIN	N/A
Product	TRUE WIRELESS EARBUDS
Tested Model	MOTO BUDS 500 ANC
Multiple Model(s)	N/A
Frequency Range	Bluetooth: 2402-2480MHz
Transmit Power	1.99 dBm
Modulation Technique	Bluetooth: GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK
Antenna Specification [#]	1.95dBi (provided by the applicant)
Voltage Range	DC 3.7V from battery or DC 5V from charger case
Sample serial number	2O8B-1 for Radiated Emissions Test 2O8B-5 for RF Conducted Test (Assigned by BACL, Shenzhen)
Sample/EUT Status	Good condition
Adapter Information	N/A

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Objective

This test report is in accordance with Part 2-Subpart J, Part 15-Subparts A and C of the Federal Communication Commissions rules, section 15.203, 15.205, 15.209, 15.247 rules and RSS-247 Issue 3, August 2023, RSS-GEN Issue 5, Feb. 2021Amendment 2 of the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada rules.

Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices and RSS-247 Issue 3, August 2023, RSS-GEN Issue 5, Feb. 2021Amendment 2 of the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada rules.

All emissions measurement was performed at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen). The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

Each test item follows test standards and with no deviation.

Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter		•	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth		Bandwidth	±5%
RF output power, conducted		onducted	0.72 dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
AC Power Lines Cond	ucted	9kHz-150kHz	3.94dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
Emissions		150kHz-30MHz	3.84dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
		9kHz - 30MHz	3.30dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	30MH	z~200MHz (Horizontal)	4.48dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	30MHz~200MHz (Vertical)		4.55dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
Radiated Emissions	200MHz~1000MHz (Horizontal)		4.85dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
Radiated Ellissions	200MHz~1000MHz (Vertical)		5.05dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	1GHz - 6GHz		5.35dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	6GHz - 18GHz		5.44dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	18GHz - 40GHz		5.16dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
Temperature		re	±1°C
Humidity			±1%
Supply voltages		ges	±0.4%

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Note: The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval. Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.

Test Facility

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect test data is located on the 5F(B-West), 6F, 7F, the 3rd Phase of Wan Li Industrial Building D, Shihua Rd, FuTian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, China.

The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No.: 715558, the FCC Designation No.: CN5045.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0023.

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

Description of Test Configuration

The system was configured for testing in an engineering mode.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	40	2442
1	2403	41	2443
2	2404	42	2444
•••			
36	2438	75	2477
37	2439	76	2478
38	2440	77	2479
39	2441	78	2480

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EUT was tested with Channel 0, 39 and 78.

EUT Exercise Software

"FCC_assist $1.0.2.2^{\sharp}$ " exercise software was used and the power level is 5^{\sharp} . The power level was provided by the applicant.

Special Accessories

No special accessory.

Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

Support Equipment List and Details

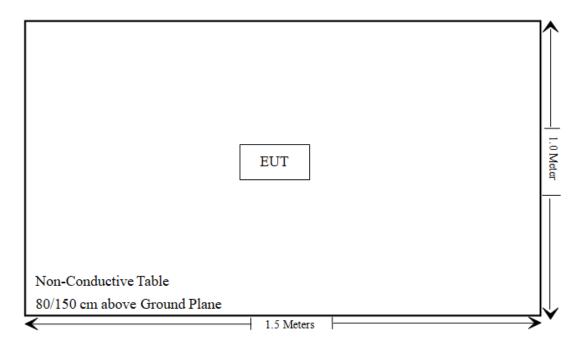
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
/	/	/	/

External I/O Cable

Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	То
/	/	/	/

Block Diagram of Test Setup

For Radiated Emissions:



SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	RSS Rules	Description of Test	Result
§1.1307 ,§2.1093	RSS-102 § 2.5.1	RF Exposure & Exemption Limits For Routine Evaluation-SAR Evaluation	Compliant
FCC §15.203	RSS-Gen §6.8	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
FCC §15.207(a)	RSS-Gen §8.8	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Not Applicable
FCC §15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d)	RSS-247 § 5.5, RSS-GEN § 8.10	Radiated Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 § 5.1(a), RSS-GEN § 6.7	20 dB Emission Bandwidth & 99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
FCC §15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 § 5.1 (b)	Channel Separation Test	Compliant
FCC §15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 § 5.1 (d)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Compliant
FCC §15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 § 5.1 (d)	Quantity of hopping channel Test	Compliant
FCC §15.247(b)(1)	RSS-247 § 5.1(b) &§ 5.4(b)	Peak Output Power Measurement	Compliant
FCC §15.247(d)	RSS-247 § 5.5	Band edges	Compliant

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Not Applicable: The EUT is powered by battery.

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date			
Radiated Emission Test								
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	102455	2024/01/16	2025/01/15			
Sonoma instrument	Pre-amplifier	310 N	186238	2024/05/21	2025/05/20			
Sunol Sciences	Broadband Antenna	JB1	A040904-1	2023/07/20	2026/07/19			
Unknown	Cable	Chamber A Cable 1	N/A	2024/06/18	2025/06/17			
Unknown	Cable	XH500C	J-10M-A	2024/06/18	2025/06/17			
BACL	Active Loop Antenna	1313-1A	4031911	2024/05/14	2027/05/13			
Unknown	Cable	2Y194	0735	2024/05/21	2025/05/20			
Unknown	Cable	PNG214	1354	2024/05/21	2025/05/20			
Audix	EMI Test software	E3	19821b(V9)	NCR	NCR			
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSU26	200982	2023/12/18	2024/12/17			
COM-POWER	Pre-amplifier	PA-122	181919	2024/06/18	2025/06/17			
Schwarzbeck	Horn Antenna	BBHA9120D(1201)	1143	2023/07/26	2026/07/25			
Unknown	RF Cable	KMSE	735	2024/06/18	2025/06/17			
Unknown	RF Cable	UFA147	219661	2024/06/18	2025/06/17			
JD	Multiplex Switch Test Control Set	DT7220FSU	DQ77926	2024/06/18	2025/06/17			
Audix	EMI Test software	E3	191218(V9)	NCR	NCR			
A.H.System	Pre-amplifier	PAM-1840VH	190	2024/06/18	2025/06/17			
Electro-Mechanics Co	Horn Antenna	3116	2026	2023/09/18	2026/09/17			
UTIFLEX	RF Cable	NO. 13	232308-001	2024/06/18	2025/06/17			
	RF Conducted Test							
Tonscend	RF control Unit	JS0806-2	19D8060154	2024/08/06	2025/08/05			
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101942	2023/12/18	2024/12/17			
Unknown	10dB Attenuator	Unknown	F-03-EM190	2024/06/27	2025/06/26			

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^{*} Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

FCC§15.247 (i), §1.1307 (b) (1) &§2.1093 - RF EXPOSURE

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §2.1093 and §1.1307(b) (1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

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According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Measurement Result

For worst case:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Max tune-up conducted power" (dBm)	Max tune-up conducted power" (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g SAR)	SAR Test Exclusion
Bluetooth	2402-2480	2.5	1.78	5	0.6	3	Yes
BLE	2402-2480	3.5	2.24	5	0.7	3	Yes

Note: The max tune-up conducted power were declared and provided by the applicant

Result: Compliant

RSS-102 § 2.5.1 - EXEMPTION LIMITS FOR ROUTINE EVALUATION-SAR EVALUATION

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Applicable Standard

According to RSS-102 Issue 5§ (2.5.1), SAR evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the antenna and/or radiating element of the device is less than or equal to 20 cm, except when the device operates at or below the applicable output power level (adjusted for tune-up tolerance) for the specified separation distance defined in Table 1.

Table 1: SAR evaluation – Exemption limits for routine evaluation based on frequency and separation distance 4,5

Frequency		Exe	mption Limits (n	nW)		
(MHz)	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation	
	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of	
	≤5 mm	10 mm	15 mm	20 mm	25 mm	
≤300	71 mW	101 mW	132 mW	162 mW	193 mW	
450	52 mW	70 mW	88 mW	106 mW	123 mW	
835	17 mW	30 mW	42 mW	55 mW	67 mW	
1900	7 mW	10 mW	18 mW	34 mW	60 mW	
2450	4 mW	7 mW	15 mW	30 mW	52 mW	
3500	$2 \mathrm{mW}$	6 mW	16 mW	32 mW	55 mW	
5800	1 mW	6 mW	15 mW	27 mW	41 mW	

Frequency	Exemption Limits (mW)									
(MHz)	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation					
	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of					
	30 mm	35 mm	40 mm	45 mm	≥50 mm					
≤300	223 mW	254 mW	284 mW	315 mW	345 mW					
450	141 mW	159 mW	177 mW	195 mW	213 mW					
835	80 mW	92 mW	105 mW	117 mW	130 mW					
1900	99 mW	153 mW	225 mW	316 mW	431 mW					
2450	83 mW	123 mW	173 mW	235 mW	309 mW					
3500	86 mW	124 mW	170 mW	225 mW	290 mW					
5800	56 mW	71 mW	85 mW	97 mW	106 mW					

^{4.} The exemption limits in Table 1 are based on measurements and simulations of half-wave dipole antennas at separation distances of 5 mm to 25 mm from a flat phantom, providing a SAR value of approximately 0.4 W/kg for 1 g of tissue. For low frequencies (300 MHz to 835 MHz), the exemption limits are derived from a linear fit. For high frequencies (1900 MHz and above), the exemption limits are derived from a third order polynomial fit.

^{5.} Transmitters operating between 0.003-10 MHz, meeting the exemption from routine SAR evaluation, shall demonstrate compliance to the instantaneous limits in Section 4.

Output power level shall be the higher of the maximum conducted or equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power. For controlled use devices where the 8 W/kg for 1 gram of tissue applies, the exemption limits for routine evaluation in Table 1 are multiplied by a factor of 5. For limb-worn devices where the 10 gram value applies, the exemption limits for routine evaluation in Table 1 are multiplied by a factor of 2.5. If the operating frequency of the device is between two frequencies located in Table 1, linear interpolation shall be applied for the applicable separation distance. For test separation distance less than 5 mm, the exemption limits for a separation distance of 5 mm can be applied to determine if a routine evaluation is required.

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For medical implants devices, the exemption limit for routine evaluation is set at 1 mW. The output power of a medical implants device is defined as the higher of the conducted or e.i.r.p to determine whether the device is exempt from the SAR evaluation.

Test Result:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Max tune-up conducted power [#] (dBm)	Max tune-up conducted power [#] (mW)	Gain [#] (dBi)	Max tune- up EIRP [#] (dBm)	Max tune- up EIRP# (mW)	Distance (mm)	Exemption Limit (mW)	SAR Evaluation Exemption
Bluetooth	2402-2480	2.50	1.78	1.95	4.45	2.79	5	3.94	Yes
BLE	2402-2480	3.50	2.24	1.95	5.45	3.51	5	3.94	Yes

Note: The antenna gain and max tune-up conducted power were declared and provided by the applicant

Compliant

FCC §15.203 & RSS-GEN §6.8 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Applicable Standard

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

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Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

- a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c. Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

For licence-exempt equipment with detachable antennas, the user manual shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter [enter the device's ISED certification number] has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device. Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

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Antenna Connector Construction

The EUT has one internal antenna arrangement which was permanently attached f and the maximum antenna gain[#] is 1.95dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos.

Result: Compliant

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FCC §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(D) & RSS-247§ 5.5 - SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

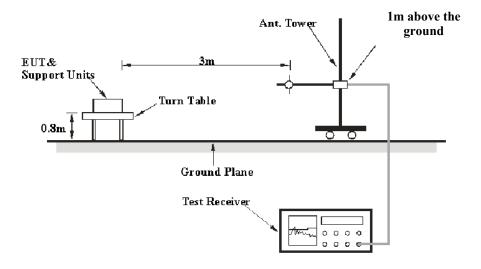
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Applicable Standard

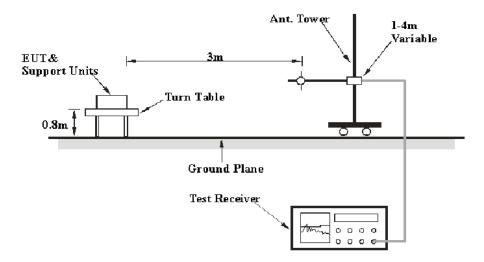
FCC §15.205; §15.209; §15.247(d); RSS-247§ 5.5; RSS-GEN § 8.10

EUT Setup

9 kHz-30MHz:

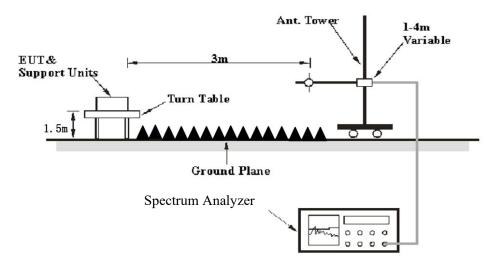


30MHz-1GHz:



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Above 1GHz:



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The radiated emission performed in the 3 meters, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.209, FCC 15.247, RSS-247, RSS-Gen limits.

EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Measurement			
9 kHz – 150 kHz	/	/	200 Hz	QP			
9 KHZ — 130 KHZ	300 Hz	1 kHz	/	PK			
1501-Ha 20 MHz	/	/	9 kHz	QP			
150 kHz – 30 MHz	10 kHz	30 kHz	/	PK			
30 MHz – 1000 MHz	/	/	120 kHz	QP			
30 MHZ – 1000 MHZ	100 kHz	100 kHz 300 kHz /		PK			
	Harmonics & Band Edge						
	1MHz	3 MHz	/	PK			
Above 1 GHz	Average Emission Level=Peak Emission Level+20*log(Duty cycle)						
Above I GHZ		Other Em	issions				
	1MHz	3 MHz	/	PK			
	1MHz	≥10 Hz	/	Average			

For Duty cycle measurement:

Use the duty cycle factor correction factor method per 15.35(c). Duty cycle=On time/100milliseconds, On time=N1*L1+N2*L2+...Nn-1*Ln-1+Nn*Ln, Where N1 is number of type 1 pulses, L1 is length of type 1 pulse, etc.

Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

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All final data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode except for the frequency bands 9–90 kHz, 110–490 kHz and above 1000 MHz, average detection modes for frequency bands 9–90 kHz and 110–490 kHz, peak and average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

For 9 kHz-30MHz, the report shall list the six emissions with the smallest margin relative to the limit, for each of the three antenna orientations (parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel) unless the margin is greater than 20 dB.

All emissions under the average limit and under the noise floor have not recorded in the report.

Factor & Over Limit/Margin Calculation

The Factor is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain. The basic equation is as follows:

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain

The "Over Limit/Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, an Over Limit/margin of -7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for calculation is as follows:

Over Limit/Margin = Level / Corrected Amplitude – Limit Level / Corrected Amplitude = Read Level + Factor

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22~25.5 °C		
Relative Humidity:	50~54 %		
ATM Pressure:	101 kPa		

The testing was performed by Anson Su from 2024-10-25 to 2024-11-07 for below 1GHz and Karl Xu on 2024-10-23 and 2024-10-25 and Dylan Yang on 2024-10-31 for above 1GHz.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

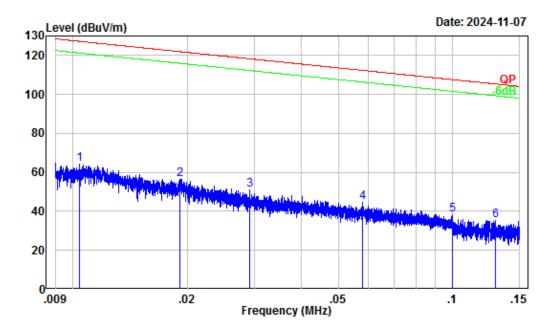
Note: After pre-scan in the X, Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case z-axis of orientation were recorded.

9 kHz-30MHz: (Maximum output power mode, EDR (8DPSK), Low Channel)

Note: The spurious emission from 9 kHz-30MHz of IC RSS-247 standard, the unit of final result on the test plots are dB μ V/m, so the limit should be added by 51,5 dB from dB μ A/m to dB μ V/m.

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

Parallel (worst case)

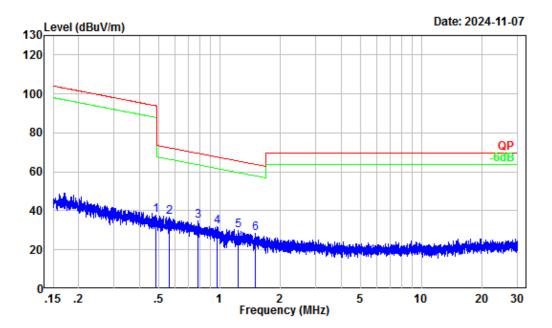


Site : Chamber A

Condition : 3m

Project Number: 2401V85171E-RF-R Test Mode : BT Transmitting

	Freq	Factor	Read Level			Over Limit	Remark	
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB		
1	0.01	37.47	26.65	64.12	127.23	-63.11	Peak	
2	0.02	33.04	23.40	56.44	121.98	-65.54	Peak	
3	0.03	27.87	23.10	50.97	118.28	-67.31	Peak	
4	0.06	22.00	22.85	44.85	112.35	-67.50	Peak	
5	0.10	17.09	20.96	38.05	107.64	-69.59	Peak	
6	0.13	15.67	19.51	35.18	105.35	-70.17	Peak	



Site : Chamber A

Condition : 3m

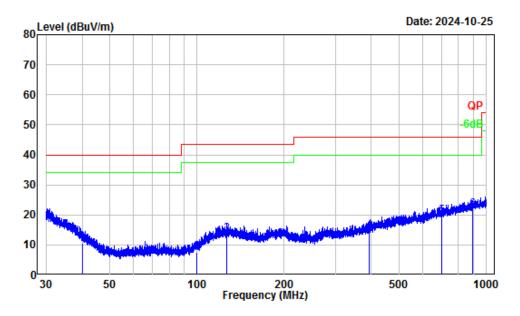
Project Number: 2401V85171E-RF-R Test Mode : BT Transmitting

	Freq	Factor			Limit Line		Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	0.48	3.84	33.81	37.65	93.93	-56.28	Peak
2	0.56	2.75	34.11	36.86	72.60	-35.74	Peak
3	0.78	0.11	34.96	35.07	69.66	-34.59	Peak
4	0.97	-1.40	33.24	31.84	67.70	-35.86	Peak
5	1.24	-2.43	32.24	29.81	65.55	-35.74	Peak
6	1.50	-3.33	31.87	28.54	63.87	-35.33	Peak

30MHz-1GHz: (Maximum output power mode, EDR (8DPSK), Low Channel)

Horizontal

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

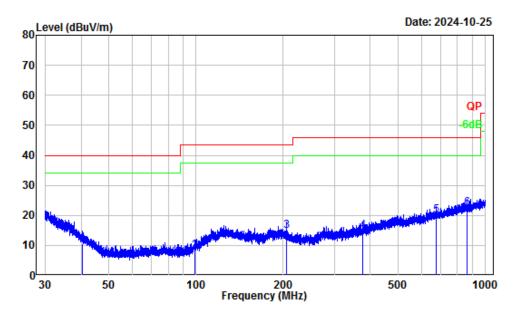


Site : Chamber A
Condition : 3m Horizontal
Project Number: 2401V85171E-RF-R
Test Mode : BT Transmitting

			Read		Limit	0ver	
	Freq	Factor	Level	Level	Line	Limit	Remark
-	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	——dB	
1	40.08	-13.26	23.74	10.48	40.00	-29.52	QP
2	99.75	-16.74	24.29	7.55	43.50	-35.95	QP
3	126.61	-12.30	25.97	13.67	43.50	-29.83	QP
4	393.13	-11.18	26.06	14.88	46.00	-31.12	QP
5	698.39	-6.61	26.32	19.71	46.00	-26.29	QP
6	895.03	-3.66	25.50	21.84	46.00	-24.16	QP

Vertical

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC



Site : Chamber A
Condition : 3m Vertical
Project Number: 2401V85171E-RF-R
Test Mode : BT Transmitting

	Freq	Factor		Level			Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	40.56	-13.59	24.29	10.70	40.00	-29.30	QP
2	98.83	-17.01	25.27	8.26	43.50	-35.24	QP
3	204.87	-13.08	27.89	14.81	43.50	-28.69	QP
4		-11.52	26.23	14.71	46.00	-31.29	QP
5	677.58	-6.80	26.83	20.03	46.00	-25.97	QP
6	863.81	-4.00	26.31	22.31	46.00	-23.69	QP

Above 1GHz:

	Rece	iver		_	Corrected		
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	PK/Ave	Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)	Amplitude (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
			8DPSK				
			Low Channel 2402N	ИHz			
2352.37	54.51	PK	Н	-3.15	51.36	74	-22.64
2365.88	55.14	PK	V	-3.16	51.98	74	-22.02
4804.00	50.69	PK	Н	2.42	53.11	74	-20.89
4804.00	50.60	PK	V	2.42	53.02	74	-20.98
			Middle Channel 2441	MHz			
4882.00	48.99	PK	Н	2.58	51.57	74	-22.43
4882.00	50.63	PK	V	2.58	53.21	74	-20.79
			High Channel 2480N	ИHz			
2493.42	55.68	PK	Н	-3.19	52.49	74	-21.51
2498.51	54.97	PK	V	-3.20	51.77	74	-22.23
4960.00	49.75	PK	Н	2.69	52.44	74	-21.56
4960.00	50.43	PK	V	2.69	53.12	74	-20.88

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

Note:

Factor = Antenna factor (RX) + Cable Loss – Amplifier Factor

Corrected Amplitude/Level = Factor + Reading

Margin = Corrected Amplitude/Level - Limit

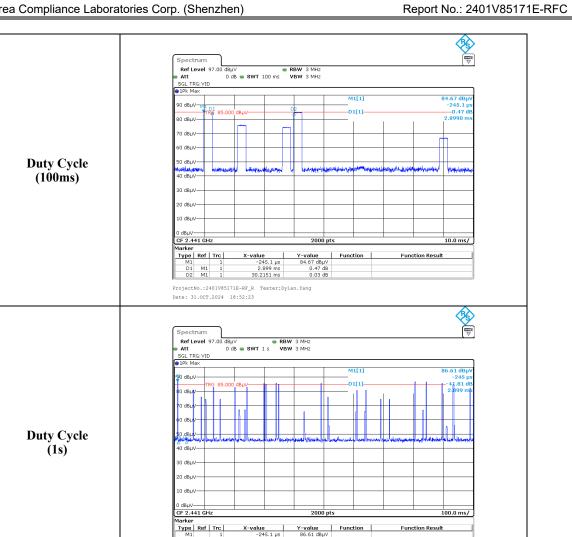
The other spurious emission which is in the noise floor level was not recorded.

			Field Strengtl	h of Average			
Frequency (MHz)	Peak Measurement @3m (dBµV/m)	Polar (H/V)	Duty Cycle Corrected Factor (dB)	Average Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
			Low Channe	el 2402MHz			
2352.37	51.36	Н	-24.73	26.63	54	-27.37	Bandedge
2365.88	51.98	V	-24.73	27.25	54	-26.75	Bandedge
4804.00	53.11	Н	-24.73	28.38	54	-25.62	Harmonic
4804.00	53.02	V	-24.73	28.29	54	-25.71	Harmonic
			Middle Chann	nel 2441MHz			
4882.00	51.57	Н	-24.73	26.84	54	-27.16	Harmonic
4882.00	53.21	V	-24.73	28.48	54	-25.52	Harmonic
			High Channe	el 2480MHz			
2493.42	52.49	Н	-24.73	27.76	54	-26.24	Bandedge
2498.51	51.77	V	-24.73	27.04	54	-26.96	Bandedge
4960.00	52.44	Н	-24.73	27.71	54	-26.29	Harmonic
4960.00	53.12	V	-24.73	28.39	54	-25.61	Harmonic

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

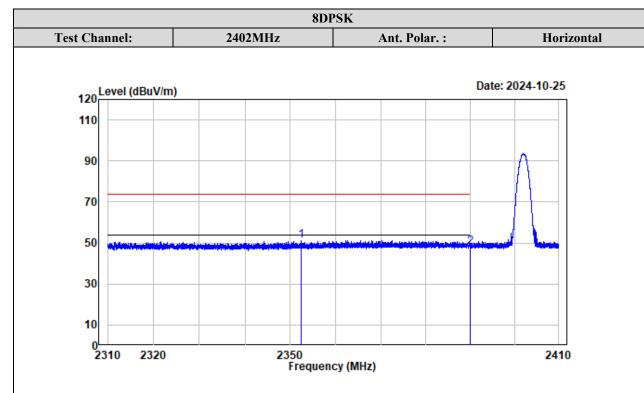
Note: Average level= Peak level+ Duty Cycle Corrected Factor

Worst case duty cycle: Duty Cycle = Ton/100ms = 2.899*2/100=0.05798 Duty Cycle Corrected Factor = 20lg (Duty Cycle) = 20lg0.05798 = -24.73



ProjectNo.:2401V85171E-RF_R Tester:Dylan.Yang
Date: 31.0CT.2024 18:53:20

Test plots for Band Edge Measurements (Radiated):



Limit Over

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

Condition : Horizontal Project No: 2401V85171E-RF

Tester : Karl Xu

Note : BT 3DH5_2402_R

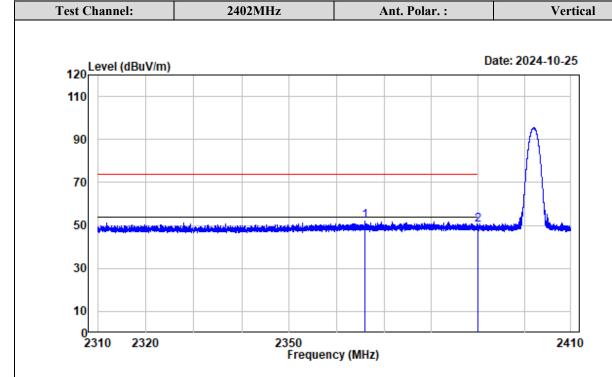
 Freq
 Factor
 Level
 Level
 Line
 Limit
 Remark

 MHz
 dB/m
 dBuV
 dBuV/m
 dBuV/m
 dB

 1
 2352.368
 -3.15
 54.51
 51.36
 74.00
 -22.64
 peak

 2
 2390.000
 -3.20
 51.24
 48.04
 74.00
 -25.96
 Peak

Read



8DPSK

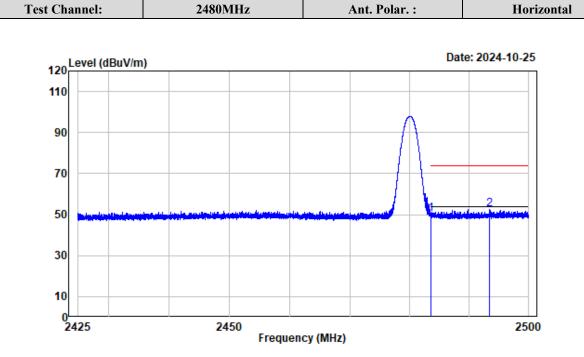
Condition : Vertical

Project No: 2401V85171E-RF

Tester : Karl Xu

Note : BT 3DH5_2402_R

	Freq	Factor			Limit Line		Remark	
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB		
1	2365.882	-3.16	55.14	51.98	74.00	-22.02	peak	
2	2390.000	-3.20	53.30	50.10	74.00	-23.90	Peak	



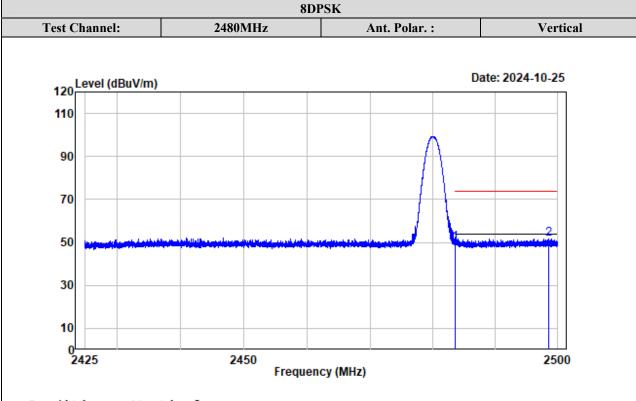
8DPSK

Condition : Horizontal Project No: 2401V85171E-RF

Tester : Karl Xu

Note : BT 3DH5_2480_R

	Freq	Factor			Limit Line		Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	2483.500	-3.17	53.48	50.31	74.00	-23.69	Peak
2	2493.418	-3.19	55.68	52.49	74.00	-21.51	peak



Limit Over

Condition : Vertical

Project No: 2401V85171E-RF

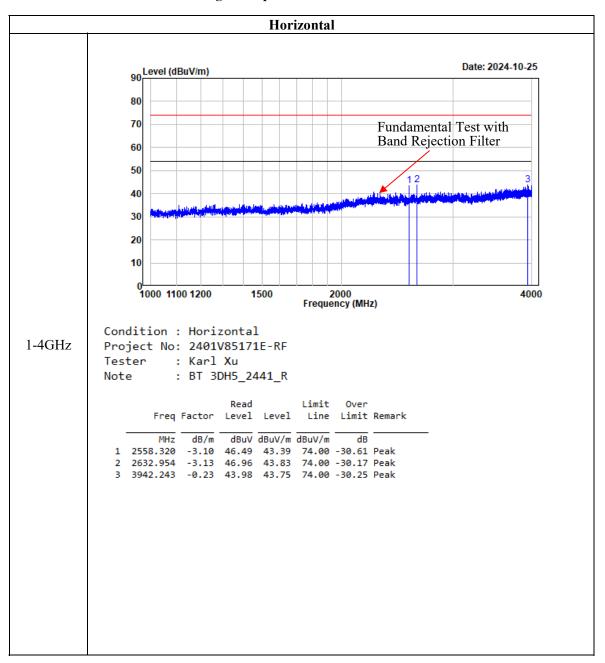
Tester : Karl Xu

Note : BT 3DH5_2480_R

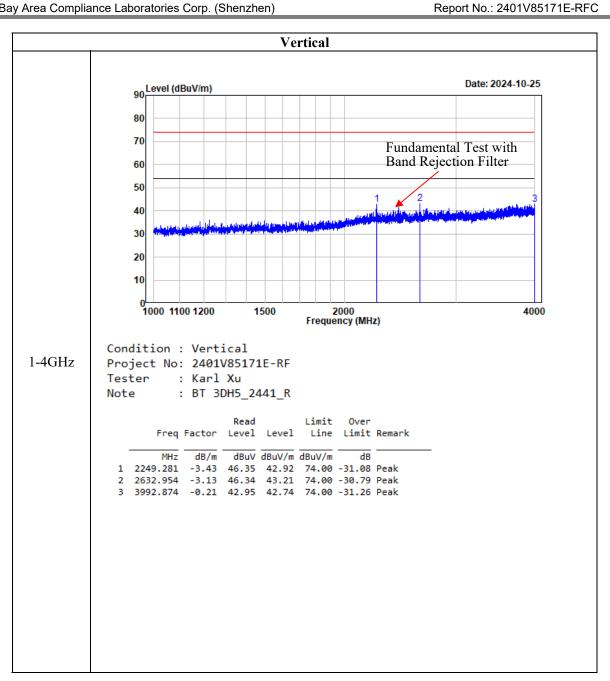
	Freq	Factor	Level	Level	Line	Limit	Remark
	MU-	dB/m	dpV	dBu\//m	dBu\//m		
4	2483.500	-		-	-		Doole
2	2498.509	-3.20	54.9/	51.//	74.00	-22.23	peak

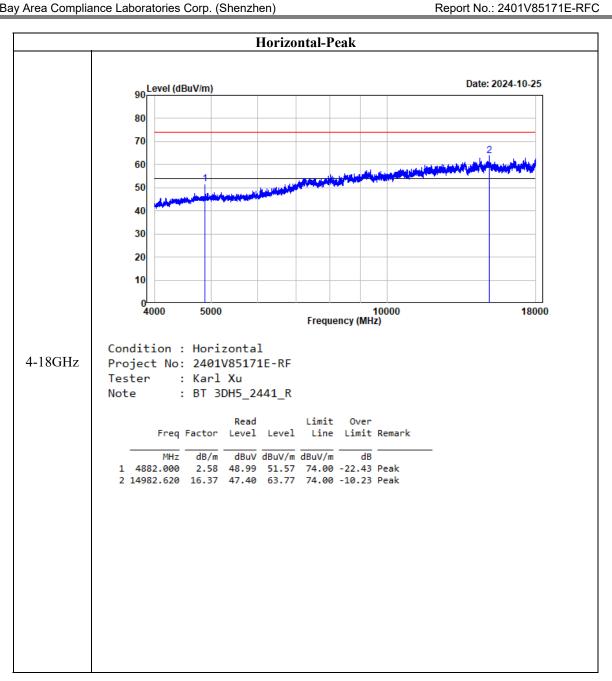
Read

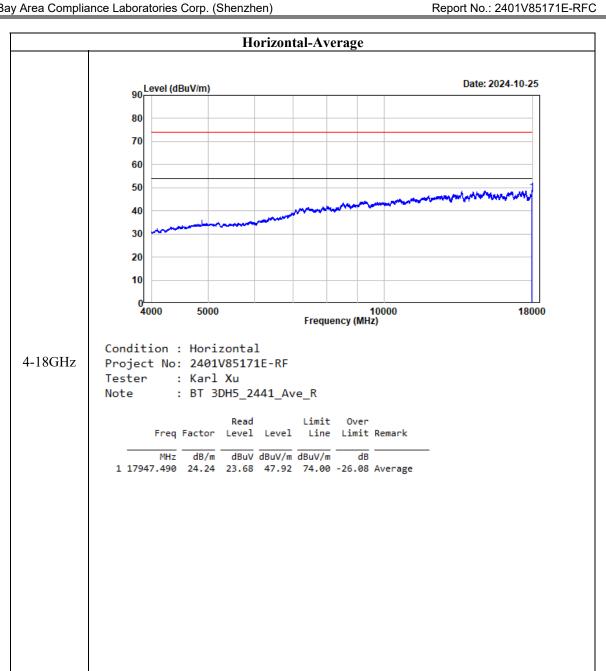
Listed with the worst harmonic margin test plot:



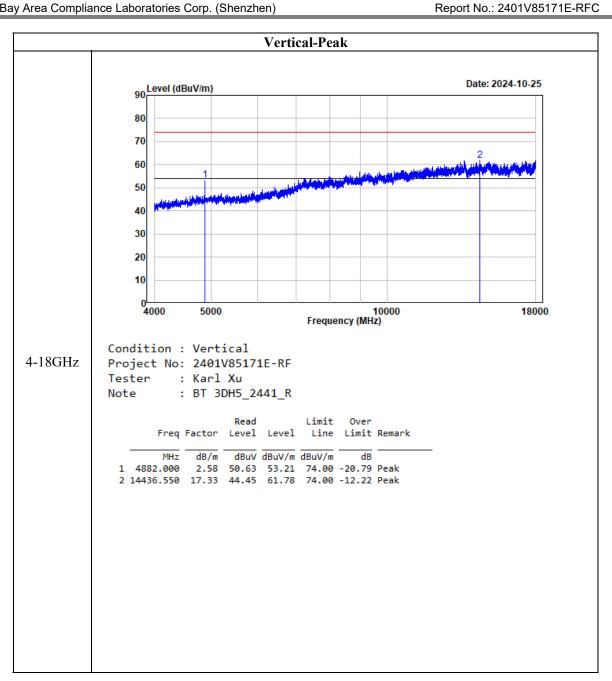
Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

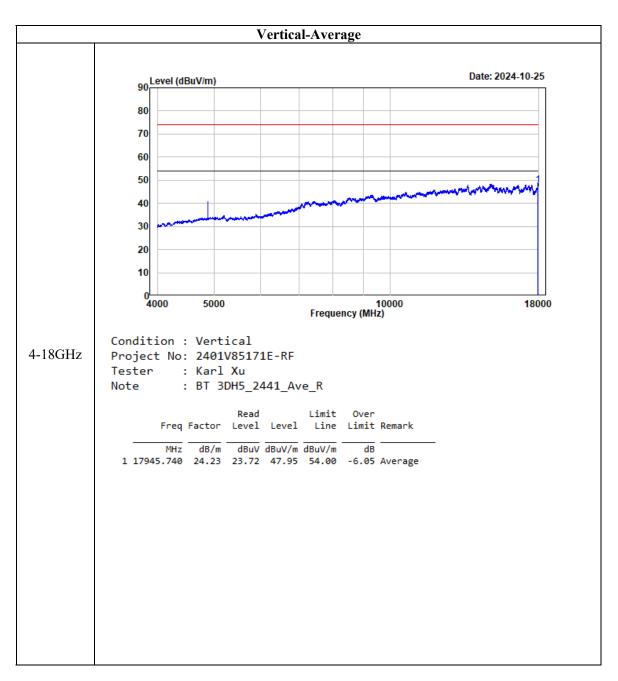






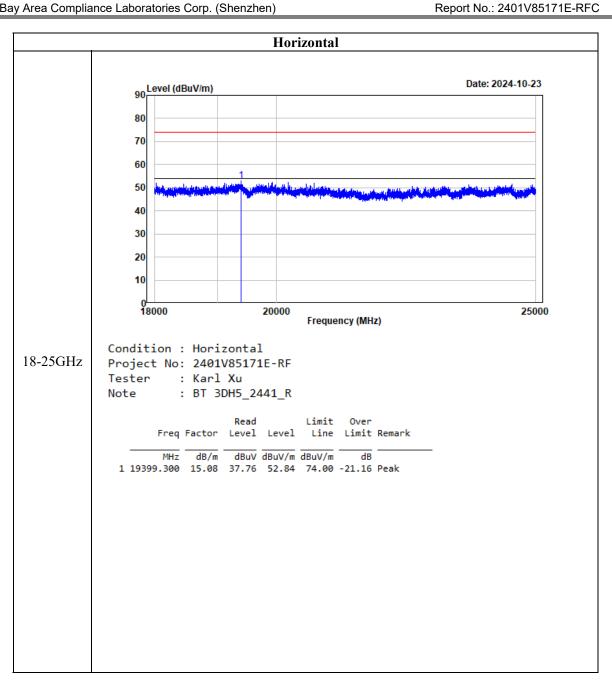
Note: Spectrum analyzer setting: RBW=1 MHz, VBW=5 kHz

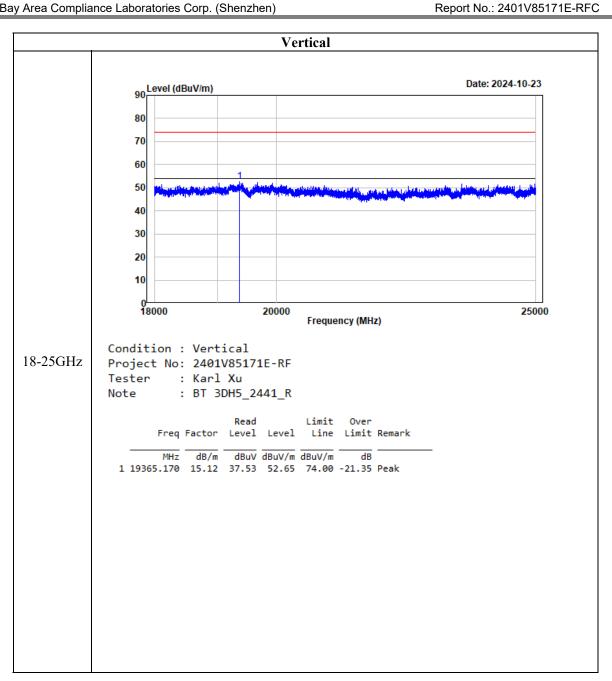




Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

Note: Spectrum analyzer setting: RBW=1 MHz, VBW=5 kHz





FCC §15.247(a) (1) & RSS-247 § 5.1 (b) - CHANNEL SEPARATION TEST

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(a) (1):

Frequency hopping systems shall have hoping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

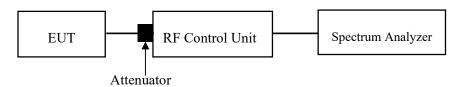
According to RSS-247 § 5.1 (b):

Frequency hopping systems (FHSs) shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the -20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, FHSs operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two thirds of the -20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided that the systems operate with an output power no greater than 0.125 W. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

Test Procedure

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 7.8.2

- 1. Set the EUT in transmitting mode, max hold the channel.
- 2. Set the adjacent channel of the EUT and max hold another trace.
- 3. Measure the channel separation.



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	26 °C
Relative Humidity:	55 %
ATM Pressure:	101 kPa

The testing was performed by Navilite Cai on 2024-10-31.

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

FCC §15.247(a) (1) & RSS-247 § 5.1 (a), RSS-GEN § 6.7 - 20 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH & 99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(a) (1):

Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

According to RSS-247 § 5.1 (a), RSS-GEN § 6.7:

The occupied bandwidth or the "99% emission bandwidth" is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs. In some cases, the "x dB bandwidth" is required, which is defined as the frequency range between two points, one at the lowest frequency below and one at the highest frequency above the carrier frequency, at which the maximum power level of the transmitted emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum inband power level of the modulated signal, where the two points are on the outskirts of the in-band emission.

The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and x dB bandwidth:

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.
- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to "Sample". However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or "Max Hold") may be necessary to determine the occupied / x dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).

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Test Procedure

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 7.8.7 & Clause 6.9.2& RSS-Gen § 6.7

The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and 20 dB bandwidth:

a. The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer shall be between two times and five times the OBW.

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

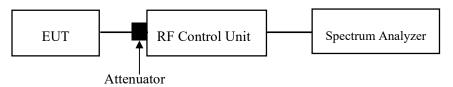
- b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately three times RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level.
- d) Steps a) through c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances.
- e) The dynamic range of the instrument at the selected RBW shall be more than 10 dB below the target "-xx dB down" requirement; that is, if the requirement calls for measuring the -20 dB OBW, the instrument noise floor at the selected RBW shall be at least 30 dB below the reference value.
- f) Set detection mode to peak and trace mode to max hold.
- g) Determine the reference value: Set the EUT to transmit an un-modulated carrier or modulated signal, as applicable. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace (this is the reference value).
- h) Determine the "-xx dB down amplitude" using [(reference value) -xx]. Alternatively, this calculation may be made by using the marker-delta function of the instrument.
- i) If the reference value is determined by an un-modulated carrier, then turn the EUT modulation on, and either clear the existing trace or start a new trace on the spectrum analyzer and allow the new trace to stabilize. Otherwise, the trace from step g) shall be used for step j).
- j) Place two markers, one at the lowest frequency and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the "- xx" dB down amplitude" determined in step h). If a marker is below this "-xx dB down amplitude" value, then it shall be as close as possible to this value. The occupied bandwidth is the frequency difference between the two markers. Alternatively, set a marker at the lowest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that the marker is at or slightly below the "- xx dB down amplitude" determined in step h). Reset the marker-delta function and move the marker to the other side of the emission until the delta marker amplitude is at the same level as the reference marker amplitude. The marker-delta frequency reading at this point is the specified emission bandwidth.
- k) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data maybe reported in addition to the plot(s).

The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. Procedure as below

a. The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW.

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

- b. The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW (for RSS rules, VBW shall not be smaller than three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement).
- c. Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level.
- d. Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range.
- e. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- f. Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.
- g. If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.
- n. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data maybe reported in addition to the plot(s).



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	26 ℃
Relative Humidity:	55 %
ATM Pressure:	101 kPa

The testing was performed by Navilite Cai on 2024-10-31.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii) & RSS-247 § 5.1 (d) - QUANTITY OF HOPPING CHANNEL TEST

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii):

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

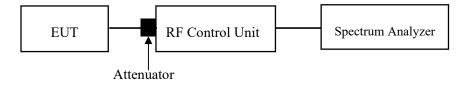
According to RSS-247 § 5.1 (d):

Frequency hopping systems (FHSS) operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz shall use at least 15 hopping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds, multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Transmissions on particular hopping frequencies may be avoided or suppressed provided that at least 15 hopping channels are used.

Test Procedure

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 7.8.3

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Set the EUT in hopping mode from first channel to last.
- 3. By using the max-hold function record the quantity of the channel.



Note: Limit=Maximum 20 dB bandwidth*2/3

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Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	26 °C
Relative Humidity:	55 %
ATM Pressure:	101 kPa

The testing was performed by Navilite Cai on 2024-10-31.

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii) & RSS-247 § 5.1 (d) - TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii):

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

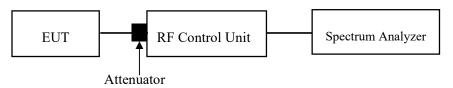
According to RSS-247 § 5.1 (d):

Frequency hopping systems (FHSs) operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz shall use at least 15 hopping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds, multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Transmissions on particular hopping frequencies may be avoided or suppressed provided that at least 15 hopping channels are used.

Test Procedure

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 7.8.4

- 1. The EUT was worked in channel hopping.
- 2. Set the RBW to: 1MHz.
- 3. Set the VBW \geq 3×RBW.
- 4. Set the span to 0Hz.
- 5. Detector = peak.
- 6. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7. Trace mode = max hold.
- 8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9. Recorded the time of single pulses



Note 1: A period time=0.4*79=31.6(S), Result=Burst Width*Total hops

Note 2: Total hops=Hopping Number in 3.16s*10

Note 3: Hopping Number in 3.16s=Total of highest signals in 3.16s(Second high signals were other channel)

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	26 °C
Relative Humidity:	55 %
ATM Pressure:	101 kPa

The testing was performed by Navilite Cai on 2024-10-31.

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

FCC §15.247(b) (1) & RSS-247§ 5.1(b) &§ 5.4(b) - PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(b) (1):

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. And for all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

According to RSS-247§ 5.1(b) &§ 5.4(b):

For frequency hopping systems (FHSs) operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1.0 W if the hopset uses 75 or more hopping channels; the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.125 W if the hopset uses less than 75 hopping channels. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W (see Section 5.4(e) for exceptions).

Frequency hopping systems (FHSs) shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the -20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, FHSs operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two thirds of the -20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided that the systems operate with an output power no greater than 0.125 W.

Test Procedure

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 7.8.5

- 1. Place the EUT on a bench and set in transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to one test equipment.
- 3. Add a correction factor to the display.



Note: A short RF cable with low cable loss connected to the EUT antenna port, which was provided by client or lab, the cable loss was add with offset into test equipment, the total offset consists of attenuator and/or RF cable loss

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Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	26 °C
Relative Humidity:	55 %
ATM Pressure:	101 kPa

The testing was performed by Navilite Cai on 2024-10-31.

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

FCC §15.247(d) & RSS-247 § 5.5 - BAND EDGES TESTING

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(d).

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

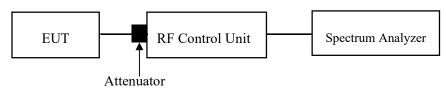
According to RSS-247 § 5.5.

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(e), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

Test Procedure

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 7.8.6 & Clause 6.10

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
- 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.



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Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	26 °C
Relative Humidity:	55 %
ATM Pressure:	101 kPa

The testing was performed by Navilite Cai on 2024-10-31.

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen)	Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS	
Please refer to the attachment 2401V85171E-RFA External pho	oto and 2401V85171E-RFA Internal photo

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen)	Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC
TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS	
	1
Please refer to the attachment 2401V85171E-RFE Test Setup p	photo.

APPENDIX

Appendix A: 20dB Emission Bandwidth

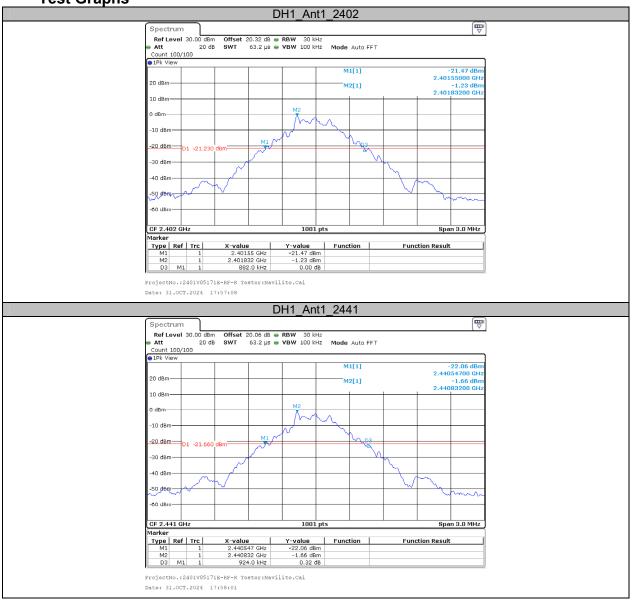
Test Result

Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	20db EBW[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
		2402	0.882		
DH1	Ant1	2441	0.924		
		2480	0.888		
		2402	1.254		
2DH1	Ant1	2441	1.254		
		2480	1.257		
3DH1	Ant1	2402	1.227		
		2441	1.254		
		2480	1.251		

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Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

Test Graphs



Span 3.0 MHz

Function Result

1001 pts

Y-value -21.54 dBm -1.20 dBm 0.29 dB

X-value 2.401367 GHz 2.401832 GHz 1.254 MHz

Span 3.0 MHz

Function Result

1001 pts

Function

Y-value -22.15 dBm -1.79 dBm 0.16 dB

X-value 2.47937 GHz 2.479832 GHz 1.257 MHz

X-value 2.440373 GHz 2.440997 GHz 1.254 MHz

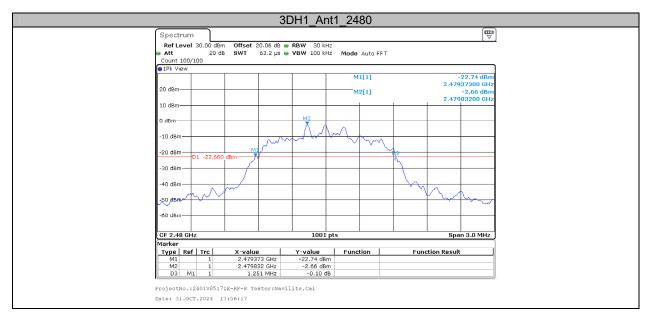
ProjectNo.:2401V85171E-RF-R Tester:Navilite.Cai

Y-value -22.51 dBm -2.46 dBm -0.45 dB

Function

Function Result





Appendix B: Occupied Channel Bandwidth

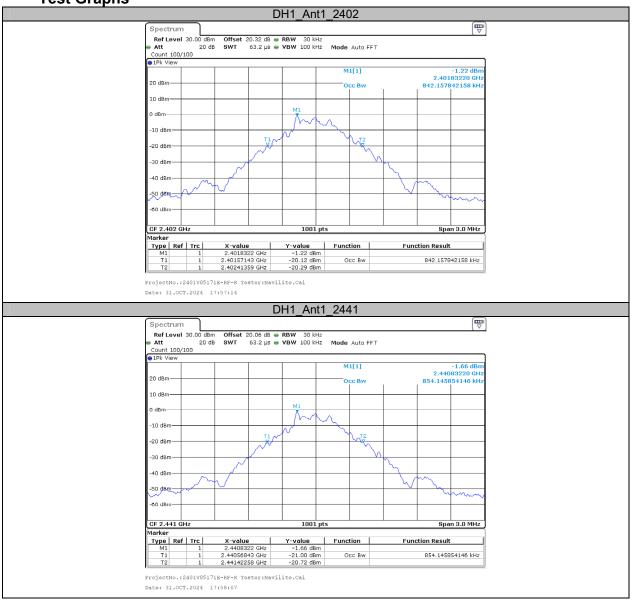
Test Result

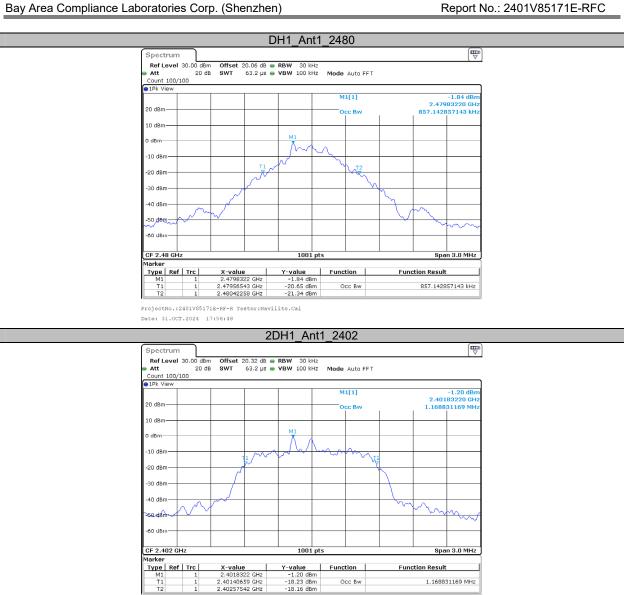
Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	OCB [MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict	
		2402	0.842			
DH1	Ant1	2441	0.854			
		2480	0.857			
	2DH1 Ant1	2402	1.169			
2DH1		2441	1.172			
		2480	1.172			
		240	2402	1.151		
3DH1 Ant1	Ant1	2441	1.154			
		2480	1.157			

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Test Graphs





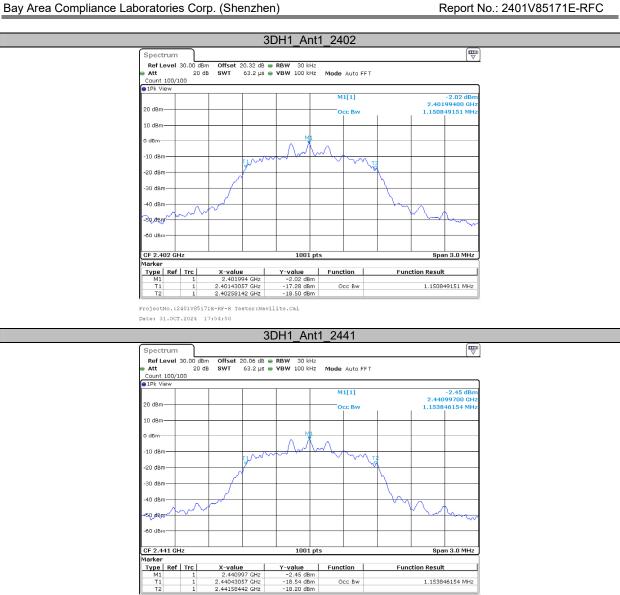
1.168831169 MHz

Function

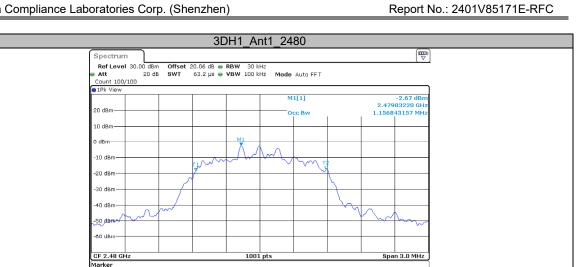
Function Result

1.171828172 MHz

Type Ref Trc



1.153846154 MHz



1.156843157 MHz

X-value 2.4798322 GHz 2.47943057 GHz 2.48058741 GHz

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Date: 31.0CT.2024 17:56:23

Y-value -2.67 dBm -18.64 dBm -17.61 dBm

Appendix C: Maximum conducted Peak output power

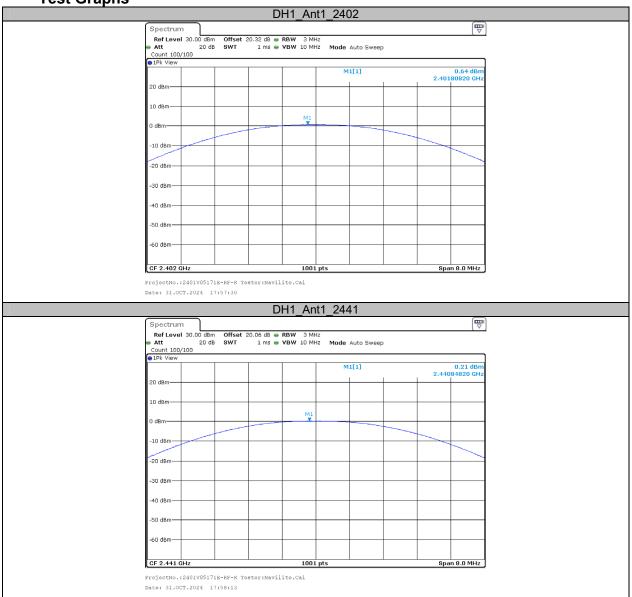
Test Result

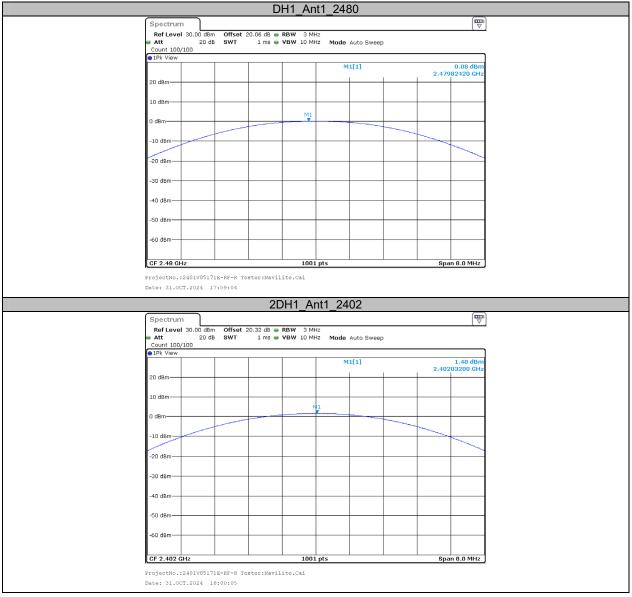
Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	Result[dBm]	Limit[dBm]	EIRP[dBm]	EIRP Limit[dBm]	Verdict
		2402	0.64	≤21	2.59	≤36	PASS
DH1	Ant1	2441	0.21	≤21	2.16	≤36	PASS
		2480	0.08	≤21	2.03	≤36	PASS
2DH1 Ant1		2402	1.48	≤21	3.43	≤36	PASS
	Ant1	2441	1.00	≤21	2.95	≤36	PASS
		2480	0.81	≤21	2.76	≤36	PASS
3DH1 Ant1	DH1 Ant1 2402	2402	1.99	≤21	3.94	≤36	PASS
		2441	1.54	≤21	3.49	≤36	PASS
		2480	1.35	≤21	3.30	≤36	PASS

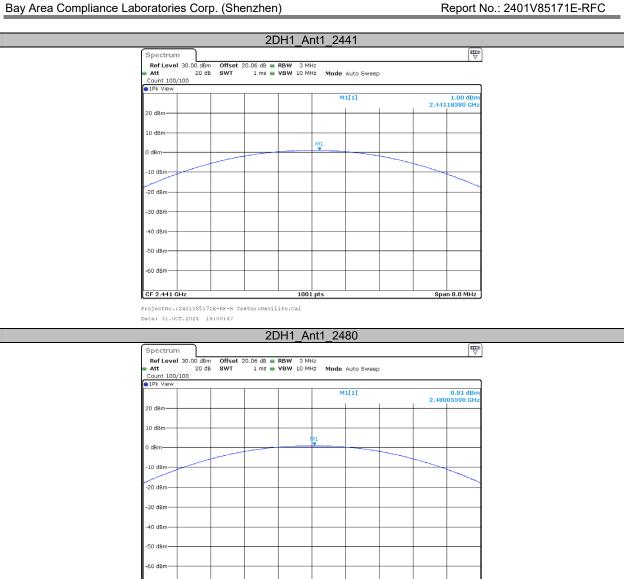
Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

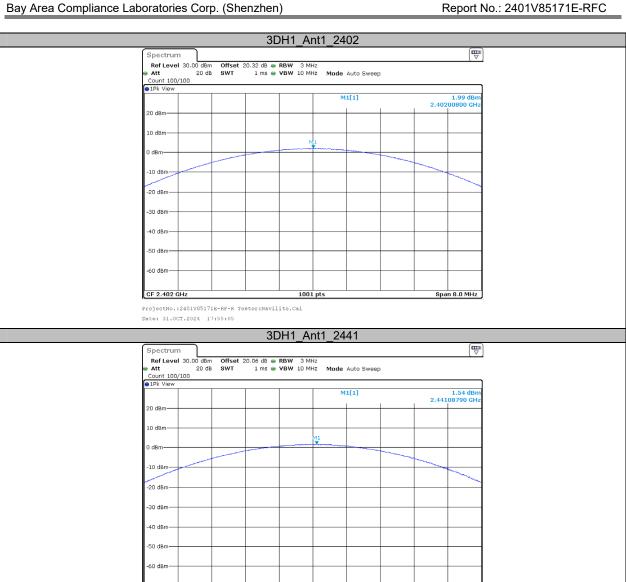
Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

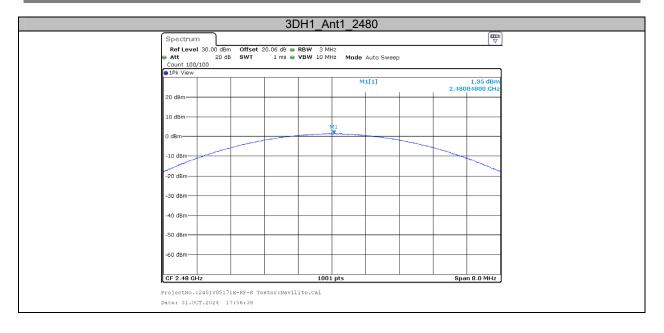












Appendix D: Carrier frequency separation

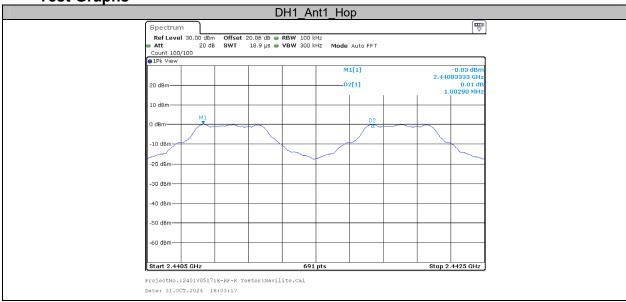
Test Result

Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	Result[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	Нор	1.003	≥0.838	PASS

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Note: Only the BDR (GFSK) mode result is reported since EDR ($\pi/4$ -DQPSK) and EDR (8DPSK) modes have the exact same channel plan, and the limit is the maximum 20dB bandwidth *2/3

Test Graphs



Appendix E: Time of occupancy

Test Result

Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	Burst Width [ms]	Total Hops [Num]	Result[s]	Limit[s]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	Нор	0.380	330	0.125	≤0.4	PASS
DH3	Ant1	Нор	1.628	170	0.277	≤0.4	PASS
DH5	Ant1	Нор	2.869	110	0.316	≤0.4	PASS
2DH1	Ant1	Нор	0.388	320	0.124	≤0.4	PASS
2DH3	Ant1	Нор	1.633	160	0.261	≤0.4	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Нор	2.873	130	0.373	≤0.4	PASS
3DH1	Ant1	Нор	0.389	320	0.124	≤0.4	PASS
3DH3	Ant1	Нор	1.631	160	0.261	≤0.4	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Нор	2.874	110	0.316	≤0.4	PASS

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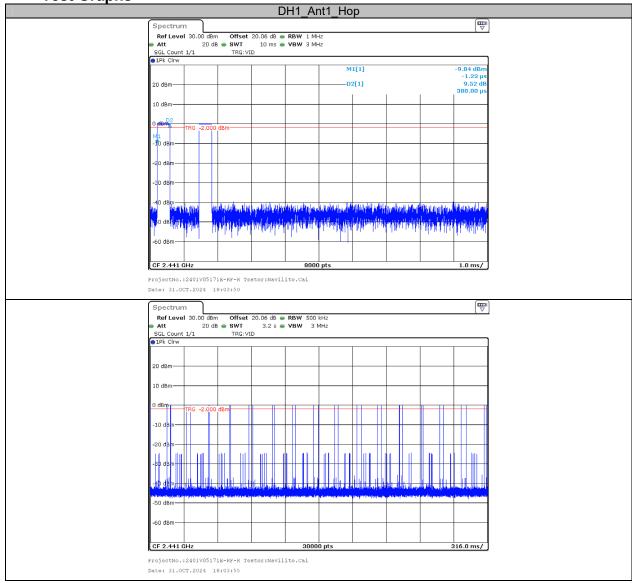
Note 1: A period time=0.4*79=31.6(S), Result=Burst Width*Total hops

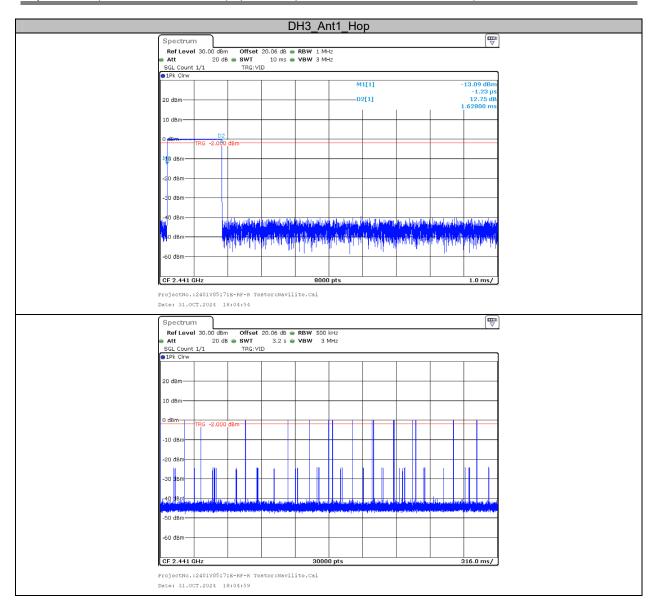
Note 2: Total hops=Hopping Number in 3.16s*10

Note 3: Hopping Number in 3.16s=Total of highest signals in 3.16s(Second high signals were other channel)

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC





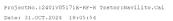


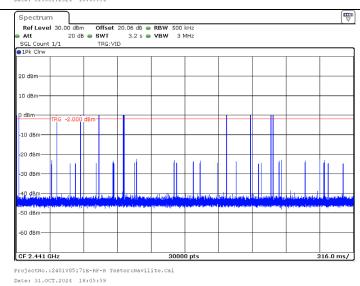
20 dBm

dBm

-60 dBm CF 2.441 GHz

1.0 ms/

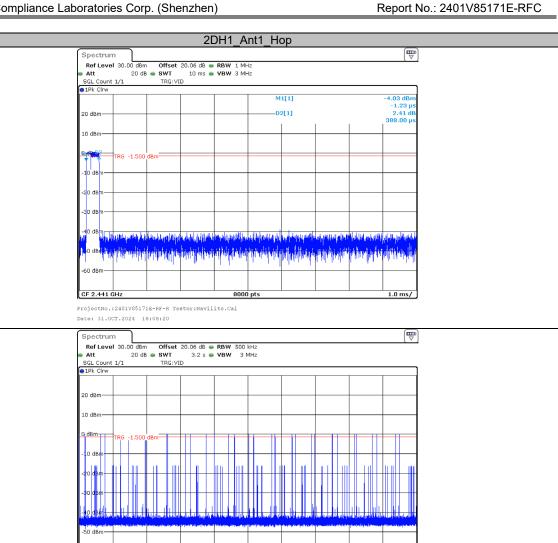




8000 pts

DH5_Ant1_Hop

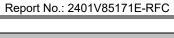
M1[1] D2[1]

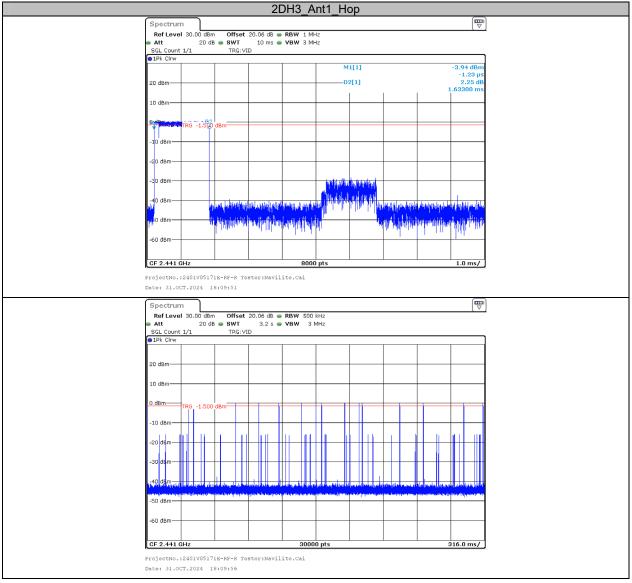


30000 pts

ProjectNo.:2401V85171E-RF-R Tester:Navilite.Cai

Date: 31.0CT.2024 18:08:25

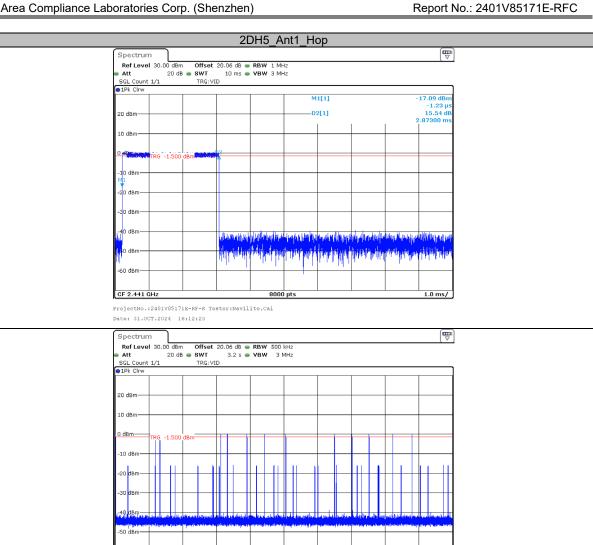




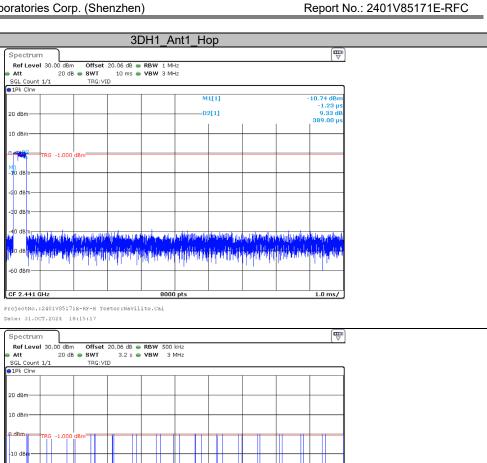
-60 dBm

ProjectNo.:2401V85171E-RF-R Tester:Navilite.Cai

Date: 31.0CT.2024 18:12:28



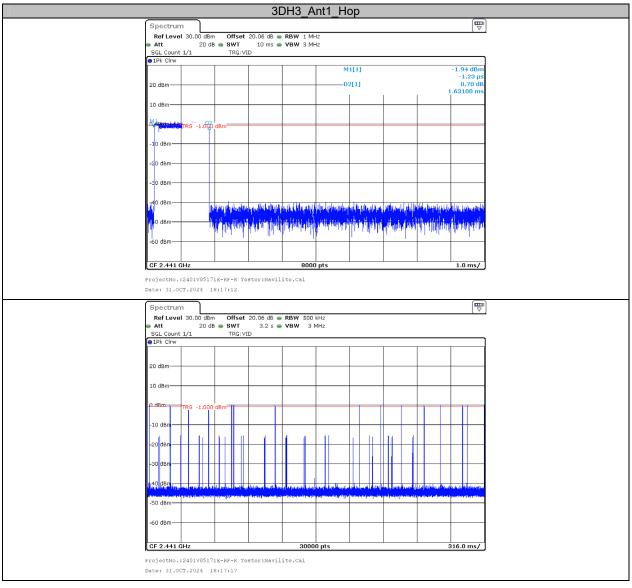
30000 pts



30000 pts

ProjectNo.:2401V85171E-RF-R Tester:Navilite.Cai

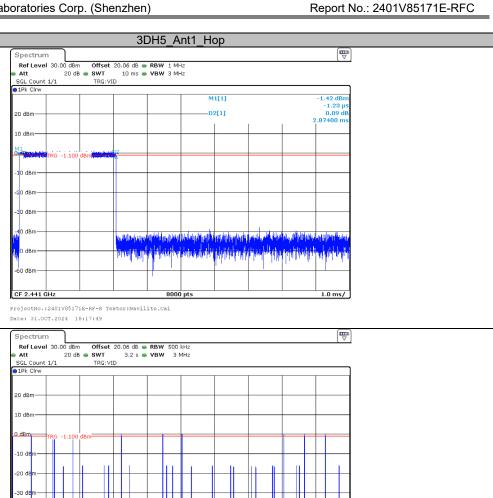
Date: 31.0CT.2024 18:15:22



-60 dBm

ProjectNo.:2401V85171E-RF-R Tester:Navilite.Cai

Date: 31.0CT.2024 18:17:54



30000 pts

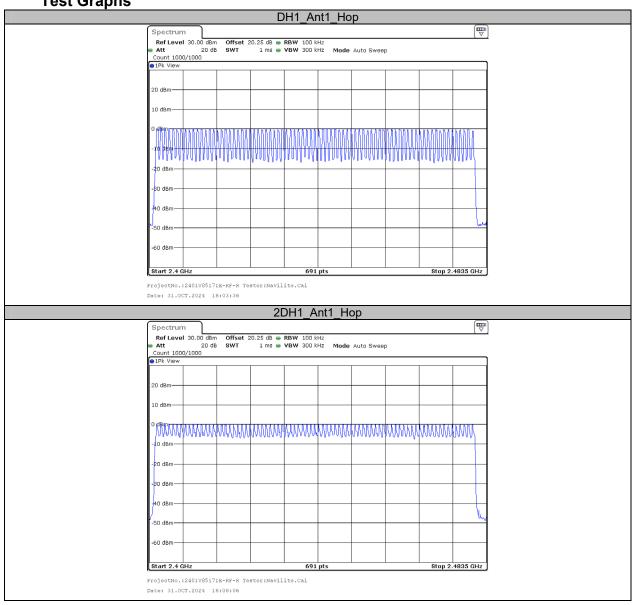
Appendix F: Number of hopping channels

Test Result

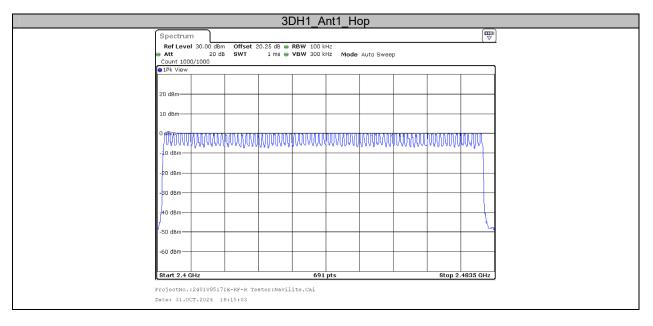
Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	Result[Num]	Limit[Num]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	Нор	79	≥15	PASS
2DH1	Ant1	Нор	79	≥15	PASS
3DH1	Ant1	Нор	79	≥15	PASS

Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

Test Graphs

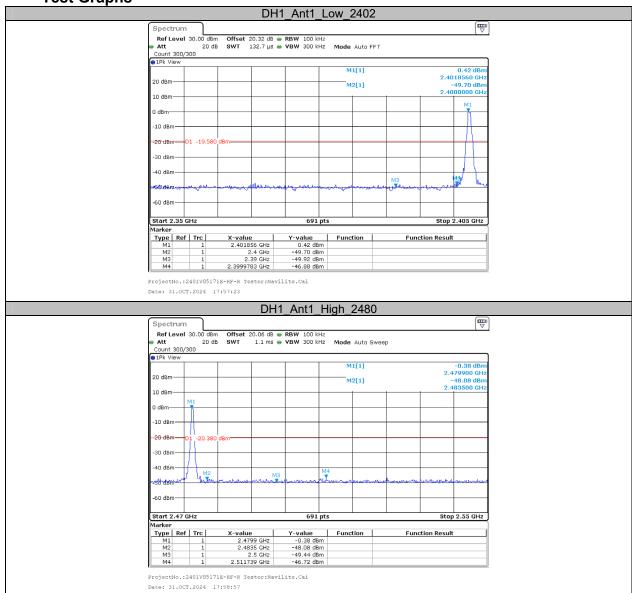




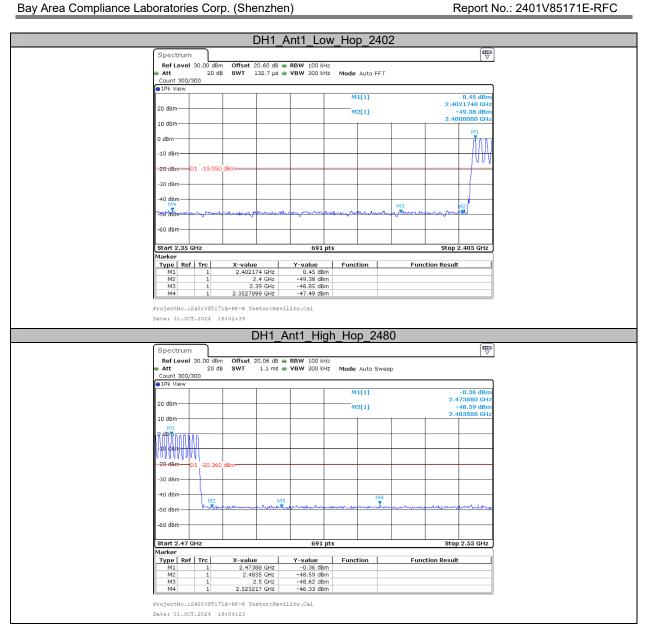


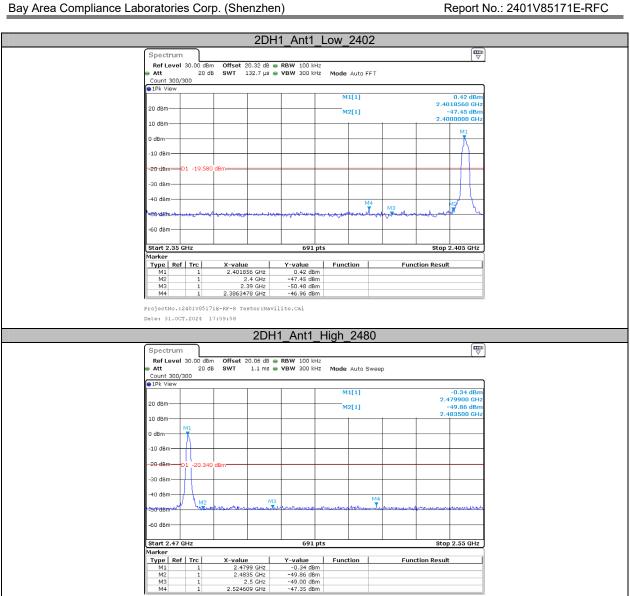
Appendix G: Band edge measurements

Test Graphs

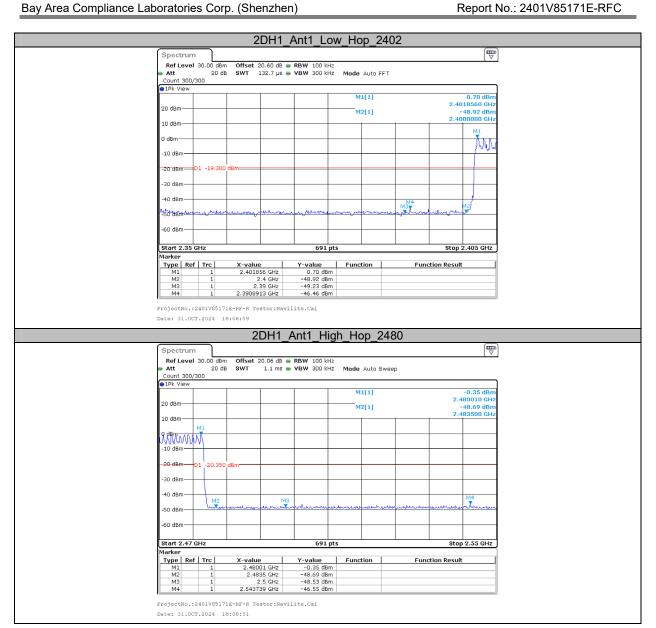


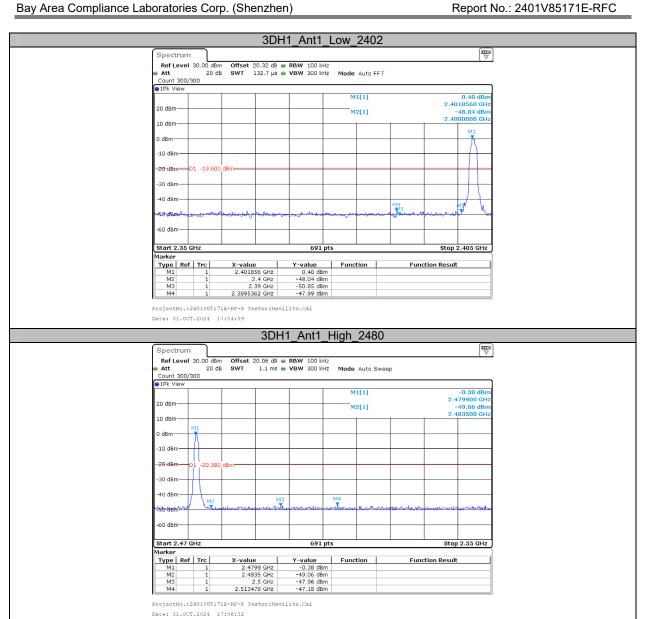
Report No.: 2401V85171E-RFC

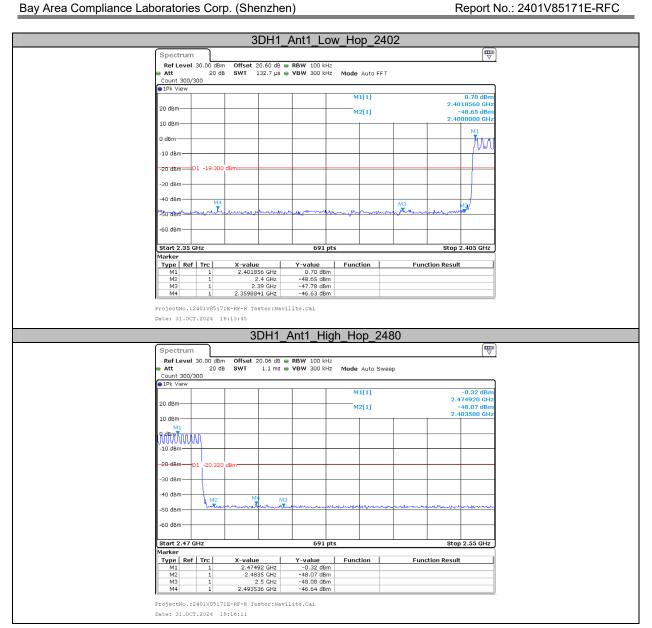




ProjectNo.:2401V85171E-RF-R Tester:Navilite.Cai







***** END OF REPORT *****