ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992

in accordance with the requirements of FCC Report and Order: ET Docket 93-62



Report No: T140728W05-SF

FCC TEST REPORT

For

Notebook Computer

Trade Name: TOSHIBA

Model:

Satellite CL1*******; Satellite L1*******

Satellite Radius 11 CL1******; Satellite Radius 11 L1******

(* means 0-9; a-z; A-Z; /; -; or blank)

Issued to

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Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Effect Page	Revised By
00	2014/08/08	Initial Issue	ALL	Peter Chen
01	2014/9/19	1.Change page 23 distance to the main antenna of Edge4 Form and AUX antenna 2.Change page 28 The 5G remove tissue fluid formulations 3. Change page 35 MAX SAR to 0.362	23,28,35	Peter Chen
02	2014/9/30	1.Change page 22.23 antenna distance	22.23	Peter Chen

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1 Certificate of Compliance (SAR Evaluation)

Applicant Pegatron Corporation

5F, NO. 76, LIGONG ST., BEITOU DISTRICT, TAIPEI CITY 112,

TAIWAN (R.O.C.)

Equipment Under Test: Notebook Computer

Trade Name: TOSHIBA

Model Number: Satellite CL1*******; Satellite L1*******

Satellite Radius 11 CL1*******; Satellite Radius 11 L1*******

(* means 0-9; a-z; A-Z; /; -; or blank)

Date of Test: August 01, 2014

Device Category: PORTABLE DEVICES

Exposure Category: GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE

	Applicable Standards										
FCC	 IEEE 1528 2013 KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03 KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02 KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r01 KDB 248227 D01 SAR measurement for 802 11 a b g v01r02 										
	Limit										
	1.6 W/kg										
	Test Result										
	Pass										

The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Approved by:

Tested by:

Alex Wu

Section Manager

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Peter Chen

SAR Engineer

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

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2 Description of Equipment Under Test

Product	Notebook Co	mputer							
Trade Name	TOSHIBA								
	Satellite CL1	********; Sate	ellite L1*****	***					
Model Number	Satellite Rad	ius 11 CL1****	*****; Satellite	Radius 11 L1*******					
	(* means 0-9); a-z; A-Z; /; - ; (or blank)						
RF Module	Realtek		Model	RTL8723BE					
Transmitters	Wi-Fi & Blue	tooth							
	Bluetooth:	or 2Mbps;8DPSK for 3Mbps							
Madulation Tachnique	802.11b:	Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum(DSSS)							
Modulation Technique	802.11g:	Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM)							
	802.11n:	Orthogonal Fre	quency Division	n Multiplexing (OFDM)					
		Brand name	Yageo Corporation						
	WLAN Ant 1	Doute Niveshor	1415-041L000/ ANTA0TP09161WLAN1						
		Parts Number	1415-041P000/ ANTA0TP09161WLAN						
Antonno Consification		Туре	PIFA						
Antenna Specification		Brand name	ACON						
	\A/I ANI A+ 3	Doube Neverleen	Tx1 Antenna:A	PP6Y-700149					
	WLAN Ant 2	Parts Number	Tx/ Rx2 Anteni	na: APP6Y-700150					
		Туре	PIFA						
	Brand :LG								
Dattami	Part Numbe	r: PA5209U-1B	RS						
Battery	Cell Capacity	: 3720mAh							
	Cell Configur	ation: 1P2S							

Remark: The sample selected for test was prototype that approximated to production product and was provided by manufacturer

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3 Requirements for Compliance Testing Defined

3.1 Requirements for Compliance Testing Defined by the FCC

The US Federal Communications Commission has released the report and order "Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of RF Radiation", ET Docket No. 93-62 in August 1996 [1]. The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 W/kg for an uncontrolled environment and 8.0 mW/g for an occupational/controlled environment as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6].

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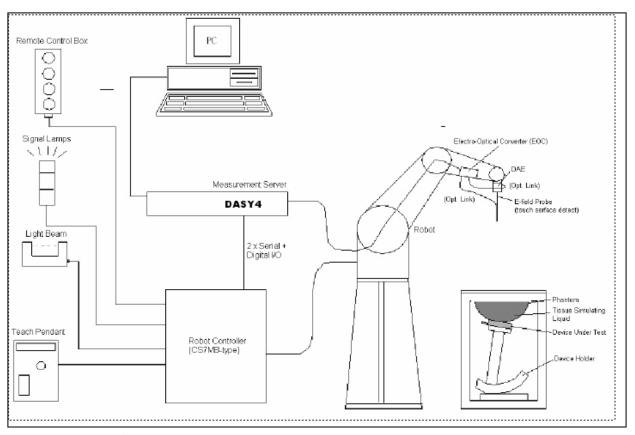
4 Dosimetric Assessment System

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY4/DAST5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9 m) which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4-SN: 3554 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure with accuracy of better than ±10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure and found to be better than ±0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Twin Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEEE 1528 2003.

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4.1 Measurement System Diagram



The DASY4/DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (St"aubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is
 battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the
 EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4/DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing validating the proper functioning of the system.

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4.2 System Components

DASY4/DASY5 Measurement Server



The DASY4/DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 166MHz low-power Pentium, 32MB chip disk and 64MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with either the DAE3 electronic box as well as the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY4/DASY5 I/O-board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

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The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.



The PC-operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with two expansion slots which are reserved for future applications. Please note that the expansion slots do not have a standardized pinout and therefore only the expansion cards provided by SPEAG can be inserted. Expansion cards from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server. Calibration: No calibration required.

Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE4 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



EX3DV4 Isotropic E-Field Probe for Dosimetric Measurements

Construction: Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration: Basic Broad Band Calibration in air: 10-3000 MHz.

Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1800

 $\label{lem:cf-calibration} \textbf{CF-Calibration for other liquids and frequencies upon request.}$

Frequency: 10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity: \pm 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.5 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range: $10 \mu W/g \text{ to} > 100 \text{ mW/g}$; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$

(noise: typically $< 1 \mu W/g$)



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Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm

Application: High precision dosimetric measurements in any

exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision

of better 30%.



Interior of probe

SAM Phantom (V4.0)

Construction: The shell corresponds to the specifications of the

Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-2003, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually

teaching three points with the robot.

Shell Thickness: 2 ±0.2 mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: Height: 810mm; Length: 1000mm; Width: 500mm



Construction: Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and

body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209 Part II and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is supported by software version DASY4/DASY5 and higher and is compatible with all SPEAG

dosimetric probes and dipoles

Shell Thickness: $2.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm (sagging: } <1\%)$

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: Major ellipse axis: 600 mm

Minor axis: 400 mm 500mm





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Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

Construction: In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0 or Twin SAM, the

Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom

locations (left head, right head, and flat phantom).



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System Validation Kits for SAM Phantom (V4.0)

Construction: Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun Enables measurement

of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions

Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor.

Frequency: 2450 MHz

Return loss: > 20 dB at specified validation position **Power capability:** > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

Dimensions: D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm



System Validation Kits for ELI4 phantom

Construction: Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun Enables measurement

of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions

Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor.

Frequency: 2450 MHz

Return loss: > 20 dB at specified validation position **Power capability:** > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

Dimensions: D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm



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5 Evaluation Procedures

Data Evaluation

Device parameters:

The DASY4/DASY5 post processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Norm_i, a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2}

- Conversion factor $ConvF_i$ - Diode compression point dcp_i - Frequency f- Crest factor cf

 $\mbox{Media parameters:} \qquad \mbox{- Conductivity} \qquad \mbox{σ}$

- Density ho

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$\boldsymbol{V}_{i} = \boldsymbol{U}_{i} + \boldsymbol{U}_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_{i}}$$

with V_i = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = Crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp_i = Diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-field probes:

$$H_i = \sqrt{Vi} \cdot \frac{a_{i10} + a_{i11}f + a_{i12}f^2}{f}$$

with V_i = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $Norm_i$ = Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E0field Probes

ConvF = Sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = Carrier frequency (GHz)

Ei = Electric field strength of channel i in V/m

Hi = Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

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The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in W/kg

 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{377}$$
 or $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$

with P_{pwe} = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

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6 SAR Measurement Procedures

6.1 Normal SAR Test Procedure

• Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

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Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4/DASY5 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, the grid resolution has to less than 15 mm by 15 mm at frequency ≤2GHz; the grid resolution has to less than 12mm by 12 mm at frequency between 2GHz to 4GHz; grid resolution has to less than 10 mm by 10 mm at frequency between 4GHz to 6GHz.

According to KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz				
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm				
Maximum probe abgle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°				
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δxzoom, Δyzoom	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm				
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.					

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Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures points in accordance with the frequency can be divided into three parts. (1)The zoom scan volume was set to 5x5x7 points at frequency $\leq 2GHz$. (2) The zoom scan volume was set to 7x7x7 points at frequency between 2GHz to 4GHz (3) The zoom scan volume was set to 7x7x12 points at frequency between 4GHz to 6GHz. The measures points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more then one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly.

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According to KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz			
Maximum zoom scan spatial	resolution:	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm				
	Unifor	rm grid: Δzzoom(n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm			
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δzzoom(1):between 1st two points losest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm			
	grid	Δzzoom(n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·Δ	zzoom(n-1)			
Maximum zoom scan volume	х, у, z	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm				

• Power Drift Measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have DASY4/DASY5 software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

• Z-Scan

The Z Scan job measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. A user can anchor the grid to the current probe location. As with any other grids, the local Z-axis of the anchor location establishes the Z-axis of the grid.

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7 Device Under Test

7.1 Band Interface

Tx Frequency Bands	•	802.11 b/g/n: 2412 - 2462 MHz
Mode	•	802.11 b/g/n HT20/HT40

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7.2 Simultaneous Transmission

N	lo.	Conditions	Body SAR	Hotspot
	1	WiFi 2.4GHz + Bluetooth	$\overline{\checkmark}$	X

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular}$: The Product can simultaneously transmit

☒: The Product can't simultaneously transmit

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8 Summary of SAR Test Exclusion Configurations

8.1 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Calculations

Since the Dedicated Host Approach is applied, the standalone SAR test exclusion procedure in KDB 447498 section 4.3.1 is applied in conjunction with KDB 616217 section 4.3 to determine the minimum test separation distance:

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- 1. According to KDB 447498 Section 4.1 5) if the antenna is at close proximity to user then the outer surface of the DUT should be treated as the radiating surface. The test separation distance is then determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user. For the purposes of this report close proximity has been defined as closer than 50 mm. For antennas <50 mm from the rear or edge the separation distance used for the estimated SAR calculations is 0 mm.
- 2. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5mm, a distance of 5mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 3. When the separation distance from the antenna to an adjacent edge is > 5 mm, the actual antenna-to-edge separation distance is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 4. If the antenna to DUT adjacent edge or bottom separation distance >50mm the actual antenna to user separation distance is used to determine SAR exclusion and estimated SAR value.

Refer to Appendix for the specific details on the antenna-to-antenna and antenna-to-edge distances used for test exclusion calculations.

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8.1.1 SAR Exclusion Calculations for Wi-Fi Antenna < 50mm from the User

According to KDB 447498 v05 r02 in section 4.3.1, if the calculated threshold value is > 3 then SAR testing is required.

NB Mode

Antenna	Band	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power			Sepai	ation Di	stances(mm)		Calculated Threshold Value					
Antenna				dBm	mW	Bottom	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Front	Bottom	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Front
Wi-Fi Main	2.4GHz	802.11b	2437	18	63	195						>50mm					N/A
Wi-Fi Main	2.4GHz	802.11g	2437	17	50	195						>50mm					N/A
Wi-Fi Main	2.4GHz	802.11n HT20	2437	17	50	195						>50mm					N/A
Wi-Fi Main	2.4GHz	802.11n HT40	2437	17	50	195						>50mm					N/A
Wi-Fi Aux	Bluetooth	Bluetooth	2480	9	8	195						>50mm					N/A

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Tablet Mode

TUDICETT	ablet Mode																	
Antenna	Band	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power			Sepa	ration D	istances	(mm)		Calculated Threshold Value						
Antenna				dBm	mW	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Front	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Front	
Wi-Fi Main	2.4GHz	802.11b	2437	18	63	4	3	43	186	217		19.7	19.7	5.6	>50mm	>50mm	N/A	
Wi-Fi Main	2.4GHz	802.11g	2437	17	50	4	3	43	186	217		15.6	15.6	5.3	>50mm	>50mm	N/A	
Wi-Fi Main	2.4GHz	802.11n HT20	2437	17	50	4	3	43	186	217		15.6	15.6	5.3	>50mm	>50mm	N/A	
Wi-Fi Main	2.4GHz	802.11n HT40	2437	17	50	4	3	43	186	217		15.6	15.6	5.3	>50mm	>50mm	N/A	
Wi-Fi Aux	Bluetooth	Bluetooth	2480	9	8	4	3	216	186	3		2.5	2.5	2.8	>50mm	2.5	N/A	

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8.1.2 SAR Exclusion Calculations for Wi-Fi Antenna > 50mm from the User

According to KDB 447498 v05 r02, if the calculated Power threshold is less than the output power then SAR testing is required.

NB Mode

Antenna	Band	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power			Separ	ation Di	stances(mm)		Calculated Threshold Value						
Antenna				dBm	mW	Bottom	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Front	Bottom	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Front	
Wi-Fi Main	2.4GHz	802.11b	2437	18	63	195						1451.6					N/A	
Wi-Fi Main	2.4GHz	802.11g	2437	17	50	195						1451.4					N/A	
Wi-Fi Main	2.4GHz	802.11n HT20	2437	17	50	195						1451.4					N/A	
Wi-Fi Main	2.4GHz	802.11n HT40	2437	17	50	195						1451.4					N/A	
Wi-Fi Aux	Bluetooth	Bluetooth	2480	9	8	195						1451.1					N/A	

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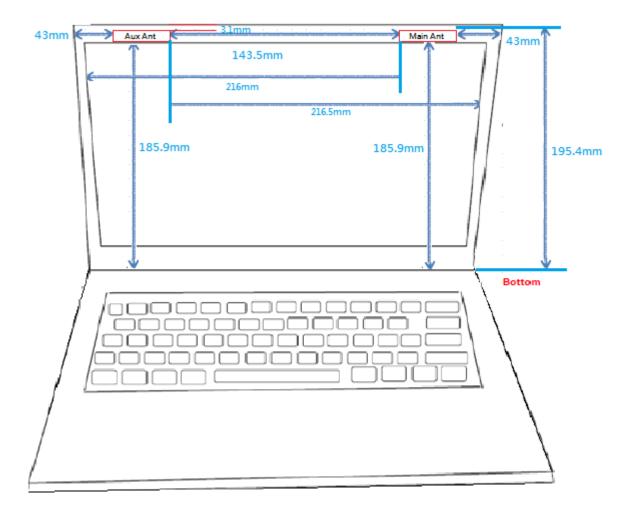
Tablet Mode

	able mae																
Antenna	Band	Mode	Frequency Output Power			Separation Distances(mm)					Calculated Threshold Value						
Antenna	Ballu	ivioue	(MHz)	dBm	mW	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Front	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Front
Wi-Fi Main	2.4GHz	802.11b	2437	18	63	4	3	43	186	217		<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1360.6	1666.6	N/A
Wi-Fi Main	2.4GHz	802.11g	2437	17	50	4	3	43	186	217		<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1360.4	1666.4	N/A
Wi-Fi Main	2.4GHz	802.11n HT20	2437	17	50	4	3	43	186	217		<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1360.4	1666.4	N/A
Wi-Fi Main	2.4GHz	802.11n HT40	2437	17	50	4	3	43	186	217		<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1360.4	1666.4	N/A
Wi-Fi Aux	Bluetooth	Bluetooth	2480	9	8	4	3	216	186	3		<50mm	<50mm	1661.1	1360.1	<50mm	N/A

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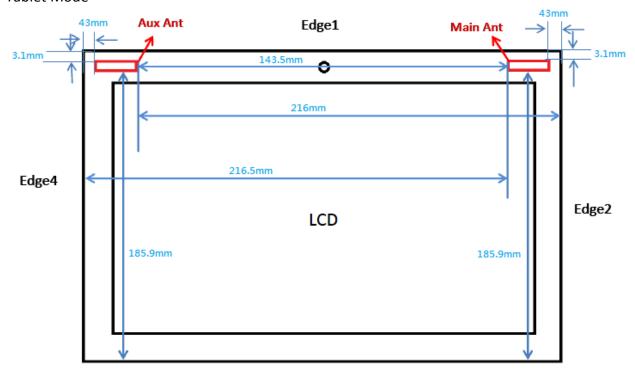
8.2 Required Test Configuration

NB Mode

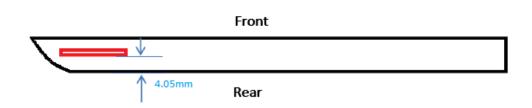


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Tablet Mode



Edge3



Separation Distance (mm)	Wi-Fi Antenna (Main)	Wi-Fi Antenna (Aux)
Top-Edge (Edge1)	3.1	31
Right-Edge (Edge2)	43	216
Bottom-Edge (Edge3)	185.9	185.9
Left-Edge (Edge4)	216.5	43
Rear Surface	4.05	4.05

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8.2.1 For WiFi and Bluetooth

NB Mode

Test Configurations	Bottom	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4
802.11b	No	No	No	No	No
802.11 g	No	No	No	No	No
802.11n HT20	No	No	No	No	No
802.11n HT40	No	No	No	No	No
Bluetooth	No	No	No	No	No

Tablet Mode

Test Configurations	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4
802.11b	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
802.11 g	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
802.11n HT20	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
802.11n HT40	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Bluetooth	No	No	No	No	No

Yes = SAR is required.

No = SAR is not required

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9 Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty for 300 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 1 gram

Uncertainty Component	Uncertainty	Prob.	Div.	^C i (1g)	Std. Unc.(1-g)	^V i or Veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration (k=1)	5.90	Normal	1	1	5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.70	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	8
Hemisphericallsotropy	9.60	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0.0	∞
Boundary Effect	1.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞
Linearity	4.70	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
System Detection Limit	1.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	0.3	8
Response Time	0.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.0	∞
Integration Time	0.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.0	∞
RFAmbientNoise	3.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.40	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning	2.90	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	1.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞
Diople						
DipoleAxistoLiquidDistance	2.00	Normal	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.2	∞
InputpowerandSARdriftmeas.	4.70	Normal	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters						
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	5.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	1.8	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	1.46	Normal	1	0.64	0.9	∞
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	5.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.7	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	2.86	Normal	1	0.6	1.7	∞
Temp. Unc Conductivity	1.70	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.77	∞
Temp. Unc Permittivity	0.30	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.04	∞
CombinedStdandardUncertainty					9.18	611
CoverageFactorfor95%		kp=2			18.3	7%
Expanded Uncertainty		k=2			1.46	dB

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10 Exposure Limit

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body Partial-Body Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles

0.4 8.0 2.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body Partial-Body Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles

0.08 1.6 4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any

1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. **SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles** is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the

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shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT 1.6 W/kg

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11 Tissue Dielectric Properties

11.1 Test Liquid Confirmation

Simulating Liquids Parameter Check

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values

The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within \pm 5% of the values given in the table below 5% may not be easily achieved at certain frequencies.

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in IEEE 1528 2003 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE 1528 2003 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE 1528 2003

Target Frequency	Не	ad	Во	ody
(MHz)	ε _r	σ(S/m)	ε _r	σ(S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5000	36.2	4.45	49.3	5.07
5100	36.1	4.55	49.1	5.18
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30
5300	35.9	4.76	48.9	5.42
5400	35.8	4.86	48.7	5.53
5500	35.6	4.96	48.6	5.65
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77
5700	35.4	5.17	48.3	5.88
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

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11.2 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Liquid Tissue Phantoms

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

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Ingredients					Frequen	cy (MHz)				
(% by weight)	4!	450		35	915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

alt: $99^{+}\%$ Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar: $98^{+}\%$ Pure Sucrose Water: De-ionized, $16~\text{M}\Omega^{+}$ resistivity HEC: Hydroxy thyl Cellulose DGBE: $99^{+}\%$ Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra-pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1, 1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

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11.3 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check Results

Date	Band	Freq(MHz)	Measured			Standard		Δ		Limit
Date	Dania		e' (εr)	e''	σ	e' (εr)	σ	e' (εr)	σ	±5
		2412	54.26	14.40	1.93	52.75	1.91	2.86%	0.80%	±5
	Body 2450	2437	54.20	14.50	1.96	52.72	1.94	2.81%	1.29%	±5
2014/8/1		2442	54.19	14.50	1.97	52.71	1.94	2.80%	1.31%	±5
		2462	54.10	14.59	2.00	52.68	1.97	2.69%	1.43%	±5
		2472	54.06	14.64	2.01	52.67	1.98	2.64%	1.46%	±5

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12 System Performance Check

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. The system performance check results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

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System Performance Check Measurement Conditions

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with Body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY4/DASY5 system with an E-field probe EX3DV4 SN:3665 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15 mm (below 1 GHz) and 10 mm (above 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration (dx=dy= 5 mm, dz= 5 mm).
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3.0 mm.
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW±3%.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Reference SAR Values for System Performance Check

The reference SAR values can be obtained from the calibration certificate of system validation dipoles

System	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Freq. (MHz)	Target SAR Values (W/kg)			
Dipole	Serial No.	Cai. Date	rieq. (iviriz)	1g/10g	Head	Body	
D2450V2	728	2014/5/20	2450	1g	52.6	50.2	
D2430V2	720	2014/3/20	2430	10g	24.5	23.4	

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12.1 System Performance Check Results

Date	9	System Dipol	e	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
Date	Type Serial No.	Liquid	Parameters	Target	ivieasureu	Deviation[//s]	Lilliteu[/ø]	
2014/8/1	D2450V2	728	Body	1g SAR:	50.20	51.00	1.59	± 5
2014/6/1	D2430V2	/20	воиу	10g SAR:	23.40	23.90	2.14	± 5

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13 RF Output Power Measurement

13.1 Wi-Fi (2.4 GHz Band)

Required Test Channels per KDB 248227 D01

Mode	Band	Freq.	Ch #	Default Test Channels			
Wiode	(GHz)	(MHz)	0.1.11	802.11b	802.11g		
		2412	1#	✓	∇		
802.11 b/g	2.4	2437	6	✓	∇		
		2462	11 [#]	√	∇		

Notes

√ = "default test channels"

 ∇ = possible 802.11g channels with maximum average output ¼ dB the "default test channels"

= when output power is reduced for channel 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements

the highest output channels closest to each of these channels should be tested.

The indicated Wi-Fi target powers in the following table are absolute maximums.

Output power table

Mode	Data rate	Ch#	Freq. (MHz)	Target Pwr (dBm)			Tune-up Tolerance	Maximum Tune-up	Avg. Pwr (dBm)		
	(Mbps)			Main	Aux	Total	(dB)	Pwr (dBm)	Main	Aux	Total
		1	2412	16.5			±1.0	17.5	16.5		
802.11b	1	6	2437	16.5			±1.0	17.5	16.6		
		11	2462	17.0			±1.0	18.0	16.8		
		1	2412	14.5			±1.0	15.5	14.3		
802.11g	6	6	2437	16.0			±1.0	17.0	16.1		
		11	2462	15.0			±1.0	16.0	14.7		
002 11n		1	2412	13.5			±1.0	14.5	13.7		
	MCS0	6	2437	16.0			±1.0	17.0	16.1		
11120		11	2462	13.5			±1.0	14.5	13.6		
002 11n		3	2422	13.5			±1.0	14.5	13.5		
	MCS0	6	2437	16.0			±1.0	17.0	16.1		
11140		9	2452	13.5			±1.0	14.5	13.3		
		Mode (Mbps) 802.11b 1 802.11g 6 802.11n MCSO 802.11n MCSO	Mode (Mbps) Ch# 802.11b 1 6 11 802.11g 6 6 11 802.11n HT20 MCS0 6 11 802.11n HT40 MCS0 6	Mode (Mbps) Ch # (MHz) 802.11b 1 2412 802.11b 1 6 2437 11 2462 1 2412 802.11g 6 2437 11 2462 802.11n MCSO 6 2437 11 2462 802.11n 3 2422 802.11n MCSO 6 2437	Mode Data rate (Mbps) Ch # (MHz) Freq. (MHz) 802.11b 1 2412 16.5 802.11b 1 2462 17.0 1 2412 14.5 802.11g 6 2437 16.0 11 2462 15.0 11 2462 15.0 802.11n MCSO 6 2437 16.0 11 2462 13.5 802.11n MCSO 6 2437 16.0 802.11n MCSO 6 2437 16.0	Mode (Mbps) Data rate (Mbps) Ch # (MHz) Freq. (MHz) (dBm) 802.11b 1 2412 16.5 16.5 802.11b 1 2462 17.0 16.5 802.11g 6 2437 16.0 16.0 802.11g 6 2437 16.0 16.0 802.11n HT20 MCSO 6 2437 16.0 802.11n HT40 MCSO 6 2437 16.0	Mode (Mbps) Data rate (Mbps) Ch # (MHz) Freq. (MHz) (dBm) Aux Total 802.11b 1 2412 16.5 16.0 16.0 <td>Mode Data rate (Mbps) Ch # (MHz) Freq. (MHz) (dBm) Total Total (dB) 802.11b 1 2412 16.5 ±1.0 802.11b 1 2412 16.5 ±1.0 802.11g 6 2437 16.5 ±1.0 802.11g 6 2437 16.0 ±1.0 802.11g MCSO 1 2412 13.5 ±1.0 802.11g MCSO 6 2437 16.0 ±1.0</td> <td>Mode Data rate (Mbps) Ch # (MHz) Freq. (MHz) (dBm) Tune-up Tolerance (dB) Tune-up Pwr (dBm) 802.11b 1 2412 16.5 ±1.0 17.5 802.11g 6 2437 16.5 ±1.0 17.5 802.11g 6 2437 16.5 ±1.0 18.0 802.11g 6 2437 16.0 ±1.0 15.5 802.11g 6 2437 16.0 ±1.0 17.0 802.11g MCSO 6 2437 16.0 ±1.0 17.0 802.11n MCSO 6 2437 16.0 ±1.0 17.0 802.11n MCSO 6 2437 16.0 ±1.0 14.5 802.11n MCSO 6 2437 16.0 ±1.0 14.5 802.11n MCSO 6 2437 16.0 ±1.0 14.5</td> <td>Mode Data rate (Mbps) Ch # (MHz) Freq. (MHz) (dBm) Tune-up Tolerance (dB) Tune-up (dBm) Main (dBm)</td> <td>Mode Data rate (Mbps) Ch # (MHz) Freq. (MHz) (dBm) Tune-up Tolerance (dB) Tune-up Pwr (dBm) Tune-up Pwr (dBm) Tune-up Pwr (dBm) Main Aux 802.11b 1 2412 16.5 16.5 17.5 16.5 16.5 16.6 17.5 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.8 16.9</td>	Mode Data rate (Mbps) Ch # (MHz) Freq. (MHz) (dBm) Total Total (dB) 802.11b 1 2412 16.5 ±1.0 802.11b 1 2412 16.5 ±1.0 802.11g 6 2437 16.5 ±1.0 802.11g 6 2437 16.0 ±1.0 802.11g MCSO 1 2412 13.5 ±1.0 802.11g MCSO 6 2437 16.0 ±1.0	Mode Data rate (Mbps) Ch # (MHz) Freq. (MHz) (dBm) Tune-up Tolerance (dB) Tune-up Pwr (dBm) 802.11b 1 2412 16.5 ±1.0 17.5 802.11g 6 2437 16.5 ±1.0 17.5 802.11g 6 2437 16.5 ±1.0 18.0 802.11g 6 2437 16.0 ±1.0 15.5 802.11g 6 2437 16.0 ±1.0 17.0 802.11g MCSO 6 2437 16.0 ±1.0 17.0 802.11n MCSO 6 2437 16.0 ±1.0 17.0 802.11n MCSO 6 2437 16.0 ±1.0 14.5 802.11n MCSO 6 2437 16.0 ±1.0 14.5 802.11n MCSO 6 2437 16.0 ±1.0 14.5	Mode Data rate (Mbps) Ch # (MHz) Freq. (MHz) (dBm) Tune-up Tolerance (dB) Tune-up (dBm) Main (dBm)	Mode Data rate (Mbps) Ch # (MHz) Freq. (MHz) (dBm) Tune-up Tolerance (dB) Tune-up Pwr (dBm) Tune-up Pwr (dBm) Tune-up Pwr (dBm) Main Aux 802.11b 1 2412 16.5 16.5 17.5 16.5 16.5 16.6 17.5 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.8 16.9

Note(s):

SAR is not required for 802.11g/HT20/HT40 channels when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels per KDB 248227 D01

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13.2 Bluetooth

Output power table

Band Mode	Ch#	Freq.	Target Pwr (dBm)			Tune-up Tolerance	Maximum Tune-up	Measured Avg. Pwr (dBm)			
(GHz)		9	(MHz)	Main	Aux	Total	(dB)	Pwr (dBm)	Main	Aux	Total
		0	2402	8.0			±1.0	9.0	8.3		
Bluetooth	DH5	39	2441	8.0			±1.0	9.0	8.3		
		78	2480	8.0			±1.0	9.0	8.1		
		0	2402	8.0			±1.0	9.0	8.4		
Bluetooth	3DH5	39	2441	8.0			±1.0	9.0	8.5		
		78	2480	8.0			±1.0	9.0	8.2		
		0	2402	8.0			±1.0	9.0	8.1		
Bluetooth B	BLE	19	2440	8.0			±1.0	9.0	8.1		
		39	2480	8.0			±1.0	9.0	7.9		

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14 SAR Measurements Results

Wi-Fi (2.4GHz Band):

WI-11 (2.40112 Dalla).											
Test	Test		Freq.		Dist.	Power	(dBm)	Measured	Reported		
Band Mode Position Cha		Channel	(MHz)	Chain	(mm)	Tune up limit	Measured	1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR(W/kg)	Note	
		Rear	6	2437	0	0	17.5	16.6	0.046	0.057	
802.11b		Edge1	6	2437	0	0	17.5	16.6	0.264	0.325	
		Edge2	6	2437	0	0	17.5	16.6	0.047	0.058	
	Tablet	Rear	6	2437	0	0	17.0	16.1	0.058	0.071	
802.11n HT20		Edge1	6	2437	0	0	17.0	16.1	0.220	0.271	
11120		Edge2	6	2437	0	0	17.0	16.1	0.059	0.073	
802.11b	•	Edge1	6	2437	0	0	17.5	16.6	0.294	0.362	Ant 2

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14.1 Summary of Highest SAR Values

Results for highest reported SAR values for each frequency band and mode

Technology/Band	Test configuration	Mode	Highest Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)
WiFi 2.4 GHz	Edge1	802.11b	0.362

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15 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05, introduces a new formula for calculating the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR) between pairs of simultaneously transmitting antennas:

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$$SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / R_i$$

Where:

SAR₁ is the highest Reported or estimated SAR for the first of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition

SAR₂ is the highest Reported or estimated SAR for the second of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in the same test operating mode and exposure condition as the first

 \mathbf{R}_i is the separation distance between the pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas. When the SAR is measured, for both antennas in the pair, it is determined by the actual x, y and z coordinates in the 1-g SAR for each SAR peak location, based on the extrapolated and interpolated result in the zoom scan measurement, using the formula of $[(x_1-x_2)^2+(y_1-y_2)^2+(z_1-z_2)^2]$

A new threshold of 0.04 is also introduced in the KDB 447498 D01) 4.3.2)3). Thus, in order for a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas with the sum of 1-g SAR > 1.6 W/kg to qualify for exemption from Simultaneous Transmission SAR measurements, it has to satisfy the condition of: $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}/R_i < 0.04$

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15.1 Estimated SAR for Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

Considerations for SAR estimation

- 1. When standalone SAR test exclusion applies, standalone SAR must also be estimated to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.
- 2. Dedicated Host Approach criteria for SAR test exclusion is likewise applied to SAR estimation, with certain distinctions between test exclusion and SAR estimation:
 - When the separation distance from the antenna to an adjacent edge is ≤ 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied for SAR estimation; this is the same between test exclusion and SAR estimation calculations.

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- When the separation distance from the antenna to an adjacent edge is > 5 mm but ≤ 50 mm, the actual antenna-to-edge separation distance is applied for SAR estimation.
- When the minimum test separation distance is > 50 mm, the estimated SAR value is 0.4 W/kg

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15.1.1 Estimated SAR for Wi-Fi and Bluetooth

NB Mode

Antonno Bond Fre	Frequency	requency Output Pov	Power	Separation Distances(mm)						Estimated 1-g SAR (W/Kg)						
Antenna	Intenna Band (MHz)	(MHz)	dBm	mW	Botoom	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Front	Botoom	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Front
Wi-Fi Main	802.11b	2462	18	63	195.4					N/A	0.400					N/A
Wi-Fi Main	802.11g	2437	17	50	195.4					N/A	0.400					N/A
Wi-Fi Main	802.11n HT20	2437	17	50	195.4					N/A	0.400					N/A
Wi-Fi Main	802.11n HT40	2437	17	50	195.4					N/A	0.400					N/A
Wi-Fi Aux	Bluetooth	2441	9	8	195.4					N/A	0.400					N/A

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Tablet Mode

Antenna Band	Frequency O	Output Power Separation Distances(mm)						Estimated 1-g SAR (W/Kg)								
Antenna	ntenna Band (MHz)	(MHz)	dBm	mW	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Front	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Front
Wi-Fi Main	802.11b	2462	18	63	4.1	3.1	43.0				Measured	Measured	Measured			N/A
Wi-Fi Main	802.11g	2437	17	50	4.1	3.1	43.0				Measured	Measured	Measured			N/A
Wi-Fi Main	802.11n HT20	2437	17	50	4.1	3.1	43.0				Measured	Measured	Measured			N/A
Wi-Fi Main	802.11n HT40	2437	17	50	4.1	3.1	43.0				Measured	Measured	Measured			N/A
Wi-Fi Aux	Bluetooth	2441	9	8	4.1	3.1	216.0				0.333	0.375	0.400			N/A

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15.2 Sum of the SAR for Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

15.2.1 Sum of the SAR for Wi-Fi Main & Bluetooth

NB Mode

	Total	Simulataneous Tra	E4 = 04B		
Band	Test Position	Bluetooth	WiFi Main	∑ 1-g SAR (W/kg)	
2.4GHz	Bottom	0.400	0.400	0.800	

Tablet Mode

	Test	Simulataneous Tra	∇1 a CAD		
Band	Position	Bluetooth	WiFi Main	∑ 1-g SAR (W/kg)	
2.4GHz	Rear	0.333	0.071	0.404	
2.4GHz	Edge1	0.375	0.362	0.737	
2.4GHz	Edge2	0.400	0.073	0.473	

Note(s)

As the Sum of the SAR is not greater than 1.6W/Kg, so SPLSR is not required.

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16 Equipment List & Calibration Status

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration Cycle(year)	Calibration Due
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46213916	1	2015/6/25
Electronic Probe kit	Hewlett Packard	85070D	N/A	N/A	N/A
Power Meter	Agilent	4416	GB41291611	1	2014/9/10
Power Sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41091956	1	2014/9/11
Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	SPEAG	DAE4	1305	1	2015/3/2
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3554	1	2014/9/25
2450 MHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	728	1	2015/5/19
Robot	Staubli	RX90L	F02/5T69A1/A/01	N/A	N/A
Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVE-8G	665500309	N/A	N/A
Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZHL-1724HLN	D072602#2	N/A	N/A

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17 Facilities

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at
No. 81-1, Lane 210, Bade Rd. 2, Luchu Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C
\boxtimes No.11, Wugong 6th Rd., Wugu Dist., New Taipei City 24891, Taiwan. (R.O.C.)
No. 199, Chunghsen Road, Hsintien City, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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19 Attachments

Exhibit	Content					
1	System Performance Check Plots					
2	SAR test plots for Wi-Fi 2.4GHz Band					
3	SAR_Probe_EX3DV4_sn3554					
4	SAR_DAE4_sn1305					
5	SAR_Dipole_D2450v2_sn728					
6	T140728W05-SF PHOTOs					

END OF REPORT

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