RF TEST REPORT



Report No.: 17071127-FCC-R

Supersede Report No.: N/A

Applicant	Shanghai Mobvoi Information Technology Company Limited		
Product Name	Smart Speaker		
Model No.	TicHome Mini		
Serial No.	N/A		
Test Standard	FCC Part 15.407: 2016, ANSI C63.10: 2013		
Test Date	August 15 to O	ctober 24, 2017	
Issue Date	October 25, 2017		
Test Result	Pass Fail		
Equipment compl	ed with the spec	cification 🔽	
Equipment did no	t comply with the	e specification	
Loven	Luo	David Huang	
Loren Luo Test Engineer		David Huang Checked By	
	This test repo	ort may be reproduced in	full only
			the tested sample only

SIEMIC (SHENZHEN-CHINA) LABORATORIES

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 Test Report No.
 17071127-FCC-R

 Page
 2 of 24

Laboratories Introduction

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In addition to testing and certification, SIEMIC provides initial design reviews and compliance management throughout a project. Our extensive experience with China, Asia Pacific, North America, European, and International compliance requirements, assures the fastest, most cost effective way to attain regulatory compliance for the global markets.

Country/Region	Scope
USA	EMC, RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Canada	EMC, RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Taiwan	EMC, RF, Telecom, SAR, Safety
Hong Kong	RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Australia	EMC, RF, Telecom, SAR, Safety
Korea	EMI, EMS, RF, SAR, Telecom, Safety
Japan	EMI, RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Singapore	EMC, RF, SAR, Telecom
Europe	EMC, RF, SAR, Telecom, Safety

Accreditations for Conformity Assessment



Test Report No.	17071127-FCC-R
Page	3 of 24

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 Test Report No.
 17071127-FCC-R

 Page
 4 of 24

CONTENTS

1.	REPORT REVISION HISTORY	5
2.		5
3.	TEST SITE INFORMATION	5
4.	EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) INFORMATION	7
5.	TEST SUMMARY	•
6.	MEASUREMENTS, EXAMINATION AND DERIVED RESULTS	l
6.1 I	DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION (DFS)11	l
ANN	IEX A. TEST INSTRUMENT19	•
ANN	IEX B. TEST SETUP AND SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT20)
ANN	IEX D. USER MANUAL / BLOCK DIAGRAM / SCHEMATICS / PARTLIST	3
ANN	IEX E. DECLARATION OF SIMILARITY24	4



Test Report No.	17071127-FCC-R
Page	5 of 24

1. Report Revision History

Report No.	Report Version	Description	Issue Date
17071127-FCC-R	NONE	Original	October 25, 2017

2. Customer information

Applicant Name	Shanghai Mobvoi Information Technology Company Limited	
Applicant Add	Building 2-106,1690 Cailun Road, China (Shanghai) free trade area, China	
	Shanghai 201203 China	
Manufacturer	Shanghai Mobvoi Information Technology Company Limited	
Manufacturer Add	Building 2-106,1690 Cailun Road,China (Shanghai) free trade area, China	
	Shanghai 201203 China	



Test Report No.	17071127-FCC-R
Page	6 of 24

3. <u>Test site information</u>

Test Lab:

Lab performing tests	SIEMIC (Shenzhen-China) LABORATORIES	
	Zone A, Floor 1, Building 2 Wan Ye Long Technology Park	
Lab Address	South Side of Zhoushi Road, Bao' an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong China	
	518108	
FCC Test Site No.	535293	
IC Test Site No.	4842E-1	
Test Software	Radiated Emission Program-To Shenzhen v2.0	



 Test Report No.
 17071127-FCC-R

 Page
 7 of 24

4. Equipment under Test (EUT) Information

Description of EUT:	Smart Speaker
Main Model:	TicHome Mini
Serial Model:	N/A
Date EUT received:	August 14, 2017
Test Date(s):	August 15 to October 24, 2017
Equipment Category :	NII
Antenna Gain:	5150 ~ 5250MHz: FPC antenna with 4.00dBi gain 5250 ~ 5350MHz: FPC antenna with 5.13dBi gain 5470 ~ 5725MHz: FPC antenna with 5.32dBi gain 5725 ~ 5850MHz: FPC antenna with 5.32dBi gain
Antenna Type:	FPC
Modulation Technology:	OFDM
Modulation Type:	64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK
Number of Channels:	5150 ~ 5250MHz: 4 for 802.11a, 802.11n (20MHz) 2 for 802.11n (40MHz), 5250 ~ 5350MHz: 4 for 802.11a, 802.11n (20MHz) 2 for 802.11n (40MHz), 5470 ~ 5725MHz: 8 for 802.11a, 802.11n (20MHz) 3 for 802.11n (40MHz), 5725 ~ 5850MHz: 3 for 802.11a, 802.11n (20MHz) 2 for 802.11n (40MHz),
RF Operating Frequency (ies):	5150 ~ 5250MHz, 5250 ~ 5350MHz 5470 ~ 5725MHz, 5725 ~ 5850MHz



Test Report No.	17071127-FCC-R
Page	8 of 24

Power supply:	DC 3.7V from Battery or DC 5V from USB Host Unit
Port:	USB Port
Trade Name :	Mobvoi
FCC ID:	2AHEA-TICHOMEMINI



Test Report No.	17071127-FCC-R
Page	9 of 24

5. Test Summary

The product was tested in accordance with the following specifications. All testing has been performed according to below product classification:

Test Item	Test standard	Test Method/Procedure	Result	
UNII Detection Bandwidth	47CEP15 407 (b)	905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance	N/A	
	47CFR15.407 (h) 47CFR15.407 (h) 47CFR15.407 (h) 47CFR15.407 (h) 47CFR15.407 (h)	Procedures New Rules v02	N/A	
Initial Channel Availability	470EP15 407 (b)	905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance	N/A	
Check Time	47 CI 1(13:407 (II)	Procedures New Rules v02	N/A	
Radar Burst at the Beginning		905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance		
of the Channel Availability	47CFR15.407 (h)	Procedures New Rules v02	N/A	
Check Time				
Radar Burst at the End of the		905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance		
Channel Availability Check	47CFR15.407 (h)	Procedures New Rules v02	N/A	
Time		Flocedules new Rules V02		
In-Service Monitoring -	470EP15 407 (b)	905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance	Pass	
Channel Move Time	47 CI 1(13:407 (II)	Procedures New Rules v02	1 055	
In-Service Monitoring -		905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance		
Channel Closing Transmission	47CFR15.407 (h)	Procedures New Rules v02	Pass	
Time		Trocedures New Rules Voz		
In-Service Monitoring -	47CFR15.407 (h)	905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance	N/A	
Non-Occupancy Period	47 OFR 13.407 (II)	Procedures New Rules v02	IN/ <i>F</i> A	
Statistical Performance Check	47CEP15 407 (b)	905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance	N/A	
	47CFR15.407 (h)	Procedures New Rules v02	IN/A	

Measurement Uncertainty

Emissions							
Test Item	Test Item Description Uncertainty						
Dynamic frequency	Confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case						
selection (DFS) Conducted	where distributions are normal), with a coverage	±1.5dB					
Measurement	factor of 2						



Test Report No.	17071127-FCC-R
Page	10 of 24

Note1:

Operating frequency bands and mode of EUT

Operational Made	Operating Frequency Range			
Operational Mode	5250~5350MHz	5470~5725MHz		
Client without radar detection and ad	V	V		
hoc function	V			

Note: The EUT has disabled the 5600-5650MHz band



 Test Report No.
 17071127-FCC-R

 Page
 11 of 24

6. Measurements, Examination And Derived Results

6.1 Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)

6.1.1General introduction

Interference Threshold values, Master or Client incorporating In-Service Monitoring

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (see note)
≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and	-62 dBm
power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz	
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power	-64 dBm
spectra density requirement	
Nate 4. This is the level of the input of the needs on a	acuming a 0 dDi raccius antonna

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna. Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

Note3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.

DFS Response requirement values

Parameter	Value
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds
Channel Move Time	10 seconds See Note 1.
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over
	remaining 10 second period. See Notes 1 and 2.
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100% of the UNII 99% transmission power bandwidth
	See Note 3.

Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.

Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required facilitating a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

Note 3: During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.



Test Report No.	17071127-FCC-R
Page	12 of 24

Radar Test Waveforms

This section provides the parameters for required test waveforms, minimum percentage of successful detections, and the minimum number of trials that must be used for determining DFS conformance. Step intervals of 0.1 microsecond for Pulse Width, 1 microsecond for PRI, 1 MHz for chirp width and 1 for the number of pulses will be utilized for the random determination of specific test waveforms

1. Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note 1
1	1	Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in Table 5a 60% 30 Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 µsec, with a minimum increment of 1 µsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A	Roundup { (1/360) * (19 106/PRI <i>usec</i> -	60%	30
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregate	e (Radar Ty	ypes 1-4)	80%	120	

Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth test, channel move time, and channel closing time tests.

2. Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses per Burst	Number of Bursts	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
5	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	1-3	8-20	80%	30

The parameters for this waveform are randomly chosen. Thirty unique waveforms are required for the Long Pulse radar test signal. If more than 30 waveforms are used for the Long Pulse radar test signal, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms.

Each waveform is defined as follows:

1) The transmission period for the Long Pulse Radar test signal is 12 seconds.



Test Report No.	17071127-FCC-R
Page	13 of 24

2) There are a total of 8 to 20 Bursts in the 12 second period, with the number of Bursts being randomly chosen. This number is Burst_Count.

3) Each Burst consists of 1 to 3 pulses, with the number of pulses being randomly chosen. Each Burst within the 12 second sequence may have a different number of pulses.

4) The pulse width is between 50 and 100 microseconds, with the pulse width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a Burst will have the same pulse width. Pulses in different Bursts may have different pulse widths.

5) Each pulse has a linear FM chirp between 5 and 20 MHz, with the chirp width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a Burst will have the same chirp width. Pulses in different Bursts may have different chirp widths. The chirp is centered on the pulse. For example, with a radar frequency of 5300 MHz and a 20 MHz chirped signal, the chirp starts at 5290 MHz and ends at 5310 MHz.

6) If more than one pulse is present in a Burst, the time between the pulses will be between 1000 and 2000 microseconds, with the time being randomly chosen. If three pulses are present in a Burst, the time between the first and second pulses is chosen independently of the time between the second and third pulses.

7) The 12 second transmission period is divided into even intervals. The number of intervals is equal to Burst_Count. Each interval is of length (12,000,000 / Burst_Count) microseconds. Each interval contains one Burst. The start time for the Burst, relative to the beginning of the interval, is between 1 and [(12,000,000 / Burst_Count) – (Total Burst Length) + (One Random PRI Interval)] microseconds, with the start time being randomly chosen. The step interval for the start time is 1 microsecond. The s9tart time for each Burst is chosen independently.

A representative example of a Long Pulse radar test waveform:

1) The total test signal length is 12 seconds.

2) 8 Bursts are randomly generated for the Burst Count.

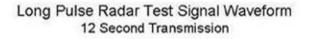
3) Burst 1 has 2 randomly generated pulses.

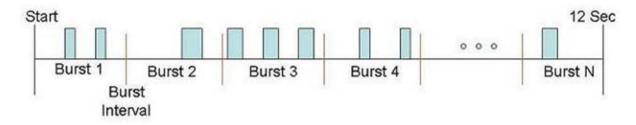
4) The pulse width (for both pulses) is randomly selected to be 75 microseconds.

5) The PRI is randomly selected to be at 1213 microseconds.

6) Bursts 2 through 8 are generated using steps 3-5.

7) Each Burst is contained in even intervals of 1,500,000 microseconds. The starting location for Pulse 1, Burst 1 is randomly generated (1 to 1,500,000 minus the total Burst 1 length + 1 random PRI interval) at the 325,001 microsecond step. Bursts 2 through 8 randomly fall in successive 1,500,000 microsecond intervals (i.e. Burst 2 falls in the 1,500,001 – 3,000,000 microsecond range)





3. Frequency Hopping Radar Type

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	PRI (µsec)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Hopping Sequence Length (msec)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30



Test Report No.	17071127-FCC-R
Page	14 of 24

For the Frequency Hopping Radar Type, the same Burst parameters are used for each waveform. The hopping sequence is different for each waveform and a 100-length segment is selected 1 from the hopping sequence defined by the following algorithm:

The first frequency in a hopping sequence is selected randomly from the group of 475 integer frequencies from 5250 – 5724 MHz. Next, the frequency that was just chosen is removed from the group and a frequency is randomly selected from the remaining 474 frequencies in the group. This process continues until all 475 frequencies are chosen for the set. For selection of a random frequency, the frequencies remaining within the group are always treated as equally likely.

6.1.2 Radar Waveform Calibration

The following equipment setup was used to calibrate the conducted Radar Waveform. A spectrum analyzer was used to establish the test signal level for each radar type. During this process there were no transmissions by either the Master or Client Device. The spectrum analyzer was switched to the zero span (Time Domain) mode at the frequency of the Radar Waveform generator. Peak detection was utilized. The spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth (RBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) were set to 3 MHz.

For a detection threshold level of -62dBm and the Master antenna gain is -0.98 dBi for the band 5250-5350MHz, and -0.26 dBi for the band 5470-5725MHz., required detection threshold is -62.98dBi for the band 5250-5350MHz, and -62.26 dBi for the band 5470-5725MHz.

Note: Maximum Transmit Power is less than 200 milliwatt in this report, so detection threshold level is -62dBm



Test Report No.	17071127-FCC-R
Page	15 of 24

The device transmits one type of radar as specified in the DFS Order.

The Required detection threshold is -57.30 dBm = -62 + 4.7 dBi. The conducted radar burst level is set to -57.30 dBm.

Spectrun	n \star																	ſ	V
	el -10.00 dBi		SWT	FO		RBV		3 MI											
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⊖1AP Clrw																			
												Μ	1[1]					57.58 dE	
-20 dBm—																		14.2754 r	ns
-30 dBm—																			
-40 dBm—												_		Ra	ıdar	signal			
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-60 dBm	-TRG -67.00																		
-70 dBm—	TRG -07.00		<u>'</u>		_		_	_	-		-	<u> </u>		_	+				
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17071127-FCC-R Test Report No. Page

16 of 24

6.1 In-Service Monitoring for Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time and Non- Occupancy Period

These tests define how the following DFS parameters are verified during In-Service Monitoring; Channel Closing Transmission Time, Channel Move Time, and Non-Occupancy Period.

The steps below define the procedure to determine the above mentioned parameters when a radar Burst with a level equal to the DFS Detection Threshold + 1dB is generated on the Operating Channel of the U-NII device.

the UUT (Client) operating as a Client Device will associate with master at Mid Channel. Stream the MPEG test file from the Master Device to the Client Device on the selected Channel for the entire period of the test. At time T0 the Radar Waveform generator sends a Burst of pulses for each of the radar types at -62dBm. Observe the transmissions of the UUT at the end of the radar Burst on the Operating Channel for duration greater than 10 seconds. Measure and record the transmissions from the UUT during the observation time (Channel Move Time). Compare the Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time results to the limits defined in the DFS Response requirement values table.

Parameter	Value						
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes						
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds						
Channel Move Time	10 seconds						
	See Note 1.						
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + an						
	aggregate of 60						
	milliseconds over						
	remaining 10 second						
	period.						
	See Notes 1 and 2.						
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100% of the U-						
	NII 99% transmission						
	power bandwidth. See						
	Note 3.						
Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with							
Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Typ							
Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 20							
the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermit	<u> </u>						
to facilitate a <i>Channel</i> move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10							
second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between							
transmissions.							
Note 3: During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar							
each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are							
performed with no data traffic.							

Table 4: DFS Response Requirement Values

Channel Closing Transmission Time- Measurement

A type 1 waveform was introduced to the EUT and the Spectrum Analyzer sweep time was set to 1s for monitoring and capturing the plot. A LabView program was created to collect trace data and capturing the plot. The program will calculate the channel closing time base on the spectrum analyzer result. The result will be calculated based on FCC procedure.

C= N*Dwell



Test Report No.	17071127-FCC-R
Page	17 of 24

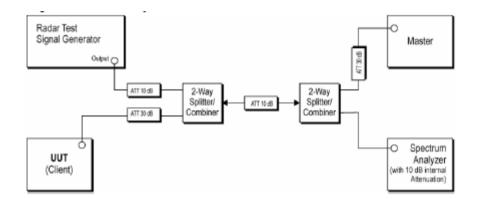
C is the closing time, N is the number of spectrum analyzer sampling bins showing a U-NII transmission and dwell is the dwell time per bin.

Dwell= S/B

Where Dwell is the dwell time per spectrum analyzer sampling bin, S is the sweep time and B is the number of spectrum analyzer sampling bins.

10.1.4 DFS Test Setup

Test Setup Block Diagram



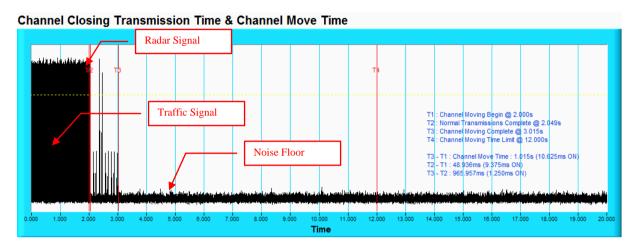
The radio was set at the center channel frequency of tested Channel. A FCC approved mater device – (FCC ID: Q87-WBV-AP230) AP was used to link with the UUT (Client) device.

For the frequency bands 5250MHz to 5725MHz the master device provides, on aggregate, uniform loading of the spectrum across all devices by selecting an operating channel among the available channels using a random algorithm.

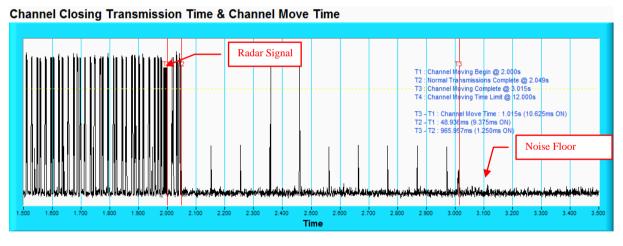


Channel Closing Transmission and Channel Move Time Test Result

N40 – 5510MHz



NOTE: T1 denotes the start of Channel Move Time upon the end of the last Radar burst. T2 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T1. T4 denotes the 10 second from T1 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.



NOTE: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms.



 Test Report No.
 17071127-FCC-R

 Page
 19 of 24

Annex A. TEST INSTRUMENT

Annex A.i. TEST INSTRUMENTATION & GENERAL PROCEDURES

Instrument	Model	Serial #	Cal Date	Cal Due	In use
Radiated DFS Measurement					
Keysight Signal Analyzer	N9020A	MY49100060	11/15/2016	11/14/2017	٢
Splitter/Combiner (Mini-Circuit)	PD-2/8-2S	XA022154	11/15/2016	11/14/2017	•
Splitter/Combiner (Mini-Circuit)	PD-2/8-2S	XA022155	11/15/2016	11/14/2017	K
Splitter/Combiner (Mini-Circuit)	PD-2/8-2S	XA022159	11/15/2016	11/14/2017	V
Agilent Signal Generator	MXG N5182A	MY50140530	11/17/2016	11/16/2017	>



Test Report No. 17071127-FCC-R Page

20 of 24

Annex B. TEST SETUP AND SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT

Test Setup Photo





 Test Report No.
 17071127-FCC-R

 Page
 21 of 24

Annex C. i. SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

The following is a description of supporting equipment and details of cables used with the EUT.

Supporting Equipment:

Manufacturer	Equipment Description	Model	Serial No		
Aerohive	Access point	AP230	N/A		



 Test Report No.
 17071127-FCC-R

 Page
 22 of 24

Annex C.ii. EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS

The following is the description of how the EUT is exercised during testing.

Test	Description Of Operation						
Emissions Testing	The EUT was continuously transmitting to stimulate the worst						
	case.						



 Test Report No.
 17071127-FCC-R

 Page
 23 of 24

Annex D. User Manual / Block Diagram / Schematics / Partlist

See attachment



 Test Report No.
 17071127-FCC-R

 Page
 24 of 24

Annex E. DECLARATION OF SIMILARITY

N/A