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## FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Application No.:	SZEM1404001903RF
Applicant:	LEXIBOOK LIMITED
Manufacturer:	Jungle Tac Interactive Co., Ltd
Product Name:	Lexibook Tablet – 8"
Model No.(EUT):	MFC181
FCC ID:	UU8-MFC10
Standards:	IEEE Std C95(1991) IEEE1528(2003)
Date of Receipt:	2014-06-26
Date of Test:	2014-06-27 to 2014-06-27
Date of Issue:	2014-07-21
Test Result :	PASS *

\* In the configuration tested, the EUT detailed in this report complied with the standards specified above.

Authorized Signature:



#### Jack Zhang EMC Laboratory Manager

The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards. Any mention of SGS International Electrical Approvals or testing done by SGS International Electrical Approvals in connection with, distribution or use of the product described in this report must be approved by SGS International Electrical Approvals in writing.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the federal government. All test results in this report can be traceable to National or International Standards.



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## 2 Test Summary

Frequency Band	Test position	Test Ch. /Freq.	Max average SAR1- g(W/kg)	Conduct ed power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	SAR limit (W/kg)	verdict
WIFI (2.4GHz)	Body	11/2462	0.196	16.16	16.50	1.081	0.212	1.6	PASS

Remark: The maximum Scaled SAR value of Body is 0.212W/kg.



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## 4 General Information

### 4.1 Details of Applicant

Name:	LEXIBOOK LIMITED
Address:	8th Floor, 17 Wang Chiu Road, Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong

### 4.2 Details of Manufacturer

Name:	Jungle Tac Interactive Co., Ltd
Address:	Room 17-18, 16/F., Parklane Centre, 25 Kin Wing Street, Tuen Mun, New Territories, Hong Kong



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## 4.3 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	Lexibook T	Lexibook Tablet – 8"						
Model No.:	MFC181	MFC181						
Device Type :	portable de	vice						
Product Phase:	production	unit						
Exposure Category:	uncontrolle	d environment / general population						
Hardware Version:	K81_V0							
Software Version:	Android 4.4	4						
FCC ID:	UU8-MFC1	0						
	Normal Vol	tage :3.7						
	Charging Voltage :5V							
Battery Information:	Rated capacity :5000mAh							
	Battery Typ	e :Rechargeable Li-ion Battery						
Antenna Type:	Inner Anter	ina						
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)					
Frequency Bands:	WIFI	2412-2462	2412-2462					
	BT	2402-2480	2402-2480					
Modulation Mode:	WIFI:IEEE	for 802.11b: DSSS(CCK,DQPSK,DBPSI	К)					
	IEEE for 802.11g: OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)							
	IEEE for 802.11n(T20 and T40) : OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)							
	BT: GFSK,	π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK						
Serial Number:	NA	NA						
IMEI:	NA							

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## 4.4 Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested independently.

### 4.5 Test Location

All tests were performed at:

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch E&E Lab No. 1 Workshop, M-10, Middle section, Science & Technology Park, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China 518057 Telephone: +86 (0) 755 2601 2053 Fax: +86 (0) 755 2671 0594

No tests were sub-contracted.

### 4.6 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

### • CNAS (No. CNAS L2929)

CNAS has accredited SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories (CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing.

VCCI

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber, Full-anechoic Chamber and Shielded Room (7.5m x 4.0m x 3.0m) of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. have been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: R-2197, G-416, T-1153 and C-2383 respectively.

### • FCC – Registration No.: 556682

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration No.: 556682.

### Industry Canada (IC)

Two 3m Semi-anechoic chambers of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. have been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 4620C-1 & 4620C-2.

### 4.7 Deviation from Standards

None

## 4.8 Abnormalities from Standard Conditions

None

## 4.9 Other Information Requested by the Customer

None





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## 4.10 Test Standards

Identity	Document Title
IEEE Std C95.1 – 1991	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.
IEEE 1528-2003	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
Canada's Safety Code 6	Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz (99-EHD-237)
RSS-102	Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radio communication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands (Issue 4 of March 2010)
KDB447498 D01	General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
KDB447498 D03	Supplement C Cross-Reference v01
KDB616217 D04	SAR for laptop and tablets v01r01
KDB 248227 D01	SAR meas for 802 11 a b g v01r02
KDB 865664 D01	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r02

### 4.11 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational		
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g		
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g		
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g		

#### Notes:

\* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time

\*\* The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

\*\*\* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

**Uncontrolled Environments** are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware

of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.)



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## 4.12 Measurement Uncertainty

Measurements and results are all in compliance with the standards listed in section 12 of this report. All measurements and results are recorded and maintained at the laboratory performing the tests and measurement uncertainties are taken into account when comparing measurements to pass/ fail criteria. The Expanded uncertainty(95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL) is **21.36%**.

A	b1	с	d	e = f(d,k)	g	i = C*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Section in P1528	Tol (%)	Prob . Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	1g ui (%)	Vi (Veff)
Probe calibration	E.2.1	6.3	N	1	1	6.30	∞
Axial isotropy	E.2.2	0.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1 - Cp)^{1/2}$	0.20	∞
hemispherical isotropy	E.2.2	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{Cp}$	1.06	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.35	∞
System detection limit	E.2.5	0.25	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.14	∞
Readout electronics	E.2.6	0.3	N	1	1	0.30	∞
Response time	E.2.7	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.00	∞
Integration time	E.2.8	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.50	8
RF ambient Condition –Noise	E.6.1	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
RF ambient Condition - reflections	E.6.1	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
Probe positioning- mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.87	∞
Probe positioning- with respect to phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.67	∞
Max. SAR evaluation	E.5.2	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	3.7	N	1	1	3.70	9
Device holder uncertainty	E.4.1	3.6	N	1	1	3.60	∞
Output power variation –SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	∞
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.31	∞
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	1.85	8

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			ιu	ye.	10 01 35		
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.2	5.78	Ν	1	0.64	3.68	5
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.3	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.73	8
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	0.62	Ν	1	0.6	0.372	5
Combined standard uncertainty				RSS		10.68	430
Expanded uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)				K=2		21.36	

Table 1 : Measurement Uncertainty



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## 5 Equipments Used during Test 5.1 SPEAG DASY4

	Test Platform SPEAG DASY5 Professional									
	SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch									
	Location	E&E Lab								
	Description SAR Test System (Frequency range 300MHz-3GHz) 835, 900, 1800, 1900, 2000, 2450 frequency band									
	Software Reference	DASY5: V4.7 Build 80 SEMCAD: V1.8 Build 186								
Hardware Reference										
	Model	Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Due date of calibration					
$\square$	Robot	RX90L	F03/5V32A1/A01	NA	NA					
$\boxtimes$	Twin Phantom	SAM 1	TP-1283	NA	NA					
	Flat Phantom	ELI 5.0	1128	NA	NA					
$\square$	DAE	DAE4	1013	2014-04-23	2015-04-22					
$\boxtimes$	E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3962	2013-12-10	2014-12-09					
	Validation Kits	D835V2	4d015	2013-11-25	2014-11-24					
	Validation Kits	D1900V2	184	2013-11-27	2014-11-26					
$\boxtimes$	Validation Kits	D2450V2	733	2013-11-26	2014-11-25					
$\boxtimes$	Agilent Network Analyzer	E5071B	MY42100549	2014-04-11	2015-04-11					
$\boxtimes$	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	US01440210	NA	NA					
$\boxtimes$	R&S Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	103633	2014-04-11	2015-04-10					
$\square$	RF Bi-Directional Coupler	ZABDC20-252H-N+	N989900825	2014-04-11	2015-04-10					
$\boxtimes$	Agilent Signal Generator	E4438C	MY42082326	2014-04-11	2015-04-10					
$\boxtimes$	Mini-Circuits Preamplifier	ZHL-42	QA0827002	2014-04-11	2015-04-10					
$\boxtimes$	Agilent Power Meter	E4416A	GB41292095	2014-04-11	2015-04-10					
$\boxtimes$	Agilent Power Sensor	8481H	MY41091234	2014-04-15	2015-04-14					
$\boxtimes$	R&S Power Sensor	NRP-Z92	100025	2014-04-15	2015-04-14					
$\boxtimes$	Attenuator	TS2-3dB	30704	2014-04-11	2015-04-10					
$\boxtimes$	Coaxial low pass filter	VLF-2500(+)	NA	2014-04-11	2015-04-10					
$\boxtimes$	50 $\Omega$ coaxial load	KARN-50+	00850	2014-04-11	2015-04-10					
$\boxtimes$	DC POWER SUPPLY	SK1730SL5A	NA	2014-04-14	2015-04-13					

Note: All the test equipments are calibrated once a year.

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### 5.2 The SAR Measurement System

A photograph of the SAR measurement System is given in F-1.

This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY5 professional system). A Model EX3DV4 3962 E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR=  $\sigma$  (|Ei|2)/  $\rho$  where  $\sigma$  and  $\rho$  are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-Simulate.

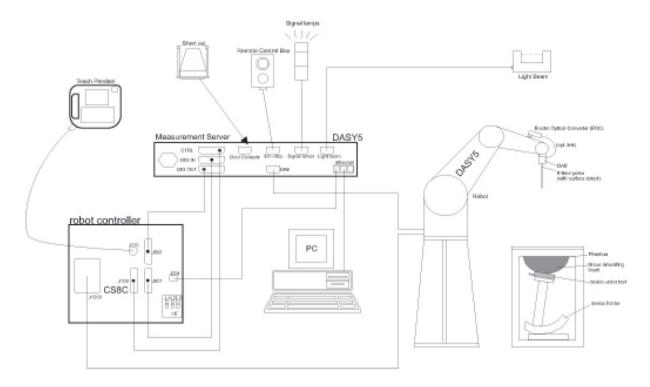
The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stabile RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software .An arm extension for accommodation the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.



F-1. SAR System Configuration

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- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand, right-hand and Body Worn usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validating the proper functioning of the system.

## 5.3 Isotropic E-field Probe EX3DV4

	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI



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## 5.4 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3,DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	A A
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV,400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 f A	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

### 5.5 SAM Twin Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue	
Liquid Compatibility	simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)	
Shell Thickness	$2 \pm 0.2$ mm (6 $\pm 0.2$ mm at ear point)	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm	
Dimensions	Width: 500 mm	
(incl. Wooden Support)	Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	-
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table	

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.



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### 5.6 ELI Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)	
Shell Thickness	$2.0 \pm 0.2$ mm (bottom plate)	100
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm	
	Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table	

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

ELI V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as ELI4, but has reinforced top structure.



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### 5.7 Device Holder for Transmitters



F-2. Device Holder for Transmitters

- The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ±0.5mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ±20%. An accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions, in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.
- The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centres for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.
- The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε=3 and loss tangentδ=0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

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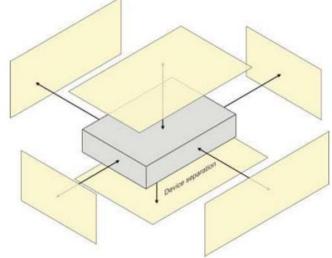
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## 6 Description of Test Position

### 6.1 The Body Test Position

The SAR evaluation shall be performed for all surfaces of the DUT that are accessible during intended use, as indicated in Figure 3. The separation distance in testing shall correspond to the intended use distance as specified in the user instructions provided by the manufacturer. If the intended use is not specified, all surfaces of the DUT shall be tested directly against the flat phantom.

The surface of the generic device (or the surface of the carry accessory holding the DUT) pointing towards the flat phantom shall be parallel to the surface of the phantom.



F-3. Test positions for a generic device





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## 7 SAR System Verification Procedure

## 7.1 Tissue Simulate Liquid

### 7.1.1 Recipes for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The bellowing tables give the recipes for tissue simulating liquids to be used in different frequency bands:

Ingredients		Frequency (MHz)								
(% by weight)	4	50	835		900		1800-2000		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	40.30	50.75	40.30	50.75	55.24	70.17	55.00	68.53
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.38	0.94	1.38	0.94	0.31	0.39	0.2	0.1
Sucrose	56.32	46.78	57.90	48.21	57.90	48.21	0	0	0	0
HEC	0.98	0.52	0.24	0	0.24	0	0	0	0	0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.18	0.10	0.18	0.10	0	0	0	0
DGBE	0	0	0	0	0	0	44.45	29.44	44.80	31.37
Salt: 99⁺% Pure	Salt: 99 <sup>+</sup> % Pure Sodium Chloride Sucrose: 98 <sup>+</sup> % Pure Sucrose									
Water: De-ionize	Water: De-ionized, 16 $M\Omega^+$ resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose									
DGBE: 99⁺% Di	(ethylene	glycol) bu	ityl ether,	[2-(2-butox	yethoxy)e	thanol]				

Table 2: Recipe of Tissue Simulate Liquid.



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### 7.1.2 Measurement for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The dielectric properties for this Tissue Simulate Liquids were measured by using the Agilent Model 85070D Dielectric Probe (rates frequency band 200 MHz to 20 GHz) in conjunction with Agilent E5071B Network Analyzer (300 KHz-8500 MHz). The Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) and Permittivity ( $\rho$ ) are listed in Table 1.For the SAR measurement given in this report. The temperature variation of the Tissue Simulate Liquids was 22±2°C.

Tissue	Measured Frequency	Target Tissu	e Body(±5%)	%) Measured Tissue Body		Liquid Temp.	Measured
Туре	(MHz)	٤r	σ(S/m)	٤r	σ(S/m)	(°C)	Date
2450	2450	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)	51.49	1.931	22.3	2014/6/27

 Table 3 :
 Measurement result of Tissue electric parameters

Channel	Measured Frequency	Target Tissu	Target Tissue Body(±5%)		Measured Tissue Body		Measured
Chainer	(MHz)	٤r	σ(S/m)	٤r	σ(S/m)	<b>Temp.</b> (℃)	Date
1	2412	52.75 (50.11~55.39)	1.91 (1.81~2.01)	51.64	1.886		
6	2437	52.72 (50.08~55.35)	1.94 (1.84~2.04)	51.56	1.915	22.3	2014/6/27
11	2462	52.68 (50.05~55.31)	1.97 (1.87~2.07)	51.41	1.946		

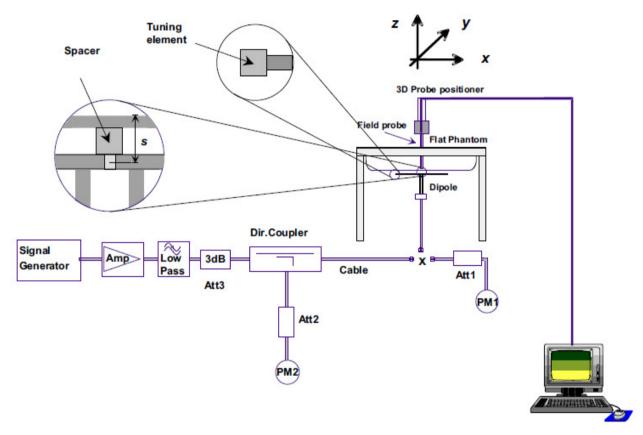
 Table 4 :
 Measurement result of Tissue electric parameters for Low/Mid/High Channel.



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## 7.2 SAR System Validation

The microwave circuit arrangement for system verification is sketched in F-4. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR values. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the EUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table 5 (A power level of 250mw was input to the dipole antenna). During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range 22°C, the relative humidity was in the range 60% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.



F-1. the microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system verification

PM1. Power Sensor NRP-Z92

PM2. Agilent Model E4416A Power Meter



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### 7.2.1 Summary System Validation Result(s)

Validation Kit		Target SAR (nor (±10	,		red SAR zed to 1w)	Liquid Temp.	Measured date
		1-g(W/kg)	10-g(W/kg)	1-g(W/kg)	10-g(W/kg)	(°C)	uale
D2450V2	Body	49.4 (44.46~54.34)	23.0 (20.7~25.3)	50.8	23.6	22.3	2014/6/27

Table 5: SAR System Validation Result



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## 7.2.2 Detailed System Validation Results

Please see the Appendix A



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## 8 Test results and Measurement Data

## 8.1 Operation Configurations

### 8.1.1 WiFi Test Configuration

For the 802.11b/g/n SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for Wi-Fi mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 1, 6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz during the test at the each test frequency channel .the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate. 802.11b/g/n operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g modes are tested on channel 1, 6, 11; however if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and/or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channel closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

	Tuuba				Turbo		"De		Channels"
	Mode	GHz	Channel	Channel	§15	.247	UNII		
			Channel	802.11b	802.11g	UNII			
		2.412	1#		√	$\nabla$			
	802.11 b/g	2.437	6	6	$\checkmark$	$\nabla$			
		2.462	11#		1	$\nabla$			

### 8.2 Measurement procedure

### 8.2.1 Scanning procedure

### Step 1: Power reference measurement

The SAR measurement was taken at a selected spatial reference point to monitor power variations during testing. This fixed location point was measured and used as a reference value.

### Step 2: Area scan

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm\*15mm or 10mm\*10mm.Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

### Step 3: Zoom scan

Around this point, a volume of 30mm\*30mm\*30mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 7\*7\*7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 2.0mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. (This can be variable. Refer to the probe specification).The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One

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thousand points (10\*10\*10) were interpolated to calculate the average. All neighbouring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

### Step 4: Power reference measurement (drift)

The SAR value at the same location as in step 1 was again measured. (If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation should be done repeatedly)

### 8.2.2 Data Storage

The DASY4 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DAE3". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated. The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [m W/g], [m W/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

### 8.2.3 Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	<ul> <li>Sensitivity</li> <li>Conversion factor</li> </ul>		Normi, aio, ai1, ai2 ConvFi
	- Diode compression	point	Dcpi
Device parameters	: - Frequency		f
	<ul> <li>Crest factor</li> </ul>		cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	3	
	- Density	ρ	

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY4 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

## $V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c f / d c p_i$

### With $V_i$ = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)



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 $U_i$  = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

*cf* = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

*dcp* i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: H-field probes: H-field probes:  $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2)/f$ With  $V_i = \text{compensated signal of channel i}$  (i = x, y, z)  $Norm_i = \text{sensor sensitivity of channel I}$  (i = x, y, z)  $[mV/(V/m)_2]$  for E-field Probes ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution  $a_{ij} = \text{sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes}$  f = carrier frequency [GHz]  $E_i = \text{electric field strength of channel i in V/m}$  $H_i = \text{magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m}$ 

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

 $E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$ 

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

 $SAR = (Etot^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\varepsilon \cdot 1000)$ 

with

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

*Etot* = total field strength in V/m

 $\sigma$ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

E = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 2 / 3770$$
 or  $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$ 

with

 $P_{pwe}$  = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

*Etot* = total electric field strength in V/m

**H**tot = total magnetic field strength in A/m

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### 8.3 Measurement of RF conducted Power

Wi-Fi		Average Power (dBm) for Data Rates (Mbps)								
2450MHz	Channel	1	2	5.5	11	/	/	/	/	
	1	14.49	14.15	12.92	12.28	/	/	/	/	
802.11b	6	15.5	15.23	13.87	13.18	/	/	/	/	
	11	16.16	15.99	14.51	13.84	/	/	/	/	
	Channel	6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54	
900 11a	1	10.89	10.94	11.28	11.46	11.67	11.36	11.75	11.62	
802.11g	6	11.76	11.83	12.03	12.15	12.34	12.22	12.68	12.59	
	11	12.53	12.65	12.84	12.87	13.16	12.97	13.47	13.27	
	Channel	6.5	13	19.5	26	39	52	58.5	65	
802.11n	1	10.72	10.9	10.97	11.08	11.24	11.67	11.72	11.35	
(HT20)	6	11.67	11.69	11.83	11.93	12.06	12.53	12.59	12.32	
	11	12.43	12.51	12.66	12.82	12.97	13.34	13.37	13.13	
	Channel	13.5	27	40.5	54	81	108	121.5	135	
802.11n	3	11.23	11.35	11.41	11.68	11.87	11.72	12.01	11.92	
(HT40)	6	11.89	11.98	12.06	12.23	12.59	12.43	12.76	12.47	
	9	12.31	12.54	12.55	12.87	13.07	12.92	13.34	13.01	

### 8.3.1 Conducted Power Of WIFI

Table 6: Conducted Power Of WIFI

### 8.3.2 Conducted Power Of BT

For Classic mode:

Мс	ode	Average Conducted Power(dBm)				
Band	Channel	GFSK	π/4DQPSK	8DPSK		
	0	0.06	1.21	1.38		
BT	39	-0.07	1.23	1.13		
	78	-1.87	-0.58	-0.65		

Table 7: Conducted Power Of BT 4.0

For BLE mode:

Average Conducted Power(dBm)					
Channel	0CH	19CH	39CH		
ВТ	4.97	4.86	4.19		

Table 8: Conducted Power Of BT 4.0

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#### Note:

- Indicates default channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02. When the adjacent channels are higher in power then the default channels, these "required channels" are considered for SAR testing instead of the default channels.
- 2) For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 0.25dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.
- 3) SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.





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## 8.4 Measurement of SAR average value

### 8.4.1 SAR Result Of WIFI

Test position		Test	Test Ch./Fre	SAR (W/kg)		Power drifit	Scaled SAR	SAR limit	Liquid Temp.
	Test position		q	1-g	10-g	(dB)	(1-g)	(W/kg)	(℃)
	Back side 0mm	802.11b	11/2462	0.196	0.087	-0.01	0.212	1.6	21.6
Body	Left side 0mm	802.11b	11/2462	0.013	0.00857	-0.14	0.014	1.6	21.6
	Top side 0mm	802.11b	11/2462	0.123	0.058	-0.12	0.133	1.6	21.6

Table 9: SAR of WIFI for Body

Note:

- 1) Test positions of EUT(the distance between the EUT and the phantom is 0mm for all sides)
- 2) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in **bold**
- 3) Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 4) Each channel was tested at the lowest data rate.

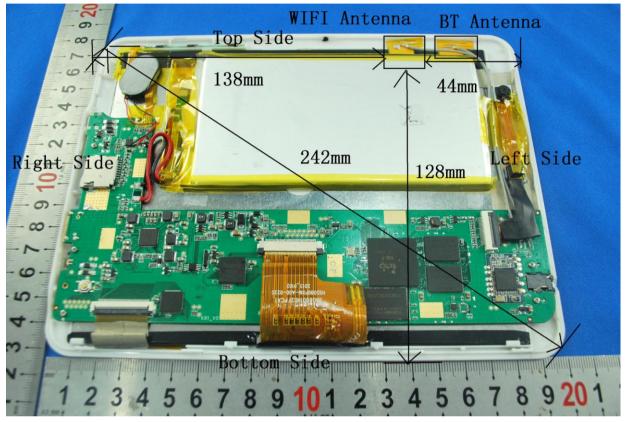
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## 8.5 Multiple (single) Transmitter Evaluation

### 8.5.1 DUT Antenna Locations



The location of the antennas inside MFC181 is shown as above picture, for it we can have some conclusion (s):

### 8.5.2 EUT side for SAR Testing

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, According to the distance between Wi-Fi antenna and the sides of MFC181 we can draw the conclusion that:

EUT Sides for SAR Testing						
Mode	Front	Back	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom
Wi-Fi (2.4GHz)	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

Table 10: EUT Sides for SAR Testing

Note: Per FCC KDB 616217, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR Exclusion Threshold in KDB 447498D01 v05r02 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.



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### 8.5.3 Stand-alone SAR

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05, the SAR exclusion threshold for distances <50mm is defined by the following equation:

 $\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel(mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Dist(mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency(GHz)}} \le 3.0$ 

Note:

When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

- 1) Based on the maximum conducted power of Wi-Fi and the antenna to use separation distance, Stand-alone SAR evaluation is required for Wi-Fi;  $[(44.67/5)^* \sqrt{2.462}] = 14.02 > 3.0$ .
- 2) Based on the maximum conducted power of BT and the antenna to use separation distance, Stand-alone SAR evaluation is not required for BT;  $[(3.14/5)^* \sqrt{2.402}] = 0.97 < 3.0$ .

### 8.5.4 Simultaneous SAR

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion

Estimated SAR= $\frac{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}{7.5} * \frac{(Max Power of channel, mW)}{Min. Separation Distance, mm}$ 

So for SAR<sub>(BT)</sub>= $\frac{\sqrt{2.402}}{7.5} * \frac{3.14}{5} = 0.13$ W/kg

Simultaneous Transmission SAR evaluation is not required for WIFI and BT, because the sum SAR of them is 0.342<1.6W/kg.

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### 8.6 Detailed Test Results

Please see the Appendix B



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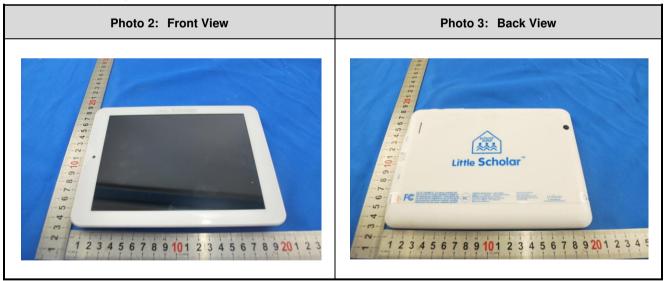
## 9 Photographs

### 9.1 EUT Test Setup



Photo 1: SAR measurement System

## 9.2 Photographs of EUT





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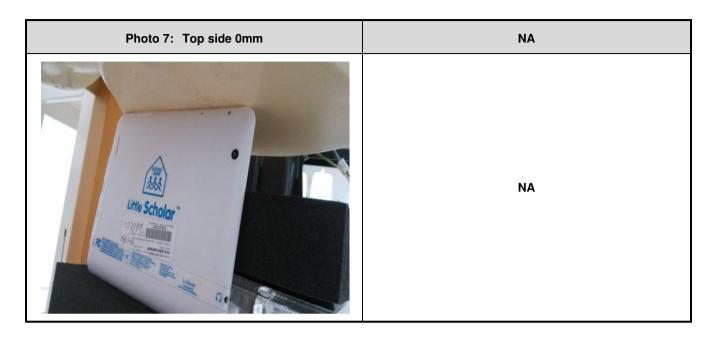


### 9.3 Photographs of EUT test position

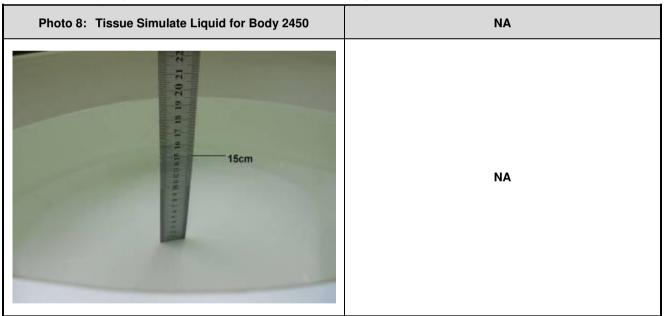
Photo 5: Back side 0mm	Photo 6: Left side 0mm
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## 9.4 Photographs of Tissue Simulate Liquid



## 9.5 EUT Constructional Details

Refer to Report No. SZEM140400190301 for EUT external and internal photos.

## 10 Calibration certificate

Please see the Appendix C

<sup>&</sup>quot;This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at <u>www.sgs.com/terms and conditions.htm</u> and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at <u>www.sgs.com/terms e-document.htm</u>. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 90 days only."



Report No.: SZEM140400190304 Page: 35 of 35

## Appendix A : Detailed System Validation Results

**Appendix B: Detailed Test Results** 

**Appendix C: Calibration certificate** 

---END----



Report No.: SZEM140400190304

# Appendix A

## **Detailed System Validation Results**

System Performance Check 2450MHz Body

Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

#### System Performance Check 2450MHz Body

#### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 733

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.931$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.49$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

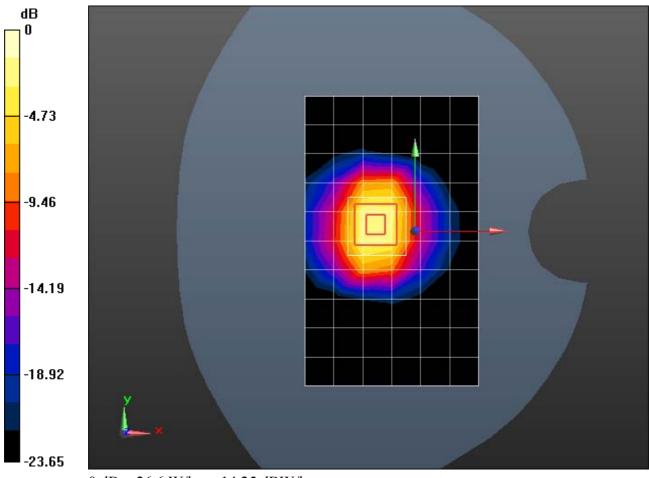
DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(7.13, 7.13, 7.13); Calibrated: 2013-12-10;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014-4-23
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

**Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.9 W/kg

#### Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 113.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 58.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.9 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 26.6 W/kg



 $\overline{0 \text{ dB} = 26.6 \text{ W/kg} = 14.25 \text{ dBW/kg}}$ 



Report No.: SZEM140400190304

# **Appendix B**

# **Detailed Test Results**

WIFI for Body

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

#### MFC181 WiFi 802.11b 11CH back Side 0mm

#### DUT: MFC181; Type: Lexibook Tablet-8 ; Serial: N/A

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(2.4GHz) (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.946$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.413$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

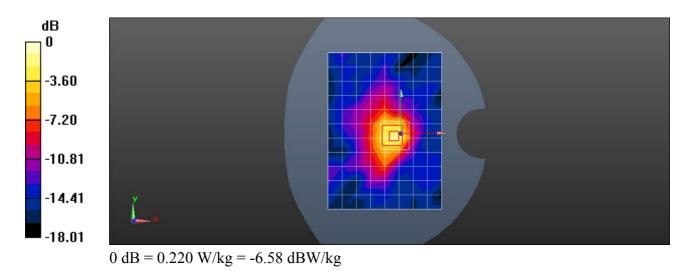
kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

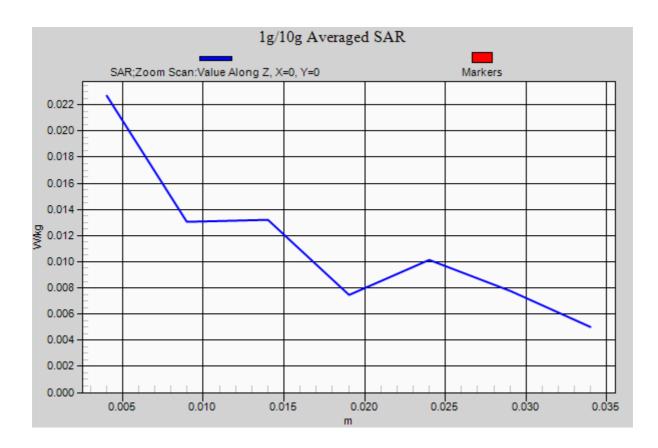
DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(7.13, 7.13, 7.13); Calibrated: 2013-12-10;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014-4-23
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

**MFC181/Body/Area Scan (9x12x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.174 W/kg

MFC181/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.288 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.487 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.196 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.087 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.220 W/kg





Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

#### MFC181 WiFi 802.11b 11CH Left Side 0mm

#### DUT: MFC181; Type: Lexibook Tablet-8 ; Serial: N/A

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(2.4GHz) (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450;Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.946$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.413$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

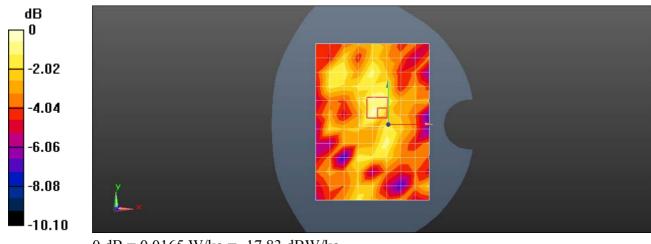
DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(7.13, 7.13, 7.13); Calibrated: 2013-12-10;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014-4-23
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

**MFC181/Body/Area Scan (9x12x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0151 W/kg

MFC181/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.078 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0320 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.013 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00857 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0165 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0165 W/kg = -17.83 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

#### MFC181 WiFi 802.11b 11CH Top Side 0mm

#### DUT: MFC181; Type: Lexibook Tablet-8 ; Serial: N/A

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(2.4GHz) (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.946$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.413$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

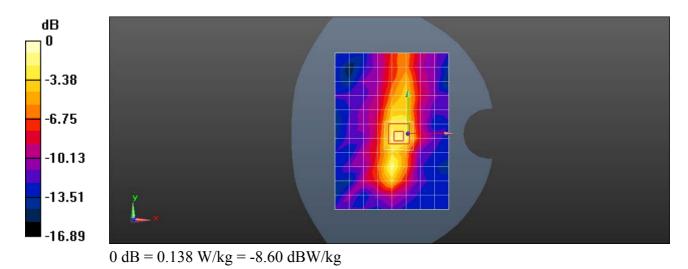
kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(7.13, 7.13, 7.13); Calibrated: 2013-12-10;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014-4-23
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

**MFC181/Body/Area Scan (9x12x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0977 W/kg

MFC181/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.989 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.335 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.123 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.058 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.138 W/kg





Report No.: SZEM140400190304

# Appendix C

# **Calibration certificate**

D2450V2-SN 733(2013-11-26)	
DAE4-SN 1303(2014-04-23)	
EX3DV4-SN 3962(2013-12-10)	

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

SGS-SZ (Auden) Client

Certificate No: D2450V2-733\_Nov13

#### **ALIBRATION CERTIFICATE** D2450V2 - SN: 733 Object Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz Calibration date: November 26, 2013 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Scheduled Calibration Primary Standards ID # Cal Date (Certificate No.) Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) Oct-14 Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) Oct-14 Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) Oct-14 Apr-14 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5058 (20k) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.3 / 06327 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) Apr-14 Reference Probe ES3DV3 SN: 3205 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205\_Dec12) Dec-13 SN: 601 25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601\_Apr13) Apr-14 DAE4 Secondary Standards ID # Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check 100005 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) In house check: Oct-15 RF generator R&S SMT-06 US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13) In house check: Oct-14 Network Analyzer HP 8753E Name Function Signat **Claudio Leubler** Laboratory Technician Calibrated by: Katja Pokovic **Technical Manager** Approved by: Issued: November 26, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

### **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.7 ± 6 %	1.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.4 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	6.10 W/kg

#### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.1 ± 6 %	2.02 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.6 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	49.4 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.81 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

#### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.2 Ω + 2.5 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.6 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.0 Ω + 4.2 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.5 dB	

#### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.149 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	May 07, 2003	

#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 26.11.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 733

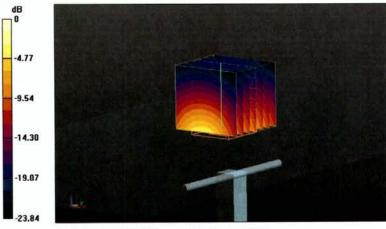
Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.84 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.7;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

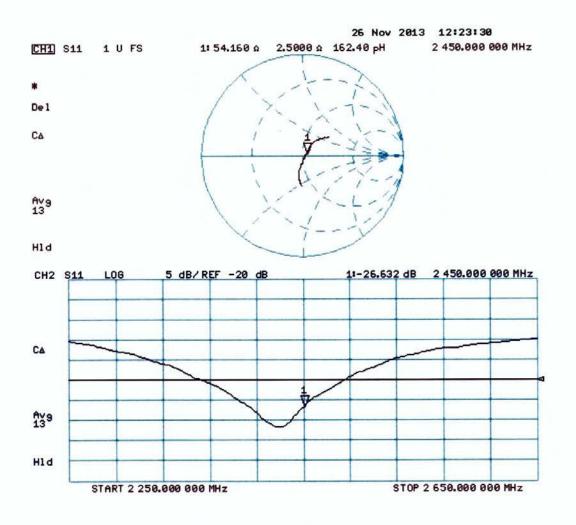
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (8x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 93.010 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.1 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.4 W/kg



0 dB = 17.4 W/kg = 12.41 dBW/kg



#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 26.11.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 733

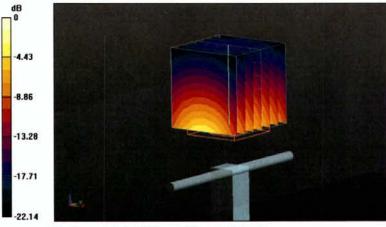
Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 2.02 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 52.1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

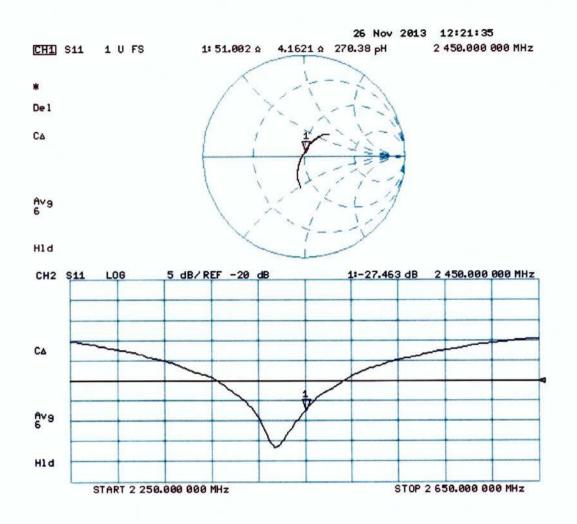
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.42, 4.42, 4.42); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

#### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 93.010 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.81 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.4 W/kg



0 dB = 16.4 W/kg = 12.15 dBW/kg



Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

# **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

### **USAGE OF THE DAE 4**

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is closed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

**Shipping of the DAE**: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

**E-Stop Failures**: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

**Repair**: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

**DASY Configuration Files:** Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

#### Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

#### Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the Estop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

#### Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

Schmid & Partner Engineering

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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#### Client Sporton - SZ (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE4-1303\_Apr14

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D	04 BM - SN: 1303	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v26 Calibration proced	dure for the data acquisition electror	nics (DAE)
Calibration date:	April 23, 2014		
The measurements and the uncerta	ainties with confidence pro	nal standards, which realize the physical units of obability are given on the following pages and are r facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and	part of the certificate.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	01-Oct-13 (No:13976)	Oct-14
Secondary Chanderde			
Secondary Standards Auto DAE Calibration Unit	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UWS 053 AA 1001 SE UMS 006 AA 1002	07-Jan-14 (in house check) 07-Jan-14 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-15 In house check: Jan-15
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Eric Hainfeld	Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	iv. Pluu
			Issued: April 23, 2014

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## Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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#### Glossary

DAE Connector angle

#### data acquisition electronics

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement. Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement A/D - Converter Resolution nominal High Bange: 1LSB = High Range: 6 101/

n Range:	1LSB =	6.1µV ,	full range =	-100+300 mV
Range:	1LSB =	61nV ,	full range =	-1+3mV
easurement i	narameters: Aut	O Zero Time: 3	soc: Monouring	time: 2 and

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

<b>Calibration Factors</b>	X	Y	Z
High Range	405.580 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.459 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.900 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.96445 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99188 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.98742 ± 1.50% (k=2)

#### **Connector Angle**

Low

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	96.5 ° ± 1 °
---	--------------

### Appendix

#### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200038.81	4.56	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20006.61	2.84	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-20003.96	1.27	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200033.36	-1.02	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20003.66	-0.09	-0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-20004.85	0.48	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200033.48	-5.27	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20002.96	-0.71	-0.00
Channel Z	- Input	-20005.97	-0.58	0.00

Low Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000.44	-0.28	-0.01
Channel X + Input	201.22	0.55	0.27
Channel X - Input	-198.17	1.12	-0.56
Channel Y + Input	2000.18	-0.36	-0.02
Channel Y + Input	200.09	-0.41	-0.21
Channel Y - Input	-199.98	-0.44	0.22
Channel Z + Input	2000.68	0.13	0.01
Channel Z + Input	199.13	-1.40	-0.70
Channel Z - Input	-200.75	-1.26	0.63

2. Common mode sensitivity DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	8.64	7.32
	- 200	-5.50	-7.01
Channel Y	200	6.47	5.78
	- 200	-6.98	-7.19
Channel Z	200	-4.67	-4.31
	- 200	1.91	1.90

#### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200	-	1.52	-4.45
Channel Y	200	7.58	-	2.45
Channel Z	200	10.38	5.55	-

## 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero	Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
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	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15919	16741
Channel Y	15630	16935
Channel Z	16133	14403

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input  $10M\Omega$ 

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	1.16	0.21	2.80	0.40
Channel Y	-0.18	-1.44	0.92	0.47
Channel Z	-0.56	-1.72	0.63	0.56

### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

## 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

## 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14	
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9	

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Client SGS-SZ (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3962\_Dec13

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3962

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

December 10, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	Apr-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	Apr-14
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 660	4-Sep-13 (No. DAE4-660_Sep13)	Sep-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-15
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	UEL
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	fol 14
This calibration certificate	shall not be reproduced except in full	without written approval of the laboratory	Issued: December 11, 2013

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Classon





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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Glossary:	
TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\phi$	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),
a constant	i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close
- proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)". February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is . implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal . characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y, z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

# Probe EX3DV4

# SN:3962

Manufactured: Calibrated: September 30, 2013 December 10, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.39	0.48	0.43	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	98.5	93.1	90.7	

#### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	134.3	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		163.4	
_		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		146.1	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Т.

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
850	41.5	0.92	10.14	10.14	10.14	0.32	0.97	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	8.14	8.14	8.14	0.65	0.64	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.07	8.07	8.07	0.62	0.62	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.11	8.11	8.11	0.50	0.69	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.33	7.33	7.33	0.28	0.93	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.25	5.25	5.25	0.30	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.30	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.71	4.71	4.71	0.30	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.65	4.65	4.65	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of  $\pm$  100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm$  50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. <sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
850	55.2	0.99	9.75	9.75	9.75	0.33	1.01	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	8.01	8.01	8.01	0.36	0.84	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.68	7.68	7.68	0.59	0.65	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.13	7.13	7.13	0.65	0.50	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.18	4.18	4.18	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.09	4.09	4.09	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.91	3.91	3.91	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.60	3.60	3.60	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.96	3.96	3.96	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

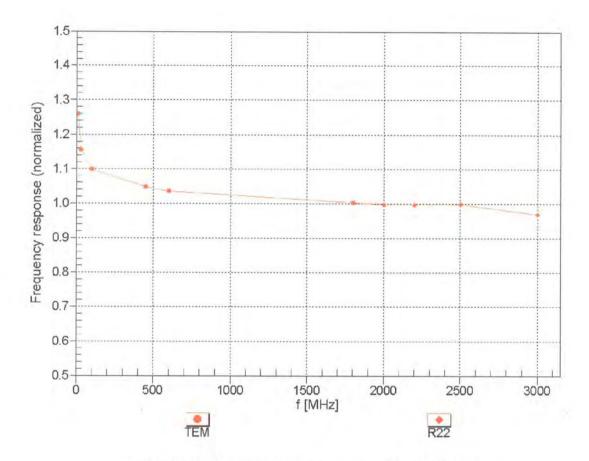
## Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of  $\pm$  100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm$  50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. <sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. <sup>6</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

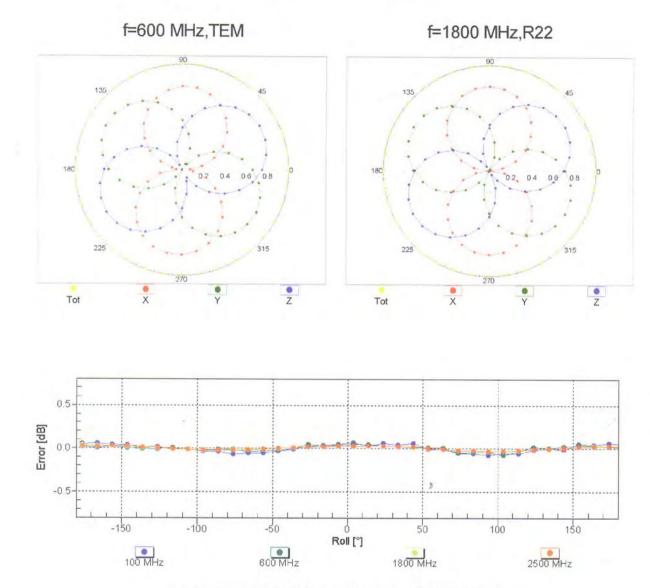
always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

#### 3,



Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

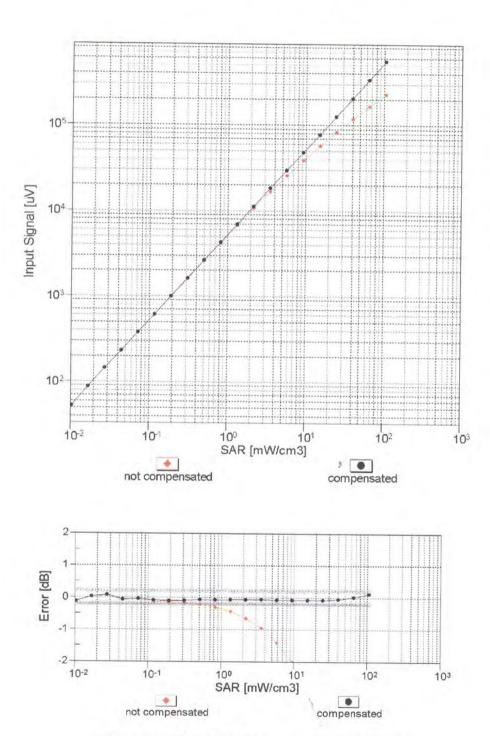
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)



# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

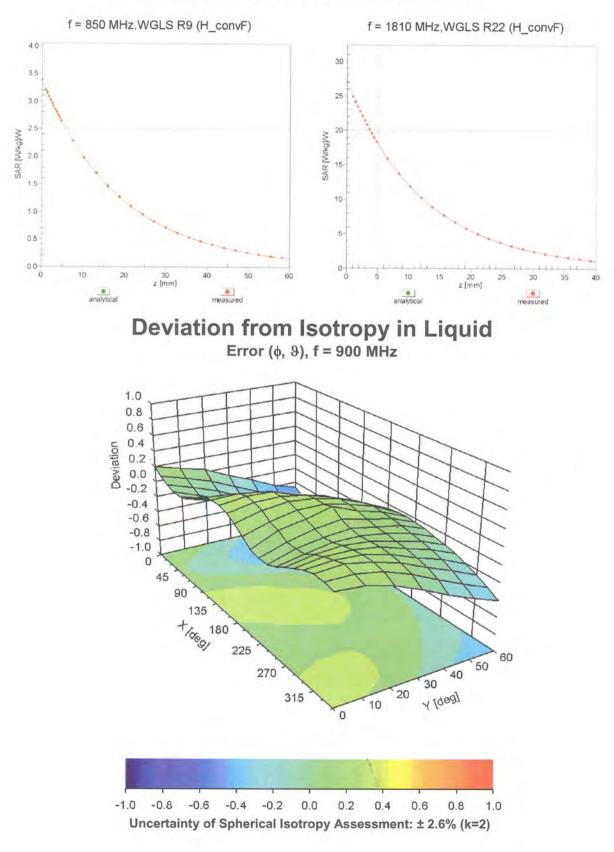
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

December 10, 2013



# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



**Conversion Factor Assessment** 

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-26.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

3.1