

FCC Measurement/Technical Report on

Wiliot GEN3 Hyper-thin Bluetooth IoT edge

FCC ID: 2AXVQ-WILIOT3
IC: 26623-WILIOT3

Test Report Reference: MDE_WILIOT_2301_FCC_02_rev1

Test Laboratory:

7layers GmbH
Borsigstrasse 11
40880 Ratingen
Germany



Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle
D-PL-12140-01-00

Note:

The following test results relate only to the devices specified in this document. This report shall not be reproduced in parts without the written approval of the test laboratory.

7layers GmbH

Borsigstraße 11
40880 Ratingen, Germany
T +49 (0) 2102 749 0
F +49 (0) 2102 749 350

Geschäftsführer/
Managing Directors:
Sebastian Doose
Bernhard Retka

Registergericht/registered:
Düsseldorf HRB 75554
USt-Id.-Nr./VAT-No. DE203159652
Steuer-Nr./TAX-No. 147/5869/0385

a Bureau Veritas
Group Company
www.7layers.com

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1 APPLIED STANDARDS AND TEST SUMMARY

1.1 APPLIED STANDARDS

Applicable FCC Rules

Prepared in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules and Regulations as listed in 47 CFR Ch.1 Parts 2 and 15 (10-1-23 Edition). The following subparts are applicable to the results in this test report.

Part 2, Subpart J - Equipment Authorization Procedures, Certification

Part 15, Subpart B – Unintentional Radiators

§ 15.107 Conducted limits

§ 15.109 Radiated emission limits; general requirements

Applicable ISED Standards

ICES-Gen, Issue 1 + Amendment 1 (March 2019) + Amendment 2 (February 2021)

ICES-003, Issue 7

Note:

ANSI C63.4–2014 is applied.

1.2 FCC-IC CORRELATION TABLE

Correlation of measurement requirements for Information Technology Equipment (ITE) from FCC and ISED Canada

Measurement	FCC reference	ISED reference
Conducted Emissions (AC Power Line)	§15.107	ICES-003 Issue 7: 3.2.1
Radiated Spurious Emissions	§15.109	ICES-003 Issue 7: 3.2.2

Remarks:

1. FCC Part 15 subpart B, ICES 003 and CISPR 22 contain different definitions of Class A and Class B limits, i.e. which class is applicable to which kind of EUT.
ICES 003 and CISPR 22 distinguish between the location where the EUT is intended to operate whilst FCC refers to the method of commercial distribution (distributive trades).
2. The correct assignment of the appropriate class to the concrete EUT is not scope of this test report!
3. A radio apparatus that is specifically subject to an ISED Radio Standard Specification (RSS) and which contains an ITE is not subject to ICES-003 provided the ITE is used only to enable operation of the radio apparatus and the ITE does not control additional functions or capabilities.
4. ISM (Industrial, Scientific or Medical) radio frequency generators, though they may contain ITE, are excluded from the definition of ITE and are not subject to ICES-003. They are instead subject to the Interference-Causing Equipment Standard ICES-001, which specifically addresses ISM radio frequency generators.

1.3 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15

§ 15.109 / Class B

Subpart B

Radiated Emissions

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.4

Final Result

OP-Mode

Setup

Date

FCC

IC

AC mains connection, Measurement range,
Test setup

no connection, 1 GHz - 18 GHz, stand-alone

S01_AH01

2024-06-24

Passed

Passed

no connection, 30 MHz - 1 GHz, stand-alone

S01_AH01

2024-06-24

Passed

Passed

N/A: Not applicable

N/P: Not performed

The test conducted emissions is not applicable because the EUT cannot be connected to the AC mains network

2 REVISION HISTORY / SIGNATURES

Report version control			
Version	Release date	Change Description	Version validity
initial	2024-10-07	--	invalid
rev1	2024-11-15	- Product description is changed	valid
--	--	--	--

COMMENT: -



(responsible for accreditation scope)
Marco Kullik



(responsible for testing and report)
Robert Machulec



7 layers GmbH, Borsigstr. 11
40880 Ratingen, Germany
Phone +49 (0)2102 749 0

3 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

3.1 TESTING LABORATORY

Company Name: 7layers GmbH
Address: Borsigstr. 11
40880 Ratingen
Germany

The test facility is accredited by the following accreditation organisation:

Laboratory accreditation no: DAKKS D-PL-12140-01-00
FCC Designation Number: DE0015
FCC Test Firm Registration: 929146
ISED CAB Identifier: DE0007; ISED#: 3699A

Responsible for accreditation scope: Marco Kullik

Report Template Version: 2023-09-29

3.2 PROJECT DATA

Responsible for testing and report: Robert Machulec
Employees who performed the tests: documented internally at 7Layers
Date of Report: 2024-11-15
Testing Period: 2024-06-24

3.3 APPLICANT DATA

Company Name: Wiliot Inc.
Address: 13500 Evening Creek Dr N, Ste 120
San Diego CA 92128
United States

Contact Person: Mr. Steve Statler

3.4 MANUFACTURER DATA

Company Name: please see Applicant Data
Address:
Contact Person:

4 TEST OBJECT DATA

4.1 GENERAL EUT DESCRIPTION

Kind of Device product description	Bluetooth® Low Energy Transmitter operating in 2400 – 2483.5 MHz frequency band. Wiliot ultra-thin Internet of Things (IoT) stickers are IoT systems powered by Wiliot Bluetooth® Low Energy Wireless Micro Controller Unit (MCU) that offer the ability to sense, compute and communicate using Bluetooth wireless communication technology. Thanks to the ultra-low power performance of the Wireless MCU, and their physical design and packaging, they come integrated in a sticker form factor. They operate without batteries through the energy harvesting functionality incorporated in the Wireless MCU Additional available options: An optional external capacitor for additional storage in case RF energy harvesting is used to power the system. Alternatively, the Wiliot IoT sticker is powered by an external printed battery source. An optional debug interface for in-field programing, debugging or connection to external power source
Product name	Wiliot GEN3 Hyper-thin Bluetooth IoT edge
Type	-
Declared EUT data by the supplier	
Power Supply Type	DC
Nominal Voltage / Frequency	5 V (only for testing purposes)
Test Voltage / Frequency	5 V (only for testing purposes)
Highest internal frequency	2480 MHz
Ports	-
Special software used for testing	Special software was used, which the applicant provided on his laptop.

4.2 EUT MAIN COMPONENTS

Sample Name	Sample Code	Description
EUT A	DE1405005aa01	Radiated sample
Sample Parameter	Value	
Serial No.	7d4	
HW Version	Wiliot Gen3 tag	
SW Version	Wiliot_FW_P5.2	
Comment	Sample without additional options	

NOTE: The short description is used to simplify the identification of the EUT in this test report.

4.3 AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, auxiliary equipment is defined as equipment which is used temporarily to enable operational and control features especially used for the tests of the EUT which is not used during normal operation or equipment that is used during the tests in combination with the EUT but is not subject of this test report. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Auxiliary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, OUT Code)	Description
AUX1	Laptop, Dell, Latitude 7420,	Running the test SW
AUX2	AC/DC Adapter, Dell,	Power supply for laptop
AUX3	Wiliot Debug Board, Wiliot_PIB_2, 144, Wiliot, PIB 2.0, WLT_015, --	Connection to laptop, power supply

4.4 ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Ancillary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, HW, SW, S/N)	Description
-	-	-

4.5 EUT SETUPS

This chapter describes the combination of EUTs and equipment used for testing. The rationale for selecting the EUTs, ancillary and auxiliary equipment and interconnecting cables, is to test a representative configuration meeting the requirements of the referenced standards.

Setup	Combination of EUTs	Description and Rationale
S01_AA01	EUT A, AUX1, AUX2, AUX3	

4.6 OPERATING MODES / TEST CHANNELS

This chapter describes the operating modes of the EUTs used for testing.

The device is powered on. A transmission (CW) @ 2442MHz is established.

4.7 PRODUCT LABELLING

4.7.1 FCC ID LABEL

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

4.7.2 LOCATION OF THE LABEL ON THE EUT

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

5 TEST RESULTS

5.1 RADIATED EMISSIONS

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart B**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.4

5.1.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

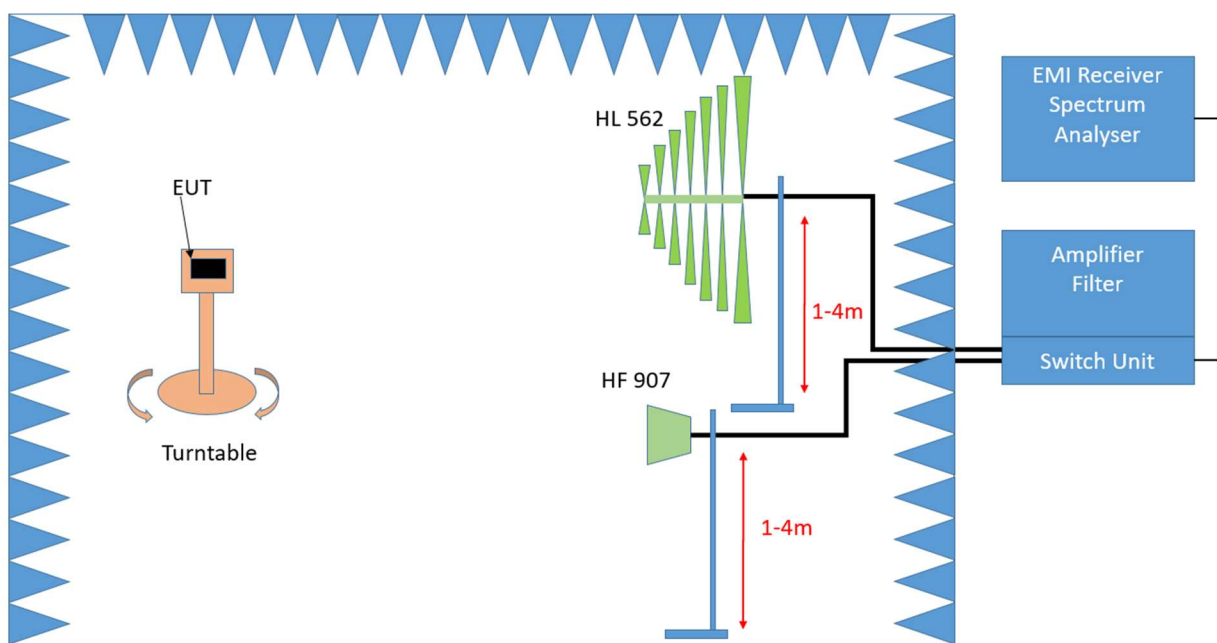
The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.4 in a typical installation configuration. The measurements were performed according to the following sub-chapters of ANSI C63.4:

- 30 MHz – 1 GHz: Chapter 8.3.2.1
- > 1 GHz: Chapter 8.3.2.2

The measurement procedure is implemented into the EMI test software EMC32 from R&S. Exploratory tests are performed at 3 orthogonal axes to determine the worst-case orientation of a body-worn or handheld EUT. The final test on all kind of EUTs is also performed at 3 axes. A pre-check is performed while the EUT is powered.

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table in the semi-anechoic chamber. The influence of the EUT support table that is used between 30–1000 MHz was evaluated.

1. Measurement setup



Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (SAC)

Frequency range 30 MHz – 1 GHz

Step 1: Preliminary scan

This is a preliminary test to identify the highest amplitudes relative to the limit.

Settings for step 1:

- Antenna distance: 3 m
- Detector: Peak-Max-hold / Quasi-Peak (FFT-based)
- Frequency range: 30 – 1000 MHz
- Frequency steps: 30 kHz
- IF-Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range: -180° to 90°
- Turntable step size: 90°
- Height variation range: 1 – 4 m
- Height variation step size: 1.5 m
- Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

Step 2: Adjustment measurement

In this step the accuracy of the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be improved. This is necessary to find out the maximum value of every frequency.

For each frequency, which was determined the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be adjusted. The turntable azimuth will slowly vary by 360° . During this action, the value of emission is continuously measured. The turntable azimuth at the highest emission will be recorded and adjusted. In this position, the antenna height will slowly vary between 1 – 4 m. During this action, the value of emission is also continuously measured. The antenna height of the highest emission will also be recorded and adjusted.

- Detector: Peak – Max-hold
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range: 360°
- Height variation range: 1 – 4 m
- Antenna Polarization: max. value determined in step 1

Step 3: Final measurement with QP detector

With the settings determined in step 2, the final measurement will be performed:

EMI receiver settings for step 3:

- Detector: Quasi-Peak
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

Above 1 GHz:

The following changes apply to the measurement procedure for the frequency range above 1 GHz:

Step 1:

- Turntable step size: 45°
- Detector: Peak, Average (Max-hold)
- IF – Bandwidth: 1 MHz
- Frequency steps: 250 kHz
- Measuring time: 500 ms / GHz

Step 2:

- IF – Bandwidth: 1 MHz

Step 3:

- Detector: Peak / CISPR Average
- IF – Bandwidth: 1 MHz

After every measurement a plot will be generated which contains a diagram with the results of the preliminary scan and a chart with the frequencies and values of the results of the final measurement.

5.1.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart B, §15.109, Radiated Emission Limits

Class B:

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
30 – 88	100@3m	3	40.0@3m
88 – 216	150@3m	3	43.5@3m
216 – 960	200@3m	3	46.0@3m
960 – 26000	500@3m	3	54.0@3m
26000 – 40000	500@3m	1	54.0@3m

Class A:

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
30 – 88	90@10m	3	39.1@10m
88 – 216	150@10m	3	43.5@10m
216 – 960	210@10m	3	46.4@10m
960 – 26000	300@10m	3	49.5@10m
26000 – 40000	300@10m	1	49.5@10m

The measured values for Class A and for Class B (> 26 GHz) measurements are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade).

§15.35(b) ..., there is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit....

Used conversion factor: $\text{Limit (dBµV/m)} = 20 \log (\text{Limit (µV/m)}/1\mu\text{V/m})$

5.1.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Temperature: 23°C
 Air Pressure: 1011 hPa
 Humidity: 40 %

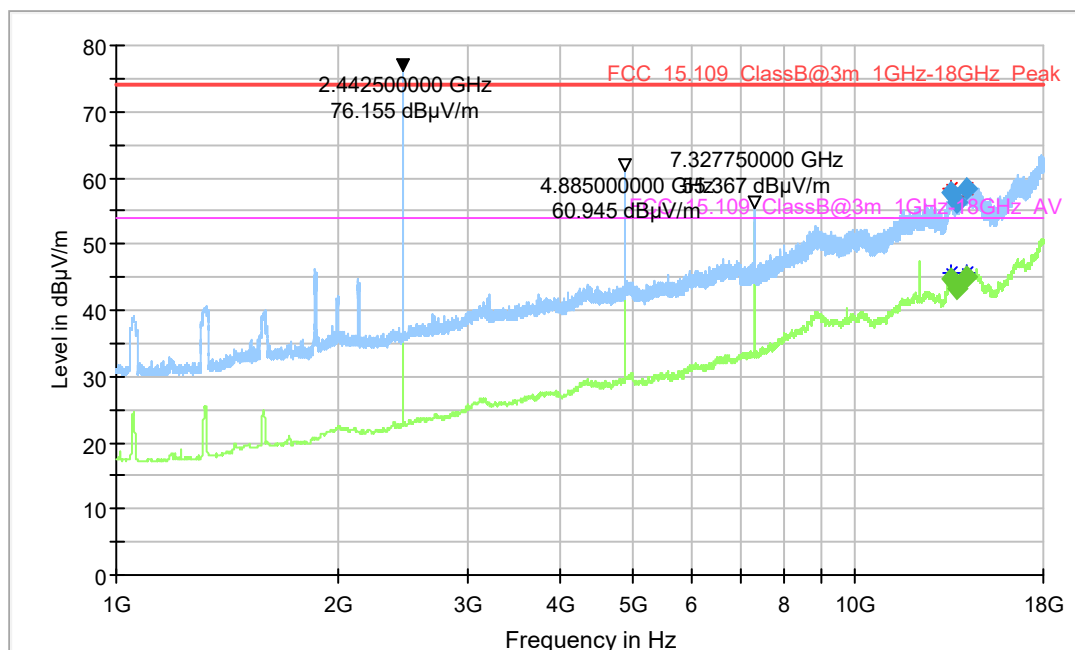
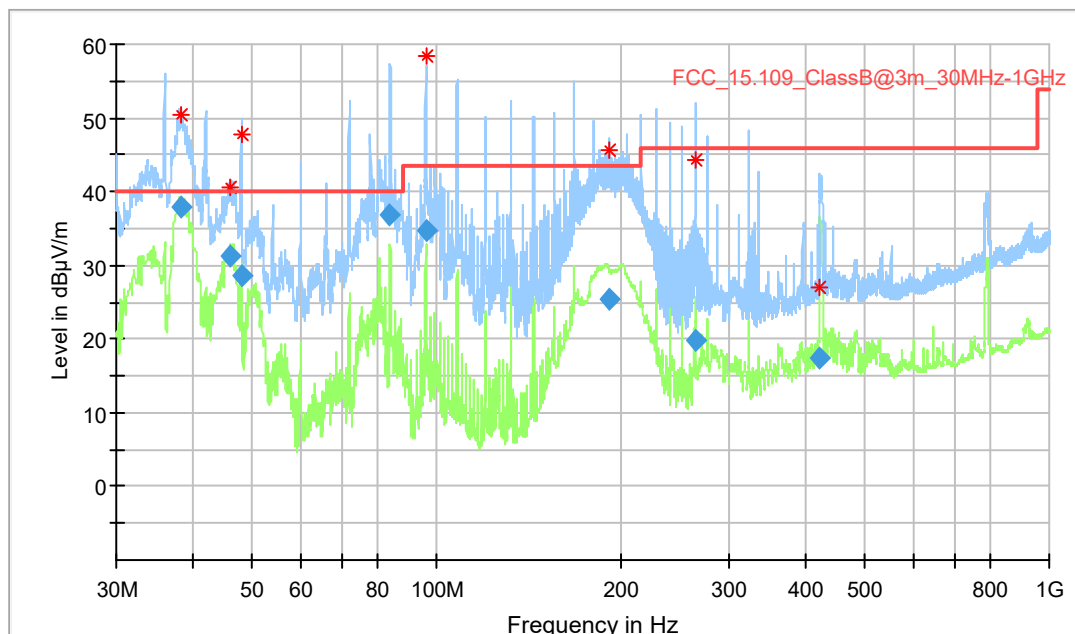
Op. Mode	Setup	Port
CW @ 2442MHz	S01_AA01	Enclosure

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
38.250000	37.93	40.00	2.07	1000.0	120.000	121.0	V	82.0	14.7
46.200000	31.32	40.00	8.68	1000.0	120.000	122.0	V	73.0	9.5
48.000000	28.67	40.00	11.33	1000.0	120.000	123.0	V	108.0	8.3
84.000000	36.87	40.00	3.13	1000.0	120.000	144.0	V	220.0	10.4
96.000000	34.68	43.50	8.82	1000.0	120.000	218.0	V	179.0	11.1
192.000000	25.47	43.50	18.03	1000.0	120.000	263.0	V	131.0	10.1
264.000000	19.87	46.00	26.13	1000.0	120.000	400.0	H	125.0	13.2
422.160000	17.29	46.00	28.71	1000.0	120.000	104.0	V	169.0	18.5

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBμV/m)	CAverage (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
13507.250000	---	44.88	54.00	9.12	200.0	1000.000	315.0	H	105.0	29.5
13507.250000	57.69	---	74.00	16.31	200.0	1000.000	315.0	H	105.0	29.5
13723.750000	---	43.30	54.00	10.70	200.0	1000.000	345.0	V	-85.0	29.4
13723.750000	56.16	---	74.00	17.84	200.0	1000.000	345.0	V	-85.0	29.4
14205.500000	---	44.92	54.00	9.08	200.0	1000.000	266.0	V	-93.0	30.8
14205.500000	58.25	---	74.00	15.75	200.0	1000.000	266.0	V	-93.0	30.8

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

5.1.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (EXAMPLE PLOT, SHOWING WORST CASE, IF APPLICABLE)



The peaks @ 2442MHz, 4885MHz and 7327MHz belong to the Bluetooth traffic produced by the transmitter.

5.1.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions SAC above 1 GHz
- Radiated Emissions SAC up to 1 GHz

6 TEST EQUIPMENT

6.1 TEST EQUIPMENT HARDWARE

- 1 Radiated Emissions SAC above 1 GHz
Radiated emission tests above 1 GHz in a semi anechoic room with floor absorbers

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
1.1	N5000/NP	Filter for EUT, 2 Lines, 250 V, 16 A	ETS-LINDGREN	241515	N/A	N/A
1.2	Opus10 TPR (8253.00)	T/P Logger 13	Lufth Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13936	2023-12	2025-12
1.3	ESW44	EMI Receiver / Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	101603	2024-03	2026-03
1.4	Anechoic Chamber 01	SAC/FAR, 10.58 m x 6.38 m x 6.00 m	Frankonia Germany EMC Solution GmbH	none	N/A	N/A
1.5	Fluke 177	Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter)	Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2023-08	2025-08
1.6	Opus10 THI (8152.00)	T/H Logger 10	Lufth Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	12488	2023-12	2025-12
1.7	EP 1200/B, NA/B1	AC Source, Amplifier with integrated variable Oscillator	Spitzenberger & Spies GmbH & Co. KG	B6278	N/A	N/A
1.8	DS 420S	Turn Table 2 m diameter	HD GmbH	420/573/99	N/A	N/A
1.9	JS4-00102600-42-5A	Broadband Amplifier 30 MHz - 26 GHz	Miteq	619368	N/A	N/A
1.10	MA4985-XP-ET	Bore Sight Antenna Mast	innco systems GmbH	none	N/A	N/A
1.11	BB4312-C30-H3x	Filter Universal 1A	Siemens Matsushita Components	none	N/A	N/A
1.12	CS-RUB6	Rubidium Frequency Standard	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	100321	2023-10	2024-10
1.13	HF 907-2	Double-ridged horn	Rohde & Schwarz	102817	2022-07	2025-07

2 Radiated Emissions SAC up to 1 GHz
Radiated emission tests up to 1 GHz in a semi anechoic room

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
2.1	N5000/NP	Filter for EUT, 2 Lines, 250 V, 16 A	ETS-LINDGREN	241515	N/A	N/A
2.2	Opus10 TPR (8253.00)	T/P Logger 13	Lufth Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13936	2023-12	2025-12
2.3	ESW44	EMI Receiver / Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	101603	2024-03	2026-03
2.4	Anechoic Chamber 01	SAC/FAR, 10.58 m x 6.38 m x 6.00 m	Frankonia Germany EMC Solution GmbH	none	N/A	N/A
2.5	HL 562 ULTRALOG	Biconical-log-per antenna (30 MHz - 3 GHz) with HL 562E biconicals	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	830547/003	2021-09	2024-09
2.6	Fluke 177	Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter)	Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2023-08	2025-08
2.7	Opus10 THI (8152.00)	T/H Logger 10	Lufth Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	12488	2023-12	2025-12
2.8	EP 1200/B, NA/B1	AC Source, Amplifier with integrated variable Oscillator	Spitzenberger & Spies GmbH & Co. KG	B6278	N/A	N/A
2.9	DS 420S	Turn Table 2 m diameter	HD GmbH	420/573/99	N/A	N/A
2.10	CS-RUB6	Rubidium Frequency Standard	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	100321	2023-10	2024-10
2.11	AM 4.0	Antenna Mast 4 m	Maturo GmbH	AM4.0/180/11920513	N/A	N/A

The calibration interval is the time interval between "Last Calibration" and "Calibration Due"

6.2 TEST EQUIPMENT SOFTWARE

Semi-Anechoic Chamber:	
Software	Version
EMC32 Measurement Software	10.60.10
INNCO Mast Controller	1.02.62
MATURO Mast Controller	12.19
MATURO Turn-Table Controller	30.10
Fully-Anechoic Chamber:	
Software	Version
EMC32 Measurement Software	10.60.10
MATURO Turn-Unit Controller	11.10
MATURO Mast Controller	12.10
MATURO Turntable Controller	12.11
INNCO Mast Controller	1.02.62
TS 8997	
WMC32 Measurement Software	11.40.00
Conducted AC Emissions:	
Software	Version
EMC32 Measurement Software	10.60.20

7 ANTENNA FACTORS, CABLE LOSS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

This chapter contains the antenna factors with their corresponding path loss of the used measurement path for all antennas as well as the insertion loss of the LISN.

7.1 LISN R&S ESH3-Z5 (150 KHZ – 30 MHZ)

Frequency		Corr.	LISN insertion loss ESH3- Z5	cable loss (incl. 10 dB atten- uator)
MHz		dB	dB	dB
0.15		10.1	0.1	10.0
5		10.3	0.1	10.2
7		10.5	0.2	10.3
10		10.5	0.2	10.3
12		10.7	0.3	10.4
14		10.7	0.3	10.4
16		10.8	0.4	10.4
18		10.9	0.4	10.5
20		10.9	0.4	10.5
22		11.1	0.5	10.6
24		11.1	0.5	10.6
26		11.2	0.5	10.7
28		11.2	0.5	10.7
30		11.3	0.5	10.8

Sample calculation

$$U_{\text{LISN}} (\text{dB } \mu\text{V}) = U (\text{dB } \mu\text{V}) + \text{Corr. (dB)}$$

U = Receiver reading

LISN Insertion loss = Voltage Division Factor of LISN

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used LISN, cables, switch units (if used)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

7.2 ANTENNA R&S HFH2-Z2 (9 KHZ – 30 MHZ)

Frequency	AF	Corr.	cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)	distance corr. (-40 dB/decade)	d _{Limit} (meas. distance (limit))	d _{used} (meas. distance (used))
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
0.009	20.50	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.01	20.45	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.015	20.37	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.02	20.36	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.025	20.38	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.03	20.32	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.05	20.35	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.08	20.30	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	20.20	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.2	20.17	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.3	20.14	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.49	20.12	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.490001	20.12	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.5	20.11	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.8	20.10	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
1	20.09	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
2	20.08	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
3	20.06	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
4	20.05	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
5	20.05	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
6	20.02	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
8	19.95	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
10	19.83	-39.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
12	19.71	-39.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
14	19.54	-39.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
16	19.53	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
18	19.50	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
20	19.57	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
22	19.61	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
24	19.61	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
26	19.54	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
28	19.46	-39.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	-40	30	3
30	19.73	-39.1	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	-40	30	3

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

distance correction = $-40 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values

7.3 ANTENNA R&S HL562 (30 MHZ – 1 GHZ)

($d_{\text{Limit}} = 3 \text{ m}$)

Frequency	AF R&S HL562	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
30	18.6	0.6
50	6.0	0.9
100	9.7	1.2
150	7.9	1.6
200	7.6	1.9
250	9.5	2.1
300	11.0	2.3
350	12.4	2.6
400	13.6	2.9
450	14.7	3.1
500	15.6	3.2
550	16.3	3.5
600	17.2	3.5
650	18.1	3.6
700	18.5	3.6
750	19.1	4.1
800	19.6	4.1
850	20.1	4.4
900	20.8	4.7
950	21.1	4.8
1000	21.6	4.9

cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)	distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade)	d_{Limit} (meas. distance (limit))	d_{used} (meas. distance (used))
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
0.29	0.04	0.23	0.02	0.0	3	3
0.39	0.09	0.32	0.08	0.0	3	3
0.56	0.14	0.47	0.08	0.0	3	3
0.73	0.20	0.59	0.12	0.0	3	3
0.84	0.21	0.70	0.11	0.0	3	3
0.98	0.24	0.80	0.13	0.0	3	3
1.04	0.26	0.89	0.15	0.0	3	3
1.18	0.31	0.96	0.13	0.0	3	3
1.28	0.35	1.03	0.19	0.0	3	3
1.39	0.38	1.11	0.22	0.0	3	3
1.44	0.39	1.20	0.19	0.0	3	3
1.55	0.46	1.24	0.23	0.0	3	3
1.59	0.43	1.29	0.23	0.0	3	3
1.67	0.34	1.35	0.22	0.0	3	3
1.67	0.42	1.41	0.15	0.0	3	3
1.87	0.54	1.46	0.25	0.0	3	3
1.90	0.46	1.51	0.25	0.0	3	3
1.99	0.60	1.56	0.27	0.0	3	3
2.14	0.60	1.63	0.29	0.0	3	3
2.22	0.60	1.66	0.33	0.0	3	3
2.23	0.61	1.71	0.30	0.0	3	3

($d_{\text{Limit}} = 10 \text{ m}$)

30	18.6	-9.9
50	6.0	-9.6
100	9.7	-9.2
150	7.9	-8.8
200	7.6	-8.6
250	9.5	-8.3
300	11.0	-8.1
350	12.4	-7.9
400	13.6	-7.6
450	14.7	-7.4
500	15.6	-7.2
550	16.3	-7.0
600	17.2	-6.9
650	18.1	-6.9
700	18.5	-6.8
750	19.1	-6.3
800	19.6	-6.3
850	20.1	-6.0
900	20.8	-5.8
950	21.1	-5.6
1000	21.6	-5.6

0.29	0.04	0.23	0.02	-10.5	10	3
0.39	0.09	0.32	0.08	-10.5	10	3
0.56	0.14	0.47	0.08	-10.5	10	3
0.73	0.20	0.59	0.12	-10.5	10	3
0.84	0.21	0.70	0.11	-10.5	10	3
0.98	0.24	0.80	0.13	-10.5	10	3
1.04	0.26	0.89	0.15	-10.5	10	3
1.18	0.31	0.96	0.13	-10.5	10	3
1.28	0.35	1.03	0.19	-10.5	10	3
1.39	0.38	1.11	0.22	-10.5	10	3
1.44	0.39	1.20	0.19	-10.5	10	3
1.55	0.46	1.24	0.23	-10.5	10	3
1.59	0.43	1.29	0.23	-10.5	10	3
1.67	0.34	1.35	0.22	-10.5	10	3
1.67	0.42	1.41	0.15	-10.5	10	3
1.87	0.54	1.46	0.25	-10.5	10	3
1.90	0.46	1.51	0.25	-10.5	10	3
1.99	0.60	1.56	0.27	-10.5	10	3
2.14	0.60	1.63	0.29	-10.5	10	3
2.22	0.60	1.66	0.33	-10.5	10	3
2.23	0.61	1.71	0.30	-10.5	10	3

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + \text{AF (dB 1/m)} + \text{Corr. (dB)}$
 U = Receiver reading
 AF = Antenna factor
 Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)
 $\text{distance correction} = -20 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$
 Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.
 Tables show an extract of values.

7.4 ANTENNA R&S HF907 (1 GHZ – 18 GHZ)

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
1000	24.4	-19.4
2000	28.5	-17.4
3000	31.0	-16.1
4000	33.1	-14.7
5000	34.4	-13.7
6000	34.7	-12.7
7000	35.6	-11.0

cable loss 1 (relay + cable inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit, atten- uator & pre-amp)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)		
dB	dB	dB	dB		
0.99	0.31	-21.51	0.79		
1.44	0.44	-20.63	1.38		
1.87	0.53	-19.85	1.33		
2.41	0.67	-19.13	1.31		
2.78	0.86	-18.71	1.40		
2.74	0.90	-17.83	1.47		
2.82	0.86	-16.19	1.46		

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
3000	31.0	-23.4
4000	33.1	-23.3
5000	34.4	-21.7
6000	34.7	-21.2
7000	35.6	-19.8

cable loss 1 (relay inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (inside chamber)	cable loss 3 (outside chamber)	cable loss 4 (switch unit, atten- uator & pre-amp)	cable loss 5 (to receiver)	used for FCC 15.247
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	
0.47	1.87	0.53	-27.58	1.33	
0.56	2.41	0.67	-28.23	1.31	
0.61	2.78	0.86	-27.35	1.40	
0.58	2.74	0.90	-26.89	1.47	
0.66	2.82	0.86	-25.58	1.46	

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
7000	35.6	-57.3
8000	36.3	-56.3
9000	37.1	-55.3
10000	37.5	-56.2
11000	37.5	-55.3
12000	37.6	-53.7
13000	38.2	-53.5
14000	39.9	-56.3
15000	40.9	-54.1
16000	41.3	-54.1
17000	42.8	-54.4
18000	44.2	-54.7

cable loss 1 (relay inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (High Pass)	cable loss 3 (pre- amp)	cable loss 4 (inside chamber)	cable loss 5 (outside chamber)	cable loss 6 (to receiver)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
0.56	1.28	-62.72	2.66	0.94	1.46
0.69	0.71	-61.49	2.84	1.00	1.53
0.68	0.65	-60.80	3.06	1.09	1.60
0.70	0.54	-61.91	3.28	1.20	1.67
0.80	0.61	-61.40	3.43	1.27	1.70
0.84	0.42	-59.70	3.53	1.26	1.73
0.83	0.44	-59.81	3.75	1.32	1.83
0.91	0.53	-63.03	3.91	1.40	1.77
0.98	0.54	-61.05	4.02	1.44	1.83
1.23	0.49	-61.51	4.17	1.51	1.85
1.36	0.76	-62.36	4.34	1.53	2.00
1.70	0.53	-62.88	4.41	1.55	1.91

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Tables show an extract of values.

7.5 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-09 (18 GHZ – 26.5 GHZ)

Frequency	AF EMCO 3160-09	Corr.	cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (pre- amp)	cable loss 3 (inside chamber)	cable loss 4 (switch unit)	cable loss 5 (to receiver)
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
18000	40.2	-23.5	0.72	-35.85	6.20	2.81	2.65
18500	40.2	-23.2	0.69	-35.71	6.46	2.76	2.59
19000	40.2	-22.0	0.76	-35.44	6.69	3.15	2.79
19500	40.3	-21.3	0.74	-35.07	7.04	3.11	2.91
20000	40.3	-20.3	0.72	-34.49	7.30	3.07	3.05
20500	40.3	-19.9	0.78	-34.46	7.48	3.12	3.15
21000	40.3	-19.1	0.87	-34.07	7.61	3.20	3.33
21500	40.3	-19.1	0.90	-33.96	7.47	3.28	3.19
22000	40.3	-18.7	0.89	-33.57	7.34	3.35	3.28
22500	40.4	-19.0	0.87	-33.66	7.06	3.75	2.94
23000	40.4	-19.5	0.88	-33.75	6.92	3.77	2.70
23500	40.4	-19.3	0.90	-33.35	6.99	3.52	2.66
24000	40.4	-19.8	0.88	-33.99	6.88	3.88	2.58
24500	40.4	-19.5	0.91	-33.89	7.01	3.93	2.51
25000	40.4	-19.3	0.88	-33.00	6.72	3.96	2.14
25500	40.5	-20.4	0.89	-34.07	6.90	3.66	2.22
26000	40.5	-21.3	0.86	-35.11	7.02	3.69	2.28
26500	40.5	-21.1	0.90	-35.20	7.15	3.91	2.36

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.

7.6 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-10 (26.5 GHZ – 40 GHZ)

Frequency	AF EMCO 3160-10	Corr.	cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)	distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade)	d _{Limit} (meas. distance (limit))	d _{used} (meas. distance (used))
GHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
26.5	43.4	-11.2	4.4				-9.5	3	1.0
27.0	43.4	-11.2	4.4				-9.5	3	1.0
28.0	43.4	-11.1	4.5				-9.5	3	1.0
29.0	43.5	-11.0	4.6				-9.5	3	1.0
30.0	43.5	-10.9	4.7				-9.5	3	1.0
31.0	43.5	-10.8	4.7				-9.5	3	1.0
32.0	43.5	-10.7	4.8				-9.5	3	1.0
33.0	43.6	-10.7	4.9				-9.5	3	1.0
34.0	43.6	-10.6	5.0				-9.5	3	1.0
35.0	43.6	-10.5	5.1				-9.5	3	1.0
36.0	43.6	-10.4	5.1				-9.5	3	1.0
37.0	43.7	-10.3	5.2				-9.5	3	1.0
38.0	43.7	-10.2	5.3				-9.5	3	1.0
39.0	43.7	-10.2	5.4				-9.5	3	1.0
40.0	43.8	-10.1	5.5				-9.5	3	1.0

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

distance correction = $-20 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$

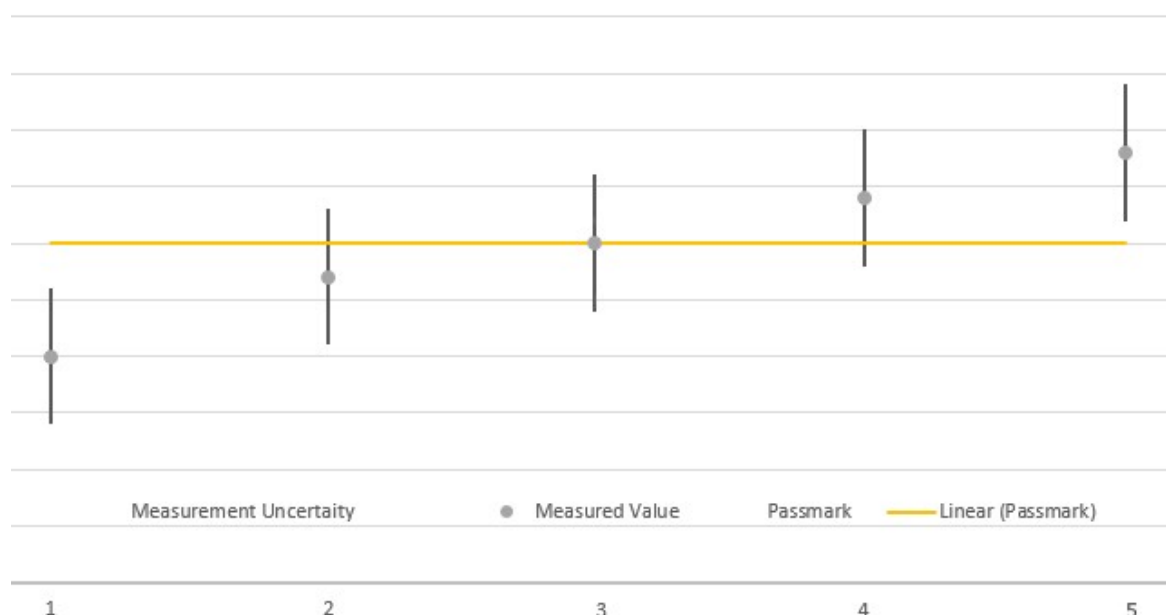
Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.

8 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Test Case	Parameter	Uncertainty
Conducted Emissions at AC mains	Voltage	± 3.4 dB
Radiated Emissions	Field Strength	± 5.5 dB

The measurement uncertainties for all parameters are calculated with an expansion factor (coverage factor) $k = 1.96$. This means, that the true value is in the corresponding interval with a probability of 95 %.



The verdicts in this test report are given according the above diagram:

Case	Measured Value	Uncertainty Range	Verdict
1	below pass mark	below pass mark	Passed
2	below pass mark	within pass mark	Passed
3	on pass mark	within pass mark	Passed
4	above pass mark	within pass mark	Failed
5	above pass mark	above pass mark	Failed

That means, the laboratory applies, as decision rule (see ISO/IEC 17025:2017), the so-called shared risk principle.

9 PHOTO REPORT

Please see separate photo report.

*****END OF TEST REPORT*****