

# TEST REPORT

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KONG,KOWLOON,HONGKONG  
Report Number : RA230509-25068E-RF-00A  
FCC ID: 2A8X4-RAPTOR

## Test Standard (s)

FCC PART 15.247

## Sample Description

Product Type: Smart phone  
Model No.: RAPTOR  
Multiple Model(s) No.: Air2 Pro, Air2, B2 Pro, B2, B2 Ultra  
Trade Mark: IIF150  
Date Received: 2023/05/09  
Report Date: 2023/06/03

Test Result:	Pass*
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\* In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards above.

## Prepared and Checked By:

## Approved By:



Nick Fang  
EMC Engineer



Candy Li  
EMC Engineer

Note: This report may contain data that are not covered by the A2LA accreditation and are marked with an asterisk "★".

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	RA230509-25068E-RF-00A	Original Report	2023-06-03

## GENERAL INFORMATION

### Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

Product	Smart phone
Tested model	RAPTOR
Multiple Model(s)	Air2 Pro, Air2, B2 Pro, B2, B2 Ultra (model difference see product declaration letter of similarity)
Frequency Range	Bluetooth: 2402-2480MHz
Maximum conducted peak output power	Bluetooth: 4.68dBm
Modulation Technique	Bluetooth: GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK
Antenna Specification*	0.1dBi (provided by the applicant)
Voltage Range	DC 3.89V from battery or DC 3.3-20V from adapter
Test Sample serial number	25M6-2 for Conducted and Radiated Emissions Test 25M6-1 for RF Conducted Test (Assigned by ATC)
Sample/EUT Status	Good condition
Adapter information	Model: FC462U Input: 100-240V, 50/60Hz, 1.5A Max Output: DC 5V, 3A or DC 9V, 3A or DC 12V, 3A or DC 15V, 3A or DC 20V, 3.25A Max PPS: 3.3-20V, 3.25A Max

### Objective

This test report is in accordance with Part 2-Subpart J, Part 15-Subparts A and C of the Federal Communication Commission rules.

The tests were performed in order to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 rules.

### Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

All emissions measurement was performed at Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

## Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter		Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth		5%
RF Frequency		$0.082 \times 10^{-7}$
RF output power, conducted		0.71dB
Unwanted Emission, conducted		1.6dB
AC Power Lines Conducted Emissions		2.72dB
Emissions, Radiated	9kHz - 30MHz	2.06dB
	30MHz - 1GHz	5.08dB
	1GHz - 18GHz	4.96dB
	18GHz - 26.5GHz	5.16dB
	26.5GHz - 40GHz	4.64dB
Temperature		1℃
Humidity		6%
Supply voltages		0.4%

*Note: The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval. Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.*

## Test Facility

The test site used by Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. to collect test data is located on the Floor 1, KuMaKe Building, Dongzhou Community, Guangming Street, Guangming District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

The test site has been approved by the FCC under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No.: 708358, the FCC Designation No.: CN1189. Accredited by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) The Certificate Number is 429 7.01.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0016. The Registration Number is 30241.

## SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

### Description of Test Configuration

The system was configured for testing in an engineering mode.

### EUT Exercise Software

EUT was test in the engineering mode and the power level is 6 \*. The power level was provided by the manufacturer.

### Special Accessories

No special accessory.

### Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

### Support Equipment List and Details

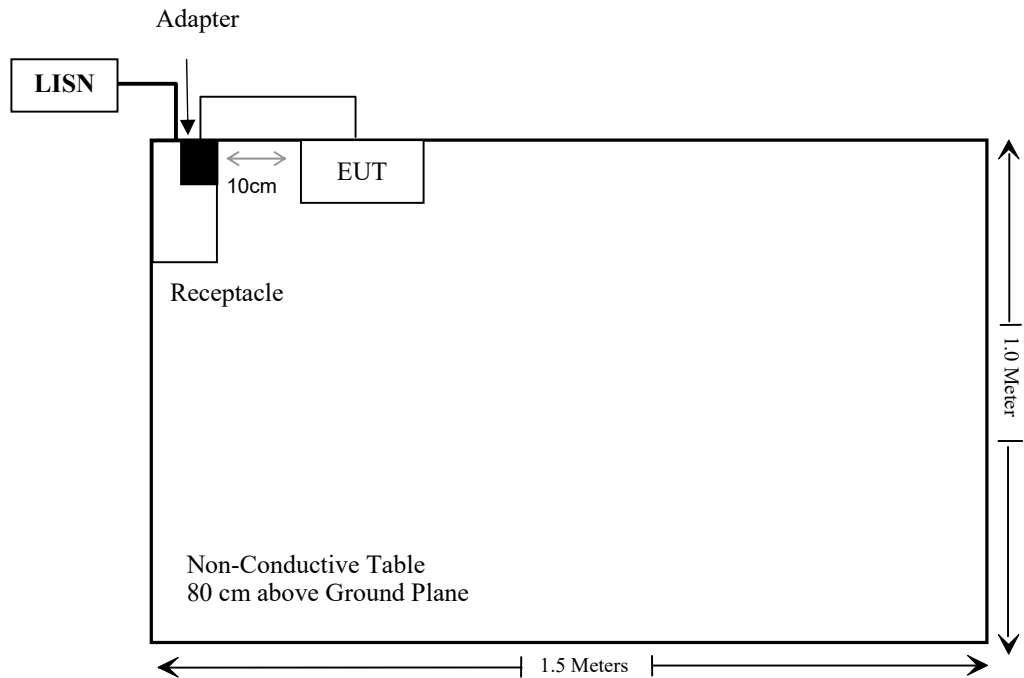
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
/	/	/	/

### External I/O Cable

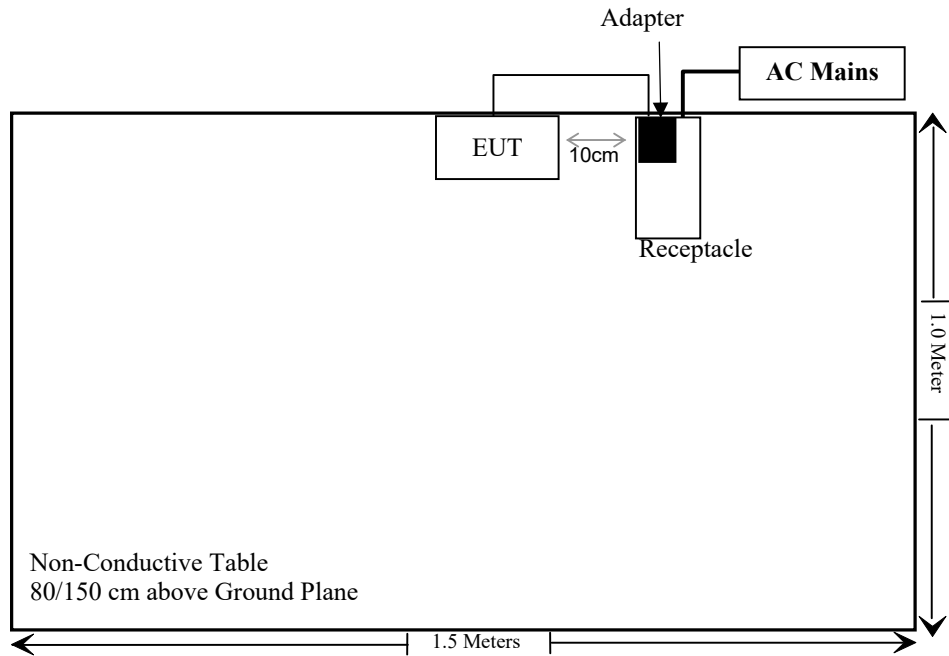
Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	To
Un-shielding Detachable USB Cable	1.0	EUT	Adapter

Block Diagram of Test Setup

For Conducted Emissions



For Radiated Emissions:



Note: the support table edge was flush with the center of turntable



**SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
§1.1307 (b) & §2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliant
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.207(a)	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
§15.205, §15.209 & §15.247(d)	Radiated Emissions	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)	20 dB Emission Bandwidth & 99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation Test	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Quantity of hopping channel Test	Compliant
§15.247(b)(1)	Peak Output Power Measurement	Compliant
§15.247(d)	Band edges	Compliant

**TEST EQUIPMENT LIST**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
<b>Radiated Emissions Test</b>					
Rohde& Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100784	2022/11/25	2023/11/24
Rohde & Schwarz	L.I.S.N.	ENV216	101314	2022/11/25	2023/11/24
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.17	N0350	2022/11/25	2023/11/24
Anritsu Corp	50 Coaxial Switch	MP59B	6100237248	2022/12/07	2023/12/06
Conducted Emission Test Software: e3 191218 (V9)					
<b>Radiated Emissions Test</b>					
Rohde& Schwarz	Test Receiver	ESR	102725	2022/11/25	2023/11/24
Rohde&Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101949	2022/11/25	2023/11/24
SONOMA INSTRUMENT	Amplifier	310 N	186131	2022/11/08	2023/11/07
A.H. Systems, inc.	Preamplifier	PAM-0118P	135	2022/11/08	2023/11/07
Quinstar	Amplifier	QLW-18405536-J0	15964001002	2022/11/08	2023/11/07
Schwarzbeck	Bilog Antenna	VULB9163	9163-323	2021/07/06	2024/07/05
Schwarzbeck	Horn Antenna	BBHA9120D	837	2023/02/22	2026/02/21
Schwarzbeck	HORN ANTENNA	BBHA9170	9170-359	2022/12/26	2025/12/25
Radiated Emission Test Software: e3 19821b (V9)					
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.10	N050	2022/11/25	2023/11/24
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.11	N1000	2022/11/25	2023/11/24
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.12	N040	2022/11/25	2023/11/24
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.13	N300	2022/11/25	2023/11/24
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.14	N800	2022/11/25	2023/11/24
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.15	N600	2022/11/25	2023/11/24
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.16	N650	2022/11/25	2023/11/24
Wainwright	High Pass Filter	WHKX3.6/18 G-10SS	5	2022/11/25	2023/11/24

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
RF Conducted Test					
Rohde&Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV-40	101590	2022/11/25	2023/11/24
Tonscend	RF Control Unit	JS0806-2	19G8060182	2022/10/24	2023/10/23
WEINSCHL	10dB Attenuator	5324	AU 3842	2022/11/25	2023/11/24
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.31	RF-01	Each time	

\* **Statement of Traceability:** Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## FCC§15.247 (i), §1.1307 (b) (1) & §2.1093 – RF EXPOSURE

### Applicable Standard

According to FCC §2.1093 and §1.1307(b) (1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

- a) According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

1.  $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
4. When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

### Measurement Result

For worst case:

Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Tune-up power		Calculated Distance (mm)	Calculated Value	Threshold (1-g SAR)	SAR Test Exclusion
	(dBm)	(mW)				
2402-2480	5.0	3.16	5	1.0	3.0	Yes

**Result: No Standalone SAR test is required**

## **FCC §15.203 – ANTENNA REQUIREMENT**

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### **Applicable Standard**

According to FCC § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

### **Antenna Connector Construction**

The EUT has one internal antenna arrangement which was permanently attached, the antenna gain is 0.1dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos.

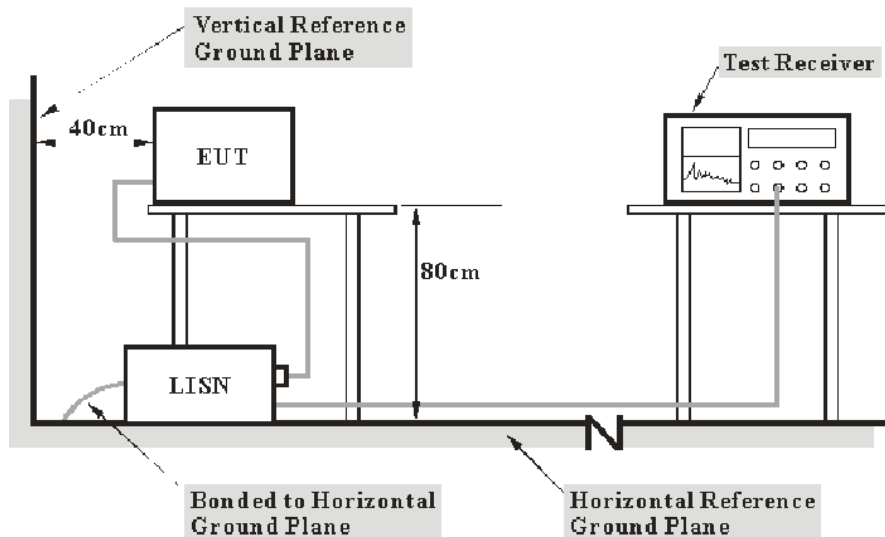
**Result:** Compliance.

## FCC §15.207 (a) – AC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

### Applicable Standard

FCC §15.207(a)

### EUT Setup



Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.  
2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The measurement procedure of EUT setup is according with ANSI C63.10-2013. The related limit was specified in FCC Part 15.207.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

### EMI Test Receiver Setup

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	IF B/W
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz

### Test Procedure

During the conducted emission test, the adapter was connected to the outlet of the LISN.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All final data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

## Transd Factor & Margin Calculation

The Transd factor is calculated by adding LISN VDF (Voltage Division Factor), Cable Loss and Transient Limiter Attenuation. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Transd Factor} = \text{LISN VDF} + \text{Cable Loss}$$

The “**Over Limit**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a over limit of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Over Limit} &= \text{level} - \text{Limit} \\ \text{Level} &= \text{reading level} + \text{Transd Factor}\end{aligned}$$

## Test Data

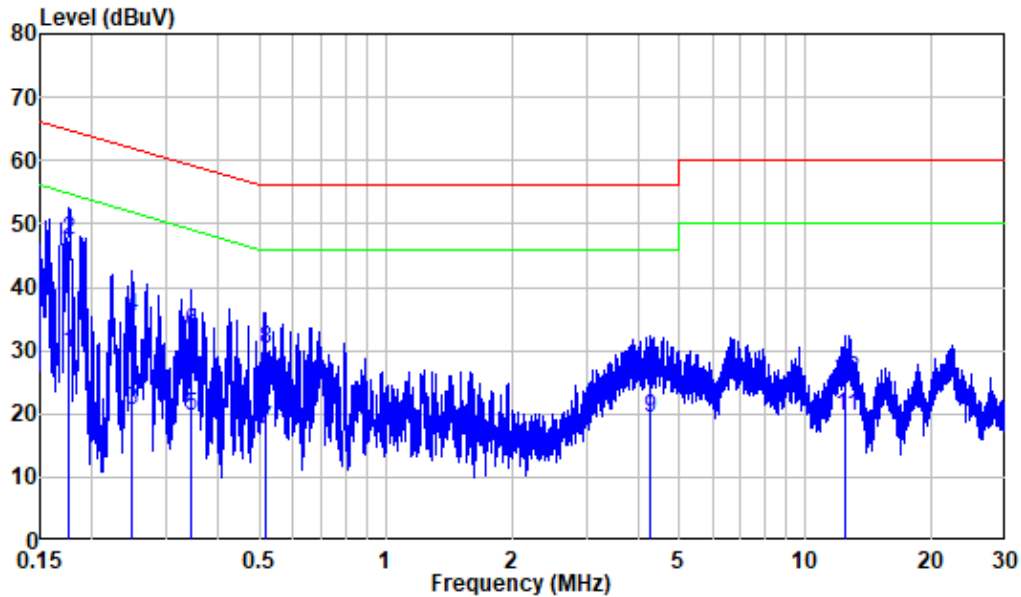
### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23 °C
Relative Humidity:	49 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Jerry Wu on 2023-05-19.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting (the worst case is GFSK Mode, Middle channel)*

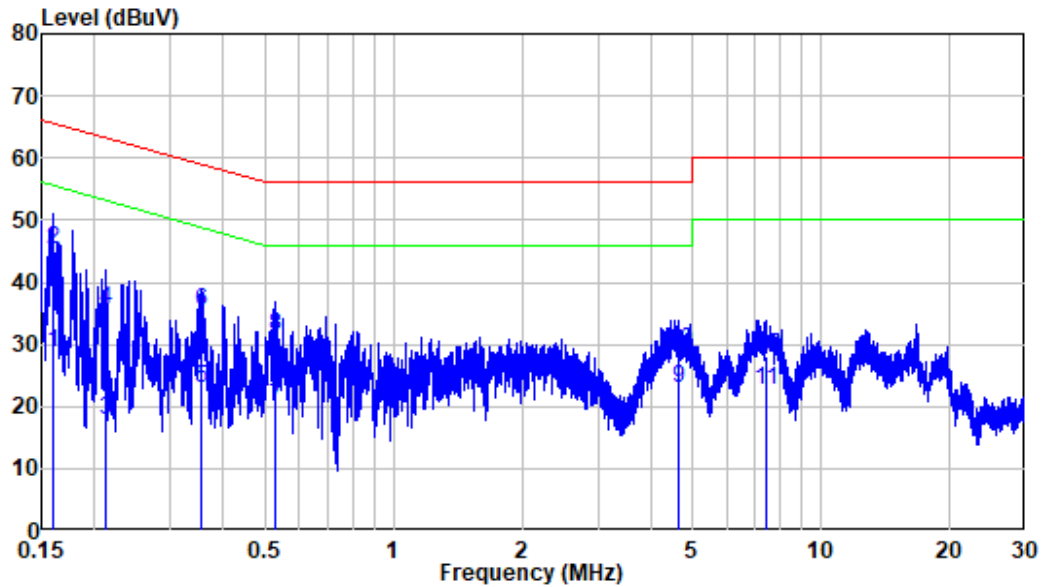
## AC 120V/60 Hz, Line



Site : Shielding Room  
 Condition: Line  
 Job No. : RA230509-25068E-RF  
 Mode : BT Transmitting  
 Power : AC 120V 60Hz

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dB	
1	0.176	10.40	19.22	29.62	54.65	-25.03	Average
2	0.176	10.40	37.02	47.42	64.65	-17.23	QP
3	0.249	10.40	10.10	20.50	51.79	-31.29	Average
4	0.249	10.40	24.82	35.22	61.79	-26.57	QP
5	0.343	10.40	9.32	19.72	49.13	-29.41	Average
6	0.343	10.40	22.47	32.87	59.13	-26.26	QP
7	0.519	10.43	7.22	17.65	46.00	-28.35	Average
8	0.519	10.43	19.88	30.31	56.00	-25.69	QP
9	4.264	10.52	8.71	19.23	46.00	-26.77	Average
10	4.264	10.52	14.42	24.94	56.00	-31.06	QP
11	12.491	10.24	9.52	19.76	50.00	-30.24	Average
12	12.491	10.24	15.11	25.35	60.00	-34.65	QP



**AC 120V/60 Hz, Neutral**

Site : Shielding Room  
 Condition: Neutral  
 Job No. : RA230509-25068E-RF  
 Mode : BT Transmitting  
 Power : AC 120V 60Hz

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dB	
1	0.160	10.42	18.40	28.82	55.48	-26.66	Average
2	0.160	10.42	34.96	45.38	65.48	-20.10	QP
3	0.211	10.49	7.38	17.87	53.15	-35.28	Average
4	0.211	10.49	25.01	35.50	63.15	-27.65	QP
5	0.354	10.44	12.41	22.85	48.86	-26.01	Average
6	0.354	10.44	24.78	35.22	58.86	-23.64	QP
7	0.530	10.43	9.53	19.96	46.00	-26.04	Average
8	0.530	10.43	20.93	31.36	56.00	-24.64	QP
9	4.641	10.45	12.45	22.90	46.00	-23.10	Average
10	4.641	10.45	18.50	28.95	56.00	-27.05	QP
11	7.432	10.49	12.11	22.60	50.00	-27.40	Average
12	7.432	10.49	17.46	27.95	60.00	-32.05	QP

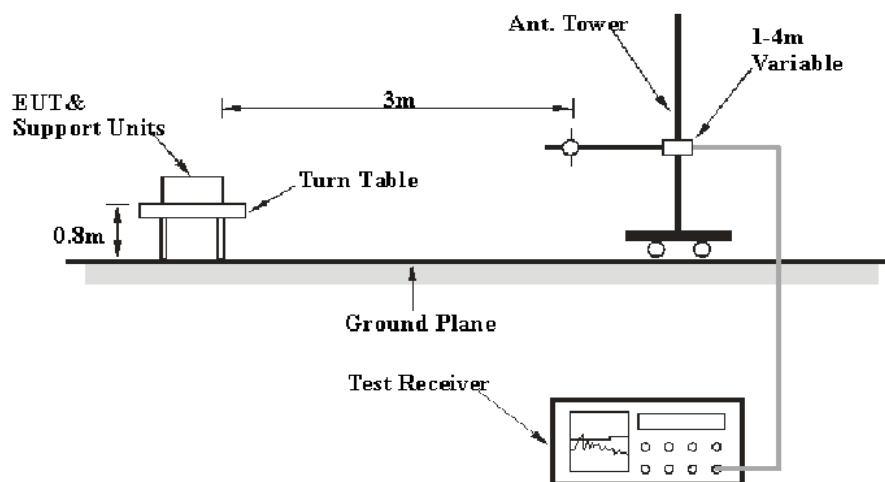
## FCC §15.205, §15.209 & §15.247(d) – RADIATED EMISSIONS

### Applicable Standard

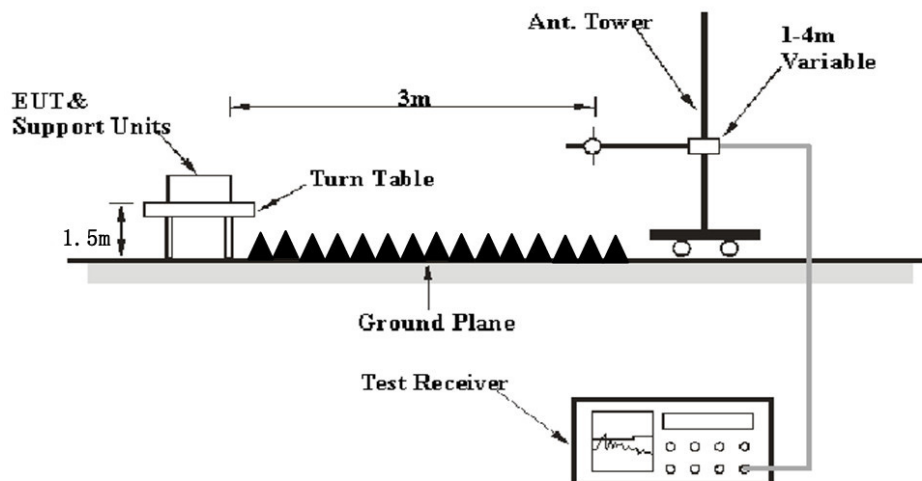
FCC §15.205; §15.209; §15.247(d)

### EUT Setup

Below 1 GHz:



Above 1GHz:



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.209 and FCC 15.247 limits.

## EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Measurement
30 MHz – 1000 MHz	100 kHz	300 kHz	120 kHz	QP
Above 1 GHz	1 MHz	3 MHz	/	PK

For average measurement:

Use the duty cycle factor correction factor method per 15.35(c).

Duty cycle=On time/100milliseconds, On time= $N1*L1+N2*L2+\dots+Nn-1*Ln-1+Nn*Ln$ ,

Where N1 is number of type 1 pulses, L1 is length of type 1 pulse, etc.

Average Emission Level=Peak Emission Level+20\*log(Duty cycle)

## Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

All final data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz -1 GHz and peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

## Corrected Factor & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Factor is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Corrected Factor} = \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The “**Over Limit or Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a overlimit/margin of -7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Margin/Over Limit} &= \text{Corrected Amplitude (Absolute Level)/Level-Limit} \\ \text{Corrected Amplitude/Level} &= \text{Reading} + \text{Corrected Factor} \end{aligned}$$

## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23~26.3 °C
Relative Humidity:	50~54 %
ATM Pressure:	101kPa

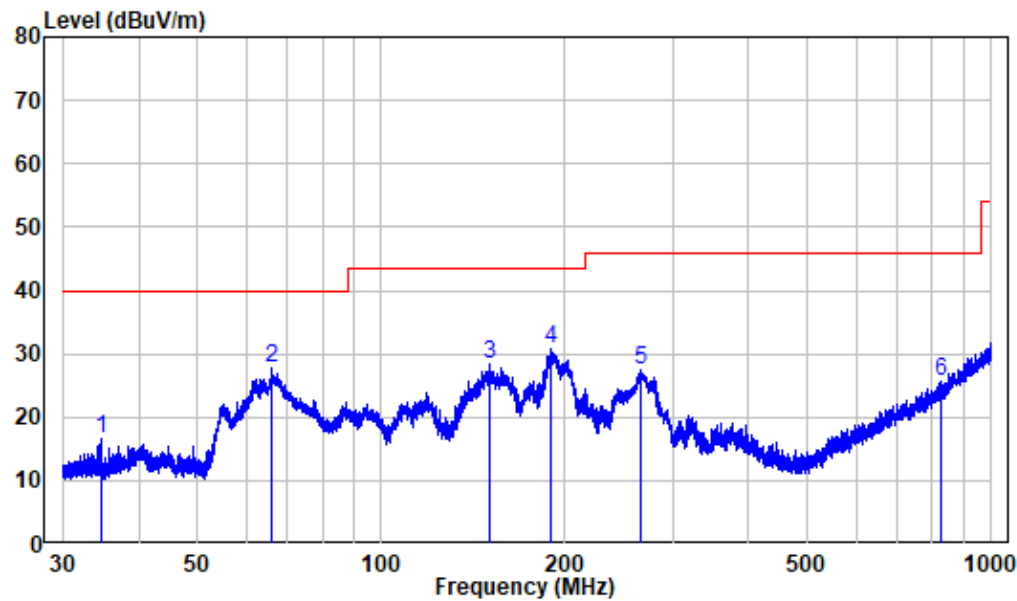
The testing was performed by Jason Liu on 2023-05-19 for below 1GHz and on 2023-05-17 for above 1GHz.

Test mode: Transmitting (Pre-scan in the X, Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case X-axes of orientation was recorded)

**30MHz-1GHz:** (the worst case is GFSK Mode, Middle channel)

*Note: When the test result of Peak was more than 6dB below the limit of QP, just the Peak value was recorded.*

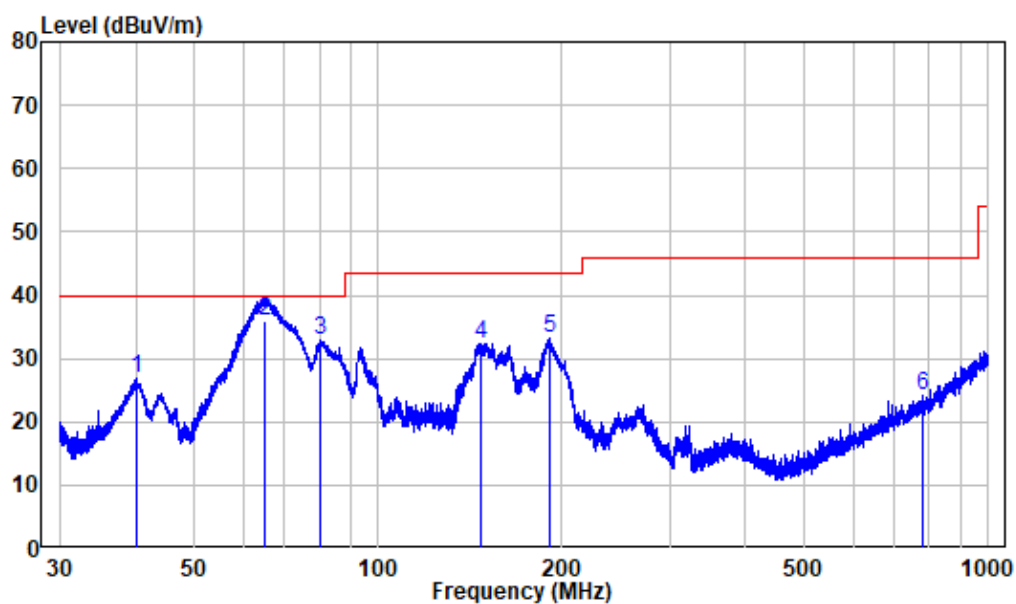
**Horizontal**



Site : chamber  
Condition: 3m HORIZONTAL  
Job No. : RA230509-25068E-RF  
Test Mode: BT Transmitting

	Freq Factor		Read Level	Level	Limit	Over	Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	34.715	-14.45	31.06	16.61	40.00	-23.39	Peak
2	66.237	-13.79	41.42	27.63	40.00	-12.37	Peak
3	150.340	-10.37	38.67	28.30	43.50	-15.20	Peak
4	190.155	-10.28	40.93	30.65	43.50	-12.85	Peak
5	265.909	-14.16	41.52	27.36	46.00	-18.64	Peak
6	827.131	-3.50	29.30	25.80	46.00	-20.20	Peak

## Vertical



Site : chamber  
Condition: 3m VERTICAL  
Job No. : RA230509-25068E-RF  
Test Mode: BT Transmitting

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Level	Limit	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	40.100	-14.34	41.15	26.81	40.00	-13.19	Peak
2	65.114	-13.76	49.80	36.04	40.00	-3.96	QP
3	80.116	-13.18	45.96	32.78	40.00	-7.22	Peak
4	147.275	-10.40	42.78	32.38	43.50	-11.12	Peak
5	190.990	-10.26	43.32	33.06	43.50	-10.44	Peak
6	778.241	-5.03	29.05	24.02	46.00	-21.98	Peak

**Above 1GHz:** (worst case is 8DPSK Mode)

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Turntable Degree	Rx Antenna		Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dBμV)	PK/Ave		Height (m)	Polar (H/V)				
Low Channel 2402MHz									
2389.84	73.81	PK	124	1.7	H	-10.62	63.19	74	-10.81
2389.25	73.14	PK	2	1.8	V	-10.62	62.52	74	-11.48
2390	72.30	PK	143	1	H	-10.62	61.68	74	-12.32
2390	71.23	PK	38	1.2	V	-10.62	60.61	74	-13.39
4804	64.70	PK	21	1.7	H	-5.57	59.13	74	-14.87
4804	63.35	PK	59	1.7	V	-5.57	57.78	74	-16.22
Middle Channel 2441MHz									
4882	63.79	PK	190	2.1	H	-5.22	58.57	74	-15.43
4882	62.60	PK	175	2.1	V	-5.22	57.38	74	-16.62
High Channel 2480MHz									
2483.5	77.59	PK	187	1	H	-10.46	67.13	74	-6.87
2483.5	77.20	PK	322	2.1	V	-10.46	66.74	74	-7.26
2483.94	79.26	PK	175	2.1	H	-10.46	68.80	74	-5.20
2483.75	78.65	PK	319	2.3	V	-10.46	68.19	74	-5.81
4960	62.82	PK	153	2	H	-4.90	57.92	74	-16.08
4960	61.63	PK	296	2	V	-4.90	56.73	74	-17.27

Field Strength of Average							
Frequency (MHz)	Peak Measurement @3m (dBμV/m)	Polar (H/V)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Part 15.247		
					Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
Low Channel(2402MHz)							
2389.84	63.19	H	-24.73	38.46	54	-15.54	Bandedge
2389.25	62.52	V	-24.73	37.79	54	-16.21	Bandedge
2390	61.68	H	-24.73	36.95	54	-17.05	Bandedge
2390	60.61	V	-24.73	35.88	54	-18.12	Bandedge
4804	59.13	H	-24.73	34.40	54	-19.60	Harmonic
4804	57.78	V	-24.73	33.05	54	-20.95	Harmonic
Middle Channel(2441MHz)							
4882	58.57	H	-24.73	33.84	54	-20.16	Harmonic
4882	57.38	V	-24.73	32.65	54	-21.35	Harmonic
High Channel(2480MHz)							
2483.5	67.13	H	-24.73	42.40	54	-11.60	Bandedge
2483.5	66.74	V	-24.73	42.01	54	-11.99	Bandedge
2483.94	68.80	H	-24.73	44.07	54	-9.93	Bandedge
2483.75	68.19	V	-24.73	43.46	54	-10.54	Bandedge
4960	57.92	H	-24.73	33.19	54	-20.81	Harmonic
4960	56.73	V	-24.73	32.00	54	-22.00	Harmonic

**Note:**

Absolute Level = Corrected Factor + Reading

Margin = Corrected. Amplitude - Limit

Average level= Peak level+ Duty Cycle Corrected Factor

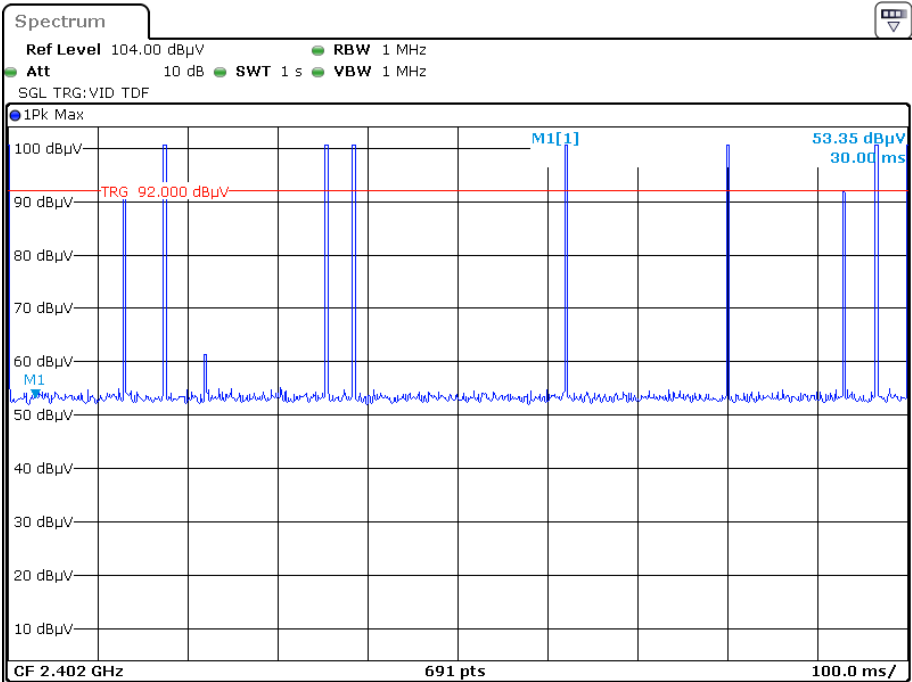
Other emissions which were more than 20dB below the limit was not recorded.

Worst case duty cycle:

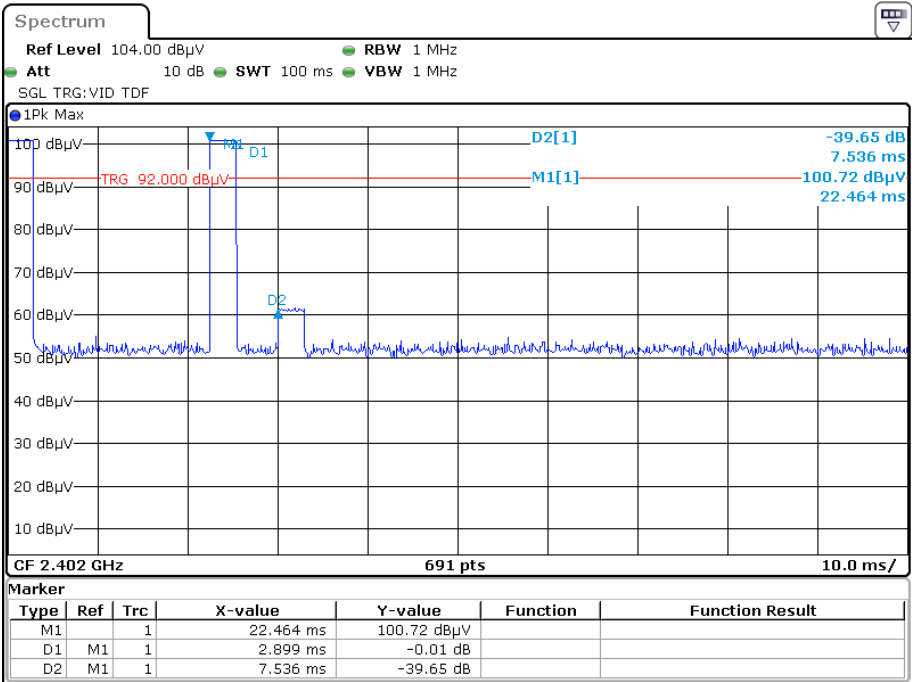
Duty Cycle = Ton/100ms = 2.899\*2/100=0.05798

Duty Cycle Corrected Factor = 20lg (Duty Cycle) = 20lg0.05798 = -24.73

Duty cycle



Date: 17.MAY.2023 05:52:15



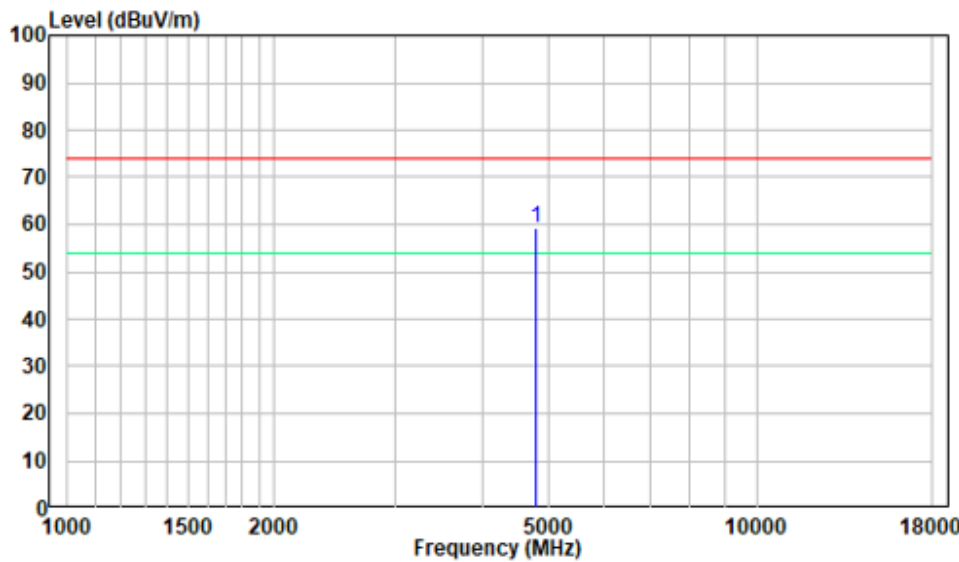
Date: 17.MAY.2023 05:56:26



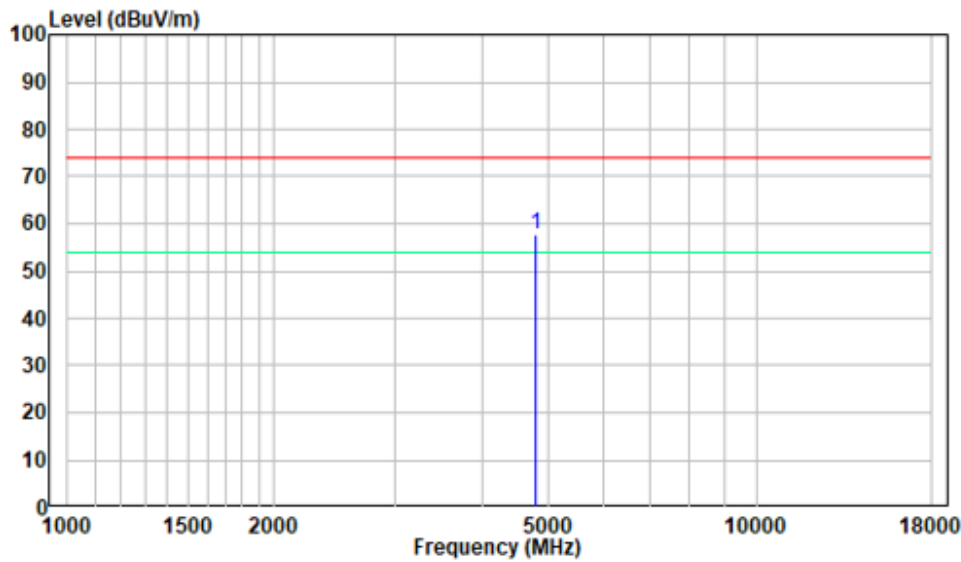
1-18GHz

Pre-scan, Low Channel (worst case)

Horizontal:



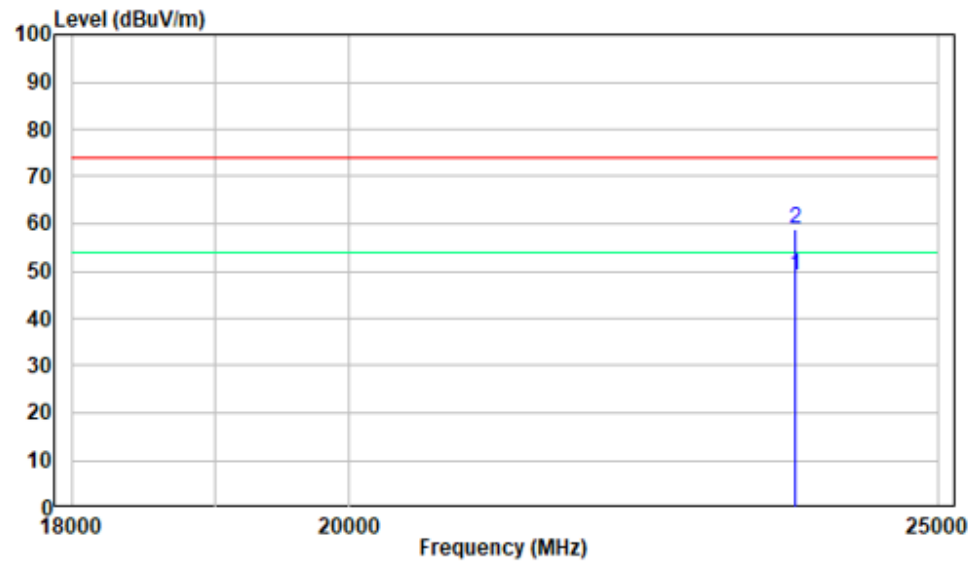
Vertical:



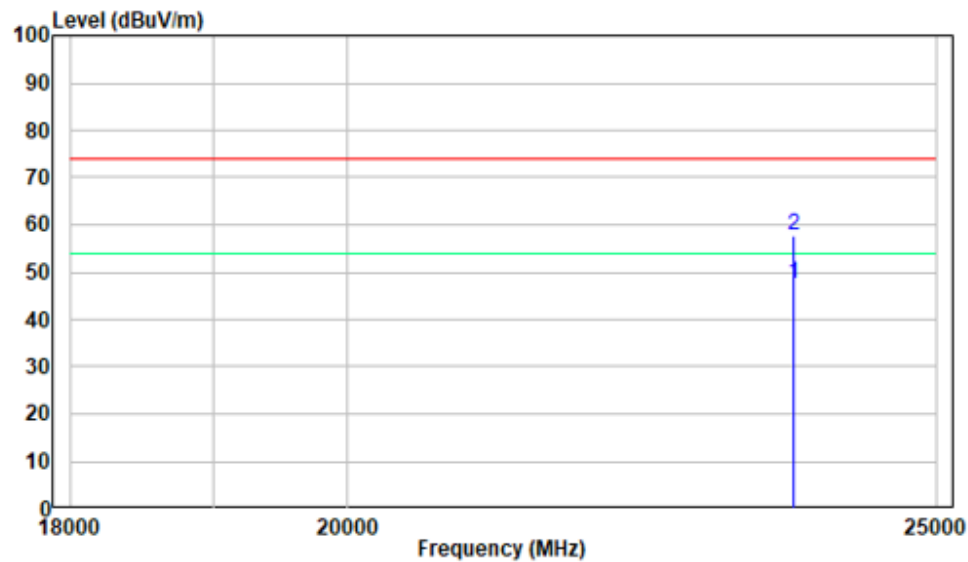
18-25GHz

Pre-scan, Low Channel (worst case)

Horizontal:



Vertical:



## FCC §15.247(a) (1)-CHANNEL SEPARATION TEST

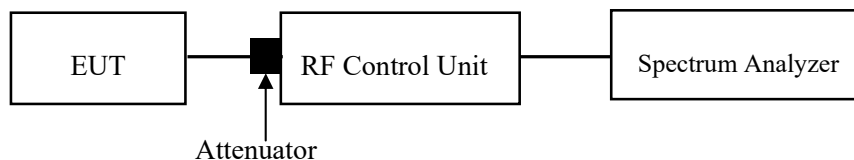
### Applicable Standard

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

### Test Procedure

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 7.8.2

1. Set the EUT in transmitting mode, maxhold the channel.
2. Set the adjacent channel of the EUT and maxhold another trace.
3. Measure the channel separation.



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	26.3 °C
Relative Humidity:	52 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Nick Fang on 2023-05-23.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

## FCC §15.247(a) (1) – 20 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH & 99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

### Applicable Standard

Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

### Test Procedure

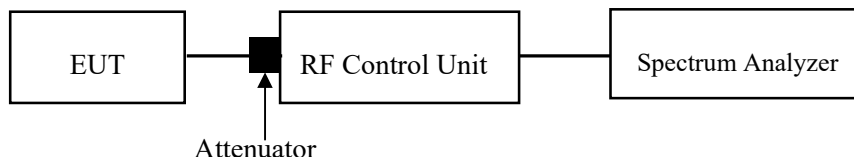
Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 7.8.7 & Clause 6.9.2

The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and 20 dB bandwidth:

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.
- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to “Sample”. However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or “Max Hold”) may be necessary to determine the occupied / 20 dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / 20 dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).



**Test Data****Environmental Conditions**

<b>Temperature:</b>	26.3 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	52 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Nick Fang on 2023-05-23.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

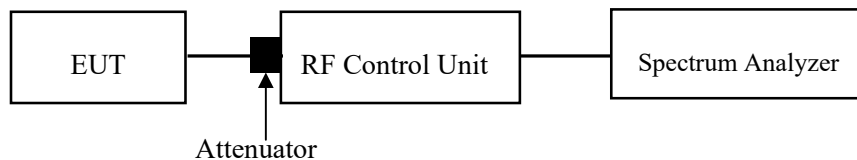
**FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii)-QUANTITY OF HOPPING CHANNEL TEST****Applicable Standard**

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

**Test Procedure**

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 7.8.3

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Set the EUT in hopping mode from first channel to last.
3. By using the max-hold function record the quantity of the channel.

**Test Data****Environmental Conditions**

<b>Temperature:</b>	26.3 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	52 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Nick Fang on 2023-05-23.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

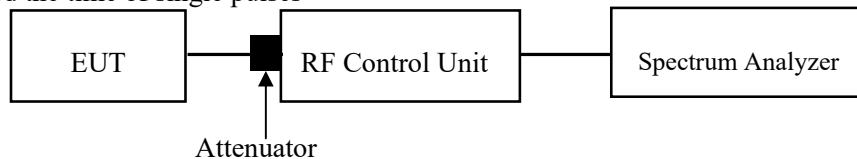
**FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii) - TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)****Applicable Standard**

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

**Test Procedure**

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 7.8.4

2. The EUT was worked in channel hopping.
3. Set the RBW to: 1MHz.
4. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
5. Set the span to 0Hz.
6. Detector = peak.
7. Sweep time = auto couple.
8. Trace mode = max hold.
9. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
10. Recorded the time of single pulses

**Test Data****Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	26.3 °C
Relative Humidity:	52 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Nick Fang on 2023-05-23.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

## FCC §15.247(b) (1) - PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

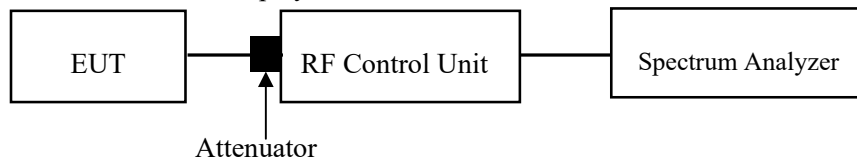
### Applicable Standard

According to §15.247(b) (1), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. And for all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

### Test Procedure

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 7.8.5

1. Place the EUT on a bench and set in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to one test equipment.
3. Add a correction factor to the display.



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	26.3 °C
Relative Humidity:	52 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Nick Fang on 2023-05-23.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.



## FCC §15.247(d) & RSS-247 § 5.5 - BAND EDGES TESTING

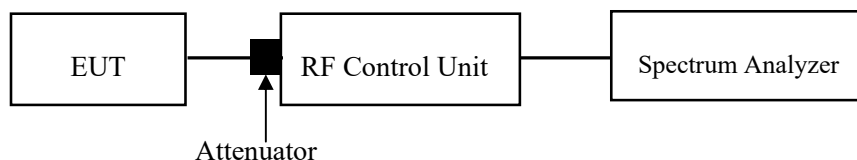
### Applicable Standard

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

### Test Procedure

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 7.8.6 & Clause 6.10

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	26.3 °C
Relative Humidity:	52 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Nick Fang on 2023-05-23.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

## APPENDIX

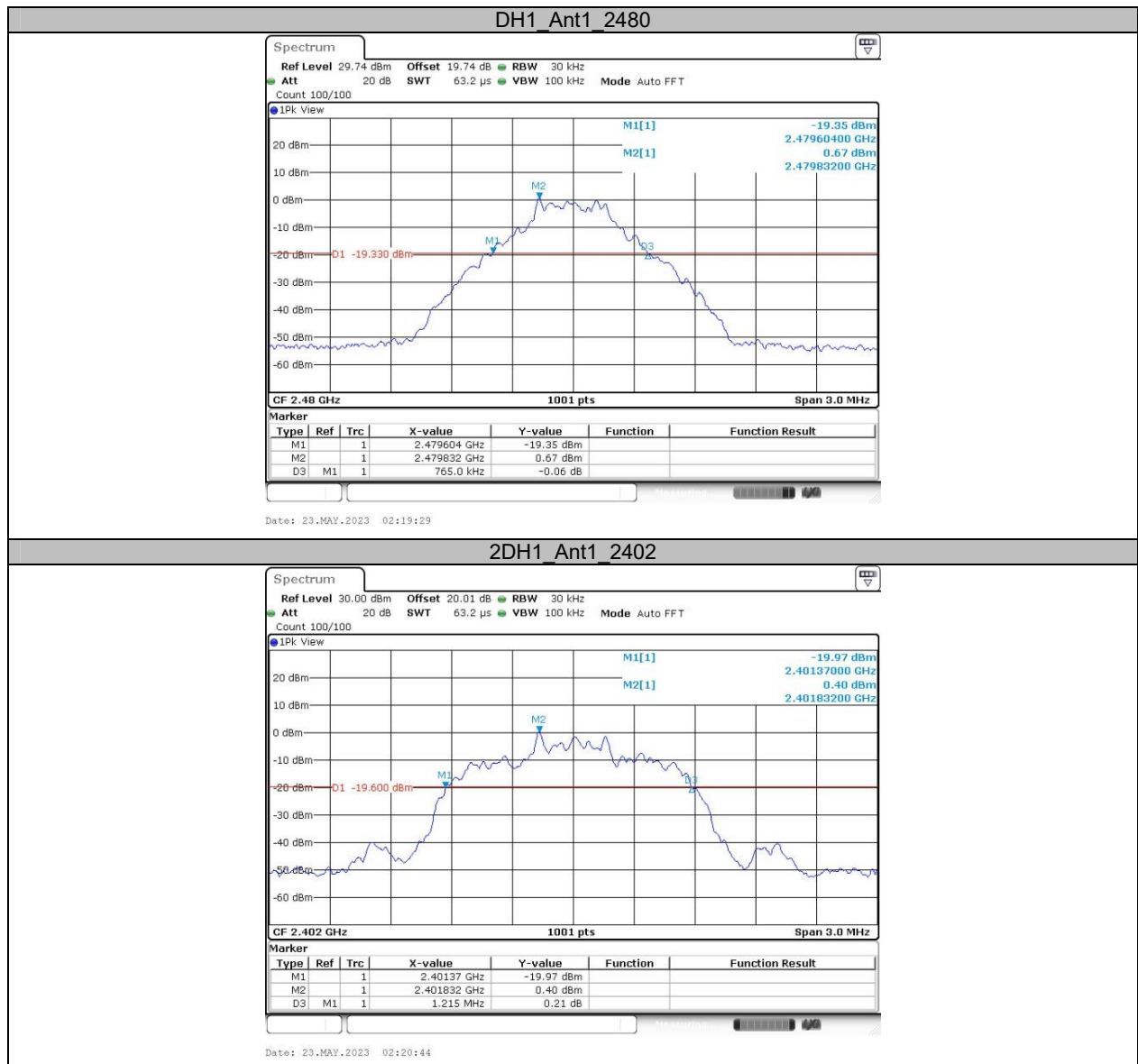
### Appendix A: 20dB Emission Bandwidth

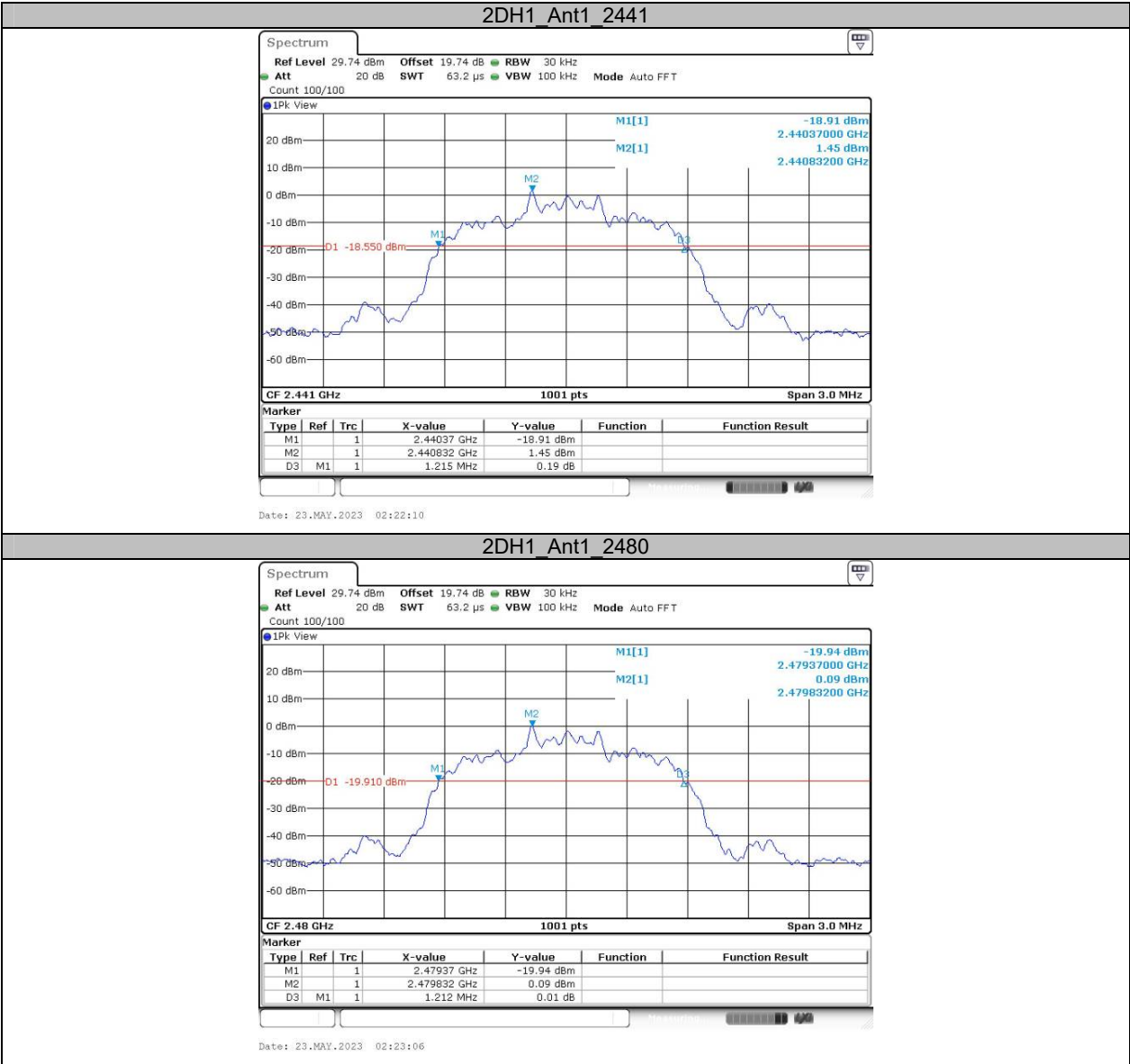
#### Test Result

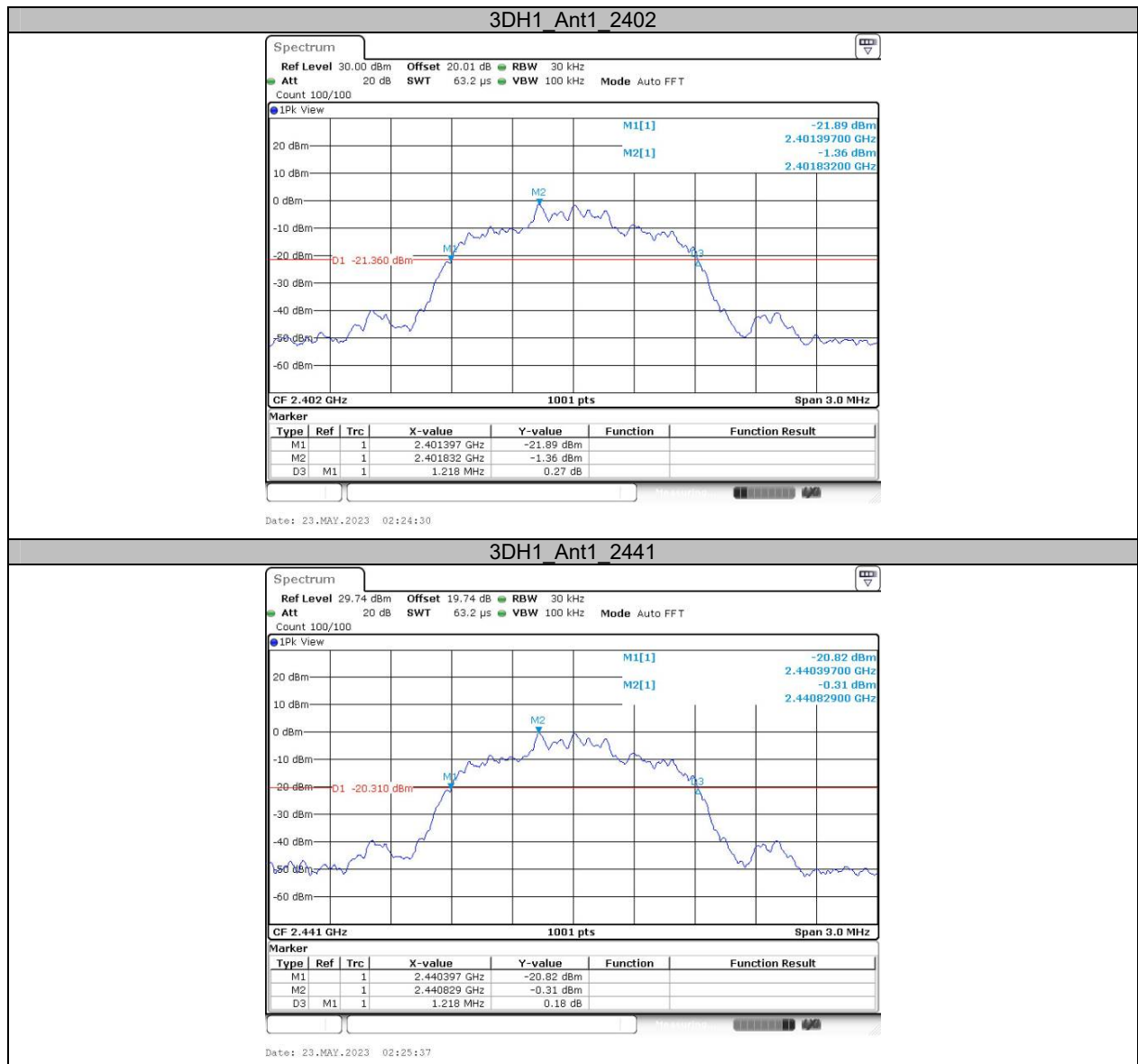
Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	20db EBW[MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	2402	0.77	2401.60	2402.38	---	---
		2441	0.77	2440.60	2441.38	---	---
		2480	0.77	2479.60	2480.37	---	---
2DH1	Ant1	2402	1.22	2401.37	2402.59	---	---
		2441	1.22	2440.37	2441.59	---	---
		2480	1.21	2479.37	2480.58	---	---
3DH1	Ant1	2402	1.22	2401.40	2402.62	---	---
		2441	1.22	2440.40	2441.62	---	---
		2480	1.22	2479.40	2480.62	---	---

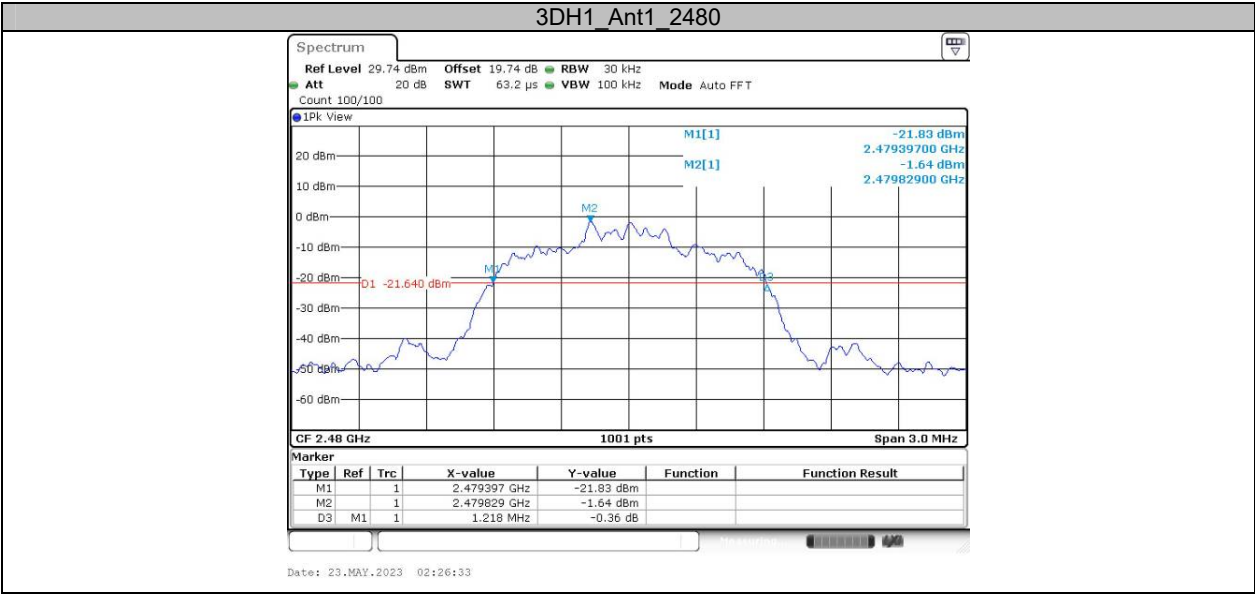
## Test Graphs











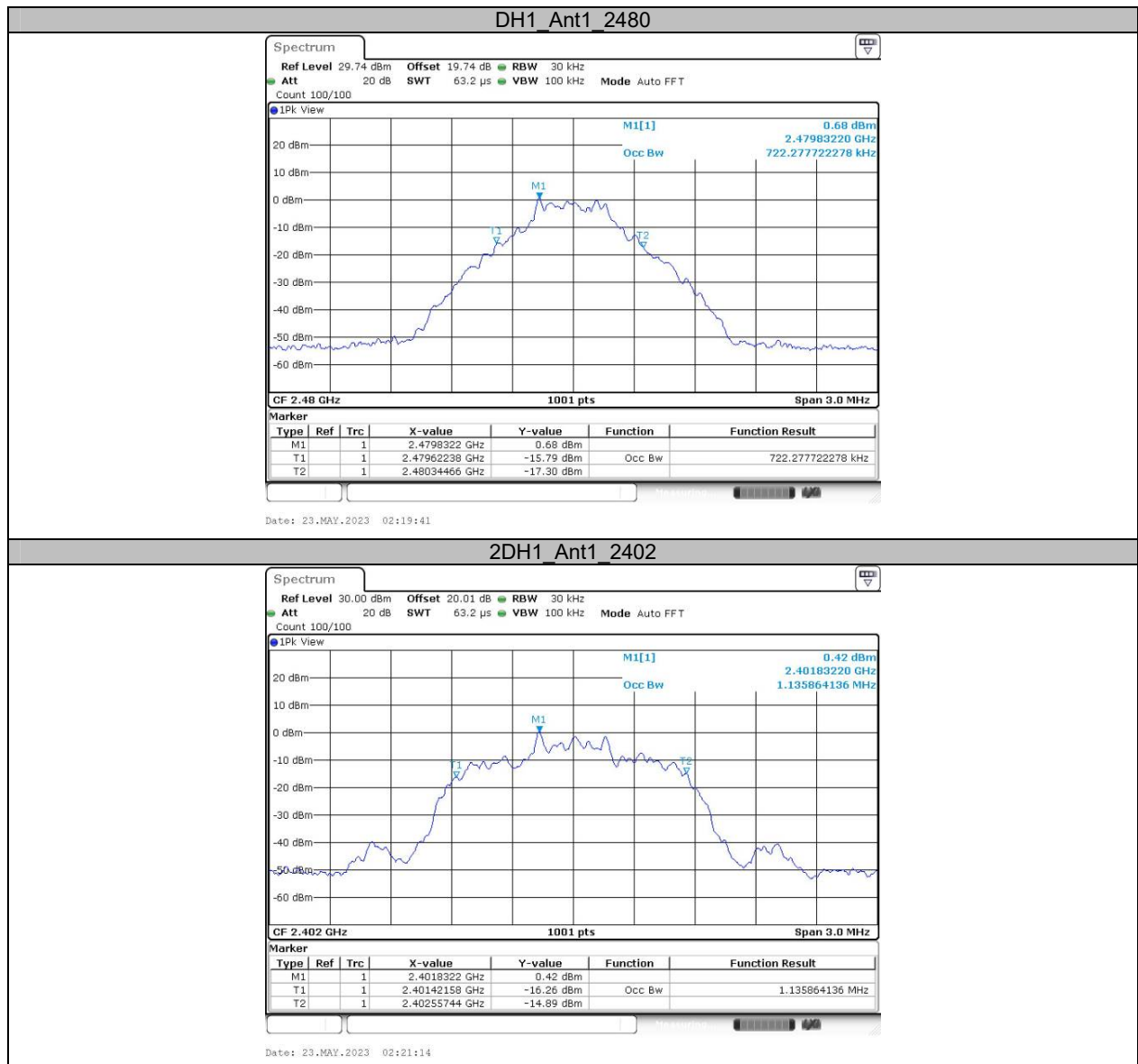
**Appendix B: Occupied Channel Bandwidth****Test Result**

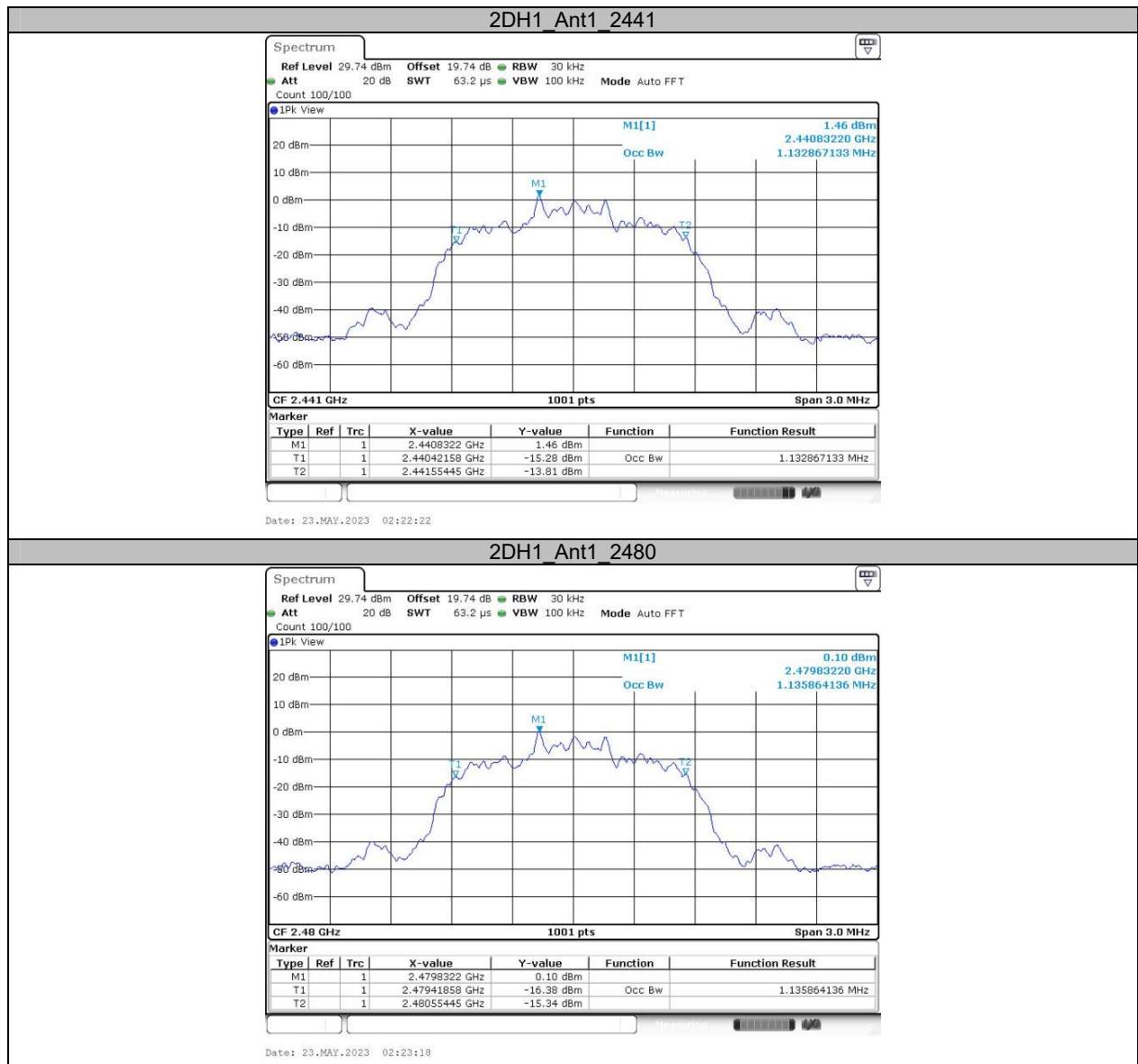
Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	OCB [MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	2402	0.725	2401.625	2402.351	---	---
		2441	0.722	2440.625	2441.348	---	---
		2480	0.722	2479.622	2480.345	---	---
2DH1	Ant1	2402	1.136	2401.422	2402.557	---	---
		2441	1.133	2440.422	2441.554	---	---
		2480	1.136	2479.419	2480.554	---	---
3DH1	Ant1	2402	1.127	2401.437	2402.563	---	---
		2441	1.127	2440.437	2441.563	---	---
		2480	1.127	2479.434	2480.560	---	---

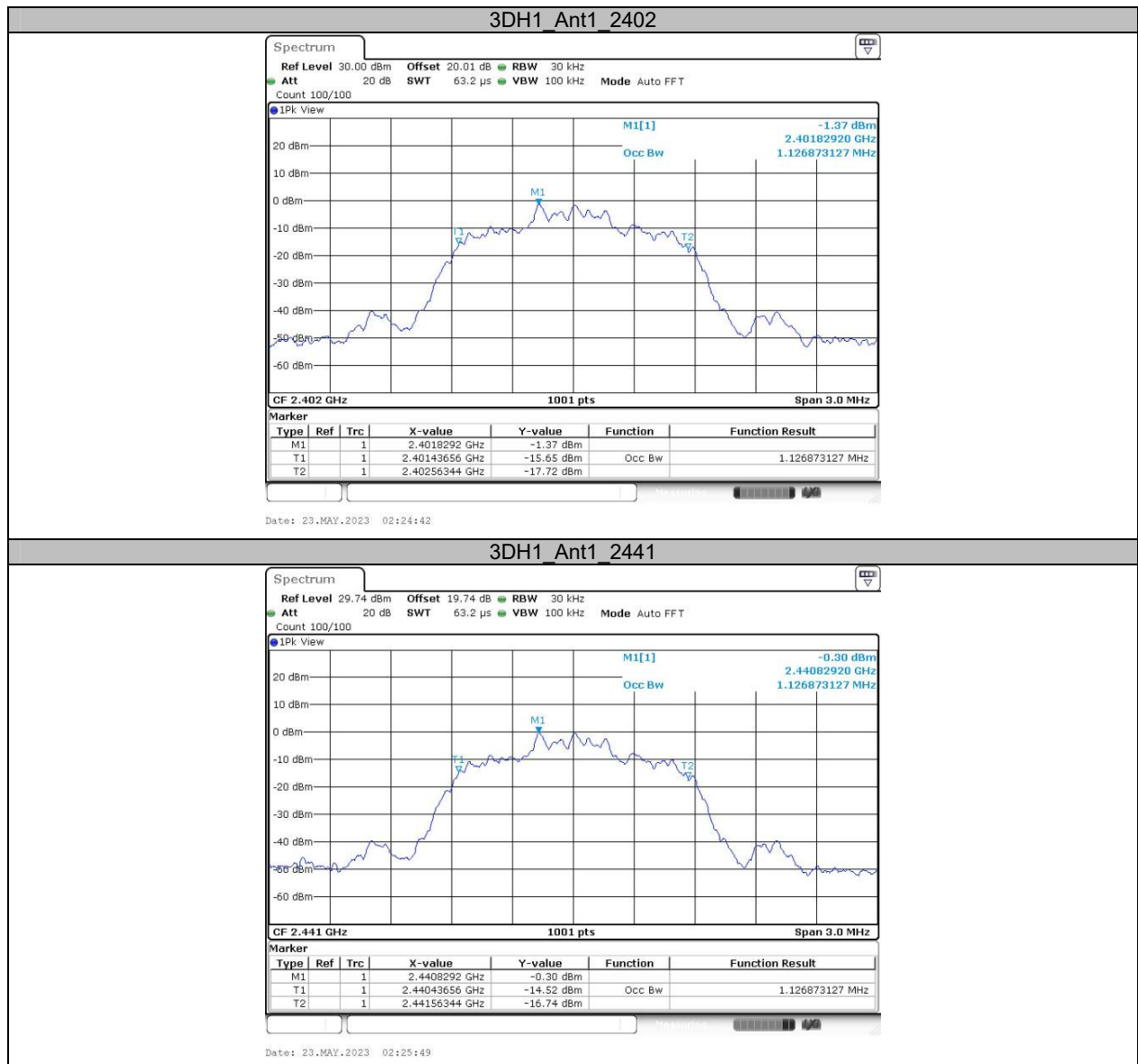


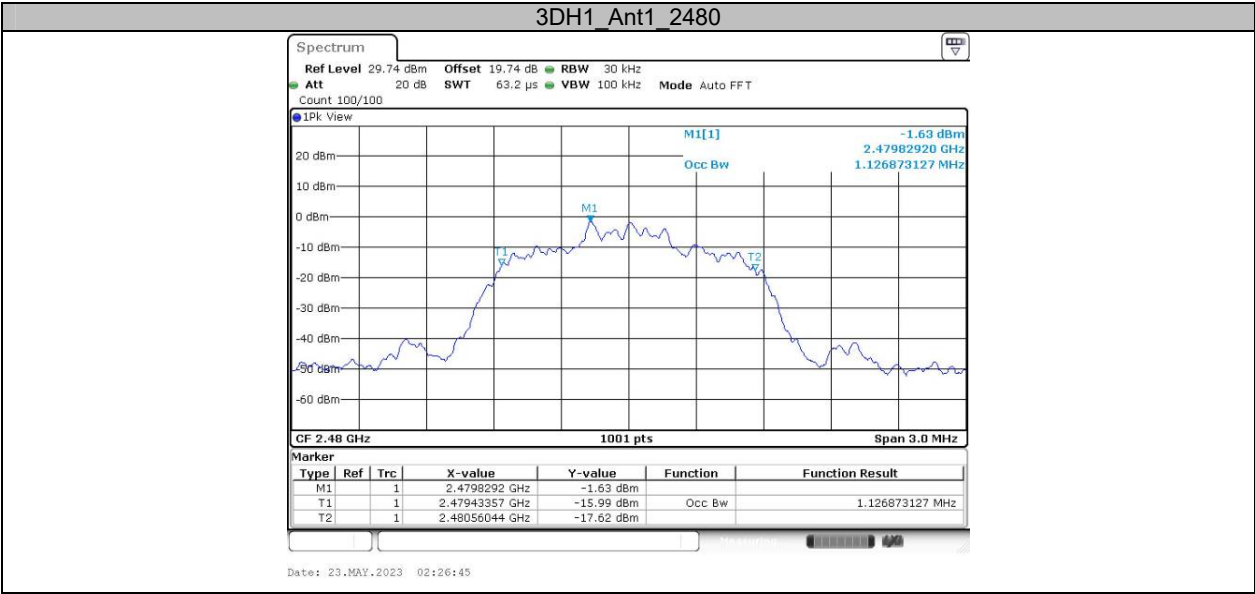
Test Graphs









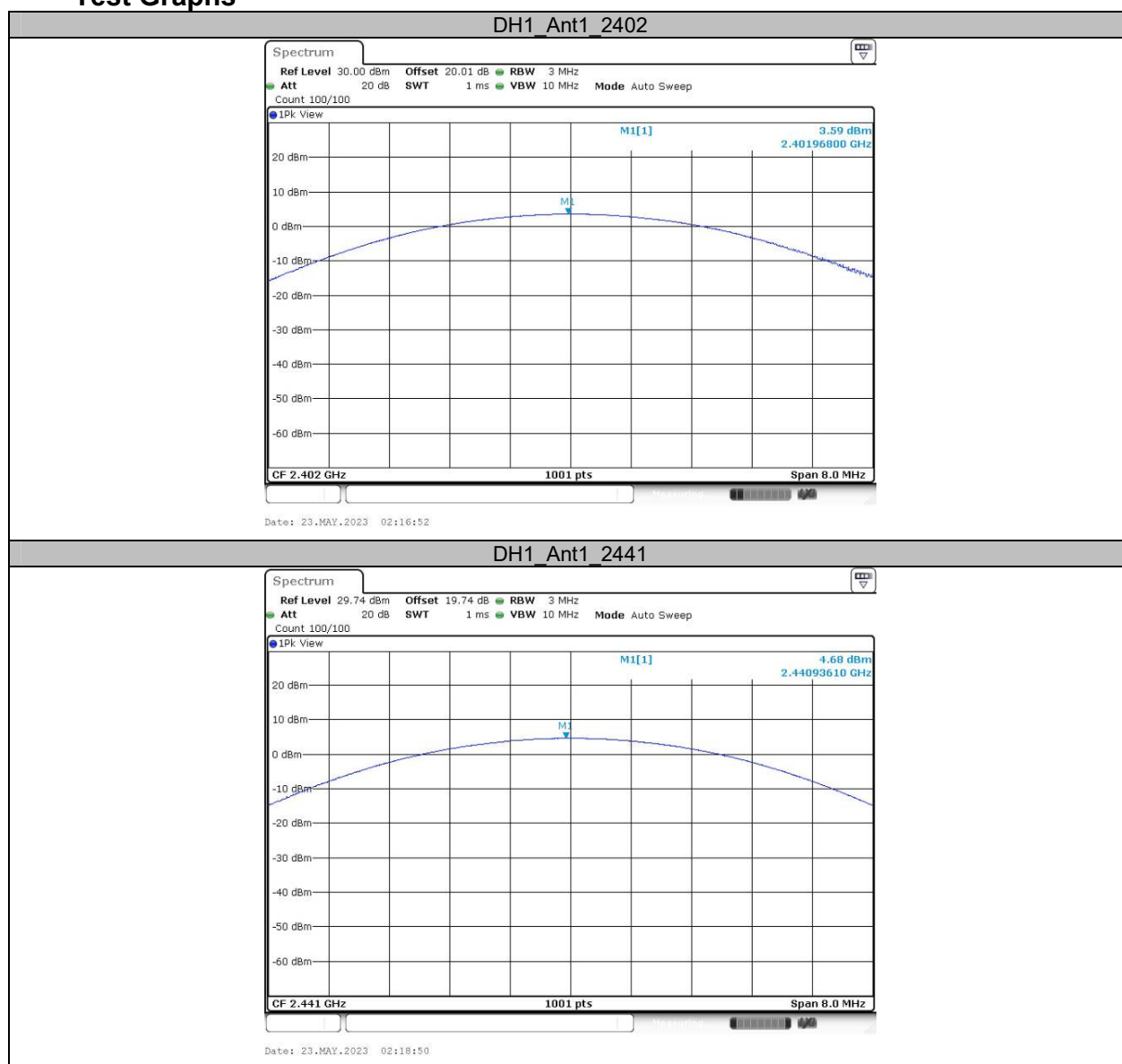


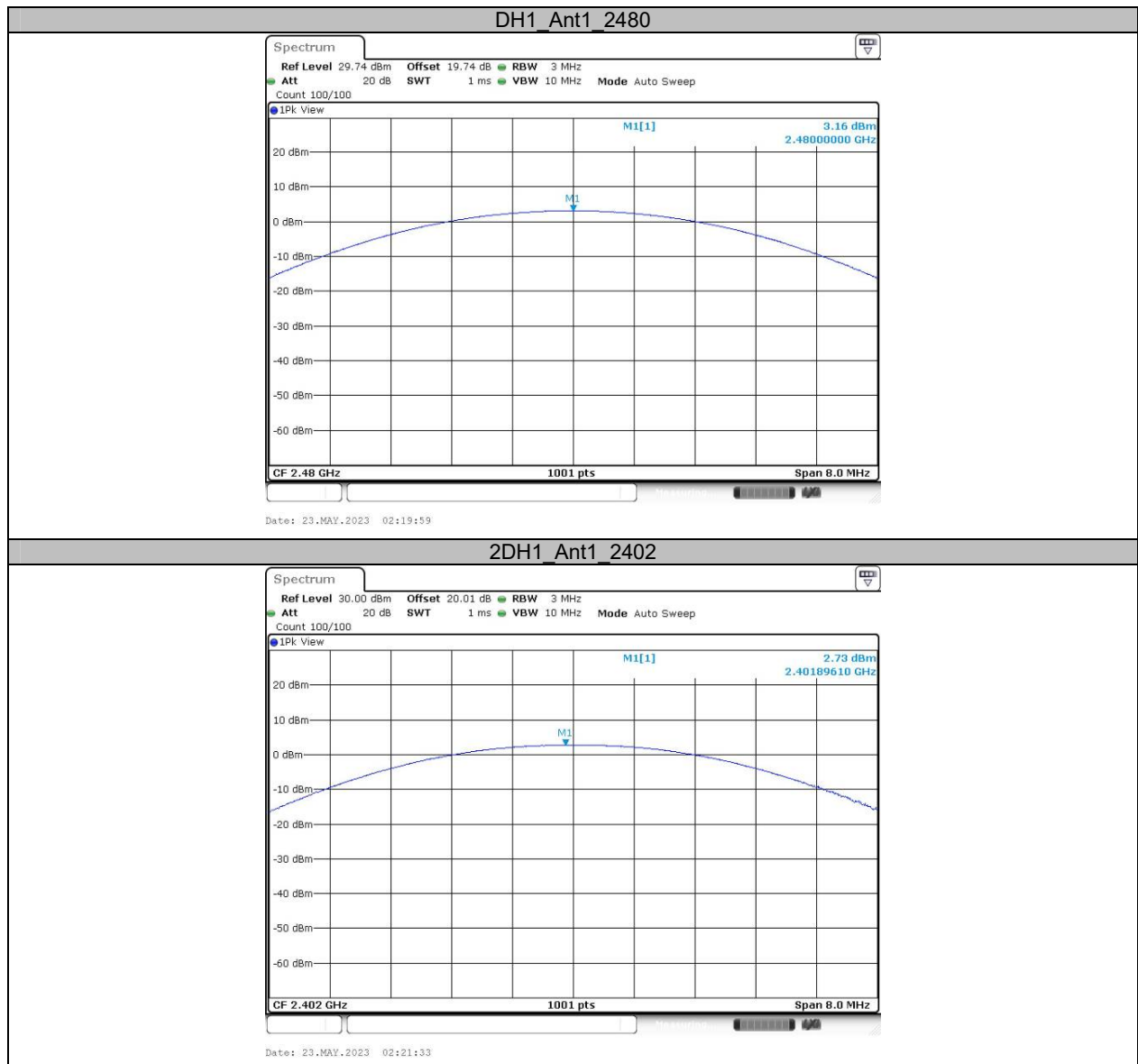
## Appendix C: Maximum conducted output power

### Test Result Peak

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Conducted Peak Power [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	2402	3.59	≤20.97	PASS
		2441	<b>4.68</b>	≤20.97	PASS
		2480	3.16	≤20.97	PASS
2DH1	Ant1	2402	2.73	≤20.97	PASS
		2441	3.79	≤20.97	PASS
		2480	2.41	≤20.97	PASS
3DH1	Ant1	2402	2.57	≤20.97	PASS
		2441	3.60	≤20.97	PASS
		2480	2.28	≤20.97	PASS

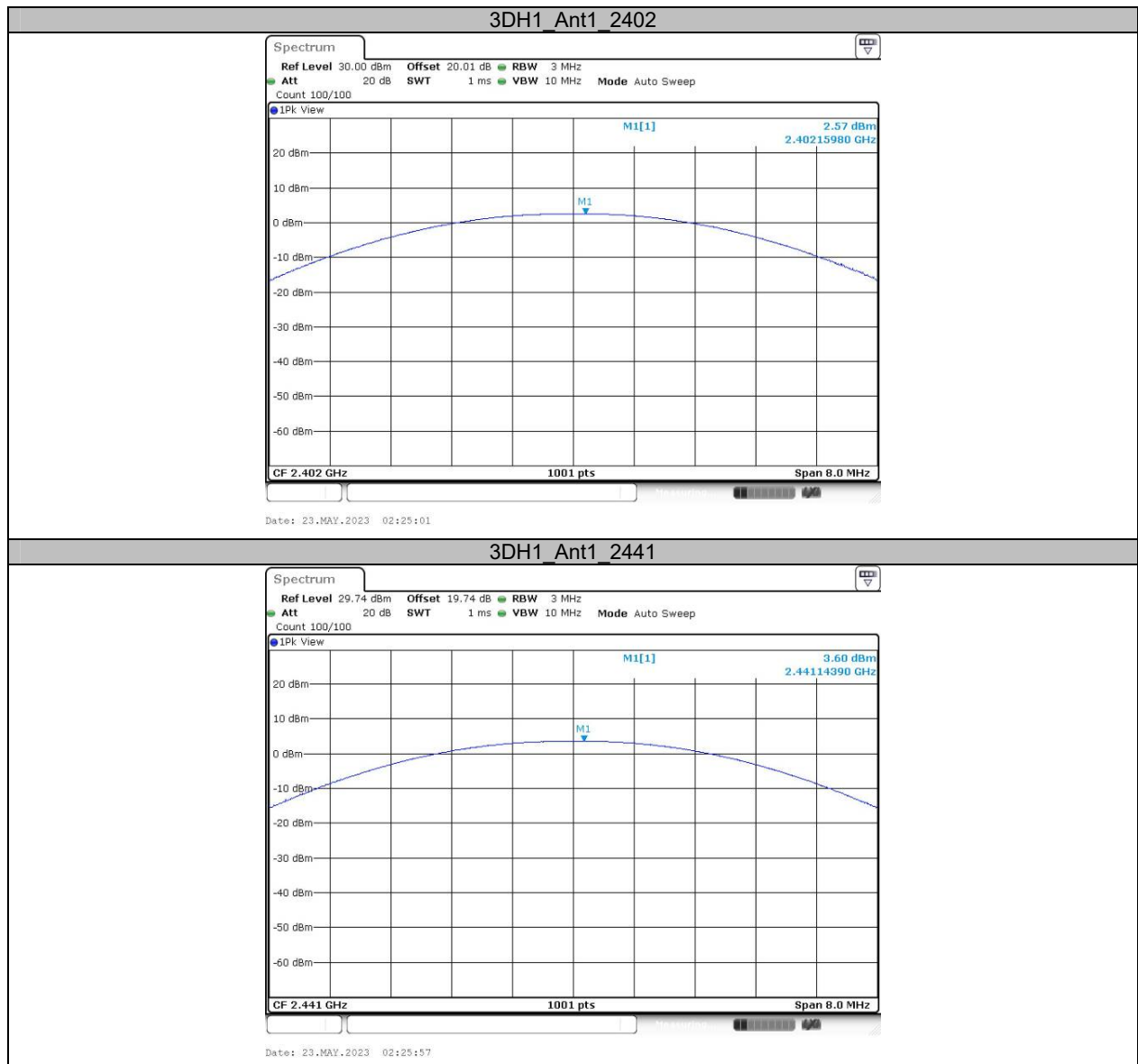
### Test Graphs

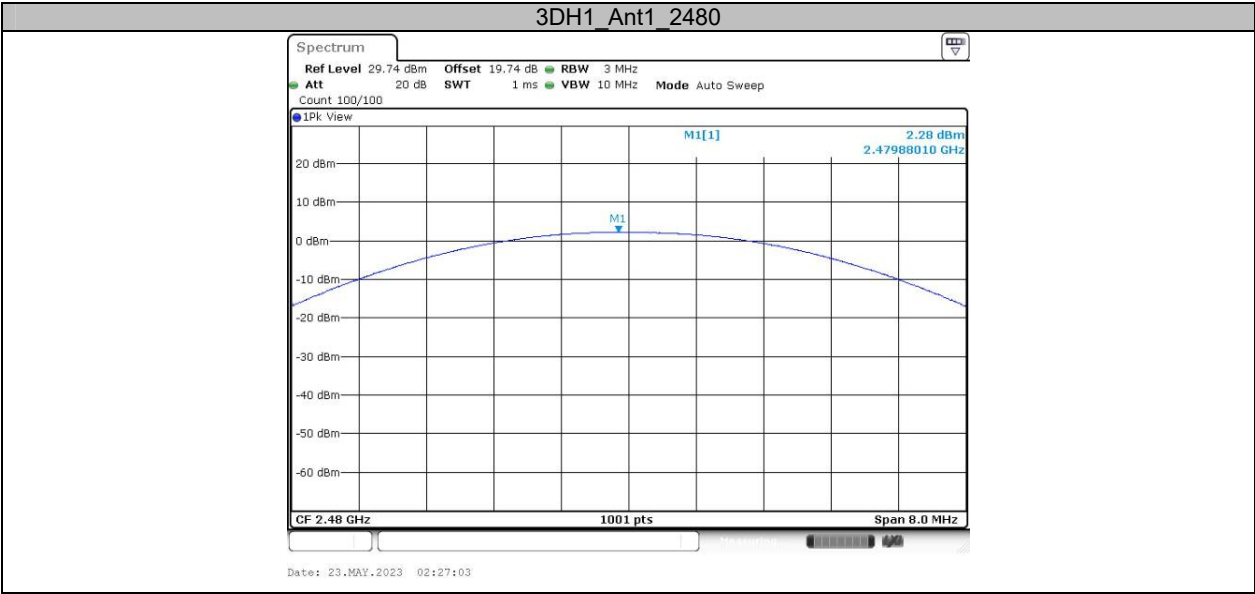












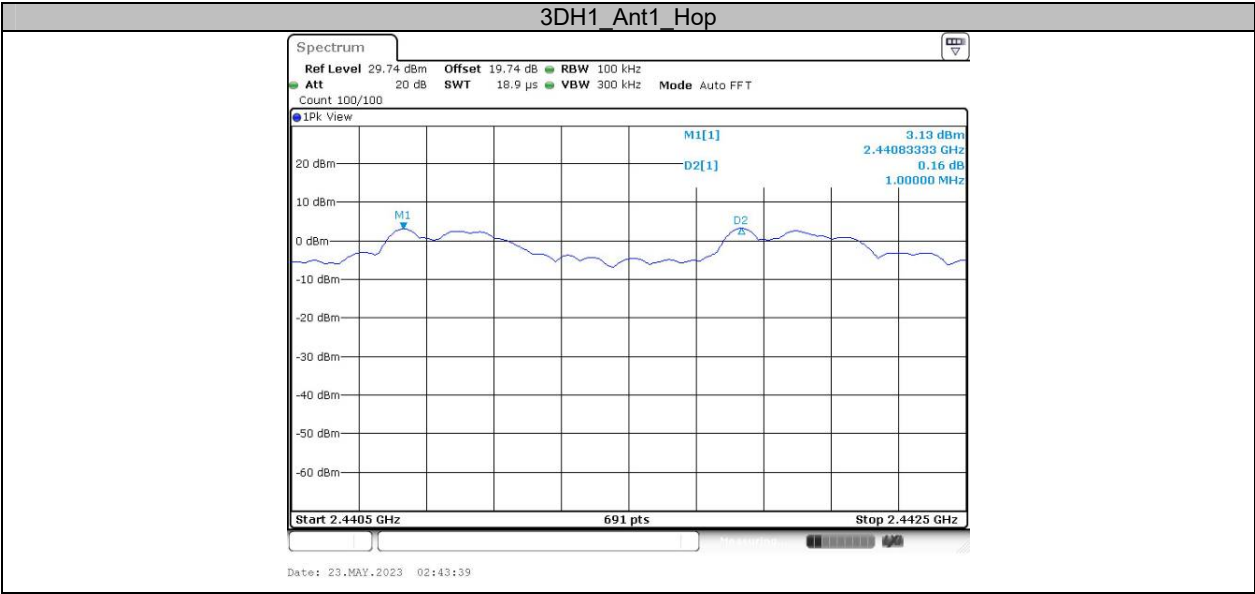
**Appendix D: Carrier frequency separation****Test Result**

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Result[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	Hop	1	$\geq 0.513$	PASS
2DH1	Ant1	Hop	1	$\geq 0.813$	PASS
3DH1	Ant1	Hop	1	$\geq 0.813$	PASS

Note: the limit =  $(2/3) * 20\text{dB}$  bandwidth

## Test Graphs





**Appendix E: Time of occupancy****Test Result**

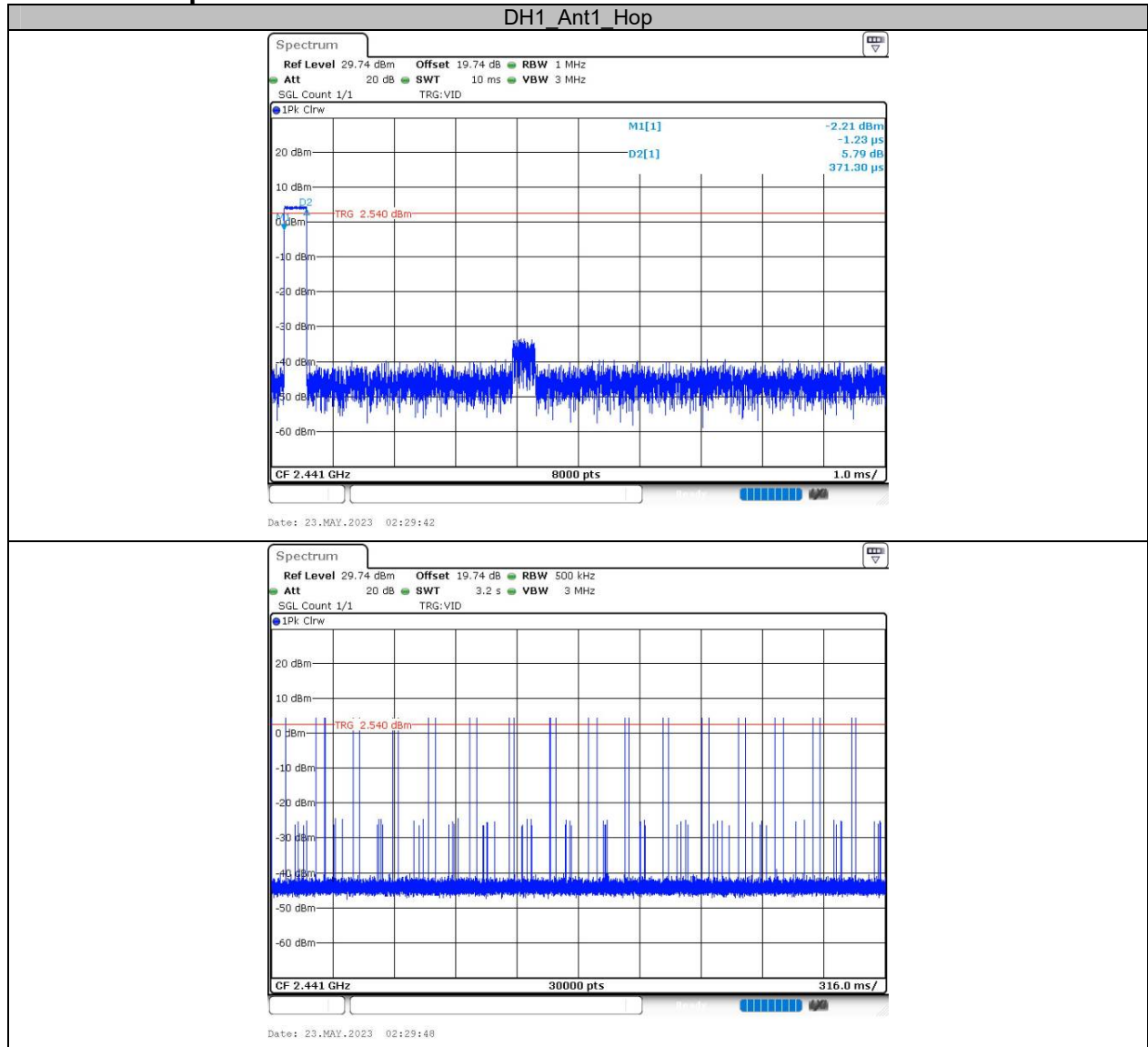
Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	BurstWidth [ms]	TotalHops [Num]	Result[s]	Limit[s]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	Hop	0.37	320	0.118	≤0.4	PASS
DH3	Ant1	Hop	1.62	150	0.243	≤0.4	PASS
DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.86	130	0.372	≤0.4	PASS
2DH1	Ant1	Hop	0.38	320	0.122	≤0.4	PASS
2DH3	Ant1	Hop	1.62	170	0.275	≤0.4	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.86	110	0.315	≤0.4	PASS
3DH1	Ant1	Hop	0.38	320	0.122	≤0.4	PASS
3DH3	Ant1	Hop	1.62	160	0.259	≤0.4	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.87	110	0.316	≤0.4	PASS

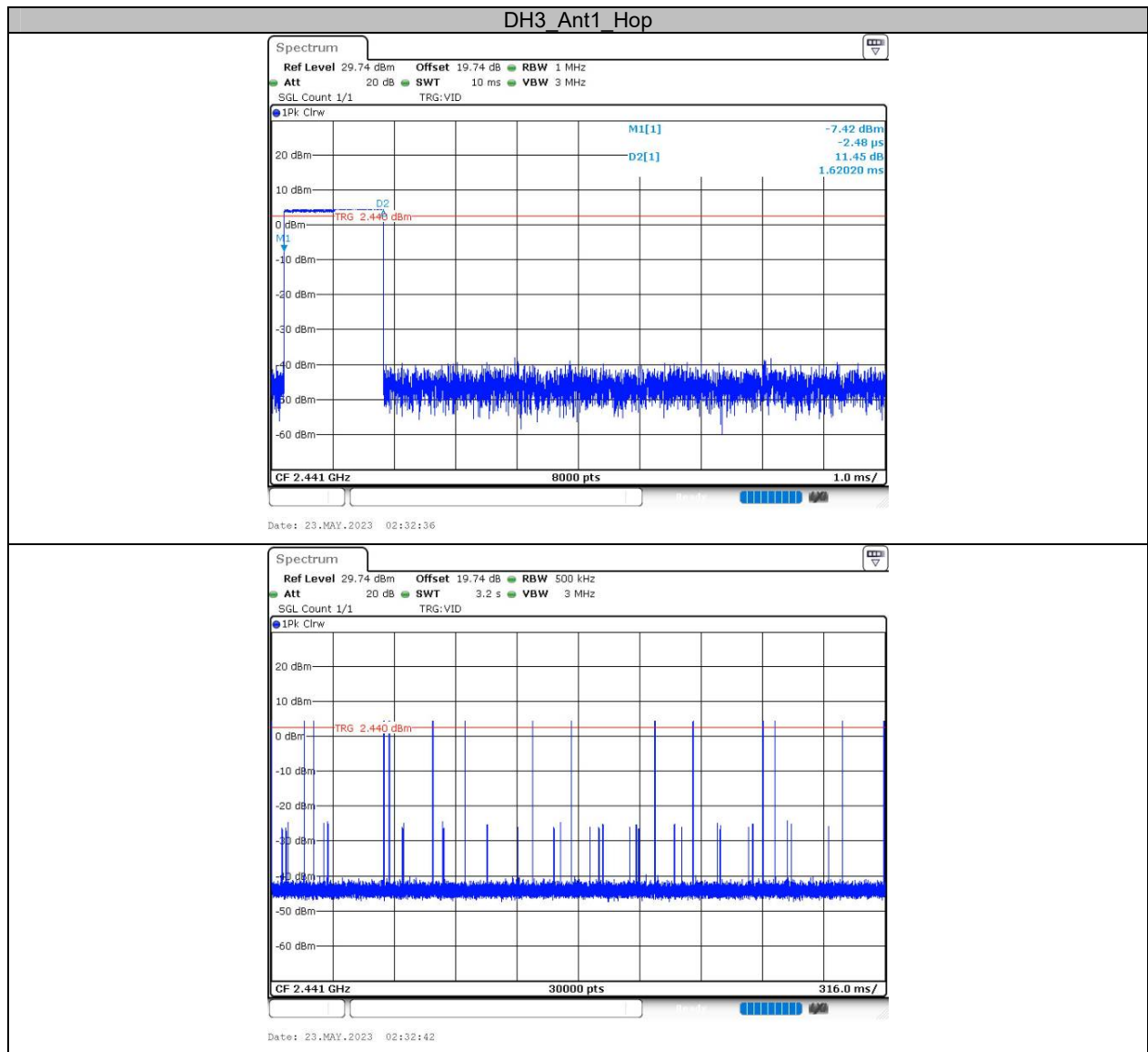
Note 1: A period time= $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6$ (S), Result=Burst Width\*Total hops

Note 2: Total hops=Hopping Number in  $3.16s \times 10$

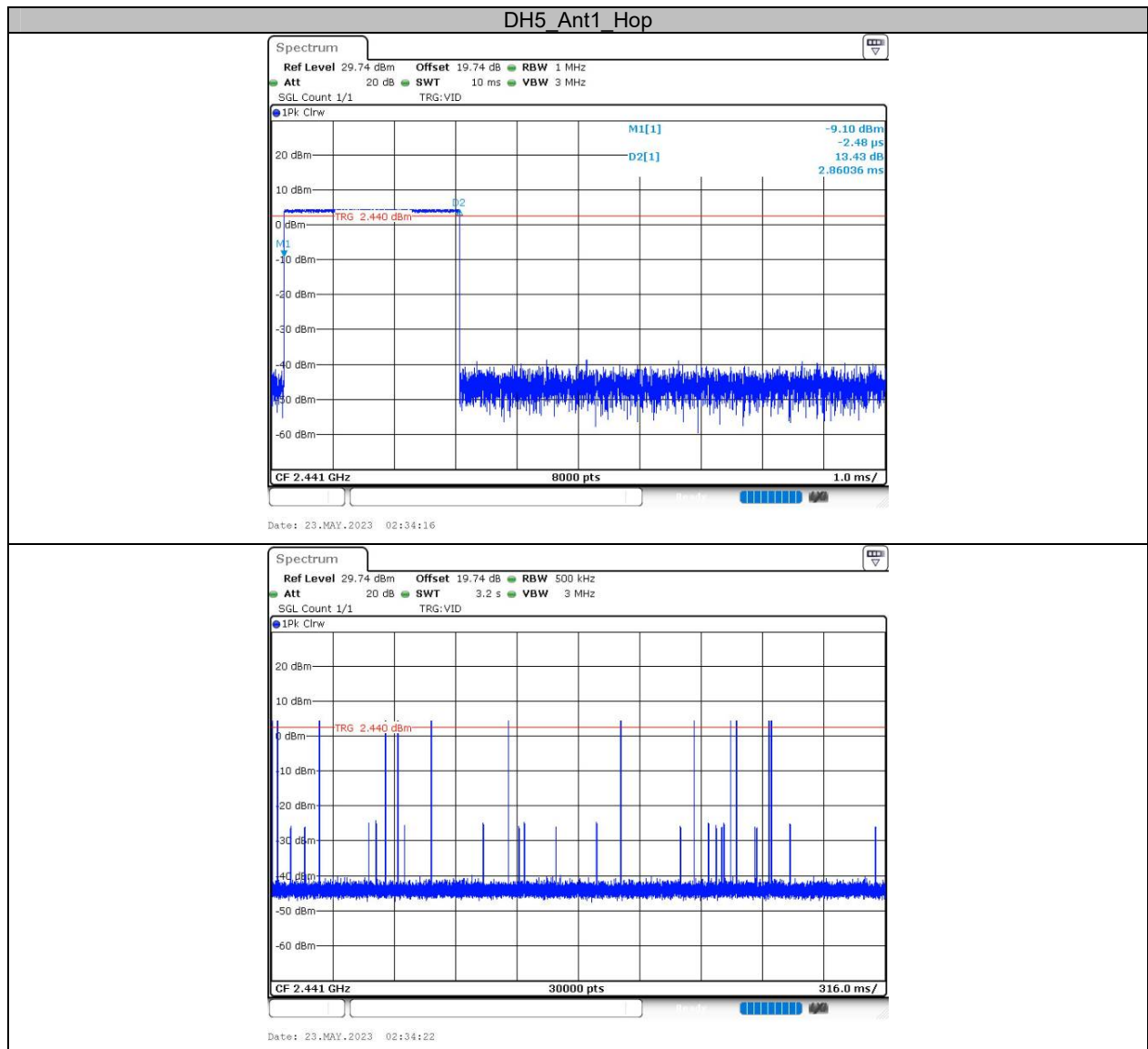
Note 3: Hopping Number in  $3.16s$ =Total of highest signals in  $3.16s$ (Second high signals were other channel)

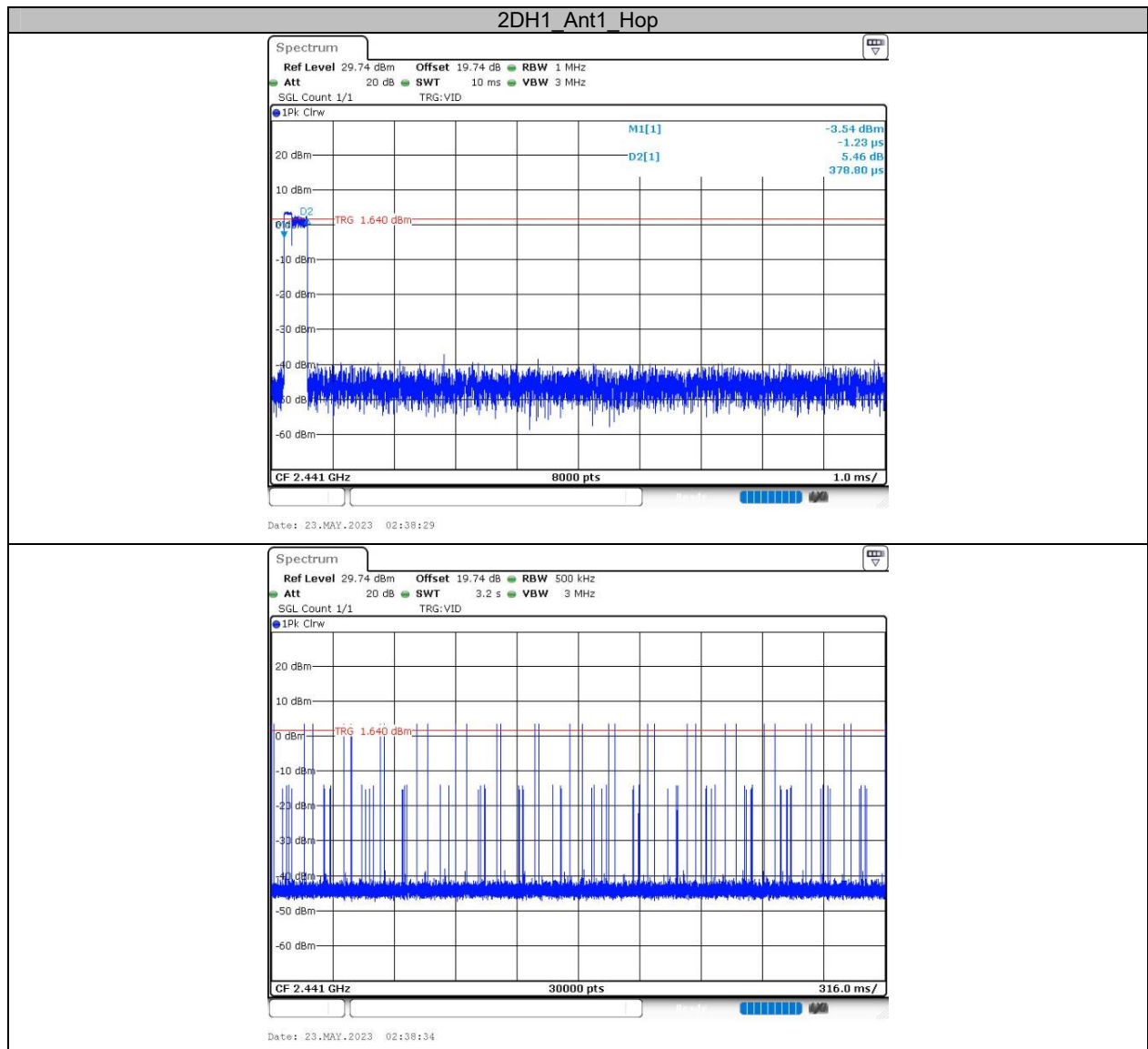
## Test Graphs

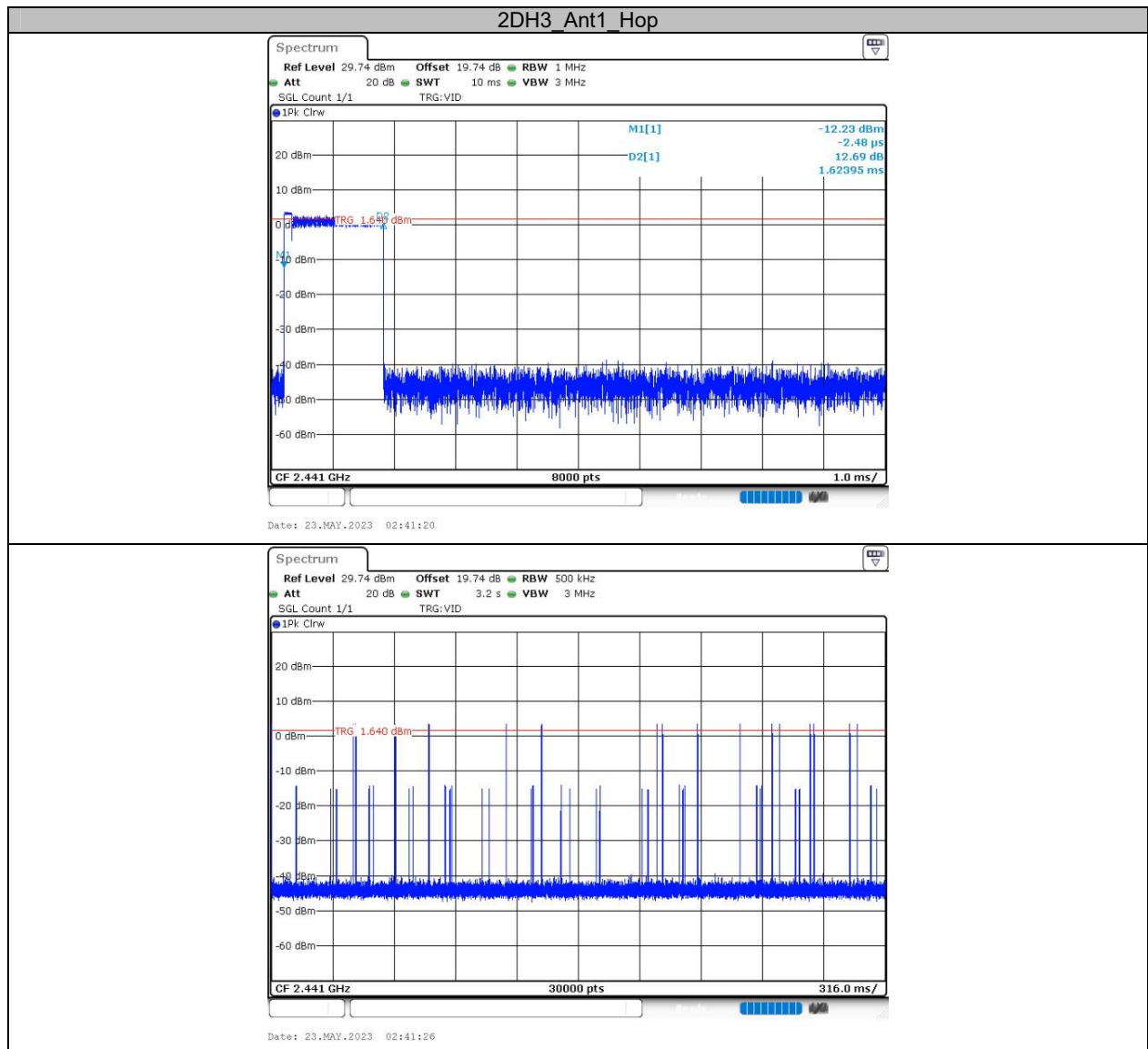


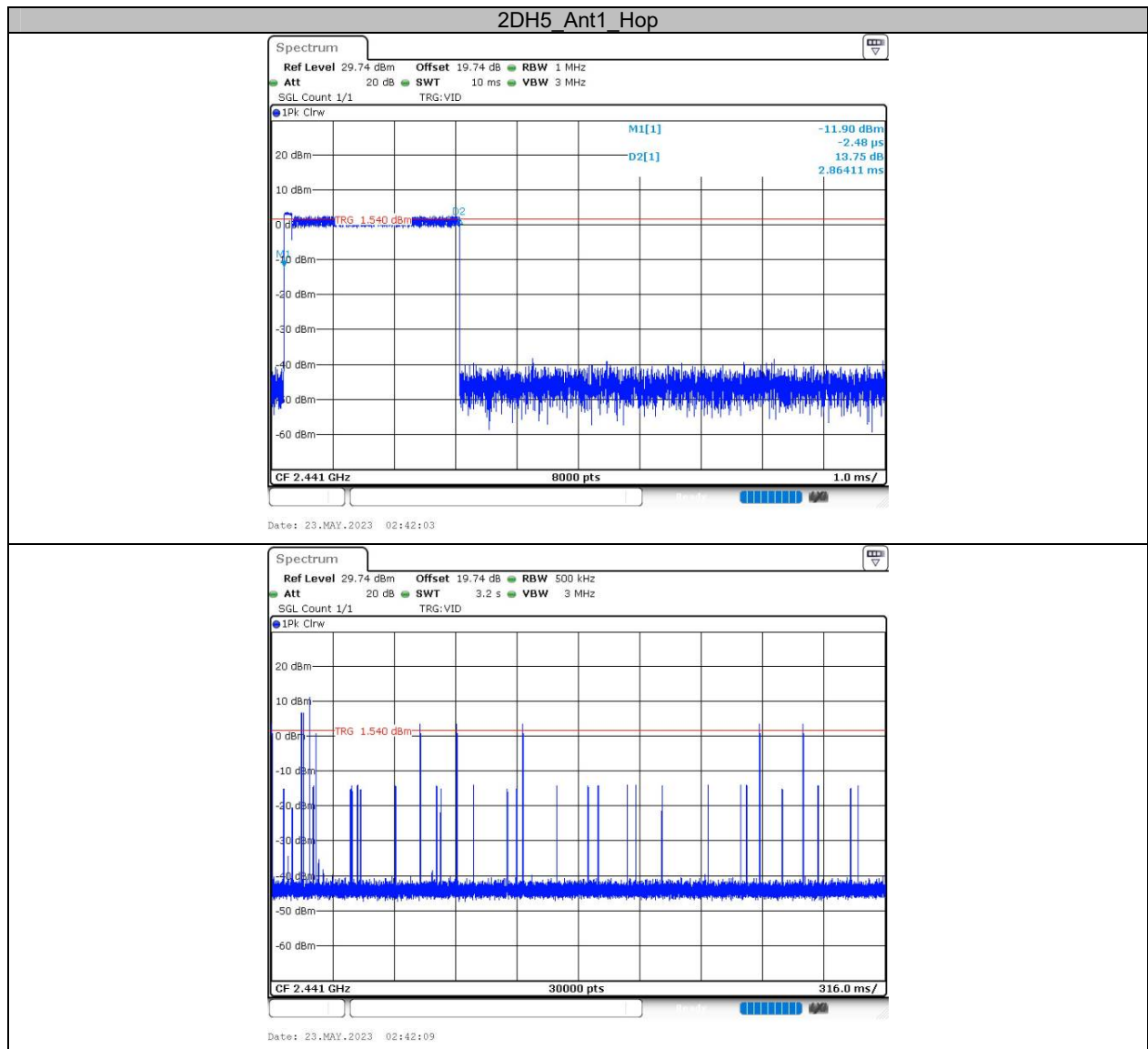


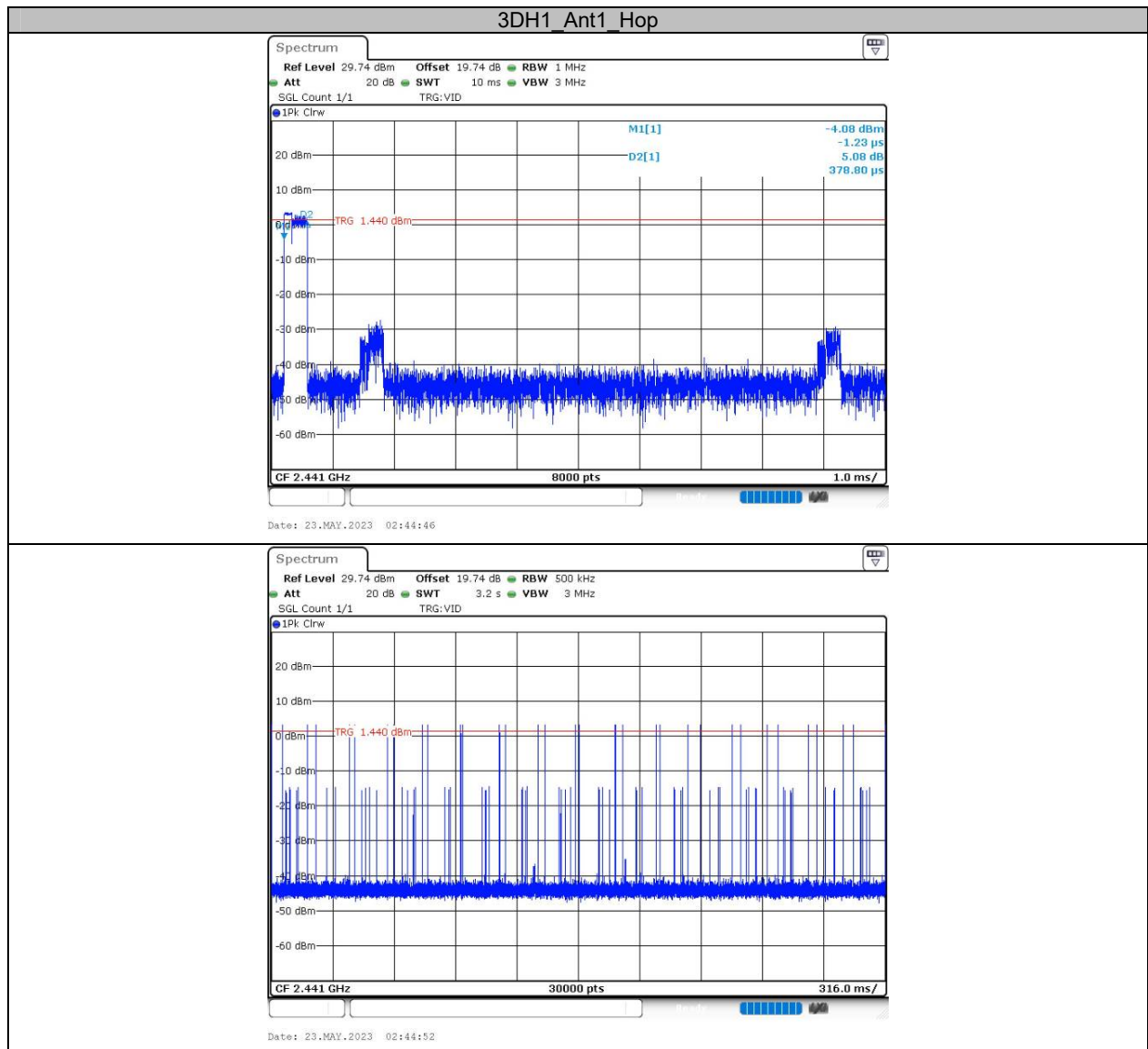


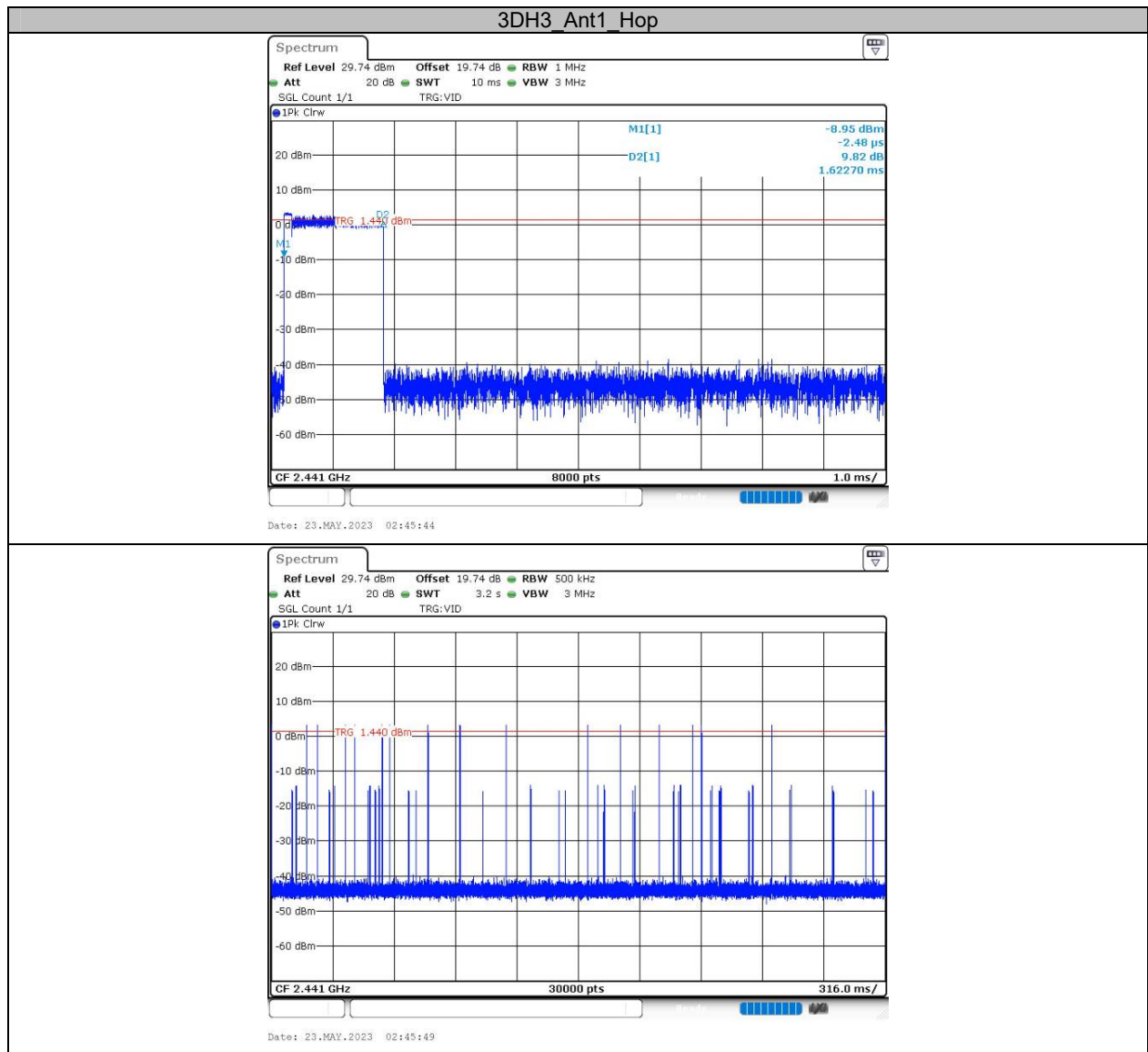


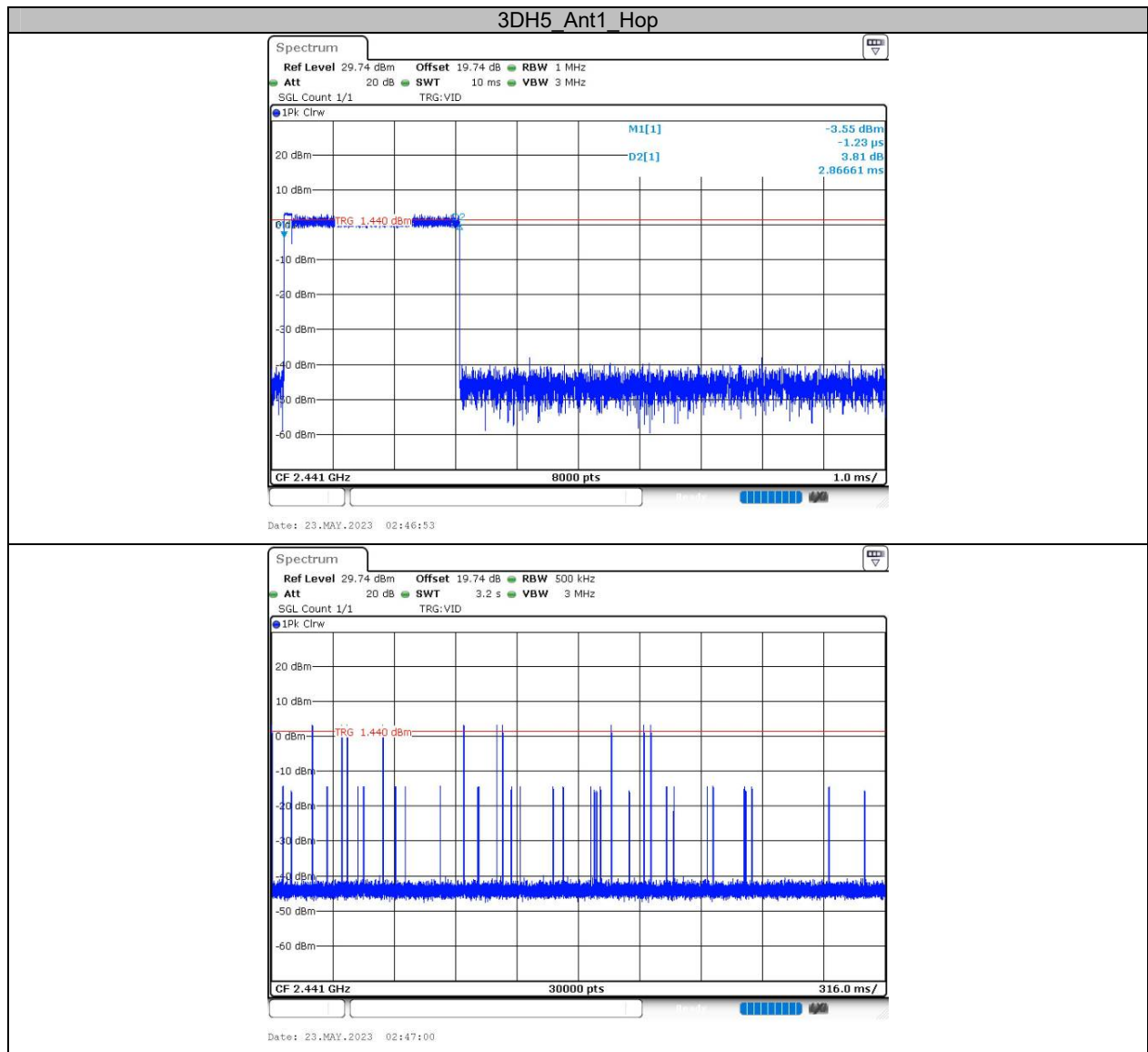








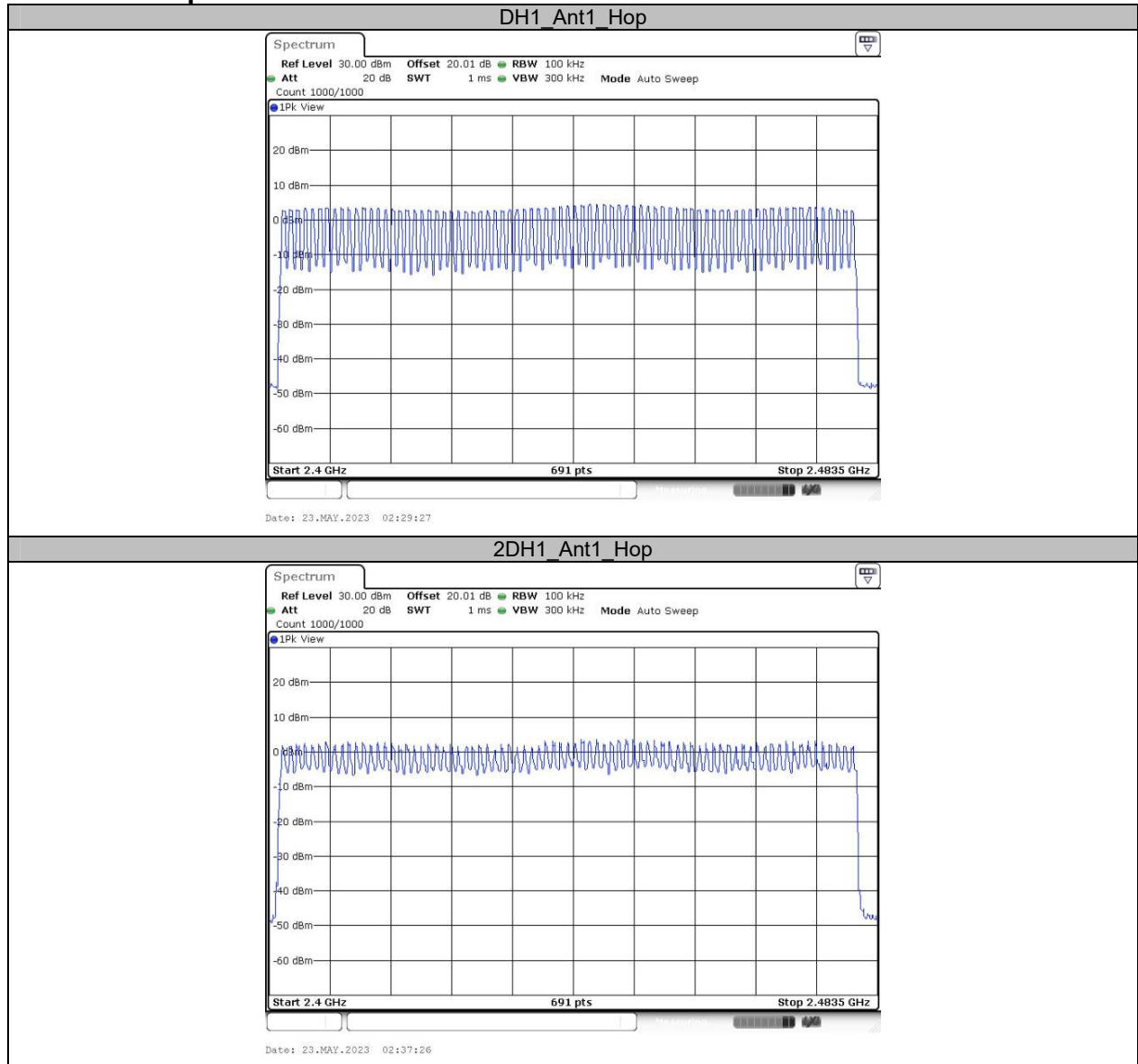


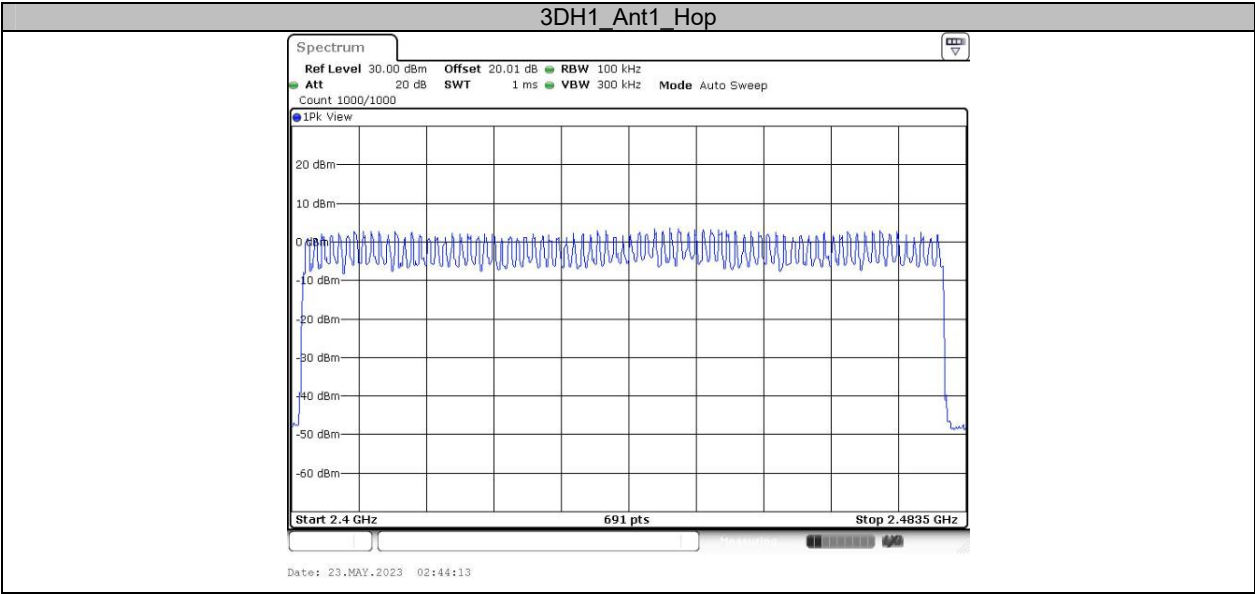


**Appendix F: Number of hopping channels****Test Result**

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Result[Num]	Limit[Num]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	Hop	79	≥15	PASS
2DH1	Ant1	Hop	79	≥15	PASS
3DH1	Ant1	Hop	79	≥15	PASS

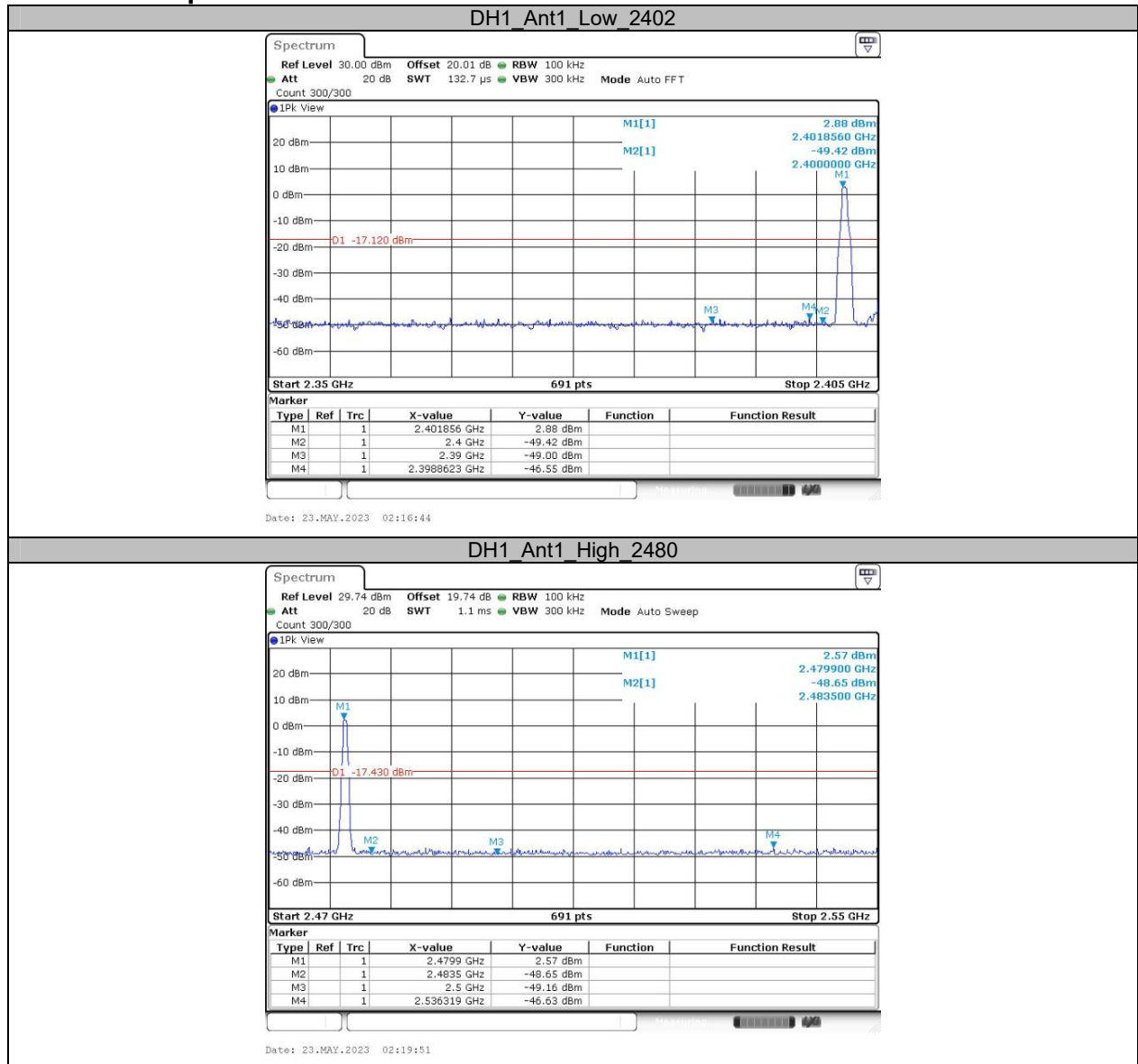


**Test Graphs**

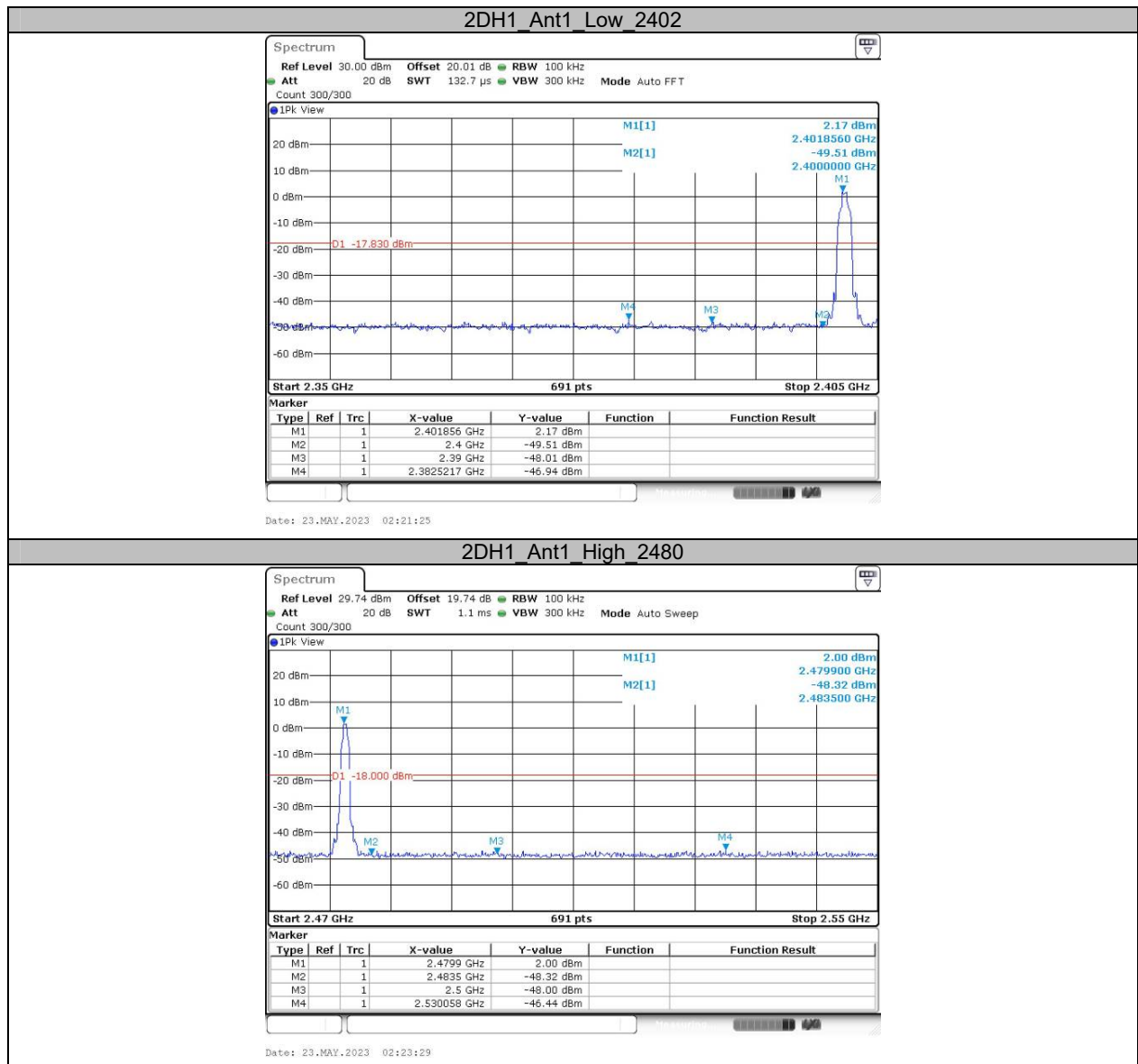


## Appendix G: Band edge measurements

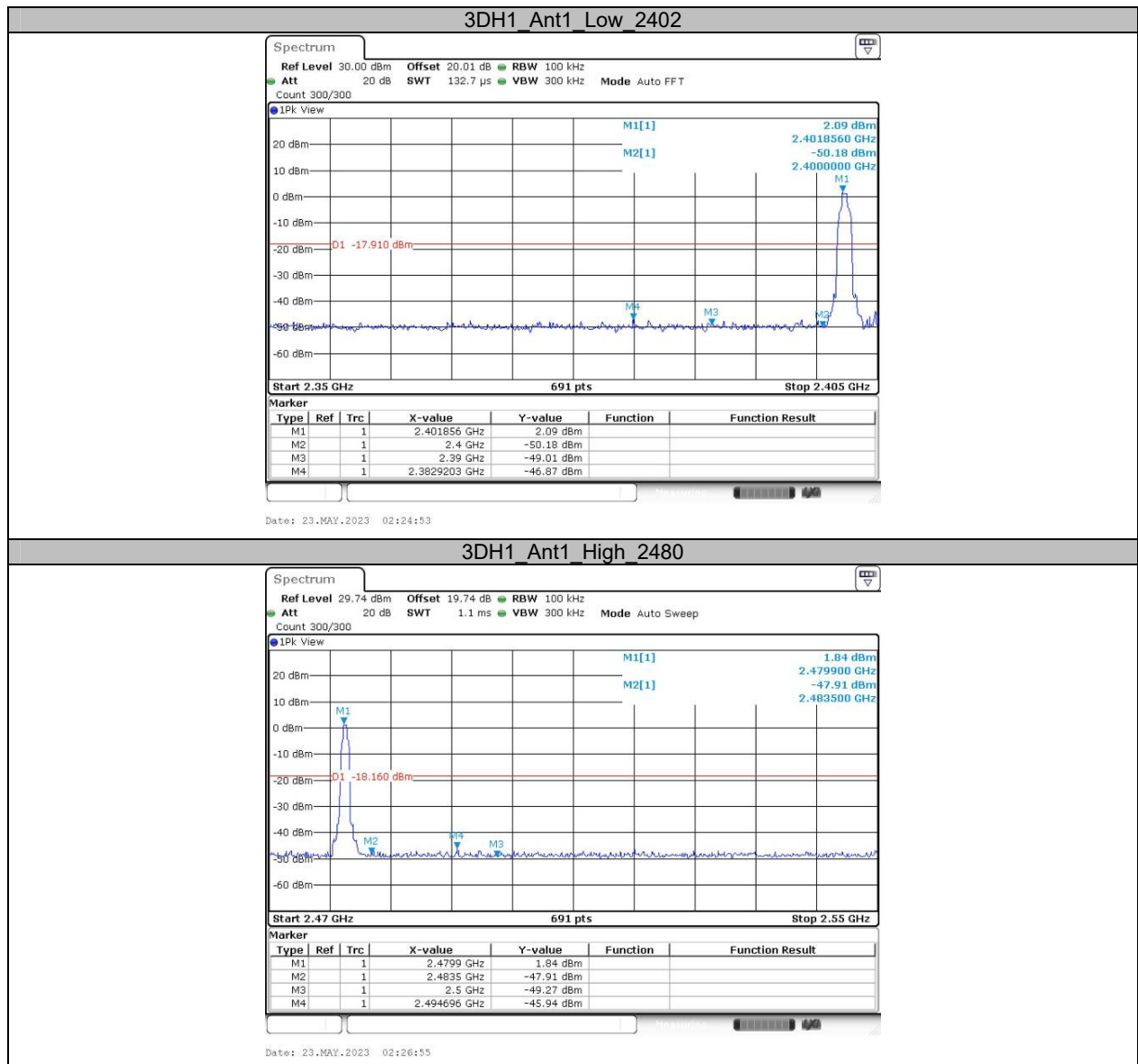
## Test Graphs













\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*