Report No.: BL-SH2510034-601



# **TEST REPORT**

Applicant:	MAXPAY PAZARLAMA IC VE DIS TICARET LIMITED SIRKETI			
Address:	Fulya Mah. Büyükdere Cad. No: 76, Unit NO 178, 34394 Mecidiyeköy. Şişli – İSTANBUL,Türkiye			
Equipment Type:	POS Terminal			
Model Name:	D600			
Brand Name:	MP			
FCC ID:	2BC4X-D600			
Test Standard:	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C (refer to section 3.1)			
Sample Arrival Date:	Jan. 15, 2025			
Test Date :	Jan. 16, 2025 - Feb. 12, 2025			
Date of Issue:	Mar. 19, 2025			

#### **ISSUED BY:**

Shanghai Tejet Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Testing Center

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(Technical Director)

Haz Su

Chen Zidon



Revision History					
Version	Issue Date	Revisions			
<u>Rev. 01</u>	<u>Mar. 19, 2025</u>	Initial Issue			

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## **1 GENERAL INFORMATION**

## 1.1 Test Laboratory

Name	Shanghai Tejet Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Testing Center				
Address	1st to 2nd floors, Building 1, No. 222 Xuanlan Road, Xuanqiao Town,				
Address	Pudong New District, Shanghai				

## 1.2 Test Location

Name	Shanghai Tejet Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Testing Center		
Location	1st to 2nd floors, Building 1, No. 222 Xuanlan Road, Xuanqiao Town,		
Location	Pudong New District, Shanghai		
Appreditation Cartificate	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a		
Accreditation Certificate	accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1352.		



## 2 **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

## 2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	MAXPAY PAZARLAMA IC VE DIS TICARET LIMITED SIRKETI
Address	Fulya Mah. Büyükdere Cad. No: 76, Unit NO 178, 34394 Mecidiyeköy.
Address	Şişli – İSTANBUL,Türkiye

### 2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	MAXPAY PAZARLAMA IC VE DIS TICARET LIMITED SIRKETI		
Address	Fulya Mah. Büyükdere Cad. No: 76, Unit NO 178, 34394 Mecidiyeköy.		
Address	Şişli – İSTANBUL,Türkiye		

## 2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	POS Terminal		
Model Name Under Test	D600		
Series Model Name	N/A		
Description of Model	N//A		
name differentiation	N/A		
Corrente Nurreh en	S04		
Sample Number	S02		
Hardware Version	D60005141011000		
Software Version	0103_1410_1415_101_89162ff4e7_UD_hmp_p1512_tosan_a1		
Dimensions (Approx.) L: 203.96mm* W: 82.89mm* H: 71.34mm*			
Weight (Approx.) N/A			



## 2.4 Technical Information

	2G Network GSM/GPRS 850/1900 MHz			
	3G Network WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Band 2/4/5			
	4G Network LTE FDD Band 2/4/5/7/12/17/25/26/66			
Network and Wireless	TDD Band 38/41			
connectivity	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE)			
	2.4G WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20/40)			
	5G WIFI 802.11a, 802.11n(HT20/40), 802.11ac(VHT20/40/80)			
	NFC, GPS, GLONASS			

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Modulation Technology	DTS		
Modulation Type	GFSK		
Transfer Rate	1 Mbps, 2 Mbps		
Frequency Range	The frequency range used is 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz.		
Number of Channel	40 (at intervals of 2 MHz) Note 1		
Tested Observal	1 Mbps: 0 (2402 MHz), 19 (2440 MHz), 39 (2480 MHz)		
Tested Channel	2 Mbps: 1 (2404 MHz), 19 (2440 MHz), 38 (2478 MHz)		
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna		
Antenna Gain	1.54 dBi		
Antenna Impedance	50Ω		
Antenna System (MIMO	N/A		
Smart Antenna)			
Note 1: 2 Mbps does not support Channel 0, Channel 12, and Channel 39.			

All channel was listed on the following table:

#### BLE 1M:

E								
	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.
	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)
	0	2402	10	2422	20	2442	30	2462
Γ	1	2404	11	2424	21	2444	31	2464
Γ	2	2406	12	2426	22	2446	32	2466
Γ	3	2408	13	2428	23	2448	33	2468
Ī	4	2410	14	2430	24	2450	34	2470
Ī	5	2412	15	2432	25	2452	35	2472
Ī	6	2414	16	2434	26	2454	36	2474
Ī	7	2416	17	2436	27	2456	37	2476
Ī	8	2418	18	2438	28	2458	38	2478
Ī	9	2420	19	2440	29	2460	39	2480
BL	.E 2M:							
Γ	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.
	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)
Γ	1	1	10	2422	20	2442	30	2462
Ī	1	2404	11	2424	21	2444	31	2464
Γ	2	2406	/	/	22	2446	32	2466
Γ	3	2408	13	2428	23	2448	33	2468
Ī	4	2410	14	2430	24	2450	34	2470
Ī	5	2412	15	2432	25	2452	35	2472
Ī	6	2414	16	2434	26	2454	36	2474
ſ	7	2416	17	2436	27	2456	37	2476
ſ	8	2418	18	2438	28	2458	38	2478
Ī	9	2420	19	2440	29	2460	1	Ι
-	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	2406 2408 2410 2412 2414 2416 2418	/ 13 14 15 16 17 18	/ 2428 2430 2432 2434 2436 2438	22 23 24 25 26 27 28	2446 2448 2450 2452 2454 2456 2458	32 33 34 35 36 37 <b>38</b>	2468 2468 2470 2472 2472 2474 2476 <b>2478</b>





## **3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**

## 3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title	
1	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C	Intentional radiators of radio frequency equipment	
2	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices	
3	KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	Guidance for compliance measurements on digital transmission system, frequency hopping spread spectrum system, and hybrid system devices operating under section 15.247 of the FCC rules	

## 3.2 Test Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	ISED Part No.	Channel	Test Result	Verdict	
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	N/A	N/A		Pass <sup>Note1</sup>	
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	N/A	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.1	Pass	
3	Occupied Bandwidth	15.247(a)	N/A	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.2	Pass	
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247(d)	N/A	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.3	Pass	
5	Band Edge(Authorized- band band-edge)	15.247(d)	N/A	Low/ High	ANNEX A.4	Pass	
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	N/A	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.5	Pass	
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	N/A	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.6	Pass	
8	Band Edge(Restricted- band band-edge)	15.209 15.247(d)	N/A	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.7	Pass	
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247(e)	N/A	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.8	Pass	
	Note 1: The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the requirement FCC 15.203.						



## **4** GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

## 4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	53% to 59%	
Atmospheric Pressure	101 kPa	
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+22.1℃ to +23.9℃
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	9.0 V

## 4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Spectrum Analyzer KEYSIGHT		MY54420147	2024.02.22	2025.02.21
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	MY60240977	2024.02.22	2025.02.21
Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3710E	6262063515	2024.02.22	2025.02.21
Wideband Radio	R&S	CMW500	168792	2024.02.22	2025.02.21
Communication Tester	Rao	CIVIV500	100792	2024.02.22	2025.02.21
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY55330122	2024.07.09	2025.07.08
Test Antenna-Loop(9 kHz-30 MHz)	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-177	2024.03.11	2027.03.10
Test Antenna-Bi-Log(30 MHz-3 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-1203	2024.03.11	2027.03.10
Test Antenna-Horn(1-18 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-2134	2024.03.11	2027.03.10
Test Antenna- Horn (18-40 GHz)	A-INFO	LB-180400- KF	J211060307	2024.03.11	2027.03.10
Anechoic Chamber	YiHeng	9m*6m*6m	EMC001	2024.04.18	2027.04.17
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY55330115	2024.02.19	2025.02.18
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-940	2024.02.25	2025.02.24
10dB Limiter	SCHWARZBECK	VTSD 9561-F	9561-F N00409	2024.02.19	2025.02.18
Shielded Room	YiHeng	5m*4m*3.2 m	EMC006	2024.02.22	2027.02.21

### 4.3 Test Software List

Description	Manufacturer	Software Version	Serial No.	Applicable Test Setup
BL410R	BALUN	V2.1.1.496	N/A	The section 4.6.1
BL410E	BALUN	V21.919	N/A	The section 4.6.2&4.6.3&4.6.4&4.6.5



## 4.4 Decision Rule

No Need

- ⊠ Use General conformity decision rule (Consider uncertainty or not ⊠No □Yes)
- □ Use Special Conformity Decision Rule (Consider uncertainty or not □No □Yes)

## 4.5 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Parameters	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	2.4 %
RF output power, conducted	0.41 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	1.73 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	1.73 dB
All emissions, radiated	4.57 dB
Temperature	0.82 °C
Humidity	4.1 %

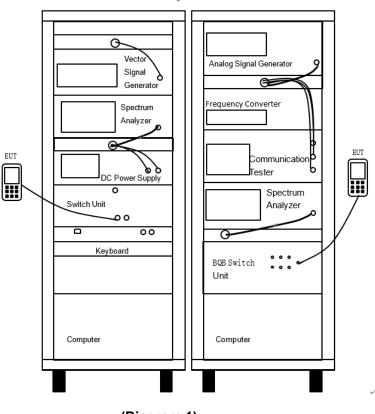


## 4.6 Description of Test Setup

#### 4.6.1 For Antenna Port Test

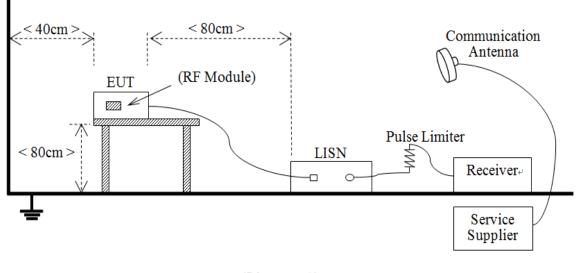
Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5 dB used, then the final result of EUT: Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



(Diagram 1)

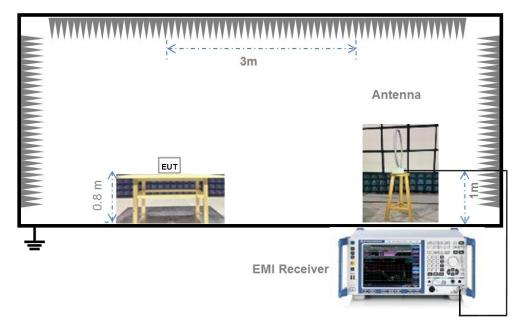
4.6.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



#### (Diagram 2)

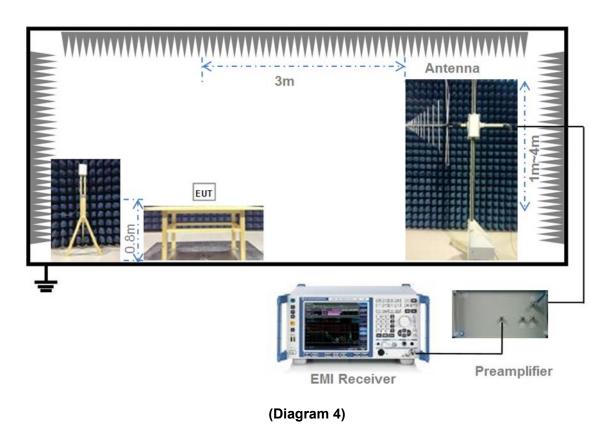


### 4.6.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



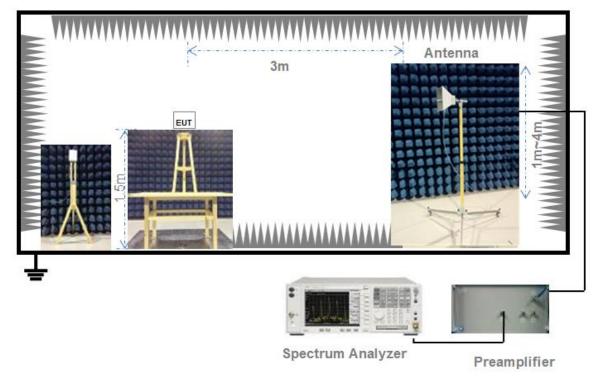
(Diagram 3)

4.6.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)





## 4.6.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)



## 4.7 Measurement Results Explanation Example

4.7.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

4.7.2For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

E = EIRP – 20log D + 104.8

where:

E = electric field strength in  $dB\mu V/m$ ,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.



## 5 TEST ITEMS

## 5.1 Antenna Requirements

#### 5.1.1 Relevant Standards

#### FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

#### 5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

 1 5				
Protected Method	Description			
The antenna is embedded in the product.	An embed ded-in antenna design is used.			

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

#### 5.1.3Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



## 5.2 Output Power

#### 5.2.1 Test Limit

#### FCC § 15.247(b)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

#### 5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.2.3 Test Procedure

#### a) Maximum peak conducted output power

This procedure shall be used when the measurement instrument has available a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW  $\geq$  DTS bandwidth.

Set VBW ≥ 3 x RBW.

Set span ≥ 3 x RBW

Sweep time = auto couple.

Detector = peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

b) Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

Set RBW  $\geq$  OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set VBW  $\geq$  RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T  $\leq$  16.7 microseconds.)

5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.



## 5.3 Occupied Bandwidth

5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

#### 5.3.2Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.3.3Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Set RBW = 100 kHz. Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq$  3 RBW. Detector = Peak. Trace mode = max hold. Sweep = auto couple. Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.



## 5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

#### 5.4.1 Limit

#### FCC §15.247(d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

#### 5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.4.3Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).

b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).

c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

Reference level measurement:

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to  $\geq$  1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.



Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Emission level measurement:

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.



## 5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

#### 5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

#### 5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.5.3Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle  $\ge$  98%). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit configured to transmit constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission)  $\pm$  0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission  $\pm$  0.5 MHz.

5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.



## 5.6 Conducted Emission

#### 5.6.1 Limit

#### FCC §15.207

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a  $50\mu$ H/50 $\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range	Conducted Limit (dBµV)		
(MHz)	Quai-peak	Average	
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46	
0.50 - 5	56	46	
0.50 - 30	60	50	

#### 5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.6.3Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

#### 5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.



## 5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

#### 5.7.1 Limit

#### FCC §15.209&15.247(d)

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

1. Field Strength (dB $\mu$ V/m) = 20\*log[Field Strength ( $\mu$ V/m)].

- 2. In the emission tables above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
- 3. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
- 4. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

#### 5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.3 to 4.6.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.7.3Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.



General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands:

a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).

b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)

c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies  $\leq$  30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).

d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).

e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8

where:

E = electric field strength in  $dB\mu V/m$ ,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.

g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

Peak power measurement procedure:

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.

b) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

c) Detector = Peak.

d) Sweep time = auto.

e) Trace mode = max hold.

f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).



Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction:

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle  $\geq$  98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used: a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.

b) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.

c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).

d) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

e) Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep)  $\leq$  (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.

f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).

1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.

2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.

g) Sweep time = auto.

h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:

1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle.

2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $20 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle.

3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous ( $\geq$  98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain:

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).



Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

Radiated spurious emission test:

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz VBW  $\ge$  RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.



## 5.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d)

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.3 to 4.6.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.8.3Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz VBW  $\ge$  RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

For transmitters operating above 1 GHz repeat the measurement with an average detector.

5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.



## 5.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(e)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.4(4), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

#### 5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 (Diagram 1) for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth. Set the RBW to: 3 kHz ≤ RBW ≤ 100 kHz. Set the VBW ≥ 3 RBW. Detector = peak. Sweep time = auto couple. Trace mode = max hold. Allow trace to fully stabilize. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.



## ANNEX A TEST RESULT

## A.1 Output Power, Duty Cycle

#### Peak Power Test Data

	Measured Out	out Peak Power	Limit		
Channel	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)		dDires		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm mW		
Low	-1.05	0.79			Pass
Middle	-0.86	0.82	30	1000	Pass
High	-1.01	0.79			Pass

	Measured Output Peak Power		Lin		
Channel	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)		dBm	mW	Verdict
	dBm	mW	UDIII	TTVV	
Low	-1.32	0.74			Pass
Middle	-1.13	0.77	30	1000	Pass
High	-1.40	0.72			Pass



#### Test Plots

#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL





#### Duty Cycle Test Data

Band	On Time (ms)	On+Off Time (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)	2.128	2.503	85.02%
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)	1.067	1.880	56.76%

#### Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)

KEYSIGI RL +→	IT Input: R Coupin Align: C		Input Z: 50 0 Corr CCorr Freq Ref: Internal		PNO: Fast Gate: Off IF Gain: Low Sig Track: Off	Avg Type: Log-Po Ing: Free Run		123456 WWWWWW PNNNNN	Center Frequenc 2.402000000 GH Soan	
Spectrum cale/Div 1	0 dB	•		Ref Lvi Offset 6.5 Ref Level 15.00 d		ΔM	kr5	2.503 ms 0.00 dB	0.00000000 Hz Swept Span	
.og 5.00 5.00	X	$\hat{X}_{4}^{1\Delta 2}$	2	<u></u> 5∆6					Euli Span	
25.0 35.0 45.0									Start Freq 2.402000000 GH	łz
-55.0 -65.0 -75.0	Ч			harr			<sub>r</sub> erti,		Stop Freq 2.402000000 GF	łz
Center 2.40 Res BW 1.0		Hz				Sweep	o 7.23	Span 0 Hz ms (714 pts)	AUTO TUNE CF Step	
	le	•							1.000000 MHz	
Marker Tab							Eurost	ion Value	Man	
5 Marker Tab Mod	e Trace	Scale			Function F	unction Width				
1 Δ2	e Trace		Δ) 374.9 µs	(Δ) -0.5747 dB	Function F	unction Width	Punct	on value		
Μod 1 Δ2 2 F	e Trace 1	t (4 t	Δ) 374.9 μs 912.0 μs	<ul> <li>(Δ) -0.5747 dB</li> <li>-1.688 dBm</li> </ul>	Function F	unction Width	Punci	on value	Freq Offset	-
Mod 1 Δ2 2 F 3 Δ4	e Trace 1 1	t (4 t	Δ) 374.9 μs 912.0 μs Δ) 2.128 ms	<ul> <li>(Δ) -0.5747 dB</li> <li>-1.688 dBm</li> <li>(Δ) 0.5777 dB</li> </ul>	Function F	unction Width	Pullu	on value		
Mod 1 Δ2 2 F	e Trace 1 1	t (4 t t (4	Δ) 374.9 μs 912.0 μs Δ) 2.128 ms 1.287 ms	<ul> <li>(Δ) -0.5747 dB</li> <li>-1.688 dBm</li> </ul>	Function F	unction Width	Pullot	on value	Freq Offset	Local

#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)

KEYSIGHT	Input F Couplir Align: 0	ar DC		put Z: 50.0 orr CCorr req Ref: Internal				Avg Type Lo Tog Free Ru	g-Pawer n	123456 WWWWWW PNNNNN	Select Marke Marker 3 Marker 4 Tim		
Spectrum cale/Div 10 d	8	۲			Ref LvI Offset Ref Level 15.0			Δ	Mkr3	1.880 ms 0.00 dB	1.87973 ms		Settings Peak
og 00 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0		Xa ,			1∆2 	<u></u> 3∆4		bl-sparse	Murph (red	*	Marker Mode Normal Ο Delta (Δ) Fixed Off		Search Pk Searc Config Propertie Marker Function
s o Inter 2.40400 Is BW 1.0 Mi Marker Table		iHz T						Sw	eep 5.04	Span 0 Hz ms (714 pts)	Deita M (Reset E Marker Table On Off	Delta)	Marker
Mode 1 Δ2 2 F 3 Δ4 4 F 5 6	Trace 1 1 1	Scale t t	(Δ) (Δ)	778.8 us	Υ s (Δ) -0.1433 ( s -1.934 dB s (Δ)0.001470 ( s -1.934 dB	im 18	tion F	Function Width	Func	tion Value	All Marker S Diagn All Marke Couple Mark Off	am ers Off	



## A.2 Occupied Bandwidth

#### <u>Test Data</u>

Test Mode	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)					
Channal	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth Limits			
Channel	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)			
Low	682.60	1038.60	≥500			
Middle	682.60	1043.10	≥500			
High	675.00	1042.90	≥500			

Test Mode	e GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)				
Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth Limits		
Channel	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)		
Low	1200.00	2080.90	≥500		
Middle	1200.00	2095.30	≥500		
High	1215.00	2090.50	≥500		



#### Test Plots

#### 6 dB Bandwidth

#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL





#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL





Local

#### 99% Bandwidth

#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL





## A.3 Conducted Spurious Emission

<u>Test Data</u>

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)								
Channel	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (o						
	Band Emission (dBm)	Operational second	Calculated	Verdict				
		Carrier Level	20 dBc Limit					
Low	-46.00	-1.32	-21.32	Pass				
Middle	-45.77	-1.24	-21.24	Pass				
High	-46.54	-2.14	-22.14	Pass				

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)								
	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (o						
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict				
		Carrier Level	20 dBc Limit					
Low	-46.69	-1.86	-21.86	Pass				
Middle	-46.17	-1.68	-21.68	Pass				
High	-46.08	-2.01	-22.01	Pass				



#### Test Plots

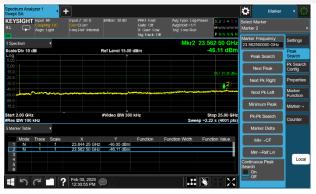
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz





GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



## GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

Spectrum Swept SA		er 1	+								•	Marker	- *
KEYSIG RL (		iput: RF oupling: DC lign: Light		t Z: 50 0 CCorr Ref: Internal	#Atten: 30 dB	PNO: Fa Gate: Ot IF Gain: Sig Traci	t Low	Avg Type: Lo Avg[Hold:>1/ Ting: Free Ru		123456 MWWWWW PNNNNN	Select Marke	er 2	
1 Spectrum	n							Mkr2		26 25 GHz		r Frequency 6250000 GHz	Settings
Scale/Div Log	10 dB				Ref Level 15.00	) dBm			-4	6.61 dBm	F	eak Search	Peak Search
5.00												Next Peak	Pk Search Config
25.0										0L1:21:24 dBm	N	iext Pk Right	Properties
45.0 55.0	-			مسميلحته		and the second second second			مىلىشەرمە	- <sup>2</sup>		vext Pk Left	Marker Function
85.0 75.0											м	inimum Peak	Marker→
tart 2.00 Res BW		z			#Video BW 30	0 kHz		Sw		op 25.00 GHz 2 s (4001 pts)	P	k-Pk Search	Counter
Marker Te	able	٠										larker Delta	
Mo 1 N	N	ace Sca 1 f	23	X 729 25 GHz			n Fu	inction Width	Func	tion Value		Mkr→CF	
2 N 3	N	1 1	24.	626 25 GHz	-46.61 dBm						N	/kr→Ref Lvl	
4 5 6											Searc (	Dn	Local
16	ר ר		? Fet	06, 2025 34:21 PM	ÐA					$-\mathbf{X}$		Off	



### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

Spectrum Ana Swept SA	yzer 1	<b>' +</b>					Marker	
	Input: RF Coupling: D Align: Off	C Corr CCorr Freq Ref: Internal	#Atten: 30 dB	PNO: Fast Gate: Off IF Gain: Low Sig Track: Off	Avg Type: Log-P Avg[Hold:>1/1 Ing: Free Run	rower 123456 MWWWWW PNNNNN		
1 Spectrum	•				Mkr2	23.631 50 GHz	Marker Frequency 23.631500000 GHz	Settings
Scale/Div 10	18		Ref Level 15.00	dBm		-46.54 dBm	Peak Search	Peak Search
-5.00						DL1 22.14 cDm	Next Peak	Pk Search Config
-25.0 -35.0						01 <b>€</b> 2	Next Pk Right	Properties
-45.0 -55.0	•••••			******	****	and the second	Next Pk Left	Marker Function
-85.0 -75.0							Minimum Peak	Marker→
Start 2.00 GH #Res BW 100			#Video BW 300	) kHz	Swee	Stop 25.00 GHz p ~2.22 s (4001 pts)	Pk-Pk Search	Counter
5 Marker Table							Marker Delta	
Mode 1 N	Trace Sc	22.527 50 GHz		Function	Function Width	Function Value	Mkr→CF	
2 N 3	1	23.631 50 GHz	-46.54 dBm				Mkr→Ref Lvi	
4 5 6							Continuous Peak Search On	
1	2	Peb 05, 2025 12:36:33 PM	ÐA			N - X	Off	



## GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

•• •• Alig		Input Z: 50 0 Corr CCorr Freq Ref: Internal	#Atten: 30 dB	PNO: Fast Gate: Off IF Gain: Low	Avg Type Log- Avg Hold >1/1 Tng: Free Run	Power 123456 MWWWWW PNNNNN	Select Marker Marker 2	• 🚟
Spectrum	•		Ref Level 15.00	Sig Track: Off	Mkr2	24.557 25 GHz -47.09 dBm	Marker Frequency 24.557250000 GHz	Settings
Log			Ker Level 15.00	авт		-47.05 dBill	Peak Search	Peak Search
5.00							Next Peak	Pk Search Config
25.0 35.0						. 10	Next Pk Right	Properties
45 0 55 0 55 0	u,	م ي ماريد ي ماريد م			وهدماه والمعاد والغروم وال	2 <sup>1</sup> 8	Next Pk Left	Marker Function
75.0							Minimum Peak	Marker→
tart 2.00 GHz Res BW 100 kHz			#Video BW 300	kHz	Swee	Stop 25.00 GHz p ~2.22 s (4001 pts)	Pk-Pk Search	Counter
Marker Table							Marker Delta	
Mode Tra 1 N 1	ce Scale f	X 23.936 25 GHz	Y -46.69 dBm	Function	Function Width	Function Value	Mkr→CF	
2 N 1 3	ŕ	24.557 25 GHz	-47.09 dBm				Mkr→Ref Lvi	
4 5 6							Continuous Peak Search On	Local
600		Feb 05, 2025				<b>N</b> – M	- Off	



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

Spectrum Analyzer 1	2			🔅 Marker	·
KEYSIGHT Input: RF RL Align: Off	Input Z: 50 0 #Atten: 3 Gen CCorr Freq Ret: Internal	) dB PNO Fast Gate Off IF Gain: Low Sig Track: Off	Avg Type Log-Power 1 2 3 Avg(Hold >1/1 Ing: Free Run P.N.N	WWW Marker 2	
1 Spectrum 🔹			Mkr2 22.987 50 -47.29	GHz Marker Frequency 22.987500000 GHz	Settings
Scale/Div 10 dB	Ref Level	15.00 dBm	-47.29	Peak Search	Peak Search
-5.00				Next Peak	Pk Search Config
-25.0				Next Pk Right	Properties
-45.0			••2	Next Pk Left	Marker Function
				Minimum Peak	Marker→
Start 2.00 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz	#Video B	W 300 KH2	Stop 25.0 Sweep ~2.22 s (400		Counter
5 Marker Table 🔹				Marker Delta	
Mode Trace Scale	X Y 23.643 00 GHz -46.17	dBm	unction Width Function Val	ue Mkr→CF	
2 N 1 f 3	22.987 50 GHz -47.25	dBm		Mkr→Ref Lvi	
4 5 6				Continuous Peak Search On	1
∎ ๖ ๙ ∎ ?	Feb 05, 2025				



### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

Spectrum Analyzer Swept SA	· · · ·	F					🗘 Marker	· · *
	it RF iping DC n Off	Input Z: 50 0 Corr CCorr Freq Ret: Internal	#Atten: 30 dB	PNO: Fast Gate: Off IF Gain: Low Sig Track: Off	Avg Type: Log-Pow Avg[Hold >1/1 Tng: Free Run	er 123456 MWWWWW PNNNNN	Select Marker Marker 2	
1 Spectrum	•				Mkr2 23	.867 25 GHz	Marker Frequency 23.867250000 GHz	Settings
Scale/Div 10 dB			Ref Level 15.00	dBm		-46.08 dBm	Peak Search	Peak Search
5.00						01.1-22.01.dlim	Next Peak	Pk Search Config
25.0						2	Next Pk Right	Properties
45.0 55.0 <b></b>					*****	an an an an an an an an an an an an an a	Next Pk Left	Marker Function
65.0 75.0							Minimum Peak	Marker→
tart 2.00 GHz Res BW 100 kHz			#Video BW 300	kHz	Sweep -	Stop 25.00 GHz 2.22 s (4001 pts)	Pk-Pk Search	Counter
5 Marker Table	•						Marker Delta	
Mode Trai	ce Scale f	X 24.120 25 GHz	Y -47.23 dBm	Function	Function Width F	unction Value	Mkr→CF	
2 N 1	1	23.867 25 GHz	-46.08 dBm				Mkr→Ref Lvi	
4 5 6							Continuous Peak Search On	
<b>1</b> 7 7	2	Feb 05, 2025 12:42:59 PM	ÐA		.:: 2		Off	



# A.4 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

Note: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

<u>Test Data</u>

	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)										
	Measured Max. Band	Limit	(dBm)								
Channel	Edge Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict							
			20 dBc Limit								
Low	-52.86	-1.32	-21.32	Pass							
High	-52.93	-2.14	-22.14	Pass							

	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)									
	Measured Max. Band	Limit								
Channel		Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict						
	Edge Emission (dBm)		20 dBc Limit							
Low	-52.37	-1.86	-21.86	Pass						
High	-52.95	-2.01	-22.01	Pass						



#### Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE









GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE









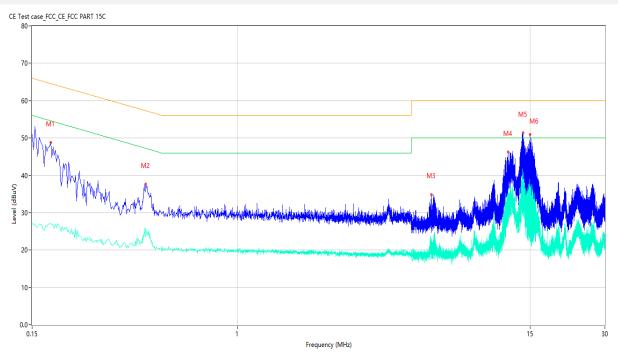
# A.5 Conducted Emission

Note 1: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode. All modes have been tested and normal link mode is worst.

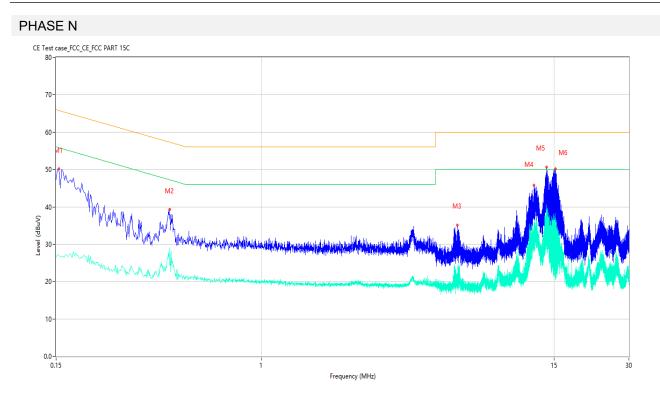
Note 2: Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. So, The configuration 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz were tested respectively, but only the worst configuration (120 VAC, 60 Hz) shown here.

Note 3: Results (dBuV) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV) + Factor (dB) <u>Test Data and Plots</u>

#### PHASE L



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.178	48.77	9.75	64.58	15.81	Peak	L	Pass
1**	0.178	27.18	9.75	54.58	27.40	AV	L	Pass
2	0.430	37.69	9.74	57.25	19.56	Peak	L	Pass
2**	0.430	25.85	9.74	47.25	21.40	AV	L	Pass
3	6.016	34.86	9.61	60.00	25.14	Peak	L	Pass
3**	6.016	22.90	9.61	50.00	27.10	AV	L	Pass
4	12.232	46.24	9.38	60.00	13.76	Peak	L	Pass
4**	12.232	35.01	9.38	50.00	14.99	AV	L	Pass
5	14.068	51.38	9.30	60.00	8.62	Peak	L	Pass
5**	14.068	39.08	9.30	50.00	10.92	AV	L	Pass
6	15.048	50.97	9.25	60.00	9.03	Peak	L	Pass
6**	15.048	36.75	9.25	50.00	13.25	AV	L	Pass



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.154	50.12	9.75	65.78	15.66	Peak	N	Pass
1**	0.154	26.96	9.75	55.78	28.82	AV	N	Pass
2	0.430	39.28	9.74	57.25	17.97	Peak	N	Pass
2**	0.430	29.05	9.74	47.25	18.20	AV	N	Pass
3	6.140	35.17	9.60	60.00	24.83	Peak	N	Pass
3**	6.140	20.90	9.60	50.00	29.10	AV	N	Pass
4	12.462	45.83	9.37	60.00	14.17	Peak	N	Pass
4**	12.462	35.68	9.37	50.00	14.32	AV	N	Pass
5	14.038	50.60	9.30	60.00	9.40	Peak	N	Pass
5**	14.038	37.83	9.30	50.00	12.17	AV	N	Pass
6	15.238	50.22	9.24	60.00	9.78	Peak	N	Pass
6**	15.238	36.87	9.24	50.00	13.13	AV	N	Pass



Test Data and Plots



## A.6 Radiated Spurious Emission

Note 1: The symbol of "--" in the table which means not application.

Note 2: For the test data above 1 GHz, according the ANSI C63.4-2014, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note 3: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Note 4: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz. All modes have been tested and BLE 1M-Middle channel mode is the worst

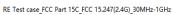
Note 5: Results (dBuV/m) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

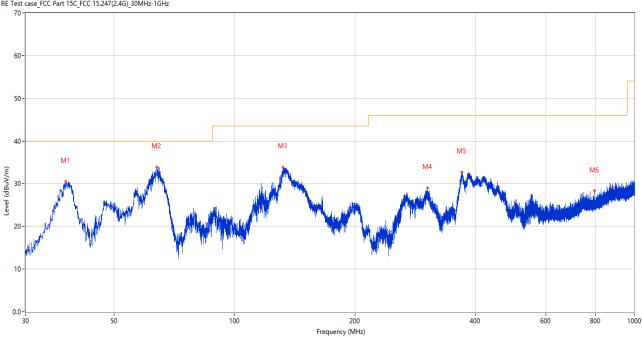
#### 30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H RE Test case\_FCC Part 15C\_FCC 15.247(2.4G)\_30MHz-1GHz 60 50 M5 40 M Mé Level (dBuV/m) 30 M1 20 0.0-l 50 100 600 200 400 800 1000 Frequency (MHz)

No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	66.375	21.91	-27.80	40.0	18.09	Peak	48.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	134.130	23.91	-29.29	43.5	19.59	Peak	103.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	200.720	29.29	-25.90	43.5	14.21	Peak	108.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	286.905	33.08	-23.28	46.0	12.92	Peak	262.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	370.567	36.61	-21.36	46.0	9.39	Peak	68.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
6	739.798	28.40	-12.17	46.0	17.60	Peak	68.00	100	Horizontal	Pass



#### 30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V



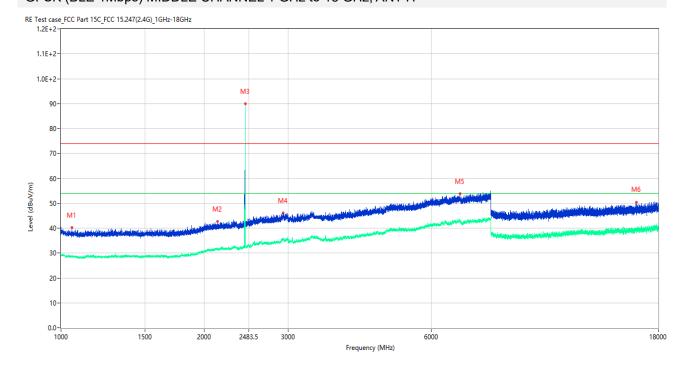


No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	37.809	30.47	-26.67	40.0	9.53	Peak	123.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	63.901	33.88	-26.99	40.0	6.12	Peak	50.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	132.141	33.84	-29.19	43.5	9.66	Peak	224.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	303.879	28.97	-23.27	46.0	17.03	Peak	208.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	370.567	32.74	-21.36	46.0	13.26	Peak	200.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	796.300	28.28	-11.79	46.0	17.72	Peak	274.00	100	Vertical	Pass



Note 1: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

Note 2: The spurious from 18GHz-25GHz is noise only, do not show on the report. GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

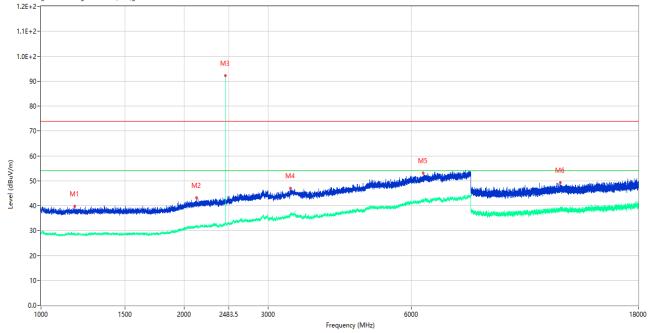


No. Frequency Results Factor Limit Margin Detector Table Height Antenna Verdict (MHz) (dBuV/m) (dBuV/m) (dB) (dB) (Degree) (cm) 1053.750 40.18 -15.43 74.0 33.82 Peak 358.00 150 Pass 1 Horizontal 1\*\* 1053.750 28.48 -15.43 54.0 25.52 AV 358.00 150 Horizontal Pass 2 2134.750 42.64 -13.47 74.0 31.36 Peak 336.00 150 Horizontal Pass 2\*\* 31.78 150 2134.750 -13.47 54.0 22.22 AV 336.00 Horizontal Pass 3 2439.750 89.84 -12.37 74.0 -15.84 Peak 7.00 150 Horizontal N/A 3\*\* 2439.750 87.58 -12.37 54.0 -33.58 AV 7.00 150 Horizontal N/A 4 2926.250 46.13 -8.14 74.0 27.87 Peak 150 Pass 269.00 Horizontal 4\*\* 2926.250 35.41 -8.14 54.0 18.59 AV 269.00 150 Pass Horizontal 5 6897.500 53.75 0.63 74.0 20.25 Peak 191.00 150 Horizontal Pass 5\*\* 6897.500 42.73 0.63 54.0 11.27 AV 191.00 150 Horizontal Pass 6 16206.000 50.50 -1.14 74.0 23.50 Peak 0.00 150 Horizontal Pass 6\*\* 16206.000 38.18 -1.14 54.0 15.82 AV 0.00 150 Horizontal Pass



#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

RE Test case\_FCC Part 15C\_FCC 15.247(2.4G)\_1GHz-18GHz 1.2E+2-

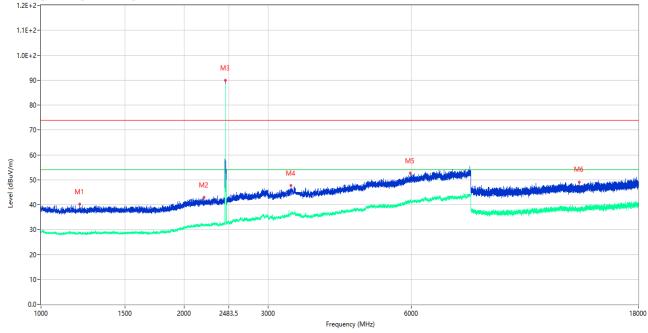


No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1177.750	39.85	-15.71	74.0	34.15	Peak	3.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1177.750	28.48	-15.71	54.0	25.52	AV	3.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2123.000	43.12	-13.28	74.0	30.88	Peak	153.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2**	2123.000	31.43	-13.28	54.0	22.57	AV	153.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3	2440.250	92.16	-12.37	74.0	-18.16	Peak	320.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3**	2440.250	91.55	-12.37	54.0	-37.55	AV	320.00	150	Vertical	N/A
4	3340.000	46.97	-5.98	74.0	27.03	Peak	60.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	3340.000	36.42	-5.98	54.0	17.58	AV	60.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	6353.000	53.00	-0.45	74.0	21.00	Peak	200.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	6353.000	41.60	-0.45	54.0	12.40	AV	200.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	12326.000	49.16	-2.13	74.0	24.84	Peak	322.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	12326.000	39.12	-2.13	54.0	14.88	AV	322.00	150	Vertical	Pass



#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

RE Test case\_FCC Part 15C\_FCC 15.247(2.4G)\_1GHz-18GHz 1.2E+2-

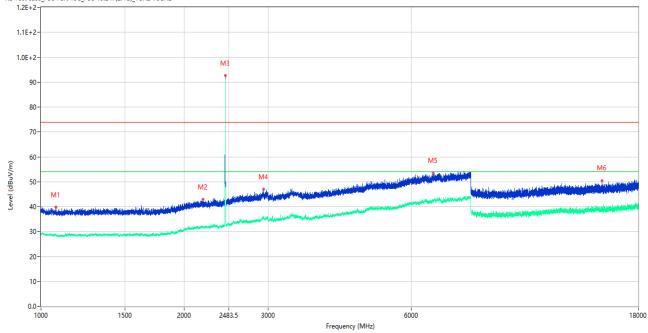


No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1206.250	40.27	-15.79	74.0	33.73	Peak	3.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1206.250	28.65	-15.79	54.0	25.35	AV	3.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2199.750	42.89	-13.30	74.0	31.11	Peak	4.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2199.750	31.77	-13.30	54.0	22.23	AV	4.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	2439.500	89.92	-12.37	74.0	-15.92	Peak	355.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3**	2439.500	85.02	-12.37	54.0	-31.02	AV	355.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
4	3352.500	47.74	-6.42	74.0	26.26	Peak	137.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	3352.500	36.07	-6.42	54.0	17.93	AV	137.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	5966.000	52.58	-0.26	74.0	21.42	Peak	325.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	5966.000	41.14	-0.26	54.0	12.86	AV	325.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	13510.500	49.13	-2.74	74.0	24.87	Peak	322.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	13510.500	38.47	-2.74	54.0	15.53	AV	322.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

RE Test case\_FCC Part 15C\_FCC 15.247(2.4G)\_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1075.000	39.79	-15.37	74.0	34.21	Peak	273.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1075.000	28.69	-15.37	54.0	25.31	AV	273.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2191.250	42.96	-13.36	74.0	31.04	Peak	0.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2**	2191.250	32.05	-13.36	54.0	21.95	AV	0.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3	2439.500	92.67	-12.37	74.0	-18.67	Peak	309.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3**	2439.500	87.96	-12.37	54.0	-33.96	AV	309.00	150	Vertical	N/A
4	2937.250	46.89	-8.28	74.0	27.11	Peak	140.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	2937.250	35.15	-8.28	54.0	18.85	AV	140.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	6669.500	53.63	-0.05	74.0	20.37	Peak	360.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	6669.500	42.21	-0.05	54.0	11.79	AV	360.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	15113.000	50.31	-2.13	74.0	23.69	Peak	327.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	15113.000	39.04	-2.13	54.0	14.96	AV	327.00	150	Vertical	Pass



# A.7 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

Note 1: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

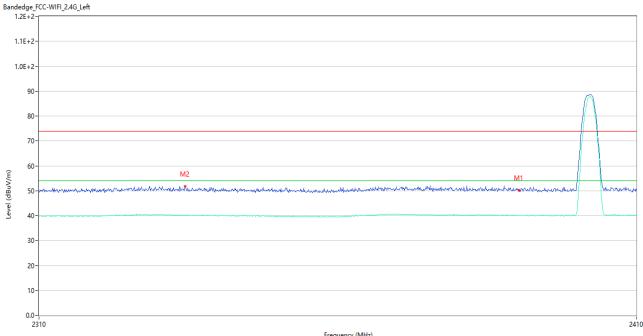
Note 2: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

Note 3: According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasipeak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note 4: The Level (dBuV/m) has been corrected by factor.

#### Test Data and Plots

#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



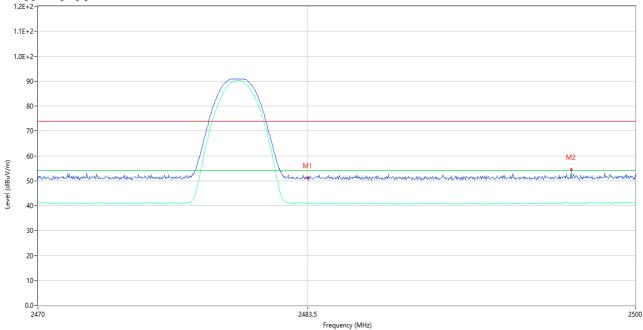
Frequency (I	MHz)
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No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2390.000	50.25	-4.87	74.0	23.75	Peak	350.91	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	2390.000	40.03	-4.87	54.0	13.97	AV	350.91	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2334.100	51.69	-4.18	74.0	22.31	Peak	37.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2**	2334.100	40.09	-4.18	54.0	13.91	AV	37.00	150	Vertical	Pass



#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL

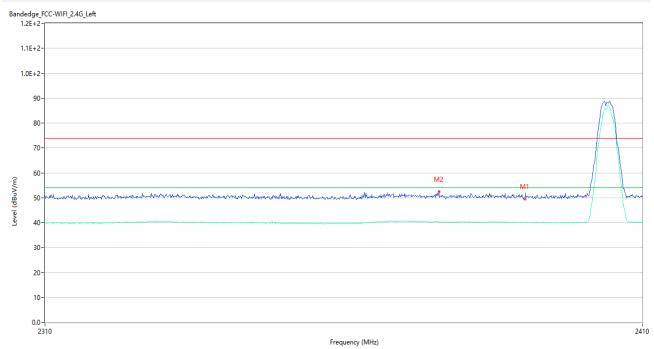




No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2483.500	50.97	-3.78	74.0	23.03	Peak	69.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	2483.500	40.86	-3.78	54.0	13.14	AV	69.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2496.760	54.47	-3.95	74.0	19.53	Peak	121.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2**	2496.760	41.15	-3.95	54.0	12.85	AV	121.00	150	Vertical	Pass



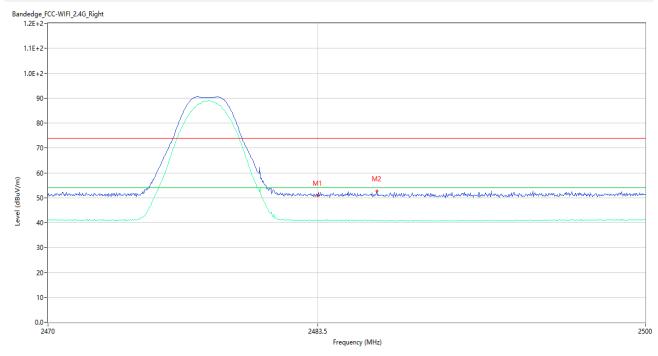
#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2390.000	49.40	-4.87	74.0	24.60	Peak	353.92	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	2390.000	40.09	-4.87	54.0	13.91	AV	353.92	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2375.500	52.32	-4.17	74.0	21.68	Peak	202.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2**	2375.500	40.27	-4.17	54.0	13.73	AV	202.00	150	Vertical	Pass



#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2483.500	50.87	-3.78	74.0	23.13	Peak	33.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	2483.500	40.95	-3.78	54.0	13.05	AV	33.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2486.470	52.59	-3.79	74.0	21.41	Peak	77.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2**	2486.470	40.83	-3.79	54.0	13.17	AV	77.00	150	Vertical	Pass

# A.8 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

Test Data

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)									
Channel	ChannelSpectral power densityLimit(dBm/3kHz)(dBm/3kHz)								
Low	-17.39	8	Pass						
Middle	-17.41	8	Pass						
High	-17.70	8	Pass						

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)										
Channel	Spectral power density	Limit	Verdict							
Channel	(dBm/3kHz)	(dBm/3kHz)	Verdict							
Low	-20.07	8	Pass							
Middle	-21.26	8	Pass							
High	-20.30	8	Pass							

#### Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



## GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL





#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL





# ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SH2510034-AR-1.PDF".

# ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SH2510034-AW.PDF".

# ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SH2510034-AI.PDF".



## Statement

1. The Testing Center guarantees the scientificity, accuracy and impartiality of the test, and is responsible for all the information in the report, except the information provided by the customer. The customer is responsible for the impact of the information provided on the validity of the results.

2. For the report with Accreditation Symbol, the items marked with "☆" are not within the accredited scope.

3. This report is invalid if it is altered, without the signature of the testing and approval personnel, or without the test report stamp.

4. The test data and results are only valid for the tested samples provided by the customer.

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6. Any objection shall be raised to the Testing Center within 30 days after receiving the report.

--END OF REPORT--