
	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 1(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

APPENDIX D: PROBE & DIPOLE CALIBRATION DATA

Revision History		
Rev. Number	Date	Changes
Initial	May 23, 2013	-----
Rev 2	Dec 16, 2014	Added equipment used for 802.11a Hotspot mode SAR testing 1. Page 35-45

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 2(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

**Calibration Laboratory of
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Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **RTS (RIM Testing Services)**

Certificate No: **ES3-3225_Jan12**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3225**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**



Calibration date: **January 11, 2012**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013, Dec11)	Dec-12
D4E4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. D4E4-654, May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12


Calibrated by:	Name Jeton Kastner	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Issued: January 12, 2012

Certificate No: ES3-3225_Jan12

Page 1 of 11

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 3(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Glossary:


TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 4(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

ES3DV3 – SN-3225


January 11, 2012

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3225

Manufactured: September 1, 2009
Calibrated: January 11, 2012

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 5(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

ES3DV3- SN-3225

January 11, 2012

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3225

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norms ($\mu V / (V/m)^2$) ^A	1.26	1.20	1.30	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	101.2	100.8	101.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters


UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc ^C (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	107.7	±1.7 %
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	113.4	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	110.4	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

^C Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 6(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

ES3DV3- SN-3225

January 11, 2012


DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3225

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^e	Conductivity (Sim) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.42	6.42	6.42	0.27	2.04	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.06	6.06	6.06	0.35	1.74	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	5.23	5.23	5.23	0.73	1.21	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	4.98	4.98	4.98	0.58	1.41	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.50	4.50	4.50	0.79	1.26	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.32	4.32	4.32	0.77	1.32	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^e At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 7(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

ES3DV3- SN 3225

January 11, 2012


DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3225

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^d	Conductivity (S/m) ^e	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k*2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.27	6.27	6.27	0.36	1.74	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.07	6.07	6.07	0.29	2.02	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	4.92	4.92	4.92	0.50	1.57	± 12.0 %
1950	53.3	1.52	4.87	4.87	4.87	0.59	1.49	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.30	4.30	4.30	0.68	1.16	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.12	4.12	4.12	0.80	0.99	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

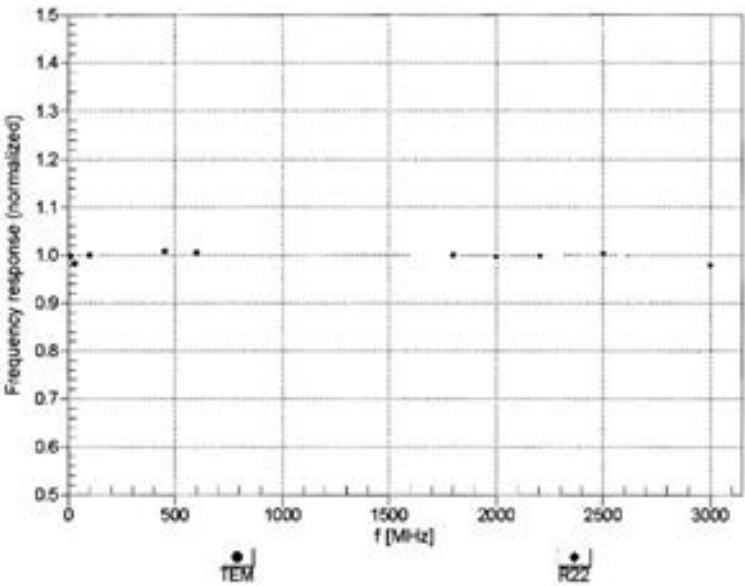
^d At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 8(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW


ES3QV3- SN-3225

January 11, 2012

Frequency Response of E-Field
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



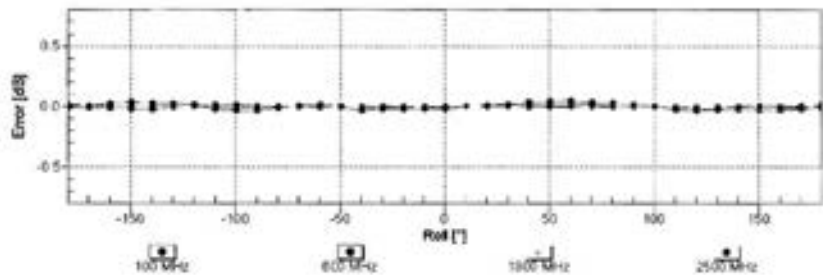
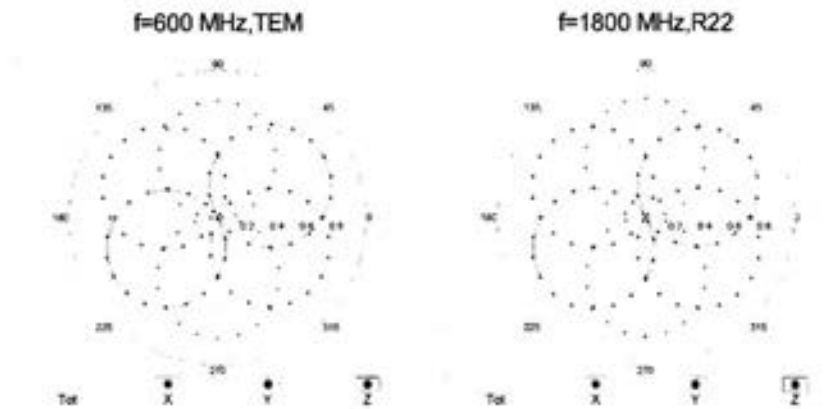
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 9(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

ES3QV3- SN-3225

January 11, 2012

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)



Document

Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR
Report Rev 2

Page

10(115)

Author Data

Andrew Becker

Dates of Test

Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013
Dec. 10-12, 2014

Test Report No

RTS-6026-1302-18
Rev 3

FCC ID:

L6ARFN80UW

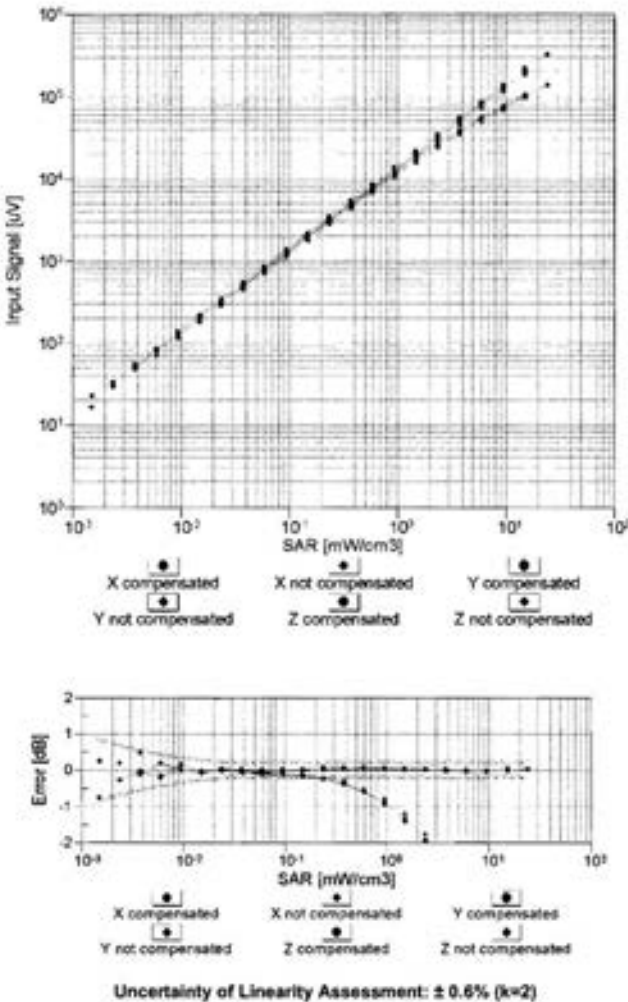
IC


2503A-RFN80UW

ES3DV3- SN-3225

January 11, 2012

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$
(TEM cell , $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$)

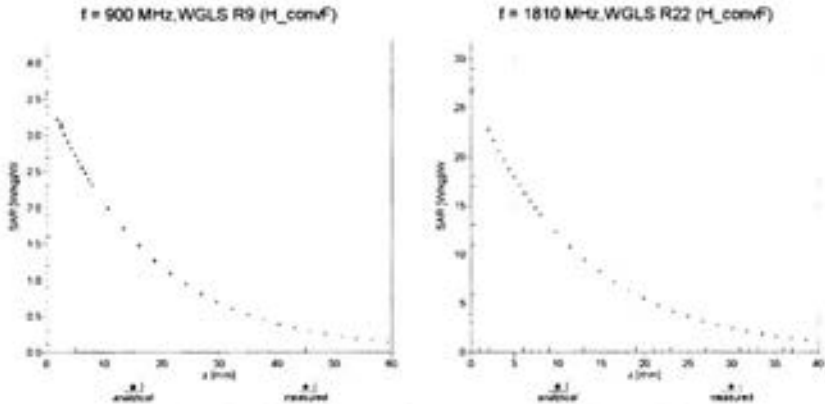


	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 11(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

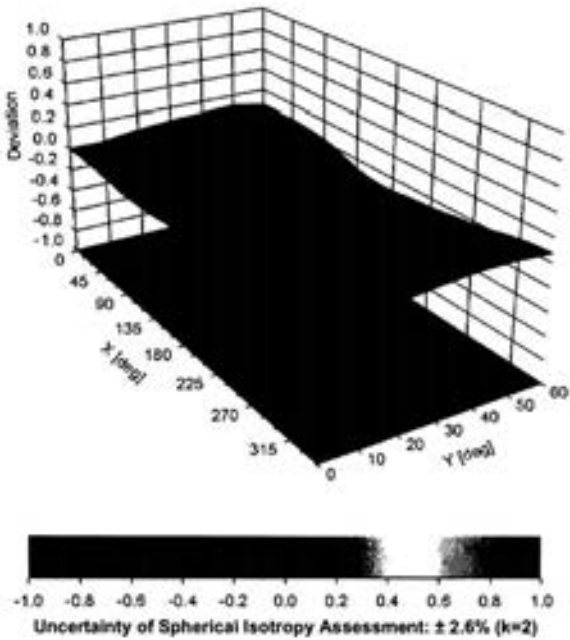
ES3DV3- SN:3225


January 11, 2012

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid
Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 12(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW


ES3DV3- SN:3225

January 11, 2012

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3225

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 13(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **RTS (RIM Testing Services)**

Certificate No: **ES3-3225_Jan13**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3225**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

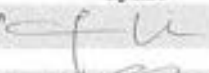

Calibration date: **January 10, 2013**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.


Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

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Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Apr-13
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: 55054 (3c)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531)	Apr-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 55086 (20b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)	Apr-13
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: 55129 (30b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	28-Dec-12 (No. 853-3013, Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 660	20-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-660, Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-09 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastari	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
<p>Issued: January 14, 2013</p> <p>This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.</p>			

Certificate No: **ES3-3225_Jan13**

Page 1 of 11

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 14(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Glossary:


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NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

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- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}:** DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR:** PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}:** A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:** Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):** in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset:** The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 15(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

ES3DV3 - SN:3225


January 10, 2013

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3225

Manufactured: September 1, 2009
Calibrated: January 10, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 16(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

ES3DV3- SN:3225

January 10, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3225

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$) ^A	1.29	1.19	1.31	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	100.5	101.5	98.9	

Modulation Calibration Parameters


UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^C (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	157.5	±2.7 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		158.4	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		165.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

^C Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 17(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

ES3DV3- SN:3225

January 10, 2013


DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3225

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^e	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.56	6.56	6.56	0.42	1.54	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.19	6.19	6.19	0.43	1.52	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	5.35	5.35	5.35	0.63	1.39	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	5.09	5.09	5.09	0.80	1.23	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.65	4.65	4.65	0.61	1.63	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.43	4.43	4.43	0.80	1.32	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v6.4 and higher (see Page 2). else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^e At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 18(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

ES3DV3- SN:3225

January 10, 2013


DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3225

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

F (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.27	6.27	6.27	0.48	1.51	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.12	6.12	6.12	0.73	1.25	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	5.04	5.04	5.04	0.57	1.47	± 12.0 %
1950	53.3	1.52	4.94	4.94	4.94	0.58	1.50	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.35	4.35	4.35	0.70	1.16	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.11	4.11	4.11	0.67	0.99	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

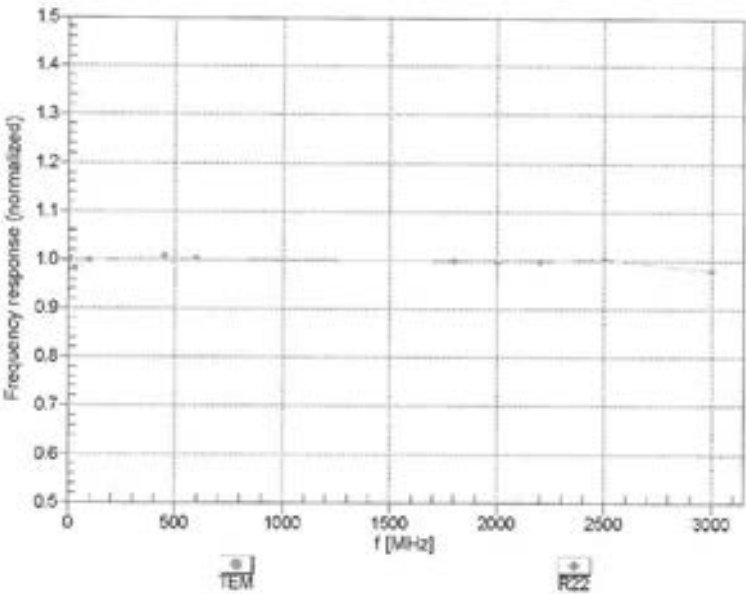
	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 19(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

ES3DV3- SN:3225

January 10, 2013

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)



Document

**Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR
Report Rev 2**

Page

20(115)

Author Data

Andrew Becker

Dates of Test

**Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013
Dec. 10-12, 2014**

Test Report No

**RTS-6026-1302-18
Rev 3**

FCC ID:

L6ARFN80UW

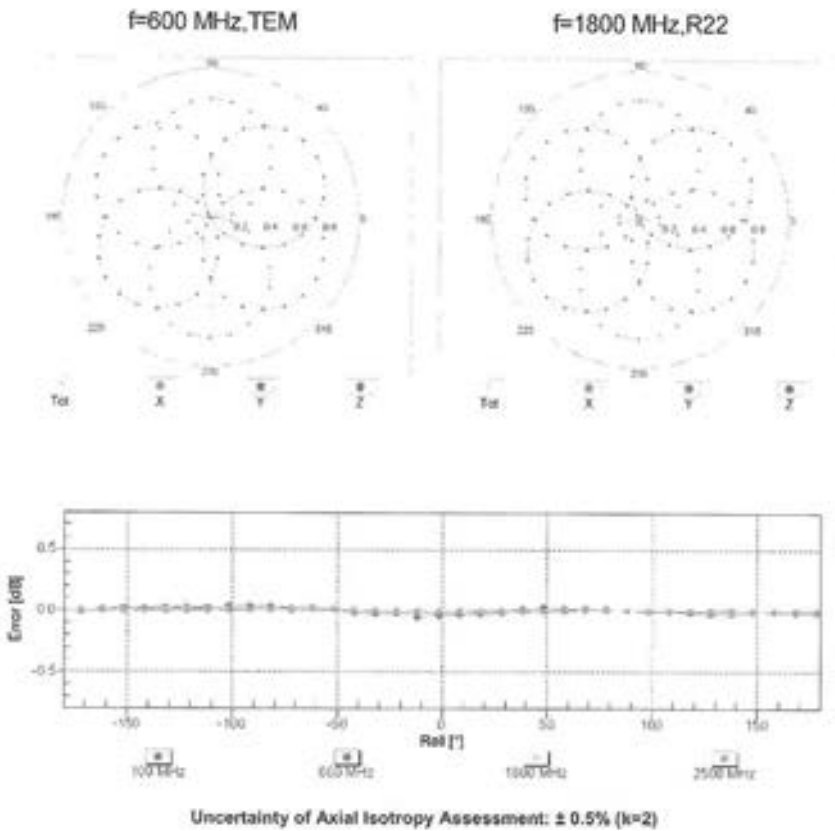
IC


2503A-RFN80UW

ES3DV3- SN 3225

January 10, 2013

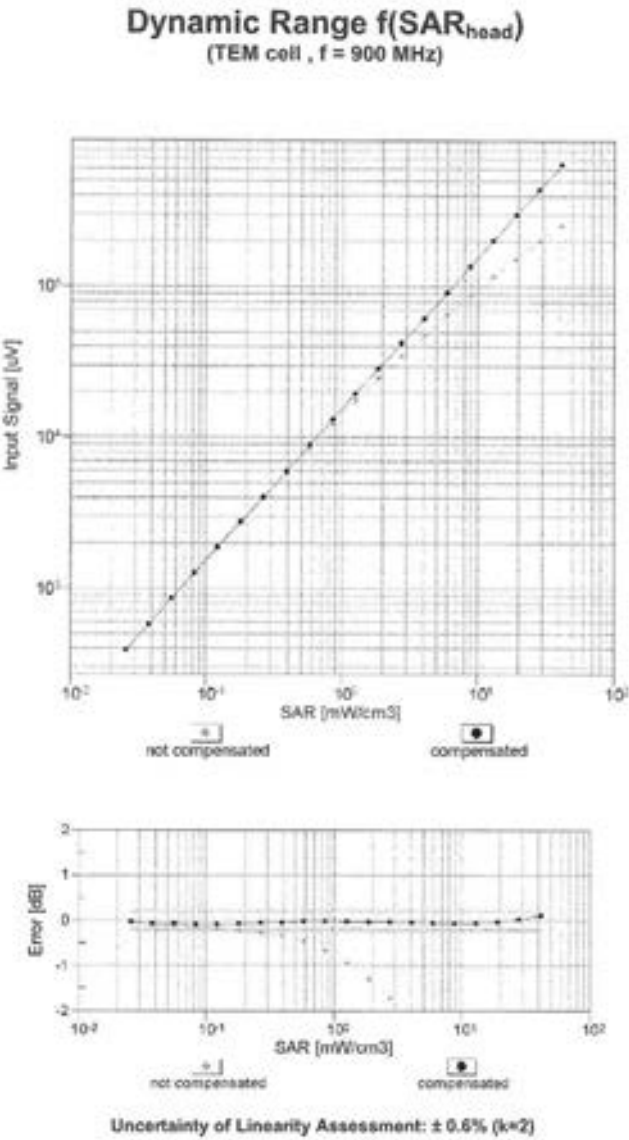
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$




	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 21(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

ES3DV3- SN:3225

January 10, 2013

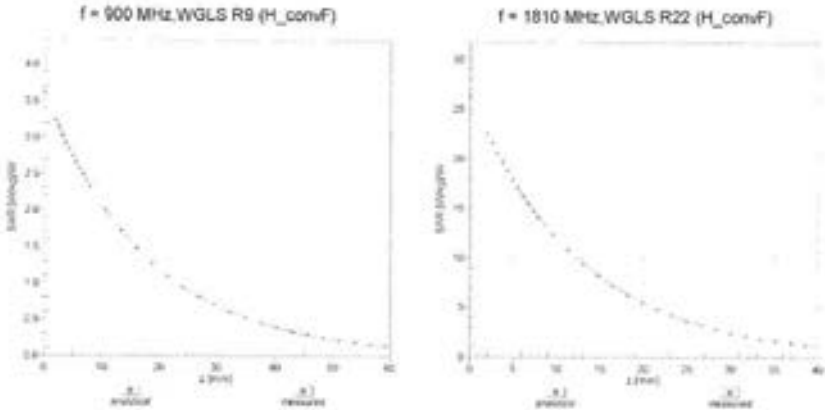


	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 22(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

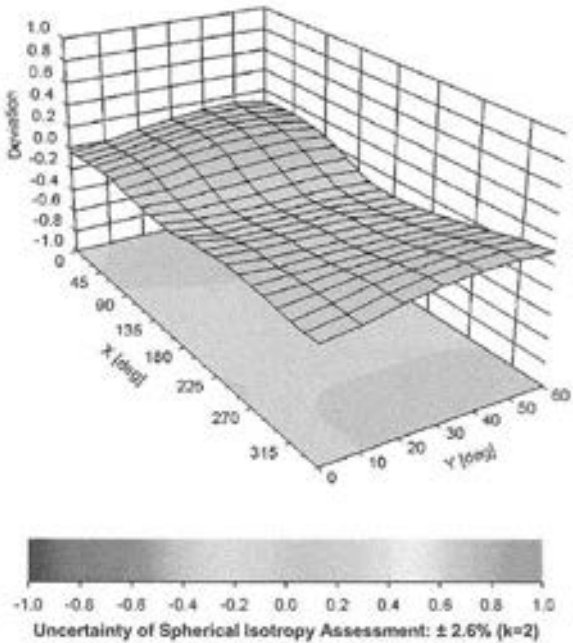
ES3DV3- SN:3225


January 10, 2013

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (ϕ, θ), f = 900 MHz



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 23(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW


ES3DV3- SN 3225

January 10, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3225

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	8.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 24(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

**Calibration Laboratory of
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Zürghausstrasse 43, 8094 Zurich, Switzerland



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **RTS (RIM Testing Services)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3592_Nov12**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3592**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **November 14, 2012**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3/°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)


Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	DB41293874	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Apr-13
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498567	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Apr-13
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531)	Apr-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)	Apr-13
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES30V2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013, Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 880	20-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-680, Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37380685	16-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

Calibrated by: **Claudio Leubler** Function: **Laboratory Technician** Signature: 

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** Technical Manager Signature: 

Issued: November 14, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 25(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

**Calibration Laboratory of
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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:


TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 26(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

EX3DV4 – SN:3592


November 14, 2012

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3592

Manufactured: September 18, 2006
Calibrated: November 14, 2012

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 27(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

EX3DV4- SN:3592

November 14, 2012

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3592

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$) ^A	0.49	0.47	0.41	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	95.2	96.1	100.6	

Modulation Calibration Parameters


UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc ^C (k=2)
0	CW	0.00	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	121.4	±3.0 %
			Y	0.0	0.0	1.0	104.3	
			Z	0.0	0.0	1.0	109.2	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

^C Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 28(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

EX3DV4- SN:3592

November 14, 2012


DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3592

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^a	Conductivity (S/m) ^b	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
2600	39.0	1.96	6.45	6.45	6.45	0.53	0.79	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.73	4.73	4.73	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.28	4.28	4.28	0.44	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.12	4.12	4.12	0.48	1.80	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^a At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ' and ϵ'') can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ' and ϵ'') is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 29(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

EX3DV4-- SN:3592

November 14, 2012

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3592

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^e	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
2600	52.5	2.16	6.59	6.59	6.59	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.02	4.02	4.02	0.46	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.66	3.66	3.66	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.57	3.57	3.57	0.57	1.90	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^e At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.



Document

**Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR
Report Rev 2**

Page

30(115)

Author Data

Andrew Becker

Dates of Test

**Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013
Dec. 10-12, 2014**

Test Report No

**RTS-6026-1302-18
Rev 3**

FCC ID:

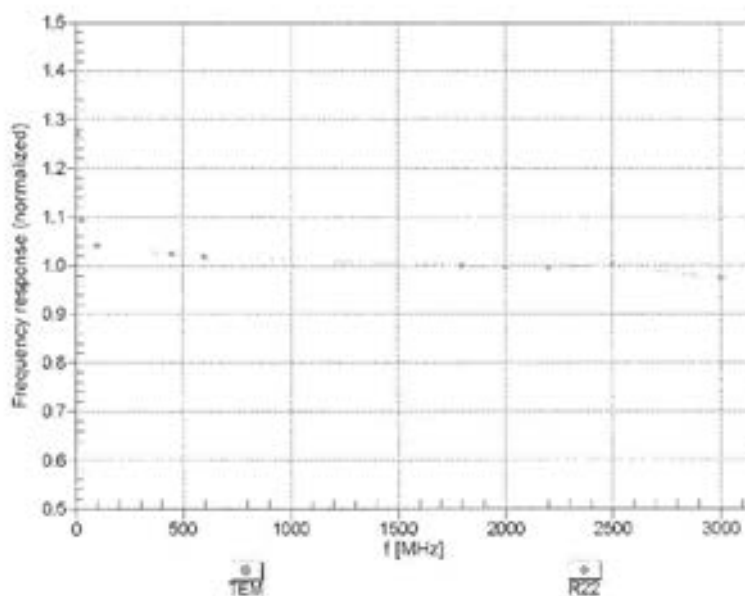
L6ARFN80UW


IC

2503A-RFN80UW

EX3DV4-- SN: 3592

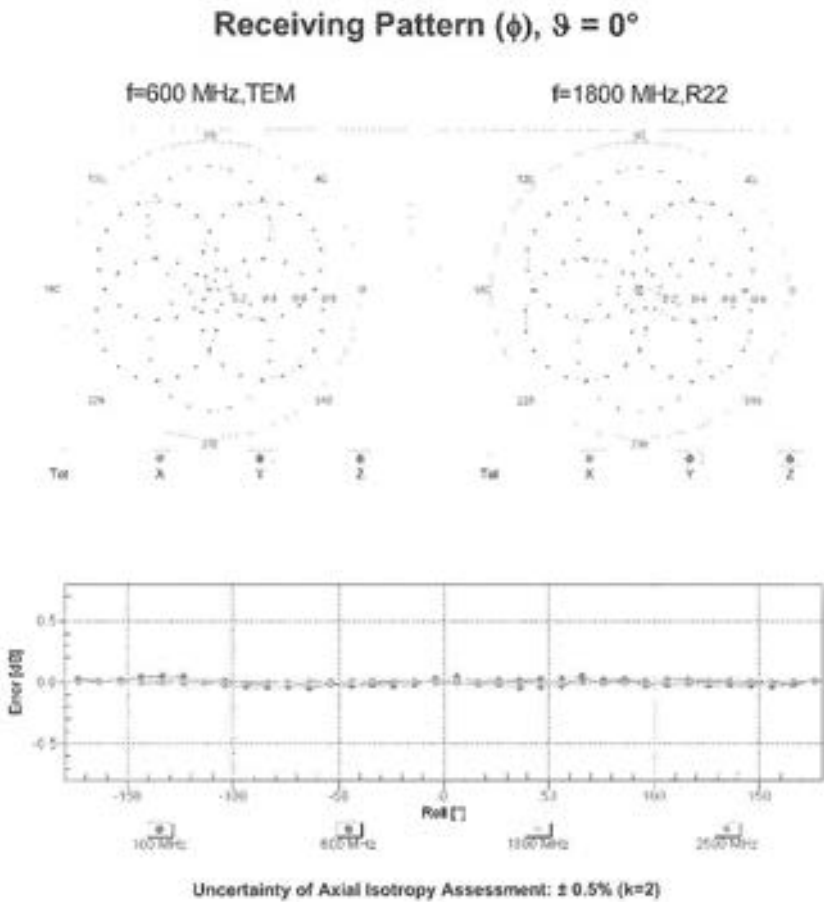
November 14, 2012

Frequency Response of E-Field
(TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 31(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

EX3DV4-SN.3592

November 14, 2012





Document

**Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR
Report Rev 2**

Page

32(115)

Author Data

Andrew Becker

Dates of Test

**Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013
Dec. 10-12, 2014**

Test Report No

**RTS-6026-1302-18
Rev 3**

FCC ID:

L6ARFN80UW

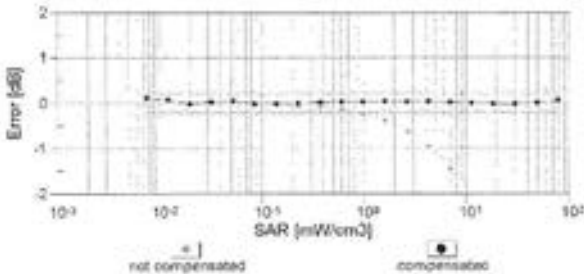
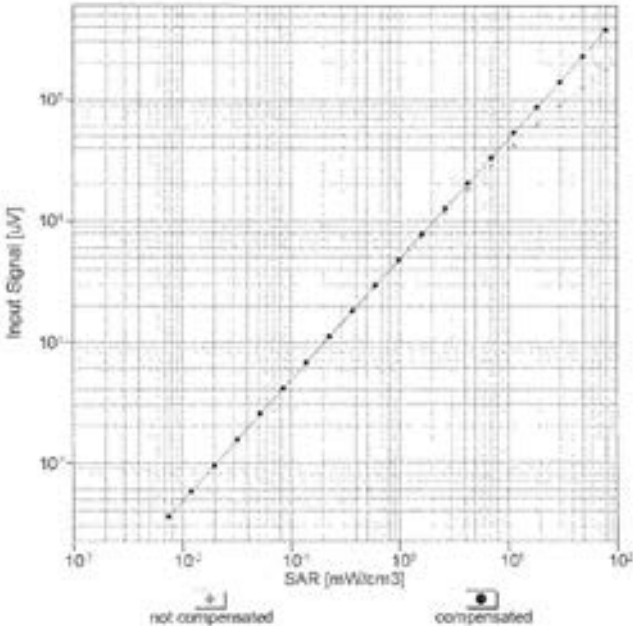
IC

2503A-RFN80UW


EX30V4-SN3592

November 14, 2012

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$
(TEM cell, $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$)



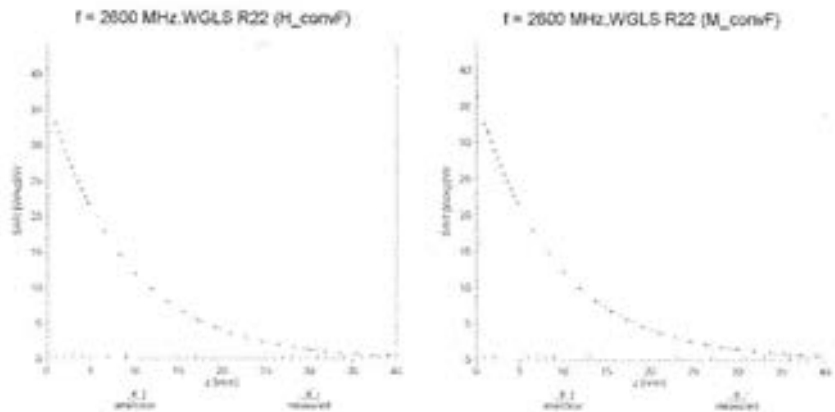
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 33(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

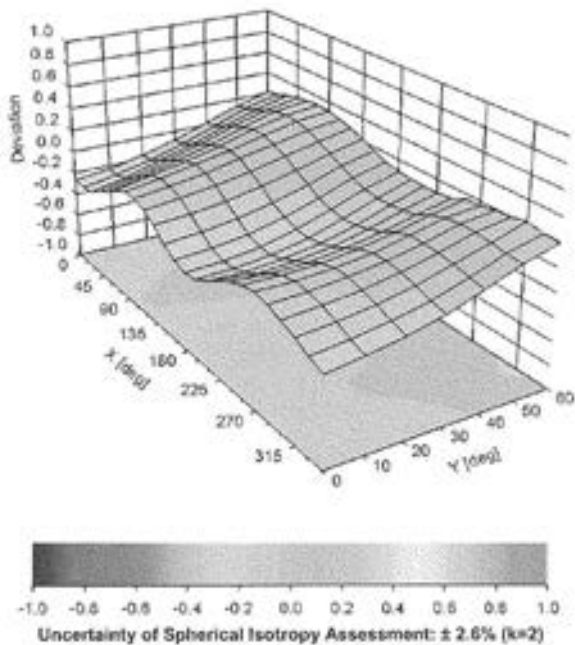
EX3DV4- SN:3592


November 14, 2012

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (ϕ , θ), f = 900 MHz



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 34(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW


EX3DV4 – SN:3592

November 14, 2012

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3592

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-13.6
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	8 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 35(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client: **Blackberry Waterloo**

Certificate No: **EX3-3592_Nov14**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **EX3DV4 - SN:3592**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6**
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes



Calibration date: **November 10, 2014**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.


Calibration equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	G841230874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4413A	MY41488007	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: 50054 (Jc)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 55277 (20g)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: 65129 (30g)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. LS3-3013, Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660, Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642US1700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753F	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Lail Kiyine	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pukovic	Technical Manager	
Issued: November 10, 2014			
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Certificate No: EX3-3592_Nov14

Page 1 of 11

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 36(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 106

Glossary:


TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization δ	δ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\delta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}: Assessed for E-field polarization $\delta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM_f(x,y,z) = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}, B_{x,y,z}, C_{x,y,z}, D_{x,y,z}, VR_{x,y,z}: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f < 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 37(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

EX3DV4 – SN:3592


November 10, 2014

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3592

Manufactured: September 18, 2006
Calibrated: November 10, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 38(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

EX3DV4- SN:3592

November 10, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3592

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $[\mu V/(V/m)]^2$ ^A	0.48	0.47	0.40	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	95.2	98.0	98.8	

Modulation Calibration Parameters


UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB V/μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^L (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	145.9	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		156.9	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		140.1	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E² field uncertainty inside TISL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

^L Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 39(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

EX3DV4- SN:3592

November 10, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3592


Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unst. (k=2)
2500	39.0	1.98	6.80	6.80	6.80	0.35	0.93	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	4.63	4.63	4.63	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.20	4.20	4.20	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.34	4.34	4.34	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v1.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments of 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPFAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 5% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 40(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

EX3DV4 - SN:3592

November 10, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3592


Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^f	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^g	Depth (mm) ^g	Unct. (k=2)
2600	52.5	2.15	6.84	6.84	6.84	0.78	0.62	± 12.0 %
5250	48.9	5.36	4.06	4.06	4.06	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.78	3.78	3.78	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	3.81	3.81	3.81	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 7), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 60, 125, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^f At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 6%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

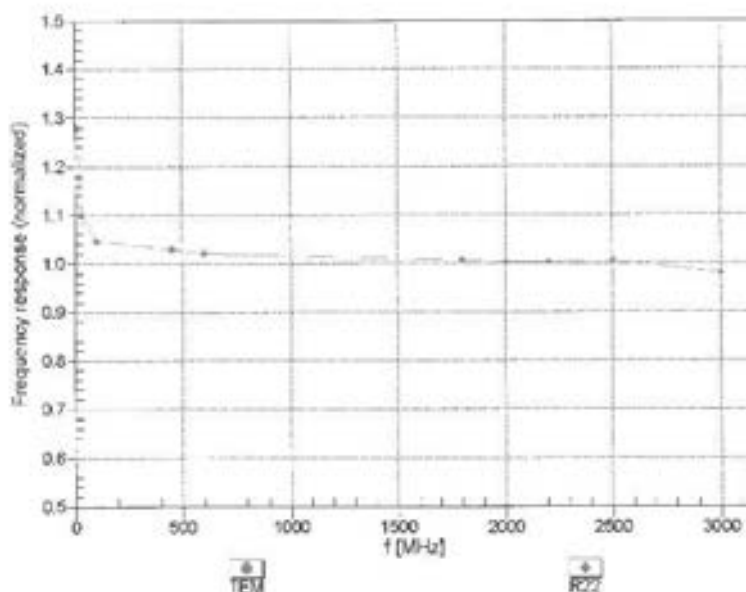
^g Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3.6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 41(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

EX3DV4- 5N-3592

November 10, 2014

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: H1110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)



Document

**Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR
Report Rev 2**

Page

42(115)

Author Data

Andrew Becker

Dates of Test

**Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013
Dec. 10-12, 2014**

Test Report No

**RTS-6026-1302-18
Rev 3**

FCC ID:

L6ARFN80UW

IC

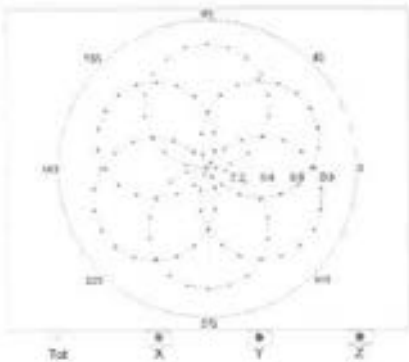
2503A-RFN80UW

EX3DV4-SN3562

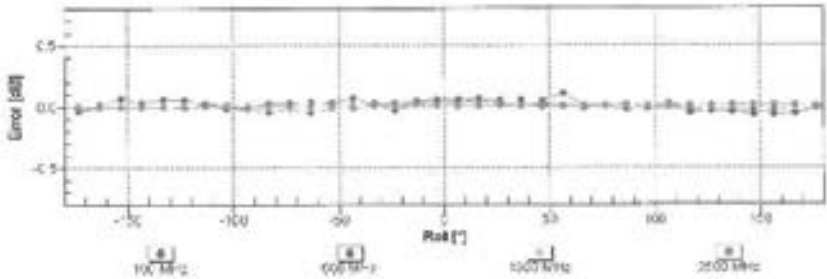
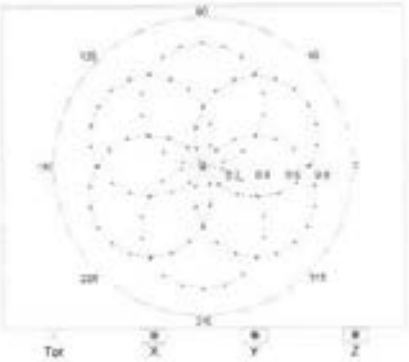
November 10, 2014

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$


f=600 MHz,TEM



f=1800 MHz,R22



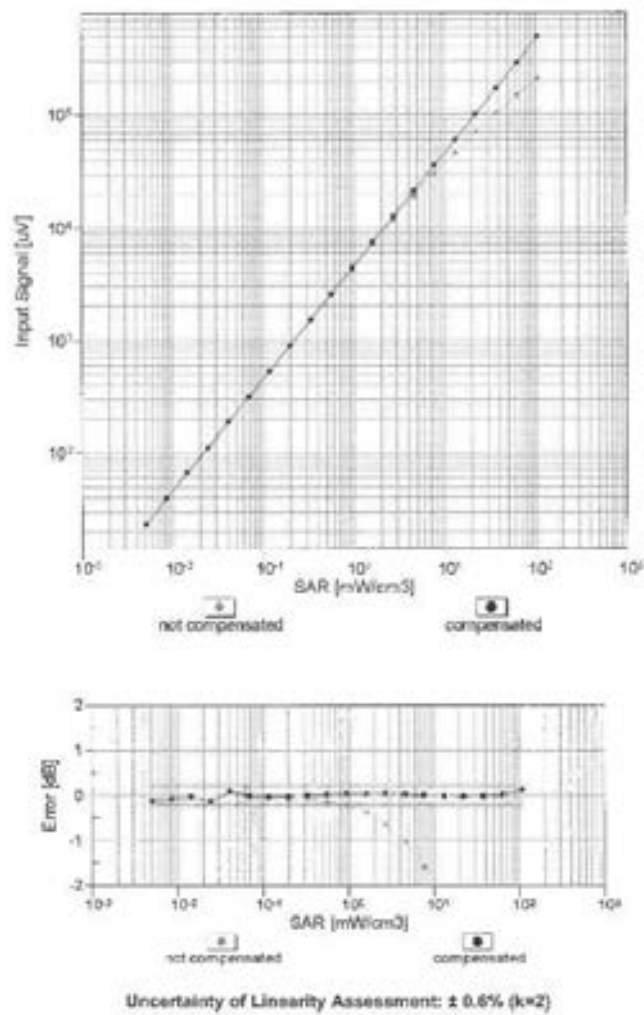
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)


	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 43(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

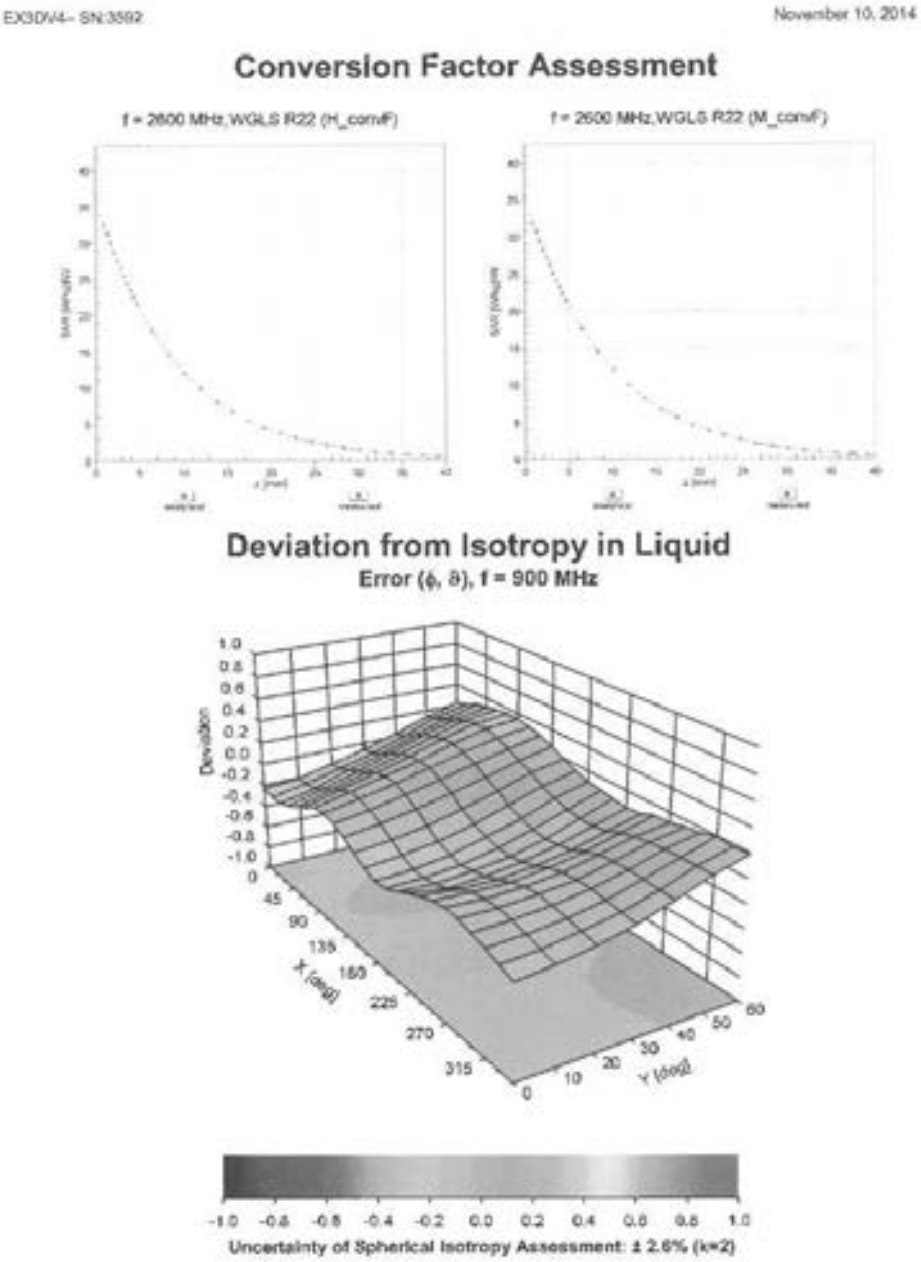
EX3Dv4 - SN:3592


November 10, 2014

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})
(TEM cell , f_{cell}= 1900 MHz)



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 44(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 45(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW


EX3DV4-- SN:3592

November 10, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3592

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-13.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 46(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **RTS (RIM Testing Services)**

Certificate No: **ET3-1644_Nov12**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV8 - SN:1644**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**



Calibration date: **November 13, 2012**


This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity = 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (MATE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GS41293874	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Apr-13
Power sensor E4412A	MY41488087	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Apr-13
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: 85054 (3c)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531)	Apr-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 85086 (20c)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)	Apr-13
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: 85129 (30c)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013, Dec11)	Dec-12
DME4	SN: 080	20-Jun-12 (No. DME4-080, Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642J01700	4-Aug-09 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8713E	US37390685	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kasraei	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Issued: November 13, 2012			
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 47(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Calibration Laboratory of
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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:


TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz: TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 48(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

ET3DV6 – SN:1644


November 13, 2012

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1644

Manufactured: November 7, 2001
Calibrated: November 13, 2012

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 49(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

ET3DV6- SN:1644

November 13, 2012

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1644

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^a	1.71	1.97	1.98	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) ^b	99.5	98.7	97.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters


UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc ^c (k=2)
0	CW	0.00	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	193.5	$\pm 3.5\%$
			Y	0.0	0.0	1.0	212.0	
			Z	0.0	0.0	1.0	201.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^a The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^b Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

^c Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 50(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

ET3DV6- SN:1644

November 13, 2012


DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1644

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^f	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.57	6.57	6.57	0.44	2.25	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.24	6.24	6.24	0.38	2.52	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	5.21	5.21	5.21	0.80	2.10	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	5.16	5.16	5.16	0.80	2.09	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	0.65	2.00	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^f At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be related to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

		Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2		Page 51(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

ET3DV6- SN:1644

November 13, 2012


DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1644

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^e	Conductivity (S/m) ^e	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.30	6.30	6.30	0.33	2.61	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.06	6.06	6.06	0.31	2.99	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.80	2.40	± 12.0 %
1950	53.3	1.52	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.80	2.28	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.11	4.11	4.11	0.50	2.15	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

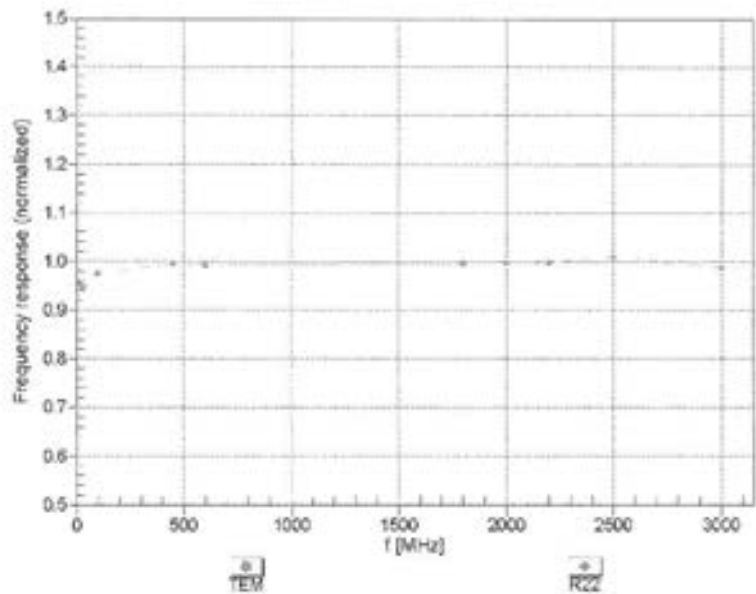
^e At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ' and ϵ'') can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ' and ϵ'') is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 52(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW


ET3DVS- SN:1644

November 13, 2012

Frequency Response of E-Field
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



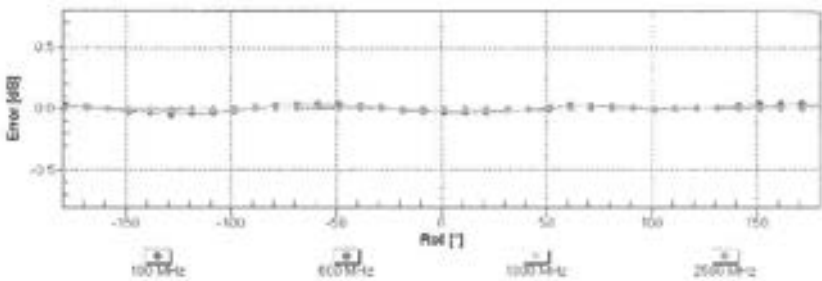
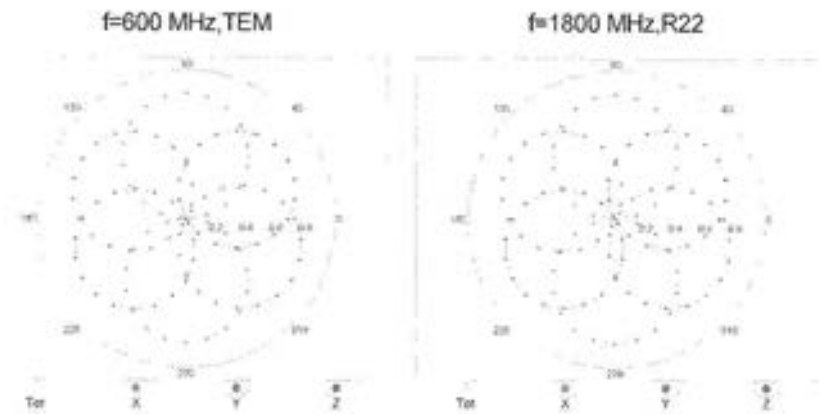
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 53(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW


ET3QV6- SN:1644

November 13, 2012

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

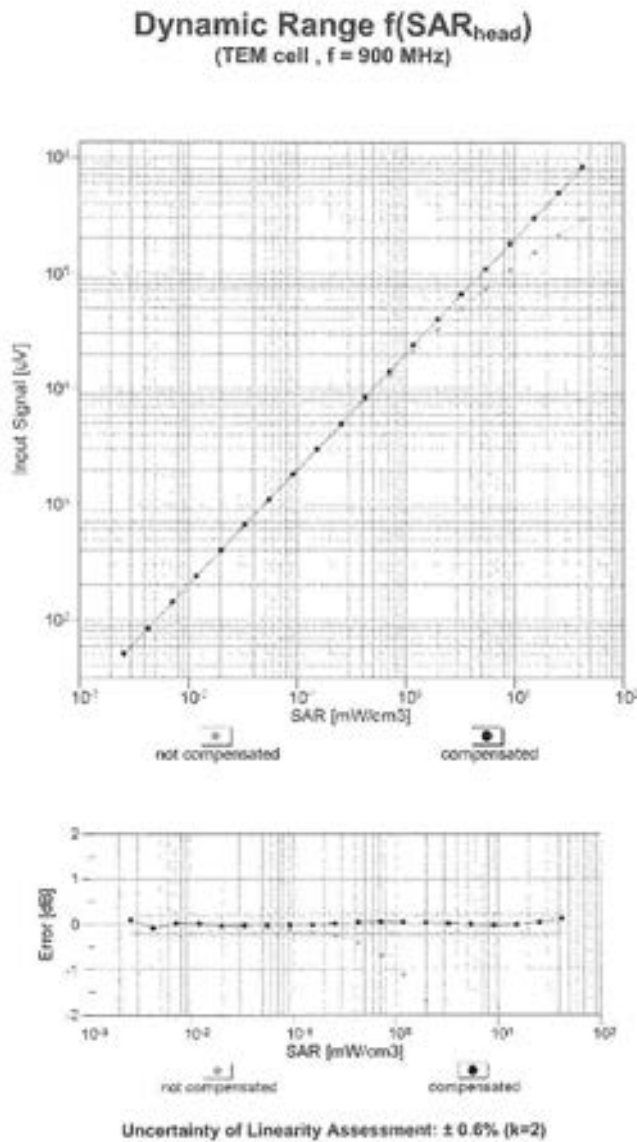



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 54(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

ET3QV6- SN:1644

November 13, 2012

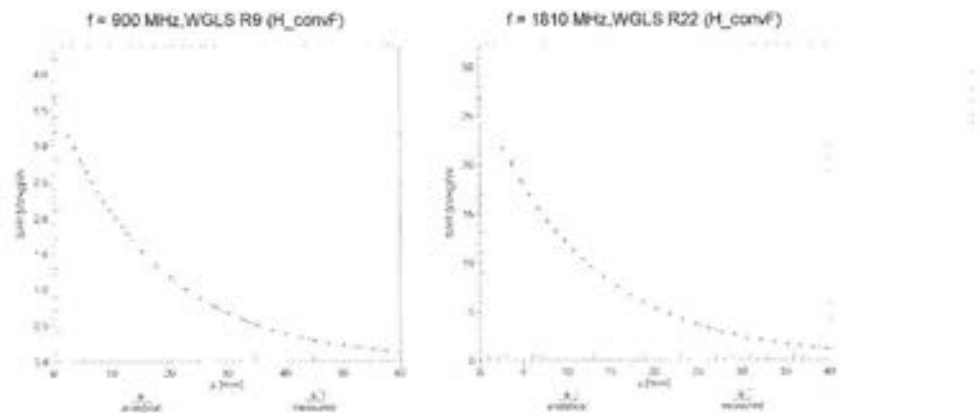


	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 55(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

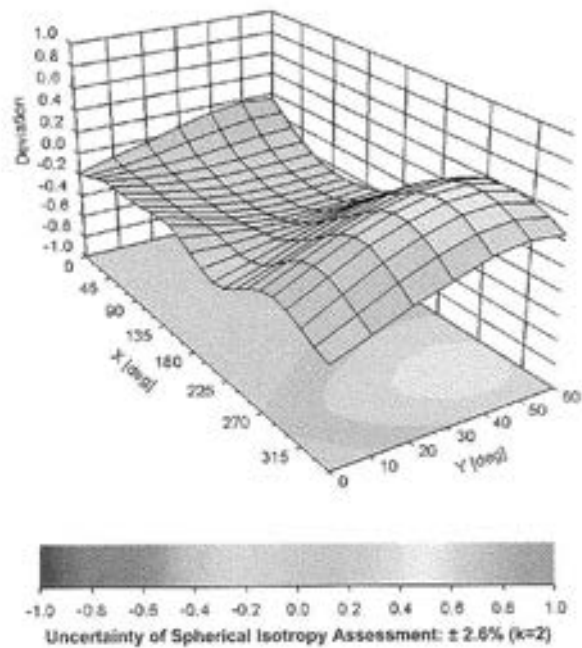
ET3DV6- SN:1644


November 13, 2012

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (ϕ , θ), $f = 900$ MHz



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 56(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW


ET3DV6- SN:1644

November 13, 2012

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1644

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	61.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	6.8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	4 mm

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 57(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **RTS (RIM Testing Services)**

Certificate No: **D835V2-446_Jan11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 446**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

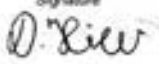

Calibration date: **January 21, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	G837480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37360585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11


Calibrated by:	Name Dimce Iliev	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 

Issued: January 21, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: **D835V2-446_Jan11**

Page 1 of 6

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 58(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:


- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 59(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters


The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.3 ± 6 %	0.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.8 ± 0.2) °C	-----	-----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.39 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.56 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.63 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.56 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.24 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.27 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 60(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.6 Ω - 7.7 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 22.2 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design


Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.386 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 24, 2001

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 61(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 21.01.2011 10:18:05

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:446

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL900

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.03, 6.03, 6.03); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

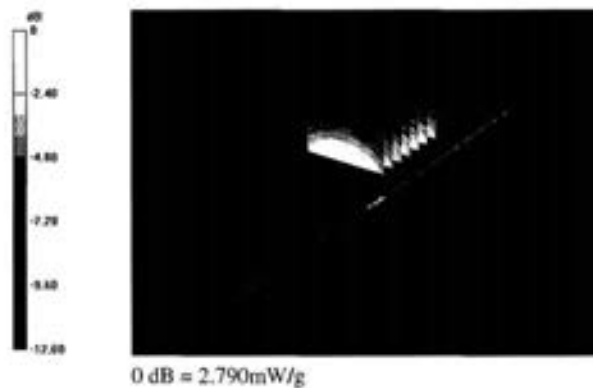
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm


Reference Value = 57.426 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.600 W/kg

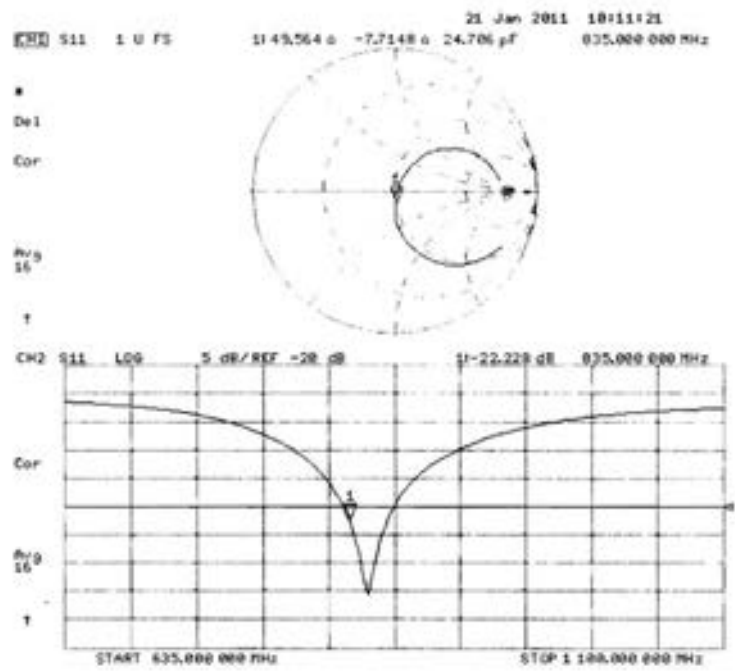
SAR(1 g) = 2.39 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 mW/g


Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.790 mW/g



	Document			Page
	Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			62(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 63(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **RTS (RIM Testing Services)**

Certificate No: **D835V2-446_Jan13**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 446**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: **January 07, 2013**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility, environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (MATE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	0837480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 54206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13


Calibrated by:	Name Leif Klysner	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: January 8, 2013

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Certificate No: **D835V2-446_Jan13**

Page 1 of 6

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 64(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65


Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 65(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	


Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.0 ± 6 %	0.92 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	-----	-----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.38 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.39 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.55 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.13 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 66(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.1 Ω - 6.5 j Ω
Return Loss	- 23.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.385 ns
----------------------------------	----------


After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 24, 2001

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 67(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 07.01.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 446

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.05, 6.05, 6.05); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.4(1052); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

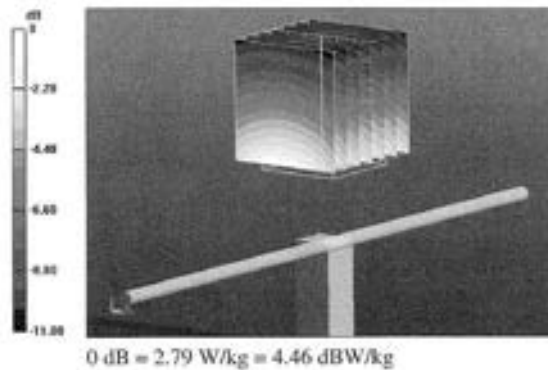
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$


Reference Value = 56.650 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.61 W/kg

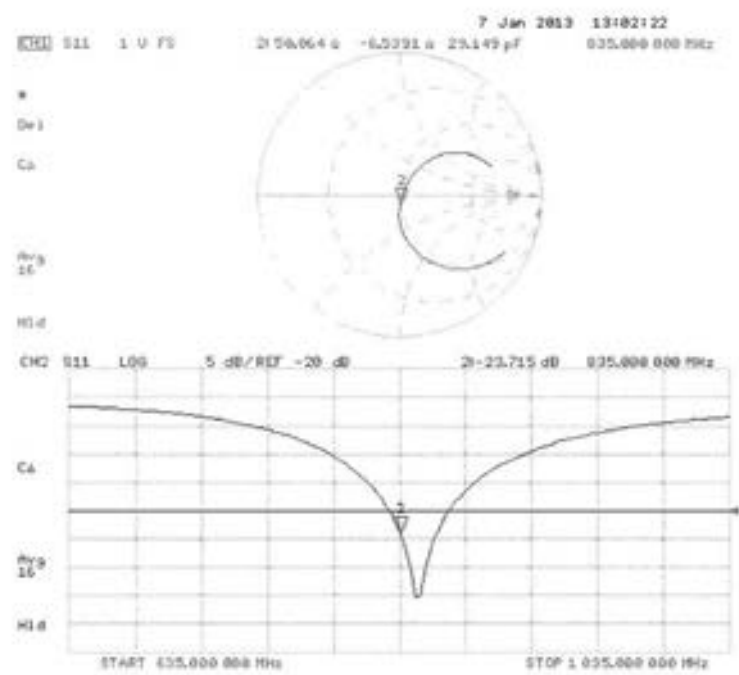
SAR(1 g) = 2.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kg


Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.79 W/kg



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 68(115)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW
				IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 69(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **RTS (RIM Testing Services)**

Certificate No: **D835V2-4d043_Apr11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 4d043**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **April 07, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility, environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (NIST critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	DR37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292793	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 05327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES0DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 6C1	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	1C0005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 54296	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by: **Name: Jelco Kasari** Function: **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** Technical Manager


Signature: 


Issued: April 7, 2011

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Certificate No: **D835V2-4d043_Apr11**

Page 1 of 6

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 70(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:


- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 71(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters


The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.6 ± 6 %	0.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.33 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.32 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.43 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.52 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.08 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.14 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 72(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.9 Ω - 3.4 j Ω
Return Loss	-27.2 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.391 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.


No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Design Modification by End User

The dipole has been modified with Teflon Rings (TR) placed within identified markings close to the end of each dipole arm. Calibration has been performed with TR attached to the dipole.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	April 07, 2006

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 73(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 07.04.2011 09:28:21

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d043

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL900

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.88 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.03, 6.03, 6.03); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.4 Build (2829)

Pin=250 mW /d=15mm/Cube 0:

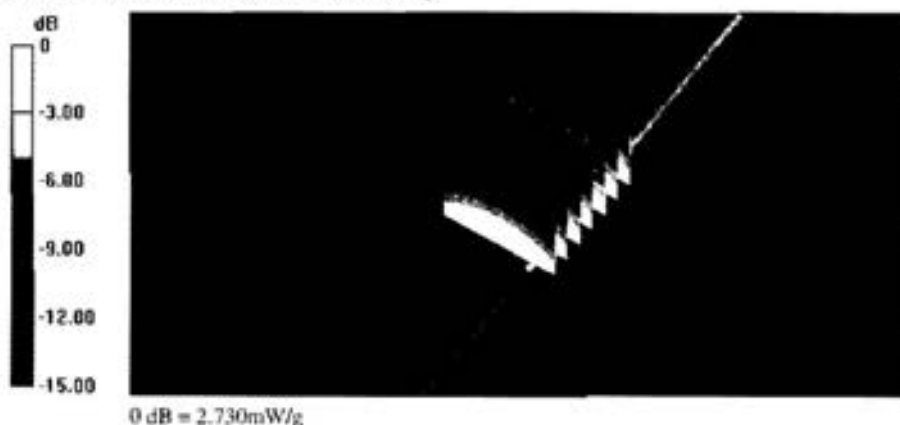
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$


Reference Value = 57.201 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.504 W/kg

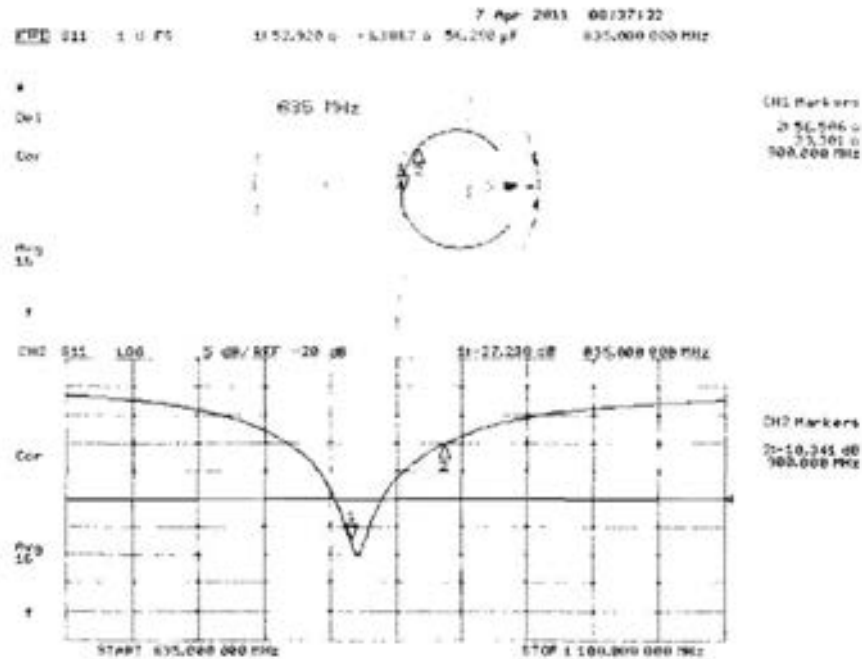
SAR(1 g) = 2.33 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 mW/g


Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.730 mW/g



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 74(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 75(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **RTS (RIM Testing Services)**

Certificate No.: **D1900V2-545_Jan11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 545**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

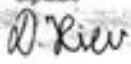

Calibration date: **January 13, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01156)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-08	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390685 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11


Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Issued: January 14, 2011

Certificate No: D1900V2-545_Jan11

Page 1 of 6

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 76(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:


- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 77(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters


The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.5 ± 6 %	1.43 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.2 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.2 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	40.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.0 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.26 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.8 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 78(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.8 Ω + 1.8 j Ω
Return Loss	- 34.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design


Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.199 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	November 15, 2001

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 79(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 13.01.2011 14:52:49

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:545

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

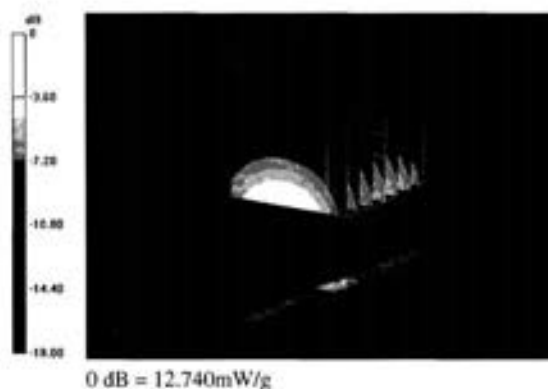
Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm


Reference Value = 98.053 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.648 W/kg

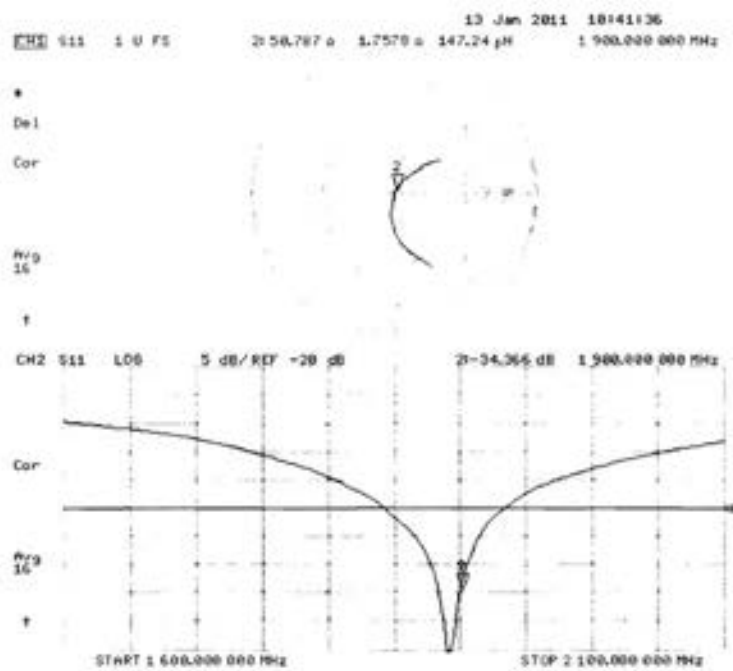
SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.26 mW/g


Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.743 mW/g



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 80(115)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW
				IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 81(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **RTS (RIM Testing Services)**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-545_Jan13**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 545**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: **January 09, 2013**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (MATE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8401A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES33DV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8401A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390685 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13


Calibrated by:	Name Israa El-Nasouq	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 

Issued: January 9, 2013

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Certificate No: **D1900V2-545_Jan13**

Page 1 of 6

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 82(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65


Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 83(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters


The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.4 ± 6 %	1.38 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	---	---

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.2 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.26 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.1 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 84(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.0 Ω + 1.7 j Ω
Return Loss	-34.3 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.198 ns
----------------------------------	----------


After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	November 15, 2001

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 85(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 09.01.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 545

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.4(1052); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

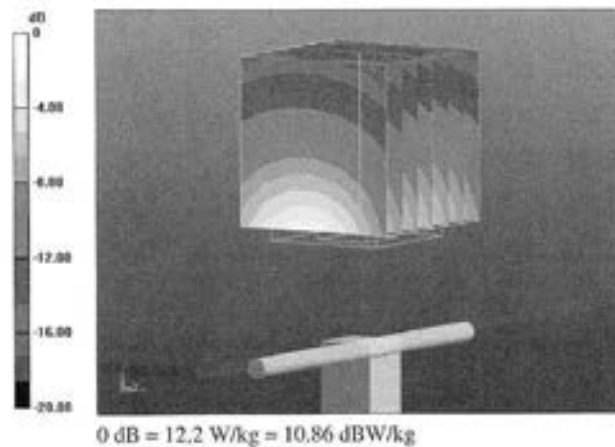
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm


Reference Value = 95.493 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.1 W/kg

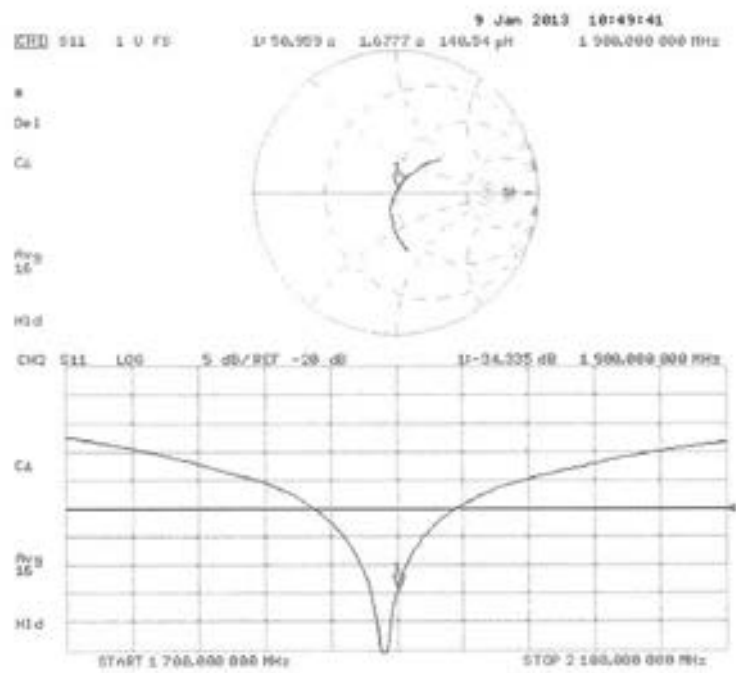
SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.26 W/kg


Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.2 W/kg




	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 86(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 87(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 88(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **RTS (RIM Testing Services)**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d075_Apr11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d075**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date **April 5, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

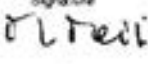

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&PE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	G007480794	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01286)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8461A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01286)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06027	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES30V3	SN: 3006	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3006_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8461A	MY41002317	18-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-09)	in house check Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	110005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	in house check Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US30390685 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	in house check Oct-11

Calibrated by: **Name: Mike Mall** **Function: Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**


Signature



Issued April 8, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d075_Apr11**

Page 1 of 6

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 89(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:


- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 90(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters


The following parameters and calculations were applied

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.8 ± 6 %	1.41 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.3 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.2 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	40.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.4 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.29 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 91(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.5 Ω + 6.1 j Ω
Return Loss	- 23.3 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.197 ns
----------------------------------	----------


After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	January 24, 2006

	Document			Page
	Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			92(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 05.04.2011 12:41:39

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d075

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN1205; Cons#15.09, 5.09, 5.09; Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)
- Postprocessing SW: SIMCAD X, V14.4.4 Build (2829)

Head / d=10mm, Pin=250 mW / Cube 0:

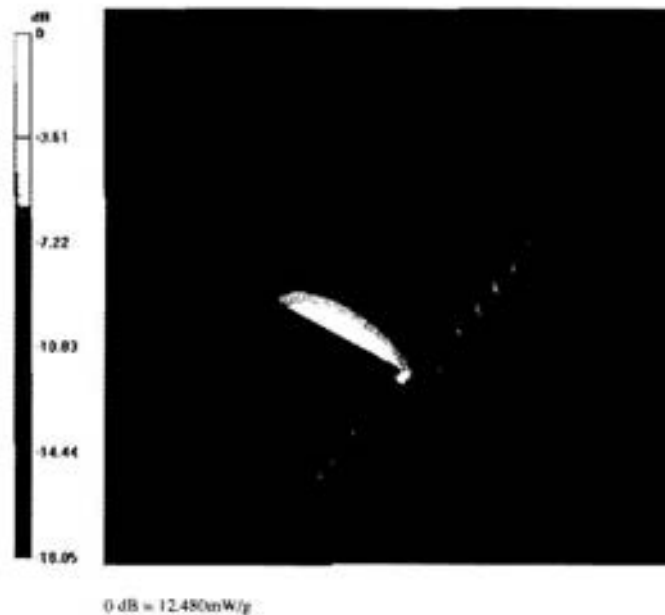
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$


Reference Value = 97.376 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.796 W/kg

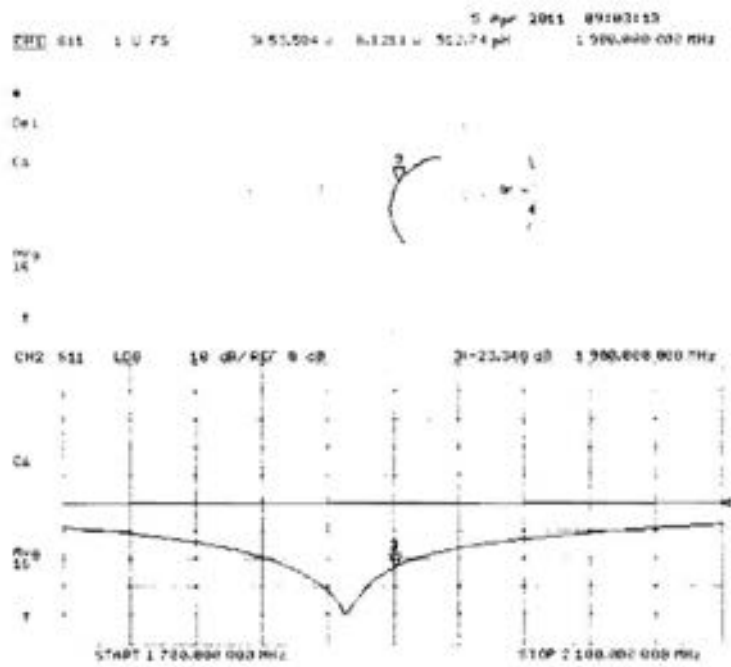
SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.29 mW/g


Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.476 mW/g



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 93(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 94(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client: **RTS (RIM Testing Services)**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-747_Nov11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **D2450V2 - SN: 747**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-05.v8**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz



Calibration date: **November 09, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (MATE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	0837480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES30V3	SN: 3205	29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12


	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastner	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 9, 2011

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Certificate No: D2450V2-747_Nov11

Page 1 of 6

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 95(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:


- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 96(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	


Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.7 ± 6 %	1.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	54.1 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.39 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.3 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 97(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.5 Ω + 1.3 j Ω
Return Loss	-31.2 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.161 ns
----------------------------------	----------


After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 01, 2003

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 98(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 09.11.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 747

Communication System: C'W; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

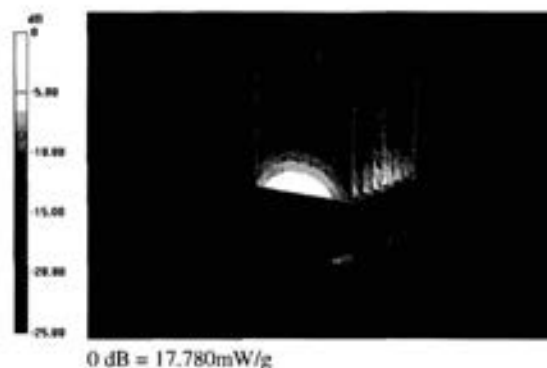
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm


Reference Value = 102.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.853 W/kg

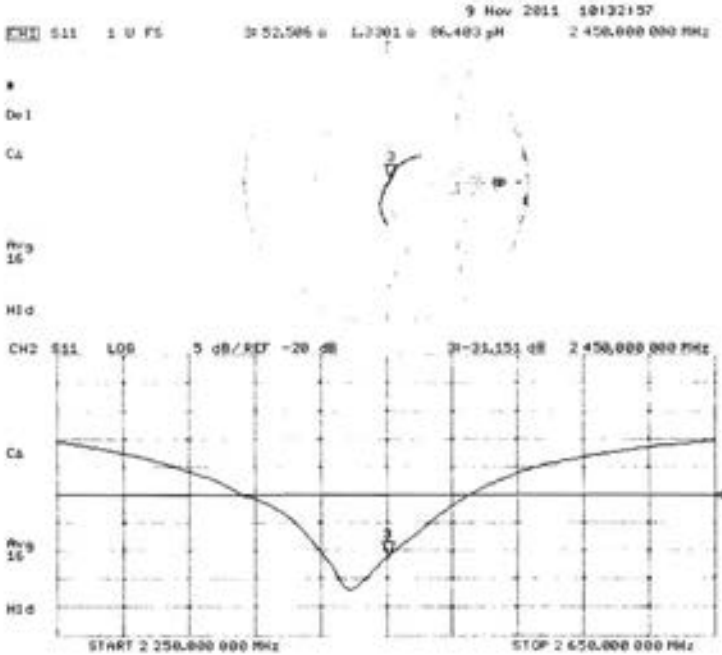
SAR(1 g) = 13.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.39 mW/g


Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.782 mW/g



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 99(115)
	Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW
				IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 100(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **RTS (RIM Testing Services)**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1033_Nov11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D5GHzV2 - SN: 1033**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-22.v1**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-8 GHz

Calibration date: **November 15, 2011**

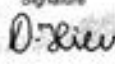
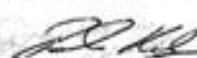
This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	G037480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	04-Mar-11 (No. EX3-3503_Mar11)	Mar-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 54206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12


Calibrated by:	Name Dimitre Rev	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 16, 2011

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Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1033_Nov11**

Page 1 of 8

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 101(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:


- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 102(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.6 ± 6 %	4.46 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.16 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.8 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.33 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.0 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz


The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.2 ± 6 %	4.75 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.82 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	87.3 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.50 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.7 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 103(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz


The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	33.7 ± 6 %	5.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.03 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.4 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.28 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.5 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 104(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.1 Ω - 8.7 j Ω
Return Loss	- 21.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.3 Ω - 2.7 j Ω
Return Loss	- 29.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.7 Ω - 4.3 j Ω
Return Loss	- 22.6 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design


Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.202 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 09, 2004

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 105(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 15.11.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1033

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz
Medium parameters used: $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.46 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: $f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.75 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.03 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 33.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)


DASY52 Configuration:

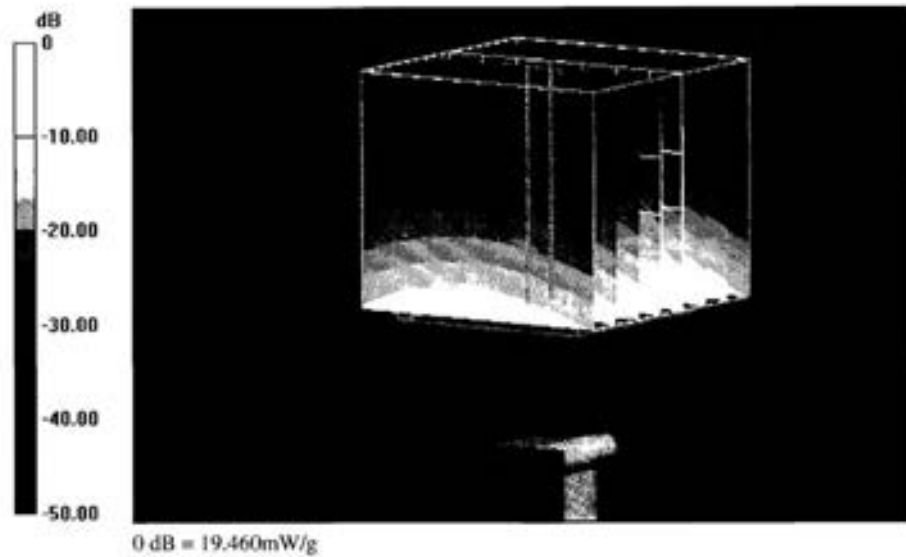
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.41, 5.41, 5.41), ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91), ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 04.03.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)


Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 65.595 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.134 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.16 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.725 mW/g

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 66.819 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.056 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.82 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.5 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.019 mW/g

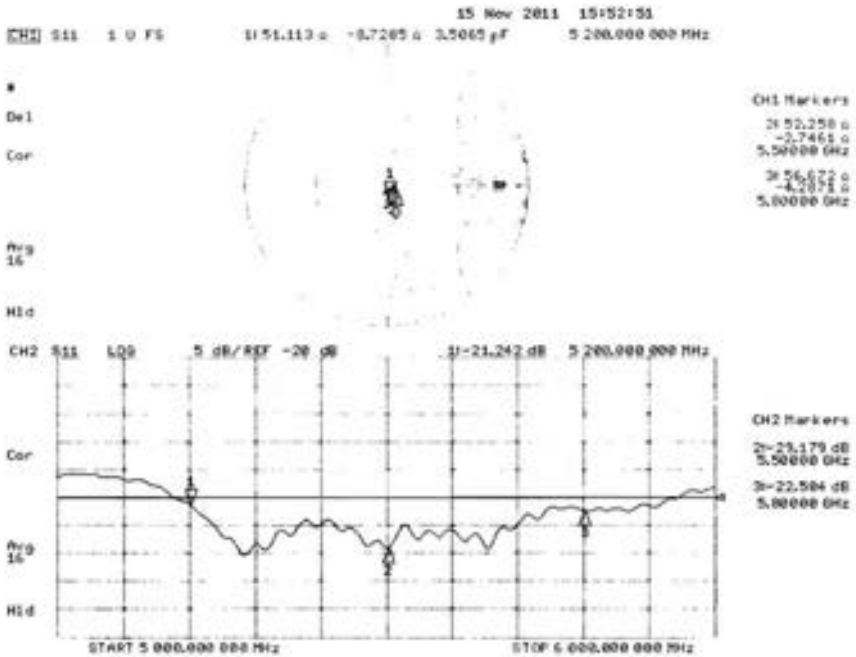
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 62.220 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.743 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.03 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.463 mW/g

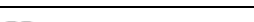
	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 106(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 107(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 108(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Blackberry Waterloo**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1033_Nov13**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D5GHzV2 - SN: 1033**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-22.v2
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz**

Calibration date: **November 08, 2013**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which relies the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (MATE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	0837480704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	US3289783	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41082317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5050 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 08327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	26-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-09 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-15
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 54206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by: **Name: Claudio Leutler**
Function: Laboratory Technician

Signature

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic**
Technical Manager


Signature

Issued: November 8, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1033_Nov13**

Page 1 of 8

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 109(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEC 62209-2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"
- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013


Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 110(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.0 ± 6 %	4.46 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	---	---

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.99 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz


The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.6 ± 6 %	4.75 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	---	---

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.51 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	84.4 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 111(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz


The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.2 ± 6 %	5.06 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	—	—

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.01 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.26 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 112(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.1 Ω - 9.6 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 20.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.3 Ω - 4.1 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 27.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.8 Ω - 4.0 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 21.8 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.213 ns
----------------------------------	----------


After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 09, 2004

	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 113(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 08.11.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1033

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.46 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Medium parameters used: $f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.75 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Medium parameters used: $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.06 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.41, 5.41, 5.41); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000PS0AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.635 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.4 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.397 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.51 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.41 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg


Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

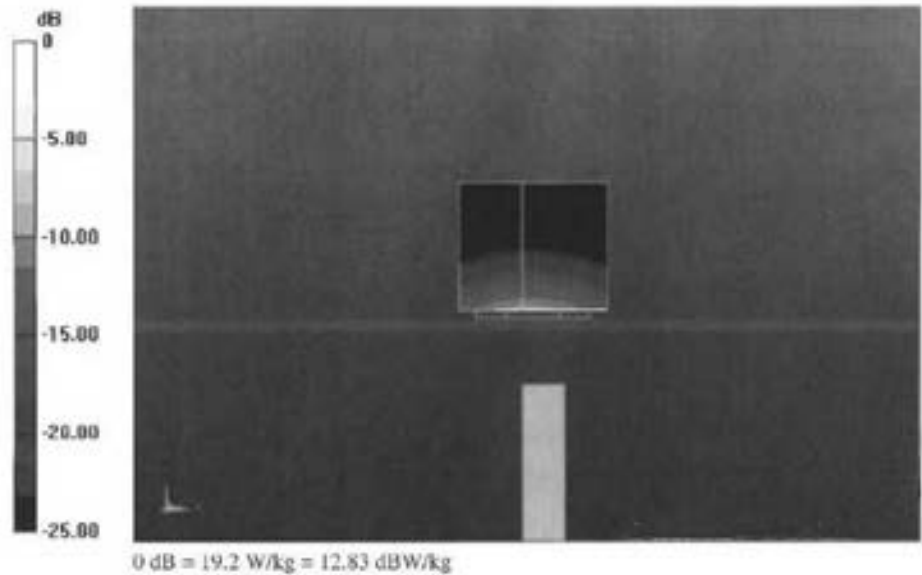
Reference Value = 61.128 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB


Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg

	Document			Page
	Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			114(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW



	Document Appendix D for the BlackBerry® Smartphone Model RFN81UW SAR Report Rev 2			Page 115(115)
Author Data Andrew Becker	Dates of Test Nov 26, 2012- Feb 28, 2013 Dec. 10-12, 2014	Test Report No RTS-6026-1302-18 Rev 3	FCC ID: L6ARFN80UW	IC 2503A-RFN80UW

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

