



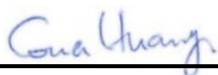
FCC SAR TEST REPORT

FCC ID : PY7-26817E
Brand Name : Sony
Applicant : Sony Mobile Communications Inc.
4-12-3 Higashi-Shinagawa, Shinagawa-ku,
Tokyo, 140-0002, Japan
Manufacturer : Sony Mobile Communications Inc.
4-12-3 Higashi-Shinagawa, Shinagawa-ku,
Tokyo, 140-0002, Japan
Standard : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE 1528-2013

The product was received on May 27, 2019 and testing was started from Jun. 06, 2019 and completed on Jun. 20, 2019. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any agency of government.

The test results in this variant report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

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History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA932517-01	01	Initial issue of report	Jun. 27, 2019



1. Statement of Compliance

Applicant Name	Sony Mobile Communications Inc.			
EUT Description	GSM/WCDMA/LTE Phone+Bluetooth, DTS/UNII a/b/g/n/ac and NFC			
Brand Name	Sony			
FCC ID	PY7-26817E			
HW Version	A			
SW Version	0.96			
RF Exposure Conditions	Equipment Class			
	Licensed	DTS	NII	DSS
Head (1g SAR W/kg)	0.34	0.38	0.43	0.18
Body-Worn (1g SAR W/kg)	0.42	0.03	0.14	0.02
Wireless Router (1g SAR W/kg)	0.87	0.09		0.04
Product Specific (10g SAR W/kg)			0.55	
Highest Simultaneous Transmission (1g SAR W/kg)	Head:0.91 Body-worm:0.57 Hotspot:0.87	Head:0.69 Body-worm:0.45 Hotspot:0.87	Head:0.91 Body-worm:0.57 Hotspot: N/A	Head: 0.91 Body-worm:0.57 Hotspot:0.87
Date Tested	2019/6/6 ~ 2019/6/20			
Test Result	Pass			
Remark:				
1. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support Hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.				

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

Reviewed by: Jason Wang

Report Producer: Wan Liu

2. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D07 UMPC Mini Tablet v01r02



3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

3.1 General Information

Wireless Technologies	Frequency	Operating Mode	
GSM	850 1900	· GSM Voice · GPRS (GMSK) · EDGE (8PSK)	Multi-Slot Class: Class 33
	Does device support dual transfer mode? (Yes)		
W-CDMA (UMTS)	Band 4 Band 5	· AMR / RMC 12.2Kbps · HSDPA · HSUPA	
LTE (FDD)	Band 4 Band 5 Band 17	· QPSK · 16QAM · 64QAM	
LTE (TDD)	Band 41		
WiFi	2.4GHz: 2412 MHz ~ 2472 MHz	· 11b · 11g · 11n (HT20)	
	5GHz: 5.2GHz: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz 5.3GHz: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz 5.5GHz: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz 5.8GHz: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz	· 11a · 11n (HT20) · 11n (HT40) · 11ac (VHT20) · 11ac (VHT40) · 11ac (VHT80)	
Bluetooth	2.4GHz	· BR / EDR / LE	
NFC	13.56MHz	· ASK	

3.2 Device Serial Number

Band	SN
WWAN	BH9300NBGP
	BH9300C0GP
WLAN	BH930158GP
	BH9301C2GP

Note: Several samples were used with identical hardware to support SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device tested gave the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.

3.3 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05												
FCC ID			PY7-26817E									
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band			LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 41: 2498.5 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz									
Channel Bandwidth			LTE Band 04:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 05:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 17: 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 41: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz									
uplink modulations used			QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM									
LTE Voice / Data requirements			Voice and Data									
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design			Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3									
			Modulation		Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB})						MPR (dB)	
					1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz		
			QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1		
			16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1		
			16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2		
			64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2		
			64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3		
256 QAM		≥ 1						≤ 5				
LTE A-MPR			In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)									
Spectrum plots for RB configuration			A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.									
LTE Carrier Aggregation Combinations			Intra-Band 41C, the detail power measurement please referred to section 11									
LTE Carrier Aggregation Additional Information			This device supports maximum of 2 carriers in the downlink. Additional following LTE Release features are not supported: Relay, HetNet, Enhanced MIMO, eICI, WiFi Offloading, MDH, eMBMA, Cross-Carrier Scheduling, Enhanced SC-FDMA.									
LTE Band 4												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
LTE Band 5												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20425	826.5	20450	829		
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5		
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20625	846.5	20600	844		
LTE Band 17												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz							
	Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq. (MHz)		Channel #		Freq. (MHz)	
L	23755		706.5		23780		709					
M	23790		710		23790		710					
H	23825		713.5		23800		711					
LTE Band 41												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	39675	2498.5	39700	2501	39725	2503.5	39750	2506				
L	40148	2545.8	40160	2547	40173	2548.3	40185	2549.5				
M	40620	2593	40620	2593	40620	2593	40620	2593				
H	41093	2640.3	41080	2639	41068	2637.8	41055	2636.5				
H	41565	2687.5	41540	2685	41515	2682.5	41490	2680				

4. RF Exposure Limits

4.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

4.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

5.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

5.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

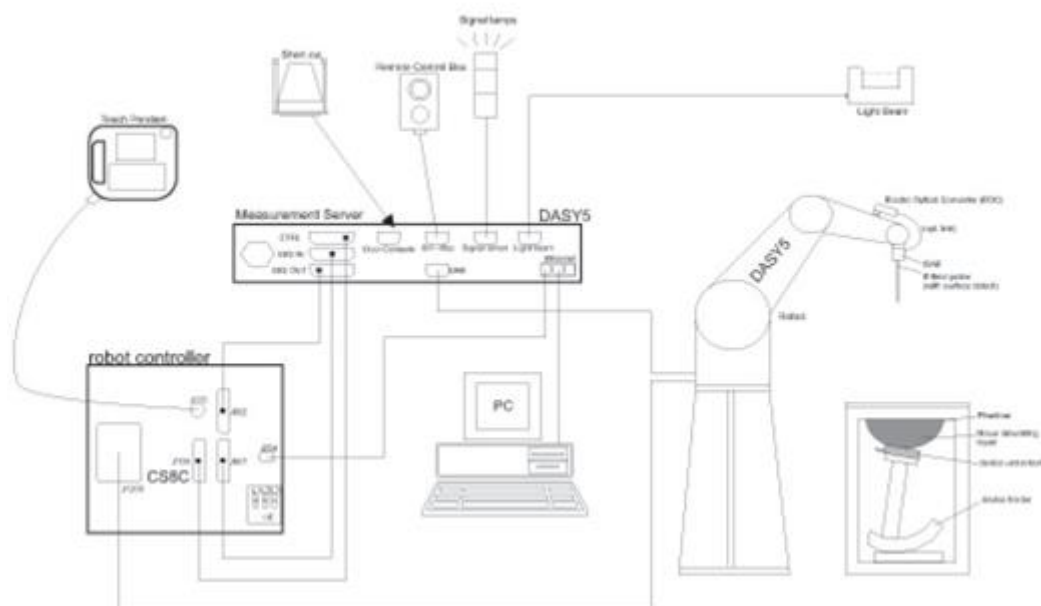
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

6. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

6.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

6.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

6.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

6.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

7. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

7.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

7.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

7.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

7.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

7.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASYS measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

8. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1012	Sep. 05, 2018	Sep. 04, 2019
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	499	Sep. 06, 2018	Sep. 05, 2019
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1068	Nov. 19, 2018	Nov. 18, 2019
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d041	Sep. 11, 2018	Sep. 10, 2019
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Aug. 31, 2018	Aug. 30, 2019
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1078	Mar. 06, 2019	Mar. 05, 2020
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1006	Sep. 27, 2018	Sep. 26, 2019
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	853	Jul. 24, 2018	Jul. 23, 2019
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1326	Sep. 18, 2018	Sep. 17, 2019
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1424	Jan. 24, 2019	Jan. 23, 2020
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3642	Apr. 29, 2019	Apr. 28, 2020
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3728	Jan. 15, 2019	Jan. 14, 2020
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3976	Jan. 29, 2019	Jan. 28, 2020
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM685-1	Nov. 12, 2018	Nov. 11, 2019
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM560-2	Nov. 12, 2018	Nov. 11, 2019
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6201341950	Apr. 21, 2019	Apr. 20, 2020
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50267236	Apr. 01, 2019	Mar. 31, 2020
R&S	BT Base Station	CBT32	100522	Mar. 18, 2019	Mar. 17, 2020
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Dec. 11, 2018	Dec. 10, 2019
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46104758	Sep. 19, 2018	Sep. 18, 2019
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1126	Sep. 19, 2018	Sep. 18, 2019
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	DTM3000-spezial	3169	Sep. 11, 2018	Sep. 10, 2019
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218006	Oct. 08, 2018	Oct. 07, 2019
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207363	Oct. 08, 2018	Oct. 07, 2019
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1240001	Sep. 13, 2018	Sep. 12, 2019
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207349	Sep. 13, 2018	Sep. 12, 2019
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4408B	MY44211028	Aug. 28, 2018	Aug. 27, 2019
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	MS2830A	6201396378	Jun. 23, 2018	Jun. 22, 2019
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	070501814	Oct. 08, 2018	Oct. 07, 2019
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	6382	Aug. 09, 2018	Aug. 08, 2019
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	Note 1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note 1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note 1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note 1	

General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

9. System Verification

9.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.

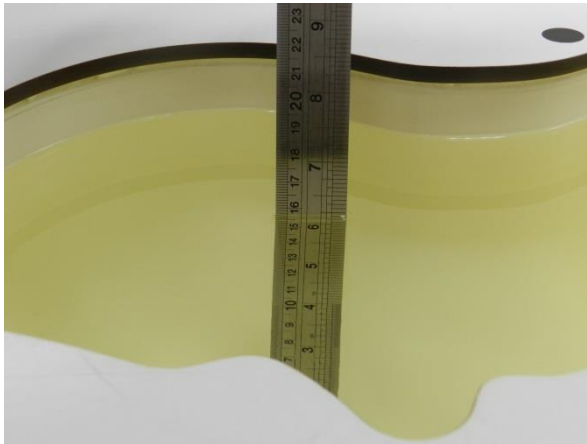


Fig 10.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

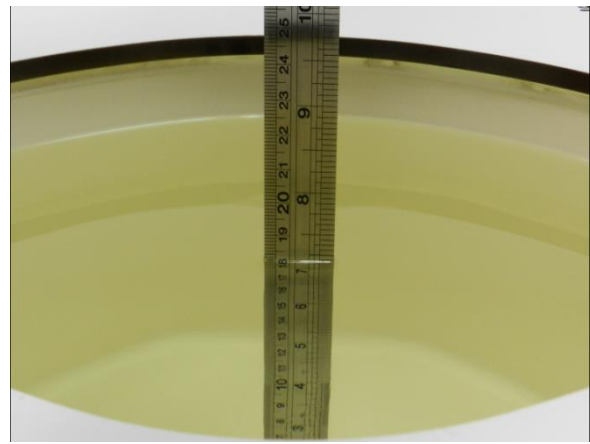


Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

9.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Tissue check appears that head liquid is also used for body SAR test

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	22.3	0.869	42.389	0.89	41.90	-2.36	1.17	±5	2019/6/7
835	22.3	0.906	43.179	0.90	41.50	0.67	4.05	±5	2019/6/6
1750	22.4	1.362	40.661	1.37	40.10	-0.58	1.40	±5	2019/6/7
1900	22.4	1.445	38.846	1.40	40.00	3.21	-2.89	±5	2019/6/7
2450	22.6	1.801	39.257	1.80	39.20	0.06	0.15	±5	2019/6/9
2450	22.5	1.811	38.658	1.80	39.20	0.61	-1.38	±5	2019/6/10
2600	22.6	1.930	39.134	1.96	39.00	-1.53	0.34	±5	2019/6/9
5250	22.2	4.683	36.161	4.71	35.95	-0.57	0.59	±5	2019/6/6
5250	22.3	4.551	36.665	4.71	35.95	-3.38	1.99	±5	2019/6/6
5250	22.4	4.685	36.693	4.71	35.95	-0.53	2.07	±5	2019/6/20
5600	22.2	5.031	35.690	5.07	35.50	-0.77	0.54	±5	2019/6/6
5600	22.7	4.839	36.587	5.07	35.50	-4.56	3.06	±5	2019/6/7
5750	22.2	5.189	35.479	5.22	35.35	-0.59	0.36	±5	2019/6/6
5750	22.7	5.009	36.423	5.22	35.35	-4.04	3.04	±5	2019/6/7

9.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2019/6/7	750	250	D750V3-1012	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE4 Sn1424	2.12	8.47	8.48	0.12
2019/6/6	835	250	D835V2-499	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE4 Sn1424	2.37	9.59	9.48	-1.15
2019/6/7	1750	250	D1750V2-1068	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE4 Sn1424	9.33	37.10	37.32	0.59
2019/6/7	1900	250	D1900V2-5d041	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE4 Sn1424	10.60	40.20	42.4	5.47
2019/6/9	2450	250	D2450V2-736	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE4 Sn1424	12.10	52.70	48.4	-8.16
2019/6/10	2450	250	D2450V2-736	EX3DV4 - SN3728	DAE4 Sn853	13.20	52.70	52.8	0.19
2019/6/9	2600	250	D2600V2-1078	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE4 Sn1424	14.30	57.60	57.2	-0.69
2019/6/6	5250	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3642	DAE4 Sn1326	8.22	80.70	82.2	1.86
2019/6/6	5250	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3728	DAE4 Sn853	8.25	80.70	82.5	2.23
2019/6/20	5250	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3728	DAE4 Sn853	7.69	80.70	76.9	-4.71
2019/6/6	5600	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3642	DAE4 Sn1326	8.29	83.30	82.9	-0.48
2019/6/7	5600	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3728	DAE4 Sn853	8.74	83.30	87.4	4.92
2019/6/6	5750	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3642	DAE4 Sn1326	7.86	80.40	78.6	-2.24
2019/6/7	5750	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3728	DAE4 Sn853	8.17	80.40	81.7	1.62

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2019/6/6	5250	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3728	DAE4 Sn853	2.32	23.20	23.2	0.00
2019/6/20	5250	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3728	DAE4 Sn853	2.19	23.20	21.9	-5.60
2019/6/7	5600	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3728	DAE4 Sn853	2.47	23.80	24.7	3.78
2019/6/7	5750	100	D5GHzV2-1006	EX3DV4 - SN3728	DAE4 Sn853	2.35	22.90	23.5	2.62

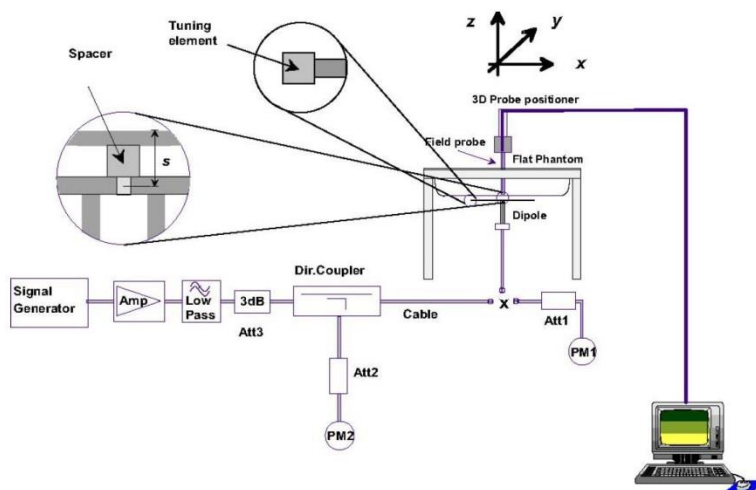


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

10. RF Exposure Positions

10.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

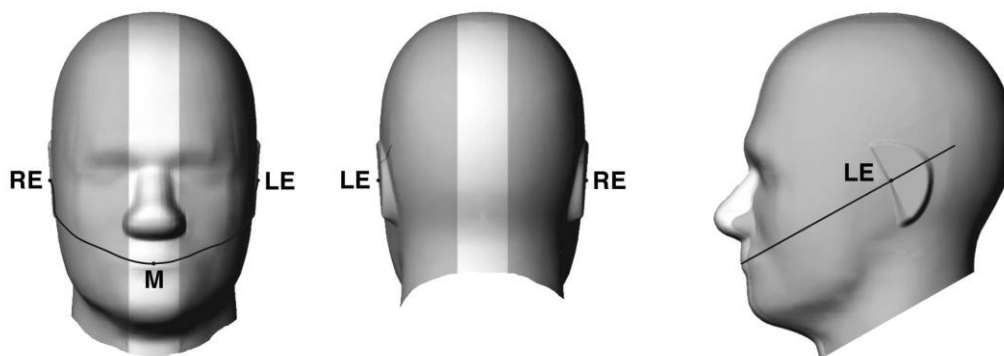


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

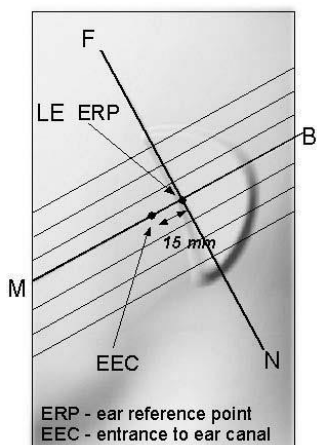


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

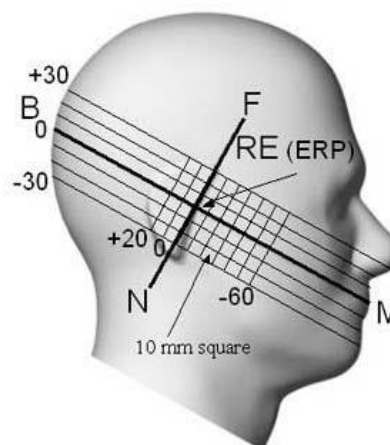


Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

10.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

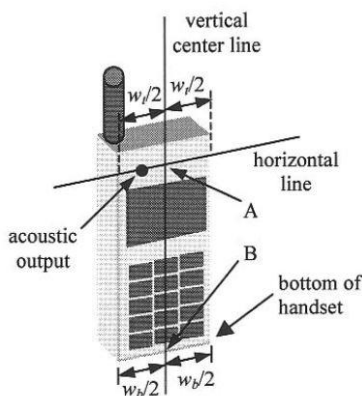


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case"

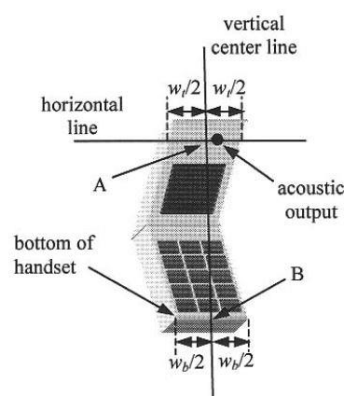


Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

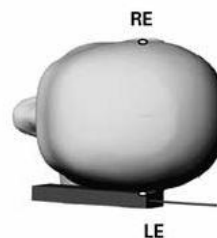
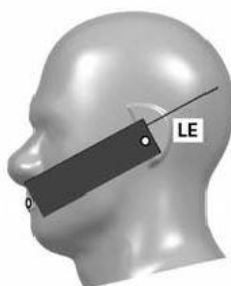
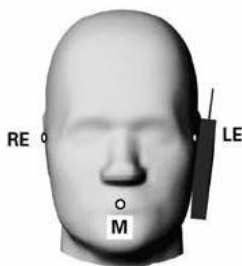


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

10.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

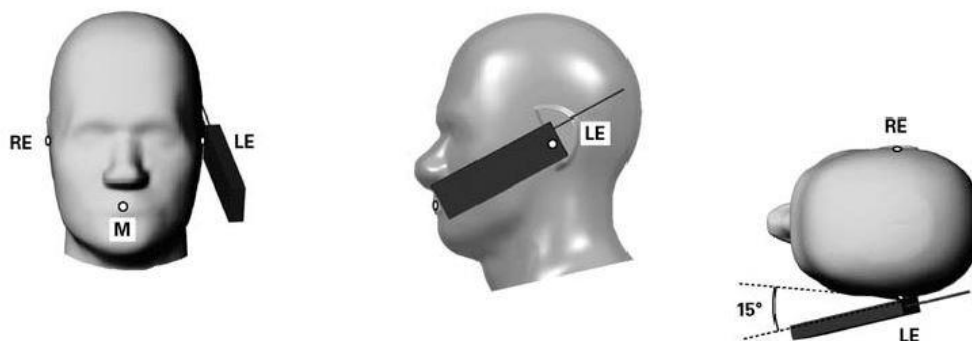


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

10.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

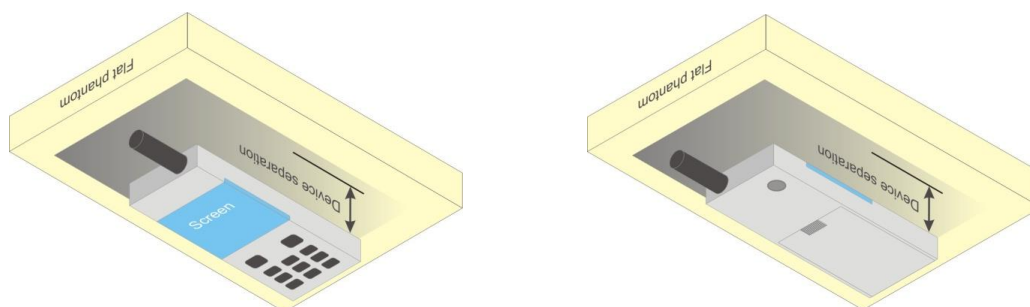


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position



10.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

10.6 Product Specific Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension $> 15.0 \text{ cm}$ or an overall diagonal dimension $> 16.0 \text{ cm}$ that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at $\leq 25 \text{ mm}$ from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.⁶ The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.

11. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

General Note:

- For DTM multi-slot class mode, the device was linked with base station simulator (Agilent E5515C) and transmit maximum power on maximum number of TX slots, i.e. one CS timeslot, and additional PS timeslots (1 for DTM class 5 and 9, 2 for DTM class 11) in one TDMA frame.
- Agilent E5515C was used to setup the device operated under DTM mode for power measurement and SAR testing. For conducted power, the power of the burst for voice and the power of the bursts for data was reported separately in the table above, and the frame-average power is derived below to determine SAR testing.

$$DTM \text{ frame average power (dBm)} = 10 \cdot \log [\sum (\text{power of each slot, in mW}) / 8]$$

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE / DTM modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE / DTM are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode

GSM850		Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel		128	189	251		128	189	251	
Frequency (MHz)		824.2	836.4	848.8		824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM 1 Tx slot		29.53	29.56	29.60	30.70	20.53	20.56	20.60	21.70
GPRS 1 Tx slot		29.58	29.60	29.63	30.70	20.58	20.60	20.63	21.70
GPRS 2 Tx slots		26.74	26.36	26.43	27.70	20.74	20.36	20.43	21.70
GPRS 3 Tx slots		24.11	24.13	24.21	25.70	19.85	19.87	19.95	21.44
GPRS 4 Tx slots		23.53	23.08	23.13	24.70	20.53	20.08	20.13	21.70
EDGE 1 Tx slot		26.67	26.59	26.65	28.00	17.67	17.59	17.65	19.00
EDGE 2 Tx slots		25.02	24.95	24.90	26.50	19.02	18.95	18.90	20.50
EDGE 3 Tx slots		23.04	22.93	22.97	24.50	18.78	18.67	18.71	20.24
EDGE 4 Tx slots		21.73	21.81	21.84	23.50	18.73	18.81	18.84	20.50
DTM Multi-slot class 5	GSM 1 Tx slot	26.70	26.31	26.38	27.70	20.66	20.26	20.33	21.68
	GPRS 1 Tx slot	26.66	26.25	26.32	27.70				
DTM Multi-slot class 9	GSM 1 Tx slot	26.69	26.29	26.34	27.70	20.65	20.25	20.30	21.68
	GPRS 1 Tx slot	26.65	26.26	26.30	27.70				
DTM Multi-slot class 11	GSM 1 Tx slot	24.03	24.06	24.10	25.70	19.74	19.79	19.81	21.44
	GPRS 2 Tx slots	23.98	24.04	24.06	25.70				
DTM Multi-slot class 5	GSM 1 Tx slot	26.69	26.72	26.74	27.70	19.89	19.89	19.96	21.12
	EDGE 1 Tx slot	24.96	24.92	25.05	26.50				
DTM Multi-slot class 9	GSM 1 Tx slot	26.72	26.74	26.76	27.70	19.91	19.88	19.96	21.12
	EDGE 1 Tx slot	24.96	24.87	25.03	26.50				
DTM Multi-slot class 11	GSM 1 Tx slot	23.98	24.02	24.02	25.70	19.06	19.03	19.08	20.68
	EDGE 2 Tx slots	22.94	22.87	22.95	24.50				

GSM1900		Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel		512	661	810		512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)		1850.2	1880	1909.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM 1 Tx slot		25.21	25.43	25.35	26.70	16.21	16.43	16.35	17.70
GPRS 1 Tx slot		25.22	25.42	25.39	26.70	16.22	16.42	16.39	17.70
GPRS 2 Tx slots		22.06	22.27	22.19	23.70	16.06	16.27	16.19	17.70
GPRS 3 Tx slots		20.14	20.26	20.30	21.70	15.88	16.00	16.04	17.44
GPRS 4 Tx slots		19.05	19.20	19.12	20.70	16.05	16.20	16.12	17.70
EDGE 1 Tx slot		24.56	24.79	24.73	26.50	15.56	15.79	15.73	17.50
EDGE 2 Tx slots		21.58	21.82	21.75	23.50	15.58	15.82	15.75	17.50
EDGE 3 Tx slots		19.71	19.96	19.93	21.50	15.45	15.70	15.67	17.24
EDGE 4 Tx slots		18.59	18.67	18.66	20.50	15.59	15.67	15.66	17.50
DTM Multi-slot class 5	GSM 1 Tx slot	22.12	22.53	22.32	23.70	16.08	16.47	16.27	17.68
	GPRS 1 Tx slot	22.08	22.46	22.26	23.70				
DTM Multi-slot class 9	GSM 1 Tx slot	22.16	22.36	22.29	23.70	16.12	16.31	16.24	17.68
	GPRS 1 Tx slot	22.12	22.31	22.24	23.70				
DTM Multi-slot class 11	GSM 1 Tx slot	20.15	20.40	20.30	21.70	15.87	16.12	16.03	17.44
	GPRS 2 Tx slots	20.12	20.37	20.28	21.70				
DTM Multi-slot class 5	GSM 1 Tx slot	22.03	22.23	22.22	23.70	15.80	16.02	15.98	17.58
	EDGE 1 Tx slot	21.61	21.84	21.77	23.50				
DTM Multi-slot class 9	GSM 1 Tx slot	22.06	22.26	22.18	23.70	15.79	16.00	15.94	17.58
	EDGE 1 Tx slot	21.54	21.77	21.72	23.50				
DTM Multi-slot class 11	GSM 1 Tx slot	20.00	20.24	20.15	21.70	15.54	15.77	15.68	17.31
	EDGE 2 Tx slots	19.70	19.92	19.83	21.50				

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5
Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$. Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPCCH, DPDCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.							

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 5/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_d/\beta_c = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_d/β_c ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 5: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

<WCDMA Conducted Power>
General Note:

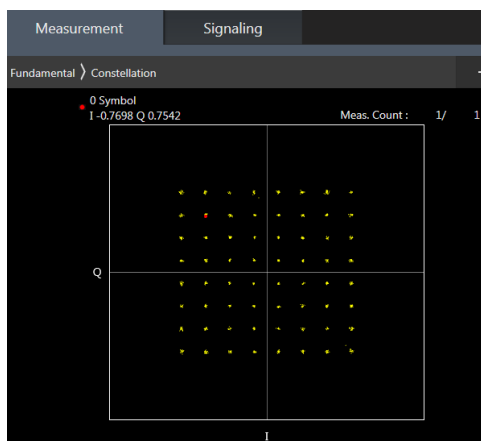
1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA, DC-HSDPA) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

Band		WCDMA IV			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	WCDMA V			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel		1312	1413	1513		4132	4182	4233	
Rx Channel		1537	1638	1738		4357	4407	4458	
Frequency (MHz)		1712.4	1732.6	1752.6		826.4	836.4	846.6	
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	20.13	19.95	19.91	20.70	22.81	22.85	22.95	23.70
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	20.14	20.00	19.94	20.70	22.82	22.89	22.96	23.70
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	19.12	18.98	18.93	20.00	21.82	21.90	21.96	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	19.13	18.99	18.92	20.00	21.84	21.90	21.96	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	18.61	18.51	18.44	19.50	21.34	21.41	21.49	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	18.61	18.50	18.46	19.50	21.31	21.43	21.49	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	19.10	18.96	18.95	20.00	21.78	21.86	21.93	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	17.11	16.98	16.89	18.00	19.82	19.88	19.94	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	18.12	17.98	17.91	19.00	20.81	20.87	20.95	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	17.10	16.98	16.92	18.00	19.80	19.87	19.94	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	19.10	19.00	18.90	20.00	21.80	21.90	22.00	23.00

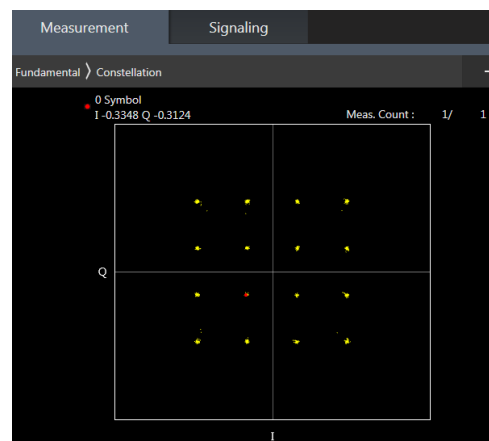
<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. For LTE B4 / B5 / B17 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
9. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.



64QAM



16QAM



<LTE Band 4>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Channel				20050	20175	20300	
Frequency (MHz)				1720	1732.5	1745	
20	QPSK	1	0	19.82	19.68	19.62	21
20	QPSK	1	49	19.61	19.43	19.39	
20	QPSK	1	99	19.49	19.42	19.46	
20	QPSK	50	0	19.70	19.64	19.57	21
20	QPSK	50	24	19.60	19.53	19.47	
20	QPSK	50	50	19.57	19.50	19.48	
20	QPSK	100	0	19.63	19.56	19.49	
20	16QAM	1	0	19.81	19.73	19.73	21
20	16QAM	1	49	19.68	19.57	19.48	
20	16QAM	1	99	19.63	19.55	19.61	
20	16QAM	50	0	19.59	19.51	19.45	21
20	16QAM	50	24	19.54	19.44	19.39	
20	16QAM	50	50	19.47	19.37	19.33	
20	16QAM	100	0	19.51	19.43	19.41	
20	64QAM	1	0	19.76	19.65	19.54	21
20	64QAM	1	49	19.62	19.44	19.32	
20	64QAM	1	99	19.47	19.37	19.39	
20	64QAM	50	0	19.52	19.43	19.38	21
20	64QAM	50	24	19.47	19.38	19.35	
20	64QAM	50	50	19.43	19.34	19.28	
20	64QAM	100	0	19.46	19.39	19.34	
Channel				20025	20175	20325	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				1717.5	1732.5	1747.5	
15	QPSK	1	0	19.73	19.66	19.57	21
15	QPSK	1	37	19.62	19.43	19.39	
15	QPSK	1	74	19.55	19.45	19.53	
15	QPSK	36	0	19.72	19.60	19.53	21
15	QPSK	36	20	19.66	19.52	19.52	
15	QPSK	36	39	19.58	19.48	19.42	
15	QPSK	75	0	19.62	19.53	19.50	
15	16QAM	1	0	19.80	19.74	19.69	21
15	16QAM	1	37	19.68	19.54	19.49	
15	16QAM	1	74	19.63	19.56	19.65	
15	16QAM	36	0	19.57	19.45	19.42	21
15	16QAM	36	20	19.49	19.42	19.36	
15	16QAM	36	39	19.45	19.39	19.33	
15	16QAM	75	0	19.51	19.40	19.40	
15	64QAM	1	0	19.75	19.65	19.52	21
15	64QAM	1	37	19.64	19.41	19.32	
15	64QAM	1	74	19.54	19.38	19.45	
15	64QAM	36	0	19.54	19.44	19.35	21
15	64QAM	36	20	19.49	19.40	19.34	
15	64QAM	36	39	19.40	19.34	19.31	
15	64QAM	75	0	19.47	19.34	19.30	
Channel				20000	20175	20350	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				1715	1732.5	1750	
10	QPSK	1	0	19.70	19.60	19.49	21
10	QPSK	1	25	19.65	19.45	19.41	
10	QPSK	1	49	19.65	19.47	19.46	
10	QPSK	25	0	19.68	19.58	19.48	21
10	QPSK	25	12	19.65	19.53	19.50	



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10	QPSK	25	25	19.68	19.52	19.46	
10	QPSK	50	0	19.63	19.52	19.47	
10	16QAM	1	0	19.80	19.64	19.64	
10	16QAM	1	25	19.73	19.57	19.53	21
10	16QAM	1	49	19.68	19.55	19.63	
10	16QAM	25	0	19.52	19.43	19.37	
10	16QAM	25	12	19.55	19.41	19.32	21
10	16QAM	25	25	19.58	19.35	19.29	
10	16QAM	50	0	19.52	19.41	19.35	
10	64QAM	1	0	19.68	19.56	19.42	21
10	64QAM	1	25	19.68	19.41	19.35	
10	64QAM	1	49	19.66	19.39	19.40	
10	64QAM	25	0	19.51	19.36	19.35	21
10	64QAM	25	12	19.51	19.36	19.29	
10	64QAM	25	25	19.55	19.36	19.27	
10	64QAM	50	0	19.51	19.37	19.33	
Channel				19975	20175	20375	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				1712.5	1732.5	1752.5	
5	QPSK	1	0	19.63	19.49	19.41	21
5	QPSK	1	12	19.57	19.43	19.36	
5	QPSK	1	24	19.66	19.42	19.43	
5	QPSK	12	0	19.65	19.49	19.43	21
5	QPSK	12	7	19.65	19.50	19.41	
5	QPSK	12	13	19.62	19.47	19.39	
5	QPSK	25	0	19.62	19.51	19.39	21
5	16QAM	1	0	19.77	19.61	19.57	
5	16QAM	1	12	19.68	19.53	19.49	
5	16QAM	1	24	19.76	19.57	19.57	21
5	16QAM	12	0	19.54	19.40	19.29	
5	16QAM	12	7	19.53	19.37	19.31	
5	16QAM	12	13	19.47	19.36	19.26	21
5	16QAM	25	0	19.49	19.37	19.25	
5	64QAM	1	0	19.63	19.45	19.35	
5	64QAM	1	12	19.56	19.38	19.29	21
5	64QAM	1	24	19.64	19.37	19.39	
5	64QAM	12	0	19.51	19.36	19.30	
5	64QAM	12	7	19.50	19.37	19.28	21
5	64QAM	12	13	19.48	19.36	19.25	
5	64QAM	25	0	19.46	19.28	19.24	
Channel				19965	20175	20385	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				1711.5	1732.5	1753.5	
3	QPSK	1	0	19.57	19.44	19.37	21
3	QPSK	1	8	19.55	19.43	19.43	
3	QPSK	1	14	19.54	19.43	19.43	
3	QPSK	8	0	19.62	19.48	19.40	21
3	QPSK	8	4	19.61	19.50	19.41	
3	QPSK	8	7	19.62	19.47	19.47	
3	QPSK	15	0	19.61	19.46	19.40	21
3	16QAM	1	0	19.60	19.54	19.49	
3	16QAM	1	8	19.61	19.54	19.56	
3	16QAM	1	14	19.56	19.50	19.56	21
3	16QAM	8	0	19.51	19.38	19.29	
3	16QAM	8	4	19.57	19.40	19.32	
3	16QAM	8	7	19.53	19.36	19.38	21
3	16QAM	15	0	19.51	19.35	19.28	
3	64QAM	1	0	19.55	19.35	19.33	21



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3	64QAM	1	8	19.57	19.37	19.39	21
3	64QAM	1	14	19.55	19.38	19.38	
3	64QAM	8	0	19.48	19.33	19.27	
3	64QAM	8	4	19.50	19.36	19.28	
3	64QAM	8	7	19.45	19.31	19.31	
3	64QAM	15	0	19.42	19.30	19.21	
Channel				19957	20175	20393	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1732.5	1754.3	
1.4	QPSK	1	0	19.51	19.35	19.37	21
1.4	QPSK	1	3	19.57	19.42	19.44	
1.4	QPSK	1	5	19.48	19.32	19.34	
1.4	QPSK	3	0	19.54	19.41	19.40	
1.4	QPSK	3	1	19.58	19.44	19.44	
1.4	QPSK	3	3	19.54	19.41	19.41	
1.4	QPSK	6	0	19.54	19.40	19.42	21
1.4	16QAM	1	0	19.62	19.47	19.50	21
1.4	16QAM	1	3	19.65	19.54	19.56	
1.4	16QAM	1	5	19.63	19.44	19.47	
1.4	16QAM	3	0	19.44	19.27	19.30	
1.4	16QAM	3	1	19.47	19.29	19.33	
1.4	16QAM	3	3	19.40	19.25	19.26	
1.4	16QAM	6	0	19.49	19.32	19.33	21
1.4	64QAM	1	0	19.51	19.29	19.34	21
1.4	64QAM	1	3	19.56	19.36	19.38	
1.4	64QAM	1	5	19.47	19.29	19.29	
1.4	64QAM	3	0	19.49	19.31	19.30	
1.4	64QAM	3	1	19.54	19.38	19.36	
1.4	64QAM	3	3	19.49	19.29	19.33	
1.4	64QAM	6	0	19.35	19.22	19.23	21



<LTE Band 5>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Channel				20450	20525	20600	
Frequency (MHz)				829	836.5	844	
10	QPSK	1	0	22.47	22.42	22.36	24
10	QPSK	1	25	22.45	22.36	22.32	
10	QPSK	1	49	22.40	22.36	22.38	
10	QPSK	25	0	22.53	22.40	22.30	24
10	QPSK	25	12	22.56	22.42	22.33	
10	QPSK	25	25	22.45	22.35	22.36	
10	QPSK	50	0	22.48	22.41	22.29	
10	16QAM	1	0	22.55	22.55	22.54	24
10	16QAM	1	25	22.54	22.48	22.47	
10	16QAM	1	49	22.54	22.51	22.50	
10	16QAM	25	0	21.59	21.49	21.37	23
10	16QAM	25	12	21.59	21.50	21.38	
10	16QAM	25	25	21.54	21.44	21.41	
10	16QAM	50	0	21.57	21.48	21.37	
10	64QAM	1	0	21.75	21.63	21.63	23
10	64QAM	1	25	21.68	21.58	21.56	
10	64QAM	1	49	21.63	21.66	21.62	
10	64QAM	25	0	20.58	20.50	20.40	22
10	64QAM	25	12	20.60	20.52	20.39	
10	64QAM	25	25	20.58	20.48	20.41	
10	64QAM	50	0	20.61	20.46	20.36	
Channel				20425	20525	20625	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				826.5	836.5	846.5	
5	QPSK	1	0	22.46	22.33	22.28	24
5	QPSK	1	12	22.33	22.31	22.36	
5	QPSK	1	24	22.29	22.36	22.36	
5	QPSK	12	0	22.52	22.39	22.32	24
5	QPSK	12	7	22.54	22.38	22.32	
5	QPSK	12	13	22.35	22.35	22.41	
5	QPSK	25	0	22.47	22.36	22.33	
5	16QAM	1	0	22.52	22.46	22.41	24
5	16QAM	1	12	22.46	22.45	22.50	
5	16QAM	1	24	22.43	22.50	22.47	
5	16QAM	12	0	21.60	21.47	21.42	23
5	16QAM	12	7	21.61	21.46	21.41	
5	16QAM	12	13	21.45	21.44	21.50	
5	16QAM	25	0	21.57	21.45	21.39	
5	64QAM	1	0	21.69	21.59	21.52	23
5	64QAM	1	12	21.57	21.54	21.62	
5	64QAM	1	24	21.55	21.61	21.57	
5	64QAM	12	0	20.63	20.51	20.44	22
5	64QAM	12	7	20.63	20.50	20.45	
5	64QAM	12	13	20.47	20.48	20.55	
5	64QAM	25	0	20.55	20.42	20.40	
Channel				20415	20525	20635	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				825.5	836.5	847.5	
3	QPSK	1	0	22.47	22.33	22.26	24
3	QPSK	1	8	22.43	22.29	22.38	
3	QPSK	1	14	22.31	22.29	22.35	
3	QPSK	8	0	22.48	22.35	22.29	24
3	QPSK	8	4	22.55	22.38	22.44	



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3	QPSK	8	7	22.50	22.36	22.40	
3	QPSK	15	0	22.50	22.36	22.29	
3	16QAM	1	0	22.53	22.45	22.37	
3	16QAM	1	8	22.53	22.44	22.47	24
3	16QAM	1	14	22.44	22.42	22.45	
3	16QAM	8	0	21.61	21.47	21.41	
3	16QAM	8	4	21.64	21.50	21.55	23
3	16QAM	8	7	21.63	21.47	21.52	
3	16QAM	15	0	21.60	21.45	21.37	
3	64QAM	1	0	21.70	21.58	21.49	23
3	64QAM	1	8	21.67	21.55	21.61	
3	64QAM	1	14	21.57	21.55	21.59	
3	64QAM	8	0	20.61	20.47	20.41	22
3	64QAM	8	4	20.64	20.49	20.56	
3	64QAM	8	7	20.62	20.46	20.51	
3	64QAM	15	0	20.60	20.46	20.37	
Channel				20407	20525	20643	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				824.7	836.5	848.3	
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.40	22.25	22.29	24
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.45	22.30	22.35	
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.36	22.23	22.27	
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.43	22.28	22.32	
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.45	22.31	22.38	
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.43	22.27	22.32	
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.45	22.29	22.34	24
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.51	22.37	22.43	24
1.4	16QAM	1	3	22.54	22.43	22.46	
1.4	16QAM	1	5	22.50	22.35	22.38	
1.4	16QAM	3	0	22.30	22.18	22.22	
1.4	16QAM	3	1	22.36	22.20	22.27	
1.4	16QAM	3	3	22.30	22.14	22.19	
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.58	21.43	21.48	23
1.4	64QAM	1	0	21.62	21.50	21.53	23
1.4	64QAM	1	3	21.71	21.56	21.58	
1.4	64QAM	1	5	21.60	21.47	21.51	
1.4	64QAM	3	0	21.63	21.50	21.51	
1.4	64QAM	3	1	21.68	21.53	21.57	
1.4	64QAM	3	3	21.63	21.47	21.50	
1.4	64QAM	6	0	20.52	20.36	20.41	22

<LTE Band 17>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Channel				23780	23790	23800	
Frequency (MHz)				709	710	711	
10	QPSK	1	0	22.35	22.47	22.46	24
10	QPSK	1	25	22.46	22.54	22.53	
10	QPSK	1	49	22.54	22.53	22.59	
10	QPSK	25	0	22.51	22.49	22.48	24
10	QPSK	25	12	22.66	22.62	22.58	
10	QPSK	25	25	22.60	22.58	22.57	
10	QPSK	50	0	22.64	22.59	22.60	
10	16QAM	1	0	22.50	22.55	22.56	24
10	16QAM	1	25	22.54	22.63	22.62	
10	16QAM	1	49	22.64	22.63	22.61	
10	16QAM	25	0	21.59	21.58	21.57	23
10	16QAM	25	12	21.70	21.69	21.67	
10	16QAM	25	25	21.68	21.66	21.67	
10	16QAM	50	0	21.69	21.66	21.65	
10	64QAM	1	0	21.59	21.67	21.66	23
10	64QAM	1	25	21.65	21.77	21.76	
10	64QAM	1	49	21.76	21.75	21.81	
10	64QAM	25	0	20.60	20.58	20.59	22
10	64QAM	25	12	20.73	20.70	20.70	
10	64QAM	25	25	20.68	20.66	20.69	
10	64QAM	50	0	20.73	20.69	20.69	
Channel				23755	23790	23825	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				706.5	710	713.5	
5	QPSK	1	0	22.37	22.31	22.50	24
5	QPSK	1	12	22.48	22.52	22.51	
5	QPSK	1	24	22.46	22.54	22.56	
5	QPSK	12	0	22.56	22.48	22.54	24
5	QPSK	12	7	22.56	22.59	22.57	
5	QPSK	12	13	22.54	22.58	22.55	
5	QPSK	25	0	22.54	22.58	22.54	
5	16QAM	1	0	22.48	22.41	22.57	24
5	16QAM	1	12	22.55	22.62	22.59	
5	16QAM	1	24	22.57	22.59	22.60	
5	16QAM	12	0	21.59	21.54	21.62	23
5	16QAM	12	7	21.64	21.69	21.64	
5	16QAM	12	13	21.59	21.63	21.60	
5	16QAM	25	0	21.61	21.63	21.60	
5	64QAM	1	0	21.60	21.54	21.71	23
5	64QAM	1	12	21.66	21.73	21.70	
5	64QAM	1	24	21.66	21.71	21.77	
5	64QAM	12	0	20.65	20.61	20.66	22
5	64QAM	12	7	20.67	20.74	20.70	
5	64QAM	12	13	20.63	20.69	20.66	
5	64QAM	25	0	20.62	20.65	20.64	

<TDD LTE SAR Measurement>

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- “special subframe S” contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS
- Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.

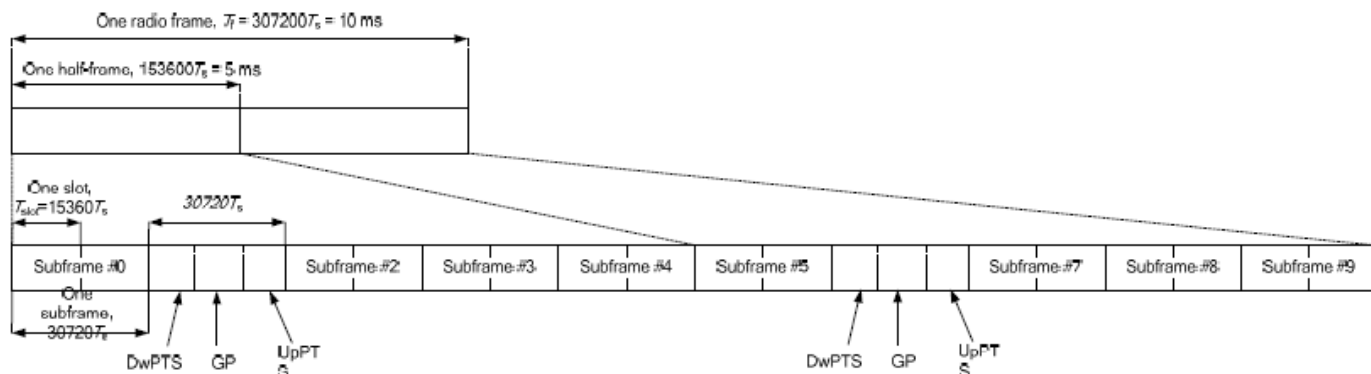


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink			Extended cyclic prefix in downlink		
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS	
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$
1	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
2	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
3	$24144 \cdot T_s$			$25600 \cdot T_s$		
4	$26336 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$
5	$6592 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
6	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
7	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$12800 \cdot T_s$		
8	$24144 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-
9	$13168 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-

Special subframe (30720·T _s): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~4	7.13%	8.33%
	5~9	14.3%	16.7%

Special subframe(30720·T _s): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~3	7.13%	8.33%
	4~7	14.3%	16.7%

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

- Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subframes, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is:
 $(3+0.167)/5 = 63.3\%$
- for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is:
 $(3+0.143)/5 = 62.9\%$
- For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix $63.3\%/62.9\% = 1.006$ is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.



<LTE Band 41>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Power Low Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Middle Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Channel				39750		40185	40620	41055		41490	
Frequency (MHz)				2506		2549.5	2593	2636.5		2680	
20	QPSK	1	0	21.48	22.7	21.87	21.70	21.77	22.7	21.52	22.7
20	QPSK	1	49	21.46		21.69	21.55	21.52		21.26	
20	QPSK	1	99	21.53		21.41	21.48	21.35		21.33	
20	QPSK	50	0	21.58	22.7	21.76	21.65	21.65	22.7	21.49	22.7
20	QPSK	50	24	21.63		21.72	21.64	21.61		21.45	
20	QPSK	50	50	21.61		21.62	21.56	21.57		21.39	
20	QPSK	100	0	21.67	22.7	21.70	21.57	21.58	22.7	21.44	22.7
20	16QAM	1	0	21.42		21.72	21.69	21.86		21.47	
20	16QAM	1	49	21.41		21.61	21.48	21.48		21.23	
20	16QAM	1	99	21.44	22	21.32	21.39	21.29	22.7	21.26	22
20	16QAM	50	0	20.99		21.61	21.61	21.55		20.89	
20	16QAM	50	24	21.05		21.57	21.53	21.52		20.88	
20	16QAM	50	50	20.97	21	21.51	21.45	21.44	22.2	20.79	21
20	16QAM	100	0	21.05		21.57	21.57	21.50		20.82	
20	64QAM	1	0	20.54		21.24	21.20	21.32	22.7	20.58	22
20	64QAM	1	49	20.49	22	21.14	21.05	20.99		20.33	
20	64QAM	1	99	20.58		20.85	20.95	20.84		20.35	
20	64QAM	50	0	19.96	21	21.30	21.27	21.23	22.2	19.89	21
20	64QAM	50	24	20.07		21.22	21.21	21.18		19.86	
20	64QAM	50	50	19.99		21.19	21.16	21.07		19.76	
20	64QAM	100	0	20.01		21.25	21.21	21.18		19.85	
Channel				39725	Tune-up limit (dBm)	40173	40620	41068	Tune-up limit (dBm)	41515	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				2503.5		2548.3	2593	2637.8		2682.5	
15	QPSK	1	0	21.45	22.7	21.86	21.67	21.74	22.7	21.38	22.7
15	QPSK	1	37	21.43		21.76	21.54	21.50		21.26	
15	QPSK	1	74	21.55		21.60	21.53	21.38		21.31	
15	QPSK	36	0	21.54	22.7	21.77	21.64	21.59	22.7	21.33	22.7
15	QPSK	36	20	21.59		21.68	21.58	21.52		21.38	
15	QPSK	36	39	21.59		21.57	21.46	21.49		21.33	
15	QPSK	75	0	21.61	22.7	21.66	21.55	21.52	22.7	21.36	22.7
15	16QAM	1	0	21.39		21.78	21.60	21.64		21.27	
15	16QAM	1	37	21.41		21.62	21.49	21.44		21.20	
15	16QAM	1	74	21.47	22	21.49	21.41	21.33	22.7	21.20	22
15	16QAM	36	0	20.86		21.63	21.47	21.42		20.69	
15	16QAM	36	20	20.96		21.50	21.42	21.37		20.74	
15	16QAM	36	39	20.90	21	21.44	21.38	21.35	22.2	20.69	21
15	16QAM	75	0	21.03		21.51	21.46	21.40		20.81	
15	64QAM	1	0	20.50		21.29	21.19	21.21	22.7	20.41	22
15	64QAM	1	37	20.46	22	21.14	21.01	21.03		20.30	
15	64QAM	1	74	20.60		20.98	20.95	20.85		20.37	
15	64QAM	36	0	19.90	21	21.36	21.19	21.16	22.2	19.75	21
15	64QAM	36	20	20.00		21.22	21.19	21.15		19.78	
15	64QAM	36	39	19.96		21.14	21.11	21.05		19.74	
15	64QAM	75	0	20.00		21.24	21.17	21.12		19.79	
Channel				39700	Tune-up limit (dBm)	40160	40620	41080	Tune-up limit (dBm)	41540	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				2501		2547	2593	2639		2685	
10	QPSK	1	0	21.41	22.7	21.77	21.61	21.62	22.7	21.32	22.7
10	QPSK	1	25	21.48		21.72	21.56	21.53		21.32	
10	QPSK	1	49	21.46		21.58	21.53	21.47		21.36	
10	QPSK	25	0	21.56	22.7	21.77	21.62	21.56	22.7	21.39	22.7
10	QPSK	25	12	21.53		21.77	21.61	21.56		21.38	

10	QPSK	25	25	21.47		21.62	21.54	21.51		21.33	
10	QPSK	50	0	21.54		21.69	21.55	21.58		21.39	
10	16QAM	1	0	21.35	22.7	21.72	21.56	21.54	22.7	21.33	22.7
10	16QAM	1	25	21.42		21.62	21.52	21.46		21.31	
10	16QAM	1	49	21.38		21.46	21.45	21.37		21.26	
10	16QAM	25	0	20.92	22	21.64	21.44	21.47	22.7	20.82	22
10	16QAM	25	12	20.89		21.61	21.47	21.42		20.80	
10	16QAM	25	25	20.84		21.49	21.42	21.41		20.74	
10	16QAM	50	0	20.91		21.56	21.50	21.46		20.81	
10	64QAM	1	0	20.46	22	21.24	21.12	21.08	22.7	20.41	22
10	64QAM	1	25	20.54		21.15	21.06	20.98		20.42	
10	64QAM	1	49	20.49		20.99	20.97	20.93		20.39	
10	64QAM	25	0	19.92	21	21.39	21.24	21.17	22.2	19.86	21
10	64QAM	25	12	19.95		21.37	21.23	21.22		19.86	
10	64QAM	25	25	19.93		21.21	21.16	21.14		19.81	
10	64QAM	50	0	19.89		21.23	21.16	21.13		19.81	
Channel				39675	Tune-up limit (dBm)	40148	40620	41093	Tune-up limit (dBm)	41565	Tune-up limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)				2498.5		2545.8	2593	2640.30		2687.5	
5	QPSK	1	0	21.38	22.7	21.71	21.54	21.50	22.7	21.30	22.7
5	QPSK	1	12	21.39		21.68	21.58	21.50		21.30	
5	QPSK	1	24	21.40		21.65	21.46	21.44		21.26	
5	QPSK	12	0	21.41	22.7	21.76	21.59	21.54	22.7	21.36	22.7
5	QPSK	12	7	21.43		21.77	21.59	21.57		21.37	
5	QPSK	12	13	21.52		21.74	21.56	21.50		21.31	
5	QPSK	25	0	21.54		21.73	21.59	21.50		21.34	
5	16QAM	1	0	21.33	22.7	21.64	21.52	21.46	22.7	21.25	22.7
5	16QAM	1	12	21.29		21.62	21.54	21.41		21.28	
5	16QAM	1	24	21.39		21.59	21.43	21.42		21.28	
5	16QAM	12	0	20.78	22	21.55	21.41	21.37	22.7	20.73	22
5	16QAM	12	7	20.75		21.57	21.42	21.42		20.75	
5	16QAM	12	13	20.84		21.55	21.39	21.36		20.65	
5	16QAM	25	0	20.92		21.61	21.42	21.39		20.74	
5	64QAM	1	0	20.42	22	21.16	21.04	21.02	22.7	20.40	22
5	64QAM	1	12	20.42		21.13	21.04	20.96		20.39	
5	64QAM	1	24	20.47		21.13	20.96	20.93		20.34	
5	64QAM	12	0	19.84	21	21.37	21.14	21.11	22.2	19.81	21
5	64QAM	12	7	19.84		21.36	21.20	21.16		19.81	
5	64QAM	12	13	19.90		21.33	21.14	21.09		19.77	
5	64QAM	25	0	19.93		21.34	21.17	21.13		19.80	

<LTE Carrier Aggregation>

General Note:

1. This device supports Carrier Aggregation on downlink only for intra band 41C, Uplink CA is not supported. For the device supports combination bands and configurations are according to 3GPP.
2. In applying the existing power measurement procedure of KDB 941225 D05A for DL CA SAR test exclusion, only the subset with the largest number of combinations of the frequency band and CCs in each row need consideration, and that configurations require power measurement should be highlighted in the below table.
3. According to KDB941225 D05A v01r02, Uplink maximum output power measurement with downlink carrier aggregation active should be measured, using the highest output channel measured without downlink carrier aggregation, to confirm that uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output measured without downlink carrier aggregation active.
4. Uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active does not show more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power without downlink carrier aggregation active, therefore SAR evaluation with downlink carrier aggregation active can be excluded.
5. The device supports downlink two carrier aggregation. For power measurement were control and acknowledge data is sent on uplink channels that operate identical to specifications when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive.
6. Selected highest measured power when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive for conducted power comparison with downlink carrier aggregation is active, to confirm that when downlink carrier aggregation is active uplink maximum output power remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power measured when downlink carrier aggregation inactive.
7. For Intra-band, contiguous CA, the downlink channels selected to perform the uplink power measurement must satisfy 3GPP channel spacing (5.4.1A of 3GPP TS 36.521 or equivalent) and channel bandwidth (5.4.2A) requirements.

$$\text{Nominal channel spacing} = \left\lceil \frac{BW_{\text{Channel}(1)} + BW_{\text{Channel}(2)} - 0.1 |BW_{\text{Channel}(1)} - BW_{\text{Channel}(2)}|}{0.6} \right\rceil 0.3 \text{ [MHz]}$$

Configure		PCC							SCC				Power	
		LTE Band	BW (MHz)	UL Freq. (MHz)	UL Channel	Mod.	UL# RB	UL RB Offset	LTE Band	BW (MHz)	DL Freq. (MHz)	DL Channel	With CA Tx.Power (dBm)	W/O CA Tx.Power (dBm)
Intra-Band	Contiguous	41	20	2549.5	40185	QPSK	1	0	41	20	2569.30	40383	21.79	21.87

<WLAN Conducted Power>**General Note:**

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.¹⁸ The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	15.00	15.30	98.50
		6	2437	14.90	15.30	
		11	2462	14.90	15.30	
		12	2467	15.10	15.30	
		13	2472	15.00	15.30	
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	15.10	15.30	95.10
		6	2437	15.20	15.30	
		11	2462	14.90	15.30	
		12	2467	10.70	10.70	
		13	2472	-2.60	-2.36	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	1	2412	15.20	15.30	97.77
		6	2437	15.10	15.30	
		11	2462	15.10	15.30	
		12	2467	6.80	6.80	
		13	2472	-2.60	-2.36	

<5GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.2GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	13.30	13.60	95.33
		40	5200	13.40	13.60	
		44	5220	13.50	13.60	
		48	5240	13.30	13.60	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	36	5180	13.50	13.60	97.53
		40	5200	13.40	13.60	
		44	5220	13.30	13.60	
		48	5240	13.30	13.60	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190	13.50	13.60	94.83
		46	5230	13.30	13.60	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	36	5180	13.40	13.60	98.02
		40	5200	13.30	13.60	
		44	5220	13.20	13.60	
		48	5240	13.20	13.60	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190	13.40	13.60	95.04
		46	5230	13.20	13.60	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	13.00	13.00	91.56

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.3GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	13.50	13.60	95.33
		56	5280	13.50	13.60	
		60	5300	13.50	13.60	
		64	5320	13.50	13.60	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260	13.30	13.60	97.53
		56	5280	13.40	13.60	
		60	5300	13.40	13.60	
		64	5320	13.40	13.60	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270	13.30	13.60	94.83
		62	5310	11.90	11.90	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260	13.20	13.60	98.02
		56	5280	13.30	13.60	
		60	5300	13.30	13.60	
		64	5320	13.30	13.60	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270	13.20	13.60	95.04
		62	5310	11.80	11.90	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	9.40	9.40	91.56

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	13.40	13.60	95.33
		116	5580	13.30	13.60	
		124	5620	13.30	13.60	
		132	5660	13.40	13.60	
		144	5720	13.30	13.60	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	100	5500	13.30	13.60	97.53
		116	5580	13.30	13.60	
		124	5620	13.30	13.60	
		132	5660	13.30	13.60	
		144	5720	13.30	13.60	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510	13.40	13.60	94.83
		110	5550	13.50	13.60	
		126	5630	13.40	13.60	
		134	5670	13.40	13.60	
		142	5710	13.30	13.60	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	100	5500	13.20	13.60	98.02
		116	5580	13.20	13.60	
		124	5620	13.20	13.60	
		132	5660	13.20	13.60	
		144	5720	13.20	13.60	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	102	5510	13.30	13.60	95.04
		110	5550	13.40	13.60	
		126	5630	13.30	13.60	
		134	5670	13.30	13.60	
		142	5710	13.20	13.60	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	106	5530	13.40	13.59	91.56
		122	5610	13.30	13.60	
		138	5690	13.20	13.60	

5.8GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	149	5745	13.50	13.60	95.33
		157	5785	13.30	13.60	
		165	5825	13.40	13.60	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745	13.40	13.60	97.53
		157	5785	13.40	13.60	
		165	5825	13.50	13.60	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	12.90	13.20	94.83
		159	5795	13.50	13.60	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	149	5745	13.30	13.60	98.02
		157	5785	13.30	13.60	
		165	5825	13.40	13.60	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755	12.80	13.18	95.04
		159	5795	13.40	13.60	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	12.20	12.37	91.56

<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit		
			1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps	1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps
BR / EDR	CH 00	2402	12.63	9.60	9.50	13.17	10.21	10.21
	CH 39	2441	13.08	9.87	9.83	13.39	10.42	10.42
	CH 78	2480	11.90	8.75	8.78	12.30	9.13	9.13

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)		Tune-up Limit	
			1Mbps	2Mbps	1Mbps	2Mbps
LE	CH 00	2402	8.00	8.00	9.61	9.61
	CH 19	2440	9.20	9.20	10.02	10.02
	CH 39	2480	7.10	7.10	8.90	8.90

General Note:

- For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected BR/EDR 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.

12. RF Exposure Conditions

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

General Note:

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge, The detail antenna location please refers to Appendix D.

13. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WWAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
 - e. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix $63.3\%/62.9\% = 1.006$ is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result.
The Reported TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg.
4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
5. For 5GHz WLAN product specific SAR is necessary too, due to an overall diagonal dimension is > 16 cm.

GSM Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE / DTM modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE / DTM are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

UMTS Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA, DC-HSDPA) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
6. For LTE B4 / B5 / B17 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

13.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
01	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	128	824.2	23.53	24.70	1.309	-0.1	0.114	0.149
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	128	824.2	23.53	24.70	1.309	0.07	0.045	0.059
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	128	824.2	23.53	24.70	1.309	0.03	0.097	0.127
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	128	824.2	23.53	24.70	1.309	-0.01	0.041	0.054
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	661	1880	19.20	20.70	1.413	-0.1	0.019	0.027
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	661	1880	19.20	20.70	1.413	0.17	0.012	0.017
02	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	661	1880	19.20	20.70	1.413	0.1	0.030	0.042
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	661	1880	19.20	20.70	1.413	0	0.010	0.014

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
03	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	1312	1712.4	20.14	20.70	1.138	0.01	0.087	0.099
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	1312	1712.4	20.14	20.70	1.138	-0.13	0.024	0.027
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	1312	1712.4	20.14	20.70	1.138	0.01	0.051	0.058
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	1312	1712.4	20.14	20.70	1.138	0.12	0.030	0.034
04	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	4233	846.6	22.96	23.70	1.186	0.06	0.236	0.280
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	4233	846.6	22.96	23.70	1.186	-0.01	0.077	0.091
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	4233	846.6	22.96	23.70	1.186	-0.03	0.201	0.238
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	4233	846.6	22.96	23.70	1.186	0.06	0.076	0.090

<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
05	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	20175	1732.5	19.68	21.00	1.355	0.06	0.064	0.087
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	0mm	20175	1732.5	19.64	21.00	1.368	0.04	0.063	0.086
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	20175	1732.5	19.68	21.00	1.355	0.09	0.017	0.023
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	20175	1732.5	19.64	21.00	1.368	0.11	0.016	0.022
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	20175	1732.5	19.68	21.00	1.355	0.04	0.040	0.054
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	0mm	20175	1732.5	19.64	21.00	1.368	0.06	0.041	0.056
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	20175	1732.5	19.68	21.00	1.355	0.06	0.020	0.027
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	0mm	20175	1732.5	19.64	21.00	1.368	0.18	0.020	0.027
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.02	0.227	0.327
06	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Right Cheek	0mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.04	0.238	0.342
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	0	0.089	0.128
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Right Tilted	0mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.09	0.096	0.138
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.07	0.198	0.285
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Left Cheek	0mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	-0.03	0.210	0.302
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	-0.05	0.084	0.121
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Left Tilted	0mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	-0.04	0.091	0.131
07	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Cheek	0mm	23790	710	22.54	24.00	1.400	0.01	0.237	0.332
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	12	Right Cheek	0mm	23790	710	22.62	24.00	1.374	0.01	0.234	0.322
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Tilted	0mm	23790	710	22.54	24.00	1.400	0.05	0.126	0.176
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	12	Right Tilted	0mm	23790	710	22.62	24.00	1.374	-0.02	0.122	0.168
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Cheek	0mm	23790	710	22.54	24.00	1.400	-0.04	0.211	0.295
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	12	Left Cheek	0mm	23790	710	22.62	24.00	1.374	0.01	0.213	0.293
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Tilted	0mm	23790	710	22.54	24.00	1.400	0.08	0.132	0.185
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	12	Left Tilted	0mm	23790	710	22.62	24.00	1.374	-0.04	0.130	0.179

<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	40185	2549.5	21.87	22.70	1.211	62.90	1.006	0.03	0.087	0.106
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	0mm	40185	2549.5	21.76	22.70	1.242	62.90	1.006	-0.01	0.100	0.125
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	40185	2549.5	21.87	22.70	1.211	62.90	1.006	-0.1	0.048	0.058
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	40185	2549.5	21.76	22.70	1.242	62.90	1.006	0.01	0.054	0.067
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	40185	2549.5	21.87	22.70	1.211	62.90	1.006	-0.05	0.147	0.179
08	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	0mm	40185	2549.5	21.76	22.70	1.242	62.90	1.006	-0.03	0.146	0.182
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	40185	2549.5	21.87	22.70	1.211	62.90	1.006	0.09	0.030	0.037
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	0mm	40185	2549.5	21.76	22.70	1.242	62.90	1.006	0.01	0.033	0.041

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	12	2467	15.10	15.30	1.047	98.50	1.015	-0.01	0.188	0.200
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	12	2467	15.10	15.30	1.047	98.50	1.015	0.01	0.147	0.156
09	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	12	2467	15.10	15.30	1.047	98.50	1.015	0.18	0.361	0.384
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	12	2467	15.10	15.30	1.047	98.50	1.015	-0.01	0.178	0.189
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	54	5270	13.30	13.60	1.047	94.83	1.055	0.1	0.136	0.150
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	54	5270	13.30	13.60	1.047	94.83	1.055	0.16	0.103	0.114
10	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	54	5270	13.30	13.60	1.047	94.83	1.055	0.18	0.386	0.426
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	54	5270	13.30	13.60	1.047	94.83	1.055	0.12	0.176	0.194
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	122	5610	13.30	13.60	1.072	91.56	1.092	0.14	0.097	0.113
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	122	5610	13.30	13.60	1.072	91.56	1.092	-0.13	0.082	0.096
11	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	122	5610	13.30	13.60	1.072	91.56	1.092	0.18	0.191	0.223
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	122	5610	13.30	13.60	1.072	91.56	1.092	0.1	0.098	0.115
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	159	5795	13.50	13.60	1.023	94.83	1.055	0.19	0.078	0.084
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	159	5795	13.50	13.60	1.023	94.83	1.055	0.15	0.040	0.043
12	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	159	5795	13.50	13.60	1.023	94.83	1.055	0.1	0.121	0.131
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	159	5795	13.50	13.60	1.023	94.83	1.055	0.16	0.063	0.068

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	39	2441	13.08	13.39	1.074	0	0.071	0.076
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	39	2441	13.08	13.39	1.074	0.09	0.051	0.055
13	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	39	2441	13.08	13.39	1.074	0.02	0.169	0.182
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	39	2441	13.08	13.39	1.074	0.07	0.087	0.093

13.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	128	824.2	23.53	24.70	1.309	-0.13	0.091	0.119
14	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	128	824.2	23.53	24.70	1.309	0	0.114	0.149
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Side	10mm	128	824.2	23.53	24.70	1.309	0.05	0.053	0.069
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Side	10mm	128	824.2	23.53	24.70	1.309	-0.03	0.083	0.109
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10mm	128	824.2	23.53	24.70	1.309	0.03	0.024	0.031
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	661	1880	19.20	20.70	1.413	-0.02	0.077	0.109
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	661	1880	19.20	20.70	1.413	-0.07	0.105	0.148
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Side	10mm	661	1880	19.20	20.70	1.413	0.11	0.036	0.051
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Side	10mm	661	1880	19.20	20.70	1.413	-0.01	0.027	0.038
15	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10mm	661	1880	19.20	20.70	1.413	0.01	0.159	0.225

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	1312	1712.4	20.14	20.70	1.138	-0.05	0.244	0.278
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1312	1712.4	20.14	20.70	1.138	-0.05	0.374	0.425
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	1312	1712.4	20.14	20.70	1.138	-0.04	0.068	0.077
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	1312	1712.4	20.14	20.70	1.138	0.03	0.070	0.080
16	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	1312	1712.4	20.14	20.70	1.138	0.01	0.583	0.663
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	4233	846.6	22.96	23.70	1.186	0.02	0.167	0.198
17	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	4233	846.6	22.96	23.70	1.186	0.02	0.209	0.248
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	4233	846.6	22.96	23.70	1.186	0.07	0.094	0.111
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10mm	4233	846.6	22.96	23.70	1.186	0.06	0.156	0.185
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	4233	846.6	22.96	23.70	1.186	0.07	0.059	0.070

<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	20175	1732.5	19.68	21.00	1.355	-0.03	0.225	0.305
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10mm	20175	1732.5	19.64	21.00	1.368	0.01	0.223	0.305
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	19.68	21.00	1.355	0.03	0.366	0.496
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	19.64	21.00	1.368	0.07	0.361	0.494
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	19.68	21.00	1.355	-0.04	0.061	0.083
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	19.64	21.00	1.368	-0.11	0.061	0.083
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	19.68	21.00	1.355	0.07	0.056	0.076
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	19.64	21.00	1.368	-0.15	0.048	0.066
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	19.68	21.00	1.355	0.08	0.622	0.843
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	19.64	21.00	1.368	-0.02	0.620	0.848
18	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	10mm	20175	1732.5	19.56	21.00	1.393	0.08	0.624	0.869
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	-0.06	0.190	0.273
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Front	10mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.01	0.202	0.291
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.01	0.246	0.354
19	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Back	10mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.02	0.256	0.368
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.02	0.118	0.170
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Left Side	10mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	-0.01	0.124	0.178
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	10mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	0	0.171	0.246
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Right Side	10mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	-0.01	0.183	0.263
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.11	0.044	0.063
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Bottom Side	10mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.05	0.045	0.065

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10mm	23790	710	22.54	24.00	1.400	-0.05	0.247	0.346
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	12	Front	10mm	23790	710	22.62	24.00	1.374	0	0.246	0.338
20	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10mm	23790	710	22.54	24.00	1.400	0	0.329	0.460
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	12	Back	10mm	23790	710	22.62	24.00	1.374	0.04	0.329	0.452
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Side	10mm	23790	710	22.54	24.00	1.400	0.03	0.182	0.255
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	12	Left Side	10mm	23790	710	22.62	24.00	1.374	-0.01	0.181	0.249
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Side	10mm	23790	710	22.54	24.00	1.400	0.01	0.257	0.360
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	12	Right Side	10mm	23790	710	22.62	24.00	1.374	0.01	0.252	0.346
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	25	Bottom Side	10mm	23790	710	22.54	24.00	1.400	0.05	0.068	0.095
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	12	Bottom Side	10mm	23790	710	22.62	24.00	1.374	0.05	0.066	0.091

<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	40185	2549.5	21.87	22.70	1.211	62.90	1.006	-0.09	0.157	0.191
21	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10mm	40185	2549.5	21.76	22.70	1.242	62.90	1.006	0.04	0.173	0.216
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	40185	2549.5	21.87	22.70	1.211	62.90	1.006	-0.02	0.124	0.151
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	40185	2549.5	21.76	22.70	1.242	62.90	1.006	0.04	0.122	0.152
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10mm	40185	2549.5	21.87	22.70	1.211	62.90	1.006	0	0.152	0.185
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10mm	40185	2549.5	21.76	22.70	1.242	62.90	1.006	0.01	0.151	0.189
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	10mm	40185	2549.5	21.87	22.70	1.211	62.90	1.006	-0.09	0.008	0.010
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	10mm	40185	2549.5	21.76	22.70	1.242	62.90	1.006	-0.02	0.009	0.011
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	40185	2549.5	21.87	22.70	1.211	62.90	1.006	-0.01	0.071	0.086
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	40185	2549.5	21.76	22.70	1.242	62.90	1.006	0.06	0.071	0.089

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10mm	12	2467	15.10	15.30	1.047	98.50	1.015	-0.11	0.055	0.058
22	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	12	2467	15.10	15.30	1.047	98.50	1.015	-0.09	0.081	0.086
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	10mm	12	2467	15.10	15.30	1.047	98.50	1.015	0.1	0.063	0.067
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	10mm	12	2467	15.10	15.30	1.047	98.50	1.015	0.07	0.016	0.017

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	10mm	39	2441	13.08	13.39	1.074	76.60	1.087	0.17	0.025	0.027
23	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	10mm	39	2441	13.08	13.39	1.074	76.60	1.087	0.05	0.037	0.040
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Side	10mm	39	2441	13.08	13.39	1.074	76.60	1.087	-0.1	0.026	0.030
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Top Side	10mm	39	2441	13.08	13.39	1.074	76.60	1.087	-0.13	0.005	0.006

13.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	15mm	128	824.2	23.53	24.70	1.309	0.02	0.084	0.110
24	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	15mm	128	824.2	23.53	24.70	1.309	0.03	0.096	0.126
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	15mm	661	1880	19.20	20.70	1.413	0.07	0.037	0.052
25	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	15mm	661	1880	19.20	20.70	1.413	-0.09	0.047	0.066

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	15mm	1312	1712.4	20.14	20.70	1.138	-0.02	0.125	0.142
26	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	15mm	1312	1712.4	20.14	20.70	1.138	-0.03	0.189	0.215
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	15mm	4233	846.6	22.96	23.70	1.186	-0.02	0.154	0.183
27	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	15mm	4233	846.6	22.96	23.70	1.186	0.01	0.178	0.211

<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	15mm	20175	1732.5	19.68	21.00	1.355	0.03	0.110	0.149
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	15mm	20175	1732.5	19.64	21.00	1.368	0	0.110	0.150
28	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	15mm	20175	1732.5	19.68	21.00	1.355	-0.02	0.174	0.236
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	15mm	20175	1732.5	19.64	21.00	1.368	0.04	0.171	0.234
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Front	15mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.03	0.182	0.262
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Front	15mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.02	0.192	0.276
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	15mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.03	0.212	0.305
29	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12	Back	15mm	20525	836.5	22.42	24.00	1.439	-0.01	0.218	0.314
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	15mm	23790	710	22.54	24.00	1.400	0.02	0.246	0.344
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	12	Front	15mm	23790	710	22.62	24.00	1.374	0.01	0.241	0.331
30	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	15mm	23790	710	22.54	24.00	1.400	0.03	0.299	0.418
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	12	Back	15mm	23790	710	22.62	24.00	1.374	-0.04	0.298	0.409

<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	15mm	40185	2549.5	21.87	22.70	1.211	62.90	1.006	0.08	0.083	0.101
31	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	15mm	40185	2549.5	21.76	22.70	1.242	62.90	1.006	-0.05	0.084	0.105
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	15mm	40185	2549.5	21.87	22.70	1.211	62.90	1.006	-0.02	0.062	0.076
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	15mm	40185	2549.5	21.76	22.70	1.242	62.90	1.006	0.01	0.062	0.077

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	15mm	12	2467	15.10	15.30	1.047	98.50	1.015	-0.12	0.023	0.024
32	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	15mm	12	2467	15.10	15.30	1.047	98.50	1.015	-0.05	0.032	0.034
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	15mm	54	5270	13.30	13.60	1.047	94.83	1.055	-0.05	0.048	0.052
33	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	15mm	54	5270	13.30	13.60	1.047	94.83	1.055	0.12	0.124	0.136
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	15mm	122	5610	13.30	13.60	1.072	91.56	1.092	-0.12	0.028	0.033
34	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	15mm	122	5610	13.30	13.60	1.072	91.56	1.092	-0.16	0.049	0.057
35	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	15mm	159	5795	13.50	13.60	1.023	94.83	1.055	0.08	0.018	0.019
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	15mm	159	5795	13.50	13.60	1.023	94.83	1.055	0.16	0.007	0.008

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	15mm	39	2441	13.08	13.39	1.074	76.60	1.087	0.12	0.011	0.012
36	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	15mm	39	2441	13.08	13.39	1.074	76.60	1.087	-0.08	0.016	0.017

13.4 Product Specific SAR
<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	0mm	54	5270	13.30	13.60	1.047	94.83	1.055	0.08	0.258	0.282
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	0mm	54	5270	13.30	13.60	1.047	94.83	1.055	0.16	0.444	0.487
37	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Side	0mm	54	5270	13.30	13.60	1.047	94.83	1.055	0.11	0.497	0.545
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	54	5270	13.30	13.60	1.047	94.83	1.055	0.07	0.107	0.117
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	0mm	122	5610	13.30	13.60	1.072	91.56	1.092	0.16	0.132	0.154
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	0mm	122	5610	13.30	13.60	1.072	91.56	1.092	0.14	0.167	0.195
38	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Side	0mm	122	5610	13.30	13.60	1.072	91.56	1.092	0.14	0.195	0.228
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	122	5610	13.30	13.60	1.072	91.56	1.092	-0.07	0.053	0.062
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	0mm	159	5795	13.50	13.60	1.023	94.83	1.055	-0.02	0.073	0.079
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	0mm	159	5795	13.50	13.60	1.023	94.83	1.055	0.1	0.094	0.101
39	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Side	0mm	159	5795	13.50	13.60	1.023	94.83	1.055	0.11	0.115	0.124
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	159	5795	13.50	13.60	1.023	94.83	1.055	0.15	0.033	0.036

14. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset			
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Product Specific
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
2.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
5.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes		Yes
6.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
7.	WCDMA+ Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
8.	LTE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
9.	GSM Voice + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
10.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
11.	WCDMA + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
12.	LTE + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
13.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN5GHz + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes		Yes
14.	WCDMA + WLAN5GHz + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes		Yes
15.	LTE + WLAN5GHz + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes		Yes
16.	WLAN5GHz + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes		Yes

General Note:

1. This device WLAN 2.4GHz supports Hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
2. 2.4GHz WLAN and Bluetooth cannot transmit simultaneously.
3. All licensed modes share the same antenna part and cannot transmit simultaneously
4. EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
5. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
6. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.

Head Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	3+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	5GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth 1g SAR (W/kg)					
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.149	0.200	0.150	0.076	0.349	0.299	0.225	0.226	0.375
		Right Tilted	0.059	0.156	0.114	0.055	0.215	0.173	0.114	0.169	0.228
		Left Cheek	0.127	0.384	0.426	0.182	0.511	0.553	0.309	0.608	0.735
		Left Tilted	0.054	0.189	0.194	0.093	0.243	0.248	0.147	0.287	0.341
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.027	0.200	0.150	0.076	0.227	0.177	0.103	0.226	0.253
		Right Tilted	0.017	0.156	0.114	0.055	0.173	0.131	0.072	0.169	0.186
		Left Cheek	0.042	0.384	0.426	0.182	0.426	0.468	0.224	0.608	0.650
		Left Tilted	0.014	0.189	0.194	0.093	0.203	0.208	0.107	0.287	0.301
WCDMA	WCDMA IV	Right Cheek	0.099	0.200	0.150	0.076	0.299	0.249	0.175	0.226	0.325
		Right Tilted	0.027	0.156	0.114	0.055	0.183	0.141	0.082	0.169	0.196
		Left Cheek	0.058	0.384	0.426	0.182	0.442	0.484	0.240	0.608	0.666
		Left Tilted	0.034	0.189	0.194	0.093	0.223	0.228	0.127	0.287	0.321
	WCDMA V	Right Cheek	0.280	0.200	0.150	0.076	0.480	0.430	0.356	0.226	0.506
		Right Tilted	0.091	0.156	0.114	0.055	0.247	0.205	0.146	0.169	0.260
		Left Cheek	0.238	0.384	0.426	0.182	0.622	0.664	0.420	0.608	0.846
		Left Tilted	0.090	0.189	0.194	0.093	0.279	0.284	0.183	0.287	0.377
LTE	LTE Band 4	Right Cheek	0.087	0.200	0.150	0.076	0.287	0.237	0.163	0.226	0.313
		Right Tilted	0.023	0.156	0.114	0.055	0.179	0.137	0.078	0.169	0.192
		Left Cheek	0.056	0.384	0.426	0.182	0.440	0.482	0.238	0.608	0.664
		Left Tilted	0.027	0.189	0.194	0.093	0.216	0.221	0.120	0.287	0.314
	LTE Band 5	Right Cheek	0.342	0.200	0.150	0.076	0.542	0.492	0.418	0.226	0.568
		Right Tilted	0.138	0.156	0.114	0.055	0.294	0.252	0.193	0.169	0.307
		Left Cheek	0.302	0.384	0.426	0.182	0.686	0.728	0.484	0.608	0.910
		Left Tilted	0.131	0.189	0.194	0.093	0.320	0.325	0.224	0.287	0.418
	LTE Band 17	Right Cheek	0.332	0.200	0.150	0.076	0.532	0.482	0.408	0.226	0.558
		Right Tilted	0.176	0.156	0.114	0.055	0.332	0.290	0.231	0.169	0.345
		Left Cheek	0.295	0.384	0.426	0.182	0.679	0.721	0.477	0.608	0.903
		Left Tilted	0.185	0.189	0.194	0.093	0.374	0.379	0.278	0.287	0.472
	LTE Band 41	Right Cheek	0.125	0.200	0.150	0.076	0.325	0.275	0.201	0.226	0.351
		Right Tilted	0.067	0.156	0.114	0.055	0.223	0.181	0.122	0.169	0.236
		Left Cheek	0.182	0.384	0.426	0.182	0.566	0.608	0.364	0.608	0.790
		Left Tilted	0.041	0.189	0.194	0.093	0.230	0.235	0.134	0.287	0.328

14.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	4	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth		
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.119	0.058	0.027	0.177	0.146
		Back	0.149	0.086	0.040	0.235	0.189
		Left side	0.069			0.069	0.069
		Right side	0.109	0.067	0.030	0.176	0.139
		Top side		0.017	0.006	0.017	0.006
		Bottom side	0.031			0.031	0.031
	GSM1900	Front	0.109	0.058	0.027	0.167	0.136
		Back	0.148	0.086	0.040	0.234	0.188
		Left side	0.051			0.051	0.051
		Right side	0.038	0.067	0.030	0.105	0.068
		Top side		0.017	0.006	0.017	0.006
		Bottom side	0.225			0.225	0.225
WCDMA	WCDMA IV	Front	0.278	0.058	0.027	0.336	0.305
		Back	0.425	0.086	0.040	0.511	0.465
		Left side	0.077			0.077	0.077
		Right side	0.080	0.067	0.030	0.147	0.110
		Top side		0.017	0.006	0.017	0.006
		Bottom side	0.663			0.663	0.663
	WCDMA V	Front	0.198	0.058	0.027	0.256	0.225
		Back	0.248	0.086	0.040	0.334	0.288
		Left side	0.111			0.111	0.111
		Right side	0.185	0.067	0.030	0.252	0.215
		Top side		0.017	0.006	0.017	0.006
		Bottom side	0.070			0.070	0.070
LTE	LTE Band 4	Front	0.305	0.058	0.027	0.363	0.332
		Back	0.496	0.086	0.040	0.582	0.536
		Left side	0.083			0.083	0.083
		Right side	0.076	0.067	0.030	0.143	0.106
		Top side		0.017	0.006	0.017	0.006
		Bottom side	0.869			0.869	0.869
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.291	0.058	0.027	0.349	0.318
		Back	0.368	0.086	0.040	0.454	0.408
		Left side	0.178			0.178	0.178
		Right side	0.263	0.067	0.030	0.330	0.293
		Top side		0.017	0.006	0.017	0.006
		Bottom side	0.065			0.065	0.065
	LTE Band 17	Front	0.346	0.058	0.027	0.404	0.373
		Back	0.460	0.086	0.040	0.546	0.500
		Left side	0.255			0.255	0.255
		Right side	0.360	0.067	0.030	0.427	0.390
		Top side		0.017	0.006	0.017	0.006
		Bottom side	0.095			0.095	0.095
	LTE Band 41	Front	0.216	0.058	0.027	0.274	0.243
		Back	0.152	0.086	0.040	0.238	0.192
		Left side	0.189			0.189	0.189
		Right side	0.011	0.067	0.030	0.078	0.041
		Top side		0.017	0.006	0.017	0.006
		Bottom side	0.089			0.089	0.089

14.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	3+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	5GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth 1g SAR (W/kg)					
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.110	0.024	0.052	0.012	0.134	0.162	0.122	0.064	0.174
		Back	0.126	0.034	0.136	0.017	0.160	0.262	0.143	0.153	0.279
	GSM1900	Front	0.052	0.024	0.052	0.012	0.076	0.104	0.064	0.064	0.116
		Back	0.066	0.034	0.136	0.017	0.100	0.202	0.083	0.153	0.219
WCDMA	WCDMA IV	Front	0.142	0.024	0.052	0.012	0.166	0.194	0.154	0.064	0.206
		Back	0.215	0.034	0.136	0.017	0.249	0.351	0.232	0.153	0.368
	WCDMA V	Front	0.183	0.024	0.052	0.012	0.207	0.235	0.195	0.064	0.247
		Back	0.211	0.034	0.136	0.017	0.245	0.347	0.228	0.153	0.364
LTE	LTE Band 4	Front	0.150	0.024	0.052	0.012	0.174	0.202	0.162	0.064	0.214
		Back	0.236	0.034	0.136	0.017	0.270	0.372	0.253	0.153	0.389
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.276	0.024	0.052	0.012	0.300	0.328	0.288	0.064	0.340
		Back	0.314	0.034	0.136	0.017	0.348	0.450	0.331	0.153	0.467
	LTE Band 17	Front	0.344	0.024	0.052	0.012	0.368	0.396	0.356	0.064	0.408
		Back	0.418	0.034	0.136	0.017	0.452	0.554	0.435	0.153	0.571
	LTE Band 41	Front	0.105	0.024	0.052	0.012	0.129	0.157	0.117	0.064	0.169
		Back	0.077	0.034	0.136	0.017	0.111	0.213	0.094	0.153	0.230

14.4 Product Specific Exposure Conditions

Exposure Position	1	2	1+2 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WWAN	5GHz WLAN	
	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	
Front	-	0.282	0.282
Back	-	0.487	0.487
Left side	-	-	-
Right side	-	0.545	0.545
Top side	-	0.117	0.117
Bottom side	-	-	-

Remark:

- According to KDB 648474 D04v01r03, for WWAN / 2.4GHz WLAN / Bluetooth SAR was excluded, due to Hotspot SAR was < 1.2W/kg.
- According to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, for 5GHz WLAN SAR was excluded for that position, due to transmitting antenna located larger 25mm from that surface or edge.

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15. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\leq 30\%$, for a confidence interval of $k = 2$. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

16. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D05A v01r02, "Rel. 10 LTE SAR Test Guidance and KDB Inquiries", Oct 2015
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.
- [12] FCC KDB 941225 D07 v01r02, "SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES FOR UMPC MINI-TABLET DEVICES", Oct. 2015
- [13] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [14] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.