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TESTING
CNAS L6791

TEST REPORT

Applicant: Ugreen Group Limited
Address: UGREEN Building, Longcheng Industrial Park
Longguanxi Road, Longhua, ShenZhen, China
Equipment Type: Bluetooth Adapter
Model Name: CM749 (refer to section 2.3)
Brand Name: **UGREEN**
FCC ID: 2AQI5-CM749
Test Standard: 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C
(refer to section 3.1)
Sample Arrival Date: Sep. 15, 2023
Test Date: Sep. 19, 2023 - Oct. 16, 2023
Date of Issue: Oct. 26, 2023

ISSUED BY:

Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.

Tested by: Julie Zhu**Checked by:** Ye Hongji**Approved by:** Hanson Lin
(Vice General Manager)

Revision History

Version	Issue Date	Revisions
<u>Rev. 01</u>	<u>Oct. 26, 2023</u>	<u>Initial Issue</u>

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Test Laboratory

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

1.2 Test Location

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Location	☒ Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
	☐ 1/F, Building B, Ganghongji High-tech Intelligent Industrial Park, No. 1008, Songbai Road, Yangguang Community, Xili Sub-district, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.

2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Ugreen Group Limited
Address	UGREEN Building, Longcheng Industrial Park Longguanxi Road, Longhua, ShenZhen, China

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Ugreen Group Limited
Address	UGREEN Building, Longcheng Industrial Park Longguanxi Road, Longhua, ShenZhen, China

2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	Bluetooth Adapter
Model Name Under Test	CM749
Series Model Name	35059
Description of Model name differentiation	All models are same with electrical parameters and internal circuit structure, but only differ in model name. (this information provided by the applicant)
Hardware Version	V2
Software Version	V1.0
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A

2.4 Technical Information

Network and Wireless connectivity	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE)
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The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Modulation Technology	DSS
Modulation Type	GFSK
Product Type	☐ Mobile ☒ Portable ☐ Fix Location
Transfer Rate	1 Mbps, 2 Mbps
Frequency Range	The frequency range used is 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz.
Number of Channel	40 (at intervals of 2 MHz) ^{Note 1}
Tested Channel	1 Mbps: 0 (2402 MHz), 19 (2440 MHz), 39 (2480 MHz) 2 Mbps: 1 (2404 MHz), 19 (2440 MHz), 38 (2478 MHz)
Antenna Type	Dipole Antenna
Antenna Gain	1.54 dBi
Antenna Impedance	50Ω
Antenna System (MIMO Smart Antenna)	N/A
Note 1: 2 Mbps does not support Channel 0, Channel 12, and Channel 39.	

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	Intentional radiators of radio frequency equipment
2	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices
3 ☆	KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	Guidance for compliance measurements on digital transmission system, frequency hopping spread spectrum system, and hybrid system devices operating under section 15.247 of the FCC rules

3.2 Test Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	Channel	Test Result	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	N/A	--	Pass ^{Note}
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	Low/Middle/High	5.2.4	Pass
3	Occupied Bandwidth	15.247(a)	Low/Middle/High	5.3.4	Pass
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247(d)	Low/Middle/High	5.4.4	Pass
5	Band Edge(Authorized-band band-edge)	15.247(d)	Low/High	5.5.4	Pass
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	Low/Middle/High	5.6.4	Pass
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	Low/Middle/High	5.7.4	Pass
8	Band Edge(Restricted-band band-edge)	15.209 15.247(d)	Low/High	5.8.4	Pass
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247(e)	Low/Middle/High	5.9.4	Pass

Note: The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the requirement FCC 15.203.

4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	47% to 59%	
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa	
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+ 22.6°C to +26.7°C
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	5.0 V

4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50330200	2023.05.16	2024.05.15
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV-40	101544	2022.12.28	2023.12.27
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY52510065	2023.09.05	2024.09.04
Signaling Unit	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CMW500	171150	2023.06.19	2024.06.18
Test Antenna-Horn	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	01631	2022.02.03	2025.02.02
Test Antenna-Horn	A-INFO	LB-180400KF	J211060273	2021.07.02	2024.07.01
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	144	2022.02.19	2024.09.03
Amplifier	COM-MV	ZT30-1000M	07210897	2023.09.05	2024.09.04
Amplifier	COM-MV	LSCX_LNA1-12G-01	7210214	2023.09.05	2024.09.04
Amplifier	COM-MV	XKu_LNA7-18G-01	7210209	2023.09.05	2024.09.04
Amplifier	COM-MV	KA LNA18 40G-01	18050001	2022.12.07	2023.12.06
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESRP	101036	2023.09.05	2024.09.04
Test Antenna-Loop	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2021.04.16	2024.04.15
Anechoic Chamber	EMC Electronic Co., Ltd	20.10*11.60*7.35m	130	2021.08.15	2024.08.14
Test Antenna-Bi-Log	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-624	2021.08.20	2024.08.19
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY53220118	2023.09.05	2024.09.04
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	101	2023.03.26	2026.03.03
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	MY57110309	2023.09.05	2024.09.04
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-687	2023.05.16	2024.05.15
Shielded Enclosure	YiHeng Electronic Co., Ltd	3.5m*3.1m*2.8m	112	2022.02.19	2025.02.18

4.3 Test Software List

Description	Manufacturer	Software Version	Serial No.	Applicable test Setup
BL410R	BALUN	V2.1.1.488	N/A	The section 4.5.1
BL410E	BALUN	V22.930	N/A	The section 4.5.2&4.5.3&4.5.4&4.5.5

4.4 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Parameters	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	2.8%
RF output power, conducted	1.28 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	1.30 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	1.84 dB
All emissions, radiated	5.36 dB
Temperature	0.8℃
Humidity	4%

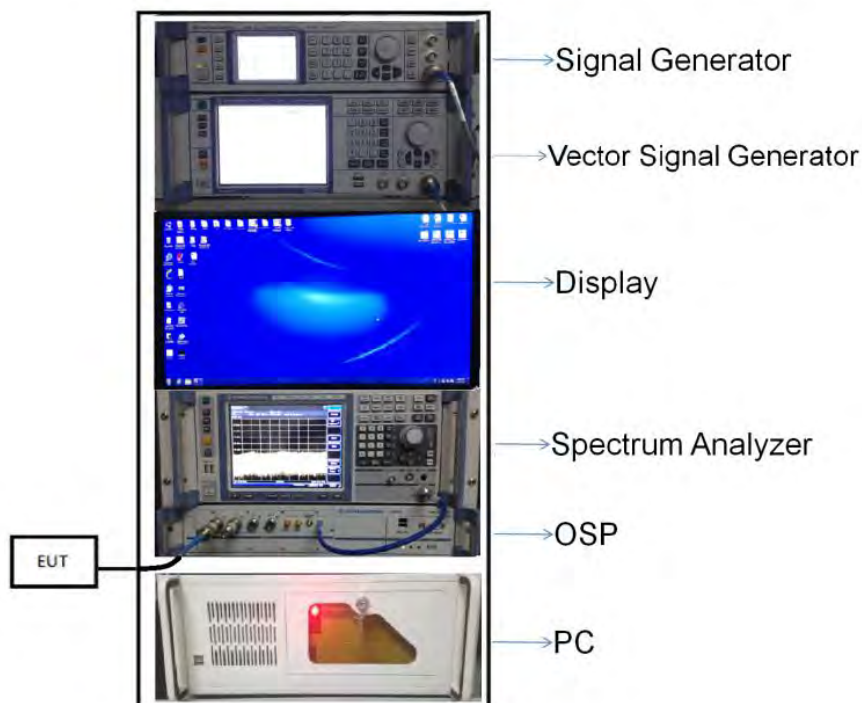
4.5 Description of Test Setup

4.5.1 For Antenna Port Test

Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

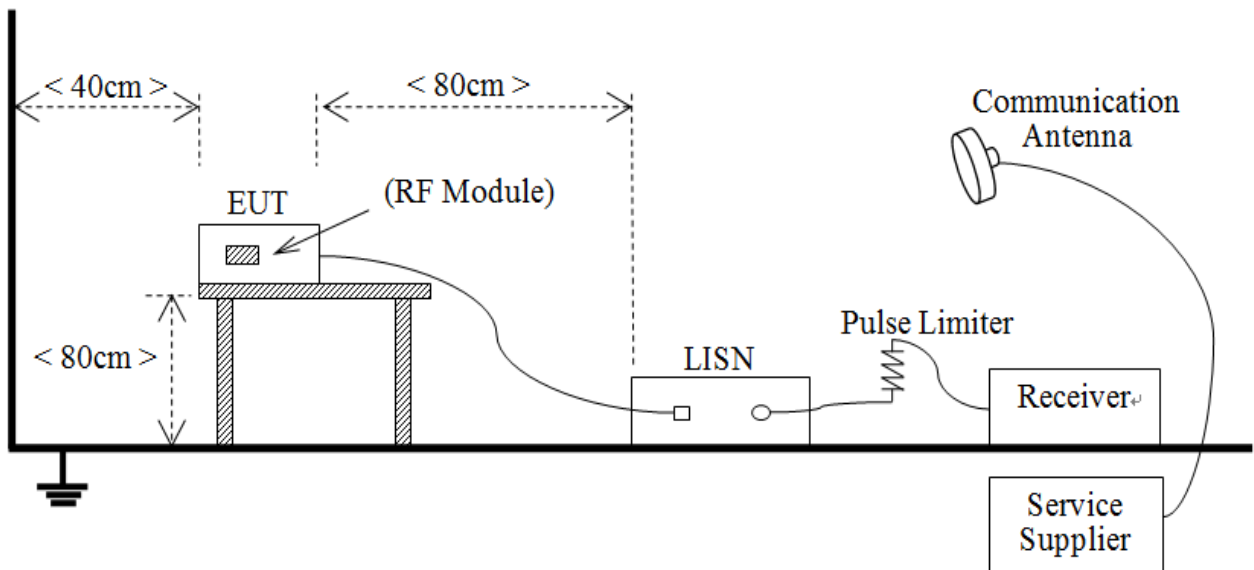
For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5dBm used, then the final result of EUT:

Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



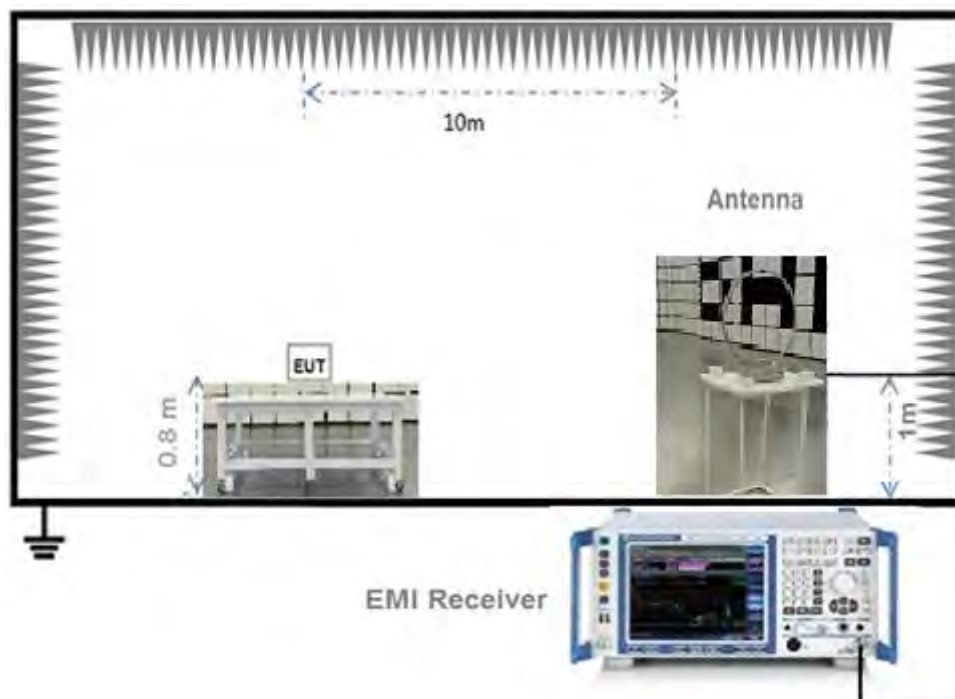
(Diagram 1)

4.5.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



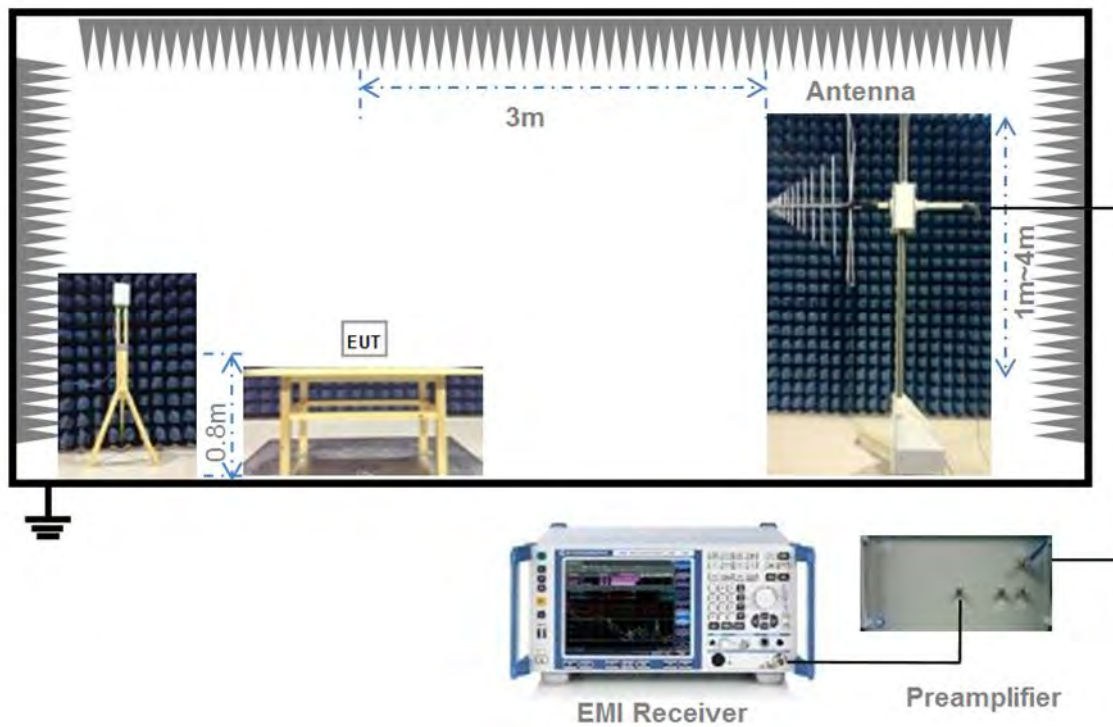
(Diagram 2)

4.5.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



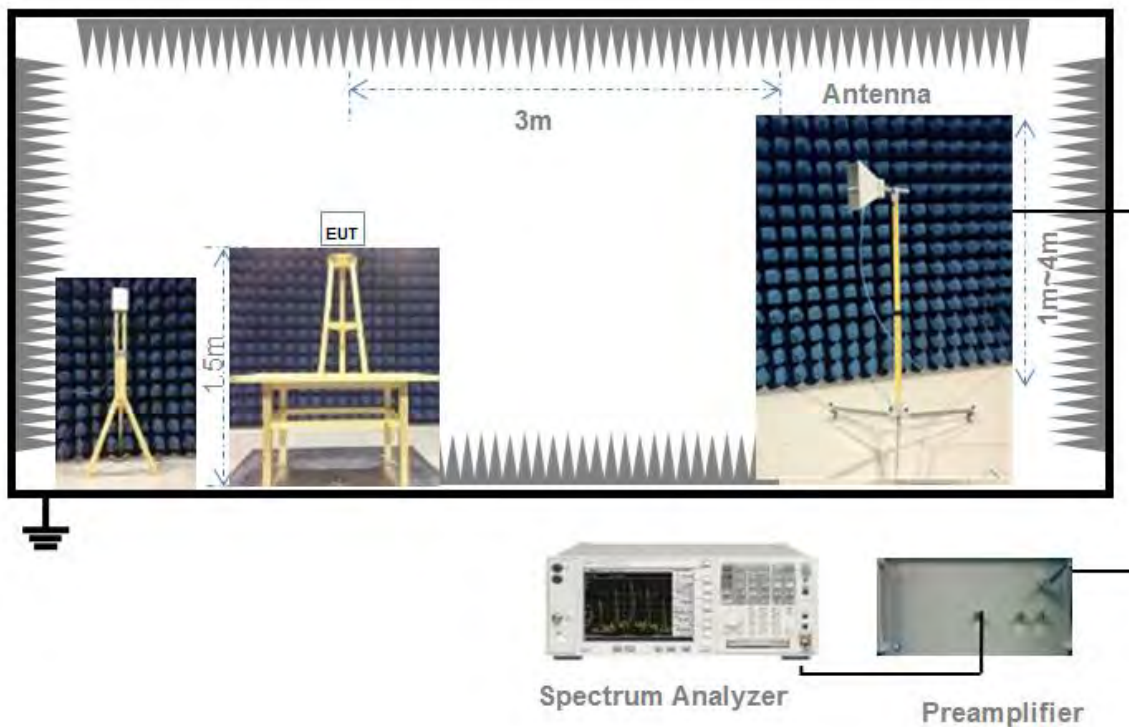
(Diagram 3)

4.5.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

4.5.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)

4.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

4.6.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

4.6.2 For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20\log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB μ V/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

5 TEST ITEMS

5.1 Antenna Requirements

5.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the product.	An embedded-in antenna design is used.

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.

5.2 Output Power

5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX A.

5.2.3 Test Procedure

a) Maximum peak conducted output power

This procedure shall be used when the measurement instrument has available a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth.

Set the $RBW \geq DTS$ bandwidth.

Set $VBW \geq 3 \times RBW$.

Set span $\geq 3 \times RBW$

Sweep time = auto couple.

Detector = peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

b) Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

Set $RBW \geq OBW$ if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set $VBW \geq RBW$. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$ and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 16.7$ microseconds.)

5.2.4 Test Result

Peak Power Test Data

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)		dBm	mW	
	dBm	mW			
Low Channel	5.19	3.30	30	1000	Pass
Middle Channel	6.24	4.20			Pass
High Channel	6.06	4.04			Pass

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)		dBm	mW	
	dBm	mW			
Low Channel	5.54	3.58	30	1000	Pass
Middle Channel	6.59	4.56			Pass
High Channel	6.52	4.48			Pass

Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



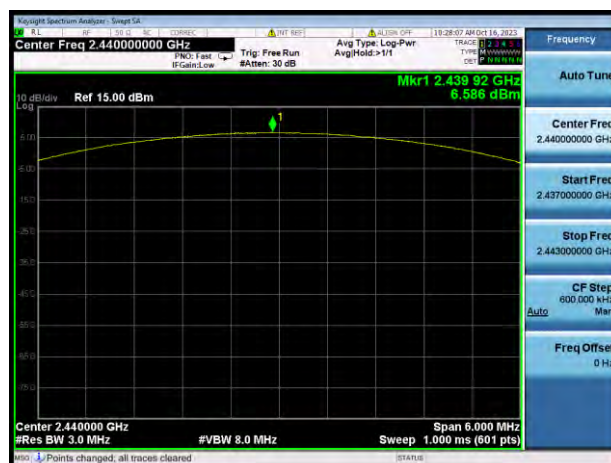
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



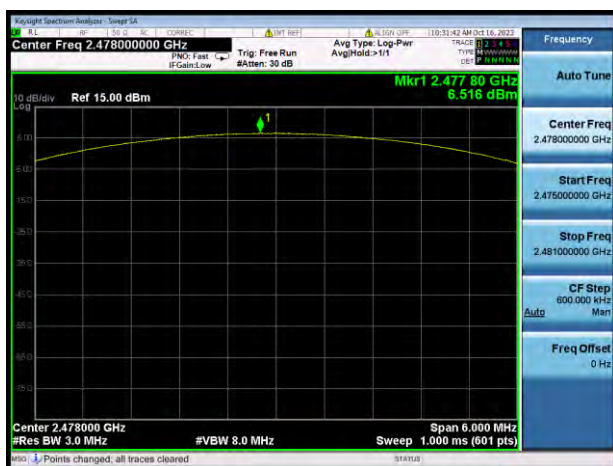
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



Duty Cycle Test Data

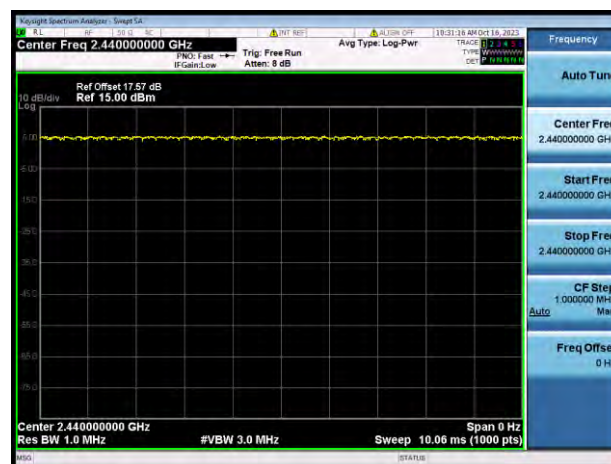
Band	On Time (ms)	On+Off Time (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)	10.06	10.06	100.00%
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)	10.06	10.06	100.00%

Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)



5.3 Occupied Bandwidth

5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX A.

5.3.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

5.3.4 Test Result

Test Data

Test Mode	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)		
Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	99% Bandwidth (kHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low Channel	665.000	1105.200	≥500
Middle Channel	665.000	1110.200	≥500
High Channel	665.000	1102.900	≥500

Test Mode	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)		
Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	99% Bandwidth (kHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low Channel	1250.000	2025.900	≥500
Middle Channel	1260.000	2026.200	≥500
High Channel	1250.000	2012.000	≥500

Test Plots

6 dB Bandwidth

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



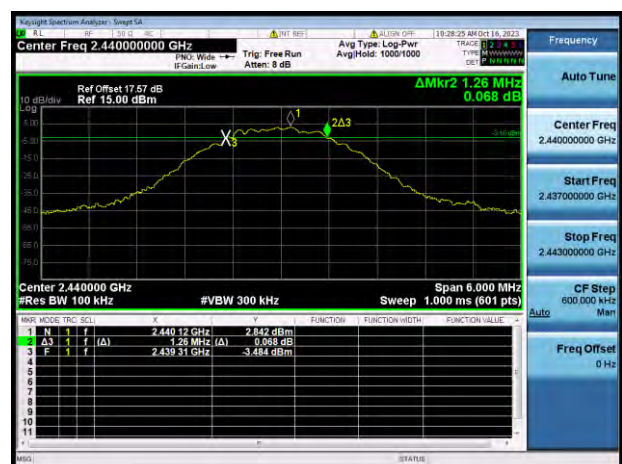
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



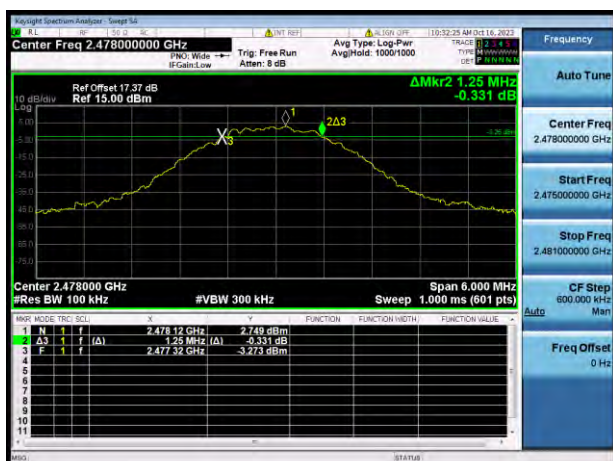
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL

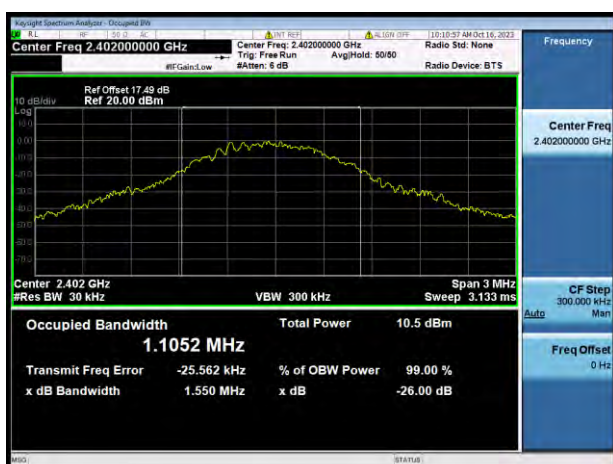


GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



99% Bandwidth

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX A.

5.4.3 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

- a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).
- b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
- c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

Reference level measurement:

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Emission level measurement:

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

5.4.4 Test Result

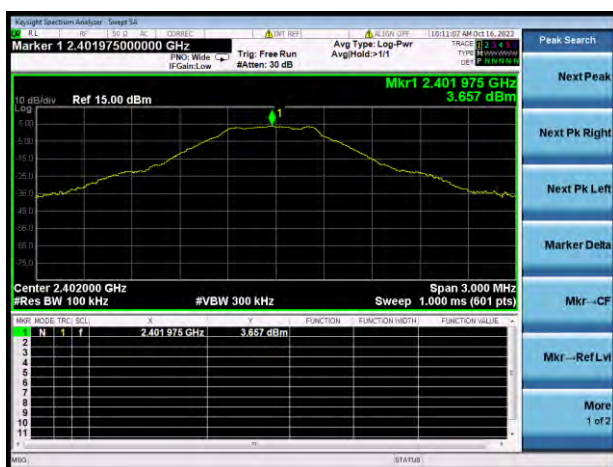
Test Data

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)				
Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-25.08	3.66	-16.34	Pass
Middle Channel	-24.05	4.70	-15.30	Pass
High Channel	-24.72	4.57	-15.43	Pass

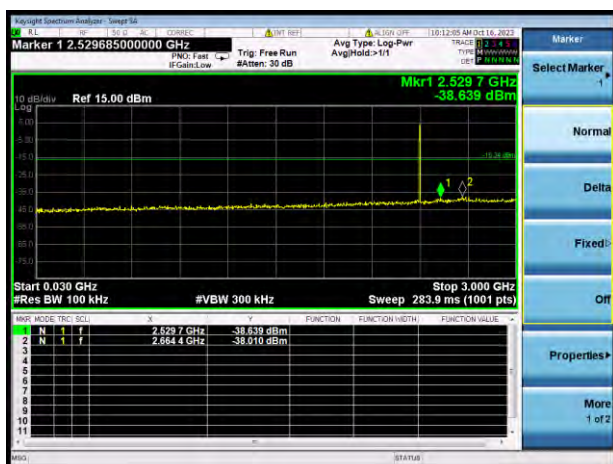
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)				
Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-24.08	1.60	-18.40	Pass
Middle Channel	-24.43	2.72	-17.28	Pass
High Channel	-24.36	2.57	-17.43	Pass

Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



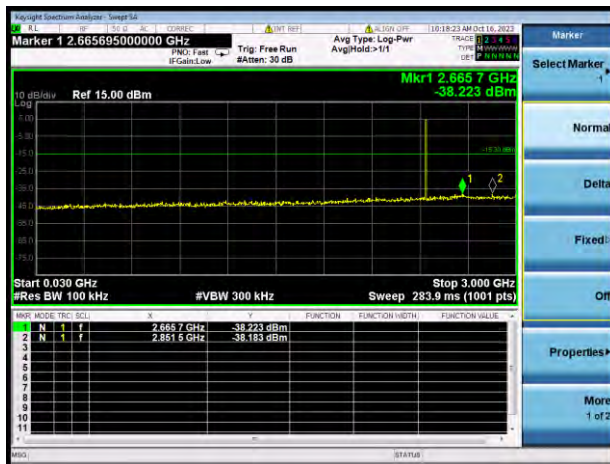
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



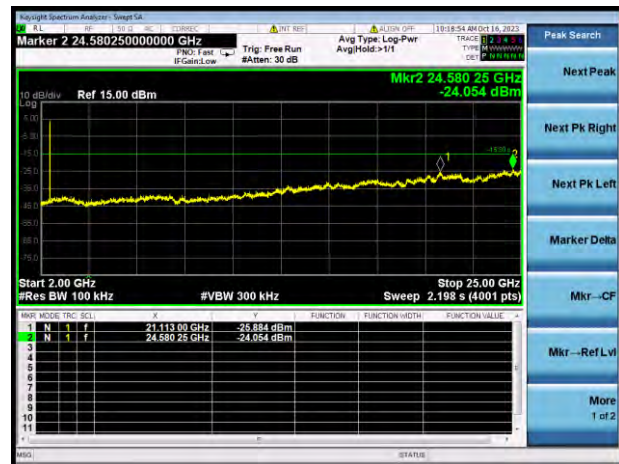
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



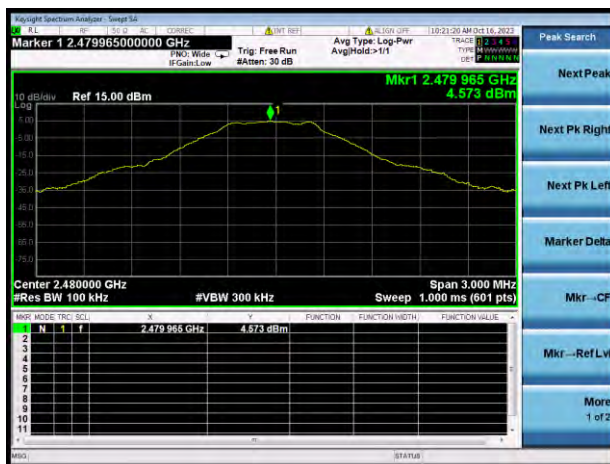
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



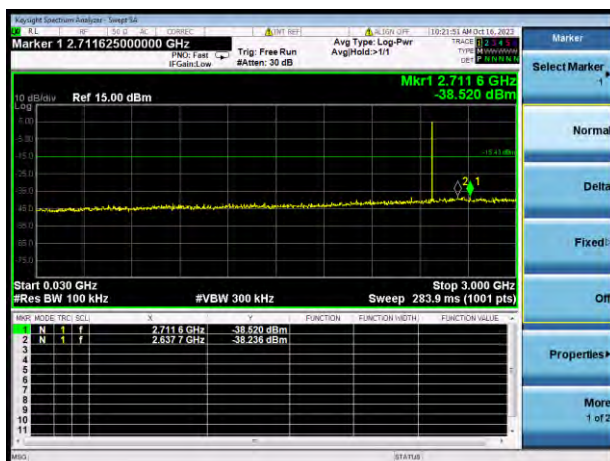
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



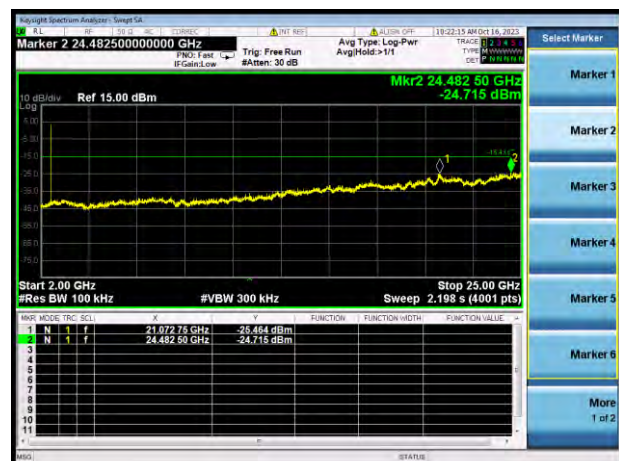
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



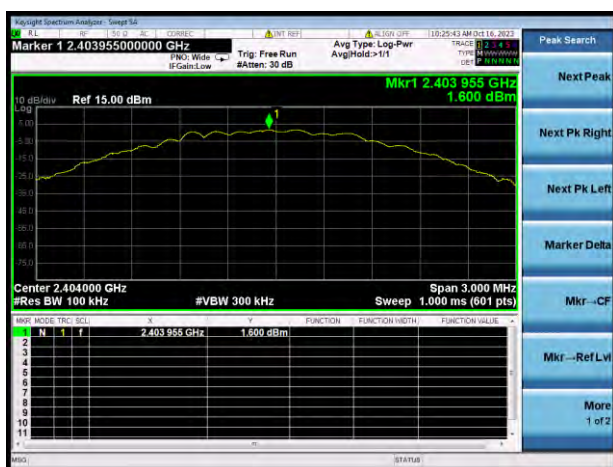
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



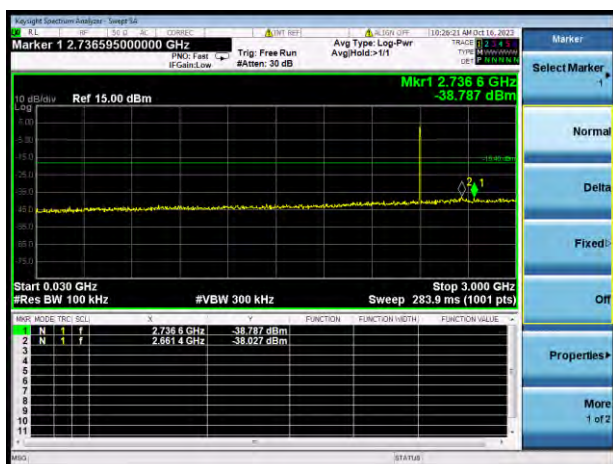
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



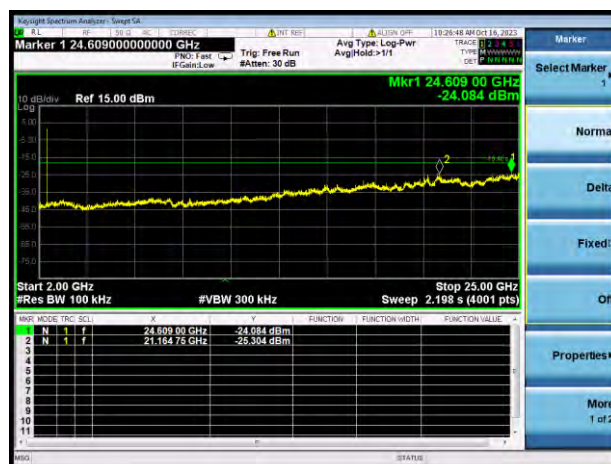
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



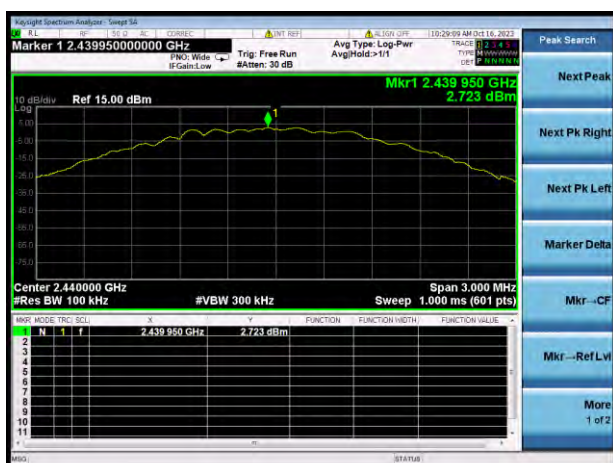
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



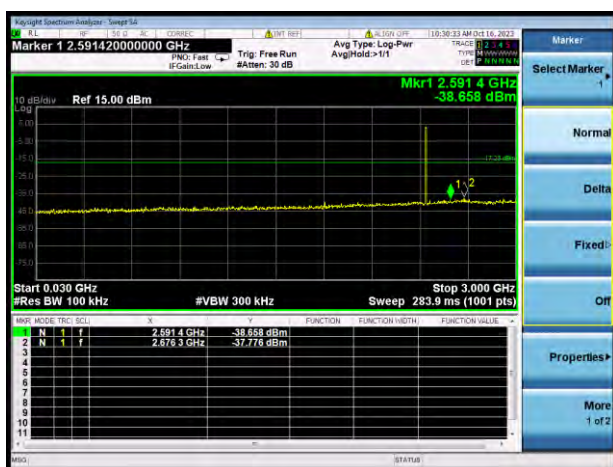
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



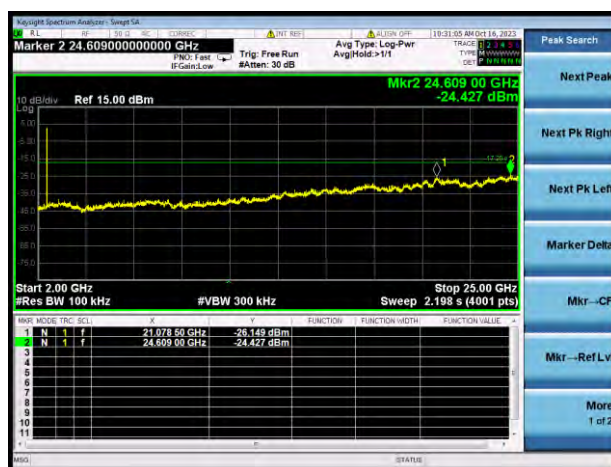
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



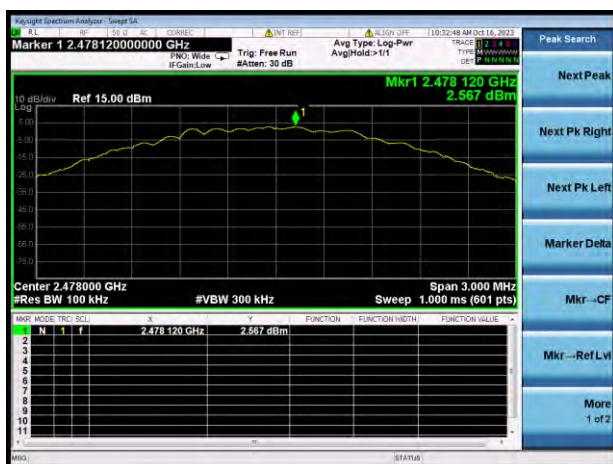
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



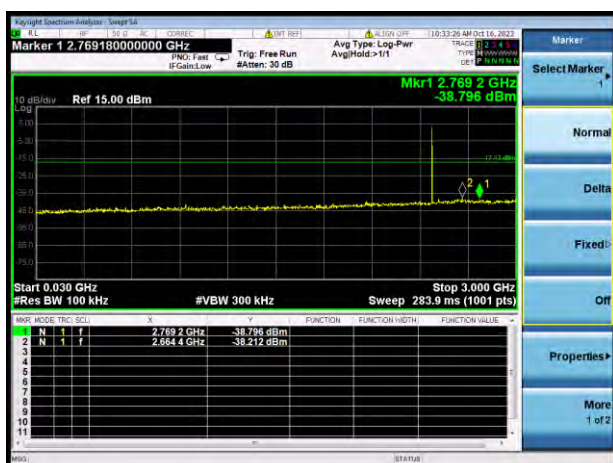
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



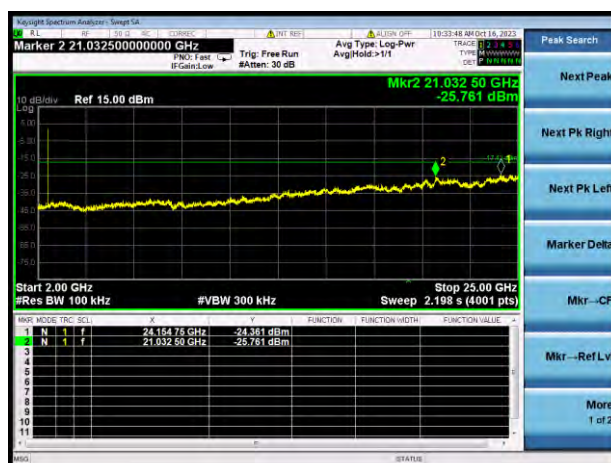
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX A.

5.5.3 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle $\geq 98\%$). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission) ± 0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission ± 0.5 MHz.

5.5.4 Test Result

Note: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

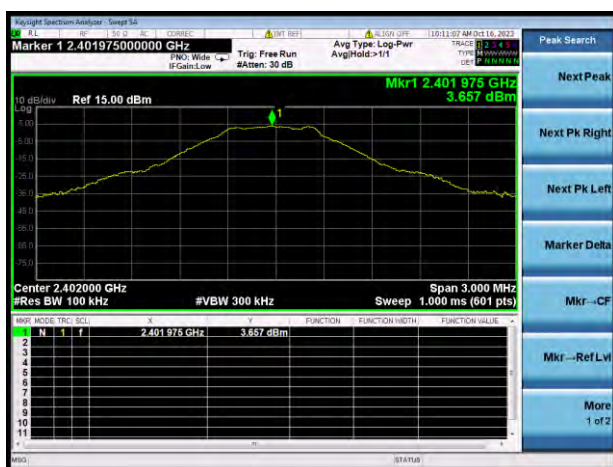
Test Data

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)				
Channel	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-40.04	3.66	-16.34	Pass
High Channel	-46.24	4.57	-15.43	Pass

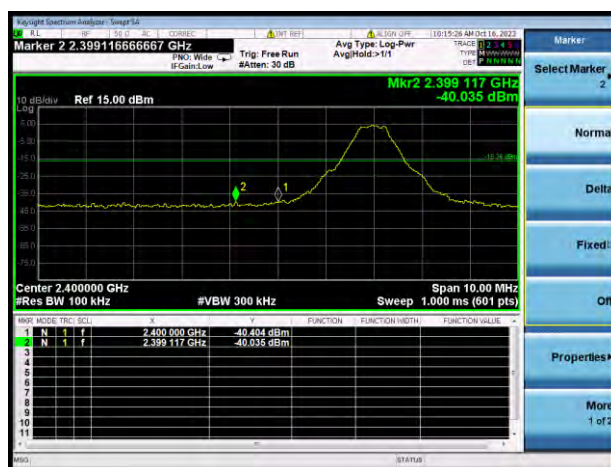
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)				
Channel	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-40.06	1.60	-18.40	Pass
High Channel	-46.60	2.57	-17.43	Pass

Test Plots

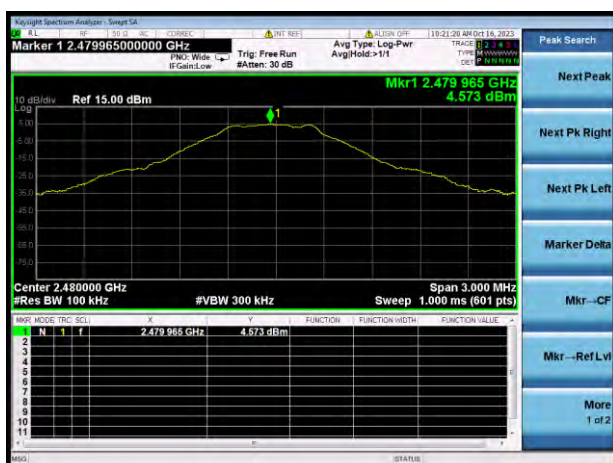
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



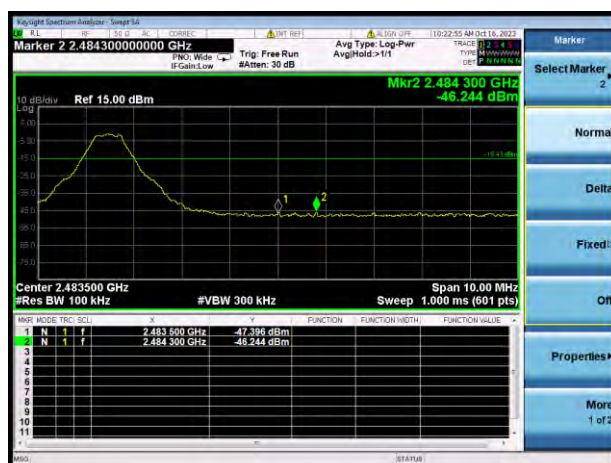
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



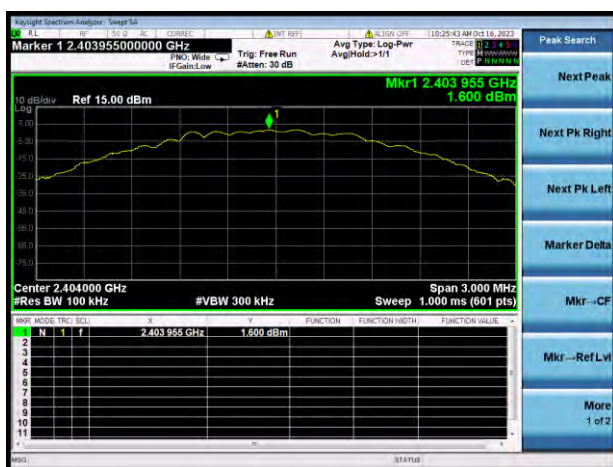
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



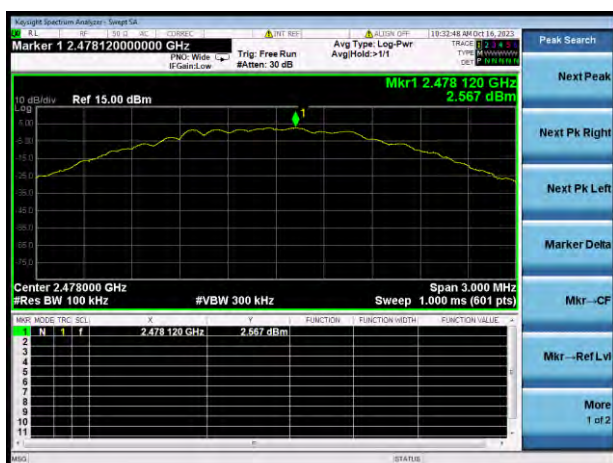
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



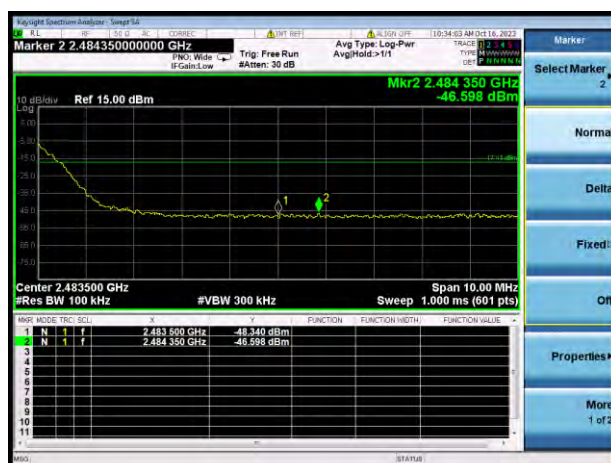
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



5.6 Conducted Emission

5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.207

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dB μ V)	
	Quai-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 - 5	56	46
0.50 - 30	60	50

5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX A.

5.6.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

5.6.4 Test Result

Note ¹: The EUT was tested in connected the host and Bluetooth headset play 1kHz mode.

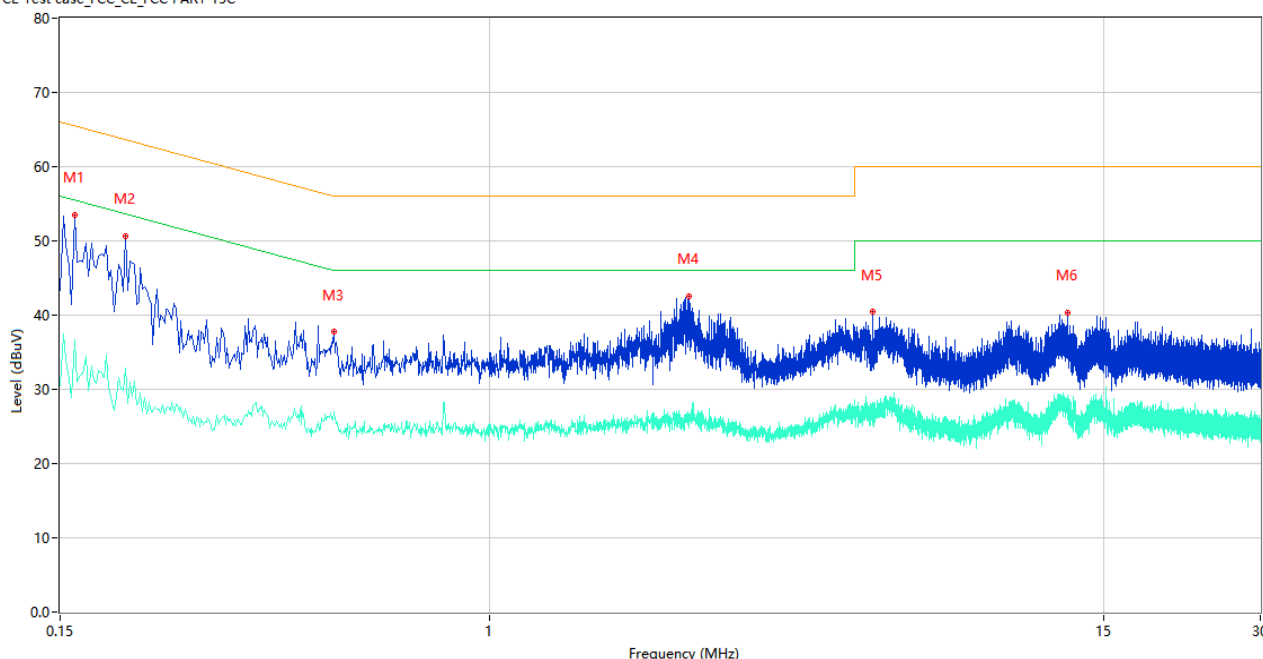
Note ²: Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. So, The configuration 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz were tested respectively, but only the worst configuration (120 VAC, 60 Hz) shown here.

Note ³: Results (dBuV) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

Test Data and Plots

PHASE L

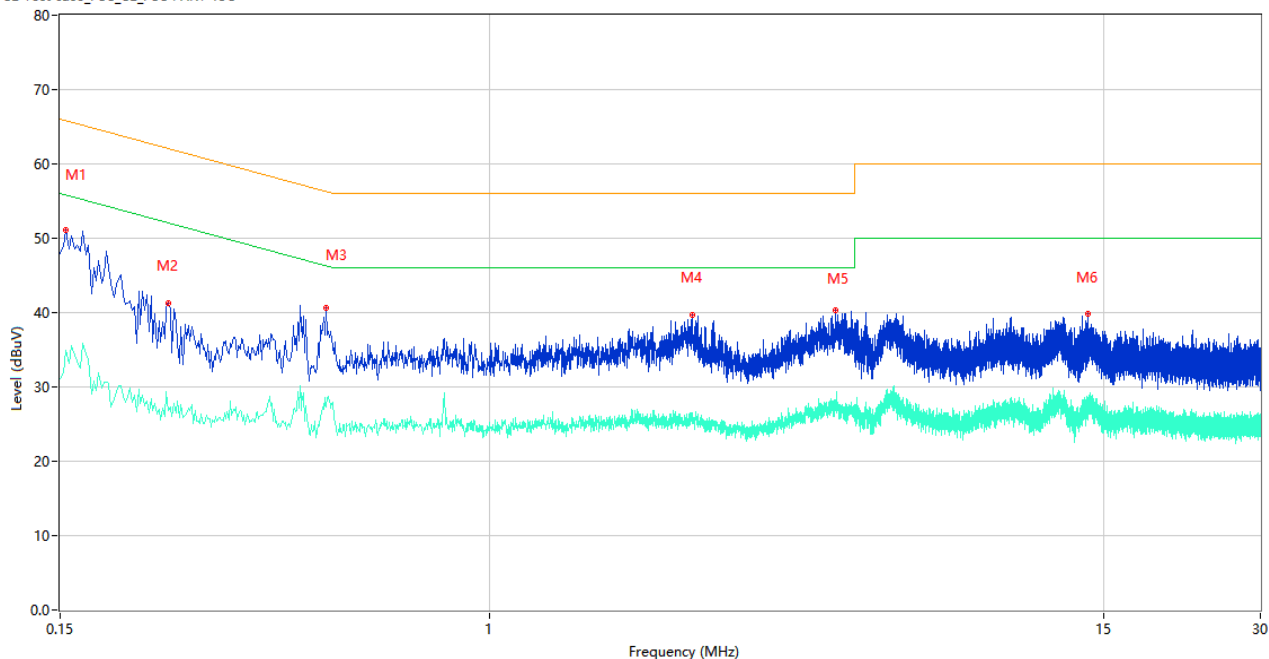
CE Test case_FCC_CE_FCC PART 15C



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.160	53.48	9.78	65.46	11.98	Peak	L	Pass
1**	0.160	36.75	9.78	55.46	18.71	AV	L	Pass
2	0.200	50.70	9.77	63.61	12.91	Peak	L	Pass
2**	0.200	32.80	9.77	53.61	20.81	AV	L	Pass
3	0.502	37.78	9.99	56.00	18.22	Peak	L	Pass
3**	0.502	27.00	9.99	46.00	19.00	AV	L	Pass
4	2.414	42.56	10.26	56.00	13.44	Peak	L	Pass
4**	2.414	26.69	10.26	46.00	19.31	AV	L	Pass
5	5.408	40.40	10.07	60.00	19.60	Peak	L	Pass
5**	5.408	28.04	10.07	50.00	21.96	AV	L	Pass
6	12.812	40.33	10.46	60.00	19.67	Peak	L	Pass
6**	12.812	29.22	10.46	50.00	20.78	AV	L	Pass

PHASE N

CE Test case_FCC_CE_FCC PART 15C



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.154	51.05	9.78	65.78	14.73	Peak	N	Pass
1**	0.154	34.99	9.78	55.78	20.79	AV	N	Pass
2	0.242	41.34	9.77	62.03	20.69	Peak	N	Pass
2**	0.242	26.82	9.77	52.03	25.21	AV	N	Pass
3	0.486	40.56	10.00	56.24	15.68	Peak	N	Pass
3**	0.486	27.34	10.00	46.24	18.90	AV	N	Pass
4	2.442	39.73	10.20	56.00	16.27	Peak	N	Pass
4**	2.442	26.00	10.20	46.00	20.00	AV	N	Pass
5	4.592	40.33	10.58	56.00	15.67	Peak	N	Pass
5**	4.592	27.27	10.58	46.00	18.73	AV	N	Pass
6	14.034	39.83	10.77	60.00	20.17	Peak	N	Pass
6**	14.034	27.69	10.77	50.00	22.31	AV	N	Pass

5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d)

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ($\mu\text{V/m}$)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

1. Field Strength (dB $\mu\text{V/m}$) = $20 \times \log[\text{Field Strength } (\mu\text{V/m})]$.
2. In the emission tables above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
3. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
4. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dB $\mu\text{V/m}$ @3m (AV) and 74dB $\mu\text{V/m}$ @3m (PK).

5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.3 to 4.5.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX A.

5.7.3 Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements

for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands:

- a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
- d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20\log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB μ V/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

- f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.
- g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

Peak power measurement procedure:

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

- a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.
- b) VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Sweep time = auto.
- e) Trace mode = max hold.
- f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction:

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle ≥ 98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

- a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- b) Measure the duty cycle, x , of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.
- c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- d) VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- e) Detector = RMS, if $\text{span}/(\# \text{ of points in sweep}) \leq (\text{RBW}/2)$. Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
 - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
 - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- g) Sweep time = auto.
- h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:

- 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
- 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $20 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
- 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain:

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).

Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

Radiated spurious emission test:

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360° , and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the

Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz

VBW $\geq$ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

5.7.4 Test Result

Note ¹: The symbol of “--” in the table which means not application.

Note ²: For the test data above 1 GHz, according the ANSI C63.4-2014, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

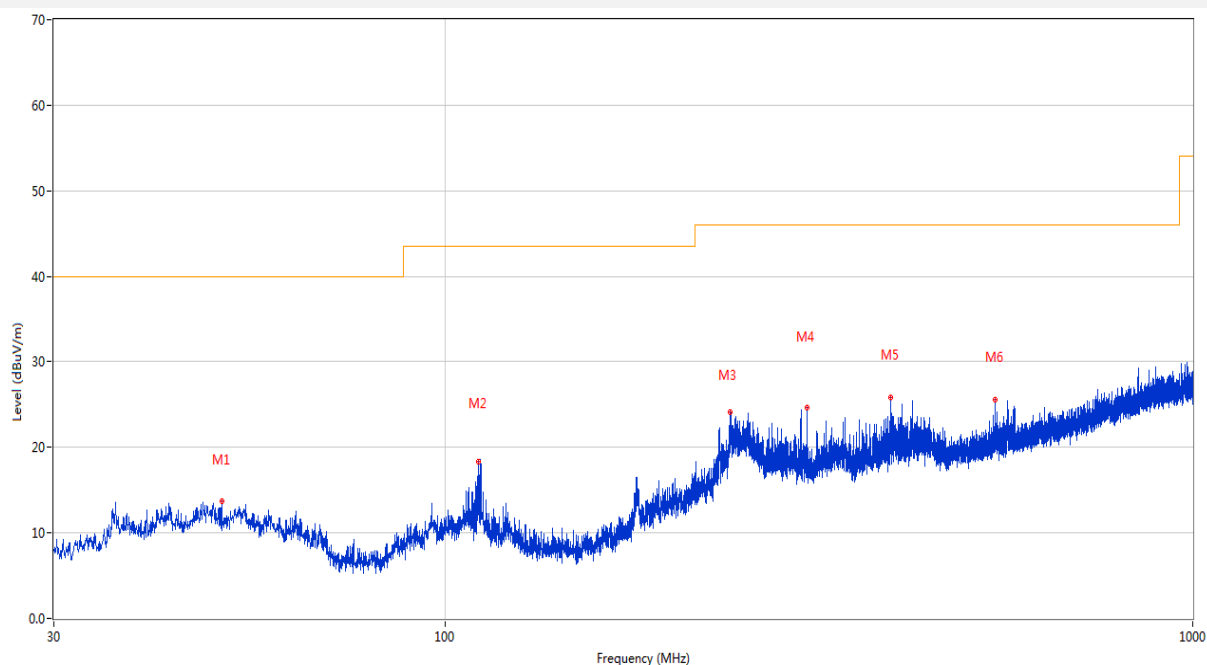
Note ³: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Note ⁴: The EUT was tested in connected the host and Bluetooth headset play 1kHz mode.

Note ⁵: Results (dBuV/m) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV/m) + Factor (dB)

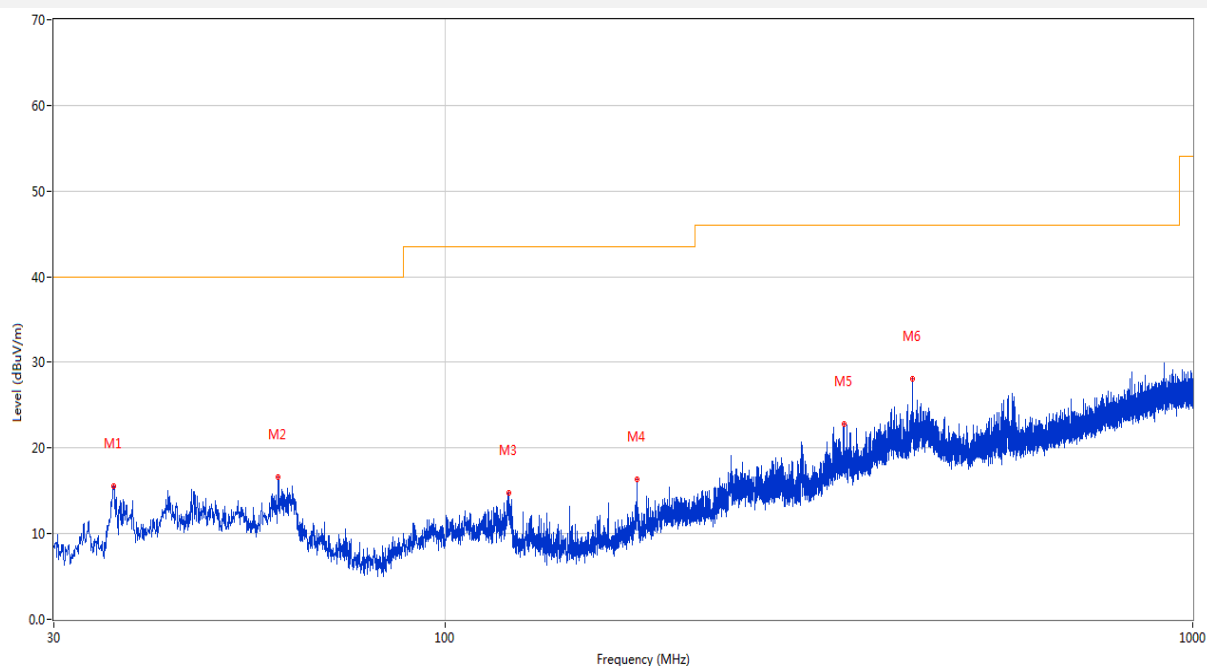
Test Data and Plots

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	50.273	13.65	-22.90	40.0	26.35	Peak	56.80	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	110.801	15.64	-24.52	43.5	27.86	Peak	38.90	200	Horizontal	Pass
3	241.024	24.16	-22.92	46.0	21.84	Peak	253.60	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	305.237	24.65	-21.21	46.0	21.35	Peak	320.40	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	394.041	25.90	-18.88	46.0	20.10	Peak	124.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	543.712	25.53	-15.68	46.0	20.47	Peak	99.50	200	Horizontal	Pass

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V



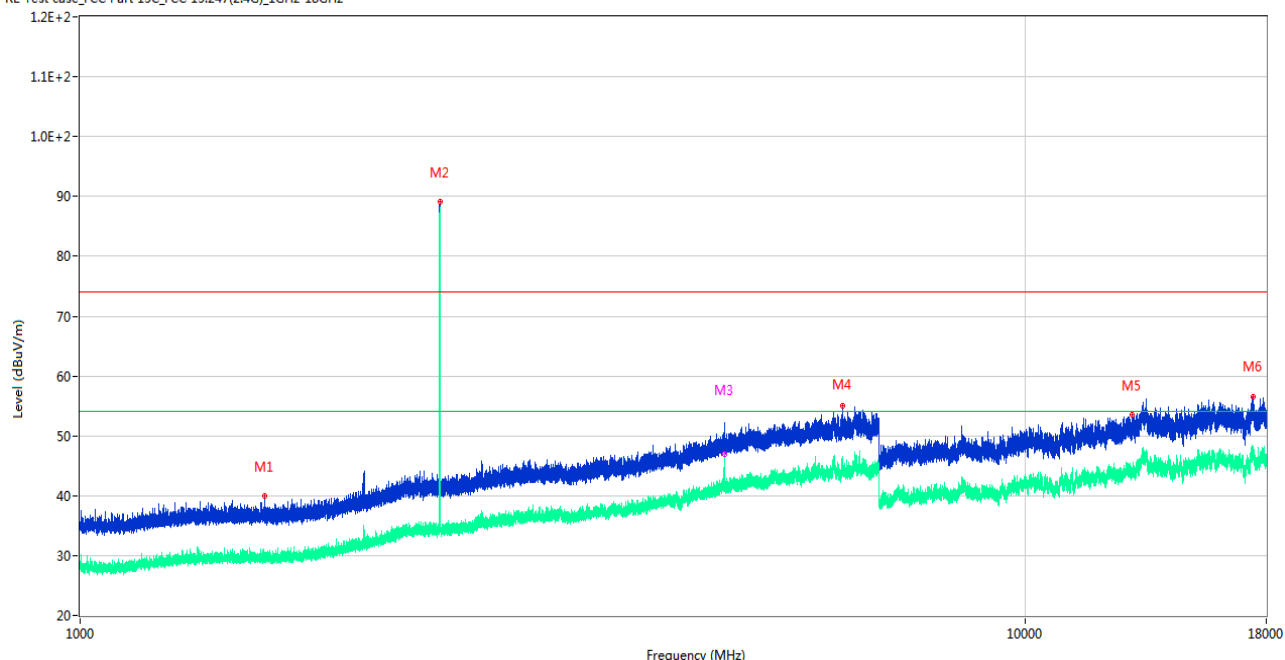
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	36.111	15.54	-24.92	40.0	24.46	Peak	352.50	100	Vertical	Pass
2	59.876	16.66	-23.97	40.0	23.34	Peak	205.60	100	Vertical	Pass
3	121.617	14.77	-25.87	43.5	28.73	Peak	137.10	100	Vertical	Pass
4	180.592	16.39	-25.98	43.5	27.11	Peak	360.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	341.855	22.76	-19.91	46.0	23.24	Peak	191.60	100	Vertical	Pass
6	421.638	28.10	-18.16	46.0	17.90	Peak	317.20	100	Vertical	Pass

Note 1: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

Note 2: The spurious from 18GHz-25GHz is noise only, do not show on the report.

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

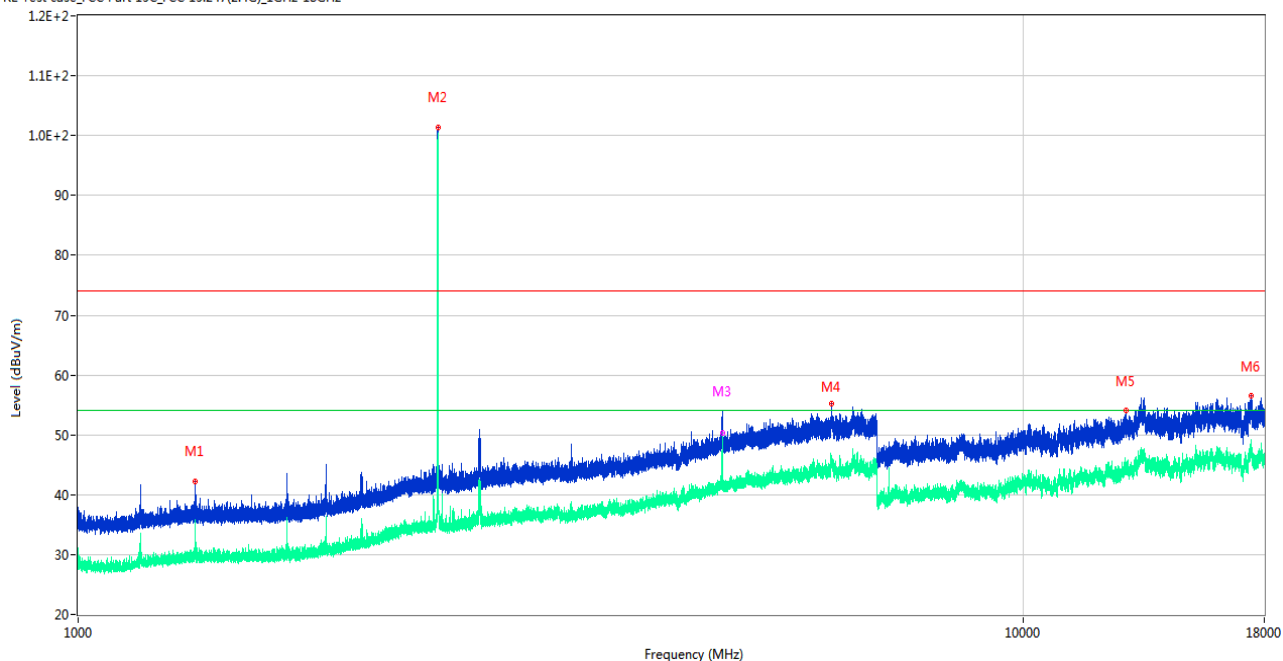
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1569.600	39.93	-17.59	74.0	34.07	Peak	115.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1569.600	29.11	-17.59	54.0	24.89	AV	115.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	2401.800	89.10	-12.49	74.0	-15.10	Peak	103.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2401.800	87.46	-12.49	54.0	-33.46	AV	103.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4804.000	51.10	-3.14	74.0	22.90	Peak	69.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4804.000	46.97	-3.14	54.0	7.03	AV	69.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6405.200	55.00	0.27	74.0	19.00	Peak	81.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6405.200	45.16	0.27	54.0	8.84	AV	81.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	12976.275	53.48	0.94	74.0	20.52	Peak	92.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12976.275	43.78	0.94	54.0	10.22	AV	92.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6	17438.511	56.55	3.09	74.0	17.45	Peak	360.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17438.511	47.14	3.09	54.0	6.86	AV	360.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

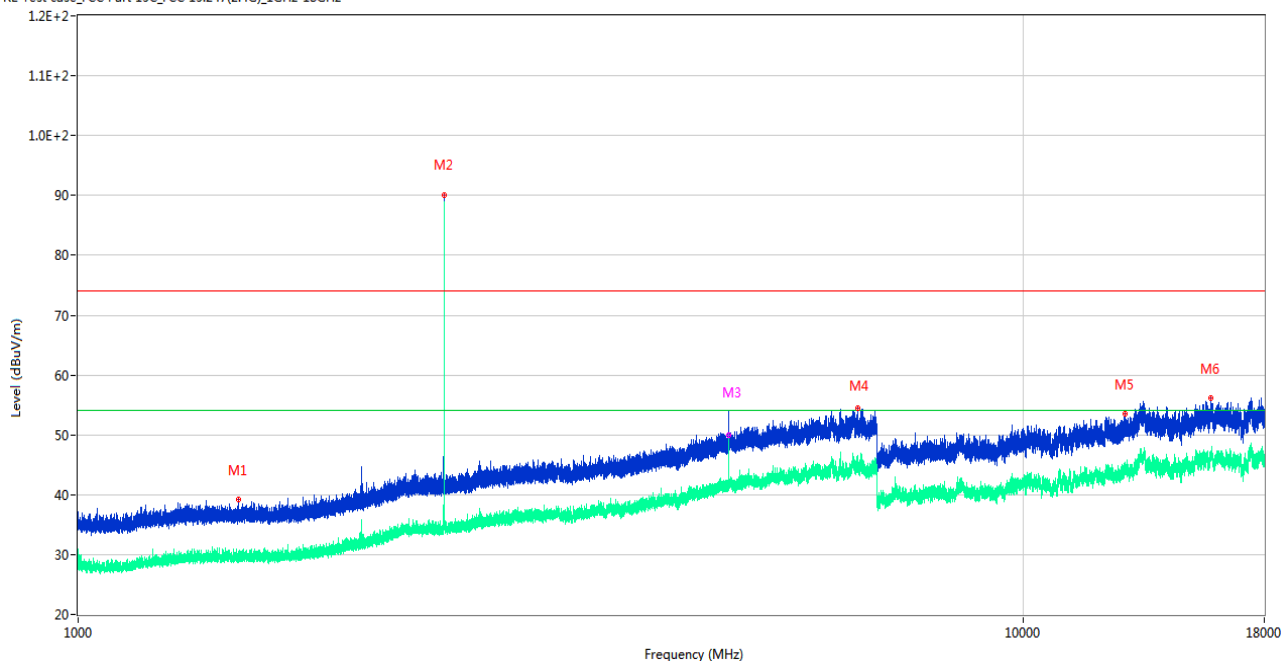
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1329.200	42.23	-17.61	74.0	31.77	Peak	161.00	400	Vertical	Pass
1**	1329.200	30.19	-17.61	54.0	23.81	AV	161.00	400	Vertical	Pass
2	2401.900	101.36	-12.47	74.0	-27.36	Peak	131.00	200	Vertical	N/A
2**	2401.900	100.16	-12.47	54.0	-46.16	AV	131.00	200	Vertical	N/A
3	4804.400	53.74	-3.18	74.0	20.26	Peak	136.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4804.400	50.28	-3.18	54.0	3.72	AV	136.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	6267.000	55.14	0.05	74.0	18.86	Peak	272.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4**	6267.000	45.25	0.05	54.0	8.75	AV	272.00	200	Vertical	Pass
5	12842.138	54.05	1.33	74.0	19.95	Peak	301.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5**	12842.138	44.17	1.33	54.0	9.83	AV	301.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	17426.962	56.48	3.55	74.0	17.52	Peak	161.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6**	17426.962	47.16	3.55	54.0	6.84	AV	161.00	200	Vertical	Pass

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

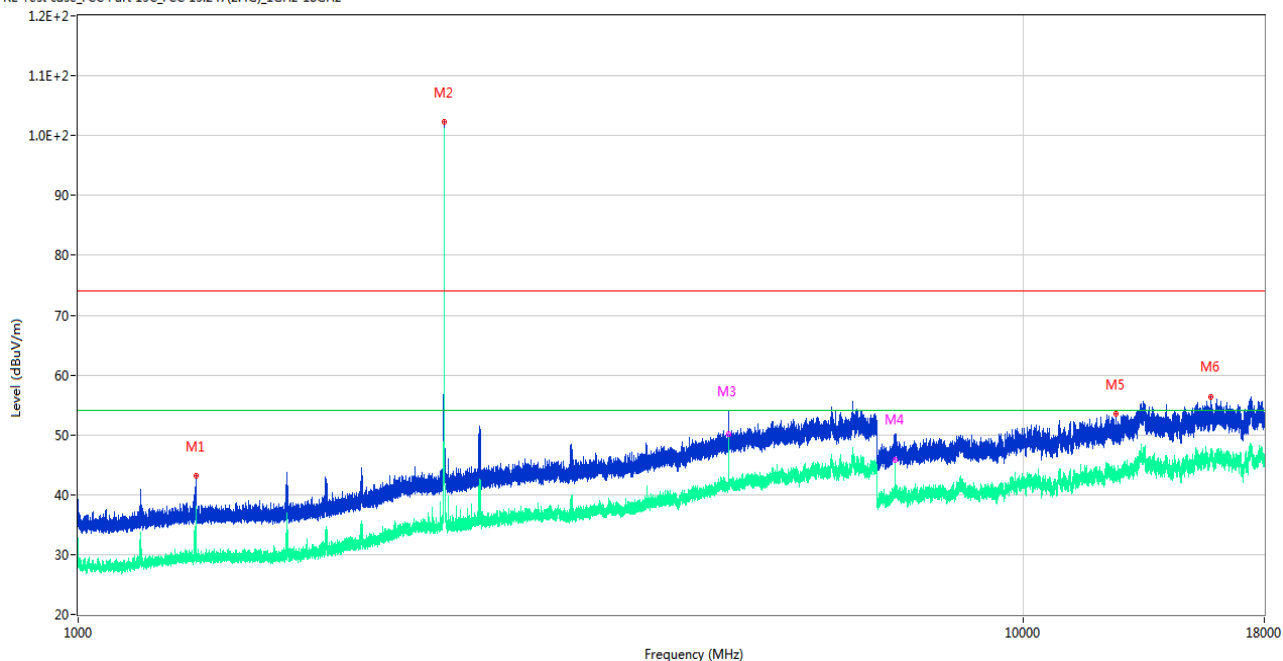
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1478.000	39.14	-17.56	74.0	34.86	Peak	253.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1478.000	29.27	-17.56	54.0	24.73	AV	253.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2439.900	90.08	-12.40	74.0	-16.08	Peak	109.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2439.900	88.56	-12.40	54.0	-34.56	AV	109.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4880.200	53.24	-3.36	74.0	20.76	Peak	44.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4880.200	49.98	-3.36	54.0	4.02	AV	44.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6683.200	54.42	0.12	74.0	19.58	Peak	194.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6683.200	45.31	0.12	54.0	8.69	AV	194.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5	12818.513	53.50	0.89	74.0	20.50	Peak	198.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12818.513	44.26	0.89	54.0	9.74	AV	198.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
6	15793.688	56.09	2.13	74.0	17.91	Peak	113.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
6**	15793.688	45.78	2.13	54.0	8.22	AV	113.00	200	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

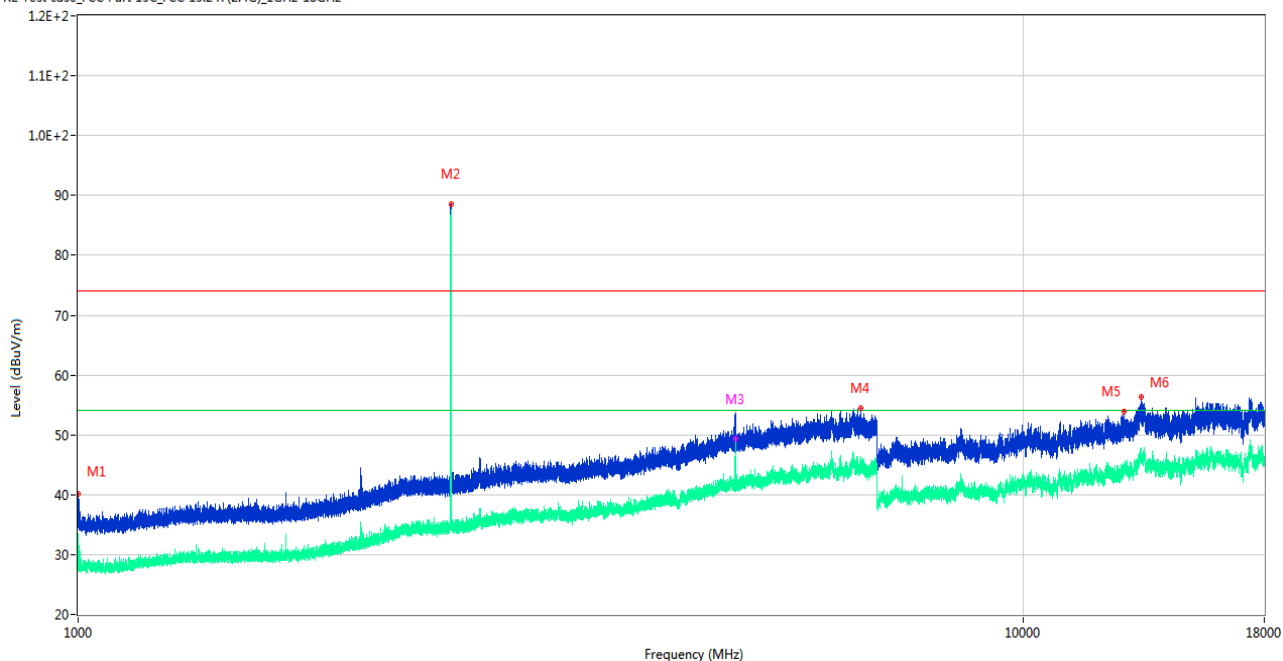
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1332.300	43.10	-17.52	74.0	30.90	Peak	115.00	300	Vertical	Pass
1**	1332.300	31.75	-17.52	54.0	22.25	AV	115.00	300	Vertical	Pass
2	2440.000	102.23	-12.41	74.0	-28.23	Peak	139.00	200	Vertical	N/A
2**	2440.000	101.10	-12.41	54.0	-47.10	AV	139.00	200	Vertical	N/A
3	4880.000	55.24	-3.37	74.0	18.76	Peak	127.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4880.000	50.40	-3.37	54.0	3.60	AV	127.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7321.138	48.77	-3.46	74.0	25.23	Peak	161.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	7321.138	45.73	-3.46	54.0	8.27	AV	161.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	12552.200	53.44	1.51	74.0	20.56	Peak	228.00	200	Vertical	Pass
5**	12552.200	42.25	1.51	54.0	11.75	AV	228.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6	15813.112	56.35	2.10	74.0	17.65	Peak	246.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6**	15813.112	46.29	2.10	54.0	7.71	AV	246.00	300	Vertical	Pass

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

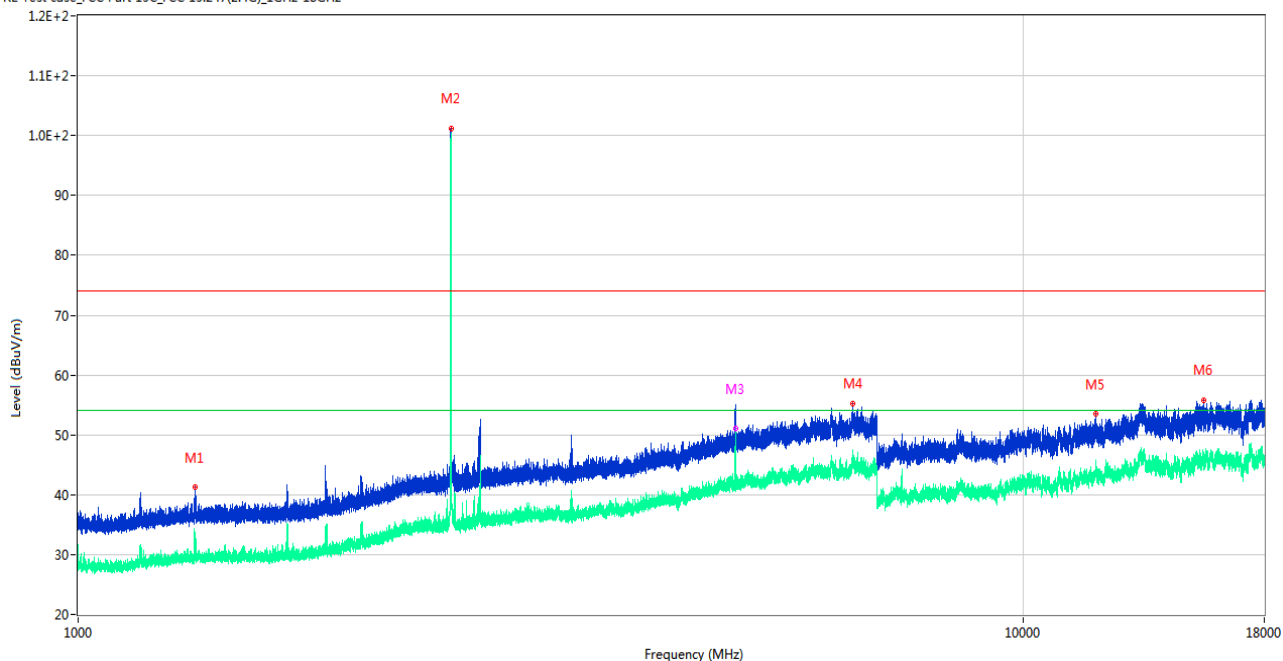
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1000.300	40.06	-18.20	74.0	33.94	Peak	122.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1000.300	31.30	-18.20	54.0	22.70	AV	122.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2479.800	88.56	-12.03	74.0	-14.56	Peak	104.00	200	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2479.800	87.05	-12.03	54.0	-33.05	AV	104.00	200	Horizontal	N/A
3	4960.400	53.58	-2.97	74.0	20.42	Peak	51.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4960.400	49.43	-2.97	54.0	4.57	AV	51.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6742.200	54.44	0.84	74.0	19.56	Peak	360.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6742.200	45.64	0.84	54.0	8.36	AV	360.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	12798.300	53.97	1.12	74.0	20.03	Peak	322.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12798.300	43.83	1.12	54.0	10.17	AV	322.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
6	13336.688	56.33	1.03	74.0	17.67	Peak	360.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6**	13336.688	46.25	1.03	54.0	7.75	AV	360.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

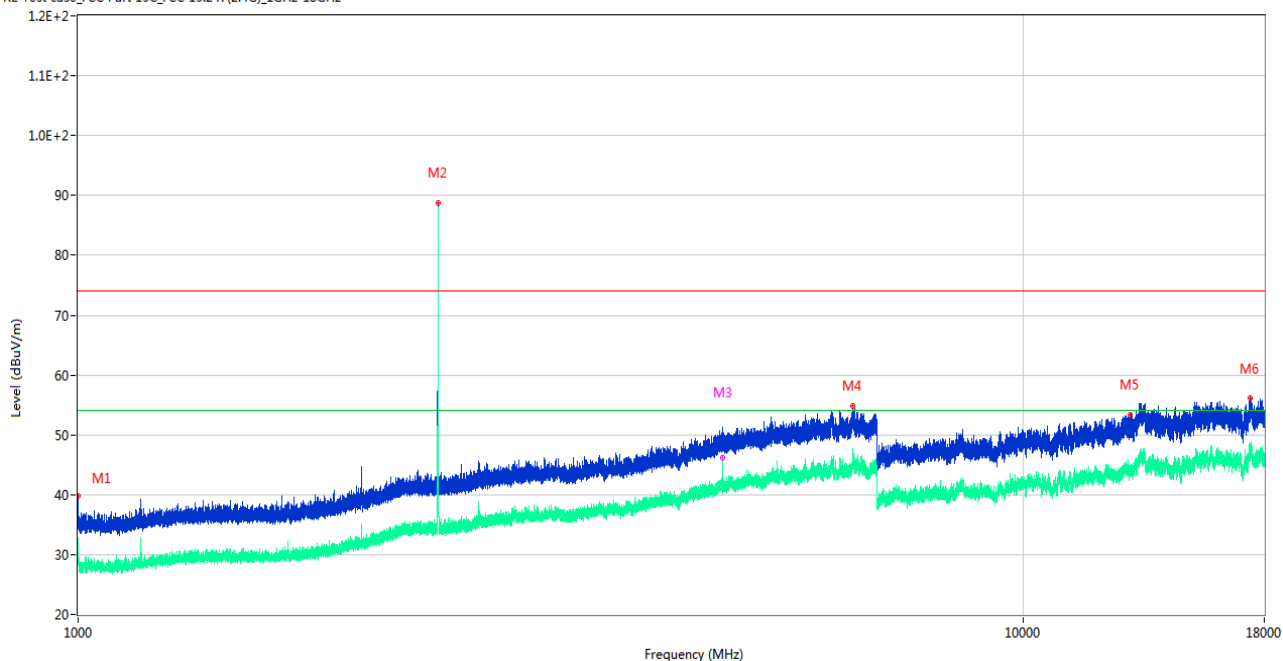
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1329.700	41.22	-17.56	74.0	32.78	Peak	360.00	300	Vertical	Pass
1**	1329.700	30.52	-17.56	54.0	23.48	AV	360.00	300	Vertical	Pass
2	2480.100	101.26	-12.02	74.0	-27.26	Peak	131.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2480.100	100.21	-12.02	54.0	-46.21	AV	131.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4960.000	54.49	-3.00	74.0	19.51	Peak	7.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4960.000	50.89	-3.00	54.0	3.11	AV	7.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	6606.800	55.21	1.47	74.0	18.79	Peak	46.00	400	Vertical	Pass
4**	6606.800	46.67	1.47	54.0	7.33	AV	46.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5	11946.438	53.46	1.50	74.0	20.54	Peak	225.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5**	11946.438	44.17	1.50	54.0	9.83	AV	225.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6	15526.462	55.87	1.31	74.0	18.13	Peak	215.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6**	15526.462	45.73	1.31	54.0	8.27	AV	215.00	400	Vertical	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

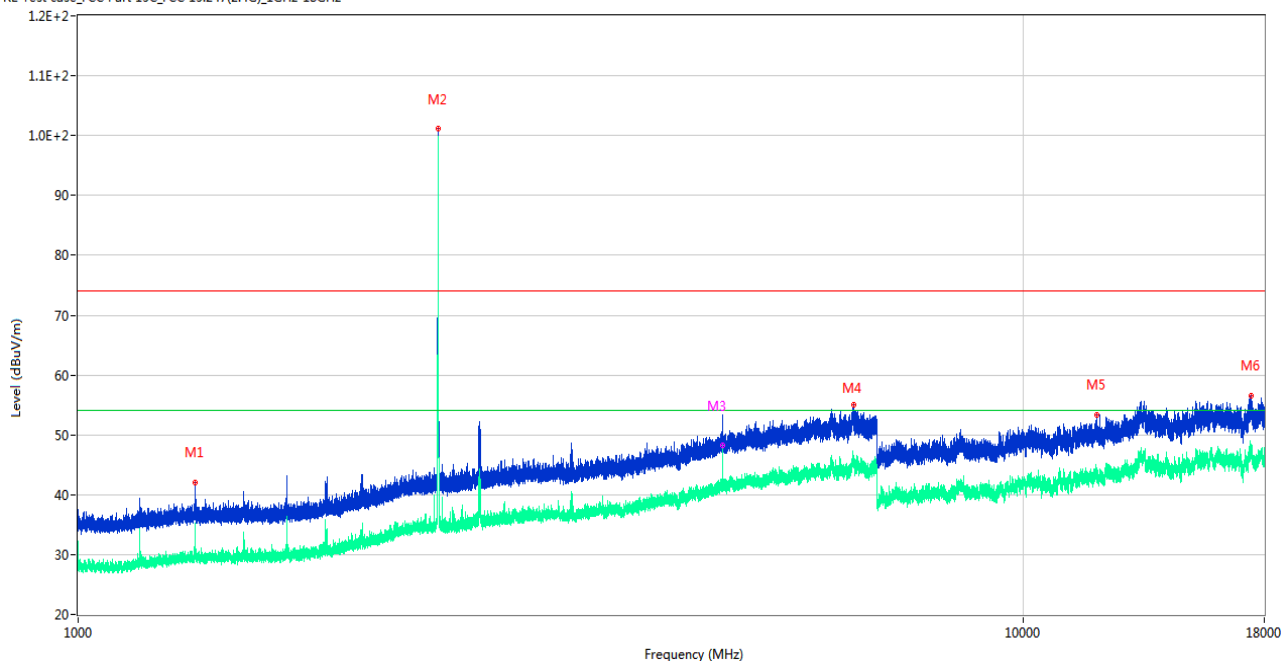
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1000.100	39.77	-18.20	74.0	34.23	Peak	125.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1000.100	31.41	-18.20	54.0	22.59	AV	125.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2	2404.500	88.79	-12.26	74.0	-14.79	Peak	111.00	100	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2404.500	86.26	-12.26	54.0	-32.26	AV	111.00	100	Horizontal	N/A
3	4807.400	50.93	-3.13	74.0	23.07	Peak	46.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4807.400	46.14	-3.13	54.0	7.86	AV	46.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6609.600	54.91	1.55	74.0	19.09	Peak	256.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6609.600	46.30	1.55	54.0	7.70	AV	256.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5	12996.750	53.42	1.28	74.0	20.58	Peak	36.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12996.750	43.79	1.28	54.0	10.21	AV	36.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	17404.125	56.13	3.29	74.0	17.87	Peak	274.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17404.125	47.88	3.29	54.0	6.12	AV	274.00	200	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

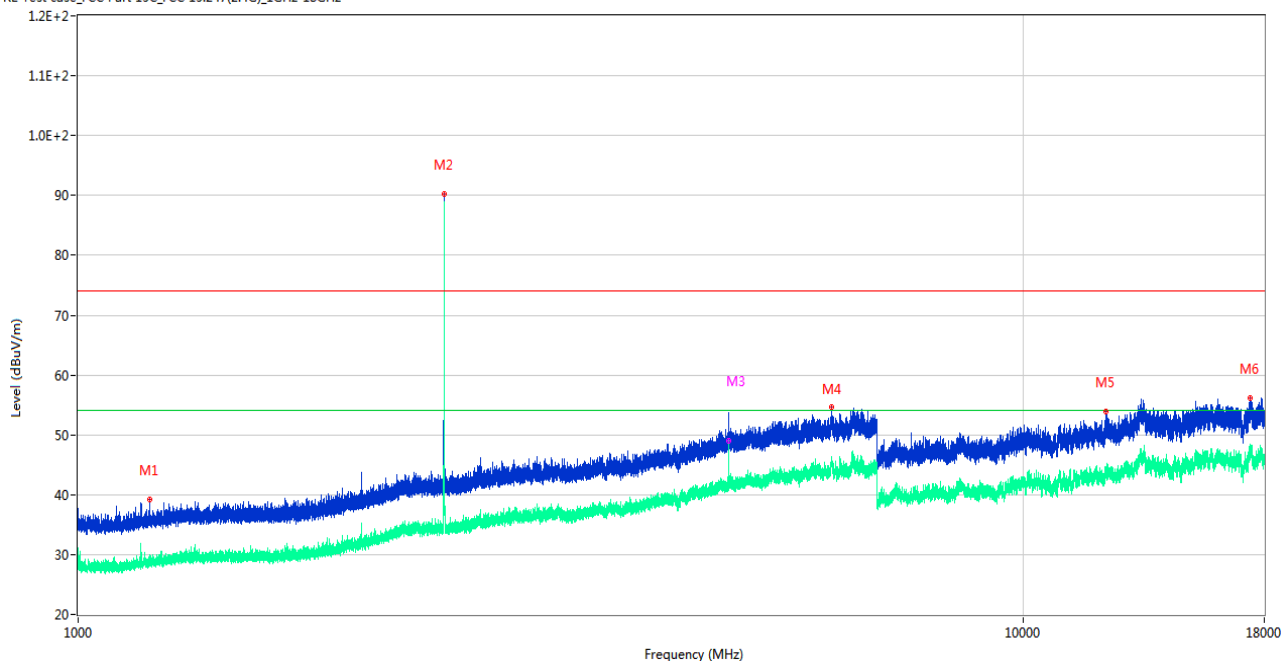
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1330.400	42.13	-17.48	74.0	31.87	Peak	5.00	400	Vertical	Pass
1**	1330.400	31.07	-17.48	54.0	22.93	AV	5.00	400	Vertical	Pass
2	2404.000	101.14	-12.23	74.0	-27.14	Peak	145.00	100	Vertical	N/A
2**	2404.000	99.91	-12.23	54.0	-45.91	AV	145.00	100	Vertical	N/A
3	4809.200	52.69	-3.27	74.0	21.31	Peak	131.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4809.200	48.26	-3.27	54.0	5.74	AV	131.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	6614.400	54.95	1.08	74.0	19.05	Peak	271.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4**	6614.400	45.47	1.08	54.0	8.53	AV	271.00	200	Vertical	Pass
5	11963.400	53.42	0.88	74.0	20.58	Peak	71.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5**	11963.400	43.51	0.88	54.0	10.49	AV	71.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	17430.114	56.60	3.45	74.0	17.40	Peak	48.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6**	17430.114	47.52	3.45	54.0	6.48	AV	48.00	200	Vertical	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

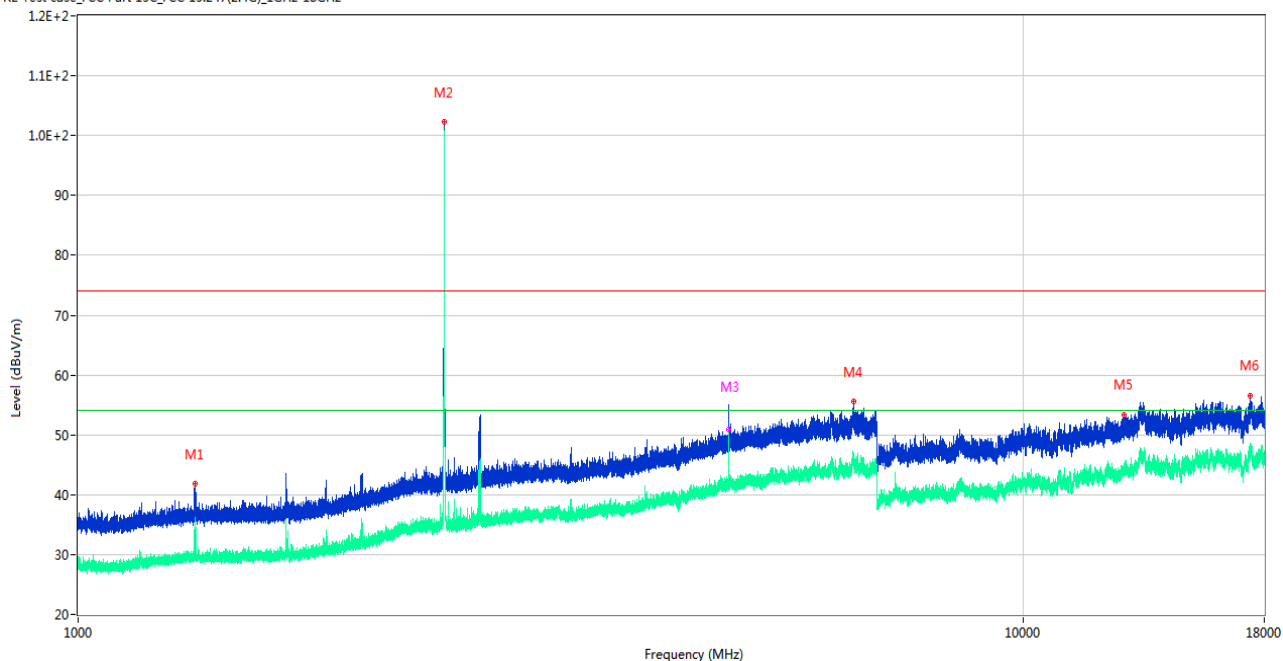
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1189.200	39.18	-18.02	74.0	34.82	Peak	3.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1189.200	29.26	-18.02	54.0	24.74	AV	3.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2	2440.100	90.18	-12.41	74.0	-16.18	Peak	105.00	100	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2440.100	88.56	-12.41	54.0	-34.56	AV	105.00	100	Horizontal	N/A
3	4880.400	53.04	-3.36	74.0	20.96	Peak	41.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4880.400	49.06	-3.36	54.0	4.94	AV	41.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6272.600	54.72	0.57	74.0	19.28	Peak	307.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6272.600	45.93	0.57	54.0	8.07	AV	307.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	12252.049	53.86	0.97	74.0	20.14	Peak	305.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12252.049	43.91	0.97	54.0	10.09	AV	305.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
6	17410.949	56.10	3.48	74.0	17.90	Peak	141.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17410.949	47.41	3.48	54.0	6.59	AV	141.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

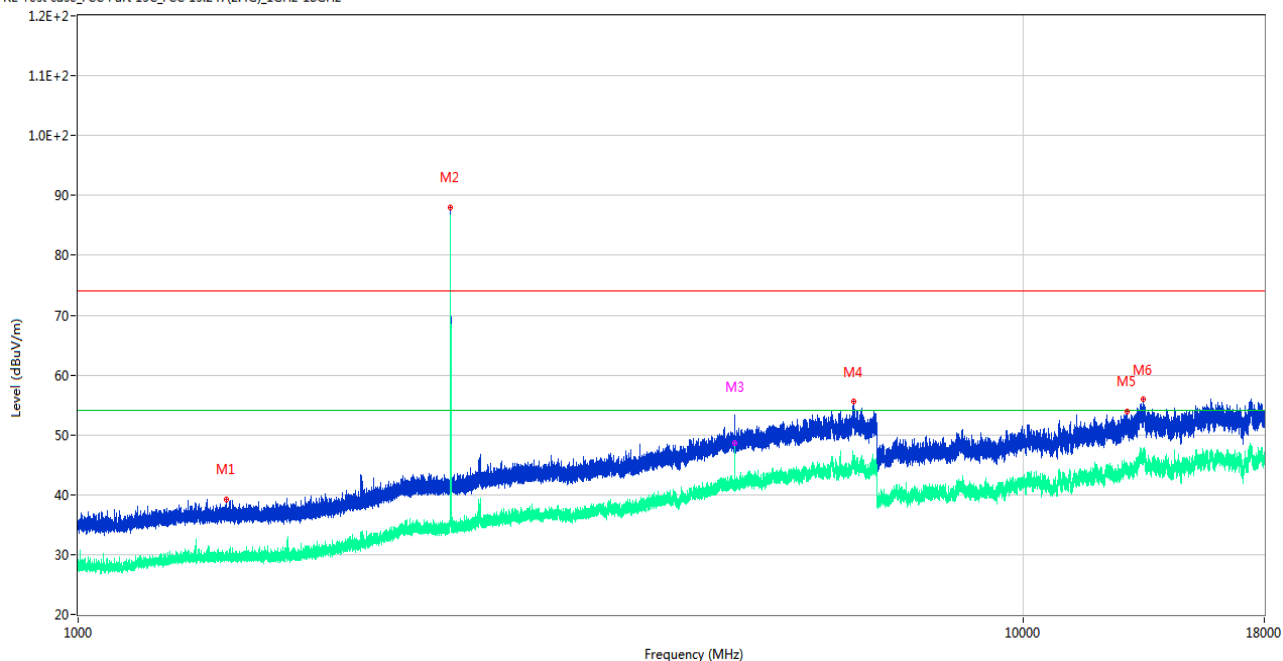
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1329.600	41.81	-17.57	74.0	32.19	Peak	114.00	400	Vertical	Pass
1**	1329.600	32.67	-17.57	54.0	21.33	AV	114.00	400	Vertical	Pass
2	2440.100	102.24	-12.41	74.0	-28.24	Peak	137.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2440.100	100.67	-12.41	54.0	-46.67	AV	137.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4879.200	53.59	-3.38	74.0	20.41	Peak	270.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4879.200	50.89	-3.38	54.0	3.11	AV	270.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	6614.800	55.56	0.99	74.0	18.44	Peak	206.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4**	6614.800	46.14	0.99	54.0	7.86	AV	206.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	12790.950	53.37	1.18	74.0	20.63	Peak	360.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5**	12790.950	44.07	1.18	54.0	9.93	AV	360.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6	17407.537	56.61	3.38	74.0	17.39	Peak	0.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6**	17407.537	47.51	3.38	54.0	6.49	AV	0.00	200	Vertical	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

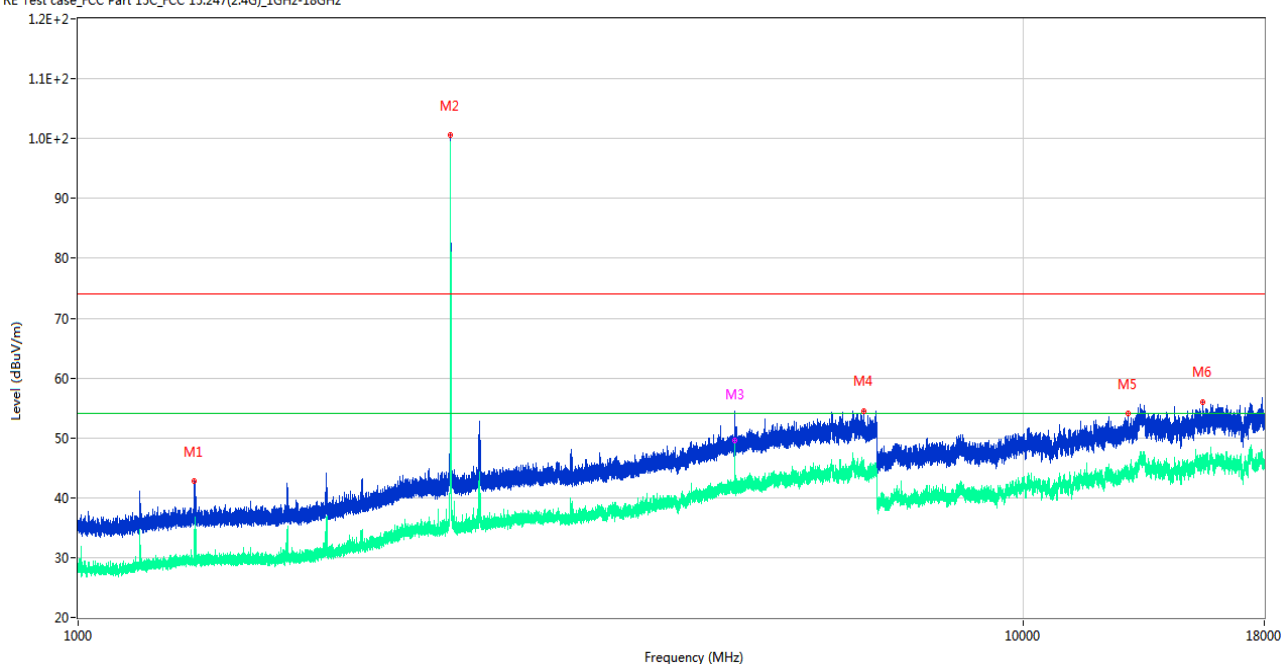
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1435.900	39.24	-17.48	74.0	34.76	Peak	19.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1435.900	29.49	-17.48	54.0	24.51	AV	19.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2	2478.000	88.07	-12.11	74.0	-14.07	Peak	114.00	100	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2478.000	86.73	-12.11	54.0	-32.73	AV	114.00	100	Horizontal	N/A
3	4956.200	52.67	-3.02	74.0	21.33	Peak	41.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4956.200	48.57	-3.02	54.0	5.43	AV	41.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6613.200	55.56	1.32	74.0	18.44	Peak	326.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6613.200	46.09	1.32	54.0	7.91	AV	326.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	12884.138	53.90	1.56	74.0	20.10	Peak	78.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12884.138	44.61	1.56	54.0	9.39	AV	78.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
6	13404.937	55.91	0.55	74.0	18.09	Peak	17.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
6**	13404.937	45.90	0.55	54.0	8.10	AV	17.00	400	Horizontal	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC 15.247(2.4G)_1GHz-18GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1328.200	42.76	-17.68	74.0	31.24	Peak	8.00	300	Vertical	Pass
1**	1328.200	34.71	-17.68	54.0	19.29	AV	8.00	300	Vertical	Pass
2	2478.000	100.55	-12.11	74.0	-26.55	Peak	139.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2478.000	99.05	-12.11	54.0	-45.05	AV	139.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4955.600	53.89	-3.09	74.0	20.11	Peak	180.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4955.600	49.47	-3.09	54.0	4.53	AV	180.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	6776.800	54.51	0.32	74.0	19.49	Peak	329.00	400	Vertical	Pass
4**	6776.800	45.55	0.32	54.0	8.45	AV	329.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5	12907.500	54.06	1.41	74.0	19.94	Peak	291.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5**	12907.500	43.69	1.41	54.0	10.31	AV	291.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6	15502.050	56.03	1.21	74.0	17.97	Peak	32.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6**	15502.050	46.10	1.21	54.0	7.90	AV	32.00	300	Vertical	Pass

5.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d)

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.3 to 4.5.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX A.

5.8.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz

VBW $\geq$ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

For transmitters operating above 1 GHz repeat the measurement with an average detector.

5.8.4 Test Result

Note ¹: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

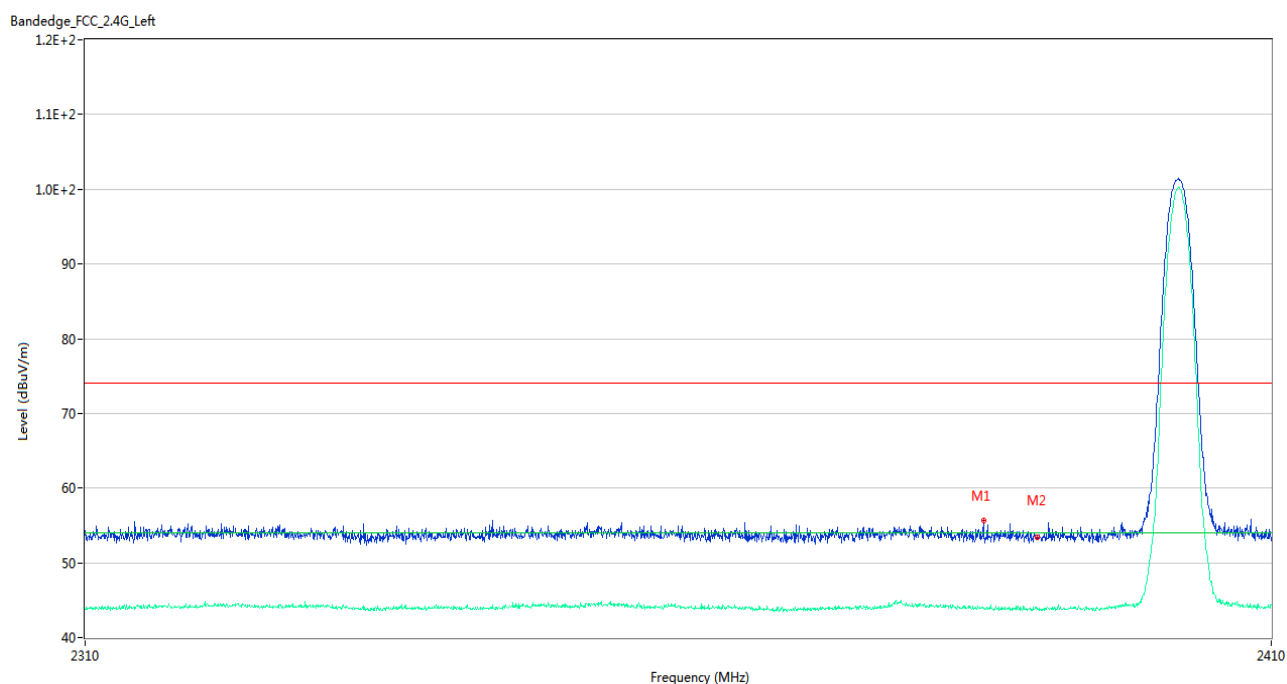
Note ²: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

Note ³: According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note ⁴: The Level (dBuV/m) has been corrected by factor.

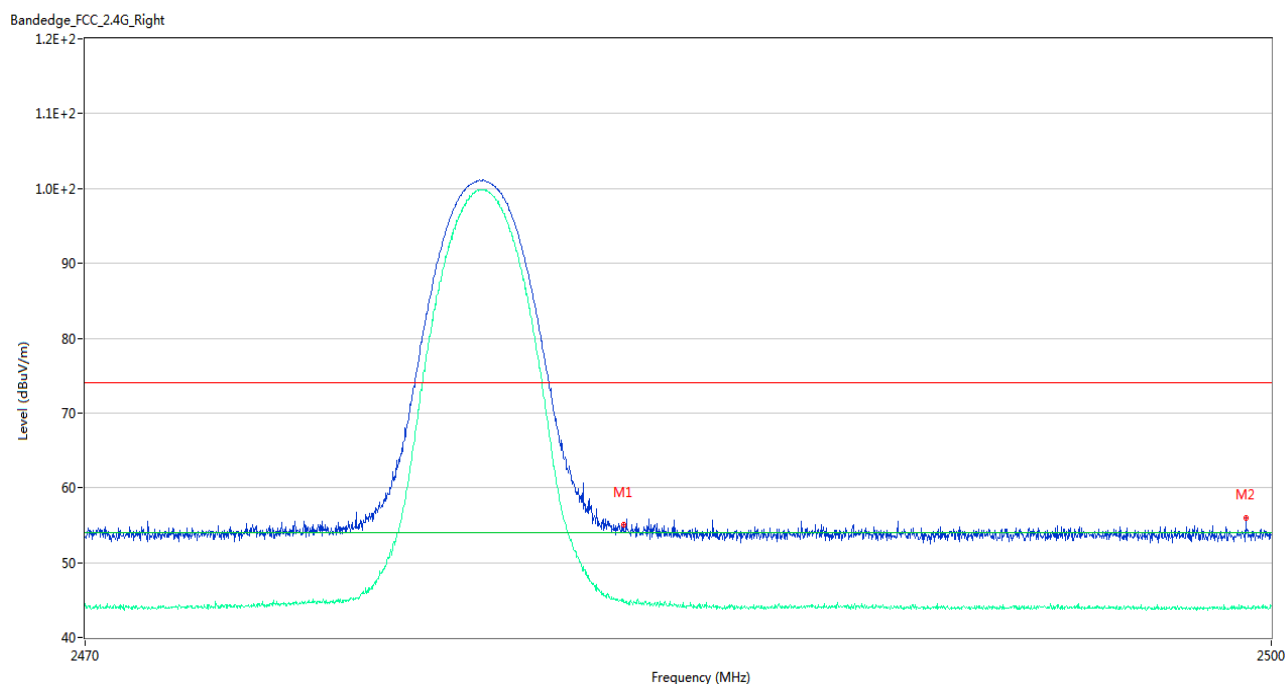
Test Data and Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



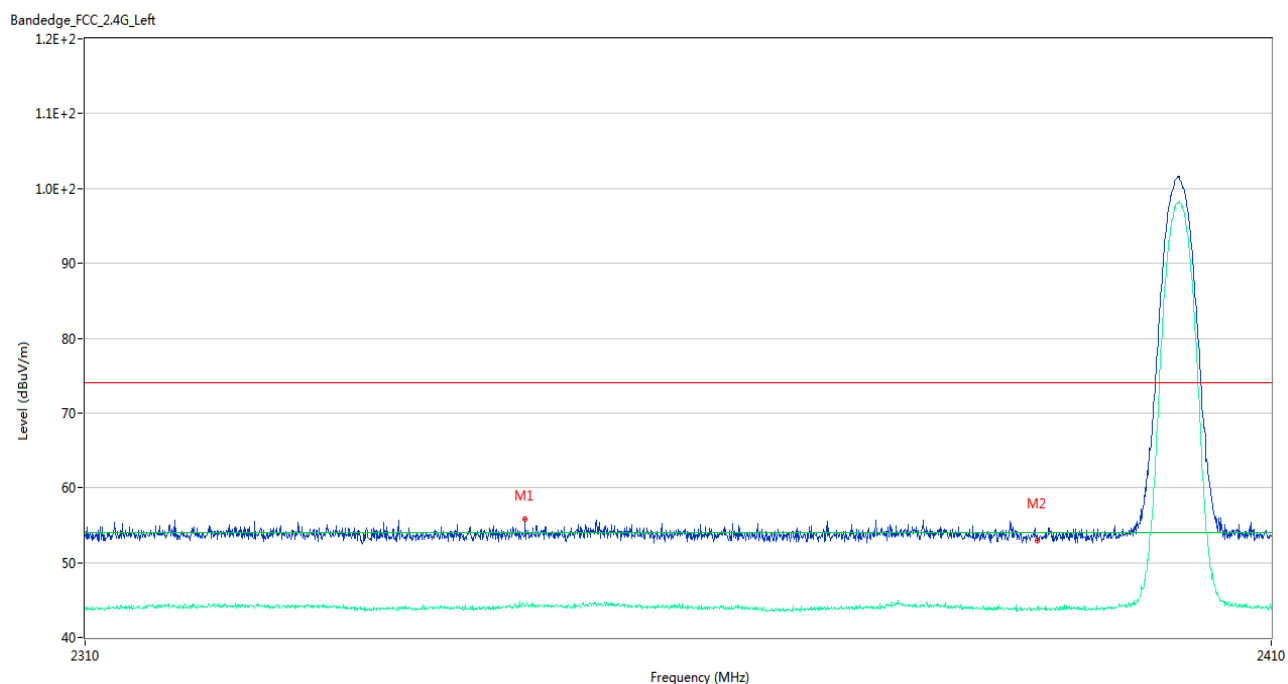
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2385.350	55.71	-0.73	74.0	18.29	Peak	180.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	2385.350	43.89	-0.73	54.0	10.11	AV	180.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2389.950	53.40	-0.59	74.0	20.60	Peak	336.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2**	2389.950	43.88	-0.59	54.0	10.12	AV	336.00	200	Vertical	Pass

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



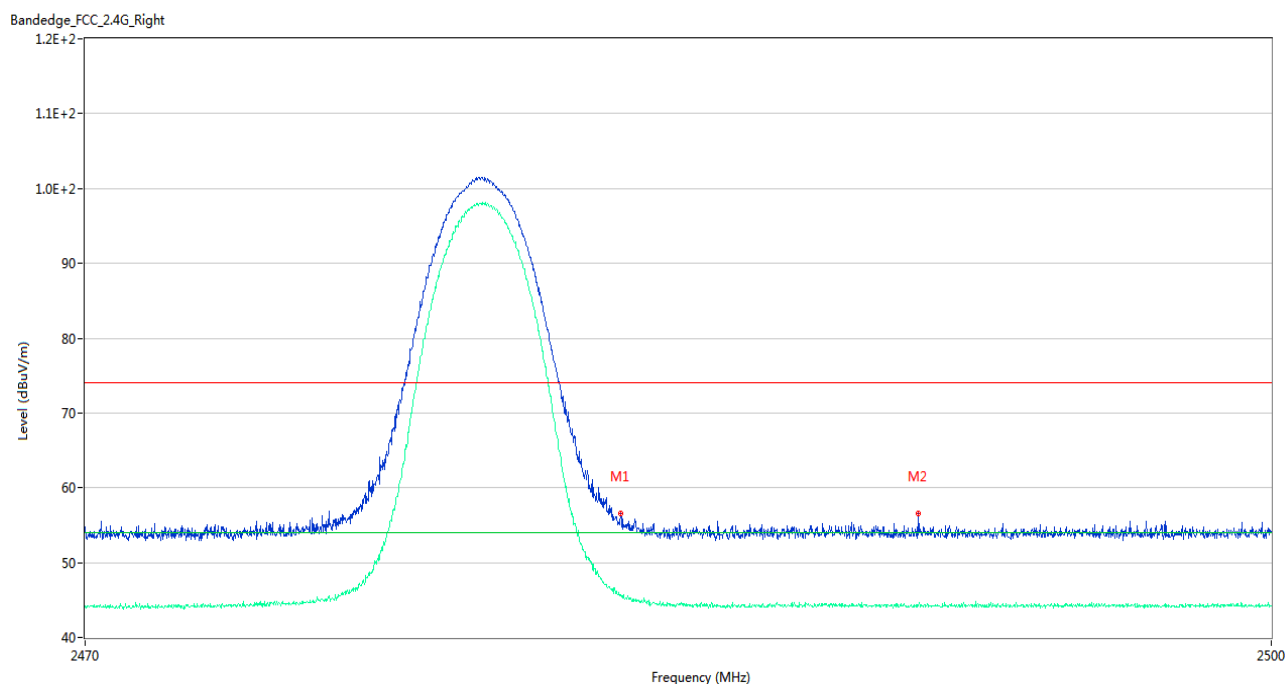
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2483.575	55.07	-0.06	74.0	18.93	Peak	84.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	2483.575	44.74	-0.06	54.0	9.26	AV	84.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2499.355	55.99	-0.15	74.0	18.01	Peak	57.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2**	2499.355	43.76	-0.15	54.0	10.24	AV	57.00	100	Vertical	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2346.600	55.82	-0.44	74.0	18.18	Peak	40.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	2346.600	44.19	-0.44	54.0	9.81	AV	40.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2389.950	52.95	-0.59	74.0	21.05	Peak	99.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2**	2389.950	43.89	-0.59	54.0	10.11	AV	99.00	200	Vertical	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2483.500	56.60	-0.05	74.0	17.40	Peak	331.00	100	Vertical	Pass
1**	2483.500	45.66	-0.05	54.0	8.34	AV	331.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	2491.045	56.50	-0.21	74.0	17.50	Peak	7.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2**	2491.045	44.24	-0.21	54.0	9.76	AV	7.00	200	Vertical	Pass

5.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(e)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.4(4), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 (Diagram 1) for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX A.

5.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.

Set the VBW $\geq 3 \text{ RBW}$.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

5.9.4 Test Result

Test Data

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)			
Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Verdict
Low Channel	-10.47	8	Pass
Middle Channel	-9.47	8	Pass
High Channel	-9.78	8	Pass

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)			
Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Verdict
Low Channel	-13.61	8	Pass
Middle Channel	-12.71	8	Pass
High Channel	-13.17	8	Pass

Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



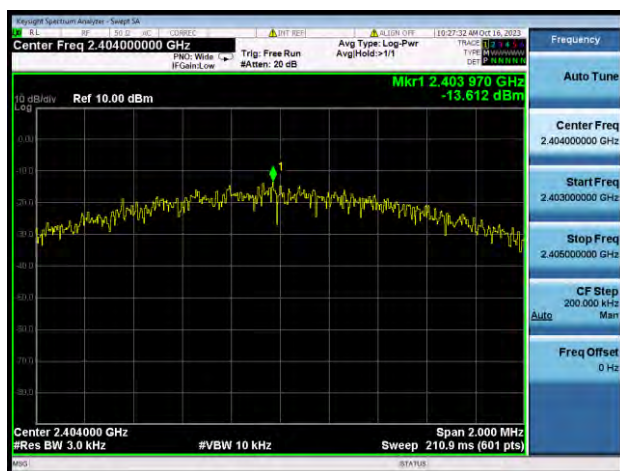
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



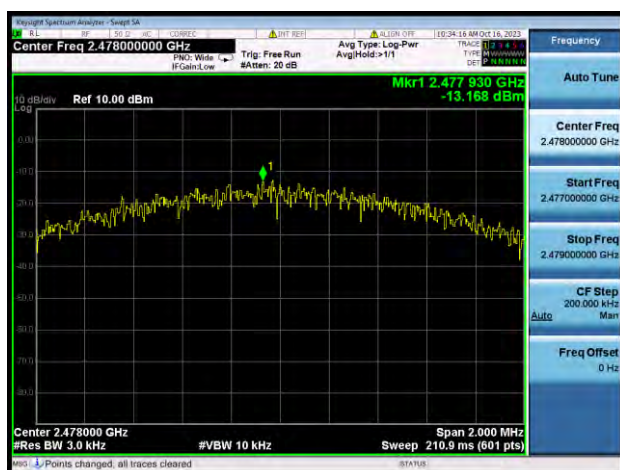
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



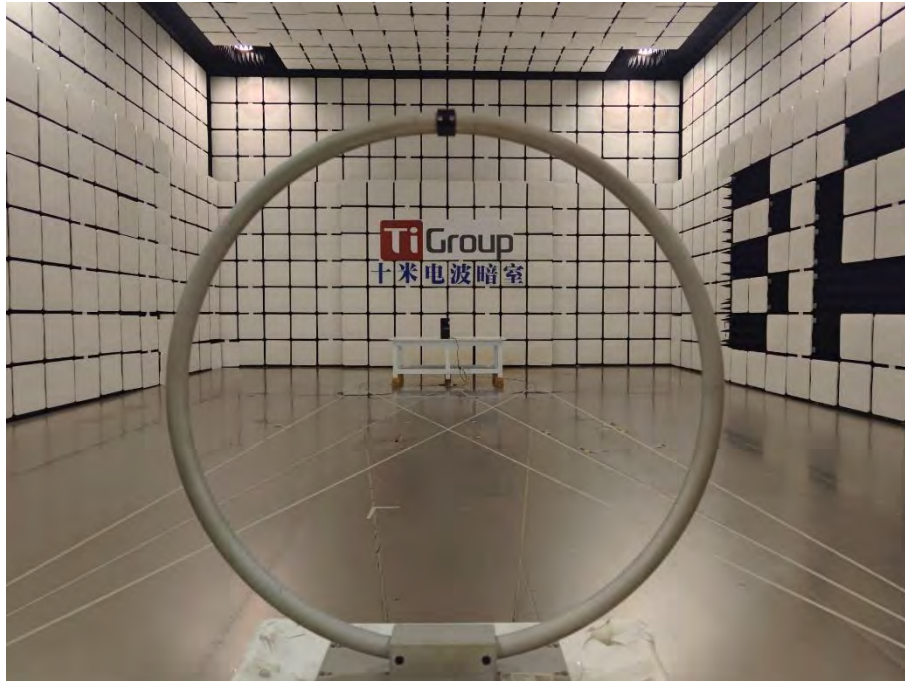
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



ANNEX A TEST SETUP PHOTOS

1 Radiated Test Photo

Below 30MHz



Close-up



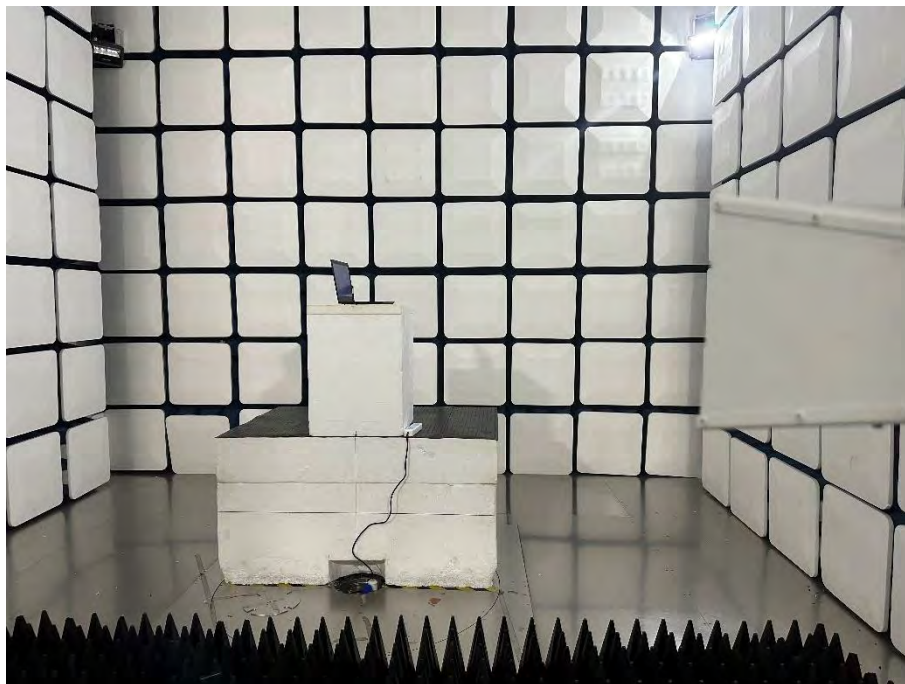
30MHz-1GHz



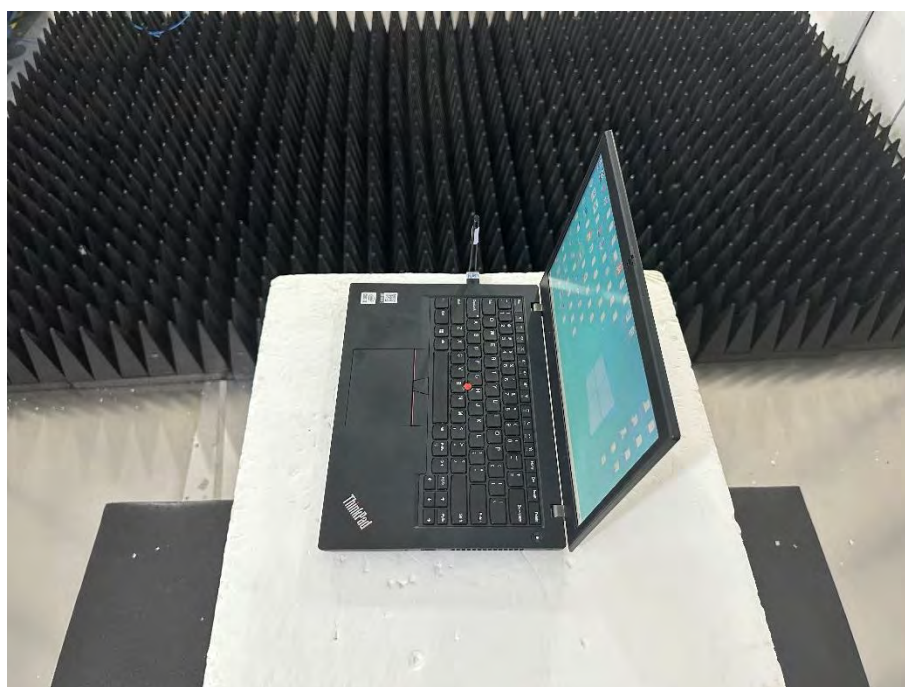
Close-up



Above 1GHz

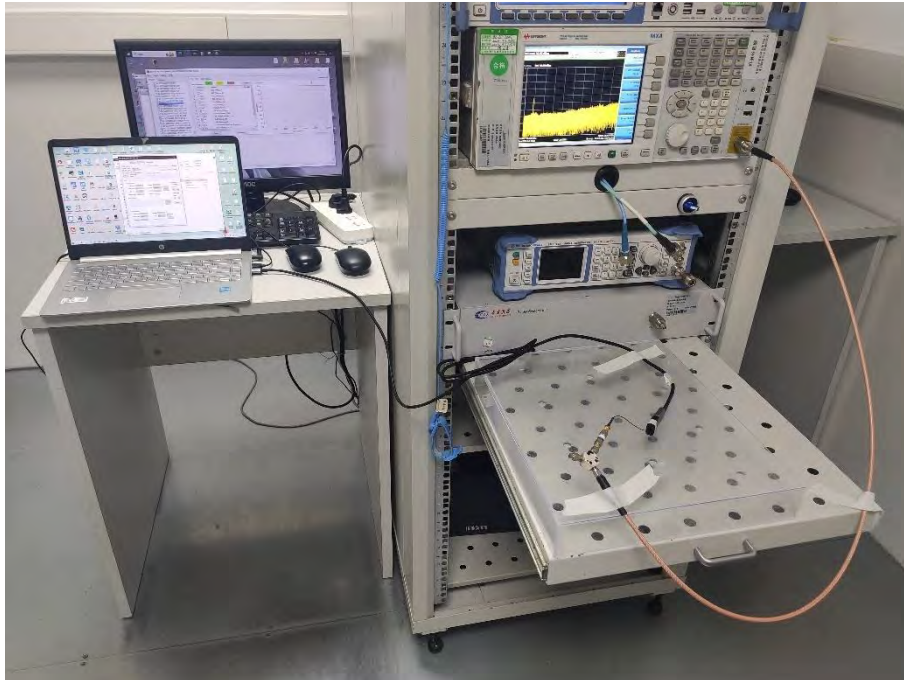


Close-up



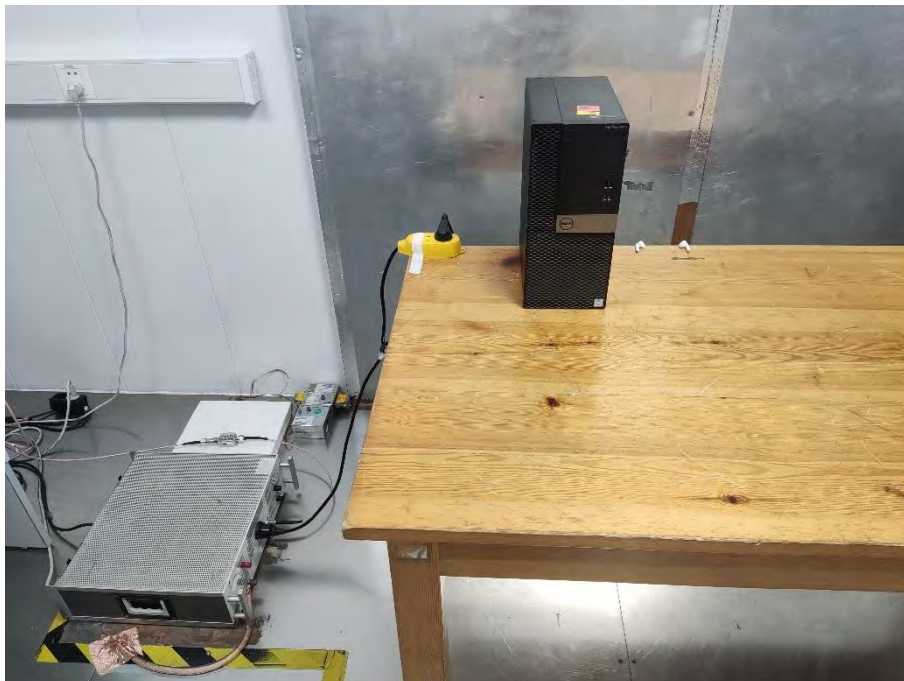
2 Conducted Test Photo

Conducted Test



3 Conducted Emissions

Test Photo 1



Test Photo 2



ANNEX B EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

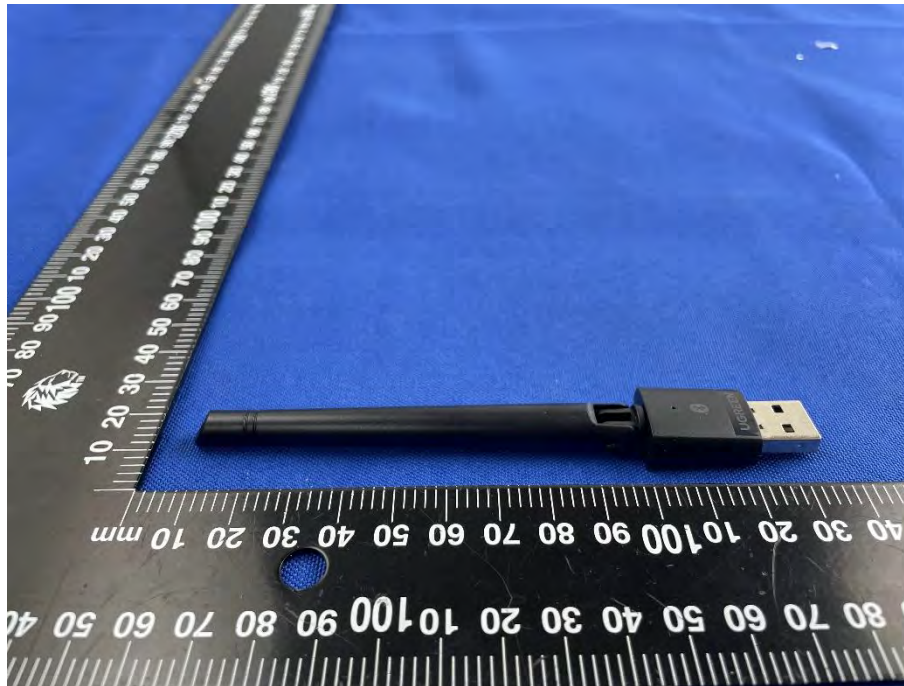
FRONT VIEW OF EUT



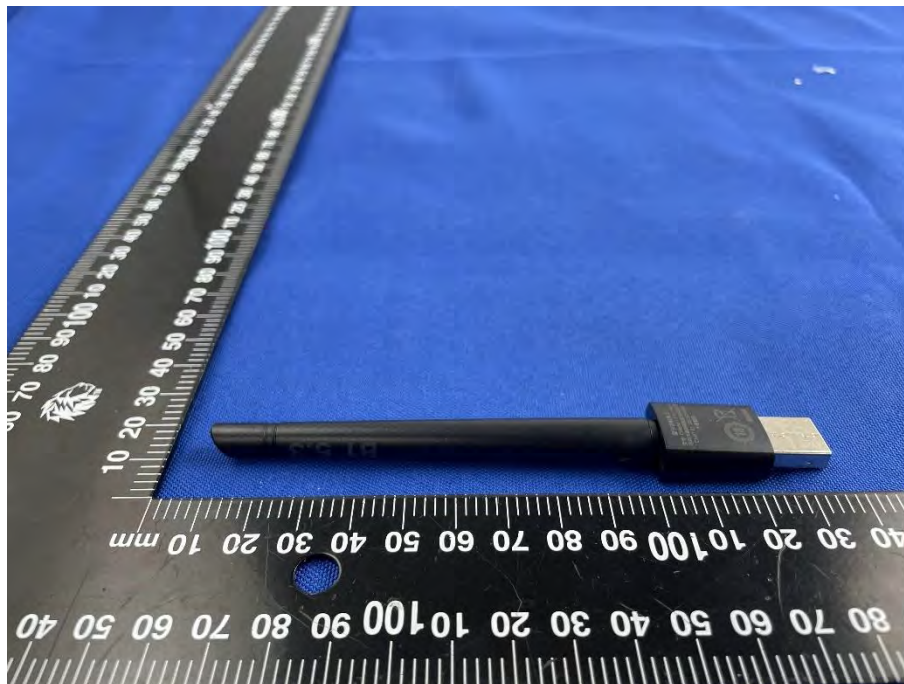
REAR VIEW OF EUT



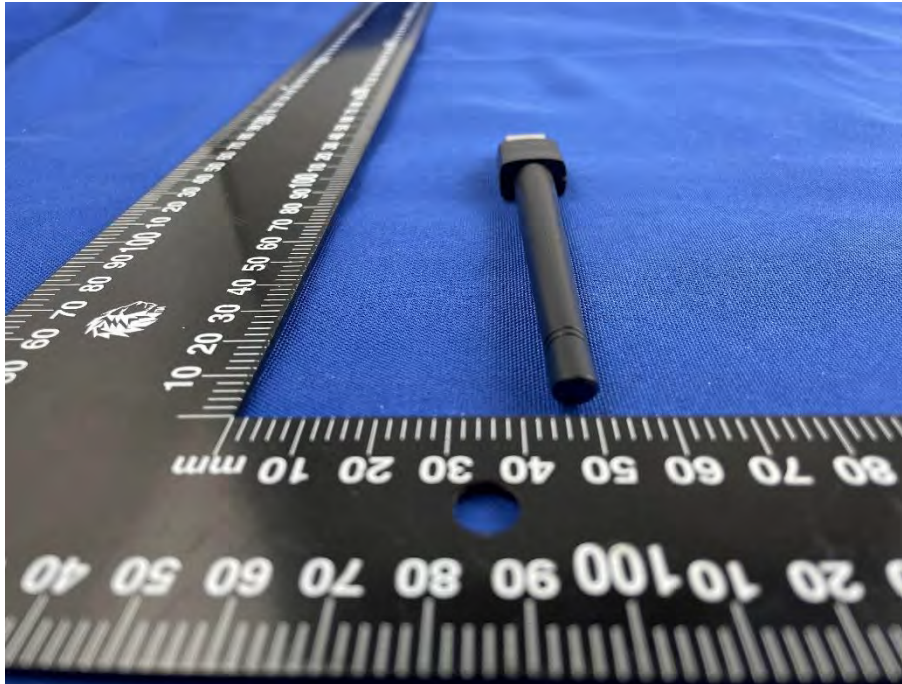
LEFT VIEW OF EUT



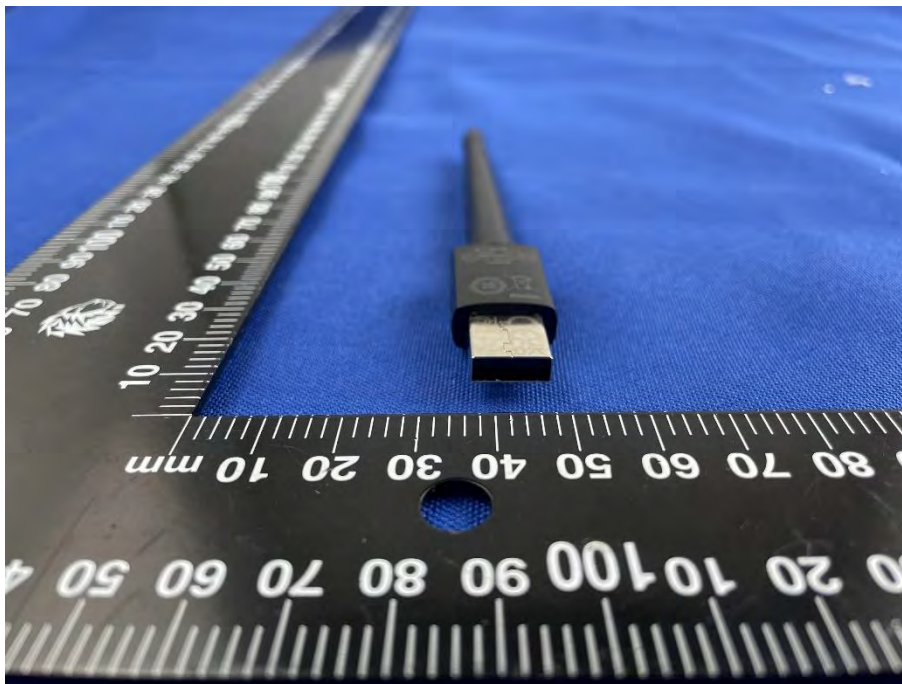
RIGHT VIEW OF EUT



TOP VIEW OF EUT



BOTTOM VIEW OF EUT

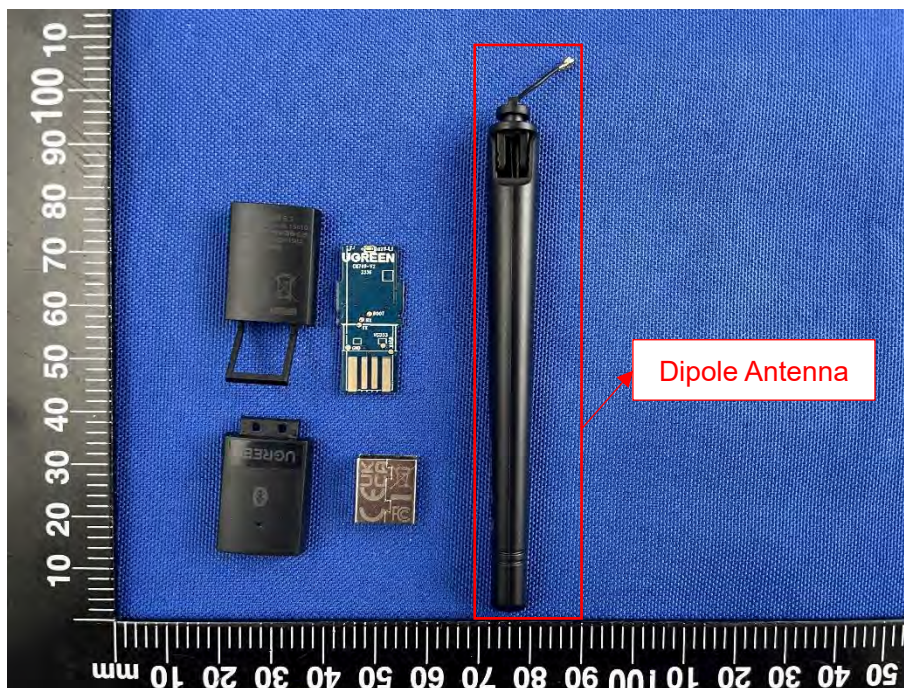


CLOSE-UP

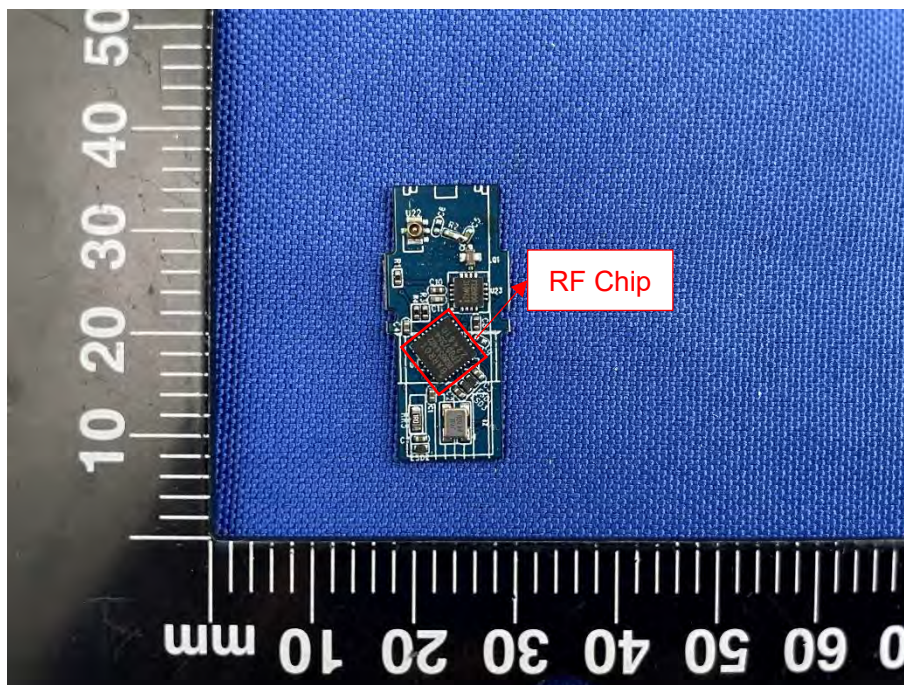


ANNEX C EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

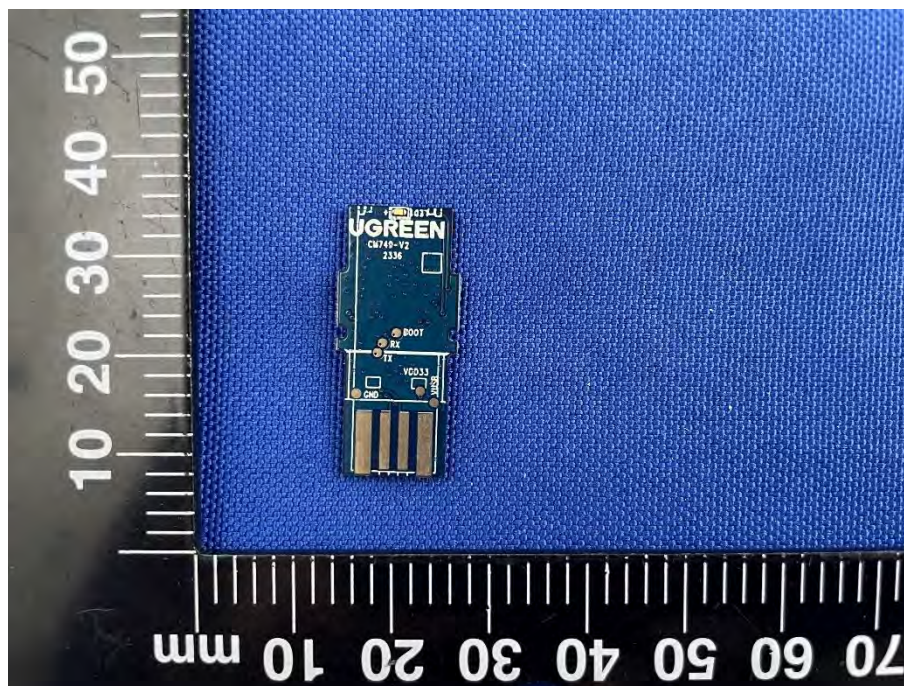
EUT UNCOVER VIEW 1



MAIN BOARD TOP VIEW



MAIN BOARD REAR VIEW



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--END OF REPORT--