

# FCC CFR47 PART 15 SUBPART C CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT

### **FOR**

**2.4GHz 802.11n CARDBUS** 

**MODEL NUMBER: AR5BCB-00071** 

FCC ID: PPD-AR5BCB-00071

REPORT NUMBER: 06U10183-1, REVISION D

**ISSUE DATE: APRIL 02, 2006** 

Prepared for

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*Prepared by* 

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# **Revision History**

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
	3/29/06	Initial Issue	Dave G.
В	3/30/06	Updated EUT description; updated 99% BW table on page 43; removed "Chain 0" next to Result on first line of page 73; combined Chain 0 and Chain 2 data into one table under Section 7.1.5.	Dave G.
С	3/31/06	Updated worst case configuration modes description, added formula for peak power calculations, updated PSD data with PSD option #2 method of test data, added radiated transmit condition to show dual chain operation.	D. Garcia
D	04/02/06	Updated radiated restricted band and harmonic spurious emission data tested with alternate housing	D. Garcia

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1.	A	ATTESTATIO	ON OF TEST RESULTS	4
2.	1	TEST METH	ODOLOGY	5
3.	F	FACILITIES	AND ACCREDITATION	5
4.	(	CALIBRATIO	ON AND UNCERTAINTY	5
	4.1.	MEASUR	ING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION	5
	4.2.	MEASUR	EMENT UNCERTAINTY	5
5.	F	EQUIPMENT	UNDER TEST	6
	5.1.	DESCRIP	TION OF EUT	6
	5.2.	MAXIMU.	M OUTPUT POWER	6
	5.3.		TION OF AVAILABLE ANTENNAS	
	5.4.	SOFTWAL	RE AND FIRMWARE	7
	5.5.	WORST-C	CASE CONFIGURATION AND MODE	8
	5.6.	DESCRIP	TION OF TEST SETUP	9
6.	1	TEST AND M	IEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT	11
7.	Ι	LIMITS AND	RESULTS	12
	7.1.	CHANNE	L TESTS FOR THE 2400 TO 2483.5 MHz BAND	12
	7		BANDWIDTH	
	7		BANDWIDTH	
			K OUTPUT POWER	
			RAGE POWER	
			K POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	
	1		IDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	
	7.2.		CD EMISSIONS	
			NSMITTER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	
			NSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHz FOR 2400 TO 2483.5 MHz BAND	
	7	7.2.3. TRA 235	NSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHz FOR 2400 TO 2483.5 MHz BAND (Alternate	Housing)
	7		RST-CASE RADIATED EMISSIONS BELOW 1 GHz	
			RST-CASE RADIATED EMISSIONS BELOW 1 GHz ( With alternate hou	0 /
	7	2.2.6. POW	/ERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	261
8.	S	SETUP PHOT	ros	265

### 1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS

ATHEROS COMMUNICATIONS, INC. **COMPANY NAME:** 

> 5480 Great America Parkway Santa Clara, CA 95054, USA

**EUT DESCRIPTION:** 2.4GHz 802.11n CARDBUS

**MODEL:** AR5BCB-00071

**SERIAL NUMBER:** CB71-033-10142

**DATE TESTED:** MARCH 22-APRIL 01, 2006

#### APPLICABLE STANDARDS

**STANDARD TEST RESULTS** 

FCC PART 15 SUBPART C NO NON-COMPLIANCE NOTED

Compliance Certification Services, Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

Approved & Released For CCS By: Tested By:

DAVID GARCIA **EMC SUPERVISOR** 

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

**CHIN PANG EMC ENGINEER** 

Chin Pany

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

#### 2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003, FCC CFR 47 Part 2 and FCC CFR 47 Part 15.

# 3. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 561F Monterey Road, Morgan Hill, California, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at http://www.ccsemc.com.

### 4. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

#### 4.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

#### 4.2. **MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY**

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Radiated Emission, 30 to 200 MHz	+/- 3.3 dB
Radiated Emission, 200 to 1000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Radiated Emission, 1000 to 2000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Power Line Conducted Emission	+/- 2.9 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%.

### 5. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

#### 5.1. **DESCRIPTION OF EUT**

The EUT is an 802.11n MIMO transceiver in cardbus form factor. . It has two transmitter chains and three receive chains (2x3 configurations). The 2x3 configuration is implemented with two outside chains (Chain 0 and 2) and the middle chain (chain 1) Rx only. The device may be sold in a 2x2 configuration where the middle receive chain is depopulated.

RF TX chains #0 & #2 connect to Inverted-F Antennas for Tx/Rx; RF chain #1 connects to a PCB Antenna for Rx only.

The EUT description was changed after testing commenced. All data in this report is applicable to the EUT description documented in Section 1 above.

There two housing included in this report, both housings are identical in term of PCB design / layout. The original housing does not incorporate gasket on the top of metal plate and the bottom of PCB. The alternate housing has incorporated gaskets on both positions. The alternate housing is using same plastic and metal material, the alternate housing is litter thicker (the difference is < 1 mm) than the original housing.

#### 5.2. **MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER**

The transmitter has a maximum peak conducted output power as follows:

2400 to 2483.5 MHz Authorized Band

Frequency Range	Mode	Total Output Power	Total Output Power
(MHz)		(dBm)	(mW)
2412 - 2462	802.11b	24.43	277.33
2412 - 2462	802.11g	24.29	268.53
2412 - 2462	802.11 HT20	23.67	232.81
2422 - 2452	802.11 HT40	23.15	206.54

#### **DESCRIPTION OF AVAILABLE ANTENNAS** 5.3.

The radio utilizes two Inverted-F antennas for tx/rx and one PCB integrated monopole antenna for receive-only. The maximum antenna gain of the Inverted-F transmitting antennas is -1.2dBi.

# 5.4. SOFTWARE AND FIRMWARE

The EUT driver software installed in the host support equipment during testing was AR5002, ANWI Diagnostic Kernel Drive.

The test utility software used during testing was Art Software Revision 0.1 Build #2 Art 11n .

#### 5.5. WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION AND MODE

The worst-case channel is determined as the channel with the highest output power. The highest measured output power was at 2437 MHz.

The worst-case data rates are determined to be the lowest data rates in each mode, based on the investigations by measuring the PSD, peak power and average power across all the data rates, bandwidths, modulations and spatial stream modes.

Thus all emissions tests were made with following data rates:

- b mode, 20 MHz Channel Bandwidth, 2412 MHz-2462 MHz, 1 Mb/s, BPSK Modulation, Spatial Stream 1.
- g mode, 20 MHz Channel Bandwidth, 2412 MHz-2462 MHz, 6 Mb/s, OFDM Modulation, Spatial Stream 1.
- HT20 mode, 20 MHz Channel Bandwidth, 2412 MHz-2462 MHz, 6.5 Mb/s, BPSK Modulation, Spatial Stream 1..
- HT40 mode, 40 MHz Channel Bandwidth, 2422 MHz-2452 MHz, 13.5 Mb/s, BPSK Modulation, Spatial Stream 1.

#### **DESCRIPTION OF TEST SETUP** 5.6.

# **SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST							
Description	Description Manufacturer Model Serial Number FCC ID						
Laptop	IBM	ThinkPad R52	L3-CR106	DoC			
AC Adapter	IBM	08K8204	11S08K8204Z1ZAX859223U	DoC			

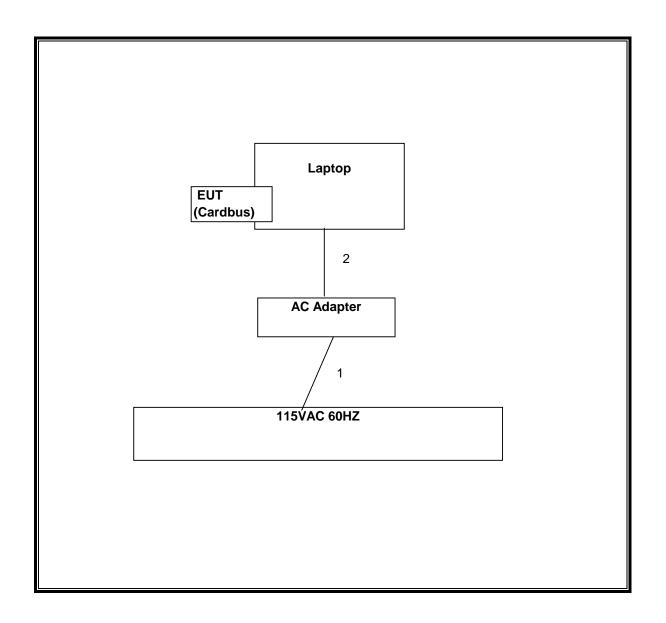
#### **I/O CABLES**

	I/O CABLE LIST							
Cable No.	Port	# of Identical Ports	Connector Type	Cable Type	Cable Length	Remarks		
1	AC	1	US 115V	Un-shielded	1m	NA		
2	DC	1	SC	Un-shielded	1.5m	NA		

# **TEST SETUP**

The EUT is inserted to a host laptop computer during the tests. Test software exercised the radio card.

# **SETUP DIAGRAM FOR TESTS**



Page 10 of 269

# **6. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT**

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST						
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal Due		
Spectrum Analyzer 3 Hz ~ 44 GHz	Agilent	E4446A	US42510266	10/19/2006		
Antenna, Horn 1 ~ 18 GHz	EMCO	3115	6717	4/22/2006		
Antenna, Bilog 30 MHz ~ 2 Ghz	Sunol Sciences	JB1	A121003	9/3/2006		
EMI Receiver, 9 kHz ~ 2.9 GHz	HP	8542E	3942A00286	2/4/2007		
RF Filter Section	HP	85420E	3705A00256	2/4/2007		
Preamplifier, 1300 MHz	HP	8447D	1937A02062	1/23/2007		
Preamplifier, 1 ~ 26 GHz	Miteq	NSP2600-SP	924342	9/2/2006		
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESHS 20	827129/006	6/3/2006		
LISN, 10 kHz ~ 30 MHz	FCC	LISN-50/250-25-2	2023	8/30/2006		
Peak Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41291160	12/2/2007		
Peak / Average Power Sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40440755	12/2/2007		
4.0 High Pass Filter	Micro Tronics	HPM13351	3	N/A		

# 7. LIMITS AND RESULTS

# 7.1. CHANNEL TESTS FOR THE 2400 TO 2483.5 MHz BAND

# **7.1.1. 6 dB BANDWIDTH**

### <u>LIMIT</u>

§15.247 (a) (2) For direct sequence systems, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 100 kHz and the VBW is set to 300 kHz. The sweep time is coupled.

#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

# Chain 0, 802.11b Mode

Channel	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
Low	2412	12000	500	11500
Middle	2437	12000	500	11500
High	2462	12030	500	11530

# Chain 0, 802.11g Mode

Channel	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
Low	2412	16600	500	16100
Middle	2437	16600	500	16100
High	2462	16600	500	16100

# Chain 0, 802.11 HT20 Mode

Channel	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
Low	2412	17800	500	17300
Middle	2437	17800	500	17300
High	2462	17800	500	17300

# Chain 0, 802.11 HT40 Mode

Channel	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
Low	2422	36580	500	36080
Second Low	2427	36580	500	36080
Middle	2437	36580	500	36080
Second High	2447	36580	500	36080
High	2452	36580	500	36080

# Chain 2, 802.11b Mode

Channel	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
Low	2412	12500	500	12000
Middle	2437	12030	500	11530
High	2462	12030	500	11530

# Chain 2, 802.11g Mode

Channel	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
Low	2412	16500	500	16000
Middle	2437	16500	500	16000
High	2462	16500	500	16000

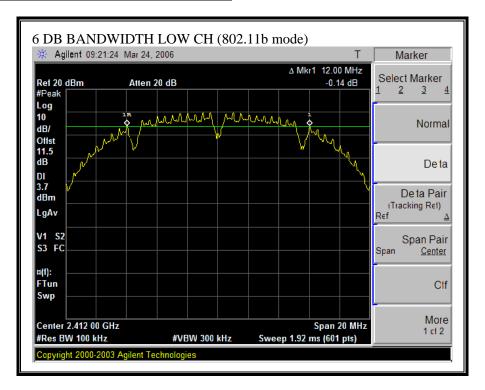
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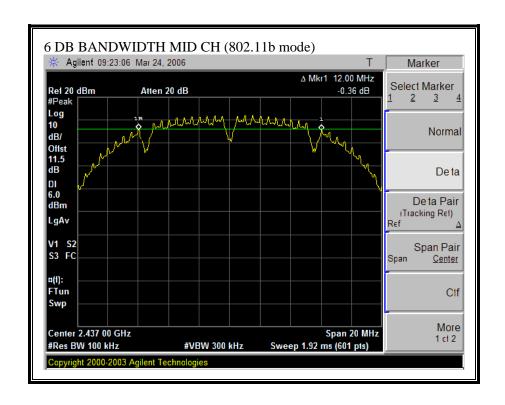
Channel	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
Low	2412	17800	500	17300
Middle	2437	17800	500	17300
High	2462	17800	500	17300

### Chain 2, 802.11 HT40 Mode

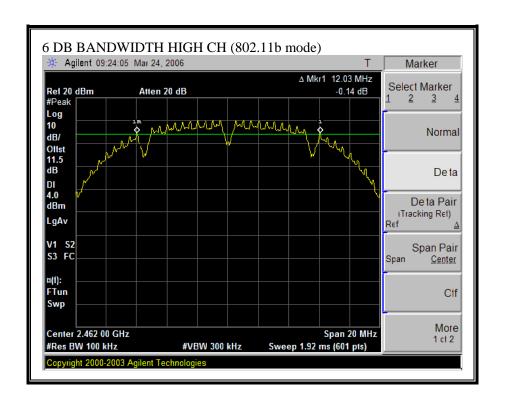
Channel	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
Low	2422	36580	500	36080
Second Low	2427	36500	500	36000
Middle	2437	36580	500	36080
Second High	2447	36500	500	36000
High	2452	36500	500	36000

### CHAIN 0, 6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11b MODE)

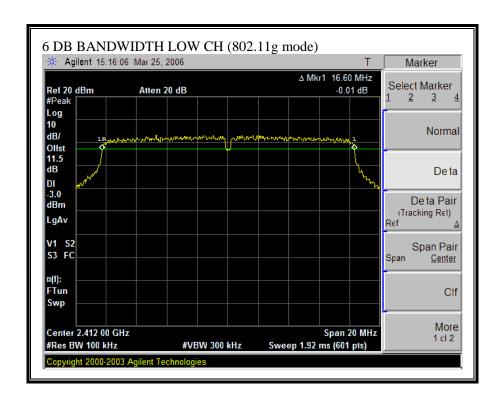


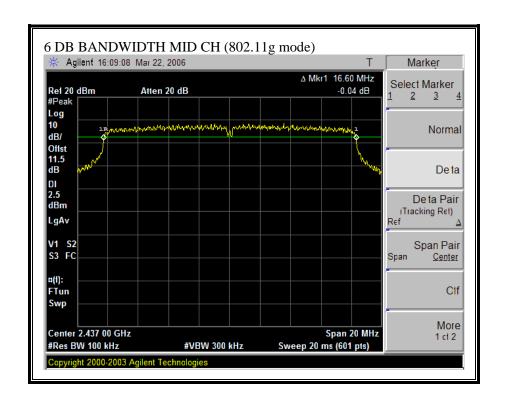


Page 16 of 269

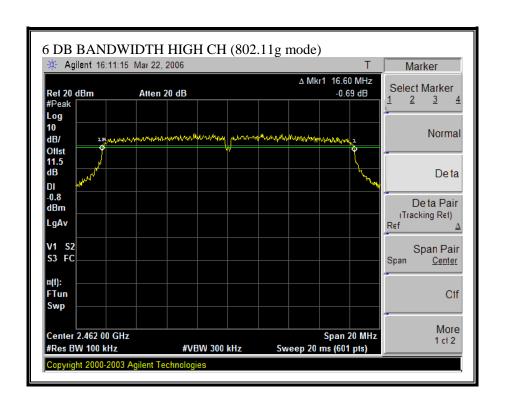


# CHAIN 0, 6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11g MODE)

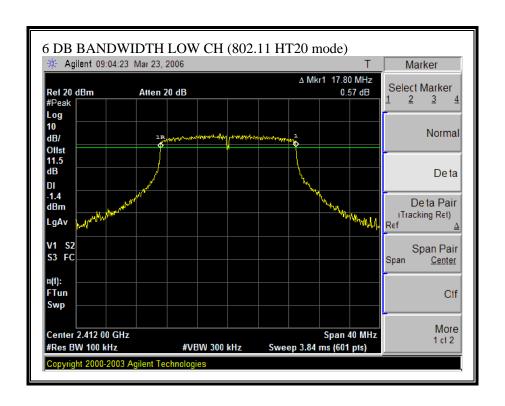


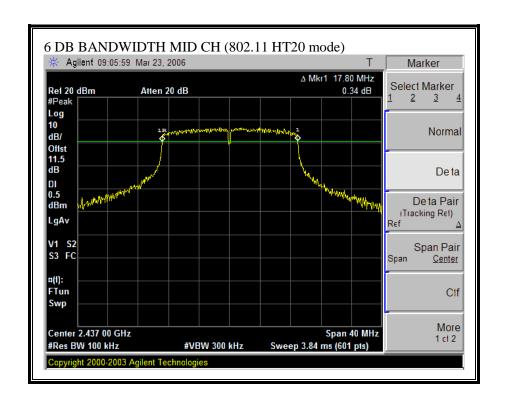


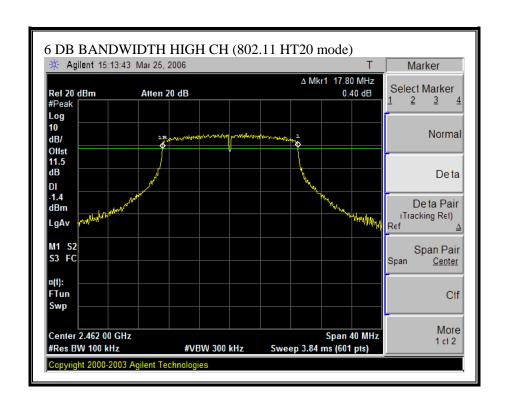
Page 19 of 269



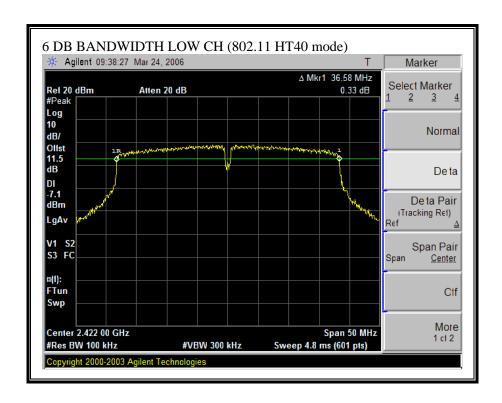
### CHAIN 0, 6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11 HT20 MODE)

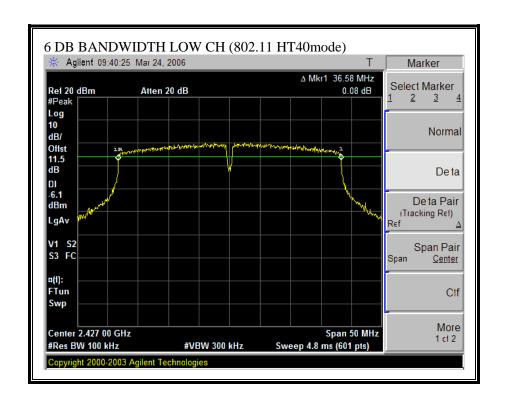


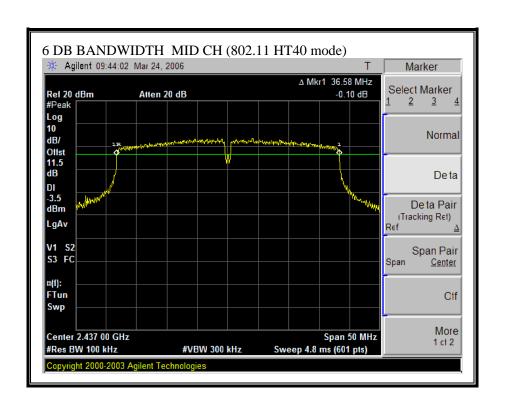


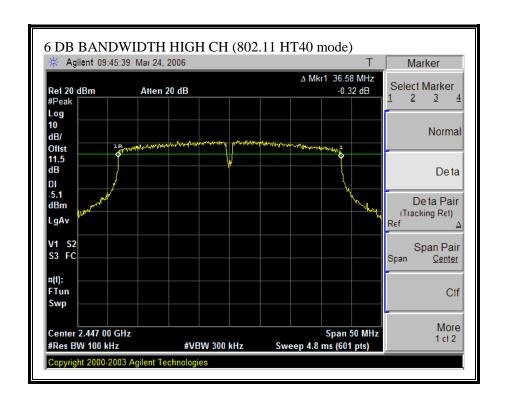


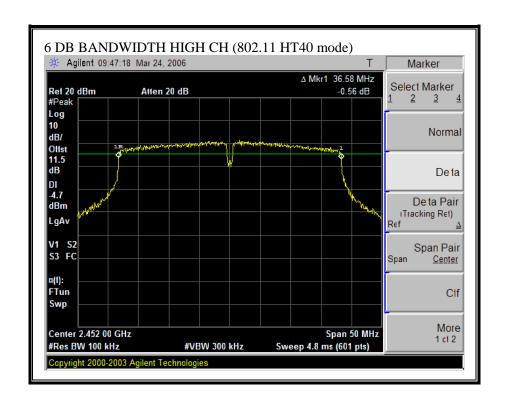
### CHAIN 0, 6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11g HT40 MODE)



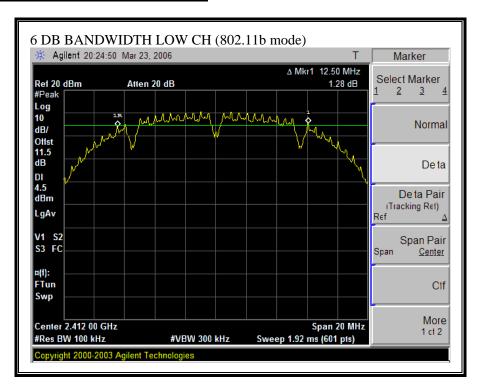


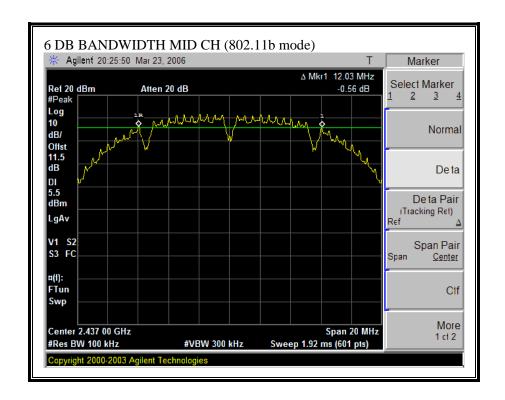


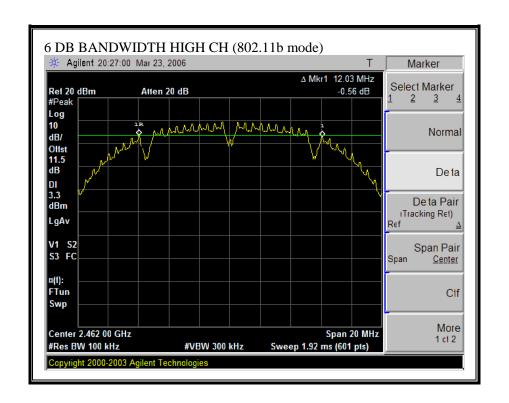




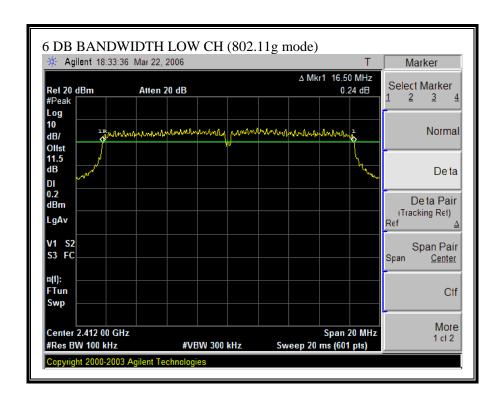
#### CH 2, 6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11b MODE)

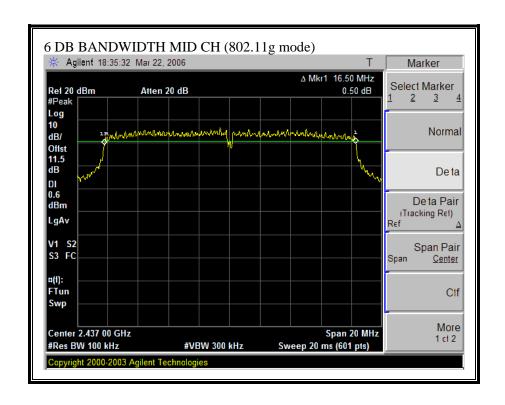


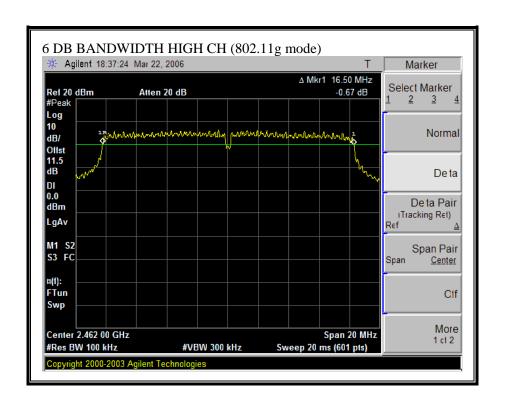




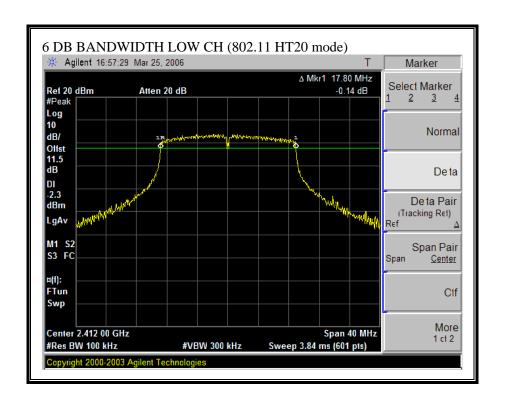
### CHAIN 2, 6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11g MODE)

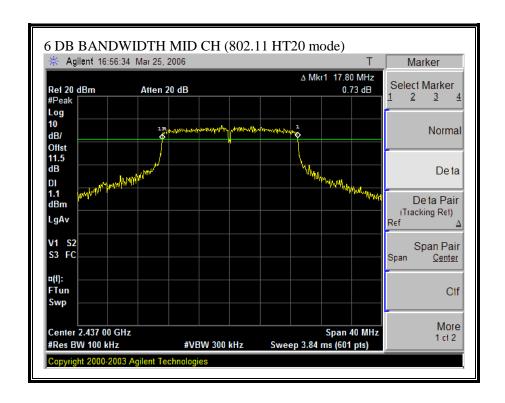


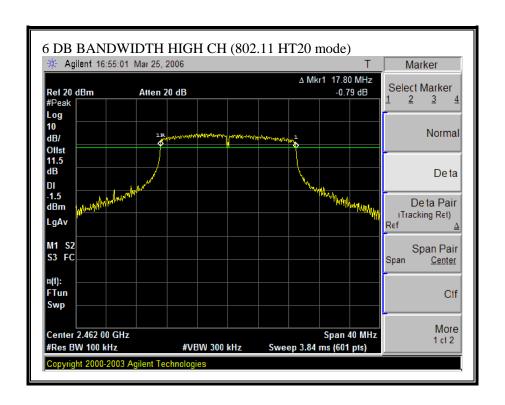




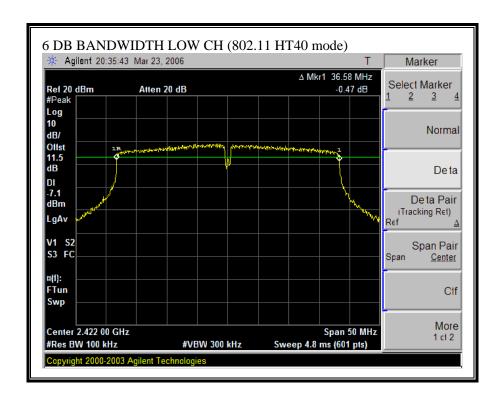
#### CHAIN 2, 6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11 HT20 MODE)

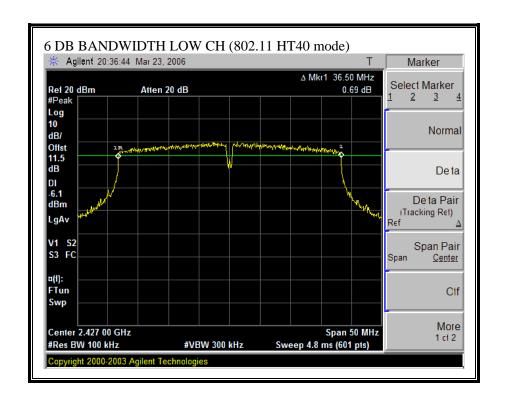


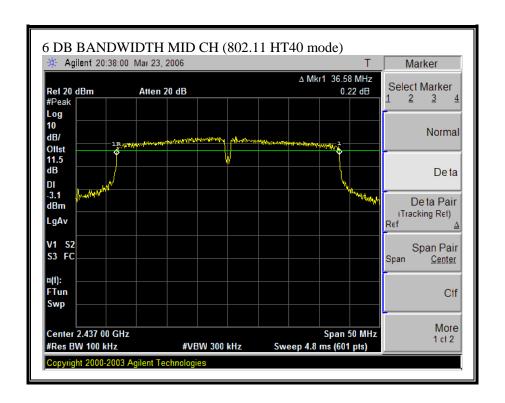


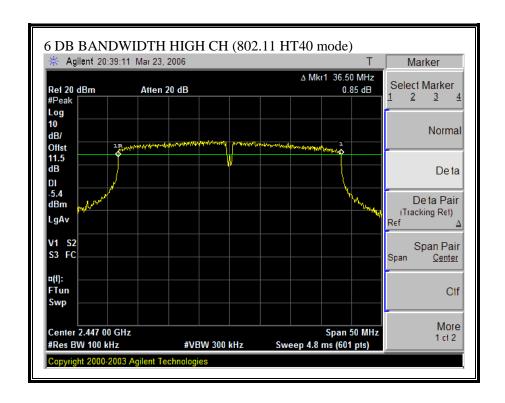


# CHAIN 2, 6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11 HT40 MODE)

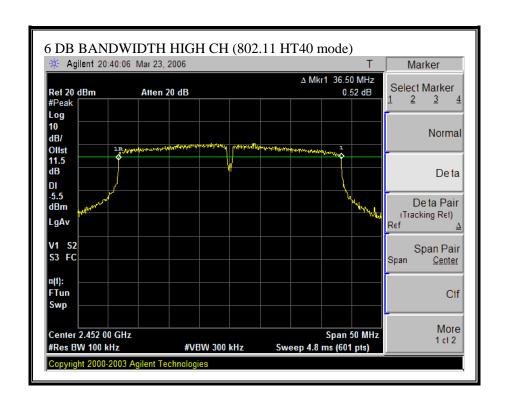








Page 41 of 269



# 7.1.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

# <u>LIMIT</u>

None; for reporting purposes only.

# **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the 99 % bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal 99% bandwidth function is utilized.

# **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	2412	15.8901	15.8585
Middle	2437	15.5268	15.4914
High	2462	15.5276	15.5775

### Chain 0 802.11g Mode Chain 2

Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	2412	16.4966	16.6059
Middle	2437	16.4946	16.5567
High	2462	16.4777	16.5122

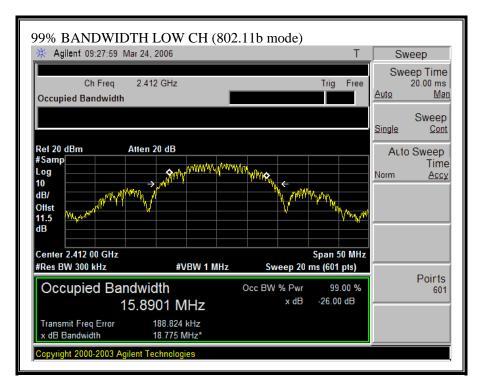
#### 802.11 HT20 Mode Chain 0 Chain 2

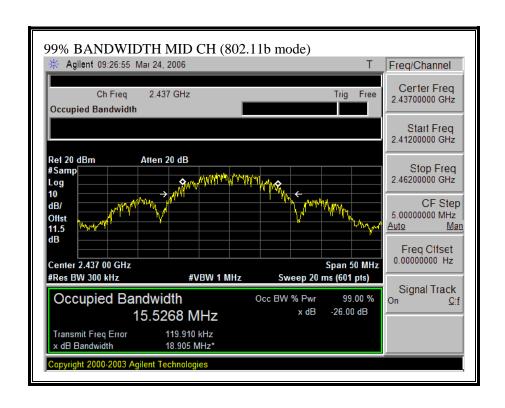
Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	2412	17.6667	17.53
Middle	2437	17.8014	17.7108
High	2462	17.7798	17.8191

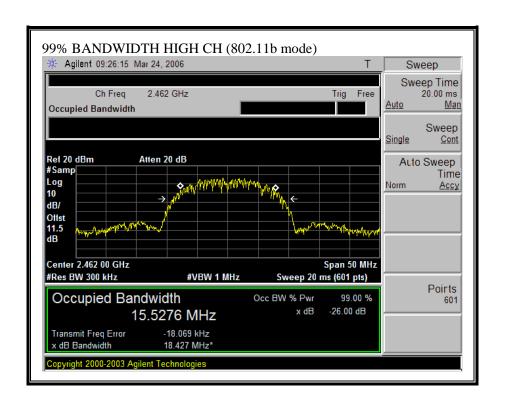
#### 802.11 HT40 Mode Chain 0 Chain 2

Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	2422	35.9211	36.1223
Second Low	2427	36.055	36.0167
Middle	2437	36.1442	36.1529
Second High	2447	35.8587	35.8533
High	2452	35.9132	35.8067

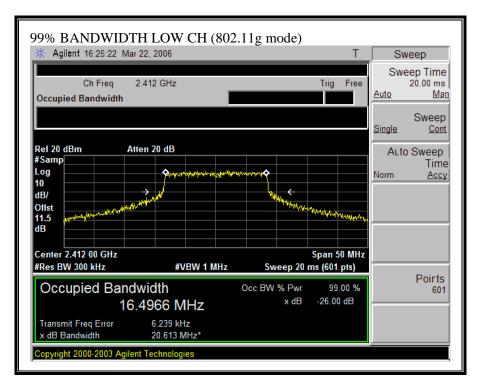
# **CHAIN 0, 99% BANDWIDTH (802.11b MODE)**

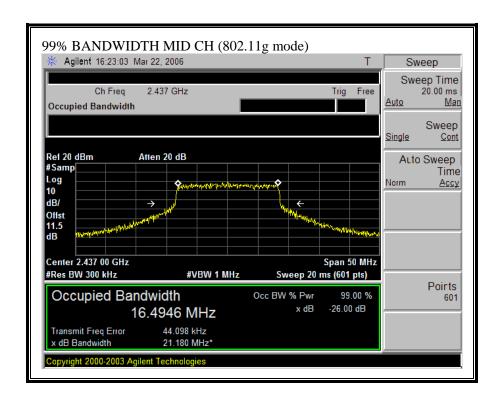


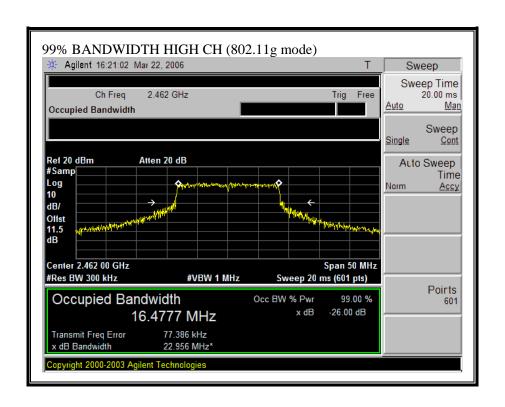




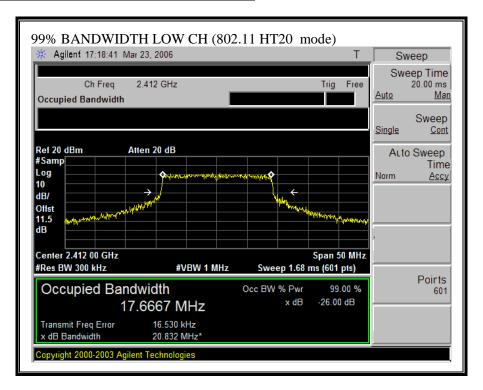
## **CHAIN 0, 99% BANDWIDTH (802.11g MODE)**

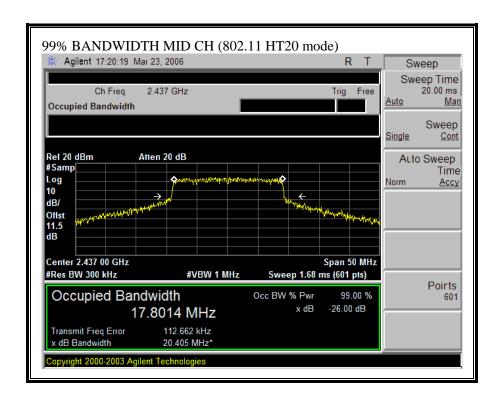


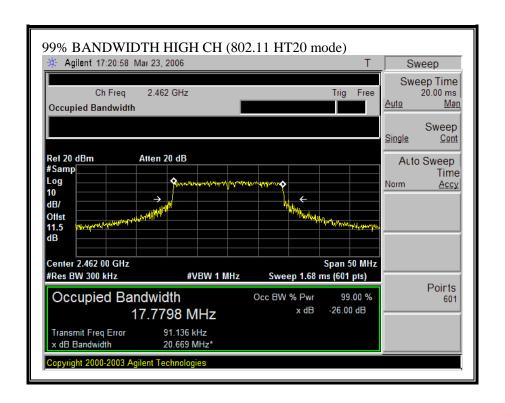




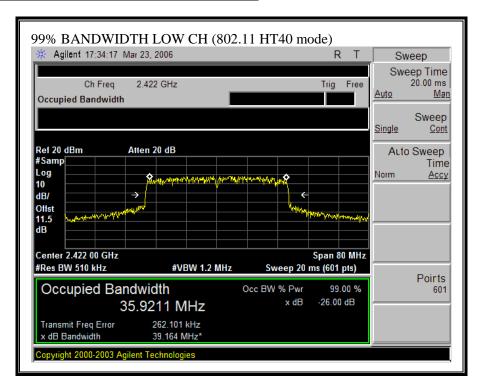
## **CHAIN 0, 99% BANDWIDTH (802.11 HT20 MODE)**

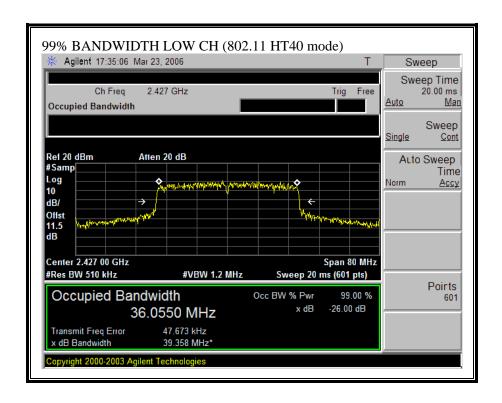


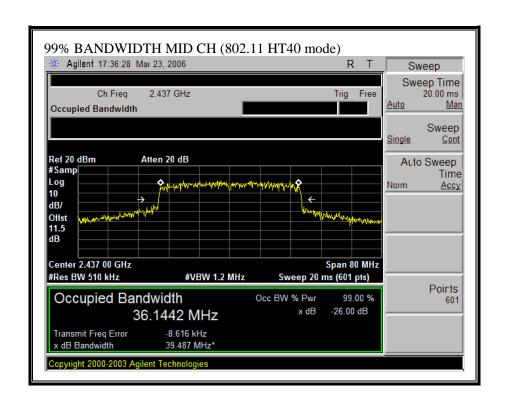


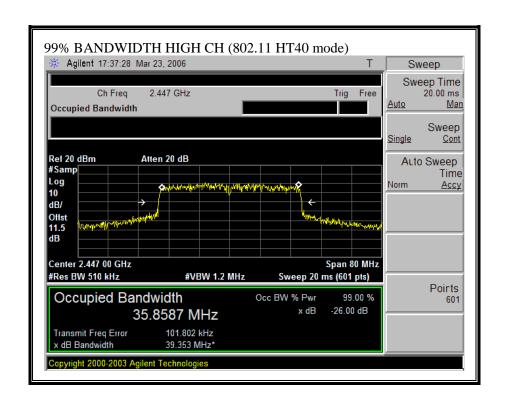


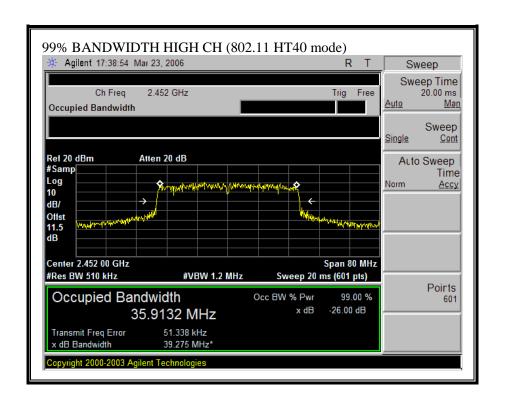
## CHAIN 0, 99% BANDWIDTH (802.11 HT40 MODE)



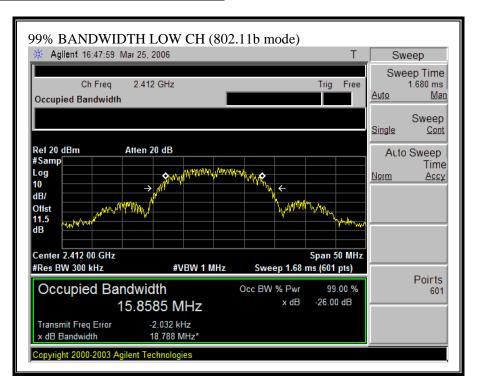


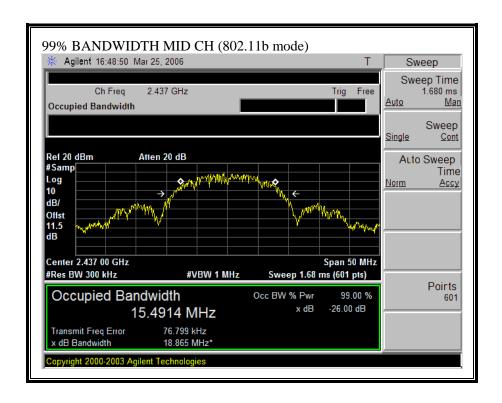


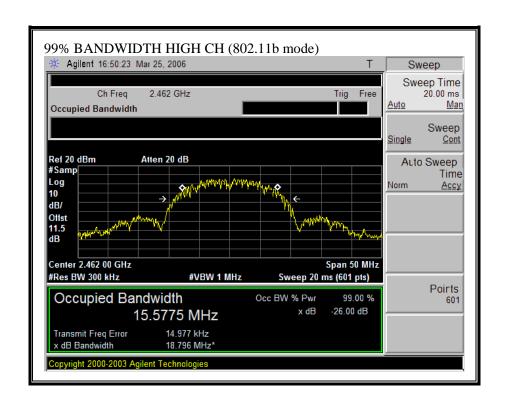




# **CHAIN 2, 99% BANDWIDTH (802.11b MODE)**

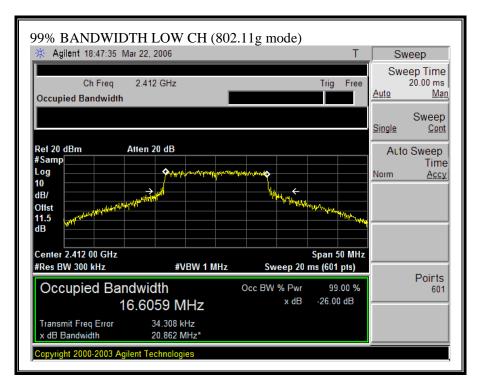


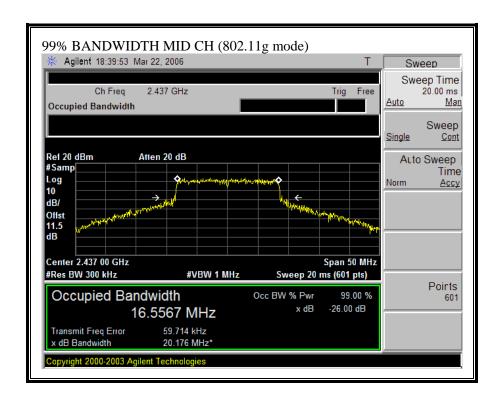


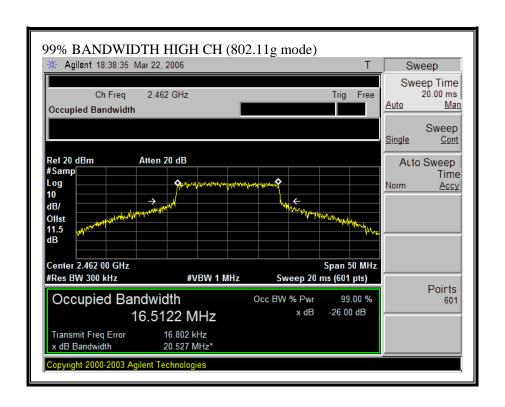


Page 61 of 269

## **CHAIN 2, 99% BANDWIDTH (802.11g MODE)**

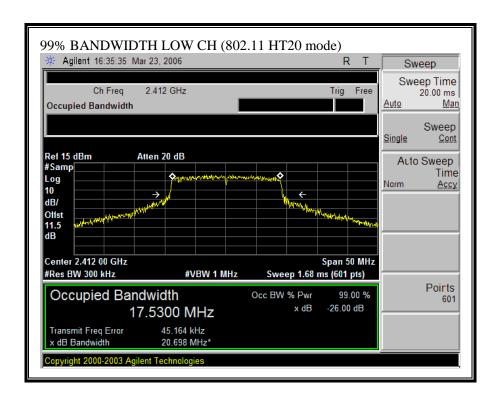


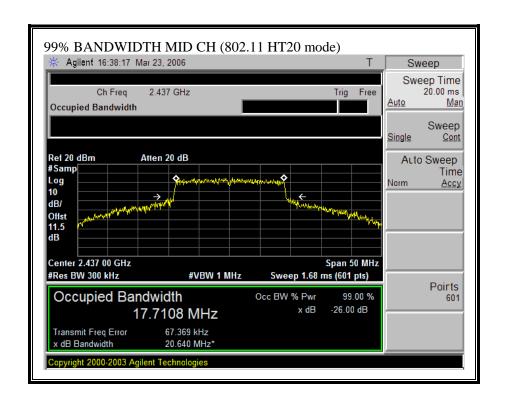


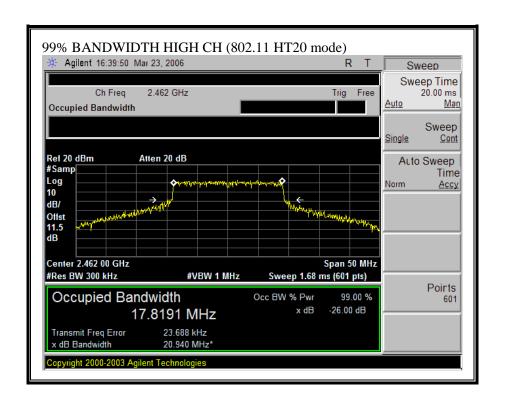


Page 64 of 269

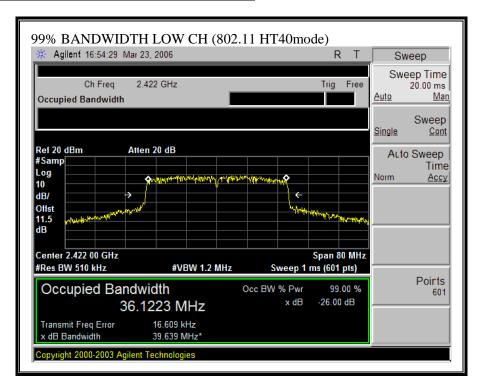
## **CHAIN 2, 99% BANDWIDTH (802.11 HT20 MODE)**

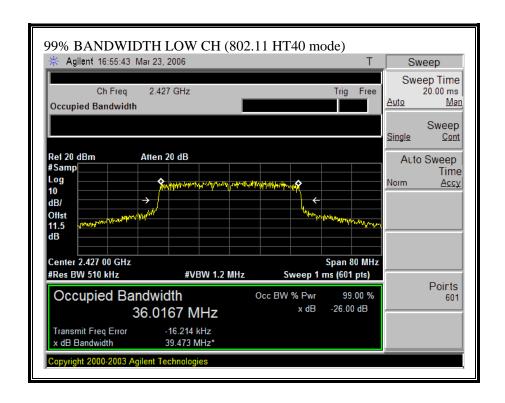


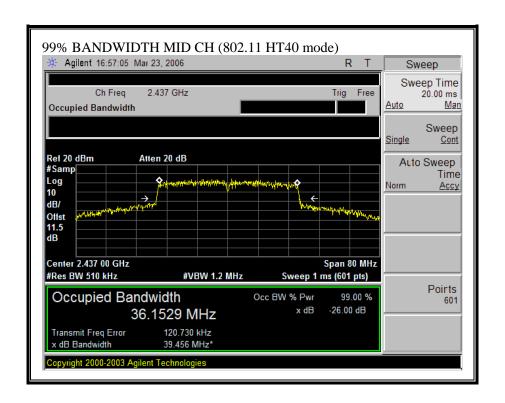


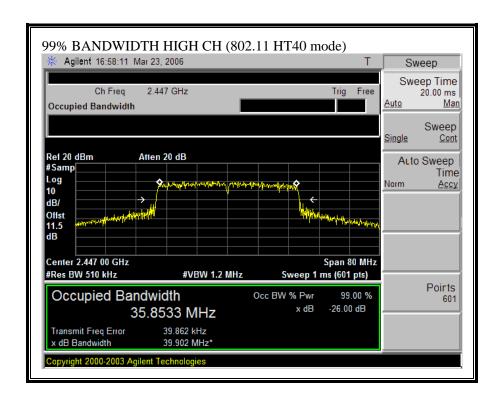


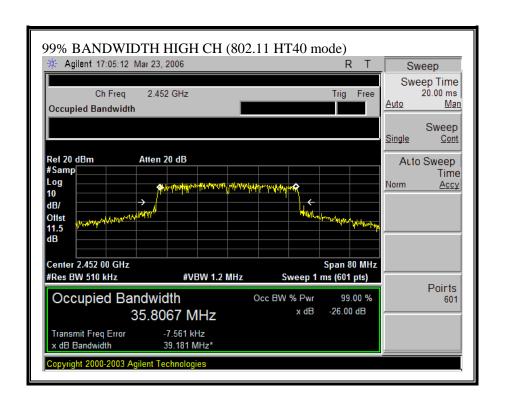
## **CHAIN 2, 99% BANDWIDTH (802.11 HT40 MODE)**











#### 7.1.3. PEAK OUTPUT POWER

#### **PEAK POWER LIMIT**

§15.247 (b) The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

\$15.247 (b) (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz , and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt.

§15.247 (b) (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

§15.247 (b) (4) (i) Systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer and the analyzer's internal channel power integration function is used to integrate the power over a bandwidth greater than or equal to the 99% bandwidth.

The test is performed in accordance with FCC document "Measurement of Digital Transmission Systems Operating under Section 15.247", March 23, 2005. The transmitter operates continuously therefore Power Output Option 2, Method # 1 is used.

### RESULTS,

The maximum antenna gain is –1.2 dBi for other than fixed, point-to-point operations, therefore the limit is 30 dBm.

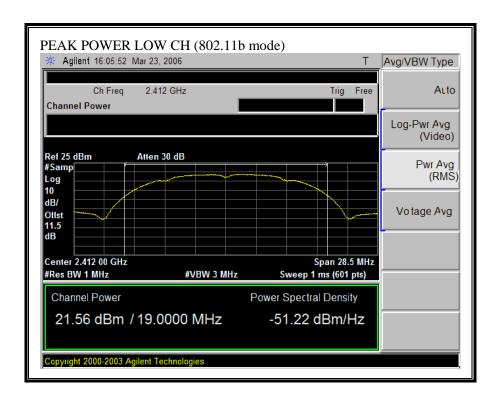
Total peak power calculation formula:  $10 \log (10^{\circ} (Pchain0 / 10) + 10^{\circ} (Pchain2 / 10))$ 

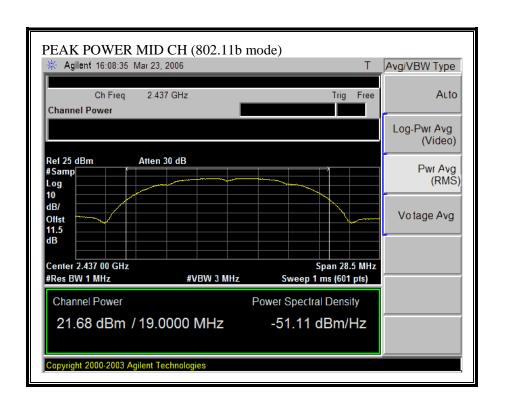
Note: Pchain 0 and Pchain 2 are in dBm

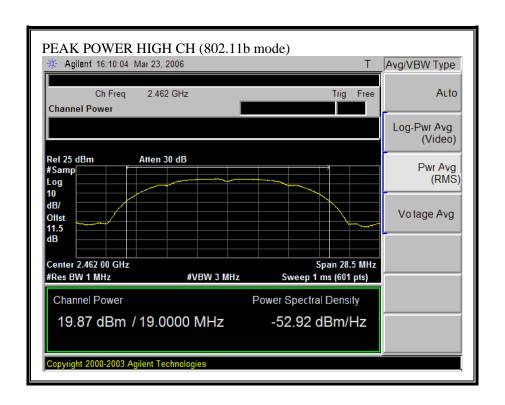
No non-compliance noted:

Channel	Frequency	Peak Power	<b>Peak Power</b>	<b>Total Power</b>	Limit	Margin		
		Chain 0	Chain 2					
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)		
802.11b Mode								
Low	2412	21.56	19.96	23.84	30.0	-6.16		
Middle	2437	21.68	21.15	24.43	30.0	-5.57		
High	2462	19.87	19.11	22.52	30.0	-7.48		
802.11g Mode								
Low	2412	17.67	17.45	20.57	30.0	-9.43		
Middle	2437	20.92	21.61	24.29	30.0	-5.71		
High	2462	18.67	18.71	21.70	30.0	-8.30		
802.11 HT20 Mode								
Low	2412	16.84	16.89	19.88	30.0	-10.12		
Middle	2437	20.63	20.68	23.67	30.0	-6.33		
High	2462	18.37	18.14	21.27	30.0	-8.73		
802.11 HT40 Mode								
Low	2422	16.47	15.58	19.06	30.0	-10.94		
Second Low	2427	16.55	16.58	19.58	30.0	-10.42		
Middle	2437	20.10	20.17	23.15	30.0	-6.85		
Second High	2447	16.90	17.50	20.22	30.0	-9.78		
High	2452	16.53	17.58	20.10	30.0	-9.90		

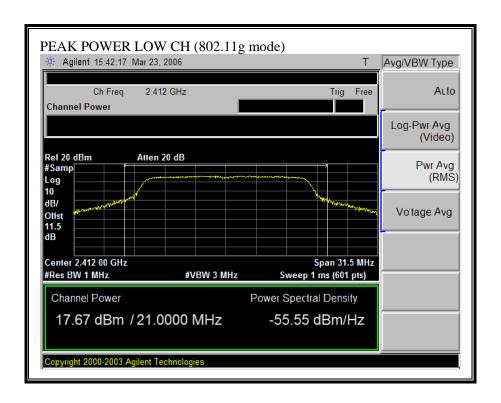
### CHAIN 0, OUTPUT POWER (802.11b MODE)

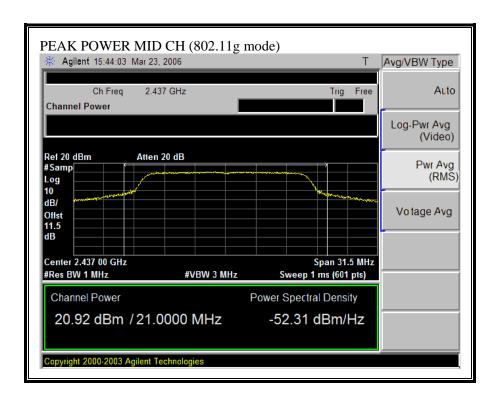


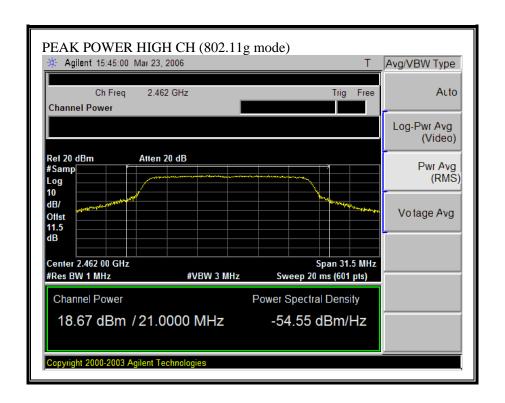




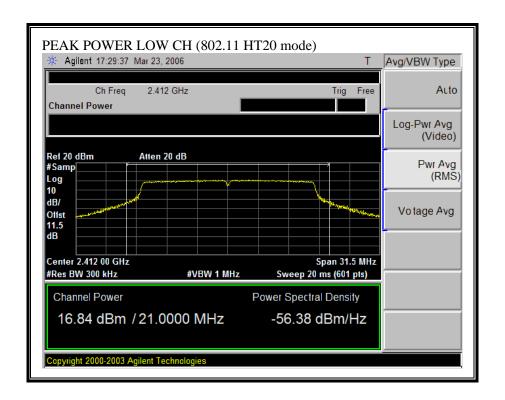
# CHAIN 0, OUTPUT POWER (802.11g MODE)

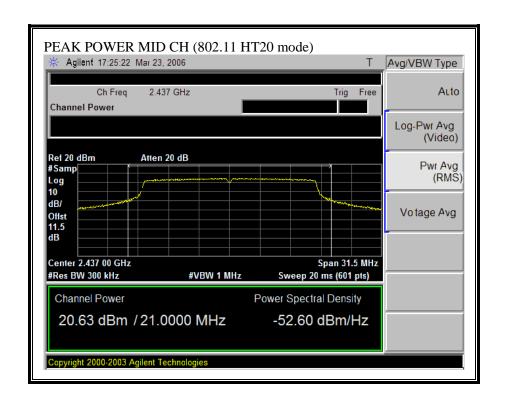


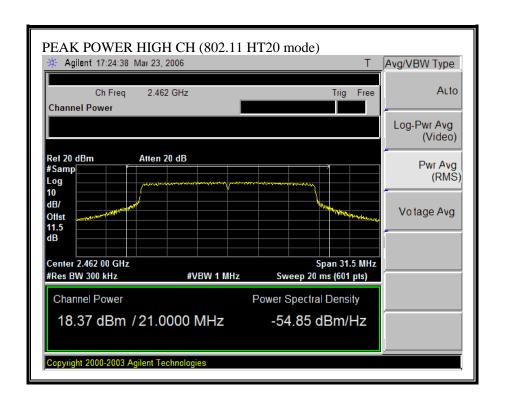




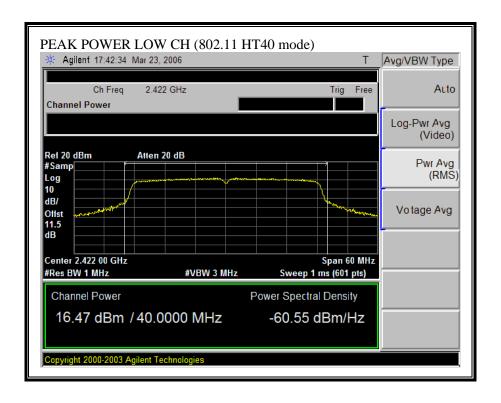
### CHAIN 0, OUTPUT POWER (802.11 HT20 MODE)

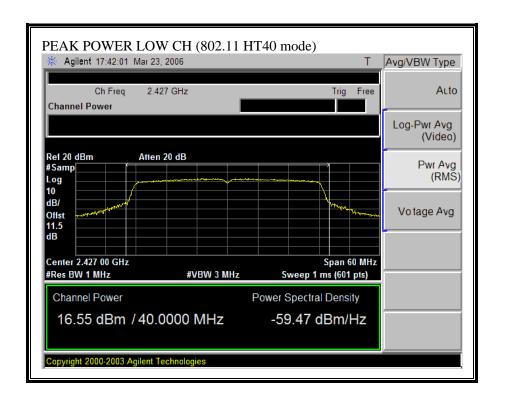


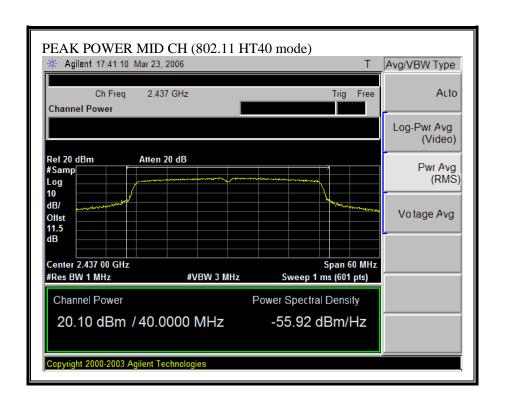


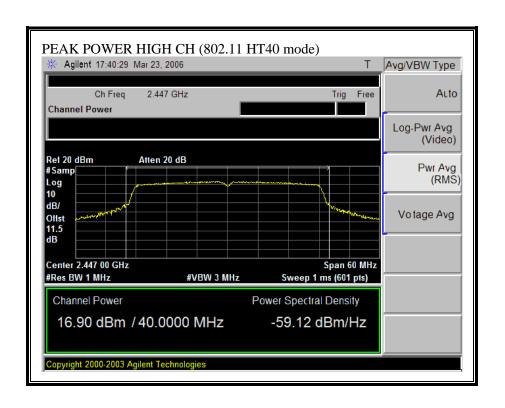


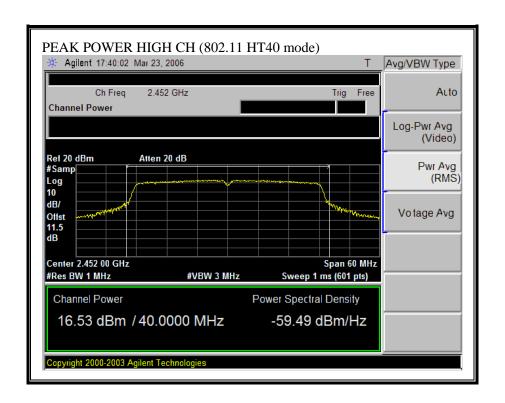
### CHAIN 0, OUTPUT POWER (802.11 HT40 MODE)



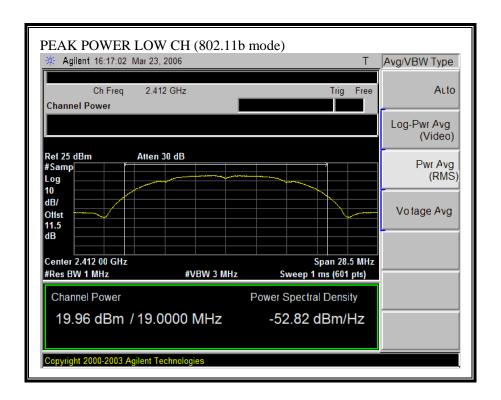


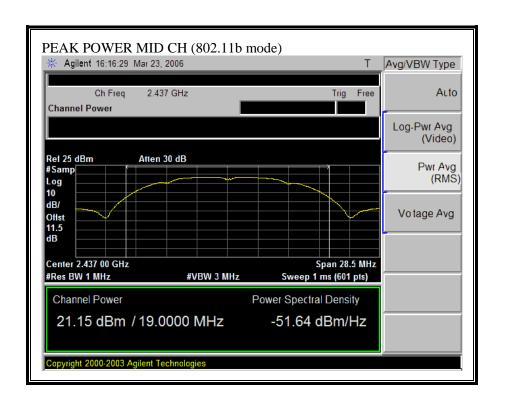


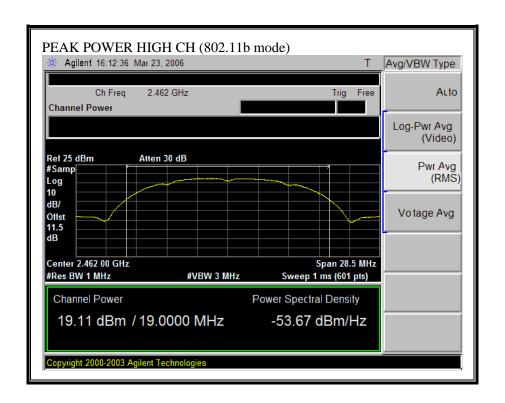




# **CHAIN 2, OUTPUT POWER (802.11b MODE)**

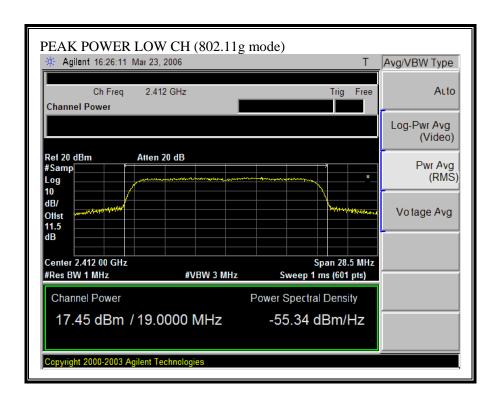


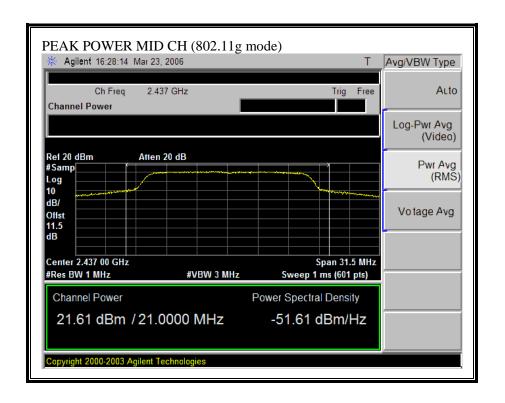


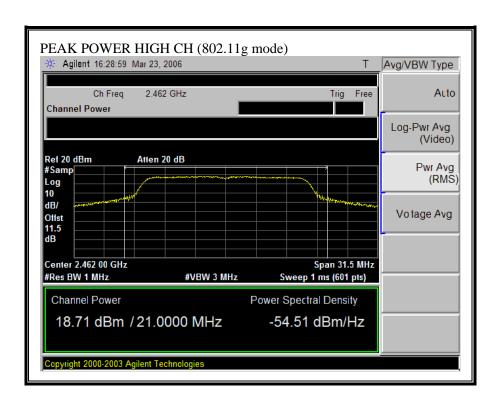


Page 91 of 269

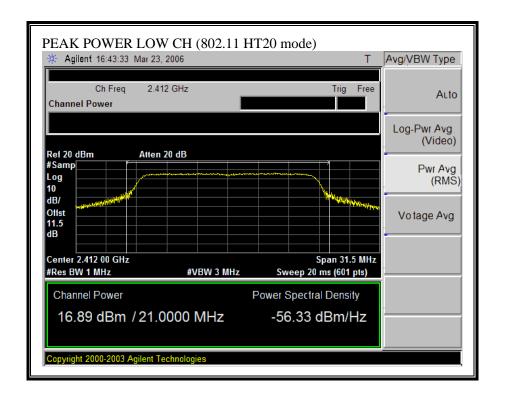
# **CHAIN 2, OUTPUT POWER (802.11g MODE)**

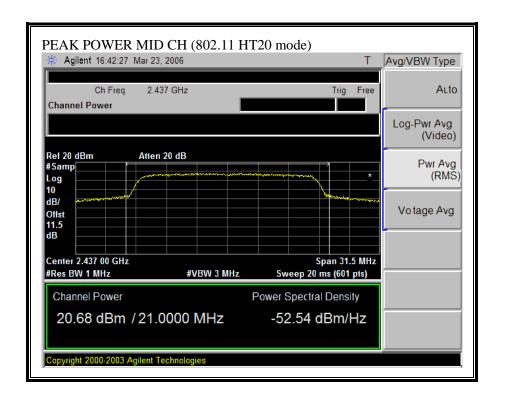


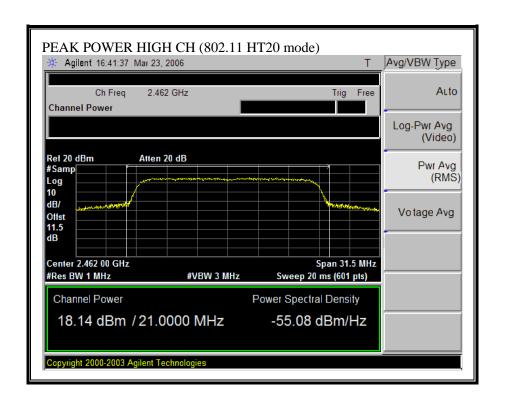




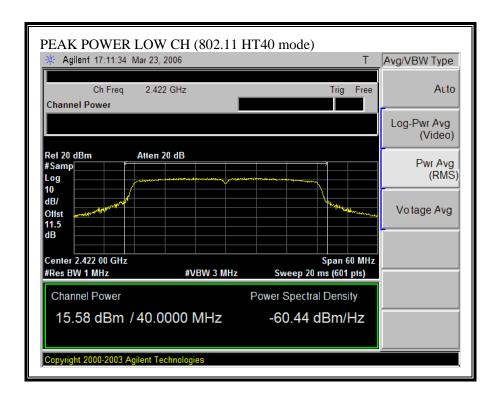
## CHAIN 2, OUTPUT POWER (802.11 HT20 MODE)

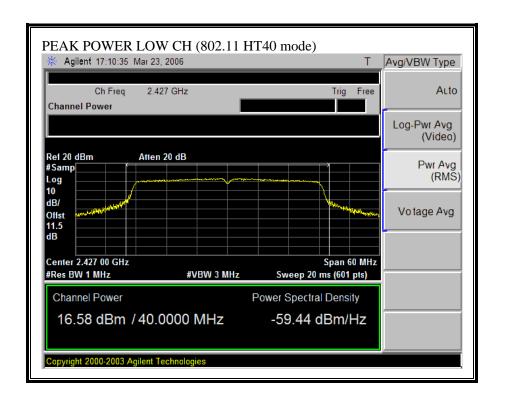


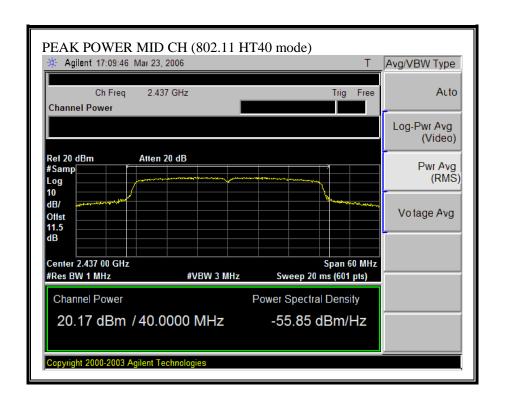


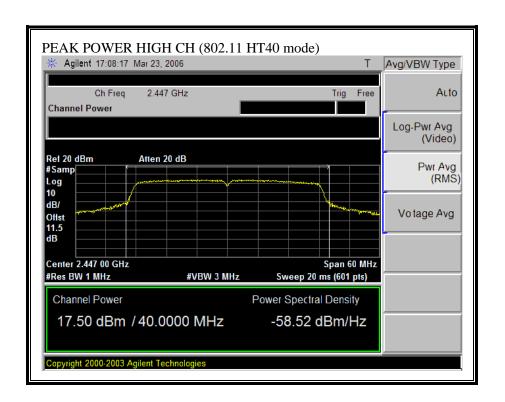


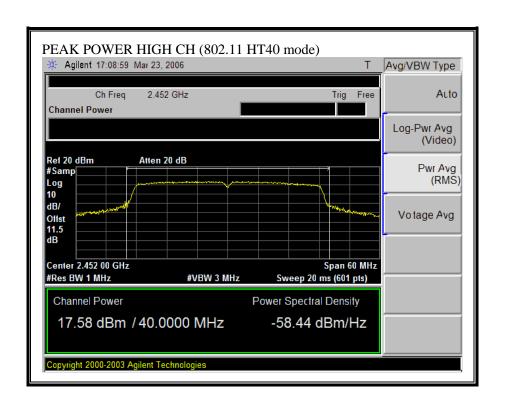
### CHAIN 2, OUTPUT POWER (802.11 HT40 MODE)











#### 7.1.4. AVERAGE POWER

### **AVERAGE POWER LIMIT**

None; for reporting purposes only.

## **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

Channel	Frequency	Average Power	Average Power	Average Power				
		Chain 0	Chain 2	Total				
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)				
802.11b Mode								
Low	2412	20.40	20.20	23.31				
Middle	2437	21.10	20.80	23.96				
High	2462	19.50	19.20	22.36				
802.11g Mode								
Low	2412	17.00	16.80	19.91				
Middle	2437	20.70	21.00	23.86				
High	2462	18.20	18.00	21.11				
802.11 HT20 Mode								
Low	2412	16.50	16.30	19.41				
Middle	2437	20.80	20.60	23.71				
High	2462	17.80	17.60	20.71				
802.11 HT40 Mode								
Low	2422	16.20	15.20	18.74				
Second Low	2427	16.60	16.00	19.32				
Middle	2437	19.90	20.00	22.96				
Second High	2447	16.50	16.60	19.56				
High	2452	15.20	16.40	18.85				

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.5 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

#### 7.1.5. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

#### LIMIT

§15.247 (d) For direct sequence systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer, the maximum level in a 3 kHz bandwidth is measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW = 3 kHz and VBW > 3 kHz, sweep time = span / 3 kHz, and video averaging is turned off. The PPSD is the highest level found across the emission in any 3 kHz band. Trace average 100 traces in power averaging mode. Do not use video averaging mode.

The test is performed in accordance with FCC document "Measurement of Digital Transmission Systems Operating under Section 15.247", March 23, 2005. Transmitter power was measured with Power Output Option #2, Method #1. Therefore, PPSD was measured with PSD option #2...

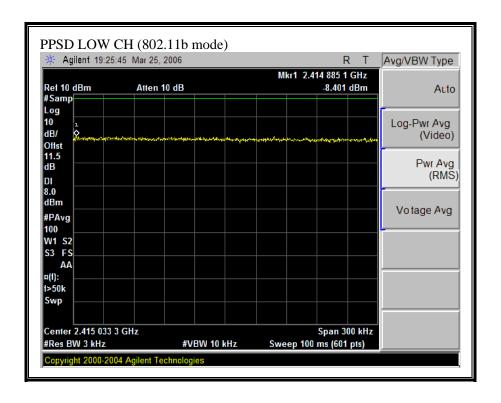
#### **RESULTS**

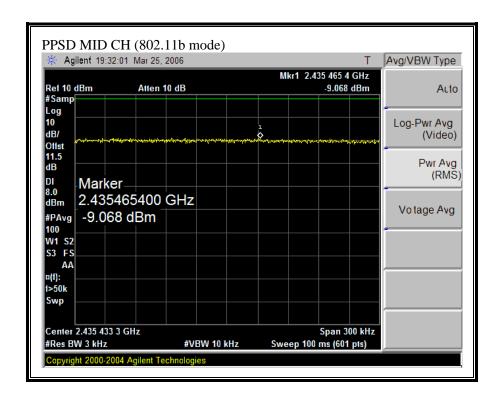
No non-compliance noted:

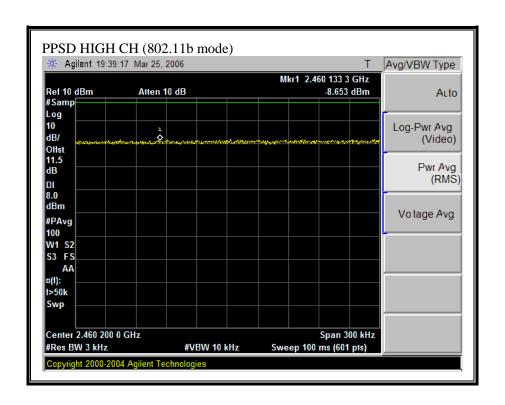
# 802.11b Mode

Channel	Frequency	PPSD	PPSD	PPSD	Limit	Margin
		Chain 0	Chain 2	Total		
	(MHz)	( <b>dBm</b> )	( <b>dBm</b> )	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	2412	-8.40	-8.18	-5.28	8	-13.28
Middle	2437	-9.07	-8.79	-5.91	8	-13.91
High	2462	-8.65	-8.89	-5.76	8	-13.76
802.11g Mode						
Low	2412	-15.95	-15.54	-12.73	8	-20.73
Middle	2437	-12.60	-13.01	-9.79	8	-17.79
High	2462	-14.60	-15.09	-11.83	8	-19.83
802.11 HT20 N	Mode					
Low	2412	-16.16	-15.94	-13.04	8	-21.04
Middle	2437	-12.99	-12.80	-9.88	8	-17.88
High	2462	-15.81	-15.31	-12.54	8	-20.54
802.11 HT40 Mode						
Low	2422	-20.33	-20.34	-17.32	8	-25.32
Second Low	2427	-19.88	-19.16	-16.49	8	-24.49
Middle	2437	-16.18	-16.72	-13.43	8	-21.43
Second High	2447	-18.89	-18.98	-15.92	8	-23.92
High	2452	-18.96	-19.32	-16.12	8	-24.12

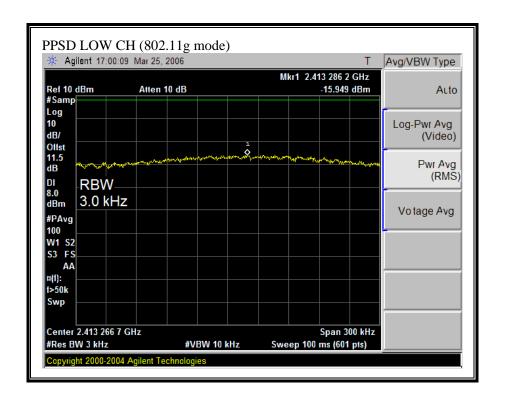
#### CHAIN 0, PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11b MODE)

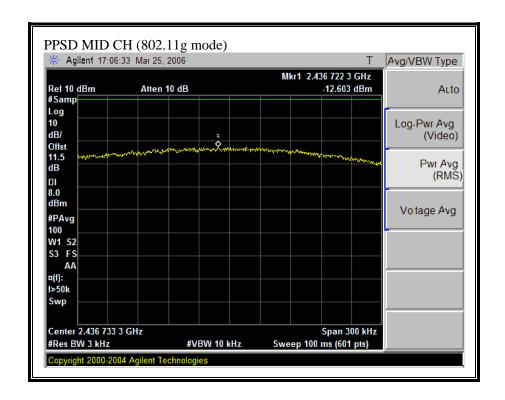


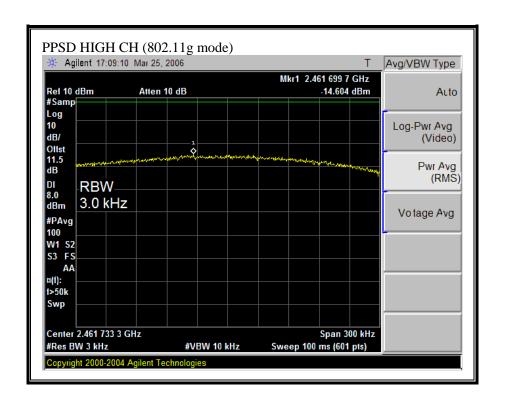




# CHAIN 0, PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11g MODE)

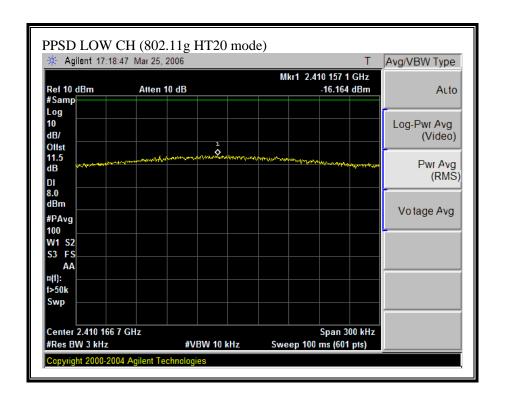


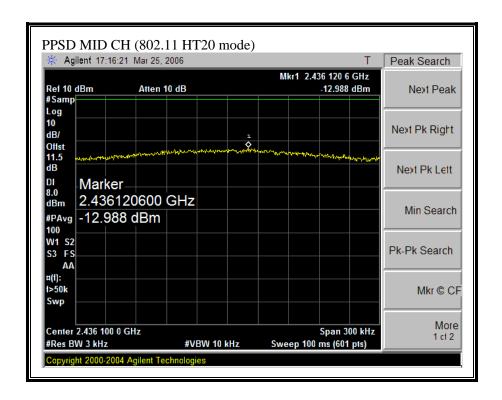


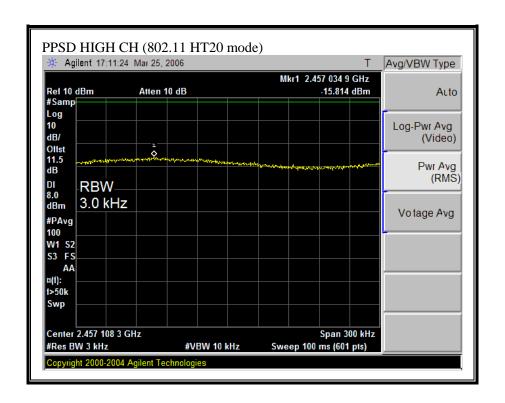


Page 111 of 269

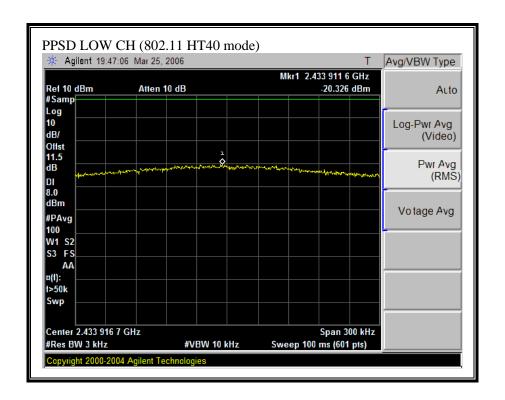
# CHAIN 0, PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11 HT20 MODE)

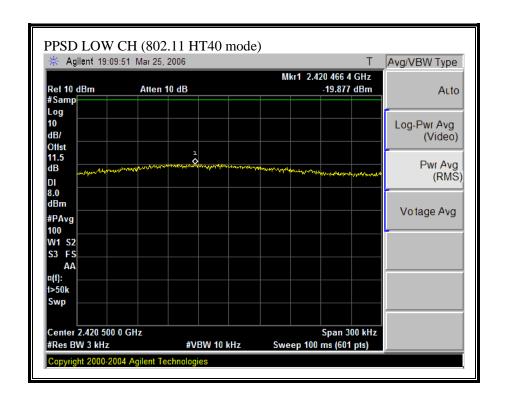




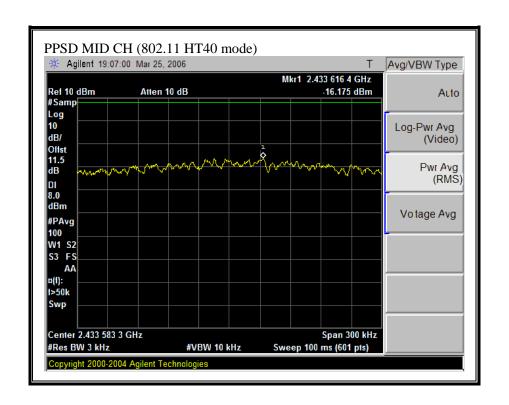


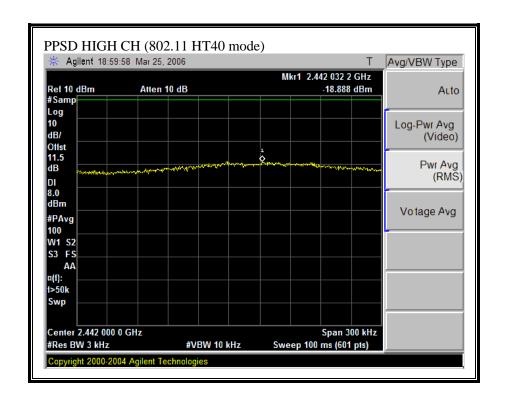
# CHAIN 0, PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11 HT40 MODE)



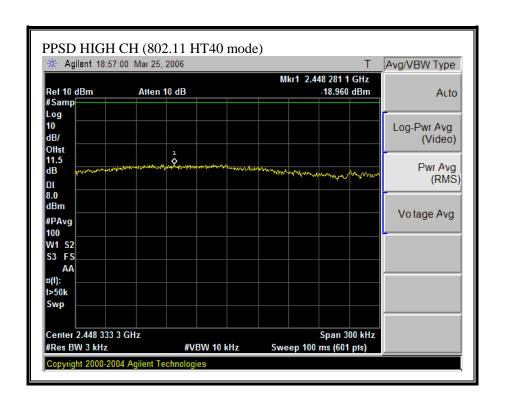


Page 116 of 269



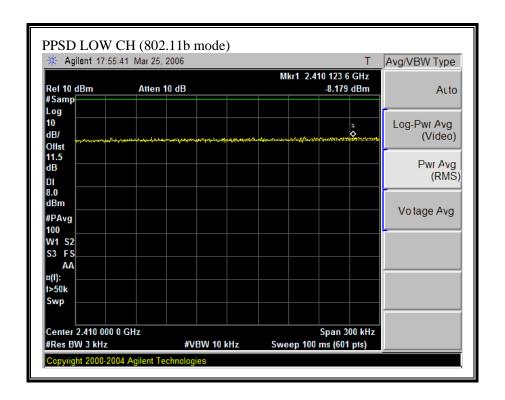


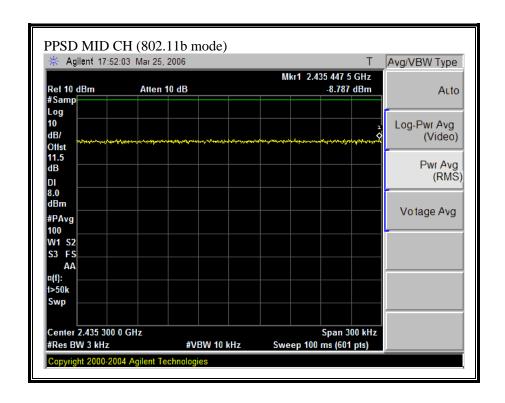
Page 118 of 269

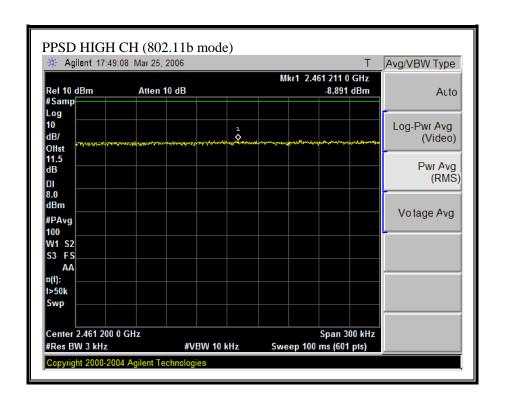


Page 119 of 269

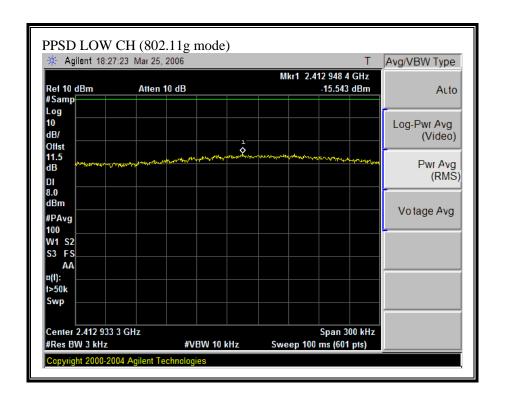
# CHAIN 2, PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11b MODE)

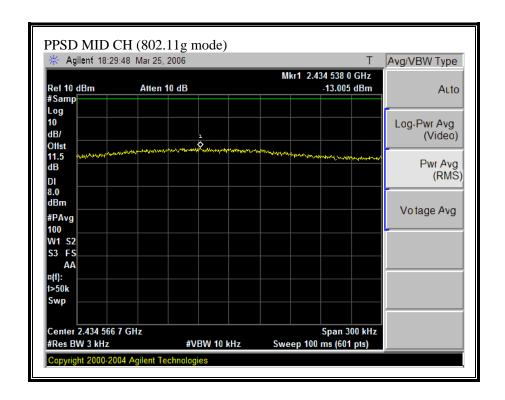


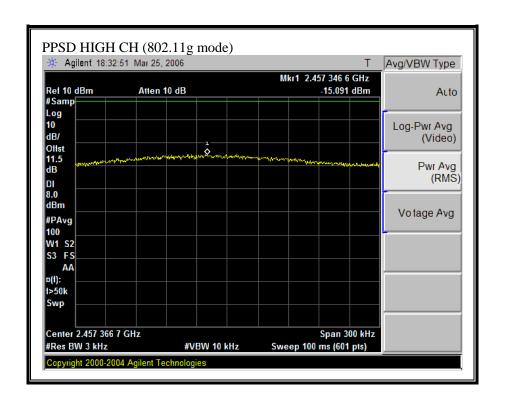




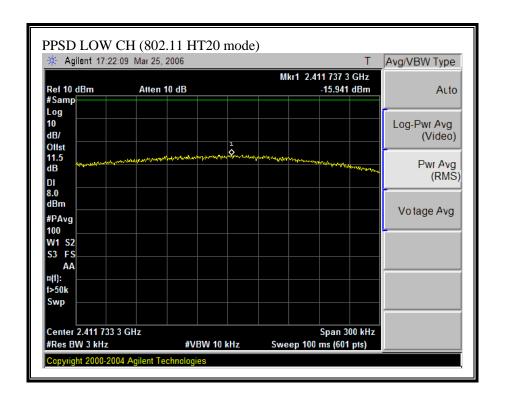
# CHAIN 2, PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11g MODE)

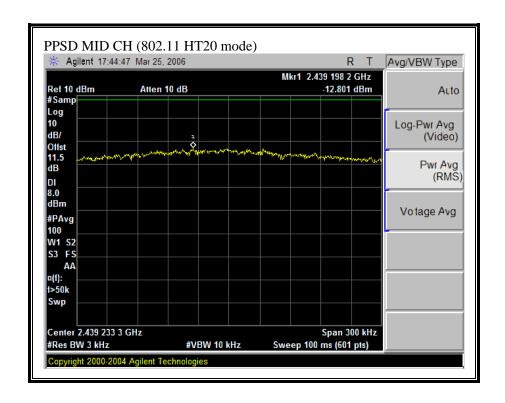


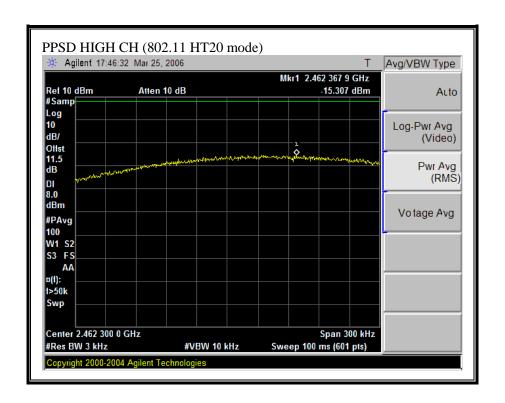




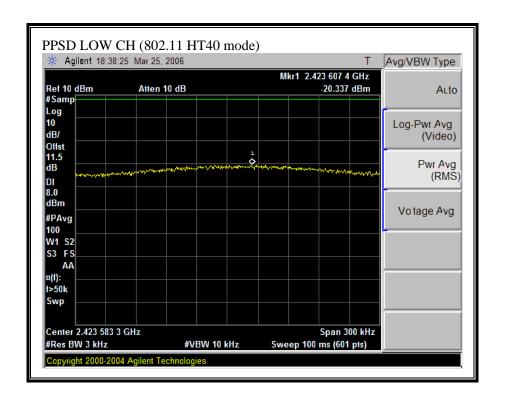
# CHAIN 2, PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11 HT20 MODE)

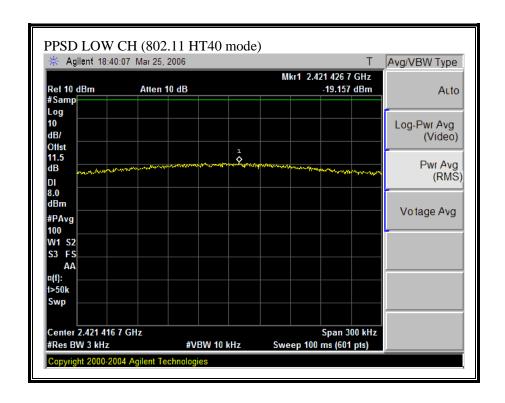


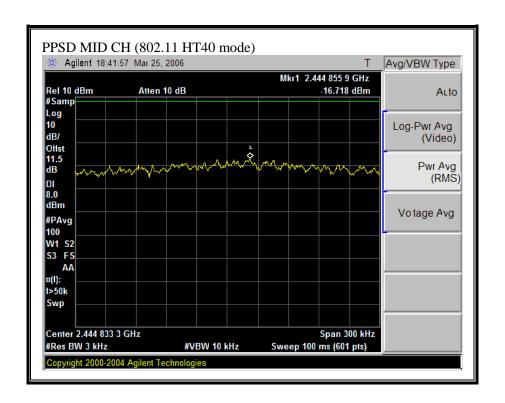


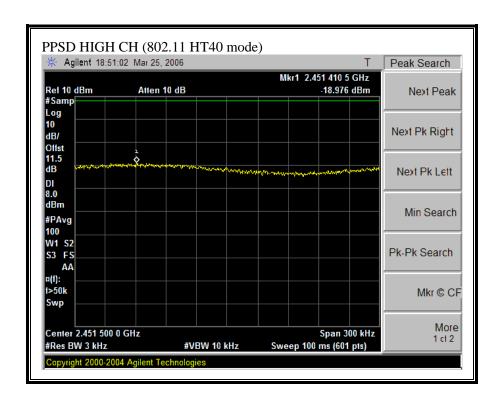


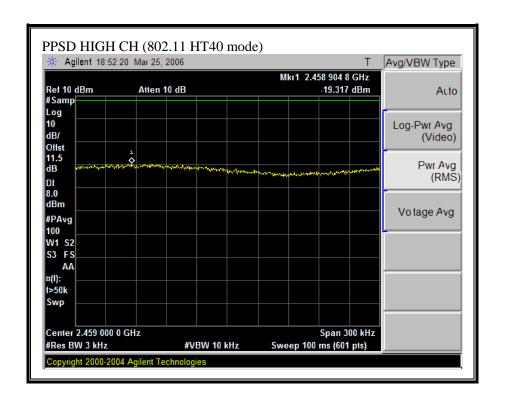
# CHAIN 2, PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11 HT40 MODE)











#### 7.1.6. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

#### **LIMITS**

§15.247 (c) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in§15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Conducted power was measured based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, therefore the required attenuation is 30 dB.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

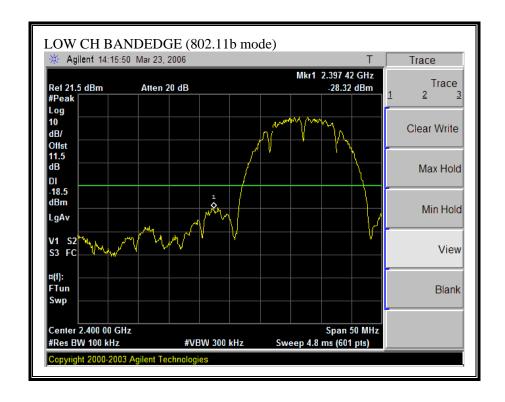
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

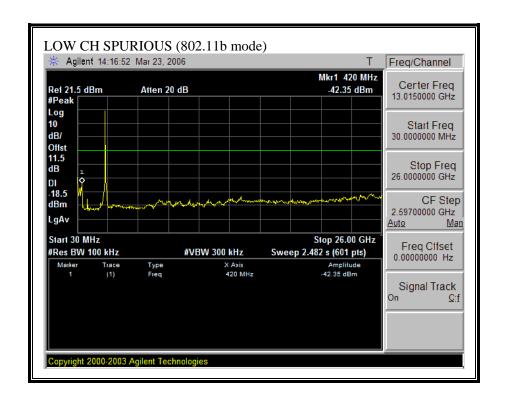
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

#### **RESULTS**

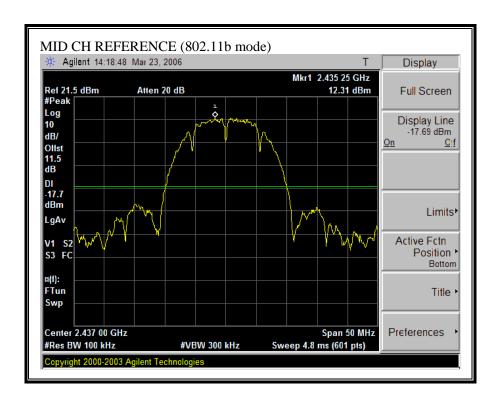
No non-compliance noted:

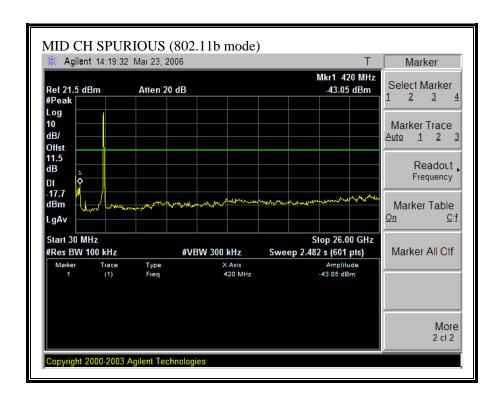
# CHAIN 0 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11b MODE)



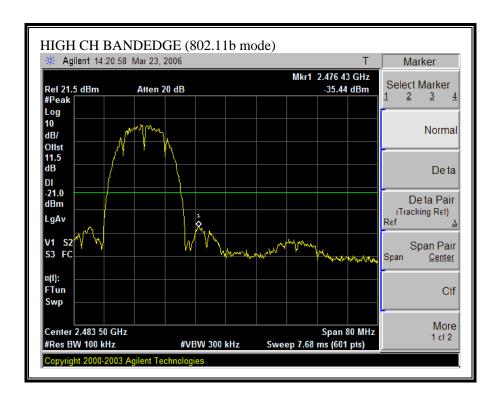


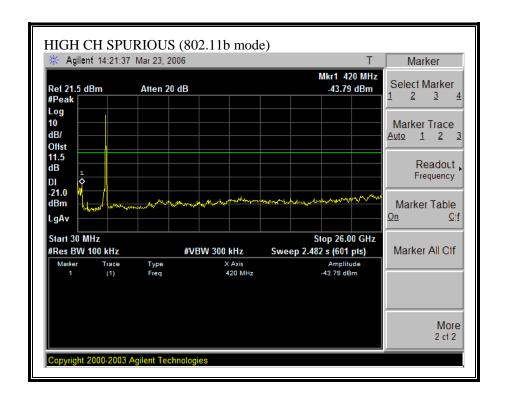
## SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11b MODE)



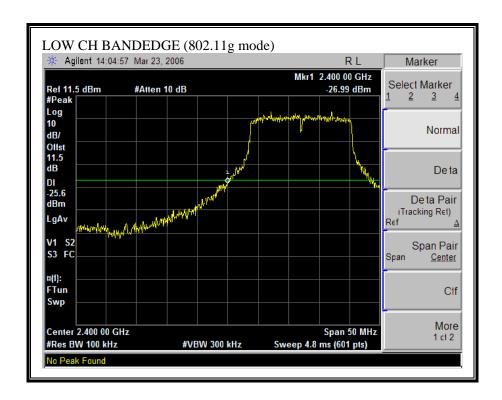


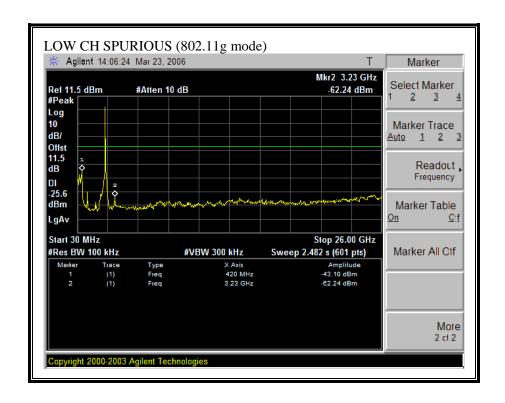
# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11b MODE)



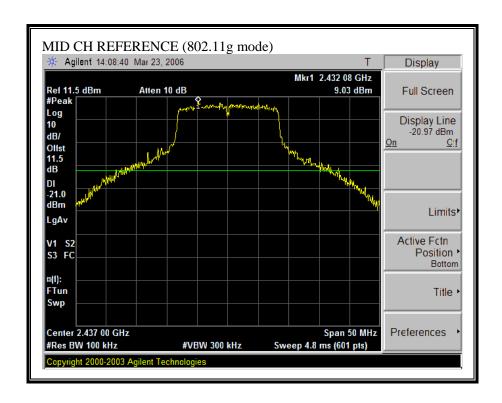


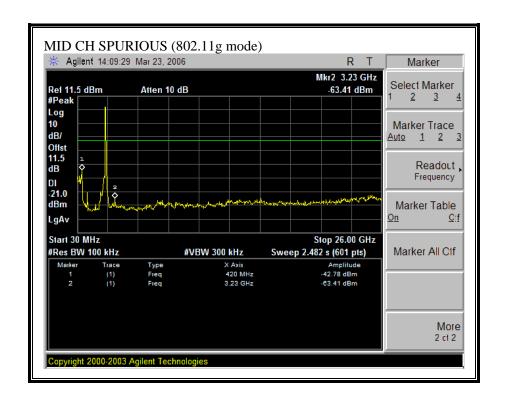
# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11g MODE)



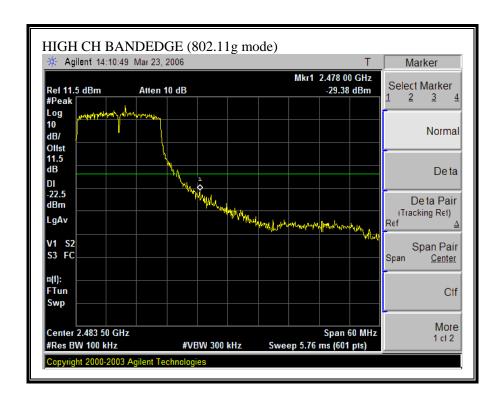


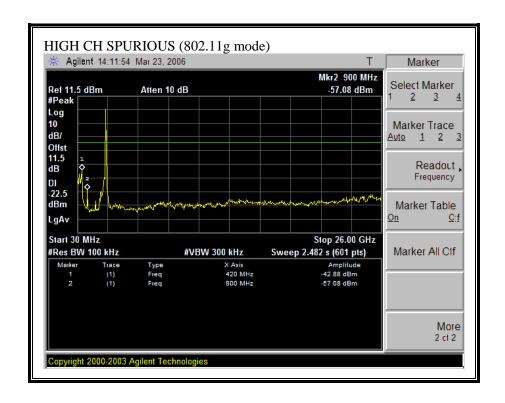
## SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11g MODE)



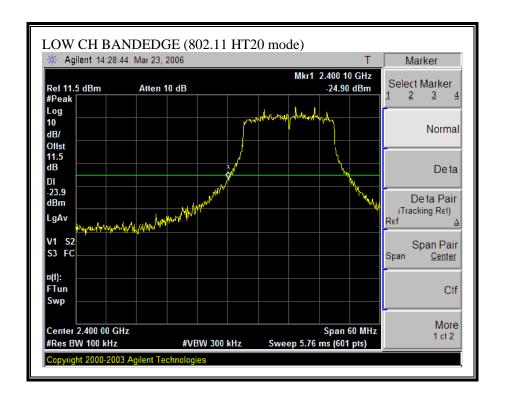


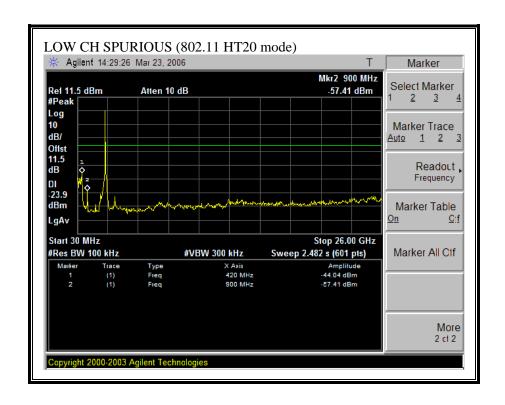
# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11g MODE)



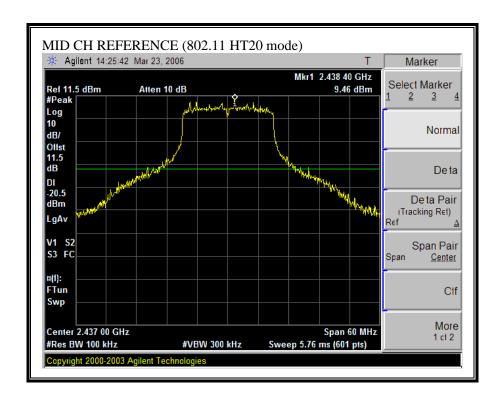


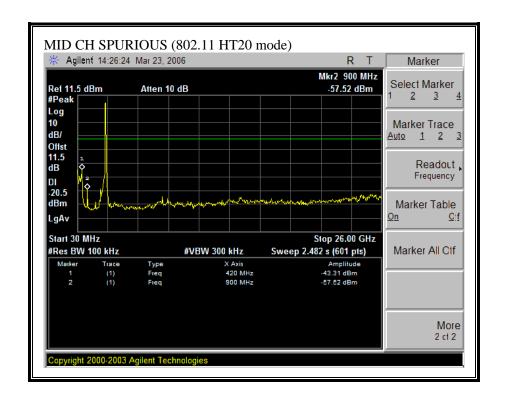
# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11 HT20 MODE)



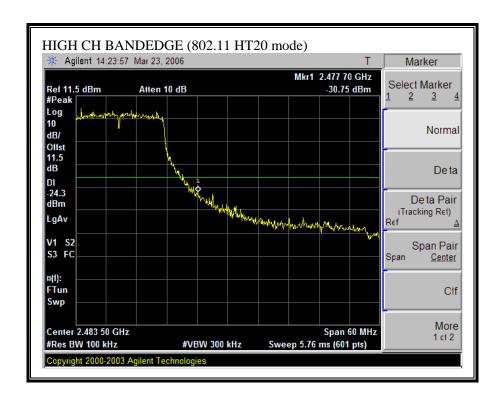


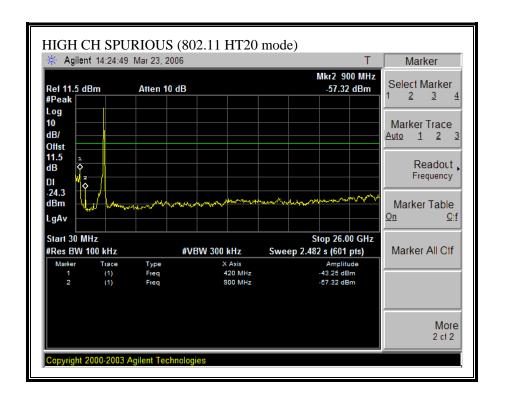
### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11 HT20 MODE)





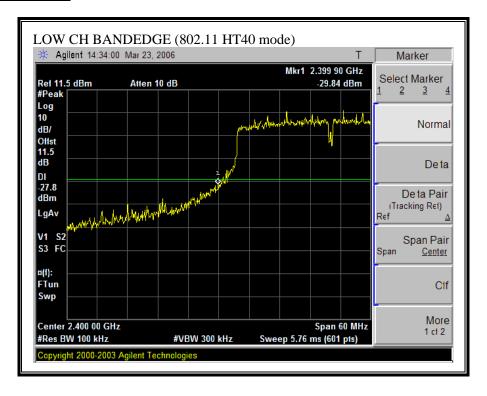
# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11 HT20 MODE)





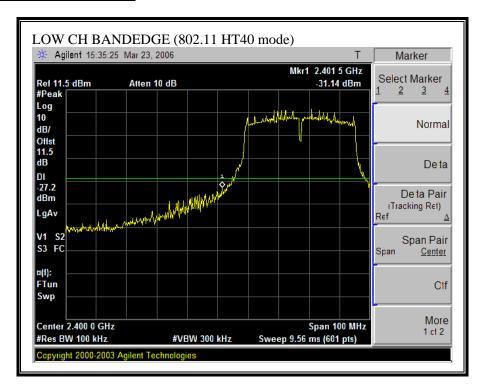
### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11 HT40 MODE)

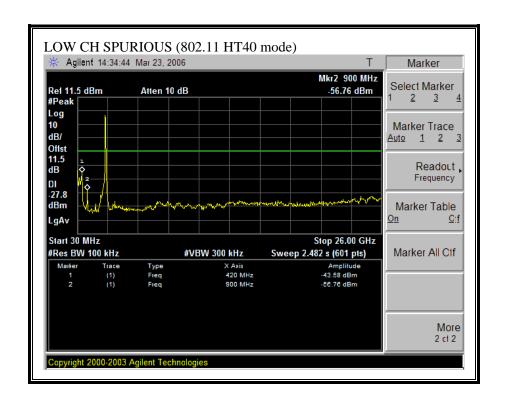
### LOW CH 2422MHz



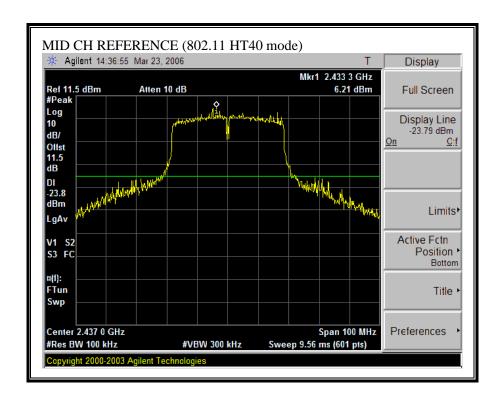
# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11 HT40 MODE)

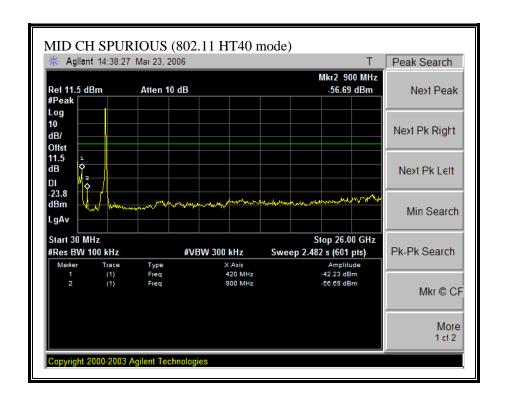
### SECOND LOW CH. 2427 MHz





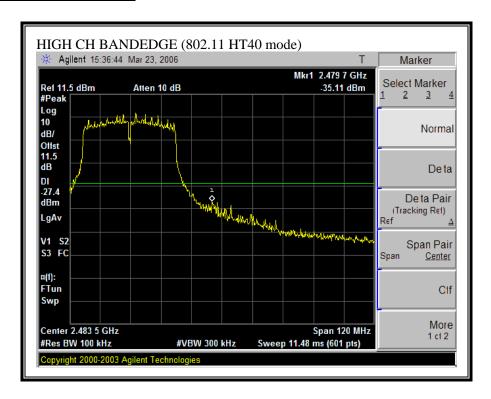
### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11 HT40 MODE)





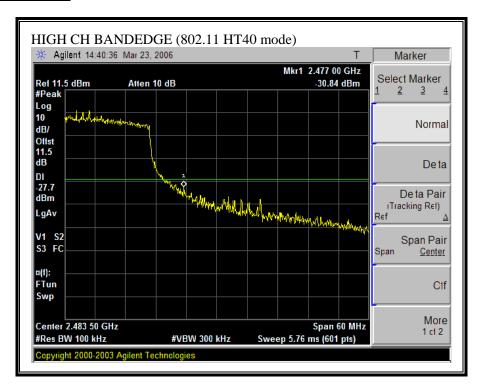
### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11 HT40 MODE)

### **SECOND HIGH CH 2447MHz**

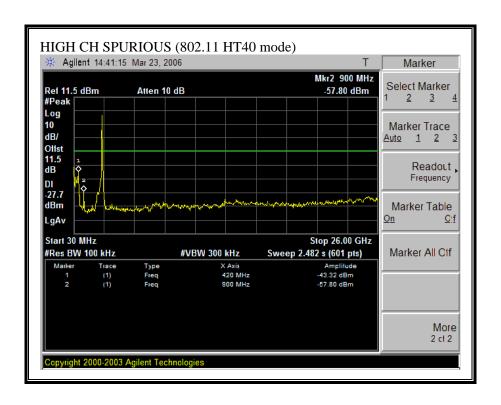


### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGHCHANNEL (802.11 HT40 MODE)

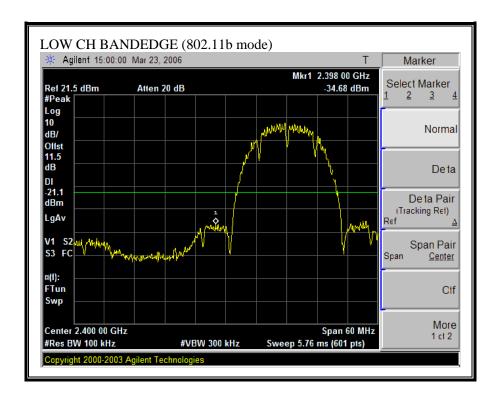
### HIGH CH 2452MHz

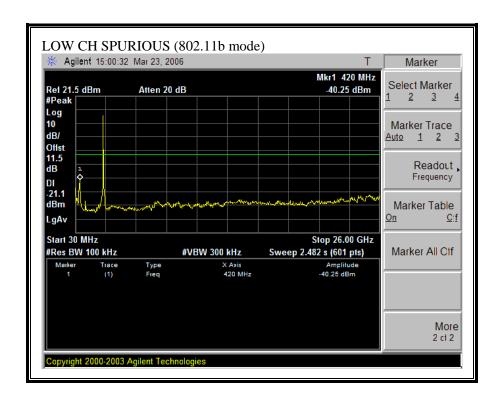


### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11 HT40 MODE

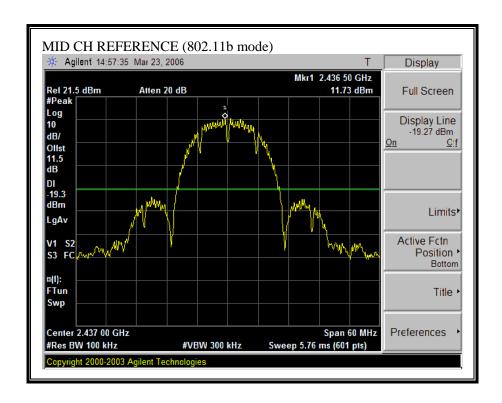


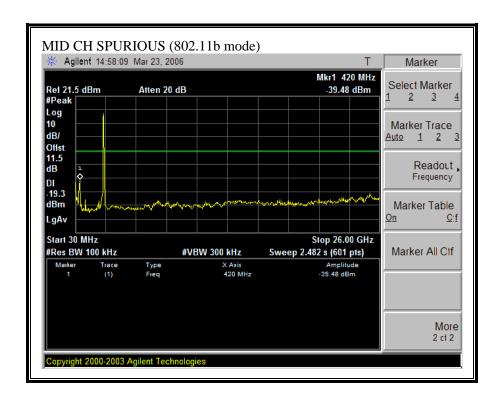
# CHAIN 2 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11b MODE)



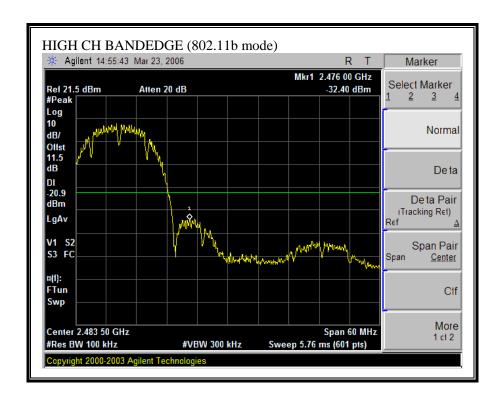


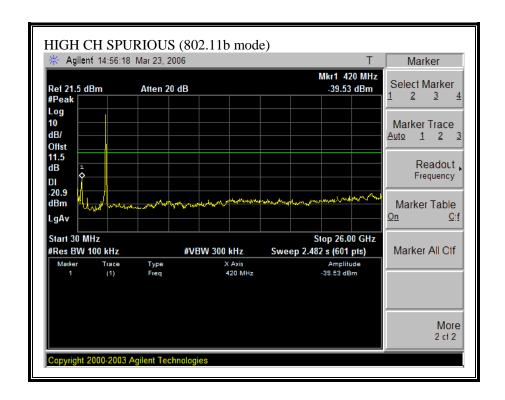
### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11b MODE)



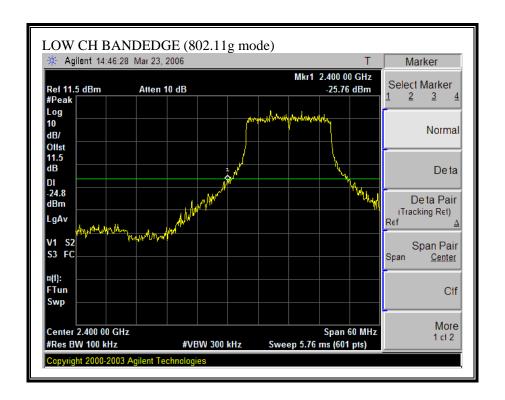


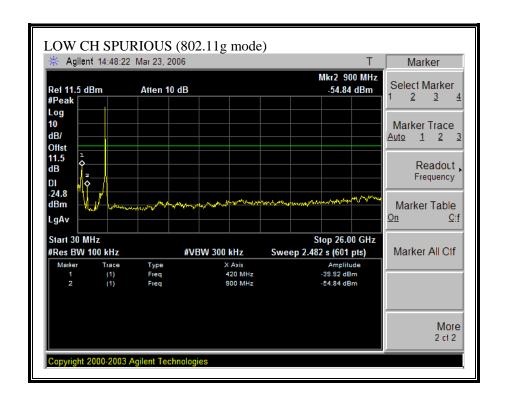
# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11b MODE)



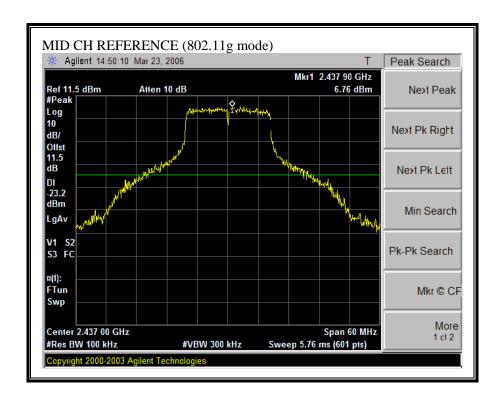


# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11g MODE)

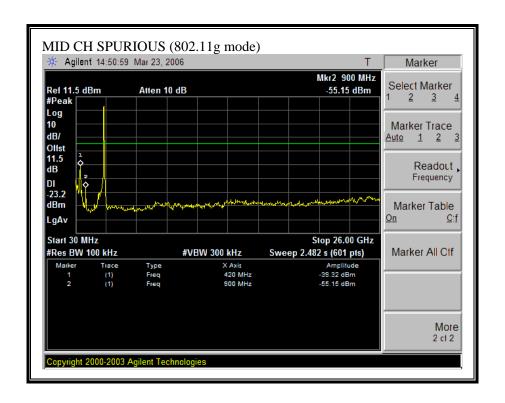




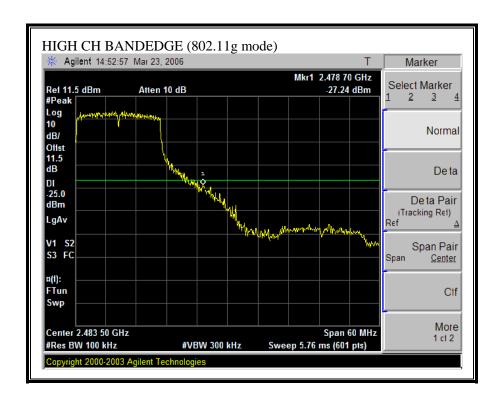
### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11g MODE)



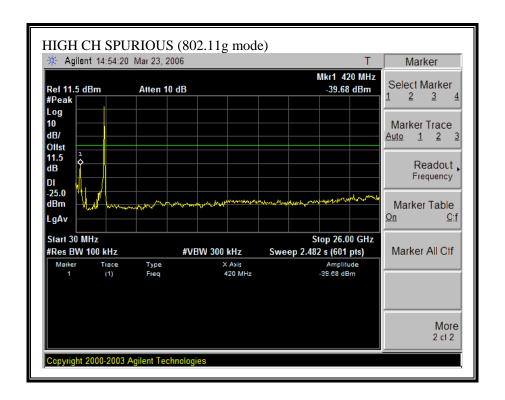
### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11g MODE)

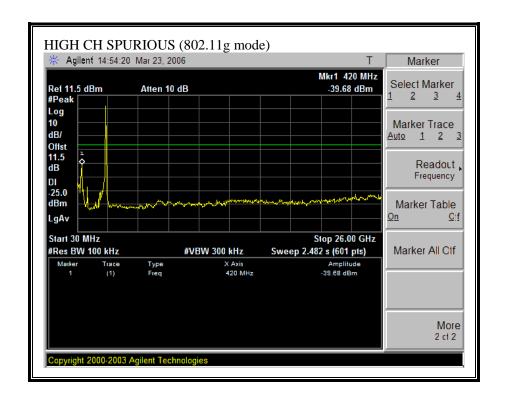


# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11g MODE)

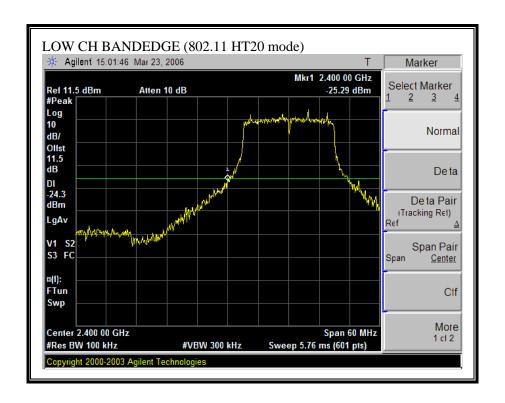


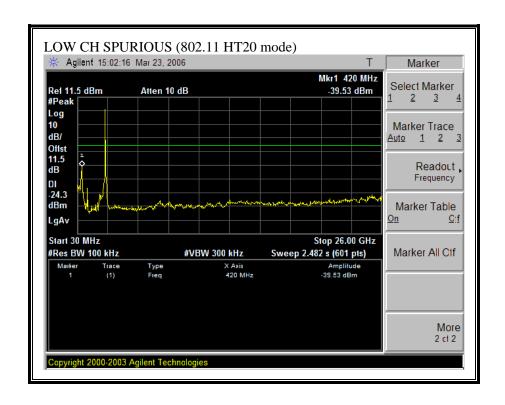
# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11g MODE)



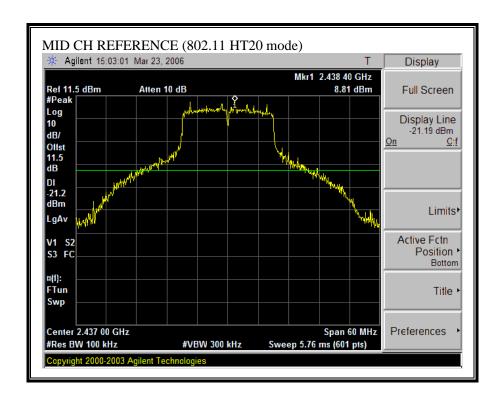


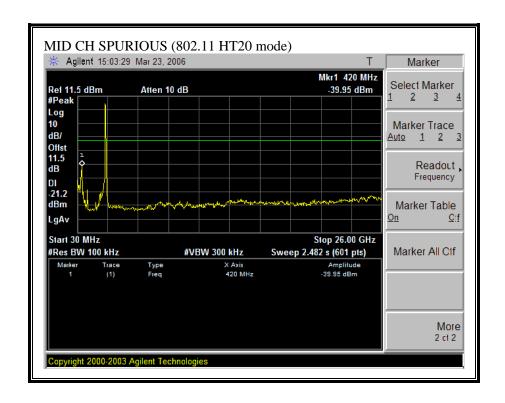
# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11 HT20 MODE)



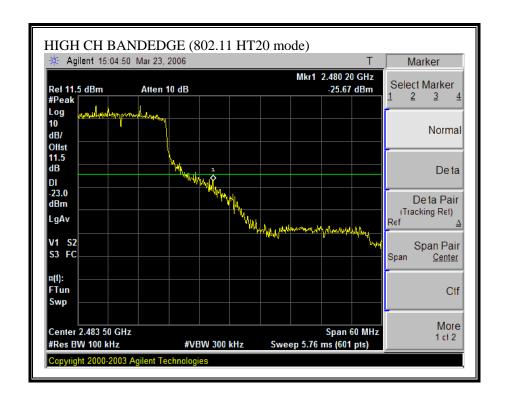


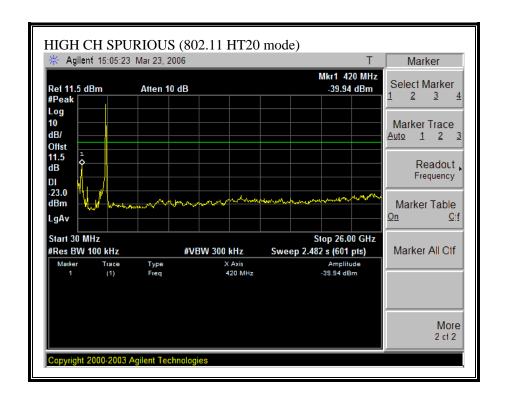
### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11 HT20 MODE)





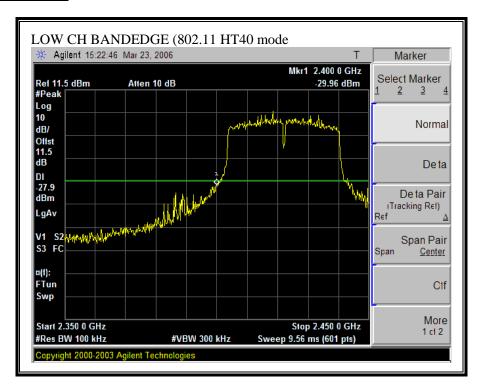
# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11 HT20 MODE)





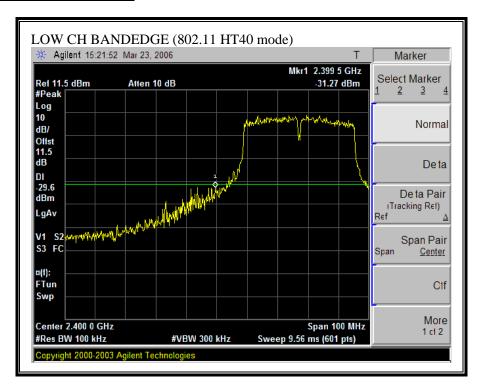
### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11 HT40 MODE)

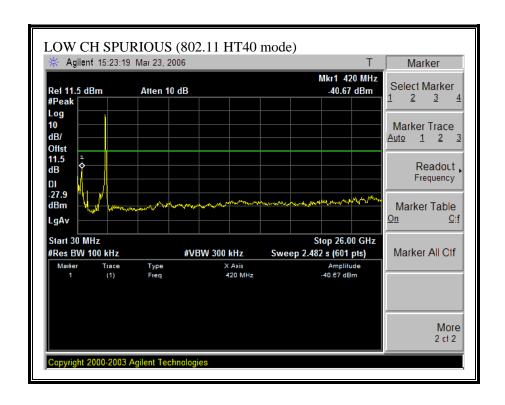
### LOW CH 2422MHz



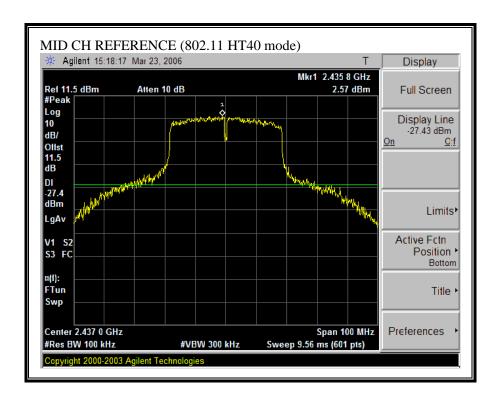
# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOWCHANNEL (802.11 HT40MODE)

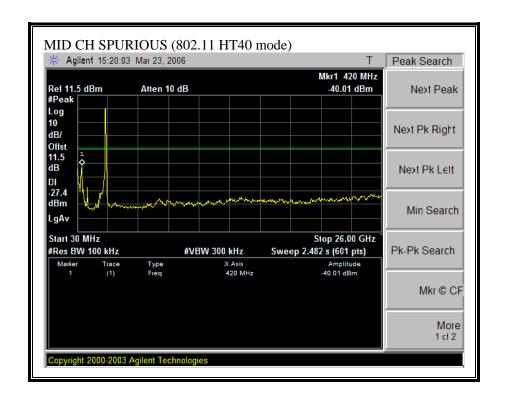
### SECOND LOW CH. 2427 MHz





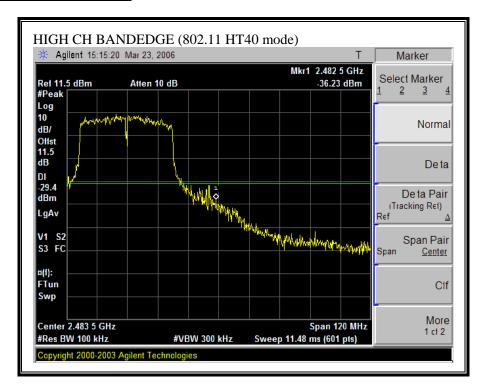
### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11 HT40 MODE)





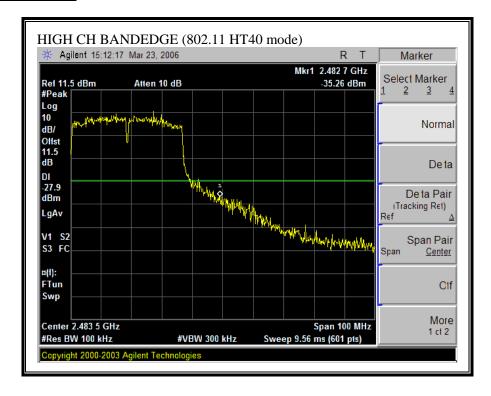
### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11 HT40 MODE)

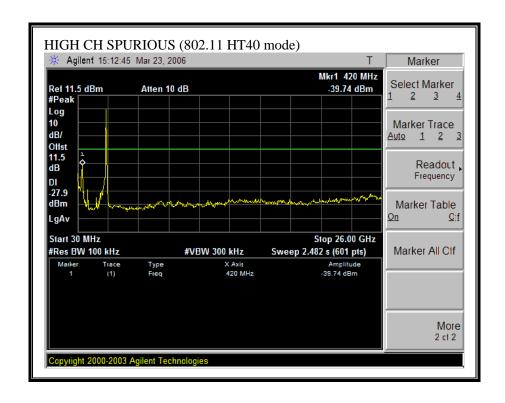
### **SECOND HIGH CH 2447MHz**



### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11 HT40 MODE)

### HIGH CH 2452MHz





# 7.2. RADIATED EMISSIONS

### 7.2.1. TRANSMITTER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

### **LIMITS**

§15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	$\binom{2}{}$
13.36 - 13.41			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

§15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

§15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)	
30 - 88	100 **	3	
88 - 216	150 **	3	
216 - 960	200 **	3	
Above 960	500	3	

<sup>\*\*</sup> Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

§15.209 (b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane. The antenna to EUT distance is 3 meters. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4. The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode.

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, then the video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurements and 10 Hz for average measurements.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in the 2.4 GHz band.

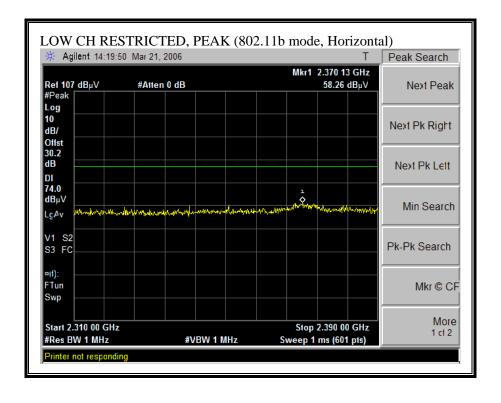
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 40 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in each 5 GHz band.

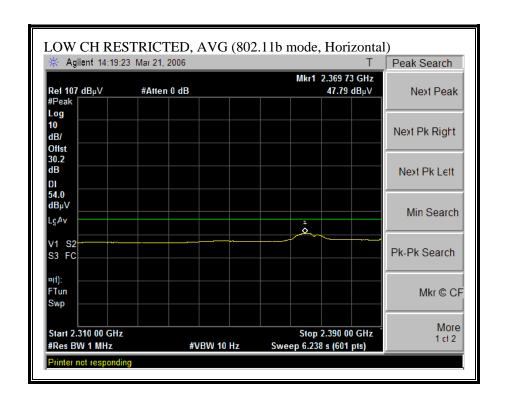
The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

The EUT was operating in dual chain mode for transmitter spurious tests.

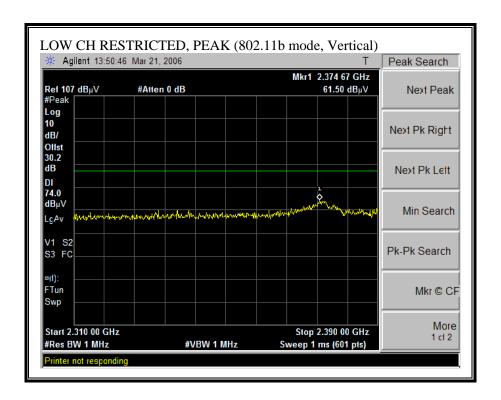
### 7.2.2. TRANSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHz FOR 2400 TO 2483.5 MHz BAND

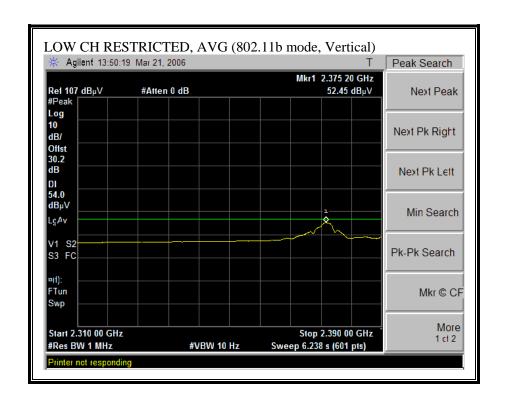
## RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (b MODE, LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



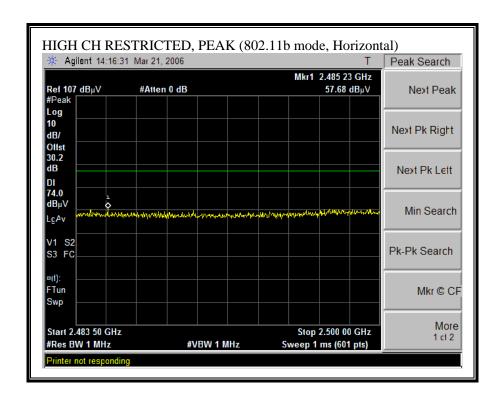


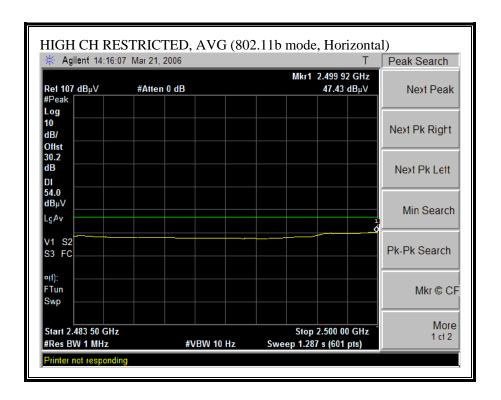
### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (b MODE, LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)



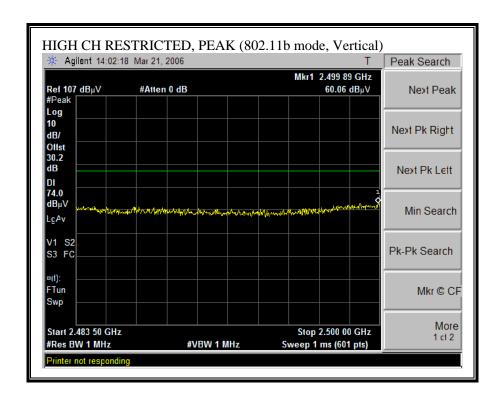


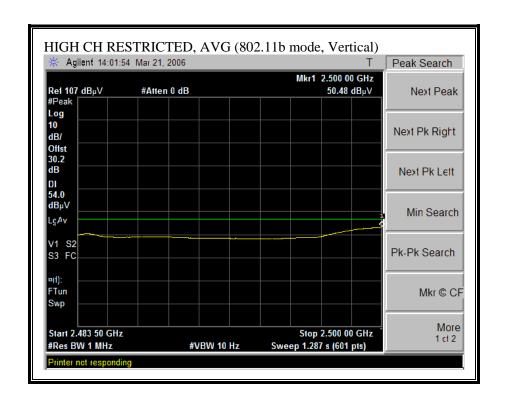
### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (b MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



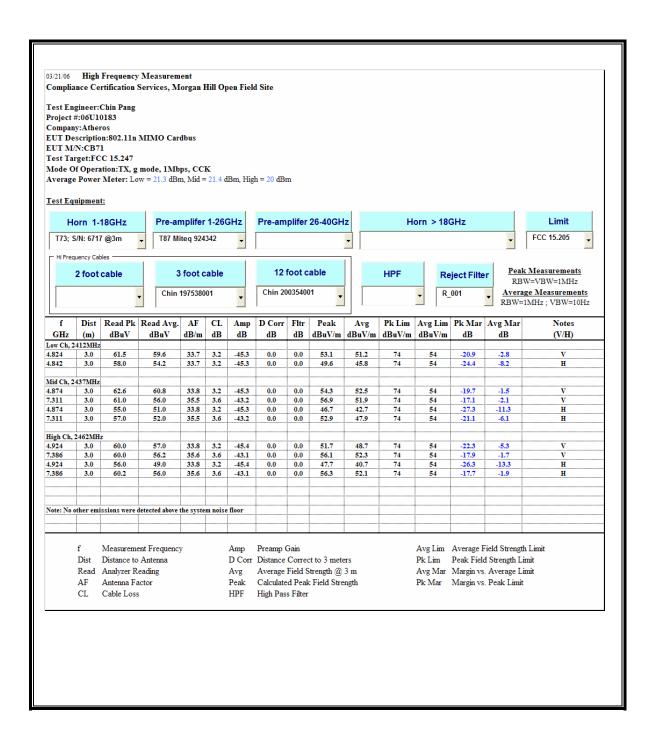


# RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (b MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)





### **HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (b MODE)**



Page 199 of 269

### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (g MODE, LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)

