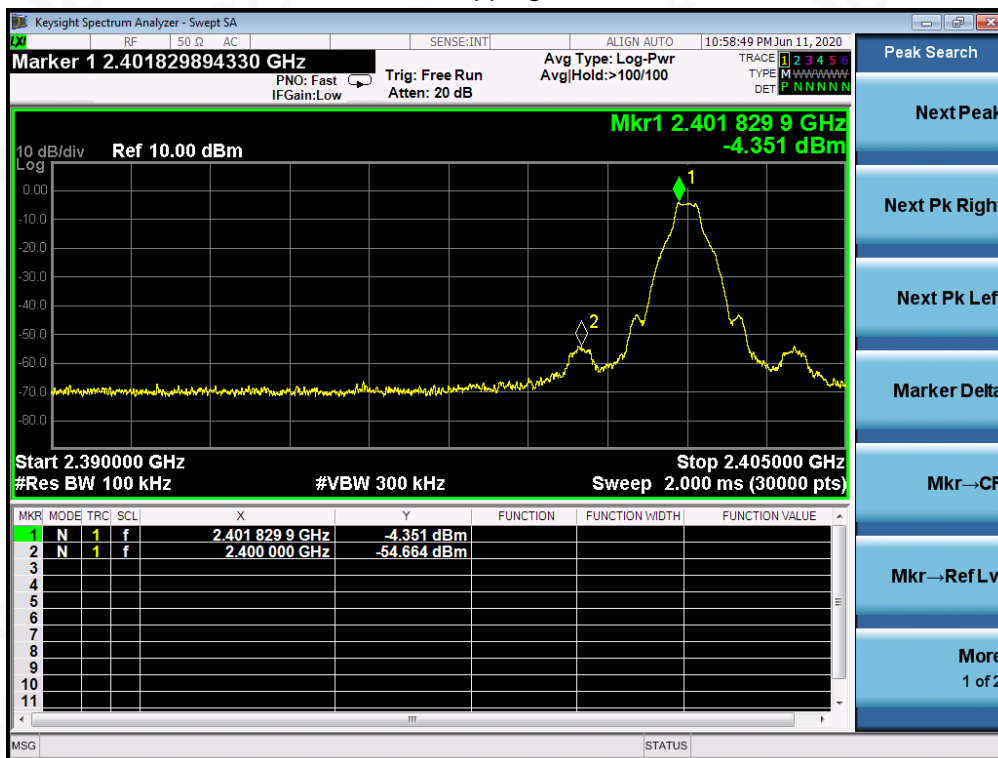
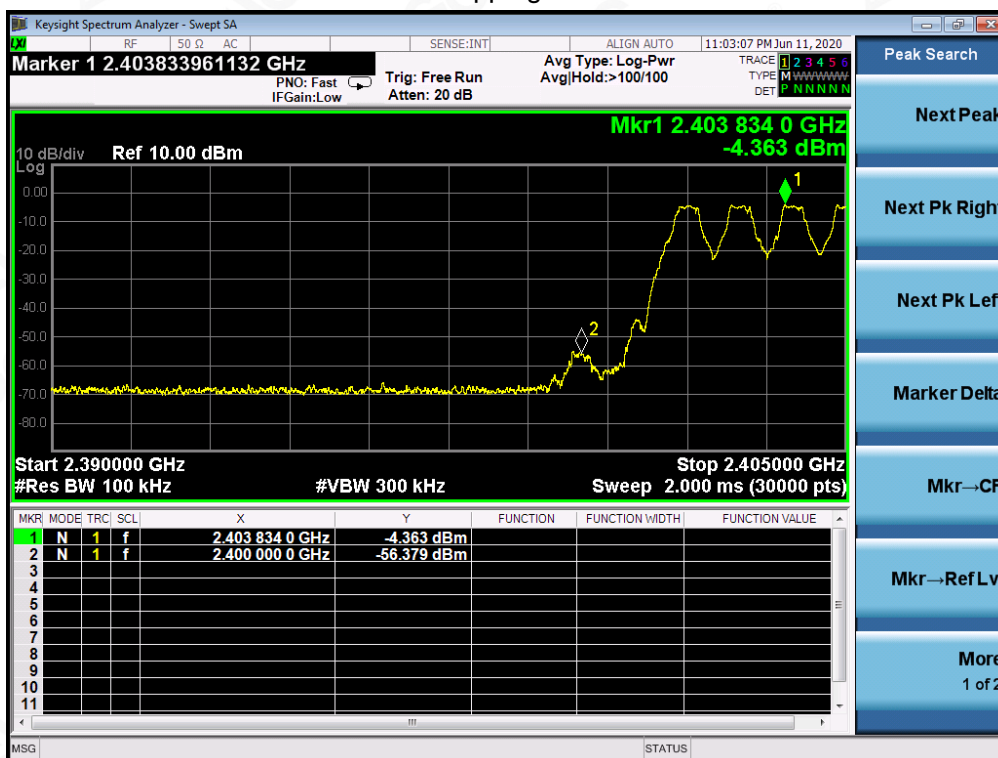


# TEST RESULT FOR BAND EDGE GFSK MODULATION IN LOW CHANNEL Hopping off

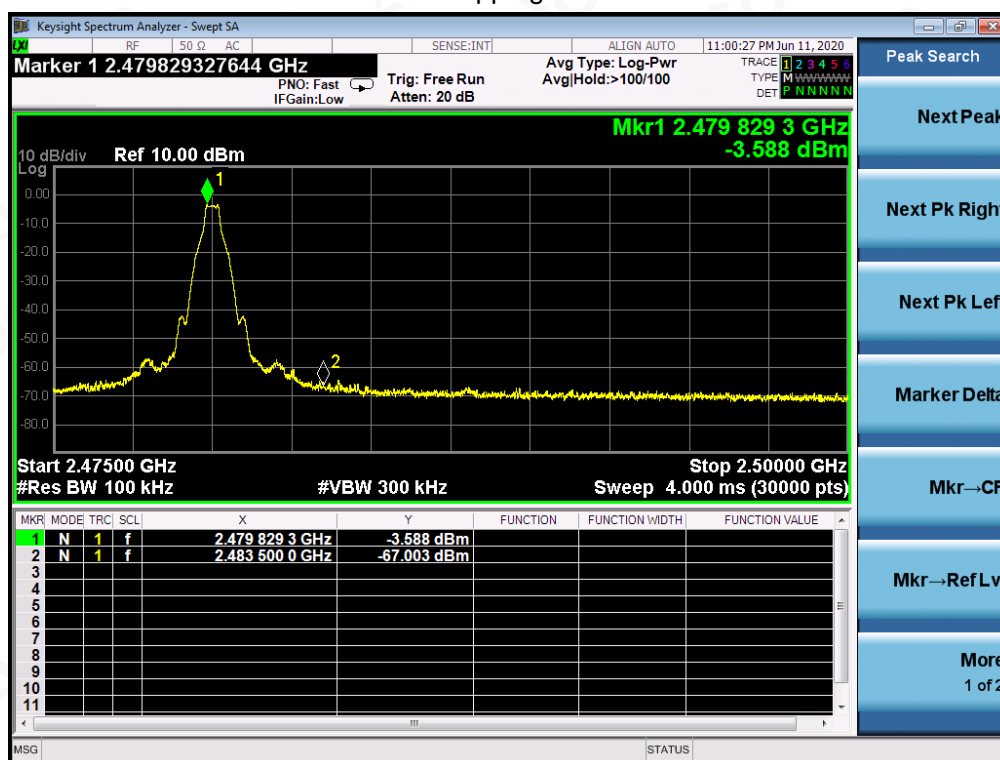


Hopping on

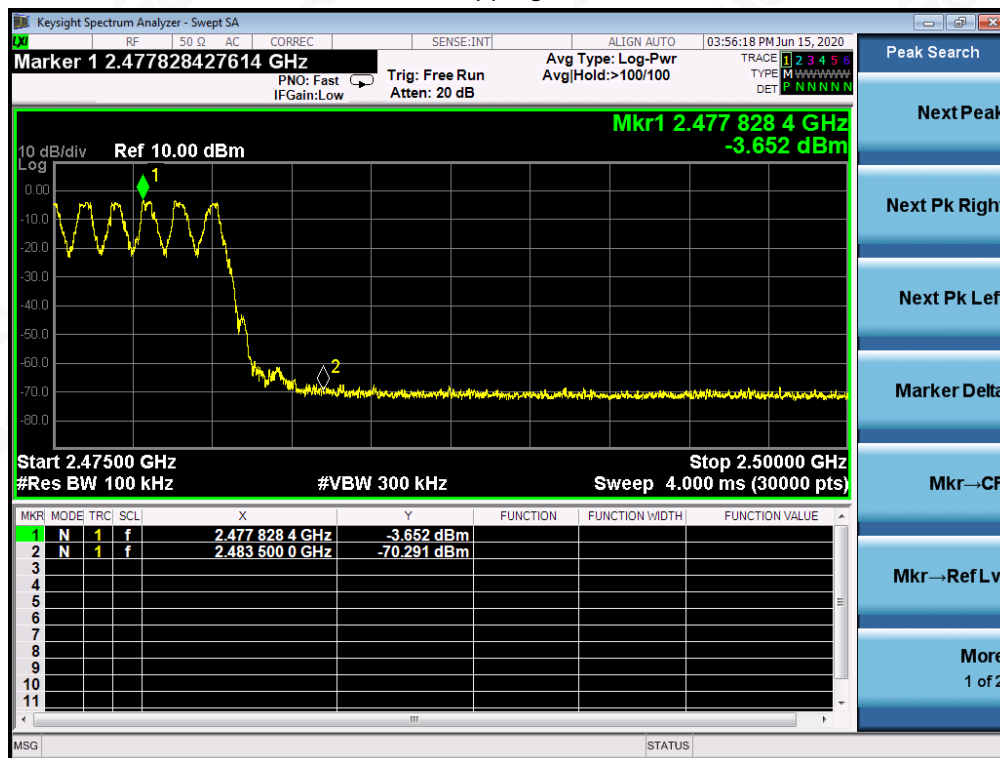


## GFSK MODULATION IN HIGH CHANNEL

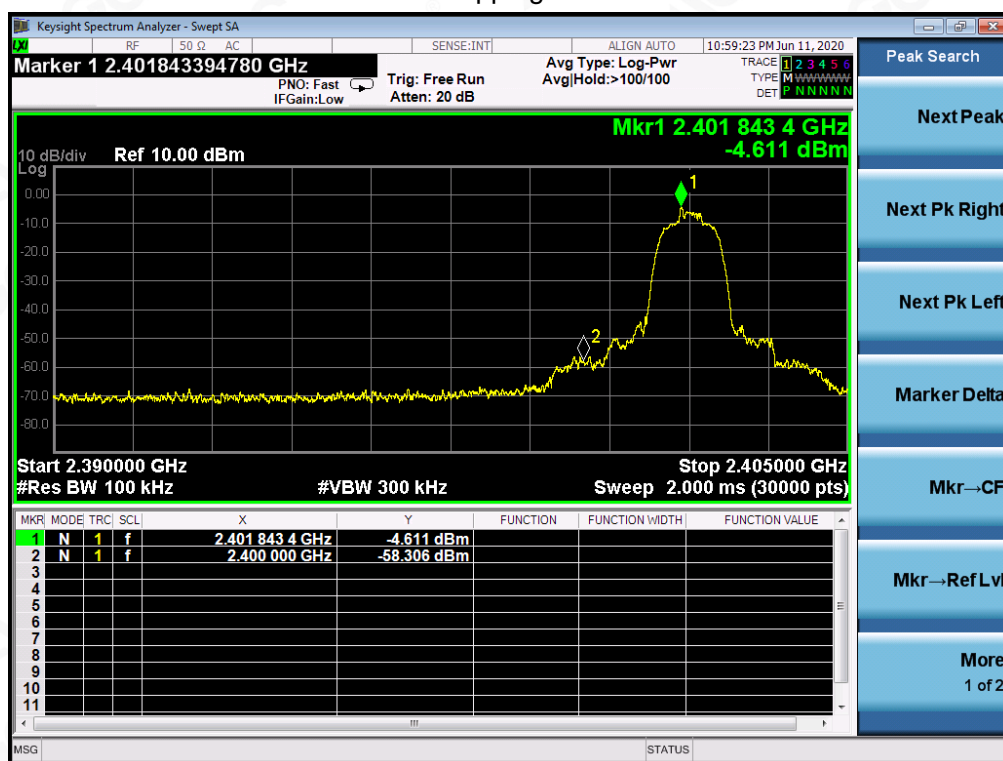
### Hopping off



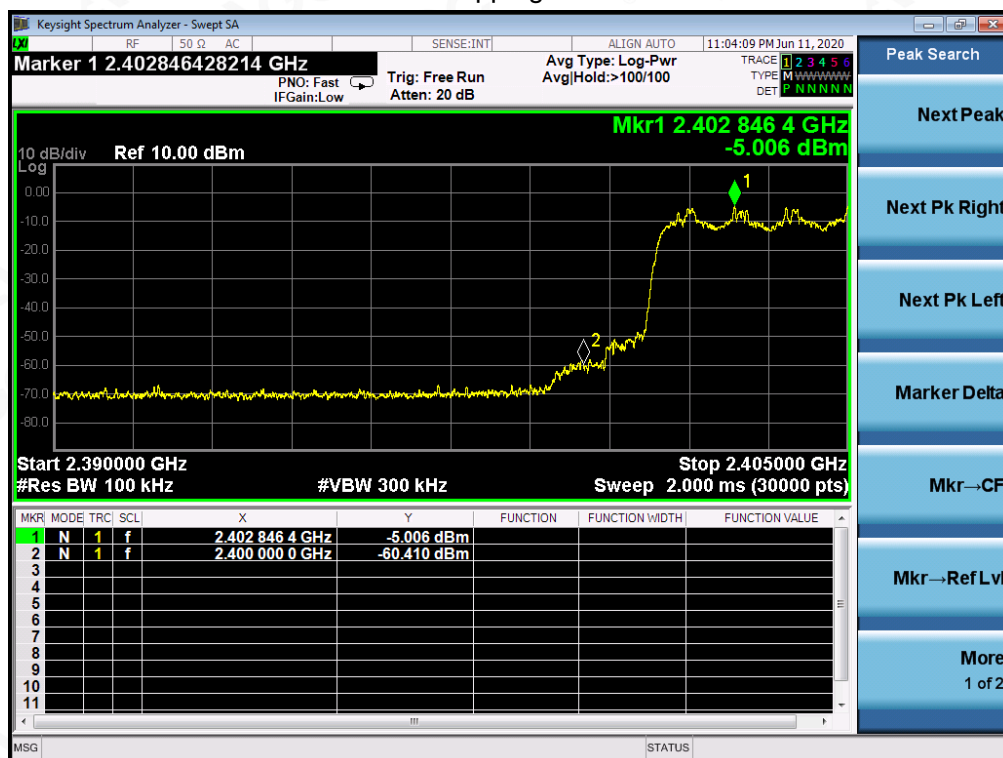
### Hopping on



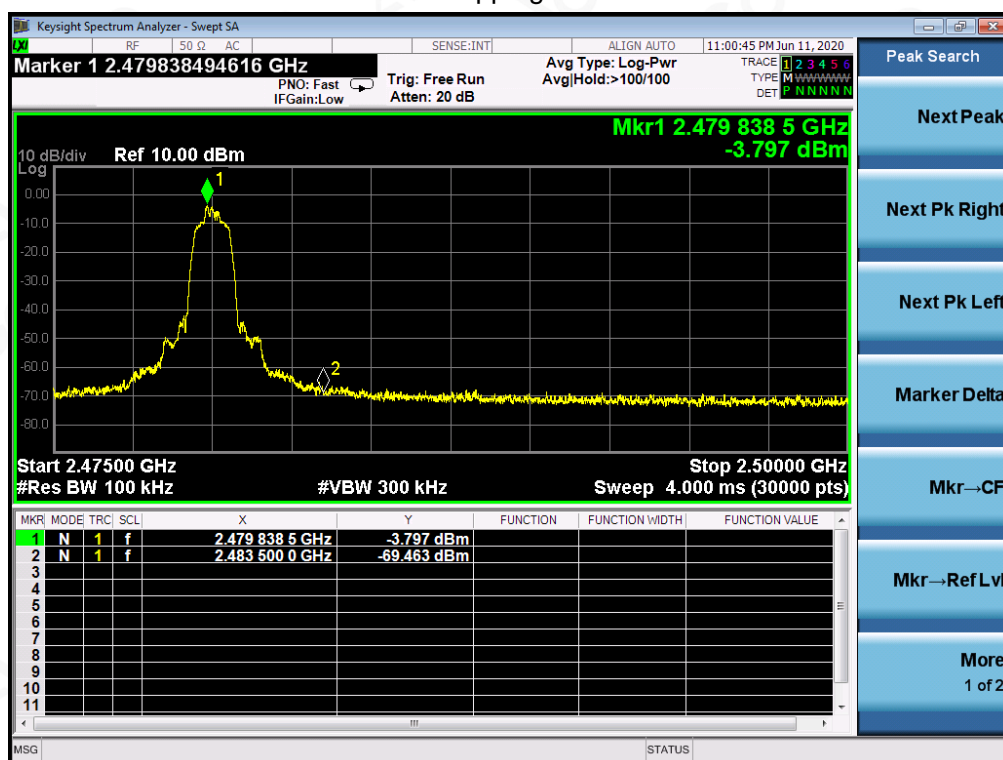
$\pi$  /4-DQPSK MODULATION IN LOW CHANNEL  
Hopping off



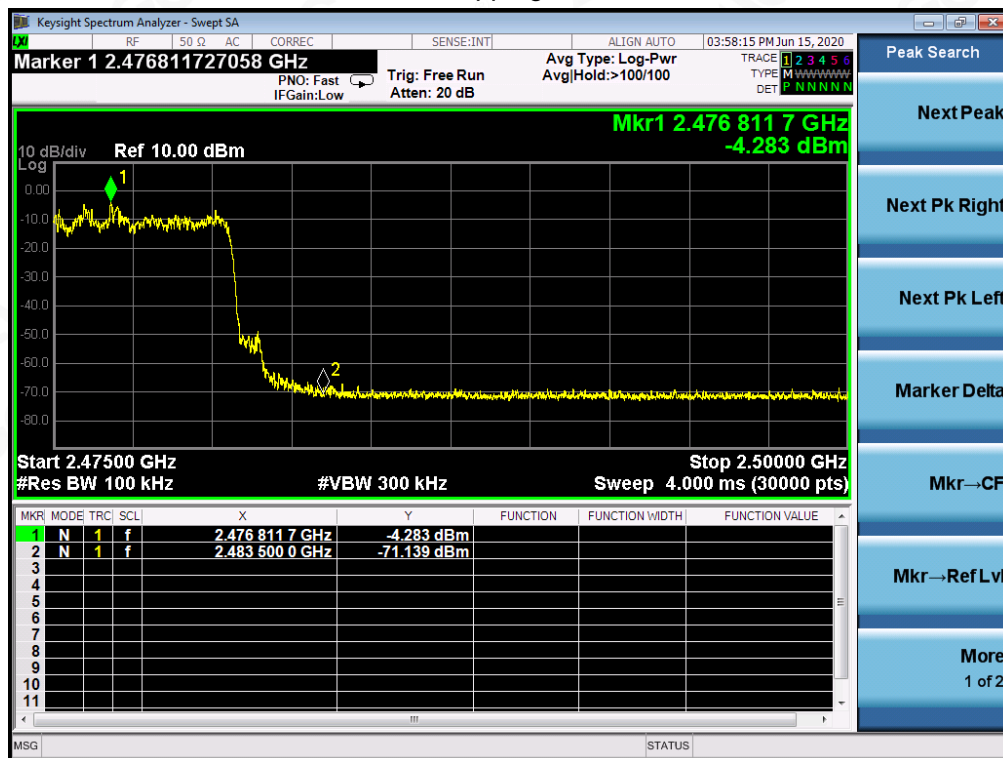
Hopping on



$\pi$  /4-DQPSK MODULATION IN HIGH CHANNEL  
Hopping off

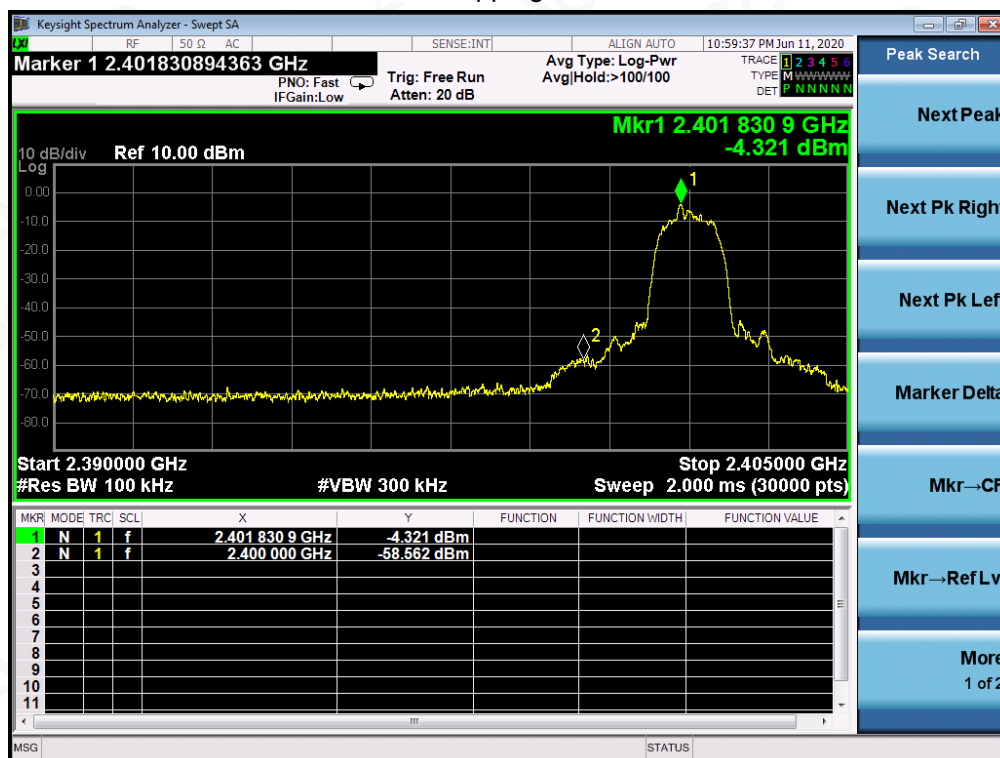


Hopping on

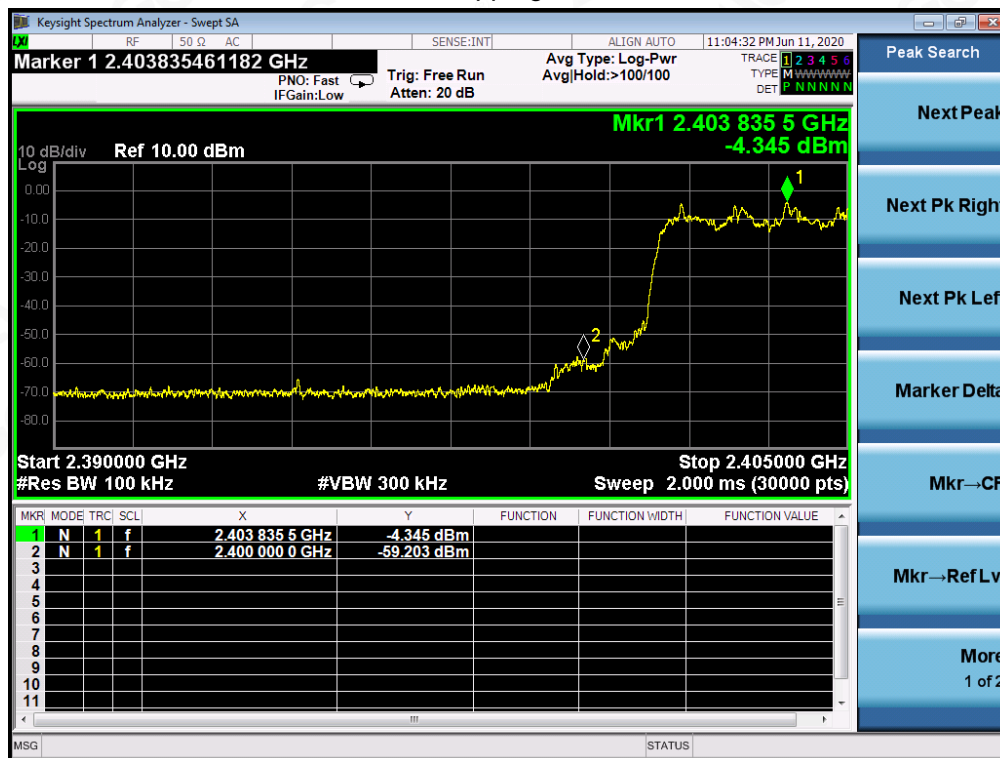




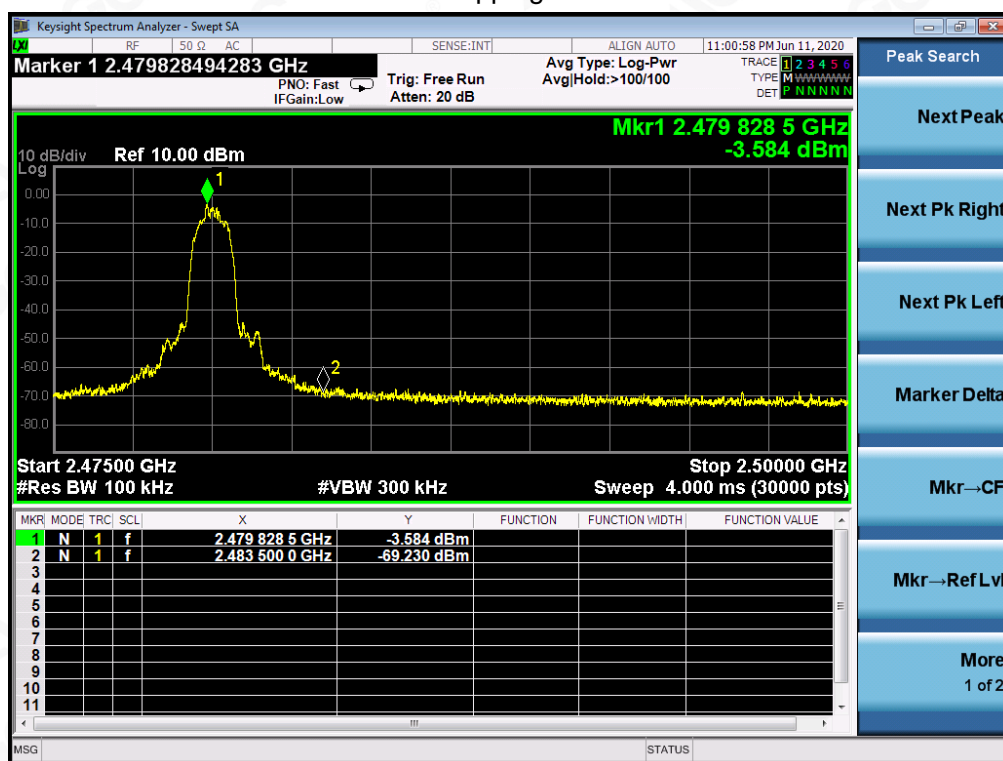
## 8DPSK MODULATION IN LOW CHANNEL Hopping off



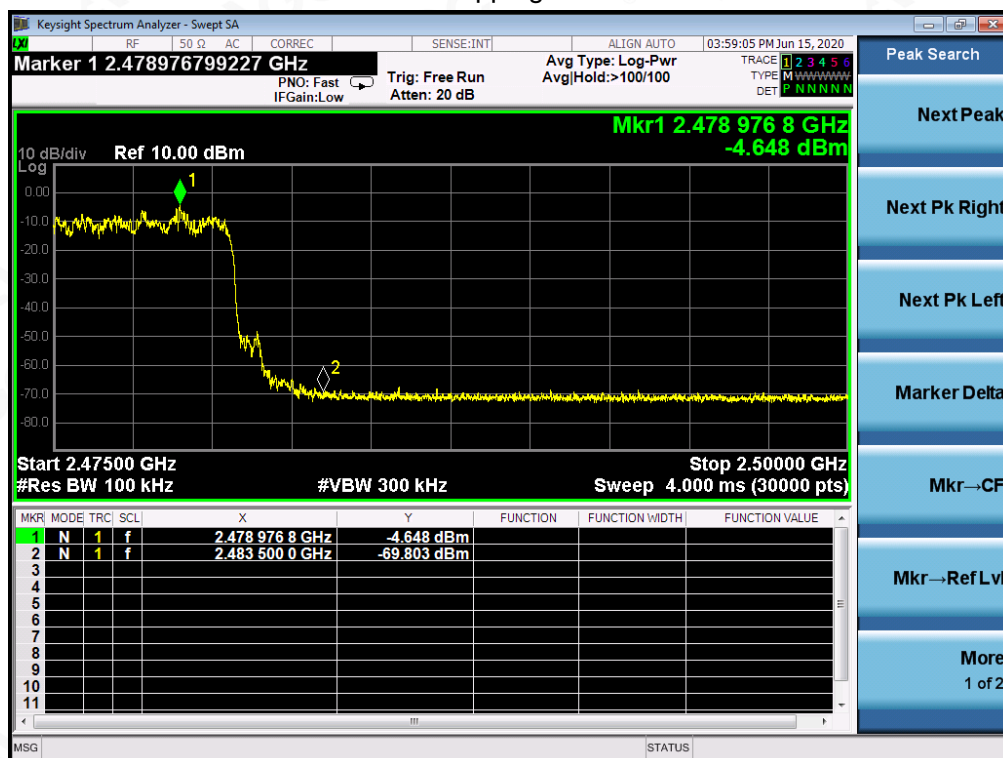
## Hopping on



## 8DPSK MODULATION IN HIGH CHANNEL Hopping off



## Hopping on



## 10. RADIATED EMISSION

### 10.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed on the top of the turntable 0.8 or 1.5 meter above ground. The phase center of the receiving antenna mounted on the top of a height-variable antenna tower was placed 3 meters far away from the turntable.
2. Power on the EUT and all the supporting units. The turntable was rotated by 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
3. The height of the broadband receiving antenna was varied between one meter and four meters above ground to find the maximum emissions field strength of both horizontal and vertical polarization.
4. For each suspected emissions, the antenna tower was scan (from 1 M to 4 M) and then the turntable was rotated (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading.
5. Set the test-receiver system to Peak or CISPR quasi-peak Detect Function with specified bandwidth under Maximum Hold Mode.
6. For emissions above 1GHz, use 1MHz RBW and 3MHz VBW for peak reading. Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.
7. When the radiated emissions limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emissions, and pulsed operation is employed, the measurement field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1 seconds. As an alternative (provided the transmitter operates for longer than 0.1 seconds) or in cases where the pulse train exceeds 0.1 seconds, the measured field strength shall be determined from the average absolute voltage during a 0.1 second interval during which the field strength is at its maximum values.
8. If the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was 3 dB lower than the average limit specified, then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions which do not have 3 dB margin will be repeated one by one using the quasi-peak method for below 1GHz.
9. For testing above 1GHz, the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was lower than average limit (that means the emissions level in peak mode also complies with the limit in average mode), then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions will be measured in average mode again and reported.
10. In case the emission is lower than 30MHz, loop antenna has to be used for measurement and the recorded data should be QP measured by receiver. High - Low scan is not required in this case.



The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer and receiver.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Start ~Stop Frequency	9KHz~150KHz/RB 200Hz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	150KHz~30MHz/RB 9KHz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz/RB 120KHz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	1GHz~26.5GHz 1MHz/3MHz for Peak, 1MHz/3MHz for Average

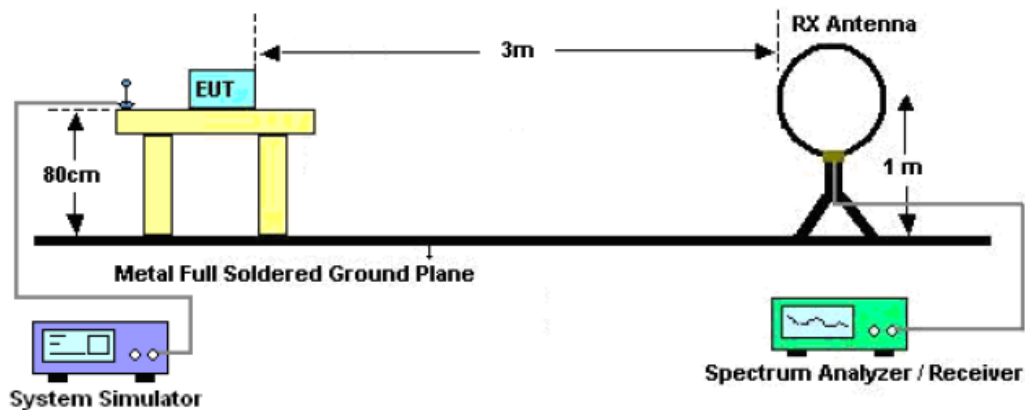
Receiver Parameter	Setting
Start ~Stop Frequency	9KHz~150KHz/RB 200Hz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	150KHz~30MHz/RB 9KHz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz/RB 120KHz for QP



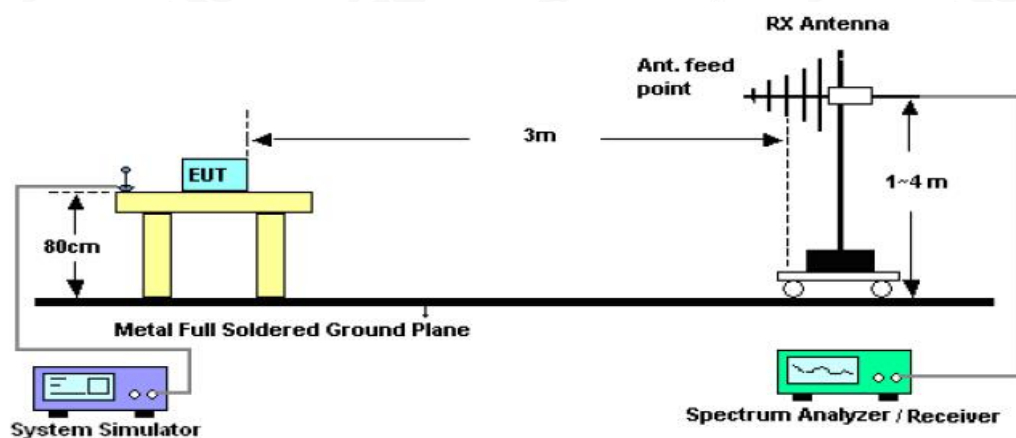


## 10.2. TEST SETUP

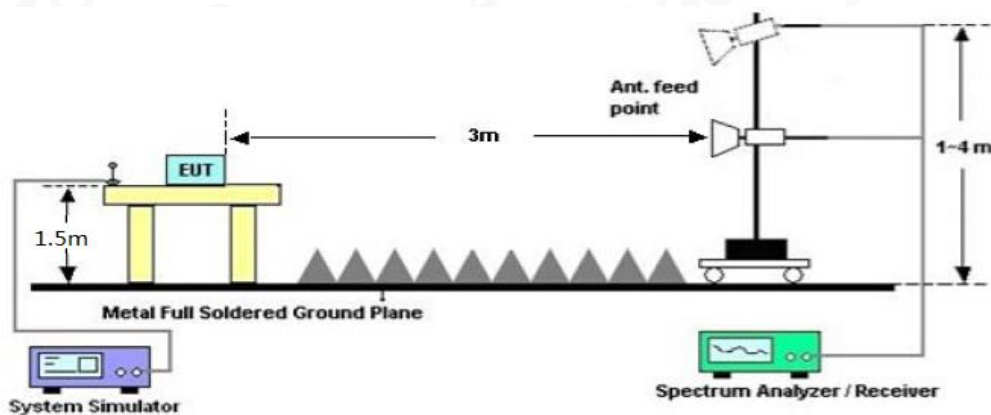
### Radiated Emission Test-Setup Frequency Below 30MHz



### RADIATED EMISSION TEST SETUP 30MHz-1000MHz



### RADIATED EMISSION TEST SETUP ABOVE 1000MHz



### 10.3. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

15.209 Limit in the below table has to be followed

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (micorvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note: All modes were tested For restricted band radiated emission, the test records reported below are the worst result compared to other modes.

### 10.4. TEST RESULT

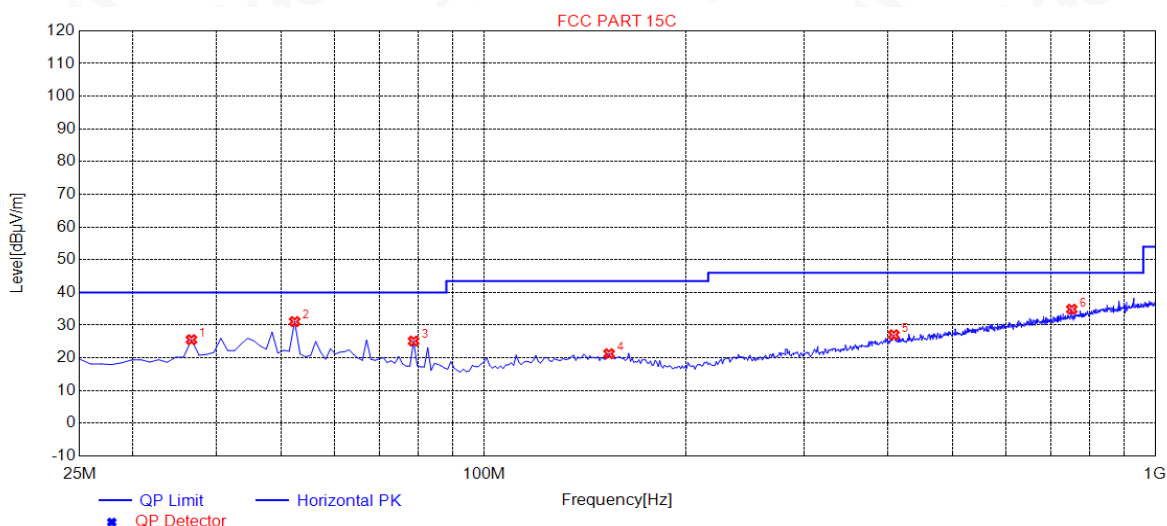
#### RADIATED EMISSION BELOW 30MHZ

No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequencies to 30MHz.



### RADIATED EMISSION BELOW 1GHZ

EUT	TRUE WIRELESS EARBUDS	Model Name	8086997
Temperature	25°C	Relative Humidity	55.4%
Pressure	960hPa	Test Voltage	Normal Voltage
Test Mode	Mode 7	Antenna	Horizontal

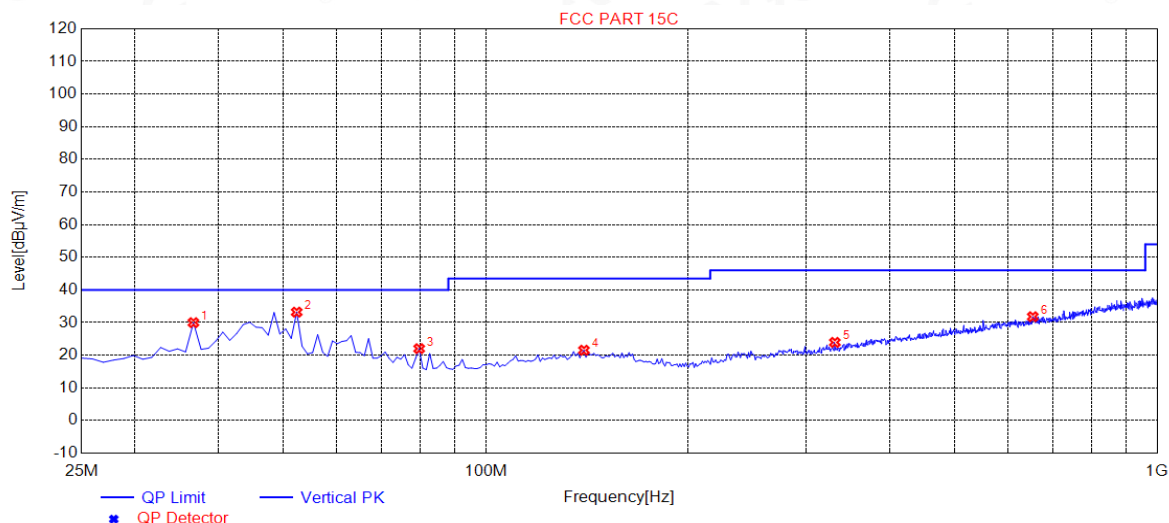


NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
1	36.7000	25.57	14.14	40.00	14.43	100	200	Horizontal
2	52.3000	31.11	14.50	40.00	8.89	100	26	Horizontal
3	78.6250	25.15	10.44	40.00	14.85	100	130	Horizontal
4	153.700	21.29	14.91	43.50	22.21	100	241	Horizontal
5	408.175	27.06	19.99	46.00	18.94	100	350	Horizontal
6	751.375	34.89	27.25	46.00	11.11	200	13	Horizontal

RESULT: PASS



EUT	TRUE WIRELESS EARBUDS	Model Name	8086997
Temperature	25°C	Relative Humidity	55.4%
Pressure	960hPa	Test Voltage	Normal Voltage
Test Mode	Mode 7	Antenna	Vertical



NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
1	36.7000	29.99	14.14	40.00	10.01	100	146	Vertical
2	52.3000	33.21	14.50	40.00	6.79	100	88	Vertical
3	79.6000	22.03	10.23	40.00	17.97	100	67	Vertical
4	140.050	21.54	14.88	43.50	21.96	100	15	Vertical
5	331.150	23.94	17.12	46.00	22.06	100	59	Vertical
6	652.900	31.81	25.20	46.00	14.19	100	310	Vertical

## RESULT: PASS

**Note:** 1. Factor=Antenna Factor + Cable loss, Margin=Measurement-Limit.

2. All test modes had been pre-tested. The mode 7 is the worst case and recorded in the report.





### RADIATED EMISSION ABOVE 1GHZ

<b>EUT</b>	TRUE WIRELESS EARBUDS	<b>Model Name</b>	8086997
<b>Temperature</b>	25°C	<b>Relative Humidity</b>	55.4%
<b>Pressure</b>	960hPa	<b>Test Voltage</b>	Normal Voltage
<b>Test Mode</b>	Mode 7	<b>Antenna</b>	Horizontal

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Value Type
4804.000	55.36	0.08	55.44	74	-18.56	peak
4804.000	46.54	0.08	46.62	54	-7.38	AVG
7206.000	54.87	2.21	57.08	74	-16.92	peak
7206.000	45.96	2.21	48.17	54	-5.83	AVG

Remark:

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

<b>EUT</b>	TRUE WIRELESS EARBUDS	<b>Model Name</b>	8086997
<b>Temperature</b>	25°C	<b>Relative Humidity</b>	55.4%
<b>Pressure</b>	960hPa	<b>Test Voltage</b>	Normal Voltage
<b>Test Mode</b>	Mode 7	<b>Antenna</b>	Vertical

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Value Type
4804.000	54.43	0.08	54.51	74	-19.49	peak
4804.000	45.46	0.08	45.54	54	-8.46	AVG
7206.000	53.88	2.21	56.09	74	-17.91	peak
7206.000	44.78	2.21	46.99	54	-7.01	AVG

Remark:

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.



<b>EUT</b>	TRUE WIRELESS EARBUDS	<b>Model Name</b>	8086997
<b>Temperature</b>	25°C	<b>Relative Humidity</b>	55.4%
<b>Pressure</b>	960hPa	<b>Test Voltage</b>	Normal Voltage
<b>Test Mode</b>	Mode 8	<b>Antenna</b>	Horizontal

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Value Type
4882.000	53.47	0.14	53.61	74	-20.39	peak
4882.000	44.25	0.14	44.39	54	-9.61	AVG
7323.000	52.86	2.36	55.22	74	-18.78	peak
7323.000	43.69	2.36	46.05	54	-7.95	AVG

Remark:

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

<b>EUT</b>	TRUE WIRELESS EARBUDS	<b>Model Name</b>	8086997
<b>Temperature</b>	25°C	<b>Relative Humidity</b>	55.4%
<b>Pressure</b>	960hPa	<b>Test Voltage</b>	Normal Voltage
<b>Test Mode</b>	Mode 8	<b>Antenna</b>	Vertical

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Value Type
4882.000	52.45	0.14	52.59	74	-21.41	peak
4882.000	42.82	0.14	42.96	54	-11.04	AVG
7323.000	51.96	2.36	54.32	74	-19.68	peak
7323.000	42.21	2.36	44.57	54	-9.43	AVG

Remark:

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.



<b>EUT</b>	TRUE WIRELESS EARBUDS	<b>Model Name</b>	8086997
<b>Temperature</b>	25°C	<b>Relative Humidity</b>	55.4%
<b>Pressure</b>	960hPa	<b>Test Voltage</b>	Normal Voltage
<b>Test Mode</b>	Mode 9	<b>Antenna</b>	Horizontal

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Value Type
4960.000	51.34	0.22	51.56	74	-22.44	peak
4960.000	42.53	0.22	42.75	54	-11.25	AVG
7440.000	50.75	2.64	53.39	74	-20.61	peak
7440.000	42.01	2.64	44.65	54	-9.35	AVG
Remark:						
Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

<b>EUT</b>	TRUE WIRELESS EARBUDS	<b>Model Name</b>	8086997
<b>Temperature</b>	25°C	<b>Relative Humidity</b>	55.4%
<b>Pressure</b>	960hPa	<b>Test Voltage</b>	Normal Voltage
<b>Test Mode</b>	Mode 9	<b>Antenna</b>	Vertical

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Value Type
4960.000	50.75	0.22	50.97	74	-23.03	peak
4960.000	41.59	0.22	41.81	54	-12.19	AVG
7440.000	50.31	2.64	52.95	74	-21.05	peak
7440.000	40.88	2.64	43.52	54	-10.48	AVG
Remark:						
Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.						

## RESULT: PASS

**Note:** Other emissions from 1G to 25 GHz are considered as ambient noise. No recording in the test report.

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable loss - Amplifier gain, Over=Measure-Limit.

The “Factor” value can be calculated automatically by software of measurement system.

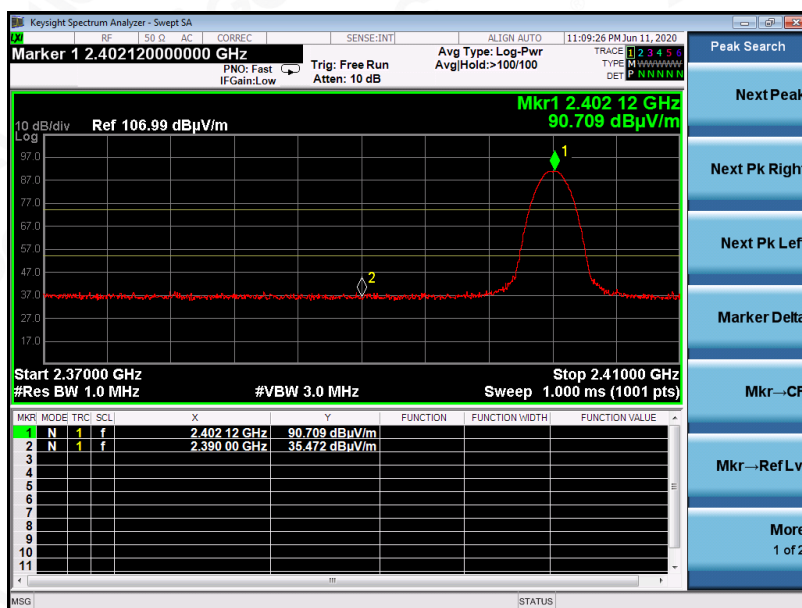
All test modes had been tested. The 8DPSK modulation is the worst case and recorded in the report.



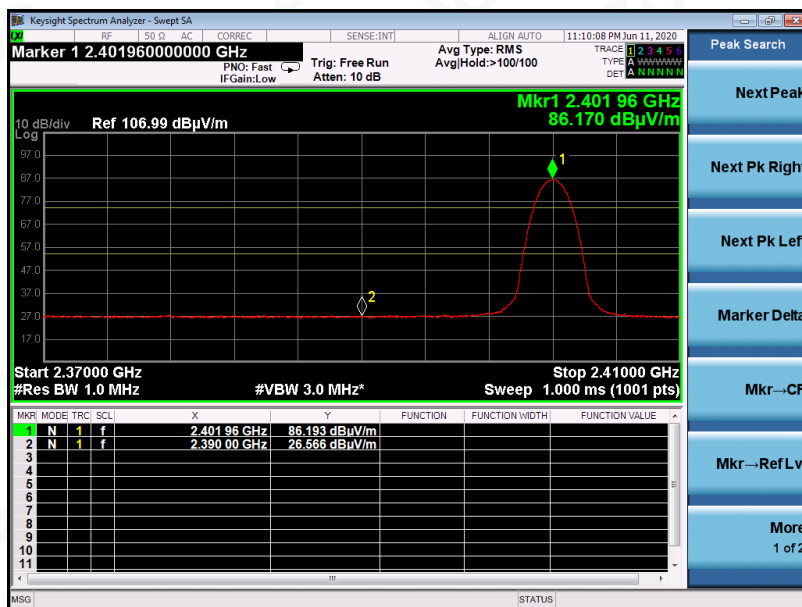
### TEST RESULT FOR RESTRICTED BANDS REQUIREMENTS

EUT	TRUE WIRELESS EARBUDS	Model Name	8086997
Temperature	25°C	Relative Humidity	55.4%
Pressure	960hPa	Test Voltage	Normal Voltage
Test Mode	Mode 7	Antenna	Horizontal

PK



AV



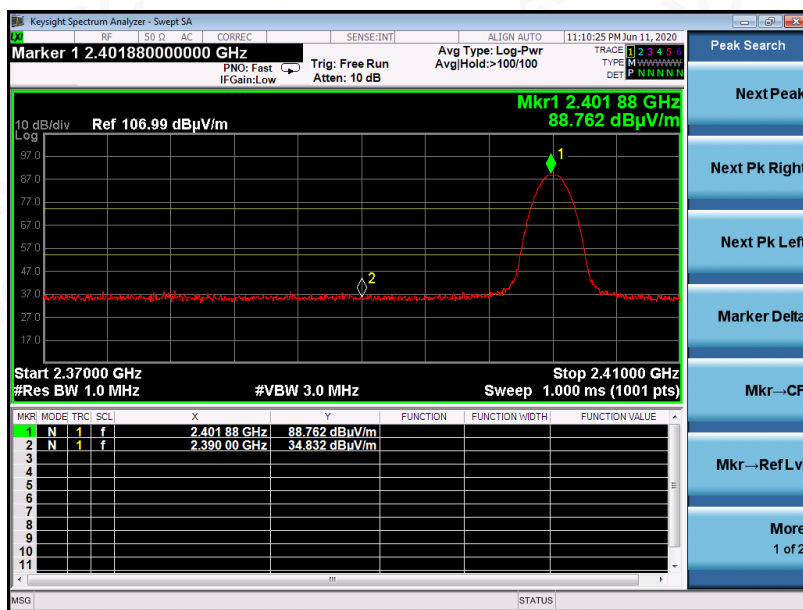
RESULT: PASS



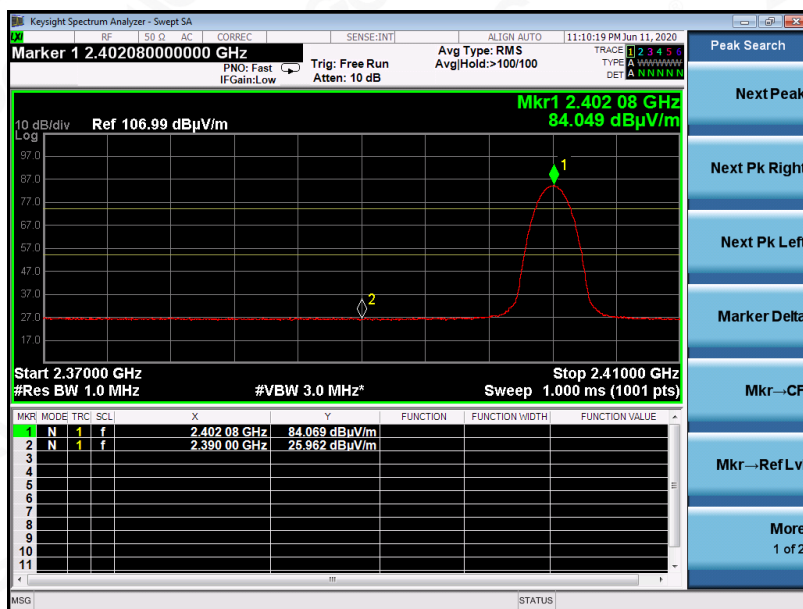


EUT	TRUE WIRELESS EARBUDS	Model Name	8086997
Temperature	25°C	Relative Humidity	55.4%
Pressure	960hPa	Test Voltage	Normal Voltage
Test Mode	Mode 7	Antenna	Vertical

PK



AV

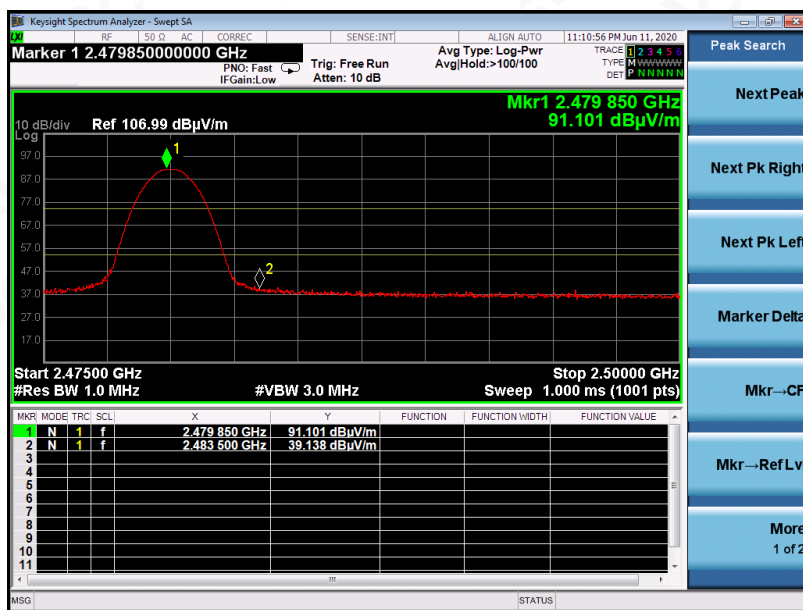


RESULT: PASS



EUT	TRUE WIRELESS EARBUDS	Model Name	8086997
Temperature	25°C	Relative Humidity	55.4%
Pressure	960hPa	Test Voltage	Normal Voltage
Test Mode	Mode 9	Antenna	Horizontal

PK



AV

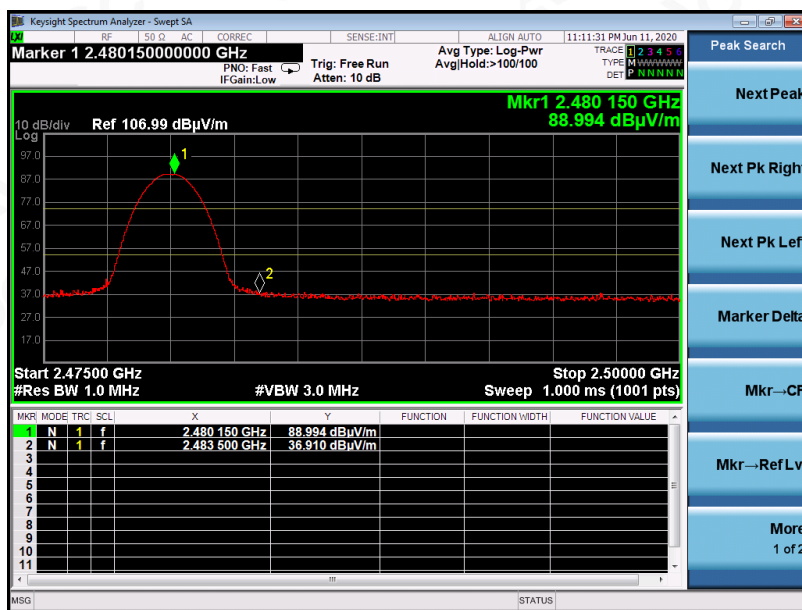


RESULT: PASS



EUT	TRUE WIRELESS EARBUDS	Model Name	8086997
Temperature	25°C	Relative Humidity	55.4%
Pressure	960hPa	Test Voltage	Normal Voltage
Test Mode	Mode 9	Antenna	Vertical

PK



AV



## RESULT: PASS

**Note:** The factor had been edited in the "Input Correction" of the Spectrum Analyzer. So the Amplitude of test plots is equal to Reading level plus the Factor in dB. Use the A dB(μV) to represent the Amplitude. Use the F dB(μV/m) to represent the Field Strength. So A=F. All test modes had been pre-tested. The 8DPSK modulation is the worst case and recorded in the report.



## 11. NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY

### 11.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

1. Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen.
2. RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
3. VBW  $\geq$  RBW. Sweep: Auto. Detector function: Peak. Trace: Max hold.
4. Allow the trace to stabilize.

## 11.2. TEST SETUP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)

Same as described in section 8.2

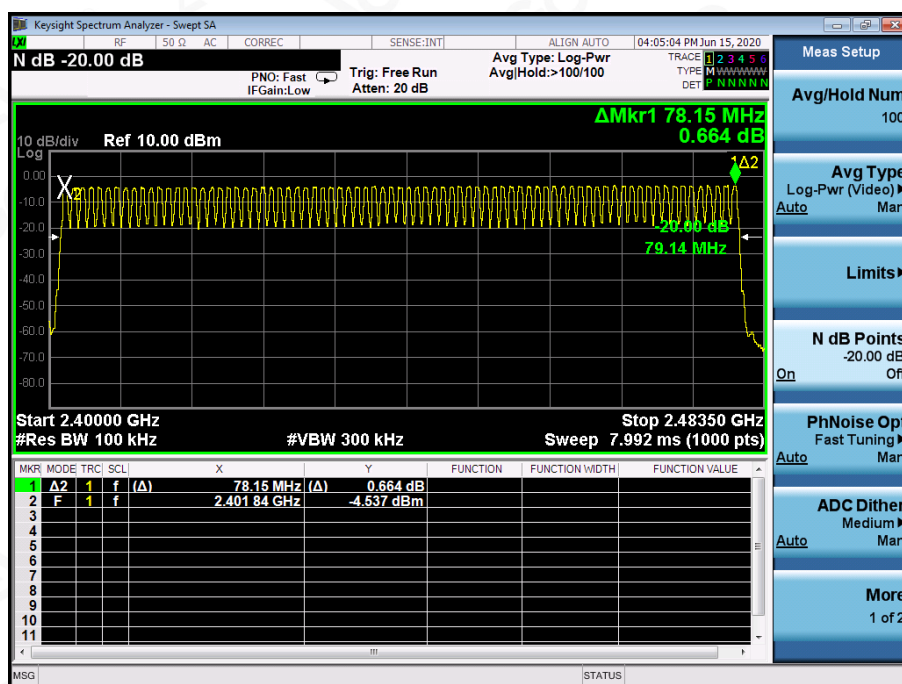
### 11.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

The same as described in section 6

#### 11.4. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

TOTAL NO. OF HOPPING CHANNEL	LIMIT (NO. OF CH)	MEASUREMENT (NO. OF CH)	RESULT
	>=15	79	PASS

### TEST PLOT FOR NO. OF TOTAL CHANNELS



Note: The GFSK modulation is the worst case and recorded in the report.





## 12. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

### 12.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

1. Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
2. RBW shall be  $\leq$  channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set  $\gg 1/T$ , where T is the expected dwell time per channel.
3. Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel.
4. Detector function: Peak. Trace: Max hold.
5. Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop.
6. Repeat the measurement using a longer sweep time to determine the number of hops over the period specified in the requirements. The sweep time shall be equal to, or less than, the period specified in the requirements. Determine the number of hops over the sweep time and calculate the total number of hops in the period specified in the requirements, using the following equation:  

$$(\text{Number of hops in the period specified in the requirements}) = (\text{number of hops on spectrum analyzer}) \times (\text{period specified in the requirements} / \text{analyzer sweep time})$$
7. The average time of occupancy is calculated from the transmit time per hop multiplied by the number of hops in the period specified in the requirements.

### 12.2. TEST SETUP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)

Same as described in section 8.2

### 12.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

The same as described in section 6

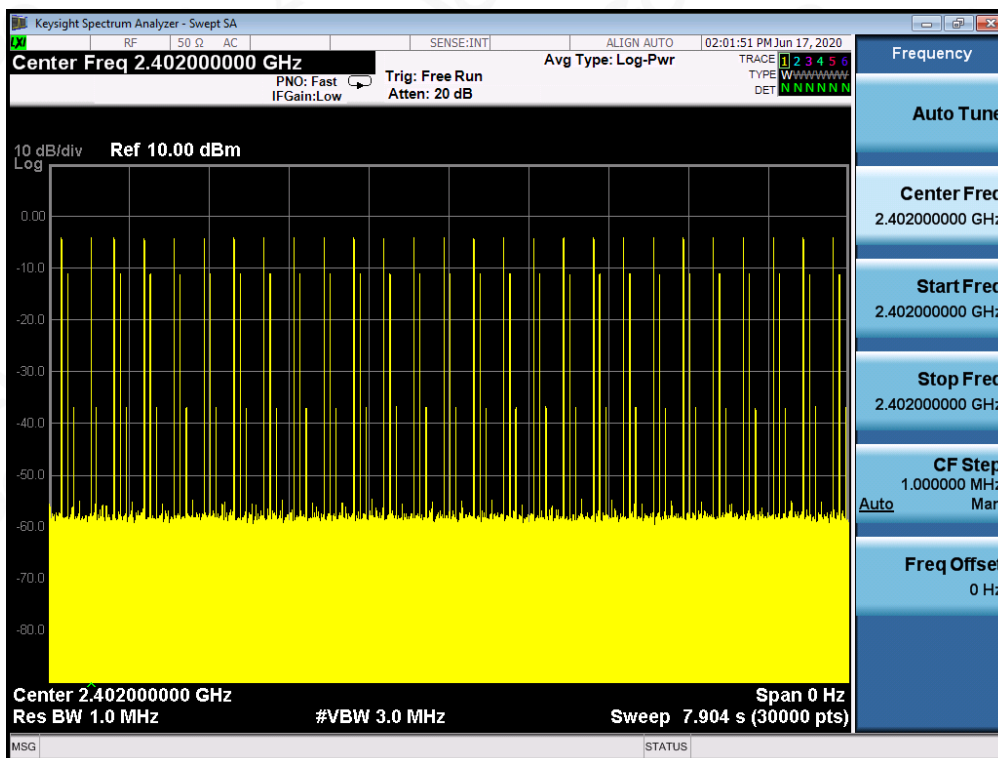
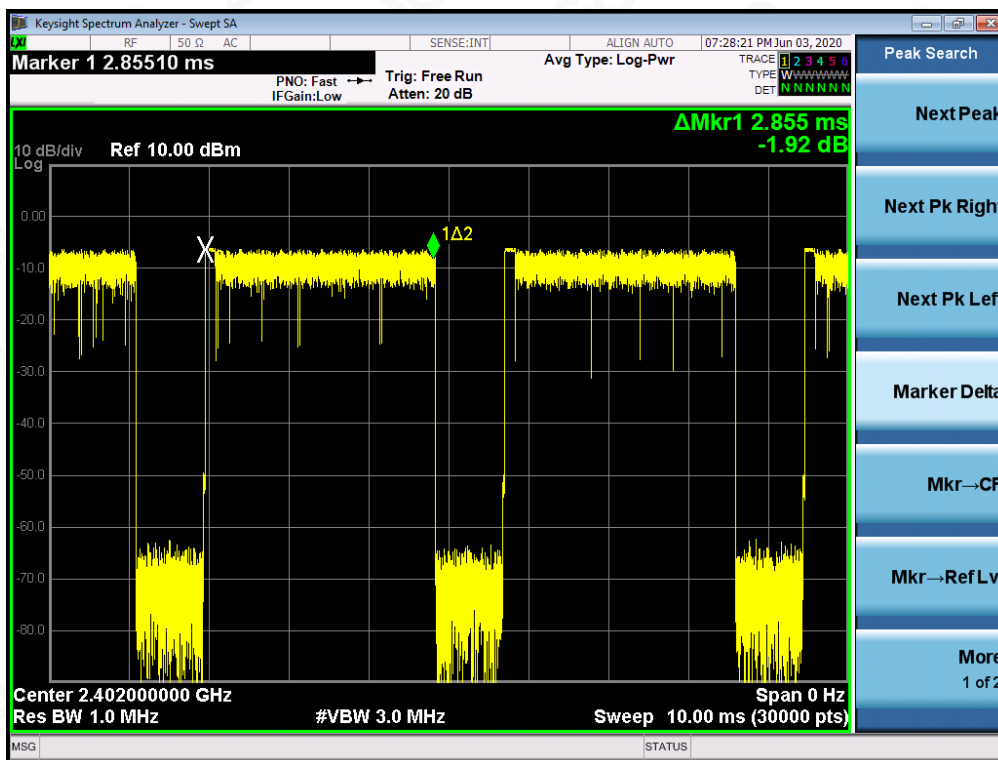
### 12.4. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

Channel	Time of Pulse for DH5 (ms)	Number of hops in the period specified in the requirements	Sweep Time (ms)	Limit (ms)
Low	2.855	27*4	308.340	400
Middle	2.870	27*4	309.960	400
High	2.852	27*4	308.016	400

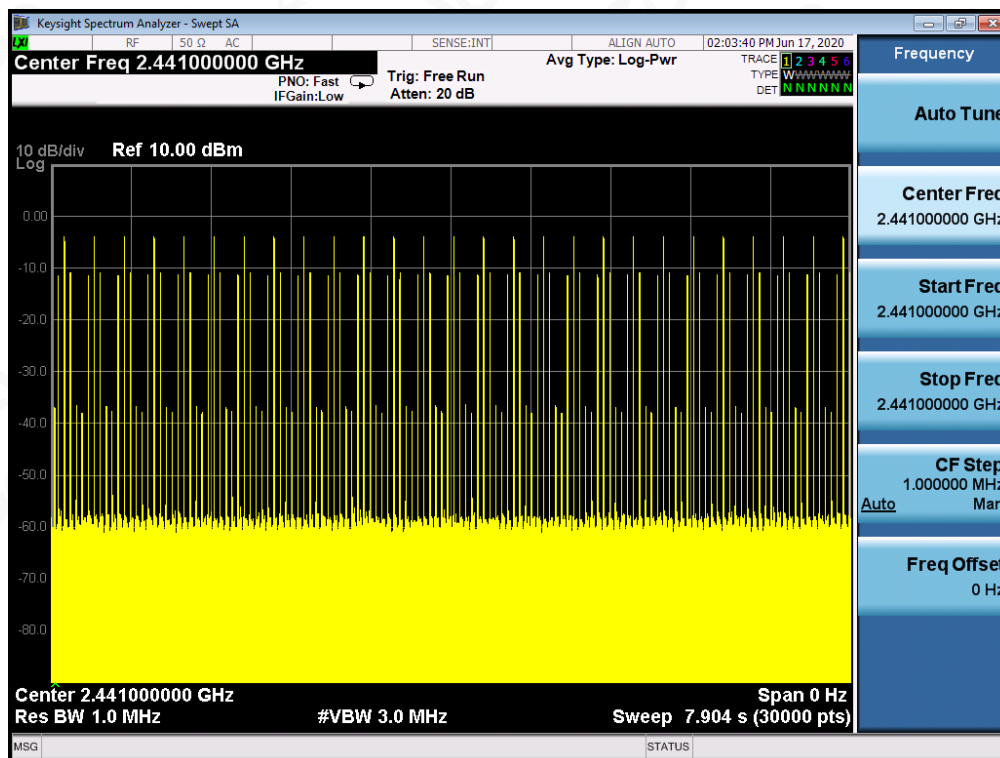
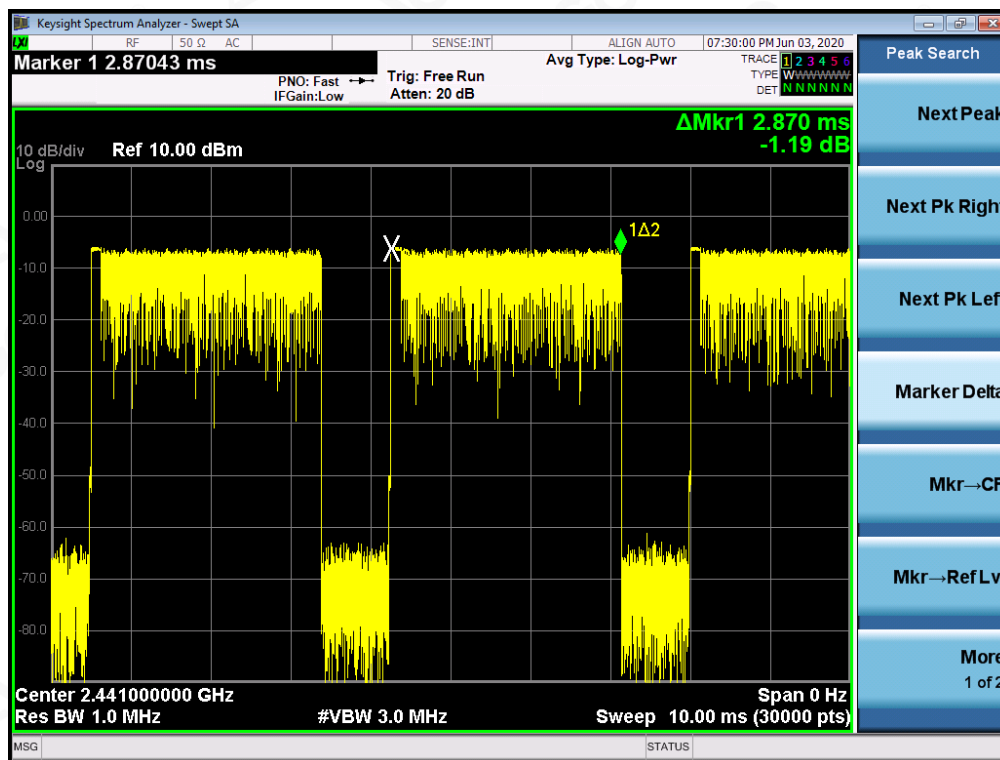
Note: The 8DPSK modulation is the worst case and recorded in the report.



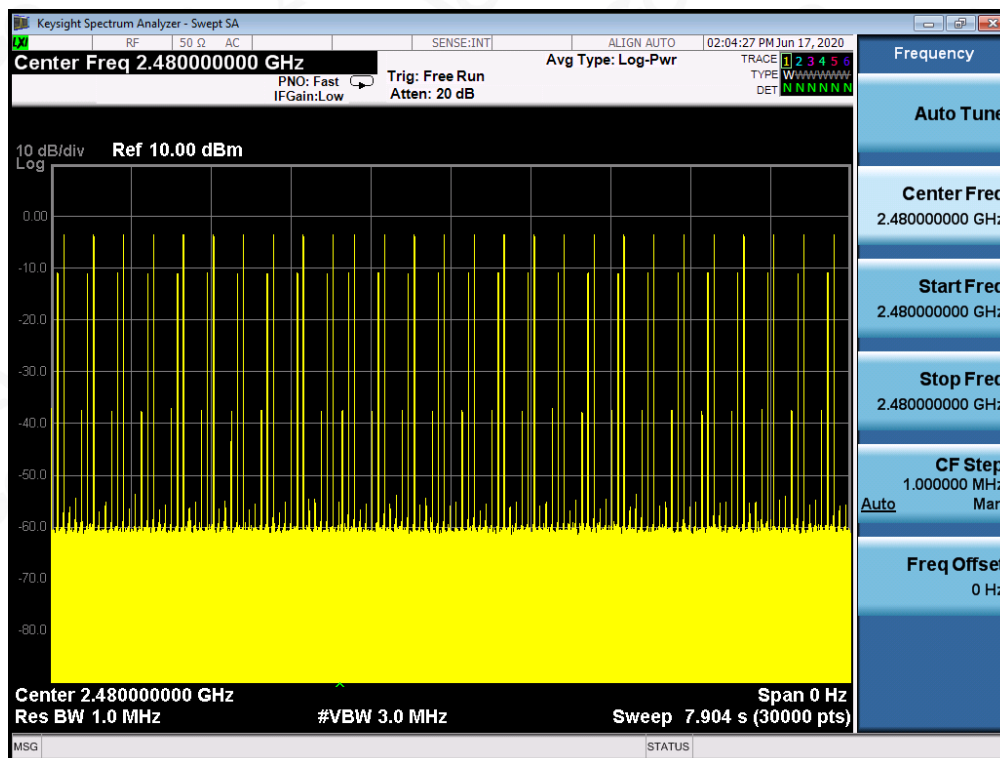
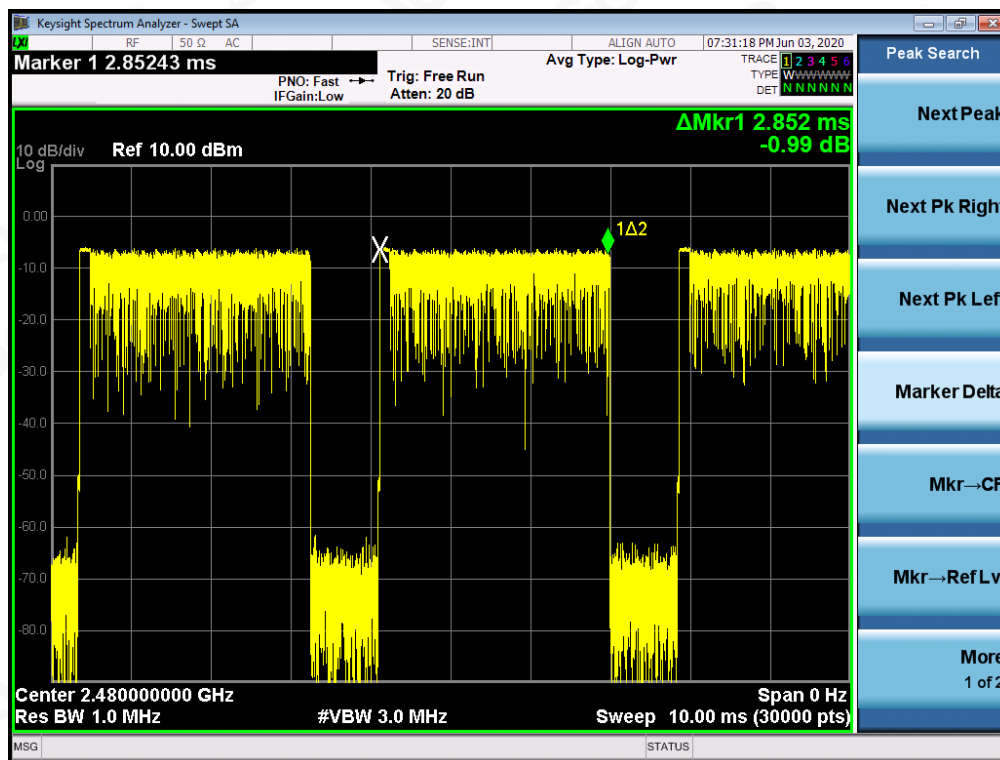
### TEST PLOT OF LOW CHANNEL



### TEST PLOT OF MIDDLE CHANNEL



### TEST PLOT OF HIGH CHANNEL





### 13. FREQUENCY SEPARATION

#### 13.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

1. Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels.
  2. RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.
  3. Video (or average) bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq$  RBW.
  4. Sweep: Auto. e) Detector function: Peak. f) Trace: Max hold. g) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

#### 13.2. TEST SETUP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)

Same as described in section 6.2

#### 13.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

The same as described in section 6.3

#### 13.4. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

CHANNEL	CHANNEL SEPARATION KHz	LIMIT (KHz)	RESULT
CH01-CH02	1000	2/3 20 dB BW	PASS

TEST PLOT FOR FREQUENCY SEPARATION



Note: The 8DPSK modulation is the worst case and recorded in the report.

## 14. FCC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

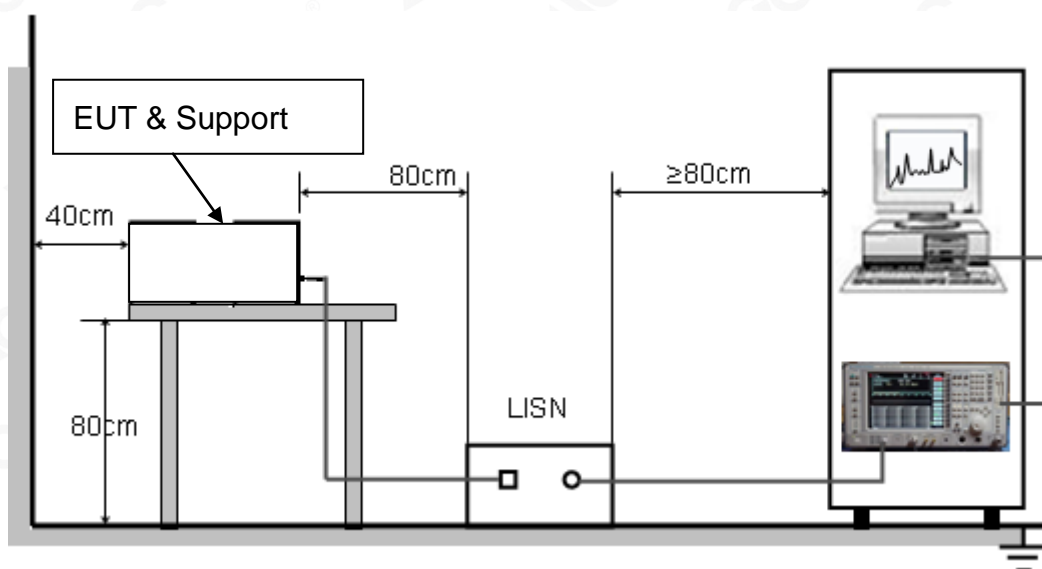
### 14.1. LIMITS OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

Frequency	Maximum RF Line Voltage	
	Q.P.( dBuV)	Average( dBuV)
150kHz~500kHz	66-56	56-46
500kHz~5MHz	56	46
5MHz~30MHz	60	50

Note: 1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequency.

2. The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz.

### 14.2. BLOCK DIAGRAM OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST



#### 14.3. PRELIMINARY PROCEDURE OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

1. The equipment was set up as per the test configuration to simulate typical actual usage per the user's manual. When the EUT is a tabletop system, a wooden table with a height of 0.8 meters is used and is placed on the ground plane as per ANSI C63.10 (see Test Facility for the dimensions of the ground plane used). When the EUT is a floor-standing equipment, it is placed on the ground plane which has a 3-12 mm non-conductive covering to insulate the EUT from the ground plane.
2. Support equipment, if needed, was placed as per ANSI C63.10.
3. All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical actual usage as per ANSI C63.10.
4. All support equipments received AC120V/60Hz power from a LISN, if any.
5. The EUT received DC charging voltage by adapter which received AC120V/60Hz power by a LISN.
6. The test program was started. Emissions were measured on each current carrying line of the EUT using a spectrum Analyzer / Receiver connected to the LISN powering the EUT. The LISN has two monitoring points: Line 1 (Hot Side) and Line 2 (Neutral Side). Two scans were taken: one with Line 1 connected to Analyzer / Receiver and Line 2 connected to a 50 ohm load; the second scan had Line 1 connected to a 50 ohm load and Line 2 connected to the Analyzer / Receiver.
7. Analyzer / Receiver scanned from 150 kHz to 30MHz for emissions in each of the test modes.
8. During the above scans, the emissions were maximized by cable manipulation.
9. The test mode(s) were scanned during the preliminary test.

Then, the EUT configuration and cable configuration of the above highest emission level were recorded for reference of final testing.

#### 14.4. FINAL PROCEDURE OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

1. EUT and support equipment was set up on the test bench as per step 2 of the preliminary test.
2. A scan was taken on both power lines, Line 1 and Line 2, recording at least the six highest emissions. Emission frequency and amplitude were recorded into a computer in which correction factors were used to calculate the emission level and compare reading to the applicable limit. If EUT emission level was less -2dB to the A.V. limit in Peak mode, then the emission signal was re-checked using Q.P and Average detector.
3. The test data of the worst case condition(s) was reported on the Summary Data page.

#### 14.5. TEST RESULT OF LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

N/A

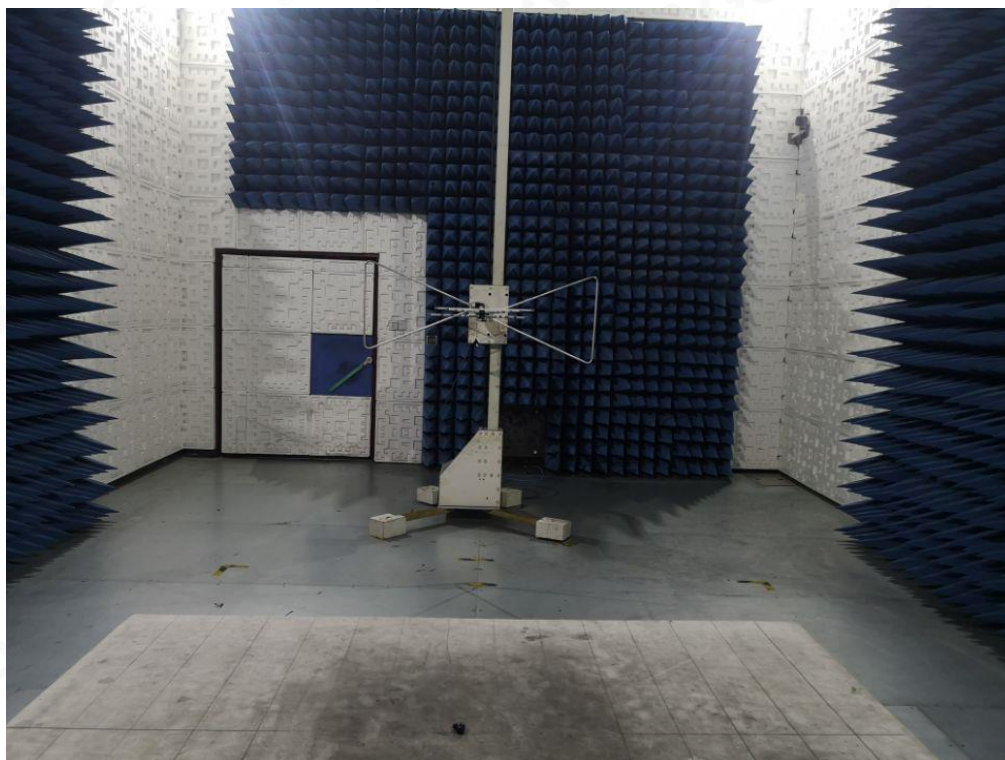
Note: The EUT just powered by battery.





## APPENDIX A: PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST SETUP

### RADIATED EMISSION TEST SETUP BELOW 1GHZ

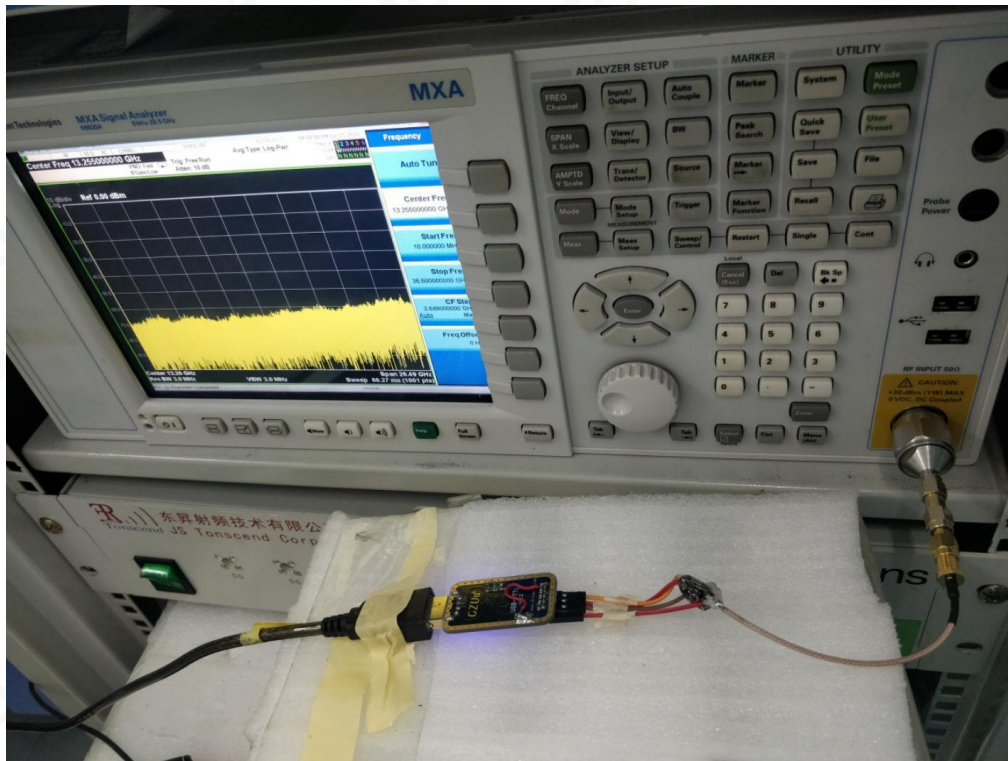


### RADIATED EMISSION TEST SETUP ABOVE 1GHZ





## CONDUCTED TEST SETUP





## APPENDIX B: PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT

TOTAL VIEW OF EUT



TOP VIEW OF EUT

