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TEST REPORT

Gallagher C300440-T12 Multi Tech Reader Proximity Card Reader

tested to the

47 Code of Federal Regulations

Part 15 - Radio Frequency Devices

Subpart C – Intentional Radiators

Section 15.225 Operation within the band 13.110 -14.010 MHz

for

Gallagher Group Ltd

This test report is issued with the authority of:

Andrew Cutler - General Manager



All tests reported herein have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's scope of accreditation

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1. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The Gallagher C300440-T12 Multi Tech Reader, Proximity Card Reader complies with FCC Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.225 as an Intentional Radiator when the methods as described in ANSI C63.10 - 2013 are applied.

2. RESULTS SUMMARY

The results from testing carried out in between the 14th November 2022 and 23rd November 2022 are detailed in the following table:

Clause	Parameter	Result
15.201	Equipment authorisation	Certification required.
	requirement	
15.203	Antenna requirement	Complies. Antenna internal to the device.
15.204	External PA and antenna	Not applicable. No external devices.
	modifications	hadagias
15.205	Restricted bands of operation	Complies. Device transmits on a 125.0 kHz
		and 13.560 MHz.
15.207	Conducted limits	Complies.
15.209	Radiated emission limits -	Complies.
	Emissions < 30 MHz	
15.209	Radiated emission limits –	Complies.
	Emissions > 30 MHz	
15.225	Radiated emission limits -	Complies.
	Fundamental	
15.225	Frequency stability	Complies.

3. INTRODUCTION

This report describes the tests and measurements performed for the purpose of determining compliance with the specification.

The client selected the test sample.

This report relates only to the sample tested.

This report contains no erasures

This report contains corrections on page 21, 27 and 28.

Measurement uncertainties with statistical confidence intervals of 95% are shown below test results. Both Class A and Class B uncertainties have been accounted for, as well as influence uncertainties where appropriate.

All compliance statements have been made with respect of the specification limit with no reference to the measurement uncertainty.

All testing was carried out as per the standard in the worst-case configuration with no deviations being applied.

4. CLIENT INFORMATION

Company Name Gallagher Group Ltd

Address 181 Kahikatea Drive

Melville

City Hamilton 3206

Country New Zealand

Contact Menardo Lazaro

5. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SAMPLE

Brand Name Gallagher

Model Number C300440-T12 Multi Tech Reader

Product Proximity Card Reader

Manufacturer Gallagher Group Ltd

Country of Origin New Zealand

Serial Number 2235462096

FCC ID M5VC30044XB

IC ID 7369A-C30024XB

Antenna Internal to product

Highest oscillator frequency 27.12 MHz

Bluetooth facility Product supports bluetooth.

FCC ID of the bluetooth module QOQ-GM220P

IC ID of the bluetooth module 5123A-GM220P

Has the module been installed as per manufacturer instructions

Yes

Operating frequency 125 kHz RFID, 13.56 MHz NFC, 2.4 GHz Bluetooth

Product Description:

The device under test is a Proximity Card Reader that operates on 125.0 kHz and 13.560 MHz that would typically be used to allow security access to buldings and locations.

The product under test is powered at 13.6 Vdc which was supplied using a Gallagher 6000 HS controller that was in turn powered from a 120 Vac to 13.6 Vdc representative power supply.

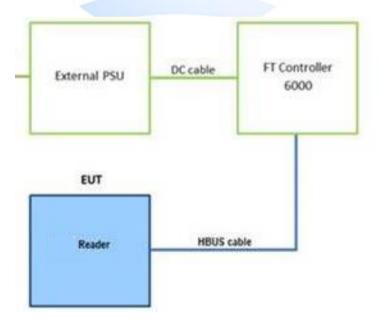
The controller inturn was powered from a AC to DC convertor pictured in figure-3.

For radiated emissions test, a long length (>10 m) orange HBUS cable was used to route DC and control signals from FT controller to the EUT, to facilitate increased physical distancing between the EUT and ancillaries.

The connections to the product from ancillaries have been represented in figure-1, 2 & 3.

When installed in the user locations the Device under test (DUT) would be typically powered by a 13.6 VDC PSU.

Figure-1: Block Diagram of product with Ancillaries



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Figure-2: Gallagher supplied controller (Ancillary)



Gallagher controller 6000 (HS) has been supplied by the client to assist in the testing of DUT.

The controller gets powered at 13.6 Vdc using client supplied AC to DC convertor (as shown in figure 3.

RS485 port connects this controller to the DUT

Figure-3: AC to DC convertor (Ancillary)



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This report may not be reproduced except in full.

Product dimensions and representative photo: 86 x 88 x 12 mm



6. SETUPS AND PROCEDURES

Standard

The sample was tested in accordance with 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C.

Methods and Procedures

The measurement methods and procedures as described in ANSI C63.10 - 2013 were used.

Section 15.201: Equipment authorisation requirement

Certification as detailed in Subpart J of Part 2 is required for this device.

Technologie Section 15.203: Antenna requirement

The device has a permanently attached internal 125.0 kHz and 13.560 MHz antennas.

Result: Complies.

Section 15.204: External radio frequency power amplifiers and antenna modifications

It is NOT possible to attach an external power amplifier to this transmitter.

Result: Complies.

Section 15.205: Restricted bands of operation

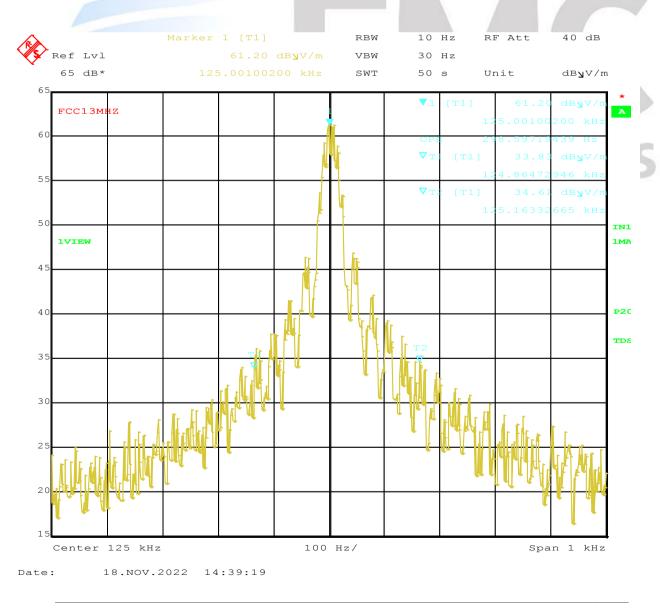
The device transmits on 125.0 kHz and 13.560 MHz.

The 125.0 kHz device will fall between the restricted bands of 90 - 110 kHz and 495 - 505 kHz.

Measurements were made using a span of 1 kHz with a resolution bandwidth of 10 Hz and a video bandwidth of 30 Hz.

Measurements were made using a spectrum analyser with the 99% power points being determined.

At 125.0 kHz the modulation bandwidth was measured to be 298.6 Hz.



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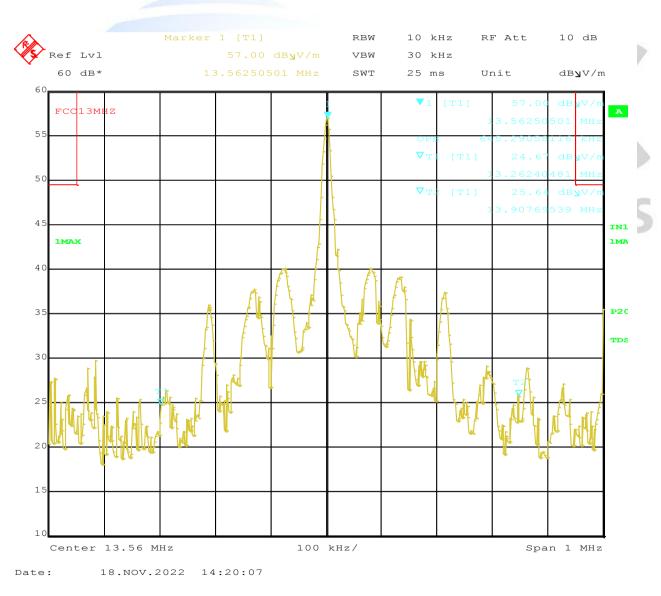
Section 15.205: Restricted bands of operation cont.

The 13.560 MHz device will fall into the band of 13.110 - 14.010 MHz that is covered by Section 15.225.

Measurements were made using a spectrum analyser with the 99% power points being determined.

Measurements were made using a span of 1.0 MHz with a resolution bandwidth of 10 kHz and a video bandwidth of 30 kHz.

A worst case modulation bandwidth of 645.3 kHz was measured.



Result: Complies.

Section 15.207: Conducted emissions testing

Conducted Emissions testing was carried out over the frequency range of 150 kHz to 30 MHz

which was carried out at the laboratory's MacKelvie Street premises in a 2.4 m x 2.4 m x 2.4

m screened room

As it is possible for this device to be directly or indirectly connected to the Public AC mains

supply testing was carried out using a representative AC power supply system that was

powered at 120 Vac 60 Hz which supplied 13.6 Vdc to the device under test via a Gallagher

6000 Controller Module.

The Reader operates on 125.0 kHz and on 13.560 MHz and Bluetooth device operates in the

2400 – 2483.5 MHz band.

Initial testing was carried out when the Reader was operating normally with the internal

antenna connected.

A second test was then carried out with the internal antenna in the Reader being replaced with

a resistive dummy load.

The device is deemed to comply providing if the dummy load test complies and the overall

emission signature for the product remains similar in both test configurations with no

additional emissions being detected.

The device was placed on top of the emissions table, which is 0.8 m x 0.8 m, 80 cm above the

screened room floor which acts as the horizontal ground plane.

In addition the device was positioned 40 cm away from the screened room wall which acts as

the vertical ground plane.

The artificial mains network was bonded to the screened room floor.

At all times the device was kept more than 80 cm from the artificial mains network.

The supplied plot is combined plot showing the worst case quasi peak and average results of both the phase and neutral lines to the representative AC power supply.

Quasi peak and average detectors have been used with resolution bandwidths of 9 kHz.

Result: Complies

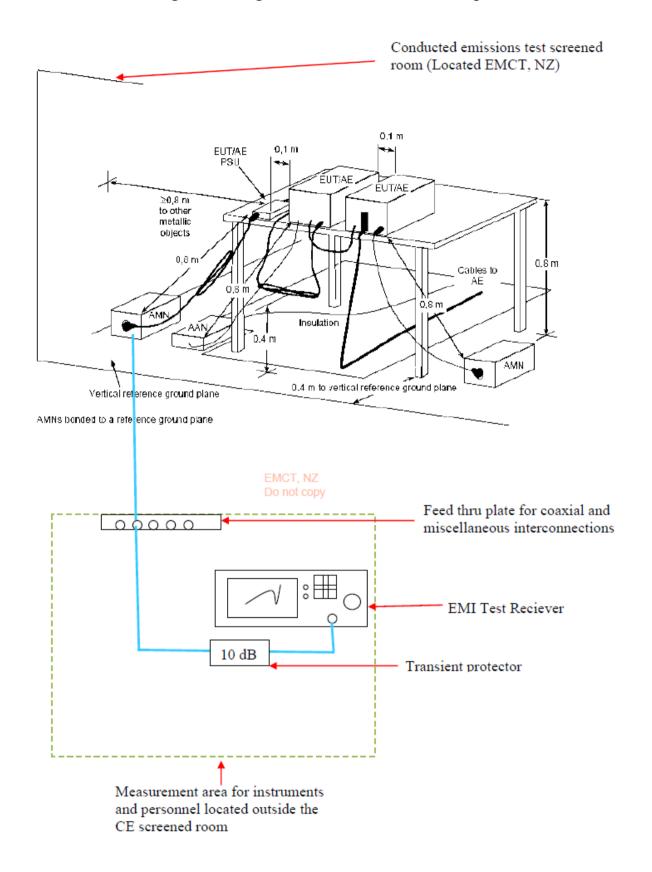
Measurement uncertainty with a confidence interval of 95% is:

- AC Mains port $(0.15-30 \text{ MHz}) \pm 2.8 \text{ dB}$

EMI Receiver Used: ESHS 10

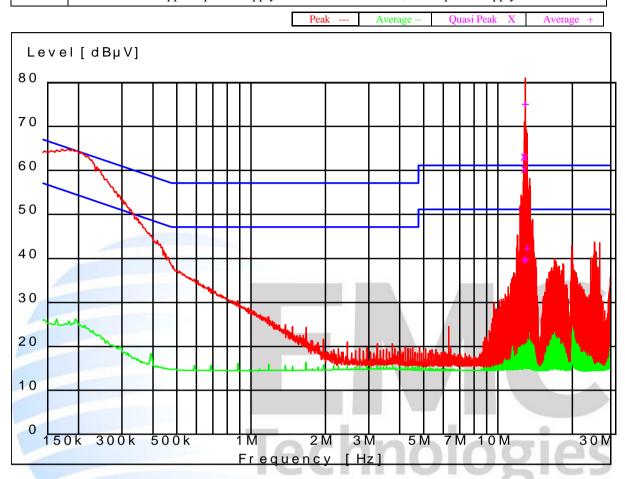


Block Diagram showing the conducted emission test setup



Conducted Emissions – AC Input Power Port

Setup: Gallagher T-12 with active NFC operating at 13.56 MHz and 125 kHz. The testing was carried out with client supplied power supply connected to 120 VAC, 60 Hz power supply.



Final Quasi-Peak Measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Phase	Rechecks (dBµV)
13.452500	62.1	60.0	-2.1	L1	Fundamental
13.488500	59.3	60.0	0.7	N	Fundamental
13.560500	82.2	60.0	-22.2	N	Fundamental
13.650500	61.9	60.0	-1.9	N	Fundamental

Final Average Measurements

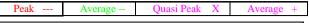
Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Phase	Rechecks (dBµV)
13.457000	38.5	50.0	11.5	N	
13.560500	74.0	50.0	-24.0	N	Fundamental
13.650500	38.9	50.0	11.1	N	
13.772000	41.3	50.0	8.7	N	

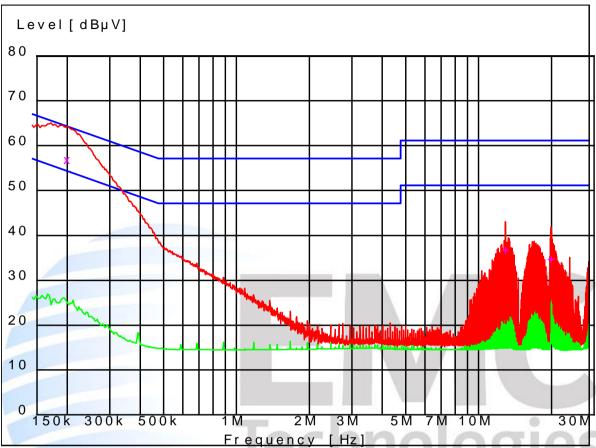
5th May 2023

Conducted Emissions – AC Input Power Port

Setup:

Gallagher T-12 with dummy load. The testing was carried out with client supplied power supply connected to 120 VAC, 60 Hz power supply.





Final Quasi-Peak Measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Phase	Rechecks (dBµV)
0.210000	55.8	63.2	7.4	N	

Final Average Measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Phase	Rechecks (dBµV)
13.560500	35.7	50.0	14.3	N	
20.913500	33.7	50.0	16.3	L1	

Section 15.209: Radiated emission limits, general requirements

Radiated emission testing was carried out over the frequency range of 10 kHz to 12500 MHz as the device contains a 125 kHz RFID device, a 13.560 MHz NFC transceiver, a FCC Pre certified 2.4 GHz Bluetooth module and a digital device that has a highest frequency in use that is less than 108 MHz.

Testing was carried out at the laboratory's open area test site - located at Driving Creek, Orere Point, Auckland, New Zealand.

Testing was carried out using a representative AC power supply at 120 Vac 60 Hz that supplied 13.6 Vdc to a Gallagher 6000 Controller Module that in turn powered the device under test which were located directly behind the turntable on the test pad.

The Reader was observed transmitting continuously on 125.0 kHz and 13.560 MHz.

The Bluetooth device was observed to operate in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band.

Attached to the reader was a single 4 wire cable of 10 metre length of RS485 cable that was lead directly which enables the DC supply voltage and RS-485 communications between the DUT and controller.

When an emission is located, it is positively identified and its maximum level is found by rotating the automated turntable, and by varying the antenna height, where appropriate, with an automated antenna tower.

Below 30 MHz a magnetic loop is used with the centre of the loop being 1 metre above the ground with measurements being made using a quasi peak detector at a distance of 10 metres.

Above 30 MHz the emission is measured in both vertical and horizontal antenna polarisations at a distance of 3 metres.

Below 1000 MHz a Quasi Peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth is used.

The emission level was determined in field strength by taking the following into consideration:

Level $(dB\mu V/m)$ = Receiver Reading $(dB\mu V)$ + Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Coax Loss (dB)

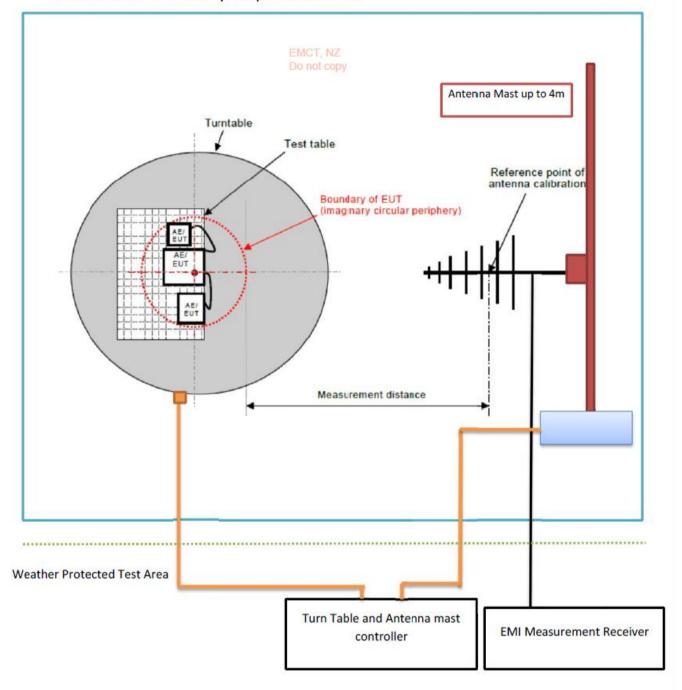
For example, if an emission of 30 dBµV was observed at 30 MHz.

 $45.5 dB\mu V/m = 30.0 dB\mu V + 14 dB/m + 1.5 dB$



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Radiated Emissions Test setup at Open area test site



Below 30 MHz: Loop Antenna; Measurement distance: 10 m

30 MHz-300 MHz: Bi conical Antenna; Measurement distance: 3 m

300 MHz- 1000 MHz: Log Periodic Antenna; Measurement distance: 3 m

Above 1 GHz: Horn Antenna; Measurement distance: 3 m

EMI Receiver Used: ESIB40

Section 15.209: 125 kHz Fundamental emission:

Measurements were made using a magnetic loop antenna and a receiver with an Average detector and a Peak detector both using a 9 kHz bandwidth.

The measurements were carried out first at 10 meters distance.

The emission levels at fundamental operating frequency from the product; were found to be of a small magnitude and were getting masked in the noise floor of the measured emissions.

Hence the measurements were carried out at closer distance of 3 meters and have been tabulated as under.

Frequency	Level Limit		Margin	Detector	Distance
(kHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(metres)
125.000	52.2	105.7	53.5	Average	3.0
125.000	65.2	125.7	60.5	Peak	3.0

Measurements were made at a distance of 3.0 metres with the limit being determined by using the extrapolation factor of 40 dB per decade limit as detailed in section 15.31 f (2).

The 300 metre limit between 125 – 490 kHz has been scaled by a factor of 40 dB per decade, as per section 15.31 (f) (2).

The average limit at 300 m at 125.0 kHz is 19.2 uV/m or 25.7 dBuV/m and 45.7 dBuV/m in peak.

- $= 25.7 dBuV/m + \{-40 dB/decade * (log (3) log (300))\}$
- $= 25.7 \text{ dBuV/m} + \{-40 \text{ dB/decade} * (0.477 2.477)\}$
- $= 25.7 dBuV/m + \{-40 dB/decade * -2.0\}$
- = 25.7 dBuV/m + 80.0
- $= 105.7 \, dBuV/m$

This gives a limit at 3 m at 125 kHz of 105.7 dBuV/m and 125.7 dBuV/m in peak

Testing was also carried out to determine whether a variation in the supply voltage would cause a significant change in the peak field strength.

The Gallagher controller (ancillary) input DC voltage was varied by +/-15% and no significant variations in the emission level was found.

Voltage	Peak Field Strength
(Vdc)	(dBuV/m)
+15% of Vdc	65.2
Nominal	65.2
-15% of Vdc	65.2

Result: Complies.

Measurement uncertainty with a confidence interval of 95% is:

- Free radiation tests

 $(100 \text{ kHz} - 30 \text{ MHz}) \pm 4.8 \text{ dB}$

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Section 15.209: 125 kHz Spurious Emissions (below 30 MHz)

A receiver with an Average detector and a Peak detector using a 9 kHz bandwidth was used between 110-490 kHz and a Quasi Peak detector with a 9 kHz bandwidth was used between 490 kHz -30.0 MHz.

Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Detector	Comment
(kHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		
250.000	32.0	99.6	-	Average	Noise Floor
250.000	43.6	119.6	-	Peak	Noise Floor
375.000	30.0	96.1	-	Average	Noise Floor
375.000	42.0	116.1	-	Peak	Noise Floor
500.000	43.0	73.6	-	Quasi Peak	Noise Floor
625.000	40.0	71.7	_	Quasi Peak	Ambient
750.000	34.0	70.1	-	Quasi Peak	Noise Floor
875.000	33.0	68.8	-	Quasi Peak	Ambient
1000.000	30.0	67.6	-	Quasi Peak	Noise Floor
1125.000	32.0	66.6	-	Quasi Peak	Noise Floor
1250.000	35.0	65.7	-	Quasi Peak	Ambient
1375.000	26.0	64.8	ec	Quasi Peak	Noise Floor
1500.000	28.0	64.1	_	Quasi Peak	Noise Floor
1625.000	24.0	63.4	-	Quasi Peak	Noise Floor
1750.000	24.0	69.5	-	Quasi Peak	Noise Floor
1875.000	22.0	69.1	-	Quasi Peak	Noise Floor

Magnetic loop measurements were made a distance of 3 metres with the measurement antenna being further adjusted to give the highest field strength.

FCC part 15.209 emission limits are as shown below:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Measurement
		Distance (m)
0.009-0.490	2400/F (kHz)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/ F (kHz)	30
1.705-30.0	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

The 300 metre limit between 125 – 490 kHz has been scaled by a factor of 40 dB per decade, as per section 15.31 (f) (2).

- = Limit $(dBuV/m) + \{-40 dB/decade * (log (3) log (300))\}$
- = Limit $(dBuV/m) + \{-40 dB/decade * (0.477 2.477)\}$
- = Limit $(dBuV/m) + \{-40 dB/decade * -2.0\}$
- = Limit (dBuV/m) + 80.0

For example, at 250.0 kHz the limit calculations are as below:

At 300 meters measurement distance, limit is = $9.6 \mu V/m = 19.6 dB \mu V/m$

At 3 meters measurement distance, limit is = $99.6 \text{ dB } \mu\text{V/m}$

The limit between 110 - 490 kHz was increased by 20 dB when the peak detector was used in accordance with Section 15.35 (b)

The 30 metre limit between 490 - 1705 kHz has been scaled by a factor of 40 dB per decade, as per section 15.31 (f) (2).

- = Limit $(dBuV/m) + \{-40 dB/decade * (log (3) log (30))\}$
- = Limit (dBuV/m) + $\{-40 \text{ dB/decade } * (0.477 1.477)\}$
- = Limit $(dBuV/m) + \{-40 dB/decade * -1.0\}$
- = Limit (dBuV/m) + 40.0

For example, at 500.0 kHz the limit calculations are as below:

At 30 meters measurement distance, limit is = $48.0 \mu V/m = 33.6 dB \mu V/m$

At 3 meters measurement distance, limit is = $73.6 \text{ dB } \mu\text{V/m}$

The spurious emissions observed do not exceed the level of the fundament emission.

Result: Complies.

Measurement uncertainty with a confidence interval of 95% is:

- Free radiation tests $(100 \text{ kHz} - 30 \text{ MHz}) \pm 4.8 \text{ dB}$



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Section 15.209: 13.560 MHz transmitter below 30 MHz spurious emission measurements

Loop	Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin	Result
Orientation	(MHz)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)	
Loop-1	27.120	10.1	48.6	38.5	Pass
Loop-2	27.120	10.1	48.6	38.5	Pass

Testing was carried out when the device was transmitting continuously.

Magnetic loop measurements were attempted at a distance of 10 metres.

A receiver with a Quasi Peak detector with a 9 kHz bandwidth was used between 490 kHz – 30.0 MHz.

The 30 metre limit between 1.705 MHz – 30 MHz has been scaled by a factor of 40 dB per decade, as per section 15.31 (f) (2).

The limit at 27.120 MHz when measured at 30 metres is 30 uV/m or 29.54 dBuV/m.

Therefore when scaled, the limit at 10 metres will be 48.6 dBuV/m as detailed below.

- $= 29.54 \text{ dBuV/m} + \{ -40 \text{ dB/decade} * (\log (10) \log (30)) \}$
- $= 29.54 \text{ dBuV/m} + \{-40 \text{ dB/decade} * (1.000 1.477)\}$
- $= 29.54 \text{ dBuV/m} + \{-40 \text{ dB/decade} * 0.477\}$
- = 29.54 dBuV/m + 19.08
- $=48.6 \, dBuV/m$

The spurious emission observed does not exceed the level of the fundamental emission

Result: Complies.

Measurement uncertainty with a confidence interval of 95% is:

- Free radiation tests $(100 \text{ kHz} - 30 \text{ MHz}) \pm 4.8 \text{ dB}$

Section 15.209: Spurious Emissions (above 30 MHz)

Measurements between 30 - 12500 MHz have been made at a distance of 3 metres.

The limits as described in Section 15.209 have been applied.

The Bluetooth module in the product was operational during this test and was paired with a mobile phone.

13.560 MHz card reader specific emissions:

Frequency	Vertical	Horizontal	Limit	Margin	Result	Antenna
(MHz)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	$(dB\mu V/m)$	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)		Polarisation
40.680	30.8	23.1	40.0	9.2	Pass	Vertical
67.800	19.4	-	40.0	20.6	Pass	Vertical

Emissions observed due to the Bluetooth operation:

Frequency	Vertical	Horizontal	Limit	Margin	Result	Antenna	Detector
(MHz)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	$(dB\mu V/m)$	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)		Polarisation	
2402.000	54.7	57.2	114.0	56.8	Pass	Horizontal	Peak
2402.000	35.3	35.4	94.0	58.6	Pass	Horizontal	Average
-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
2426.000	54.7	57.2	114.0	56.8	Pass	Vertical	Peak
2426.000	35.3	35.4	94.0	58.6	Pass	Horizontal	Average
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2480.000	54.7	57.2	114.0	56.8	Pass	Horizontal	Peak
2480.000	35.3	35.4	94.0	58.6	Pass	Horizontal	Average

No further emissions were detected within 15 dB of the limit when measurements were made between 30 - 12,500 MHz using both vertical and horizontal polarisations.

Result: Complies.

Free radiation tests $(30-25,000 \text{ MHz}) \pm 4.1 \text{ dB}$

Section 15.225: Fundamental emission:

Measurements were made using a magnetic loop antenna and a receiver with a quasi-peak detector using a 9 kHz bandwidth

FCC Part 15.225, Operation within the band 13.110-14.010 MHz states that, the field strength of any emission shall not exceed the following limits:

- 15.848 mV/m (84 dB μ V/m) at 30 m, within the band 13.553-13.567 MHz
- 334 μ V/m (50.5 dB μ V/m) at 30 m, within the bands 13.410-13.553 MHz and 13.567-13.710 MHz
- $106 \,\mu\text{V/m} \,(40.5 \,d\text{B}\mu\text{V/m})$ at 30 m, within the bands 13.110-13.410 MHz and 13.710-14.010 MHz
- FCC part 15.209 general field strength limits for frequencies outside the band 13.110-14.010 MHz

Measurements were made at a distance of 10 metres with the limit being determined by using the extrapolation factor of 40 dB per decade limit, as detailed in section 15.31 f (2).

The limit at 30 m at 13.560 MHz is 15,848 uV/m or 84.0 dBuV/m

Applying the extrapolation factor of 40 dB/ per decade, the limit is 103.1 dBuV/m at 10 m.

- $= 84.0 \text{ dBuV/m} + \{-40 \text{ dB/decade} * (\log (10) \log (30))\}$
- = 84.0 dBuV/m + 19.08
- = 103.1 dBuV/m

The Gallagher controller (ancillary) input DC voltage was varied by +/-15% and no significant variations in the emission level was found.

Voltage	Frequency	Level	Limit	Margin
(Vdc)	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)
+15% of Vdc	13.560	56.7	103.1	46.4
Nominal	13.560	56.7	103.1	46.4
-15% of Vdc	13.560	56.7	103.1	46.4

Result: Complies.

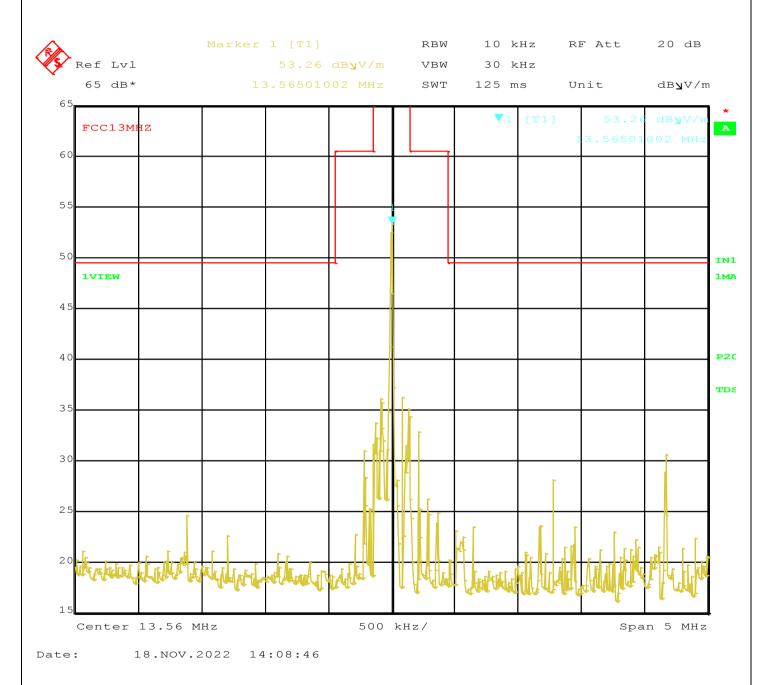
Measurement uncertainty with a confidence interval of 95% is:

Free radiation tests (100 kHz – 30 MHz) ± 4.8 dB

Technologies

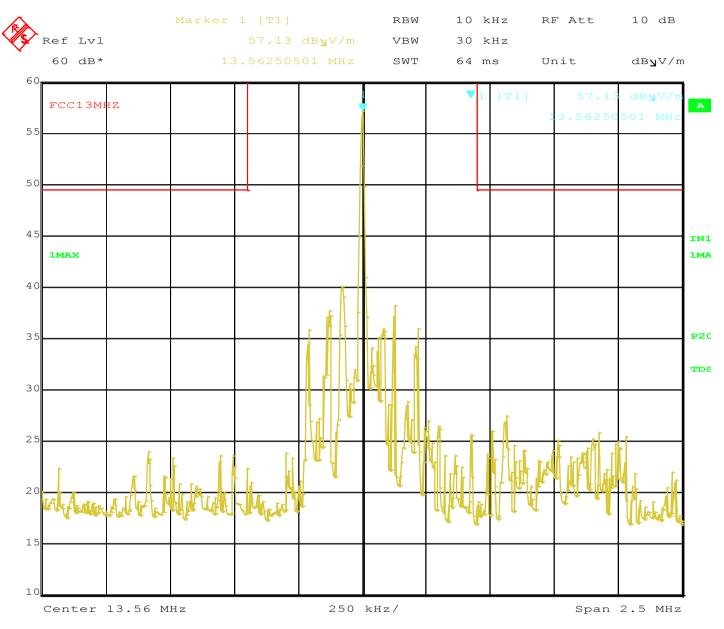
Representative spectrum analyser plots below show the carrier and modulation peaks within, +/- 2.5 MHz and +/- 1.25 MHz of the carrier.

Fundamental emission: +/- 2500 kHz



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Fundamental emission: +/- 1250 kHz



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Section 15.225: Frequency tolerance:

The frequency tolerance of the carrier is required to be \pm 0.01% of operating frequency when the temperature is varied between -20 degrees C and \pm 50 degrees C.

The device operates nominally on 13.560 MHz which gives a frequency tolerance of +/-1,356.0 Hz.

Temperature	Frequency	Difference
(°C)	(MHz)	(Hz)
+50	13.559279	-721
+40	13.559294	-706
+30	13.559316	-684
+20	13.559339	-661
+10	13.559351	-649
0	13.559380	-620
-10	13.559394	-606
-20	13.559383	-617

Input voltage to the Gallagher Controller (Ancillary) was varied by +/- 15% at 20 degrees C (ambient).

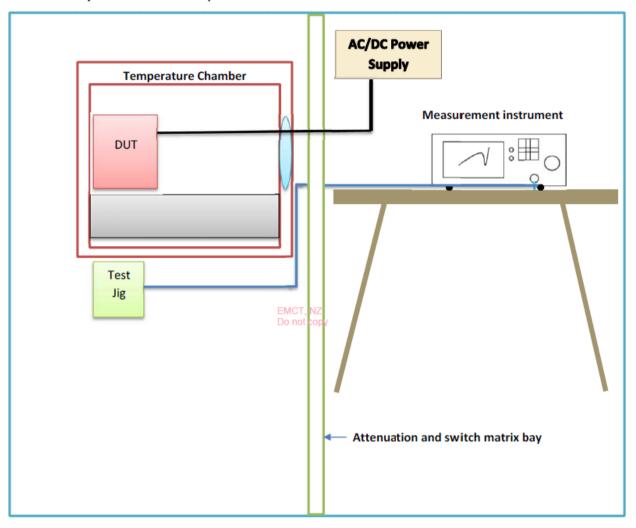
Voltage	Frequency	Difference
(Vdc)	(MHz)	(Hz)
11.6	13.559339	-661
13.6	13.559339	-661
15.6	13.559339	-661

Result: Complies.

Measurement uncertainty with a confidence interval of 95% is:

Frequency tolerance \pm 50 Hz

Radio bay measurement setup



Following test instruments were used to carry out this test:

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model	
Thermal chamber	Contherm	M180F	
Thermometer	DSIR	RT200	
EMI Receiver/Spectrum Analyser	Keysight	N9038A	
Power Supply	6032A	8032A	
Coaxial cables (3m)	Huber and Suhner Succoflex	340521/4	
Coaxial cables (1m)	Huber and Suhner Succoflex	339901/4	

7. TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No	Asset Ref	Cal Due	Period
Aerial Controller	EMCO	1090	9112-1062	RFS 3710	Not applic	N/a
Aerial Mast	EMCO	1070-1	9203-1661	RFS 3708	Not applic	N/a
Biconical Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBA 9106	9124-420	3802	21 Nov 2023	2 years
Horn Antenna	Electrometrics	RGA-60	6234	E1494	6 Jan 2023	3 years
Log Periodic	Schwarzbeck	VUSLP 9111	9111-112	EMC4025	16 Nov 2023	3 years
Loop Antenna	EMCO	6502	9003-2485	3798	6 Jan 2023	3 years
Mains Network	R & S	ESH2-Z5	881362/032	3628	11 Nov 2022	2 years
Receiver	R & S	ESHS 10	828404/005	3728	23 Nov 2023	2 year
Receiver	R & S	ESIB 40	100295	EMC4030	03 Jun 2023	2 year
Spectrum analyser	Keysight	N9038A	MY57290153	EMC4033	29 July 2023	2 year
Turntable	EMCO	1080-1-2.1	9109-1578	RFS 3709	Not applic	N/a
VHF Balun	Schwarzbeck	VHA 9103	9124-420	3801	21 Nov 2023	2 years
Heliax cable	Andrews	L6PNM-RPD	22869	Oats Cable	30 Dec 2022	1 year
Succoflex cable	Huber and Suhner	104 3m n-n	339901/4	13938	20 Dec 2022	1 year
Succoflex cable	Huber and Suhner	104 1m n-n	340521/4	13937	20 Dec 2022	1 year
Power Supply	APT	7008	4170003	-	Not applic	N/a
Thermal chamber	Contherm	M180F	86025	N/a	N/a	N/a
Thermometer	DSIR	RT200	35	EMC4029	9 April 2023	5 years
Voltage Variac	Powerteck	SRV-5	RFS3800	- /		Not applic

At the time of testing all test equipment was within calibration

8. ACCREDITATIONS

Testing was carried out in accordance with EMC Technologies NZ Ltd designation as a FCC Accredited Laboratory by International Accreditation New Zealand, designation number: NZ0002 under the APEC TEL MRA.

All testing was carried out in accordance with the terms of EMC Technologies (NZ) Ltd International Accreditation New Zealand (IANZ) Accreditation to NZS/ISO/IEC 17025. All measurement equipment has been calibrated in accordance with the terms of the EMC Technologies (NZ) Ltd International Accreditation New Zealand (IANZ) Accreditation to NZS/ISO/IEC 17025.

International Accreditation New Zealand has International Laboratory Accreditation Council (ILAC) Mutual Recognition Arrangements for testing and calibration with various accreditation bodies in a number of economies.

This includes NATA (Australia), UKAS (UK), SANAS (South Africa), NVLAP (USA), A2LA (USA), SWEDAC (Sweden).

Further details can be supplied on request

9. PHOTOGRAPHS

Front face of the product tested



Rear Face



Side Face-1

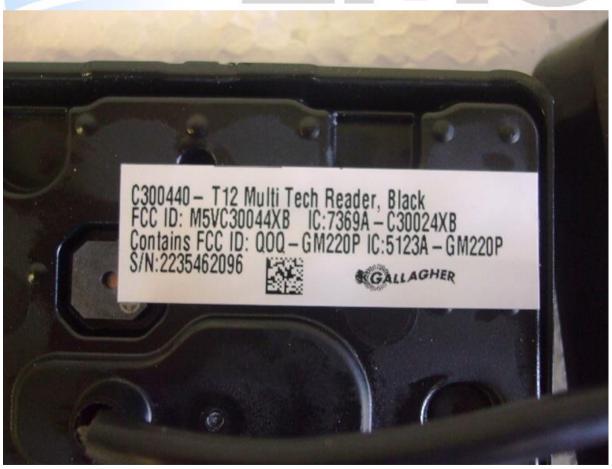


Side Face-2



Labels- the back cover of the DUT has been unscrewed to take label photos





Ancillary equipment supplied by the client to facilitate testing of the product





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Conducted emissions test setup photos





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Ancillary Equipment placed outside of the test area during radiated emissions testing



Radiated emissions test setup



Radiated emissions test setup (Continued...)



Test Antennas Used – Horn Antenna



Test Antennas Used - Biconical Antenna





Log periodic Antenna





Loop Antenna





// Jologies