

SAR TEST REPORT						
	FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093					
RF-Expo	ISED RSS-102 sure evaluation of portable equipment					
Report Reference No						
Testing Laboratory	Eurofins Product Service GmbH					
Address :	Storkower Str. 38c 15526 Reichenwalde Germany					
Accreditation:	A2LA Accredited Testing Laboratory, Certificate No.: 1983.01					
	FCC Filed Test Laboratory, RegNo.: 96970 IC OATS Filing assigned code: 3470A					
Applicant's name:	eResearch Technology GmbH					
Address:	Sieboldstrasse 3 97230 Estenfeld GERMANY					
Test specification:						
Standard:	FCC 47 CFR Part 2 §2.1093 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02 IEEE Std. 1528 - 2013 ISED RSS-102 Issue 5					
Non-standard test method:	None					
Test scope:	complete Radio compliance test					
Equipment under test (EUT):						
Product description	Asthma Monitor AM3					
Model No.	AM3 Option G+					
Additional Model(s)	None					
Brand Name(s)	None					
Hardware version	1.0					
Firmware / Software version	9.40					
Contains	FCC-ID: 2AAUFAM3G02 IC: 11335A-AM3G02					
Test result	Passed					



Possible test case verdicts:
- neither assessed nor tested N/N
- required by standard but not appl. to test object: N/A
- required by standard but not tested N/T
- not required by standard for the test object N/R
- test object does meet the requirement P (Pass)
- test object does not meet the requirement F (Fail)
Testing:
Date of receipt of test item 2016-12-23
Date (s) of performance of tests 2017-01-10 - 2017-01-24
Compiled by: Matthias Handrik
Compiled by Matthias Handrik Tested by (+ signature) Matthias Handrik (Responsible for Test) Matthias Handrik Approved by (+ signature) Christian Weber
Approved by (+ signature): (Head of Lab) Christian Weber
Date of issue: 2017-01-31
Total number of pages: 112
General remarks:
The test results presented in this report relate only to the object tested. The results contained in this report reflect the results for this particular model and serial number. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure that all production models meet the intent of the requirements detailed within this report. This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory.
Additional comments:



Version History

Version Issue Date		Remarks	Revised by
01	2017-01-31	Initial Release	



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1 Equipment (Test item) Description

Description	Asthma Monitor AM3			
Model	AM3 Option G+			
Additional Model(s)	None			
Brand Name(s)	None			
Serial number	None			
Hardware version	1.0			
Software / Firmware version	9.40			
PMN	N/A			
HVIN	AM3 Option G+			
FVIN	N/A			
HMN	N/A			
Contains FCC-ID	2AAUFAM3G02	2		
Contains IC	11335A-AM3G0	02		
Equipment type	End product			
Prototype or production unit	Identical Prototy	/pe		
Device category	Handset			
Environment	General public			
Radio technologies	GSM, UMTS, B	luetooth, Bluetooth Low Energy		
Operating frequency ranges	GSM 850 (Multislot class 10) 824 MHz - 849 MHz PCS 1900 (Multislot class 10) 1850 MHz - 1910 MHz UMTS FDD II 1850 MHz - 1910 MHz UMTS FDD V 824 MHz - 849 MHz Bluetooth 2400 MHz - 2483.5 MHz Bluetooth Low Energy 2400 MHz – 2483.5 MHz			
Number of antennas	2			
Antenna GSM / UMTS	Type Model Manufacturer	integrated Avia SRFC025-100 Antenova		
	Gain	-1.1 to -3.31 dBi		
	Туре	integrated		
Antenna Bluetooth / Bluetooth	Model	BT121		
Low Energy	Manufacturer	Silicon Labs		
	Gain	1 dBi		
Power supply	V _{NOM}	3.7V DC		
	Model	N/A		
AC/DC Adoptor	Vendor	N/A		
AC/DC-Adaptor	Input	N/A		
	Output	N/A		



Accessories	lone			
Manufacturer	eResearch Technology GmbH Sieboldstrasse 3 97230 Estenfeld GERMANY			

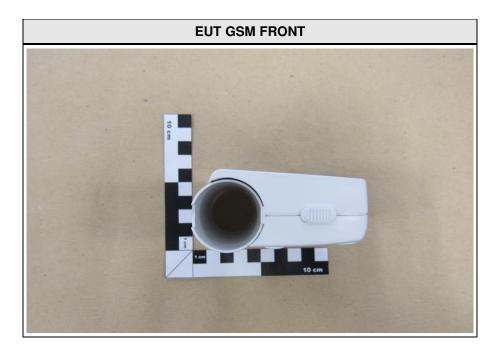


1.1 Equipment photos



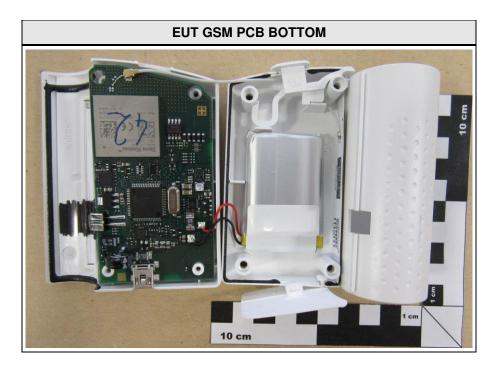


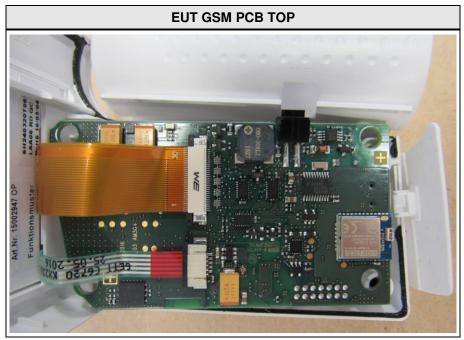




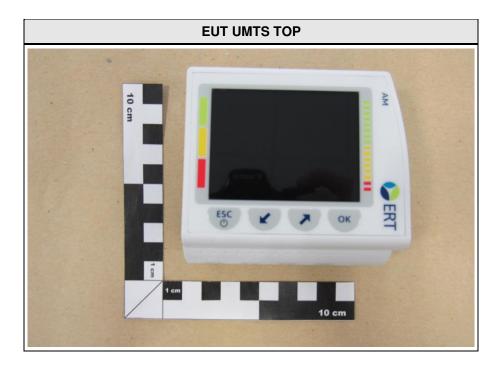


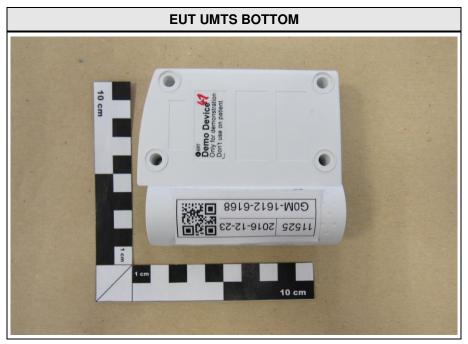




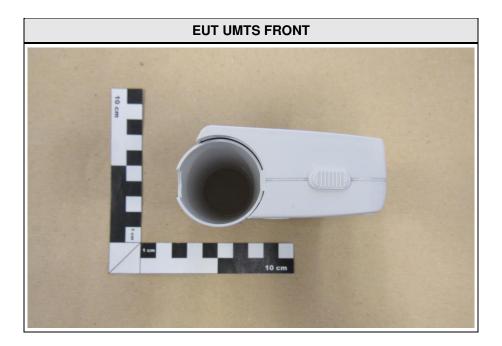


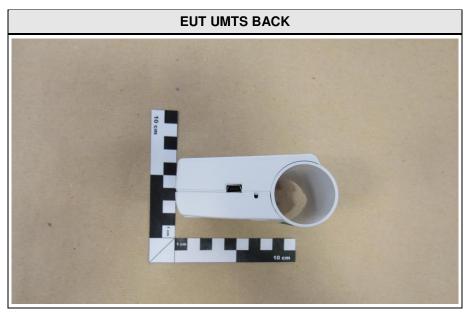




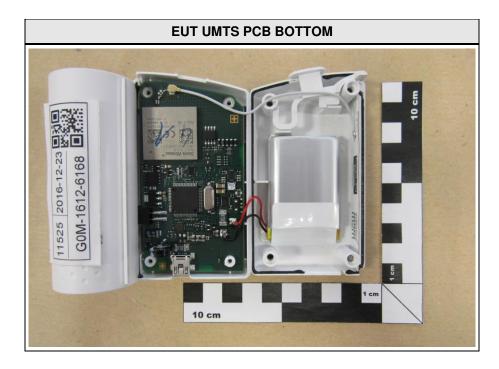


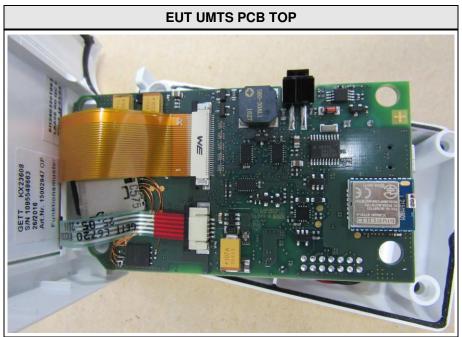




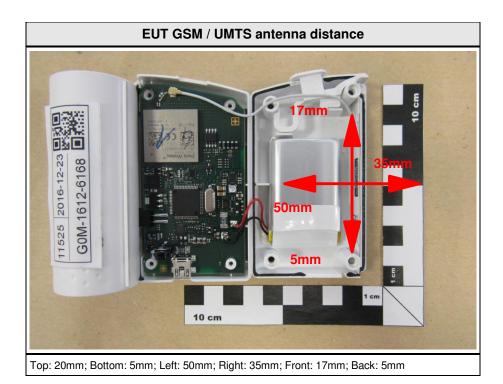


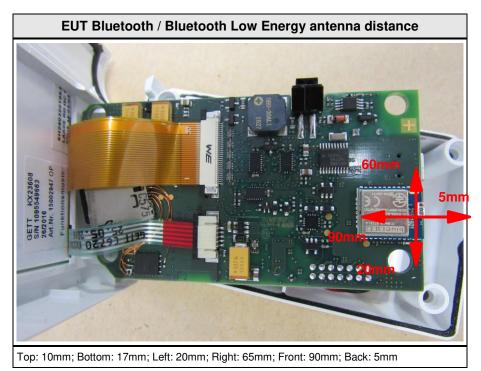






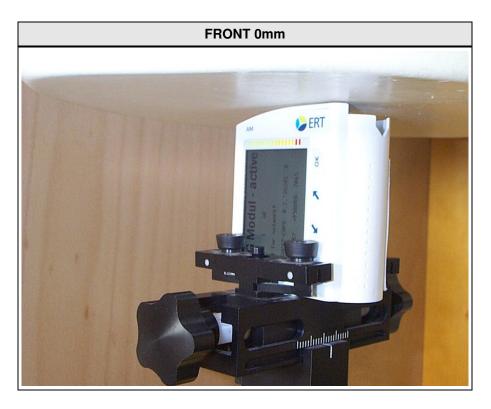








1.2 Equipment setup photos



















1.3 Reference Documents

DocumentKDB Publication 447498 : Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization PolicesKDB Publication 648474 : SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and AntennasKDB Publication 648474 : Review and Approval Policies for SAR Evaluation of Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and
AntennasKDB Publication 865664 : SAR measurement procedures for devices operating between 100 MHz to 6 GHzKDB Publication 941225: SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G DevicesKDB Publication 941225: 3GPP R6 HSPA and R7 HSPA+ SAR GuidanceKDB Publication 941225: Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM/GPRS/EDGEKDB Publication 941225: SAR Test Consideration for LTE Handsets and Data Modems

KDB Publication 447498 : SAR Measurement Procedures for USB Dongle Transmitters

KDB Publication 248227 : SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters

KDB Publication 450824 : SAR Probe Calibration and System Verification considerations for measurements from 150 MHz to 3 GHz



1.4 Supporting Equipment Used During Testing

Product Type*	Device	Manufacturer	Model No.	Comments			
SIM	Communication tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500				
SIM	Communication tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU 200				
AE	Laptop	DELL	Latitude E6520	costumer			
AE	Software	Silicon Labs	BGTool-1.0.0-97	costumer			
*Note: Us	*Note: Use the following abbreviations:						
AE :	AE : Auxiliary/Associated Equipment, or						
SIM : Simulator (Not Subjected to Test)							
CABL :	Connecting cables						



1.5 Supported standalone operating modes

Mode	Modulation Frequency range		Duty cycle	
GPRS 850	GMSK	824 MHz - 849 MHz	25.0%	
GPRS 1900	GMSK	1850 MHz - 1910 MHz	25.0%	
UMTS FDD II	QPSK	1850 MHz - 1910 MHz	100%	
UMTS FDD V	QPSK	824 MHz - 849 MHz	100%	
Bluetooth	GFSK / π/4-DQPSK / 8-DPSK	2400 MHz - 2483.5 MHz	77%	
Bluetooth Low Energy	GFSK	2400 MHz - 2483.5 MHz	100%	



1.6 Conducted Power Values

<u>Bluetooth</u>

Bluetooth BR+EDR – Average Output Power includes Tune Up tolerance +2dB						
	Sourc	Source-base time-average power [dBm]				
Frequency [MHz]	BR (GFSK)	EDR (PI/4-DQPSK)	EDR (8-DPSK)			
[DH5	2-DH5	3-DH5			
2402	11.93	11.06	11.54			
2441	11.64	10.79	11.27			
2480	11.67 10.87 11.28					
Date, Operator:	20.01.2017 , M. Handrik					

Bluetooth Low Energy

Bluetooth Low Energy – Average Output Power includes Tune Up tolerance +1.5dB					
Frequency [MHz]	Source-base time-average power [dBm]				
	GFSK				
2402	13.36				
2441	13.31				
2480	13.38				
Date, Operator: 20.01.2017 , M. Handrik					



<u>GSM 850</u>

	GSM850 – Average Output Power includes Tune Up tolerance +2dB									
Band	Mode	Coding	Active Timeslots	Ch.	Frequency [MHz]	TS1 [dBm]	TS2 [dBm]	TS3 [dBm]	TS4 [dBm]	Source- based average power [dBm]
				128	824.1	33.70	-	-	-	24.67
	GSM	FRV1	1	190	836.6	33.70	-	-	-	24.67
				251	848.0	33.70	-	-	-	24.67
		CS1	1	128	824.1	33.80	-	-	-	24.77
				190	836.6	33.80	-	-	-	24.77
				251	848.0	33.80	-	-	-	24.77
			2	128	824.1	33.80	33.80	-	-	27.78
850				190	836.6	33.70	33.80	-	-	27.73
				251	848.0	33.80	33.80	-	-	27.78
		031		128	824.1				-	
			3	190	836.6				-	
				251	848.0				-	
				128	824.1					
			4	190	836.6					
				251	848.0					
Date, Operator:					10.01.2	017 , M.	Handrik			

UMTS FDD V

	UMTS FDDV RMC – Average Output Power Includes Tune up Tolerance +2dB								
Bond	Band Ch.	Frequency	Source-based average power [dBm]						
Band Ch.	[MHz]	RMC 12.2	RMC 64	RMC 144	RMC 384				
	4133	826.6	25.01	25.96	25.97	25.91			
FDDV	4182	836.6	25.81	25.82	25.85	25.83			
	4232	846.4	25.10	25.11	25.05	25.00			
Date, Operator:			10.01.2017 , M. Handrik						



PCS 1900

	GSM1900 – Average Output Power includes Tune Up tolerance +2dB									
Band	Mode	Coding	Active Timeslots	Ch.	Frequency [MHz]	TS1 [dBm]	TS2 [dBm]	TS3 [dBm]	TS4 [dBm]	Source- based average power [dBm]
			1	512	1850.2	30.80	-	-	-	21.77
	GSM FRV1	FRV1		661	1880.0	30.70	-	-	-	21.67
			810	1909.8	30.80	-	-	-	21.77	
		001		512	1850.2	30.80	-	-	-	21.77
			1	661	1880.0	30.80	-	-	-	21.77
				810	1909.8	30.80	-	-	-	21.77
				512	1850.2	30.80	30.80	-	-	24.78
1900			2	661	1880.0	30.80	30.80	-	-	24.78
	GRPS			810	1909.8	30.80	30.80	-	-	24.78
	GNFS	CS1		512	1850.2				-	
			3	661	1880.0				-	
				810	1909.8				-	
				512	1850.2					
			4	661	1880.0					
			810	1909.8						
	Date, C	Operator:				10.01.2	017 , M.	Handrik		

<u>UMTS FDD II</u>

	UMTS FDDII RMC – Average Output Power Includes Tune up Tolerance +2dB								
Pond	Band Ch.	Frequency	Source-based average power [dBm]						
Band Ch.	Ch.	[MHz]	RMC 12.2	RMC 64	RMC 144	RMC 384			
	9263	1852.6	25.02	25.06	25.03	25.12			
FDDII	9400	1880.0	24.75	24.80	24.83	24.86			
	9537	1907.4	24.74	24.74	24.84	24.80			
Date, Operator:			10.01.2017 , M. Handrik						



1.7 Standalone Operational Mode Test Exclusion for FCC

According to KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 for standalone SAR evaluation the test exclusion power condition is given by

 $\frac{\max \textit{Power}, mW}{\textit{test distance}, mm} \cdot \sqrt{f_{GHz}} \le 3.0$

for test separation distance \leq 50mm. For test separation distances > 50mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is:

 $P_{TH}[mW] = Power \ allowed \ at \ numeric \ threshold \ for \ 50mm + (test \ distance, mm-50mm) \cdot \frac{f[MHz]}{150} \ , \\ 100 \ MHz < \ f < 1500 \ MHz$

 $P_{TH}[mW] = Power allowed at numeric threshold for <math display="inline">50mm + (test \ distance, mm - 50mm) \cdot 10$, $1500 \ MHz < f < 6 \ GHz$

	SAR Test Exclusion FCC																	
									EUT	Edge								
							Тс	р	Le	eft	Riç	ght	Bot	tom	Ba	ick	Fre	ont
Mode	P [mW]	Ant.	Reg.	Antenna distance to user [mm]	SAR Test Exclusion Threshold [mW]	Antenna distance to user [mm]	SAR Test Exclusion Threshold [mW]	Antenna distance to user [mm]	SAR Test Exclusion Threshold [mW]	Antenna distance to user [mm]	SAR Test Exclusion Threshold [mW]	Antenna distance to user [mm]	SAR Test Exclusion Threshold [mW]	Antenna distance to user [mm]	SAR Test Exclusion Threshold [mW]			
GPRS 850	378.4	GSM	FCC	20	66	50	165	35	116	5	17	5	17	17	56			
GPRS 1900	189.67	GSM	FCC	20	44	50	109	35	77	5	11	5	11	17	37			
FDD V	242.66	GSM	FCC	20	66	50	164	35	115	5	16	5	16	17	56			
FDD II	365.37	GSM	FCC	20	44	50	110	35	77	5	11	5	11	17	38			
BT	15.60	BT	FCC	10	19	20	38	65	245	17	32	5	10	90	495			
BT LE	21.78	BT	FCC	10	19	20	38	65	245	17	32	5	10	90	495			
Comments	Comments: All bold threshold values are above the limit and have to be measured																	
	Date, Operator: 10.01.2017 , M. Handrik																	



1.8 Standalone Operational Mode Exemption limits for ISED

		Exe	mption Limits (r	nW)	
Frequency	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation
(MHz)	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of
	≤5 mm	10 mm	15 mm	20 mm	25 mm
≤300	71 mW	101 mW	132 mW	162 mW	193 mW
450	52 mW	70 mW	88 mW	106 mW	123 mW
835	17 mW	30 mW	42 mW	55 mW	67 mW
1900	7 mW	10 mW	18 mW	34 mW	60 mW
2450	4 mW	7 mW	15 mW	30 mW	52 mW
3500	2 mW	6 mW	16 mW	32 mW	55 mW
5800	1 mW	6 mW	15 mW	27 mW	41 mW
		Exe	mption Limits (r	nW)	
Frequency	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation
(MHz)	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of
	30 mm	35 mm	40 mm	45 mm	≥50 mm
≤300	223 mW	254 mW	284 mW	315 mW	345 mW
450	141 mW	159 mW	177 mW	195 mW	213 mW
835	80 mW	92 mW	105 mW	117 mW	130 mW
1900	99 mW	153 mW	225 mW	316 mW	431 mW
2450	83 mW	123 mW	173 mW	235 mW	309 mW
3500	86 mW	124 mW	170 mW	225 mW	290 mW
5800	56 mW	71 mW	85 mW	97 mW	106 mW

	SAR Test Exclusion ISED																
				EUT Edge													
						То	р	Le	eft	Ri	ght	Bot	tom	Ba	ick	Fro	ont
Mode	P [mW]	Ant.	Reg.	Antenna distance to user [mm]	SAR Test Exclusion Threshold [mW]	Antenna distance to user [mm]	SAR Test Exclusion Threshold [mW]	Antenna distance to user [mm]	SAR Test Exclusion Threshold [mW]	Antenna distance to user [mm]	SAR Test Exclusion Threshold [mW]	Antenna distance to user [mm]	SAR Test Exclusion Threshold [mW]	Antenna distance to user [mm]	SAR Test Exclusion Threshold [mW]		
GPRS 850	378.4	GSM	IC	20	56.4	50	132.3	35	93.9	5	18	5	18	17	43.3		
GPRS 1900	189.67	GSM	IC	20	34.4	50	425.3	35	151.9	5	7.2	5	7.2	17	18.5		
FDD V	242.66	GSM	IC	20	55.0	50	130.5	35	92.1	5	17.0	5	17.0	17	42.0		
FDD II	365.37	GSM	IC	20	34.9	50	417.5	35	150.3	5	7.4	5	7.4	17	19.1		
BT	15.60	BT	IC	10	7	20	30.1	65	308.5	17	15	5	3.9	90	308.5		
BT LE	21.78	BT	IC	10	7	20	30.1	65	308.5	17	15	5	3.9	90	308.5		
Comments	Comments: All bold threshold values are above the limit and have to be measured																
	Date, Operator: 10.01.2017 , M. Handrik																



1.9 Supported concurrent (multi-transmitter) operating modes

EUT not supported multi-band transmitter modes.



1.10 Supported use cases

Use case	Distance to human body	corresponding EN62209-2 test position
People hold the device in front of the face. The EUT cannot wear direct on human body.		
	0 mm (worst case)	front-to-face device
People hold the device in hand. The EUT cannot wear direct on human body.	0 mm (worst case)	hand-held device



1.11 Radio Test Modes

Mode	Settings
GSM 850	Mode = GPRS 850 Modulation = GMSK Duty cycle = 25% Power level = maximum (Gamma 3) Antenna = GSM integrated
PCS 1900	Mode = GPRS 1900 Modulation = GMSK Duty cycle = 25% Power level = maximum (Gamm3) Antenna = GSM integrated
UMTS FDD II	Mode = FDD II Modulation = QPSK (384kbps) Duty cycle = 100% Power level = maximum (ALL1) Antenna = GSM integrated
UMTS FDD V	Mode = FDD V Modulation = QPSK (144kbps) Duty cycle = 100% Power level = maximum (ALL1) Antenna = GSM integrated
Bluetooth	Mode = DH5 Modulation = GFSK Duty cycle = 77% Power level = maximum Antenna = Bluetooth integrated
Bluetooth Low Energy	Mode = Bluetooth LE Modulation = GFSK Duty cycle = 100% Power level = maximum Antenna = Bluetooth integrated



1.12 Test Positions

Position	Description				
FRONT-0MM	EUT front side directly touching the phantom.				
BACK-0MM	EUT back side directly touching the phantom.				
TOP-0MM	EUT top side directly touching the phantom.				
BOTTOM-0MM	EUT bottom side directly touching the phantom.				
LEFT-0MM	EUT left side directly touching the phantom.				
RIGHT-0MM	EUT left side directly touching the phantom.				



1.13 Test Equipment Used During Testing

	SA	R Measurement			
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Identifier	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Stäubli Robot	Stäubli	RX90B L	EF00271	functional test	functional test
Stäubli Robot Controller	Stäubli	CS7MB	EF00272	functional test	functional test
DASY 5 Measurement Server	Schmid & Partner		EF00273	functional test	functional test
Control Pendant	Stäubli		EF00274	functional test	functional test
Dell Computer	Schmid & Partner	Intel	EF00275	functional test	functional test
Data Acquisition Electronics	Schmid & Partner	DAE3V1	EF00276	2016-09	2017-09
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	Schmid & Partner	EX3DV4	EF00826	2016-09	2017-09
System Validation Kit	Schmid & Partner	D300V3	EF00299	2015-09	2018-09
System Validation Kit	Schmid & Partner	D450V3	EF00300	2015-09	2018-09
System Validation Kit	Schmid & Partner	D900V2	EF00281	2015-09	2018-09
System Validation Kit	Schmid & Partner	D1800V2	EF00282	2015-09	2018-09
System Validation Kit	Schmid & Partner	D1900V2	EF00283	2015-09	2018-09
System Validation Kit	Schmid & Partner	D2450V2	EF00284	2015-09	2018-09
System Validation Kit	Schmid & Partner	D5GHZV2	EF00827	2015-10	2018-10
Flat phantom	Schmid & Partner	V 4.4	EF00328	no calibration required	no calibration required
Oval flat phantom	Schmid & Partner	ELI 4	EF00289	functional test	functional test
Mounting Device	Schmid & Partner	V 3.1	EF00287	functional test	functional test
Millivoltmeter	Rohde & Schwarz	URV 5	EF00126	2016-08	2019-08
Power sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z2	EF00125	2015-09	2017-09
RF signal generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMP 02	EF00165	2015-05	2017-05
Insertion unit	Rohde & Schwarz	URV5-Z4	EF00322	2015-10	2017-10
Directional Coupler	HP	HP 87300B	EF00288	functional test	functional test
Radio Communication Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMD65	EF00625	ICO (initial calibration only)	ICO (initial calibration only)
Universal Radio Communication Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU 200	EF00304	2016-06	2017-06
Network Analyzer 300 kHz to 3 GHz	Agilent	8752C	EF00140	2016-06	2017-06
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070C	EF00291	functional test	functional test
Dielectric Probe Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	EF00945	2016-09	2017-09
DAK Measurement Software	SPEAG	DAKS	EF00965	-	-
Thermometer	LKM electronic GmbH	DTM3000	EF00967	2016-11	2017-11



2 Result Summary

447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance, RSS-102							
Product Specific Standard Section	Requirement – Test	Reference Method	Maximum SAR [W/kg]	Result	Remarks		
447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance RSS-102 Section 3	Single-band conformity Head	KDB Publication 447498 KDB Publication 941225 KDB Publication 865664	0.223	PASS			
447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance RSS-102 Section 3	Single-band conformity Limbs	KDB Publication 447498 KDB Publication 941225 KDB Publication 865664	2.140	PASS			
447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance RSS-102 Section 3	Multi-band conformity	KDB Publication 447498 KDB Publication 941225 KDB Publication 865664	N/A	N/R	No concurrent transmission modes		
Remarks:				•			



3 Definitions

The specific absorption rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ_i), expressed in watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR = d/dt (dW/dm) = d/dt (dW/ ρ_t dV) = $\sigma/\rho_t |E_t|^2$

where

$$dW/dt = \int_V E J dV = \int_V \sigma E^2 dV$$

3.1 Controlled Exposure

The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity. Warning labels placed on low-power consumer devices such as cellular telephones are not considered sufficient to allow the device to be considered under the occupational/controlled category and the general population/uncontrolled exposure limits apply to these devices.

3.2 Uncontrolled Exposure

In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means. Awareness of the potential for RF exposure in a workplace or similar environment can be provided through specific training as part of a RF safety program. If appropriate, warning signs and labels can also be used to establish such awareness by providing prominent information on the risk of potential exposure and instructions on the risk of potential exposure risks.

3.3 Localized SAR

Compliance with the localized SAR limits is demonstrated using the head and trunk limit because this SAR limit is only half the limbs limit value. The values are obtained by SAR measurements according to EN 62209-2.

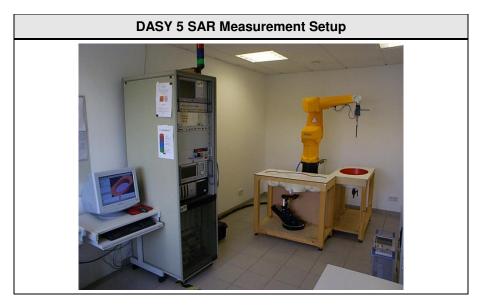


4 Localized SAR Measurement Equipment

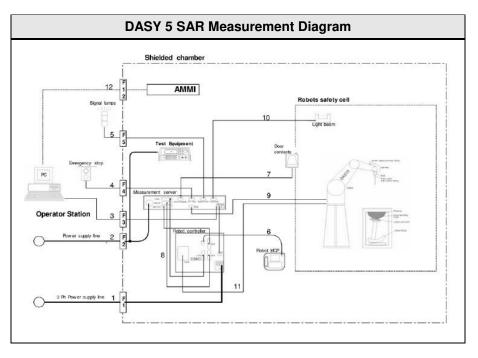
The measurements were performed with Dasy5 automated near-field scanning system comprised of high precision robot, robot controller, computer, e-field probe, probe alignment unit, phantoms, non-conductive phone positioned and software extension.

4.1 Complete SAR DASY5 Measurement System

Measurements are performed using the DASY5 automated assessment system made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland.



The following Diagram show the elements involved in the measurement setup.





The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

	DASY5 SAR Measurement System						
Device	Description:						
RX90BL	A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software.						
Probe Alignment Unit	A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.						
Teach Pendant	The Manual Control Pendant (MCP), also called the manual teach pendant, is the user interface to the robot. In DASY, it is used for certain installation and teach procedures						
Signal Lamps	External warning lamp which indicates when the robot arm is powered-on and if the robot is under software control or in manual mode (controlled with the teach pendant).						
DAE	The data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.						
E-Field Probes	Isotropic E-Field probe optimized and calibrated for E-field measurements in free space.						
EOC	The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals						
Measurement Server	The functions of the measurement server is to perform the time critical task such as signal filtering, surveillance of the robot operation, fast movement interrupts.						
Control Computer	A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows NT with DASY 4 Software.						
Control Software	DASY4 and SEMCAD post processing Software						
SAM Twin Phantom	The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.						
Flat Phantom	Flat Phantom (only for body-mounted transceivers operating below 800 MHz).						
Tissue simulating liquid	Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.						
Device Holder	The device holder for handheld mobile phones.						
System Validation Dipoles	System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.						



4.2 Robot Arm

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots RX90BL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France).

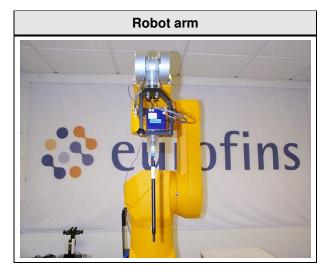
The RX robot series have many features that are important for our application:

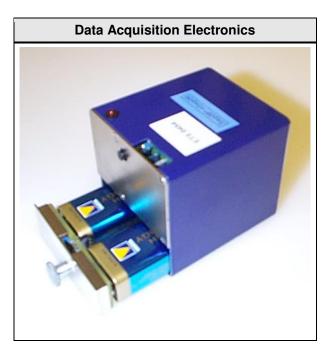
- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller

4.3 Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE3) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE3 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.







4.4 Isotropic E-Field Probe ≤ 6 GHz

Probe Specifications

Construction:

One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis built-in shielding against static charges.

Calibration:

In air from 10 MHz to 6 GHz, In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 835MHz, 900MHz, 1800MHz, 1900 MHz and 2450 MHz

Frequency:

10MHz to 6GHz, Linearity ±0.2dB (30MHz to 6GHz)

Directivity:

 \pm 0.3dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) \pm 0.5dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range:

 10μ W/g to > 100mW/g

Linearity:

 $\pm 0.2 dB$

Dimensions:

Overall Length: 337mm (Tip: 20mm), Tip Diameter: 2.5mm (Body: 12mm), Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1mm

Application:

General dosimetry up to 6 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

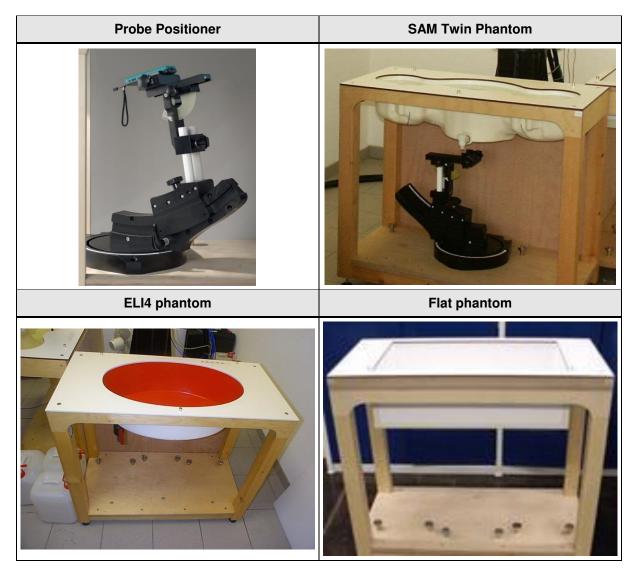




4.5 Test phantom and positioner

The positioner and test phantoms are manufactured by SPEAG. The test phantoms are used for all tests i.e. for both validation testing and device testing. The positioner and test phantom conforms to the requirements of EN 62209 and IEEE 1528.

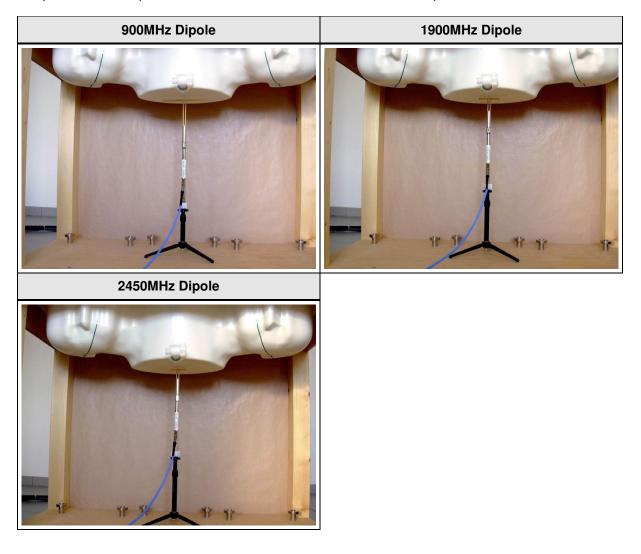
The SPEAG device holder was used to position the test device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles in the test arch.





4.6 System Validation Dipoles

A set of calibration dipoles (D900V2, D1900V2, D2450V2) is included as a part of the SAR measurement setup. These are used for the validation of the test setup after its installation and prior to the EUT measurements. The calibration dipole is placed in the position normally occupied by the EUT. All calibration dipoles have the same height which allows an exact fitting below the center point of the test phantom. The dipole center is 10mm below the surface of the test phantom.





5 Single-band SAR Measurement

After successful completion of the tissue and system verification the SAR values of the EUT are measured according to the following description.

5.1 General measurement description

The measurement is performed for each frequency band of the device. If the width of the transmit frequency band exceeds 1% of its center frequency, than the channels at the lowest and highest frequencies should also be tested. Furthermore, if the width of the transmit band exceeds 10% of its center frequency the following formula is used to determine the number of channels:

 $N_{C}=2 \cdot roundup[10 \cdot (f_{high} - f_{low})/f_{c}] + 1$

First the device is tested on the center channel of each frequency band used by the device. An operation mode and configuration with maximum transmit power is established. If battery operated equipment is used, the batteries are fully charged.

SAR measurements are performed using the steps outlined in the next section for all relevant operational modes, EUT configurations and measurement positions.

For the condition (position, configuration, operational mode) that provides the highest spatial-average SAR value on the center channel, the other channels are also tested.

Additionally all other conditions where the spatial-average SAR value is within 3dB of the SAR limit are also tested on all determined test frequencies.

5.2 SAR measurement description

First the local SAR value at a test point within 10mm or less in normal direction from the inner surface of the phantom is measured. This SAR value is used to determine the measurement drift during SAR measurement.

Next an area scan is performed over an area larger than the projection of the EUT with antenna on the surface of the phantom with a spatial grid step of 10mm.

From the scanned SAR distribution the position of maximum SAR value is identified as well as any local SAR maxima within 2dB of the maximum value that are not within the zoom scan volume. (The additional peaks are only measured when the primary peak is within 2dB of the SAR limit.)

The zoom-scan volume constructed on the peak SAR position is scanned with a grid step of 5mm. The measured data are extracted and the local SAR value for each measurement point is calculated. The measured values are interpolated over a fine-mesh within the scan volume and the average SAR value over 10g mass is calculated.

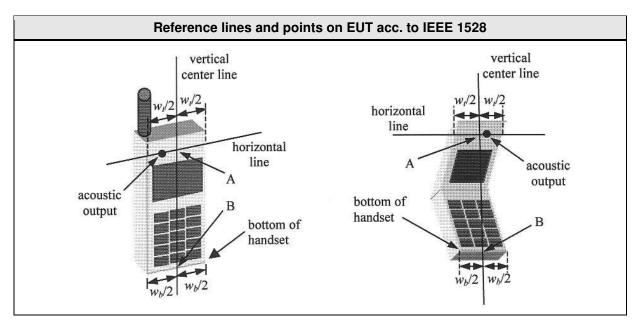
At the end of the measurement the reference point measured at the beginning of the measurement is measured again and from the difference the drift is calculated.

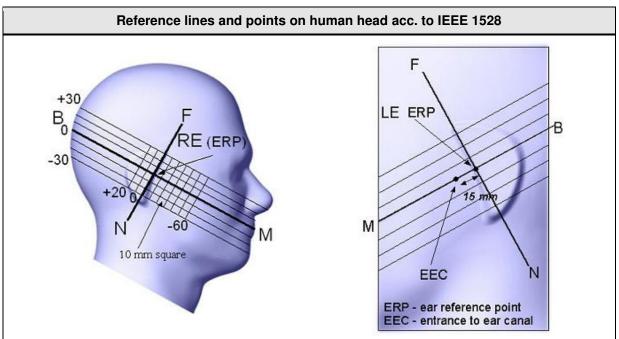


5.3 Reference lines and points for Handsets

For all measurement positions of the EUT, the EUT has to be place in a specific orientation with respect to the phantom. The orientation of the EUT relative to the phantom is defined by reference lines and points.

According to IEEE 1528, the reference lines and points shall be positioned at the EUT as shown in the following figure.

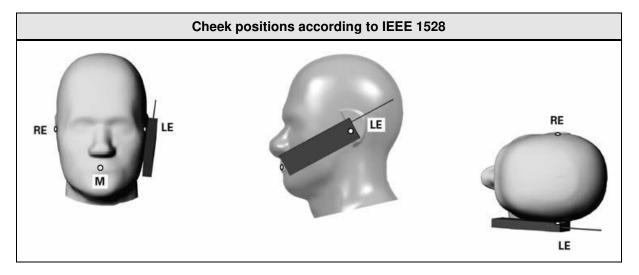






5.4 Test positions relative to the Head

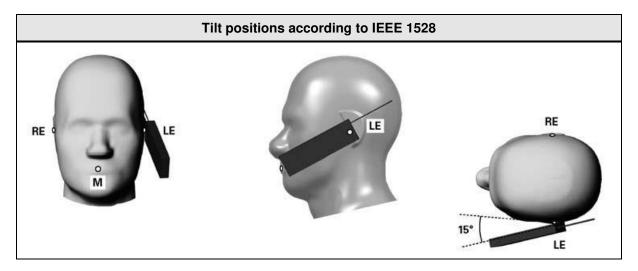
Cheek position



The handset is positioned close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. Next the handset is translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.

While the handset is maintained in this plane, it is rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane. Then it is rotated around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line. While the vertical centerline is maintained in the Reference Plane, point A is kept on the line passing through RE and LE, and the handset is maintained in contact with the pinna, the handset is rotated about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek.

Tilt position

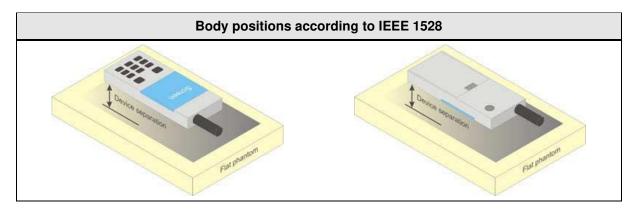




First the EUT is placed in the cheek position. Next the handset is moved away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°. Then the handset is rotated around the horizontal line by 15°.

The handset is moved towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point on the handset is in contact with the back of the head

5.5 Test positions relative to the human body



In body worn configuration the device is positioned parallel to the phantom surface with either top or bottom side of the EUT facing against the phantom.

The separation distance of the EUT is selected according to the use case of the EUT (e.g. with belt clip or holster).



5.6 Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement Uncertainty according to IEEE 1528							
Error Description	Uncertainty Value	Probability Distribution	Div.	c _i (1g)	c _i (10g)	Std. Unc. 1g	Std. Unc. 10g
Measurement System				•			
Probe Calibration	±6.55%	N	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%
Boundary effects	±2.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.9%	±3.9%
Post processing	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%
Test Sample Related				•	I		
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%
Test Sample Positioning	±2.9%	Ν	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%
Power Scaling	±0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0%	±0%
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%
Phantom and Setup Rel	ated			•			•
Phantom Uncertainty	±7.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±4.6%	±4.6%
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%
Liquid conductivity (measured)	±2.5%	Ν	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0%	±1.8%
Liquid permittivity (measured)	±2.5%	Ν	1	0.26	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%
Temperature uncertainty - Conductivity	±5.2%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±2.3%	±2.1%
Temperature uncertainty - Permittivity	±0.8%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%
Combined Standard Uncertainty						±12.8%	±12.7%
Expanded Standard Uncertainty						±25.6%	±25.4%



Measurement Uncertainty according to EN 62209-1							
Error Description	Uncertainty Value	Probability Distribution	Div.	c _i (1g)	c _i (10g)	Std. Unc. 1g	Std. Unc. 10g
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	±6.0%	Ν	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%
Boundary effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	Ν	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%
Max. SAR Evaluation	±2.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%
Test Sample Related	1		1				
Device Positioning	±2.9%	Ν	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%
Device Holder	±3.6%	Ν	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%
Power Scaling	±0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%
Phantom and Setup Rel	ated		1				
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.1%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.5%	±3.5%
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%
Liquid conductivity (measured)	±2.5%	Ν	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0%	±1.8%
Liquid permittivity (measured)	±2.5%	Ν	1	0.26	0.26	±0.6%	±0.7%
Temperature uncertainty - Conductivity	±5.2%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±2.3%	±2.1%
Temperature uncertainty - Permittivity	±0.8%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%
Combined Standard Uncertainty						±11.4%	±11.3%
Expanded Standard Uncertainty						±22.9%	±22.7%



Measurement Uncertainty according to EN 62209-2							
Error Description	Uncertainty Value	Probability Distribution	Div.	c _i (1g)	c _i (10g)	Std. Unc. 1g	Std. Unc. 10g
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	±6.55%	Ν	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%
Boundary effects	±2.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	Ν	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.9%	±3.9%
Post processing	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%
Test Sample Related							
Device Holder	±3.6%	Ν	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%
Test Sample Positioning	±2.9%	Ν	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%
Power Scaling	±0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0%	±0%
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%
Phantom and Setup Rel	ated						
Phantom Uncertainty	±7.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±4.6%	±4.6%
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%
Liquid conductivity (measured)	±2.5%	Ν	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0%	±1.8%
Liquid permittivity (measured)	±2.5%	Ν	1	0.26	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%
Temperature uncertainty - Conductivity	±5.2%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±2.3%	±2.1%
Temperature uncertainty - Permittivity	±0.8%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%
Combined Standard Uncertainty							±12.7%
Expanded Standard Uncertainty							±25.4%