



PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc.

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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE FCC Parts 24/22 Certification (Class II Permissive Change)

ACER PERIPHERALS INC.
157 Shan-Ying Road, Kweishan
Taoyuan, Taiwan 333
Attn: Chien H. Ho, Ph.D. – Staff Engineer
Wireless Technology Center, San Diego

Dates of Tests: August 07-08, 2000
Test Report S/N: 24/22.200807396.JVP
Test Site: PCTEST Lab, Columbia MD

FCC ID

JVPH0022

APPLICANT


ACER PERIPHERALS INC.

Classification:	Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)
FCC Rule Part(s):	§24(E), §22(H), §2
EUT Type:	Dual-Band Analog/PCS Phone (AMPS/CDMA)
Trade Name/Model:	ACER C301, C302
Tx Frequency Range:	1851.25MHz – 1908.75MHz (CDMA) / 824.04MHz – 848.97MHz (AMPS)
Rx Frequency Range:	1931.25MHz – 1988.75MHz (CDMA) / 869.04MHz – 893.97MHz (AMPS)
Max. RF Output Power:	0.597 W ERP AMPS (27.760 dBm) / 0.361 W EIRP CDMA (25.569 dBm)
Emission Designator(s):	40K0F8W, 40K0F1D, 1M25F9W
Class II Change(s):	Remove paint from back panel cover; Remove 2 conductive gaskets from rear of main board; MSN metal shielding changed from 1 piece to 2 pieces; Opened window in VCO metal shielding

This equipment, with the Class II Permissive Change(s) listed above, has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in §2.947. (See Test Report)

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been denied the FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 863.


Randy Ortanez
President & Chief Engineer



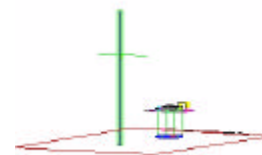
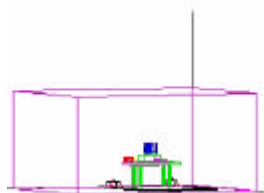
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MEASUREMENT REPORT



1.1 Scope

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EME) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission.

General Information

Applicant Name:	ACER PERIPHERALS INC.
Address:	157 Shan-Ying Road, Kweishan Taoyuan, Taiwan 333
Attention:	Chien H. Ho, Ph.D. – Staff Engineer Wireless Technology Center, San Diego

- FCC ID: **JVPH0022**
- Quantity: Quantity production is planned
- Emission Designator: 1M25F9W, 40K0F8W, 40K0F1D
- Tx Freq. Range: 1851.25 – 1908.75 MHz (CDMA)
824.04 – 848.97 MHz (AMPS)
- Rx Freq. Range: 1931.25 – 1988.75 MHz (CDMA)
869.04 – 893.97 MHz (AMPS)
- Max. RF Power Rating: 0.597 W ERP AMPS (27.760 dBm)
0.361 W EIRP CDMA (25.569 dBm)
- FCC Classification(s): Licensed Portable Tx Held to Ear (PCE)
Equipment (EUT) Type: Dual Band Analog/PCS Phone (AMPS/CDMA)
- Frequency Tolerance: $\pm 0.00025\%$ (2.5 ppm)
- FCC Rule Part(s): § 24(E), §22(H), §2
- Date of Tests: August 07-08, 2000
Place of Tests: PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD U.S.A.
Test Report S/N: 24/22.200807396.JVP
- Class II Change(s): Remove paint from back panel cover; Remove 2
conductive gaskets from rear of main board; MSN
metal shielding changed from 1 piece to 2 pieces;
Opened window in VCO metal shielding

2.1 INTRODUCTION

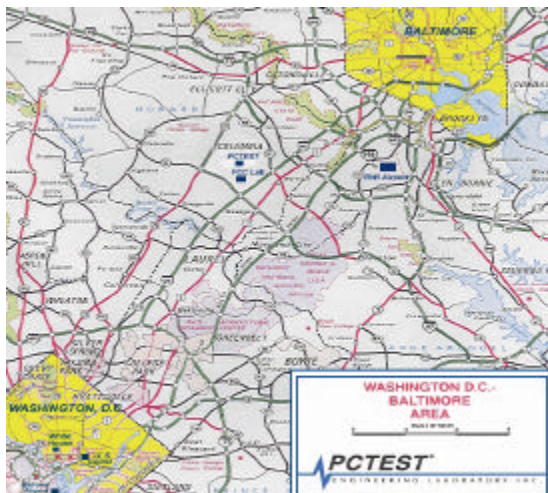


Figure 1. Map of the Greater Baltimore and Metropolitan Washington, D.C. area.

These measurement tests were conducted at **PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc.** facility in New Concept Business Park, Guilford Industrial Park, Columbia, Maryland. The site address is 6660-B Dobbin Road, Columbia, MD 21045. The test site is one of the highest points in the Columbia area with an elevation of 390 feet above mean sea level. The site coordinates are 39° 11'15" N latitude and 76° 49'38" W longitude. The facility is 1.5 miles North of the FCC laboratory, and the ambient signal and ambient signal strength are approximately equal to those of the FCC laboratory. There are no FM or TV transmitters within 15 miles of the site. The detailed description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4 on October 19, 1992.

Measurement Procedure

The radiated and spurious measurements were made outdoors at 3-meter test range (see Figure2). The equipment under test is placed on the turntable connected to a RF wattmeter and a dummy RF load, and then its power is adjusted to its rated output. A receiving antenna located 2 meters from the turntable picks up any signal radiated from the transmitter. The turntable containing the system was rotated; the receiving antenna height was varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at the azimuth or height producing the maximum emission. The testing procedure is repeated for both horizontal and vertical polarization of the receiving antenna. The actual radiated signal strength is obtained by substitution method with a signal generator with a calibrated output. The signal generator is adjusted in output until its reading is identical to that obtained when the receiving antenna is connected to the receiver. Signal strength is then read directly from the signal generator.

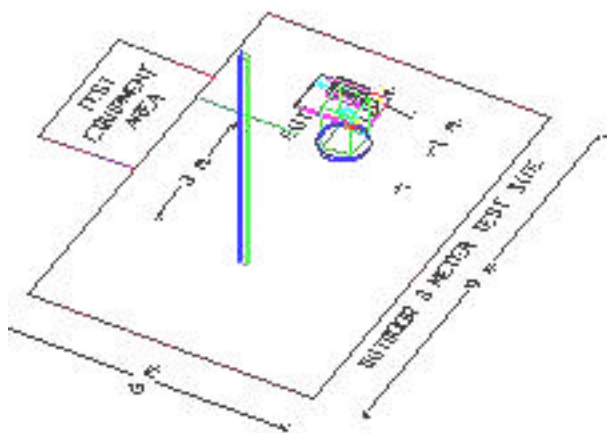


Figure 2. 3-meter Outdoor Test Site

3.1 DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

3.2 Transmitter Audio Frequency Response

The frequency response of the audio modulating circuit over the frequency range 100 – 5000 Hz is measured. The audio signal generator is connected to the audio input circuit/microphone of the EUT. The audio signal input is adjusted to obtain 50% modulation at 1kHz and this point is taken as the 0dB reference. With the input held constant and below the limit at all frequencies, the audio signal generator is varied from 100 to 50 kHz.

3.3 Audio Low Pass Filter Frequency Response

The response in dB relative to 1kHz is measured using the HP8901 a Modulation Analyzer. For the frequency response of the audio low-pass filter, the audio input is connected at the input to the modulation limiter and the modulated stage. The audio output is connected at the output of the modulated stage. The corresponding plots are shown herein.

3.4 Modulation Limiting

The audio signal generator is connected to the audio input circuit/microphone of the EUT. The modulation response is measured for each of the three modulating frequencies (300Hz, 1000 Hz, and 3000Hz), and the input voltage is varied from 30% modulation (± 3.6 kHz deviation) to at least 20dB higher than the saturation point. Measurements of modulation and the plots are attached herein. Measurements were performed for ST, SAT, and wide-band data modulations. The corresponding results are shown herein.

Note: ST, SAT, & Wide-Band data were internally generated by the EUT.

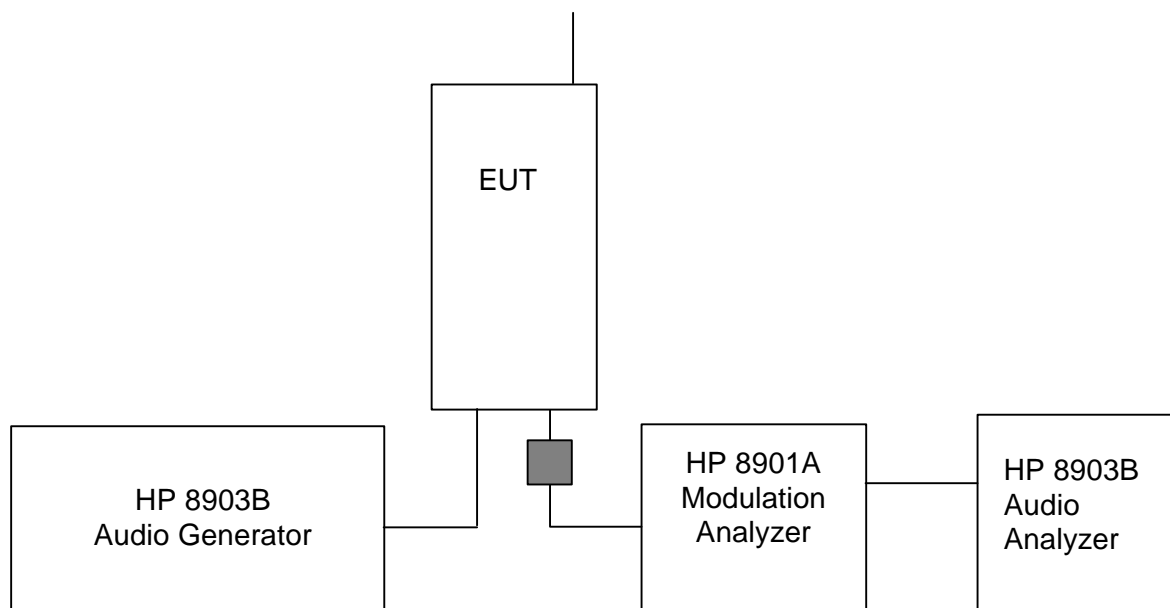


Fig. 3. Transmitter Audio Frequency & Tone Modulation Test Setup.

3.1 DESCRIPTION OF TESTES (Continued)

3.4 Occupied Bandwidth Emission Limits

- (a) On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.
- (b) Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.
- (c) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the licensee's frequency block edges, both upper and lower, as the design permits.
- (d) The measurement of emission power can be expressed in peak or average values, provided they are expressed in the same parameters as the transmitter power.

BLOCK	Freq. Range (MHz) Transmitter (Tx)	Freq. Range (MHz) Receiver (Rx)
A	1850 - 1865	1930 - 1945
B	1870 - 1885	1950 - 1965
C	1895 - 1910	1975 - 1990
D	1865 - 1870	1945 - 1950
E	1885 - 1890	1965 - 1970
F	1890 - 1895	1970 - 1975

Table 1. Broadband PCS Service Frequency Blocks.

3.1 DESCRIPTION OF TESTS (Continued)

3.4 Occupied Bandwidth

The audio signal generator is adjusted to 1kHz. The output level is set to ± 6 kHz deviation. With the level constant, the frequency is set to 2500Hz. Then the audio signal level is increased by 16dB. The occupied bandwidth data is obtained for the SAT (Supervisory Audio Tone), ST (Signaling Tone), WBD (Wideband data), and DTMF (Dual Tone Multi Frequencies). The results are shown on the attached graphs.

Specified Limits:

- On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 20 kHz, up to and including 45kHz, the sideband is at least 26dB below the carrier.
- On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 45 kHz, up to and including 90kHz, the sideband is at least 45dB below the carrier.
- On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 90 kHz, up to the first multiple of the carrier frequency, the sideband is at least 60dB below the carrier or $40 + \log_{10}$ (mean power output in Watts) dB, whichever is the smaller attenuation.

3.5 Spurious and Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal

The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequencies is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to 10 GHz. The transmitter is modulated with a 2500Hz tone at a level of 16dB greater than that required to provide 50% modulation.

At the input terminals of the spectrum analyzer, an isolator (RF circulator with one port terminated with 50 ohms) and an 870 MHz to 890 MHz bandpass filter is connected between the test transceiver (for conducted tests) or the receive antenna (for radiated tests) and the analyzer. The rejection of the bandpass filter to signals in the 825 – 845 MHz range is adequate to limit the transmit energy from the test transceiver which appears to a level which will allow the analyzer to measure signals less than -90dBm. Calibration of the test receiver is performed in the 870 – 890 MHz range to insure accuracy to allow variation in the passband filter insertion loss to be calibrated.

3.6 Frequencies

At the input terminals of the spectrum analyzer, an isolator (RF pad) and an high-pass filter are connected between the test transceiver (for conducted tests) or the receive antenna (for radiated tests) and the analyzer. The high-pass filter (signals below 2 GHz) is to limit the fundamental frequency from interfering with the measurement of low level spurious and harmonic emissions and to ensure that the preamplifier is not saturated.

3.7 Radiation Spurious and Harmonic Emissions

Radiation and harmonic emissions above 1 GHz is measured at out 3-meter indoor site. The EUT is placed on the turntable connected to a dummy load in normal operation using the intended power source. A receiving antenna located 3 meters from the turntable receives any signal radiated from the transmitter and its operating accessories. The antenna is varied from 1 to 4 meters and the polarization is varied (horizontal and vertical) to determine the worst-case emission level. To obtain actual radiated signal strength, a signal generator is adjusted in output until a reading identical to that obtained with the actual transmitter is obtained at the receiver. Signal strength is read directly from the generator and recorded on the attached table.3.8 §24.135
Frequency Stability/Temperature Variation

The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

- a.) **Temperature:** The temperature is varied from -30°C to +60°C using an environmental chamber.
- b.) **Primary Supply Voltage:** The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the voltage normally at the input to the device or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally supplied.

Specification – The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within - 0.0001 (- 1 ppm) of the center frequency.

Time Period and Procedure:

1. The carrier frequency of the transmitter and the individual oscillators is measured at room temperature (25°C to 27°C to provide a reference).
2. The equipment is subjected to an overnight “soak” at -30°C without any power applied.
3. After the overnight “soak” at 30°C (usually 14-16 hours), the equipment is turned on in a “standby” condition for one minute before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter and the individual oscillators is made within a three minute interval after applying power to the transmitter.
4. Frequency measurements are made at 10°C interval up to room temperature. At least a period of one and one half-hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.
5. Again the transmitter carrier frequency and the individual oscillators is measured at room temperature to begin measurement of the upper temperature levels.
6. Frequency were made at 10 intervals starting at 30°C up to +50°C allowing at least two hours at each temperature for stabilization. In all measurements the frequency is measured within three minutes after applying power to the transmitter.
7. The artificial load is mounted external to the temperature chamber.

NOTE: The EUT is tested down to the battery endpoint.

4.1 Test Data

4.2 Effective Radiated Power Output

A. POWER: **Low (Analog Mode)**

Freq. Tuned (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	ERP (W)	ERP (dBm)
824.04	-33.532	H	0.00596	7.74
836.49	-33.680	H	0.00597	7.75
848.97	-33.919	H	0.00586	7.67

A. POWER: **High (Analog Mode)**

Freq. Tuned (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	ERP (W)	ERP (dBm)	BATTERY
824.04	-13.531	H	0.59460	27.742	Standard
836.49	-13.669	H	0.59702	27.760	Standard
848.97	-13.905	H	0.58612	27.680	Standard
836.49	-13.674	H	0.59633	27.755	Extended

NOTES:

ERP Measurements by Substitution Method:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This ERP level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic antenna are taken into consideration.

5.1 Test Data

5.2 Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (E.I.R.P.)

Radiated measurements at 3 meters

Supply Voltage: 3.6 VDC

Modulation: PCS CDMA

FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	Azimuth (o angle)	EIRP (dBm)	EIRP (W)	Battery
1851.25	-21.512	H	60.0	25.569	0.361	Standard
1880.00	-21.814	H	60.0	25.437	0.350	Standard
1908.75	-22.235	H	60.0	25.186	0.330	Standard
1851.25	-21.560	H	60.0	25.521	0.357	Extended

NOTES:

ERP Measurements by Substitution Method:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This ERP level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic antenna are taken into consideration.

6.1 Test Data

6.2 Radiated Measurements

§ 2.993 Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (PCS CDMA)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 1851.25 MHz
 CHANNEL: 025 (Low)
 MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 25.569 dBm = 0.360 W
 MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)
 DISTANCE: 3 meters
 LIMIT: $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) = 38.57$ dBc

FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	AFCL (dB)	POL (H/V)	F/S (μ V/m)	EIRP (dBm)	(dBc)
3702.50	-104.47	44.4	H	222.1	-48.30	73.9
5553.75	-109.95	49.7	H	217.5	-48.48	74.0
7405.00	-108.53	53.7	H	406.0	-43.06	68.6
9256.25	< -130					
11107.50	< -130					

NOTES:

- The bandwidth is set per §24.238 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP is calculated using the formula:

$$\text{ERP (dBm)} = 10 \log_{10} \left(\left(\frac{r(\text{mV/m})}{1 \times 10^6} \right)^2 / 30.0 / 1 \times 10^{-3} \right)$$

$$\text{ERP (dBm)} = 10 \log_{10} \left[\left(\frac{3 \times \text{FS}}{1 \times 10^6} \right)^2 / (30.0) \times 1000 \right]$$

$$\text{ERP (Watts)} = \left\{ \left(\frac{3 \times \text{FS}}{1 \times 10^6} \right)^2 / 30.0 \right\}$$

6.1 Test Data (Continued)

6.3 Radiated Measurements

§ 2.993 Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (PCS CDMA)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 1880.00 MHz
 CHANNEL: 600 (Middle)
 MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 25.569 dBm = 0.360 W
 MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)
 DISTANCE: 3 meters
 LIMIT: $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) =$ 38.57 dBc

FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	AFCL (dB)	POL (H/V)	F/S ($\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$)	EIRP (dBm)	(dBc)
3760.00	-104.99	44.7	H	216.5	-48.52	74.1
5640.00	-109.82	49.9	H	225.9	-48.15	73.7
7520.00	-107.04	54.0	H	498.9	-41.27	66.8
9400.00	< -130					
11280.00	< -130					

NOTES:

- The bandwidth is set per §24.238 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP is calculated using the formula:

$$\text{ERP (dBm)} = 10 \log_{10} \left(\left(\frac{r(\text{mV/m})}{1 \times 10^6} \right)^2 / 30.0 / 1 \times 10^{-3} \right)$$

$$\text{ERP (dBm)} = 10 \log_{10} \left[\left(3 \times \text{FS} / 1 \times 10^6 \right)^2 / (30.0) \times 1000 \right]$$

$$\text{ERP (Watts)} = \{ (3 \times \text{FS}) / 1 \times 10^6 \}^2 / 30.0$$

6.1 Test Data (Continued)

6.4 Radiated Measurements

§ 2.993 Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (PCS CDMA)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 1908.75 MHz
 CHANNEL: 1175 (High)
 MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 25.569 dBm = 0.360 W
 MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)
 DISTANCE: 3 meters
 LIMIT: $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) = 38.57$ dBc

FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	AFCL (dB)	POL (H/V)	F/S (μ V/m)	EIRP (dBm)	(dBc)
3817.50	-106.04	45.0	H	198.6	-49.27	74.8
5726.25	-112.02	50.1	H	179.5	-50.15	75.7
7635.00	-107.96	54.2	H	459.2	-41.99	67.6
9543.75	< -130					
11452.50	< -130					

NOTES:

- The bandwidth is set per §24.238 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP is calculated using the formula:

$$\text{ERP (dBm)} = 10 \log_{10} ((r(\text{mV/m})/1 \times 10^6)^2 / 30.0/1 \times 10^{-3})$$

$$\text{ERP (dBm)} = 10 \log_{10} [(3 \times \text{FS}/1 \times 10^6)^2 / (30.0) \times 1000]$$

$$\text{ERP (Watts)} = \{(3 \times \text{FS})/1 \times 10^6\}^2 / 30.0$$

6.1 Test Data (Continued)

6.5 Radiated Measurements

§ 2.993 Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (Analog)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 824.04 MHz
 CHANNEL: 991 (Low)
 MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 27.760 dBm = 0.60 W
 MODULATION SIGNAL: ST (Signalling Tone)
 DISTANCE: 3 meters
 LIMIT: $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) = 40.77$ dBc

FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	AFCL (dB)	POL (H/V)	F/S ($\mu V/m$)	ERP (dBm)	(dBc)
1648.08	-86.42	34.4	H	561.0	-42.40	70.2
2472.12	-97.53	39.6	H	284.1	-48.31	76.1
3296.16	-106.49	42.5	H	141.4	-54.37	82.1
4120.20	-124.17	46.1	H	28.0	-68.45	96.2
4944.24	< -130					
5768.28	< -130					

NOTES:

- The bandwidth is set per §22.917 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP is calculated using the formula:

$$\text{ERP (dBm)} = 10 \log_{10} \left(\left(\frac{(r(\text{mV/m})/1 \times 10^6)^2}{49.2/1 \times 10^{-3}} \right) \right)$$

$$\text{ERP (dBm)} = 10 \log_{10} \left[\left(\frac{(3 \times \text{FS}/1 \times 10^6)^2}{(49.2) \times 1000} \right) \right]$$

$$\text{ERP (Watts)} = \left\{ \frac{(3 \times \text{FS})^2}{1 \times 10^6} \right\} / 49.2$$

6.1 Test Data (Continued)

6.6 Radiated Measurements

§ 2.993 Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (Analog)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 836.49 MHz
 CHANNEL: 383 (Middle)
 MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 27.760 dBm = 0.60 W
 MODULATION SIGNAL: ST (Signalling Tone)
 DISTANCE: 3 meters
 LIMIT: $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) =$ 40.77 dBc

FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	AFCL (dB)	POL (H/V)	F/S ($\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$)	ERP (dBm)	(dBc)
1672.98	-84.48	34.7	H	726.1	-40.16	67.9
2509.47	-96.03	39.0	H	315.1	-47.41	75.2
3345.96	-107.13	42.7	H	134.4	-54.81	82.6
4182.45	-120.98	46.1	H	40.4	-65.26	93.0
5018.94	< -130					
5855.43	< -130					

NOTES:

- The bandwidth is set per §22.917 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP is calculated using the formula:

$$\text{ERP (dBm)} = 10 \log_{10} \left(\left(\frac{r(\text{mV}/\text{m})}{1 \times 10^6} \right)^2 / 49.2 / 1 \times 10^{-3} \right)$$

$$\text{ERP (dBm)} = 10 \log_{10} \left[(3 \times \text{FS} / 1 \times 10^6)^2 / (49.2 \times 1000) \right]$$

$$\text{ERP (Watts)} = \{(3 \times \text{FS}) / 1 \times 10^6\}^2 / 49.2$$

6.1 Test Data (Continued)

6.7 Radiated Measurements

§ 2.993 Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (Analog)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 848.97 MHz
 CHANNEL: 799 (High)
 MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 27.760 dBm = 0.60 W
 MODULATION SIGNAL: ST (Signalling Tone)
 DISTANCE: 3 meters
 LIMIT: $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) =$ 40.77 dBc

FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	AFCL (dB)	POL (H/V)	F/S (μ V/m)	ERP (dBm)	(dBc)
1697.94	-87.07	34.8	H	545.1	-42.65	70.4
2546.91	-98.13	39.2	H	253.2	-49.31	77.1
3395.88	-107.13	42.9	H	137.6	-54.61	82.4
4244.85	-124.44	46.1	H	27.1	-68.72	96.5
5093.82	< -130					
5942.79	< -130					

NOTES:

- The bandwidth is set per §22.917 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP is calculated using the formula:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ERP (dBm)} &= 10 \log_{10} \left(\left((r(\text{mV/m})/1 \times 10^6)^2 / 49.2 / 1 \times 10^{-3} \right) \right) \\ \text{ERP (dBm)} &= 10 \log_{10} \left[(3 \times \text{FS} / 1 \times 10^6)^2 / (49.2) \times 1000 \right] \\ \text{ERP (Watts)} &= \{ (3 \times \text{FS}) / 1 \times 10^6 \}^2 / 49.2 \end{aligned}$$

7.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

7.2 Type	Model	Cal. Due Date	S/N
Microwave Spectrum Analyzer	HP 8566B (100Hz-22GHz)	08/15/01	3638A08713
Microwave Spectrum Analyzer	HP 8566B (100Hz-22GHz)	04/17/01	2542A11898
Spectrum Analyzer/Tracking Gen.	HP 8591A (100Hz-1.8GHz)	08/10/01	3144A02458
Signal Generator*	HP 8640B (500Hz-1GHz)	06/03/01	2232A19558
Signal Generator*	HP 8640B (500Hz-1GHz)	06/03/01	1851A09816
Signal Generator*	Rohde & Schwarz (0.1-1000MHz)	09/11/01	894215/012
Ailtech/Eaton Receiver	NM 37/57A-SL (30-1000MHz)	04/12/01	0792-03271
Ailtech/Eaton Receiver	NM 37/57A (30-1000MHz)	03/11/01	0805-03334
Ailtech/Eaton Receiver	NM 17/27A (0.1-32MHz)	09/17/01	0608-03241
Quasi-Peak Adapter 2043A00301	HP 85650A	08/15/01	
Ailtech/Eaton Adapter	CCA-7 CISPR/ANSI QP Adapter	03/11/01	194-04082
Gigatronics Universal Power Meter	8657A		1835256
Gigatronics Power Sensor	80701A (0.05-18GHz)		1833460
Signal Generator	HP 8648D (9kHz-4GHz)		3613A00315
Amplifier Research	5S1G4 (5W, 800MHz-4.2GHz)		22322
Network Analyzer	HP 8753E (30kHz-3GHz)		JP38020182
Audio Analyzer	HP 8903B		3011A09025
Modulation Analyzer	HP 8901A		2432A03467
Power Meter	HP 437B		3125U24437
Power Sensor	HP 8482H (30μW-3W)		2237A02084
Harmonic/Flicker Test System	HP 6841A (IEC 555-2/3)		3361A00115
Broadband Amplifier (2)	HP 8447D		1145A00470, 1937A03348
Broadband Amplifier	HP 8447F		2443A03784
Horn Antenna	EMCO Model 3115 (1-18GHz)		9704-5182
Horn Antenna	EMCO Model 3115 (1-18GHz)		9205-3874
Horn Antenna	EMCO Model 3116 (18-40GHz)		9203-2178
Biconical Antenna (4)	Eaton 94455/Eaton 94455-1/Singer 94455-1/Compliance Design 1295, 1332, 0355		
Log-Spiral Antenna (3)	Ailtech/Eaton 93490-1		0608, 1103, 1104
Roberts Dipoles	Compliance Design (1 set)		
Ailtech Dipoles	DM-105A (1 set)		33448-111
EMCO LISN (6)	3816/2		1079
Microwave Preamplifier 40dB Gain	HP 83017A (0.5-26.5GHz)		3123A00181
Microwave Cables	MicroCoax (1.0-26.5GHz)		
Ailtech/Eaton Receiver	NM37/57A-SL		0792-03271
Spectrum Analyzer	HP 8594A		3051A00187
Spectrum Analyzer (2)	HP 8591A		3034A01395, 3108A02053
Microwave Survey Meter	Holaday Model 1501 (2.450GHz)		80931
Digital Thermometer	Extech Instruments 421305		426966
Attenuator	HP 8495A (0-70dB) DC-4GHz		
Bi-Directional Coax Coupler	Narda 3020A (50-1000MHz)		
Shielded Screen Room	RF Lindgren Model 26-2/2-0		6710 (PCT270)
Shielded Semi-Anechoic Chamber	Ray Proof Model S81		R2437 (PCT278)
Environmental Chamber	Associated Systems Model 1025 (Temperature/Humidity)		PCT285

* Calibration traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

8.1 SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

A. ERP Sample Calculation

$$\text{Level } \mu\text{V/m @ 3 meters} = \frac{\text{Log } 10^{-1} (\text{dBm} + 107 + \text{AFCL})}{20}$$

$$\frac{\text{Log } 10^{-1} (-14 + 107 + 31.7)}{20}$$

$$1717908.4 \mu\text{V/m @ 3 meters}$$

Sample Calculation (relative to a dipole)

$$\text{ERP (dBm)} = 10 \text{ Log}_{10} (((r(\mu\text{V/m})1 \times 10^6)^2 / 49.2 / 1 \times 10^{-3})$$

$$\text{ERP (dBm)} = 10 \text{ Log}_{10} (((3(1717908.4)1 \times 10^6)^2 / 49.2 / 1 \times 10^{-3})$$

$$\text{ERP (dBm)} = 27.32$$

B. Emission Designator

CDMA Sample

2M + 2DK

CDMA BW = 1.25 MHz

F = Frequency Modulation

9 = Composite Digital Info

W = Combination (Audio/Data)

Emission Designator = 1M25F9W

9.1 CONCLUSION

The data collected shows that the **ACER Dual-Band Analog/PCS (AMPS/CDMA) Phone FCC ID: JVPH0022** continues to comply with all the requirements of Parts 2, 22, and 24 of the FCC rules.