

# FCC Measurement/Technical Report on

# Smart Wireless Flower Pot Parrot POT

FCC ID: 2AG6IPOT

IC: 21053-POT

Test Report Reference: MDE\_PARRO\_1518\_FCCa

#### **Test Laboratory:**

7layers GmbH Borsigstrasse 11 40880 Ratingen Germany



Note:

The following test results relate only to the devices specified in this document. This report shall not be reproduced in parts without the written approval of the test laboratory.

**7layers GmbH** Borsigstraße 11

40880 Ratingen, Germany T +49 (0) 2102 749 0 F +49 (0) 2102 749 350 Geschäftsführer/ Managing Directors: Frank Spiller Bernhard Retka Alexandre Norré-Oudard

Registergericht/registered: Düsseldorf HRB 75554 USt-Id.-Nr./VAT-No. DE203159652 Steuer-Nr./TAX-No. 147/5869/0385 a Bureau Veritas Group Company

www.7layers.com



# **Table of Contents**

1	Applied Standards and Test Summary	3
1.1	Applied Standards	3
1.2	FCC-IC Correlation Table	4
1.3	Measurement Summary / Signatures	5
2	Administrative Data	8
2.1	Testing Laboratory	8
2.2	Project Data	8
2.3	Applicant Data	8
2.4	Manufacturer Data	8
3	Test object Data	9
3.1	General EUT Description	9
3.2	EUT Main components	10
3.3	Ancillary Equipment	10
3.4	Auxiliary Equipment	11
3.5	EUT Setups	11
3.6	Operating Modes	11
3.7	Special Software used for testing	11
3.8	Product labelling	11
4	Test Results	12
4.1	Occupied Bandwidth (6 dB)	12
4.2	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)	15
4.3	Peak Power Output	17
4.4	Spurious RF Conducted Emissions	20
4.5	Transmitter Spurious Radiated Emissions	23
4.6	Band Edge Compliance Conducted	29
4.7	Band Edge Compliance Radiated	32
4.8	Power Density	34
5	Test Equipment	36
6	Setup Drawings	39
7	Measurement Uncertainties	40
8	Photo Report	40



# 1 Applied Standards and Test Summary

#### 1.1 Applied Standards

#### Type of Authorization

Certification for an Intentional Radiator.

#### **Applicable FCC Rules**

Prepared in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules and Regulations as listed in 47 CFR Ch.1 Parts 2 and 15 (10-1-15 Edition). The following subparts are applicable to the results in this test report.

Part 2, Subpart J - Equipment Authorization Procedures, Certification

Part 15, Subpart C - Intentional Radiators

§ 15.201 Equipment authorization requirement

§ 15.207 Conducted limits

§ 15.209 Radiated emission limits; general requirements

§ 15.247 Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz

#### Note 1:

The tests were selected and performed with reference to the FCC Public Notice "Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247, 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r05, 2016-01-07".

#### Note 2:

ANSI C63.10-2013 is applied.



# **Summary Test Results:**

The EUT complied with all performed tests as listed in chapter 1.3 Measurement Summary / Signatures.

#### 1.2 FCC-IC Correlation Table

# Correlation of measurement requirements for DTS (e.g. WLAN 2.4 GHz, BT LE) equipment from FCC and IC

# DTS equipment

Measurement	FCC reference	IC reference
Conducted emissions on AC Mains	§ 15.207	RSS-Gen Issue 4: 8.8
Occupied bandwidth	§ 15.247 (a) (2)	RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.2 (1)
Peak conducted output power	§ 15.247 (b) (3), (4)	RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.4 (4)
Transmitter spurious RF conducted emissions	§ 15.247 (d)	RSS-Gen Issue 4: 6.13 / 8.9/8.10; RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.5
Transmitter spurious radiated emissions	§ 15.247 (d); § 15.209 (a)	RSS-Gen Issue 4: 6.13 / 8.9/8.10; RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.5
Band edge compliance	§ 15.247 (d)	RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.5
Power density	§ 15.247 (e)	RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.2 (2)
Antenna requirement	§ 15.203 / 15.204	RSS-Gen Issue 4: 8.3
Receiver spurious emissions	_	_



# 1.3 Measurement Summary / Signatures

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247	§ 15.247	5.247 (a) (2)		
Occupied Bandwidth (6 dB)				
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6	3.10	Final Re	esult	
OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency	Setup	FCC	IC	
Bluetooth LE, high	Setup_02_ cond	Passed	Passed	
Bluetooth LE, low	Setup_02_ cond	Passed	Passed	
Bluetooth LE, mid	Setup_02_ cond	Passed	Passed	
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247	-			
Occupied Bandwidth (99%)				
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6	3.10	Final Re	esult	
OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency	Setup	FCC	IC	
Bluetooth LE, high	Setup_02_ cond	N/A	Passed	
Bluetooth LE, low	Setup_02_ cond	N/A	Passed	
Bluetooth LE, mid	Setup_02_ cond	N/A	Passed	
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247	§ 15.247	(b) (3)		
Peak Power Output				
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6	3.10	Final Re	esult	
<b>OP-Mode</b> Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement method	Setup	FCC	IC	
Bluetooth LE, high, conducted	Setup_02_ cond	Passed	Passed	
Bluetooth LE, low, conducted	Setup_02_ cond	Passed	Passed	
Bluetooth LE, mid, conducted	Setup_02_	Passed	Passed	

cond



47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247	§ 15.247	(d)	
Spurious RF Conducted Emissions The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6	3.10	Final Re	sult
OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency	Setup	FCC	IC
Bluetooth LE, high	Setup_02_ cond	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, low	Setup_02_ cond	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, mid	Setup_02_ cond	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247	§ 15.247	(d)	
Transmitter Spurious Radiated Emissions The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6	3.10	Final Re	sult
<b>OP-Mode</b> Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement range	Setup	FCC	IC
Bluetooth LE, high, 1 GHz - 26 GHz	Setup_01_ rad	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, high, 30 MHz - 1 GHz	Setup_01_ rad	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, low, 1 GHz - 26 GHz	Setup_01_ rad	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, low, 30 MHz - 1 GHz	Setup_01_ rad	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, mid, 1 GHz - 26 GHz	Setup_01_ rad	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, mid, 30 MHz - 1 GHz	Setup_01_ rad	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, mid, 9 kHz - 30 MHz	Setup_01_ rad	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247	§ 15.247	(d)	
Band Edge Compliance Conducted The measurement was performed according to ANSI C6	3.10	Final Re	sult
OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Band Edge	Setup	FCC	IC
Bluetooth LE, high, high	Setup_02_ cond	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth LE, low, low	Setup_02_ cond	Passed	Passed



<b>47 CFR CHAPTER</b>	I FCC	PART :	15 Subpart	C
§15.247				

§ 15.247 (d)

Band Edge Compliance Radiated

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

**Final Result** 

OP-Mode Setup FCC IC

Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Band Edge

Bluetooth LE, high, high Setup\_01\_ rad

Passed Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247

§ 15.247 (e)

**Power Density** 

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

**Final Result** 

**OP-Mode FCC** IC Setup Radio Technology, Operating Frequency Passed Bluetooth LE, high Setup\_02\_ Passed cond Bluetooth LE, low Passed Setup\_02\_ Passed cond Bluetooth LE, mid Setup\_02\_ Passed Passed cond

N/A: Not applicable

(responsible for accreditation scope)
Dipl.-Ing. Marco Kullik

(responsible for testing and report)
Dipl.-Ing. Andreas Petz





#### 2 Administrative Data

#### 2.1 Testing Laboratory

Company Name: 7layers GmbH

Address: Borsigstr. 11

40880 Ratingen

Germany

This facility has been fully described in a report submitted to the FCC and accepted under the registration number 96716.

This facility has been fully described in a report submitted to the IC and accepted under the registration number: Site# 3699A-1.

The test facility is also accredited by the following accreditation organisation:

Laboratory accreditation no: DAkkS D-PL-12140-01-01

Responsible for accreditation scope: Dipl.-Ing. Marco Kullik

Report Template Version: 2016-02-29

#### 2.2 Project Data

Responsible for testing and report: Dipl.-Ing. Andreas Petz

Employees who performed the tests: documented internally at 7Layers

Date of Report: 2016-04-27

Testing Period: 2016-04-08 to 2016-04-08

#### 2.3 Applicant Data

Company Name: Parrot Drones SAS

Address: 174 quai de jemmapes

Paris France

Contact Person: Mr. Cherif Si Ahmed

#### 2.4 Manufacturer Data

Company Name: please see applicant data

Address:

Contact Person:



# 3 Test object Data

# 3.1 General EUT Description

Kind of Device product description	Smart Wireless Flower Pot
Product name	Parrot POT
Туре	Parrot POT
Declared EUT data by	the supplier
Voltage Type	DC
Voltage Level	6 V (4 x AAA)
Tested Modulation Type	GFSK
General product description	The EUT is a Bluetooth Low Energy transceiver operating in the 2.4 GHz ISM band.
Specific product description for the EUT	The pot will watering plants automatically while continuously measuring and collecting data from which the status of the plant can be estimated (calculated). The status can be wirelessly transferred to a smart device, e.g. a mobile phone. An alert can be triggered.
The EUT provides the following ports:	Enclosure
Tested data rates	1 Mbps

The main components of the EUT are listed and described in chapter 3.2 EUT Main components.



# 3.2 EUT Main components

Sample Name	Sample Code	Description
Standard sample #1	aa01 sample in BTLE test mod	
		integral antenna
Sample Parameter	Value	e
Integral Antenna	3.3 dBi	
Serial No.	PI040366P16C000090	
HW Version	HW08	
SW Version	Hawai2-0.25.0	
Comment		

Sample Name	Sample Code	Description
Standard sample #2	ab01 sample in BTLE test mode,	
		temporary antenna connector
Sample Parameter	Valu	e
Integral Antenna	3.3 dBi	
Serial No.	PI040366P16C000051	
HW Version	HW08	
SW Version	Hawai2-0.25.0	
Comment		

NOTE: The short description is used to simplify the identification of the EUT in this test report.

# 3.3 Ancillary Equipment

For the purposes of this test report, ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Ancillary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Device Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, OUT Code)	
-	-	-



## 3.4 Auxiliary Equipment

For the purposes of this test report, auxiliary equipment is defined as equipment which is used temporarily to enable operational and control features especially used for the tests of the EUT which is not used during normal operation or equipment that is used during the tests in combination with the EUT but is not subject of this test report. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Auxiliary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Device Details (Manufacturer, HW, SW, S/N)		
-	-	-	

#### 3.5 EUT Setups

This chapter describes the combination of EUTs and equipment used for testing. The rationale for selecting the EUTs, ancillary and auxiliary equipment and interconnecting cables, is to test a representative configuration meeting the requirements of the referenced standards.

Setup	Combination of EUTs	Description and Rationale
Setup_01_ rad	Standard sample #1	Setup for radiated measurements
Setup_02_ cond	Standard sample #2	Setup for conducted measurements

#### 3.6 Operating Modes

The EUT is transmitting in a local TX mode and is controlled by an external laptop, before the start of the test. The EUT generates a PRBS sequence at maximum power, the channel can be selected.

#### 3.7 Special Software used for testing

The EUT is controlled by the app "Flower Power 2", available for smart devices (version 3.00.65 for iOS and 3.00.50 for Android), also the special test mode. When set to test mode, the EUT transmits on a single frequency instead of in hopping mode.

#### 3.8 Product labelling

#### 3.8.1 FCC ID label

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

#### 3.8.2 Location of the label on the EUT

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.



#### 4 Test Results

## 4.1 Occupied Bandwidth (6 dB)

Standard 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

#### 4.1.1 Test Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the occupied bandwidth measurements.

The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical. The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produce the worst-case (smallest) emission bandwidth.

The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

#### Analyzer settings:

Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHzVideo Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz

•Span: 3

Trace: MaxholdSweeps: 2000Sweeptime: 5 msDetector: Peak

#### 4.1.2 Test Requirements / Limits

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (2)

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.



#### 4.1.3 Test Protocol

Ambient 23 °C temperature:
Air Pressure: 1015 hPa Humidity: 41 %
BT LE GFSK

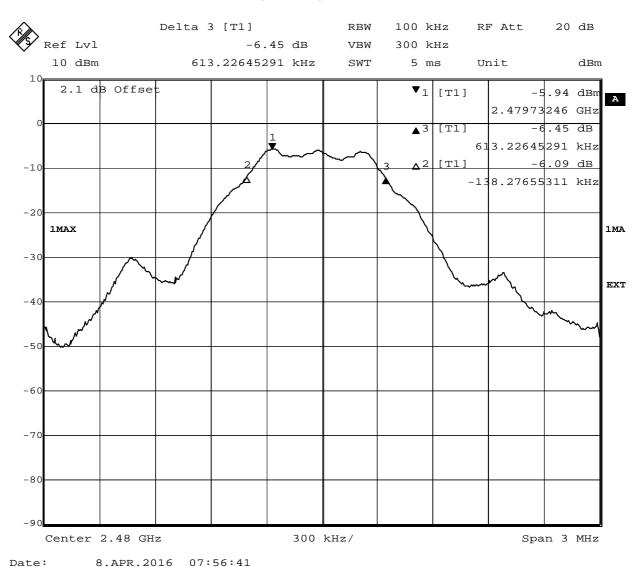
Band

Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	6 dB Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Margin to Limit [MHz]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402.0	0.8	0.5	0.3
	19	2440.0	0.7	0.5	0.2
	39	2480.0	0.8	0.5	0.3

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



# 4.1.4 Measurement Plot (showing the highest value, "worst case")



# 4.1.5 Test Equipment used

Regulatory WLAN RF Test Solution



## 4.2 Occupied Bandwidth (99%)

Standard 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

#### 4.2.1 Test Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the occupied bandwidth measurements.

The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss. Analyzer settings:

Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 30 kHzVideo Bandwidth (VBW): 100 kHz

Span: 3 MHzTrace: MaxholdSweeps: 2000Sweeptime: 8.5 msDetector: Sample

The 99 % measurement function of the spectrum analyser function was used to determine the 99 % bandwidth.

# 4.2.2 Test Requirements / Limits

No applicable limit:

#### 4.2.3 Test Protocol

Ambient temperature: 23 °C
Air Pressure: 1015 hPa
Humidity: 41 %

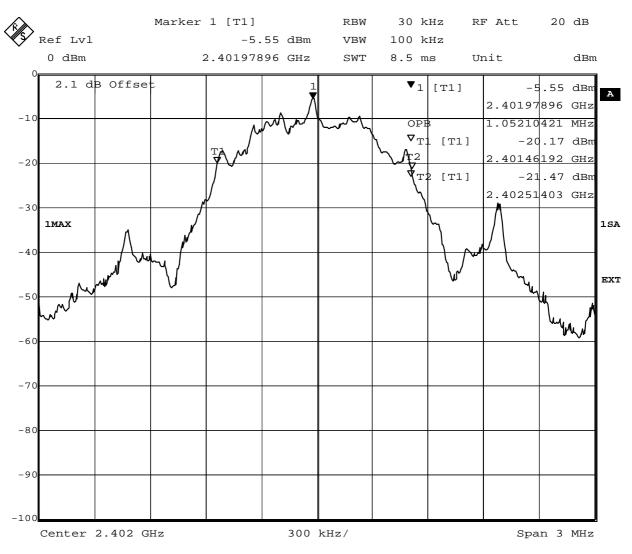
BT LE GFSK

Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	99 % Bandwidth [MHz]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402.0	1.1
	19	2440.0	1.1
	39	2480.0	1.0

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



# 4.2.4 Measurement Plot (showing the highest value, "worst case")



Date: 8.APR.2016 08:13:25

#### 4.2.5 Test Equipment used

Regulatory WLAN RF Test Solution



#### 4.3 Peak Power Output

Standard 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

#### 4.3.1 Test Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the output power measurements. The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produces the worst-case (highest) output power. The reference level of the spectrum analyzer was set higher than the output power of the EUT.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

#### Analyzer settings:

Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 1 MHzVideo Bandwidth (VBW): 3 MHz

•Trace: Maxhold •Sweeps: 2000 •Sweeptime: 5 ms •Detector: Peak

The channel power function of the spectrum analyser was used (Used channel bandwidth = DTS bandwidth)

# 4.3.2 Test Requirements / Limits

#### DTS devices:

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (3)

For systems using digital modulation techniques in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt.

==> Maximum conducted peak output power: 30 dBm (excluding antenna gain, if antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi are used).

# **Frequency Hopping Systems:**

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (1)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (2)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: 1 watt for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.

Used conversion factor: Limit (dBm) =  $10 \log (Limit (W)/1mW)$ 



# 4.3.3 Test Protocol

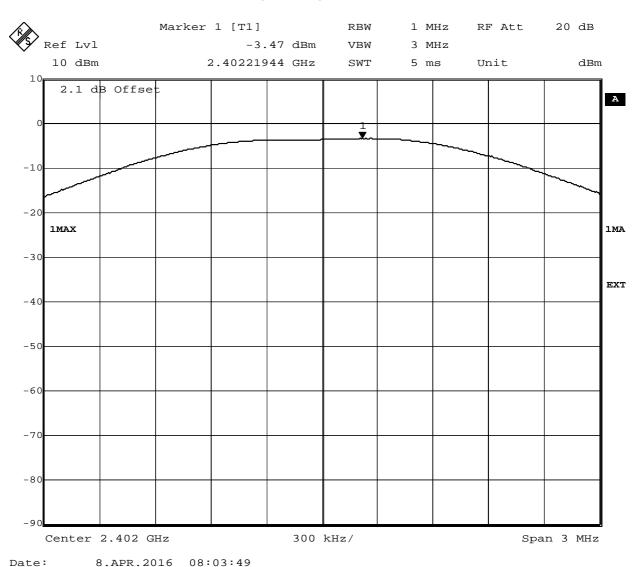
Ambient temperature: 23 °C Air Pressure: 1015 **h**Pa 41 % Humidity: BT LE GFSK

Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	Peak Power [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402.0	-3.5	30.0	33.5
	19	2440.0	-4.7	30.0	34.7
	39	2480.0	-5.5	30.0	35.5

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



# 4.3.4 Measurement Plot (showing the highest value, "worst case")



#### Date: 0.APR.2010 00:03:49

# 4.3.5 Test Equipment used

Regulatory WLAN RF Test Solution



#### 4.4 Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

Standard 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

#### 4.4.1 Test Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the spurious emissions measurements.

The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss. Analyzer settings:

Frequency range: 30 – 25000 MHz
Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz

Trace: MaxholdSweeps: 2

Sweep Time: 330 sDetector: Peak

The reference value for the measurement of the spurious RF conducted emissions is determined during the test "band edge compliance conducted". This value is used to calculate the 20 dBc limit.

#### 4.4.2 Test Requirements / Limits

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (c)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.



#### 4.4.3 Test Protocol

23 °C **Ambient** 

temperature:

Air Pressure: 1015 hPa Humidity: 41 %

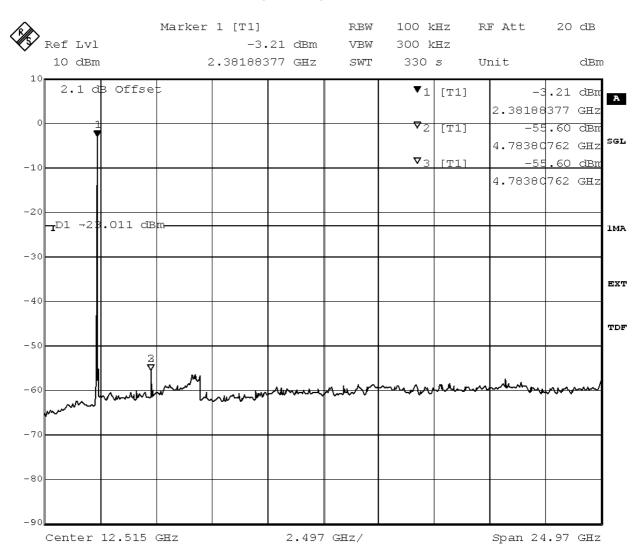
BT LE GFSK

Channel No	Channel Center Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Ref. Level [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
0	2402.0	-	-	PEAK	100.0	-3.0	-23.0	-
19	2440.0	-	-	PEAK	100.0	-4.3	-24.3	-
39	2480.0	_	_	PEAK	100.0	-4.7	-24.7	-

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.
The reference level relates to the sub-clause 4.6 Band Edge Compliance Conducted.



# 4.4.4 Measurement Plot (showing the highest value, "worst case")



Title: spurious emissions
Comment A: CH B: 2402 MHz
Date: 8.APR.2016 07:23:28

### 4.4.5 Test Equipment used

Regulatory WLAN RF Test Solution



#### 4.5 Transmitter Spurious Radiated Emissions

Standard 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

#### 4.5.1 Test Description

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.10 in a typical installation configuration. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table  $1.0 \times 2.0 \text{ m}^2$  in the semi-anechoic chamber. The influence of the EUT support table that is used between 30-1000 MHz was evaluated.

The measurement procedure is implemented into the EMI test software EMC32 from R&S. Exploratory tests are performed at 3 orthogonal axes to determine the worst-case orientation of a body-worn or handheld EUT. The final test on all kind of EUTs is also performed at 3 axes. A pre-check is performed while the EUT is powered from a DC power source.

#### 1. Measurement up to 30 MHz

The Loop antenna HFH2-Z2 is used.

Step 1: pre measurement

Anechoic chamberAntenna distance: 3 mDetector: Peak-Maxhold

•Frequency range: 0.009 - 0.15 MHz and 0.15 - 30 MHz

•Frequency steps: 0.05 kHz and 2.25 kHz

•IF-Bandwidth: 0.2 kHz and 9 kHz

•Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms (FFT-based)

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

#### **Step 2:** final measurement

For the relevant emissions determined in step 1, an additional measurement with the following settings will be performed. Intention of this step is to find the maximum emission level

•Open area test side

•Antenna distance: according to the Standard

•Detector: Quasi-Peak

•Frequency range: 0.009 – 30 MHz

•Frequency steps: measurement at frequencies detected in step 1

•IF-Bandwidth: 0.2 - 10 kHz

•Measuring time / Frequency step: 1 s

#### 2. Measurement above 30 MHz and up to 1 GHz

Step 1: Preliminary scan

This is a preliminary test to identify the highest amplitudes relative to the limit.

Settings for step 1:

- Antenna distance: 3 m

- Detector: Peak-Maxhold / Quasipeak (FFT-based)

- Frequency range: 30 – 1000 MHz

Frequency steps: 30 kHzIF-Bandwidth: 120 kHz

TEST REPORT REFERENCE: MDE\_PARRO\_1518\_FCCa



- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms

- Turntable angle range: -180° to 90°

- Turntable step size: 90°

Height variation range: 1 – 3 mHeight variation step size: 2 m

- Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

### **Step 2:** Adjustment measurement

In this step the accuracy of the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be improved. This is necessary to find out the maximum value of every frequency.

For each frequency, which was determined the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be adjusted. The turntable azimuth will slowly vary by  $\pm$  45° around this value. During this action, the value of emission is continuously measured. The turntable azimuth at the highest emission will be recorded and adjusted. In this position, the antenna height will also slowly vary by  $\pm$  100 cm around the antenna height determined. During this action, the value of emission is also continuously measured. The antenna height of the highest emission will also be recorded and adjusted.

- Detector: Peak - Maxhold

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHzMeasuring time: 100 ms

- Turntable angle range:  $\pm$  45  $^{\circ}$  around the determined value

- Height variation range: ± 100 cm around the determined value

- Antenna Polarisation: max. value determined in step 1

#### Step 3: Final measurement with QP detector

With the settings determined in step 3, the final measurement will be performed:

EMI receiver settings for step 4:

- Detector: Quasi-Peak (< 1 GHz)

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz - Measuring time: 1 s

After the measurement a plot will be generated which contains a diagram with the results of the preliminary scan and a chart with the frequencies and values of the results of the final measurement.

#### 3. Measurement above 1 GHz

The following modifications apply to the measurement procedure for the frequency range above 1 GHz:

#### Step 1:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of 90  $^{\circ}$ .

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is 45 °.

#### Step 2:

Due to the fact, that in this frequency range the test is performed in a fully anechoic room, the height scan of the receiving antenna instep 2 is omitted. Instead of this, a maximum search with a step size  $\pm$  45° for the elevation axis is performed.

The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by  $\pm$  22.5°.

The elevation angle will slowly vary by  $\pm$  45°



EMI receiver settings (for all steps):

Detector: Peak, AverageIF Bandwidth = 1 MHz

Step 3:

Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:

- Detector: Peak / Average

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

IF – Bandwidth: 1 MHzMeasuring time: 1 s

#### 4.5.2 Test Requirements / Limits

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (d)

... In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.209, Radiated Emission Limits

Frequency in MHz	Limit (μV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
0.009 - 0.49	2400/F(kHz)@300m	3	(48.5 – 13.8)@300m
0.49 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)@30m	3	(33.8 – 23.0)@30m
1.705 – 30	30@30m	3	29.5@30m

The measured values are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) according FCC 15.31 (2).

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
30 – 88	100@3m	3	40.0@3m
88 – 216	150@3m	3	43.5@3m
216 – 960	200@3m	3	46.0@3m
960 - 26000	500@3m	3	54.0@3m
26000 - 40000	500@3m	1	54.0@3m

The measured values above 26 GHz are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade).

 $\S15.35(b)$  ..., there is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit....

Used conversion factor: Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m) = 20 log (Limit ( $\mu$ V/m)/1 $\mu$ V/m)



#### 4.5.3 Test Protocol

Ambient temperature: 23-24 °C

Air Pressure: 1002-1006 hPa

Humidity: 34-37 %

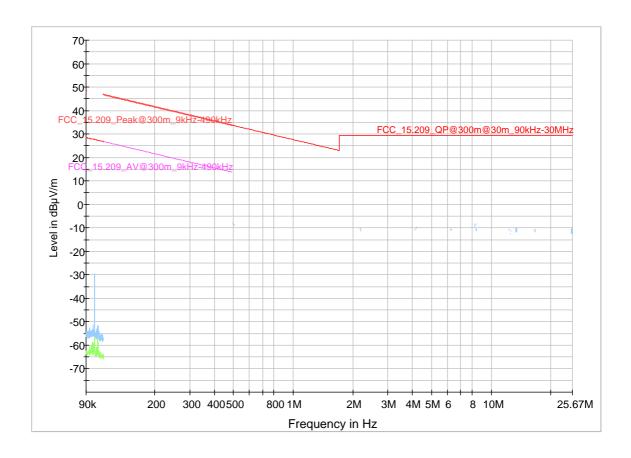
BT LE GFSK

Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBµV/m]	Detec- tor	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Limit Type
0.0	2402.0	-	-	PEAK	-	-	-	-
19.0	2440.0	-	-	PEAK	-	-	-	-
39.0	2480.0	-	-	PEAK	-	-	_	_

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

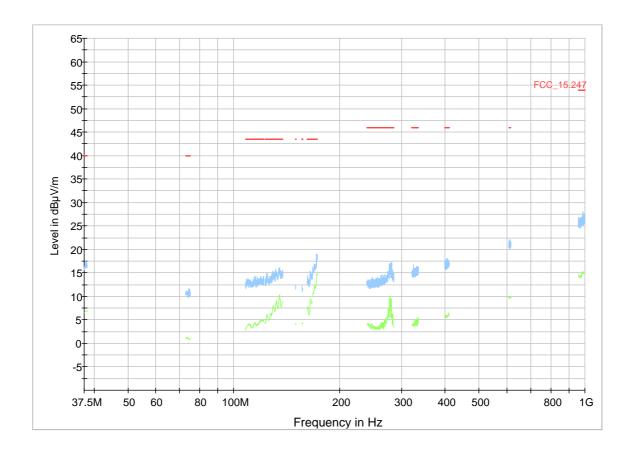
# 4.5.4 Measurement Plot (showing the highest value, "worst case")

a) frequency range 9 kHz - 30 MHz



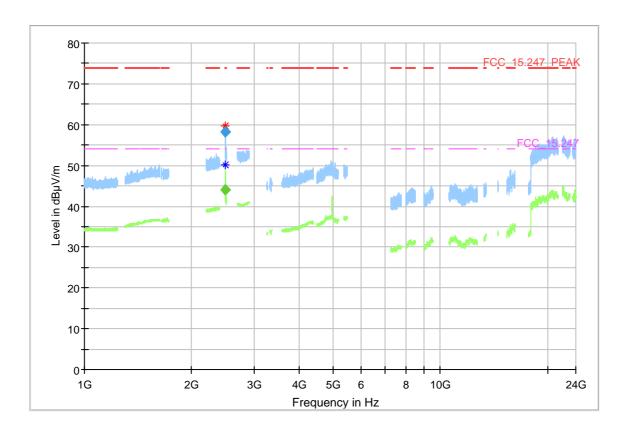


# b) frequency range 30 – 1000 MHz





# c) frequency range 1 - 26 GHz



Note: Emission is within band-edge, please refer to sub-clause 4.7 Band Edge Compliance Radiated.

# 4.5.5 Test Equipment used

**Radiated Emissions** 



#### 4.6 Band Edge Compliance Conducted

Standard 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

#### 4.6.1 Test Description

For the conducted measurement, the Equipment Under Test (EUT) is placed in a shielded room. The reference power was measured in the test case "Spurious RF Conducted Emissions".

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

#### Analyzer settings:

•Frequency Range 30 MHz - 25 GHz

•Detector: Peak

Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHzVideo Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz

•Sweeptime: 330 s

Sweeps: 2Trace: Maxhold

#### 4.6.2 Test Requirements / Limits

FCC Part 15.247 (d)

"In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. ...

If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c))."

For the conducted measurement the RF power at the band edge shall be "at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power..."



# 4.6.3 Test Protocol

Ambient temperature: 23 °C Air Pressure: 1015 hPa Humidity: 41 %

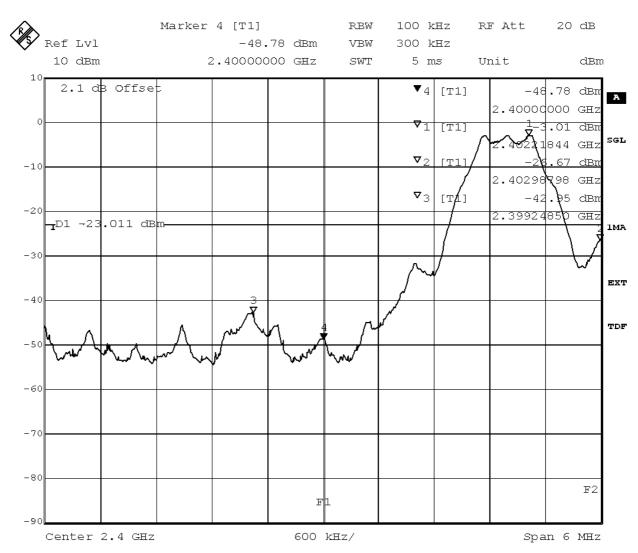
BT LE GFSK

Ch. No.	Channel Center Freq. [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Ref. Level [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
0	2402.0	2400.0	-48.8	PEAK	100.0	-3.0	-23.0	25.8
39	2480.0	2483.5	-49.5	PEAK	100.0	-4.7	-24.7	24.8

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



# 4.6.4 Measurement Plot (showing the highest value, "worst case")



Title: Band Edge Compliance Comment A: CH B: 2402 MHz

Date: 8.APR.2016 07:11:31

# 4.6.5 Test Equipment used

Regulatory WLAN RF Test Solution



## 4.7 Band Edge Compliance Radiated

Standard 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

#### 4.7.1 Test Description

Please see test description for the test case "Spurious Radiated Emissions"

## 4.7.2 Test Requirements / Limits

For band edges connected to a restricted band, the limits are specified in Section 15.209(a)

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.209, Radiated Emission Limits

Frequency in MHz	Limit (μV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
0.009 - 0.49	2400/F(kHz)@300m	3	(48.5 – 13.8)@300m
0.49 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)@30m	3	(33.8 – 23.0)@30m
1.705 – 30	30@30m	3	29.5@30m

The measured values are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) according FCC 15.31 (2).

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
30 – 88	100@3m	3	40.0@3m
88 – 216	150@3m	3	43.5@3m
216 – 960	200@3m	3	46.0@3m
960 - 26000	500@3m	3	54.0@3m
26000 - 40000	500@3m	1	54.0@3m

The measured values above 26 GHz are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade).

§15.35(b) ..., there is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit....

Used conversion factor: Limit  $(dB\mu V/m) = 20 \log (Limit (\mu V/m)/1\mu V/m)$ 

TEST REPORT REFERENCE: MDE\_PARRO\_1518\_FCCa



#### 4.7.3 Test Protocol

Ambient 23 °C

temperature:

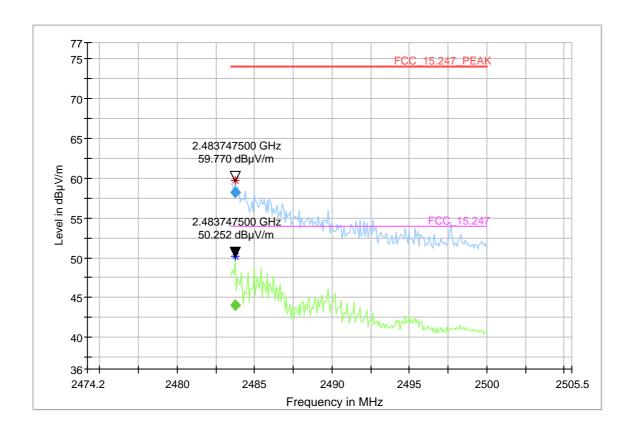
Air Pressure: 1015 hPa Humidity: 41 %

BT LE GFSK

Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBµV/m]	Detec- tor	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Limit Type
39	2480.0	2483.7	59.8	PEAK	1000.0	74.0	14.2	BE
39	2480.0	2483.7	50.3	AV	1000.0	54.0	3.7	BE

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

# 4.7.4 Measurement Plot (showing the highest value, "worst case")



# 4.7.5 Test Equipment used

**Radiated Emissions** 



## 4.8 Power Density

Standard 47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247

The test was performed according to: ANSI C63.10

#### 4.8.1 Test Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up in a shielded room to perform the Power Density measurements.

The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produces the worst-case (highest) power density.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

#### Analyzer settings:

Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 3 kHzVideo Bandwidth (VBW): 10 kHz

•Trace: Maxhold •Sweeps: 2000 •Sweeptime: 420 ms •Detector: Peak

#### 4.8.2 Test Requirements / Limits

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (e)

For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

..

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

#### 4.8.3 Test Protocol

Ambient temperature: 23 °C Air Pressure: 1015 hPa Humidity: 41 %

BT LE

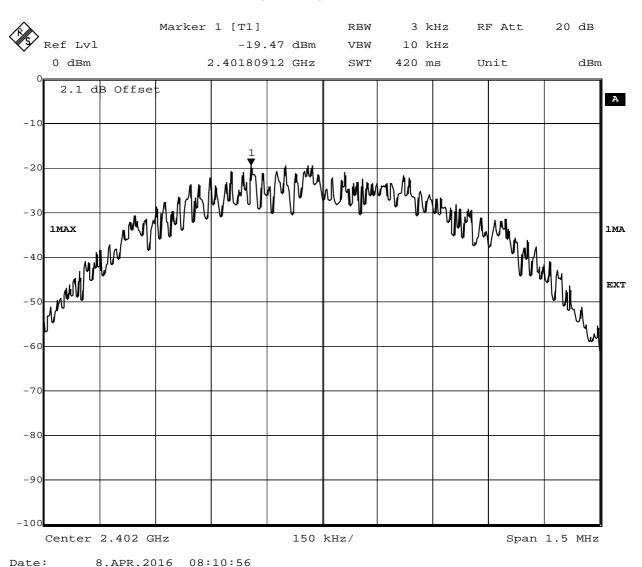
Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	Power Density [dBm/3kHz]	Limit [dBm/ 3kHz]	Margin to Limit [dB]
2.4 GHz	0	2402.0	-19.5	8.0	27.5
ISM	19	2440.0	-20.9	8.0	28.9
	39	2480.0	-21.5	8.0	29.5

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

TEST REPORT REFERENCE: MDE\_PARRO\_1518\_FCCa Page 34 of 40



# 4.8.4 Measurement Plot (showing the highest value, "worst case")



#### 4.8.5 Test Equipment used

Regulatory WLAN RF Test Solution



# 5 Test Equipment

# 1 Radiated Emissions

Lab to perform radiated emission tests

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Calibration Due
1.1	3160-09	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna 26.5 GHz	EMCO Elektronic GmbH	00083069	
1.2	WHKX 7.0/18G- 8SS	High Pass Filter	Wainwright	09	
1.3	5HC3500/18000- 1.2-KK	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	200035008	
1.4	Fully Anechoic Room		Albatross Projects	P26971-647- 001-PRB	
1.5	AM 4.0	Antenna mast	Maturo GmbH	AM4.0/180/119 20513	
1.6	ESR 7	EMI Receiver / Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	101424	2016-11-13
1.7	Anechoic Chamber	10.58 x 6.38 x 6.00 m <sup>3</sup>	Frankonia	none	2017-01-09
1.8	ESIB 26	Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	830482/004	2017-12-08
1.9	Tilt device Maturo (Rohacell)	Antrieb TD1.5- 10kg	Maturo GmbH	TD1.5- 10kg/024/3790 709	
1.10	5HC2700/12750- 1.5-KK	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	9942012	
1.11	AS 620 P	Antenna mast	HD GmbH	620/37	
1.12	NRV-Z1	Sensor Head A		827753/005	2016-05-11
1.13	4HC1600/12750- 1.5-KK	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	9942011	
1.14	JS4-18002600-32- 5P	Broadband Amplifier 18 GHz - 26 GHz	Miteq	849785	
1.15	JS4-00101800-35- 5P	Broadband Amplifier 30 MHz - 18 GHz	Miteq	896037	
1.16	HL 562		Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	830547/003	2018-06-30
1.17	Opus10 THI (8152.00)	3.0	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	12482	2017-03-10
1.18	JS4-00102600-42- 5A	Broadband Amplifier 30 MHz - 26 GHz	Miteq	619368	



Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Calibration Due
1.19	HFH2-Z2	Loop Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	829324/006	2017-11-27
1.20	FSW 43	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	103779	2016-11-17
1.21	Opus10 TPR (8253.00)	sure	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13936	2017-02-27
1.22	Chroma 6404	AC Power Source	Chroma ATE INC.	64040001304	
1.23	3160-10	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna 40 GHz	EMCO Elektronik GmbH	00086675	
1.24	HL 562 Ultralog	Logper. Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	100609	
1.25	HF 907	Double-ridged horn	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	102444	2018-05-11

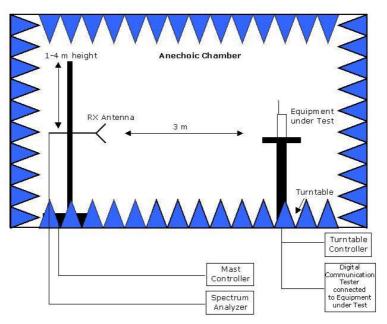


# **Regulatory WLAN RF Test Solution** Regulatory WLAN RF Tests 2

Ref.No.		Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Calibration Due
2.1	EX520	Digital Multimeter 12 (Multimeter)	Extech Instruments Corp	05157876	2018-02-03
2.2	SMIQ03B	Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	832870/017	2016-06-21
2.3	FSU3	Spectrum Analyser	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	200046	2016-06-22
2.4	Datum MFS	Rubidium Frequency Normal MFS	Datum GmbH	002	2016-08-25
2.5	FSIQ26	Spectrum Analyser	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	832695/007	2016-08-28
2.6	NRVD	Powermeter	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	832025/059	2016-08-19
2.7	TOCT Switching Unit		7 layers, Inc	040107	
2.8	FSU26	Spectrum Analyser	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	100136	
2.9	Opus10 THI (8152.00)	T/H Logger 15	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13985	2017-03-10
2.10	NRV Z1 A	Power Sensor		832279/013	2016-08-18
2.11	TGA12101	Arbitrary Waveform Generator	Aim and Thurlby Thandar Instruments	284482	
2.12	KWP 120/70	Temperature Chamber Weiss 01	Weiss	592260121900 10	2018-03-09
2.13	NGSM 32/10	Power Supply	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	2725	2017-06-22

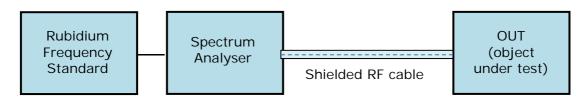


# 6 Setup Drawings



<u>Remark:</u> Depending on the frequency range suitable antenna types, attenuators or preamplifiers are used.

**Drawing 1:** Setup in the Anechoic chamber. For measurements below 1 GHz the ground was replaced by a conducting groundplane.



**Drawing 2:** Setup for conducted radio tests.



# 7 Measurement Uncertainties

Test Case	Parameter	Uncertainty
AC Power Line	Power	± 3.4 dB
Field Strength of spurious radiation	Power	± 5.5 dB
6 dB / 26 dB / 99% Bandwidth	Power Frequency	± 2.9 dB ± 11.2 kHz
Conducted Output Power	Power	± 2.2 dB
Band Edge Compliance	Power Frequency	± 2.2 dB ± 11.2 kHz
Frequency Stability	Frequency	± 25 Hz
Power Spectral Density	Power	± 2.2 dB

# 8 Photo Report

Please see separate photo report.