According to KDB 447498 section 4.3.1, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds at test separation distance ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] *·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] ≤ 3.0

The tune-up power is -11 dBm (±2dB), therefore the highest tune-up power is

-9.00 dBm   (0.1259 mW)   @ 433.920 MHz (worst

When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

So,

(0.1259mW / 5mm) * (0.43392GHz ^0.5)= 0.01659

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] * [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] = 0.01659 < 3.0

Therefore, standalone SAR measurements are not required for both head and body.

Note:
1. The tune up power referred the operation description for SAR test exclusion purpose.