

Page 1 of 89

JQA File No.: KL80150065S Issue Date: June 3, 2015

# TEST REPORT

**Applicant** : Sharp Corporation, Communication Systems Division

Address : 2-13-1, Iida Hachihonmatsu, Higashi-Hiroshima City, Hiroshima,

739-0192, Japan

**Products** : Smart Phone

Model No. : 403SH

**SERIAL NO.** : 004401/11/546630/8

004401/11/546609/2

FCC ID : APYHRO00221

**Test Standard** : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Test Results : Passed

**Date of Test** : April 28 ~ May 12, 2015



Assun

Kousei Shibata

Manager

Japan Quality Assurance Organization

KITA-KANSAI Testing Center

SAITO EMC Branch

7-3-10, Saito-asagi, Ibaraki-shi, Osaka 567-0085, Japan

- The measurement values stated in Test Report was made with traceable to National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST) of Japan and National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT) of Japan.
- The applicable standard, testing condition and testing method which were used for the tests are based on the request of the applicant.
- The test results presented in this report relate only to the offered test sample.
- The contents of this test report cannot be used for the purposes, such as advertisement for consumers.
- This test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of JQA.
- VLAC does not approve, certify or warrant the product by this test report.



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 2 of 89

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
1	Description of the Equipment Under Test	3
2	Summary of Test Results	4
3	Test Procedure	5
4	Test Location	5
5	Recognition of Test Laboratory	5
6	Description of Test Setup	6
7	Test Requirements	9

# DEFINITIONS FOR ABBREVIATION AND SYMBOLS USED IN THIS TEST REPORT

EUT : Equipment Under Test

AE : Associated Equipment

EMI : Electromagnetic Compatibility

EMI : Electromagnetic Interference

N/A : Not Applicable

EMS : Electromagnetic Susceptibility

N/T : Not Tested

□ - indicates that the listed condition, standard or equipment is applicable for this report.

 $\square$  - indicates that the listed condition, standard or equipment is not applicable for this report.



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 3 of 89

## 1 Description of the Equipment Under Test

1. Manufacturer : Sharp Corporation, Communication Systems Division

2-13-1, Iida Hachihonmatsu, Higashi-Hiroshima City, Hiroshima,

739-0192, Japan

2. Products : Smart Phone

3. Model No. : 403SH

4. Serial No. : 004401/11/546630/8

: 004401/11/546609/2

5. Product Type : Pre-production6. Date of Manufacture : February, 2015

7. Power Rating : 4.0VDC (Lithium-ion Battery UBATIA260AFN1 2030mAh)

8. Grounding : None

9. Transmitting Frequency : WLAN: 2412.0 MHz(01CH) –2462.0MHz(11CH)

Bluetooth LE: 2402.0 MHz(00CH) – 2480.0MHz(39CH)

10. Receiving Frequency : WLAN: 2412.0 MHz(01CH) -2462.0MHz(11CH)

Bluetooth LE: 2402.0 MHz(00CH) – 2480.0MHz(39CH)

11. Max. RF Output Power : 17.20 dBm(Measure Value of IEEE802.11b)

20.52 dBm(Measure Value of IEEE802.11g) 20.52 dBm(Measure Value of IEEE802.11n) 5.14 dBm(Measure Value of Bluetooth LE)

12. Antenna Type : Inverted-L Type Antenna (Integral)

13. Antenna Gain : 0 dBi14. Category : DTS

15. EUT Authorization : Certification16. Received Date of EUT : April 24, 2015

#### 17. Channel Plan

#### WLAN:

The carrier spacing is 5 MHz.

The carrier frequency is designated by the absolute frequency channel number (ARFCN).

The carrier frequency is expressed in the equation shown as follows:

Transmitting Frequency (in MHz) = 2407.0 + 5\*nReceiving Frequency (in MHz) = 2407.0 + 5\*nwhere, n: channel number ( $1 \le n \le 11$ )

Bluetooth Low Energy Mode:

The carrier spacing is 2 MHz.

The carrier frequency is designated by the absolute frequency channel number (ARFCN).

The carrier frequency is expressed in the equation shown as follows:

Transmitting Frequency (in MHz) = 2402.0 + 2\*nReceiving Frequency (in MHz) = 2402.0 + 2\*nwhere, n: channel number ( $0 \le n \le 39$ )



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 4 of 89

# 2 Summary of Test Results

Applied Standard: CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart C – Intentional Radiators

The EUT described in clause 1 was tested according to the applied standard shown above.

Details of the test configuration is shown in clause 6.

The conclusion for the test items of which are required by the applied standard is indicated under the test result.

$\boxtimes$	- The test result was <b>passed</b> for the test requirements of the applied standard.
	- The test result was <b>failed</b> for the test requirements of the applied standard.
	- The test result was <b>not judged</b> the test requirements of the applied standard.

In the approval of test results,

- Determining compliance with the limits in this report was based on the results of the compliance measurement, not taking into account measurement instrumentation uncertainty.
- No deviations were employed from the applied standard.

- No modifications were conducted by JQA to achieve compliance to the limitations.

Reviewed by:

Shigeru Kinoshita Assistant Manager

JQA KITA-KANSAI Testing Center

SAITO EMC Branch

Tested by:

Shigeru Osawa

Deputy Manager

JQA KITA-KANSAI Testing Center

nigen Osawa

SAITO EMC Branch



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 5 of 89

#### 3 Test Procedure

Test Requirements : §15.247, §15.207 and §15.209

Test Procedure : ANSI C63.10–2009

Testing unlicensed wireless devices.

KDB 558074 D01

DTS Meas Guidance v03r02: June 5, 2014.

#### 4 Test Location

Japan Quality Assurance Organization (JQA) KITA-KANSAI Testing Center 7-7, Ishimaru, 1-chome, Minoh-shi, Osaka, 562-0027, Japan SAITO EMC Branch 7-3-10, Saito-asagi, Ibaraki-shi, Osaka 567-0085, Japan

## 5 Recognition of Test Laboratory

JQA KITA-KANSAI Testing Center SAITO EMC Branch is accredited under ISO/IEC 17025 by following accreditation bodies and the test facility is registered by the following bodies.

VLAC Accreditation No. : VLAC-001-2 (Expiry date : March 30, 2016) VCCI Registration No. : A-0002 (Expiry date : March 30, 2016)

BSMI Registration No. : SL2-IS-E-6006, SL2-IN-E-6006, SL2-R1/R2-E-6006, SL2-A1-E-6006

(Expiry date: September 14, 2016)

IC Registration No. : 2079E-3, 2079E-4 (Expiry date: July 16, 2017)

Accredited as conformity assessment body for Japan electrical appliances and material law by METI.

(Expiry date: February 22, 2016)



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 6 of 89

# 6 Description of Test Setup

# 6.1 Test Configuration

The equipment under test (EUT) consists of:

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
	Item	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	FCC ID		
A	Smart Phone	Sharp	403SH	004401/11/546630/8*1) 004401/11/546609/2*2)	APYHRO00221		
В	AC Adapter	Sharp	SHCEJ1		N/A		
С	Earphone	Softbank Mobile	ZTCAA1		N/A		
D	DTV Antenna	Sharp			N/A		

<sup>\*1)</sup> Used for AC Powerline Conducted Emission and Field Strength of Spurious Emission

The auxiliary equipment used for testing:

None

Type of Cable:

No.	Description	Identification	Connector	Cable	Ferrite	Length
		(Manu. etc.)	Shielded	Shielded	Core	(m)
1	DC Power Cord			NO	NO	1.5
2	Earphone Cable			NO	NO	0.5
3	DTV Antenna Cable			NO	NO	0.1

<sup>\*2)</sup> Used for Antenna Conducted Emission



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

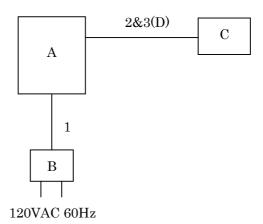
Page 7 of 89

# 6.2 Test Arrangement (Drawings)

a) Single Unit



b) AC Adapter used



c) Earphone used





Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 8 of 89

# 6.3 Operating Condition

Transmitting/Receiving

WLAN:

Transmitting frequency : 2412.0 MHz(1CH) - 2462.0 MHz(11CH)Receiver frequency : 2412.0 MHz(1CH) - 2462.0 MHz(11CH)

Bluetooth Low Energy Mode(Bluetooth 4.0 + EDR + LE):

Transmitting frequency : 2402.0 MHz(0CH) - 2480.0 MHz(39CH)Receiver frequency : 2402.0 MHz(0CH) - 2480.0 MHz(39CH)

Modulation Type
1. 802.11b: DSSS
2. 802.11g: OFDM
3. 802.11n: OFDM

4. LE Packet (Modulation Type : GFSK)

Other Clock Frequency

 $19.2 \mathrm{MHz}, 24 \mathrm{MHz}, 27 \mathrm{MHz}, 27.12 \mathrm{MHz}, 48 \mathrm{MHz}, 32.768 \mathrm{kHz}$ 

The tests were performed in the following worst condition.

Mode	Condition
IEEE802.11b	11 Mbps
IEEE802.11g	36 Mbps
IEEE802.11n	MCS2 (19.5 Mbps)

Note: The worst condition was determined based on the test result of Maximum Peak Output Power(Mid channel).(Main Antenna)

The EUT was rotated through three orthogonal axis (X, Y and Z axis) in radiated measurement.

The EUT with temporary antenna port was used in conducted measurement.



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 9 of 89

# 7 Test Requirements

# 7.0 Summary of the Test Results

Test Item	FCC Specification	Reference of the Test Report	Results	Remarks
Antenna Requirement	Section 15.203	Section 1.12	Passed	-
Channel Separation	Section 15.247(a)(1)	-		-
Minimum Hopping Channel	Section 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	-	-	-
Occupied Bandwidth	Section 15.247(a)(2)	Section 7.3	Passed	-
Dwell Time	Section 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	-	-	-
Peak Output Power	Section 15.247(b)(3)	Section 7.5	Passed	-
(Conduction)				
Peak Power Density	Section 15.247(e)	Section 7.6	Passed	-
(Conduction)				
Spurious Emissions	Section 15.247(d)	Section 7.7	Passed	-
(Conduction)				
AC Powerline Conducted	Section 15.207	Section 7.8	Passed	-
Emission				
Radiated Emission	Section 15.247(d)	Section 7.9	Passed	-



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 10 of 89

7.1 Channel Separation
For the requirements,   - Applicable  - Tested.  - Not tested by applicant request.  Not Applicable
For the limits, $\square$ - Passed $\square$ - Failed $\square$ - Not judged
7.2 Minimum Hopping Channel
For the requirements,   - Applicable  - Tested.  - Not tested by applicant request.  Not Applicable
For the limits,
7.3 Occupied Bandwidth
For the requirements, $\boxtimes$ - Applicable $[\boxtimes$ - Tested. $\square$ - Not tested by applicant request.]
For the limits, $\square$ - Passed $\square$ - Failed $\square$ - Not judged
7.3.1 Worst Point and Measurement Uncertainty
The 99% Bandwidth of IEEE802.11b is       12.984       MHz at       2462.0       MHz         The 99% Bandwidth of IEEE802.11g is       16.502       MHz at       2462.0       MHz         The 99% Bandwidth of IEEE802.11n is       17.691       MHz at       2462.0       MHz         The 99% Bandwidth of Bluetooth LE is       1089.2       kHz at       2480.0       MHz
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Uncertainty of Measurement Results
Remarks:



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 11 of 89

# 7.3.2 Test Instruments

Shielded Room S4						
Type Model Manufacturer ID No. Last Cal. Interval						
Spectrum Analyzer	E4446A	Agilent	A-39	2014/9	1 Year	
Attenuator	54A-10	Weinschel	D-28	2014/9	1 Year	
RF Cable	SUCOFLEX102	SUHNER	C-52	2014/8	1 Year	

# 7.3.3 Test Method and Test Setup (Diagrammatic illustration)

The test system is shown as follows:

EUT	Antenna	10dB Attenuator	Spectrum
E01	Terminal	Toub Tittelluator	Analyzer

The setting of the spectrum analyzer are shown as follows:

	WLAN	Bluetooth
Res. Bandwidth	100 kHz	$100~\mathrm{kHz}$
Video Bandwidth	300 kHz	300 kHz
Span	30 MHz	3 MHz
Sweep Time	AUTO	AUTO
Trace	Maxhold	Maxhold



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 12 of 89

#### 7.3.4 Test Data

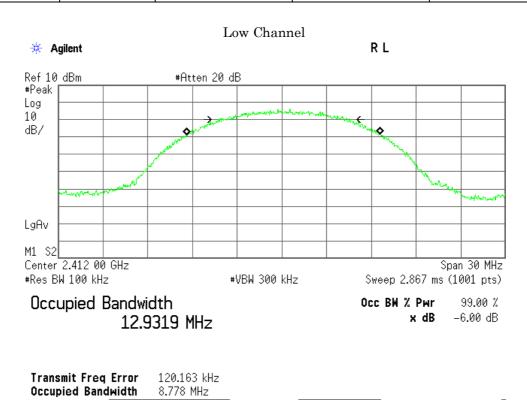
Mode of EUT: WLAN

<u>Test Date</u>: May 12, 2015 <u>Temp.:25°C, Humi:60%</u>

The resolution bandwidth was set to 100 kHz, -6dBc display line was placed on the screen (or 99% bandwidth), the occupied bandwidth is the delta frequency between the two points where the display line intersects the signal trace.

#### A) IEEE 802.11b

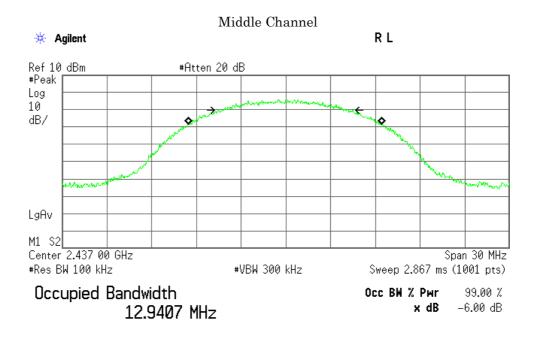
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	-6dBc Bandwidth (MHz)	Minimum -6dBc Bandwidth Limit (kHz)
01	2412.0	12.932	8.778	500
06	2437.0	12.941	8.443	500
11	2462.0	12.984	8.397	500



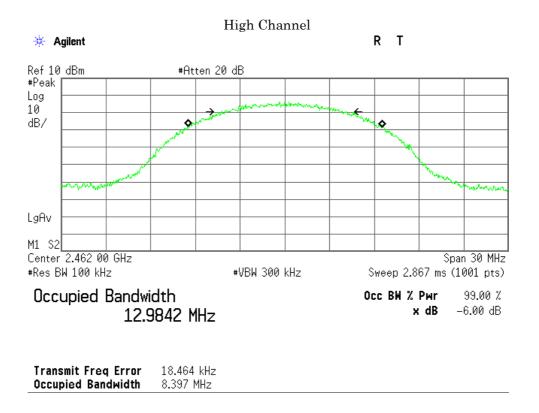


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 13 of 89



Transmit Freq Error -34.742 kHz Occupied Bandwidth 8.443 MHz



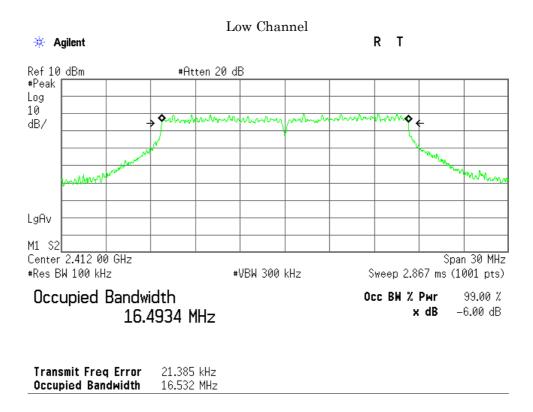


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 14 of 89

# B) IEEE 802.11g

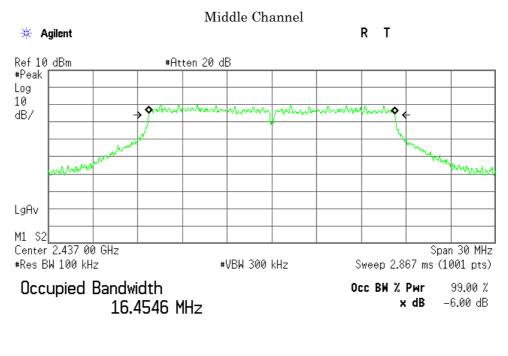
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	-6dBc Bandwidth (MHz)	Minimum -6dBc Bandwidth Limit (kHz)
01	2412.0	16.493	16.532	500
06	2437.0	16.455	16.504	500
11	2462.0	16.502	16.520	500



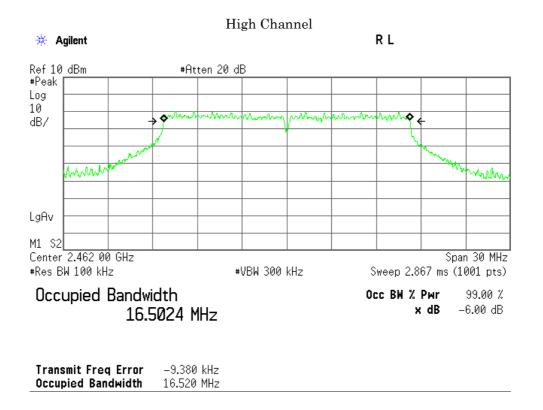


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 15 of 89



Transmit Freq Error -3.842 kHz Occupied Bandwidth 16.504 MHz



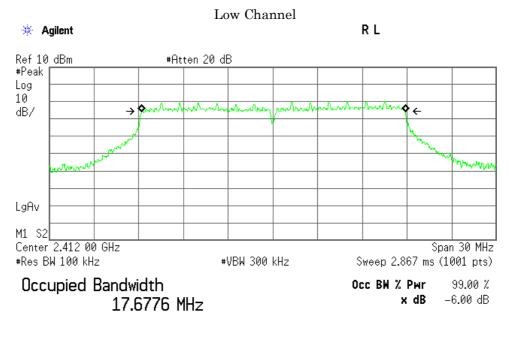


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 16 of 89

#### C) IEEE 802.11n

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	-6dBc Bandwidth (MHz)	Minimum -6dBc Bandwidth Limit (kHz)
01	2412.0	17.678	17.669	500
06	2437.0	17.648	17.656	500
11	2462.0	17.691	17.697	500

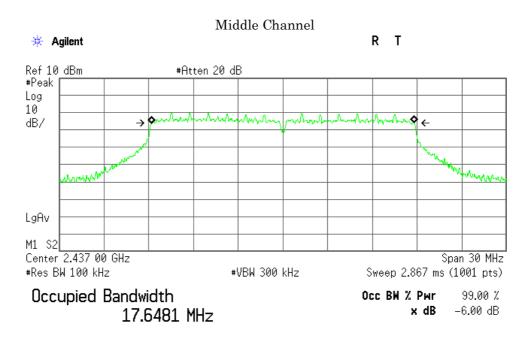


Transmit Freq Error 35.014 kHz Occupied Bandwidth 17.669 MHz

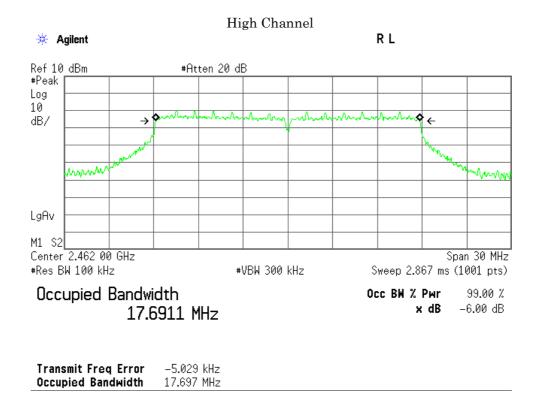


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 17 of 89



Transmit Freq Error -3.711 kHz Occupied Bandwidth 17.656 MHz





Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 18 of 89

Mode of EUT: Bluetooth Low Energy

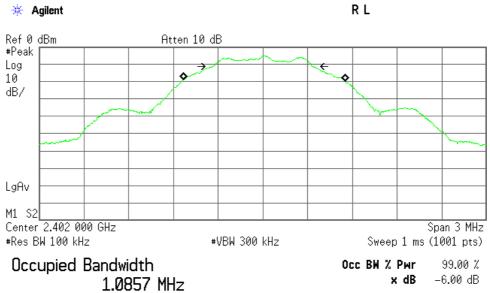
<u>Test Date</u>: May 12, 2015 <u>Temp.:25°C, Humi:60%</u>

The resolution bandwidth was set to 100 kHz, -6dBc display line was placed on the screen (or 99% bandwidth), the occupied bandwidth is the delta frequency between the two points where the display line intersects the signal trace.

1)Packet Setting: LE (Modulation type: GFSK)

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (kHz)	-6dBc Bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum -6dBc Bandwidth Limit (kHz)
00	2402.0	1085.7	671.6	500
19	2440.0	1085.4	658.5	500
39	2480.0	1089.2	664.7	500

1)Packet Setting : LE (Modulation type : GFSK) Low Channel

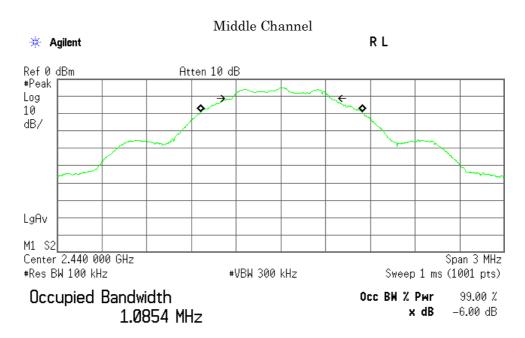


Transmit Freq Error 7.718 kHz Occupied Bandwidth 671.583 kHz

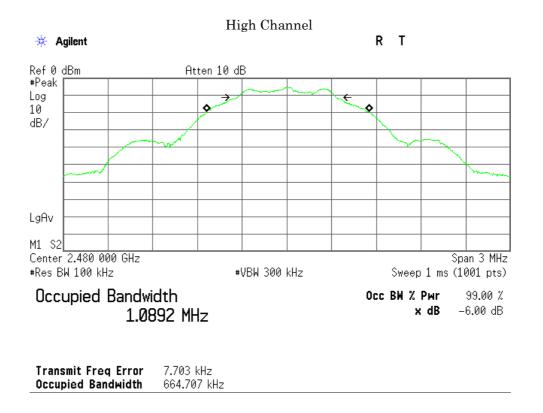


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 19 of 89



Transmit Freq Error 4.620 kHz Occupied Bandwidth 658.504 kHz





Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 20 of 89

7.4 Dwell Time		
For the requirements, $\square$ - Applicable $[\square$ - Tested $\boxtimes$ - Not Applicable	l. 🗌 - Not tested by	y applicant request.]
For the limits, $\square$ - Passed $\square$ - Failed	☐ - Not judged	
7.5 Peak Output Power(Conduction)		
For the requirements, $\boxtimes$ - Applicable $[\boxtimes$ - Tested $\square$ - Not Applicable	l. 🗌 - Not tested by	y applicant request.]
For the limits, $oxedown$ - Passed $oxedown$ - Failed	☐ - Not judged	
7.5.1 Worst Point and Measurement Uncertainty		
Peak Output Power of IEEE802.11b is Peak Output Power of IEEE802.11g is Peak Output Power of IEEE802.11n is Peak Output Power of Bluetooth LE is	$\begin{array}{c c} 17.20 & \text{dBm} \\ \hline 20.52 & \text{dBm} \\ \hline 20.52 & \text{dBm} \\ \hline 5.14 & \text{dBm} \\ \end{array}$	at 2437.0 MHz at 2412.0 MHz at 2437.0 MHz at 2440.0 MHz
Uncertainty of Measurement Results at Amplitude		dB(20)
Remarks:		



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

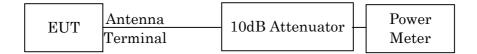
Page 21 of 89

# 7.5.2 Test Instruments

Shielded Room S4						
Туре	oe Model Manufacturer ID No. Last Cal. Int					
Power Meter	N1911A	Agilent	B-63	2014/7	1 Year	
Power Sensor	N1921A	Agilent	B-64	2014/7	1 Year	
Attenuator	54A-10	Weinschel	D-28	2014/9	1 Year	
RF Cable	SUCOFLEX102	SUHNER	C-52	2014/8	1 Year	

# 7.5.3 Test Method and Test Setup (Diagrammatic illustration)

The Conducted RF Power Output was measured with a power meter, one 10dB attenuator and a short, low loss cable.





Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 22 of 89

#### 7.5.4 Test Data

1) IEEE 802.11b

Data Rate: 11Mbps

<u>Test Date: April 28, 2015</u> <u>Temp.: 25</u> °C, Humi: 47 %

Transmi	itting Frequency	Correction Factor	Meter Reading		lucted tput Power	Limits	Margin
СН	[MHz]	[dB]	[dBm]	[dBm]	[mW]	[dBm]	[dB]
01	2412	10.01	7.02	17.03	50.47	30.00	+12.97
06	2437	10.01	7.19	17.20	52.48	30.00	+12.80
11	2462	10.01	7.14	17.15	51.88	30.00	+12.85

Calculated result at 2437.000 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline:

Minimum Margin: 30.00 - 17.20 = 12.80 (dB)

#### NOTES

- 1. The correction factor shows the attenuation pad loss including the short, low loss cable or adapter.
- 2. Setting of measuring instrument(s):

Detector Function	Video B.W.
Peak	OFF

2437	
Meter Reading	Remark
[dBm]	
6.91	
6.87	
7.12	
7.19	*
	Meter Reading [dBm] 6.91 6.87 7.12

[MHz]

CH

All comparison were performed on the same measurement condition.

<sup>\* :</sup> Worst Rate



JQA File No. : KL80150065S Issue Date : June 3, 2015 Model No. : 403SH FCC ID : APYHRO00221

Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 23 of 89

2) IEEE 802.11g

 Test Date: April 28, 2015

 Data Rate: 36Mbps
 Temp.: 25 °C, Humi: 47 %

Transmi	tting Frequency	Correction Factor	Meter Reading		ducted tput Power	Limits	Margin
СН	[MHz]	[dB]	[dBm]	[dBm]	[mW]	[dBm]	[dB]
01	2412	10.01	10.51	20.52	112.72	30.00	+ 9.48
06	2437	10.01	10.40	20.41	109.90	30.00	+ 9.59
11	2462	10.01	9.99	20.00	100.00	30.00	+10.00

Calculated result at 2412.000 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline:

Minimum Margin: 30.00 - 20.52 = 9.48 (dB)

#### NOTES

 $\mathbf{CH}$ 

- 1. The correction factor shows the attenuation pad loss including the short, low loss cable or adapter.
- 2. Setting of measuring instrument(s):

Detector Function	Video B.W.
Peak	OFF

06	2437	
Rate	Meter Reading	Remark
	[dBm]	
6Mbps	10.25	
9Mbps	10.21	
12Mbps	10.29	
18Mbps	10.27	
24Mbps	10.18	
36Mbps	10.40	*
48Mbps	10.28	
54Mbps	10.37	

[MHz]

All comparison were performed on the same measurement condition.

<sup>\*:</sup> Worst Rate



JQA File No. : KL80150065S Issue Date : June 3, 2015 Model No. : 403SH FCC ID : APYHRO00221

Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 24 of 89

3) IEEE 802.11n

 Test Date: April 28, 2015

 Data Rate: MCS2(19.5Mbps)
 Temp.: 25 °C, Humi: 47 %

Transmi	tting Frequency	Correction Factor	Meter Reading		ducted tput Power	Limits	Margin
СН	[MHz]	[dB]	[dBm]	[dBm]	[mW]	[dBm]	[dB]
01	2412	10.01	10.46	20.47	111.43	30.00	+ 9.53
06	2437	10.01	10.51	20.52	112.72	30.00	+ 9.48
11	2462	10.01	10.05	20.06	101.39	30.00	+ 9.94

Calculated result at 2437.000 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline:

Correction Factor = 10.01 dB +) Meter Reading = 10.51 dBm Result = 20.52 dBm = 112.72 mW

Minimum Margin: 30.00 - 20.52 = 9.48 (dB)

#### NOTES

 $\mathbf{CH}$ 

- 1. The correction factor shows the attenuation pad loss including the short, low loss cable or adapter.
- 2. Setting of measuring instrument(s):

Detector Function	Video B.W.
Peak	OFF

06	2437	
Rate	Meter Reading	Remark
	[dBm]	
MCS0(6.5Mbps)	10.07	
MCS1(13Mbps)	10.24	
MCS2(19.5Mbps)	10.51	*
MCS3(26Mbps)	10.34	
MCS4(39Mbps)	10.20	
MCS5(52Mbps)	10.42	
MCS6(58.5Mbps)	10.24	
MCS7(65Mbps)	10.40	

[MHz]

All comparison were performed on the same measurement condition.

<sup>\*:</sup> Worst Rate



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 25 of 89

4) Bluetooth LE(Modulation type: GFSK)

<u>Test Date: May 4, 2015</u> <u>Temp.: 25 °C, Humi: 64 %</u>

Transm	Transmitting Frequency		Meter Reading	Conducted Peak Output Power		Limits	Margin
СН	[MHz]	Factor [dB]	[dBm]	[dBm]	[mW]	[dBm]	[dB]
00	2402	10.01	-4.94	5.07	3.21	30.00	+24.93
19	2440	10.01	-4.87	5.14	3.27	30.00	+24.86
39	2480	10.01	-5.10	4.91	3.10	30.00	+25.09

Calculated result at  $2440.000\,\mathrm{MHz}$ , as the worst point shown on underline:

Correction Factor = 10.01 dB+) Meter Reading = -4.87 dBm

Result = 5.14 dBm = 3.27 mW

Minimum Margin: 30.00 - 5.14 = 24.86 (dB)

#### NOTES

1. The correction factor shows the attenuation pad loss including the short, low loss cable or adapter.

2. Setting of measuring instrument(s):

Detector Function	Video B.W.
Peak	Off



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 26 of 89

7.6 Peak Power Density(Conduction)							
For the requirements, $\boxtimes$ - Applicable $[\boxtimes$ - Tested. $\square$ - Not tested by applicant request.]							
For the limits,							
7.6.1 Worst Point and Measurement Uncertainty							
Peak Power Density of IEEE802.11b is	1.77	_ dBm	at	2437.0	$_{ m MHz}$		
Peak Power Density of IEEE802.11g is	-3.94	dBm	at	2412.0	$_{ m MHz}$		
Peak Power Density of IEEE802.11n is	-4.18	_ dBm	at	2412.0	$_{ m MHz}$		
Peak Power Density of Bluetooth LE is	1.83	_ dBm	at	2440.0	$_{ m MHz}$		
Uncertainty of Measurement Results at Amplitude				+/-1.7	_ dB(2σ)		
Remarks:							

# 7.6.2 Test Instruments

Shielded Room S4								
Type	Model	Manufacturer	ID No.	Last Cal.	Interval			
Spectrum Analyzer	E4446A	Agilent	A-39	2014/9	1 Year			
Attenuator	54A-10	Weinschel	D-28	2014/9	1 Year			
RF Cable	SUCOFLEX102	SUHNER	C-52	2014/8	1 Year			

# 7.6.3 Test Method and Test Setup (Diagrammatic illustration)

The Conducted RF Power Output was measured with a power meter, one 10dB attenuator and a short, low loss cable.





Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 27 of 89

# 7.6.4 Test Data

1) IEEE 802.11b

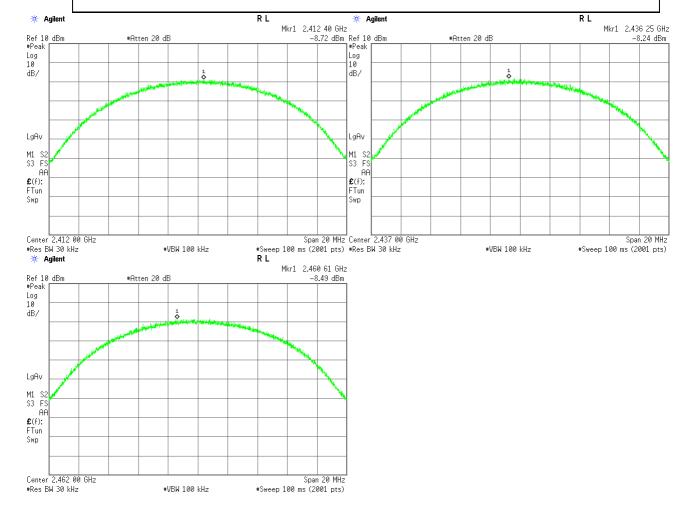
Transmitting Frequency		ansmitting Frequency Correction Meter Reading Factor		Conducted Peak Power Density		Limits	Margin
СН	[MHz]	[dB]	[dBm]	[dBm]	[mW]	[dBm]	[dB]
01	2412	10.01	-8.72	1.29	1.34	8.00	+ 6.71
06	2437	10.01	-8.24	1.77	1.50	8.00	+ 6.23
11	2462	10.01	-8.49	1.52	1.42	8.00	+ 6.48

Calculated result at 2437.000 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline:

Minimum Margin: 8.00 - 1.77 = 6.23 (dB)

- 1. The peak power density complied with the limit using 30 kHz resolution bandwidth of Spectrum Analyzer.
- 2. The correction factor shows the attenuation pad loss including the short, low loss cable or adapter.
- 3. Setting of measuring instrument(s):

Detector Function	RES B.W.	Video B.W.
Peak	30kHz	$100 \mathrm{kHz}$





Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 28 of 89

# 2) IEEE 802.11g

Transm	Transmitting Frequency Correction Meter Reading Factor		Conducted Peak Power Density		Limits	Margin	
СН	[MHz]	[dB]	[dBm]	[dBm]	[mW]	[dBm]	[dB]
01	2412	10.01	-13.95	-3.94	0.40	8.00	+11.94
06	2437	10.01	-13.98	-3.97	0.40	8.00	+11.97
11	2462	10.01	-14.34	-4.33	0.37	8.00	+12.33

Calculated result at 2412.000 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline:

Correction Factor = 10.01 dB

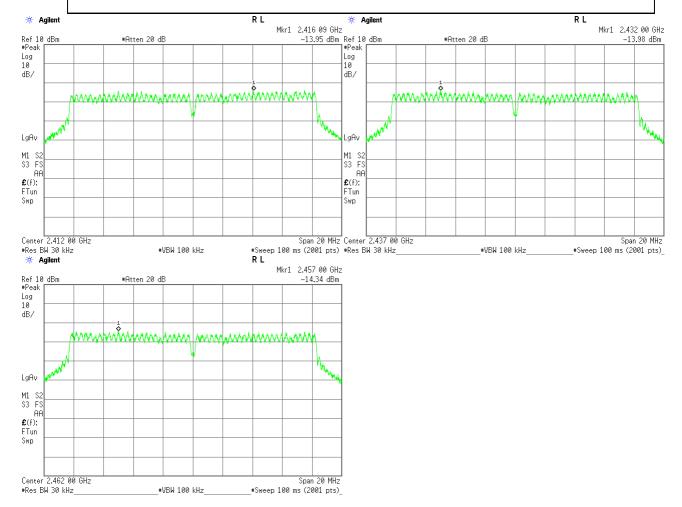
+) Meter Reading = 13.95 dBm

Result = -3.94 dBm = 0.40 mW

Minimum Margin: 8.00 - -3.94 = 11.94 (dB)

- 1. The peak power density complied with the limit using 30 kHz resolution bandwidth of Spectrum Analyzer.
- 2. The correction factor shows the attenuation pad loss including the short, low loss cable or adapter.
- 3. Setting of measuring instrument(s):

Detector Function	RES B.W.	Video B.W.
Peak	30kHz	100kHz





Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 29 of 89

#### 3) IEEE 802.11n

 Test Date: May 12, 2015

 Data Rate: MCS2(19.5Mbps)
 Temp.: 25 °C, Humi: 60 %

Transmitting Frequency		nitting Frequency Correction Meter Reading Factor		Conducted Peak Power Density		Limits	Margin
СН	[MHz]	[dB]	[dBm]	[dBm]	[mW]	[dBm]	[dB]
01	2412	10.01	-14.19	-4.18	0.38	8.00	+12.18
06	2437	10.01	-14.87	-4.86	0.33	8.00	+12.86
11	2462	10.01	-15.17	-5.16	0.30	8.00	+13.16

Calculated result at 2412.000 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline:

Correction Factor = 10.01 dE

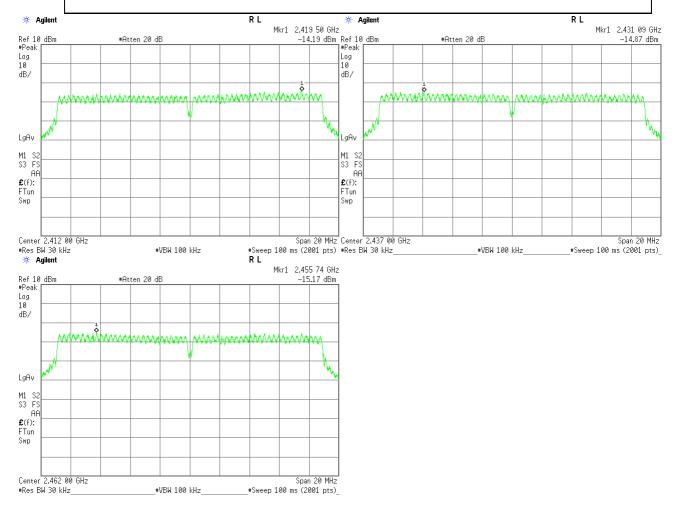
+) Meter Reading = -14.19 dBm

Result = -4.18 dBm = 0.38 mW

Minimum Margin: 8.00 - -4.18 = 12.18 (dB)

- 1. The peak power density complied with the limit using 30 kHz resolution bandwidth of Spectrum Analyzer.
- 2. The correction factor shows the attenuation pad loss including the short, low loss cable or adapter.
- 3. Setting of measuring instrument(s):

Detector Function	RES B.W.	Video B.W.
Peak	30kHz	100kHz





Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 30 of 89

# 4) Bluetooth LE(Modulation type: GFSK)

<u>Test Date: May 12, 2015</u> Temp.: 25 °C, Humi: 60 %

Transmitting Frequency		ransmitting Frequency Correction Meter Re- Factor			lucted er Density	Limits	Margin
СН	[MHz]	[dB]	[dBm]	[dBm]	[mW]	[dBm]	[dB]
00	2402	10.01	-8.29	1.72	1.48	8.00	+ 6.28
19	2440	10.01	-8.18	1.83	1.52	8.00	+ 6.17
39	2480	10.01	-8.41	1.60	1.44	8.00	+ 6.40

Calculated result at 2440.000 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline:

Correction Factor = 10.01 dB

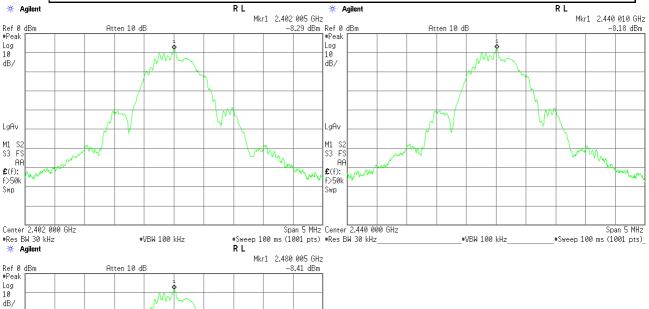
+) Meter Reading = -8.18 dBm

Result = 1.83 dBm = 1.52 mW

Minimum Margin: 8.00 - 1.83 = 6.17 (dB)

- 1. The peak power density complied with the limit using 30 kHz resolution bandwidth of Spectrum Analyzer.
- 2. The correction factor shows the attenuation pad loss including the short, low loss cable or adapter.
- 3. Setting of measuring instrument(s):

Detector Function	RES B.W.	Video B.W.
Peak	30kHz	100kHz







Issue Date: June 3, 2015 JQA File No. : KL80150065S Model No. : 403SH FCC ID : APYHRO00221

Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 31 of 89

7.7 Spurious Emissions(Conduction)		
For the requirements, $\boxtimes$ - Applicable $[\boxtimes$ - Test $\square$ - Not Applicable	ted.   - Not tested by applicant request.]	
For the limits, $\boxtimes$ - Passed $\square$ - Failed	☐ - Not judged	
7.7.1 Worst Point and Measurement Uncertainty		
Uncertainty of Measurement Results	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
Remarks:		

#### 7.7.2 **Test Instruments**

Shielded Room S4							
Туре	Model	Manufacturer	ID No.	Last Cal.	Interval		
Spectrum Analyzer	E4446A	Agilent	A-39	2014/9	1 Year		
Attenuator	54A-10	Weinschel	D-28	2014/9	1 Year		
RF Cable	SUCOFLEX102	SUHNER	C-52	2014/8	1 Year		

#### 7.7.3 Test Method and Test Setup (Diagrammatic illustration)

The test system is shown as follows:



The setting of the spectrum analyzer are shown as follows:

Frequency Range	30 MHz - 25 GHz	Band-Edge	
Res. Bandwidth	$100~\mathrm{kHz}$	100 kHz	
Video Bandwidth	$300~\mathrm{kHz}$	$300~\mathrm{kHz}$	
Sweep Time	AUTO	AUTO	
Trace	Maxhold	Maxhold	



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

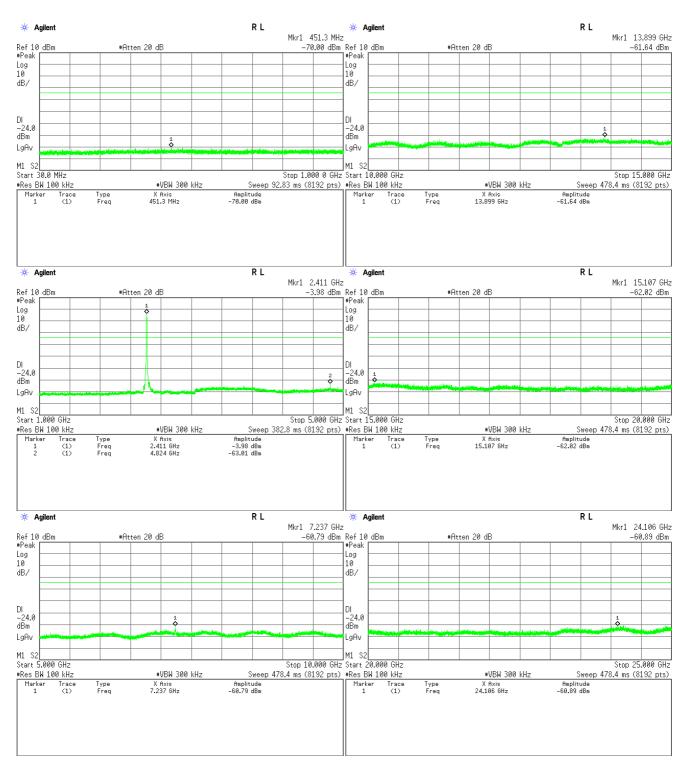
Page 32 of 89

#### 7.7.4 Test Data

<u>Test Date</u>: May 12, 2015 <u>Temp.:25°C, Humi:60%</u>

#### 1) IEEE 802.11b

#### Low Channel

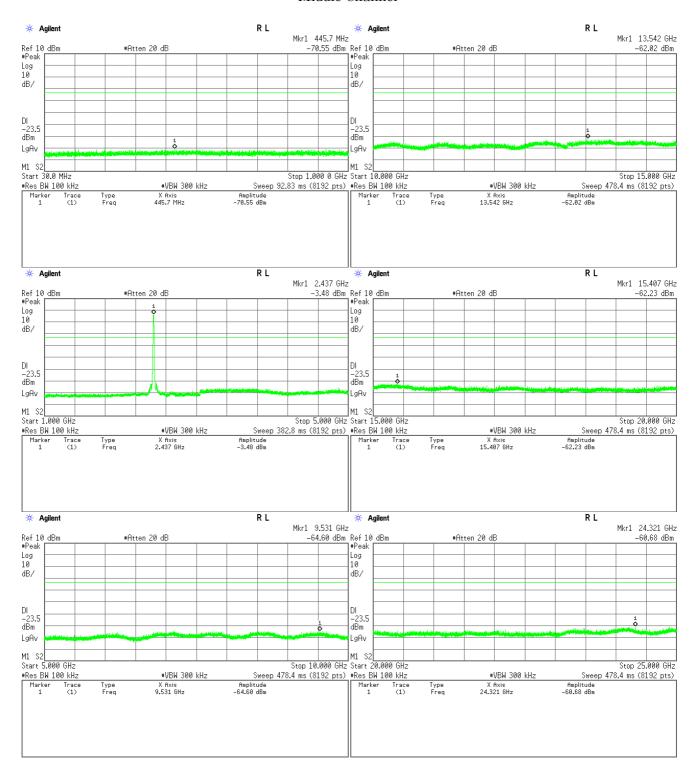




Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 33 of 89

## Middle Channel





Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 34 of 89

# High Channel



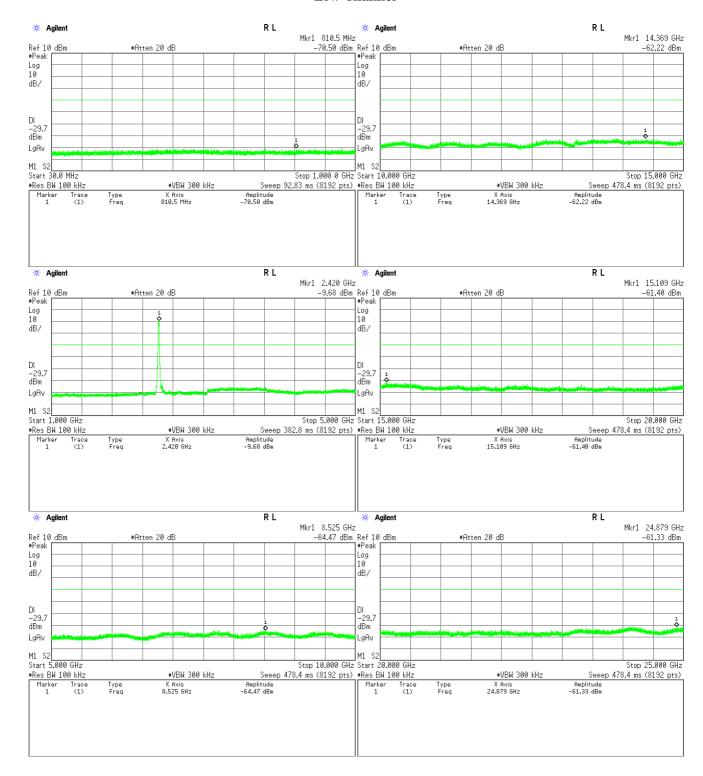


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 35 of 89

#### 2- IEEE 802.11g

#### Low Channel

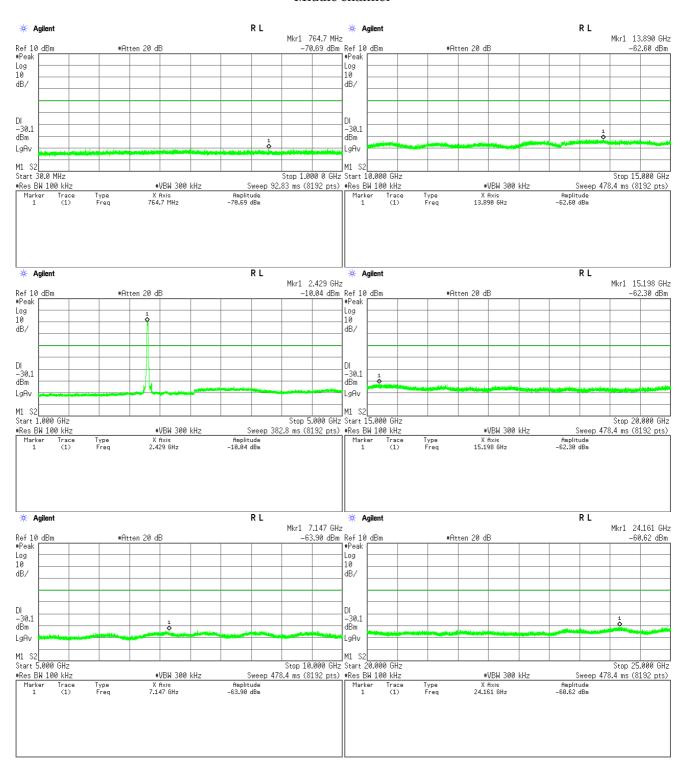




Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 36 of 89

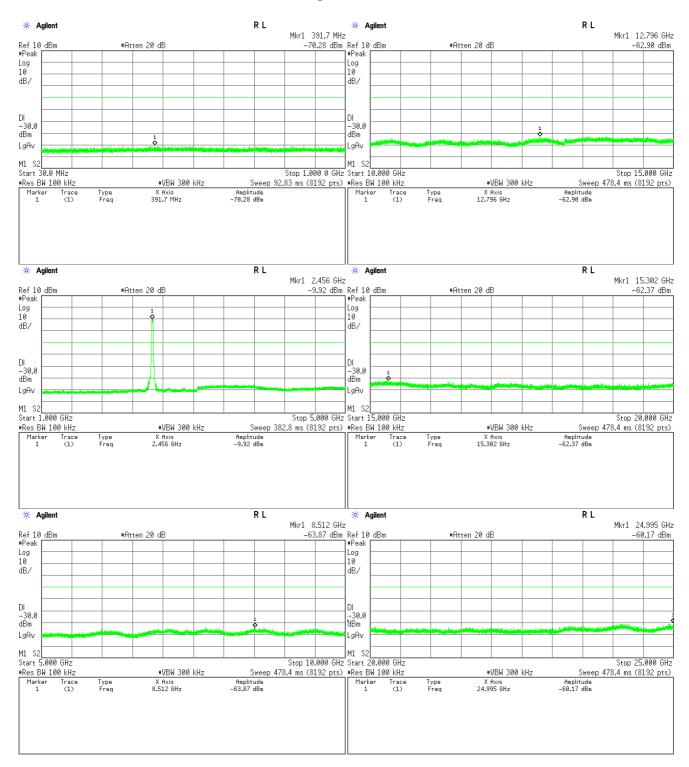
## Middle channel





Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 37 of 89



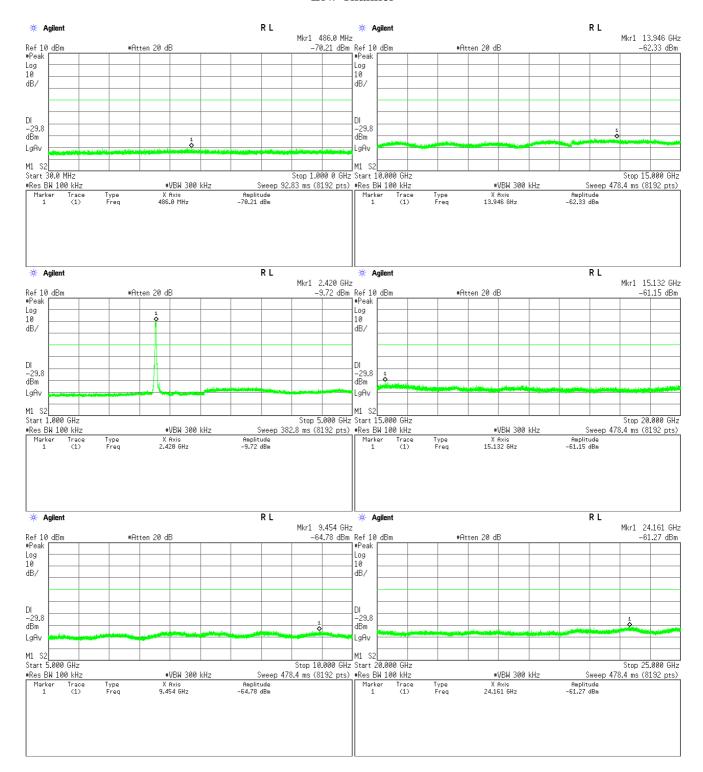


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 38 of 89

#### 3) IEEE 802.11n

### Low Channel

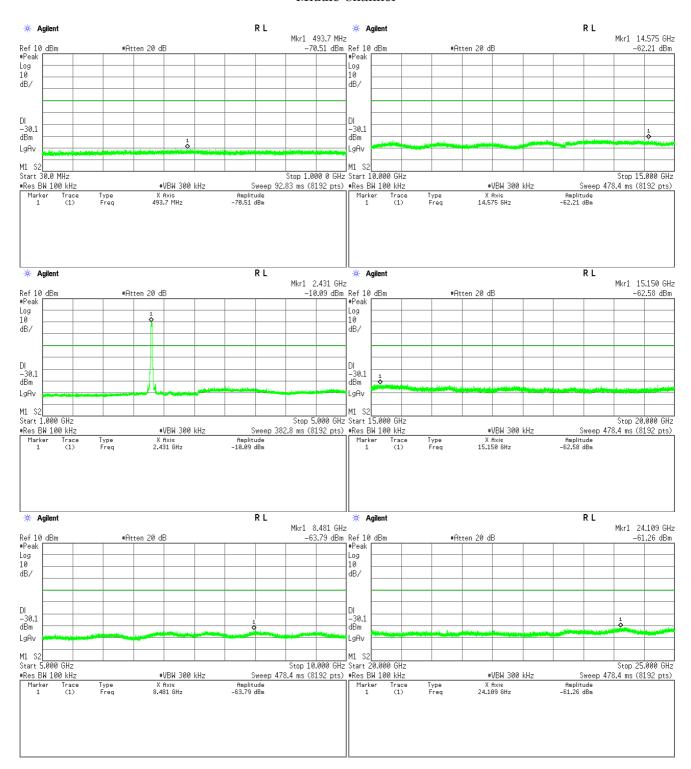




Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 39 of 89

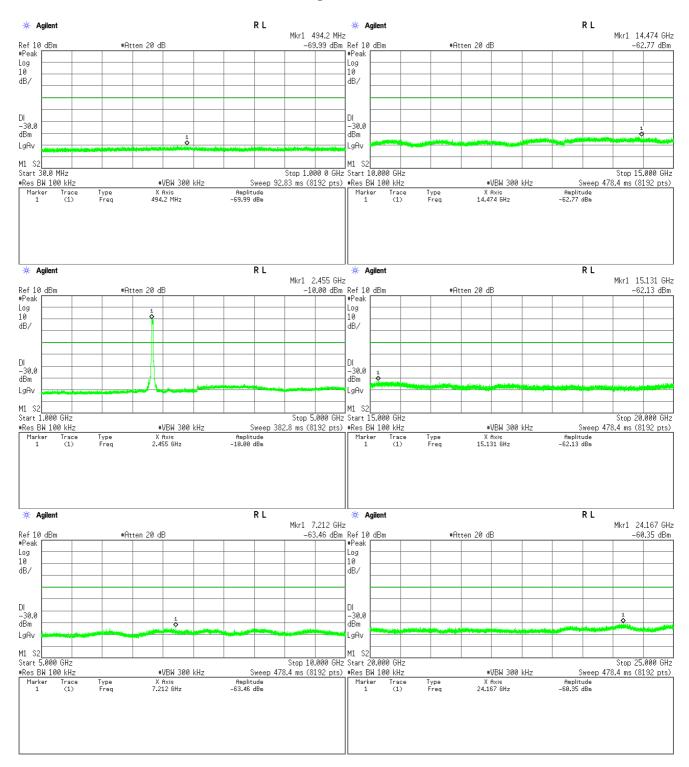
### Middle Channel





Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 40 of 89





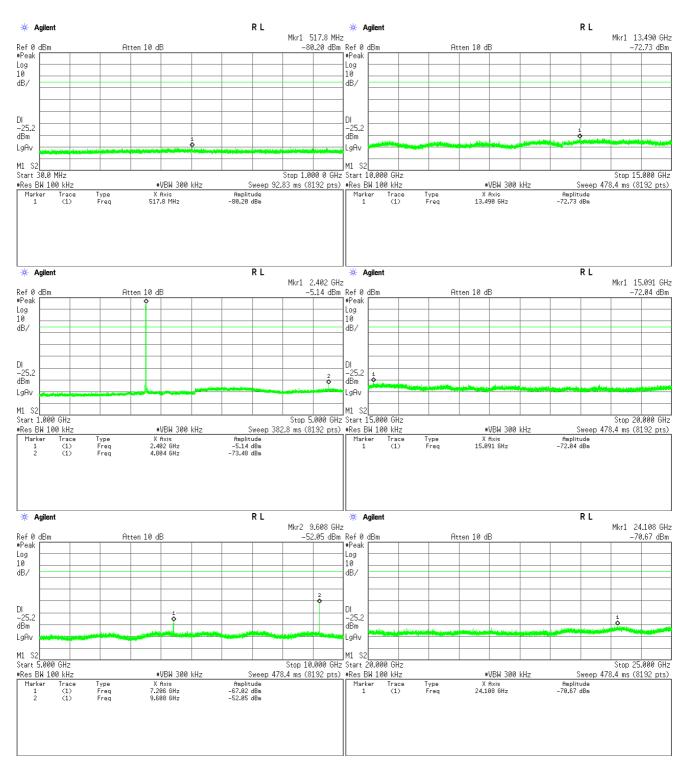
Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 41 of 89

<u>Test Date</u>: May 12, 2015 <u>Temp.:25°C, Humi:60%</u>

### 4) Bluetooth Low Energy

#### Low Channel

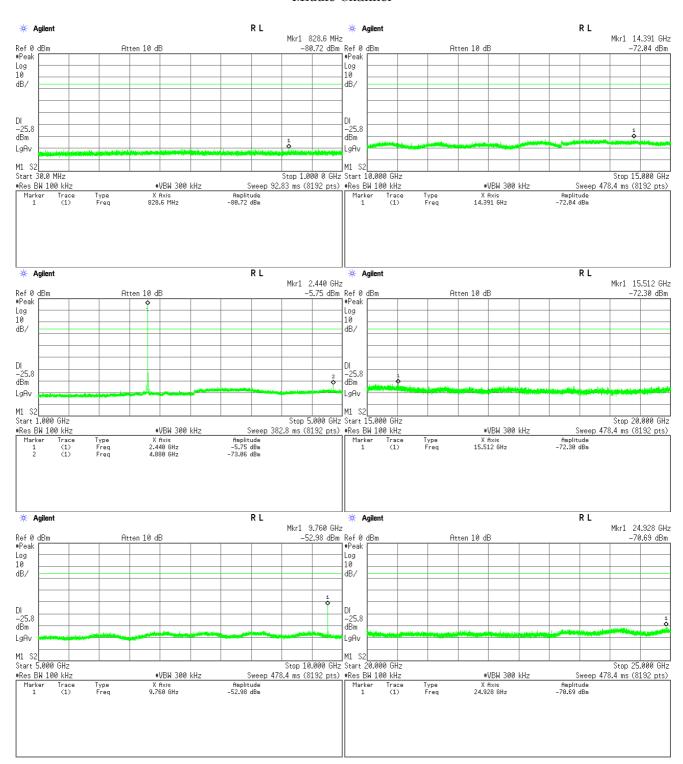




Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 42 of 89

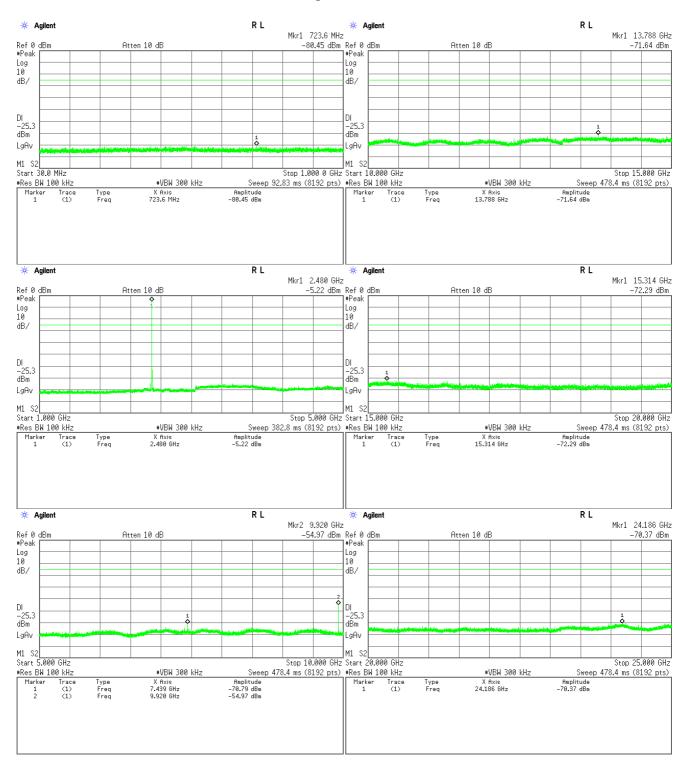
### Middle Channel





Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 43 of 89





Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

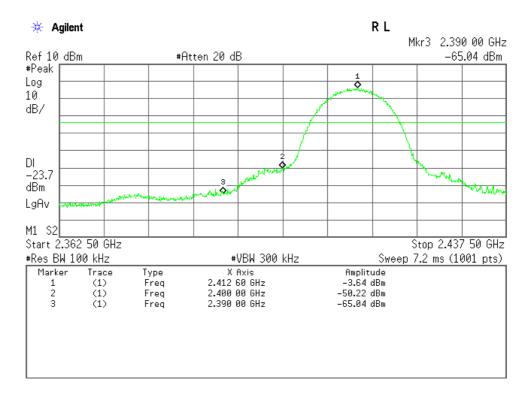
Page 44 of 89

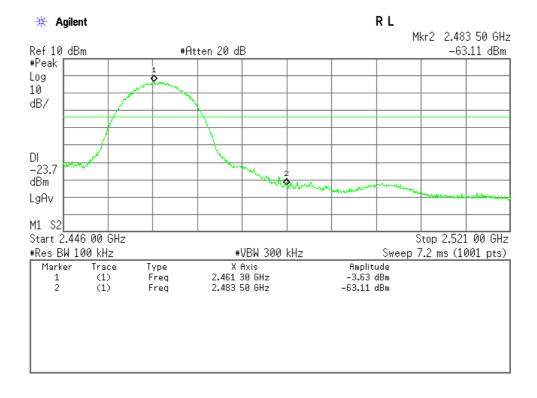
## Band-Edge Emission

<u>Test Date</u>: May 12, 2015 <u>Temp.:25°C, Humi:60%</u>

#### 1) IEEE 802.11b

### Low Channel





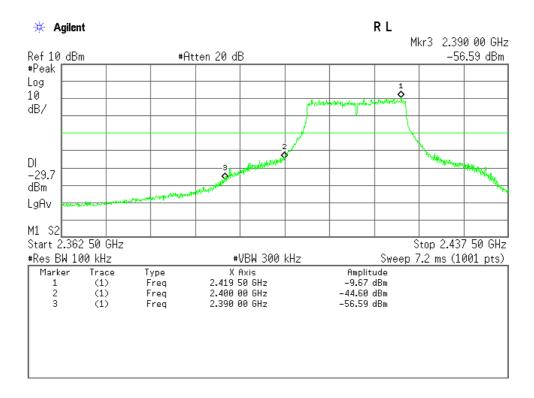


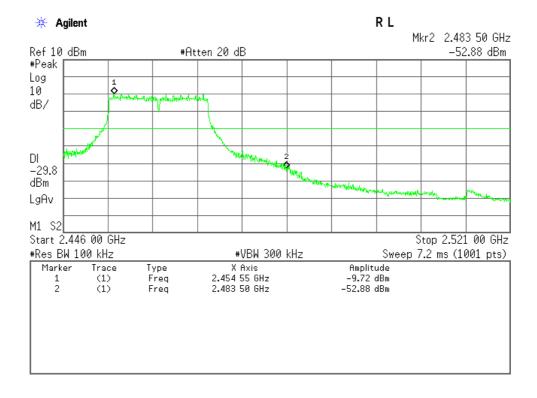
Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 45 of 89

# 2) IEEE 802.11g

### Low Channel





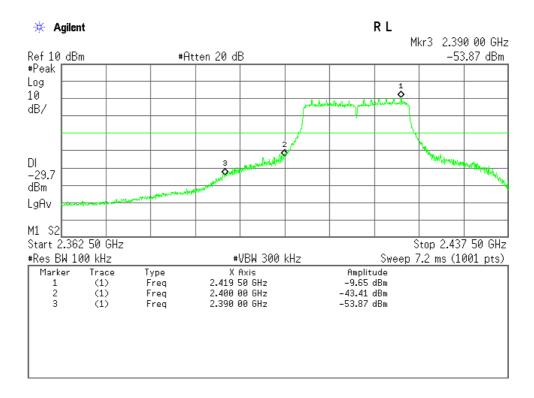


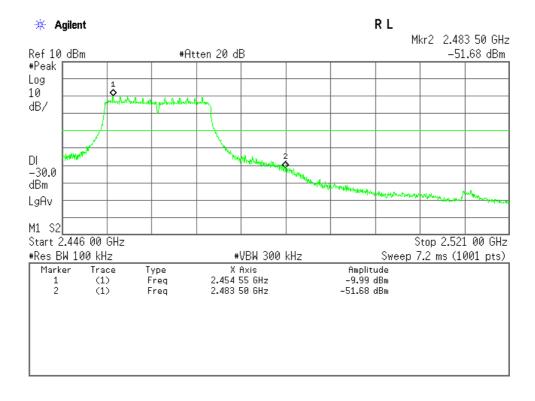
Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 46 of 89

### 3) IEEE 802.11n

### Low Channel







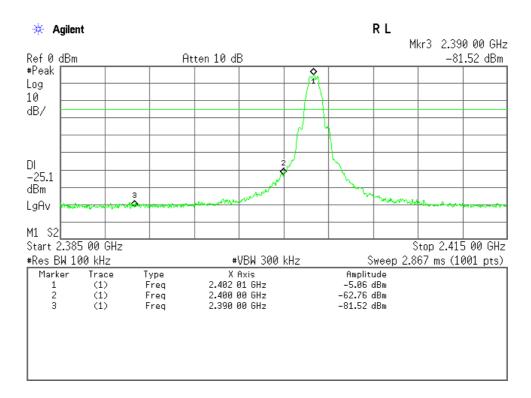
Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

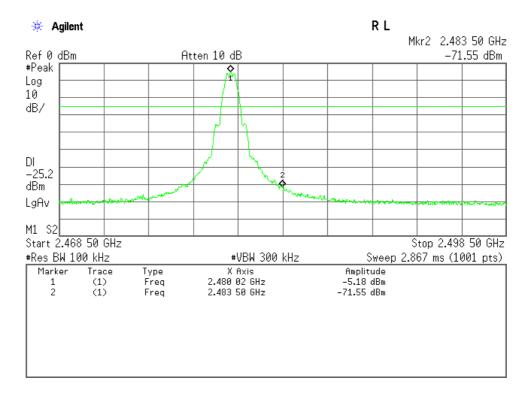
Page 47 of 89

<u>Test Date</u>: May 12, 2015 <u>Temp.:25°C, Humi:60%</u>

### 4) Bluetooth Low Energy

#### Low Channel







Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 48 of 89

7.8 AC Powerline Conducted Emission	
For the requirements, $\square$ - Applicable $\square$ - Not Applicab	[☑ - Tested. ☐ - Not tested by applicant request.]
For the limits, $\square$ - Passed $\square$	] - Failed
7.8.1 Worst Point and Measurement Unc	ertainty
Min. Limit Margin (Quasi-Peak)	9.6 dB at0.61 MHz
Uncertainty of Measurement Results	<u>+/-2.6</u> dB(2 $\sigma$ )
Remarks: Bluetooth mode	

# 7.8.2 Test Instruments

Measurement Room M2												
Туре	Model	Manufacturer	ID No.	Last Cal.	Interval							
Test Receiver	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	A-6	2015/4	1 Year							
AMN (main)	KNW-407R	Kyoritsu	D-39	2014/9	1 Year							
RF Cable	RG223/U	SUHNER	H-34	2014/6	1 Year							



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 49 of 89

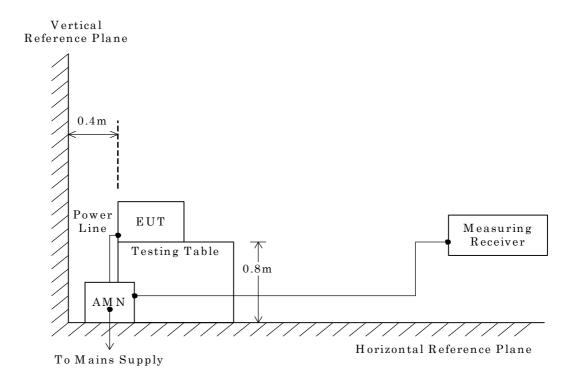
## 7.8.3 Test Method and Test Setup (Diagrammatic illustration)

The preliminary tests were performed using the scan mode of test receiver or spectrum analyzer to observe the emissions characteristics of the EUT.

The EUT configuration, cable configuration and mode of operation were determined for producing the maximum level of emissions.

This configurations was used for final tests.

- Side View -



NOTE

AMN : Artificial Mains Network



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 50 of 89

#### 7.8.4 Test Data

1) Mode of EUT: (WLAN) All modes have been investigated and the worst case mode for channel (06ch: 2437MHz/IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g and IEEE 802.11n) has been listed.

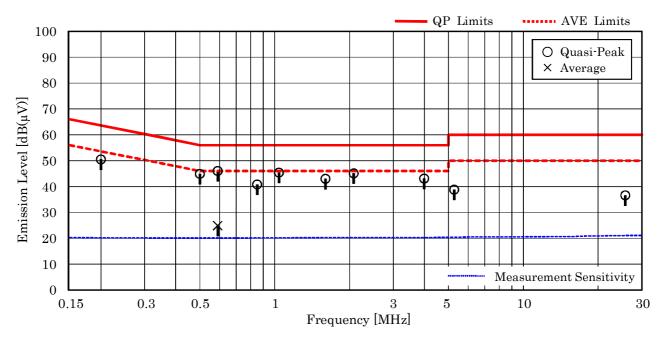
<u>Test voltage : 120VAC 60Hz</u>

<u>Test Date: May 7, 2015</u>

<u>Temp.: 21 °C, Humi.: 55 %</u>

Measured phase: L1

Frequency	Corr. Factor		$\begin{array}{c} Meter \ Readings \\ [dB(\mu V)] \end{array}$		$\begin{array}{c} Limits \\ [dB(\mu V)] \end{array}$		ults µV)]	Mar [dB	Remarks	
[MHz]	[dB]	QP	AVE	QP	AVE	QP	AVE	QP	AVE	
0.200	10.2	40.3		63.6	53.6	50.5		+13.1		-
0.500	10.1	34.8		56.0	46.0	44.9		+11.1		-
0.590	10.1	35.9	14.8	56.0	46.0	46.0	24.9	+10.0	+21.1	-
0.850	10.2	30.6		56.0	46.0	40.8		+15.2		_
1.040	10.2	35.2		56.0	46.0	45.4		+10.6		_
1.600	10.3	32.7		56.0	46.0	43.0		+13.0		-
2.080	10.3	34.8		56.0	46.0	45.1		+10.9		_
3.990	10.3	32.8		56.0	46.0	43.1		+12.9		-
5.270	10.4	28.4		60.0	50.0	38.8		+21.2		-
25.710	11.0	25.6		60.0	50.0	36.6		+23.4		_



#### NOTES

- 1. The spectrum was checked from  $0.15~\mathrm{MHz}$  to  $30~\mathrm{MHz}$ .
- 2. The correction factor includes the AMN insertion loss and the cable loss.
- 3. The symbol of "<" means "or less".
- 4. The symbol of ">" means "more than".
- 5. The symbol of "--" means "not applicable".
- 6. Calculated result at 0.590 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline: Correction Factor + Meter Reading (QP) = 10.1 + 35.9 = 46.0 dB( $\mu$ V)
- 7. QP: Quasi-Peak Detector / AVE: Average Detector
- 8. Test receiver setting(s) : CISPR QP 9 kHz / Average 9 kHz



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

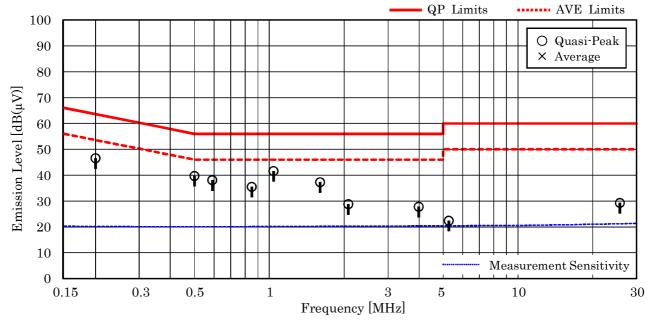
Page 51 of 89

## Test voltage: 120VAC 60Hz

Measured phase: L2

<u>Test Date: May 7, 2015</u> <u>Temp.: 21 °C, Humi.: 55 %</u>

Frequency	Corr. Factor		$ \begin{array}{ccc} \text{Meter Readings} & \text{Limit} \\ [dB(\mu V)] & [dB(\mu V)] & \text{Meter Readings} \end{array} $			Res [dB(	Mar [dE	Remarks		
[MHz]	[dB]	QP	AVE	QP	AVE	QP	AVE	QP	AVE	
0.200	10.2	36.4		63.6	53.6	46.6		+17.0		-
0.500	10.1	29.6		56.0	46.0	39.7		+16.3		_
0.590	10.1	28.0		56.0	46.0	38.1		+17.9		_
0.850	10.2	25.3		56.0	46.0	35.5		+20.5		_
1.040	10.3	31.3		56.0	46.0	41.6		+14.4		
1.600	10.3	27.0		56.0	46.0	37.3		+18.7		-
2.080	10.3	18.5		56.0	46.0	28.8		+27.2		_
3.990	10.3	17.5		56.0	46.0	27.8		+28.2		_
5.270	10.4	12.0		60.0	50.0	22.4		+37.6		_
25.710	11.2	18.1		60.0	50.0	29.3		+30.7		-



### NOTES

- 1. The spectrum was checked from 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz.
- 2. The correction factor includes the AMN insertion loss and the cable loss.
- 3. The symbol of "<" means "or less".
- 4. The symbol of ">" means "more than".
- 5. The symbol of "--" means "not applicable".
- 6. Calculated result at 1.040 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline: Correction Factor + Meter Reading (QP) = 10.3 + 31.3 = 41.6 dB( $\mu$ V)
- 7. QP : Quasi-Peak Detector / AVE : Average Detector
- 8. Test receiver setting(s) : CISPR QP 9 kHz / Average 9 kHz



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 52 of 89

## 2) Mode of EUT: Bluetooth Low Energy

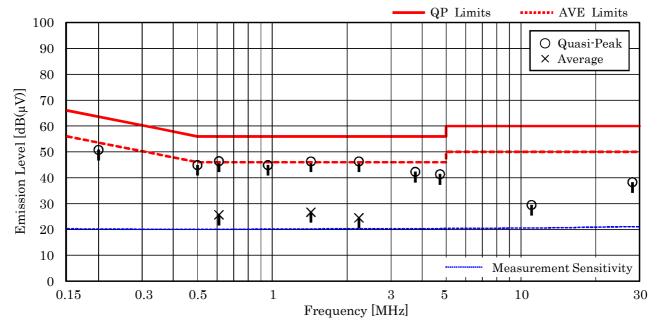
<u>Test voltage : 120VAC 60Hz</u>

<u>Test Date: May 7, 2015</u>

<u>Temp.: 21 °C, Humi.: 55 %</u>

Measured phase: L1

Frequency	Corr. Factor		Meter Readings $[dB(\mu V)]$		$\begin{array}{c} Limits \\ [dB(\mu V)] \end{array}$		ults μV)]	Mar [dF	Remarks	
[MHz]	[dB]	QP	AVE	QP	AVE	QP	AVE	QP	AVE	
0.200	10.2	40.6		63.6	53.6	50.8		+12.8		_
0.500	10.1	34.8		56.0	46.0	44.9		+11.1		_
0.610	10.1	36.3	15.6	56.0	46.0	46.4	25.7	+ 9.6	+20.3	-
0.960	10.3	34.6		56.0	46.0	44.9		+11.1		_
1.430	10.3	36.0	16.4	56.0	46.0	46.3	26.7	+ 9.7	+19.3	_
2.230	10.3	36.0	14.2	56.0	46.0	46.3	24.5	+ 9.7	+21.5	_
3.760	10.3	32.0		56.0	46.0	42.3		+13.7		_
4.730	10.4	31.0		56.0	46.0	41.4		+14.6		_
11.030	10.6	18.9		60.0	50.0	29.5		+30.5		-
28.080	11.1	27.2		60.0	50.0	38.3		+21.7		_



#### NOTES

- 1. The spectrum was checked from  $0.15~\mathrm{MHz}$  to  $30~\mathrm{MHz}$ .
- 2. The correction factor includes the AMN insertion loss and the cable loss.
- 3. The symbol of "<" means "or less".
- 4. The symbol of ">" means "more than".
- 5. The symbol of "--" means "not applicable".
- 6. Calculated result at 0.610 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline: Correction Factor + Meter Reading (QP) =  $10.1 + 36.3 = 46.4 \text{ dB}(\mu\text{V})$
- 7. QP : Quasi-Peak Detector / AVE : Average Detector
- 8. Test receiver setting(s) : CISPR QP 9 kHz / Average 9 kHz



JQA File No. : KL80150065S Issue Date: June 3, 2015 Model No. : 403SH FCC ID : APYHRO00221

**Results** 

 $\left[dB(\mu V)\right]$ 

φ φ

AVE

Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Limits

 $[dB(\mu V)]$ 

AVE

QP

Page 53 of 89

Remarks

Margin

[dB]

Measurement Sensitivity

30

10

AVE

### Test voltage: 120VAC 60Hz

Corr.

**Factor** 

[dB]

**Meter Readings** 

 $[dB(\mu V)]$ 

AVE

Frequency

[MHz]

Test Date: May 7, 2015 Temp.: 21 °C, Humi.: 55 % Measured phase: L2

0.200	10	. 2	36.6	)	-		6	3.6	53.6	5 4	6.8				+	+16	.8				_
0.500	10	. 1	29.8	3	-		5	6.0	46.0	) 3	9.9				+	+16	.1				-
0.610	10	. 1	29.0	)	-		5	6.0	46.0	) 3	9.1				+	+16	.9				-
0.960	10	. 2	29.1		-		5	6.0	46.0	) 3	9.3				+	+16	.7				-
1.430	10	. 3	33.9	)	-		5	6.0	46.0	) 4	4.2				+	+11	.8				
2.230	10	. 3	19.8	3	-		5	6.0	46.0	) 3	0.1				+	+25	.9				-
3.760	10	. 3	17.0	)	-		5	6.0	46.0	) 2	7.3				+	+28	.7				-
4.730	10	. 4	15.0	)	-		5	6.0	46.0	) 2	5.4				+	+30	.6				-
11.030	10	.6 <	10.0	)	-		6	0.0	50.0	) < 2	0.6				> +	+39	. 4				-
28.080	11.	. 3	20.4	ł	-		6	0.0	50.0	) 3	1.7				+	+28	.3				-
												- QF	Liı	mits	3	٠.		• AV	ΈΙ	imits	4
100										1					_						_
100																П	_				, T
100 90																		) Qu	asi-]	Peak	À
90																			asi-]	Peak	
90 80																		) Qu	asi-]	Peak	
90 80																		) Qu	asi-]	Peak	
90 80																		) Qu	asi-]	Peak	
90 80																		) Qu	asi-]	Peak	
90 80																		) Qu	asi-]	Peak	
90 80	•								φ									) Qu	asi-]	Peak	
90 80 [(\Lambda n')] 60	•				) (	P	9		φ									) Qu	asi-]	Peak e	- - -

Frequency [MHz]

### NOTES

20

10

0 0.15

1. The spectrum was checked from 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz.

0.5

2. The correction factor includes the AMN insertion loss and the cable loss.

1

- 3. The symbol of "<" means "or less".
- 4. The symbol of ">" means "more than".
- 5. The symbol of "--" means "not applicable".

0.3

- 6. Calculated result at 1.430 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline: Correction Factor + Meter Reading (QP) =  $10.3 + 33.9 = 44.2 \text{ dB}(\mu\text{V})$
- 7. QP : Quasi-Peak Detector / AVE : Average Detector
- 8. Test receiver setting(s): CISPR QP 9 kHz / Average 9 kHz



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 54 of 89

7.9 Radiated Emission	
The requirements are $\boxtimes$ - Applicable $[\boxtimes$ - Tested $\square$ - Not Applicable	d.   - Not tested by applicant request.
oxtimes - Passed $oxtimes$ - Failed	☐ - Not judged
7.9.1 Worst Point and Measurement Uncertainty	
Min. Limit Margin (Average)	5.1dB at2390.0MHz
Uncertainty of Measurement Results	9  kHz - 30  MHz $+/-3.0$ $+/-3.8$ $+/-3.8$ $+/-3.8$ $+/-3.8$ $+/-3.8$

+/-4.8 dB(2σ)

 $300 \mathrm{\ MHz} - 1000 \mathrm{\ MHz}$ 

Remarks: IEEE802.11n mode, Y axis position.



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 55 of 89

# 7.9.2 Test Instruments

	Anechoic Chamber A2											
Type	Model	Manufacturer	ID No.	Last Cal.	Interval							
Test Receiver	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	A-6	2015/4	1 Year							
Loop Antenna	HFH2-Z2	Rohde & Schwarz	C-2	2014/8	1 Year							
RF Cable	RG213/U	SUHNER	H-28	2014/8	1 Year							
Biconical Antenna	VHA9103/BBA9106	Schwarzbeck	C-30	2014/5	1 Year							
Log-periodic Antenna	UHALP9108-A1	Schwarzbeck	C-31	2014/5	1 Year							
RF Cable	S 10162 B-11 etc.	SUHNER	H-4	2015/4	1 Year							
Site Attenuation			H-15	2015/1	1 Year							
Pre-Amplifier	TPA0118-36	TOYO	A-37	2014/5	1 Year							
Pre-Amplifier	RP1826G-45H	EMCS	A-53	2014/7	1 Year							
Horn Antenna	91888-2	EATON	C-41-1	2014/7	1 Year							
Horn Antenna	91889-2	EATON	C-41-2	2014/7	1 Year							
Horn Antenna	3160-04	EMCO	C-55	2014/6	1 Year							
Horn Antenna	3160-05	EMCO	C-56	2014/6	1 Year							
Horn Antenna	3160-06	EMCO	C-57	2014/6	1 Year							
Horn Antenna	3160-07	EMCO	C-58	2014/6	1 Year							
Horn Antenna	3160-08	EMCO	C-59	2014/6	1 Year							
Horn Antenna	3160-09	EMCO	C-48	2014/7	1 Year							
Attenuator	54A-10	Weinschel	D-29	2014/9	1 Year							
Attenuator	2-10	Weinschel	D-79	2014/11	1 Year							
Band Rejection Filter	BRM50701	MICRO-TRONICS	D-93	2015/2	1 Year							
RF Cable	SUCOFLEX104	SUHNER	C-66	2015/1	1 Year							
RF Cable	SUCOFLEX104	SUHNER	C-67	2015/1	1 Year							
RF Cable	SUCOFLEX102EA	SUHNER	C-69	2015/1	1 Year							
SVSWR			H-19	2015/2	1 Year							
Pre-Amplifier	310N	SONOMA	A-17	2015/4	1 Year							



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 56 of 89

## 7.9.3 Test Method and Test Setup (Diagrammatic illustration)

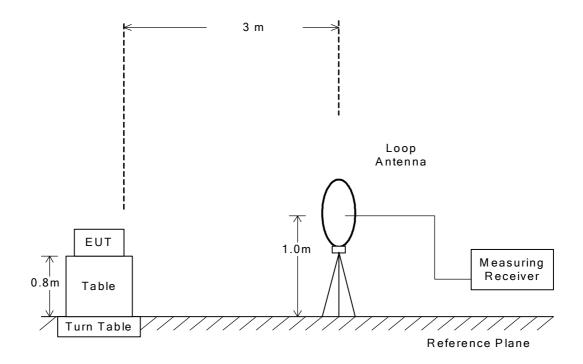
## 7.9.3.1 Radiated Emission 9 kHz - 30 MHz

The preliminary tests were performed at the measurement distance that specified for compliance to determine the emission characteristics of the EUT.

The EUT configuration(in X, Y and Z axis), cable configuration and mode of operation were determined for producing the maximum level of emissions.

This configurations was used for the final tests.

- Side View -





Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 57 of 89

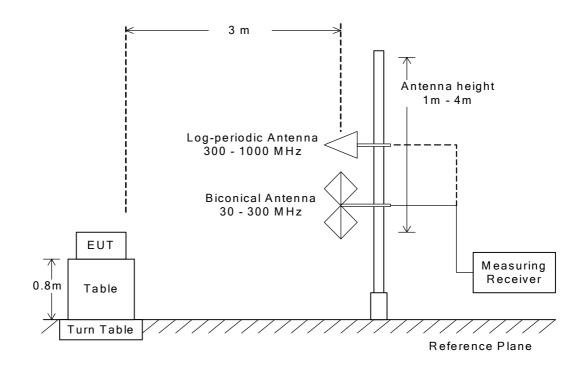
### 7.9.3.2 Radiated Emission 30 MHz - 1000 MHz

The preliminary tests were performed at the measurement distance that specified for compliance to determine the emission characteristics of the EUT.

The EUT configuration(in X, Y and Z axis), cable configuration and mode of operation were determined for producing the maximum level of emissions.

This configurations was used for the final tests.

- Side View -





Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 58 of 89

### 7.9.3.3 Radiated Emission above 1 GHz

The preliminary tests were performed at the measurement distance that specified for compliance to determine the emission characteristics of the EUT.

The EUT configuration(in X, Y and Z axis), cable configuration and mode of operation were determined for producing the maximum level of emissions.

This configurations was used for the final tests.

The setting of the measuring instruments are shown as follows:

Туре	Peak	Average
Detector Function	Peak	Peak
Res. Bandwidth	1 MHz	1 MHz
Video Bandwidth	3 MHz	≥ 1/T *1)
Video Filtering	Linear Voltage	Linear Voltage
Sweep Time	AUTO	AUTO
Trace	Max Hold	Max Hold

Note: 1. T: Minimum transmission duration

## Average (VBW) Setting:

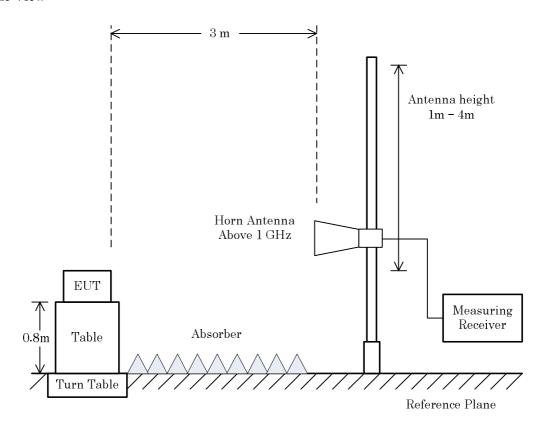
Mode	Interval	Cycle	Duty cycle	Burst on period(T)	Min. VBW(1/T)	VBW Setting
Mode	(msec)	(msec)	(%)	(msec)	(kHz)	(kHz))
IEEE802.11b(11Mbps)	0.02	0.94	97.9%	0.92	1.09	2.00
IEEE802.11g(36Mbps)	0.02	0.26	92.3%	0.24	4.17	5.00
IEEE802.11n(19.5Mbps(MCS2))	0.02	0.47	95.7%	0.45	2.22	3.00
Bluetooth LE	0.23	0.63	63.5%	0.40	2.50	3.00



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 59 of 89

## - Side View -



# NOTE

The antenna height is scanned depending on the EUT's size and mounting height.



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 60 of 89

### 7.9.4 Test Data

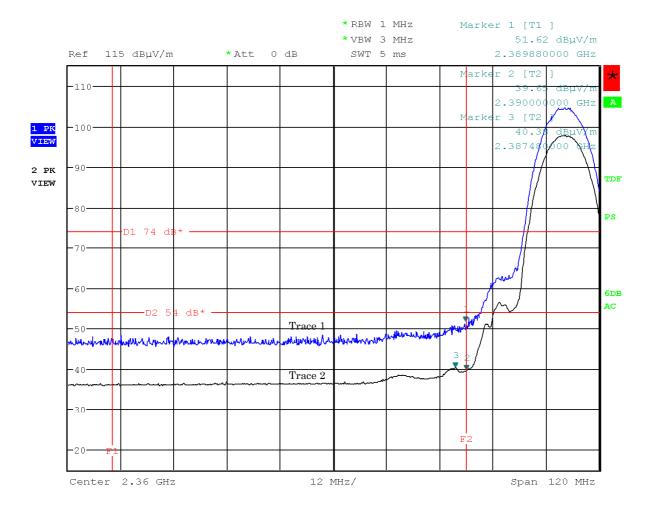
# 7.9.4.1 Band-edge Compliance

Test Date: April 29, 2015

Temp.:24°C, Humi:52%

Mode of EUT: 1ch: 2412 MHz, (IEEE 802.11b)

Antenna Polarization: Horizontal



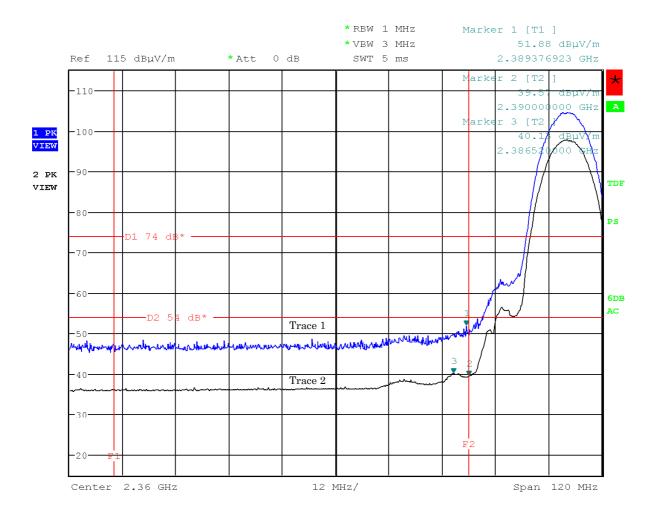


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 61 of 89

Mode of EUT: 1ch: 2412 MHz, (IEEE 802.11b)

Antenna Polarization: Vertical



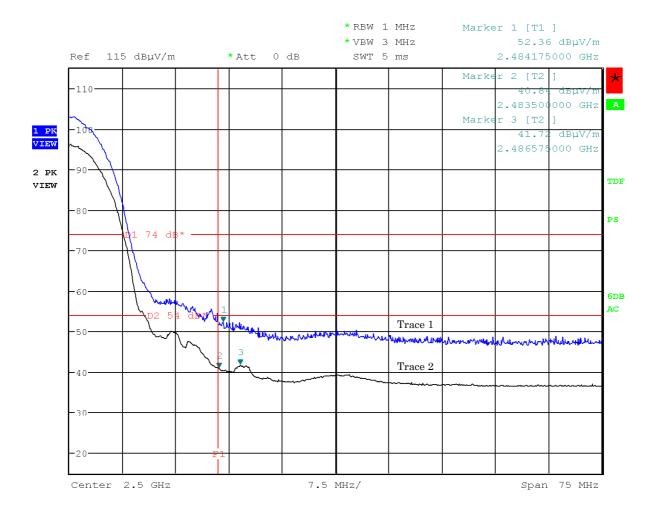


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 62 of 89

Mode of EUT: 11ch: 2462 MHz, (IEEE 802.11b)

Antenna Polarization: Horizontal



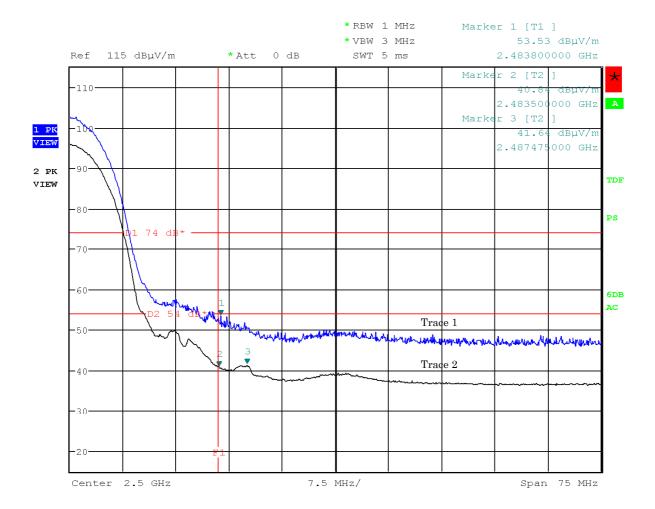


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 63 of 89

Mode of EUT: 11ch: 2462 MHz, (IEEE 802.11b)

Antenna Polarization: Vertical



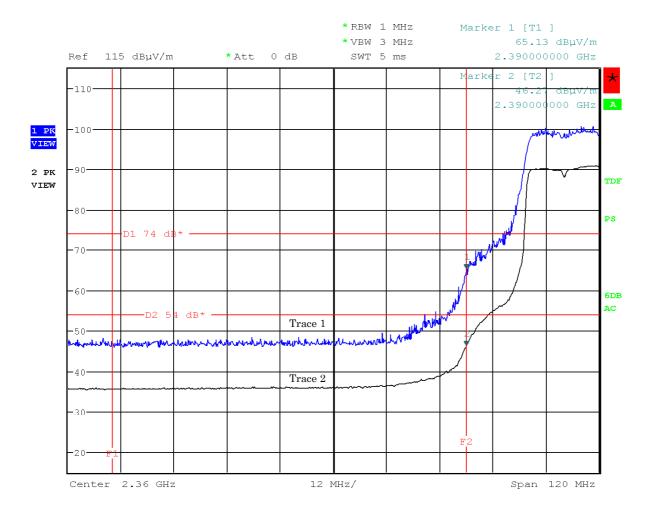


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 64 of 89

Mode of EUT: 1ch: 2412 MHz, (IEEE 802.11g)

Antenna Polarization: Horizontal



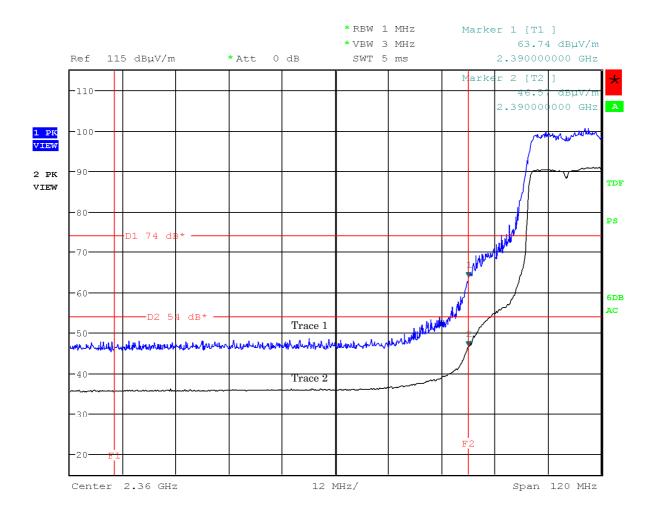


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 65 of 89

Mode of EUT: 1ch: 2412 MHz, (IEEE 802.11g)

Antenna Polarization: Vertical



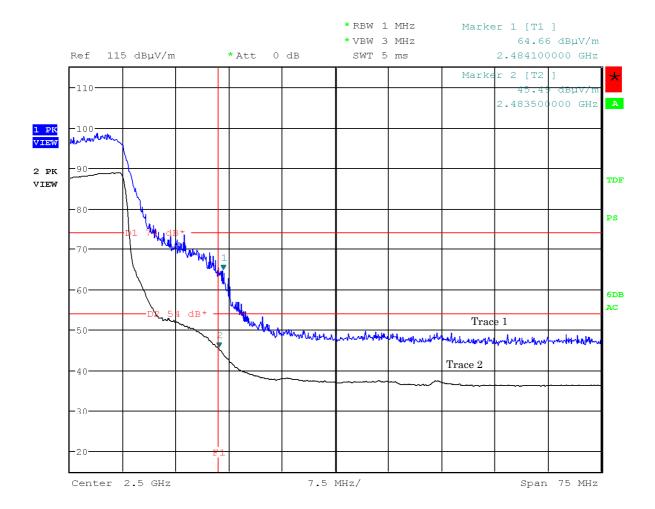


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 66 of 89

Mode of EUT: 11ch: 2462 MHz, (IEEE 802.11g)

Antenna Polarization: Horizontal



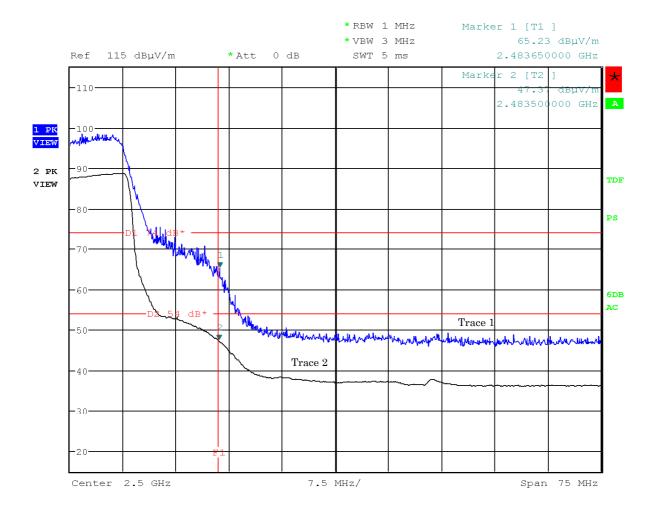


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 67 of 89

Mode of EUT: 11ch: 2462 MHz, (IEEE 802.11g)

Antenna Polarization: Vertical



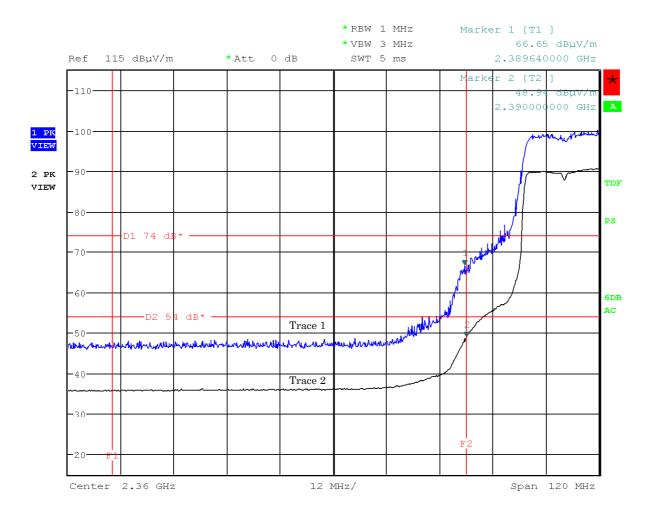


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 68 of 89

Mode of EUT: 1ch: 2412 MHz, (IEEE 802.11n)

Antenna Polarization: Horizontal



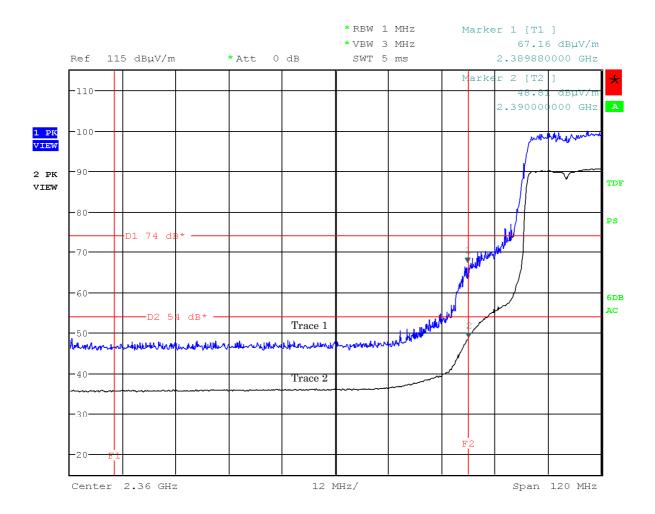


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 69 of 89

Mode of EUT: 1ch: 2412 MHz, (IEEE 802.11n)

Antenna Polarization: Vertical



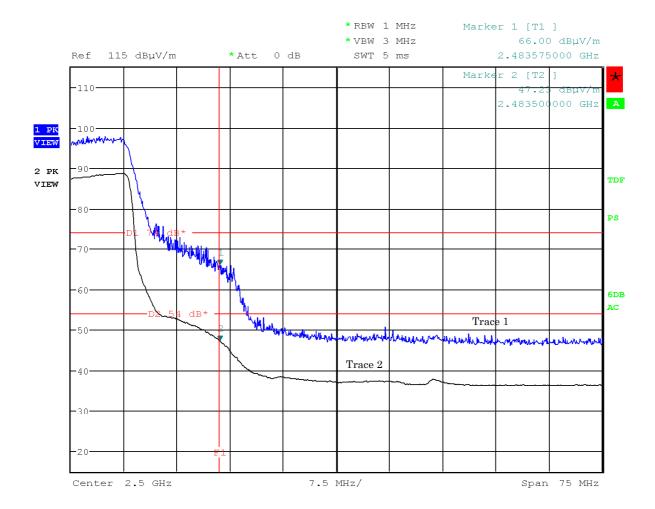


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 70 of 89

Mode of EUT: 11ch: 2462 MHz, (IEEE 802.11n)

Antenna Polarization: Horizontal



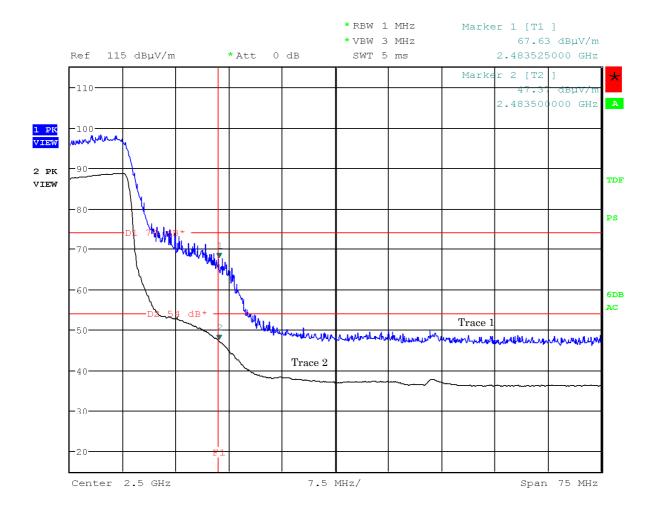


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 71 of 89

Mode of EUT: 11ch: 2462 MHz, (IEEE 802.11n)

Antenna Polarization: Vertical





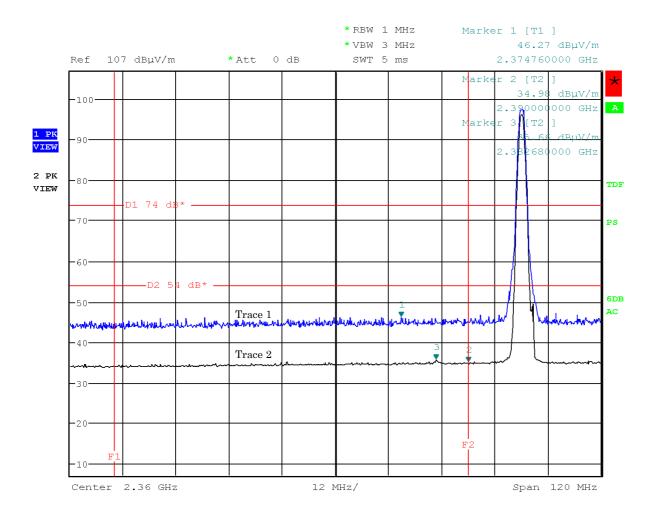
Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 72 of 89

<u>Test Date</u>: April 29, 2015 <u>Temp.:24°C, Humi:52%</u>

Mode of EUT: Bluetooth Low Energy, Hopping off (0ch: 2402 MHz)

Antenna Polarization: Horizontal



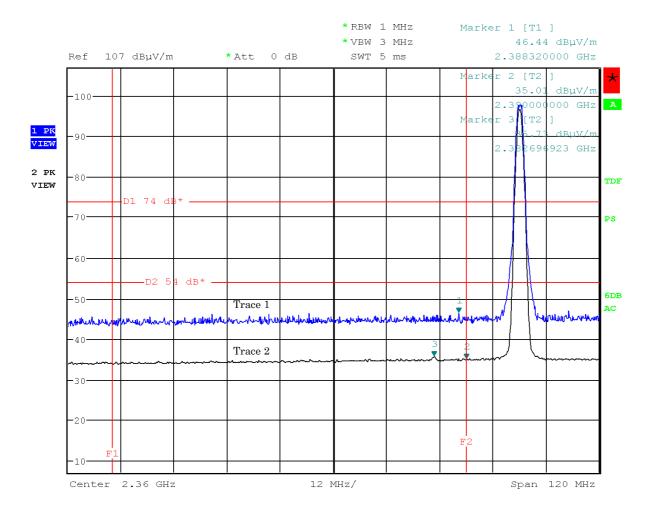


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 73 of 89

Mode of EUT : Bluetooth Low Energy, Hopping off (0ch: 2402 MHz)

Antenna Polarization: Vertical



Note: The trace 1 is Peak . The trace 2 is Average.

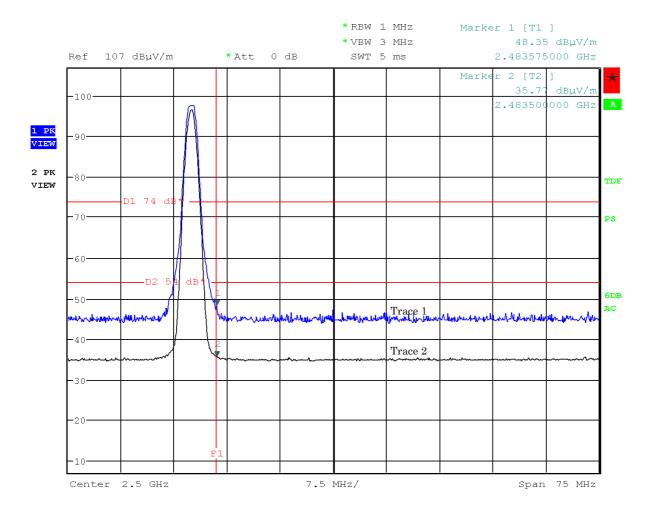


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 74 of 89

Mode of EUT: Bluetooth Low Energy, Hopping off (39ch: 2480 MHz)

Antenna Polarization: Horizontal



Note: The trace 1 is Peak . The trace 2 is Average.

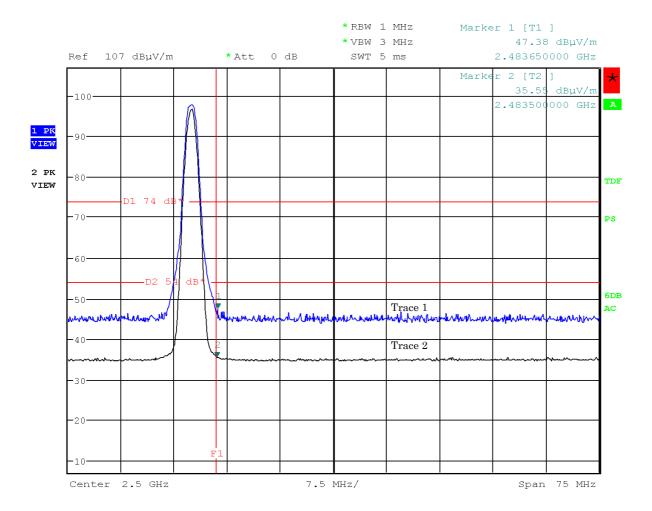


Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 75 of 89

Mode of EUT: Bluetooth Low Energy, Hopping off (39ch: 2480 MHz)

Antenna Polarization: Vertical



Note: The trace 1 is Peak . The trace 2 is Average.



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 76 of 89

# 7.9.4.2 Other Spurious Emission (9kHz – 30MHz)

<u>Test Date</u>: April 30, 2015 <u>Temp.:22°C, Humi:48%</u>

Mode of EUT: WLAN/Bluetooth LE

Results: No spurious emissions in the range 20dB below the limit.

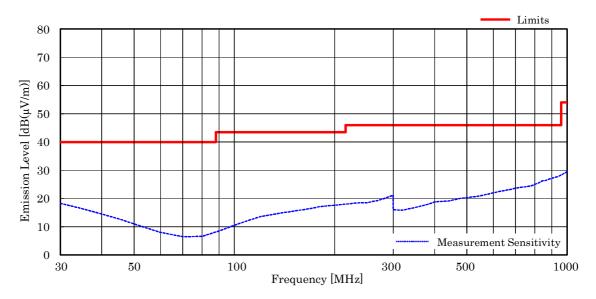
# 7.9.4.3 Other Spurious Emission (30MHz – 1000MHz)

Mode of EUT: (WLAN) All modes have been investigated and the worst case mode for channel (06ch: 2437MHz/IEEE802.11b, IEEE802.11g and IEEE802.11n) has been listed.

<u>Test Date: April 30, 2015</u> <u>Temp.: 22 °C, Humi: 48 %</u>

#### Antenna pole : Horizontal

Frequency [MHz]	Antenna Factor [dB(1/m)]	Corr. Factor [dB]	Meter Readings $[dB(\mu V)] \label{eq:meter}$	$Limits \\ [dB(\mu V/m)]$	$Results \\ [dB(\mu V/m)]$	Margin [dB]	Remarks
62.10	7.7	-27.1	< 27.0	40.0	< 7.6	> +32.4	_



- 1. Test Distance : 3 m
- 2. The spectrum was checked from  $30\,\mathrm{MHz}$  to  $1000\,\mathrm{MHz}$ .
- 3. The correction factor is composed of cable loss, pad attenuation and/or amplifier gain.
- 4. The symbol of "<" means "or less".
- 5. The symbol of ">" means "more than".
- 6. Calculated result at 62.10 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline: Antenna Factor + Coorection Factor + Meter Reading = 7.7 + (-27.1) + <27.0 = <7.6 dB( $\mu$ V/m) Antenna Height : 2.15 m, Turntable Angle : 264 °
- 7. Test receiver setting(s) : CISPR QP 120 kHz (QP : Quasi-Peak)



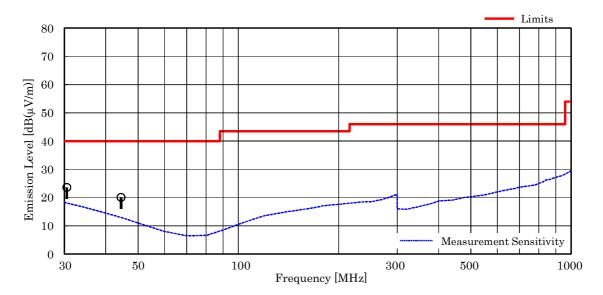
Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 77 of 89

Test Date: April 30, 2015 Temp.: 22 °C, Humi: 48 %

# Antenna pole : Vertical

	Frequency [MHz]	Antenna Factor [dB(1/m)]	Corr. Factor [dB]	Meter Readings $[dB(\mu V)]$	$Limits \\ [dB(\mu V/m)]$	$Results \\ [dB(\mu V/m)]$	Margin [dB]	Remarks
	30.54	18.6	-27.5	32.5	40.0	23.6	+16.4	-
_	44.44	13.3	-27.3	34.1	40.0	20.1	+19.9	_
	62.98	7.5	-27.1	< 27.0	40.0	< 7.4	> +32.6	-



- 1. Test Distance: 3 m
- 2. The spectrum was checked from  $30\,\mathrm{MHz}$  to  $1000\,\mathrm{MHz}$ .
- 3. The correction factor is composed of cable loss, pad attenuation and/or amplifier gain.
- 4. The symbol of "<" means "or less".
- 5. The symbol of ">" means "more than".
- 6. Calculated result at 30.54 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline: Antenna Factor + Coorection Factor + Meter Reading = 18.6 + (-27.5) + 32.5 = 23.6 dB( $\mu$ V/m) Antenna Height : 1.00 m, Turntable Angle : 322°
- 7. Test receiver setting(s): CISPR QP 120 kHz (QP: Quasi-Peak)



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

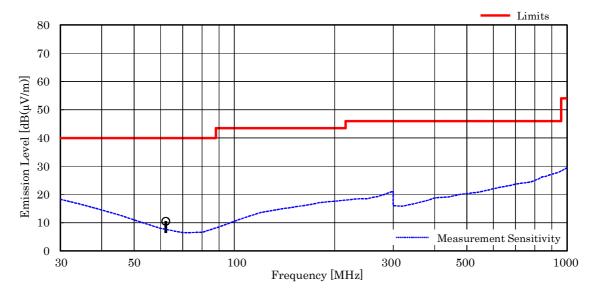
Page 78 of 89

Mode of EUT: Bluetooth Low Energy

Test Date: April 30, 2015 Temp.: 22 °C, Humi: 48 %

### Antenna pole : Horizontal

Frequency	Antenna Factor	Corr. Factor	Meter Readings	Limits	Results	Margin	Remarks
[MHz]	[dB(1/m)]	[dB]	$[dB(\mu V)]$	$[dB(\mu V/m)]$	$[dB(\mu V/m)]$	[dB]	
62.25	7.6	-27.1	30.0	40.0	10.5	+29.5	-



- 1. Test Distance: 3 m
- 2. The spectrum was checked from  $30\,\mathrm{MHz}$  to  $1000\,\mathrm{MHz}.$
- $3. \ The correction factor is composed of cable loss, pad attenuation and/or amplifier gain.$
- 4. The symbol of "<" means "or less".
- 5. The symbol of ">" means "more than".
- 6. Calculated result at 62.25 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline: Antenna Factor + Coorection Factor + Meter Reading = 7.6 + (-27.1) + 30.0 = 10.5 dB( $\mu$ V/m) Antenna Height : 3.12 m, Turntable Angle : 249 °
- 7. Test receiver setting(s): CISPR QP 120 kHz (QP: Quasi-Peak)



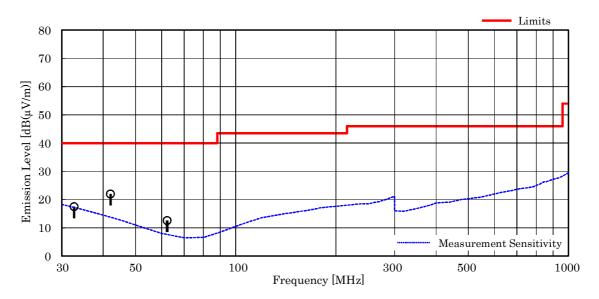
Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 79 of 89

Test Date: April 30, 2015 Temp.: 22 °C, Humi: 48 %

### Antenna pole : Vertical

Frequency [MHz]	Antenna Factor [dB(1/m)]	Corr. Factor [dB]	$Meter\ Readings \\ [dB(\mu V)]$	$Limits \\ [dB(\mu V/m)]$	Results $[dB(\mu V/m)]$	Margin [dB]	Remarks
32.69	17.7	-27.5	27.3	40.0	17.5	+22.5	-
42.05	14.2	-27.3	35.1	40.0	22.0	+18.0	_
62.25	7.6	-27.1	32.1	40.0	12.6	+27.4	_



- 1. Test Distance: 3 m
- 2. The spectrum was checked from  $30\,\mathrm{MHz}$  to  $1000\,\mathrm{MHz}$ .
- 3. The correction factor is composed of cable loss, pad attenuation and/or amplifier gain.
- 4. The symbol of "<" means "or less".
- 5. The symbol of ">" means "more than".
- 6. Calculated result at 42.05 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline: Antenna Factor + Coorection Factor + Meter Reading = 14.2 + (-27.3) + 35.1 = 22.0 dB( $\mu$ V/m) Antenna Height: 1.00 m, Turntable Angle: 150 °
- 7. Test receiver setting(s) : CISPR QP 120 kHz (QP : Quasi-Peak)



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 80 of 89

# 7.9.4.4 Other Spurious Emission (Above 1000MHz)

# 7.9.4.4.1 Mode of TX

# 7.9.4.4.1.1 IEEE802.11b

<u>Test Date: April 29, 2015</u> <u>Temp.: 24 °C, Humi: 52 %</u>

Frequency	Antenna	Corr.	$Meter\ Readings\ [dB(\mu V)]$			Limits Re			sults	Margin	Remarks	
	Factor	Factor	Hor	izontal	Ve	rtical	$[dB(\mu V/m)]$		$[dB(\mu V/m)]$		[dB]	
[MHz]	[dB(1/m)]	[dB]	PK	AVE	PK	AVE	PK	AVE	PK	AVE		
Test condition	: Tx Low Ch											
4824.0	27.3	-16.1	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 49.2	< 39.2	> +14.8	
12060.0	33.6	-25.9	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 45.7	< 35.7	> +18.3	
19296.0	40.5	-42.8	50.1	42.3	< 50.0	41.6	74.0	54.0	47.8	40.0	+14.0	
Test condition	: TX Middle	Ch										
4874.0	27.3	-16.1	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 49.2	< 39.2	> +14.8	
7311.0	29.8	-16.8	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 51.0	< 41.0	> +13.0	
12185.0	33.5	-26.3	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 45.2	< 35.2	> +18.8	
19496.0	40.5	-42.8	< 50.0	42.0	< 50.0	40.8	74.0	54.0	< 47.7	39.7	+14.3	
Test condition	: TX High Cl	h										
4924.0	27.3	-16.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 49.3	< 39.3	> +14.7	
7386.0	29.8	-16.9	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 50.9	< 40.9	> +13.1	
12310.0	33.4	-26.6	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 44.8	< 34.8	> +19.2	
19696.0	40.5	-42.9	< 50.0	< 40.0	< 50.0	< 40.0	74.0	54.0	< 47.6	< 37.6	> +16.4	
22158.0	40.6	-43.3	< 50.0	< 40.0	< 50.0	< 40.0	74.0	54.0	< 47.3	< 37.3	> +16.7	

Calculated result at 7311.0 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline:

Minimum Margin: 54.0 - 41.0 = 13.0 (dB)

### NOTES

- 1. Test Distance: 3 m
- $2.\ The\ spectrum\ was\ checked\ from\ 1\ GHz\ to\ 25\ GHz\ (10th\ harmonic\ of\ the\ highest\ fundamental\ frequency).$
- 3. The correction factor is shown as follows:

 $\label{eq:corr.Factor} \mbox{Corr. Factor [dB] = Cable Loss + 20dB Pad Att. - Pre-Amp. Gain [dB] (1.0 - 7.6 \mbox{GHz})}$ 

 $Corr.\ Factor\ [dB] = Cable\ Loss + 10dB\ Pad\ Att.\ -\ Pre-Amp.\ Gain\ [dB]\ (7.6 - 18.0GHz)$ 

Corr. Factor [dB] = Cable Loss · Pre-Amp. Gain [dB] (over 18 GHz)

- 4. The symbol of "<" means "or less".
- 5. The symbol of ">" means "more than".
- 6. PK : Peak  $\,/\,$  AVE : Average



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 81 of 89

# 7.9.4.4.1.2 IEEE802.11g

<u>Test Date</u>: April 29, 2015 <u>Temp</u>.: 24 °C, Humi: 52 %

Frequency	Antenna	Corr.		Meter Read	lings [dB(μ\	V)]	Lin	nits	Re	sults	Margin	Remarks
	Factor	Factor	Hor	izontal	Ve	rtical	[dB(µ	V/m)]	[dB(	μ <b>V</b> /m)]	[dB]	
[MHz]	[dB(1/m)]	[dB]	PK	AVE	PK	AVE	PK	AVE	PK	AVE		
Test condition	: Tx Low Ch											
4824.0	27.3	-16.1	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 49.2	< 39.2	> +14.8	
12060.0	33.6	-25.9	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 45.7	< 35.7	> +18.3	
19296.0	40.5	-42.8	50.1	42.3	< 50.0	41.6	74.0	54.0	47.8	40.0	+14.0	
Test condition	: TX Middle	Ch										
4874.0	27.3	-16.1	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 49.2	< 39.2	> +14.8	
7311.0	29.8	-16.8	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 51.0	< 41.0	> +13.0	
12185.0	33.5	-26.3	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 45.2	< 35.2	> +18.8	
19496.0	40.5	-42.8	< 50.0	42.0	< 50.0	40.8	74.0	54.0	< 47.7	39.7	+14.3	
Test condition	: TX High Cl	h										
4924.0	27.3	-16.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 49.3	< 39.3	> +14.7	
7386.0	29.8	-16.9	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 50.9	< 40.9	> +13.1	
12310.0	33.4	-26.6	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 44.8	< 34.8	> +19.2	
19696.0	40.5	-42.9	< 50.0	< 40.0	< 50.0	< 40.0	74.0	54.0	< 47.6	< 37.6	> +16.4	
22158.0	40.6	-43.3	< 50.0	< 40.0	< 50.0	< 40.0	74.0	54.0	< 47.3	< 37.3	> +16.7	

Calculated result at 7311.0 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline:

Minimum Margin: 54.0 - <41.0 = >13.0 (dB)

#### NOTES

- 1. Test Distance : 3 m
- $2. \ The \ spectrum \ was \ checked \ from \ 1 \ GHz \ to \ 25 \ GHz \ (10th \ harmonic \ of \ the \ highest \ fundamental \ frequency).$
- 3. The correction factor is shown as follows:

 $\label{eq:corr.Factor} \mbox{Corr. Factor} \mbox{ [dB] = Cable Loss + 20dB Pad Att. - Pre-Amp. Gain [dB] (1.0 - 7.6 \mbox{GHz})}$ 

Corr. Factor [dB] = Cable Loss + 10dB Pad Att. - Pre-Amp. Gain [dB] (7.6 - 18.0GHz)

Corr. Factor [dB] = Cable Loss · Pre-Amp. Gain [dB] (over 18 GHz)

- 4. The symbol of "<" means "or less".
- 5. The symbol of ">" means "more than".
- 6. PK : Peak  $\,/\,$  AVE : Average



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 82 of 89

# 7.9.4.4.1.3 IEEE802.11n

<u>Test Date</u>: April 29, 2015 <u>Temp</u>.: 24 °C, Humi: 52 %

Frequency	Antenna	Corr.	$Meter\ Readings\ [dB(\mu V)]$			V)]	Limits R			sults	Margin	Remarks
	Factor	Factor	Hor	izontal	Ve	rtical	[dB(µ	(V/m)]	[dB(	μ <b>V</b> /m)]	[dB]	
[MHz]	[dB(1/m)]	[dB]	PK	AVE	PK	AVE	PK	AVE	PK	AVE		
Test condition	: Tx Low Ch											
4824.0	27.3	-16.1	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 49.2	< 39.2	> +14.8	
12060.0	33.6	-25.9	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 45.7	< 35.7	> +18.3	
19296.0	40.5	-42.8	50.1	42.3	< 50.0	41.6	74.0	54.0	47.8	40.0	+14.0	
Test condition	: TX Middle	Ch										
4874.0	27.3	-16.1	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 49.2	< 39.2	> +14.8	
7311.0	29.8	-16.8	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 51.0	< 41.0	> +13.0	
12185.0	33.5	-26.3	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 45.2	< 35.2	> +18.8	
19496.0	40.5	-42.8	< 50.0	42.0	< 50.0	40.8	74.0	54.0	< 47.7	39.7	+14.3	
Test condition	: TX High Cl	ı										
4924.0	27.3	-16.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 49.3	< 39.3	> +14.7	
7386.0	29.8	-16.9	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 50.9	< 40.9	> +13.1	
12310.0	33.4	-26.6	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 44.8	< 34.8	> +19.2	
19696.0	40.5	-42.9	< 50.0	< 40.0	< 50.0	< 40.0	74.0	54.0	< 47.6	< 37.6	> +16.4	
22158.0	40.6	-43.3	< 50.0	< 40.0	< 50.0	< 40.0	74.0	54.0	< 47.3	< 37.3	> +16.7	

Calculated result at 7311.0 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline:

Minimum Margin: 54.0 - <41.0 = >13.0 (dB)

#### NOTES

- 1. Test Distance : 3 m
- $2. \ The \ spectrum \ was \ checked \ from \ 1 \ GHz \ to \ 25 \ GHz \ (10th \ harmonic \ of \ the \ highest \ fundamental \ frequency).$
- 3. The correction factor is shown as follows:

 $\label{eq:corr.Factor} \mbox{Corr. Factor} \mbox{ [dB] = Cable Loss + 20dB Pad Att. - Pre-Amp. Gain [dB] (1.0 - 7.6 \mbox{GHz})}$ 

Corr. Factor [dB] = Cable Loss + 10dB Pad Att. - Pre-Amp. Gain [dB] (7.6 - 18.0GHz)

Corr. Factor [dB] = Cable Loss · Pre-Amp. Gain [dB] (over 18 GHz)

- 4. The symbol of "<" means "or less".
- 5. The symbol of ">" means "more than".
- 6. PK : Peak  $\,/\,$  AVE : Average



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 83 of 89

# 7.9.4.4.1.4 Bluetooth Low Energy

<u>Test Date: April 29, 2015</u> <u>Temp.: 24 °C, Humi: 52 %</u>

Frequency	Antenna	Corr.	Meter Readings [dB( $\mu$ V)]			V)]	Limits		Re	Results		Remarks
	Factor	Factor	Hor	izontal	Ve	rtical	[dB(µ	ι <b>V</b> /m)]	[dB(	μV/m)]	[dB]	
[MHz]	[dB(1/m)]	[dB]	PK	AVE	PK	AVE	PK	AVE	PK	AVE		
		~										
Test conditio												
4804.0	27.3	-16.1	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 49.2	< 39.2	> +14.8	
12010.0	33.7	-25.8	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 45.9	< 35.9	> +18.1	
19216.0	40.5	-42.9	< 50.0	< 40.0	< 50.0	< 40.0	74.0	54.0	< 47.6	< 37.6	> +16.4	
Test conditio	n : TX Midd	le Ch										
4880.0	27.3	-16.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 49.3	< 39.3	> +14.7	
7320.0	29.8	-16.8	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 51.0	< 41.0	> +13.0	
12200.0	33.5	-26.3	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 45.2	< 35.2	> +18.8	
19520.0	40.4	-42.8	< 50.0	< 40.0	< 50.0	< 40.0	74.0	54.0	< 47.6	< 37.6	> +16.4	
Test conditio	n : TX High	Ch										
4960.0	27.3	-16.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 49.3	< 39.3	> +14.7	
7440.0	29.8	-17.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 50.8	< 40.8	> +13.2	
12400.0	33.5	-26.8	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 44.7	< 34.7	> +19.3	
19840.0	40.4	-43.0	< 50.0	< 40.0	< 50.0	< 40.0	74.0	54.0	< 47.4	< 37.4	> +16.6	
22320.0	40.6	-43.4	< 50.0	< 40.0	< 50.0	< 40.0	74.0	54.0	< 47.2	< 37.2	> +16.8	

Calculated result at 7320.0 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline:

 $\begin{array}{ccccc} Antenna \, Factor & = & 29.8 \, dB(1/m) \\ & & & \\ Corr. \, Factor & = & \cdot 16.8 \, dB \\ +) \, \underline{Meter \, Reading} & = & <28.0 \, dB(\mu V) \\ \hline Result & = & <41.0 \, dB(\mu V/m) \end{array}$ 

Minimum Margin: 54.0 - <41.0 = >13.0 (dB)

### NOTES

- 1. Test Distance: 3 m
- $2. \ The \ spectrum \ was \ checked \ from \ 1 \ GHz \ to \ 25 \ GHz \ (10th \ harmonic \ of \ the \ highest \ fundamental \ frequency).$
- 3. The correction factor is shown as follows:

Corr. Factor [dB] = Cable Loss + 20dB Pad Att. - Pre-Amp. Gain [dB] (1.0 - 7.6GHz)

 $Corr.\ Factor\ [dB] = Cable\ Loss + 10dB\ Pad\ Att.\ -\ Pre-Amp.\ Gain\ [dB]\ (7.6 - 18.0GHz)$ 

Corr. Factor [dB] = Cable Loss - Pre-Amp. Gain [dB] (over  $18~\mathrm{GHz}$ )

- 4. The symbol of "<" means "or less".
- 5. The symbol of ">" means "more than".
- 6. PK: Peak / AVE: Average



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 84 of 89

# 7.9.4.4.2 Mode of RX (WLAN)

<u>Test Date: April 29, 2015</u> <u>Temp.: 24 °C, Humi: 52 %</u>

Frequency	Ante nna	Corr.		Meter Readings [dB(μV)]		V)]	Limits		Re	esults	Margin	Remarks
	Factor	Factor	Hor	izontal	Ve	rtical	[dB(µ	V/m)]	[dB(	μV/m)]	[dB]	
[MHz]	[dB(1/m)]	[dB]	PK	AVE	PK	AVE	PK	AVE	PK	AVE		
Test condition	n : RX Midd	le Ch										
2437.0	21.5	-18.8	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 40.7	< 30.7	> +23.3	
4874.0	27.3	-16.4	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 48.9	< 38.9	> +15.1	
7311.0	29.8	-17.1	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 50.7	< 40.7	> +13.3	

Calculated result at 4874.0 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline:

Antenna Factor = 27.3 dB(1/m) Corr. Factor = -16.4 dB +) Meter Reading =  $\langle 28.0 | dB(\mu V)$ Result =  $\langle 38.9 | dB(\mu V/m)$ 

Minimum Margin: 54.0 - <38.9 = >13.3 (dB)

#### NOTES

- 1. Test Distance: 3 m
- 2. The spectrum was checked from 1 GHz to  $7.5\,\mathrm{GHz}$  .
- 3. The correction factor is shown as follows:

 $\label{eq:corr.} \mbox{Corr. Factor [dB] = Cable Loss + 20dB Pad Att. - Pre-Amp. Gain [dB] (1.0 - 7.6 \mbox{GHz})}$ 

- 4. The symbol of "<" means "or less".
- 5. The symbol of ">" means "more than".
- 6. PK: Peak / AVE: Average



Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15

Page 85 of 89

# 7.9.4.4.3 Mode of RX (Bluetooth Low Energy)

<u>Test Date: April 29, 2015</u> <u>Temp.: 24 °C, Humi: 52 %</u>

Frequency	Ante nna	Corr.		Meter Readings $[dB(\mu V)]$		V)]	Limits		Re	esults	Margin	Remarks
	Factor	Factor	Hor	izontal	Ve	rtical	[dB(µ	(V/m)]	[dB(	μV/m)]	[dB]	
[MHz]	[dB(1/m)]	[dB]	PK	AVE	PK	AVE	PK	AVE	PK	AVE		
Test condition	n : RX Midd	le Ch										
2440.0	21.5	-18.8	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 40.7	< 30.7	> +23.3	
4880.0	27.3	-16.3	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 49.0	< 39.0	> +15.0	
7320.0	29.8	-17.1	< 38.0	< 28.0	< 38.0	< 28.0	74.0	54.0	< 50.7	< 40.7	> +13.3	

Calculated result at 7320.0 MHz, as the worst point shown on underline:

Antenna Factor = 29.8 dB(1/m) Corr. Factor = -17.1 dB +) Meter Reading =  $\langle 28.0 | dB(\mu V)$ Result =  $\langle 40.7 | dB(\mu V/m)$ 

Minimum Margin: 54.0 - <40.7 = >13.3 (dB)

#### NOTES

- 1. Test Distance: 3 m
- 2. The spectrum was checked from 1 GHz to  $7.5\,\mathrm{GHz}$  .
- 3. The correction factor is shown as follows:

 $\label{eq:corr.} \mbox{Corr. Factor [dB] = Cable Loss + 20dB Pad Att. - Pre-Amp. Gain [dB] (1.0 - 7.6 \mbox{GHz})}$ 

- 4. The symbol of "<" means "or less".
- 5. The symbol of ">" means "more than".
- 6. PK: Peak / AVE: Average