Portable device

According to §15.247(e)(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance V06

The 1-g \overline{SAR} and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\left[\sqrt{f(GHZ)}\right] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f(GHZ) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

SRD 2.4G:

Modulation	Channel Freq. (GHz)	Conduct ed power (dBm)	Conducte d power (mW)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Max tune-up power (dBm)	Max tune-up power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Result calculatio n	SAR Exclusion threshold	SAR test exclusion
	2.402	1.47	1.40	2±1	3	2.00	<5	0.61847	3.00	YES
GFSK	2.440	1.59	1.44	2±1	3	2.00	<5	0.62334	3.00	YES
	2.480	1.51	1.42	2±1	3	2.00	<5	0.62843	3.00	YES

Conclusion:

For the max result : $0.62843 \le 3.0$ for 1g SAR, SAR is not required.

Alex Li

Signature:

Date: 6/5/2024

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