



# **SAR Evaluation Report**

**IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF  
FCC OET BULLETIN 65 SUPPLEMENT C**

**FOR**

**850/900/1800/1900/2100MHZ 5-BAND MINICARD MODULE**

**MODEL: MC8755**

**FCC ID: N7NMC8755**

**REPORT NUMBER: 06U10565**

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*Prepared for*

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**Revision History**

Rev.	Issued date	Revisions	Revised By
--	9-8-2006	Initial issue	HS

**CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)****DATES OF TEST:** September 7, 2006

APPLICANT: ADDRESS:	SIERRA WIRELESS, INC. 13811 WIRELESS WAY, RICHMOND, BC V6V 3A4 CANADA
FCC ID: MODEL:	N7NMC8755 MC8755
DEVICE CATEGORY: EXPOSURE CATEGORY:	Portable Device General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

850/900/1800/1900/2100MHz 5-band MiniCard Module is installed in 14" R Note.

Note: This device contains 900 MHz /1800 MHz/2100 MHz functions but these frequency bands are not operational in the U.S. territories.

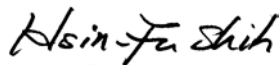
Test Sample is a:	Production unit		
Host Laptop	14" R Note		
Rule Parts	Frequency Range [MHz]	The Highest SAR Values [1g_mW/g]	Collocation SAR Values [1g_mW/g]
FCC 22H	824.2-848.8	0.101	0.103
FCC 24E	1850.2-1909.8	0.128	0.134

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC OET 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

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**1 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DESCRIPTION**

850/900/1800/1900/2100MHz 5-band MiniCard Module is installed in 14" R Note. Note: This device contains 900 MHz /1800 MHz/2100 MHz functions but these frequency bands are not operational in the U.S. territories.	
Normal operation:	Lap-held position
Duty cycle:	25% GPRS Mode
Host Device(s):	14" R Note
Antenna(s)	Tyco Holding (Bermuda) VII Ltd. Dual Band Inverted F
Power supply:	Power supplied through the laptop computer (host device).

## 2 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

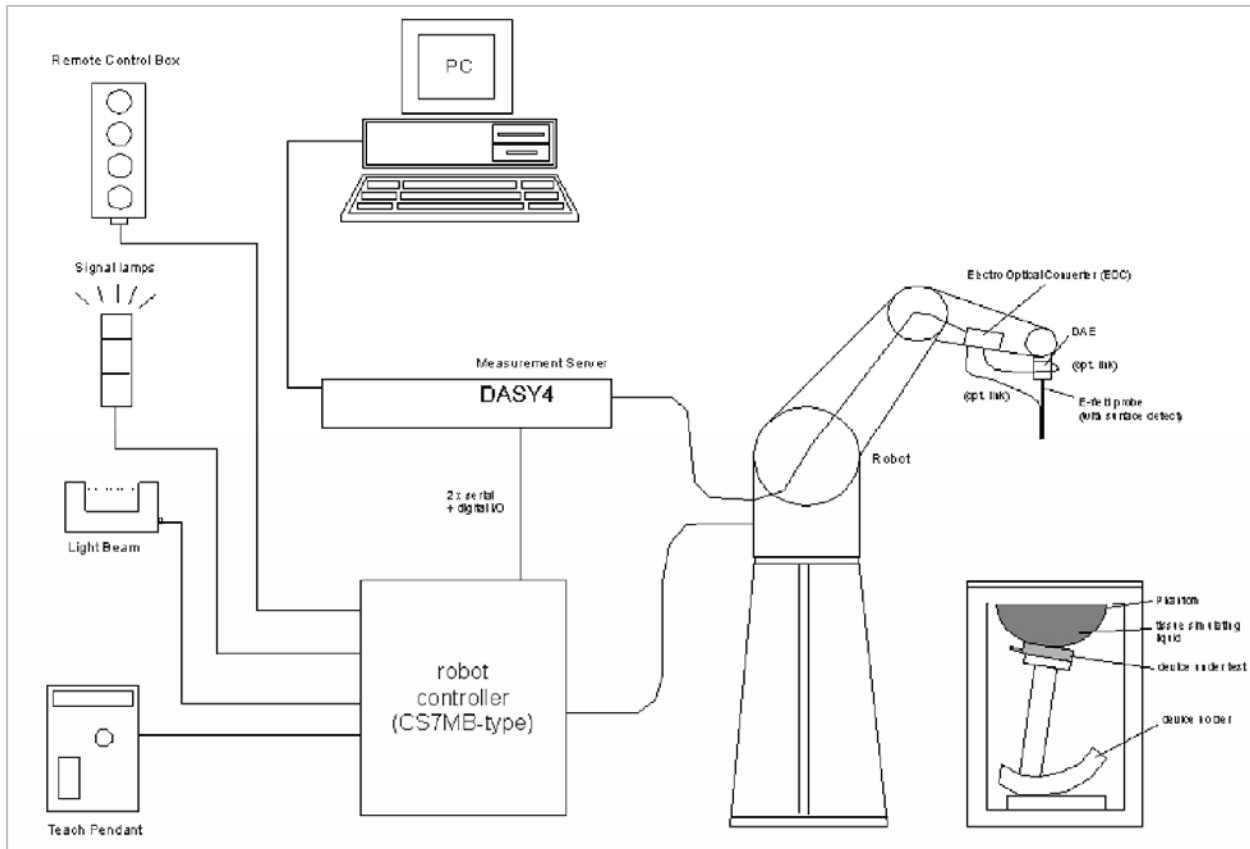
The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 561F Monterey Road, Morgan Hill, California, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."



CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at <http://www.ccsemc.com>.

No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

### 3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



**The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:**

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4 software.
- Remote controls with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

### 3.1 COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS FOR TISSUE SIMULATIG LIQUIDS

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16 MΩ+ resistivity

HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

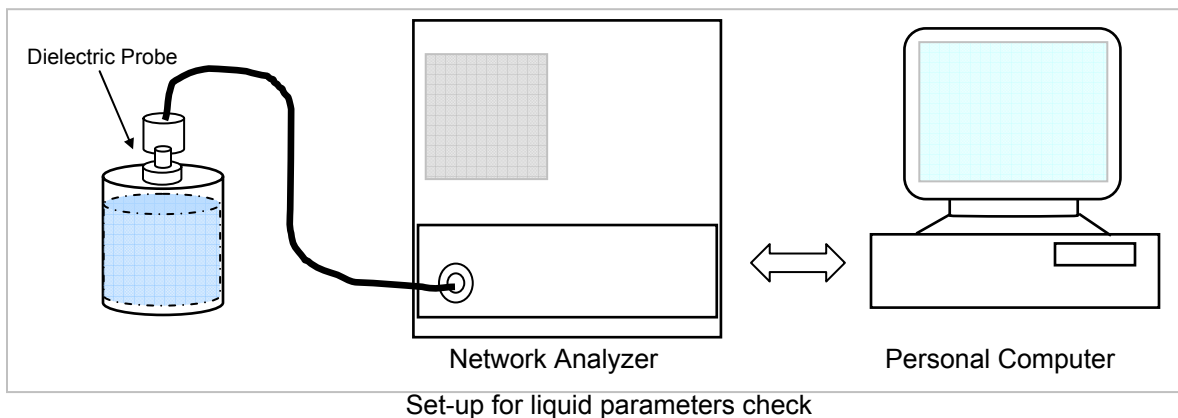
DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether



#### 4 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETERS CHECK

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine if the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within  $\pm 5\%$  of the values given in the table below.



#### Reference Values of Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantom (for 150 – 3000 MHz and 5800 MHz)

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in IEEE Standard 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE Standard 1528.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

( $\epsilon_r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ )

**4.1 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETER CHECK RESULT**

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 835 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 50%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Simulating Liquid			Parameters			Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)							
835	22	15	e'	52.954	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	52.9540	55.2	-4.07	± 5
			e''	20.7451	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	0.96365	0.97	-0.65	± 5

Liquid Check

Ambient temperature: 23.0 deg. C; Liquid temperature: 22.0 deg C

September 07, 2006 08:04 AM

Frequency	e'	e''
800000000.	53.2920	20.8435
805000000.	53.2347	20.8547
810000000.	53.1795	20.8201
815000000.	53.1672	20.7932
820000000.	53.1224	20.7668
825000000.	53.0652	20.7340
830000000.	52.9657	20.7497
835000000.	52.9540	20.7451
840000000.	52.9254	20.6919
845000000.	52.8434	20.6693
850000000.	52.7992	20.6876
855000000.	52.7551	20.6733
860000000.	52.7040	20.6082
865000000.	52.6147	20.6113
870000000.	52.5455	20.6072
875000000.	52.5170	20.5669
880000000.	52.4812	20.5614
885000000.	52.4150	20.5568
890000000.	52.3397	20.5246
895000000.	52.3122	20.5060
900000000.	52.2889	20.4962

The conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) can be given as:

$$\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 \epsilon'' = 2 \pi f \epsilon_0 \epsilon''$$

where  $f = \text{target } f * 10^6$ 

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.854 * 10^{-12}$$

## Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 1900 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 50%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Simulating Liquid			Parameters			Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)							
1900	22	15	e'	53.1535	Relative Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> ):	53.1535	53.3	-0.27	± 5
			e''	14.0334	Conductivity (σ):	1.48332	1.52	-2.41	± 5

## Liquid Check

Ambient temperature: 23.0 deg. C; Liquid temperature: 22.0 deg C

September 07, 2006 12:14 PM

Frequency	e'	e''
1710000000.	53.8210	13.3851
1720000000.	53.8003	13.4216
1730000000.	53.7516	13.4485
1740000000.	53.7218	13.5038
1750000000.	53.6747	13.5445
1760000000.	53.6260	13.5722
1770000000.	53.5930	13.6198
1780000000.	53.5351	13.6487
1790000000.	53.5150	13.6892
1800000000.	53.4726	13.7017
1810000000.	53.4550	13.7401
1820000000.	53.3913	13.7612
1830000000.	53.3506	13.8059
1840000000.	53.3316	13.8316
1850000000.	53.2944	13.8593
1860000000.	53.2746	13.9079
1870000000.	53.2228	13.9349
1880000000.	53.1932	13.9601
1890000000.	53.1851	13.9949
1900000000.	53.1535	14.0334
1910000000.	53.1062	14.0723

The conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) can be given as:

$$\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 \epsilon'' = 2 \pi f \epsilon_0 \epsilon''$$

where  $f = \text{target } f * 10^6$ 

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.854 * 10^{-12}$$

## 5 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ .

### System Performance Check Measurement Conditions

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with Body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY4 system with an Isotropic E-Field Probe EX3DV3-SN: 3531 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.  
For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 5 x 5 x 7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration(dx=dy=7.5mm; dz=5mm).  
For 5 GHz band - Special 8x8x8 fine cube was chosen for cube integration(dx=dy=4.3mm; dz=3mm)
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 4 mm.  
For 5 GHz band - Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.0mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW $\pm 3\%$ .
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

### Reference SAR Values for body-tissue

In the table below, the numerical reference SAR values of a SPEAG validation dipoles placed below the flat phantom filled with body-tissue simulating liquid are given. The reference SAR values were calculated using the finite-difference time-domain method and the geometry parameters.

Dipole Type	Distance (mm)	Frequency (MHz)	SAR (1g) [W/kg]	SAR (10g) [W/kg]	SAR (peak) [W/kg]
D450V2	15	450	5.01	3.36	7.22
D835V2	15	835	9.71	6.38	14.1
D900V2	15	900	11.1	7.17	16.3
D1450V2	10	1450	29.6	16.6	49.8
D1800V2	10	1800	38.5	20.3	67.5
D1900V2	10	1900	39.8	20.8	69.6
D2000V2	10	2000	40.9	21.2	71.5
D2450V2	10	2450	51.2	23.7	97.6

Note: All SAR values normalized to 1 W forward power.

**5.1 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS****System Validation Dipole: D835V2 SN:4d002**

Date: September 7, 2006

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 50%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Body Simulating Liquid			SAR (mW/g)		Normalized to 1 W	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)						
835	22	15	1g	2.47	9.88	9.71	1.75	± 10
			10g	1.63	6.52	6.38	2.19	± 10

**System Validation Dipole: D1900V2 SN:5d043**

Date: September 7, 2006

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 50%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Body Simulating Liquid			SAR (mW/g)		Normalized to 1 W	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)						
1900	22	15	1g	9.59	38.36	39.8	-3.62	± 10
			10g	5.11	20.44	20.8	-1.73	± 10

## 6 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

A summary of the procedure follows:

- a) A measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location is used as a reference value for assessing the power drop of the EUT. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test, and then again at the end of the test.
- b) The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the EUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 15 mm x 15 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

For 5 GHz band - The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 2.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the EUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

- c) Around this point, a volume of X=Y= 30 and Z=21 mm is assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:

For 5 GHz band - Around this point, a volume of X=Y=Z=30 mm is assessed by measuring 8 x 8 x 8 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:

- (i) The data at the surface are extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order is calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial is then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- (ii) The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g and 10 g) are computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"- condition (in x, y and z-direction). The volume is integrated with the trapezoidal – algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) are interpolated to calculate the averages.
- (iii) All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.
- (iv) The SAR value at the same location as in Step (a) is again measured to evaluate the actual power drift.

## 6.1 DASY4 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

### Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties (for example, 1.2 mm for an EX3DV3 probe type).

### Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

### Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

For 5 GHz band – Same as above except the Zoom Scan measures 8 x 8 x 8 points.

### Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

### Step 5: Z-Scan

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation, the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

## 7 PROCEDURE USED TO ESTABLISH TEST SIGNAL

The following procedures had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test.

The following setting is used to prepare the EUT in GSM850/1900MHz bands for the SAR test.

Agilent 8960 series 10 E5515C, Wireless Communication Test Set is used to control the EUT and measure the output power.

The following setting was used to establish the signal.

**System Config:** GSM/GPRS Mobile Test  
E1968A A.06.31

**Call Params:** BCH → Cell Band: GSM850/PCS  
TCH → Traffic Band: GSM850/PCS  
Traffic Channel: 128/192/251 or 512/661/810  
MS Tx Level: 0

PDTCH → Traffic Band: GSM850/PCS  
Traffic Channel: 128/192/251 512/661/810  
MS Tx Level: 0  
Coding Scheme: CS-4  
MultiSlot Config: 2up, 2 down

**Control:** Active Cell → GSM/GPRS/EGPRS

### GSM850, GPRS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)
128	824.2	31.82
192	836.6	31.91
251	848.8	32.07

### GSM1900, GPRS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)
512	1850.2	28.92
661	1880.0	29.87
810	1909.8	29.04

### GSM850, EGPRS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)
128	824.2	26.84
192	836.6	26.67
251	848.8	26.64

### GSM1900, EGPRS

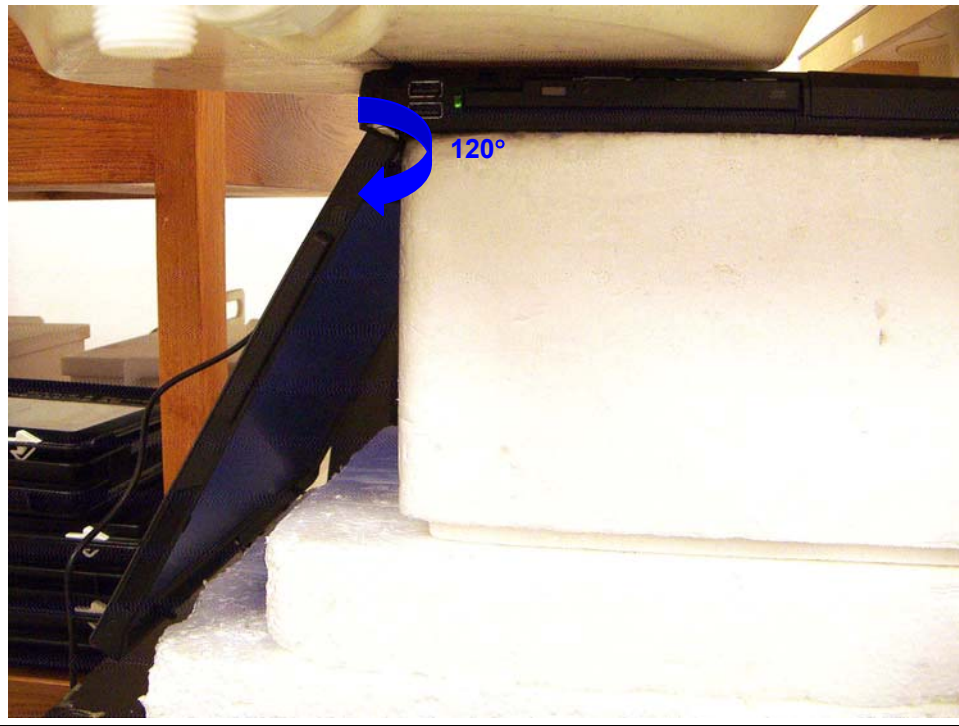
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)
512	1850.2	26.11
661	1880.0	26.02
810	1909.8	25.87



## 8 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

SAR tests are performed while EUT transmits at center channel for Cell and PCS band collocated with WLAN transmitting at center channels of each modes and bands

### 8.1 CELL BAND- LAP HELD

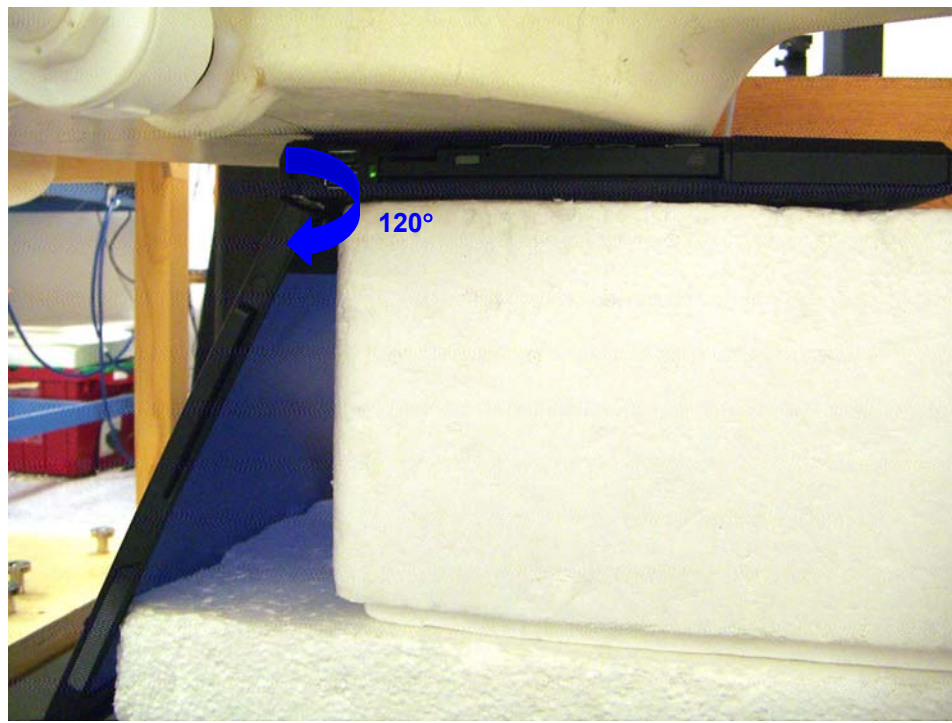


#### GSM 850

Test Mode	Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated <sup>1)</sup> SAR 1g (mW/g)
GPRS	190	836.6	0.101	0.000	<b>0.101</b>
	190 <sup>4)</sup>	836.6	0.103	0.000	<b>0.103</b>
	190 <sup>5)</sup>	836.6	0.103	0.000	0.103
	190 <sup>6)</sup>	836.6	0.103	0.000	0.103
	190 <sup>7)</sup>	836.6	0.103	0.000	0.103
	190 <sup>8)</sup>	836.6	0.101	0.000	0.101
	190 <sup>9)</sup>	836.6	0.102	0.000	0.102

#### Notes:

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is  $\text{Measured SAR} \times 10^{(-\text{drift}/10)}$ . The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.
- 4) Collocation with Atheros WLAN module FCC ID: PPD-AR5BXB72-L, g mode @ 2437MHz.
- 5) Collocation with Atheros WLAN module FCC ID: PPD-AR5BXB72-L, HT20 mode @ 2437MHz.
- 6) Collocation with Atheros WLAN module FCC ID: PPD-AR5BXB72-L, HT40 mode @ 2437MHz.
- 7) Collocation with Atheros WLAN module FCC ID: PPD-AR5BXB72-L, a mode @ 5260MHz.
- 8) Collocation with Atheros WLAN module FCC ID: PPD-AR5BXB72-L, HT20 mode @ 5260MHz.
- 9) Collocation with Atheros WLAN module FCC ID: PPD-AR5BXB72-L, HT40 mode @ 5260MHz.

**8.2 PCS BAND - LAP HELD****GSM 1900**

Test Mode	Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated <sup>1)</sup> SAR 1g (mW/g)
GPRS	661	1880.0	0.128	0.000	<b>0.128</b>
	661 <sup>4)</sup>	1880.0	0.134	0.000	<b>0.134</b>
	661 <sup>5)</sup>	1880.0	0.133	0.000	0.133
	661 <sup>6)</sup>	1880.0	0.133	0.000	0.133
	661 <sup>7)</sup>	1880.0	0.128	0.000	0.128
	661 <sup>8)</sup>	1880.0	0.127	0.000	0.127
	661 <sup>9)</sup>	1880.0	0.129	0.000	0.129

## Notes:

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is  $\text{Measured SAR} \times 10^{(-\text{drift}/10)}$ . The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.
- 4) Collocation with Atheros WLAN module FCC ID: PPD-AR5BXB72-L, g mode @ 2437MHz.
- 5) Collocation with Atheros WLAN module FCC ID: PPD-AR5BXB72-L, HT20 mode @ 2437MHz.
- 6) Collocation with Atheros WLAN module FCC ID: PPD-AR5BXB72-L, HT40 mode @ 2437MHz.
- 7) Collocation with Atheros WLAN module FCC ID: PPD-AR5BXB72-L, a mode @ 5260MHz.
- 8) Collocation with Atheros WLAN module FCC ID: PPD-AR5BXB72-L, HT20 mode @ 5260MHz.
- 9) Collocation with Atheros WLAN module FCC ID: PPD-AR5BXB72-L, HT40 mode @ 5260MHz.

## 9 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

### 9.1 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR 300 MHz – 3000 MHz

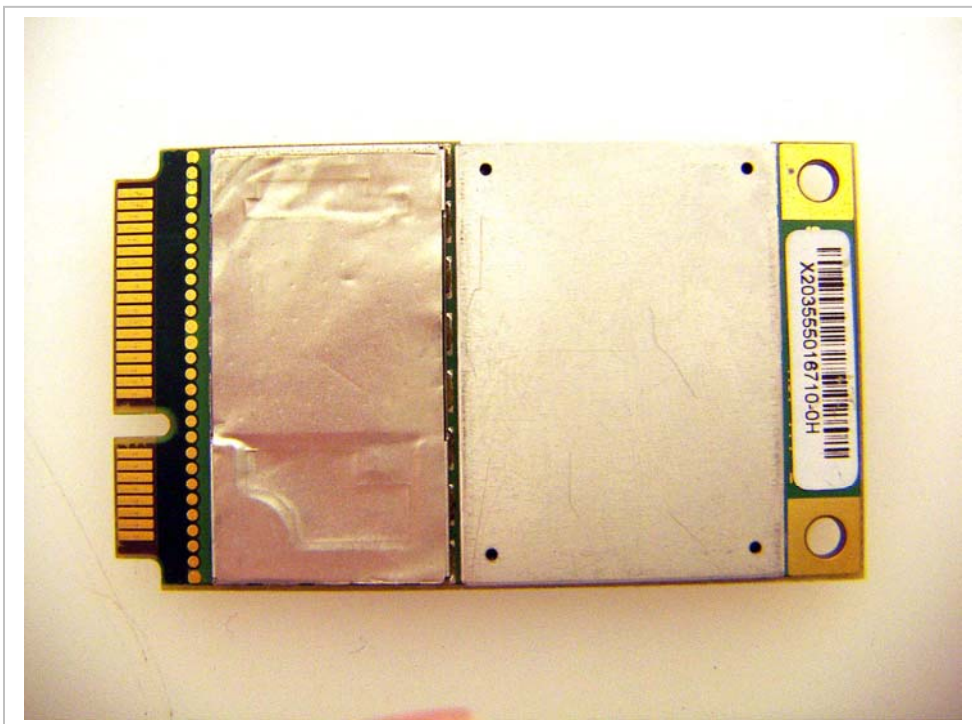
Uncertainty component	Tol. (±%)	Probe Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Std. Unc.(±%)	
						Ui (1g)	Ui(10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	4.80	N	1	1	1	4.80	4.80
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	1.92	1.92
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	3.92	3.92
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.71	2.71
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58
Readout Electronics	1.00	N	1	1	1	1.00	1.00
Response Time	0.80	R	1.732	1	1	0.46	0.46
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.50	1.50
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	1.59	R	1.732	1	1	0.92	0.92
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.00	0.00
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.23	0.23
Probe Positioning With Respect to Phantom Shell	2.90	R	1.732	1	1	1.67	1.67
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	3.90	R	1.732	1	1	2.25	2.25
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	1.10	N	1	1	1	1.10	1.10
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.60	3.60
Power and SAR Drift Measurement	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.89	2.89
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.31	2.31
Liquid Conductivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24
Liquid Conductivity - Meas.	8.60	N	1	0.64	0.43	5.50	3.70
Liquid Permittivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.6	0.49	1.73	1.41
Liquid Permittivity - Meas.	3.30	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.98	1.62
Combined Standard Uncertainty	RSS					11.44	10.49
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Interval)	K=2					22.87	20.98
Notes for table							
1. Tol. - tolerance in influence quaity							
2. N - Nomal							
3. R - Rectangular							
4. Div. - Divisor used to obtain standard uncertainty							
5. Ci - is te sensitivity coefficient							

**10 EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION**

<u>Name of Equipment</u>	<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Type/Model</u>	<u>Serial Number</u>	<u>Cal. Due date</u>
Robot - Six Axes	Stäubli	RX90BL	N/A	N/A
Robot Remote Control	Stäubli	CS7MB	3403-91535	N/A
DASY4 Measurement Server	SPEAG	SEUMS001BA	1041	N/A
Probe Alignment Unit	SPEAG	LB (V2)	261	N/A
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES-6	US39173569	2/9/07
Electronic Probe kit	Hewlett Packard	85070C	N/A	N/A
E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3552	5/30/07
Thermometer	ERTCO	639-1S	1718	1/11/07
SAM Phantom (SAM1)	SPEAG	TP-1185	QD000P40CA	N/A
SAM Phantom (SAM2)	SPEAG	TP-1015	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	558	1/20/07
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d002	1/23/08
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d043	1/29/08
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	706	4/27/08
Power Meter	Giga-tronics	8651A	8651404	12/27/06
Power Sensor	Giga-tronics	80701A	1834588	12/27/07
Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVE-8G	0360	N/A
Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	D072701-5	N/A
Radio Communication Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU 200	838114/032	3/21/07
Radio Communication Tester	Agilent	E1968A	GB46160222	1/29/2007
Simulating Liquid	CCS	M835	N/A	Within 24 hrs of first test
Simulating Liquid	CCS	M1900	N/A	Within 24 hrs of first test

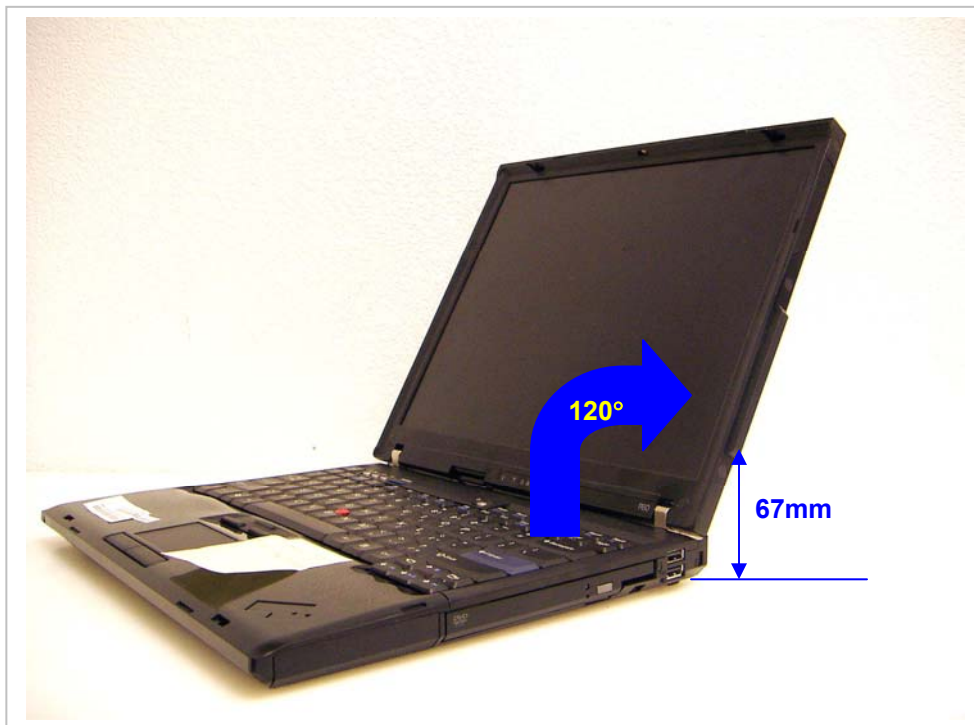
## 11 PHOTOS

EUT

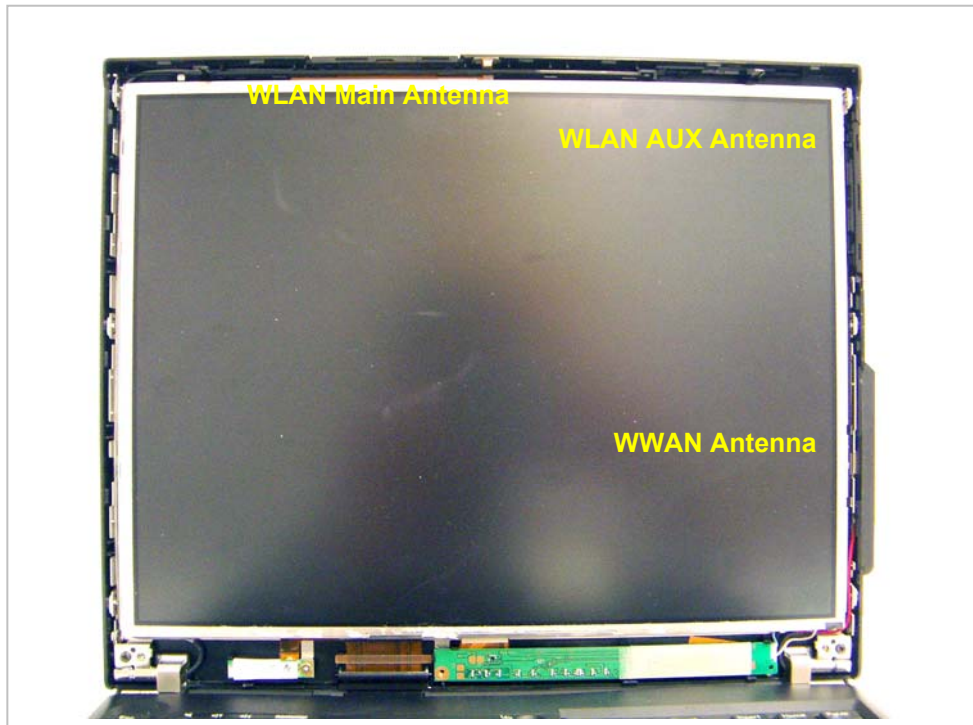




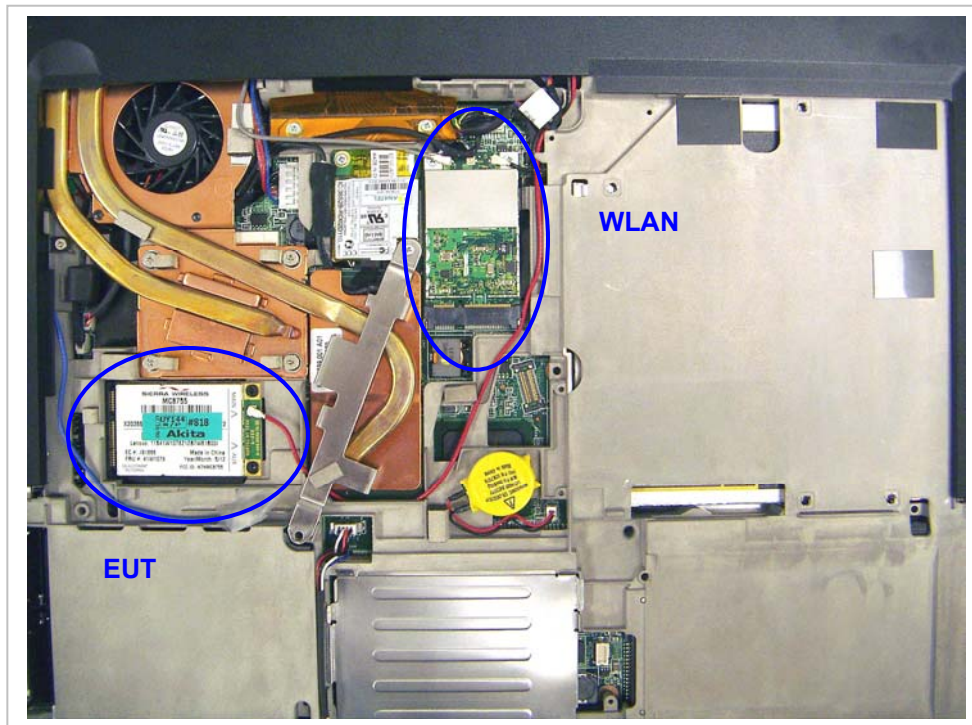
R Note 14"



## Antenna Location



EUT location





**12 ATTACHMENTS**

<b>No.</b>	<b>Contents</b>	<b>No. Of Pages</b>
1	System Performance Check Plots	4
2-1	SAR Test Plots-Cell band	12
2-2	SAR Test Plots-PCS band	7
3	Certificate of E-Field Probe - EXDV4SN3552	9
4	Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D835V2 SN:4d002	9
5	Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D1900V2 SN:5d043	9

**END OF REPORT**