FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant : Lenovo(Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.

Equipment: Portable Tablet Computer

Brand Name : Lenovo

Model Name: TB373FU, TB375FC

FCC ID : O57TB373FU

Standard : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Si Zhang

Si Zhang

lac-MRA



Report No. : FA442209

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)

No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
TEL: +86-512-57900158
FCC ID: O57TB373FU

Page 1 of 42 Issued Date : Jun. 24, 2024 Report Template No. : 200414

Table of Contents

1. Statement of Compliance	
2. Administration Data	5
3. Guidance Applied	
4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information	7
4.1 General Information	7
5. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test	8
6. RF Exposure Limits	
6.1 Uncontrolled Environment	
6.2 Controlled Environment	
6.3 RF Exposure limit for below 6GHz	12
6.4 RF Exposure limit for above 6GHz	13
7. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	
7.1 Introduction	
7.2 SAR Definition	
8. System Description and Setup	
8.1 E-Field Probe	
8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	
8.3 Phantom	
8.4 Device Holder	
9. Measurement Procedures	
9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	
9.2 Power Reference Measurement	20
9.3 Area Scan	
9.4 Zoom Scan	
9.5 Volume Scan Procedures	
9.6 Power Drift Monitoring	
10. Test Equipment List	22
11. SAR System Verification	
11.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids	
11.2 SAR Tissue Verification	24
11.3 SAR System Performance Check Results	
11.4 PD System Verification Results	26
12. RF Exposure Positions	27
12.1 SAR Testing for Tablet	27
12.2 Miscellaneous Testing Considerations	27
13. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)	28
14. Antenna Location	
15. SAR Test Results	
15.1 Body SAR Test Result	
15.2 PD Test Result	
16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	
16.1 Body Exposure Conditions	
16.2 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis	
17. Uncertainty Assessment	39
18. References	42
Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check	
Appendix B. Plots of High SAR and PD Measurement	
Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate	
Appendix D. Test Setup Photos	
Appendix E. Conducted RF Output Power Table	
Appendix F. Power reduction mechanism verification	

Report No. : FA442209

History of this test report

Report No. : FA442209

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA442209	01	Initial issue of report	Jun. 24, 2024

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Lenovo(Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd., Portable Tablet Computer, TB373FU, TB375FC,** are as follows.

Report No. : FA442209

		Reported SAR	Highest	Measured APD	Scaled PD
Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Body (Separation 0mm) (1g SAR W/kg)	Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)	Body (W/m^2)	psPD (W/m^2)
DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	1.09	1.33		
NII	5GHz WLAN	1.19	1.33		
6XD	6GHz WLAN	1.24	1.52	4.16	5.14
DSS	Bluetooth	0.21	1.52		
Date	e of Testing:	2024/5/17 ~ 2024/5/30			

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded is presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR) and Power density exposure limits (1 mW/cm^2 = 10 W/m^2) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093), ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and FCC 47 CFR Part1.1310, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 4 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

2. Administration Data

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Report No. : FA442209

Testing Laboratory			
Test Firm	Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)		
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL: +86-512-57900158		
·			FCC Test Firm Registration No.
Test Site No.	SAR06-KS SAR04-KS	CN1257	314309

	Applicant
Company Name	Lenovo(Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Section 304-305, Building No. 4, # 222, Meiyue Road, China (Shanghai) Pilot Free Trade Zone

	Manufacturer
Company Name	Lenovo PC HK Limited
Address	23/F, Lincoln House, Taikoo Place 979 King's Road, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong, China

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 5 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards.

Report No. : FA442209

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020
- SPEAG DASY6 System Handbook
- SPEAG DASY6 Application Note (Interim Procedure for Device Operation at 6GHz-10GHz)
- IEC TR 63170:2018
- · IEC 62479:2010
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 6 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	Portable Tablet Computer
Brand Name	Lenovo
Model Name	TB373FU, TB375FC
FCC ID	O57TB373FU
S/N	Sample 1: HA207QD6 Sample 2: HA20AFJ5 Sample 3: HA1ZPY3P
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz WLAN 6GHz U-NII-5: 5925 MHz ~ 6425 MHz WLAN 6GHz U-NII-6: 6425 MHz ~ 6525 MHz WLAN 6GHz U-NII-7: 6525 MHz ~ 6875 MHz WLAN 6GHz U-NII-7: 6525 MHz ~ 7125 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11ax HE20/HE40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac/ax VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/VHT160/HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160 WLAN 6GHz 802.11ax HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
HW Version	TB373FU, TB375FC
SW Version	TB373FU_RF01_240426, TB375FC_RF01_240426
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Pomark:	

Report No. : FA442209

Remark:

- 1. The EUT has no voice function.
- 2. The 2.4GHz/5GHz/6GHz WLAN can transmit in SISO/MIMO antenna mode.
- The device does not support UNII-8 CH233 (BW=20M, Center Frequency = 7115MHz).
 For ant1, the device employs proximity sensors that detect the presence of the user's body also a finger or hand near the bottom face of the device, reduced power will be active for all WLAN bands. (P-sensor can't work at detecting presence of the user's body at other edges of the device.)
- 5. This device will be equipped with keyboard, and its working modes are laptop and tablet, for the tablet mode test is more conservatively, so no need to evaluate laptop mode separately.
- 6. There are three types of EUT. The difference between them could be referred to the TB373FU, TB375FC_Operational Description of Product Equality Declaration which is exhibited separately. According to the differences, we choose sample 1 to perform full test, and the sample 2/3 are verified the difference with the sample 1.

Page 7 of 42 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) Issued Date : Jun. 24, 2024 TEL: +86-512-57900158 FCC ID: O57TB373FU Report Template No.: 200414

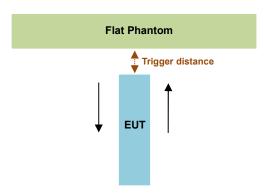
5. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test

<Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2)>:

 Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed according to the procedures outlined in KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2, and EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed and the tissue-equivalent medium for highest frequency 7125MHz and lowest 2450MHz frequency was used for proximity sensor triggering testing.

Report No.: FA442209

- 2. Capacitive proximity sensor placed coincident with antenna elements at the Bottom Face of the device are utilized to determine when the device comes in proximity of the user's body at the Bottom Face side of the device. There is no need to do sensor coverage testing for the proximity sensor is designed to support sufficient detection range and sensitivity to cover regions of the sensors in all applicable directions since the proximity sensor entirely covers the antenna.
- When the sensor is active, WLAN 2.4GHz / WLAN 5.2GHz / WLAN 5.3GHz / WLAN 5.5GHz / WLAN 5.8GHz / WLAN 6GHz reduced power will be active.
- 4. The sensors used to detect the proximity of the user's body at the Bottom Face side of the device use a detection threshold distance. The data shown in the sections below shows the distance(s).



	Proximity Sensor Triggering Distar	nce (mm)
Position	Bottom Fac	e
Position	Moving away	Moving towards
Minimum	15	12

<Proximity Sensor Triggering Coverage (KDB 616217 D04 section 6.3)>:

If a sensor is spatially offset from the antenna(s), it is necessary to verify sensor triggering for conditions where the antenna is next to the user but the sensor is laterally further away to ensure sensor coverage is sufficient for reducing the power to maintain compliance. For p-sensor coverage testing, the device is moved and "along the direction of maximum antenna and sensor offset".

Illustrated in the internal photo exhibit, although the senor is spatially offset, there is no trigger condition where the antenna is next to the user but the sensor is laterally further away, therefore proximity sensor coverage testing is not required.

This procedure is not required because antenna and sensor are collocated and the peak SAR location is overlapping with the sensor.

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page 8 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

Proximity sensor power reduction

Report No.: FA442209

Exposure Position / wireless mode	Bottom Face ⁽¹⁾	Edge 1	Edge 2	Edge 3	Edge 4
WLAN 2.4GHz Ant1	7.00dB	0dB	0dB	0dB	0dB
WLAN 2.4GHz Ant1+2	2.50dB	0dB	0dB	0dB	0dB
WLAN 5.2GHz Ant1	10.00dB	0dB	0dB	0dB	0dB
WLAN 5.2GHz Ant1+2	3.00dB	0dB	0dB	0dB	0dB
WLAN 5.3GHz Ant1	10.00dB	0dB	0dB	0dB	0dB
WLAN 5.3GHz Ant1+2	3.00dB	0dB	0dB	0dB	0dB
WLAN 5.5GHz Ant1	10.50dB	0dB	0dB	0dB	0dB
WLAN 5.5GHz Ant1+2	3.00dB	0dB	0dB	0dB	0dB
WLAN 5.8GHz Ant1	12.00dB	0dB	0dB	0dB	0dB
WLAN 5.8GHz Ant1+2	3.00dB	0dB	0dB	0dB	0dB
WLAN 6GHz Ant1	7.00dB	0dB	0dB	0dB	0dB
WLAN 6GHz Ant1+2	2.50dB	0dB	0dB	0dB	0dB

Remark:

- 1. (1): Reduced maximum limit applied by activation of proximity sensor.
- 2. Tests were performed in accordance with KDB 616217 D04 section 6.1, 6.2, 6.3 and 6.5 and compliant results are shown and described in exhibit "P-Sensor operational description
- 3. For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance was performed:
- · Bottom Face: 11 mm

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 9 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

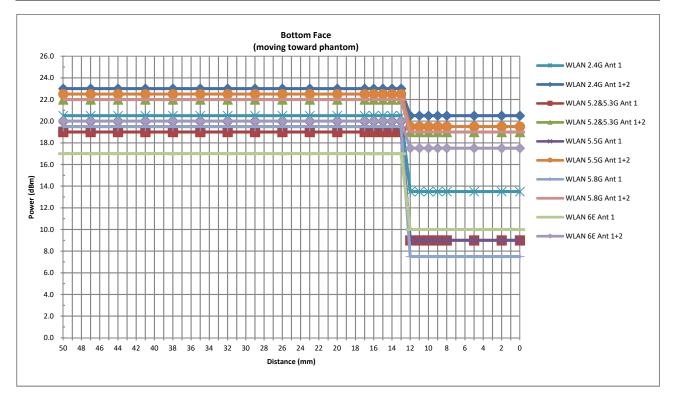
 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414



SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

Power Measurement during Sensor Trigger distance testing

Band/Mode	Measured power	Reduction Levels	
Dariu/Mode	w/o power back-off	w/ power back-off	(dB)
WLAN 2.4GHz Ant1	20.50	13.50	7.00
WLAN 2.4GHz Ant1+2	23.00	20.50	2.50
WLAN 5.2GHz Ant1	19.00	9.00	10.00
WLAN 5.2GHz Ant1+2	22.00	19.00	3.00
WLAN 5.3GHz Ant1	19.00	9.00	10.00
WLAN 5.3GHz Ant1+2	22.00	19.00	3.00
WLAN 5.5GHz Ant1	19.50	9.00	10.50
WLAN 5.5GHz Ant1+2	22.50	19.50	3.00
WLAN 5.8GHz Ant1	19.50	7.50	12.00
WLAN 5.8GHz Ant1+2	22.00	19.00	3.00
WLAN 6GHz Ant1	17.00	10.00	7.00
WLAN 6GHz Ant1+2	20.00	17.50	2.50



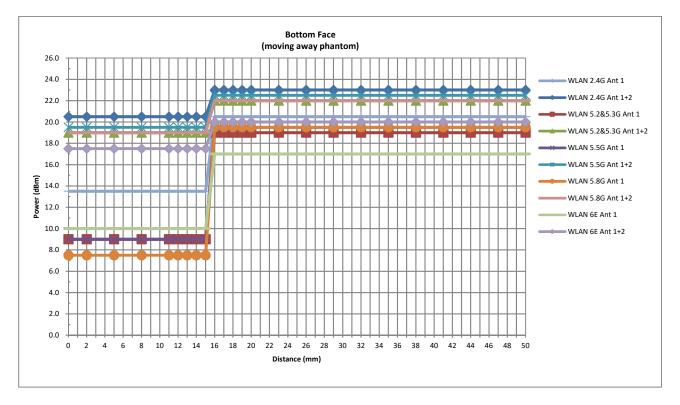
Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)

TEL: +86-512-57900158 FCC ID: O57TB373FU Page 10 of 42 Issued Date : Jun. 24, 2024

Report No. : FA442209

Report Template No.: 200414





TEL: +86-512-57900158 FCC ID: O57TB373FU Page 11 of 42 Issued Date : Jun. 24, 2024

Report Template No.: 200414

6. RF Exposure Limits

6.1 <u>Uncontrolled Environment</u>

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Report No.: FA442209

6.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

6.3 RF Exposure limit for below 6GHz

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 12 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

6.4 RF Exposure limit for above 6GHz

According to ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, the criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1310. The unit of power density evaluation is W/m² or mW/cm².

Report No.: FA442209

Peak Spatially Averaged Power Density was evaluated over a circular area of 4cm² per interim FCC Guidance for near-field power density evaluations per October 2018 TCB Workshop notes

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)
800 - AV	(A) Limits for O	ccupational/Controlled Expos	sures	W 22
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0-30	1842/	f 4.89/1	*(900/ f 2)	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			f/300	6
1500-100,000			5	6
	(B) Limits for Gene	ral Population/Uncontrolled I	Exposure	
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34-30	824/	f 2.19/1	*(180/f2)	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			f/1500	30
1500-100,000		3	1.0	30

Note: 1.0 mW/cm² is 10 W/m²

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 13 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

7. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

7.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

Report No.: FA442209

7.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

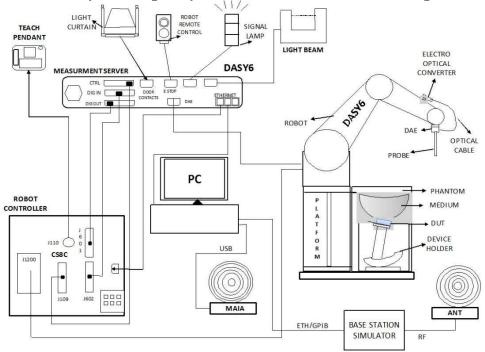
 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 14 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

8. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



Report No. : FA442209

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 or Win10 and the DASY5 or DASY6⁽¹⁾ software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

Note: 1. DASY6 software used: DASY6 mmWave V3.0.0.841 and older generations and used the developed Plane-to-Plane Phase Reconstruction (PTP-PR) Algorithm which was used in PD measurement.

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 15 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

8.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)		
Frequency	4 MHz – >10 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 10 GHz)		
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)		
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μW/g)		
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm		



Report No. : FA442209

8.2 <u>Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)</u>

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Photo of DAE

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 16 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

8.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

-O7 and 1 William India		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	701
	·	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	1 //
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

Report No.: FA442209

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 + 0.2 mm (conging) <10/	
	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices or for evaluating transmitters operating at low frequencies. ELI is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 17 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

8.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





Report No. : FA442209

Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 18 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (b) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

(a) Use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.

Report No.: FA442209

- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 19 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Report No.: FA442209

9.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°		
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area},\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.			

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 20 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

9.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Report No.: FA442209

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	olution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm*	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
gger-revenousfilled	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·Δ	Z _{Zoom} (n-1)
finimum zoom scan blume x, y, z			≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

9.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 21 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

10. Test Equipment List

Manageratura	Name of Employment	Towns (Manual ed	O and all Normal	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	SPEAG 2450MHz System Validation Kit		1095	2024/2/8	2025/2/7
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1113	2022/9/23	2025/9/22
SPEAG	6500MHz System Validation Kit	D6.5GHzV2	1031	2023/2/22	2026/2/21
SPEAG	5G Verification Source	10GHz	2005	2023/11/20	2024/11/19
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1691	2024/4/19	2025/4/18
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1303	2023/11/20	2024/11/19
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7706	2024/1/24	2025/1/23
SPEAG	EUmmWV Probe Tip Protection	EUmmWV4	9553	2023/10/18	2024/10/17
SPEAG	mmWave Phantom	mmWave	1065	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	ELI Phantom	ELI V8.0	TP-2134	NCR	NCR
CHIGO	Thermo-Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332126	2023/7/10	2024/7/9
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Generator	SMB100A	100455	2024/1/2	2025/1/1
Keysight	Preamplifier	83017A	MY57280111	2023/7/5	2024/7/4
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6262306175	2023/7/5	2024/7/4
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	2023/7/5	2024/7/4
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1144	2023/8/17	2024/8/16
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2024/1/2	2025/1/1
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Generator	SMB100A	175779	2023/12/28	2024/12/27
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2023/7/5	2024/7/4
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2023/7/5	2024/7/4
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2023/7/5	2024/7/4
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRP50S	101385	2023/10/11	2024/10/10
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRP50S	101254	2023/4/6	2024/4/5
R&S	BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	100641	2024/1/2	2025/1/1
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2023/10/11	2024/10/10
TES	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	1310	220305411	2023/7/8	2024/7/7
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	No	te 1
mini-circuits	amplifier	ZVE-3W-83+	162601250	No	te 1
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	No	te 1
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	No	te 1
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	No	te 1
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	No	te 1
ET Industries	Dual Directional Coupler	C-058-10	N/A	No	te 1
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	No	te 1

Report No.: FA442209

General Note:

- 1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.
- 2. The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification according to KDB 865664 D01. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval. The justification data in appendix C can be found which the return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration for each dipole.

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 22 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

11. SAR System Verification

11.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1.

Report No.: FA442209



Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

11.2 SAR Tissue Verification

The tissue dielectric parameters of tissue-equivalent media used for SAR measurements must be characterized within a temperature range of $18\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ to $25\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$, measured with calibrated instruments and apparatuses, such as network analyzers and temperature probes. The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium during SAR measurement must also be within $18\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ to $25\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ and within $\pm\,2\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The tissue dielectric measurement system must be calibrated before use. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements.

Report No.: FA442209

The liquid tissue depth was at least 15cm in the phantom for all SAR testing

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)					
	For Head												
2450	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2						

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)		
Water	64~78%		
Mineral oil	11~18%		
Emulsifiers	9~15%		
Additives and Salt	2~3%		

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

requency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)		Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	Head	22.8	1.740	39.300	1.80	39.20	-3.33	0.26	±5	2024/5/17
5250	Head	22.7	4.570	35.700	4.71	35.90	- 2.97	-0.56	±5	2024/5/18
5600	Head	22.7	4.950	35.100	5.07	35.50	-2.37	-1.13	±5	2024/5/19
5750	Head	22.9	5.110	34.900	5.22	35.40	-2.11	-1.41	±5	2024/5/20
6500	Head	22.8	6.060	34.500	6.07	34.50	-0.16	0.00	±5	2024/5/21

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 24 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

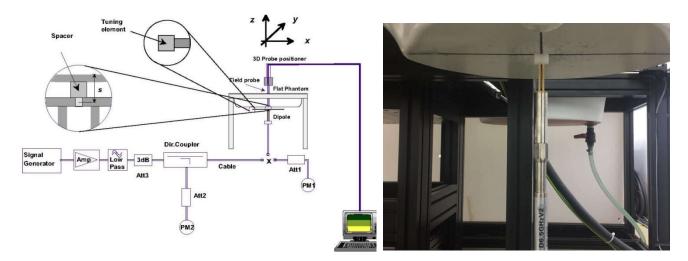
 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

11.3 SAR System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<1g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2024/5/17	2450	Head	50	1095	7706	1691	2.660	52.60	53.2	1.14
2024/5/18	5250	Head	50	1113	7706	1691	4.170	81.50	83.4	2.33
2024/5/19	5600	Head	50	1113	7706	1691	4.450	82.60	89	7.75
2024/5/20	5750	Head	50	1113	7706	1691	4.230	80.80	84.6	4.70
2024/5/21	6500	Head	50	1031	7706	1691	15.900	297.00	318	7.07



System Performance Check Setup

Setup Photo

Report No.: FA442209

TEL: +86-512-57900158 FCC ID: O57TB373FU Page 25 of 42 Issued Date : Jun. 24, 2024

Report Template No.: 200414

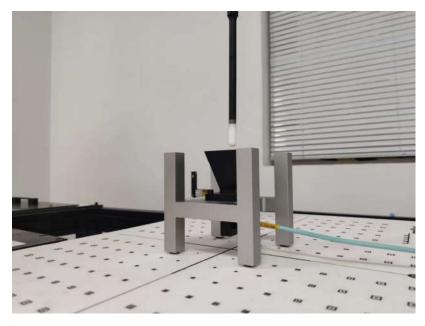
11.4 PD System Verification Results

The system was verified to be within ±0.66 dB of the power density targets on the calibration certificate according to the test system specification in the user's manual and calibration facility recommendation. The 0.66 dB deviation threshold represents the expanded uncertainty for system performance checks using SPEAG's mmWave verification sources. The same spatial resolution and measurement region used in the source calibration was applied during the system check. The measured power density distribution of verification source was also confirmed through visual inspection to have no noticeable differences, both spatially (shape) and numerically (level) from the distribution provided by the manufacturer, per November 2017 TCBC Workshop Notes.

Report No. : FA442209

	Frequency (GHz)	5G Verification Source	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Distance (mm)	Input Power (mW)	Measured 4 cm ² (W/m ²)		Targeted 4 cm ² (W/m ²)	Deviation (dB)	Date
ĺ	10	10GHz_2005	9553	1303	10	63	64.7	162.7	161	0.05	2024/5/30

Note: (1) means the measured PD was normalized to Prad power which can be referred to DASY Calibration Certificate in appendix C.



System Verification Setup Photo

12. RF Exposure Positions

12.1 SAR Testing for Tablet

This device can be used also in full sized tablet exposure conditions, due to its size. Per FCC KDB 616217, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR exclusion threshold in KDB 447498 D01v06 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

Report No.: FA442209

<EUT Setup Photos>

Please refer to Appendix D for the test setup photos.

12.2 Miscellaneous Testing Considerations

- > Evaluate SAR using 6-7 GHz parameters per IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020.
- Per procedures of KDB Pubs. 447498 and 248227, and applicable product-specific procedures among KDB Pubs. 648474 (handsets/phablets).
- Where supported by the test system, also report estimated absorbed (epithelial) power density (for reference purposes only, not specifically for compliance) and estimated incident PD, derived from measured SAR.
- In addition, for the highest SAR test configurations evaluate incident PD using the mmw near-field probe and total-field/power-density reconstruction method (2 mm closest meas. plane)
 - Adjust measured results per amount that measurement uncertainty exceeds 30 % (see e.g. IEC 62479:2010)

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 27 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

13. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

For each antenna, transmit power in SISO operation is larger than (or equal to) the power in MIMO operation, RF
exposure compliance of MIMO mode can be deduced from the compliance simultaneous transmission of antennas
operating in SISO mode. So WLAN SAR testing was performed on SISO antenna, MIMO SAR base on standalone
SAR summed together as MIMO SAR.

Report No. : FA442209

- 2. For each frequency band or when MIMO mode was not performed, due to for each antenna, transmit power in SISO operation is larger than (or equal to) the power in MIMO operation, RF exposure compliance of MIMO mode can be deduced from the compliance simultaneous transmission of antennas operating in SISO mode.
- 3. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, the simultaneous SAR provisions in KDB publication 447498 should be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for WiFi MIMO. If the sum of 1g single transmission chain SAR measurements is < 1.6W/kg and SAR peak to location ratio ≤ 0.04, no additional SAR measurements for MIMO.
- 4. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, the simultaneous SAR provisions in KDB publication 447498 should be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for WiFi MIMO. If the sum of 1g single transmission chain SAR measurements is < 1.6W/kg and SAR peak to location ratio ≤ 0.04, no additional SAR measurements for MIMO.</p>
- 5. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures. For "Not required", SAR Test reduction was applied from KDB 248227 guidance, Sec. 2.1, b), 1) when the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band or when MIMO mode was not performed, due to for each antenna, transmit power in SISO operation is larger than (or equal to) the power in MIMO operation, RF exposure compliance of MIMO mode can be deduced from the compliance simultaneous transmission of antennas operating in SISO mode. Additional output power measurements were not necessary.
- 6. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
- 7. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 8. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 9. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 28 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414



FCC SAR Test Report

b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.

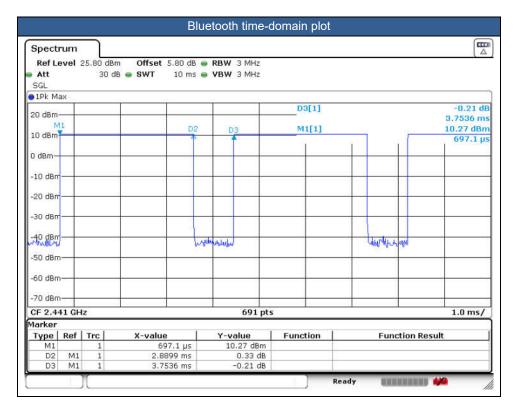
Report No.: FA442209

- c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 802.11 ax supports both full tone size mode and partial tone size mode, after verification on partial tone size mode that partial size tone mode power will not be higher than full tone size mode, therefore, full tone mode power was chosen to be measured in this report.
- 11. In applying the test guidance, the IEEE 802.11 mode with the maximum output power (out of all modes) should be considered for testing
- 12. For modes with the same maximum output power, the guidance from section 5.3.2 a) of FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 should be applied, with 802.11ax being considered as the highest 802.11 mode for the appropriate frequency bands
- 13. When SAR testing for 802.11ax is required
 - If the maximum output power is highest for OFDMA scenarios, choose the tone size with the maximum number
 of tones and the highest maximum output power
 - b. Otherwise, consider the fully allocated channel for SAR testing
 - c. When SAR testing is required on RU sizes less than the fully allocated channel, use the RU number closest to the middle of the channel, choosing the higher RU number when two RUs are equidistant to the middle of the channel

<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

General Note:

- 1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
- 2. The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.99% as following figure, Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation.



 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 29 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

14. Antenna Location

The detailed antenna location information can refer to SAR Test Setup Photos.

<SAR test exclusion table> **General Note:**

1. The below table, when the distance is < 50 mm exclusion threshold is "Ratio", when the distance is > 50 mm exclusion threshold is "mW'

Report No.: FA442209

- 2. Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 4. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the test separation distance is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold.
- 5. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-q and 10-q SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 6. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
 - a) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·(f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 - b) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm) 10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

	Wireless Interface	BT ANT 1	2.4GHz WLAN ANT 1	2.4GHz WLAN ANT 2	5/6GHz WLAN ANT 1	5/6GHz WLAN ANT 2
Exposure Position	Calculated Frequency (MHz)	2480	2462	2462	5825	5825
	Maximum power (dBm)	12.5	20.5	20.0	19.5	19.5
	Maximum rated power(mW)	17.78	112.20	100.00	89.13	89.13
	Separation distance(mm)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Bottom Face	exclusion threshold	5.6	35.2	31.4	43.0	43.0
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Separation distance(mm)	10.9	10.9	5.0	10.9	5.0
Edge 1	exclusion threshold	2.6	16.2	31.4	19.7	43.0
	Testing required?	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Separation distance(mm)	240.6	240.6	7.3	240.6	7.3
Edge 2	exclusion threshold	2001.0	2002.0	21.5	1968.0	29.5
	Testing required?	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
	Separation distance(mm)	153.1	153.1	165.7	153.1	165.7
Edge 3	exclusion threshold	1126.0	1127.0	1253.0	1093.0	1219.0
	Testing required?	No	No	No	No	No
	Separation distance(mm)	14.7	14.7	230.4	14.7	230.4
Edge 4	exclusion threshold	1.9	12.0	1900.0	14.6	1866.0
	Testing required?	No	Yes	No	Yes	No

Page 30 of 42 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) Issued Date : Jun. 24, 2024 TEL: +86-512-57900158 FCC ID: O57TB373FU Report Template No.: 200414

15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Report No.: FA442209

- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For SAR testing of Bluetooth signal with 83.3% theoretical duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle) *83.3%".
- d. For WLAN/BT: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 4. For WLAN 6GHz doesn't support wireless router capability.
- 5. Per FCC guidance, SAR was performed using 6.5 GHz SAR probe calibration factors.
- 6. Per October 2020 TCB Workshop Interim procedures, start instead with a minimum of 5 test channels across the full band, then adapt and apply conducted power and SAR test reduction procedures of KDB Pub. 248227 v02r02
- 7. Absorbed power density (APD) using a 4cm2 averaging area is reported based on SAR measurements.
- 8. As long as either sensor was triggered, conducted power of MIMO mode for Ant1 and Ant2 could be reduced.

WLAN SAR Note:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
- 3. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, when SAR measurement is required for at least one of the two U-NII bands and the highest reported SAR adjusted by the ratio of specified maximum output power of aggregated to standalone band is < 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the 160 MHz channel.
- 4. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested
- 6. The 2.4GHz/5GHz/6GHz WLAN can transmit in SISO/MIMO antenna mode.
- 7. For the conducted power measurement is MIMO chains transmitting simultaneously and measured the separately conducted power for both chains and then based on the conducted power of two antennas respectively to calculate sum of the power for MIMO mode.
- 8. For each antenna, transmit power in SISO operation is larger than or equal to the power in MIMO operation, RF exposure compliance of MIMO mode can be deduced from the compliance simultaneous transmission of antennas operating in SISO mode. So WLAN SAR testing was performed on SISO antenna, MIMO SAR base on standalone SAR summed together as MIMO SAR.
- 9. During SAR testing the WLAN 6GHz transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
- 10. When SAR testing for 802.11ax is required
 - d. If the maximum output power is highest for OFDMA scenarios, choose the tone size with the maximum number of tones and the highest maximum output power
 - e. Otherwise, consider the fully allocated channel for SAR testing
 - When SAR testing is required on RU sizes less than the fully allocated channel, use the RU number closest to the middle of the channel, choosing the higher RU number when two RUs are equidistant to the middle of the channel.

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 31 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414



SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

15.1 Body SAR Test Result

Plot	Band	Mode	Test	Gap	Antenna	Power	Ch.	Freq.	Sample		Tune-Up Limit	Tune-up Scaling		Duty Cycle	Power Drift	Measure d 1g SAR	
No.	2		Position	(mm)		State	•	(MHz)	oup.o	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	%	Scaling Factor	(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
						2450M	Hz										
01	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	1	2412	1	12.01	13.50	1.409	99.31	1.007	-0.04	0.766	1.087
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	1	2412	2	12.01	13.50	1.409	99.31	1.007	0.09	0.701	0.995
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	1	2412	3	12.01	13.50	1.409	99.31	1.007	-0.05	0.758	1.076
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge1	0mm	Ant1	Full Power	1	2412	1	18.99	20.50	1.416	99.31	1.007	-0.18	0.094	0.134
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge4	0mm	Ant1	Full Power	1	2412	1	18.99	20.50	1.416	99.31	1.007	0.03	0.096	0.137
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	6	2437	1	11.75	13.50	1.496	99.31	1.007	-0.15	0.618	0.931
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	11	2462	1	11.58	13.50	1.556	99.31	1.007	-0.15	0.655	1.026
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	11mm	Ant1	Full Power	1	2412	1	18.99	20.50	1.416	99.31	1.007	0.11	0.759	1.082
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	1	2412	1	18.55	20.00	1.396	99.31	1.007	0.08	0.000	0.000
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	1	2412	1	18.55	20.00	1.396	99.31	1.007	0.01	0.185	0.260
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	1	2412	2	18.55	20.00	1.396	99.31	1.007	-0.06	0.177	0.249
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	1	2412	3	18.55	20.00	1.396	99.31	1.007	0.09	0.165	0.232
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge2	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	1	2412	1	18.55	20.00	1.396	99.31	1.007	0.01	0.153	0.215
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	6	2437	1	17.18	19.00	1.521	99.31	1.007	0.06	0.114	0.175
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	11	2462	1	17.87	19.50	1.455	99.31	1.007	-0.08	0.126	0.185
İ	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Full Power	39	2441	1	11.57	12.50	1.240	76.99	1.082	0.08	0.106	0.142
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Edge1	0mm	Ant1	Full Power	39	2441	1	11.57	12.50	1.240	76.99	1.082	0.01	0.000	0.000
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Edge4	0mm	Ant1	Full Power	39	2441	1	11.57	12.50	1.240	76.99	1.082	0.03	0.000	0.000
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Full Power	0	2402	1	10.85	12.50	1.464	76.99	1.082	-0.08	0.110	0.174
02	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Full Power	78	2480	1	11.06	12.50	1.395	76.99	1.082	-0.18	0.141	0.213
						5000MI			· ·								0.2.10
03	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	58	5290	1	8.05	9.00	1.245	86.32	1.158	0.05	0.780	1.124
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	58	5290	2	8.05	9.00	1.245	86.32	1.158	0.11	0.660	0.951
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	58	5290	3	8.05	9.00	1.245	86.32	1.158	0.05	0.746	1.075
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant1	Full Power	54	5270	1	17.11	19.00	1.545	92.63	1.080	-0.08	0.124	0.207
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge4	0mm	Ant1	Full Power	54	5270	1	17.11	19.00	1.545	92.63	1.080	-0.17	0.070	0.117
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	11mm	Ant1	Full Power	54	5270	1	17.11	19.00	1.545	92.63	1.080	-0.08	0.454	0.758
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	54	5270	1	17.66	19.00	1.361	92.63		-0.08	0.068	0.100
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	54	5270	1	17.66	19.00	1.361	92.63		0.17	0.485	0.713
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	54	5270	2	17.66	19.00	1.361	92.63	1.080	0.09	0.471	0.693
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	54	5270	3	17.66	19.00	1.361	92.63	1.080	-0.01	0.466	0.685
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge2	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	54	5270	1	17.66	19.00	1.361	92.63	1.080	-0.01	0.400	0.366
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	62	5310	1	15.18	16.50	1.355	92.63	1.080	0.04	0.249	0.362
0.4									1								
04	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	138	5690	1	7.98	9.00	1.265	86.32		0.02	0.811	1.188
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on			2	7.98	9.00	1.265	86.32		0.03	0.656	0.961
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1			5690	3	7.98	9.00	1.265	86.32	1.158	0.07	0.791	1.158
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant1	Full Power			1	17.97	19.50	1.422	86.32		-0.04	0.218	0.359
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge4	0mm	Ant1	Full Power		5690	1	17.97	19.50	1.422	86.32		-0.08	0.056	0.092
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1		106	5530	1	7.30	9.00	1.480	86.32	1.158	0.17	0.575	0.985
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	122	5610	1	7.05	9.00	1.567	86.32	1.158	0.18	0.592	1.074
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	11mm	Ant1	Full Power	138	5690	1	17.97	19.50	1.422	86.32	1.158	-0.04	0.556	0.916
\sqcup	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	138		1	17.97	19.50	1.422	86.32		-0.18	0.011	0.018
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	138	5690	1	17.97	19.50	1.422	86.32	1.158	0.02	0.702	1.156
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	138	5690	2	17.97	19.50	1.422	86.32		0.06	0.695	1.145
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	138		3	17.97	19.50	1.422	86.32		-0.02	0.661	1.089
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge2	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	138		1	17.97	19.50	1.422	86.32		0.1	0.146	0.240
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	106	5530	1	11.59	13.50	1.552	86.32	1.158	0.08	0.160	0.288
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	122	5610	1	17.02	19.00	1.578	86.32	1.158	-0.17	0.487	0.890
05	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	155	5775	1	6.61	7.50	1.227	86.32	1.158	0.05	0.828	1.177
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	155	5775	2	6.61	7.50	1.227	86.32	1.158	-0.06	0.681	0.968
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	155	5775	3	6.61	7.50	1.227	86.32	1.158	-0.04	0.696	0.989

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)

TEL: +86-512-57900158 FCC ID: O57TB373FU Page 32 of 42 Issued Date : Jun. 24, 2024 Report Template No. : 200414

Report No.: FA442209



SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

SPOR	PORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report No.: FA442209																
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant1	Full Power	155	5775	1	17.76	19.50	1.493	86.32	1.158	-0.08	0.325	0.562
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge4	0mm	Ant1	Full Power	155	5775	1	17.76	19.50	1.493	86.32	1.158	-0.13	0.081	0.140
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	11mm	Ant1	Full Power	155	5775	1	17.76	19.50	1.493	86.32	1.158	-0.13	0.526	0.909
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	155	5775	1	17.15	19.00	1.531	86.32	1.158	-0.03	0.139	0.246
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	155	5775	1	17.15	19.00	1.531	86.32	1.158	-0.03	0.636	1.128
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	155	5775	2	17.15	19.00	1.531	86.32	1.158	-0.03	0.617	1.094
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	155	5775	3	17.15	19.00	1.531	86.32	1.158	-0.03	0.584	1.035
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge2	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	155	5775	1	17.15	19.00	1.531	86.32	1.158	0.14	0.171	0.303

<WLAN6G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cuala	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Duide	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Measured APD (W/m^2)
							6	оомн	z									
06	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	215	7025	1	8.92	10.00	1.284	86.58	1.155	-0.12	0.839	1.244	4.16
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	215	7025	2	8.92	10.00	1.284	86.58	1.155	0.09	0.811	1.202	4.02
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	215	7025	3	8.92	10.00	1.284	86.58	1.155	-0.06	0.807	1.196	3.84
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	7	5985	1	6.86	7.50	1.160	86.58	1.155	-0.06	0.823	1.103	3.48
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	71	6305	1	6.35	7.50	1.304	86.58	1.155	0.03	0.688	1.037	2.95
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	119	6545	1	7.21	8.50	1.346	86.58	1.155	0.05	0.788	1.225	3.71
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	Sensor on	167	6785	1	7.94	9.00	1.278	86.58	1.155	-0.01	0.795	1.173	3.85
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant1	Full Power	7	5985	1	15.40	17.00	1.445	86.58	1.155	0.01	0.010	0.017	0.048
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Edge4	0mm	Ant1	Full Power	7	5985	1	15.40	17.00	1.445	86.58	1.155	0	0.000	0.000	0
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	11mm	Ant1	Full Power	7	5985	1	15.40	17.00	1.445	86.58	1.155	0.05	0.302	0.504	1.46
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	11mm	Ant1	Full Power	71	6305	1	15.17	17.00	1.524	86.58	1.155	0.06	0.375	0.660	1.82
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	11mm	Ant1	Full Power	119	6545	1	14.65	16.50	1.531	86.58	1.155	-0.03	0.307	0.543	1.49
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	11mm	Ant1	Full Power	167	6785	1	14.53	16.00	1.403	86.58	1.155	-0.03	0.266	0.431	1.29
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	11mm	Ant1	Full Power	215	7025	1	14.08	15.00	1.236	86.58	1.155	0.08	0.222	0.317	1.08
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	7	5985	1	15.28	17.00	1.487	86.58	1.155	-0.18	0.038	0.065	0.235
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	7	5985	1	15.28	17.00	1.487	86.58	1.155	0.02	0.334	0.574	2.65
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	71	6305	1	15.02	17.00	1.579	86.58	1.155	0.07	0.357	0.651	2.77
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	119	6545	1	14.58	16.50	1.558	86.58	1.155	-0.05	0.395	0.711	3.03
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	119	6545	2	14.58	16.50	1.558	86.58	1.155	0.05	0.326	0.586	2.41
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	119	6545	3	14.58	16.50	1.558	86.58	1.155	-0.11	0.300	0.540	2.52
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	167	6785	1	14.44	16.00	1.434	86.58	1.155	0.06	0.394	0.652	2.98
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Edge1	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	215	7025	1	13.49	15.00	1.417	86.58	1.155	-0.02	0.202	0.331	1.49
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Edge2	0mm	Ant2	Full Power	7	5985	1	15.28	17.00	1.487	86.58	1.155	0.05	0.089	0.153	0.668

Page 33 of 42 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) Issued Date : Jun. 24, 2024 TEL: +86-512-57900158 FCC ID: O57TB373FU Report Template No.: 200414

15.2 PD Test Result

Power Density General Notes:

1. The manufacturer has confirmed that the devices tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.

Report No. : FA442209

- 2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the measurements.
- 3. Absorbed power density (APD) using a 4cm² averaging area is reported based on SAR measurements.
- 4. Power density was calculated by repeated E-field measurements on two measurement planes separated by λ/4.
- 5. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools.
- 6. Per FCC guidance and equipment manufacturer guidance, power density results were scaled according to IEC 62479:2010 for the portion of the measurement uncertainty > 30%. Total expanded uncertainty of 2.68 dB (85.4%) was used to determine the psPD measurement scaling factor.
- 7. Per April 2021 TCB Workshop, For the highest SAR test configurations also measure incident PD (total) using power-density reconstruction method in 2 mm closest measurement plane.
- 8. Per October 2020 TCB Workshop, PTP-PR algorithm was used during psPD measurement and calculations.
- 9. The measurement procedure consists of measuring the PDinc at two different distances: 2 mm (compliance distance) and λ/5. The grid extents should be large enough to fully capture the transmitted energy. The grid step should be fine enough to demonstrate that the integrated Power Density iPDn fulfill the criterion described below. Since iPD ratio between the two distances is≥ -1dB, the grid step (0.0625) was sufficient for determining compliance at d=2mm.

$$10 \cdot log_{10} \frac{iPD_n(2mm)}{iPD_n(\lambda/5)} \ge -1$$

<WLAN PD>

Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Grid Step (λ)	iPDn	iPD ratio (≥ -1)	Normal psPD (W/m^2)	Total psPD (W/m^2)
WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant1	Sensor on	7	5985	1	6.86	0.0625	0.765	0.76	2.010	2.370
WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	10mm	Ant1	Sensor on	7	5985	1	6.86	0.15	0.642	0.76	1.54	1.83
WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant1	Sensor on	215	7025	1	8.92	0.0625	0.475	1.16	0.178	0.228
WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	8.59mm	Ant1	Sensor on	215	7025	1	8.92	0.15	0.364	1.10	0.123	0.181

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample		Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cyclo	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Grid Step (λ)	Scaling Factor for measurement uncertainty	Power Drift (dB)	Normal psPD (W/m^2)	Scaled Normal psPD (W/m^2)	Total psPD (W/m^2)	Scaled Total psPD (W/m^2)
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant1	Sensor on	7	5985	1	6.86	7.50	1.160	86.58	1.155	0.0625	1.5535	0.18	2.010	4.18	2.370	4.93
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant1	Sensor on	71	6305	1	6.35	7.50	1.304	86.58	1.155	0.0625	1.5535	0.03	0.631	1.48	0.878	2.06
01	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant1	Sensor on	119	6545	1	7.41	8.50	1.285	86.58	1.155	0.0625	1.5535	0.12	1.660	3.83	2.230	5.14
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant1	Sensor on	119	6545	2	7.41	8.50	1.285	86.58	1.155	0.0625	1.5535	0.01	1.450	3.34	1.570	3.62
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant1	Sensor on	119	6545	3	7.41	8.50	1.285	86.58	1.155	0.0625	1.5535	0.02	1.390	3.21	1.980	4.57
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant1	Sensor on	167	6785	1	7.94	9.00	1.278	86.58	1.155	0.0625	1.5535	-0.03	0.212	0.49	0.234	0.54
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant1	Sensor on 2	215	7025	1	8.92	10.00	1.284	86.58	1.155	0.0625	1.5535	0.01	0.178	0.41	0.228	0.53
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Edge1	2mm	Ant1	Full Power	119	6545	1	7.41	8.50	1.285	86.58	1.155	0.0625	1.5535	0.01	0.191	0.44	0.196	0.45
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Edge4	2mm	Ant1	Full Power	119	6545	1	7.41	8.50	1.285	86.58	1.155	0.0625	1.5535	0.01	0.272	0.63	0.281	0.65
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	11mm	Ant1	Full Power	119	6545	1	14.65	16.50	1.531	86.58	1.155	0.0625	1.5535	0.08	1.470	4.04	1.860	5.11
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Edge1	2mm	Ant2	Full Power	7	5985	1	15.28	17.00	1.487	86.58	1.155	0.0625	1.5535	0.16	1.110	2.96	1.590	4.24
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Edge1	2mm	Ant2	Full Power	71	6305	1	15.02	17.00	1.579	86.58	1.155	0.0625	1.5535	-0.1	0.954	2.70	1.200	3.40
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Edge1	2mm	Ant2	Full Power	119	6545	1	14.58	16.50	1.558	86.58	1.155	0.0625	1.5535	-0.1	0.732	2.05	1.240	3.47
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Edge1	2mm	Ant2	Full Power	167	6785	1	14.44	16.00	1.434	86.58	1.155	0.0625	1.5535	0.07	0.790	2.03	1.270	3.27
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Edge1	2mm	Ant2	Full Power 2	215	7025	1	13.49	15.00	1.417	86.58	1.155	0.0625	1.5535	0.18	0.591	1.50	0.791	2.01
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Bottom Face	2mm	Ant2	Full Power	7	5985	1	15.28	17.00	1.487	86.58	1.155	0.0625	1.5535	0.02	0.196	0.52	0.221	0.59
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	Edge2	2mm	Ant2	Full Power	7	5985	1	15.28	17.00	1.487	86.58	1.155	0.0625	1.5535	-0.03	0.882	2.35	0.966	2.58

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page 34 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultanagua Transmissian Canfigurations	Portable Tablet Computer
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Body
1.	Bluetooth + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes
2.	Bluetooth + WLAN5GHz/WLAN6GHz	Yes
3.	WLAN2.4GHz + WLAN5GHz/6GHz	Yes

Report No.: FA442209

Note:

- 1. The EUT has no voice function means data only.
- The 2.4GHz/5GHz/6GHz WLAN can transmit in MIMO and SISO antenna mode and MIMO SAR base on standalone SAR summed together as MIMO SAR.
- 3. According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN 5GHz/6GHz and Bluetooth can transmit simultaneously.
- 4. According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN 5GHz/6GHz ant2 and WLAN 2.4GHz ant1 can transmit simultaneously, WLAN 5GHz/6GHz ant1 and WLAN 2.4GHz ant2 cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 5. According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN 5GHz and WLAN 6GHz can't transmit simultaneously.
- 6. According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth can transmit simultaneously.
- 7. The worst case 5 GHz WLAN SAR for each configuration was used for SAR summation.
- 8. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 9. For simultaneously analysis, since the SAR summation of 3 transmitters can cover others combination of 2 transmitters, therefore in this section did not additional to evaluate 2TX combination of simultaneously transmission.
- 10. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) 1g Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04 for 1g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band 1g SAR < 1.6W/kg.
 - v) The SPLSR calculated results please refer to section 16.2.
- 11. The WLAN6GHz Sim-Tx analysis guidance with other transmitters was based on SAR test results. The simultaneous transmission and test exemption analysis were compliant with KDB 447498 D01. For the device does not support FR2 or other MPE field measurement, therefore section 16 in the SAR report has no TER analysis according to KDB 987594 requirement.

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 35 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

16.1 Body Exposure Conditions

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	2+7	3+4+7	5+6+7	1+4	1+6	1+2	
Exposure Position	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 1	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 2	WLAN5GHz Ant 1	WLAN5GHz Ant 2	WLAN6GHz Ant 1	WLAN6GHz Ant 2	Bluetooth Ant 1	Summed	Summed	Summed	Summed	Summed	Summed	SPLSR
Position	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
Bottom Face	1.087		1.188	0.246	1.244	0.065	0.213	0.21	1.65	1.52	1.33	1.15	1.09	Case 1
Edge 1	0.134	0.260	0.562	1.156	0.017	0.711		0.26	1.72	0.73	1.29	0.85	0.39	Case 2
Edge 2		0.215		0.366		0.153		0.22	0.37	0.15	0.37	0.15	0.22	
Edge 3								0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Edge 4	0.137		0.140					0.00	0.14	0.00	0.14	0.14	0.14	

Report No. : FA442209

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 36 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

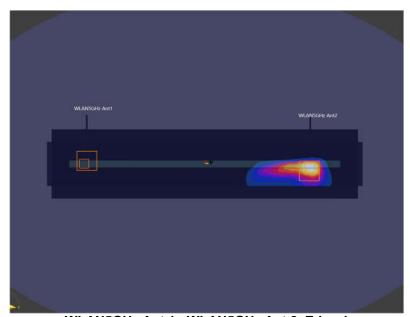
16.2 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

General Note:

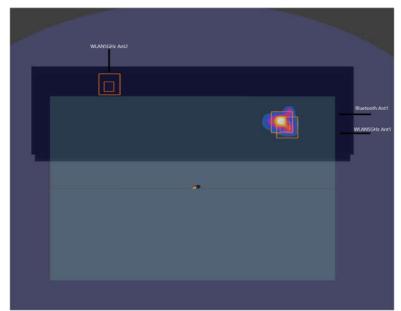
1. When standalone SAR is measured for both antennas in the pair, the peak location separation distance is computed by the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates in the area scans or extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scans, as appropriate.

Report No.: FA442209

- 2. SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm). If SPLSR ≤ 0.04 for 1g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
- 3. Per April 2022 TCB Workshop Notes, WIFI 5GHz ant1 was summed algebraically with the BT Antenna 1 for the purposes of hybrid SPLSR combination and they are share the same antenna.
- 4. Per April 2022 TCB Workshop, instead of doing a small volume scan over a co-located antenna pair, used summing the SAR values of the co-located pair and using that value in SPLSR calculation. In the calculation used the minimum distance between the spatially separated antenna and the closest antenna of the co-located antenna pair to be conservative



WLAN5GHz Ant 1+ WLAN5GHz Ant 2_Edge 1



WLAN5GHz Ant 1+ WLAN5GHz Ant 2 + Bluetooth _Bottom Face

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 37 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414



Case	Donal	De elitera	SAR	Summed	Gap	SAR pea	k locatior	(mm)	3D	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous	
No	Band	Position	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Υ	z	distance (mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR	
	WLAN5G Ant 2		0.246	0.246	0mm	-104.8	-85	-174					
	WLAN5G Ant 1	Bottom Face	1.188	1.401	0mm	-69	90	-174	178.6	1.65	0.01	Not required	
Case	Bluetooth Ant 1		0.213	1.401	0mm								
1	WLAN5G Ant 2		0.246	0.246	0mm	-104.8	-85	-174					
	WLAN5G Ant 1	Bottom Face	1.188	1.401	0mm				220.2	1.65	0.01	Not required	
	Bluetooth Ant 1		0.213	1.401	0mm	-63	93	-177					
Case	Band	Position	SAR	Summed	Gap	SAR pea	SAR peak location (m		3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous	
No	Бапо	Position	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Υ	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR	
	WLAN5G Ant 2		1.156	1.156	0mm	4	115	-174					
Case 2	WLAN5G Ant 1	Edge 1	ige 1 0.562	0.562	0mm	0	-127.5	-174	242.5	1.72	0.01	Not required	
	Bluetooth Ant 1			0.562 On	0mm								

Report No.: FA442209

Test Engineer: Martin Li, Varus Wang, Light Wang, Ricky Gu

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 38 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

17. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be ≤ 30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

Report No.: FA442209

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded is presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

Page 39 of 42 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) Issued Date : Jun. 24, 2024 TEL: +86-512-57900158

FCC ID: O57TB373FU Report Template No.: 200414 **Error Description**

Measurement System errors

Probe calibration

Broadband signal

acquisition errors RF ambient and noise

conductivity (σ)

Shell permittivity

phantom medium

phantom

Probe isotropy

Probe calibration drift

Other probe and data

Probe positioning errors

Data processing errors **Phantom and Device Errors** Measurement of phantom

Temperature effects (medium)

element of the DUT and the

DUT or source against the

Effect of operating mode on

Variation in SAR due to drift in

Validation antenna uncertainty

(validation measurement only) Uncertainty in accepted power

(validation measurement only) Correction to the SAR results Phantom deviation from target (ϵ' , σ)

Device holder effects

probe sensitivity

output of DUT

SAR scaling

Time-average SAR

Uncertainty Budget According to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 (Frequency band: 4 MHz - 10 GHz range) Uncert. **Standard** Standard Prob. (Ci) (Ci) Value Div. Uncertainty **Uncertainty** Dist. 1g 10g (±%) (1g) (±%) (10g) (±%) 18.6 Ν 2 1 1 9.3 9.3 1.7 R 1.732 1 1 1.0 1.0 Probe linearity and detection Limit 4.7 R 1.732 1 2.7 2.7 1 2.8 R 1.732 1 1 1.6 1.6 R 7.6 1.732 1 1 4.4 4.4 2.4 Ν 1 1 1 2.4 2.4 1.8 Ν 1 1 1 1.8 1.8 0.006 0.5 0.0 Ν 1 0.5 0.0 4.0 4.0 Ν 1 1 4.0 2.5 Ν 1 0.78 0.71 2.0 1.8 R 1.732 5.4 0.78 0.71 2.4 2.2 14.0 R 1.732 0.5 0.5 4.0 4.0 Distance between the radiating 2.0 Ν 1 2 2 4.0 4.0 Repeatability of positioning the 1.0 Ν 1 1 1 1.0 1.0 Ν 1 1 3.6 3.6 3.6 1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1.732

1.732

1

1

1

1

1.732

1

1

1

1

1

0.84

1.4

1.0

2.5

0.0

0.0

1.9

0.0

14.5%

K=2

29.0%

1.4

1.0

2.5

0.0

0.0

1.6

0.0

14.4%

K=2

28.8%

Report No. : FA442209

SAR Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 4MHz to 10GHz

R

R

Ν

Ν

Ν

Ν

R

2.4

1.7

2.5

0.0

0.0

1.9

0.0

Combined Std. Uncertainty

Coverage Factor for 95 %

Expanded STD Uncertainty

Page 40 of 42 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) Issued Date : Jun. 24, 2024 TEL: +86-512-57900158 FCC ID: O57TB373FU Report Template No.: 200414

cDASY6 Module mmWave Uncertainty Budget
Evaluation Distances to the Antennas > $\lambda/2\pi$
In Compliance with IEC TP 63170

Report No. : FA442209

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±dB)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci)	Standard Uncertainty (±dB)								
Uncertainty terms dep endent on the measur	rement system												
Probe Calibration	0.49	N	1	1	0.49								
Probe correction	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00								
Frequency response	0.20	R	1.732	1	0.12								
Sensor cross coupling	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00								
Isotropy	0.50	R	1.732	1	0.29								
Linearity	0.20	R	1.732	1	0.12								
Probe scattering	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00								
Probe positioning offset	0.30	R	1.732	1	0.17								
Probe positioning repeatability	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.02								
Sensor mechanical offset	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00								
Probe spatial resolution	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00								
Field impedance dependence	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00								
Amplitude and phase drift	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00								
Amplitude and phase noise	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.02								
Measurement area truncation	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00								
Data acquisition	0.03	N	1	1	0.03								
Sampling	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00								
Field reconstruction	2.00	R	1.732	1	1.15								
Forward transformation	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00								
Power density scaling	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00								
Spatial averaging	0.10	R	1.732	1	0.06								
System detection limit	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.02								
Uncertainty terms dep endent on the DUT an	d environmental	factors											
Probe coupling with DUT	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0								
Modulation response	0.40	R	1.732	1	0.2								
Integration time	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0								
Response time	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0								
Device holder influence	0.10	R	1.732	1	0.1								
DUT alignment	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0								
RF ambient conditions	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.0								
Ambient reflections	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.0								
Immunity / secondary reception	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0								
Drift of the DUT		R	1.732	1									
Combined	Std. Uncertainty				1.34								
Expanded ST	D Uncertainty (95	5%)			2.68								

PD Uncertainty Budget

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 41 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414

18. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

Report No.: FA442209

- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [8] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.
- [9] IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Part 1528: Human models, instrumentation, and procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", Oct. 2020
- [10] IEC 62479:2010 Assessment of the compliance of low power electronic and electrical equipment with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (10 MHz to 300 GHz)
- [11] IEC TR 63170: 2018 Measurement procedure for the evaluation of power density related to human exposure to radio frequency fields from wireless communication devices operating between 6 GHz and 100 GHz
- [12] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers", Oct 2015
- [13] SPEAG DASY6 System Handbook
- [14] SPEAG DASY6 Application Note (Interim Procedures for Devices Operating at 6-10 GHz)

----THE END-----

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page
 42 of 42

 TEL: +86-512-57900158
 Issued Date: Jun. 24, 2024

 FCC ID: O57TB373FU
 Report Template No.: 200414