

TEST REPORT

Product Name: Tablet

Model Number: xTablet T1185 FCC ID: 086T1185

Prepared for : MobileDemand, L.C.

Address : 1501 Boyson Sq Dr, Ste 101 Hiawatha, Iowa, 52233, United

States

Prepared by : EMTEK (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.

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Report Number : ENS2207140201W00201R

Date(s) of Tests : July 28, 2022 to August 31, 2022

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Modified Information

Version	Report No.	Revision Date	Summary
Ver.1.0	ENS2207140201W00201R	1	Original Report



1 TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant : MobileDemand, L.C.

Address : 1501 Boyson Sq Dr, Ste 101 Hiawatha, Iowa, 52233, United States

Manufacturer : MobileDemand, L.C.

Address : No.88 East Qianjin Road, Kunshan city, Jiangsu province, China

EUT : Tablet

Model Name : xTablet T1185

Trademark : MobileDemand

Measurement Procedure Used:

APPLICABLE STANDARDS			
STANDARD	TEST RESULT		
FCC 47 CFR Part 2, Subpart J FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	PASS		

The above equipment was tested by EMTEK (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.10 (2013) and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 2 and Part 15.247

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample identified in this report.

Date of Test	July 28, 2022 to August 31, 2022
Prepared by :	Una yu
	Una Yu/Editor
Reviewer :	Tue tha SHENZHEN,
	Joe Xia/Supervisor
	· W
Approved & Authorized Signer :	**
	Lisa Wang/Manager E s T 1 N G



2 EUT TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

Characteristics	Description			
Product	Tablet			
Model Number	cTablet T1185			
Device Type	Bluetooth V5.1			
Data Rate	1Mbps for GFSK modulation 2Mbps for pi/4-DQPSK modulation 3Mbps for 8DPSK modulation			
Modulation:	GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK			
Operating Frequency Range(s):	2402-2480MHz			
Number of Channels:	79 channels			
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna			
Antenna Gain	2.8dBi			
Max Transmit Power	6.05 dBm			
Power Supply	Rechargeable Li-ion Cylindrical Battery 7.2V, 9447mAh, 68Wh Adapter: Model: A18-065N3A Input: 100-240V~1.7A, 50-60Hz Output: 19V, 3.42A, 65W			
Temperature Range:	-10°C ~ +50°C			

Note: for more details, please refer to the user's manual of the EUT.



3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

FCC Part Clause	Test Parameter	Verdict	Remark	
15.247(a)(1)	20dB Bandwidth	PASS		
15.247(a)(1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	PASS		
15.247(a)(1)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	PASS		
15.247(a)(1)	Average Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	PASS		
15.247(b)(1)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	PASS		
15.247(c)	Conducted Spurious Emissions	PASS		
15.247(d) 15.209	Radiated Spurious Emissions	PASS		
15.207	Conducted Emission	PASS		
15.203	Antenna Application			
15.247 (a) (1)/g/h	Frequency Hopping System PASS			
NOTE1: N/A (Not Applicable).				

RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT(S):

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: O86T1185 filing to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.



4 TEST METHODOLOGY

4.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards: FCC 47 CFR Part 2, Subpart J FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C

FCC KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02

4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

For Conducted Emission Test

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	101384	2022/5/14	1Year
AMN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	101161	2022/5/14	1Year

For Spurious Emissions Test

Tor oparious zime					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU 26	100154	2022/5/14	1Year
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	100967	2022/5/14	1Year
Pre-Amplifie	Lunar EM	LNA30M3G-25	J1010000007 0	2022/5/14	1Year
Pre-Amplifier	HP	8447F	2944A07999	2022/5/14	1Year
Pre-Amplifie	SKET	LNPA_0118G-45	SK20190518 01	2022/5/14	1Year
Pre-Amplifie	Lunar EM	LNA1G18-48	J1011131010 001	2022/5/14	1Year
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1519	1519-012	2021/6/12	2 Year
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	659	2021/8/22	2 Year
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	712	2021/7/5	2 Year
Horn antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	9120D-1177	2021/6/12	2 Year
Horn antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170	9170-399	2021/6/12	2 Year
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	140822	2022/5/15	1Year
Thermometer	Hegao	HTC-1	\	2022/5/17	1Year

For Other Test

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY53470879	2022/5/14	1Year
Vector Signal Generater	Agilent	N5182B	MY53050878	2022/5/14	1Year
Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5171B	MY53050553	2022/5/14	1Year
Power Meter	Agilent	PS-X10-100	\	2022/5/15	1Year
Blocking Box	THEDA	AD211	TW5451140	2022/5/14	1Year
Switchgroup	THEDA	ETF-025(VASC6	TW5451008	N/A	N/A
MIMO Matrix Switch	THEDA	4P5TM18	TW5451009	N/A	N/A
Thermometer	Hegao	HTC-1	\	2022/5/17	1Year



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4.3 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under its typical operating condition.

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner which intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

The Transmitter was operated in the normal operating mode. The TX frequency was fixed which was for the purpose of the measurements.

Test of channel included the lowest and middle and highest frequency to perform the test, then record on this report.

Those data rates (1Mbps for BT GFSK modulation; 2Mbps for BT pi/4-DQPSK modulation; 3Mbps for BT 8DPSK modulation) were used for all test.

Pre-defined engineering program for regulatory testing used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

Frequency and Channel list:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	39	2441		
1	2403	40	2442	76	2478
2	2404	41	2443	77	2479
				78	2480
Note: fc=2402MHz+(k-1)×1MHz k=1 to 79					

Test Frequency and channel list:

Lowest F	Lowest Frequency		requency	Highes	st Frequency
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	39	2441	78	2480



5 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at:

Bldg 69, Majialong Industry Zone District, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.10 and CISPR Publication 22.

5.2 LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Site Description

EMC Lab. : Accredited by CNAS

The Certificate Registration Number is L2291

The Laboratory has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with

CNAS-CL01 (identical to ISO/IEC 17025:2017)

Accredited by FCC

Designation Number: CN1204

Test Firm Registration Number: 882943

Accredited by A2LA

The Certificate Number is 4321.01

Accredited by Industry Canada

The Conformity Assessment Body Identifier is CN0008

Name of Firm

EMTEK (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.

Site Location

Building 69, Majialong Industry Zone, Nanshan District, Shenzhen,

Guangdong, China

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6 TEST SYSTEM UNCERTAINTY

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the

apparatus:

Parameter	Uncertainty
Radio Frequency	±1x10^-5
Maximum Peak Output Power Test	±1.0dB
Conducted Emissions Test	±2.0dB
Radiated Emission Test	±2.0dB
Occupied Bandwidth Test	±1.0dB
Band Edge Test	±3dB
All emission, radiated	±3dB
Antenna Port Emission	±3dB
Temperature	±0.5°C
Humidity	±3%

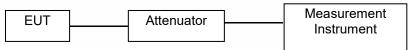
Measurement Uncertainty for a level of Confidence of 95%.



7 SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

7.1 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 1

The BT component's antenna ports(s) of the EUT are connected to the measurement instrument per an appropriate attenuator. The EUT is controlled by PC/software to emit the specified signals for the purpose of measurements.



7.2 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 2

The test site semi-anechoic chamber has met the requirement of NSA tolerance 4 dB according to the standards: ANSI C63.10. The test distance is 3m.The setup is according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 and CAN/CSA-CEI/IEC CISPR 22.

Below 30MHz:

The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna (loop antenna). The Antenna should be positioned with its plane vertical at the specified distance from the EUT and rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. The center of the loop shall be 1 m above the ground. For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT.

Above 30MHz:

The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).

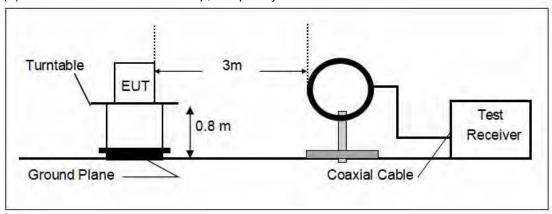
Above 1GHz:

(Note: the FCC's permission to use 1.5m as an alternative per TCBC Conf call of Dec. 2, 2014.) The EUT is placed on a turntable 1.5 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is

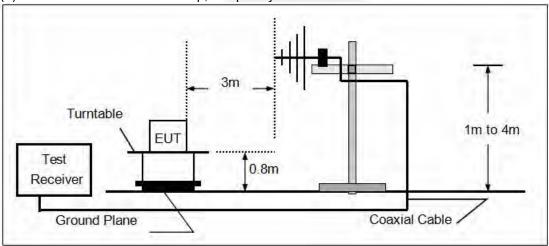
0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).



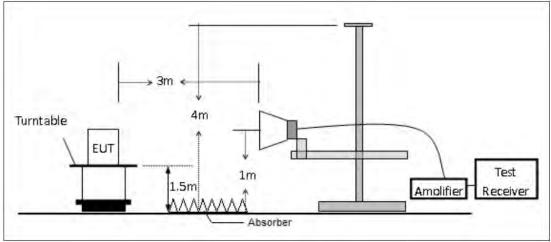
(a) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 30MHz



(b) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 1000MHz



(c) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency above 1000MHz



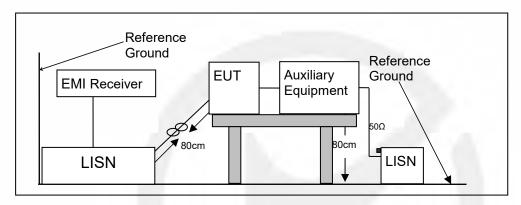


7.3 CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST SETUP

The mains cable of the EUT (Perfect Share Mini) must be connected to LISN. The LISN shall be placed 0.8m from the boundary of EUT and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISN mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance is between the closest points of the LISN and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment shall be at least 0.8m from the LISN.

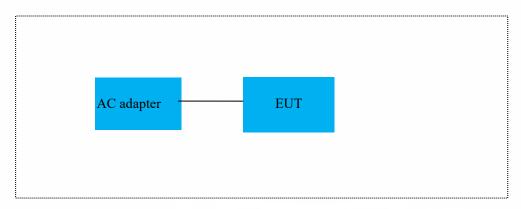
Ground connections, where required for safety purposes, shall be connected to the reference ground point of the LISN and, where not otherwise provided or specified by the manufacturer, shall be of same length as the mains cable and run parallel to the mains connection at a separation distance of not more than 0.8m.

According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30 MHz using CISPR Quasi-Peak and average detector mode.





7.4 BLOCK DIAGRAM CONFIGURATION OF TEST SYSTEM



7.5 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

EUT Cable List and Details			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite

Auxiliary Cable List and Details						
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite			

Auxiliary Equipment List and Details					
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number		

Notes:

- 1.All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
- 2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.



8 FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

8.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

8.2 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

The channel is represented by a pseudo-random hopping sequence hopping through the 79 RF channels.

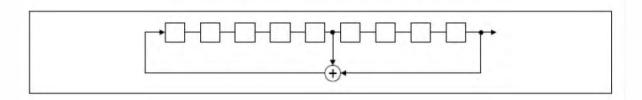
The hopping sequence is unique for the piconet and is determined by the Bluetooth device address of the master; the phase in the hopping sequence is determined by the Bluetooth clock of the master. The channel is divide into time slots where each slot corresponds to an RF hop frequency. Consecutive hops correspond to different RF hop frequencies. The normal hop is 1600 hops/s.

The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage, and the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

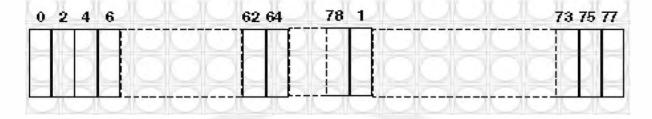
Number of shift register stages: 9.

Length of pseudo-random sequence: 29-1 = 511 bits. Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal).





Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

8.3 Equal Hopping Frequency Use

All Bluetooth units participating in the piconet are time and hop-synchronized to the channel. Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:

35, 27, 6, 44, 14, 61, 74, 32, 1, 11, 23, 2, 55, 65, 29, 3, 9, 52, 78, 58, 40, 25, 0, 7, 18, 26, 76, 60, 47, 50, 2, 5, 16, 37, 70, 63, 66, 54, 20, 13, 4, 8, 15, 21, 26, 10, 73, 77, 67, 69, 43, 24, 57, 39, 46, 72, 48, 33, 17, 31, 75, 19, 41, 62, 68, 28, 51, 66, 30, 56, 34, 59, 71, 22, 49, 64, 38, 45, 36, 42, 53. Each Frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

8.4 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH- enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.



9 TEST REQUIREMENTS

9.1 20DB BANDWIDTH

9.1.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02.

9.1.2 Conformance Limit

No limit requirement.

9.1.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1.

9.1.4 Test Procedure

The EUT was operating in BT mode and controlled its channel. Printed out the test result from the spectrum by hard copy function.

The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator.

The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.

Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.

Set RBW = 30 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) =100 kHz.

Set Span= approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth.

Set Detector = Peak.

Set Trace mode = max hold.

Set Sweep = auto couple.

The EUT should be transmitting at its maximum data rate. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. Use the marker-delta function to measure 20 dB down one side of the emission. Reset the markerdelta function, and move the marker to the other side of the emission, until it is (as close as possible to) even with the reference marker level. The marker-delta reading at this point is the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission.

If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.), repeat this test for each variation.

Measure and record the results in the test report.

Temperature:	25° C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	20db EBW[MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
		2402	0.957	2401.538	2402.495		
DH5	Ant1	2441	0.960	2440.538	2441.498		
		2480	0.963	2479.538	2480.501		
		2402	1.512	2401.250	2402.762		
2DH5	Ant1	2441	1.512	2440.250	2441.762		
		2480	1.512	2479.250	2480.762		
		2402	1.482	2401.277	2402.759		
3DH5	Ant1	2441	1.482	2440.277	2441.759		
		2480	1.485	2479.277	2480.762		















9.2 CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION

9.2.1 **Applicable Standard**

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02.

9.2.2 **Conformance Limit**

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

In case of an output power less than 125mW, the frequency hopping system may have channels separated by a minimum of 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

9.2.3 **Test Configuration**

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1.

9.2.4 **Test Procedure**

According to FCC Part15.247(a)(1).

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set the RBW =100kHz.

Set VBW =300kHz.

Set the span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Set Sweep time = auto couple.

Set Detector = peak.

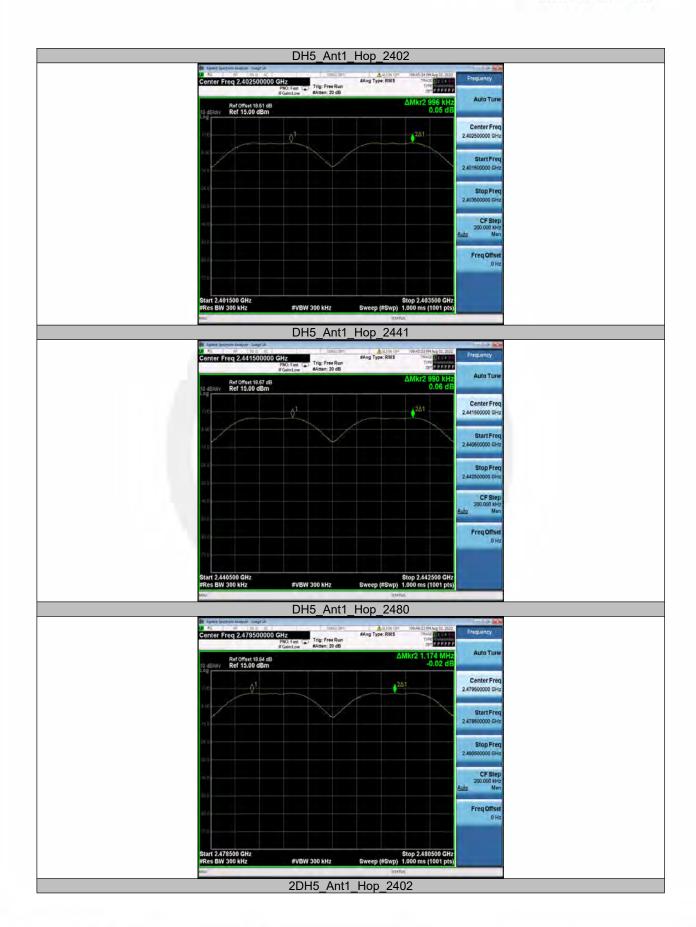
Set Trace mode = max hold.

Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot.

Temperature:	25° C	
Relative Humidity:	45%	
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar	

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Result[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
		Hop_2402	0.996	≥0.963	PASS
DH5	Ant1	Hop_2441	0.99	≥0.963	PASS
		Hop_2480	1.174	≥0.963	PASS
	Ant1	Hop_2402	1.01	≥1.008	PASS
2DH5		Hop_2441	1.016	≥1.008	PASS
		Hop_2480	1.27	≥1.008	PASS
		Hop_2402	1.002	≥0.990	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Hop_2441	1.29	≥0.990	PASS
		Hop_2480	1.288	≥0.990	PASS

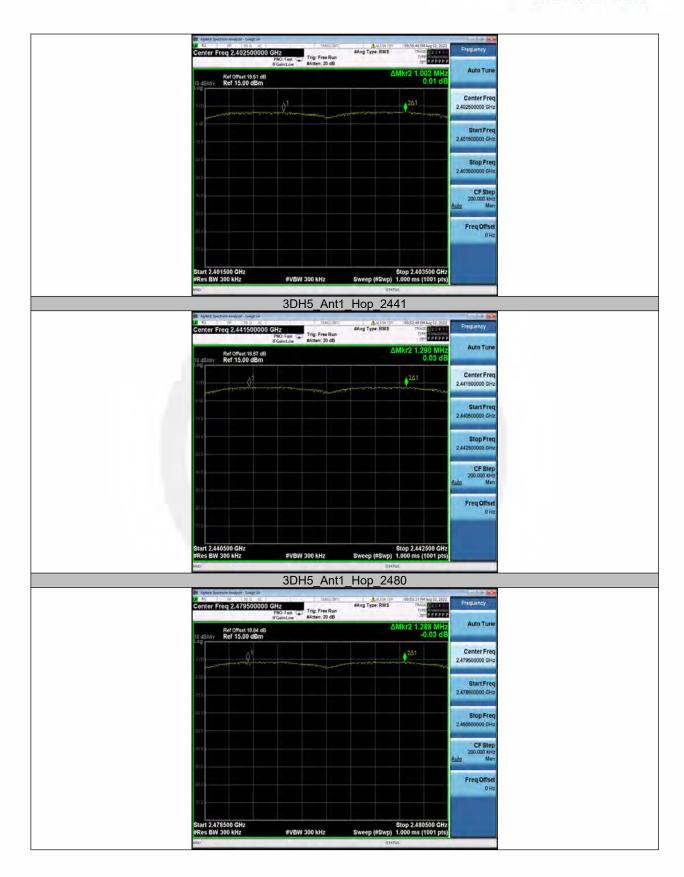














9.3 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES

9.3.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) (iii)and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02.

9.3.2 Conformance Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

9.3.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1.

9.3.4 Test Procedure

According to FCC Part15.247(a)(1)(iii).

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = the frequency band of operation (2400-2483.5MHz).

RBW \geq 100KHz.

 $VBW \geqslant RBW$.

Sweep = auto.

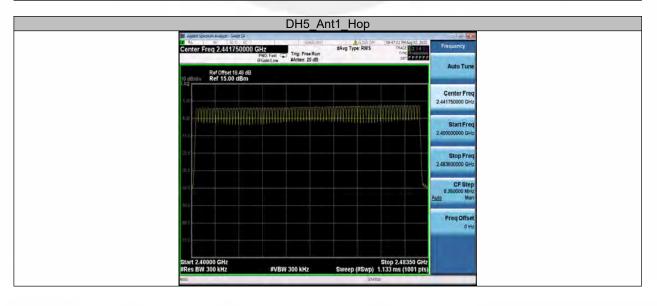
Detector function = peak.

Trace = max hold.

Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections, in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies.

Temperature:	25° C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Result[Num]	Limit[Num]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	Нор	79	≥15	PASS





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9.4 AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

9.4.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02.

9.4.2 Conformance Limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band, the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4s within a period of 0.4s multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

9.4.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1.

9.4.4 Test Procedure

According to FCC Part15.247(a)(1)(iii).

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel.

RBW = 1 MHz.

 $VBW \ge RBW$.

Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel.

Detector function = peak.

Trace = max hold.

If possible, use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.), repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.

9.4.5 Test Results

Temperature:	25° C	
Relative Humidity:	45%	
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar	

Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK) mode have been tested, and the worst result(GFSK)was report as below:

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	BurstWidth [ms]	TotalHops [Num]	Result[s]	Limit[s]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	Нор	0.36	320	0.115	≤0.4	PASS
DH3	Ant1	Нор	1.62	160	0.259	≤0.4	PASS
DH5	Ant1	Нор	2.86	106.67	0.305	≤0.4	PASS

Note:

Dwell Time(DH1)=PW*(1600/2/79)*31.6

Dwell Time(DH3)=PW*(1600/4/79)*31.6

Dwell Time(DH5)=PW*(1600/6/79)*31.6

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Ver. 1. 0

9.5 MAXIMUM PEAK CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

9.5.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02.

9.5.2 Conformance Limit

The max For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

9.5.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1.

9.5.4 Test Procedure

According to FCC Part15.247(b)(1).

As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel (about 10MHz) Set RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured (about 3MHz)

Set VBW \geq RBW

Set Sweep = auto

Set Detector function = peak

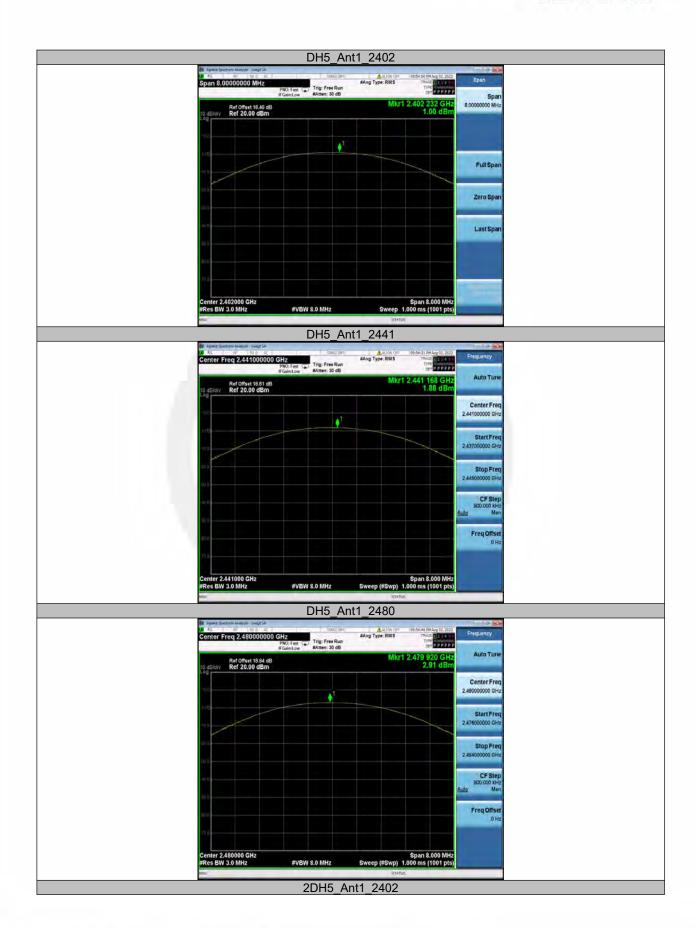
Set Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission to determine the peak amplitude level.

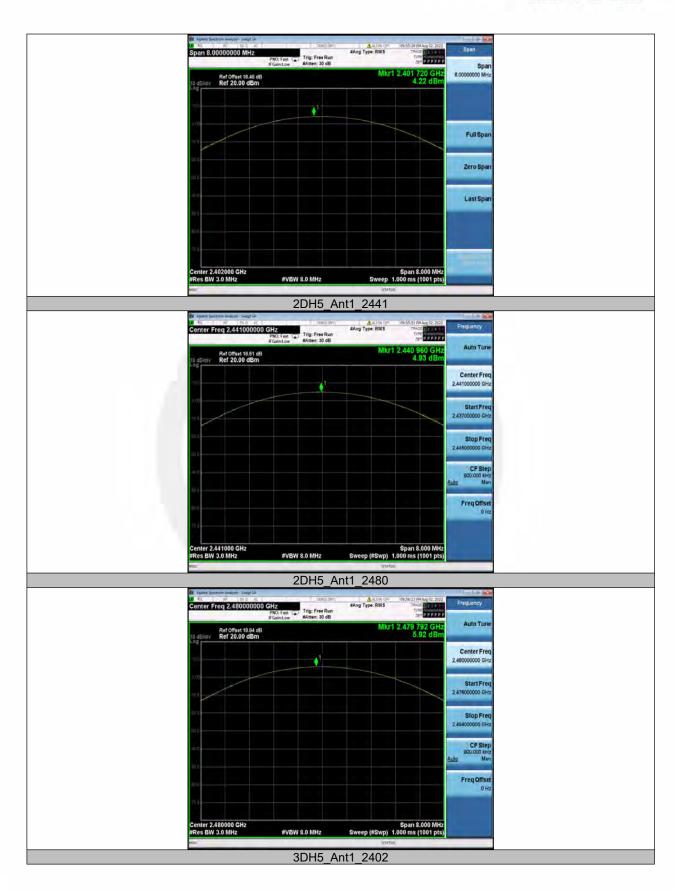
Temperature:	25° C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Conducted Peak Powert[dBm]	Conducted Limit[dBm]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	2402	1.01	≤20.97	PASS
		2441	1.88	≤20.97	PASS
		2480	2.91	≤20.97	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2402	4.22	≤20.97	PASS
		2441	4.93	≤20.97	PASS
		2480	5.92	≤20.97	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2402	4.36	≤20.97	PASS
		2441	5.05	≤20.97	PASS
		2480	6.05	≤20.97	PASS

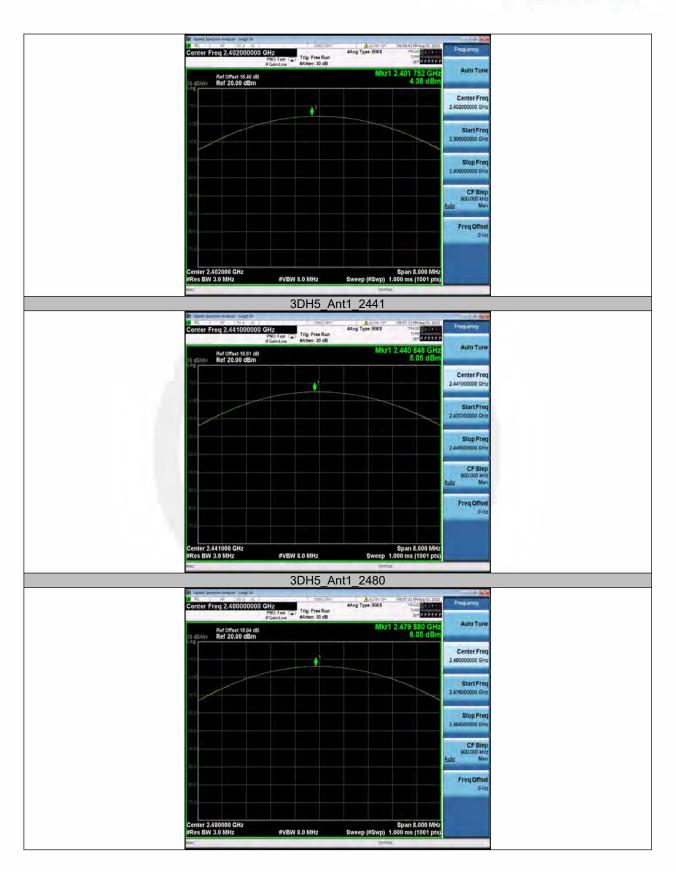














9.6 CONDUCTED SUPRIOUS EMISSION

9.6.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(d) and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02.

9.6.2 Conformance Limit

According to FCC Part 15.247(d):

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

9.6.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1.

9.6.4 Test Procedure

The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer.

■ Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DSS channel center frequency.

Set Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Set Detector = peak.

Set Sweep time = auto couple.

Set Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum Maximum conduceted level.

Note that the channel found to contain the maximum conduceted level can be used to establish the reference level.

■ Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band-edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation Set RBW \geq 1% of the span=100kHz.

Set VBW ≥ RBW.

Set Sweep = auto.

Set Detector function = peak

Set Trace = max hold.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. The marker-delta value now displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section.

Now, using the same instrument settings, enable the hopping function of the EUT.

Allow the trace to stabilize. Follow the same procedure listed above to determine if any spurious emissions caused by the hopping function also comply with the specified limit.

■ Conduceted Spurious RF Conducted Emission

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic.(30MHz to



25GHz).

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set VBW ≥ RBW.

Set Sweep = auto.

Set Detector function = peak.

Set Trace = max hold.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded.

The level displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section.

9.6.5 Test Results

Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK) mode have been tested, and the worst result(GFSK) was report as below:

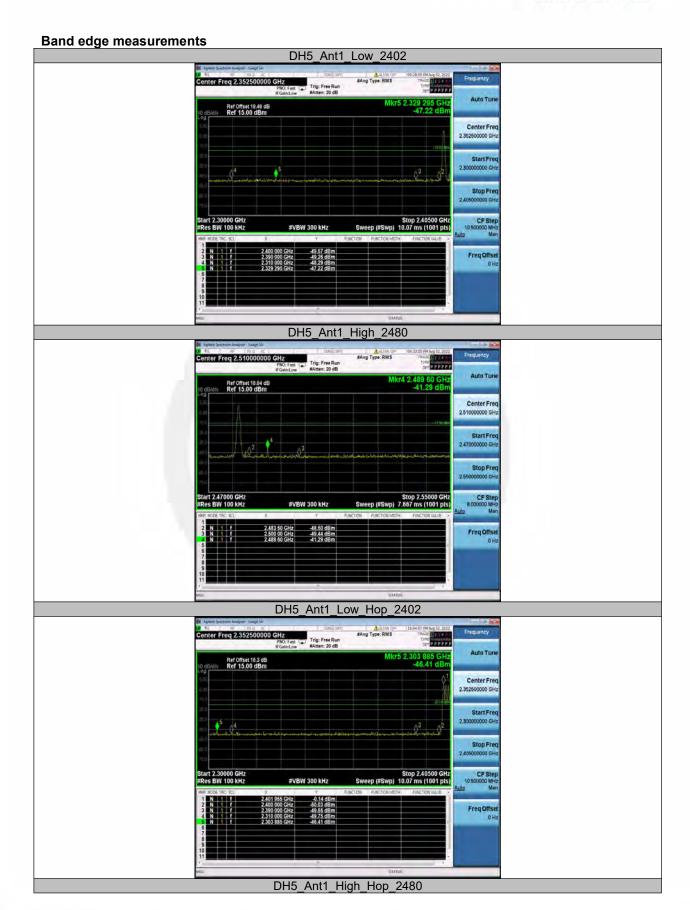
Band edge measurements

TestMode	Antenna	ChName	Frequency[MHz]	RefLevel [dBm]	Result [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	Low	2402	0.57	-47.22	≤-19.43	PASS
		High	2480	2.42	-41.29	≤-17.58	PASS
		Low	Hop_2402	-0.14	-46.41	≤-20.14	PASS
		High	Hop_2480	2.03	-46.16	≤-17.97	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Low	2402	1.70	-42.67	≤-18.3	PASS
		High	2480	3.55	-40.9	≤-16.45	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Low	2402	1.69	-45.42	≤-18.31	PASS
		High	2480	3.57	-41.46	≤-16.43	PASS

Conducted Spurious Emission

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	FreqRange	RefLevel	Result	Limit	Verdict
			[MHz]	[dBm]	[dBm]	[dBm]	
DH5	Ant1	2402	30~1000	0.57	-45.64	≤-19.43	PASS
			1000~26500	0.57	-30.72	≤-19.43	PASS
		2441	30~1000	1.43	-45.73	≤-18.57	PASS
			1000~26500	1.43	-30.23	≤-18.57	PASS
		2480	30~1000	2.42	-45.99	≤-17.58	PASS
			1000~26500	2.42	-29.86	≤-17.58	PASS





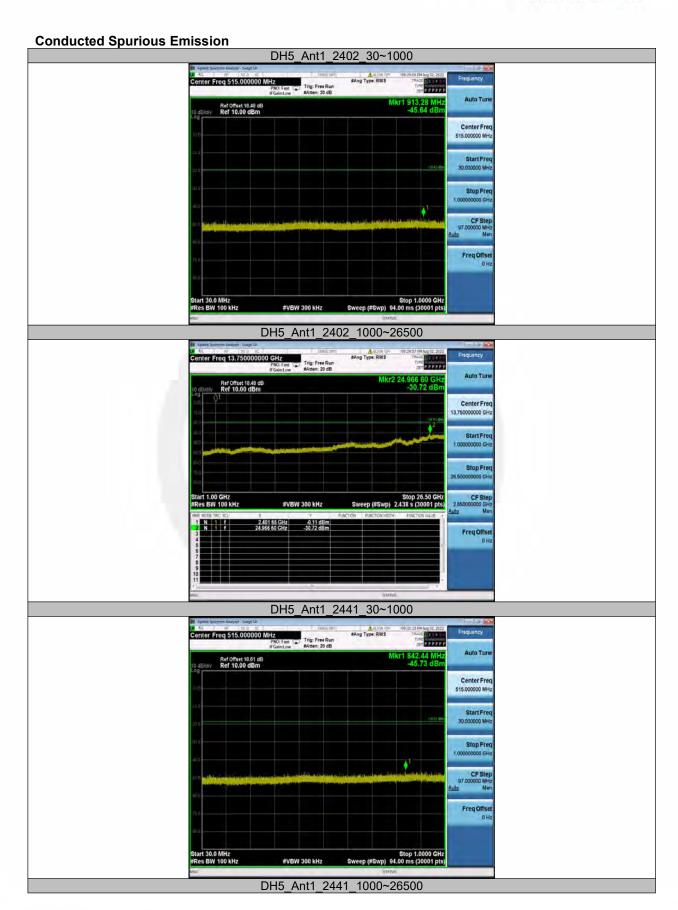




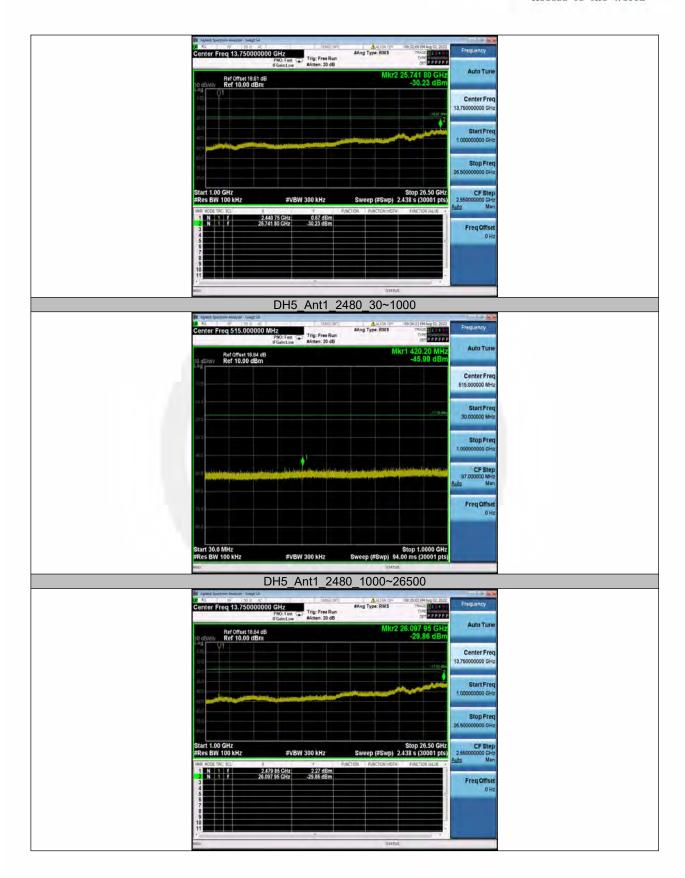














9.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION

9.7.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(d) and 15.209 and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02.

9.7.2 Conformance Limit

According to FCC Part 15.247(d): radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

According to FCC Part15.205, Restricted bands.

	.200, restricted barras.		
MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
10.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(2)
13.36-13.41			

According to FCC Part15.205, the level of any transmitter spurious emission in Restricted bands shall not exceed the level of the emission specified in the following table.

Restricted	Field Strength (µV/m)	Field Strength	Measurement
Frequency(MHz)		(dBµV/m)	Distance
0.009-0.490	2400/F(KHz)	20 log (uV/m)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(KHz)	20 log (uV/m)	30
1.705-30	30	29.5	30
30-88	100	40	3
88-216	150	43.5	3
216-960	200	46	3
Above 960	500	54	3

9.7.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.2 radio frequency test setup 2.

9.7.4 Test Procedure

This test is required for any spurious emission that falls in a Restricted Band, as defined in Section 15.205. It must be performed with the highest gain of each type of antenna proposed for use with the EUT. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:



For Above 1GHz:

The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 1.5m above ground plane.

Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured.

RBW = 1 MHz.

 $VBW \ge RBW$.

Sweep = auto.

Detector function = peak.

Trace = max hold.

For Below 1GHz:

The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane.

Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured.

RBW = 100 kHz.

 $VBW \ge RBW$.

Sweep = auto.

Detector function = peak.

Trace = max hold.

For Below 30MHz:

The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane.

Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured.

RBW = 9kHz.

 $VBW \ge RBW$.

Sweep = auto.

Detector function = peak.

Trace = max hold.

For Below 150KHz:

The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane.

Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured.

RBW = 200Hz.

 $VBW \geq RBW.$

Sweep = auto.

Detector function = peak.

Trace = max hold.

Follow the guidelines in ANSI C63.10-2013 with respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, measuring the emission while the EUT is situated in three orthogonal planes (if appropriate), adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization, etc. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are required for this test, in order to provide the measuring system with sufficient sensitivity. Allow the trace to stabilize. The peak reading of the emission, after being corrected by the antenna factor, cable loss, pre-amp gain, etc., is the peak field strength, which must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.35(b). Submit this data.

Now set the VBW to 10 Hz, while maintaining all of the other instrument settings. This peak level, once corrected, must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.209. If the dwell time per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms, then the reading obtained with the 10 Hz VBW may be further adjusted by a "duty cycle correction factor", derived from 20log(dwell time/100 ms), in an effort to demonstrate compliance with the 15.209 limit. Submit this data.

Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured was complete.



9.7.5 Test Results

Spurious Emission below 30MHz (9KHz to 30MHz)

Temperature:	26° C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

Freq.	Ant.Pol.	Emission Level(dBuV/m)		Limit 3m	Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
(MHz)	H/V	PK `	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV	

Note: Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " -- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

■ Spurious Emission Above 1GHz (1GHz to 25GHz)

Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK) mode have been tested, and the worst result(GFSK) was report as below:

Test mode:	GFSK	Freque	ency: Cha	Channel 0: 2402MHz			
Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol.	Emission Level(dBuV/m)	Limit 3m(dBuV/m)	Over(dB)	Detector		
11140.31	V	54.52	74.00	-19.48	peak		
11140.31	V	36.50	54.00	-17.5	AVG		
14462.66	V	59.65	74.00	-14.35	peak		
14462.66	V	41.67	54.00	-12.33	AVG		
17994.79	V	65.54	74.00	-8.46	peak		
17994.79	V	48.64	54.00	-5.36	AVG		
6462.550	Н	47.80	74.00	-26.20	peak		
6462.550	Н	30.52	54.00	-23.48	AVG		
10876.23	Н	55.12	74.00	-18.88	peak		
10876.23	Н	38.23	54.00	-15.77	AVG		
17968.81	Н	65.61	74.00	-8.39	peak		
17968 81	Н	48 21	54 00	-5 79	AVG		

Test mode:	GFSK	Frequency:	Channel 39: 2441MHz	

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol.	Emission Level(dBuV/m)	Limit 3m(dBuV/m)	Over(dB)	Detector
10453.97	V	54.45	74.00	-19.55	peak
10453.97	V	36.51	54.00	-17.49	AVG
14475.21	V	59.51	74.00	-14.49	peak
14475.21	V	41.62	54.00	-12.38	AVG
18000.00	V	65.45	74.00	-8.55	peak
18000	V	48.63	54.00	-5.37	AVG
10888.81	Н	54.38	74.00	-19.62	peak
10888.81	Н	36.41	54.00	-17.59	AVG
14400.09	Н	59.60	74.00	-14.40	peak
14400.09	Н	41.55	54.00	-12.45	AVG
18000.00	Н	66.88	74.00	-7.12	peak
18000	Н	48.69	54.00	-5.31	AVG



Test mode:	GFSK	Freque	ency: Cha	annel 78: 2480MH	Z
Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol.	Emission Level(dBuV/m)	Limit 3m(dBuV/m)	Over(dB)	Detector
11143.53	V	54.65	74.00	-19.35	peak
11143.53	V	36.66	54.00	-17.34	AVG
14458.48	V	59.68	74.00	-14.32	peak
14458.48	V	41.69	54.00	-12.31	AVG
18000.00	V	65.80	74.00	-8.20	peak
18000	V	48.83	54.00	-5.17	AVG
10405.73	Н	54.68	74.00	-19.32	peak
10405.73	Н	36.21	54.00	-17.79	AVG
14471.03	Н	59.76	74.00	-14.24	peak
14471.03	Н	41.55	54.00	-12.45	AVG
18000.00	Н	65.77	74.00	-8.23	peak
18000	Н	48.55	54.00	-5.45	AVG

Note: (1) All Readings are Peak Value (VBW=3MHz) and Peak Value (VBW=10Hz).

- (2) Emission Level= Reading Level+Probe Factor +Cable Loss.
- (3) The reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.



■ Spurious Emission in Restricted Band 2310-2390MHz and 2483.5-2500MHz
Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK, Hopping) mode have been tested, and the worst result(GFSK, Hopping) was report as below:

Test mode:	GFSK	Frequency:		annel 0: 2402MHz	
Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol.	Emission Level(dBuV/m)	Limit 3m(dBuV/m)	Over(dB)	Detector
2387.592	V	45.59	74.00	-28.41	peak
2387.592	V	28.61	54.00	-25.39	AVG
2388.848	Н	46.32	74.00	-27.68	peak
2388.848	Н	28.36	54.00	-25.64	AVG

Test mode:	GFSK	Frequency:		annel 78: 2480MH	Z
Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol.	Emission Level(dBuV/m)	Limit 3m(dBuV/m)	Over(dB)	Detector
2483.960	V	46.53	74.00	74.00 -27.47	
2483.960	V	28.55	54.00	-25.45	AVG
2483.830	Н	45.27	74.00	-28.73	peak
2483.830	Н	28.33	54.00	-25.67	AVG

Frequency:

Hopping

10011110401	0. 0. (110940	71.03	P9	
Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol.	Emission Level(dBuV/m)	Limit 3m(dBuV/m)	Over(dB)	Detector
2400.000	V	52.68	74.00	-21.32	peak
2400.000	V	36.65	54.00	-17.35	peak
2483.500	V	45.65	74.00	-28.35	peak
2483.500	V	28.72	74.00	-45.28	peak
2400.000	Н	56.21	74.00	-17.79	peak
2400.000	Н	38.23	54.00	-15.77	AVG
2483.500	Н	42.88	74.00	-31.12	peak
2483.500	Н	26.52	74.00	-47.48	AVG

Note: (1) All Readings are Peak Value (VBW=3MHz) and Peak Value (VBW=10Hz).

(2) Emission Level= Reading Level+Probe Factor +Cable Loss.

(3) The reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

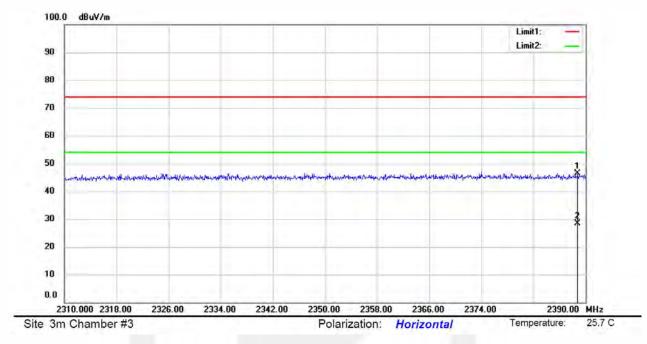
Test mode:

GFSK



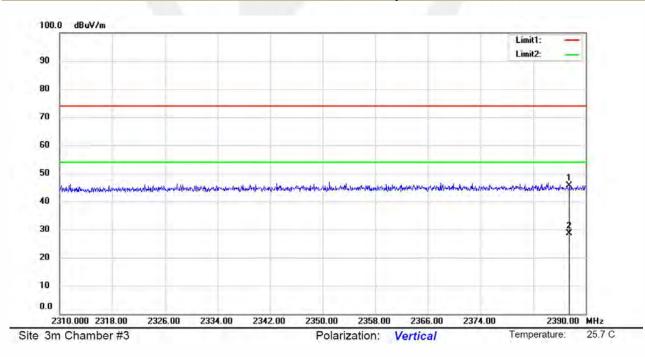
Spurious Emission in Restricted Band 2310-2390MHz

Test Model BT
Channel 0: 2402MHz GFSK H
Test By: HYD



Spurious Emission in Restricted Band 2310-2390MHz

Test Model BT
Channel 0: 2402MHz GFSK V
Test By: HYD



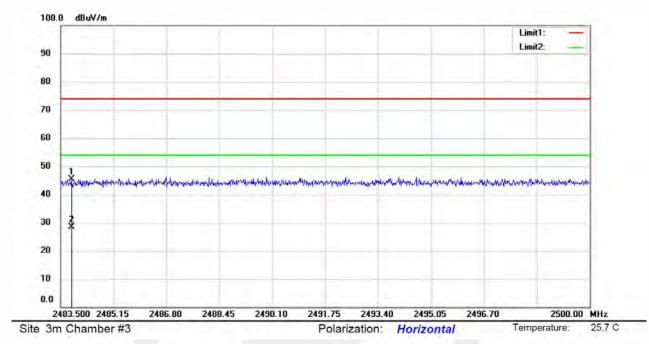


Spurious Emission in Restricted Band 2483.5-2500MHz

Test Model BT

Channel 78: 2480MHz

GFSK Test By: HYD Н



Spurious Emission in Restricted Band 2483.5-2500MHz

Test Model

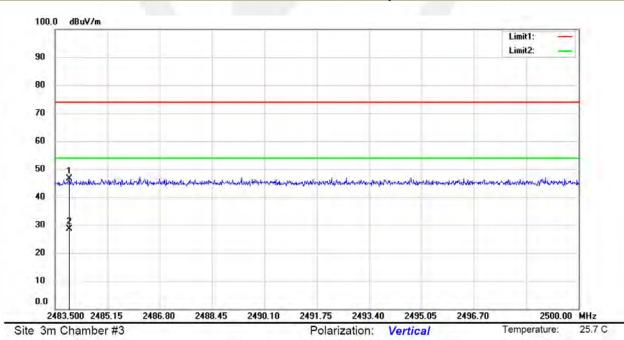
BT

Channel 78: 2480MHz

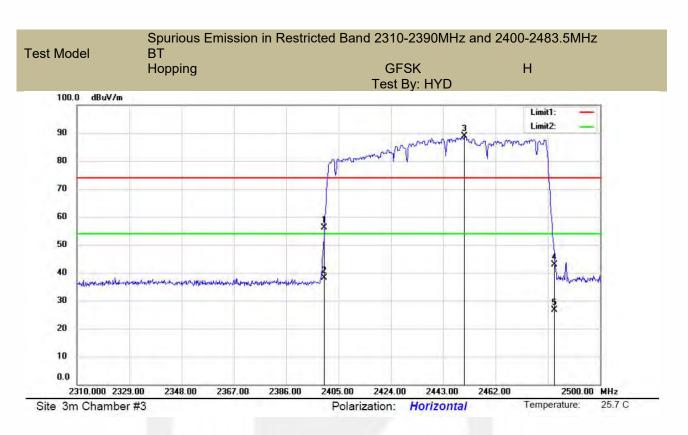
GFSK

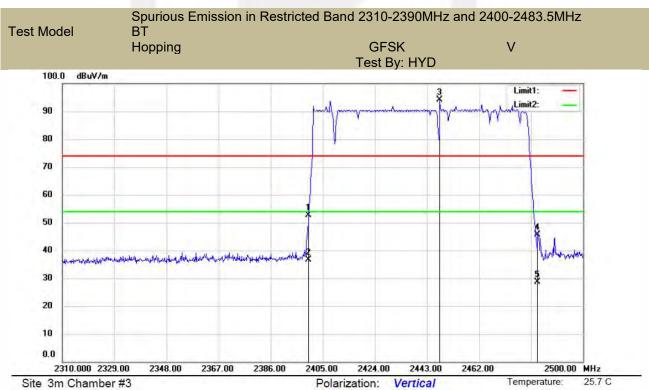
V

Test By: HYD







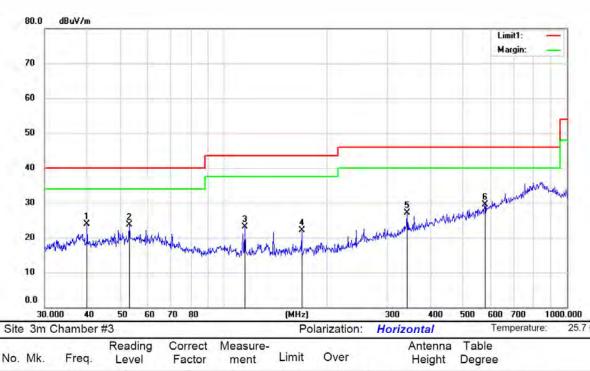




■ Spurious Emission below 1GHz (30MHz to 1GHz) Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK) mode have been tested, and the worst result(GFSK) was report as below:

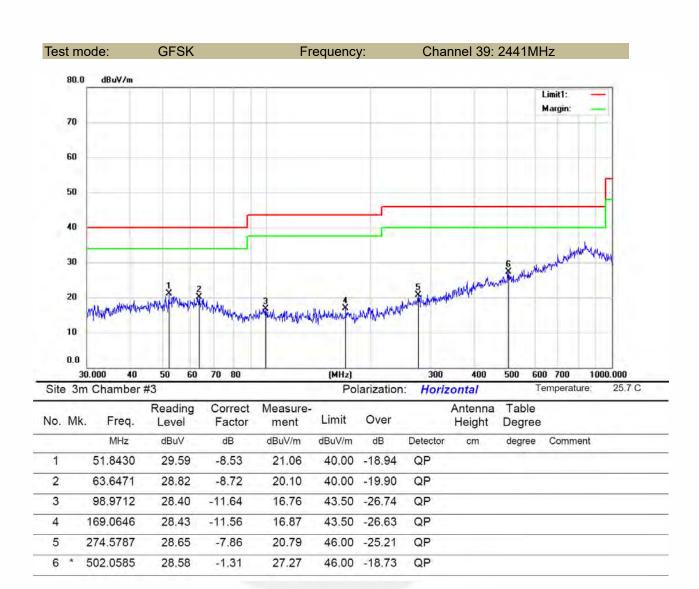




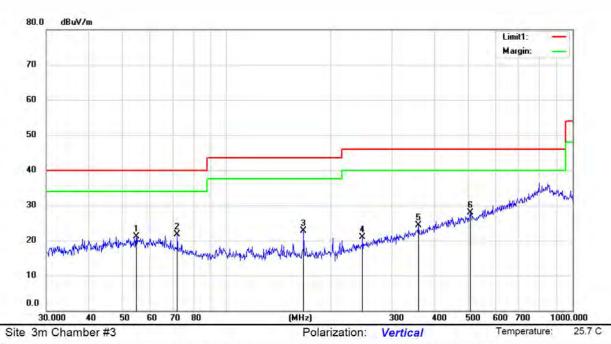


Oile	Site of Charities #0						unzation	. 110112	Contai		in de anostrati an	
No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree		
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment	
1	*	39.9522	33.43	-9.53	23.90	40.00	-16.10	QP				
2		53.0754	32.33	-8.62	23.71	40.00	-16.29	QP				
3	= 1	114.9975	34.43	-11.35	23.08	43.50	-20.42	QP				
4		168.7685	33.72	-11.57	22.15	43.50	-21.35	QP				
5	= 3	343.1800	32.53	-5.44	27.09	46.00	-18.91	QP				
6	118	577.6563	29.30	0.25	29.55	46.00	-16.45	QP				



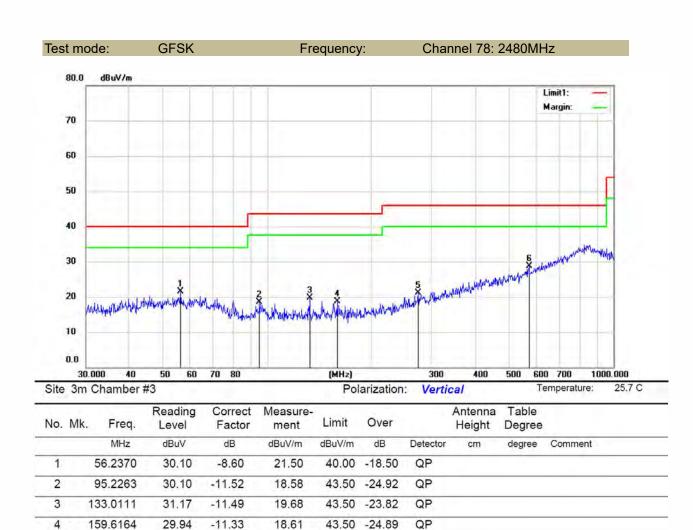






No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	2
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1		54.7772	29.83	-8.66	21.17	40.00	-18.83	QP			
2		71.9581	31.98	-10.27	21.71	40.00	-18.29	QP			
3		166.8267	34.31	-11.65	22.66	43.50	-20.84	QP			
4		246.9881	30.36	-9.38	20.98	46.00	-25.02	QP			
5		358.8084	29.21	-4.94	24.27	46.00	-21.73	QP			
6	*	507.3680	29.41	-1.42	27.99	46.00	-18.01	QP			





46.00 -24.82

46.00 -17.30

QP

QP

5

6

274.0016

571.4110

29.07

28.58

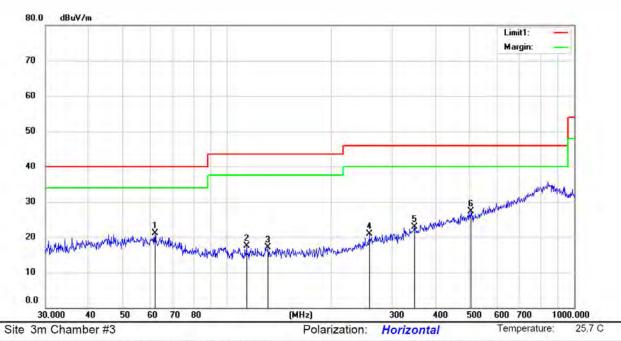
-7.89

0.12

21.18

28.70





No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1		62.1040	29.67	-8.66	21.01	40.00	-18.99	QP			
2		114.0738	28.97	-11.40	17.57	43.50	-25.93	QP			
3	T	131.6654	28.55	-11.48	17.07	43.50	-26.43	QP			
4		256.7010	29.72	-8.75	20.97	46.00	-25.03	QP			
5		347.4178	28.31	-5.32	22.99	46.00	-23.01	QP			
6	*	503.9988	28.63	-1.35	27.28	46.00	-18.72	QP			



9.8 CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

9.8.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.207(a).

9.8.2 Conformance Limit

Conducted Emission Limit							
Frequency(MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average					
0.15-0.5	66-56	56-46					
0.5-5.0	56	46					
5.0-30.0	60	50					

Note1: The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.

Note2: The limit decreases in line with the logarithm of the frequency in the range of 0.15 to 0.50MHz.

9.8.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.3 conducted emission test setup.

9.8.4 Test Procedure

The EUT was placed on a table which is 0.8m above ground plane.

Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.

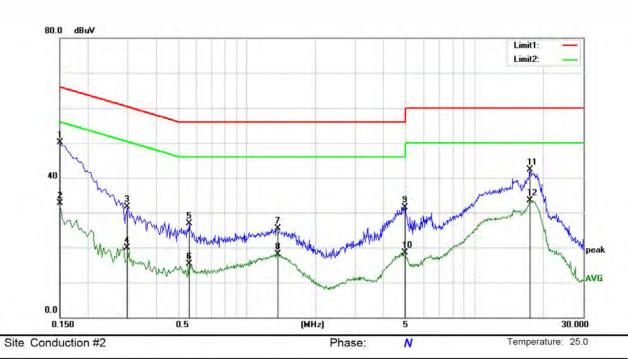
Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

9.8.5 Test Results

Pass

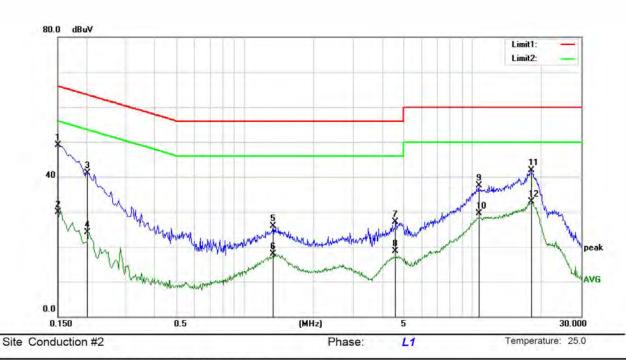
The 120V &240V voltagehave been tested, and the worst result recorded was report as below:





No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector	Comment
1	*	0.1500	40.11	10.09	50.20	66.00	-15.80	QP	
2		0.1500	22.70	10.09	32.79	56.00	-23.21	AVG	
3		0.2980	21.59	10.09	31.68	60.30	-28.62	QP	
4		0.2980	9.87	10.09	19.96	50.30	-30.34	AVG	
5		0.5580	16.71	10.11	26.82	56.00	-29.18	QP	
6		0.5580	5.20	10.11	15.31	46.00	-30.69	AVG	
7		1.3660	15.33	10.15	25.48	56.00	-30.52	QP	
8		1.3660	7.95	10.15	18.10	46.00	-27.90	AVG	
9		4.9340	21.25	10.25	31.50	56.00	-24.50	QP	
10		4.9340	8.19	10.25	18.44	46.00	-27.56	AVG	
11	11	17.5100	31.84	10.44	42.28	60.00	-17.72	QP	
12	0 = 13	17.5100	23.00	10.44	33.44	50.00	-16.56	AVG	





No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over	r, v	0
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector	Comment
1	*	0.1500	38.99	10.09	49.08	66.00	-16.92	QP	
2		0.1500	19.83	10.09	29.92	56.00	-26.08	AVG	
3		0.2020	30.97	10.10	41.07	63.53	-22.46	QP	
4		0.2020	13.93	10.10	24.03	53.53	-29.50	AVG	
5		1.3300	15.74	10.15	25.89	56.00	-30.11	QP	
6		1.3300	7.68	10.15	17.83	46.00	-28.17	AVG	
7		4.5900	16.91	10.22	27.13	56.00	-28.87	QP	
8		4.5900	8.57	10.22	18.79	46.00	-27.21	AVG	
9		10.6700	27.02	10.44	37.46	60.00	-22.54	QP	
10		10.6700	19.10	10.44	29.54	50.00	-20.46	AVG	
11		18.0620	31.52	10.43	41.95	60.00	-18.05	QP	
12		18.0620	22.46	10.43	32.89	50.00	-17.11	AVG	



9.9 ANTENNA APPLICATION

9.9.1 Antenna Requirement

Standard	Requirement
FCC CRF Part 15.203	An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of §15.211, §15.213, §15.217, §15.219, or §15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247 (b), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

9.9.2 Result

PASS

The FUT i	is PIFA antenna,	the antenna	gain is	: 2 8dBi
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Antenna use a permanently attached antenna which is not replaceable.

Not using a standard antenna jack or electrical connector for antenna replacement

The antenna has to be professionally installed (please provide method of installation)

which in accordance to section 15.203, please refer to the internal photos.



Detail of factor for radiated emission:

Frequency(MHz)	Ant_F(dB)	Cab_L(dB)	Preamp(dB)	Correct Factor(dB)
0.009	20.6	0.03	\	20.63
0.15	20.7	0.1	\	20.8
1	20.9	0.15	\	21.05
10	20.1	0.28	\	20.38
30	18.8	0.45	\	19.25
30	11.7	0.62	27.9	-15.58
100	12.5	1.02	27.8	-14.28
300	12.9	1.91	27.5	-12.69
600	19.2	2.92	27	-4.88
800	21.1	3.54	26.6	-1.96
1000	22.3	4.17	26.2	0.27
1000	25.6	1.76	41.4	-14.04
3000	28.9	3.27	43.2	-11.03
5000	31.1	4.2	44.6	-9.3
8000	36.2	5.95	44.7	-2.55
10000	38.4	6.3	43.9	0.8
12000	38.5	7.14	42.3	3.34
15000	40.2	8.15	41.4	6.95
18000	45.4	9.02	41.3	13.12
18000	37.9	1.81	47.9	-8.19
21000	37.9	1.95	48.7	-8.85
25000	39.3	2.01	42.8	-1.49
28000	39.6	2.16	46.0	-4.24
31000	41.2	2.24	44.5	-1.06
34000	41.5	2.29	46.6	-2.81
37000	43.8	2.30	46.4	-0.3
40000	43.2	2.50	42.2	3.5

--- End of Report ---