

# SAR TEST REPORT

**REPORT NO.:** SA950803L01

MODEL NO.: MC7095

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**TESTED:** Aug. 14 ~ Dec. 11, 2006

**ISSUED:** Dec. 12, 2006

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# 1. CERTIFICATION

Responsible for RF

**PRODUCT:** Enterprise Digital Assistant

MODEL NO.: MC7095

**BRAND**: Symbol

**APPLICANT:** Symbol Technologies, Inc.

**TESTED:** Dec. 08 ~ Dec. 11, 2006

**TEST SAMPLE:** ENGINEERING SAMPLE

STANDARDS: FCC Part 2 (Section 2.1093), RSS-102

FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01-01)

The above equipment have been tested by **Advance Data Technology Corporation**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's EMC characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

PREPARED BY: \_\_\_\_\_\_, DATE: Dec. 12, 2006

Andrea Hsia

TECHNICAL

ACCEPTANCE: Standard Dec. 12, 2006

APPROVED BY: Jan Chara , DATE: Dec. 12, 2006

Gary Chang / Supervisor



# 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

# 2.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

PRODUCT Enterprise Digital Assistant			
MODEL NO.	MC7095		
FCC ID	H9PMC7095		
POWER SUPPLY	3.7Vdc from rechargeable lithium battery 5.4Vdc from power adapter for charger 12.0Vdc from power adapter for cradle		
CLASSIFICATION	Portable device, production unit		
	Mobile phone: QPSK, OQPSK, HPSK for CDMA2000, 1xEV-DO		
MODULATION TYPE	WLAN: CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK for DSSS 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK for OFDM Bluetooth: GFSK for FHSS		
	Mobile phone: Tx Frequency: 824.2MHz ~ 848.8MHz (CDMA850) 1850.2MHz ~ 1909.8MHz (CDMA1900) Rx Frequency:		
FREQUENCY RANGE	869.2MHz ~ 893.8MHz (CDMA850) 1930.2MHz ~ 1989.8MHz (CDMA1900) Wireless LAN: 802.11b & 802.11g: 2400.0MHz ~ 2483.5MHz		
	802.11a: 5180MHz ~ 5250MHz, 5745MHz ~ 5825MHz Bluetooth: 2400.0MHz ~ 2483.5MHz		
	Mobile phone: Monopole antenna with 0.79dBi gain (CDMA850) Monopole antenna with 1.11dBi gain (CDMA1900)		
ANTENNA TYPE	Wireless LAN: PIFA antenna with 2.0dBi gain (for 2.4GHz) PIFA antenna with 2.5dBi gain (for 5.0GHz)		
	Bluetooth: Chip antenna with 2.0dBi gain		



	CDMA850 band: 0.269Watts / 824.2MHz for channel 1013 0.263Watts / 836.6MHz for channel 384 0.263Watts / 848.8MHz for channel 777			
	CDMA1900 band: 0.263Watts / 1851.25MHz for channel 25 0.275Watts / 1880.00MHz for channel 600 0.263Watts / 1908.75MHz for channel 1175			
CHANNEL FREQUENCIES	WLAN-DSSS (802.11b): 28.314mW / 2412.0MHz for channel 1 63.241mW / 437.0MHz for channel 6 28.510mW / 2462.0MHz for channel 11			
UNDER TEST AND ITS CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	WLAN-OFDM (802.11g): 36.058mW / 2412.0MHz for channel 1 56.494mW / 2437.0MHz for channel 6 35.810mW / 2462.0MHz for channel 11			
	Bluetooth: 0.697mW / 2402.0MHz for channel 0 0.757mW / 2441.0MHz for channel 39 0.931mW / 2480.0MHz for channel 78			
	WLAN-OFDM (802.11a) 25.410mW / 5180MHz for channel 36 25.351mW / 5200MHz for channel 40 25.119mW / 5240MHz for channel 48 50.582mW / 5745MHz for channel 149 56.364mW / 5785MHz for channel 157 56.494mW / 5825MHz for channel 165			
	Head: 0.991W/kg (CDMA850) 1.260W/kg (CDMA1900) 0.544W/kg (WLAN-802.11b) 0.392W/kg (WLAN-802.11g) 0.00548W/kg (Bluetooth) 1.440W/kg (WLAN- 802.11a)			
MAX. AVERAGE SAR (1g)	Body: 0.167W/kg (1xEDVO850) 0.133W/kg (CDMA850) 0.202W/kg (1xEDVO 1900) 0.147W/kg (CDMA1900) 0.032W/kg (WLAN- 802.11b) 0.026W/kg (WLAN- 802.11g) 0.00266W/kg (Bluetooth) 0.390W/kg (WLAN- 802.11a)			



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DATA CABLE	0.92m non-shielded cable for earphone	
I/O PORTS	Refer to user's manual	
ASSOCIATED DEVICES	Earphone, cradle, Gun, Reader	

#### NOTE:

- 1. The EUT is a CDMA850/CDMA1900 Enterprise Digital Assistant with wireless LAN and bluetooth functions
- 2. The EUT have two lithium batteries listed as below:

HEAVY BATTERY:		
BRAND:	Symbol	
MODEL:	82-71364-02	
RATING:	3.7Vdc, 3800mAh	

MAIN BATTERY:			
BRAND:	Symbol		
MODEL: 82-71363-02			
RATING:	3.7Vdc, 1900mAh		

3. The cradle was operated with following power adapter:

BRAND:	HIPRO		
MODEL:	: HP-O2040D43		
INPUT:	: 100-240Vac, 50-60Hz, 1.5A		
OUTPUT: 12Vdc, 3.33A			
POWER LINE: AC 1.8m non-shielded cable without core DC 1.8m shielded cable with one core			

4. The charging cable was operated with following power adapter:

BRAND:	Delta		
MODEL:	ADP-16GB A		
INPUT:	INPUT: 100-240Vac, 50-60Hz, 0.4A		
OUTPUT: 5.4Vdc, 3A			
POWER LINE: AC 0.7m non-shielded cable without core DC 1.87m non-shielded cable with one core			

- 5. After pretest two batteries, only Heavy battery was the worst case and present in the test report; for the Main battery only present the worst channel in the test report.
- 6. Standalone has been investigated in the pretest and final test represent the worst case.
- 7. Emission of Inter-modulation has been evaluated and is compliance with related rule.
- 8. Software version: 02.24.0000.
- 9. Hardware version:

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IPL version: 01.39.412.Power Micro: 11.27.0005.CPLD version: 02.00.

10. The above EUT information was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

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#### 2.2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, this product must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01- 01)

**RSS-102** 

IEEE 1528-2003

All test items have been performed and recorded as per the above standards.

#### 2.3 GENERAL INOFRMATION OF THE SAR SYSTEM

DASY4 (software 4.7 Build 44) consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY4 software defined. The DASY4 software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

### ET3DV6 ISOTROPIC E-FIELD PROBE (FREQUENCY BAND < 3GHz)

**CONSTRUCTION** Symmetrical design with triangular core.

Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system.

Built-in shielding against static charges.

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents,

e.g., glycolether).

**FREQUENCY** 10 MHz to 3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)

**DYNAMIC RANGE** 5  $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity:  $\pm$  0.2 dB

**OPTICAL SURFACE DETECTION** ± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse

reflecting surfaces

**DIMENSIONS** Overall length: 330 mm (Tip Length: 16 mm)

Tip diameter: 6.8 mm (Body diameter: 12 mm)



Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm

**APPLICATION** General dosimetric measurements up to 3 GHz

Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms (ET3DV6)

# EX3DV3 ISOTROPIC E-FIELD PROBE (FREQUENCY BAND 5 ~ 6GHz)

**DIMENSIONS** Overall length: 330 mm (Tip Length: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body diameter: 12 mm)
Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm

**APPLICATION** General dosimetric measurements range 5 ~ 6 GHz.

Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms (EX3DV3)

#### NOTE:

1. The Probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG. Please reference "APPENDIX D" for the Calibration Certification Report.

- 2. For frequencies above 800 MHz, calibration in a rectangular wave-guide is used, because wave-guide size is manageable.
- 3. For frequencies below 800 MHz, temperature transfer calibration is used because the wave-guide size becomes relatively large.

#### **TWIN SAM V4.0**

CONSTRUCTION The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific

Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-2003, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.

SHELL THICKNESS 2 ± 0.2 mm

FILLING VOLUME Approx. 25 liters

**DIMENSIONS** Height: 810 mm; Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm

## **SYSTEM VALIDATION KITS:**

Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun

CONSTRUCTION Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating

solutions

Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor

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CALIBRATION Calibrated SAR value for specified position and input power at the

flat phantom in brain simulating solutions

**FREQUENCY** 900, 1800, 1900, 2450, 5200, 5800MHz

**RETURN LOSS** > 20 dB at specified validation position

POWER CAPABILITY

> 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

**OPTIONS** Dipoles for other frequencies or solutions and other calibration

conditions upon request

## DEVICE HOLDER FOR SAM TWIN PHANTOM

The device holder for the GSM900/DCS1800/PCS1900
GSM/GPRS/CDMA Mobile Phone device is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the

different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing

**CONSTRUCTION** the angles. The holder has been made out of low-loss POM material

having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity =3 and loss tangent =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered. The device holder for the portable device makes up of the polyethylene foam. The dielectric parameters of

material close to the dielectric parameters of the air.

#### DATA ACQUISITION ELECTRONICS

The data acquisition electronics (DAE3) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplex, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink

CONSTRUCTION for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for

commands and the clock. The mechanical probe is mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe

collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode

rejection is above 80 dB.



#### 2.4 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION

The DASY4 post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the micro-volt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Norm<sub>i</sub>, a<sub>i0</sub>, a<sub>i1</sub>, a<sub>i2</sub>

Conversion factor ConvF<sub>i</sub>
 Diode compression point dcp<sub>i</sub>
 Frequency F

- Crest factor Cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity

Device parameters:

- Density

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \bullet \frac{cf}{dcp_{i}}$$

 $V_i$  =compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)  $U_i$  =input signal of channel I (i = x, y, z)

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Cf} & = \text{crest factor of exciting field} & \text{(DASY parameter)} \\ \text{dcp}_i & = \text{diode compression point} & \text{(DASY parameter)} \\ \end{array}$ 



From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-fieldprobes: 
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_1}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-fieldprobes: 
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

 $V_i$  =compensated signal of channel I (i = x, y, z)

Norm<sub>i</sub> =sensor sensitivity of channel i  $\mu V/(V/m)2$  for (i = x, y, z)

E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a<sub>ij</sub> = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

F = carrier frequency [GHz]

E<sub>i</sub> = electric field strength of channel i in V/mH<sub>i</sub> = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\mathbf{s}}{\mathbf{r} \cdot 1'000}$$

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 $E_{tot}$  = total field strength in V/m

= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

= equivalent tissue density in g/cm3



Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid. The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- 1. The extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- 2. The calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- 3. The generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- 4. The interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- 5. The extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- 6. The calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1 g and 10 g.

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors that is located 1 to 2.7mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is less than 30 degree.

In the Area Scan, the gradient of the interpolation function is evaluated to find all the extreme of the SAR distribution. The uncertainty on the locations of the extreme is less than 1/20 of the grid size. Only local maximum within -2 dB of the global maximum are searched and passed for the Cube Scan measurement. In the Cube Scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the lowest measurement points to the inner phantom surface (the extrapolation distance). The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5mm.



The maximum search is automatically performed after each area scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the area scanning measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations. The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 7 x 7 x 7 scans. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements. The measured volume of 30 x 30 x 30mm contains about 30g of tissue. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid (42875 points). In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is the moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.



# 3. DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT UNITS

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

NO.	PRODUCT	BRAND	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	CALIBRATED UNTIL
1	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU200	104958	Apr. 11, 2007

NO.	SIGNAL CABLE DESCRIPTION OF THE ABOVE SUPPORT UNITS
1	NA

**NOTE:** All power cords of the above support units are non shielded (1.8m).



# 4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION

# 4.1 DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION

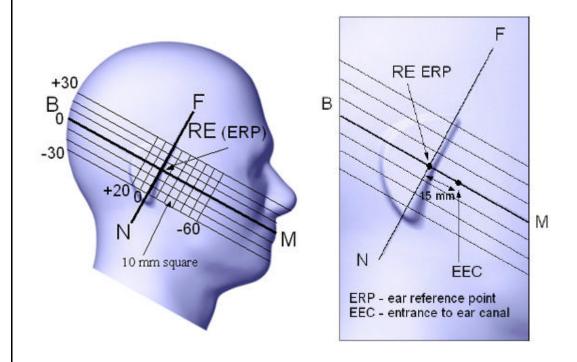
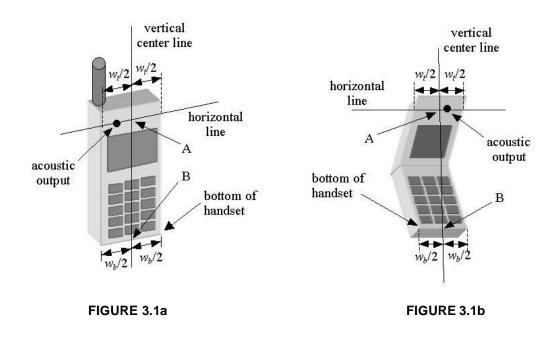


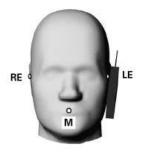
FIGURE 3.1



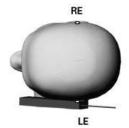


### 4.2.1 TOUCH/CHEEK TEST POSITION

The head position in Figure 3.1, the ear reference points ERP are 15mm above entrance to ear canal along the B-M line. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the B-M (Back Mouth) line. The handset device in Figure 3.1a and 3.1b, The vertical centerline pass through two points on the front side of handset: the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A) and the midpoint of the width Wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The vertical centerline is perpendicular to the horizontal line and pass through the center of the acoustic output. The point A touches the ERP and the vertical centerline of the handset is parallel to the B-M line. While maintaining the point A contact with the ear(ERP), rotate the handset about the line NF until any point on handset is in contact with the cheek of the phantom







**TOUCH/CHEEK POSITION FIGURE** 

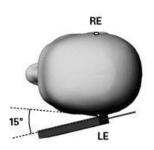


### 4.2.2 TILT TEST POSITION

Adjust the device in the cheek position. While maintaining a point of the handset contact in the ear, move the bottom of the handset away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees.







**TILT POSITION FIGURE** 

#### 4.2.3 BODY-WORN CONFIGURATION

The handset device attached the belt dip or the holster. The keypad face of the handset is against with the bottom of the flat phantom face and the bottom of the keypad face contact to the bottom of the flat phantom.

When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.



# 4.2 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODE

TEST MODE	COMMUNICATION MODE	MODULATION TYPE	ASSESSMENT POSTITION	TESTED CHANNEL
1		OQPSK	A / Cheek	L, M, H
2	CDMA 850	OQPSK	A / Tilt	L, M, H
3	CDIVIA 650	OQPSK	B / Cheek	L, M, H
4		OQPSK	B / Tilt	L, M, H
5	1xEVDO 850	HPSK	C : Body	L, M, H
6	CDMA 850	OQPSK	C : Body	L, M, H
7		OQPSK	A / Cheek	L, M, H
8	ODMA 4000	OQPSK	A / Tilt	L, M, H
9	CDMA 1900	OQPSK	B / Cheek	L, M, H
10		OQPSK	B / Tilt	L, M, H
11	1xEVDO 1900	HPSK	C : Body	L, M, H
12	CDMA 1900	OQPSK	C : Body	L, M, H
13		DBPSK	A / Cheek	L, M, H
14		DBPSK	A / Tilt	L, M, H
15	WLAN802.11b	DBPSK	B / Cheek	L, M, H
16		DBPSK	B / Tilt	L, M, H
17		DBPSK	C : Body	L, M, H
18		DBPSK	A / Cheek	L, M, H
19		DBPSK	A / Tilt	L, M, H
20	WLAN802.11g	DBPSK	B / Cheek	L, M, H
21		DBPSK	B / Tilt	L, M, H
22		DBPSK	C : Body	L, M, H
23		GFSK	A / Cheek	L, M, H
24		GFSK	A / Tilt	L, M, H
25	Bluetooth	GFSK	B / Cheek	L, M, H
26		GFSK	B / Tilt	L, M, H
27		GFSK	C : Body	L, M, H



TEST MODE	COMMUNICATION MODE	MODULATION TYPE	ASSESSMENT POSTITION	TESTED CHANNEL
28		BPSK	A / Cheek	36, 40, 48, 149, 157, 165
29		BPSK	A / Tilt	36, 40, 48, 149, 157, 165
30		BPSK	B / Cheek	36, 40, 48, 149, 157, 165
31	WLAN 802.11a	BPSK	B / Tilt	36, 40, 48, 149, 157, 165
32		BPSK	B / Tilt (Main Battery)	48
33		BPSK	C : Body	36, 40, 48, 149, 157, 165
34	CDMA 850+ 802.11b+Bluetooth	NOTE	B / Tilt	NOTE
35	1xEVDO 850+802.11b+Bluetooth	NOTE	C : Body	NOTE
36	CDMA 1900+ 802.11b+Bluetooth	NOTE	B / Tilt	NOTE
37	1xEVDO 1900+802.11b+Bluetooth	NOTE	C : Body	NOTE
38	CDMA 850+ 802.11a+Bluetooth	NOTE	B / Tilt	NOTE
39	1xEVDO 850+802.11a+Bluetooth	NOTE	C : Body	NOTE
40	CDMA 1900+ 802.11a+Bluetooth	NOTE	B / Tilt	NOTE
41	1xEVDO 1900+802.11a+Bluetooth	NOTE	C : Body	NOTE

**NOTE:** The combination is from the worst situation of each communication mode.



### ADDITIONAL TEST MODE FOR ASSOCIATE DEVICE: GUN & READER:

TEST MODE	COMMUNICATION MODE	MODULATION TYPE	ASSESSMENT POSTITION	TESTED CHANNEL
1	CDMA850	OQPSK	D	Н
2	CDMA1900	OQPSK	D	М
3	1XEVDO1900	HPSK	F	М
4	1XEVDO1900	HPSK	G	М
5	1XEVDO1900	HPSK	Н	М
6	1XEVDO1900	1XEVDO1900 HPSK I		М
7	WLAN 802.11b	WLAN 802.11b DBPSK E		М
8	WLAN 802.11g	BPSK	E	М
9	WLAN 802.11a	BPSK	D	Н
10	WLAN 802.11a	BPSK	F	Н
11	WLAN 802.11a	BPSK G		Н
12	WLAN 802.11a	BPSK	J	Н
13	WLAN 802.11a	BPSK	К	Н

**NOTE:** 1. Assessment position D: EUT with reader in left head tilt position, E: EUT with reader in right head cheek position, F, H, J: EUT with reader in body position, G, I, K: EUT with gun in body position. Please refers to test setup photo for further information.

2. The tested channel of WLAN 802.11a is the highest one in  $5180MHz \sim 5240MHz$ .



# 4.3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

# **HEAD POSITION**

PART OF ASSESSMENT		HEAD POSITION								
COMMUNICATION MODE		CDMA 850 CDMA 1900								
		MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR ( W/kg)								
	RIG	RIGHT LEFT			RIG	ЭНТ	LE	LEFT		
CHANNEL	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT		
LOW	0.416	0.559	0.564	0.713	0.645	0.829	1.020	1.180		
MIDDLE	0.340	0.545	0.670	0.857	0.681	0.892	1.090	1.260		
HIGH	0.358	0.524	0.719	0.991	0.730	0.990	1.030	1.190		

**NOTE:** The worst value has been marked by boldface.

PART OF ASSESSMENT		HEAD POSITION							
COMMUNICATION MODE		802.11b 802.11g					.11g		
		MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR ( W/kg)							
	RIG	HT.	LEFT		RIGHT		LEFT		
CHANNEL	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT	
LOW	0.225	0.153	0.146	0.143	0.178	0.142	0.119	0.125	
MIDDLE	0.544	0.366	0.360	0.355	0.392	0.304	0.267	0.267	
HIGH	0.257	0.184	0.197	0.184	0.216	0.170	0.174	0.157	

**NOTE:** The worst value has been marked by boldface.



PART OF ASSESSMENT	HEAD POSITION							
COMMUNICATIO N MODE		BLUETOOTH						
		MEASURED VALUE	OF 10g SAR ( W/kg)					
	RIG	ЭНТ	LE	FT				
CHANNEL	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT				
LOW	0.00420	0.00163	0.00408	0.00192				
MIDDLE	0.00504 0.00173 0.00392 0.00185							
HIGH	0.00548	0.00187	0.00437	0.00199				

**NOTE:** The worst value has been marked by boldface.

PART OF ASSESSMENT		HEAD POSITION							
COMMUNICATION MODE		802.11a 802.11a (5745MHz ~ 5845MHz)							
		MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR ( W/kg)							
	RIG	RIGHT LEFT			RIG	HT	T LEFT		
CHANNEL	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT	
LOW	1.090	1.240	1.150	1.290	0.406	0.419	0.498	0.515	
MIDDLE	1.040	1.160	1.140	1.320	0.458	0.443	0.589	0.589	
HIGH	1.120	1.260	1.170	1.440	0.609	0.580	0.793	0.761	

**NOTE:** The worst value has been marked by boldface.

PART OF ASSESSMENT	HEAD POSITION (MAIN BATTERY)					
COMMUNICATION MODE	802.11a (5180MHz ~ 5240MHz)					
	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR ( W/kg)					
	LEFT					
CHANNEL	TILT					
LOW	-					
MIDDLE	-					
HIGH	1.38					

**NOTE:** The worst value has been marked by boldface.



# **BODY POSITION**

PART OF ASSESSMENT		BODY POSITION							
COMMUNICATION MODE	1XEVDO 850	XEVDO 850 CDMA 850 1XEVDO 1900 CDMA 1900 802.11b 802.11g							
		MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR ( W/kg)							
CHANNEL	BODY	BODY	BODY	BODY	BODY	BODY	BODY		
LOW	0.130	0.109	0.178	0.114	0.015	0.012	0.00247		
MIDDLE	<b>0.167 0.133 0.202</b> 0.145 <b>0.032 0.</b>						0.00254		
HIGH	0.154	0.154 <b>0.133</b> 0.166 <b>0.147</b> 0.018							

**NOTE:** The worst value has been marked by boldface.

PART OF ASSESSMENT	BODY P	BODY POSITION						
COMMUNICATION MODE	802.11a (5180MHz ∼ 5240MHz)							
	MEASURED VALUE	OF 1g SAR ( W/kg)						
CHANNEL	BODY	BODY						
LOW	0.307	0.094						
MIDDLE	0.389 0.082							
HIGH	0.390	0.099						

**NOTE:** The worst value has been marked by boldface.



# TEST RESULTS OF MULTI-BANDS CO-LOCATED ASSESSMENT

The worst situation has been chosen from the above table, and make up following combinations for the test of co-location listed as below.

TEST MODE	DESCRIPTION	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR ( W/kg)
34	CDMA 850+ 802.11b+Bluetooth	0.991
35	1xEVDO 850+802.11b+Bluetooth	0.167
36	CDMA 1900+ 802.11b+Bluetooth	1.260
37	1x EVDO 1900+802.11b+Bluetooth	0.202
38	CDMA 850+ 802.11a+Bluetooth	1.440
39	1x EVDO 850+802.11a+Bluetooth	0.390
40	CDMA 1900+ 802.11a+Bluetooth	1.440
41	1x EVDO 1900+802.11a+Bluetooth	0.390



### ADDITIONAL TEST RESULT FOR ASSOCIATE DEVICE: GUN & READER:

PART OF ASSESSMENT		HEAD POSITION									
COMMUNICATION MODE	CDMA850	CDMA1900	900 802.11b 802.11g		802.11a						
		MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR ( W/kg)									
CHANNEL	LEFT / TILT (D)	LEFT / TILT (D)	RIGHT / CHEEK (E)	RIGHT/CHEEK (E)	LEFT / TILT (D)						
LOW	-	-	-	-	-						
MIDDLE	-	1.080	0.501	0.360	-						
HIGH	1.020	-	-	-	1.170						

**NOTE:** 1. The worst value has been marked by boldface.

- 2. The tested channel of 802.11a is channel 48.
- 3. Assessment position D: EUT with reader in left head tilt position, E: EUT with reader in right head cheek position. Please refers to test setup photo for further information.

PART OF ASSESSMENT		BODY POSITION								
COMMUNICATION MODE		1XEVDO1900 802.11a								
		MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR ( W/kg)								
CHANNEL	F	G	Н	ı	F	G	J	К		
LOW	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
MIDDLE	0.334	<b>0.334</b> 0.267 0.299 0.222								
HIGH	-	-	-	-	0.431	0.421	0.068	0.045		

**NOTE:** 1. The worst value has been marked by boldface.

- 2. The tested channel of 802.11a is channel 48.
- 3. Assessment position F, H, J: EUT with reader in body position, G, I, K: EUT with gun in body position. Please refers to test setup photo for further information.



### 5. TEST RESULTS

#### 5.1 TEST PROCEDURES

#### For CDMA2000, 1xEV-DO:

The EUT (Enterprise Digital Assistant) makes a phone call to the communication simulator station. Establish the simulation communication configuration rather the actual communication. Then the EUT could continuous the transmission mode. Adjust the PCL of the base station could controlled the EUT to transmitted the maximum output power. The base station also could control the transmission channel. The SAR value was calculated via the 3D spline interpolation algorithm that has been implemented in the software of DASY4 SAR measurement system manufactured and calibrated by SPEAG. According to the IEEE 1528 / EN 50361, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

#### For WLAN & Bluetooth:

The EUT (Enterprise Digital Assistant) use the software to control the EUT channel and transmission power. Then record the conducted power before the testing. Place the EUT to the specific test location. After the testing, must writing down the conducted power of the EUT into the report. The SAR value was calculated via the 3D spline interpolation algorithm that has been implemented in the software of DASY4 SAR measurement system manufactured and calibrated by SPEAG. According to the IEEE P1528 / EN 50361 standards, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Verification of the power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power reference measurement

The area scan with 15mm x 15mm grid was performed for the highest spatial SAR location. Consist of  $11 \times 13$  points while the scan size is the 150mm x 180mm. The zoom scan with 30mm x 30mm x 30mm volume was performed for SAR value averaged over 1g and 10g spatial volumes.



In the zoom scan, the distance between the measurement point at the probe sensor location (geometric center behind the probe tip) and the phantom surface is 4.0 mm and maintained at a constant distance of  $\pm 0.0$  mm during a zoom scan to determine peak SAR locations. The distance is 4mm between the first measurement point and the bottom surface of the phantom. The secondary measurement point to the bottom surface of the phantom is with 9mm separation distance. The cube size is 7 x 7 x 7 points consist of 343 points and the grid space is 5mm.

The measurement time is 0.5 s at each point of the zoom scan. The probe boundary effect compensation shall be applied during the SAR test. Because of the tip of the probe to the Phantom surface separated distances are longer than half a tip probe diameter.

In the area scan, the separation distance is 4mm between the each measurement point and the phantom surface. The scan size shall be included the transmission portion of the EUT. The measurement time is the same as the zoom scan. At last the reference power drift shall be less than  $\pm 5\%$ .



# 5.2 MEASURED SAR RESULTS

# **CDMA 850 BAND RIGHT HEAD POSITION**

ENVIRONMENTAL Air Temperature : 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.6°C  CONDITION Humidity : 58%RH										
TEST	ED BY		Sam C	)nn		DAT	E	Aug. 14, 2006		
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUL	_ATION	CONDUCTED	POWER (W)	POWER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED	
CHAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIFT (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	1g SAR (W/kg)	
1013	824.2 (Low)	OQ	PSK	0.269	0.268	-0.37	Standard Battery	1	0.416	
384	836.6 (Mid.)	OQPSK		0.263	0.261	-0.76	Standard Battery	1	0.340	
777	848.8 (High)	OQ	PSK	0.263	0.261	-0.76	Standard Battery	1	0.358	
1013	824.2 (Low)	OQI	PSK	0.269	0.268	-0.37	Standard Battery	2	0.559	
384	836.6 (Mid.)	OQPSK		0.263	0.262	-0.38	Standard Battery	2	0.545	
777	848.8 (High)	OQ	PSK	0.263	0.261	-0.76	Standard Battery	2	0.524	

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over  ${\bf 1g}$ ,  ${\bf 1.6W/kg}$ , is applied.
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



### **CDMA 850 BAND LEFT HEAD POSITION**

ENVIR COND	RONMEN <sup>-</sup>	ΓAL		mperature:22.5°C, Liquid Temperature:21.6°C lity:58%RH							
TEST	ED BY		Sam C	)nn		DAT	E	Aug. 14, 2006			
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUL	_ATION	CONDUCTED	POWER (W)	POWER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED		
CHAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST AFTER T		DRIFT (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	1g SAR (W/kg)		
1013	824.2 (Low)	OQPSK		0.269	0.268	-0.37	Standard Battery	3	0.564		
384	836.6 (Mid.)	OQPSK		0.263	0.262	-0.38	Standard Battery	3	0.670		
777	848.8 (High)	OQ	PSK	0.263	0.261	-0.76	Standard Battery	3	0.719		
1013	824.2 (Low)	OQPSK		0.269	0.267	-0.74	Standard Battery	4	0.713		
384	836.6 (Mid.)	OQPSK		0.263	0.261	-0.76	Standard Battery	4	0.857		
777	848.8 (High)	OQ	PSK	0.263	0.261	-0.76	Standard Battery	4	0.991		

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- $2. \ In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over {\it 1g, 1.6W/kg}, is applied.$
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



# 1 x EVDO 850 BAND BODY POSITION

	ONMEN <sup>®</sup>	. , \_	Air Temperature:22.1°C, Liquid Temperature:21.0°C Humidity:62%RH								
TESTI	ED BY		Sam Onn				DAT	E	Aug. 14,	Aug. 14, 2006	
CHAN	FREQ.	MODUI	_ATION	CONDUCTED	POWER (W)	POW	/ER	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)	
CHAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIF	Г (%)		POSITION MODE		
1013	824.2 (Low)	НР	sĸ	0.269	0.267	-0.	74	Standard Battery	5	0.130	
384	836.6 (Mid.)	HPSK		0.263	0.262	-0.:	38	Standard Battery	5	0.167	
777	848.8 (High)	НР	SK	0.263	0.262	-0.:	38	Standard Battery	5	0.154	

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- $2. \ In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over {\it 1g, 1.6W/kg}, is applied.$
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- ${\it 4. The \ variation \ of \ the \ EUT \ conducted \ power \ measured \ before \ and \ after \ SAR \ testing \ should \ not \ over \ 5\%.}$



# **CDMA 850 BAND BODY POSITION**

	RONMENT		Air Temperature:22.1°C, Liquid Temperature:21.0°C Humidity:62%RH								
TESTI	ED BY		Sam Onn				DATE			Aug. 14, 2006	
CHAN.	FREQ.		_ATION	CONDUCTED	POWER (W)	POWER		DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR	
CHAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIF	Г (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)	
1013	824.2 (Low)	OQPSK		0.269	0.268	-0.3	37	Standard Battery	6	0.109	
384	836.6 (Mid.)	OQPSK		0.263	0.262	-0.3	38	Standard Battery	6	0.133	
777	848.8 (High)	OQI	PSK	0.263	0.262	-0.3	38	Standard Battery	6	0.133	

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- ${\it 4.} \quad {\it The \ variation \ of \ the \ EUT \ conducted \ power \ measured \ before \ and \ after \ SAR \ testing \ should \ not \ over \ 5\%.}$



# **CDMA 1900 BAND RIGHT HEAD POSITION**

ENVIR	RONMENT	ΓAL		ir Temperature:22.6°C, Liquid Temperature:21.3°C umidity:56%RH							
TESTI	ED BY		Sam C	)nn		DATE	Ē	Aug. 15, 2006			
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUL	_ATION	CONDUCTED	POWER (W)	POWER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)		
CHAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIFT (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE			
25	1851.25 (Low)	OQPSK		0.263	0.261	-0.76	Standard Battery	7	0.645		
600	1880.00 (Mid.)	OQPSK		0.275	0.273	-0.73	Standard Battery	7	0.681		
1175	1908.75 (High)	OQ	PSK	0.263	0.261	-0.76	Standard Battery	7	0.730		
25	1851.25 (Low)	OQPSK		0.263	0.261	-0.76	Standard Battery	8	0.829		
600	1880.00 (Mid.)	OQPSK		0.275	0.272	-1.09	-1.09 Standard Battery		0.892		
1175	1908.75 (High)	OQ	PSK	0.263	0.261	-0.76	Standard Battery	8	0.990		

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- $4. \ The \ variation \ of \ the \ EUT \ conducted \ power \ measured \ before \ and \ after \ SAR \ testing \ should \ not \ over \ 5\%.$



# **CDMA 1900 BAND LEFT HEAD POSITION**

	RONMENT	ΓAL		Air Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 21.3°C Humidity: 56%RH							
TEST	ED BY		Sam C	DATE			Aug. 15, 2006				
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUL	_ATION	CONDUCTED	POWER (W)	POV	VER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED	
CHAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIFT (%)		POWER	POSITION MODE	1g SAR (W/kg)	
25	1851.25 (Low)	OQPSK		0.263	0.262	-0.	38	Standard Battery	9	1.02	
600	1880.00 (Mid.)	OQPSK		0.275	0.273	-0.	73	Standard Battery	9	1.09	
1175	1908.75 (High)	ρQ	PSK	0.263	0.261	-0.	76	Standard Battery	9	1.03	
25	1851.25 (Low)	OQPSK		0.263	0.260	-1.	14	Standard Battery	10	1.18	
600	1880.00 (Mid.)	OQPSK		0.275	0.273	-0.	73	Standard Battery	10	1.26	
1175	1908.75 (High)	OQ	PSK	0.263	0.261	-0.	76	Standard Battery	10	1.19	

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



# 1 x EVDO 1900 BAND BODY POSITION

	ONMEN <sup>*</sup>	. , \_	Air Temperature:22.8°C, Liquid Temperature:21.8°C Humidity:64%RH								
TESTI	ED BY		Sam Onn				DATE	Ē.	Aug. 15,	Aug. 15, 2006	
CUAN	FREQ.	MODUI	_ATION	CONDUCTED	POWER (W)	POV	VER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED	
CHAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIF	Т (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	1g SAR (W/kg)	
25	1851.25 (Low)	нрѕк		0.263	0.262	-0.	38	Standard Battery	11	0.178	
600	1880.00 (Mid.)	HPSK		0.275	0.273	-0.	73	Standard Battery	11	0.202	
1175	1908.75 (High)	НР	SK	0.263	0.261	-0.	76	Standard Battery	11	0.166	

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- ${\it 4. The \ variation \ of \ the \ EUT \ conducted \ power \ measured \ before \ and \ after \ SAR \ testing \ should \ not \ over \ 5\%.}$



# **CDMA 1900 BAND BODY POSITION**

	ONMENT OITION		Air Temperature:22.8°C, Liquid Temperature:21.8°C Humidity:64%RH								
TESTI	ED BY		Sam C	)nn			DATE	Ē	Aug. 15,	Aug. 15, 2006	
CHAN	FREQ.	MODUI	_ATION	CONDUCTED	POWER (W)	POV	VER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED	
CHAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIF	Т (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	1g SAR (W/kg)	
25	1851.25 (Low)	OQPSK		0.263	0.262	-0.	38	Standard Battery	12	0.114	
600	1880.00 (Mid.)	OQPSK		0.275	0.273	-0.	73	Standard Battery	12	0.145	
1175	1908.75 (High)	OQ	PSK	0.263	0.261	-0.	76	Standard Battery	12	0.147	

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- $2. \ \ \text{In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over } \textbf{1g, 1.6W/kg}, \text{ is applied.} \\$
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



# WLAN BAND (802.11b) RIGHT HEAD POSITION

	RONMEN <sup>®</sup>	ΓAL		Air Temperature:22.6°C, Liquid Temperature:21.5°C Humidity:58%RH								
TESTI	ED BY		Sam C	)nn		DATE	<b>=</b>	Sep. 04, 2006				
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUL			ED POWER NW)	_	DEVICE USE	·	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)			
OI IAIL	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIFT (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE				
1	2412.00 (Low)	BPSK		28.314	27.984	-1.17	Standard Battery	13	0.225			
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	ВР	SK	63.241	62.987	-0.40	Standard Battery	13	0.544			
11	2462.00 (High)	ВР	sĸ	28.510	28.215	-1.03	Standard Battery	13	0.257			
1	2412.00 (Low)	BPSK		28.314	28.018	-1.05	Standard Battery	14	0.153			
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	врѕк		63.241	62.975	-0.42 Standard Battery		14	0.366			
11	2462.00 (High)	ВР	sĸ	28.510	28.235	-0.96	Standard Battery	14	0.184			

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- $2. \ In \ this \ testing, \ the \ limit \ for \ General \ Population \ Spatial \ Peak \ averaged \ over \ \textbf{1g, 1.6W/kg}, \ is \ applied.$
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



## WLAN BAND (802.11 b) LEFT HEAD POSITION

	RONMEN <sup>T</sup>	TAL	Air Temperature:22.6°C, Liquid Temperature:21.5°C Humidity:58%RH								
TESTI	ED BY		Sam C	)nn		DATE	<b>=</b>	Sep. 04, 2006			
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUL	ATION	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR		
OHAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIFT (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	1g SAR (W/kg)		
1	2412.00 (Low)	BPSK		28.314	28.009	-1.08	Standard Battery	15	0.146		
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	ВР	SK	63.241	62.854	-0.61	Standard Battery	15	0.360		
11	2462.00 (High)	ВР	sĸ	28.510	28.255	-0.89	Standard Battery	15	0.197		
1	2412.00 (Low)	ВР	SK	28.314	28.112	-0.71	Standard Battery	16	0.143		
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	врѕк		63.241	62.884	-0.56	Standard Battery	16	0.355		
11	2462.00 (High)	<b>BPSK</b> 28.510 28.125		-1.35	Standard Battery	16	0.184				

- $1. \ Test \ configuration \ of \ each \ mode \ is \ described \ in \ section \ 3.$
- $2. \ In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over {\bf 1g, 1.6W/kg}, is applied.$
- 3.Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



## WLAN BAND (802.11b) BAND BODY POSITION

ENVIR	ONMENT OITION	ΓAL		mperature: ity:57%RF	•	uid Te	emper	ature: 21.7°	°C		
TEST	TESTED BY			Sam Onn				Ē.	Aug. 16, 2006		
CHAN.	IAN.		_ATION		ED POWER W)	POWER		DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR	
CHAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIF	Т (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)	
1	2412.00 (Low)	врѕк		28.314	28.025	-1.	02	Standard Battery	17	0.015	
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	ВР	SK	63.241	62.974	-0.	42	Standard Battery	17	0.032	
11	2462.00 (High)	ВР	SK	28.510	28.168	-1.	20	Standard Battery	17	0.018	

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- $2. \ In \ this \ testing, \ the \ limit \ for \ General \ Population \ Spatial \ Peak \ averaged \ over \ \textbf{1g, 1.6W/kg}, \ is \ applied.$
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- ${\it 4. The \ variation \ of \ the \ EUT \ conducted \ power \ measured \ before \ and \ after \ SAR \ testing \ should \ not \ over \ 5\%.}$



## WLAN BAND (802.11 g) RIGHT HEAD POSITION

ENVIR COND	ONMENT OITION	ΓAL		mperature: ity:58%RH	•	uid Temper	ature : 21.5°	°C		
TEST	ED BY		Sam C	)nn		DATE	Ē	Sep. 04, 2006		
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUL				POWER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR	
OTAIL.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIFT (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)	
1	2412.00 (Low)	ВР	sĸ	36.058	35.774	-0.79	Standard Battery	18	0.178	
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	ВР	SK	56.494	56.124	-0.65	Standard Battery	18	0.392	
11	2462.00 (High)	ВР	sĸ	35.810	35.475	-0.94	Standard Battery	18	0.216	
1	2412.00 (Low)	ВР	SK	36.058	35.814	-0.68	Standard Battery	19	0.142	
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	врѕк		56.494	56.105	-0.69	Standard Battery	19	0.304	
11	2462.00 (High)	ВР	sĸ	35.810	35.448	-1.01	Standard Battery	19	0.170	

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- $2. \ In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over {\bf 1g, 1.6W/kg}, is applied.$
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



# WLAN BAND (802.11 g) LEFT HEAD POSITION

	RONMEN <sup>-</sup> DITION	ΓAL		mperature: ity:58%RF	•	uid Temper	ature : 21.5°	°C					
TESTI	ED BY		Sam C	)nn		DATE	<b>=</b>	Sep. 04, 2006					
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUL	ATION	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR				
OI IAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	PE BEGIN TEST AFTER TEST DRIFT (%) POWER		POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)					
1	2412.00 (Low)	ВР	sĸ	36.058	35.778	-0.78	Standard Battery	20	0.119				
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	ВР	SK	56.494	56.137	-0.63	Standard Battery	20	0.267				
11	2462.00 (High)	ВР	sĸ	35.81	35.501	-0.86	Standard Battery	20	0.174				
1	2412.00 (Low)	ВР	SK	36.058	35.658	-1.11	Standard Battery	21	0.125				
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	врѕк		56.494	56.112	-0.68	Standard Battery	21	0.267				
11	2462.00 (High)	BPSK		BPSK		BPSK		35.810	35.447	-1.01	Standard Battery	21	0.157

- $1. \ Test \ configuration \ of \ each \ mode \ is \ described \ in \ section \ 3.$
- $2. \ In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over {\bf 1g, 1.6W/kg}, is applied.$
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



# WLAN BAND (802.11 g) BODY POSITION

ENVIR	ONMEN	ΓAL	Air Temperature: 22.8°C, Liquid Temperature: 21.7°C Humidity: 57%RH									
TESTED BY			Sam C	DATE			Aug. 16, 2006					
CHAN	CHAN		_ATION		ED POWER W)	POW	ER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED		
CHAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIFT (%)		POWER	POSITION MODE	1g SAR (W/kg)		
1	2412.00 (Low)	ВР	sĸ	36.058	35.647	-1.1	4	Standard Battery	22	0.012		
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	ВР	sĸ	56.494	56.054	-0.78		Standard Battery	22	0.026		
11	2462.00 (High)	ВР	SK	35.810	35.478	-0.9	3	Standard Battery	22	0.017		

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- ${\it 4. The \ variation \ of \ the \ EUT \ conducted \ power \ measured \ before \ and \ after \ SAR \ testing \ should \ not \ over \ 5\%.}$



## **BLUETOOTH BAND RIGHT HEAD POSITION**

ENVIR	RONMENT	ΓAL		mperature: ity:60%RH		uid Temper	ature : 21.1	°C		
TESTI	ED BY		Sam C	)nn		DATE	Ē	Sep. 08, 2006		
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUL	ATION			POWER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR	
OHAIL	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	IN TEST AFTER TEST DRIFT (%) POWER		POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)	
0	2402.00 (Low)	GF	sĸ	0.697	0.695	-0.29	Standard Battery	23	0.00420	
39	2441.00 (Mid.)	GF	SK	0.757	0.756	-0.13	Standard Battery	23	0.00504	
78	2480.00 (High)	GF	sĸ	0.931	0.929	-0.21	Standard Battery	23	0.00548	
0	2402.00 (Low)	GF	SK	0.697	0.695	-0.29	Standard Battery	24	0.00163	
39	2441.00 (Mid.)	GFSK		0.757	0.754	-0.39	Standard Battery	24	0.00173	
78	2480.00 (High)	GF	SK	0.931	0.926	-0.54	Standard Battery	24	0.00187	

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- $2. \ In \ this \ testing, \ the \ limit \ for \ General \ Population \ Spatial \ Peak \ averaged \ over \ \textbf{1g, 1.6W/kg}, \ is \ applied.$
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



## **BLUETOOTH BAND LEFT HEAD POSITION**

ENVIR COND	RONMEN <sup>*</sup> DITION	ΓAL		mperature: ity:60%RF	•	uid Temper	ature : 21.1	°C					
TESTI	ED BY		Sam C	)nn		DAT	E	Sep. 08, 2006					
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUL	ATION	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR				
OI IAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIFT (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	1g SAR (W/kg)				
0	2402.00 (Low)	GF	sĸ	0.697	0.695	-0.29	Standard Battery	25	0.00408				
39	2441.00 (Mid.)	GF	SK	0.757	0.753	-0.53	Standard Battery	25	0.00392				
78	2480.00 (High)	GF	sĸ	0.931	0.925	-0.64	Standard Battery	25	0.00437				
0	2402.00 (Low)	GF	SK	0.697	0.693	-0.57	Standard Battery	26	0.00192				
39	2441.00 (Mid.)	GFSK		0.757	0.750	-0.92	Standard Battery	26	0.00185				
78	2480.00 (High)	GFSK		GFSK		GFSK		0.931	0.924	-0.75	Standard Battery	26	0.00199

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- $2. \ In \ this \ testing, \ the \ limit \ for \ General \ Population \ Spatial \ Peak \ averaged \ over \ \textbf{1g, 1.6W/kg}, \ is \ applied.$
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



## **BLUETOOTH BAND BODY POSITION**

	ONMEN <sup>®</sup>	ΓAL	Air Temperature: 22.8°C, Liquid Temperature: 21.7°C Humidity: 57%RH								
TESTED BY			Sam Onn				DATE	<b>=</b>	Aug. 16, 2006		
CHAN.	CHAN.I		_ATION		ED POWER W)	POWER		DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR	
Onna	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIF	T (%) POWER		POSITION MODE	(W/kg)	
0	2402.00 (Low)	GF	sĸ	0.697	0.695	-0.	29	Standard Battery	27	0.00247	
39	2441.00 (Mid.)	GF	SK	0.757	0.754	-0.	39	Standard Battery	27	0.00254	
78	2480.00 (High)	GF	sĸ	0.931	0.925	-0.	64	Standard Battery	27	0.00266	

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- $2. \ \ In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over {\bf 1g, 1.6W/kg}, is applied.$
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



## WLAN BAND (802.11a) RIGHT HEAD POSITION

ENVIR COND	RONMEN <sup>*</sup> DITION	ΓAL		mperature: ity:61%RF	•	uid Temper	ature : 20.9	°C		
TESTI	ED BY		Sam C	)nn		DATE	<b>E</b>	Sep. 06, 2006		
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUL	ATION		ED POWER NW)	POWER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR	
OHAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST AFTER TEST DRIFT (%)		POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)		
36	5180.00	ВР	sĸ	25.410	25.316	-0.37	Standard Battery	28	1.090	
40	5200.00	ВР	sĸ	25.351	25.191	-0.63	Standard Battery	28	1.040	
48	5240.00	ВР	sĸ	25.119	24.973	-0.58	Standard Battery	28	1.120	
149	5745.00	ВР	sĸ	50.582	50.233	-0.69	Standard Battery	28	0.406	
157	5785.00	ВР	SK	56.364	55.845	-0.92	Standard Battery	28	0.458	
165	5825.00	ВР	sĸ	56.494	55.957	-0.95 Standard		28	0.609	

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



## WLAN BAND (802.11a) RIGHT HEAD POSITION

				•	•					
	RONMEN <sup>*</sup> DITION	ΓAL		mperature: ity:61%RF	21.8°C, Liq <del>I</del>	ature : 20.9º	°C			
TEST	ED BY		Sam C	DATE			Sep. 06	2006		
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUL		CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		_	VER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR
	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIFT (%)		POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)
36	5180.00	ВР	SK	25.410	25.191	-0.	86	Standard Battery	29	1.240
40	5200.00	ВР	SK	25.351	25.143	-0.82		Standard Battery	29	1.160
48	5240.00	ВР	sĸ	25.119	24.926	-0.	77	Standard Battery	29	1.260
149	5745.00	ВР	sĸ	50.582	50.182	-0.	79	Standard Battery	29	0.419
157	5785.00	ВР	sĸ	56.364	55.851	-0.	91	Standard Battery	29	0.443
165	5825.00	ВР	sĸ	56.494	56.115	-0.67		Standard Battery	29	0.580

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



## WLAN BAND (802.11a) LEFT HEAD POSITION

				•	•						
	RONMEN <sup>*</sup> DITION	TAL		mperature: ity:61%RF		uid Te	emper	ature : 20.9 <sup>o</sup>	°C		
TEST	ED BY		Sam C	)nn		DATE			Sep. 06, 2006		
CHAN.	FREQ.		LATION		ED POWER nW)	_		DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR	
<b>O</b> 111111	(MHz)	TYPE		BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIFT (%)		POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)	
36	5180.00	ВР	PSK	25.410	25.265	-0.	57	Standard Battery	30	1.150	
40	5200.00	ВР	PSK	25.351	25.161	-0.75		Standard Battery	30	1.140	
48	5240.00	ВР	rsk	25.119	25.029	-0.	36	Standard Battery	30	1.170	
149	5745.00	ВР	sĸ	50.582	50.375	-0.	41	Standard Battery	30	0.498	
157	5785.00	врѕк		56.364	56.037	-0.	58	Standard Battery	30	0.589	
165	5825.00	ВР	sĸ	56.494	56.121	-0.	66	Standard Battery	30	0.793	

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



## WLAN BAND (802.11a) LEFT HEAD POSITION

				(	002.11a) LL								
	RONMEN <sup>®</sup> OITION	TAL		Air Temperature: 21.8°C, Liquid Temperature: 20.9°C Humidity: 61%RH									
TEST	ED BY		Sam C	)nn		DATE	≣	9	Sep. 06, 2006				
CHAN.	FREQ.		_ATION		ED POWER NW)	POWER	DEVICE USE		EVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR			
	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIFT (%)	POWER	_	DSITION MODE	(W/kg)			
36	5180.00	ВР	sĸ	25.410	25.346	-0.25	Standard Battery		31	1.290			
40	5200.00	ВР	sĸ	25.351	25.272	-0.31	Standard Battery		31	1.320			
48	5240.00	ВР	sĸ	25.119	25.026	-0.37	Standard Battery		31	1.440			
149	5745.00	ВР	sĸ	50.582	50.152	-0.85	Standard Battery		31	0.515			
157	5785.00	ВР	sĸ	56.364	55.851	-0.91	Standard Battery		31	0.589			
165	5825.00	ВР	sĸ	56.494	55.901	-1.05	Standard Battery		31	0.761			

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



## WLAN BAND (802.11a) LEFT HEAD POSITION-MAIN BATTERY

ENVIR	ONMENT OITION	ΓAL		ir Temperature:21.8°C, Liquid Temperature:20.9°C umidity:61%RH								
TESTI	ED BY		Sam C	)nn			DATI	<b>=</b>	Sep. 06, 2006			
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUL	_ATION	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POV	VER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR		
OHAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIF	Т (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)		
48	5240.00	ВР	sĸ	25.119	24.848	-1.08 Standard 32 Battery		1.38				

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



# WLAN BAND (802.11a) BODY POSITION

	RONMEN <sup>-</sup>	TAL		Air Temperature:22.1°C, Liquid Temperature:21.0°C Humidity:61%RH								
TESTI	ED BY		Sam C	)nn		DATE	Ē	Sep. 07,	2006			
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUL	ATION	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR			
CHAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIFT (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)			
36	5180.00	ВР	SK	25.410	25.278	-0.52	Standard Battery	33	0.307			
40	5200.00	ВР	SK	25.351	25.191	-0.63	Standard Battery	33	0.389			
48	5240.00	ВР	sĸ	25.119	24.895	-0.89	Standard Battery	33	0.390			
149	5745.00	ВР	SK	50.582	50.299	-0.56	Standard Battery	33	0.094			
157	5785.00	ВР	SK	56.364	55.992	-0.66	Standard Battery	33	0.082			
165	5825.00	ВР	sĸ	56.494	56.093	-0.71	Standard Battery	33	0.099			

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



## CDMA 850 + WLAN (802.11b)+ BLUETOOTH BAND LEFT HEAD (TILT) POSITION

TESTI	ESTED BY Sam Onn			)nn	าท			DATE			Aug. 14, 2006	
CHAN.	V.		ATION	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER		DEVICE USE	i e		MEASURED 1g SAR	
0111111	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIFT (%)		POWER	POSITION MODE		(W/kg)	
777	848.80 (High)	OQI	PSK	0.263W	0.261W	-0.	.76					
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	DBI	PSK	63.241mW	62.884 mW	-0.	.56	Standard Battery	34		0.991	
78	2480.00 (High)	GF	sĸ	0.931mW	0.924mW	-0.	.75					

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3.Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- ${\it 4. The \ variation \ of \ the \ EUT \ conducted \ power \ measured \ before \ and \ after \ SAR \ testing \ should \ not \ over \ 5\%.}$



## 1xEVDO 850 + WLAN (802.11b)+ BLUETOOTH BAND BODY POSITION

TEST	ED BY	Sam C	Onn				=	Aug. 14	Aug. 14, 2006	
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODULATION			POWER		DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR	
OT ITALE	(MHz)	TYPE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIFT (%)		POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)	
384	836.60 (Mid.)	HPSK	0.263W	0.262W	-0.	38				
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	DBPSK	63.241mW	62.974 mW	-0.	42	Standard Battery	35	0.167	
78	2480.00 (High)	GFSK	0.931mW	0.925mW	-0.64					

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3.Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- ${\it 4. The \ variation \ of \ the \ EUT \ conducted \ power \ measured \ before \ and \ after \ SAR \ testing \ should \ not \ over \ 5\%.}$



# CDMA 1900 + WLAN (802.11b)+ BLUETOOTH BAND LEFT HEAD (TILT) POSITION

TESTI	ESTED BY Sam Onn DATE		=	Aug. 15, 200						
CHAN.			_ATION	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER		DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR
0111111	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST AFTER TEST DRIFT (%		T (%) POWER		POSITION MODE	(W/kg)	
600	1880.00 (Mid.)	oqi	PSK	0.275W	0.273W	-0.	.73			
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	DBI	PSK	63.241mW	62.884 mW	-0.	.56	Standard Battery	36	1.260
78	2480.00 (High)	GF	sĸ	0.931mW	0.924mW	-0.	.75			

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3.Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- ${\it 4. The \ variation \ of \ the \ EUT \ conducted \ power \ measured \ before \ and \ after \ SAR \ testing \ should \ not \ over \ 5\%.}$



# 1xEVDO 1900 + WLAN (802.11b)+ BLUETOOTH BAND BODY POSITION

TEST	ED BY	Sam C	)nn		DATE	<b>=</b>	Aug. 15, 2006		
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODULATION	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR	
CHAR	(MHz)	TYPE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIFT (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)	
600	1880.00 (Mid.)	OQPSK	0.275W	0.273W	-0.73				
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	DBPSK	63.241mW	62.974 mW	-0.42	Standard Battery	37	0.202	
78	2480.00 (High)	GFSK	0.931mW	0.925mW	-0.65				

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3.Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- ${\it 4. The \ variation \ of \ the \ EUT \ conducted \ power \ measured \ before \ and \ after \ SAR \ testing \ should \ not \ over \ 5\%.}$



## CDMA 850 + WLAN (802.11a)+ BLUETOOTH BAND LEFT HEAD (TILT) POSITION

TEST	ED BY	Sam (	Onn				=	Aug. 1	Aug. 14, 2006	
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODULATION	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER		DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR	
0.17	(MHz)	TYPE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIFT (%)		POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)	
777	848.80 (High)	OQPSK	0.263W	0.261W	-0.	.76				
48	5240.00	OFDM	25.119mW	25.026mW	-0.	.37	Standard Battery	38	1.440	
78	2480.00 (High)	GFSK	0.931mW	0.924mW	-0.	.75				

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3.Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- ${\it 4. The \ variation \ of \ the \ EUT \ conducted \ power \ measured \ before \ and \ after \ SAR \ testing \ should \ not \ over \ 5\%.}$



## 1xEVDO 850 + WLAN (802.11a)+ BLUETOOTH BAND BODY POSITION

TEST	ED BY	Sam (	Onn				DATE			Aug. 14, 2006	
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODULATION	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER		DEVICE USE			MEASURED 1g SAR	
0111111	(MHz)	TYPE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIFT (%)		POWER	POSITION MODE		(W/kg)	
384	836.60 (Mid.)	нрѕк	0.263W	0.262W	-0.	38					
48	5240.00	OFDM	25.119mW	24.895mW	-0.	89	Standard Battery		39	0.390	
78	2480.00 (High)	GFSK	0.931mW	0.925mW	-0.	64					

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- ${\it 4. The \ variation \ of \ the \ EUT \ conducted \ power \ measured \ before \ and \ after \ SAR \ testing \ should \ not \ over \ 5\%.}$



# CDMA 1900 + WLAN (802.11a)+ BLUETOOTH BAND LEFT HEAD (TILT) POSITION

TEST	ED BY	Sam C	Onn					Aug. 1	Aug. 15, 2006	
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODULATION	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER		DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR	
OTIAN	(MHz)	TYPE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIFT (%)		POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)	
600	1880.00 (Mid.)	OQPSK	0.275W	0.273W	-0.	73				
48	5240.00	OFDM	25.119mW	25.026mW	-0.:	37	Standard Battery	40	1.440	
78	2480.00 (High)	GFSK	0.931mW	0.924mW	-0.75					

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3.Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- ${\it 4. The \ variation \ of \ the \ EUT \ conducted \ power \ measured \ before \ and \ after \ SAR \ testing \ should \ not \ over \ 5\%.}$



## 1xEVDO 1900 + WLAN (802.11a)+ BLUETOOTH BAND BODY POSITION

TESTI	ED BY	Sam	Onn		DAT	E	Aug. 15, 2006		
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODULATIO		CONDUCTED POWER		DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR	
OHAR	(MHz)	TYPE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIFT (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)	
600	1880.00 (Mid.)	OQPSK	0.275W	0.273W	-0.73				
48	5240.00	OFDM	25.119mW	24.895mW	-0.89	Standard Battery	41	0.390	
78	2480.00 (High)	GFSK	0.931mW	0.925mW	-0.64				

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3.Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- ${\it 4. The \ variation \ of \ the \ EUT \ conducted \ power \ measured \ before \ and \ after \ SAR \ testing \ should \ not \ over \ 5\%.}$



### ADDITIONAL TEST RESULT FOR ASSOCIATE DEVICE: GUN & READER:

### **CDMA850 BAND LEFT HEAD POSITION**

	RONMENT DITION	\		nperature: ity:62%RF	•	uid Te	empe	rature : 21.4°	С		
TESTI	ED BY		Sam C	)nn			DAT	E	Dec. 11,	2006	
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUL	.ATION	CONDUCTED	POWER (W)	POW	VER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR	
CHAN.	(MHz)	TY		BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIF	Γ (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)	
777	848.8 (High)	OQI	PSK	0.263	0.259	-1.9	52	Standard Battery	1 1.020		

### **CDMA1900 BAND LEFT HEAD POSITION**

ENVIR	ONMEN <sup>-</sup>			mperature: ity:63%RH		uid Te	emper	ature : 21.4	°C	
TEST	ED BY		Sam O	)nn			DATI	<b>E</b>	Dec. 11,	2006
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUL	.ATION	CONDUCTED	POWER (W)	POV	WER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR
CHAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIF	T (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)
600	1880.00 (Mid.)	OQI	PSK	0.275	0.268	-2.	.55	Standard Battery	2	1.080

- 5. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 4.
- 6. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 7. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 8. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



## 1 x EVDO1900 BAND BODY POSITION

				ir Temperature:22.4°C, Liquid Temperature:21.3°C umidity:63%RH						
TEST	TESTED BY			)nn	DATE Dec. 1			Dec. 11,	, 2006	
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUI	LATION	CONDUCTED	POWER (W)	POV	VER	R DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR
CHAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIF	Т (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)
600	1880.00 (Mid.)	НР	PSK	0.275	0.267	-2.	91	Standard Battery	3	0.334
600	1880.00 (Mid.)	НР	PSK	0.275	0.270	-1.	82	Standard Battery	4	0.267
600	1880.00 (Mid.)	НР	PSK	0.275	0.269	-2.	18	Standard Battery	5	0.299
600	1880.00 (Mid.)	НР	sĸ	0.275	0.266	-3.	27	Standard Battery	6	0.222

- 5. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 4.
- 6. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over  ${\bf 1g}$ ,  ${\bf 1.6W/kg}$ , is applied.
- 7. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 8. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



## WLAN BAND (802.11b) RIGHT HEAD POSITION

				mperature: ity:62%RH	·	uid Te	emper	ature : 21.3º	°C			
TESTED BY			Sam C	)nn			DATE		Dec. 11,	Dec. 11, 2006		
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUL	_ATION		ED POWER W)	POV	VER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED		
CHAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIF	Т (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	1g SAR (W/kg)		
6	2437.00 (Mid.) DBPSK		PSK	63.241	62.745	-0.	78	Standard Battery	7	0.501		

## WLAN BAND (802.11 g) RIGHT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION Air Temperature : 22.3°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.3°C Humidity : 62%RH					°C					
TESTED BY			Sam O	nn			<b>DATE</b> Dec. 11, 2006			2006
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUL	_		CONDUCTED POWER (mW) PO		WER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED 1g SAR
	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIF	Т (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	BPSK		56.494	56.152	-0.	.61	Standard Battery	8	0.360

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 4.
- $2. \ In \ this \ testing, \ the \ limit \ for \ General \ Population \ Spatial \ Peak \ averaged \ over \ \textbf{1g, 1.6W/kg}, \ is \ applied.$
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



## WLAN BAND (802.11a) LEFT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION  Air Temperature : 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.3°C Humidity : 64%RH										
TESTED BY Sam Onn				)nn			DATE	Dec. 08, 2006		
CHAN.	FREQ.	MODUL	_ATION	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POV	VER	DEVICE USE	DEVICE TEST	MEASURED
CHAN.	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIF	Т (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
48	5240.00	ВР	SK	25.119	24.873	-0.	98	Standard Battery	9	1.170

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 4.
- $2. \ In \ this \ testing, \ the \ limit \ for \ General \ Population \ Spatial \ Peak \ averaged \ over \ \textbf{1g, 1.6W/kg}, \ is \ applied.$
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



## WLAN BAND (802.11a) BODY POSITION

ENVIR COND	RONMEN <sup>®</sup>	ΓAL		mperature: ity:62%RF	e: 22.1°C, Liquid Temperature: 21.0°C RH					
TESTED BY			Sam C	)nn		<b>DATE</b> Dec. 08, 200			, 2006	
CHAN. FREQ. (MHz)	MODUL	_		CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		VER	DEVICE USE	1	MEASURED 1g SAR	
	(MHz)	TY	PE	BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST	DRIF	Г (%)	POWER	POSITION MODE	(W/kg)
48	5240.00	ВР	sĸ	25.119	24.785	-1.3	33	Standard Battery	10	0.431
48	5240.00	ВР	SK	25.119	24.637	-1.9	92	Standard Battery	11	0.421
48	5240.00	ВР	sĸ	25.119	24.587	-2.	12	Standard Battery	12	0.068
48	5240.00	ВР	sĸ	25.119	24.452	-2.	66	Standard Battery	13	0.045

Battery

- 1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 4.
- 2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
- 3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
- 4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



## 5.3 SAR LIMITS

	SAR (W/kg)				
HUMAN EXPOSURE	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average ( whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over 1 g)	1.6	8.0			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

- 1. This limits accord to 47 CFR 2.1093 Safety Limit.
- 2. The EUT property been complied with the partial body exposure limit under the general population environment.



### 5.4 RECIPES FOR TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom, the phantom must be filled with 25 litters of tissue simulation liquid.

The following ingredients are used:

• WATER- Deionized water (pure H20), resistivity \_16 M - as basis for the liquid

• SUGAR- Refined sugar in crystals, as available in food shops- to reduce relative

permittivity

• SALT- Pure NaCl - to increase conductivity

• CELLULOSE- Hydroxyethyl-cellulose, medium viscosity (75-125 mPa.s, 2% in water,

20\_C),

CAS # 54290 - to increase viscosity and to keep sugar in solution

• PRESERVATIVE- Preventol D-7 Bayer AG, D-51368 Leverkusen, CAS # 55965-84-9 - to

prevent the spread of bacteria and molds

• **DGMBE-** Diethylenglycol-monobuthyl ether (DGMBE), Fluka Chemie GmbH,

CAS # 112-34-5 - to reduce relative permittivity

## THE RECIPES FOR 835MHz SIMULATING LIQUID TABLE

INGREDIENT	HEAD SIMULATING LIQUID 835MHz (HSL-835)	MUSCLE SIMULATING LIQUID 835MHz (MSL-835)		
Water	40.28%	50.07%		
Cellulose	02.41%	NA		
Salt	01.38%	0.94%		
Preventtol D-7	00.18%	0.09%		
Sugar	57.97%	48.2%		
Dielectric Parameters at 22	f = 835MHz $e= 41.5 \pm 5\%$ $s= 0.97 \pm 5\% S/m$	f= 835MHz e= 55.0 ± 5% s= 1.05 ± 5% S/m		



## THE RECIPES FOR 1900MHz SIMULATING LIQUID TABLE

INGREDIENT	HEAD SIMULATING LIQUID 1900MHz (HSL-1900)	MUSCLE SIMULATING LIQUID 1900MHz (MSL-1900)		
Water	55.24%	70.16%		
DGMBE	44.45%	29.44%		
Salt	0.306%	00.39%		
Dielectric Parameters at 22	f= 1900MHz e= 40.0 ± 5% s= 1.40 ± 5% S/m	f= 1900MHz e= 53.3 ± 5% s= 1.52 ± 5% S/m		

## THE RECIPES FOR 2450MHz SIMULATING LIQUID TABLE

INGREDIENT	HEAD SIMULATING LIQUID 2450MHz (HSL-2450)	MUSCLE SIMULATING LIQUID 2450MHz (MSL-2450)		
Water	45%	69.83%		
DGMBE	55%	30.17%		
Salt	NA	NA		
Dielectric Parameters at 22	f= 2450MHz e= 39.2 ± 5% s= 1.80 ± 5% S/m	f= 2450MHz e= 52.7 ± 5% s= 1.95 ± 5% S/m		

## THE INFORMATION FOR 5GHz SIMULATING LIQUID

The 5GHz liquids was purchased from SPEAG.

**Body liquid model:** HSL 5800, P/N: SL AAH 5800 AA **Head liquid model:** M 5800, P/N: SL AAM 580 AD

5GHz liquids contain the following ingredients:

Water 64 - 78%

Mineral Oil 11 - 18%

Emulsifiers 9 - 15%

Additives and Salt 2 - 3%



Testing the liquids using the Agilent Network Analyzer E8358A and Agilent Dielectric Probe Kit 85070D. The testing procedure is following as

- 1. Turn Network Analyzer on and allow at least 30 min. warm up.
- 2. Mount dielectric probe kit so that interconnecting cable to Network Analyzer will not be moved during measurements or calibration.
- 3. Pour de-ionized water and measure water temperature (±1°).
- 4. Set water temperature in Agilent-Software (Calibration Setup).
- 5. Perform calibration.
- 6. Validate calibration with dielectric material of known properties (e.g. polished ceramic slab with >8mm thickness e'=10.0, e"=0.0). If measured parameters do not fit within tolerance, repeat calibration (±0.2 for e': ±0.1 for e").
- 7. Conductivity can be calculated from e" by  $s = ? e_0 e'' = e'' f [GHz] / 18$ .
- 8. Measure liquid shortly after calibration. Repeat calibration every hour.
- 9. Stir the liquid to be measured. Take a sample (~50ml) with a syringe from the center of the liquid container.
- 10. Pour the liquid into a small glass flask. Hold the syringe at the bottom of the flask to avoid air bubbles.
- 11. Put the dielectric probe in the glass flask. Check that there are no air bubbles in front of the opening in the dielectric probe kit.
- 12. Perform measurements.
- 13. Adjust medium parameters in DASY4 for the frequencies necessary for the measurements ('Setup Config', select medium (e.g. Brain 900 MHz) and press 'Option'-button.

Select the current medium for the frequency of the validation (e.g. Setup Medium Brain 900 MHz).



# FOR CDMA850 BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID T	YPE	HSL	-835	MSI	835	
SIMULATI	ING LIQUID	21	1.6	21.0		
TESTED I	DATE	Aug. 1	4, 2006	Aug. 1	4, 2006	
TESTED I	ВҮ	Sam	Onn	Sam	Onn	
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	
824.20		41.550	40.700	55.240	55.100	
835.00	Permitivity	41.500	40.600	55.200	55.000	
836.60	( )	41.500	40.600	55.190	55.000	
848.80		41.500	40.400	55.150	54.900	
824.20	Conductivity	0.899	0.860	0.969	0.940	
835.00	Conductivity ( )	0.900	0.870	0.970	0.950	
836.60	S/m	0.901	0.870	0.972	0.950	
848.80	5/111	0.914	0.890	0.987	0.960	
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22		e= 41.	5MHz 5 ± 5% ± 5% S/m	0.987 0.960  f= 835MHz  e= 55.0 ± 5%  s= 1.05 ± 5% S/m		



# FOR CDMA1900 BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID T	YPE	HSL-	1900	MSL	-1900	
SIMULAT	ING LIQUID	2	1.3	21.8		
TESTED I	DATE	Aug. 1	5, 2006	Aug. 1	5, 2006	
TESTED I	ВҮ	Sam	Onn	Sam	n Onn	
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	
1851.25		40.000	40.300	53.300	55.000	
1880.00	Permitivity	40.000	40.300	53.300	55.000	
1900.00	( )	40.000	40.200	53.300	54.900	
1908.75		40.000	40.200	53.300	54.900	
1851.25	Conductivity	1.400	1.340	1.520	1.500	
1880.00	Conductivity ( )	1.400	1.370	1.520	1.540	
1900.00	S/m	1.400	1.390	1.520	1.570	
1908.75	3/111	1.400	1.400	1.520	1.580	
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22		e= 40.	00MHz 0 ± 5% ± 5% S/m	e= 53.	00MHz 3 ± 5% ± 5% S/m	



# FOR 2.4GHz BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID T	YPE	HSL-	2450	MSL	-2450	
SIMULATI TEMP.	ING LIQUID	21	1.5	21.7		
TEST DAT	TE	Sep. 0	4, 2006	Aug. 1	6, 2006	
TESTED E	ВҮ	Sam	Onn	Sam	o Onn	
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	
2412.0		39.267	40.400	52.750	52.600	
2437.0	Permitivity	39.223	40.300	52.710	52.500	
2450.0	( )	39.200	40.300	52.700	52.500	
2462.0		39.184	40.200	52.680	52.400	
2412.0	Conductivity	1.766	1.780	1.913	1.930	
2437.0	Conductivity ( )	1.788	1.810	1.937	1.960	
2450.0	S/m	1.800	1.820	1.950	1.980	
2462.0	0/111	1.813	1.840	1.967	2.000	
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22		e= 39.2	50MHz 2 ± 5% ± 5% S/m	e= 52.	50MHz 7 ± 5% ± 5% S/m	



# FOR BLUETOOTH BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-2450		MSL-2450	
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		21.1		21.7	
TEST DATE		Sep. 08, 2006		Aug. 16, 2006	
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		Sam Onn	
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE
2402.0	Permitivity ( )	39.280	40.500	52.760	52.600
2441.0		39.210	40.400	52.710	52.500
2450.0		39.200	40.300	52.700	52.500
2480.0		39.160	40.200	52.660	52.400
2402.0	Conductivity ( ) S/m	1.750	1.820	1.900	1.920
2441.0		1.790	1.870	1.940	1.970
2450.0		1.800	1.880	1.950	1.980
2480.0		1.830	1.910	1.990	2.020
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22		f= 2450MHz e= 39.2 ± 5% s= 1.80 ± 5% S/m		f= 2450MHz e= 52.7 ± 5% s= 1.95 ± 5% S/m	



# FOR 5.0GHz BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-5800		MSL-5800			
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		20.9		21.0			
TEST DATE		Sep. 06, 2006		Sep. 07, 2006			
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		Sam Onn			
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE		
5180	Permitivity ()	36.000	36.600	49.04	49.700		
5200		35.980	36.500	49.01	49.700		
5240		35.490	36.500	48.96	49.600		
5500		35.640	36.000	48.60	48.900		
5745		35.360	35.500	48.27	48.400		
5785		35.310	35.400	48.22	48.400		
5800		35.300	35.400	48.20	48.400		
5805		35.270	35.300	48.16	48.200		
5180	Conductivity ( ) S/m	4.630	4.510	5.270	5.120		
5200		4.650	4.530	5.290	5.150		
5240		4.690	4.580	5.340	5.190		
5500		4.960	4.880	5.640	5.610		
5745		5.210	5.170	5.930	6.010		
5785		5.250	5.220	5.980	6.060		
5800		5.270	5.240	6.000	6.070		
5805		5.290	5.270	6.020	6.100		
Dielectric Parameters Required at 21							



ADDITIONAL RECIPES FOR TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS FOR ASSOCIATE DEVICE: GUN & READER:

## FOR CDMA850 BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID T	LIQUID TYPE HSI		-835	MSI	835	
SIMULATI TEMP.	ING LIQUID	21	1.4	NA		
TESTED I	DATE	Dec. 1	1, 2006	N	IA .	
TESTED E	ВҮ	Sam	Onn	N	<b>I</b> A	
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	
824.20		41.556	-	NA	NA	
835.00	Permitivity ( )	41.500	42.300	NA	NA	
836.60	T Cilillavity ( )	41.500	-	NA	NA	
848.80		41.500	42.100	NA	NA	
824.20		0.899	-	NA	NA	
835.00	Conductivity	0.900	0.900	NA	NA	
836.60	( ) S/m	0.902	-	NA	NA	
848.80		0.915	0.920	NA	NA	
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22		f= 835MHz e= 41.5 ± 5% s= 0.97 ± 5% S/m		f= 835MHz e= 55.0 ± 5% s= 1.05 ± 5% S/m		



# FOR CDMA1900 BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID T	YPE	HSL-1900		MSL	-1900	
SIMULATI	ING LIQUID	2	1.4	21.3		
TESTED I	DATE	Dec. 1	1, 2006	Dec. 1	1, 2006	
TESTED I	ВҮ	Sam	Onn	Sam	ı Onn	
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE			MEASUREMENT VALUE	
1851.25		40.000	-	53.300	-	
1880.00	Permitivity ( )	40.000	39.400	53.300	53.500	
1900.00	T Cilliavity ( )	40.000	39.300	53.300	53.500	
1908.75		40.000	-	53.300	-	
1851.25		1.400	-	1.520	-	
1880.00	Conductivity	1.400	1.380	1.520	1.490	
1900.00	( ) S/m	1.400	1.400	1.520	1.520	
1908.75		1.400 -		1.520	-	
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22		f= 1900MHz e= 40.0 ± 5% s= 1.40 ± 5% S/m		f= 1900MHz e= 53.3 ± 5% s= 1.52 ± 5% S/m		



## FOR 2.4GHz BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID T	YPE	HSL-	2450	MSL	-2450
SIMULATI	ING LIQUID	21	1.3	NA	
TEST DA	TE	Dec. 1	1, 2006	N	NA .
TESTED I	ВҮ	Sam	Onn	N	NA .
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE
2412.0		39.268	-	NA	NA
2437.0	Permitivity ( )	39.223	39.700	NA	NA
2450.0	T Cilillavity ( )	39.200	39.700	NA	NA
2462.0		39.179	-	NA	NA
2412.0		1.766	-	NA	NA
2437.0	Conductivity	1.788	1.810	NA	NA
2450.0	( ) S/m	1.800	1.820	NA	NA
2462.0		1.811	-	NA	NA
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22		f= 2450MHz e= 39.2 ± 5% s= 1.80 ± 5% S/m		f= 2450MHz e= 52.7 ± 5% s= 1.95 ± 5% S/m	



## FOR 5.0GHz BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID T	<b>TYPE</b> HSL-5800 MSL-5800			L-5800		
SIMULATI	ING LIQUID	21.3 21.0			1.0	
TEST DA	TE	Dec. 0	8, 2006	Dec. 0	08, 2006	
TESTED I	ВҮ	Sam	ı Onn	Sam	n Onn	
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	
5200	Permitivity ( )	35.986	36.700	49.010	50.600	
5240	T Cilliavity ( )	35.940	36.600	48.960	50.500	
5200	Conductivity	4.655	4.760	5.299	5.360	
5240	( ) S/m	4.696 4.800		5.346 5.420		
	Dielectric Parameters Required at 21					



## 5.5 TEST EQUIPMENT FOR TISSUE PROPERTY

ITEM	NAME	BAND	TYPE	SERIES NO.	CALIBRATED UNTIL
1	Network Analyzer	Agilent	E8358A	US41480538	Nov. 06, 2007
2	Dielectric Probe	Agilent	85070D	US01440176	NA

#### NOTE:

- 1. Before testing the measurement, all test equipment shall have 30 min warm up.
- 2. The tolerance (k=1) specified by Agilent for general dielectric measurements, deriving from inaccuracies in the calibration data, analyzer drift, and random errors, are usually ±2.5% and ±5% for measured permittivity and conductivity, respectively. However, the tolerances for the conductivity is smaller for material with large loss tangents, i.e., less than ±2.5% (k=1). It can be substantially smaller if more accurate methods are applied.



## 6. SYSTEM VALIDATION

The system validation was performed in the flat phantom with equipment listed in the following table. Since the SAR value is calculated from the measured electric field, dielectric constant and conductivity of the body tissue and the SAR is proportional to the square of the electric field. So, the SAR value will be also proportional to the RF power input to the system validation dipole under the same test environment. In our system validation test, 250mW RF input power was used.

#### **6.1 TEST EQUIPMENT**

ITEM	NAME	BAND	TYPE	SERIES NO.	CALIBRATED UNTIL
1	SAM Phantom	S&P	QD000 P40 CA	PT-1150	NA
2	Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257C	MY43320668	Dec. 07, 2006
3	E-Field Probe	S&P	ET3DV6	1687	Sep. 14, 2006
4	E-Field Probe	S&P	EX3DV3	3506	Apr. 19, 2007
5	DAE	S&P	DAE3 V1	579	Mar. 14, 2007
6	Robot Positioner	Staubli Unimation	NA	NA	NA
		S&P	D835V2	4d021	May 22, 2007
7	Validation Dipole	S&P	D1900V2	5d036	Apr. 27, 2007
'	validation Dipole	S&P	D2450V2	737	Apr. 26, 2007
		S&P	D5GHzV2	1018	May 02, 2007

NOTE: 1. Before starting the measurement, all test equipment shall be warmed up for 30min.



## ADDITIONAL TEST EQUIPMENT FOR ASSOCIATE DEVICE: GUN & READER:

ITEM	NAME	BAND	TYPE	SERIES NO.	CALIBRATED UNTIL
1	SAM Phantom	S&P	QD000 P40 CA	PT-1150	NA
2	Synthesized Signal Generator	Anritsu	68247B	984703	May 08, 2007
3	E-Field Probe	S&P	ET3DV6	1790	Nov. 22, 2007
4	E-Field Probe	S&P	EX3DV6	3504	Nov. 22, 2007
5	DAE	S&P	DAE3 V1	579	Mar. 14, 2007
6	Robot Positioner	Staubli Unimation	NA	NA	NA
		S&P	D835V2	4d021	May 22, 2007
7	Validation Dipole	S&P	D1900V2	5d036	Apr. 27, 2007
′	validation Dipole	S&P	D2450V2	737	Apr. 26, 2007
		S&P	D5GHzV2	1018	May 02, 2007



#### 6.2 TEST PROCEDURE

Before you start the system performance check, need only to tell the system with which components (probe, medium, and device) are performing the system performance check; the system will take care of all parameters. The dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM Twin Phantom with the correct distance holder in place. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking (little cross) and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. Accurate positioning is not necessary, since the system will search for the peak SAR location, except that the dipole arms should be parallel to the surface. The device holder for the EUT can be left in place but should be rotated away from the dipole.

- 1.The "Power Reference Measurement" and "Power Drift Measurement" jobs are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the amplifier output power. If it is too high (above ±0.1 dB), the system performance check should be repeated; some amplifiers have very high drift during warm-up. A stable amplifier gives drift results in the DASY system below ±0.02 dB.
- 2.The "Surface Check" job tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above  $\pm 0.1$ mm). In that case it is better to abort the system performance check and stir the liquid. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within  $\pm 30^{\circ}$ .) However, varying breaking indices of different liquid compositions might also influence the distance. If the indicated difference varies from the actual setting, the probe parameter "optical surface



- 3. The "Area Scan" job measures the SAR above the dipole on a plane parallel to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR. The proposed scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement; due to the symmetric field, the peak detection is reliable. If a finer graphic is desired, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result.
- 4. The "Zoom Scan" job measures the field in a volume around the peak SAR value assessed in the previous "Area Scan" job (for more information see the application note on SAR evaluation).

About the validation dipole positioning uncertainty, the constant and low loss dielectric spacer is used to establish the correct distance between the top surface of the dipole and the bottom surface of the phantom, the error component introduced by the uncertainty of the distance between the liquid (i.e., phantom shell) and the validation dipole in the DASY4 system is less than ±0.1mm.

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times (\frac{(a+d)^2}{a^2} - 1)$$

As the closest distance is 10mm, the resulting tolerance SAR<sub>tolerance</sub>[%] is <2%.



## 6.3 VALIDATION RESULTS

	SYSTEM VALIDATION TEST OF SIMULATING LIQUID							
FREQUENCY (MHz)	REQUIRED SAR (mW/g)	MEASURED SAR (mW/g)	DEVIATION (%)	SEPARATION DISTANCE	TESTED DATE			
HSL 835	2.31 (1g)	2.26	-2.16	15mm	Aug. 14, 2006			
MSL 835	2.45 (1g)	2.34	-4.49	15mm	Aug. 14, 2006			
HSL 1900	9.61 (1g)	9.38	-2.39	10mm	Aug. 15, 2006			
MSL 1900	9.96 (1g)	9.74	-2.21	10mm	Aug. 15, 2006			
HSL 2450	13.30 (1g)	13.30	0	10mm	Sep. 04, 2006			
HSL 2450	13.30 (1g)	13.20	-0.75	10mm	Sep. 08, 2006			
MSL 2450	13.90 (1g)	13.70	-1.44	10mm	Aug. 16, 2006			
HSL 5200	21.30 (1g)	20.70	-2.82	10mm	Sep. 06, 2006			
MSL 5200	20.30 (1g)	19.60	-3.45	10mm	Sep. 07, 2006			
HSL 5500	21.40 (1g)	21.00	-1.87	10mm	Sep. 06, 2006			
MSL 5500	20.30 (1g)	19.70	-2.96	10mm	Sep. 07, 2006			
HSL 5800	20.90 (1g)	20.30	-2.87	10mm	Sep. 06, 2006			
MSL 5800	18.70 (1g)	18.10	-3.21	10mm	Sep. 07, 2006			
TESTED BY	Sam Onn							

**NOTE:** Please sees Appendix for the photo of system validation test.



## ADDITIONAL VALIDATION RESULTS FOR ASSOCIATE DEVICE: GUN & READER:

	SYSTEM VALIDATION TEST OF SIMULATING LIQUID								
FREQUENCY (MHz)	REQUIRED SAR (mW/g)	MEASURED SAR (mW/g)	DEVIATION (%)	SEPARATION DISTANCE	TESTED DATE				
HSL 835	2.31 (1g)	2.22	-3.90	15mm	Dec. 11, 2006				
HSL 1900	9.61 (1g)	9.27	-3.54	10mm	Dec. 11, 2006				
MSL 1900	9.96 (1g)	9.63	-3.31	10mm	Dec. 11, 2006				
HSL 2450	13.30 (1g)	13.36	2.26	10mm	Dec. 11, 2006				
HSL 5200	21.30 (1g)	20.50	-3.76	10mm	Dec. 08, 2006				
MSL 5200	20.30 (1g)	19.50	-3.94	10mm	Dec. 08, 2006				
TESTED BY	TESTED BY Sam Onn								

**NOTE:** Please sees Appendix for the photo of system validation test.



#### 6.4 SYSTEM VALIDATION UNCERTAINTIES

In the table below, the system validation uncertainty with respect to the analytically assessed SAR value of a dipole source as given in the IEEE 1528 standard is given. This uncertainty is smaller than the expected uncertainty for mobile phone measurements due to the simplified setup and the symmetric field distribution.

Error Description	Tolerance (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(0	Ci)	Unce	dard tainty %)	(v <sub>i</sub> )
				(1g)	(10g)	(1g)	(10g)	
		Measuremen	t System					
Probe Calibration	4.8	Normal	1	1	1	4.8	4.8	
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	3	1	1	2.7	2.7	
Hemispherical Isotropy	0	Rectangular	3	1	1	0	0	
Boundary effect	1.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	3	1	1	2.7	2.7	
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	
Response Time	0	Rectangular	3	1	1	0	0	
Integration Time	0	Rectangular	3	1	1	0	0	
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	1.7	1.7	
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	3	1	1	0.2	0.2	
Probe positioning	2.9	Rectangular	3	1	1	1.7	1.7	
Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	1.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	0.6	0.6	
		Dipol	е					
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	2.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	1.2	1.2	
Input power and SAR drift measurement	4.7	Rectangular	3	1	1	2.7	2.7	
	F	Phantom and Tissi	ue Parame	ters				
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	2.3	2.3	
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	Rectangular	3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	Rectangular	3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2	
		Standard Uncertair	nty			8.4	8.1	
	Coveraç	ge Factor for 95%					kp=2	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						16.8	16.2	

**NOTE:** About the system validation uncertainty assessment, please reference the section 7.



## 6.5 SYSTEM VALIDATION UNCERTAINTIES (For 5.0GHz)

Error Description	Tolerance (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(0	,	Uncer	dard tainty %)	(v <sub>i</sub> )
			(1g)	(10g)	(1g)	(10g)		
		Measuremen	t System					
Probe Calibration	6.6	Normal	1	1	1	4.8	6.6	
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	3	1	1	2.7	2.7	
Hemispherical Isotropy	0.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	0.0	0.0	
Boundary effect	2.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	1.2	1.2	
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	3	1	1	2.7	2.7	
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	0.0	0.0	
Integration Time	0.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	0.0	0.0	
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	1.7	1.7	
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	3	1	1	0.5	0.5	
Probe positioning	5.7	Normal	1	1	1	5.7	5.7	
Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	4.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	2.3	2.3	
		Dipole	е					
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	2.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	1.2	1.2	
Input power and SAR drift measurement	4.7	Rectangular	3	1	1	2.7	2.7	
	ı	Phantom and Tissi	ue Paramet	ers				
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	2.3	2.3	
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	Rectangular	3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	Rectangular	3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	2.5	Normal	1	0.60	0.49	1.5	1.2	
	Combined S	Standard Uncertair	nty			11.3	11.1	
	Coveraç	ge Factor for 95%					kp=2	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						22.6	22.1	

### Table 6.1

**NOTE: 1.** Table 6.1 Uncertainty of the system performance check in the 5-6GHz range. Probe calibration error reflects uncertainty of the EX3DV3 probe conversion factor at Calibration Frequency.

 $\textbf{2.} \ \textbf{About the system validation uncertainty assessment, please reference the section 7.}$ 



## 7. MEASUREMENT SAR PROCEDURE UNCERTAINTIES

The assessment of spatial peak SAR of the hand handheld devices is according to IEEE 1528. All testing situation shall be met below these requirements.

- The system is used by an experienced engineer who follows the manual and the guidelines taught during the training provided by SPEAG.
- The probe has been calibrated within the requested period and the stated uncertainty for the relevant frequency bands does not exceed 4.8% (k=1).
- The validation dipole has been calibrated within the requested period and the system performance check has been successful.
- The DAE unit has been calibrated within the within the requested period.
- The minimum distance between the probe sensor and inner phantom shell is selected to be between 4 and 5mm.
- The operational mode of the DUT is CW, CDMA, FDMA or TDMA (GSM, DCS, PCS, IS136 and PDC) and the measurement/integration time per point is >500 ms.
- The dielectric parameters of the liquid have been assessed using Agilent 85070D dielectric probe kit or a more accurate method.
- The dielectric parameters are within 5% of the target values.
- The DUT has been positioned as described in section 3.

#### 7.1 PROBE CALIBRATION UNCERTAINTY

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 50361, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO17025. The uncertainties are stated on the calibration certificate. For the most relevant frequency bands, these values do not exceed 4.8% (k=1). If evaluations of other bands are performed for which the uncertainty exceeds these values, the uncertainty tables given in the summary have to be revised accordingly.



#### 7.2 ISOTROPY UNCERTAINTY

The axial isotropy tolerance accounts for probe rotation around its axis while the hemispherical isotropy error includes all probe orientations and field polarizations. These parameters are assessed by SPEAG during initial calibration. In 2001, SPEAG further tightened its quality controls and warrants that the maximal deviation from axial isotropy is  $\pm 0.20$  dB, while the maximum deviation of hemispherical isotropy is  $\pm 0.40$  dB, corresponding to  $\pm 4.7\%$  and  $\pm 9.6\%$ , respectively. A weighting factor of cp equal to 0.5 can be applied, since the axis of the probe deviates less than 30 degrees from the normal surface orientation.

#### 7.3 BOUNDARY EFFECT UNCERTAINTY

The effect can be estimated according to the following error approximation formula

$$SAR_{tolerance}[\%] = SAR_{be}[\%] \times \frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{2d_{step}} \frac{e^{\frac{d_{be}}{d/2}}}{\mathbf{d}/2}$$

$$d_{be} + d_{step} < 10mm$$

The parameter  $d_{be}$  is the distance in mm between the surface and the closest measurement point used in the averaging process;  $d_{step}$  is the separation distance in mm between the first and second measurement points; d is the minimum penetration depth in mm within the head tissue equivalent liquids (i.e., d=13.95 mm at 3GHz); SAR<sub>be</sub> is the deviation between the measured SAR value at the distance  $d_{be}$  from the boundary and the wave-guide analytical value SAR<sub>ref</sub>.DASY4 applies a boundary effect compensation algorithm according to IEEE 1528, which is possible since the axis of the probe never deviates more than 30 degrees from the normal surface orientation. SAR<sub>be</sub>[%] is assessed during the calibration process and SPEAG warrants that the uncertainty at distances larger than 4mm is always less than 1%.In summary, the worst case boundary effect SAR tolerance[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is <  $\pm$  0.8%.



#### 7.4 PROBE LINEARITY UNCERTAINTY

Field probe linearity uncertainty includes errors from the assessment and compensation of the diode compression effects for CW and pulsed signals with known duty cycles. This error is assessed using the procedure described in IEEE 1528. For SPEAG field probes, the measured difference between CW and pulsed signals, with pulse frequencies between 10 Hz and 1 kHz and duty cycles between 1 and 100, is  $< \pm 0.20$  dB ( $< \pm 4.7\%$ ).

#### 7.5 READOUT ELECTRONICS UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties related to the probe readout electronics (DAE unit), including the gain and linearity of the instrumentation amplifier, its loading e ffect on the probe, and accuracy of the signal conversion algorithm, have been assessed accordingly to IEEE 1528. The combination (root-sum-square RSS method) of these components results in an overall maximum error of ±1.0%.

## 7.6 RESPONSE TIME UNCERTAINTY

The time response of the field probes is assessed by exposing the probe to a well-controlled electric field producing SAR larger than 2.0 W/kg at the tissue medium surface. The signal response time is evaluated as the time required by the system to reach 90% of the expected final value after an on/of switch of the power source. Analytically, it can be expressed as:

$$SAR_{tolerance}[\%] = 100 \times (\frac{T_m}{T_m + te^{-T_m/t} - t} - 1)$$

where Tm is 500 ms, i.e., the time between measurement samples, and  $_{\rm T}$  the time constant. The response time  $_{\rm T}$  of SPEAG's probes is <5 ms. In the current implementation, DASY4 waits longer than 100 ms after having reached the grid point before starting a measurement, i.e., the response time uncertainty is negligible.



#### 7.7 INTEGRATION TIME UNCERTAINTY

If the device under test does not emit a CW signal, the integration time applied to measure the electric field at a specific point may introduce additional uncertainties due to the discretization and can be assessed as follows

$$SAR_{tolerance} \text{[\%]} = 100 \times \sum_{all \text{sub-frames}} \frac{t_{\textit{frame}}}{t_{\text{integration}}} \frac{\textit{slot}_{\textit{idle}}}{\textit{slot}_{\textit{total}}}$$

The tolerances for the different systems are given in Table 7.1, whereby the worst-case  $SAR_{tolerance}$  is 2.6%.

System	SAR <sub>tolerance</sub> %
CW	0
CDMA*	0
WCDMA*	0
FDMA	0
IS-136	2.6
PDC	2.6
GSM/DCS/PCS	1.7
DECT	1.9
Worst-Case	2.6

**TABLE 7.1** 



#### 7.8 PROBE POSITIONER MECHANICAL TOLERANCE

The mechanical tolerance of the field probe positioner can introduce probe positioning uncertainties. The resulting SAR uncertainty is assessed by comparing the SAR obtained according to the specifications of the probe positioner with respect to the actual position defined by the geometric enter of the probe sensors. The tolerance is determined as:

$$SAR_{tolerance}[\%] = 100 \times \frac{d_{ph}}{d/2}$$

The specified repeatability of the RX robot family used in DASY4 systems is  $\pm 25 \,\mu\text{m}$ . The absolute accuracy for short distance movements is better than  $\pm 0.1 \,\text{mm}$ , i.e., the SAR<sub>tolerance</sub>[%] is better than 1.5% (rectangular).

#### 7.9 PROBE POSITIONING

The probe positioning procedures affect the tolerance of the separation distance between the probe tip and the phantom surface as:

$$SAR_{tolerance}[\%] = 100 \times \frac{d_{ph}}{d/2}$$

where  $d_{ph}$  is the maximum deviation of the distance between the probe tip and the phantom surface. The optical surface detection has a precision of better than 0.2 mm, resulting in an SAR<sub>tolerance</sub>[%] of <2.9% (rectangular distribution). Since the mechanical detection provides better accuracy, 2.9% is a worst-case figure for DASY4 system.



## 7.10 PHANTOM UNCERTAINTY

The SAR measurement uncertainty due to SPEAG phantom shell production tolerances has been evaluated using

$$SAR_{tolerance}[\%] \cong 100 \times \frac{2d}{a},$$
  $d << a$ 

For a maximum deviation d of the inner and outer shell of the phantom from that specified in the CAD file of  $\pm 0.2$  mm, and a 10mm spacing a between source and tissue liquid, the calculated phantom uncertainty is  $\pm 4.0\%$ .



# 7.11 DASY4 UNCERTAINTY BUDGET (FOR 2.4GHz)

Error Description	Tolerance (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(C <sub>i</sub> )		Standard Uncertainty (±%)		(v <sub>i</sub> )			
				(1g)	(10g)	(1g)	(10g)				
Measurement Equipment											
Probe Calibration	4.8	Normal	1	1	1	4.8	4.8				
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	3	1	1	1.9	1.9				
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	3	1	1	3.9	3.9				
Boundary effect	1.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	0.6	0.6				
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	3	1	1	2.7	2.7				
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	0.6	0.6				
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0				
Response Time	0.8	Normal	1	1	1	0.8	0.8				
Integration Time	2.6	Normal	1	1	1	2.6	2.6				
Noise	0.0	Normal	1	0	0	0	0				
		Mechanical Co	onstraints								
Scanning System	0.4	Rectangular	3	1	1	0.2	0.2				
Phantom Shell	4.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	2.3	2.3				
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	3	1	1	1.7	1.7				
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	875			
		Physical Par	ameters								
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	Rectangular	3	0.7	0.5	2	1.4				
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	4.3	Rectangular	3	0.7	0.5	1.7	1.2				
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	Rectangular	3	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4				
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	4.3	Rectangular	3	0.6	0.5	1.5	1.2				
Power Drift	5	Rectangular	3	1	1	2.9	2.9				
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	1.7	1.7				
Post-Processing											
Extrapolation and Integration	1	Rectangular	3	1	1	0.6	0.6				
Combined Standard Uncertainty							9.7				
Coverage Factor for 95%						19.9	kp=2				
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)							19.3				

## **TABLE 7.2**

The table 7.2: Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY4 assessed according to IEEE 1528. The budget is valid for the frequency range 300MHz ~ 3GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerable smaller.



# 7.12 DASY4 UNCERTAINTY BUDGET (For 5 ~ 6GHz)

Error Description	Tolerance (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(C <sub>i</sub> )		Standard Uncertainty (±%)		(v <sub>i</sub> )				
				(1g)	(10g)	(1g)	(10g)					
Measurement System												
Probe Calibration	6.8	Normal	1	1	1	6.8	6.8					
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9					
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9					
Boundary effect	2.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	1.2	1.2					
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	3	1	1	2.7	2.7					
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	0.6	0.6					
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0					
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	3	1	1	0.5	0.5					
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	3	1	1	1.5	1.5					
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	1.7	1.7					
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	3	1	1	0.5	0.5					
Probe positioning	5.7	Normal	1	1	1	5.7	5.7					
Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	4.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	2.3	2.3					
Test EUT Related												
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145				
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5				
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	2.9	2.9					
	Р	hantom and Tiss	ue Paramet	ers								
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	3	1	1	2.3	2.3					
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	Rectangular	3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2					
Liquid Conductivity (meas urement)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1					
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	Rectangular	3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4					
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	2.5	Normal	1	0.60	0.49	1.5	1.2					
Combined Standard Uncertainty						12.8	12.7	330				
Expanded STD Uncertainty							25.3					

## **TABLE 7.3**

The table 7.3: Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY4 valid for the frequency range  $5 \sim 6$  GHz. Probe calibration error reflects uncertainty of the narrow-bandwidth EX3DV3 probe conversion factor ( $\pm 50$  MHz).



## 8. INFORMATION ON THE TESTING LABORATORIES

We, ADT Corp., were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved by the following approval agencies according to ISO/IEC 17025.

USA FCC, UL, A2LA TUV Rheinland

JAPAN VCCI NORWAY NEMKO

CANADA INDUSTRY CANADA, CSA

**R.O.C.** CNLA, BSMI, DGT

**NETHERLANDS** Telefication

**SINGAPORE** PSB , GOST-ASIA (MOU)

RUSSIA CERTIS (MOU)

Copies of accreditation certificates of our laboratories obtained from approval agencies can be downloaded from our web site:

<u>www.adt.com.tw/index.5/phtml</u>. If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Linko EMC/RF Lab:Hsin Chu EMC/RF Lab:Tel: 886-2-26052180Tel: 886-3-5935343Fax: 886-2-26051924Fax: 886-3-5935342

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