



HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY RF EMISSIONS TEST REPORT

FCC ID	: SRQ-Z839
Equipment	: LTE Digital Mobile Phone
Brand Name	: ZTE
Model Name	: Z839V
M-Rating	: M4
Applicant	: ZTE CORPORATION ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District,Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China
Manufacturer	 ZTE CORPORATION ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China
Standard	: FCC 47 CFR §20.19 ANSI C63.19-2011

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any agency of government.

The test results in this variant report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERTIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager

SPORTON INTERTIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)



Table of Contents

1.	General Information	. 4
2.	Testing Location	. 4
	Applied Standards	
	RF Audio Interference Level	
	Air Interface and Operating Mode	
	Modulation Interference Factor	
7.	Low-power Exemption	. 7
	References	



History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA752343-01A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Aug. 07, 2018



1. <u>General Information</u>

Product Feature & Specification				
Applicant Name	ZTE CORPORATION			
Equipment Name LTE Digital Mobile Phone				
Brand Name	ZTE			
Model Name	Z839V			
FCC ID	SRQ-Z839			
HW Version	Z839VHW1.0			
SW Version	Z839VV1.0.0B02			
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype			
Frequency Band	WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 13: 779.5 MHz ~ 848.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz			
Mode	AMR / RMC 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+ (16QAM uplink) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM 802.11b/g/n HT20 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE/HS			

Reviewed by: <u>Eric Huang</u> Report Producer: <u>Wan Liu</u>

2. Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Testing Laboratory			
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.		
Test Site Location	No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978		
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.: SAR04-HY		

3. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19-2011
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v03
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01



4. <u>RF Audio Interference Level</u>

FCC wireless hearing aid compatibility rules ensure that consumers with hearing loss are able to access wireless communications services through a wide selection of handsets without experiencing disabling radio frequency (RF) interference or other technical obstacles.

To define and measure the hearing aid compatibility of handsets, in CFR47 part 20.19 ANSI C63.19 is referenced. A handset is considered hearing aid-compatible for acoustic coupling if it meets a rating of at least M3 under ANSI C63.19, and A handset is considered hearing aid compatible for inductive coupling if it meets a rating of at least T3. According to ANSI C63.19 2011 version, for acoustic coupling, the RF electric field emissions of wireless communication devices should be measured and rated according to the emission level as below.

Emission Cotogorios	E-field emissions			
Emission Categories	<960Mhz	>960Mhz		
M1	50 to 55 dB (V/m)	40 to 45 dB (V/m)		
M2	45 to 50 dB (V/m)	35 to 40 dB (V/m)		
M3	40 to 45 dB (V/m)	30 to 35 dB (V/m)		
M4 <40 dB (V/m)		<30 dB (V/m)		

 Table 5.1 Telephone near-field categories in linear units

5. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band MHz	Туре	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
	850	VO	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
WCDMA	1900		WLAN, BT	CIVINS VOICE	No	
	HSPA	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	Google Duo	No
	Band 2			WLAN, BT	VoLTE / Google Duo	No
LTE	Band 4	VD No ⁽¹⁾	$N_{10}^{(1)}$	WLAN, BT		No
(FDD)	Band 5	٧U	NO ¹⁷	WLAN, BT		No
	Band 13			WLAN, BT	000g.0 200	No
Wi-Fi	2450	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	GSM,CDMA,WCDMA,LTE	VoWiFi / Google Duo	No
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM,CDMA,WCDMA,LTE	NA	No
Type Transport:						

Type Transport:

VO= Voice only

DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)

VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

Remark:

1. The air interface is exempted from testing by low power exemption that its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤17 dBm, and is rated as M4.

2. This is a variant report to add VoWiFi and VoIP evaluation for Z839V.



6. <u>Modulation Interference Factor</u>

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2011 defines a new scaling using the Modulation Interference Factor (MIF). For any specific fixed and repeatable modulated signal, a modulation interference factor (MIF, expressed in dB) may be developed that relates its interference potential to its steady-state rms signal level or average power level. This factor is a function only of the audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics of the signal and is the same for field-strength and conducted power measurements. It is important to emphasize that the MIF is valid only for a specific repeatable audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristic. Any change in modulation characteristic requires determination and application of a new MIF

The Modulation Interference factor (MIF, in dB) is added to the measured average E-field (in dBV/m) and converts it to the RF Audio Interference level (in dBV/m). This level considers the audible amplitude modulation components in the RF E-field. CW fields without amplitude modulation are assumed to not interfere with the hearing aid electronics. Modulations without time slots and low fluctuations at low frequencies have low MIF values, TDMA modulations with narrow transmission and repetition rates of few 100 Hz have high MIF values and give similar classifications as ANSI C63.19-2011.

ER3D, EF3D and EU2D E-field probes have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the indirect measurement method according to ANSI C63.19-2011 which is the primary method. These near field probes read the averaged E-field measurement. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by PMR calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading. Probe Modulation Response (PMR) calibration linearizes the probe response over its dynamic range for specific modulations which are characterized by their UID and result in an uncertainty specified in the probe calibration certificate. The MIF is characteristic for a given waveform envelope and can be used as a constant conversion factor if the probe has been PMR calibrated.

The evaluation method for the MIF is defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 section D.7. An RMS demodulated RF signal is fed to a spectral filter (similar to an A weighting filter) and forwarded to a temporal filter acting as a quasi-peak detector. The averaged output of these filtering is scaled to a 1 kHz 80% AM signal as reference. MIF measurement requires additional instrumentation and is not well suited for evaluation by the end user with reasonable uncertainty. It may alliteratively be determined through analysis and simulation, because it is constant and characteristic for a communication signal. DASY52 uses well-defined signals for PMR calibration. The MIF of these signals has been determined by simulation and it is automatically applied.

The MIF measurement uncertainty is estimated as follows, declared by HAC equipment provider SPEAG, for modulation frequencies from slotted waveforms with fundamental frequency and at least 2 harmonics within 10 kHz:

- 1. 0.2 dB for MIF: -7 to +5 dB
- 2. 0.5 dB for MIF: -13 to +11 dB
- 3. 1 dB for MIF: > -20 dB

MIF values applied in this test report were provided by the HAC equipment provider of SPEAG, and the worst values for all air interface are listed below to be determine the Low-power Exemption.

UID	Communication System Name	MIF(dB)
10460	UMTS-FDD(WCDMA, AMR)	-25.43
10170	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,20MHz,16-QAM)	-9.76
10061	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	-2.02
10077	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	0.12
10427	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greeneld, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	-13.44



7. Low-power Exemption

<Max Tune-up Limit>

Mode	Average Power (dBm)	
WCDMA	Band II	23.0
WEDIVIA	Band V	24.0
	Band 2	23.5
FDD LTE	Band 4	23.5
FUULIE	Band 5	23.5
	Band 13	23.5
	802.11b	15.5
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11g	13.5
	802.11n-HT20	11.5

<Low Power Exemption>

Air Interface	Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 test required
WCDMA	24.0	-25.43	-1.43	No
LTE - FDD	23.5	-9.76	13.74	No
802.11b	15.5	-2.02	13.48	No
802.11g	13.5	0.12	13.62	No
802.11n-HT20	11.5	-13.44	-1.94	No

General Note:

1. According to ANSI C63.19 2011-version, for the air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤17 dBm for any of its operating modes.

2. HAC RF rating is M4 for the air interface which meets the low power exemption.



8. <u>References</u>

- [1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011.
- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v05, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Sep 2017
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v03, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Sep 2017
- [4] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Sep 2017
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook