





# RF TEST REPORT

**Applicant** Quectel Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd

**FCC ID** XMR201912BG77

Product LTE Cat M1 & Cat NB2 Module

**Brand** Quectel

Marketing Quectel BG77

Model BG77

**Report No.** R1909A0576-R4

Issue Date March 12, 2020

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in FCC CFR47 Part 2 (2019)/ FCC CFR 47 Part 90S (2019). The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Performed by: Peng Tao

Approved by: Kai Xu

# TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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# **Summary of measurement results**

No.	Test Case	Clause in FCC rules	Verdict
1	RF Power Output and Effective Radiated Power	2.1046/90.635(b)	PASS
2	Occupied Bandwidth	2.1049/ 90.209	PASS
3	Emission Masks	2.1051 / 90.691	PASS
4	Peak-to-Average Power Ratio	KDB 971168 D01(5.7)	PASS
5	Frequency Stability	2.1055 / 90.213	PASS
6	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	2.1051 / 90.691	PASS
7	Radiates Spurious Emission	2.1053 /90.691	PASS

Date of Testing: November 28, 2019~ February 20, 2020

Note: All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only.



1. Test Laboratory

1.1. Notes of the Test Report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of TA technology

(shanghai) co., Ltd. The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the

conditions and modes of operation as described herein .Measurement Uncertainties were not taken

into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support

regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

1.2. Test facility

FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission

list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory

Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

1.3. Testing Location

Company:

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Address:

No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong

City:

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# 2. General Description of Equipment under Test

# 2.3. Applicant and Manufacturer Information

Applicant	Quectel Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd		
Applicant address	Building 5, Shanghai Business Park Phase III (Area B), No.1016		
Applicant address	Tianlin Road, Minhang District, Shanghai, China 200233		
Manufacturer	Quectel Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd		
Manufacturar address	Building 5, Shanghai Business Park Phase III (Area B), No.1016		
Manufacturer address	Tianlin Road, Minhang District, Shanghai, China 200233		

### 2.4. General Information

	EUT Description					
Model	BG77					
IMEI	866349040044541					
Hardware Version	R1.2					
Software Version	BG77LAR02A02					
Power Supply	External power supply					
Antenna Type		·	The Antenna used for cessory (Dipole Antenna)			
Test Mode(s)	NB-IOT Band 26;					
Test Modulation	BPSK, QPSK;					
Category	NB2					
Deployment	stand-alone					
Sub-carrier spacing	3.75KHz, 15KHz					
Ntones	single, multi-tone					
Maximum E.R.P.	NB-IOT Band 26:	22.70dBm				
Rated Power Supply Voltage	3.3V					
Extreme Voltage	Minimum: 2.6V Max	kimum: 4.8V				
Extreme Temperature	Lowest: -40°C Highest: +85°C					
Operation Francisco Departure	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)			
Operating Frequency Range(s)	NB-IOT Band 26	814 ~ 824	859 ~ 869			
Note: The EUT is sent from the	applicant to TA and th	e information of the	EUT is declared by the			

applicant.

### **Antenna Gain:**

Band	CH-Low(dBi)	CH-Middle(dBi)	CH-High(dBi)
NB-IOT Band 26	3.19	2.53	2.53

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# 3. Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

Test standards:

FCC CFR 47 Part 90S (2019)

ANSI C63.26 (2015)

Reference standard:

FCC CFR47 Part 2 (2019)

KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01



## 4. Test Configuration

Radiated measurements are performed by rotating the EUT in three different orthogonal test planes. EUT stand-up position (Z axis), lie-down position (X, Y axis). Receiver antenna polarization (horizontal and vertical), the worst emission was found in position (X axis, horizontal polarization) and the worst case was recorded.

All mode and data rates and positions were investigated.

The following testing in NB-IOT is set based on the maximum RF Output Power.

Test modes are chosen as the worst case configuration below for NB-IOT Band 26

Test items	Deployment mode	Subcarrier Spacing (kHz)		Modulation		Test Channel		
	Stand-alone	3.75	15	BPSK	QPSK	L	M	Н
RF Power Output and Effective Radiated Power	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Occupied Bandwidth	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Emission Mask	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0
Peak-to-Average Power Ratio	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	-
Frequency Stability	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	0	-	0	-	0	0	0	0
Radiates Spurious Emission	0	-	0	0	-	0	0	0

#### Note

- 1. The mark "O" means that this configuration is chosen for testing.
- 2. The mark "-" means that this configuration is not testing.

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### 5. Test Case Results

### 5.3. RF Power Output and Effective Radiated Power

#### **Ambient condition**

Temperature	Relative humidity
21°C ~25°C	40%~60%

#### **Methods of Measurement**

During the process of the testing, The EUT is controlled by the Base Station Simulator to ensure max power transmission and proper modulation.

The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v03r01 Section 5.8 and ANSI C63.26 (2015).

- a) Connect the equipment as illustrated. Mount the equipment with the manufacturer specified antenna in a vertical orientation on a manufacturer specified mounting surface located on a non-conducting rotating platform of a RF anechoic chamber (preferred) or a standard radiation site.
- b) Key the transmitter, then rotate the EUT 360° azimuthally and record spectrum analyzer power level (LVL) measurements at angular increments that are sufficiently small to permit resolution of all peaks. If a standard radiation test site is used, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum reading at each angular increment. (Note: several batteries may be needed to offset the effect of battery voltage droop, which should not exceed 5% of the manufactured specified battery voltage during transmission).
- c) Replace the transmitter under test with a vertically polarized half-wave dipole (or an antenna whose gain is known relative to an ideal half-wave dipole). The center of the antenna should be at the same location as the center of the antenna under test.
- d) Connect the antenna to a signal generator with a known output power and record the path loss (in dB) as LOSS. If a standard radiation test site is used, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum reading.LOSS = Generator Output Power (dBm) - Analyzer reading (dBm)
- e) Determine the effective radiated output power at each angular position from the readings in steps b) and d) using the following equation: ERP (dBm) = LVL (dBm) + LOSS (dB)
- f) The maximum ERP is the maximum value determined in the preceding step.
- g) When calculating ERP, in addition to knowing the antenna radiation and matching characteristics, it is necessary to know the loss values of all elements (e.g. transmission line attenuation, mismatches, filters, combiners) interposed between the point where transmitter output power is measured, and the point where power is applied to the antenna. ERP can then be calculated as follows:

EIRP (dBm) = Output Power (dBm) - Losses (dB) + Antenna Gain (dBi)

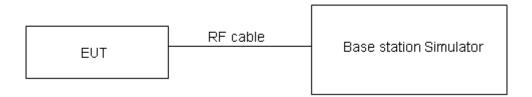
where:dBd refers to gain relative to an ideal dipole.

EIRP (dBm) = ERP (dBm) + 2.15 (dB.)

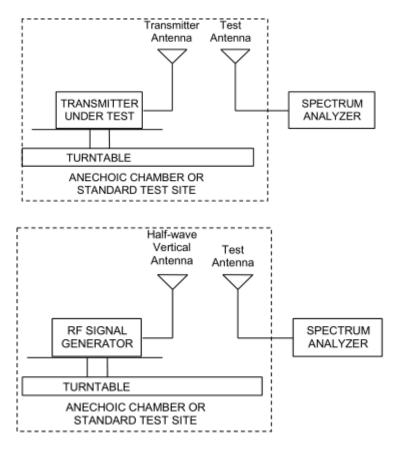
The RB allocation refers to section 5.1, using the maximum output power configuration.



#### **Test Setup**



The loss between RF output port of the EUT and the input port of the tester has been taken into consideration.



#### Limits

Part 90.635 (b) the maximum output power of the transmitter for mobile stations is 100 watts.

Rule Part 90.635(b) specifies that "The maximum output power of the transmitter for mobile stations is 100 watts".



### **Measurement Uncertainty**

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 2, U = 0.4 dB for RF power output, k = 2, U = 1.19 dB for ERP.



### **Test Results**

Mode	Modulation	Sub-carrier spacing	Ntones	Conducted Power (dBm) for low/mid/high channel			EIRP (dBm)		
		(KHz)		26691	26740	26789	26691	26740	26789
				/814.2	/819	/823.8	/814.2	/819	/823.8
	BPSK	3.75	1@0	21.66	21.46	21.09	22.70	21.84	21.47
			1@47	21.53	21.37	20.97	22.57	21.75	21.35
		15	1@0	21.64	21.63	21.10	22.68	22.01	21.48
D = = d 00			1@11	21.62	21.54	21.01	22.66	21.92	21.39
Band 26 Standalone	QPSK	3.75	1@0	21.58	21.43	21.02	22.62	21.81	21.40
Standarone			1@47	21.60	21.35	20.98	22.64	21.73	21.36
		15	1@0	21.64	21.66	21.08	22.68	22.04	21.46
			1@11	21.62	21.52	20.94	22.66	21.90	21.32
		15	12@0	19.71	19.85	19.21	20.75	20.23	19.59



### 5.4. Occupied Bandwidth

#### **Ambient condition**

Temperature	Relative humidity
21°C ~25°C	40%~60%

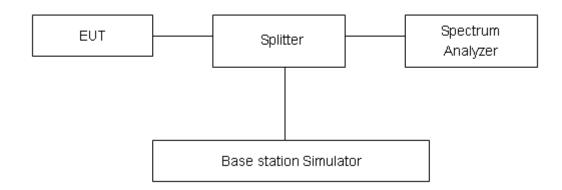
#### **Method of Measurement**

The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station Simulator via power Splitter. The occupied bandwidth is measured using spectrum analyzer.

RBW is set to 2kHz, VBW is set to 6.2kHz for NB-IOT Band 26.

99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths are recorded. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

### **Test Setup**



#### Limits

No specific occupied bandwidth requirements in part 2.1049.

Part 90.209 (a) Each authorization issued to a station licensed under this part will show an emission designator representing the class of emission authorized. The designator will be prefixed by a specified necessary bandwidth. This number does not necessarily indicate the bandwidth occupied by the emission at any instant. In those cases where part 2.202 of this chapter does not provide a formula for the computation of necessary bandwidth, the occupied bandwidth, as defined in part 2 of this chapter, may be used in lieu of the necessary bandwidth.

#### **Measurement Uncertainty**

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 2, U = 624Hz.

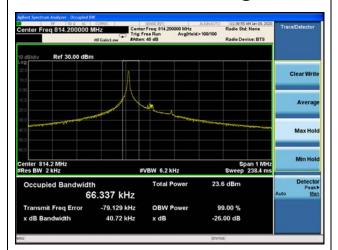


### **Test Result**

NB-IOT Band 26								
	Sub-carrier			Bandwidth	n(KHz) for low	/middle/hig	h channel	
Modulation	spacing	Ntones	26691/8	14.2	26740/	819	26789/8	23.8
	(KHz)		99% Power	-26dBc	99% Power	-26dBc	99% Power	-26dBc
BPSK	3.75	1@0	66.34	40.72	61.70	40.79	60.22	41.45
QPSK	3.75	1@0	68.79	42.82	65.37	39.60	68.08	39.43
BPSK	15	1@0	120.52	114.60	121.40	103.40	119.54	104.6
QPSK	15	1@0	117.42	115.70	118.86	116.50	118.89	116.90
QPSK	15	12@0	183.73	239.80	184.31	260.50	184.36	237.30



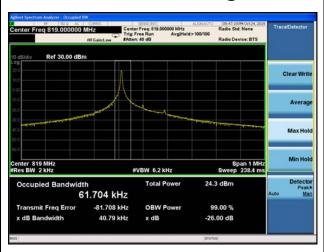
### NB-IOT Band 26 BPSK 3.75KHz 1@0 CH Low



### NB-IOT Band 26 BPSK 15KHz 1@0 CH Low



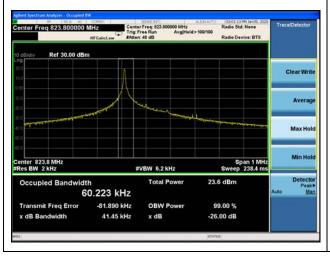
NB-IOT Band 26 BPSK 3.75KHz 1@0 CH Middle



NB-IOT Band 26 BPSK 15KHz 1@0 CH Middle



NB-IOT Band 26 BPSK 3.75KHz 1@0 CH High

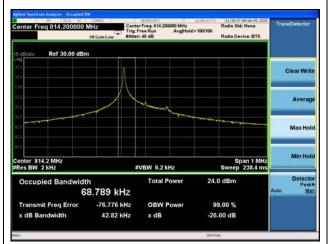


NB-IOT Band 26 BPSK 15KHz 1@0 CH High





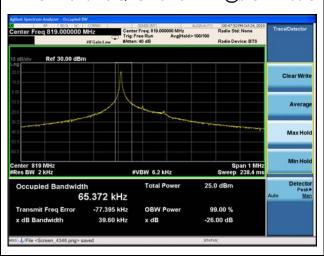
### NB-IOT Band 26 QPSK 3.75KHz 1@0 CH Low



### NB-IOT Band 26 QPSK 15KHz 1@0 CH Low



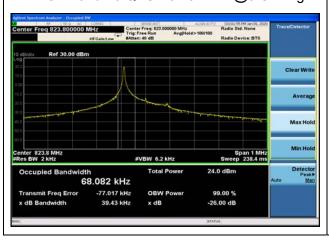
### NB-IOT Band 26 QPSK 3.75KHz 1@0 CH Middle



NB-IOT Band 26 QPSK 15KHz 1@0 CH Middle



NB-IOT Band 26 QPSK 3.75KHz 1@0 CH High

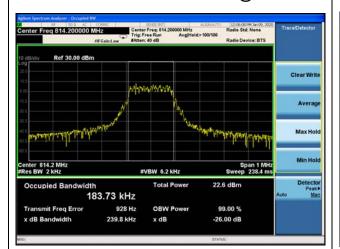


NB-IOT Band 26 QPSK 15KHz 1@0 CH High





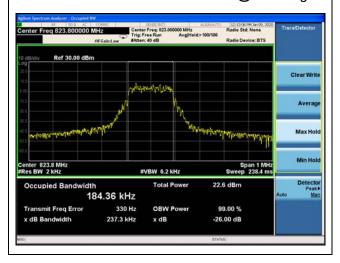
### NB-IOT Band 26 QPSK 15KHz 12@0 CH Low



### NB-IOT Band 26 QPSK 15KHz 12@0 CH Middle



# NB-IOT Band 26 QPSK 15KHz 12@0 CH High





#### 5.5. Emission Mask

#### **Ambient condition**

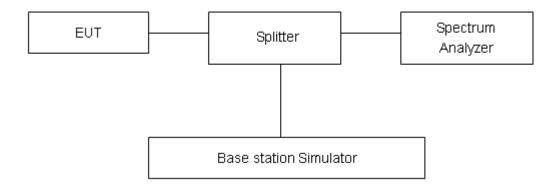
Temperature	Relative humidity
21°C ~25°C	40%~60%

#### **Method of Measurement**

The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station Simulator via power Splitter. The band edge of the lowest and highest channels were measured. The average detector is used. RBW is set to ≥1%EBW, VBW is set to 3x RBW.

Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

#### **Test Setup**



#### Limits

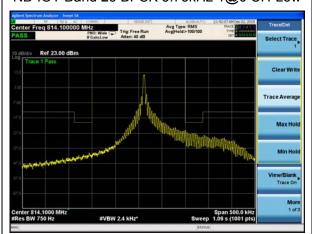
Rule Part 90.691(a) specifies that "For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block by up to and including 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least 116  $\log_{10}(f/6.1)$  decibels or 50 + 10  $\log_{10}(P)$  decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 12.5 kHz."

### **Measurement Uncertainty**

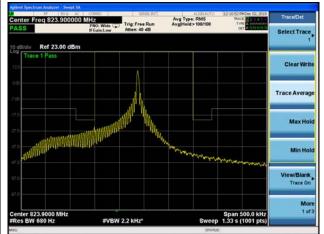
The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 1.96, U=0.684dB.

#### **Test Result:**

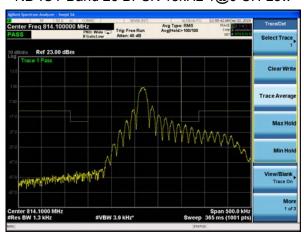




NB-IOT Band 26 BPSK 3.75kHz 1@47 CH-High



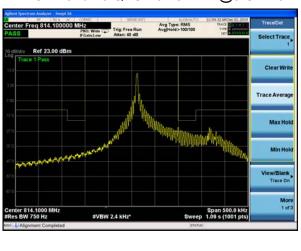
NB-IOT Band 26 BPSK 15kHz 1@0 CH-Low



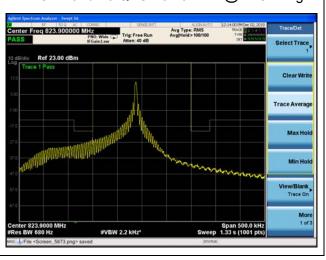
NB-IOT Band 26 BPSK 15kHz 1@11 CH-High



NB-IOT Band 26 QPSK 3.75kHz 1@0 CH-Low



NB-IOT Band 26 QPSK 3.75kHz 1@47 CH-High

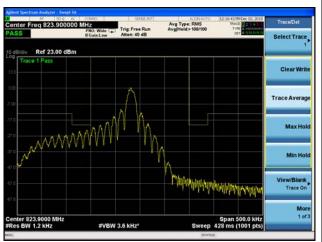




### NB-IOT Band 26 QPSK 15kHz 1@0 CH-Low



### NB-IOT Band 26 QPSK 15kHz 1@11 CH-High



NB-IOT Band 26 QPSK 15kHz 12@0 CH-Low



NB-IOT Band 26 QPSK 15kHz 12@0 CH-High



### 5.6. Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)

#### **Ambient condition**

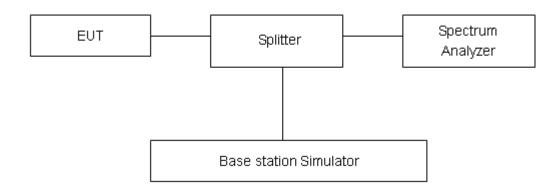
Temperature	Relative humidity
21°C ~25°C	40%~60%

#### **Methods of Measurement**

Measure the total peak power and record as PPk. And measure the total average power and record as PAvg. Both the peak and average power levels must be expressed in the same logarithmic units (*e.g.*, dBm). Determine the PAPR from:

PAPR(dB) = PPk(dBm) - PAvg(dBm).

### **Test Setup**



#### Limits

In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peakto-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB in 24.232(d).

### **Measurement Uncertainty**

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 2, U = 0.4 dB.

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### **Test Results**

Mode	Modulation	Sub-carrier spacing	Channel/	Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)			
	(KHz)	Frequency(MHz)	Peak(dBm)	Avg(dBm)	PAPR(dB)		
ND IOT	BPSK	3.75	26740/819	22.38	18.54	3.84	
NB-IOT Band 26	QPSK	3.75	26740/819	21.93	18.54	3.39	
Standalone	BPSK	15	26740/819	22.12	15.66	6.46	
Staridatorie	QPSK	15	26740/819	22.10	15.66	6.44	





### 5.7. Frequency Stability

#### **Ambient condition**

Temperature	Relative humidity
21°C ~25°C	40%~60%

#### **Method of Measurement**

1. Frequency Stability (Temperature Variation)

The temperature inside the climate chamber is varied from -40°C to +85°C in 10°C step size,

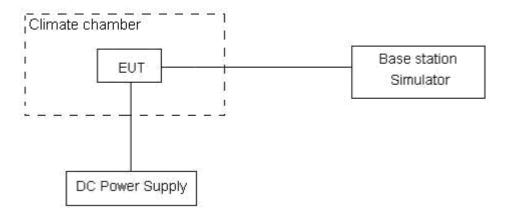
- (1) With all power removed, the temperature was decreased to 0°C and permitted to stabilize for three hours.
- (2) Measure the carrier frequency with the test equipment in a "call mode". These measurements should be made within 1 minute of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
- (3) Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -40°C to +85°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, un-powered, before making measurements.
- 2. Frequency Stability (Voltage Variation)

The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage as follows:

- (1) Vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.
- (2) For hand carried, battery powered equipment, reduce primary supply voltage to the battery-operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

This transceiver is specified to operate with an input voltage of between 2.6 V and 4.8 V, with a nominal voltage of 3.3V.

### **Test setup**





#### Limits

According to the Sec. 90.213.(a) Unless noted elsewhere, transmitters used in the services governed by this part must have a minimum frequency stability as specified in the following table.

Minimum Frequency Stability

[Parts per million (ppm)]

		Mobile	stations
Frequency range	Fixed and base	Over 2 watts output	2 watts or less output
(MHz)	stations	power	power
809-824	1.5	2.5	2.5

### **Measurement Uncertainty**

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 99.75% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 3, U = 0.01ppm.



### **Test Result**

Test Result		N	B-IOT Band	26		
Canalitia						
Condition		Freq.Error	Freq.Error	Frequency	Frequency	
Sub-carrier	3.75KHz	(Hz)	(Hz)	Stability (ppm)	Stability (ppm)	Verdict
spacing	3.73KHZ					
Temperature	Voltage	BPSK	QPSK	BPSK	QPSK	
Normal (25°C)		3.33	5.60	0.00177	0.00298	PASS
Extreme (85°C)		6.00	15.24	0.00319	0.00810	PASS
Extreme (80°C)		3.67	12.12	0.00195	0.00645	PASS
Extreme (70°C)		10.75	12.97	0.00572	0.00690	PASS
Extreme (60°C)		11.98	11.37	0.00637	0.00605	PASS
Extreme (50°C)		7.25	17.67	0.00386	0.00940	PASS
Extreme (40°C)		11.93	8.00	0.00634	0.00426	PASS
Extreme (30°C)	Normal	13.10	1.03	0.00697	0.00055	PASS
Extreme (20°C)		4.97	16.40	0.00264	0.00872	PASS
Extreme (10℃)		1.64	1.10	0.00087	0.00058	PASS
Extreme (0°C)		1.92	13.47	0.00102	0.00717	PASS
Extreme (-10°C)		15.66	11.11	0.00833	0.00591	PASS
Extreme (-20°C)	. ,		8.97	0.00094	0.00477	PASS
Extreme (-30°C)		12.97	12.14	0.00690	0.00646	PASS
Extreme (-40°C)		10.75	12.30	0.00572	0.00654	PASS
25°○	LV	1.28	4.61	0.00068	0.00245	PASS
<b>25</b> ℃	HV	5.26	2.20	0.00280	0.00117	PASS
Condition						
Condition		Freq.Error	Freq.Error	Frequency	Frequency	
Sub-carrier	15KHz	(Hz)	(Hz)	Stability (ppm)	Stability (ppm)	Verdict
spacing	101112					
Temperature	Voltage	BPSK	QPSK	BPSK	QPSK	
Normal (25°C)		1.06	8.58	0.00057	0.00456	PASS
Extreme (85℃)		16.20	1.81	0.00862	0.00096	PASS
Extreme (80°C)		7.70	7.63	0.00409	0.00406	PASS
Extreme (70°C)		8.14	3.20	0.00433	0.00170	PASS
Extreme (60°C)		2.04	2.97	0.00108	0.00158	PASS
Extreme (50°C)		3.86	4.06	0.00205	0.00216	PASS
Extreme (40°C)	Normal	3.96	11.17	0.00211	0.00594	PASS
Extreme (30°C)		9.32	15.68	0.00496	0.00834	PASS
Extreme (20°C)		7.88	7.11	0.00419	0.00378	PASS
Extreme (10℃)		9.62	14.25	0.00512	0.00758	PASS
Extreme (0°C)		3.33	13.32	0.00177	0.00709	PASS
Extreme (-10°C)		17.65	12.95	0.00939	0.00689	PASS
Extreme (-20°C)		15.25	2.02	0.00811	0.00107	PASS



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Extreme (-30°C)		1.24	4.91	0.00066	0.00261	PASS			
Extreme (-40°C)		3.32	17.80	0.00177	0.00947	PASS			
25℃	LV	6.08	15.05	0.00323	0.00801	PASS			
25℃	HV	7.55	7.42	0.00402	0.00395	PASS			



### 5.8. Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

#### **Ambient condition**

Temperature	Relative humidity
21°C ~25°C	40%~60%

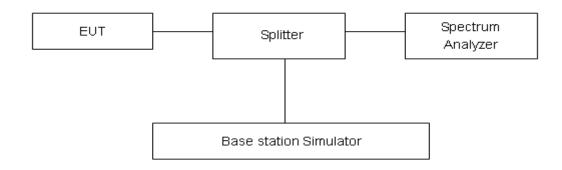
#### **Method of Measurement**

The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station Simulator via power Splitter. The measurement is carried out using a spectrum analyzer. The spectrum analyzer scans from 9kHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier.

The peak detector is used. RBW are set to 100 kHz and VBW are set to 300 kHz for below 1G, RBW are set to 1MHz and VBW are set to 3MHz for above 1G, Sweep is set to ATUO.

The modulation mode and RB allocation refer to section 5.1, using the maximum output power configuration.

#### **Test setup**



#### Limits

Rule Part 90.691 specifies that "The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB."

Limit	-13 dBm
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#### **Measurement Uncertainty**

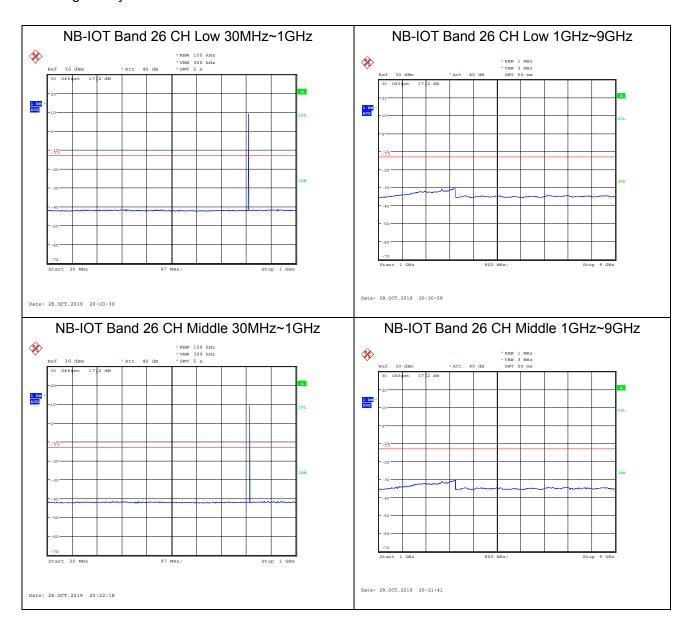
The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 99.75% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 1.96.

Frequency	Uncertainty
100kHz-1GHz	0.684 dB
1GHz-12.75GHz	1.407 dB



#### **Test Result**

If disturbances were found more than 20dB below limit line, the mark is not required for the EUT. The signal beyond the limit is carrier.



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NB-IOT Band 26 CH High 30MHz~1GHz

\*\*RBH 100 bize

\*\*RBH 100 bize

\*\*SHY 5 bize

\*\*SHY

Report No.: R1909A0576-R4



### 5.9. Radiates Spurious Emission

#### **Ambient condition**

Temperature	Relative humidity
21°C ~25°C	40%~60%

#### **Method of Measurement**

- 1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v03r01 Section 5.8 and ANSI C63.26 (2015).
- 2. Below 1GHz: The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H). Above 1GHz: (Note: the FCC's permission to use 1.5m as an alternative per TCBC Conf call of Dec. 2, 2014.) The EUT is placed on a turntable 1.5 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).
- 3. A loop antenna, A log-periodic antenna or horn antenna shall be substituted in place of the EUT. The log-periodic antenna will be driven by a signal generator and the level will be adjusted till the same power value on the spectrum analyzer or receiver. The level of the spurious emissions can be calculated through the level of the signal generator, cable loss, the gain of the substitution antenna and the reading of the spectrum analyzer or receiver.
- 4. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level during the test. Set Test Receiver or Spectrum RBW=200Hz,VBW=600Hz for 9kHz150kHz, RBW=10kHz, VBW=30kHz 150kHz-30MHz, RBW=100kHz,VBW=300kHz for 30MHz to 1GHz and RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz for above 1GHz, And the maximum value of the receiver should be recorded as (Pr).

  5. The EUT shall be replaced by a substitution antenna. In the chamber, an substitution antenna for the frequency hand of interest is placed at the reference point of the chamber. An RE Signal source
- the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference point of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the substitution antenna with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A power (PMea) is applied to the input of the substitution antenna, and adjust the level of the signal generator output until the value of the receiver reach the previously recorded (Pr). The power of signal source (PMea) is recorded. The test should be performed by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization.
- 6. A amplifier should be connected to the Signal Source output port. And the cable should be connect between the Amplifier and the Substitution Antenna. The cable loss (PcI) ,the Substitution Antenna Gain (Ga) and the Amplifier Gain (PAg) should be recorded after test.
- 7. The measurement results are obtained as described below:

Power(EIRP)=PMea- PAg - Pcl + Ga

The measurement results are amend as described below:

Power(EIRP)=PMea- Pcl + Ga

8. This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using an antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi)

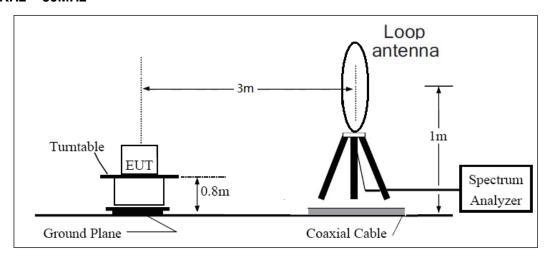


and known input power. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, ERP = EIRP-2.15dBi.

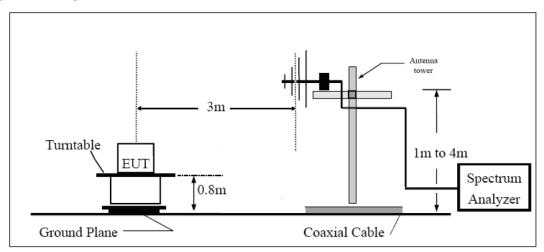
The modulation mode and RB allocation refer to section 5.1, using the maximum output power configuration.

### **Test setup**

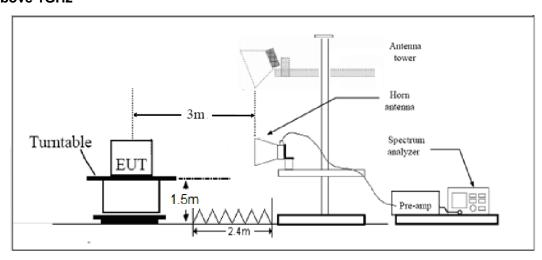
#### **9KHz ~ 30MHz**



### 30MHz~~~ 1GHz



### **Above 1GHz**



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#### Limits

Rule Part 90.691 specifies that "The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB."

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### **Measurement Uncertainty**

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor k = 1.96, U = 3.55 dB.



### **Test Result**

Sweep the whole frequency band through the range from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier, the emissions below the noise floor will not be recorded in the report.

NB-IOT Band 26 BPSK 15kHz CH Low

Harmonic	Frequency (MHz)	SG (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Polarization	ERP Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (deg)
2	1628.2	-51.20	2.00	10.75	horizontal	-44.60	-13.00	31.60	90
3	2442.3	-45.10	2.51	11.05	horizontal	-38.71	-13.00	25.71	45
4	3256.4	-52.40	4.20	11.15	horizontal	-47.60	-13.00	34.60	180
5	4070.5	-53.04	5.20	11.15	horizontal	-49.24	-13.00	36.24	315
6	4884.6	-53.47	5.50	11.95	horizontal	-49.17	-13.00	36.17	315
7	5698.7	-54.65	5.70	13.55	horizontal	-48.95	-13.00	35.95	225
8	6512.8	-55.37	6.30	13.75	horizontal	-50.07	-13.00	37.07	180
9	7326.9	-53.39	6.80	13.85	horizontal	-48.49	-13.00	35.49	0
10	8141.0	-51.76	6.90	14.25	horizontal	-46.56	-13.00	33.56	45

Note: 1.The other Spurious RF Radiated emissions level is no more than noise floor.

2. The worst emission was found in the antenna is Horizontal position.

NB-IOT Band 26 BPSK 15kHz CH Middle

Harmonic	Frequency (MHz)	SG (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Polarization	ERP Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (deg)
2	1638.0	-52.04	2.00	10.75	horizontal	-45.44	-13.00	32.44	45
3	2457.0	-43.87	2.51	11.05	horizontal	-37.48	-13.00	24.48	180
4	3276.0	-53.07	4.20	11.15	horizontal	-48.27	-13.00	35.27	0
5	4095.0	-54.45	5.20	11.15	horizontal	-50.65	-13.00	37.65	90
6	4914.0	-52.46	5.50	11.95	horizontal	-48.16	-13.00	35.16	135
7	5733.0	-54.97	5.70	13.55	horizontal	-49.27	-13.00	36.27	45
8	6552.0	-54.74	6.30	13.75	horizontal	-49.44	-13.00	36.44	90
9	7371.0	-53.87	6.80	13.85	horizontal	-48.97	-13.00	35.97	135
10	8190.0	-52.06	6.90	14.25	horizontal	-46.86	-13.00	33.86	225

Note: 1. The other Spurious RF Radiated emissions level is no more than noise floor.

2. The worst emission was found in the antenna is Horizontal position.

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### NB-IOT Band 26 BPSK 15kHz CH High

Harmonic	Frequency (MHz)	SG (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Polarization	ERP Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (deg)
2	1647.8	-53.07	2.00	10.75	horizontal	-46.47	-13.00	33.47	315
3	2471.7	-45.62	2.51	11.05	horizontal	-39.23	-13.00	26.23	45
4	3295.6	-53.72	4.20	11.15	horizontal	-48.92	-13.00	35.92	90
5	4119.5	-54.10	5.20	11.15	horizontal	-50.30	-13.00	37.30	315
6	4943.4	-53.75	5.50	11.95	horizontal	-49.45	-13.00	36.45	135
7	5767.3	-55.04	5.70	13.55	horizontal	-49.34	-13.00	36.34	90
8	6591.2	-55.24	6.30	13.75	horizontal	-49.94	-13.00	36.94	0
9	7415.1	-53.59	6.80	13.85	horizontal	-48.69	-13.00	35.69	135
10	8239.0	-52.42	6.90	14.25	horizontal	-47.22	-13.00	34.22	45

Note: 1. The other Spurious RF Radiated emissions level is no more than noise floor.

<sup>2.</sup> The worst emission was found in the antenna is Horizontal position.



## 6. Main Test Instruments

Name	Manufacturer	Туре	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Expiration Date
Base Station Simulator	R&S	CMW500	113824	2019-05-19	2020-05-18
Power Splitter	Hua Xiang	SHX-GF2-2-13	10120101	1	/
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY50210259	2019-05-19	2020-05-18
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	101298	2019-05-19	2020-05-18
Trilog Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VUBL 9163	9163-201	2017-11-18	2020-11-17
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF907	100126	2018-07-07	2020-07-06
Signal generator	R&S	SMF 100A	102235	2019-05-19	2020-05-18
Climatic Chamber	ESPEC	SU-242	93000506	2017-12-17	2020-12-16
RF Cable	Agilent	SMA 15cm	0001	2019-12-13	2020-6-12
Software	R&S	EMC32	9.26.0	1	/

\*\*\*\*\*END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*