

# **TEST REPORT**

Applicant:	Tiinlab Corporation				
Address:	No. 3333, Liuxian Avenue, Tower A, 35th Floor, Tanglang City, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China				
Equipment Type:	Wireless Headphones				
Model Name:	HQ20				
Brand Name:	1MORE				
FCC ID:	2ASDI-HQ20				
ISED Number:	24662- HQ20 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C				
Test Standard:	RSS-Gen Issue 5 RSS-247 Issue 3 (refer to section 3.1)				
Sample Arrival Date:	Sep. 10, 2024				
Test Date:	Sep. 13, 2024 - Oct. 09, 2024				
Date of Issue:	Oct. 22, 2024				

#### **ISSUED BY:**

Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.

Tested by: Julie Zhu

Checked by: Ye Hongji

**Approved by:** Sunny Zou (Technical Director)

Julie zhu

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Sunny Zou



	Revision History						
	Version	Issue Date	Revisions				
	<u>Rev. 01</u>	<u>Oct. 22, 2024</u>	Initial Issue				
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# **1 GENERAL INFORMATION**

# 1.1 Test Laboratory

Name         Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.			
Address	Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,		
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China		
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100		

# 1.2 Test Location

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.		
	Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi		
	Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China		
Location	1/F, Building B, Ganghongji High-tech Intelligent Industrial Park,		
	No. 1008, Songbai Road, Yangguang Community, Xili Sub-district,		
	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China		
	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a		
	accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.		
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform		
	electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of		
	test site are 11524A.		



# **2 PRODUCT INFORMATION**

# 2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Tiinlab Corporation			
Address	No. 3333, Liuxian Avenue, Tower A, 35th Floor, Tanglang City,			
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China			

## 2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Tiinlab Corporation			
Addross	No. 3333, Liuxian Avenue, Tower A, 35th Floor, Tanglang City,			
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China			

# 2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	Wireless Headphones
Model Name Under Test	HQ20
Series Model Name	N/A
Description of Model	N/A
name differentiation	N/A
Serial Number	HQ20/0000001
Hardware Version	V6.0
Software Version	V1.0.6
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A



# 2.4 Technical Information

	Network and Wireless connectivity	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE)			
The	e requirement for the follow	ing technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:			
	Modulation Technology	DTS			
	Modulation Type	GFSK			
	Product Type	⊠ Portable			
		Fix Location			
	Transfer Rate	1 Mbps, 2 Mbps			
	Frequency Range	The frequency range used is 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz.			
	Number of Channel	40 (at intervals of 2 MHz) <sup>Note 1</sup>			
	Tested Obernel	1 Mbps: 0 (2402 MHz), 19 (2440 MHz), 39 (2480 MHz)			
	Tested Channel	2 Mbps: 1 (2404 MHz), 19 (2440 MHz), 38 (2478 MHz)			
	Antenna Type	PCB Antenna			
	Antenna Gain	3.47 dBi			
	Antenna Impedance	50Ω			
	Antenna System (MIMO	N/A			
	Smart Antenna)				
[	Note 1: 2 Mbps does not support Channel 0, Channel 12, and Channel 39.				

All channel was listed on the following table:

BLE 1M:

Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.
number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)
0	2402	10	2422	20	2442	30	2462
1	2404	11	2424	21	2444	31	2464
2	2406	12	2426	22	2446	32	2466
3	2408	13	2428	23	2448	33	2468
4	2410	14	2430	24	2450	34	2470
5	2412	15	2432	25	2452	35	2472
6	2414	16	2434	26	2454	36	2474
7	2416	17	2436	27	2456	37	2476
8	2418	18	2438	28	2458	38	2478
9	2420	19	2440	29	2460	39	2480

BLE 2M:

Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.
number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)
١	١	10	2422	20	2442	30	2462
1	2404	11	2424	21	2444	31	2464
2	2406	/	١	22	2446	32	2466
3	2408	13	2428	23	2448	33	2468
4	2410	14	2430	24	2450	34	2470
5	2412	15	2432	25	2452	35	2472
6	2414	16	2434	26	2454	36	2474
7	2416	17	2436	27	2456	37	2476
8	2418	18	2438	28	2458	38	2478
9	2420	19	2440	29	2460	١	١





# **3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**

### 3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	Intentional radiators of radio frequency equipment
2	RSS-Gen Issue 5	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus
		Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping
3	RSS-247 Issue 3	Systems(FHSs) and Licence-Exemp Local Area Network (LE-LAN)
		Devices
4	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices
	KDB 558074 D01 15.247	Guidance for compliance measurements on digital transmission
5	Meas Guidance v05r02	system, frequency hopping spread spectrum system, and hybrid
	weas Guidance vooroz	system devices operating under section 15.247 of the FCC rules



## 3.2 Test Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	ISED Part No.	Channel	Test Result	Verdict	
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	RSS-247, 5.4 (f)	N/A		Pass <sup>Note1</sup>	
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	RSS-247, 5.4 (d)	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.1	Pass	
3	Occupied Bandwidth	15.247(a)	RSS-GEN, 6.7; RSS-247, 5.2 (a)	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.2	Pass	
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.3	Pass	
5	Band Edge(Authorized- band band-edge)	15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5;	Low/High	ANNEX A.4	Pass	
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	RSS-GEN, 8.8	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.5	Pass	
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.6	Pass	
8	Band Edge(Restricted- band band-edge)	15.209 15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	Low/High	ANNEX A.7	Pass	
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247(e)	RSS-247, 5.2 (b)	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.8	Pass	
10	Receiver Spurious Emissions		RSS-Gen, 7.4		N/A	N/A <sup>Note2</sup>	
Note <sup>1</sup> : The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the requirement FCC 15.203.							

Note <sup>2</sup>: Only radio communication receivers operating in stand-alone mode within the band 30-960 MHz, as well as scanner receivers, are subject to Industry Canada requirements, so this test is not applicable.



# **4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS**

## 4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	45% to 61%		
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa		
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+22.5℃ to +25.1℃	
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	3.7 V	

# 4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due	
Spectrum Analyzer KEYSIGHT		N9020A	MY46471071	2024.07.04	2025.07.03	
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY52510065	2024.08.01	2025.07.31	
Test Antenna-Horn	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	01631	2022.02.23	2025.02.22	
Test Antenna-Horn	A-INFO	LB-180400KF	J211060273	2024.06.15	2027.06.14	
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	144	2022.02.19	2025.09.03	
Amplifier		LSCX_LNA1-	100600	2024 08 04	2025 07 24	
Amplifier	COM-MV	12G-01	180602	2024.08.01	2025.07.31	
A manalifi a m		XKu_LNA7-	100001	2024 00 04	0005 07 04	
Amplifier	COM-MV	18G-01	180601	2024.08.01	2025.07.31	
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESRP	101036	2024.08.01	2025.07.31	
Test Antenna-Loop	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2024.01.23	2025.01.22	
Amplifier	COM-MV	ZT30-1000M	B2018054558	2023.12.05	2024.12.04	
Anechoic Chamber	EMC Electronic Co.,	20.10*11.60*7.	130	2024.07.13	2027.07.12	
Anechoic Chamber	Ltd	35m	130			
EMI Receiver	Agilent	N9038A	MY55330120	2024.08.01	2025.07.31	
Test Antenna-Bi-Log	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	9168-00867	2022.04.12	2025.04.11	
Amplifier	COM-MV	ZT30-1000M	B2017119081	2023.12.05	2024.12.04	
Anechoic Chamber	YiHeng	9m*6m*6m	142	2024.07.21	2027.07.20	
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	MY57110309	2024.08.01	2025.07.31	
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-687	2024.05.09	2025.05.08	
Shielded Englesure	YiHeng Electronic	3.5m*3.1m*2.8	110	2022 02 40	2025 02 42	
Shielded Enclosure	Co., Ltd	m	112	2022.02.19	2025.02.18	

## 4.3 Test Software List

Description	Manufacturer	Software Version	Serial No.	Applicable test Setup
BL410R	BALUN	V2.1.1.488	N/A	The section 4.5.1
BL410E	BALUN	V22.930	N/A	The section 4.5.2&4.5.3&4.5.4&4.5.5



# 4.4 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

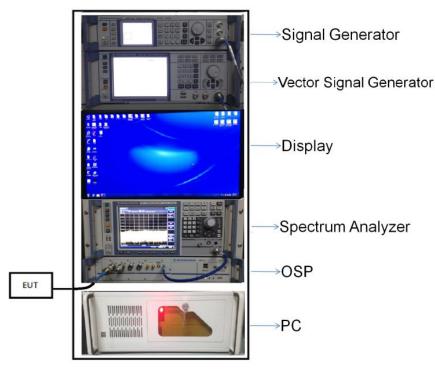
Parameters	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	2.8%
RF output power, conducted	1.28 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	1.30 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	1.84 dB
All emissions, radiated	5.36 dB
Temperature	0.8°C
Humidity	4%

# 4.5 Description of Test Setup

4.5.1 For Antenna Port Test

Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

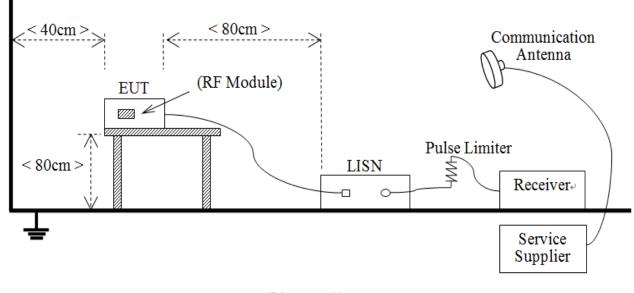
For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5dBm used, then the final result of EUT: Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



(Diagram 1)

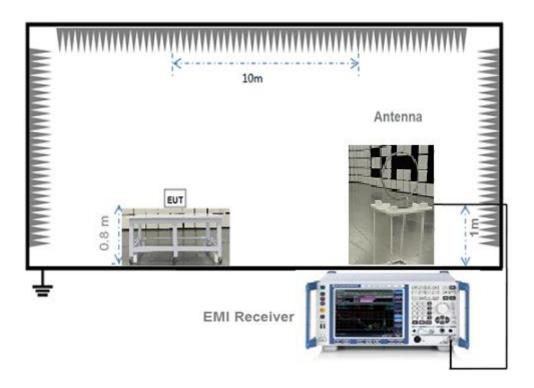


#### 4.5.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



(Diagram 2)

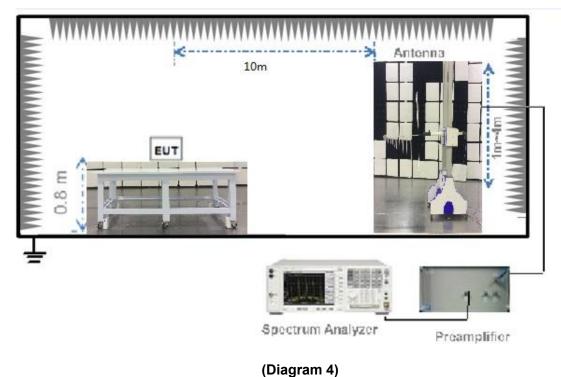
4.5.3For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



(Diagram 3)

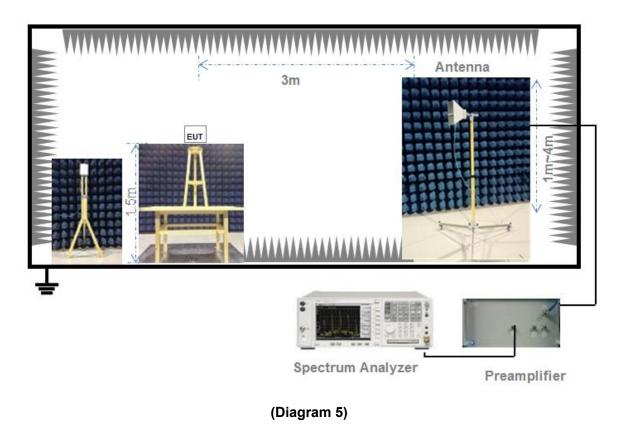


#### 4.5.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4

4.5.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)





## 4.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

4.6.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

4.6.2For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

E = EIRP – 20log D + 104.8

where:

E = electric field strength in  $dB\mu V/m$ ,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.



# 5 TEST ITEMS

# 5.1 Antenna Requirements

#### 5.1.1 Relevant Standards

#### FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (f)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

#### 5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the	An embedded-in antenna design is used.
product.	

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

#### 5.1.3Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



# 5.2 Output Power

5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

RSS-247, 5.4 (d)

For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1W. Except as provided in Section 5.4(5), the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W.

#### 5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.2.3 Test Procedure

a) Maximum peak conducted output power

This procedure shall be used when the measurement instrument has available a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW  $\geq$  DTS bandwidth.

Set VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Set span ≥ 3 x RBW

Sweep time = auto couple.

Detector = peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

EIRP= conducted RF output peak power +Antenna Gain.

b) Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.



Set RBW ≥ OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set VBW ≥ RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T  $\leq$  16.7 microseconds.)

5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.



# 5.3 Occupied Bandwidth

5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a); RSS-247, 5.2 (a); RSS-GEN, 6.7

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.3.3Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq$  3 RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.



# 5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

#### 5.4.1 Limit

#### FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

#### 5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.4.3Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).

b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).

c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

Reference level measurement:

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to  $\geq$  1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.



Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Emission level measurement:

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.



# 5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

#### 5.5.1 Limit

#### FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

#### 5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.5.3Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle  $\geq$  98%). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission)  $\pm$  0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission  $\pm$  0.5 MHz.

#### 5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.





# 5.6 Conducted Emission

5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.207; RSS-GEN, 8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a  $50\mu$ H/50 $\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range	Conducted Limit (dBµV)			
(MHz)	Quai-peak	Average		
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46		
0.50 - 5	56	46		
0.50 - 30	60	50		

#### 5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.6.3Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.



# 5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

#### 5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9; RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

- 1. Field Strength (dB $\mu$ V/m) = 20\*log[Field Strength ( $\mu$ V/m)].
- 2. In the emission tables above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
- 3. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
- For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

#### 5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.3 to 4.5.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.7.3Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements



for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands:

a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).

b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)

c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies  $\leq$  30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).

d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).

e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8

where:

E = electric field strength in  $dB\mu V/m$ ,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.

g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

#### Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

Peak power measurement procedure:

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.

b) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.



c) Detector = Peak.

d) Sweep time = auto.

e) Trace mode = max hold.

f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction:

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle  $\geq$  98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.

b) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.

c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).

d) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

e) Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep)  $\leq$  (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.

f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).

1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.

2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.

g) Sweep time = auto.

h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

 i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows: 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle.

2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $20 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle.

3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous ( $\geq$  98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain:

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).

Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

#### Radiated spurious emission test:

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the

Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz VBW  $\ge$  RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.



## 5.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.10; RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.3 to 4.5.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.8.3Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz VBW  $\ge$  RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

For transmitters operating above 1 GHz repeat the measurement with an average detector.

5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.



# 5.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

#### 5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(e); RSS-247, 5.2 (b)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.4(4), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

#### 5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 (Diagram 1) for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to:  $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$ .

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.



# ANNEX A TEST RESULT

# A.1 Output Power, E.I.R.P, Duty Cycle

#### Peak Power Test Data

	Measured Outp	out Peak Power	Limit		
Channel	GFSK (BL	E 1Mbps)	dBm	m\//	Verdict
	dBm	mW		mW	
Low Channel	0.61	1.15			Pass
Middle Channel	0.81	1.20	30	1000	Pass
High Channel	0.62	1.15			Pass

	Measured Outp	out Peak Power	Limit			
Channel	GFSK (BL	E 2Mbps)			Verdict	
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW		
Low Channel	0.81	1.20			Pass	
Middle Channel	0.96	1.25	30	1000	Pass	
High Channel	0.77	1.19			Pass	

#### E.I.R.P Test Data (For ISED)

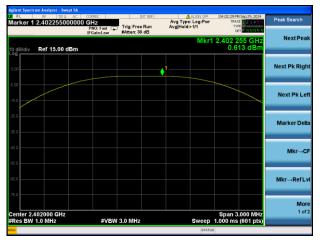
	E.I.R.P		Lir		
Channel	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)		dDire		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low Channel	4.08	2.56			Pass
Middle Channel	4.28	2.68	36	4000	Pass
High Channel	4.09	2.56			Pass

	E.I.R.P		Lir		
Channel	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)		dDm		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low Channel	4.28	2.68			Pass
Middle Channel	4.43	2.77	36	4000	Pass
High Channel	4.24	2.65			Pass



#### Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL

rker 1 2.4803150000	DO GHZ PNO: Fast Trig: Fre	Avg T e Run Avg H	ALIGN OFF ype: Log-Pwr old>1/1	04:02:49PM Sep 29, 2024 TRACE 2 3 4 5 6 TYPE MUMANIN N	Peak Search
B/div Ref 15.00 dBm	IFGain:Low #Atten: 3	30 dB	Mkr1	2.480 315 GHz 0.615 dBm	NextPe
		1			Next Pk Rig
					Next Pk L
					Marker De
					Mkr→
					Mkr→Ref
nter 2.480000 GHz es BW 1.0 MHz	#VBW 3.0 MH2		Sween	Span 3.000 MHz 1.000 ms (601 pts)	<b>M</b> ( 1)



#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL

arker 1 2.4774700000	000 GHz	INT REF	Aug Type: Log-Pwr	04:30:27 PM Sep 29, 2024 TRACE 2 3 4 5 0 TYPE MUSIC	Peak Search
dB/div Ref 15.00 dBn	IFGain:Low #A	ig: Free Run tten: 30 dB	AvgiHoid>1/1 Mkr	1 2.477 47 GHz 0.766 dBm	NextPea
a	······································				Next Pk Righ
0					Next Pk Le
o o					Marker Del
o o					Mkr→C
0					Mkr→RefL
enter 2.478000 GHz tes BW 3.0 MHz	#VBW 8.0	MHz	Sweep	Span 6.000 MHz 1.000 ms (601 pts)	Mor 1 of



#### Duty Cycle Test Data

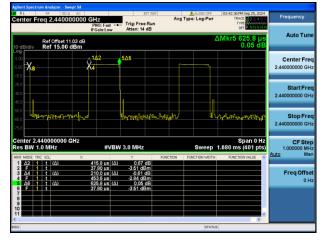
Band	On Time	On+Off Time	Duty Cycle
	(ms)	(ms)	(%)
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)	0.388	0.624	62.18%
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)	0.210	0.626	33.56%

#### Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)

RL RF 50 Q enter Freq 2.440000	000 GHz	INT REF	ALIGN OFF 03 Avg Type: Log-Pwr	28:41PM Sep 25, 2024 TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 0 TYPE DET P NINNIN N	Frequency
Ref Offset 11.0	3 dB		ΔΜΙ	(r5 624.0 μs -0.10 dB	Auto Tune
Xa 50 50	X1Δ2	<b>5</b> Δ6			Center Freq 2.440000000 GHz
5.0					Start Freq 2.440000000 GHz
5.0 5.0 5.0	y where the second	1			Stop Fred 2.440000000 GHz
enter 2.440000000 GF es BW 1.0 MHz	lz #VBW 3.	0 MHz	Sweep 1.60	Span 0 Hz 0 ms (401 pts)	CF Step 1.000000 MHz Auto Mar
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	× 388.0 μs (Δ) 96.00 μs 236.0 μs (Δ) 484.0 μs 624.0 μs 624.0 μs 96.00 μs	Y FUNI -0.47 dB -1.18 dBm 0.37 dB -1.65 dBm -0.10 dB -1.18 dBm	PUNCTION WIDTH	PUNCTION VALUE	Freq Offsel 0 Hz
		0	STATUS	>	

#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)





# A.2 Occupied Bandwidth

Test Data

Test Mode	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)					
Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth			
Channel	(kHz)	(kHz)	Limits (kHz)			
Low Channel	682.400	1027.400	≥500			
Middle Channel	682.400	1034.100	≥500			
High Channel	682.400	1028.200	≥500			

Test Mode	GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)					
Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth			
Channer	(kHz)	(kHz)	Limits (kHz)			
Low Channel	1200.000	2043.300	≥500			
Middle Channel	1200.000	2039.600	≥500			
High Channel	1200.000	2028.900	≥500			



#### Test Plots

#### 6 dB Bandwidth

#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL

RL	um Analyzer - Swept RF   SO Q req 2.480000	AC	Trig: Free Run Atten: 14 dB	Avg Ty	ALIGN OFF pe: Log-Pwr ld: 1000/1000	03:29:42 PM Sep 25, 20 TRACE 2 3 4 TYPE 01 1 2 3 4 DET P N N N	Frequency
10 dB/div	Ref Offset 11.0 Ref 15.00 dE	7 dB			Δ	Mkr2 682.4 kH -0.177 d	
5.00 5.00 5.00			X3	2Δ3		-7.28 d	Center Fre 2.480000000 GH
25.0 35.0 45.0						~	Start Fre 2.478500000 GH
55.0 56.0 75.0							Stop Fre 2.481500000 GH
enter 2.4 Res BW		#Ve	300 kHz	FUNCTION	Sweep	Span 3.000 MI 1.013 ms (401 pt	CF Ste s) 300.000 kH Auto Ma
	f 2 f (Δ)	.480 060 0 GHz 682.4 kHz (J 479 707 5 GHz	-1.278 dBm	FUNCTION	ONCHONWOTH	FUNCTION VALUE	Freq Offse
6 7 8 9 10							
50			3		STATU	>	

#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL





# GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



# GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL

lent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA					
nter Freq 2.404000000	GHz PNO: Wide →	Trig: Free Run	Avg Type: Log-Pwr Avg Hold: 1000/1000	03:37:59 PM Sep 25, 2024 TRACE 2 3 4 5 0 TYPE	Frequency
Ref Offset 11.12 dB	IFGain:Low	Atten: 14 dB	-	0.414 dB	Auto Tun
		×1	2Δ3	-7.44 dBn	Center Fre 2.404000000 GH
	/			~	Start Fre 2.401000000 GF
					Stop Fre 2.407000000 GF
enter 2.404000 GHz tes BW 100 kHz	#VBV	V 300 kHz		Span 6.000 MHz 1.013 ms (401 pts)	CF Ste 600.000 kł Auto Ma
Δ3 1 f (Δ)	4 075 GHz 1.200 MHz (Δ) 3 445 GHz	-1.436 dBm	FUNCTION FUNCTION WIDTH	PUNCTION VALUE	Freq Offs
		3	STATU	5	

# GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL





# 99% Bandwidth

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL





### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



## GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



# GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL





# A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions

<u>Test Data</u>

		GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)		
	Measured Max.	Limit		
Channel	Out of Band	Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict
	Emission (dBm)		20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-35.82	-1.33	-21.33	Pass
Middle Channel	-35.99	-1.24	-21.24	Pass
High Channel	-36.97	-1.53	-21.53	Pass

		GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)		
	Measured Max.	Limit		
Channel	Out of Band	Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict
	Emission (dBm)		20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-36.55	-1.61	-21.61	Pass
Middle Channel	-35.18	-1.41	-21.41	Pass
High Channel	-35.17	-1.37	-21.37	Pass

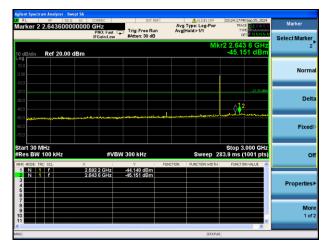


### Test Plots

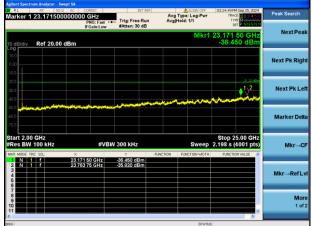
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

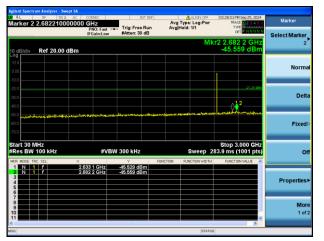


# GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL





GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



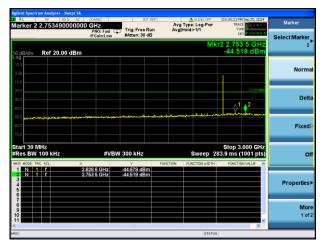
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

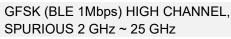
IFGain:Low	i gradati ja daa	National Association	Mkr2			Next Pea Next Pk Rigi Next Pk Le
an course	مىلىكى بىر الشريعانى م		need and in the second		21.dDn 2.1 	
AM South State States	مايروميس				21.00m 2.1 	Next Pk Le
an generative postere p	and the second second	And the second second	And a second			
						Marker Del
<	Y	FUNCTION	Sweep FUNCTION WIDTH	2.198 s (4001	pts)	Mkr→C
3.792 50 GHz	-36.574 dBm -36.574 dBm					Mkr→RefL
						<b>Mo</b> 1 of
į	338 75 GHz	338 75 GHz -35.990 dBm	Y FUNCTION 338 75 GHz -35.990 dBm	338 75 GHz SK 255 24 GBm 572 50 GHz SK 250 GBm 572 50 GHz SK 250 514 GBm	#VBW 300 kHz         Sweep         2.198 s (4001           Y         FUNCTION         FUNCTION WIDTH         FUNCTION VALU           338 75 GHz         -35.990 dBm         -35.990 dBm         -35.990 dBm	339 75 G H 2 55 590 d Bm 339 75 G H 2 55 590 d Bm 339 75 G H 2 35 572 d B m 2 30 572 d B m 2 3

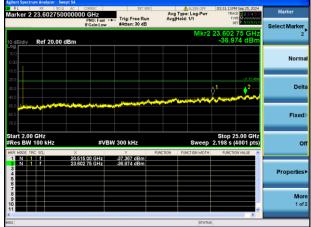
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz









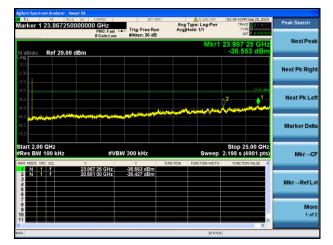
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

RL larker 2	RF 50 s	2 AC CORR			T REF	Avg T AvgH	ALIGN OFF ype: Log-Pwr old>1/1	TRA	PE MUMANAMA	Marker
		IFGa	in:Low	#Atten: 30	dB			r2 2.53	et <sup>d</sup> NNNNN 3 7 GHz	Select Marker 2
0 dB/div 9 10.0	Ref 20.00	dBm						-44.8	59 dBm	Norm
10.0 20.0 30.0 40.0								2,1	-21.61.dBn	Delt
50.0 50.0 70.0	*****		4~ <del>2/<sup>1</sup>~~~</del>	,	erndraføn H(d	a ha na ha n		hard Andread	4.796.4.4.4.4.949	Fixed
tart 30 f Res BW	100 kHz	×		V 300 kHz Y		CTION	Sweep 2	83.9 ms	000 GHz 1001 pts)	o
1 N 2 N 3 4 5 6	r r	2.597 1 2.533 7	GHz GHz	-43.777 dB -44.859 dB	m					Properties
7 8 9 0										Mo 1 of
									>	

#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

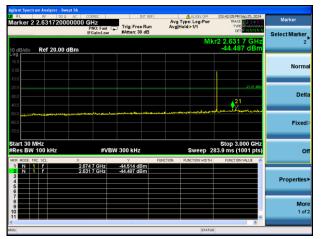


# GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL





GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



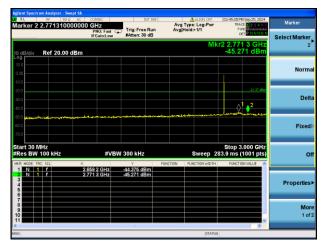
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

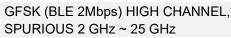


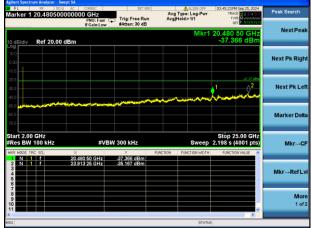
GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL

RL         RF         S0.2         All           enter Freq 2.4780000         2.4780000         3.47800000         3.4780000         3.4780000         3.4780000         3.478000000         3.478000000		DNT R	Avg	ALIGN OFF		Sep 25, 2024	Frequency
0 dB/div Ref 20.00 dBr	PNO: Wide G IFGain:Low	#Atten: 30 dB		Hold>1/1 Mkr1	DET	PNNNNN	Auto Tu
000			1				Center Fr 2.478000000 G
					~~~~	and a second	Start Fr 2.476500000 G
							Stop Fi 2.479500000 0
enter 2.478000 GHz Res BW 100 kHz	#VB\ ×	N 300 kHz	FUNCTION	Sweep	Span 3.0 1.000 ms (	601 pts)	CF St 300.000 F Auto
	478 055 GHz	-1.371 dBm	- anota				Freq Off
		а.		STATU	1	>	

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz









# A.4 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

Note: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

Test Data

	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)										
	Measured Max.	Limit									
Channel	Band Edge	Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict							
	Emission (dBm)		20 dBc Limit								
Low Channel	-44.77	-1.33	-21.33	Pass							
High Channel	-47.08	-1.53	-21.53	Pass							

		GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)		
	Measured Max.	Limit		
Channel	Band Edge	Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict
	Emission (dBm)		20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-43.93	-1.61	-21.61	Pass
High Channel	-49.06	-1.37	-21.37	Pass



# Test Plots

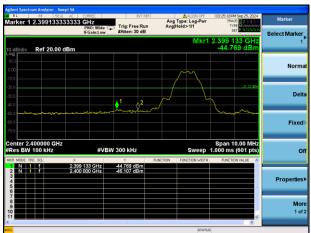
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



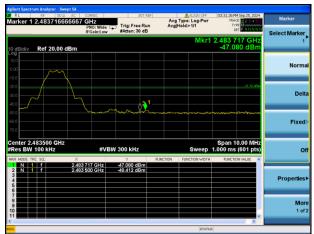
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE





GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE





# A.5 Conducted Emissions

Note <sup>1</sup>: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode. All modes have been tested and normal link mode is worst.

Note <sup>2</sup>: Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. So, The configuration 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz were tested respectively, but only the worst configuration (120 VAC, 60 Hz) shown here.

Note <sup>3</sup>: Results (dBuV) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

# Test Data and Plots PHASE L CE Test case\_FCC\_CE\_FCC PART 15C 80 70 60 50 M3 М4 M6 M5 Level (dBuV) 30 20 10 0.0 15 0.15 30 Frequency (MHz)

No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.158	41.92	9.78	65.57	23.65	Peak	L	Pass
1**	0.158	28.14	9.78	55.57	27.43	AV	L	Pass
2	0.186	40.86	9.78	64.21	23.35	Peak	L	Pass
2**	0.186	28.42	9.78	54.21	25.79	AV	L	Pass
3	0.396	38.71	10.57	57.94	19.23	Peak	L	Pass
3**	0.396	26.15	10.57	47.94	21.79	AV	L	Pass
4	0.518	38.37	10.00	56.00	17.63	Peak	L	Pass
4**	0.518	25.76	10.00	46.00	20.24	AV	L	Pass
5	1.676	36.75	10.08	56.00	19.25	Peak	L	Pass
5**	1.676	24.74	10.08	46.00	21.26	AV	L	Pass
6	6.950	37.85	10.21	60.00	22.15	Peak	L	Pass
6**	6.950	24.65	10.21	50.00	25.35	AV	L	Pass

Tel: +86-755-66850100

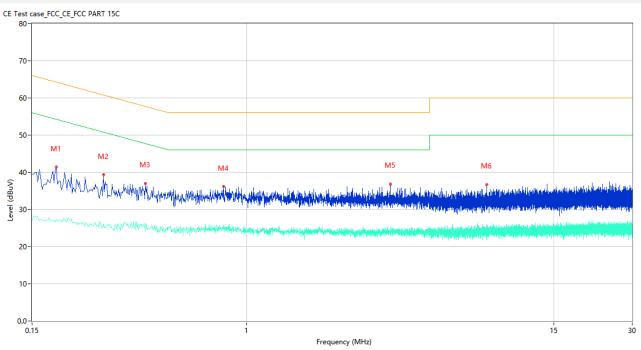
E-mail: qc@baluntek.com Template No.: TRP-FCC Part 15.247 (2022-01-12) Page No. 48 / 72

 Web: www.titcgroup.com
 Template No.: TRP-FCC Part 15.247 (2022-01-12)

 Add: Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China



#### PHASE N



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.186	41.39	9.78	64.21	22.82	Peak	Ν	Pass
1**	0.186	27.36	9.78	54.21	26.85	AV	Ν	Pass
2	0.282	39.30	9.76	60.76	21.46	Peak	Ν	Pass
2**	0.282	26.00	9.76	50.76	24.76	AV	Ν	Pass
3	0.408	36.99	10.47	57.69	20.70	Peak	N	Pass
3**	0.408	24.15	10.47	47.69	23.54	AV	N	Pass
4	0.814	36.18	10.55	56.00	19.82	Peak	N	Pass
4**	0.814	25.75	10.55	46.00	20.25	AV	N	Pass
5	3.558	36.88	10.25	56.00	19.12	Peak	N	Pass
5**	3.558	25.51	10.25	46.00	20.49	AV	N	Pass
6	8.322	36.68	10.22	60.00	23.32	Peak	N	Pass
6**	8.322	23.86	10.22	50.00	26.14	AV	Ν	Pass



# A.6 Radiated Spurious Emission

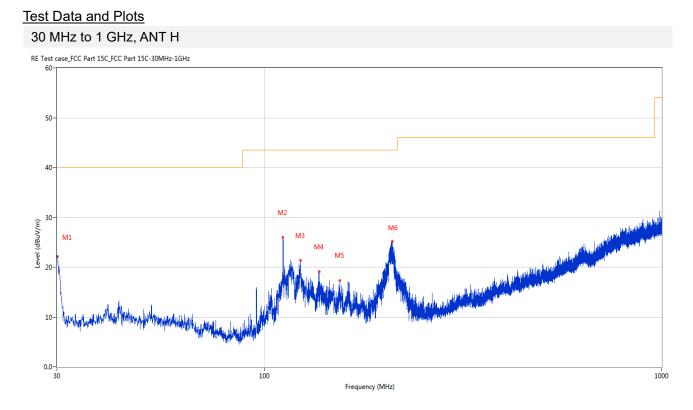
Note <sup>1</sup>: The symbol of "--" in the table which means not application.

Note <sup>2</sup>: For the test data above 1 GHz, according the ANSI C63.4-2014, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note <sup>3</sup>: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Note <sup>4</sup>: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz. All modes have been tested and BLE 2M-Middle channel mode is the worst.

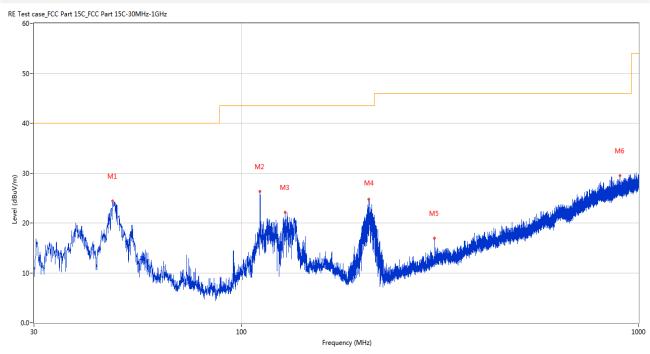
Note <sup>5</sup>: Results (dBuV/m) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV/m) + Factor (dB)



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	30.049	22.13	-27.72	40.0	17.87	Peak	226.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	111.335	25.95	-28.70	43.5	17.55	Peak	194.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3	123.072	21.36	-27.94	43.5	22.14	Peak	18.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	137.088	19.11	-26.38	43.5	24.39	Peak	0.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	154.839	17.32	-25.67	43.5	26.18	Peak	194.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
6	209.790	25.20	-28.60	43.5	18.30	Peak	289.00	200	Horizontal	Pass



#### 30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V



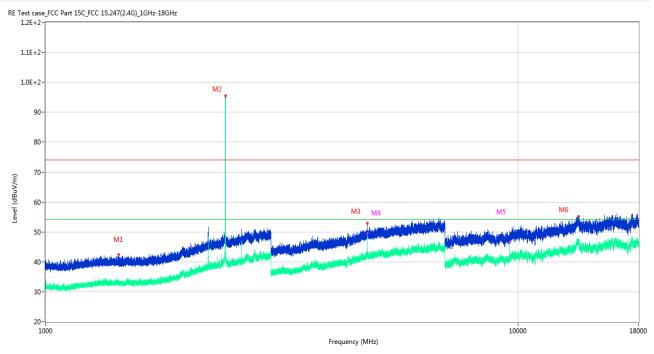
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	47.363	24.36	-26.68	40.0	15.64	Peak	39.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	111.335	26.33	-28.70	43.5	17.17	Peak	117.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	128.600	22.09	-27.45	43.5	21.41	Peak	175.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	209.256	24.74	-28.59	43.5	18.76	Peak	233.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	306.110	16.90	-24.31	46.0	29.10	Peak	3.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	896.792	29.50	-10.75	46.0	16.50	Peak	130.00	200	Vertical	Pass



Note <sup>1</sup>: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

Note <sup>2</sup>: The spurious from 18GHz-25GHz is noise only, do not show on the report.

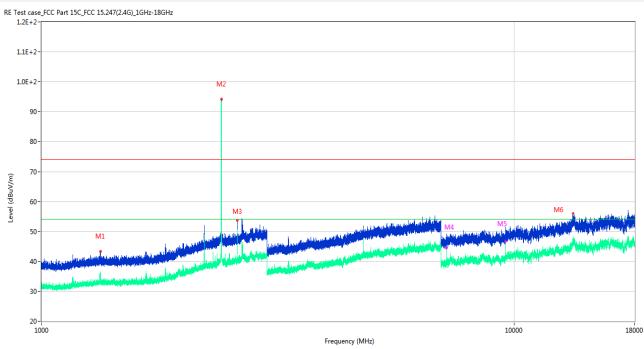
# GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1428.900	42.50	74.0	31.50	Peak	175.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1428.900	32.85	54.0	21.15	AV	175.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	2402.300	95.50	74.0	-21.50	Peak	218.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2402.300	94.66	54.0	-40.66	AV	218.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4801.000	52.86	74.0	21.14	Peak	20.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4801.000	49.12	54.0	4.88	AV	20.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	4801.200	52.27	74.0	21.73	Peak	20.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	4801.200	49.48	54.0	4.52	AV	20.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	9602.162	50.15	74.0	23.85	Peak	76.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	9602.162	46.49	54.0	7.51	AV	76.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	13431.975	55.13	74.0	18.87	Peak	54.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	13431.975	47.48	54.0	6.52	AV	54.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

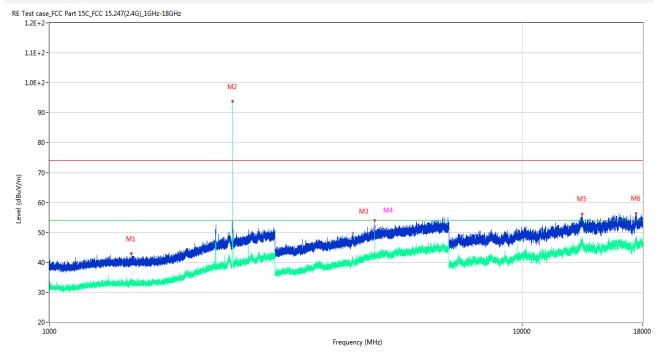


### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V



No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1331.900	43.40	74.0	30.60	Peak	105.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	1331.900	33.64	54.0	20.36	AV	105.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2401.800	94.28	74.0	-20.28	Peak	111.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2401.800	93.84	54.0	-39.84	AV	111.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	2594.200	53.65	74.0	20.35	Peak	328.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	2594.200	50.43	54.0	3.57	AV	328.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7200.388	48.53	74.0	25.47	Peak	23.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	7200.388	44.50	54.0	9.50	AV	23.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	9602.450	50.39	74.0	23.61	Peak	245.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	9602.450	46.83	54.0	7.17	AV	245.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	13322.776	56.04	74.0	17.96	Peak	17.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6**	13322.776	44.97	54.0	9.03	AV	17.00	100	Vertical	Pass

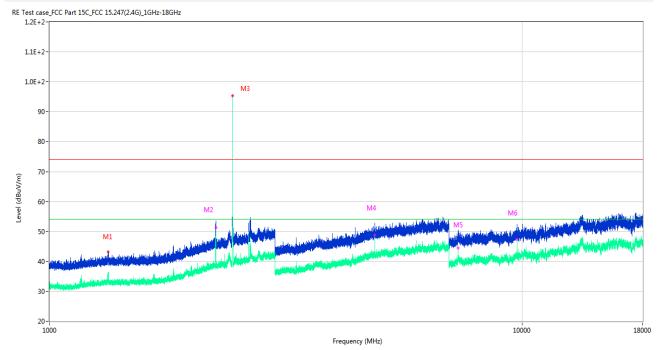




#### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1490.800	42.95	74.0	31.05	Peak	340.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1490.800	33.01	54.0	20.99	AV	340.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
2	2439.900	93.74	74.0	-19.74	Peak	217.00	200	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2439.900	92.87	54.0	-38.87	AV	217.00	200	Horizontal	N/A
3	4877.000	54.05	74.0	19.95	Peak	40.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4877.000	49.97	54.0	4.03	AV	40.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	4877.200	53.83	74.0	20.17	Peak	40.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	4877.200	51.87	54.0	2.13	AV	40.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	13395.750	56.10	74.0	17.90	Peak	94.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	13395.750	46.42	54.0	7.58	AV	94.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17414.887	56.28	74.0	17.72	Peak	292.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17414.887	47.35	54.0	6.65	AV	292.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



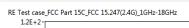


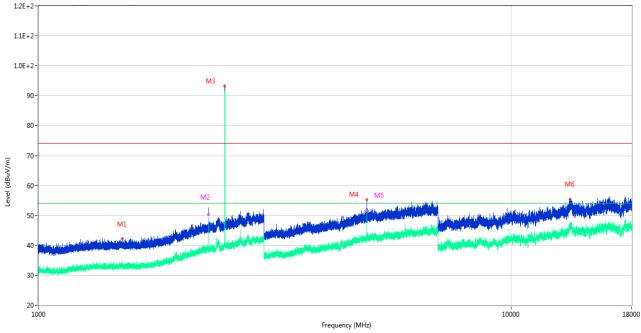
### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1329.600	43.17	74.0	30.83	Peak	139.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	1329.600	34.41	54.0	19.59	AV	139.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2248.300	52.65	74.0	21.35	Peak	270.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2**	2248.300	51.00	54.0	3.00	AV	270.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3	2439.800	95.26	74.0	-21.26	Peak	325.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3**	2439.800	94.48	54.0	-40.48	AV	325.00	150	Vertical	N/A
4	4877.200	51.50	74.0	22.50	Peak	340.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	4877.200	48.90	54.0	5.10	AV	340.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	7314.525	49.06	74.0	24.94	Peak	312.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	7314.525	44.45	54.0	9.55	AV	312.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	9754.537	51.64	74.0	22.36	Peak	244.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	9754.537	47.23	54.0	6.77	AV	244.00	150	Vertical	Pass



# GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

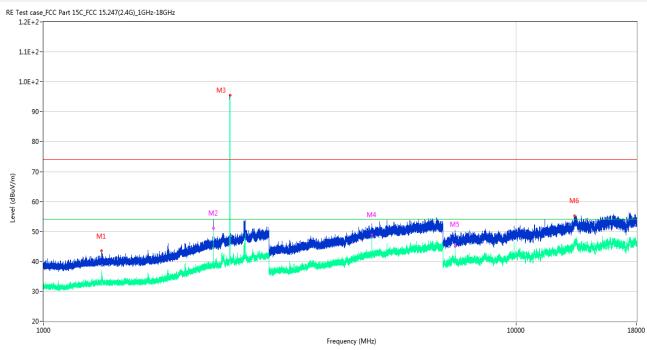




No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1503.200	42.17	74.0	31.83	Peak	0.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1503.200	33.02	54.0	20.98	AV	0.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2288.300	52.47	74.0	21.53	Peak	220.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2288.300	50.29	54.0	3.71	AV	220.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3	2479.700	93.27	74.0	-19.27	Peak	220.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3**	2479.700	91.07	54.0	-37.07	AV	220.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
4	4957.000	55.15	74.0	18.85	Peak	48.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4**	4957.000	51.10	54.0	2.90	AV	48.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	4957.400	53.48	74.0	20.52	Peak	48.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	4957.400	51.92	54.0	2.08	AV	48.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	13352.963	55.36	74.0	18.64	Peak	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	13352.963	46.41	54.0	7.59	AV	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



### GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V



No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1327.100	43.46	74.0	30.54	Peak	133.00	300	Vertical	Pass
1**	1327.100	33.23	54.0	20.77	AV	133.00	300	Vertical	Pass
2	2288.100	53.43	74.0	20.57	Peak	349.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2**	2288.100	50.96	54.0	3.04	AV	349.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3	2479.800	95.58	74.0	-21.58	Peak	330.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3**	2479.800	94.66	54.0	-40.66	AV	330.00	150	Vertical	N/A
4	4957.200	52.01	74.0	21.99	Peak	349.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	4957.200	48.99	54.0	5.01	AV	349.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	7434.700	48.09	74.0	25.91	Peak	30.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	7434.700	45.00	54.0	9.00	AV	30.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	13304.138	55.30	74.0	18.70	Peak	15.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	13304.138	46.16	54.0	7.84	AV	15.00	150	Vertical	Pass



# GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1313.000	42.53	74.0	31.47	Peak	117.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1313.000	32.95	54.0	21.05	AV	117.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
2	2403.600	95.84	74.0	-21.84	Peak	219.00	200	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2403.600	93.18	54.0	-39.18	AV	219.00	200	Horizontal	N/A
3	4805.200	53.53	74.0	20.47	Peak	41.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4805.200	50.54	54.0	3.46	AV	41.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6654.000	54.35	74.0	19.65	Peak	138.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6654.000	44.43	54.0	9.57	AV	138.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	13349.550	55.43	74.0	18.57	Peak	167.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	13349.550	47.23	54.0	6.77	AV	167.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17420.925	56.20	74.0	17.80	Peak	360.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17420.925	47.69	54.0	6.31	AV	360.00	100	Horizontal	Pass



## GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V



No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1331.300	42.99	74.0	31.01	Peak	146.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	1331.300	35.18	54.0	18.82	AV	146.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2403.500	94.75	74.0	-20.75	Peak	110.00	200	Vertical	N/A
2**	2403.500	92.09	54.0	-38.09	AV	110.00	200	Vertical	N/A
3	4805.400	51.60	74.0	22.40	Peak	351.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4805.400	48.85	54.0	5.15	AV	351.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	6653.400	54.92	74.0	19.08	Peak	147.00	300	Vertical	Pass
4**	6653.400	44.97	54.0	9.03	AV	147.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5	13313.325	56.07	74.0	17.93	Peak	207.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	13313.325	46.43	54.0	7.57	AV	207.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17432.738	56.19	74.0	17.81	Peak	244.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6**	17432.738	47.08	54.0	6.92	AV	244.00	100	Vertical	Pass



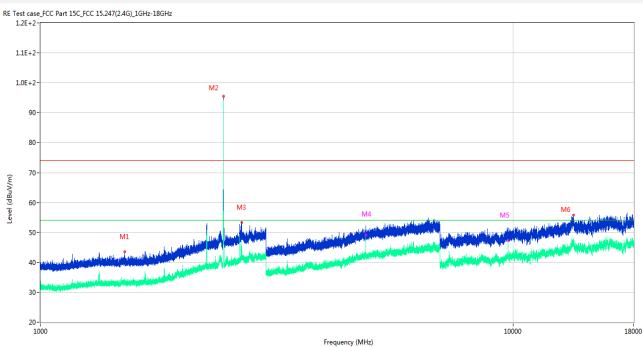




No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1351.500	42.82	74.0	31.18	Peak	13.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1351.500	32.94	54.0	21.06	AV	13.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
2	2439.500	93.96	74.0	-19.96	Peak	220.00	100	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2439.500	91.06	54.0	-37.06	AV	220.00	100	Horizontal	N/A
3	4877.400	53.88	74.0	20.12	Peak	51.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4877.400	50.91	54.0	3.09	AV	51.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	4877.400	53.88	74.0	20.12	Peak	51.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	4877.400	50.91	54.0	3.09	AV	51.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	13321.463	55.85	74.0	18.15	Peak	319.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	13321.463	46.08	54.0	7.92	AV	319.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	16133.100	56.04	74.0	17.96	Peak	360.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6**	16133.100	46.73	54.0	7.27	AV	360.00	100	Horizontal	Pass







No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1507.800	43.62	74.0	30.38	Peak	0.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	1507.800	32.91	54.0	21.09	AV	0.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2439.600	95.42	74.0	-21.42	Peak	327.00	200	Vertical	N/A
2**	2439.600	91.57	54.0	-37.57	AV	327.00	200	Vertical	N/A
3	2663.200	53.41	74.0	20.59	Peak	83.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	2663.200	44.72	54.0	9.28	AV	83.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	4877.200	51.52	74.0	22.48	Peak	352.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	4877.200	49.14	54.0	4.86	AV	352.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	9754.537	51.70	74.0	22.30	Peak	162.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5**	9754.537	47.36	54.0	6.64	AV	162.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6	13428.300	55.75	74.0	18.25	Peak	63.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6**	13428.300	46.25	54.0	7.75	AV	63.00	100	Vertical	Pass



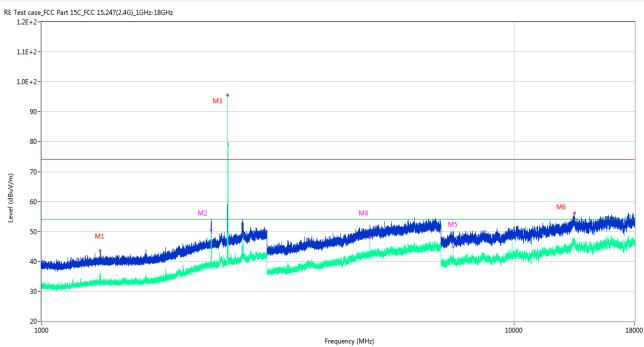
### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1000.000	43.26	74.0	30.74	Peak	96.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1000.000	31.85	54.0	22.15	AV	96.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2477.600	93.22	74.0	-19.22	Peak	51.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2477.600	91.80	54.0	-37.80	AV	51.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4953.000	54.20	74.0	19.80	Peak	53.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4953.000	50.33	54.0	3.67	AV	53.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	4953.200	53.36	74.0	20.64	Peak	53.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	4953.200	51.44	54.0	2.56	AV	53.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	13462.950	55.21	74.0	18.79	Peak	105.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	13462.950	46.09	54.0	7.91	AV	105.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	15813.375	56.52	74.0	17.48	Peak	83.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
6**	15813.375	46.51	54.0	7.49	AV	83.00	200	Horizontal	Pass



### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V



No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1330.400	43.48	74.0	30.52	Peak	118.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	1330.400	34.24	54.0	19.76	AV	118.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2286.100	53.17	74.0	20.83	Peak	346.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2**	2286.100	50.49	54.0	3.51	AV	346.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3	2477.500	95.55	74.0	-21.55	Peak	327.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3**	2477.500	92.60	54.0	-38.60	AV	327.00	150	Vertical	N/A
4	4953.400	52.11	74.0	21.89	Peak	353.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	4953.400	48.11	54.0	5.89	AV	353.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	7428.375	49.59	74.0	24.41	Peak	27.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	7428.375	44.83	54.0	9.17	AV	27.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	13440.375	56.17	74.0	17.83	Peak	279.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	13440.375	46.79	54.0	7.21	AV	279.00	150	Vertical	Pass



# A.7 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

Note <sup>1</sup>: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

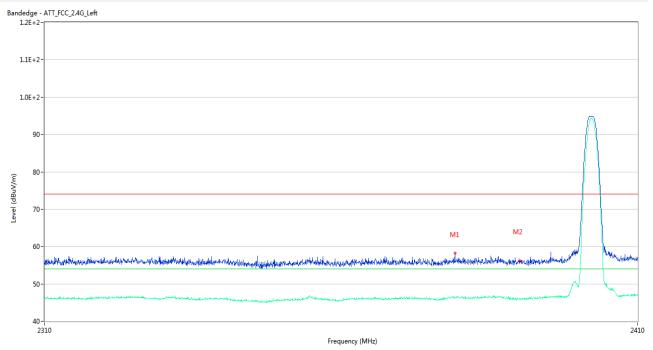
Note <sup>2</sup>: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

Note <sup>3</sup>: According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasipeak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note 4: The Level (dBuV/m) has been corrected by factor.

# Test Data and Plots

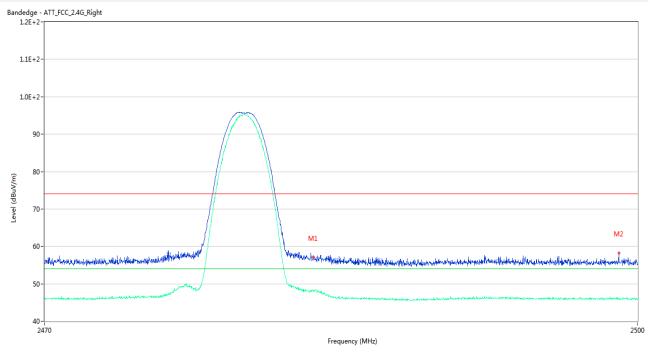
## GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2378.750	58.17	74.0	15.83	Peak	115.00	100	Vertical	Pass
1**	2378.750	46.35	54.0	7.65	AV	115.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	2389.950	56.10	74.0	17.90	Peak	296.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2**	2389.950	46.02	54.0	7.98	AV	296.00	150	Vertical	Pass



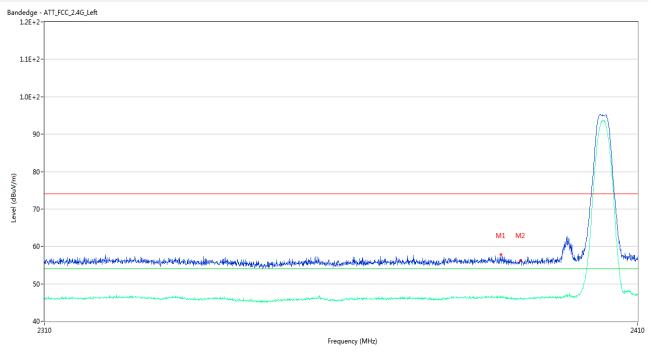
## GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2483.545	57.10	74.0	16.90	Peak	316.00	100	Vertical	Pass
1**	2483.545	47.97	54.0	6.03	AV	316.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	2499.040	58.30	74.0	15.70	Peak	153.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2**	2499.040	45.88	54.0	8.12	AV	153.00	150	Vertical	Pass



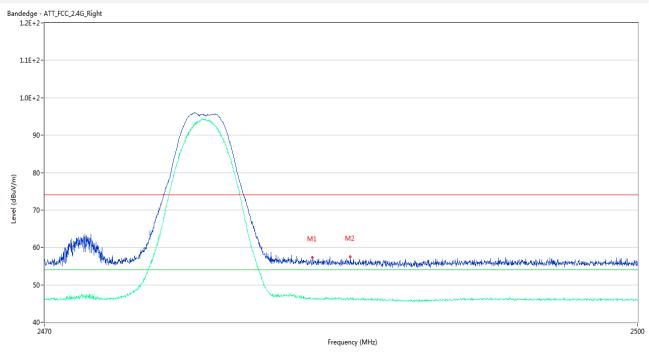
## GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2386.600	57.84	74.0	16.16	Peak	66.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	2386.600	46.58	54.0	7.42	AV	66.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2389.950	56.27	74.0	17.73	Peak	184.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2**	2389.950	46.26	54.0	7.74	AV	184.00	200	Vertical	Pass



#### GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



No.	Frequency	Results	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2483.500	57.37	74.0	16.63	Peak	327.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	2483.500	46.30	54.0	7.70	AV	327.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2485.420	57.47	74.0	16.53	Peak	299.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2**	2485.420	46.56	54.0	7.44	AV	299.00	200	Vertical	Pass



# A.8 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

<u>Test Data</u>

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)							
Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Verdict				
Low Channel	-16.54	8	Pass				
Middle Channel	-16.51	8	Pass				
High Channel	-16.36	8	Pass				

GFSK (BLE 2Mbps)							
Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Verdict				
Low Channel	-19.84	8	Pass				
Middle Channel	-19.60	8	Pass				
High Channel	-19.94	8	Pass				

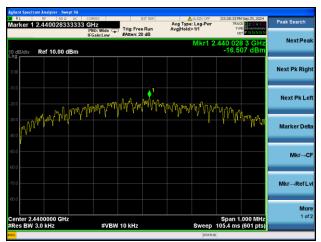


# Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



# GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL

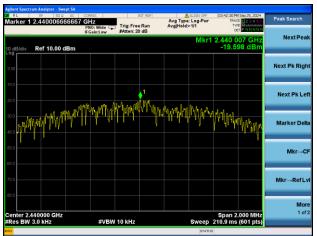
arker 1 2.480028333		INT REF	ALIGN OFF Avg Type: Log-Pwr AvglHold>1/1	03:31:51 PM Sep 25, 2024 TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 6	Peak Search
dB/div Ref 10.00 dB	PNO: Wide G	#Atten: 20 dB		.480 028 3 GHz -16.356 dBm	NextPea
					Next Pk Rig
	on marches pres	สุญณ <sub>ีมา</sub> งงาทให้หุล	งณฑาสารณศึกรรณ	MAG	Next Pk Lo
White the second	et hier t		ייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	"Y " When you	Marker De
10					Mkr→
0					Mkr→RefL
enter 2.4800000 GHz tes BW 3.0 kHz	#VBM	10 kHz	Sween	Span 1.000 MHz 105.4 ms (601 pts)	<b>Мо</b> 1 о



# GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



# GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



# GFSK (BLE 2Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL

arker 1 2.478080000000		INT REF Avg Ty e Run Avg Ho	ALIGN OFF /pe: Log-Pwr Id>1/1	03:45:47 PM Sep 25, 2024 TRACE 2 3 4 5 6 TYPE M	Peak Search
dB/div Ref 10.00 dBm	IFGain:Low #Atten: 2	0 dB		2.478 080 GHz -19.938 dBm	NextPea
9 00					Next Pk Rig
10	nin., com Atocha ca th		- <b>I</b> n <b>-</b> -		Next Pk Le
	t y Lawriad Ant India	u v v valuvsaheret	al Alexa	happy	Marker De
					Mkr→0
0					Mkr→RefL
enter 2.478000 GHz Res BW 3.0 kHz	#VBW 10 kHz		Sween	Span 2.000 MHz 210.9 ms (601 pts)	Mo 1 of



# ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2470946-AR.PDF".

# ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2470946-AW.PDF".

# ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2470946-AI.PDF".



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--END OF REPORT--