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Client

Sporton

Certificate No:

Z19-60054

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079

E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Object D750V3 - SN: 1107

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

March 8, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards ID # Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration | | | |
|---|------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2 | 106277 | 20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862) | Aug-19 |
| Power sensor NRP8S | 104291 | 20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862) | Aug-19 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN 3617 | 31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19) | Jan-20 |
| DAE4 SN 1331 06-Feb-19(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1331_Feb19) | | Feb-20 | |
| | - T- | | |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336) | Jan-20 |
| NetworkAnalyzer E5071C | MY46110673 | 24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547) | Jan-20 |
| | | | |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------|--|
| Calibrated by: | Zhao Jing | SAR Test Engineer | The state of the s |
| Reviewed by: | Yu Zongying | SAR Test Engineer | The - |
| Approved by: | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader | 200 |

Issued: March 10, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z19-60054

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

| DASY Version | DASY52 | 52.10.2.1495 |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 750 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 41.9 | 0.89 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 43.1 ± 6 % | 0.86 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 2.02 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 8.32 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 1.37 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 5.61 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 55.5 | 0.96 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 54.8 ± 6 % | 0.94 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 2.09 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 8.45 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 1.40 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 5.65 W/kg ±18.7 % (k=2) |

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 55.2Ω- 1.55jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Return Loss | - 25.7dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 48.4Ω- 3.30jΩ | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| Return Loss | - 28.6dB | | |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 0.980 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|
| | |

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1107

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.864$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.14$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(10.03, 10.03, 10.03) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated:
 1/31/2019

Date: 03.07.2019

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

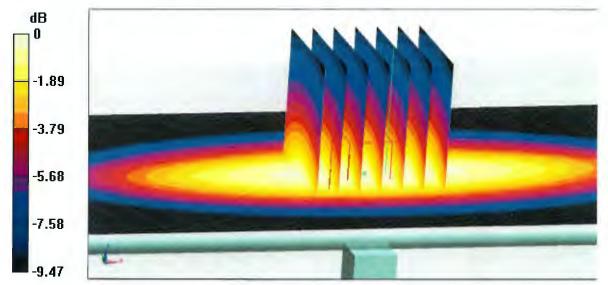
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.80 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.90 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.37 W/kg

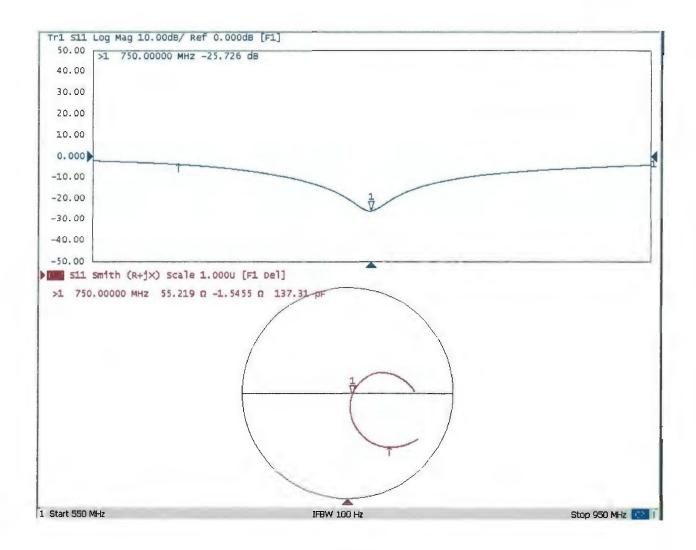
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.62 W/kg



0 dB = 2.62 W/kg = 4.18 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1107

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.943$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.78$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(9.85, 9.85, 9.85) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019

Date: 03.07.2019

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

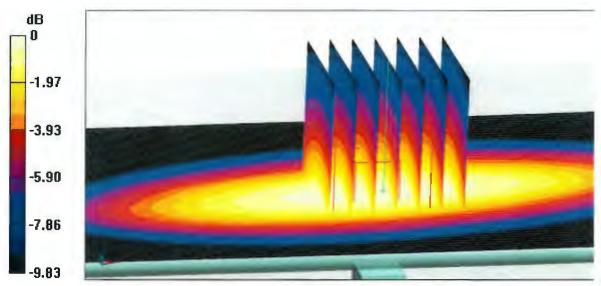
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.4 W/kg

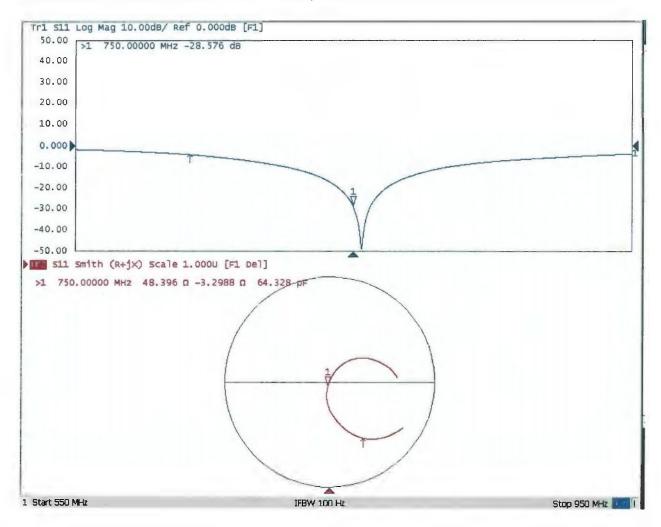
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.75 W/kg



0 dB = 2.75 W/kg = 4.39 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





D750V3, serial no. 1107 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

<Justification of the extended calibration>

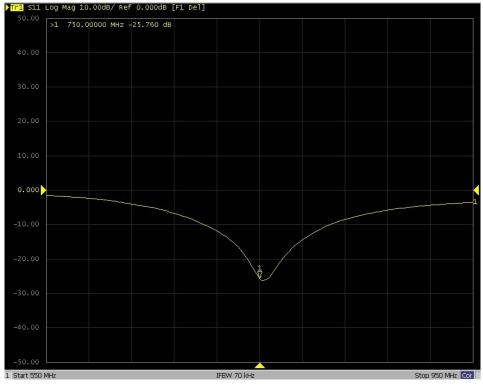
| D 750 V3 − serial no. 1107 | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| | | 750MHZ | | | | |
| Date of Measurement | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
| 03.08.2019 | -25.726 | | 55.219 | | -1.5455 | |
| (Cal. Report) | -23.720 | | 33.219 | | -1.0400 | |
| 03.07.2020 | -25.760 | 0.13 | 59.446 | -4.227 | -3.2169 | 1.6714 |
| (extended) | -20.760 | 0.13 | 39.440 | -4.221 | -3.2109 | 1.07 14 |

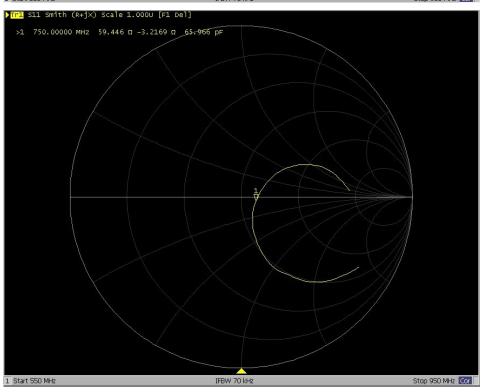
The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978



<Dipole Verification Data> - D750 V3, serial no. 1107 (Data of Measurement : 03.07.2020) 750 MHz - Head





TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Sporton

Certificate No: D835V2-4d167_Nov19

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D835V2 - SN:4d167

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v11

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz

Calibration date:

November 25, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) | Apr-20 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) | Apr-20 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103245 | 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) | Apr-20 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5058 (20k) | 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) | Apr-20 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) | Apr-20 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN: 7349 | 29-May-19 (No. EX3-7349_May19) | May-20 |
| DAE4 | SN: 601 | 30-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601_Apr19) | Apr-20 |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power meter E4419B | SN: GB39512475 | 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | SN: US37292783 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) | in house check: Oct-20 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | SN: MY41092317 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | SN: 100972 | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A | SN: US41080477 | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| | Name | Function | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Jeton Kastrati | Laboratory Technician | 9212 |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | eeus. |

Issued: November 25, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.10.3 |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy , $dz = 5 mm$ | |
| Frequency | 835 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 41.5 | 0.90 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 42.0 ± 6 % | 0.91 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 2.40 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 9.55 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 1.56 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 6.21 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: D835V2-4d167_Nov19 Page 3 of 7

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.8 Ω - 3.8 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 28.2 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.390 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|

Certificate No: D835V2-4d167_Nov19 Page 4 of 7

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 25.11.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d167

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(9.89, 9.89, 9.89) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 29.05.2019

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2019

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (front); Type: QD 00L P49 AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.10.3(1513); SEMCAD X 14.6.13(7474)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 63.15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

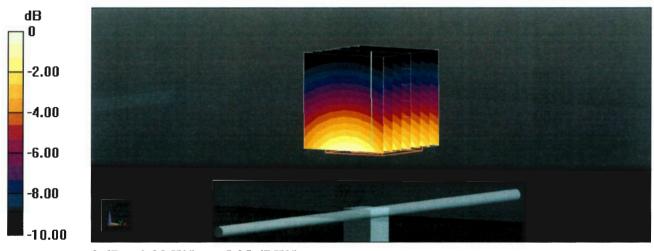
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.59 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 16 mm

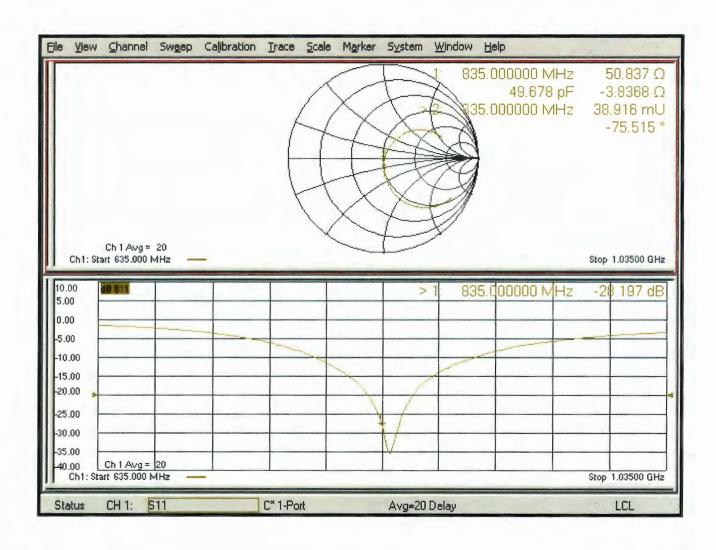
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.8%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.20 W/kg



0 dB = 3.20 W/kg = 5.05 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Appendix: Transfer Calibration at Four Validation Locations on SAM Head¹

Evaluation Condition

| Phantom | SAM Head Phantom | For usage with cSAR3D V2 -R/L |
|---------|------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | |

SAR result with SAM Head (Top \cong C0)

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 9.24 W/kg ± 17.5 % (k=2) |
| | | |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
| | | |

SAR result with SAM Head (Mouth \cong F90)

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 9.70 W/kg ± 17.5 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 6.50 W/kg ± 16.9 % (k=2) |

SAR result with SAM Head (Neck \cong H0)

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 9.22 W/kg ± 17.5 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 6.21 W/kg ± 16.9 % (k=2) |

SAR result with SAM Head (Ear ≅ D90)

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 7.93 W/kg ± 17.5 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 5.33 W/kg ± 16.9 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: D835V2-4d167_Nov19

Additional assessments outside the current scope of SCS 0108



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Client

Sporton

Certificate No:

Z19-60057

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D1750V2 - SN: 1112

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

March 7, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2 | 106277 | 20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862) | Aug-19 |
| Power sensor NRP8S | 104291 | 20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862) | Aug-19 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN 3617 | 31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19) | Jan-20 |
| DAE4 | SN 1331 | 06-Feb-19(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1331_Feb19) | Feb-20 |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336) | Jan-20 |
| NetworkAnalyzer E5071C | MY46110673 | 24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547) | Jan-20 |

| | Name | Function | Signature. |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------|------------|
| Calibrated by: | Zhao Jing | SAR Test Engineer | 後 |
| Reviewed by: | Lin Hao | SAR Test Engineer | 林松 |
| Approved by: | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader | Solv. |

Issued: March 9, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z19-60057

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z19-60057 Page 2 of 8



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY52 | 52.10.2.1495 |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 1750 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 40.1 | 1.37 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 41.1 ± 6 % | 1.39 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 9.20 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 36.7 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 4.87 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 19.4 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 53.4 | 1.49 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 53.5 ± 6 % | 1.47 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 9.25 W/ kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 37.4 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 4.92 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 19.8 W /kg ± 18.7 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: Z19-60057 Page 3 of 8

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 48.8Ω- 1.87 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| Return Loss | - 33.0 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 46.4Ω- 1.07 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| Return Loss | - 28.3 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.080 n s |
|----------------------------------|------------------|
| | |

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|

Certificate No: Z19-60057 Page 4 of 8



DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1112

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.389 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.13$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(8.38, 8.38, 8.38) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019

Date: 03.06.2019

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

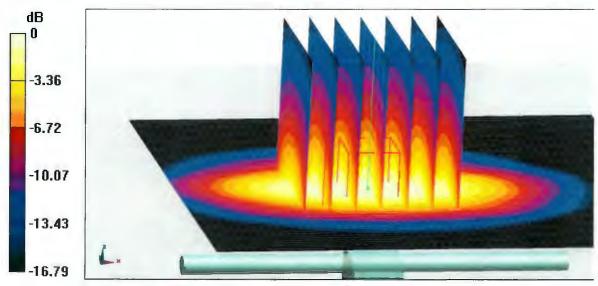
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.87 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.87 W/kg

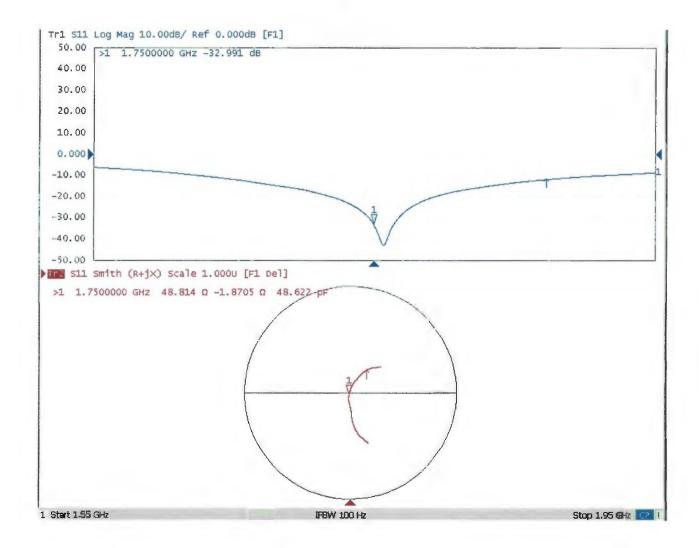
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.4 W/kg



0 dB = 14.4 W/kg = 11.58 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1112

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.465$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.49$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

 Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(8.03, 8.03, 8.03) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019

Date: 03.06.2019

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

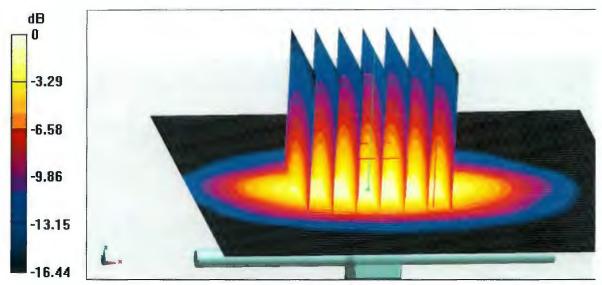
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.64 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.92 W/kg

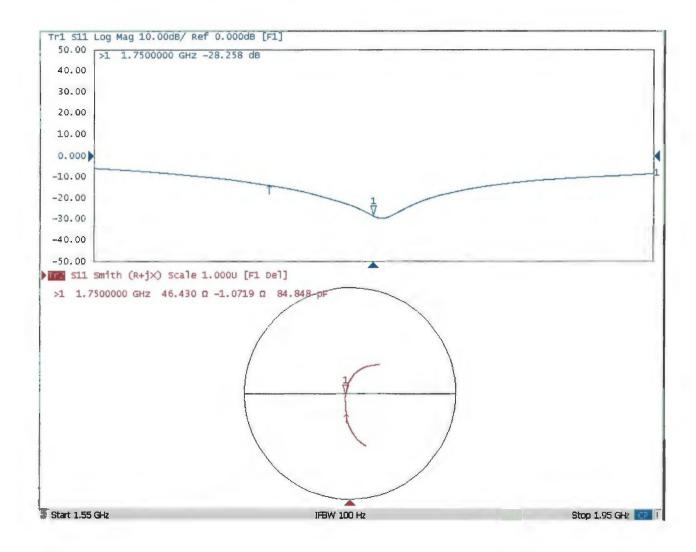
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.3 W/kg



0 dB = 14.3 W/kg = 11.55 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





D1750V2, serial no. 1112 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

<Justification of the extended calibration>

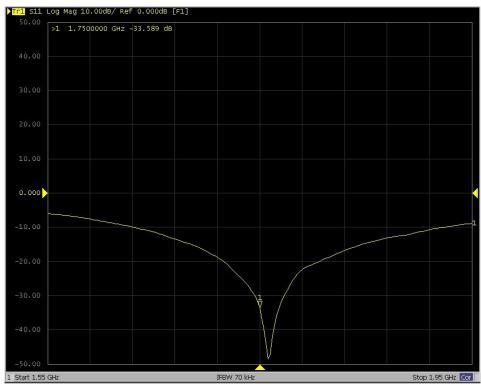
| | | | D 1750 V2 – serial no. 1 ° | 112 | | |
|---------------------|------------------|-----------|--|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| | 1750MHZ | | | | | |
| Date of Measurement | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
| 03.07.2019 | -32.991 | | 48.814 | | -1.8705 | |
| (Cal. Report) | -32.991 | | 40.014 | | -1.0703 | |
| 03.06.2020 | -33.589 | 1.81 | 48.573 | 0.241 | -4.0211 | 2.1506 |
| (extended) | -33.569 | 1.01 | 40.373 | 0.241 | -4.0211 | 2.1506 |

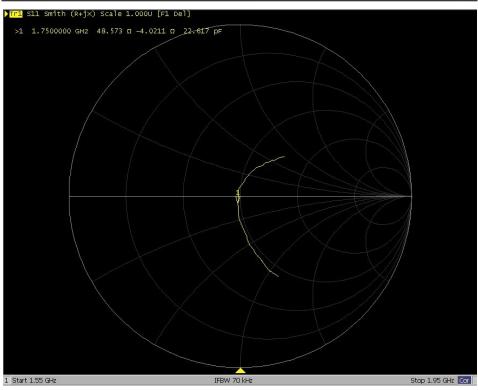
The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978



<Dipole Verification Data> - D1750 V2, serial no. 1112 (Data of Measurement : 03.06.2020) 1750 MHz - Head





TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978



In Collaboration with

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn



Client

Sporton

Certificate No:

Z19-60058

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Object

D1900V2 - SN: 5d185

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

March 7, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2 | 106277 | 20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862) | Aug-19 |
| Power sensor NRP8S | 104291 | 20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862) | Aug-19 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN 3617 | 31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19) | Jan-20 |
| DAE4 | SN 1331 | 06-Feb-19(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1331_Feb19) | Feb-20 |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336) | Jan-20 |
| NetworkAnalyzer E5071C | MY46110673 | 24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547) | Jan-20 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Zhao Jing | SAR Test Engineer | |
| Reviewed by: | Lin Hao | SAR Test Engineer | The sto |
| Approved by: | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader | |

Issued: March 9, 2019

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Certificate No: Z19-60058

Page 1 of 8

lossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z19-60058 Page 2 of 8



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

| DASY Version | DASY52 | 52.10.2.1495 |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 1900 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 40.0 | 1.40 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 40.4 ± 6 % | 1.44 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 10. 0 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 39.4 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.17 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 20.5 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 53.3 | 1.52 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 53.0 ± 6 % | 1.56 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 10.2 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 40.1 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.28 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 20.9 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: Z19-60058

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.2Ω+ 6.37jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Return Loss | - 23.2dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.0Ω+ 7.57jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Return Loss | - 22.3dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.067 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by SPEAG |
|-----------------------|
|-----------------------|

Certificate No: Z19-60058 Page 4 of 8

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d185

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.43$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

 Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(8.14, 8.14, 8.14) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019

Date: 03.06.2019

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

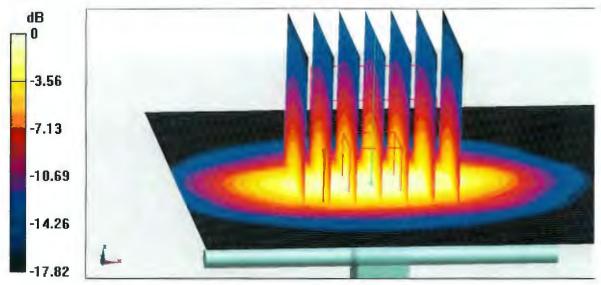
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.17 W/kg

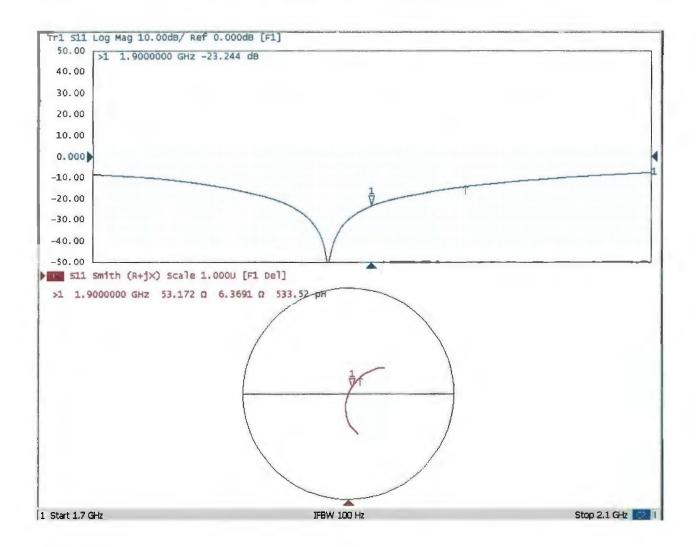
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 W/kg



0 dB = 15.9 W/kg = 12.01 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d185

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.564$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.01$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.78, 7.78, 7.78) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019

Date: 03.06.2019

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

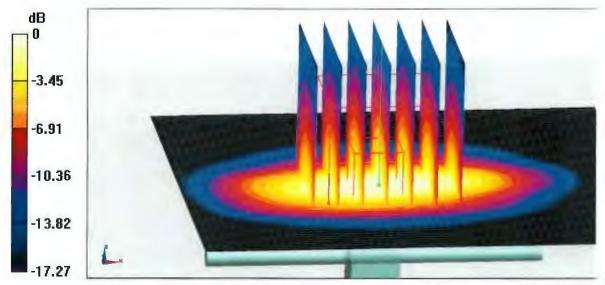
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.42 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.28 W/kg

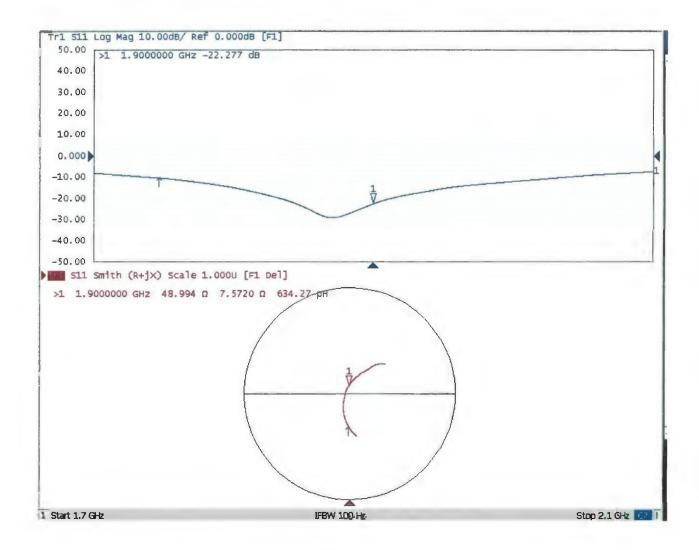
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 W/kg



0 dB = 15.7 W/kg = 11.96 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





D1900V2, serial no. 5D185 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

<Justification of the extended calibration>

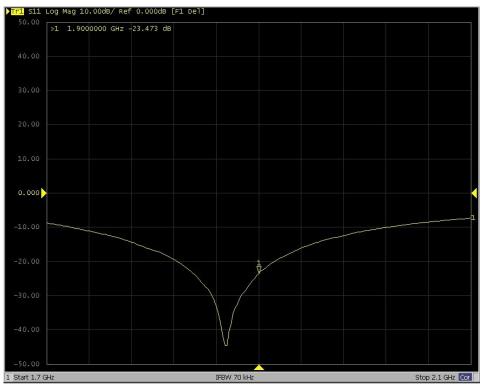
| D 1900 V2 – serial no. 5D185 | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| | 1900MHZ | | | | | |
| Date of Measurement | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
| 03.07.2019 | -23.244 | | 53.172 | | 6.3691 | |
| (Cal. Report) | | | 33.172 | | | |
| 03.06.2020 | -23.473 0.99 | 0.00 | 52.362 | 0.81 | 3.0303 | 3.3388 |
| (extended) | | 0.99 | | | | |

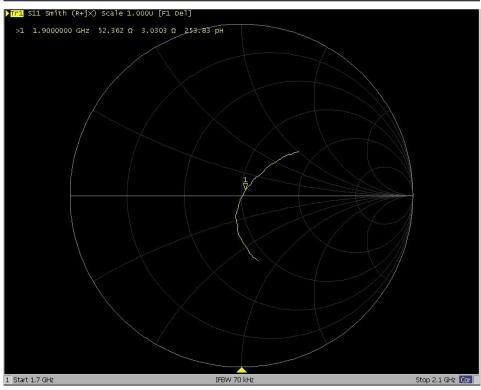
The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978



<Dipole Verification Data> - D1900 V2, serial no. 5D185 (Data of Measurement : 03.06.2020) 1900 MHz - Head





TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
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Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client Sporton

Certificate No: D2300V2-1006_Jan19

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2300V2 - SN:1006

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v11

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz

Calibration date: January 28, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673) | Apr-19 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) | Apr-19 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103245 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) | Apr-19 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5058 (20k) | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) | Apr-19 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683) | Apr-19 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN: 7349 | 31-Dec-18 (No. EX3-7349_Dec18) | Dec-19 |
| DAE4 | SN: 601 | 04-Oct-18 (No. DAE4-601_Oct18) | Oct-19 |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power meter EPM-442A | SN: GB37480704 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | SN: US37292783 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | SN: MY41092317 | 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | SN: 100972 | 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18) | In house check: Oct-20 |
| Network Analyzer Agilant E8358A | SN: US41080477 | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18) | In house check: Oct-19 |
| | Name | Function | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Manu Seitz | Laboratory Technician | 13/s |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | |

Issued: January 28, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2300V2-1006_Jan19 Page 2 of 8

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.10.2 |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy , $dz = 5 mm$ | |
| Frequency | 2300 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 39.5 | 1.67 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 38.4 ± 6 % | 1.71 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 12.4 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 48.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.87 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.2 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 52.9 | 1.81 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 51.5 ± 6 % | 1.85 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 12.0 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 47.2 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.73 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 22.7 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Page 3 of 8 Certificate No: D2300V2-1006_Jan19

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.2 Ω - 4.0 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 27.8 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 45.2 Ω - 2.8 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 24.7 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.168 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|

Certificate No: D2300V2-1006_Jan19 Page 4 of 8

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 28.01.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2300 MHz; Type: D2300V2; Serial: D2300V2 - SN:1006

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2300 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2300 MHz; $\sigma = 1.71 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2) @ 2300 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2018

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.10.2018

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

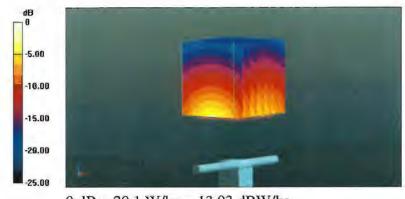
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 115.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.2 W/kg

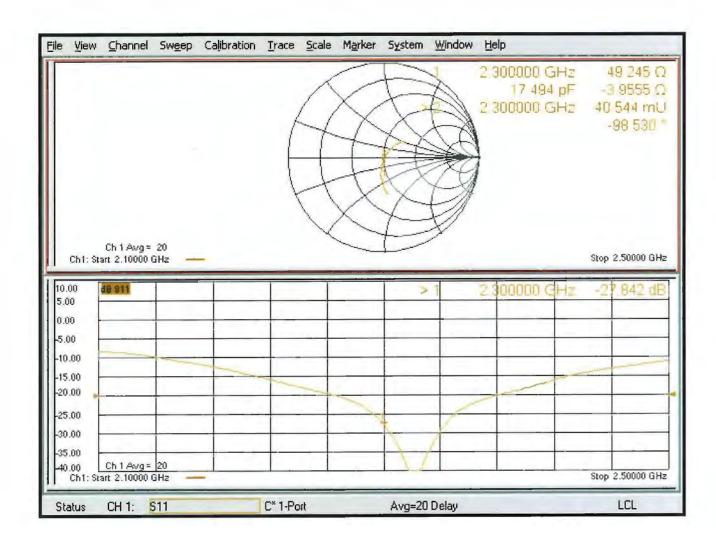
SAR(1 g) = 12.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.87 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg



0 dB = 20.1 W/kg = 13.03 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 28.01.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2300 MHz; Type: D2300V2; Serial: D2300V2 - SN:1006

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2300 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2300 MHz; $\sigma = 1.85 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.16, 8.16, 8.16) @ 2300 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2018

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.10.2018

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002

DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

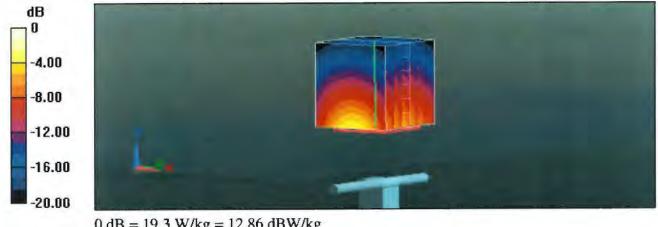
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 107.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 23.1 W/kg

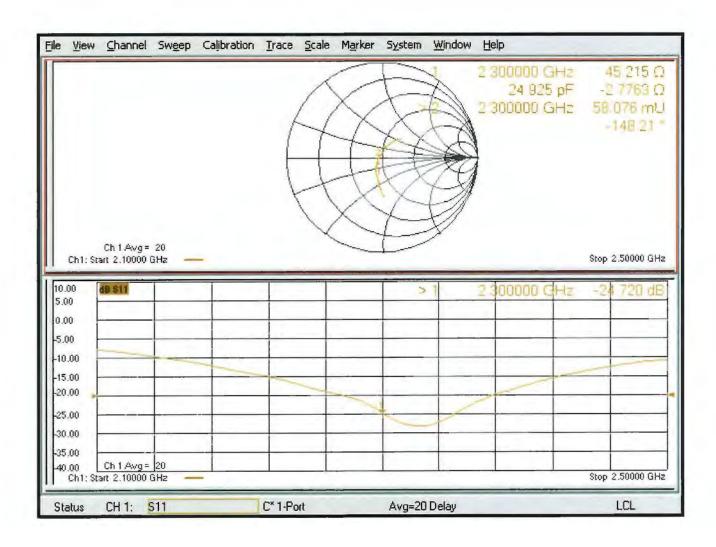
SAR(1 g) = 12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.73 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg



0 dB = 19.3 W/kg = 12.86 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





D2300V2, serial no. 1006 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

<Justification of the extended calibration>

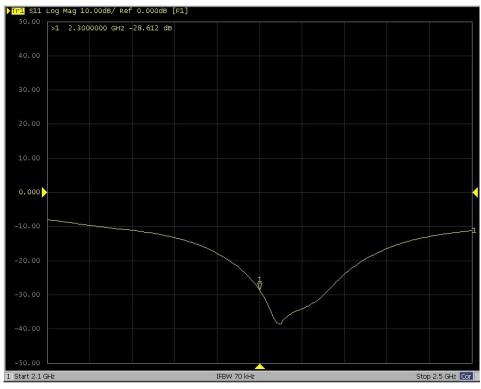
| D 2300 √2 – serial no. 1006 | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|--|
| | | 2300MHZ | | | | | |
| Date of Measurement | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | |
| 01.28.2019 | -27.842 | | 49.245 | | -3.9555 | | |
| (Cal. Report) | -27.042 | | 49.243 | | -3.9333 | | |
| 01.27.2020 | -28.612 | 2.766 | 48.022 | 1.223 | -2.9858 | -0.9697 | |
| (extended) | -20.012 | 2.700 | 40.022 | 1.223 | -2.9000 | -0.9097 | |

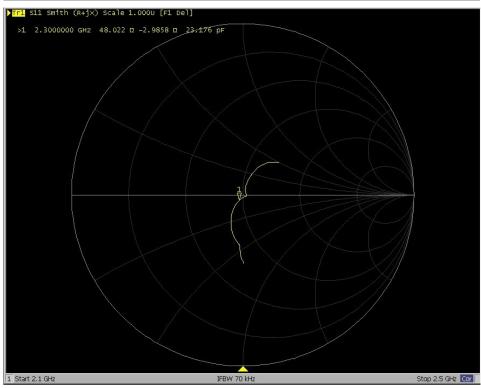
The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978



<Dipole Verification Data> - D2300 V2, serial no. 1006 (Data of Measurement : 01.27.2020) 2300 MHz - Head





TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978



In Collaboration with

s p e a g

CALIBRATION LABORATORY

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Client

Sporton

Certificate No:

Z19-60060

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2600V2 - SN: 1078

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

March 6, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards ID # | | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration | |
|------------------------------------|------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| Power Meter NRP2 106277 | | 20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862) | Aug-19 | |
| Power sensor NRP8S | 104291 | 20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862) | Aug-19 | |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN 3617 | 31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19) | Jan-20 | |
| DAE4 SN 1331 | | 06-Feb-19(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1331_Feb19) | Feb-20 | |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration | |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336) | Jan-20 | |
| Network Analyzer E5071C MY46110673 | | 24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547) | Jan-20 | |

Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by: Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer

Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: March 8, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z19-60060

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z19-60060 Page 2 of 8

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY52 | 52.10.2.1495 |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 2600 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 39.0 | 1.96 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 38.9 ± 6 % | 1.99 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 14.5 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 57.6 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 6.41 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 25.5 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 52.5 | 2.16 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 52.0 ± 6 % | 2.14 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 13.4 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 53.7 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.93 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.7 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: Z19-60060 Page 3 of 8

Appendix(Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.6Ω- 6.35jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Return Loss | - 23.9dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 46.0Ω- 5.66jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Return Loss | - 22.8dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.016 n s |
|----------------------------------|------------------|
| | |

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|

Certificate No: Z19-60060 Page 4 of 8

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1078

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 1.992$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.91$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.19, 7.19, 7.19) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019

Date: 03.05.2019

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

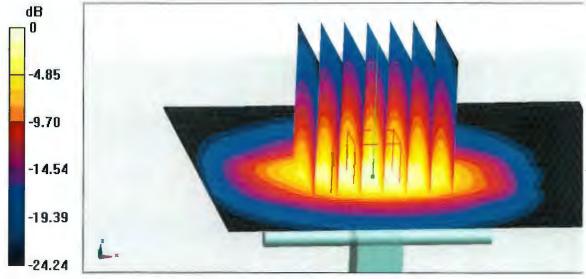
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.41 W/kg

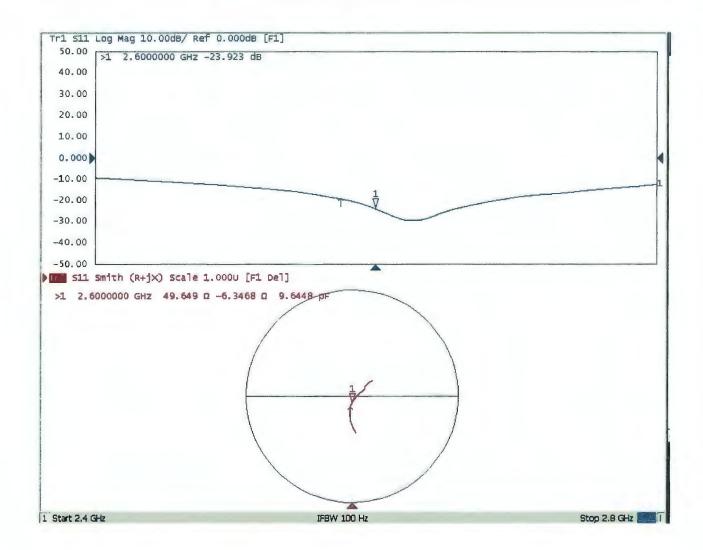
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 25.0 W/kg



0 dB = 25.0 W/kg = 13.98 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1078

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.139 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.97$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

 Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019

Date: 03.05.2019

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

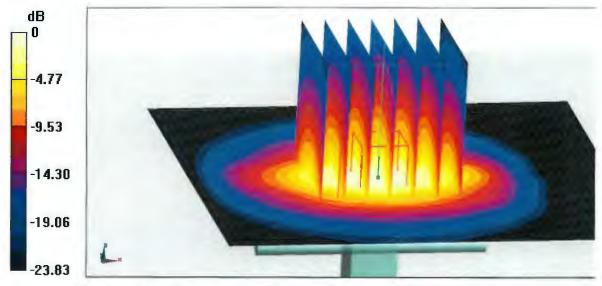
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.97 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.93 W/kg

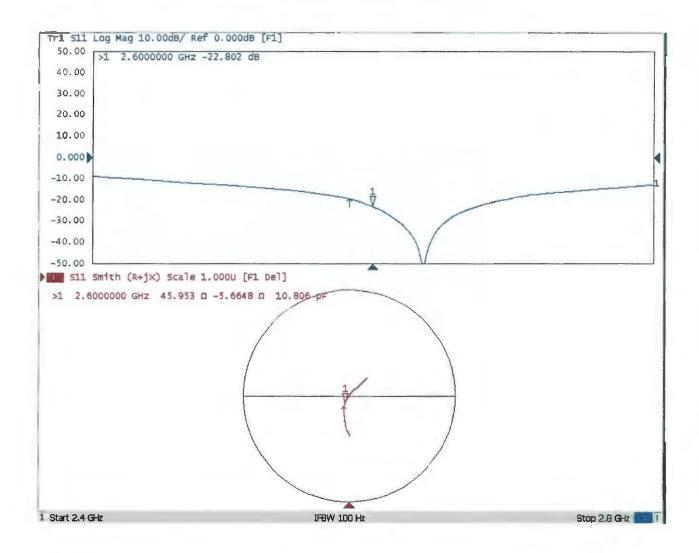
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.9 W/kg



0 dB = 22.9 W/kg = 13.60 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





D2600V2, serial no. 1078 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

<Justification of the extended calibration>

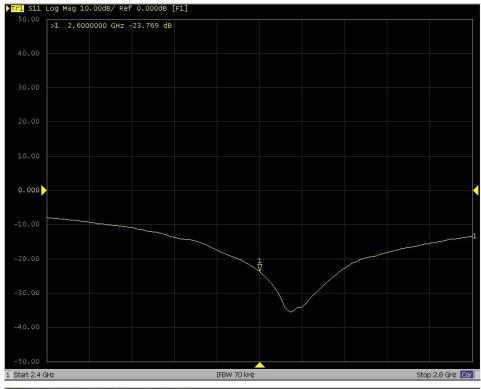
| D 2600 √2 – serial no. 1078 | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|--|
| | | 2600MHZ | | | | | |
| Date of Measurement | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | |
| 03.06.2019 | -23.923 | | 49.649 | | -6.3468 | | |
| (Cal. Report) | -20.920 | | 49.049 | | -0.5400 | | |
| 03.05.2020 | -23.769 | -0.64 | 50.320 | -0.671 | -7.2897 | 0.9429 | |
| (extended) | -23.769 | -0.04 | 50.320 | -0.071 | -1.2891 | 0.9429 | |

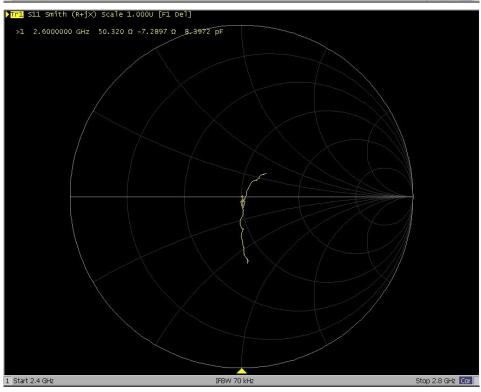
The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978



<Dipole Verification Data> - D2600 V2, serial no. 1078 (Data of Measurement : 03.05.2020) 2600 MHz - Head





TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Http://www.chinattl.cn



Auden



Certificate No: Z20-60227

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SN: 915

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-002-01

Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics

(DAEx)

Calibration date: June 22, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration | |
|------------------------|---------|--|-----------------------|--|
| Process Calibrator 753 | 1971018 | 16-Jun-20 (CTTL, No.J20X04342) | Jun-21 | |
| | | | | |

Name Function Signature Calibrated by:

Yu Zongying SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by: Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer

Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: June 24, 2020

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Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X

to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

Certificate No: Z20-60227 Page 2 of 3



DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

| Calibration Factors | Х | Υ | Z | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| High Range | 404.251 ± 0.15% (k=2) | 404.383 ± 0.15% (k=2) | 404.730 ± 0.15% (k=2) | | |
| Low Range | 3.98133 ± 0.7% (k=2) | 3.99782 ± 0.7% (k=2) | 3.98959 ± 0.7% (k=2) | | |

Connector Angle

| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 116.5° ± 1 ° |
|---|--------------|
| | |

Certificate No: Z20-60227 Page 3 of 3

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Auden



Certificate No: Z19-60447

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SN: 916

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-002-01

Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics

(DAEx)

Calibration date: December 17, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|------------------------|---------|--|-----------------------|
| Process Calibrator 753 | 1971018 | 24-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J19X05126) | Jun-20 |
| | | | |

Name

Function

Signature

Calibrated by:

Zhao Jing

SAR Test Engineer

4/2

Reviewed by:

Lin Hao

SAR Test Engineer

村子

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Issued: December 18, 2019

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Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X

to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

Certificate No: Z19-60447 Page 2 of 3



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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = $6.1 \mu V$, 61nV,

full range =

-100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB =

full range =

-1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors X | | Y | Z | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| High Range | 403.911 ± 0.15% (k=2) | 403.704 ± 0.15% (k=2) | 403.830 ± 0.15% (k=2) | |
| Low Range | 3.97485 ± 0.7% (k=2) | 3.98954 ± 0.7% (k=2) | 3.98174 ± 0.7% (k=2) | |

Connector Angle

| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 239.5° ± 1 ° |
|---|--------------|
| | |

Certificate No: Z19-60447

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Client

Sporton

Certificate No: ES3-3184_Sep20

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ES3DV3 - SN:3184

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

September 23, 2020

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101) | Apr-21 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) | Apr-21 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103245 | 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101) | Apr-21 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: CC2552 (20x) | 31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106) | Apr-21 |
| DAE4 | SN: 660 | 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-660_Dec19) | Dec-20 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 31-Dec-19 (No. ES3-3013_Dec19) | Dec-20 |
| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power meter E4419B | SN: GB41293874 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) | In house check: Jun-22 |
| Power sensor E4412A | SN: MY41498087 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) | In house check: Jun-22 |
| Power sensor E4412A | SN: 000110210 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) | In house check: Jun-22 |
| RF generator HP 8648C | SN: US3642U01700 | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20) | In house check: Jun-22 |
| Network Analyzer E8358A | SN: US41080477 | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19) | In house check: Oct-20 |

Name Function Signature
Calibrated by: Michael Weber Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: September 29, 2020

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Calibration Laboratory of

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Engineering AG
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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF DCP sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF A, B, C, D crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

 ϕ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

3 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NQRMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ≈ 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

ES3DV3 – SN:3184 September 23, 2020

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3184

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$ | 1.23 | 1.33 | 1.20 | ± 10.1 % |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 99.8 | 99.8 | 99.1 | |

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

| UID | Communication System Name | | A dB | B dB√μV | С | D dB | VR mV | Max dev. | Unc [±] (k=2) |
|-----|---------------------------|---|---------|------------|-----|---------|----------|-------------|---------------------------|
| 0 | CW | X | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.00 | 208.8 | ±3.3 % | ± 4.7 % |
| | | Υ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 218.2 | | |
| | | Z | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 207.9 | | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Page 3 of 9

Certificate No: ES3-3184_Sep20

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

ES3DV3-- SN:3184 September 23, 2020

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3184

Other Probe Parameters

| ngular |
|--------|
| -72.8 |
| abled |
| abled |
| 7 mm |
| 0 mm |
| 0 mm |
| 4 mm |
| 2 mm |
| 2 mm |
| 2 mm |
| 3 mm |
| _ |

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

September 23, 2020

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3184

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unc (k=2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| 750 | 41.9 | 0.89 | 6.64 | 6.64 | 6.64 | 0.60 | 1.36 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 6.52 | 6.52 | 6.52 | 0.42 | 1.61 | ± 12.0 % |
| 900 | 41.5 | 0.97 | 6.36 | 6.36 | 6.36 | 0.56 | 1.35 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 1.37 | 5.52 | 5.52 | 5.52 | 0.57 | 1.33 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 5.28 | 5.28 | 5.28 | 0.45 | 1.51 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2000 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 5.23 | 5.23 | 5.23 | 0.40 | 1.62 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2300 | 39.5 | 1.67 | 4.92 | 4.92 | 4.92 | 0.76 | 1.18 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 4.61 | 4.61 | 4.61 | 0.66 | 1.34 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 39.0 | 1.96 | 4.47 | 4.47 | 4.47 | 0.60 | 1.45 | ± 12.0 % |

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

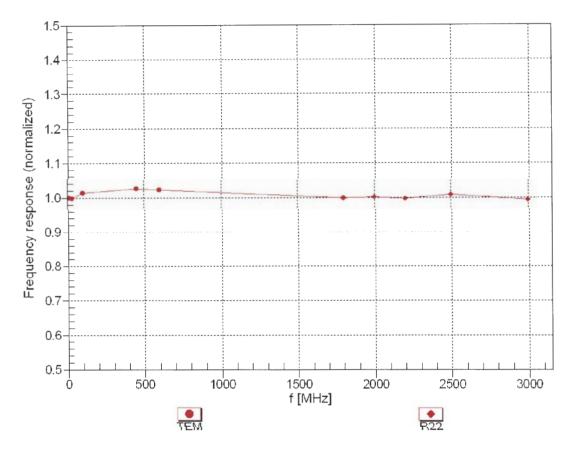
F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

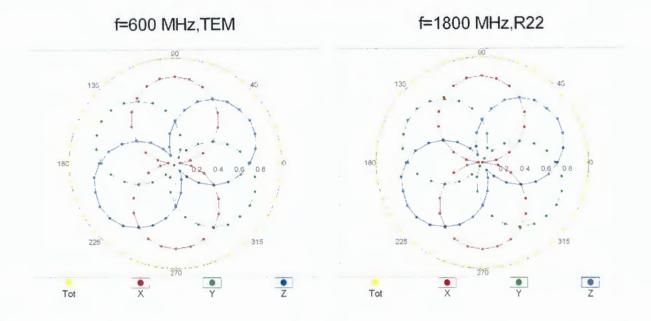
^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

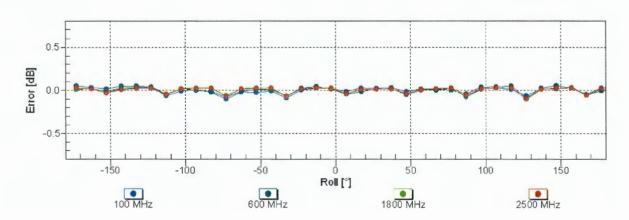
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

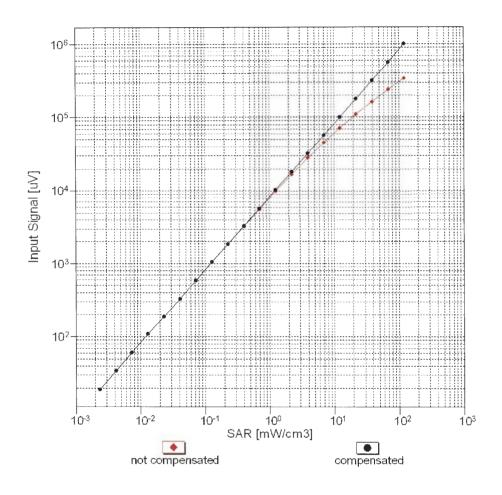


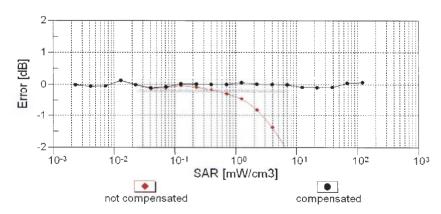


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

September 23, 2020

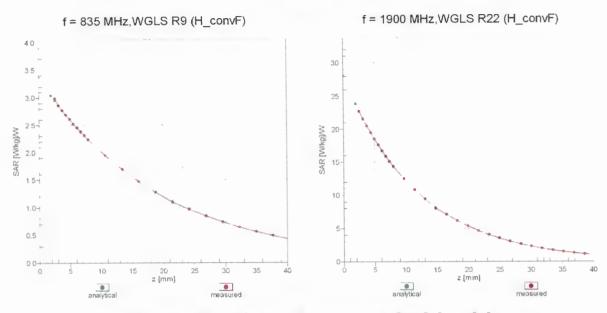
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



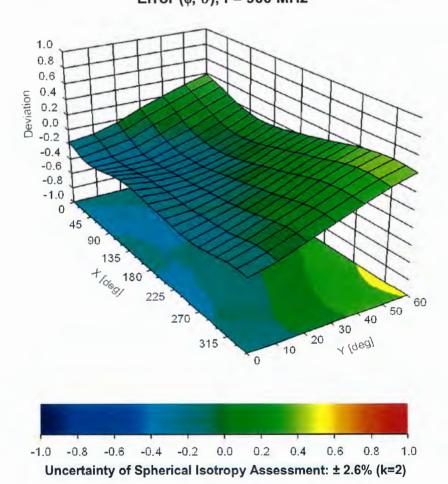


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (ϕ, ϑ) , f = 900 MHz



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Certificate No: ES3-3071_Dec19

Client

Auden

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ES3DV3 - SN:3071

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: December 18, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and hurnidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) | Apr-20 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) | Apr-20 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103245 | 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) | Apr-20 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5277 (20x) | 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) | Apr-20 |
| DAE4 | SN: 660 07-Oct-19 (No. DAE4-660_Oct19) | | Oct-20 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 31-Dec-18 (No. ES3-3013_Dec18) | Dec-19 |
| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power meter E4419B | SN: GB41293874 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18) | In house check: Jun-20 |
| Power sensor E4412A | SN: MY41498087 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18) | In house check: Jun-20 |
| Power sensor E4412A | SN: 000110210 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18) | In house check: Jun-20 |
| RF generator HP 8648C | SN: US3642U01700 | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18) | In house check: Jun-20 |
| Network Analyzer E8358A | SN: US41080477 | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19) | In house check: Oct-20 |

Calibrated by:

Name
Function
Signature

Michael Weber
Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic
Technical Manager

Issued: December 18, 2019

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Certificate No: ES3-3071_Dec19

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z

tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF DCP

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF A. B. C. D

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization o

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-

held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).

 $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$ (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.

DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.

PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics

Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.

ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100

Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.

Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: ES3-3071_Dec19

ES3DV3 - \$N:3071 December 18, 2019

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3071

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$ | 1.09 | 1.18 | 0.94 | ± 10.1 % |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 107.2 | 103.1 | 106.6 | |

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

| UID | Communication System Name | | A dB | B dB√μV | С | D dB | VR mV | Max dev. | Unc ^b (k=2) |
|-----|---------------------------|---------------|---------|------------|-----|---------|----------|-------------|---------------------------|
| 0 | CW | $\frac{1}{x}$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.00 | 192.4 | ±3.0 % | ± 4.7 % |
| | | Y | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 205.3 | | |
| | | Z | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 211.7 | | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

ES3DV3- SN:3071 December 18, 2019

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3071

Other Probe Parameters

| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular |
|---|------------|
| Connector Angle (°) | 61.2 |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 10 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 4 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 2 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 2 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 2 mm |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 3 mm |

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3071

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unc (k=2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------|---------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| 750 | 41.9 | 0.89 | 5.90 | 5.90 | 5.90 | 0.80 | 1.27 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 5.77 | 5.77 | 5. 7 7 | 0.69 | 1.30 | ± 12.0 % |
| 900 | 41.5 | 0.97 | 5.65 | 5.65 | 5.65 | 0.80 | 1.17 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 1.37 | 4.95 | 4.95 | 4.95 | 0.67 | 1.34 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 4.74 | 4.74 | 4.74 | 0.65 | 1.33 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2000 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 4.64 | 4.64 | 4.64 | 0.58 | 1.42 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2300 | 39.5 | 1.67 | 4.53 | 4.53 | 4.53 | 0.56 | 1.52 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 4.33 | 4.33 | 4.33 | 0.76 | 1.32 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 39.0 | 1.96 | 4.20 | 4.20 | 4.20 | 0.80 | 1.29 | ± 12.0 % |

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

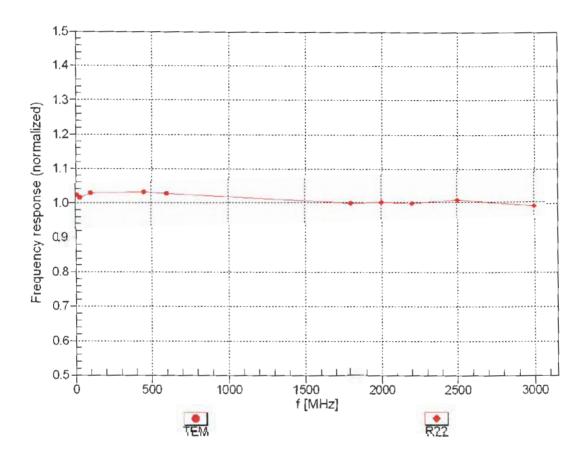
F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



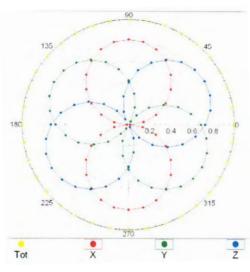
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

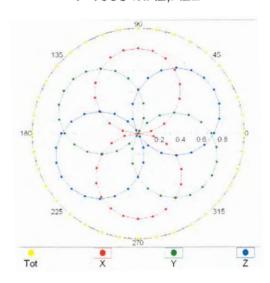
ES3DV3-SN:3071

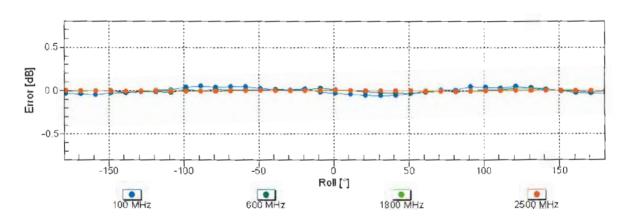
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22

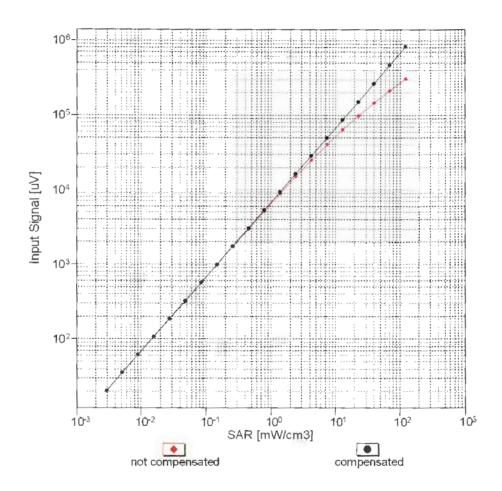


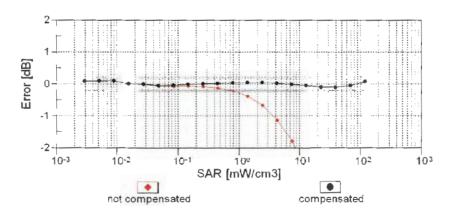




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

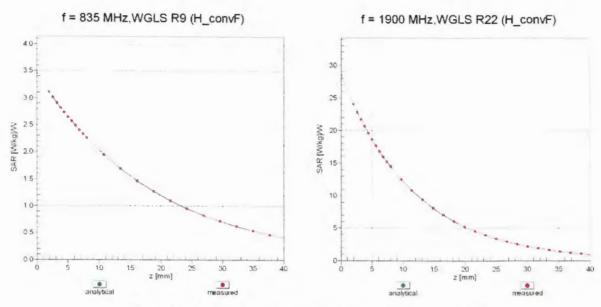
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



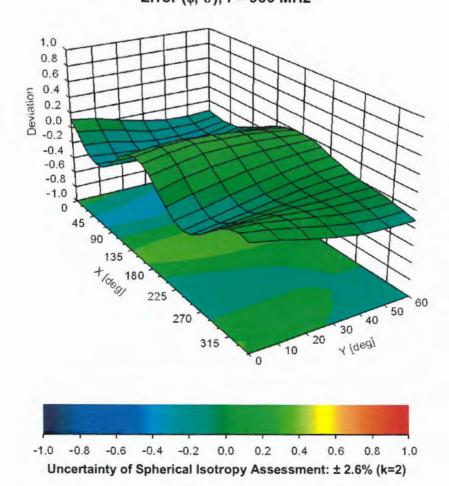


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Sporton

Certificate No: EX3-7590_Apr20

S

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:7590

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v5, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

April 14, 2020

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|--|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter NRP | SN: 104778 | 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101) | Apr-21 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103244 | 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) | Apr-21 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | SN: 103245 | 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101) | Apr-21 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: CC2552 (20x) | 31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106) | Apr-21 |
| DAE4 | SN: 660 | 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-660_Dec19) | Dec-20 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 31-Dec-19 (No. ES3-3013_Dec19) | Dec-20 |
| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power meter E4419B | SN: GB41293874 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18) | In house check: Jun-20 |
| Power sensor E4412A | SN: MY41498087 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18) | In house check: Jun-20 |
| Power sensor E4412A | SN: 000110210 | 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18) | In house check: Jun-20 |
| RF generator HP 8648C SN: US3642U01700 | | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18) | In house check: Jun-20 |
| Network Analyzer E8358A | SN: US41080477 | 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19) | In house check: Oct-20 |

Calibrated by:

Name
Function
Signature
MIchael Weber
Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic
Technical Manager

Issued: April 14, 2020

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF DCP sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF A, B, C, D crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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EX3DV4 - SN:7590

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7590

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$ | 0.67 | 0.62 | 0.65 | ± 10.1 % |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 104.2 | 105.3 | 101.2 | |

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

| UID | Communication System Name | 1 | Α | В | С | D | VR | Max | Max |
|--------|-----------------------------|---|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|---------|------------------|
| | | İ | dB | dB√μV | | dB | mV | dev. | Unc ^E |
| | | | | | | | | | (k=2) |
| 0 | CW | X | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 145.2 | ± 2.5 % | ± 4.7 % |
| | | Υ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | | 149.3 |] | |
| | | Z | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 |] | 142.1 | 1 | |
| 10352- | Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%) | X | 20.00 | 91.83 | 21.79 | 10.00 | 60.0 | ± 3.5 % | ± 9.6 % |
| AAA | | Υ | 20.00 | 90.12 | 20.07 |] | 60.0 | | |
| | | Z | 20.00 | 93.00 | 21.79 | | 60.0 | | |
| 10353- | Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%) | X | 20.00 | 91.88 | 20.76 | 6.99 | 80.0 | ± 1.7 % | ± 9.6 % |
| AAA | | Υ | 20.00 | 91.22 | 19.36 | | 80.0 | | |
| | | Z | 20.00 | 94.38 | 21.47 | | 80.0 | | |
| 10354- | Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%) | Х | 20.00 | 93.38 | 20.12 | 3.98 | 95.0 | ± 1.4 % | ± 9.6 % |
| AAA | | Υ | 20.00 | 94.16 | 19.23 | | 95.0 | | |
| | | Z | 20.00 | 97.24 | 21.53 | | 95.0 | | |
| 10355- | Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%) | X | 20.00 | 95.46 | 19.76 | 2.22 | 120.0 | ± 1.4 % | ± 9.6 % |
| AAA | | Υ | 20.00 | 91.65 | 16.60 | | 120.0 | | |
| | | Z | 20.00 | 105.67 | 24.11 | | 120.0 | | |
| 10387- | QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz | X | 1.75 | 65.68 | 14.99 | 1.00 | 150.0 | ± 3.1 % | ± 9.6 % |
| AAA | | Υ | 1.56 | 65.26 | 14.28 | | 150.0 | | |
| | | Z | 1.52 | 65.48 | 14.26 | | 150.0 | | |
| 10388- | QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz | X | 2.34 | 68.39 | 15.70 | 0.00 | 150.0 | ± 1.4 % | ± 9.6 % |
| AAA | | Υ | 2.10 | 67.37 | 15.10 | | 150.0 | | |
| | | Z | 2.02 | 66.82 | 15.02 | | 150.0 | | |
| 10396- | 64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz | X | 3.46 | 72.29 | 19.51 | 3.01 | 150.0 | ± 0.8 % | ± 9.6 % |
| AAA | | Υ | 2.90 | 70.24 | 18.56 | | 150.0 | | |
| | | Z | 3.15 | 72.11 | 19.56 | | 150.0 | | |
| 10399- | 64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz | X | 3.58 | 67.36 | 15.79 | 0.00 | 150.0 | ± 1.7 % | ± 9.6 % |
| AAA | | Υ | 3.42 | 66.93 | 15.49 | | 150.0 | | |
| | | Z | 3.37 | 66.63 | 15.41 | | 150.0 | | |
| 10414- | WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz | X | 5.02 | 65.79 | 15.54 | 0.00 | 150.0 | ± 4.4 % | ± 9.6 % |
| AAA | | Υ | 4.82 | 65.58 | 15.37 | | 150.0 | | |
| | | Z | 4.71 | 65.42 | 15.31 | | 150.0 | | |

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:7590 April 14, 2020

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7590

Sensor Model Parameters

| | C1 fF | C2 fF | α V ⁻¹ | T1 ms.V ⁻² | T2 ms.V ⁻¹ | T3 ms | T4 V ⁻² | T5 V ⁻¹ | Т6 |
|---|----------|----------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------|
| Х | 60.4 | 448.38 | 35.13 | 23.31 | 0.48 | 5.10 | 1.02 | 0.42 | 1.01 |
| Υ | 48.5 | 358.19 | 34.74 | 11.08 | 0.24 | 5.10 | 0.66 | 0.38 | 1.01 |
| Z | 39.1 | 287.05 | 34.45 | 16.11 | 0.15 | 5.10 | 1.81 | 0.14 | 1.01 |

Other Probe Parameters

| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular |
|---|------------|
| Connector Angle (°) | 20 |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 9 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 2.5 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 1.4 mm |

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EX3DV4-SN:7590

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7590

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unc (k=2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| 750 | 41.9 | 0.89 | 11.05 | 11.05 | 11.05 | 0.53 | 0.90 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 10.63 | 10.63 | 10.63 | 0.62 | 0.85 | ± 12.0 % |
| 900 | 41.5 | 0.97 | 10.49 | 10.49 | 10.49 | 0.45 | 0.93 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1450 | 40.5 | 1.20 | 9.17 | 9.17 | 9.17 | 0.44 | 0.80 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 1.37 | 8.94 | 8.94 | 8.94 | 0.38 | 0.86 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 8.53 | 8.53 | 8.53 | 0.39 | 0.86 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2000 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 8.34 | 8.34 | 8.34 | 0.40 | 0.86 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2300 | 39.5 | 1.67 | 8.16 | 8.16 | 8.16 | 0.43 | 0.95 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 7.88 | 7.88 | 7.88 | 0.35 | 0.95 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 39.0 | 1.96 | 7.61 | 7.61 | 7.61 | 0.44 | 0.95 | ± 12.0 % |
| 3300 | 38.2 | 2.71 | 7.28 | 7.28 | 7.28 | 0.30 | 1.35 | ± 14.0 % |
| 3500 | 37.9 | 2.91 | 7.18 | 7.18 | 7.18 | 0.30 | 1.35 | ± 14.0 % |
| 3700 | 37.7 | 3.12 | 7.04 | 7.04 | 7.04 | 0.35 | 1.35 | ± 14.0 % |
| 5250 | 35.9 | 4.71 | 5.57 | 5.57 | 5.57 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ± 14.0 % |
| 5600 | 35.5 | 5.07 | 5.07 | 5.07 | 5.07 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ± 14.0 % |
| 5750 | 35.4 | 5.22 | 5.30 | 5.30 | 5.30 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ± 14.0 % |

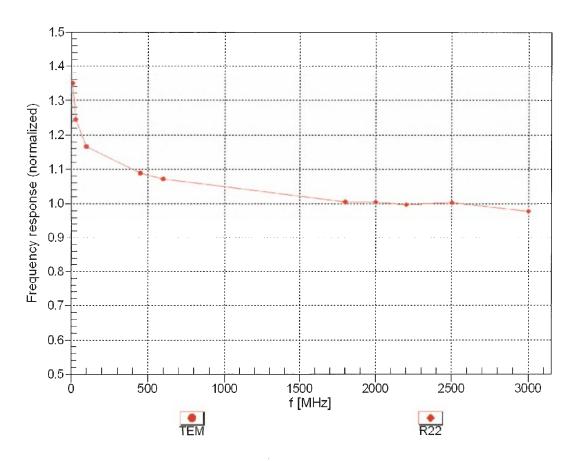
^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies up to 6 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during collibration. SPEAC was not the title of the convF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

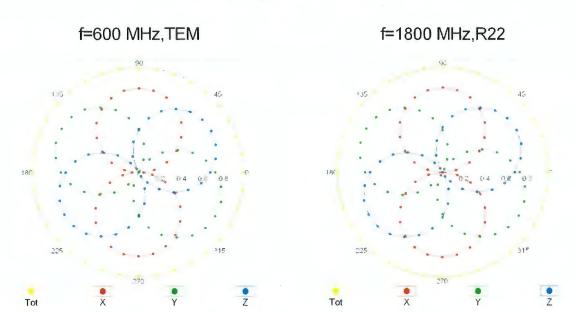
^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

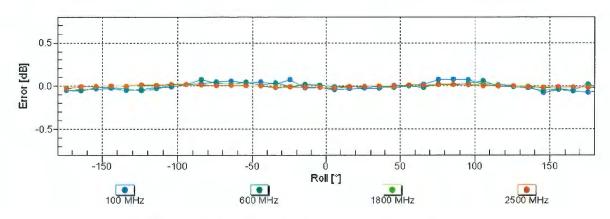
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

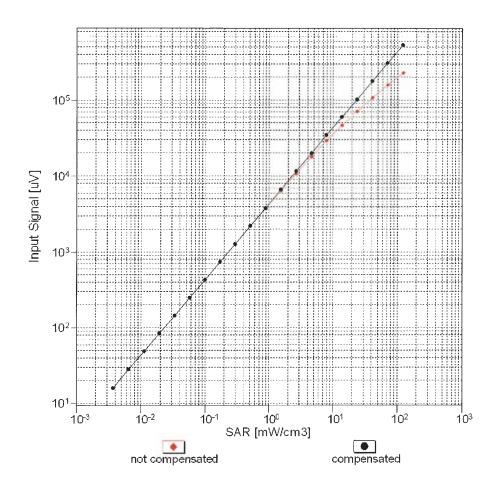
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

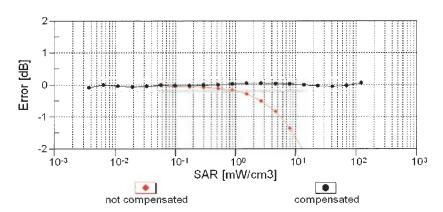




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

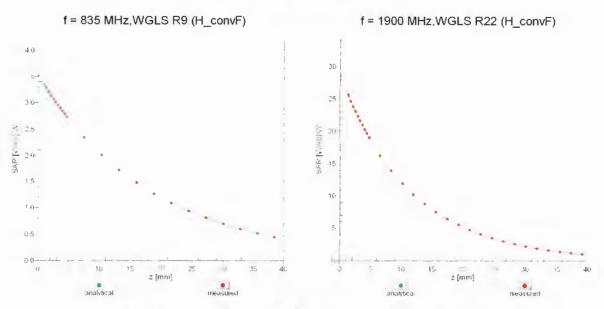
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz

