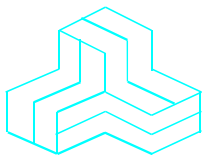


ENGINEERING TEST REPORT



VHF Marine Transceiver

Model No.: IC-M73

FCC ID: AFJ349500

IC: 202D-349500

Tested For

ICOM Incorporated

1-1-32, Kamiminami, Hirano-ku

Osaka,

Japan, 547-0003

In Accordance With

**SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) Requirements using guidelines established in
IEEE C95.1-2005, FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Supplement C) and Industry Canada RSS-102 (Issue 4)**

UltraTech's File No.: ICOM-354Q-SAR

This Test report is Issued under the Authority of

Tri M. Luu, BASc

Vice President of Engineering

UltraTech Group of Labs

Date: Feb 26, 2014

Report Prepared by:

Max Kee

Issued Date:

Feb 26, 2014

Tested by:

Max Kee

Test Dates:

February 20~21, 25~26, 2014

*The results in this Test Report apply only to the sample(s) tested, and the sample tested is randomly selected.
This report must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Gover*

UltraTech Group of Labs

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NVLAP LAB
CODE 200093-0



SL2-IN-E-1119R



Korea
KCC-RRR

CA2049



TL363_B



TPTDP
DA1300

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 SCOPE

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Reference: | SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) Requirements IEEE C95.1-2005, FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Supplement C Edition 01-01) Industry Canada RSS-102 (Issue 4). |
| Title | Safety Levels with respect to human exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields Guideline for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio Frequency Radiation |
| Purpose of Test: | To verify compliance with Federal regulated SAR requirements in Canada and the US. |
| Method of Measurements: | IEEE C95.1-2005, FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Supplement C Edition 01-01) and Industry Canada RSS-102 (Issue 4), KDB 643646 |
| Device Category | Portable |
| Exposure Category | General Population/Uncontrolled |

1.2 REFERENCES

The methods and procedures used for the measurements contained in this report are details in the following reference standards:

| Publications | Year | Title |
|-------------------------------|------|---|
| IEEE Std. 1528 | 2013 | Draft Recommended practice for determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques. |
| Industry Canada RSS-102 | 2010 | "Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields" |
| NCRP Report No.86 | 1986 | "Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields" |
| FCC OET Bulletin 65 | 2001 | "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to radio Frequency Fields" |
| ANSI/IEEE C95.3 | 2002 | "Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave" |
| ANSI/IEEE C95.1 | 2005 | "Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to 300GHz" |
| IEC 62209-2 | 2010 | Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures – Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz) |
| KDB 643646 | 2011 | SAR Test Reduction Considerations for Occupational PTT Radios |
| Health Canada's Safety Code 6 | 2009 | Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Energy in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz |

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2 PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

2.1 CLIENT AND MANUFACTURER INFORMATION

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| APPLICANT: | |
| Name: | ICOM Incorporated |
| Address: | 1-1-32, Kamiminami, Hirano-ku, Osaka Japan, 547-0003 |
| Contact Person: | Mr. Takayuki Watanabe Phone #: +81-66-793-5302 Fax #: +81-66-793-0013 Email Address: export@icom.co.jp |

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| MANUFACTURER: | |
| Name: | ICOM Incorporated |
| Address: | 1-1-32, Kamiminami, Hirano-ku, Osaka Japan, 547-0003 |
| Contact Person: | Mr. Takayuki Watanabe Phone #: +81-66-793-5302 Fax #: +81-66-793-0013 Email Address: export@icom.co.jp |

2.2 DEVICE UNDER TEST (D.U.T.) DESCRIPTION

The following is the information provided by the applicant.

| | |
|---|---|
| Trade Name | ICOM Inc. |
| Type/Model Number | IC-M73 |
| Type of Equipment | Licensed Non-Broadcast Transceiver |
| Serial Number | 01005976 |
| Transmitter Frequency Band | 156.025 ~ 157.425 MHz |
| Rated RF Power | 6 Watts conducted (High) |
| Modulation Employed | PM |
| Antenna | Herical antenna (M/N: FA-S59V, 150-174 MHz, -15.4dBi) |
| Power Supply | Rechargeable Li-Ion battery pack (M/N: BP-245N, 7.4 V, 1900mAh) |
| Primary User Functions of D.U.T. | VHF Marine Transceiver |

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2.2.1 Photograph of D.U.T



< D.U.T.'s front and Rear view without battery and antenna >

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2.3 LIST OF D.U.T.'S ACCESSORIES:

2.3.1 *Li-ion Chargeable Battery (M/N: BP-245N)*



< BP-245N Li-ion Battery >

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2.3.2 Antennas: (FA-S59V) Red ring



< FA-S59V >

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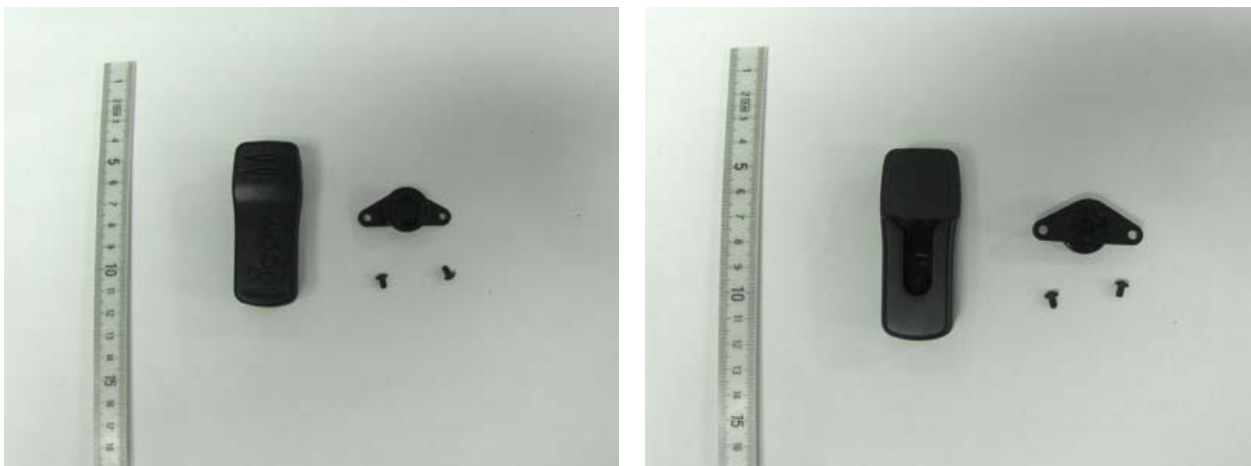
- All test results contained in this engineering test report are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)

2.3.3 Belt-clip (M/N: MB-103)



< MB-103 Belt-clip >

2.3.4 Belt-clip (M/N: MB-86)



< MB-86 Belt-clip >

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2.3.5 Leather Belt Hanger (M/N: MB-96N)



< MB-96N Belt-clip >

2.3.6 Belt-clip (M/N: MB-96F)



< MB-96F Belt-clip >

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2.3.7 Speaker-microphone (M/N: HM-167)



< HM-167 Speaker-Microphone >

2.3.8 Speaker-microphone (M/N: HM-202)



< HM-202 Speaker-Microphone >

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2.4 SPECIAL CHANGES ON THE D.U.T.'S HARDWARE/SOFTWARE FOR TESTING PURPOSES

N/A

2.5 ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

N/A

2.6 SPECIFIC OPERATING CONDITIONS

N/A

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 LOCATION OF TESTS

All of the measurements described in this report were performed at UltraTech Group of Labs located at:

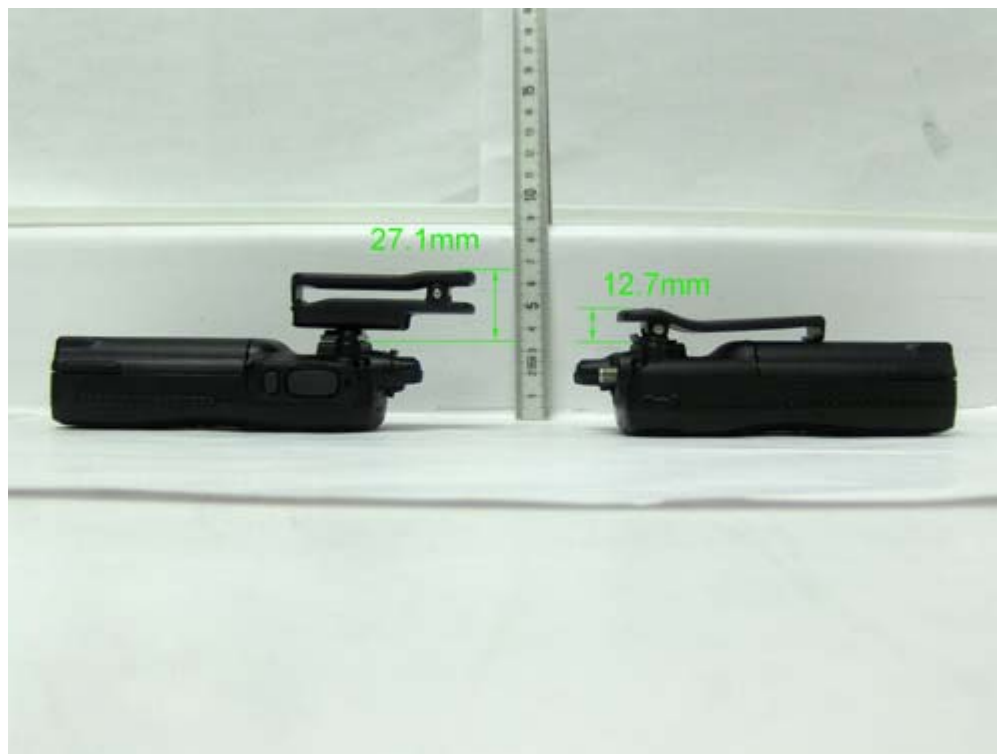
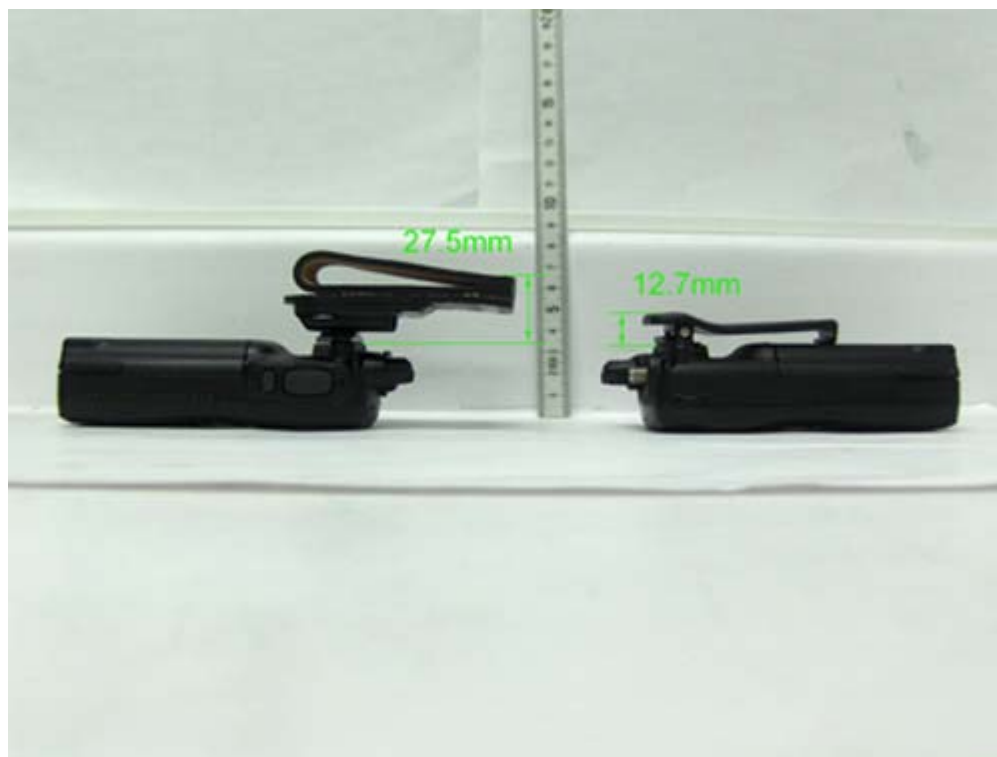
3000 Bristol Circle, city of Oakville, Province of Ontario, Canada.

All measurements were performed in UltraTech's shielded chamber, 16' x 13' x 8'.

3.2 APPLICABILITY & SUMMARY OF SAR RESULTS

The maximum peak spatial – 1g average SAR measured was found to be **0.258 W/Kg** for head configuration and **0.233 W/Kg** for body configuration with 50% usage-based time-averaging and 1.07 (6W / 5.6W) scaled factor applied for PTT device.

For body configuration tests, all the supplied body-worn accessories were checked before the SAR measurements. Comparing Belt-clip MB-103 (thickness=12.7mm), Belt-Clip MB-86 (thickness=27.1mm) and Belt-Clip MB-96N (thickness=27.5mm) keep the DUT and its antenna much far from the human body. The following plot shows the thickness of both belt clips and the difference. The worse case of the shortest distance between the DUT (including its antenna) and the human body has been chosen, so that it is not affecting SAR compliance conclusion. Therefore, the final evaluation for body configuration was performed with M/N: MB-103 Belt Clip, M/N: BP-245N Li-Ion rechargeable battery pack and 2 types of Speaker-Microphone accessories (M/N: HM-202 and M/N: HM-167).



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3.3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.3.1 Head Configuration Results: FA-S59V Antenna

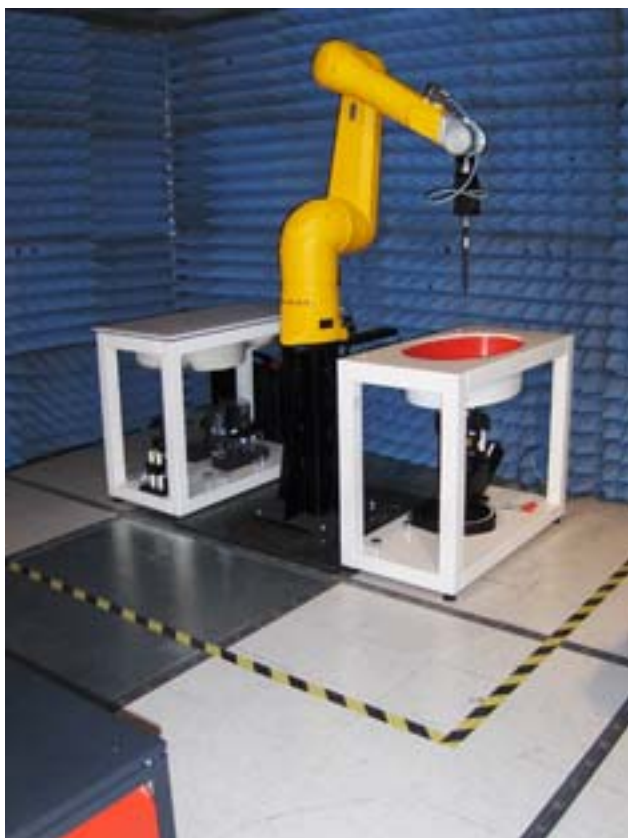
| # | Configuration | Antenna Position | Frequency [MHz] | Channel | MAX SAR _{1g} [W/Kg] |
|----|--|------------------|-----------------|---------|------------------------------|
| * | General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure Category Limit | | | | 1.6 |
| 01 | Herical antenna (M/N: FA-S59V, 150~174 MHz) 50% duty cycle for PTT and 1.07 scaled factor | FIX | 156.725 | Middle | 0.258 |
| | | | | | |

3.3.2 Body Configuration Results: FA-S59V Antenna

| # | Configuration | Antenna Position | Frequency [MHz] | Channel | MAX SAR _{1g} [W/Kg] |
|----|---|------------------|-----------------|---------|------------------------------|
| * | General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure Category Limit | | | | 1.6 |
| 02 | Li-Ion battery pack (M/N: BP-245N) Belt clip (M/N: MB-103) HM-167 Speaker Microphone 50% duty cycle for PTT and 1.07 scaled factor | FIX | 156.725 | Middle | 0.233 |
| | | | | | |
| 03 | Li-Ion battery pack (M/N: BP-245N) Belt clip (M/N: MB-103) HM-202 Speaker Microphone 50% duty cycle for PTT and 1.07 scaled factor | FIX | 156.725 | Middle | 0.225 |
| | | | | | |

4 SAR SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

4.1 DASY5 SYSTEM OVERVIEW



4.1.1 DASY5 System Specification

| Positioning Equipment | Computer |
|---|--|
| DASAY5 Measurement Server Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE) Light Beam Unit Device Holder Robot (STAUBLI TX90) | Type: HP Compaq dc7800p Convertible CPU : Intel® Core™ 2 Duo E8500 Memory : 2GB RAM Operating System : Windows XP Professional Monitor : HP L1950g LCD |

4.1.1.1 DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

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The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

4.1.1.2 Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4 or DAE3) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200M Ω ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

4.1.1.3 Dosimetric Probes

These probes are specially designed and calibrated for use in liquids with high permittivity. They should not be used in air, since the spherical isotropy in air is poor (-2 dB). The dosimetric probes have special calibrations in various liquids at different frequencies.



4.1.1.3.1 ES3DV3 Isotropic E-Filed Probe

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| Construction | Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE) |
| Calibration | Basic Broad Band Calibration in air Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1750 Additional CF for other liquids and frequencies |
| Frequency | 10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz) |
| Directivity | ± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis) |
| Dynamic Range | 5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm |

4.1.1.3.2 EX3DV4 Isotropic E-Filed Probe

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| Construction | Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE) |
| Calibration | Basic Broad Band Calibration in air Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1750 Additional CF for other liquids and frequencies |
| Frequency | 10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz) |
| Directivity | ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis) |
| Dynamic Range | 10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g) |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm |

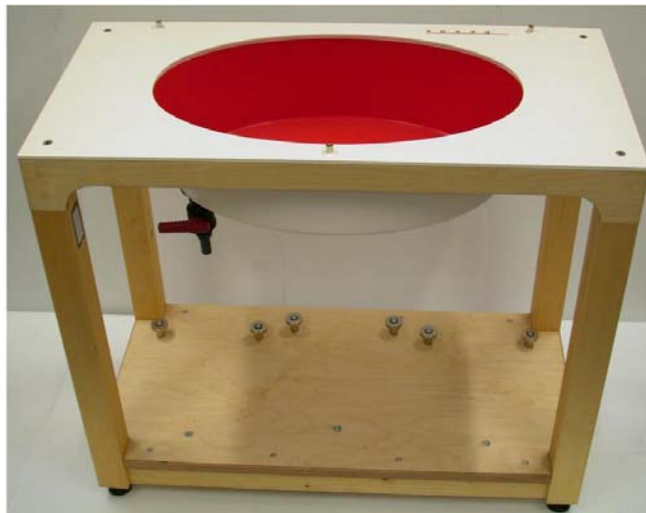
4.2 SAR TEST PHANTOMS

4.2.1 SAM Twin Phantom



For Head mounted devices placed next to the ear, the phantom used in the evaluation of the RF exposure of the user of the wireless device is an IEEE P1528 compliant SAM Twin phantom, shaped like a human head and filled with a mixture simulating the dielectric characteristics of the brain. A left sided head and a right sided head are evaluated to determine the worst case orientation for SAR.

4.2.2 ELI 4.0 Phantom



For body mounted and frontal held push-to-talk devices, an IEC 62209-2 compliant Oval Flat Phantom (ELI 4.0) with a base plate thickness of 2mm is used.

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Tel. #: 905-829-1570, Fax. #: 905-829-8050, Email: vic@ultratech-labs.com, Website: <http://www.ultratech-labs.com>**File #: ICOM-354Q-SAR**

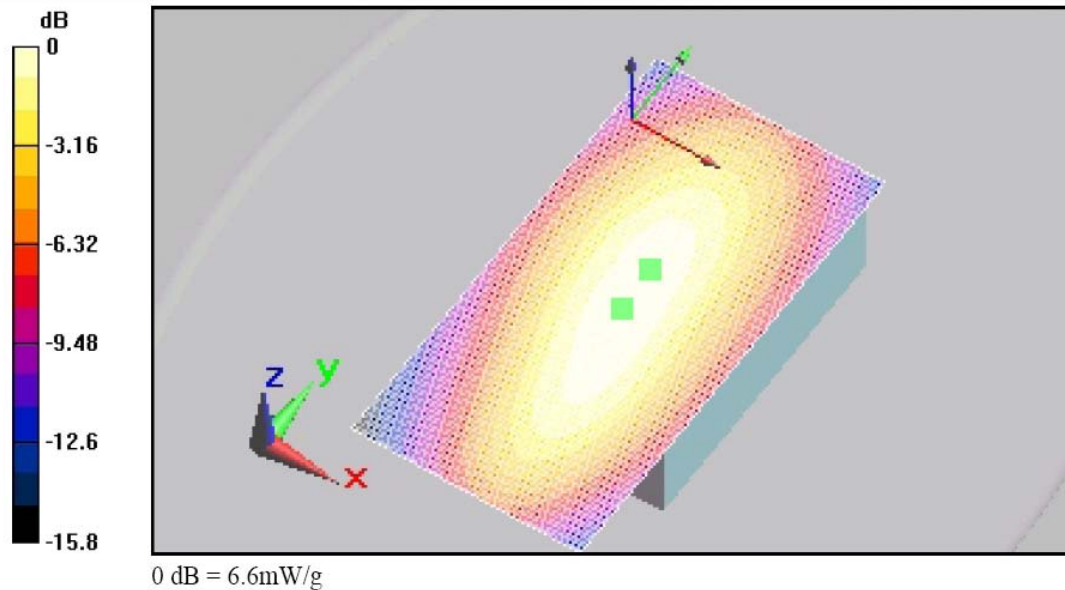
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5 SAR DATA ACQUISITION METHODOLOGY

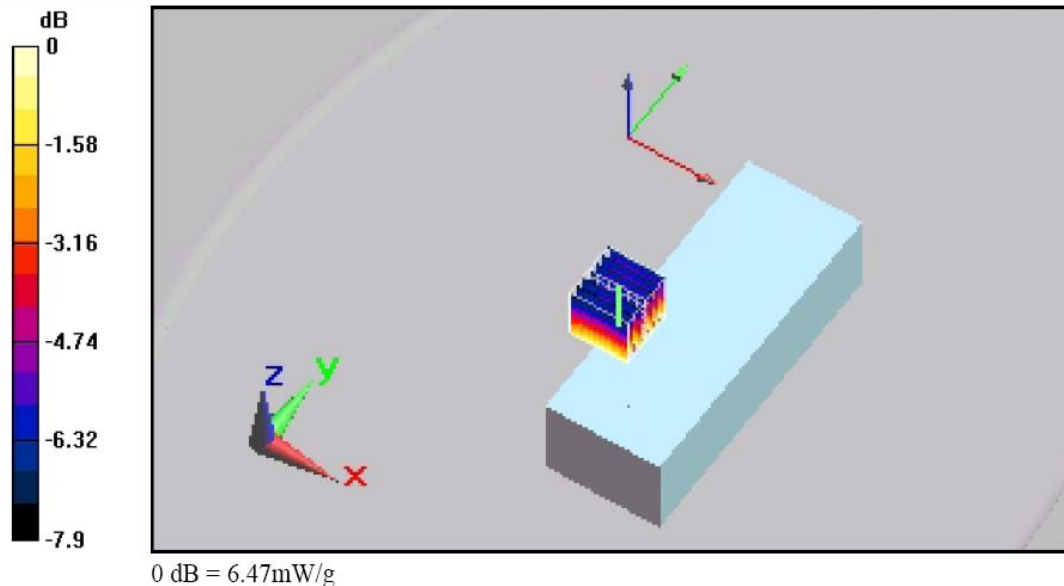
5.1 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The goal of the measurement process is to scan the phantom over a selected area in order to find the region of highest levels of RF energy and then to obtain a single value for the peak spatial-average of SAR over a volume that would contain one gram (in the shape of a cube) of biological tissue. The test procedure, of course, measures SAR in the simulated tissue.



< Area scan >

The software requests the user to move the probe to locations at two extreme corners of a rectangle that encloses the area to be scanned. An arbitrary origin and the spatial resolution for the scan are also specified. Under program control, the scan is performed automatically by the robot-guided probe.



< Zoom Scan >

The DASY5 software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR values.

Based on the Draft: SCC-34, SC-2, WG-2 - Computational Dosimetry, IEEE P1529/D0.0 (Draft Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Associated with the Use of Wireless Handsets - Computational Techniques), a new algorithm has been implemented. The spatial-peak SAR can be computed over any required mass.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement in a volume of (30mm)³ (7x7x7 points). The measured volume must include the 1 g and 10 g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan. If the 10g cube or both cubes are not entirely inside the measured volumes, the system issues a warning regarding the evaluated spatial peak values within the postprocessing engine (SEMCAD X). This means that if the measured volume is shifted, higher values might be possible. To get the correct values you can use a finer measurement grid for the area scan. In complicated field distributions, a large grid spacing for the area scan might miss some details and give an incorrectly interpolated peak location.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the postprocessing engine (SEMCAD X). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

1. extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
2. calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
3. generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
4. interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
5. extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface

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6. calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1 g and 10 g

The significant parts are outlined in more detail within the following sections.

5.1.1 *Interpolation, Extrapolation and Detection of Maxima*

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors which is located 1 to 2.7mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated.

In DASY5, the choice of the coordinate system defining the location of the measurement points has no influence on the uncertainty of the interpolation, Maxima Search and extrapolation routines. The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method.

Thereby, the interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation. The DASY5 routines construct a once-continuously differentiable function that interpolates the measurement values as follows:

- For each measurement point a trivariate (3-D) / bivariate (2-D) quadratic is computed. It interpolates the measurement values at the data point and forms a least-square fit to neighboring measurement values.
- the spatial location of the quadratic with respect to the measurement values is attenuated by an inverse distance weighting. This is performed since the calculated quadratic will fit measurement values at nearby points more accurate than at points located further away.
- After the quadratics are calculated for at all measurement points, the interpolating function is calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

There are two control parameters that govern the behavior of the interpolation method. One specifies the number of measurement points to be used in computing the least-square fits for the local quadratics. These measurement points are the ones nearest the input point for which the quadratic is being computed. The second parameter specifies the number of measurement points that will be used in calculating the weights for the quadratics to produce the final function. The input data points used there are the ones nearest the point at which the interpolation is desired. Appropriate defaults are chosen for each of the control parameters

The trivariate quadratics that have been previously computed for the 3-D interpolation and whose input data are at the closest distance from the phantom surface, are used in order to extrapolate the fields to the surface of the phantom.

In order to determine all the field maxima in 2-D (Area Scan) and 3-D (Zoom Scan), the measurement grid is refined by a default factor of 10 and the interpolation function is used to evaluate all field values between corresponding measurement points. Subsequently, a linear search is applied to find all the candidate maxima. In a last step, non physical maxima are removed and only those maxima which are within 2 dB of the global maximum value are retained.

Important: To be processable by the interpolation/extrapolation scheme, the Area Scan requires at least 6 measurement points. The Cube Scan requires at least 10 measurement points to allow an application of these algorithms.

In the Area Scan, the gradient of the interpolation function is evaluated to find all the extrema of the SAR distribution. The uncertainty on the locations of the extrema is less than 1/20 of the grid size. Only local maxima within -2 dB of the global maximum are searched and passed for the Cube Scan measurement.

In the Cube Scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the lowest measurement points to the inner phantom surface (the extrapolation distance). The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5mm.

5.1.2 Averaging and Determination of Spatial Peak SAR

The interpolated data is used to average the SAR over the 1g and 10g cubes by spatially discretizing the entire measured volume. The resolution of this spatial grid used to calculate the averaged SAR is 1mm or about 42875 interpolated points. The resulting volumes are defined as cubical volumes containing the appropriate tissue parameters that are centered at the location. The location is defined as the center of the incremental volume (voxel).

The spatial-peak SAR must be evaluated in cubical volumes containing a mass that is within 5% of the required mass. The cubical volume centered at each location, as defined above, should be expanded in all directions until the desired value for the mass is reached, with no surface boundaries of the averaging volume extending beyond the outermost surface of the considered region. In addition, the cubical volume should not consist of more than 10% of air. If these conditions are not satisfied then the center of the averaging volume is moved to the next location. Otherwise, the exact size of the final sampling cube is found using an inverse polynomial approximation algorithm, leading to results with improved accuracy. If one boundary of the averaging volume reaches the boundary of the measured volume during its expansion, it will not be evaluated at all. Reference is kept of all locations used and those not used for averaging the SAR. All average SAR values are finally assigned to the centered location in each valid averaging volume.

All locations included in an averaging volume are marked to indicate that they have been used at least once. If a location has been marked as used, but has never been assigned to the center of a cube, the highest averaged SAR value of all other cubical volumes which have used this location for averaging, is assigned to this location. Only those locations that are not part of any valid averaging volume should be marked as unused. For the case of an unused location, a new averaging volume must be constructed which will have the unused location centered at one surface of the cube. The remaining five surfaces are expanded evenly in all directions until the required mass is enclosed, regardless of the amount of included air. Of the six possible cubes with one surface centered on the unused location, the smallest cube is used, which still contains the required mass.

If the final cube containing the highest averaged SAR touches the surface of the measured volume, an appropriate warning is issued within the postprocessing engine.

5.1.3 Evaluation Errors

5.1.3.1 Cube shape

The mentioned procedures search for the maximum averaged 1g and 10g volumes of cubical shape according to the ANSI and ICNIRP standard. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head tissue density and not the tissue simulating liquid density.

5.1.3.2 Extrapolation

For the extrapolation the distance must be specified in the Area Scan and Zoom Scan Jobs. The distance is defined as the distance between the probe sensor center and the phantom surface. The recommended distance is 4-5 mm.

5.1.3.3 Boundary effects

The dosimetric probes are calibrated in a gradient field with energy flow and decay in direction of the probe axis. During calibration the probe tip is completely surrounded by the simulating solution. If the probe is used in the immediate vicinity of a media boundary, the field in the probe is altered due to interaction with the field in the boundary and the probe sensitivity changes. The influence of the boundary effect depends on the probe construction, the media parameters and the probe orientation with respect to the boundary. It disappears at a distance of 1mm (E1D-probe) to 5mm (ET3D-probes) between the probe tip and the boundary. The boundary effect must be considered in the extrapolation to the surface.

6 MEASUREMENTS, EXAMINATIONS & TEST DATA

6.1 TEST CONFIGURATIONS

| D.U.T. Information | | Condition | |
|--|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Product Name | VHF Marine Transceiver | Robot Type | 6 Axis |
| Model Number | IC-M73 | Scan Type | SAR – Area/Zoom/Att. Vs Depth |
| Serial Number | 01005976 | Measured Field | E |
| Frequency Band [MHz] | Tx: 156.025 ~ 157.425 | Phantom Type | 2 _{mm} base Flat Phantom |
| Frequency Tested [MHz] | 156.725 | Phantom Position | Waist |
| Rated Conducted Power [W] | 6W (High power mode) | Room Temperature [°C] | 23.0 ± 1 |
| Antenna Type | Herical antenna (M/N: FA-S59V, 150-174 MHz, -15.4dBi) | Room Humidity [%] | 40 ± 10 |
| Modulation | PM | Tissue Temperature [°C] | 20.0 ± 1 |
| Worst Case Duty Cycle | 50 % | | |
| Duty Cycle Tested | 100 % | | |
| Source(or Usage)-Based Time-Average Factor | 0.5 (mechanical PTT button) * 10.7 | | |

| Type of Tissue | Brain | Muscle |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Test Frequency [MHz] | 150 | 150 |
| Target Conductivity [S/m] | 0.76 | 0.80 |
| Measured Conductivity [S/m] | 0.78 (2.4 %) | 0.77 (-3.4 %) |
| Target Dielectric Constant | 52.3 | 61.9 |
| Measured Dielectric Constant | 53.7 (2.7 %) | 62.3 (0.7 %) |
| Penetration Depth (Plane Wave Excitation) [mm] | 61.3 | 64.1 |
| Probe Model Number | ES3DV3 | ES3DV3 |
| Probe Serial Number | 3208 | 3208 |
| Probe Orientation | Isotropic | Isotropic |
| Probe Sensor Offset [mm] | 2 | 2 |
| Probe Tip Diameter [mm] | 4 | 4 |
| Conversion Factor (γ) | 8.6 (+/- 10%) | 8.4 (+/- 10%) |

6.2

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6.3 GENERAL TEST SETUP

6.3.1 *Equipment Configuration*

Power and signal distribution, grounding, interconnecting cabling and physical placement of equipment of a test system shall simulate the typical application and usage in so far as is practicable, and shall be in accordance with the relevant product specifications of the manufacturer.

The configuration that tends to maximize the D.U.T's emission or minimize its immunity is not usually intuitively obvious and in most instances selection will involve some trial and error testing. For example, interface cables may be moved or equipment re-orientated during initial stages of testing and the effects on the results observed.

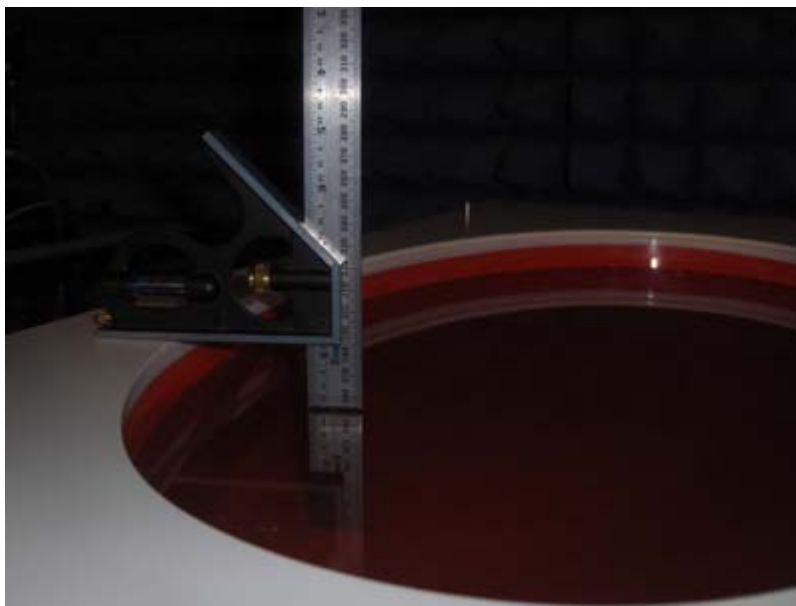
Only configurations within the range of positions likely to occur in normal use need to be considered.

The configuration selected shall be fully detailed and documented in the test report, together with the justification for selecting that particular configuration.

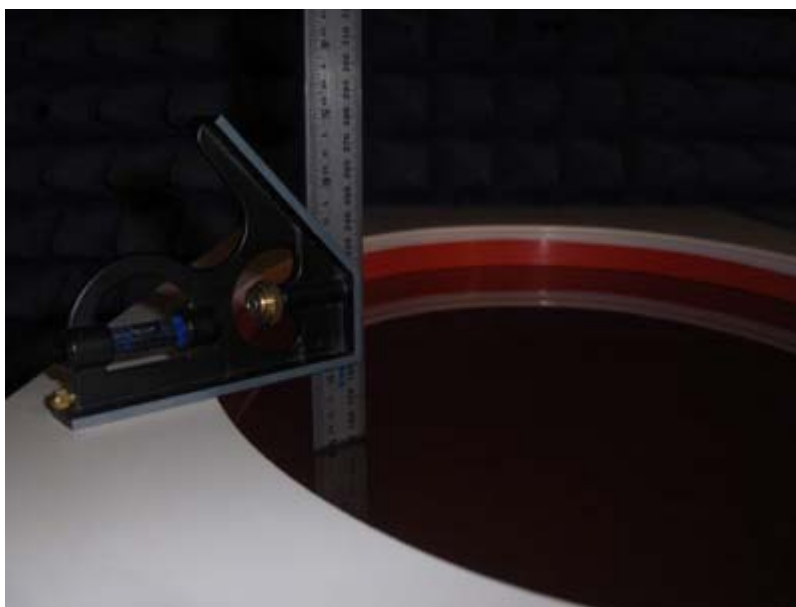
6.3.2 *Exercising Equipment*

The exercising equipment and other auxiliary equipment shall be sufficiently decoupled from the D.U.T. so that the performance of such equipment does not significantly influence the test results.

6.4 PHOTOGRAPHS OF TISSUE DEPTH



< Phantom filled with head tissue: liquid level = 150mm \pm 5mm >



< Phantom filled with body tissue liquid: liquid level = 150mm \pm 5mm >

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6.5 PHOTOGRAPHS OF D.U.T. POSITION

6.5.1 Head Configuration



< FA-S59V: 150MHz~174MHz >

Remark: Distance between EUT and phantom = 25 mm

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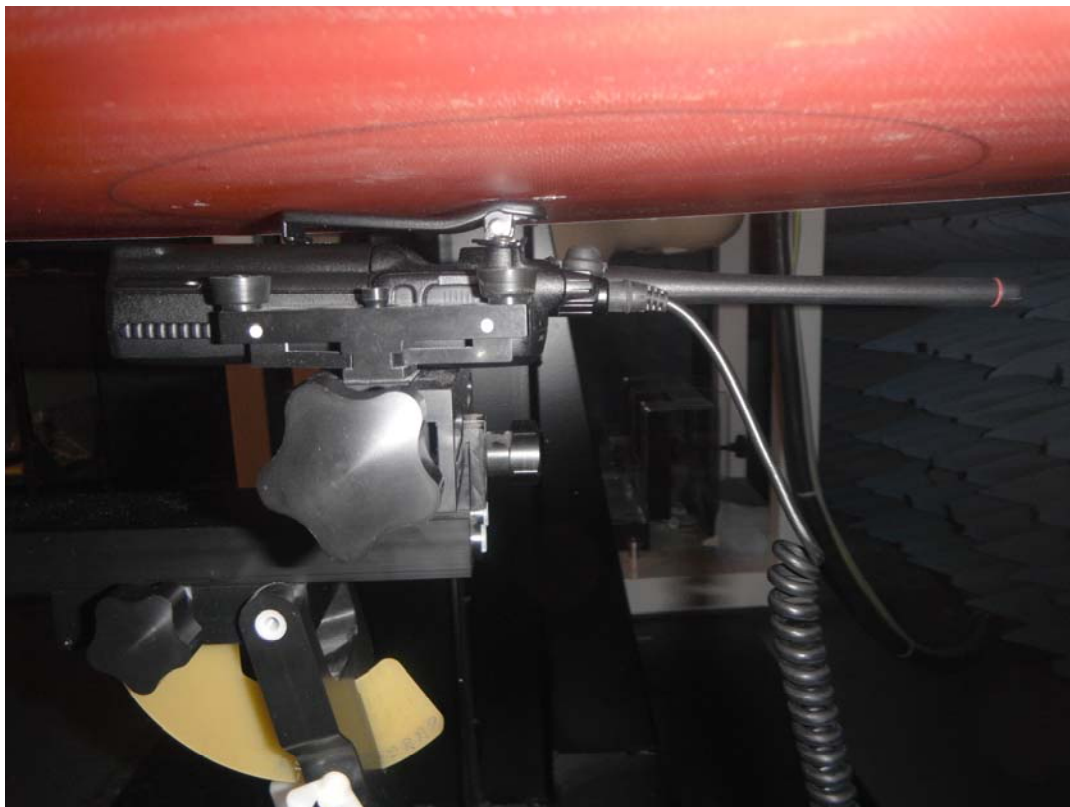
File #: ICOM-354Q-SAR

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6.5.2 Body Configuration

Back side of EUT in parallel to the phantom with the belt-clip in contact, Belt-clip (M/N: MB-103) and Speaker-microphone (M/N: HM-167 and M/N: HM-202)



< FA-S59V: 150MHz~174MHz >

Remark: Belt clip touch the phantom bottom

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6.6 SAR MEASUREMENT DATA

6.6.1 Head Configuration Result* : FA-S64V Antenna

| # | Configuration | Antenna Position | Frequency [MHz] | Channel | MAX SAR _{1g} [W/Kg] |
|----|---|------------------|-----------------|---------|------------------------------|
| * | General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure Category Limit | | | | 1.6 |
| | Herical antenna (M/N: FA-S59V, 150~174 MHz) | | | | |
| 01 | 50% duty cycle for PTT and 1.07 scaled factor | FIX | 156.725 | Middle | 0.258 |
| | | | | | |

*

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6.6.1.1 Helical antenna (M/N: FA-S59V), 156.725 MHz

Date/Time: 2/21/2014 10:35:05 AM

Test Laboratory: Ultratech Group of Labs

File Name: [ICOM-354Q Head 156.725MHz \(L2f\).da52:0](#)**DUT: ICOM VHF Marine Transceiver; Type: IC-M73; Serial: 01005976**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 156.725 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 156.725$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.784$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.18$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section; Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3208; ConvF(8.6, 8.6, 8.6); Calibrated: 3/13/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn874; Calibrated: 3/11/2013

Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1057

DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Configuration_Head_IC-M73/Front Face, d=25mm, Pin=5.6W, ES-Probe/FindMax (11x41x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=2.000 mm, dy=2.000 mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.553 W/kg

Configuration_Head_IC-M73/Front Face, d=25mm, Pin=5.6W, ES-Probe/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.538 W/kg

Configuration_Head_IC-M73/Front Face, d=25mm, Pin=5.6W, ES-Probe/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)**(5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.278 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.682 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.483 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.371 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.533 W/kg

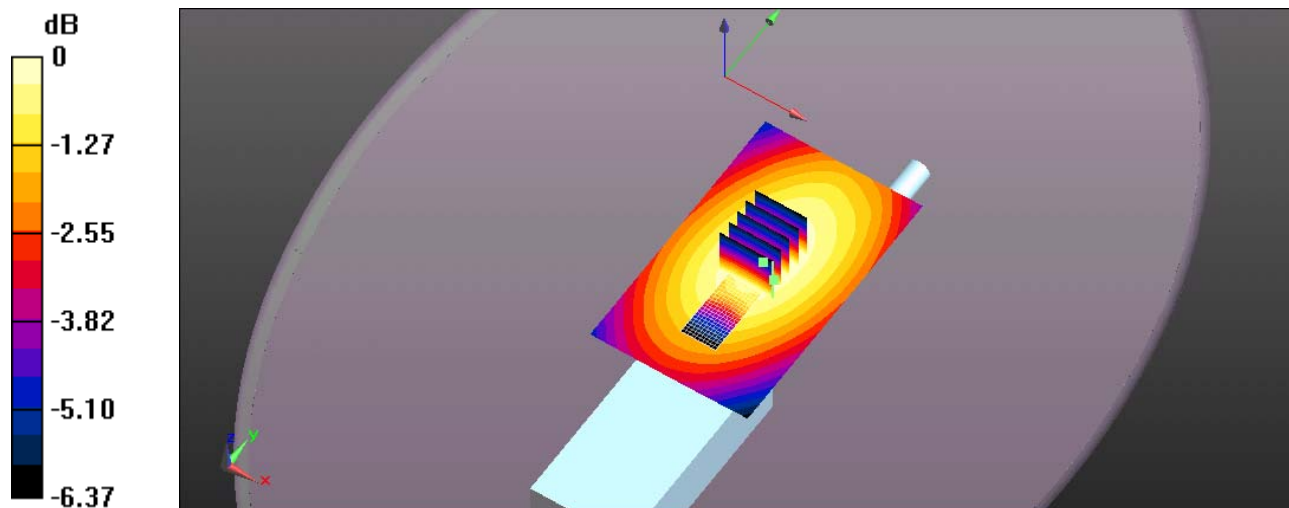
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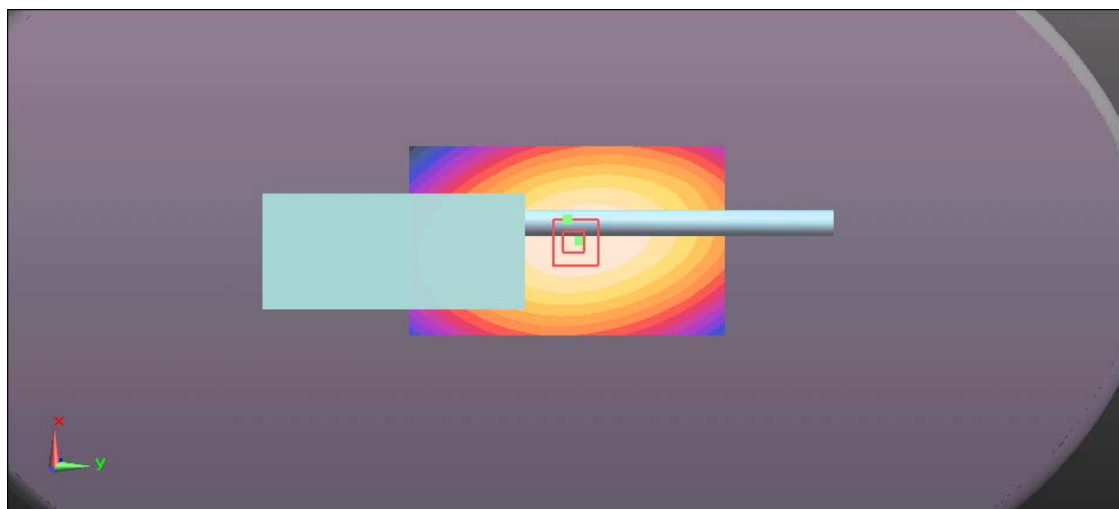
Tel. #: 905-829-1570, Fax. #: 905-829-8050, Email: vic@ultratech-labs.com, Website: <http://www.ultratech-labs.com>**File #: ICOM-354Q-SAR**

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0 dB = 0.533 W/kg = -2.73 dBW/kg



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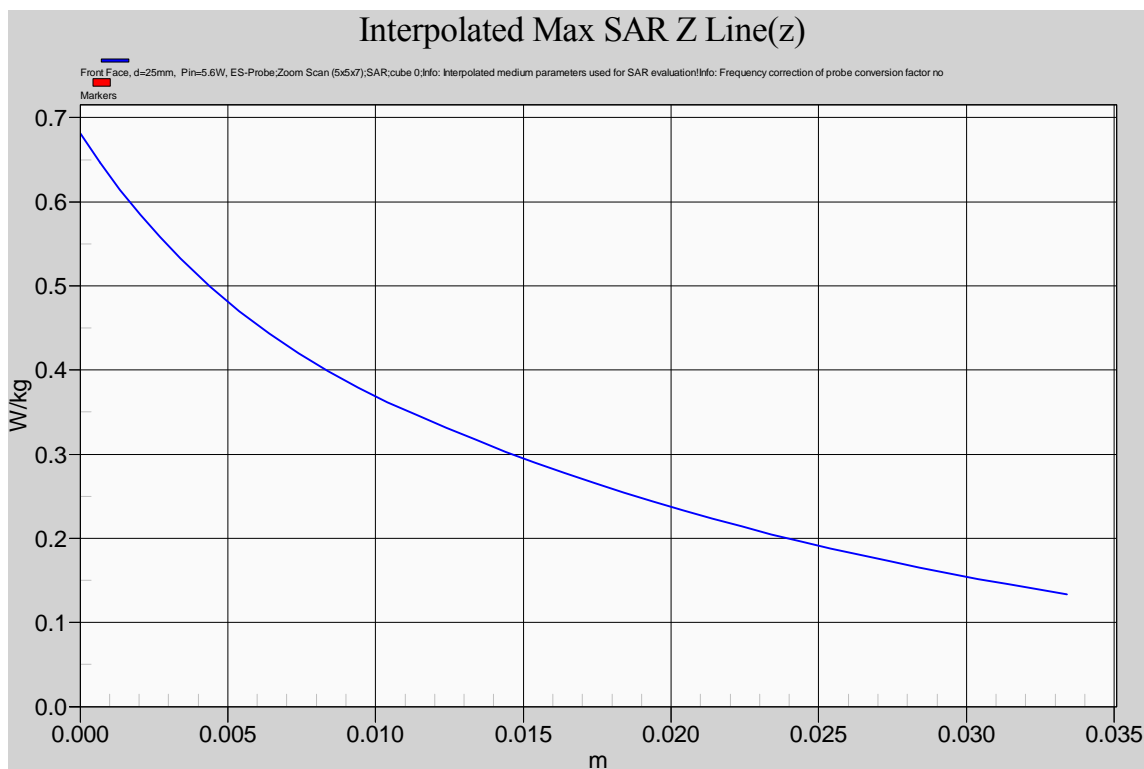
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6.6.2 Body Configuration Result* : FA-S59V Antenna

| # | Configuration | Antenna Position | Frequency [MHz] | Channel | MAX SAR _{1g} [W/Kg] |
|----|---|------------------|-----------------|---------|------------------------------|
| * | General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure Category Limit | | | | 1.6 |
| 02 | Li-Ion battery pack (M/N: BP-245N) | | | | |
| | Belt clip (M/N: MB-103) | FIX | 156.725 | Middle | 0.233 |
| | HM-167 Speaker Microphone | | | | |
| | 50% duty cycle for PTT and 1.07 scaled factor | | | | |
| 03 | Li-Ion battery pack (M/N: BP-245N) | | | | |
| | Belt clip (M/N: MB-103) | FIX | 156.725 | Middle | 0.225 |
| | HM-202 Speaker Microphone | | | | |
| | 50% duty cycle for PTT and 1.07 scaled factor | | | | |

*

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6.6.2.1 Herical antenna (M/N: FA-S59V); Belt Clip (M/N: MB-103), Speaker Microphone (M/N: HM-167); Li-Ion battery pack (M/N: BP-245N); 156.725 MHz

Date/Time: 2/26/2014 11:32:41 AM

Test Laboratory: Ultratech Group of Labs

File Name: [ICOM-354Q Body 156.725MHz\(L3f\).da52:0](#)

DUT: ICOM VHF Transceiver; Type: IC-M73; Serial: 01005976

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 156.725 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 156.725 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.778 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 61.793$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3208; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 3/13/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn874; Calibrated: 3/11/2013
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1057
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Configuration_Body_IC-M73/Body Back, d=0 mm, Pin=5.6W (ES-Probe)/FindMax (11x41x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=2.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=2.000 \text{ mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.364 W/kg

Configuration_Body_IC-M73/Body Back, d=0 mm, Pin=5.6W (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 21.738 V/m; Power Drift = 0.31 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.752 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.437 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.297 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.458 W/kg

Configuration_Body_IC-M73/Body Back, d=0 mm, Pin=5.6W (ES-Probe)/Area Scan (71x141x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.462 W/kg

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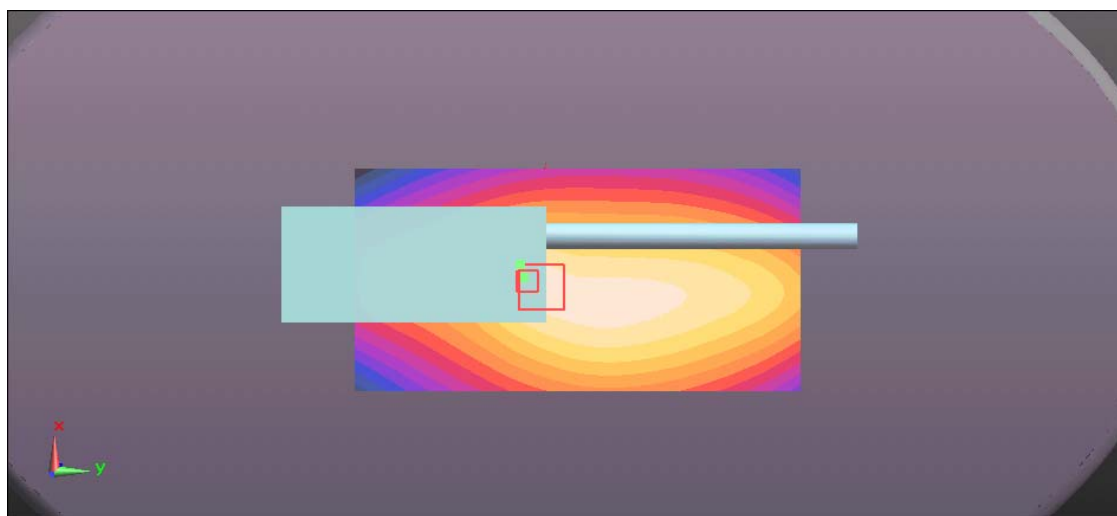
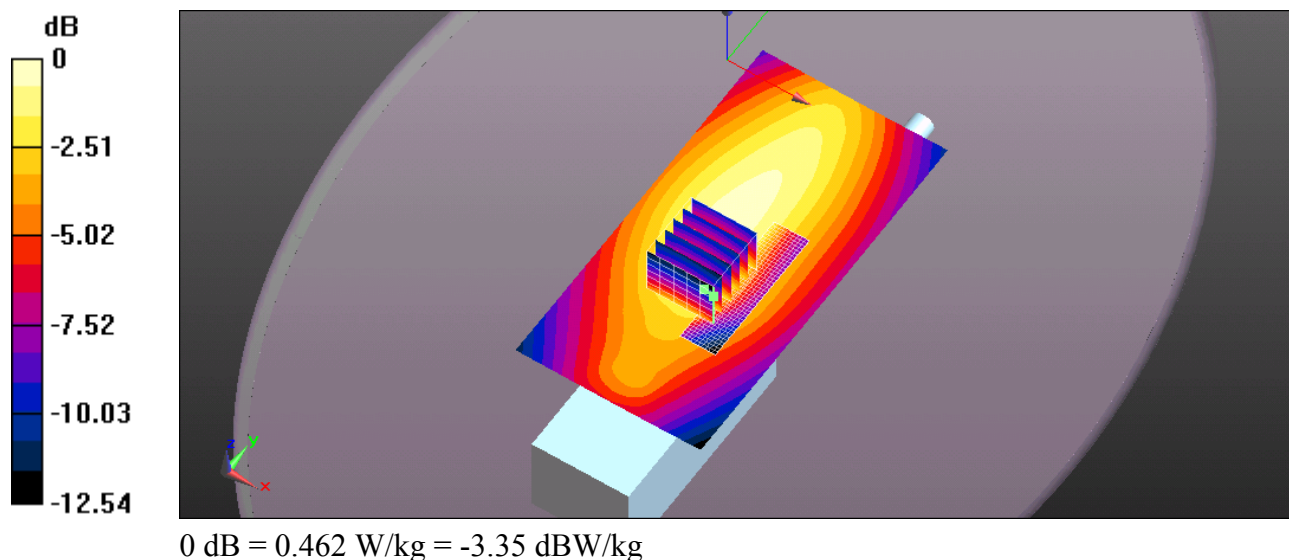
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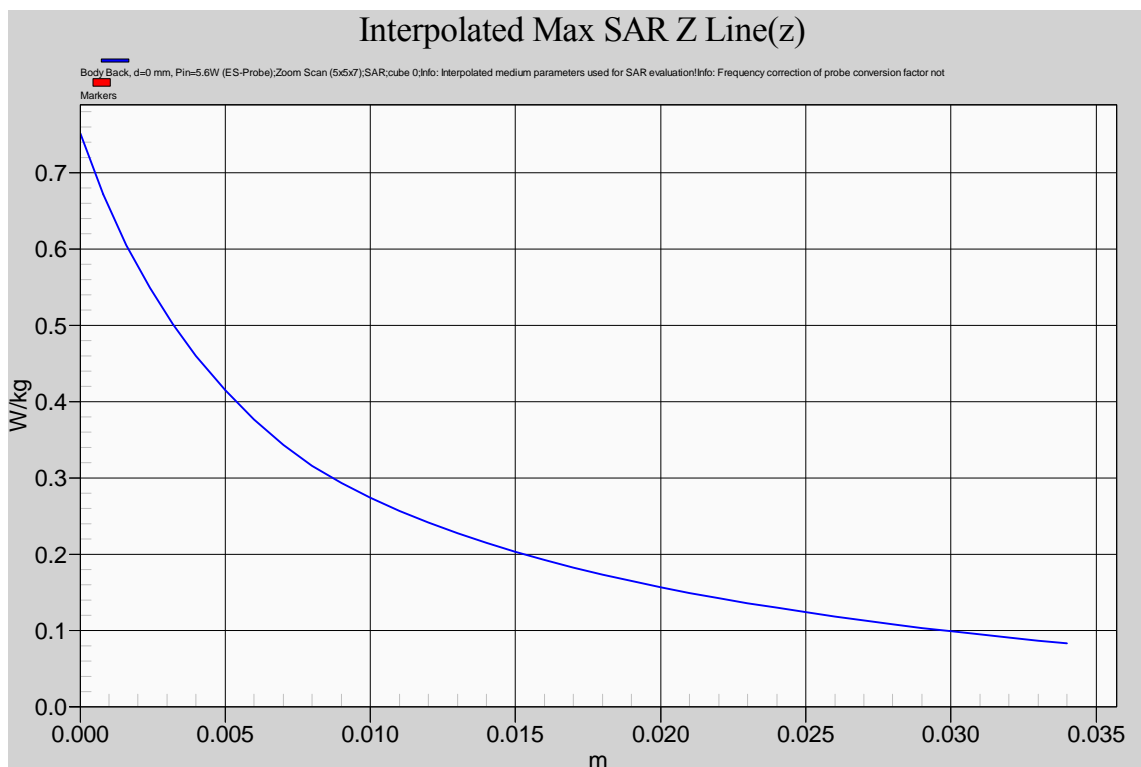
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6.6.2.2 Herical antenna (M/N: FA-S59V); Belt Clip (M/N: MB-103), Speaker Microphone (M/N: HM-202); Li-Ion battery pack (M/N: BP-245N); 156.725 MHz

Date/Time: 2/26/2014 10:48:50 AM

Test Laboratory: Ultratech Group of Labs

File Name: [ICOM-354Q Body 156.725MHz HM-202\(Lf\).da52:0](#)

DUT: ICOM VHF Transceiver; Type: IC-M73; Serial: 01005976

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 156.725 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 156.725$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.778$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 61.793$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3208; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 3/13/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn874; Calibrated: 3/11/2013
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1057
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Configuration_Body_IC-M73/Body Back, d=0mm, Pin=5.6W (ES-Probe)/FindMax (11x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=2.000 mm, dy=2.000 mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.346 W/kg

Configuration_Body_IC-M73/Body Back, d=0mm, Pin=5.6W (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.872 V/m; Power Drift = 0.34 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.730 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.421 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.286 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.427 W/kg

Configuration_Body_IC-M73/Body Back, d=0mm, Pin=5.6W (ES-Probe)/Area Scan (71x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.449 W/kg

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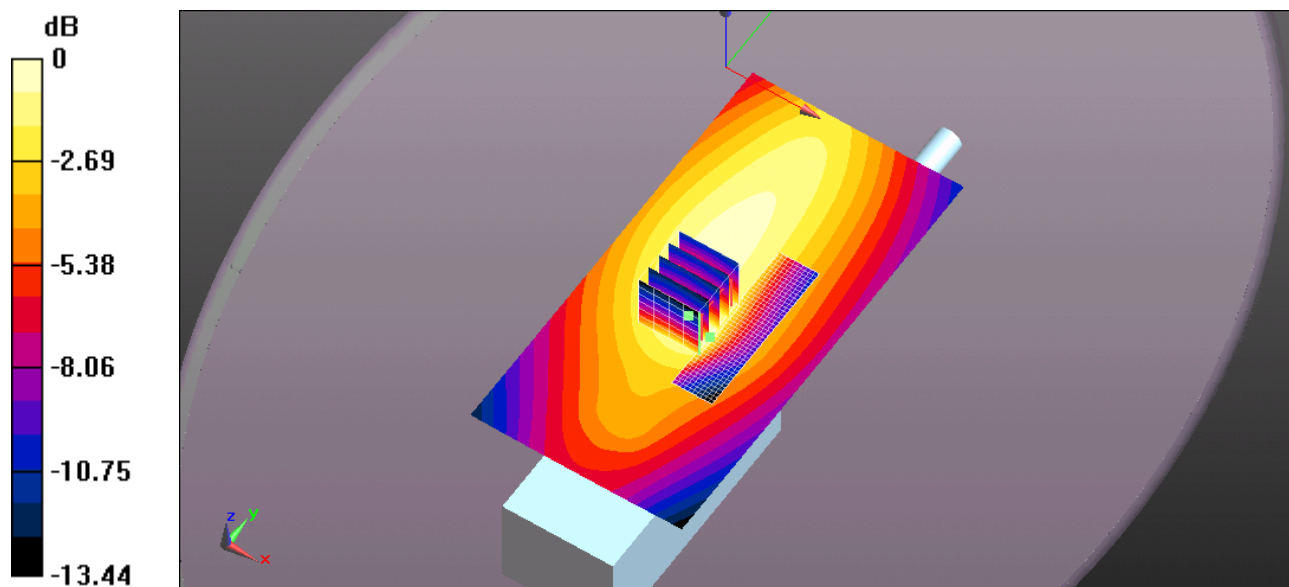
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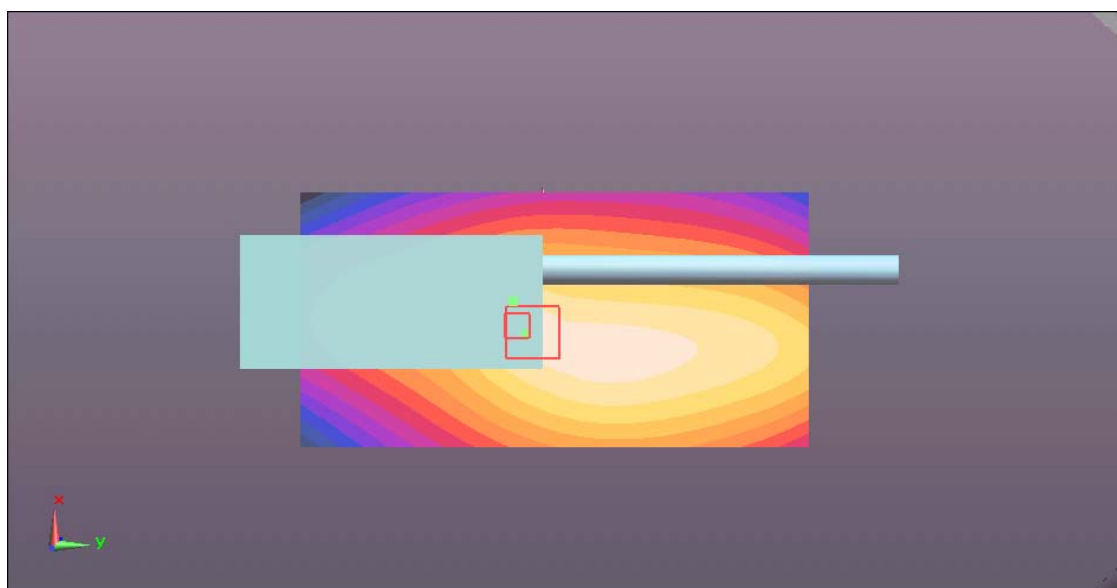
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0 dB = 0.449 W/kg = -3.48 dBW/kg



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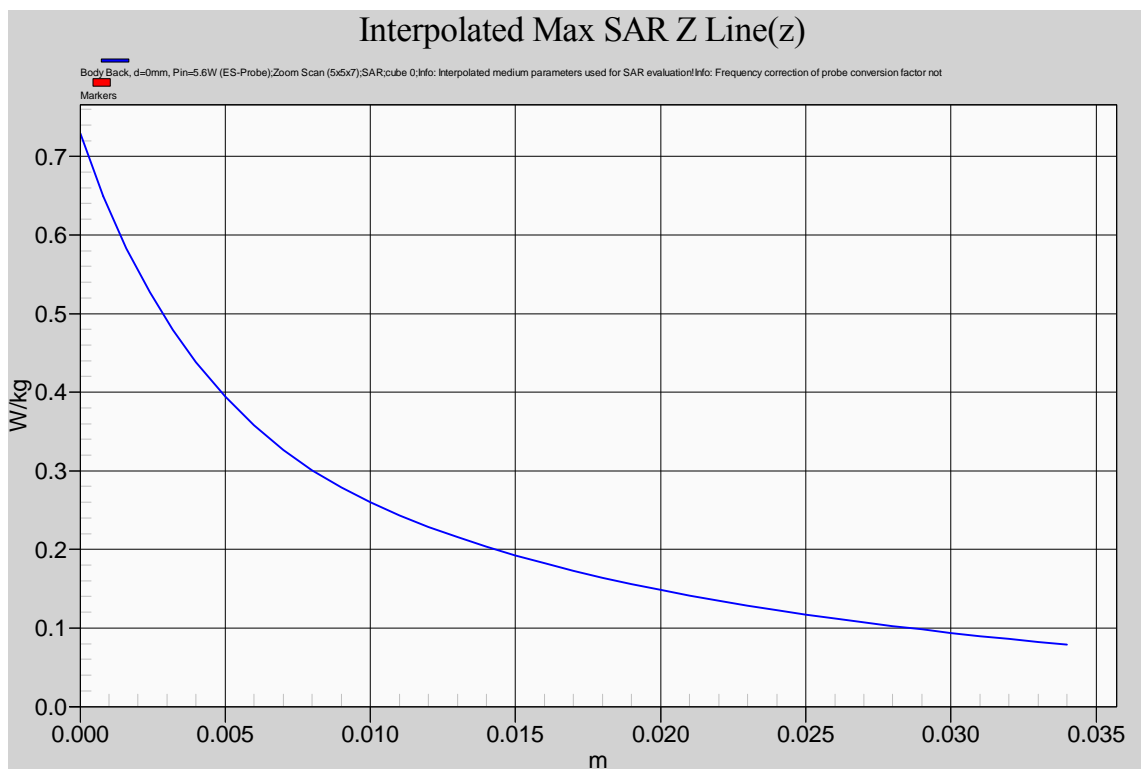
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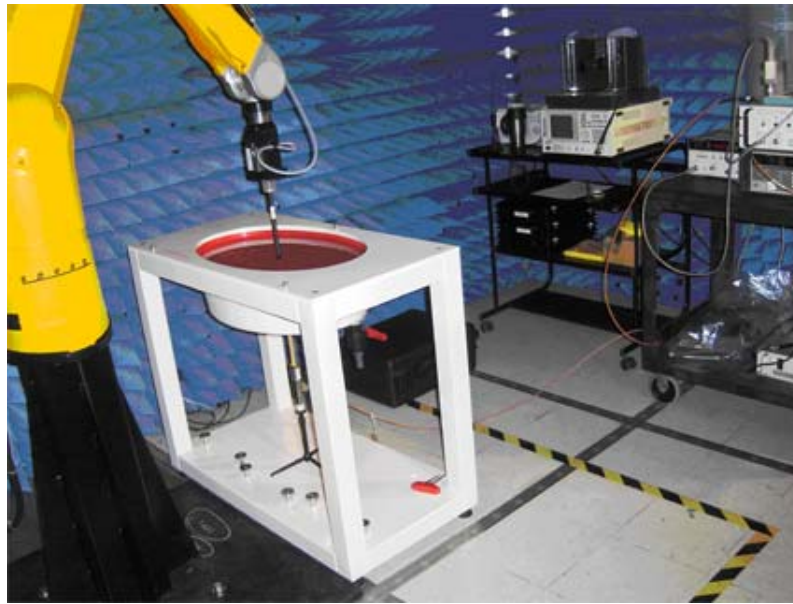
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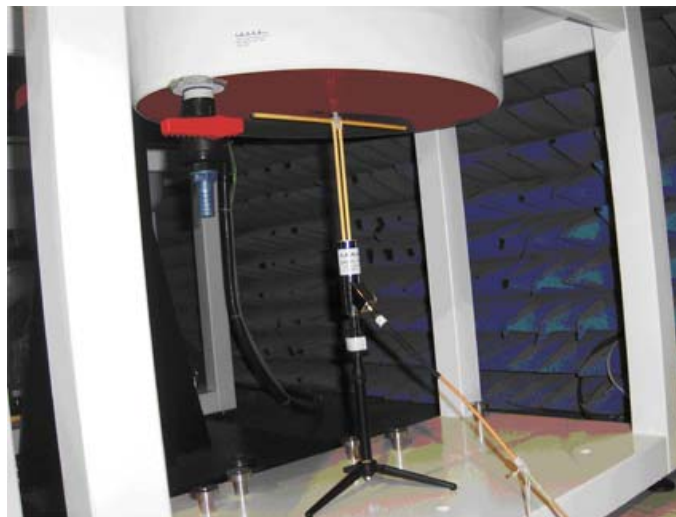
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7 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION



7.1 STANDARD SOURCE

A half-wave dipole is positioned below the bottom of the phantom and centered with its axis parallel to the longest side of the phantom. The distance between the liquid filled phantom bottom surface and the center of the dipole axis, s , is chosen as specified IEEE 1528 at the specific test frequency (i.e. 15 mm at 835 MHz). A low loss and low dielectric constant spacer is used to establish the correct distance between the top surface of the dipole and the bottom surface of the phantom.



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7.2 CONFINED LOOP ANTENNA (CLA150) 30MHZ-220MHZ

The confined loop antenna is used for system checking at frequencies below 300 MHz. The CLA series derived from the dipole antenna concept. The CLA which is compliant with the latest draft of the IEC 622209-2 standard, is a resonant loop antenna integrated into a metallic structure that minimizes reflections of the environment on the resonant structure. Each antenna is optimized for return losses at resonant frequencies of at least 10dB and typically better than 15 dB.



7.3

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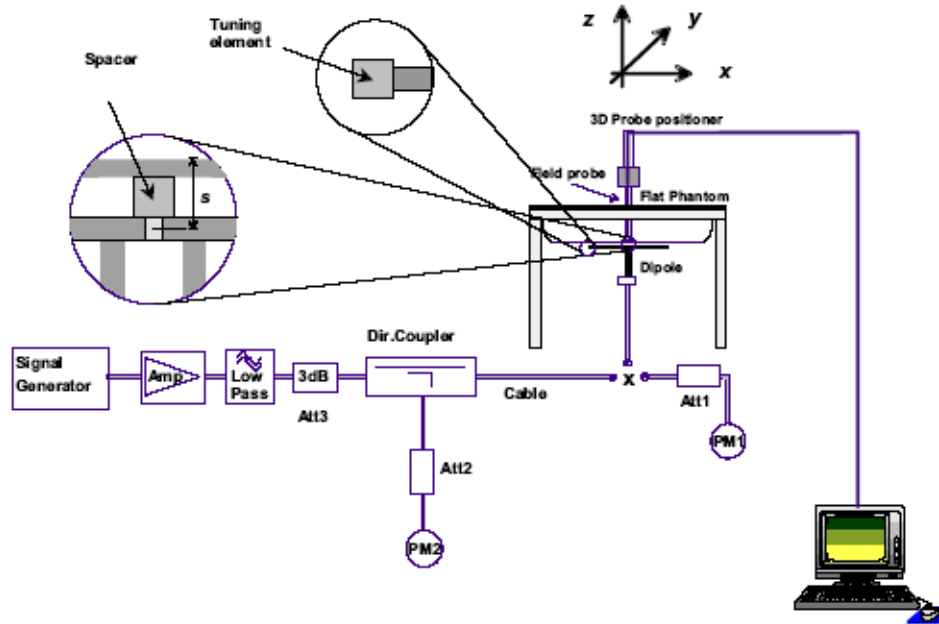
Tel. #: 905-829-1570, Fax. #: 905-829-8050, Email: vic@ultratech-labs.com, Website: <http://www.ultratech-labs.com>**File #: ICOM-354Q-SAR**

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7.4 STANDARD SOURCE INPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

The system validation is performed as shown below or in Figure 7.1 in IEEE 1528.



First the power meter PM1 (including attenuator Att1) is connected to the cable to measure the forward power at the location of the dipole connector (X). The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the dipole connector (taking into account the attenuation of Att1) as read by power meter PM2. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2. If the signal generator does not allow adjustment in 0.01dB steps, the remaining difference at PM2 must be taken into consideration. PM3 records the reflected power from the dipole to ensure that the value is not changed from the previous value. The reflected power was verified to be at least 20dB below the forward power.

7.5 SYSTEM VALIDATION PROCEDURE

A complete 1g-averaged SAR measurement is performed. The measured 1g-averaged SAR value is normalized to a forward power of 1W to a half-wave dipole and compared with the reference SAR value for the reference dipole and flat phantom shown in columns 2 and 3 of Table 7.1 in IEEE 1528.

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7.6 VERIFICATION RESULTS

7.6.1 Reference SAR values at 150 MHz^{*}

| | Head Tissue | Body Tissue |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Reference SAR _{1g} [W/Kg] | 3.74 | 2.95 |
| Reference SAR _{10g} [W/Kg] | 2.50 | 1.99 |
| Measured SAR _{1g} [W/Kg] | 3.40 | 3.11 |
| Measured SAR _{10g} [W/Kg] | 2.26 | 2.06 |

^{*} SAR values are normalized to a forward power of 1 W.

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7.6.2 Verification at 150 MHz

7.6.2.1 Verification for 150MHz Head Tissue:

Date/Time: 2/20/2014 4:20:46 PM

Test Laboratory: Ultratech Group of Labs

File Name: [Sys.Ver.Check-CLA-150 Head-150MHz-2.da52:0](#)

DUT: CLA-150; Type: CLA-150; Serial: 4xxx

Communication System: UID 10000, CW; Frequency: 150 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 150 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.779 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.715$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Phantom section: Flat Section; Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3208; ConvF(8.6, 8.6, 8.6); Calibrated: 3/13/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn874; Calibrated: 3/11/2013
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1057
- DASYS2 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

CLA Calibration for HSL-LF Tissue_CLA150/touch configuration, Pin=1W, dist=3.4mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 69.505 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.73 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.26 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.94 W/kg

CLA Calibration for HSL-LF Tissue_CLA150/touch configuration, Pin=1W, dist=3.4mm (ES-Probe)/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.00 W/kg

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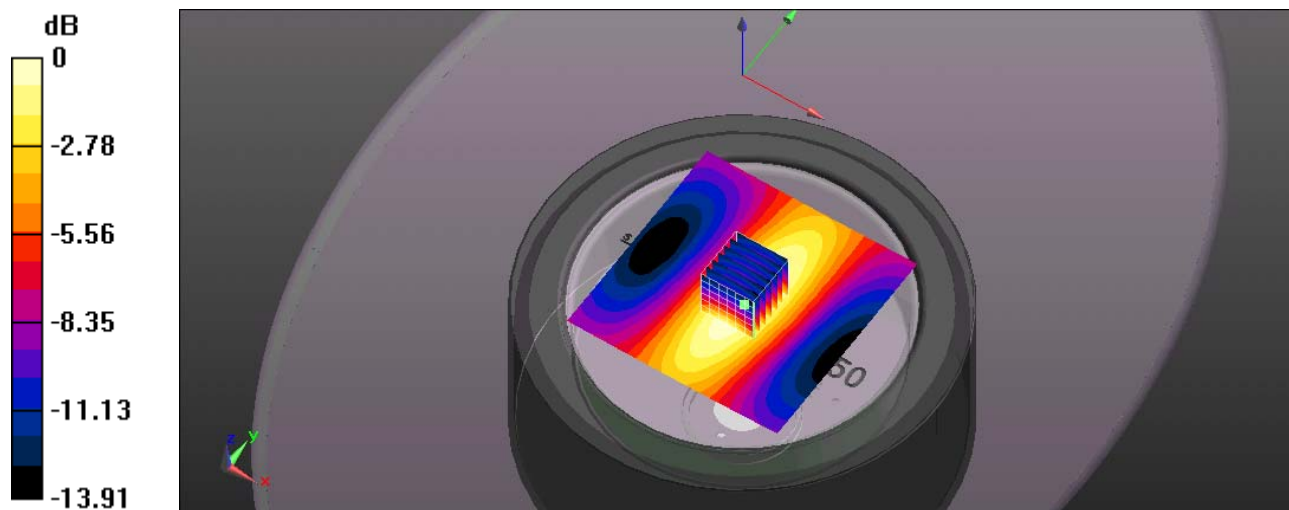
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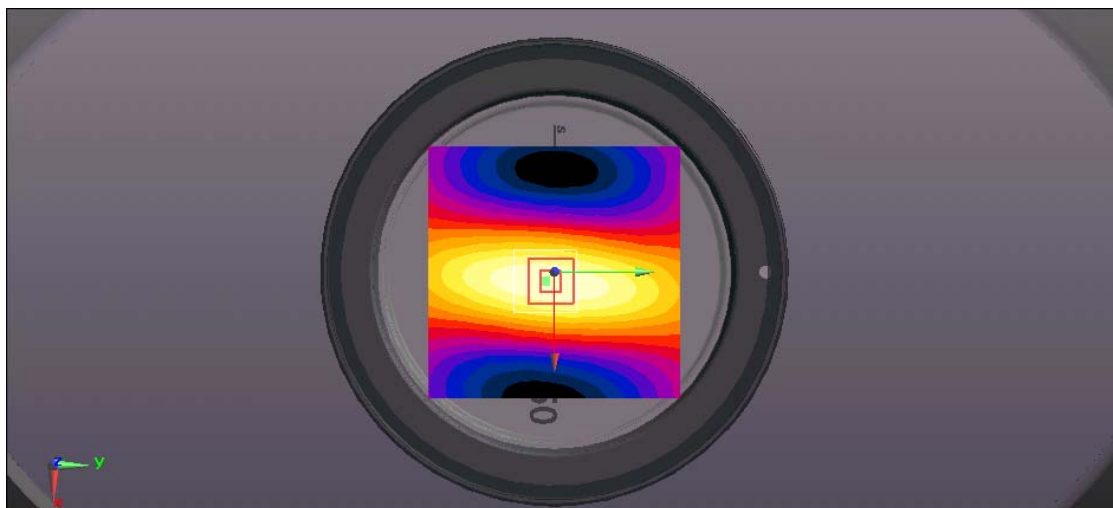
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0 dB = 4.00 W/kg = 6.02 dBW/kg

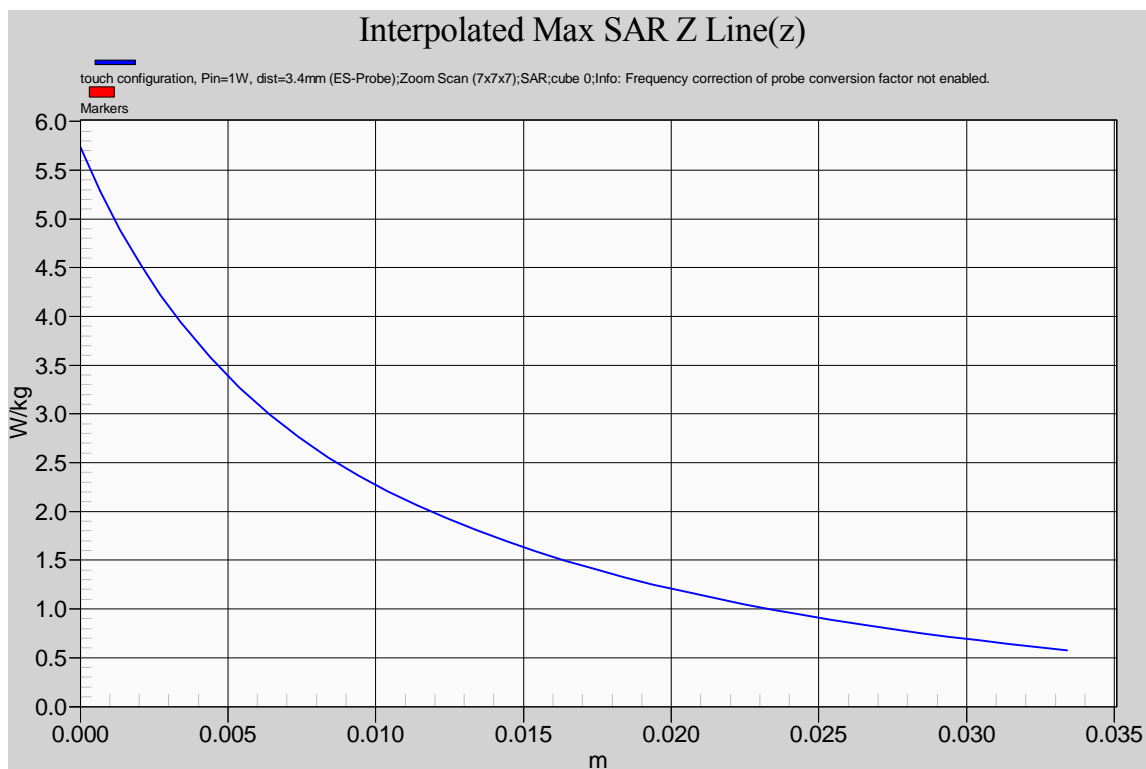
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7.6.2.2 Verification for 150MHz Body Tissue:

Date/Time: 2/25/2014 2:09:27 PM

Test Laboratory: Ultratech Group of Labs

File Name: [Sys.Ver.Check-CLA-150 Body-150MHz-.da52:0](#)**DUT: CLA-150; Type: CLA-150; Serial: 4xxx**

Communication System: UID 10000, CW; Frequency: 150 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 150 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.773 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 62.332$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Phantom section: Flat Section; Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3208; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 3/13/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn874; Calibrated: 3/11/2013
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: 1057
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

CLA Calibration for MSL-LF Tissue_CLA150/touch configuration, Pin=1W, dist=3.4mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 63.687 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.92 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.06 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.40 W/kg

CLA Calibration for MSL-LF Tissue_CLA150/touch configuration, Pin=1W, dist=3.4mm (ES-Probe)/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.43 W/kg

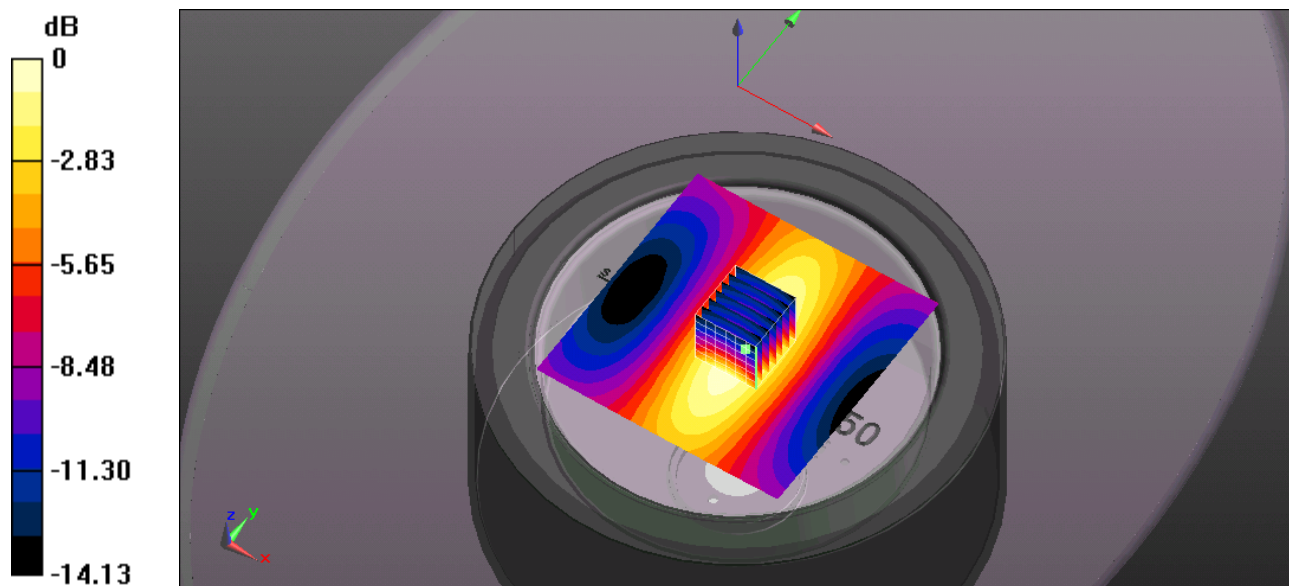
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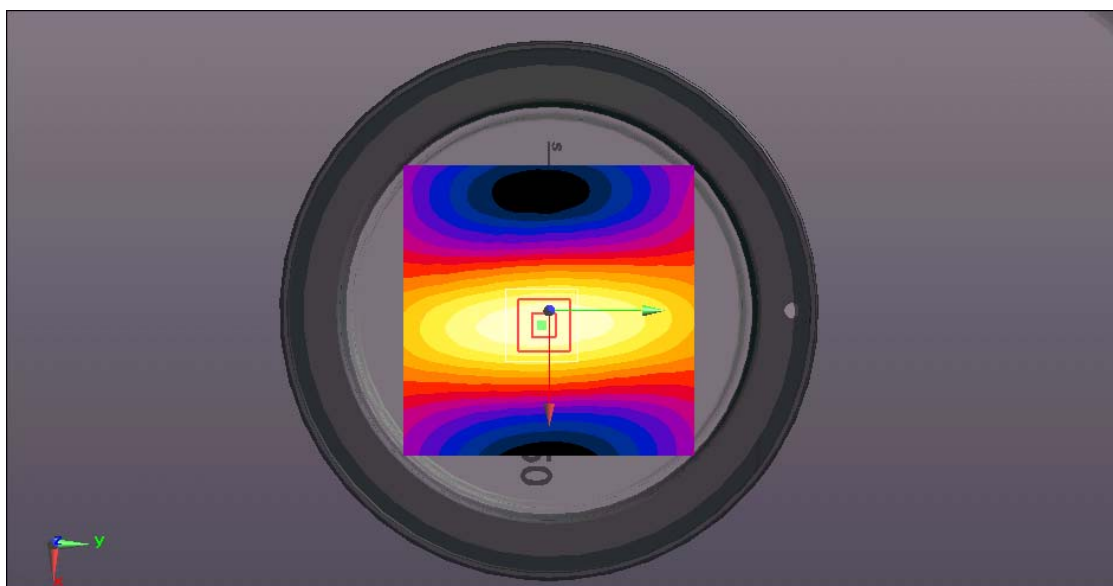
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0 dB = 3.43 W/kg = 5.35 dBW/kg



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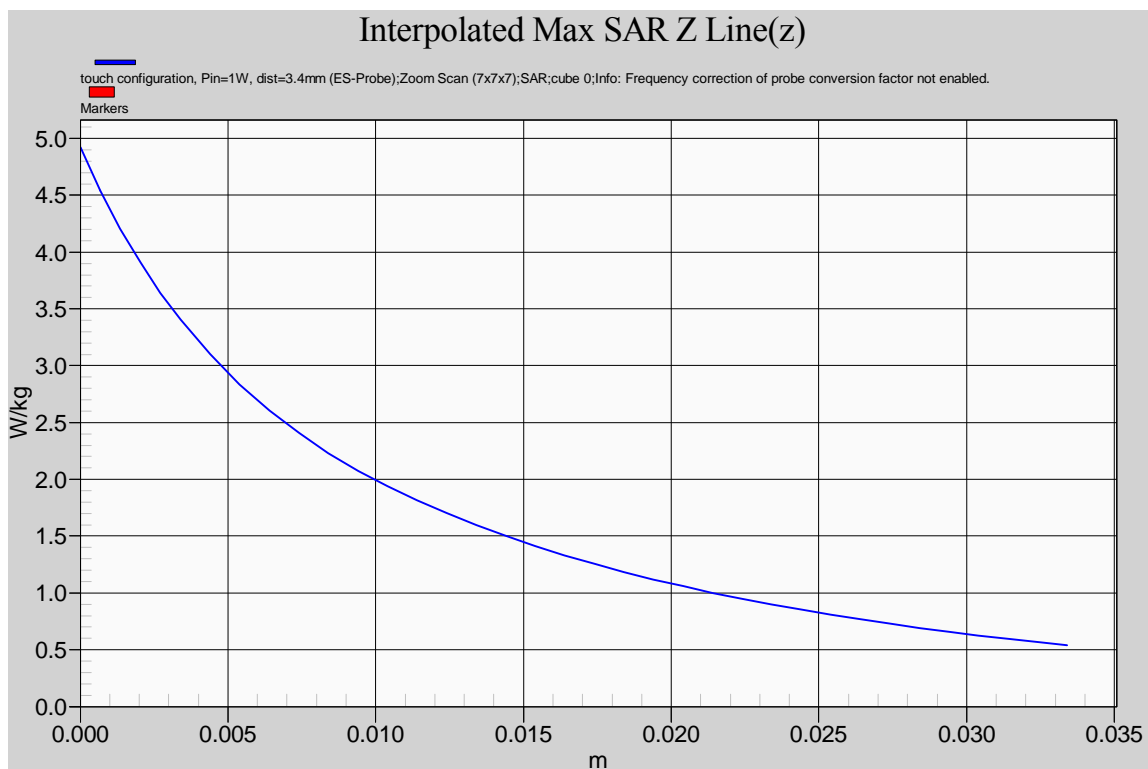
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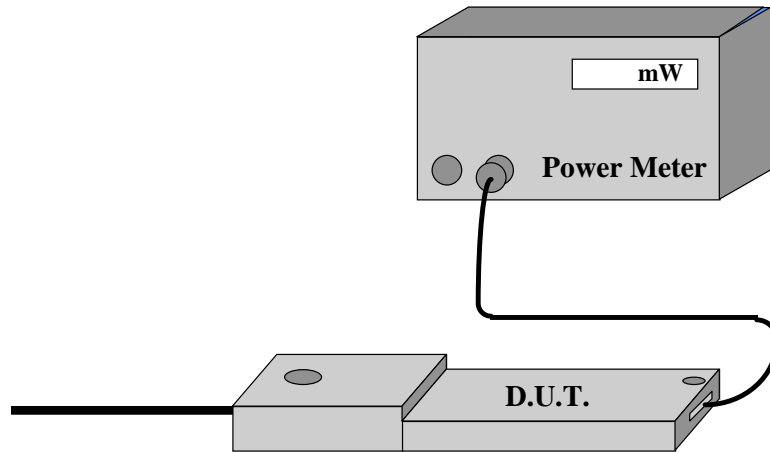
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8 D.U.T. POWER MEASUREMENT

Whenever possible, a conducted power measurement is performed. To accomplish this, we utilize a fully charged battery, a calibrated power meter and a cable adapter provided by the manufacturer. The data of the cable and related circuit losses are also provided by the manufacturer. The power measurement is then performed across the operational band and the channel with the highest output power is recorded.



Power measurement is performed before and after the SAR to verify if the battery was delivering full power at the time of testing. A difference in output power would determine a need for battery replacement and to repeat the SAR test.

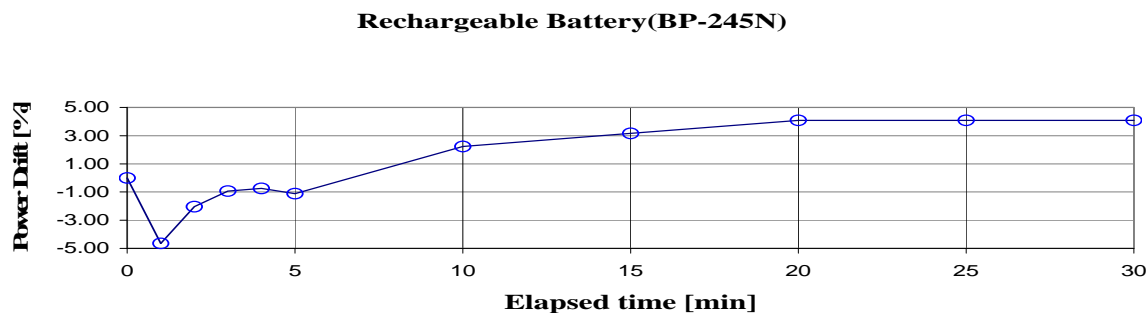
8.1.1 RF conducted output power measurement

| Fundamental Frequency (MHz) | Measured RF output power conducted (W) |
|--------------------------------|---|
| 156.725 | 5.62 |

8.1.2 SAR drift measurement

Power was measured at the antenna fed point at 156.725 MHz during the period of 30 minutes for rechargeable BP-245N (Li-ion) battery pack.

The power drift after 30 minutes of the continuous transmission at the maximum power level was found to be less than $\pm 5\%$.



9 TISSUE DIELECTRIC PARAMETER CALIBRATION

9.1 SIMULATED TISSUE

Simulated Tissue: Suggested in a paper by George Hartsgrove and colleagues in University of Ottawa Ref.: Bioelectromagnetics 8:29-36 (1987)

| Ingredient | Quantity |
|-------------|----------|
| Water | 40.4 % |
| Sugar | 56.0 % |
| Salt | 2.5 % |
| HEC | 1.0 % |
| Bactericide | 0.1 % |

Table 9.1 Example of composition of simulated tissue

This simulated tissue is mainly composed of water, sugar and salt. At higher frequencies, in order to achieve the proper conductivity, the solution does not contain salt. Also, at these frequencies, D.I. water and alcohol is preferred.

| Target Frequency (MHz) | Head | | Body | |
|---------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| | ϵ_r | σ (S/m) | ϵ_r | σ (S/m) |
| 150 | 52.3 | 0.76 | 61.9 | 0.80 |
| 300 | 45.3 | 0.87 | 58.2 | 0.92 |
| 450 | 43.5 | 0.87 | 56.7 | 0.94 |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 55.2 | 0.97 |
| 900 | 41.5 | 0.97 | 55.0 | 1.05 |
| 915 | 41.5 | 0.98 | 55.0 | 1.06 |
| 1450 | 40.5 | 1.20 | 54.0 | 1.30 |
| 1610 | 40.3 | 1.29 | 53.8 | 1.40 |
| 1800 – 2000 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 53.3 | 1.52 |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 52.7 | 1.95 |
| 3000 | 38.5 | 2.40 | 52.0 | 2.73 |
| 5800 | 35.3 | 5.27 | 48.2 | 6.00 |

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and $\rho = 1000 \text{ Kg/m}^3$ *)

* The actual mass density of the equivalent tissue varies based on the composition of the tissue from 990 Kg/m^3 to $1,300 \text{ Kg/m}^3$.

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9.2 MEASUREMENT OF ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF SIMULATED TISSUE

HP Dielectric Strength Probe System (open-ended coaxial transmission-line probe/sensor) was used.

9.2.1 Equipment set-up

The equipment consists of a probe connected to one port of a vector network analyzer. The probe is an open-ended coaxial line, as shown in Figure 9.2.1.1. Cylindrical coordinates (ρ , ϕ , z) are used where ρ is the radial distance from the axis, ϕ is the angular displacement around the axis, z is the displacement along the axis, a is the inner conductor radius, and b is the outer conductor inner radius.

The sample holder is a non-metallic container that is large compared with the size of the probe immersed in it. A probe with an outer diameter b of 2 to 4 mm is suitable for the measurement of tissue-equivalent materials in the 300 MHz to 3 GHz frequency range. This probe size is commensurate with sample volumes of 50 cc or higher. Larger probes of up to 7 mm outer diameter b may be used with larger sample volumes. A flange is typically included to better represent the infinite ground-plane assumption used in admittance calculations.

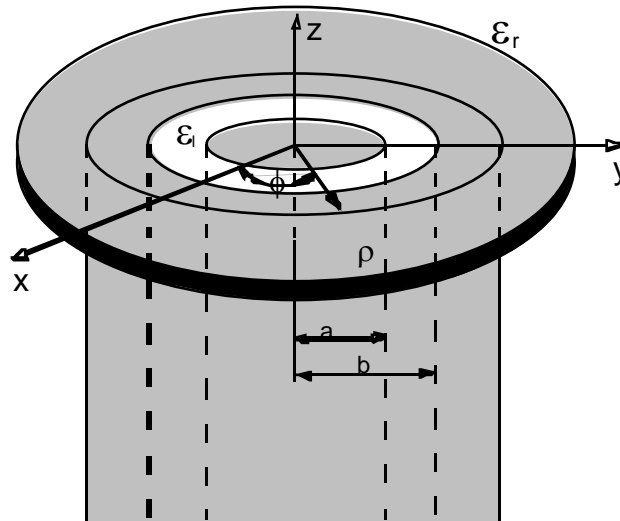


Figure 9.2.1. An open-ended coaxial probe with inner and outer radii a and b , respectively

The accuracy of the short-circuit measurement should be verified for each calibration at a number of frequencies. A short circuit can be achieved by gently pressing a piece of aluminum foil against the open end. For best electrical contact, the probe end should be flat and free of oxidation. Larger the sensors generally have better foil short-circuit repeatability. It is possible to obtain good contact with some commercial 4.6 mm probes using the metal-disk short-circuit supplied with the kit. For best repeatability, it may be necessary to press the disk by hand.

The network analyzer is configured to measure the magnitude and phase of the admittance. A one-port reflection calibration is performed at the plane of the probe by placing materials for which the reflection coefficient can be calculated in contact with the probe. Three standards are needed for the calibration, typically a short circuit, air, and de-ionized water at a well-defined temperature (other reference liquids such as methanol or ethanol may be used for calibration). The calibration is a key part of the measurement procedure, and it is therefore important to ensure that it has been performed correctly. It can be checked by re-measuring the short circuit to ensure that a reflection coefficient of $\Gamma = -1.0$ (linear units) is obtained consistently.

9.2.2 *Measurement procedure*

- a) Configure and calibrate the network analyzer and probe system.
- b) Place the sample in a non-metallic container and immerse the probe. A fixture or clamp is recommended to stabilize the probe, mounted such that the probe face is at an angle with respect to the liquid surface to minimize trapped air bubbles beneath the flange.
- c) Measure the complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture.
- d) Compute the complex relative permittivity $\epsilon_r = \epsilon'_r - j\sigma/\omega\epsilon_0$.

9.3 SIMULATED TISSUE MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| | | |
|---|--|---|
| Tissue calibration type | HP Dielectric Strength Probe System (M/N: 85070C) | |
| Tissue calibration date [MM/DD/YYYY] | 02/20/2014 | 02/25/2014 |
| Tissue calibrated by | Max Kee | Max Kee |
| Room temperature [°C] | 22.5 | 22.3 |
| Room humidity [%] | 25 | 14 |
| Simulated tissue temperature [°C] | 20.5 | 20.5 |
| Tissue calibration frequency [MHz] | 150 | 150 |
| Tissue Type | Brain | Muscle |
| Target conductivity [S/m] | 0.76 | 0.80 |
| Target dielectric constant | 52.3 | 61.9 |
| Composition (by weight) [%] | DI Water (39.0 %) Sugar (55.5%) Salt (5.5 %) HEC (0.25 %) Bactericide (0.92 %) | DI Water (50.0 %) Sugar (47.5 %) Salt (2.3 %) HEC (0.13 %) Bactericide (0.44 %) |
| Measured conductivity [S/m] | 0.78 (2.4%) | 0.77 (-3.4%) |
| Measured dielectric constant | 53.7 (2.7%) | 62.3 (0.7%) |
| Penetration depth (plane wave excitation) [mm] | 61.3 | 64.1 |

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9.3.1 150 MHz Brain Tissue

| Frequency [MHz] | Meas. after 5min | | | DI Water at 20°C | | | Init. Meas. | | |
|-----------------|------------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|
| | ϵ' | ϵ'' | σ [S/m] | ϵ' | ϵ'' | σ [S/m] | ϵ' | ϵ'' | σ [S/m] |
| 128.000 | 55.3262 | 106.3910 | 0.76 | 80.1762 | 0.5851 | 0.00 | 54.7703 | 101.0258 | 0.72 |
| 150.000 | 53.7145 | 93.2952 | 0.78 | 80.0951 | 0.7896 | 0.01 | 53.1708 | 88.1904 | 0.74 |
| 172.000 | 52.3379 | 83.9116 | 0.80 | 80.0507 | 0.8360 | 0.01 | 52.1719 | 78.8978 | 0.75 |

9.3.2 150 MHz Muscle Tissue

| Frequency [MHz] | Meas. after 5min | | | DI Water at 20°C | | | Init. Meas. | | |
|-----------------|------------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|
| | ϵ' | ϵ'' | σ [S/m] | ϵ' | ϵ'' | σ [S/m] | ϵ' | ϵ'' | σ [S/m] |
| 128.000 | 63.0867 | 105.5401 | 0.75 | 80.2121 | 0.6684 | 0.00 | 61.9107 | 111.2970 | 0.79 |
| 150.000 | 62.3316 | 92.5909 | 0.77 | 80.0365 | 0.6971 | 0.01 | 61.2655 | 96.7930 | 0.81 |
| 172.000 | 61.1616 | 82.8211 | 0.79 | 80.1732 | 0.7788 | 0.01 | 60.3931 | 86.0366 | 0.82 |

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10 SAR MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

10.1 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR SAR TEST

| Error Description | Uncertainty value | Prob. Dist. | Div. | (c _i) 1g | (c _i) 10g | Std. Unc. (1g) | Std. Unc. (10g) | (v _i) v _{eff} |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | ±5.5 % | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | ±5.5 % | ±5.5 % | ∞ |
| Axial Isotropy | ±4.7 % | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.7 | ±1.9 % | ±1.9 % | ∞ |
| HemispHerical Isotropy | ±9.6 % | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.7 | ±3.9 % | ±3.9 % | ∞ |
| Boundary Effects | ±1.0 % | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | ±0.6 % | ±0.6 % | ∞ |
| Linearity | ±4.7 % | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | ±2.7 % | ±2.7 % | ∞ |
| System Detection Limits | ±1.0 % | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | ±0.6 % | ±0.6 % | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | ±0.3 % | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | ±0.3 % | ±0.3 % | ∞ |
| Response Time | ±0.8 % | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | ±0.5 % | ±0.5 % | ∞ |
| Integration Time | ±2.6 % | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | ±1.5 % | ±1.5 % | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Noise | ±3.0 % | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | ±1.7 % | ±1.7 % | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Reflections | ±3.0 % | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | ±1.7 % | ±1.7 % | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | ±0.4 % | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | ±0.2 % | ±0.2 % | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning | ±2.9 % | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | ±1.7 % | ±1.7 % | ∞ |
| Max. SAR Eval. | ±1.0 % | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | ±0.6 % | ±0.6 % | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | ±2.9 % | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | ±2.9 % | ±2.9 % | 145 |
| Device Holder | ±3.6 % | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | ±3.6 % | ±3.6 % | 5 |
| Power Drift | ±5.0 % | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | ±2.9 % | ±2.9 % | ∞ |
| Phantom and Setup | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | ±4.0 % | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | ±2.3 % | ±2.3 % | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (target) | ±5.0 % | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | 0.43 | ±1.8 % | ±1.2 % | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (meas.) | ±2.5 % | N | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | ±1.6 % | ±1.1 % | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity (target) | ±5.0 % | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | 0.49 | ±1.7 % | ±1.4 % | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity (meas.) | ±2.5 % | N | 1 | 0.6 | 0.49 | ±1.5 % | ±1.2 % | ∞ |
| Combined Std. Uncertainty | | | | | | ±10.7 % | ±10.5 % | 387 |
| Expanded STD Uncertainty | | | | | | ±21.4 % | ±21.0 % | |

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Feb 26, 2014

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11 ADDITIONAL TEST INSTRUMENTS LIST

| Name | Type | Serial Number (SN) | Calibration Date (or Due Date) |
|---|-------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| Signal Generator(Marconi Instrument) | Model 2024 | 112255/164 | Due Date: June 06,2014 |
| Dipole Antenna | CLA150 | 4006 | Dec 03,2013 |
| Power Meter(HP) | HP 438A | 3008A06729 | Due Date: Mar 25, 2014 |
| Directional Coupler (narda) | Model 3020A | 35482 | N/A |
| Network Analyzer (HP) | 8753D | 3410A06430 | Due Date: Apr 24, 2014 |
| Wide Band Amplifier (Instrument for Industry) | Model 5300 | ----- | N/A |

12 PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

See Appendix 1.

13 VALIDATION DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

See Appendix 2.

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