



FCC SAR Test Report

FCC ID: TX2-RTL8852AE

Report No.	:	BTL-FCC SAR-2-2102C067
Equipment	:	11ax RTL8852AE Combo module
Model Name	:	RTL8852AE
Series Model		N/A
Brand Name	:	REALTEK
Applicant	:	Realtek Semiconductor Corp.
Address	:	No. 2, Innovation Road II, Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu 300, Taiwan
Date of Receipt	:	Feb. 23, 2021
Date of Test	:	Mar. 17, 2021 ~ Mar. 28, 2021
Issued Date	:	Apr. 20, 2021

The above equipment has been tested and found in compliance with the requirement of the above standards by BTL Inc.

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ACCREDITED

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Limitation

For the use of the authority's logo is limited unless the Test Standard(s)/Scope(s)/Item(s) mentioned in this test report is (are) included in the conformity assessment authorities acceptance respective. Please note that the measurement uncertainty is provided for informational purpose only and are not use in

Please note that the measurement uncertainty is provided for informational purpose only and are not use in determining the Pass/Fail results.



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REPORT ISSUED HISTORY

Report Version	Description	Issued Date
R00	Original Issue.	Mar. 29, 2021
R01	Updated the information of battery.	Apr. 13, 2021
R02	Modified the operation frequency of WiFi 5.6G, and updated the power of WiFi 5.6G.	Apr. 20, 2021



1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

1			
11ax RTL8852AE Combo module			
RTL8852AE			
N/A			
N/A			
Engineering Sample No	b.: DG20210224182, DG20210224183		
1# Brand: Lenovo Manufacturer / Model: Sunwoda / L20D4PD2 Rating: 15.44 Vdc, 3950mAh 2# Brand: Lenovo Manufacturer / Model: Celxpert / L20C4PD2 Rating: 15.44 Vdc, 3950mAh			
WLAN 2.4 GHz Band:	2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz		
RLAN 5 GHz Band:	5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz 5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz 5725 MHz ~ 5850 MHz		
Bluetooth:	2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz		
WLAN 2.4 GHz Band:	2412 MHz ~ 2472 MHz		
RLAN 5 GHz Band:	5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz		
Bluetooth:	2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz		
ANSI Std C95.1-1992 Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz - 300 GHz. (IEEE Std C95.1-1991) IEEE Std 1528-2013 Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques KDB616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02 KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02 KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 KDB865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02 KDB690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03			
	RTL8852AE N/A N/A Engineering Sample No 1# Brand: Lenovo Manufacturer / Mod Rating: 15.44 Vdc, 3 2# Brand: Lenovo Manufacturer / Mod Rating: 15.44 Vdc, 3 2# Brand: Lenovo Manufacturer / Mod Rating: 15.44 Vdc, 3 WLAN 2.4 GHz Band: Bluetooth: WLAN 2.4 GHz Band: Bluetooth: WLAN 2.4 GHz Band: Bluetooth: RLAN 5 GHz Band: Bluetooth: ANSI Std C95.1-1992 Electromagnetic Fields IEEE Std 1528-2013 R Specific Absorption Ra Devices: Measurement KDB616217 D04 SAR KDB447498 D01 Gene KDB248227 D01 SAR KDB865664 D02 SAR		

Note:

1. Implementation in the following platform

Product name: Notebook Computer

Brand name: Lenovo

Model name: ThinkBook 14p G2 ACH, 20YN, ThinkBook 14p G2 ACHxxxxxx, 20YNxxxxxx (The "x" in the model name can be 0 to 9, A to Z, a to z, "-" or blank, it represents different sales customer code, all models only name difference)



2. RF EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT

2.1 TEST FACILITY

The test facilities used to collect the test data in this report is SAR room at the location of No.3, Jinshagang 1st Road, ShiXia, Dalang Town, Dong Guan, China.523792

2.2 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Note: Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

2.3 WLAN ANTENNA INFORMATION

Ant.	Brand	Model	Туре	Frequency Range (MHz)	Gain (dBi)
		L01RF284-NB-H		2400-2500MHz	1.97
Ant S0	Luxshare		PIFA Antenna	5150-5350MHz	1.19
(Main Ant)	Luxshare			5470-5725MHz	0.66
				5725-5850MHz	-1.11
	Luxshare	L01RF283-NB-H	PIFA Antenna	2400-2500MHz	-2.30
Ant S1				5150-5350MHz	-1.00
(Aux Ant)				5470-5725MHz	-1.55
				5725-5850MHz	-2.42

Ant.	Brand	Model	Туре	Frequency Range (MHz)	Gain (dBi)
				2400-2500MHz	0.95
Ant S0			PIFA	5150-5350MHz	-0.75
(Main Ant)	INPAQ	MDA-LB-02-032	Antenna	5470-5725MHz	0.31
				5725-5850MHz	1.20
	INPAQ	MDA-LB-02-033	PIFA Antenna	2400-2500MHz	-1.33
Ant S1				5150-5350MHz	-1.05
(Aux Ant)				5470-5725MHz	0.37
				5725-5850MHz	1.18



2.4 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

Mode	Highest Reported Body SAR-1g (W/kg)
2.4G WLAN	0.082
5.2G WLAN	0.176
5.3G WLAN	0.167
5.6G WLAN	0.078
5.8G WLAN	0.062
Bluetooth	0.024

Note:

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population uncontrolled exposure limits according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI C95.1:1992/IEEE C95.1:1991, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

2.5 LABORATORY ENVIRONMENT

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25°C		
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%		
Ground system resistance	< 0.5Ω		
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.			



2.6 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Itom	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
Item	Equipment					
1	Data Acquisition Electronics	Speag	DAE4	1390	Nov. 06, 2020	1 Year
2	Data Acquisition Electronics	Speag	DAE4	1423	Dec. 11, 2020	1 Year
3	Data Acquisition Electronics	Speag	DAE4	420	Dec. 09, 2020	1 Year
4	E-field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3974	Dec. 18, 2020	1 Year
5	E-field Probe	Speag	ES3DV3	3162	May 09, 2020	1 Year
6	E-field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	7544	Oct. 29, 2020	1 Year
7	System Validation Dipole	Speag	D2450V2	919	Jun. 11, 2018	3 Years
8	System Validation Dipole	Speag	D5GHzV2	1160	Jun. 20, 2018	3 Years
9	ELI Phantom	Speag	ELI Phantom V5.0	1222	N/A	N/A
10	ELI Phantom	Speag	ELI Phantom V5.0	1128	N/A	N/A
11	Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W+	QA1333003	Dec. 29, 2020	1 Year
12	Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVE-8G+	520701341	Feb. 27, 2021	1 Year
13	DC Source metter	lteck	IT6154	0061041267682 01001	Jul. 25, 2020	1 Year
14	Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV7	103120	Jul. 25, 2020	1 Year
15	Vector Network Analyzer	Anritsu	MS46522B	1538101	Jul. 25, 2020	1 Year
16	Signal Generator	R&S	SMF100A	101214	Feb. 27, 2021	1 Year
17	Smart Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z21	102209	Feb. 27, 2021	1 Year
18	Dielectric Assessment Kit	Speag	DAK-3.5	1226	N/A	N/A
19	Directional Coupler	Woken	TS-PCC0M-05	107090019	Feb. 27, 2021	1 Year
20	Coupler	Woken	0110A05601O-10	COM5BNW1A2	Feb. 27, 2021	1 Year
21	Digital Themometer	LKM	DTM3000	3519	Jul. 02, 2020	1 Year

Note:

1. "N/A" denotes no model name, serial No. or calibration specified.

2. * The test equipment recalibrated between different test periods were within the valid period when the tests were performed.

3.

1) Per KDB865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three-year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual

interval in Appendix C.

a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;

b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;

c) The most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement;

d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.

2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a short block performed before measuring liquid parameters.



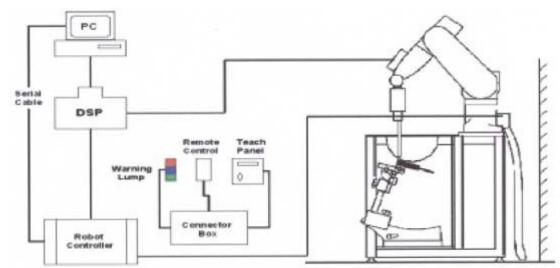
3. SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

3.1 SAR MEASUREMENT SET-UP

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- 1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- 2. A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- 3. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- 4. A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- 5. The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- 6. TheDASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows.
- 7. DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- 8. Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- 9. The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- 10. The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- 11. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- 12. System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

3.1.1 TEST SETUP LAYOUT





3.2 DASY5 E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 and ES3DV3 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

3.2.1 PROBE SPECIFICATION

EX3DV4

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity:± 0.2dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm

ES3DV3

L33DV3	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity:± 0.2dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 4 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm





E-field Probe



3.2.2 E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermostat-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: Δt =Exposure time (30 seconds),

C =Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle), Δ T=Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or SAR =
$$\frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where: σ = Simulated Tissue Conductivity, ρ =Tissue density (kg/m3).



3.2.3 OTHER TEST EQUIPMENT

3.2.3.1 Device Holder for Transmitters

Construction: Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.) It is light weight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI and SAM v6.0 Phantoms. **Material:** POM, Acrylic glass, Foam

3.2.3.2 Phantom

Model	ELI Phantom	
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Shell Thickness	2±0.1 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 600 mm; Width: 190mm Height: adjustable feet	
Aailable	Special	



3.2.4 SCANNING PROCEDURE

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1 mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within $\pm 30^{\circ}$.)

• Area Scan

The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The standard scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement. Standard grid spacing for head measurements is 15 mm in x- and y- dimension(≤ 2 GHz), 12 mm inx- and y- dimension (2-4 GHz) and 10mm in x- and y- dimension(4-6GHz). If a finer resolution is needed, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation.

Zoom Scan

A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. This is a fine grid with maximum scan spatial resolution: $\Delta xzoom$, $\Delta yzoom \leq 2GHz - \leq 8mm$, 2-4GHz - ≤ 5 mm and 4-6 GHz- $\leq 4mm$; $\Delta zzoom \leq 3GHz - \leq 5$ mm, 3-4 GHz- $\leq 4mm$ and 4-6GHz- $\leq 2mm$ where the robot additionally moves the probe along the z-axis away from the bottom of the Phantom. DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in Appendix B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see chapter 1.4.) are shown in table form in chapter 7.2.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 2 mm steps. This measurement shows the continuity of the liquid and can - depending in the field strength – also show the liquid depth.

The following table summarizes the area scan and zoom scan resolutions per FCC KDB 865664D01:

	Maximun Area	Maximun Zoom	Maximun Z	Minimum		
Frequency	Scan	Scan spatial	Uniform Grid Gra		ded Grad	zoom scan
Tequency	resolution (Δx _{area} , Δy _{area})	resolution (Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom})	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$ $\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)^*$		∆z _{zoom} (n>1)*	volume (x,y,z)
≤2GHz	≤15mm	≪8mm	≪5mm	≪4mm	≤1.5*Δz _{Zoom} (n-1)	≥30mm
2-3GHz	≤12mm	≪5mm	≪5mm	≪4mm	≤1.5*Δz _{Zoom} (n-1)	≥30mm
3-4GHz	≤12mm	≪5mm	≪4mm	≪3mm	≤1.5*Δz _{Zoom} (n-1)	≥28mm
4-5GHz	≤10mm	≪4mm	≪3mm	≤2.5mm	≤1.5*Δz _{Zoom} (n-1)	≥25mm
5-6GHz	≤10mm	≪4mm	≤2mm	≤2mm	≤1.5*Δz _{Zoom} (n-1)	≥22mm



3.2.5 SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of $5 \times 5 \times 7$ points (with 8mm horizontal resolution) or $7 \times 7 \times 7$ points (with 5mm horizontal resolution) or $8 \times 8 \times 7$ points (with 4mm horizontal resolution). The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting "Graph Evaluated".
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighboring volumes are evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computer mathematic, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computer mathematic, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY5 uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compensate boundary effects on E-field probes.



3.2.6 DATA STORAGE AND EVALUATION

3.2.6.1 Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension "DAE". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.



3.2.7 DATA EVALUATION BY SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	Sensitivity	Normi, aj0, aj1, aj2
	Conversion factor	ConvFj
	Diode compression point	Dcpi
Device parameters:	Frequency	f
	Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	Conductivity	
	Density	

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$\mathsf{V}_i = \mathsf{U}_i \ + \ \mathsf{U}_i^2 \ \cdot \ \mathsf{cf} \ / \ \mathsf{dcp}_i$$

With	V _i = compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	U _i = input signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	cf = crest factor of exciting field	(DASY parameter)
	dcpi = diode compression point	(DASY parameter)





From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated: E-field probes: $E_i = (V_i \ / \ Norm_i \cdot ConvF \)^{1/2}$ H-field probes: $H_i = (V_i \)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2 \) / f$ With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z) $[mV/(V/m)^2]$ for E-field Probes ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes f = carrier frequency [GHz] E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_X^2 + E_Y^2 + E_Z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

SAR =
$$(E_{tot})^2 \cdot \sigma / (\rho \cdot 1000)$$

With SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{pwe}} = \mathsf{E}_{\mathsf{tot}}^2 / 3770 \text{ or } \mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{pwe}} = \mathsf{H}_{\mathsf{tot}}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

With

P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm² E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m



4. SYSTEM VERIFICATION PROCEDURE

4.1 TISSUE VERIFICATION

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectic parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within \pm 5% of the target values.

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono- hexylether
Head 2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
Head 5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride; Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose; Water: De-ionized, 16M + resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose; DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether,[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol] Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

	Tissue Verification										
Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)	Targeted Conductivity (σ)	Targeted Permittivity (εr)	Deviation Conductivity (σ) (%)	Deviation Permittivity (εr) (%)	Date		
Head	2450	22.5	1.866	38.180	1.80	39.2	3.67	-2.60	Mar. 17, 2021		
Head	2450	22.2	1.813	38.426	1.80	39.2	0.72	-1.97	Mar. 28, 2021		
Head	5200	22.3	4.687	36.060	4.66	36.0	0.58	0.17	Mar. 19, 2021		
Head	5300	22.3	4.804	35.801	4.76	35.9	0.92	-0.28	Mar. 19, 2021		
Head	5500	22.3	5.035	35.302	4.96	35.6	1.51	-0.84	Mar. 19, 2021		
Head	5600	22.3	5.164	35.043	5.07	35.5	1.85	-1.29	Mar. 19, 2021		
Head	5800	22.3	5.410	34.547	5.27	35.3	2.66	-2.13	Mar. 19, 2021		

Note:

1)The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements. 2)KDB 865664 was ensured to be applied for probe calibration frequencies greater than or equal to 50MHz of the EUT frequencies.

3)The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software to perform interpolation via the DASY software to determine actual dielectric parameters at the test frequencies. The SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above since the DASY rounds to three significant digits.



4.2 SYSTEM CHECK

The system check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The system check is performed with tissue equivalent material according to IEEE P1528 (described above). The following table shows system check results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests.

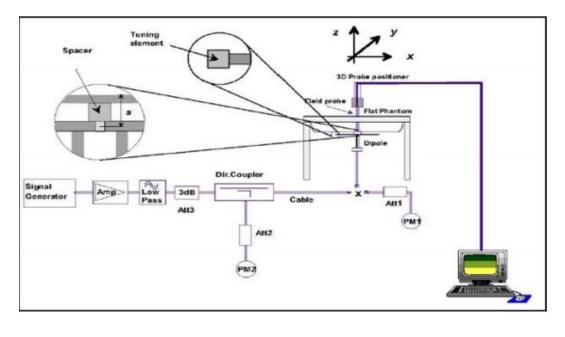
System Check	Date	Frequency (MHz)	Targeted SAR 1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	normalized SAR 1g (W/kg)	Deviation 1g (%)	Dipole S/N
Head	Mar. 17, 2021	2450	52.10	13.10	52.40	0.58	919
Head	Mar. 28, 2021	2450	52.10	12.38	49.52	-4.95	919
Head	Mar. 19, 2021	5200	75.30	7.51	75.10	-0.27	1160
Head	Mar. 19, 2021	5300	76.80	7.81	78.10	1.69	1160
Head	Mar. 19, 2021	5500	80.80	8.04	80.40	-0.50	1160
Head	Mar. 19, 2021	5600	78.60	8.04	80.40	2.29	1160
Head	Mar. 19, 2021	5800	77.90	7.86	78.60	0.90	1160

4.3 SYSTEM CHECK PROCEDURE

The system check is performed by using a system check dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a plexiglass spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 250 mW (below 3GHz) or 100mW (3-6GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used.

The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system check to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system check to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system (± 10 %).





5. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY AND UNCERTAINTY

5.1 SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.

3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is \ge 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).

4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is \geq 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

The detailed repeated measurement results are shown in section 7.2.



6. OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

6.1 SAR TEST CONFIGURATION

6.1.1 WIFI TEST CONFIGURATION

For WLAN / BT SAR testing, WLAN / BT engineering testing software installed on the DUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

2.4G

Mode	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n (HT20/40)	802.11ax (HE20/40)	BT / BLE				
Duty cycle		100%							
Crest factor	1								

5G

Mode	802.11a	802.11n (HT20/40)	802.11ac (VHT20/40/80)	802.11ax (HE20/40/80)					
Duty cycle		100%							
Crest factor		1							

For WiFi SAR testing, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WiFi mode test. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. The test procedures in KDB 248227 D01 are applied.

6.1.1.1 2.4G SAR Test Requirements

802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.

2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.

2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg.

SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, each stand alone. And frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.



6.1.1.2 5G SAR Test Requirements

U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Band

For devices that operate in both U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, when the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR.

U-NII-2C, U-NII-3 Bands

The frequency range covered by these bands is 380 MHz (5.47 - 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. When Terminal Doppler Weather Radar (TDWR) restriction applies, the channels at 5.60 - 5.65 GHz in U-NII-2C band must be disabled with acceptable mechanisms and documented in the equipment certification.

Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, they must be considered for SAR testing.

To maintain SAR measurement accuracy and to facilitate test reduction, the channels in U-NII-2C band above 5.65 GHz may be grouped with the 5.8 GHz channels in U-NII-3 or §15.247 band to enable two SAR probe calibration frequency points to cover the bands, including the band gap channels.11 When band gap channels are supported and the bands are not aggregated for SAR testing, band gap channels must be considered independently in each band according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurement and probe calibration frequency points requirements.

6.1.1.3 OFDM transmission mode and SAR test channel selection

For the 2.4GHz and 5GHz bands, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations (for example 802.11a, 802.11n and 802.11ac, or 802.11g and 802.11n, with the same channel bandwidth, modulation, and data rate, etc.), the lower order 802.11 mode (i.e.802.11a then 802.11n and 802.11ac, or 802.11g then 802.11n) is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power are the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

6.1.1.4 Initial test configuration procedure

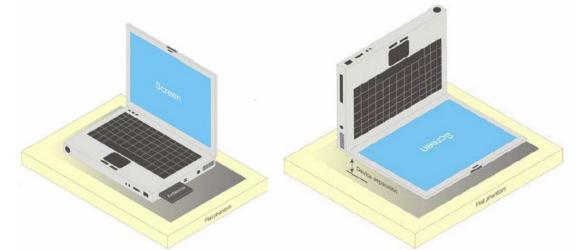
For OFDM, in both 2.4GHz and 5GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. If the average RF output powers of the highest average RF output powers is the initial test channel. Otherwise, the channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured. When there are multiple untested channels having the same subsequent highest average RF output power, the channel with higher frequency from the lowest 802.11 mode is considered for SAR measurement.



6.2 TEST POSITION

This DUT was tested in 2 different positions. They are back of keyboard and back of screen as illustrated below:



a) Portable computer with back of keyboard and back of screen.

SAR testing to ensure safety of bystanders or people other than the user is not specifically covered in the harmonized standards but it is a consideration for declaration of compliance to the Directive.

Therefore, the manufacturer is encouraged to ensure that the RF exposure and SAR assessments do cover the safety of all persons, during the normal intended use of the device. For example, this may apply to a device where normal intended use could locate the transmitting antenna at a safe distance from the user but a closer distance to other persons located or standing nearby.

Therefore, we tested the position at the back of the screen, which is bystander SAR. Since the integrated antenna is located at the back of the display screen, the test distance we tested is 25mm.



7. TEST RESULT

7.1 CONDUCTED POWER RESULTS

7.1.1 CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF BT

	Average Conducted Power(dBm)						
BT	Max.	CH0	CH39	CH78			
	Tune up	2402MHz	2441MHz	2480MHz			
DH5	12.50	10.86	11.15	11.78			
2DH5	12.50	10.68	11.03	11.55			
3DH5	12.50	10.65	10.97	11.46			

	Average Conducted Power(dBm)							
BT	Max.	CH0	CH19	CH39				
	Tune up	2402MHz	2441MHz	2480MHz				
BLE(1M)	12.50	10.65	11.03	11.50				
BLE(2M)	12.50	10.94	11.25	11.47				

Note:

The Average conducted power of BT is measured with RMS detector.
The tested channel results are marks in bold.



7.1.2 CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF WIFI 2.4G

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency	Data Rate	Max.	Average
Danu			(MHz)	(Mbps)	Tune up	Power(dBm)
		1	2412		15.00	14.92
		6	2437		15.00	14.81
	802.11b	11	2462	1	15.00	14.61
		12	2467		15.00	14.55
		13	2472		15.00	14.52
		1	2412		15.00	14.67
		6	2437		15.00	14.84
	802.11g	11	2462	6	15.00	14.71
		12	2467		15.00	14.60
		13	2472		15.00	14.58
		1	2412		15.00	14.81
		6	2437		15.00	14.65
	802.11n HT20	11	2462	MCS0	15.00	14.61
		12	2467		15.00	14.71
2.4G WIFI		13	2472		15.00	14.92
_1TX _ANT S1		3	2422		15.00	14.62
_ANT ST		6	2437		15.00	14.96
	802.11n HT40	9	2452	MCS0	15.00	14.89
		10	2457		15.00	14.85
		11	2462		15.00	14.89
		1	2412		15.00	14.54
		6	2437		15.00	14.76
	802.11ax HE20	11	2462	MCS0	15.00	14.71
		12	2467		15.00	14.52
		13	2472		15.00	14.60
		3	2422		15.00	14.52
		6	2437		15.00	14.69
	802.11ax HE40	9	2452	MCS0	15.00	14.66
		10	2457		15.00	14.76
		11	2462		15.00	14.55



Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency	Data Rate	Max.	Average
Banu	wode	Channel	(MHz)	(Mbps)	Tune up	Power(dBm)
		1	2412		15.00	14.87
		6	2437		15.00	14.94
	802.11b	11	2462	1	15.00	14.71
		12	2467		15.00	14.64
		13	2472		15.00	14.62
		1	2412		15.00	14.87
		6	2437		15.00	14.78
	802.11g	11	2462	6	15.00	14.50
		12	2467		15.00	14.83
		13	2472		15.00	14.91
		1	2412		15.00	14.78
		6	2437		15.00	14.84
	802.11n HT20	11	2462	MCS0	15.00	14.71
2.4G WIFI		12	2467		15.00	14.66
2.46 WIFI		13	2472		15.00	14.56
_11A _ANT S0		3	2422	MCS0	15.00	14.88
_ANT 50		6	2437		15.00	14.72
	802.11n HT40	9	2452		15.00	14.68
		10	2457		15.00	14.63
		11	2462		15.00	14.64
		1	2412		15.00	14.58
		6	2437		15.00	14.95
	802.11ax HE20	11	2462	MCS0	15.00	14.77
		12	2467		15.00	14.89
		13	2472		15.00	14.72
		3	2422		15.00	14.56
		6	2437		15.00	14.51
	802.11ax HE40	9	2452	MCS0	15.00	14.81
		10	2457		15.00	14.88
		11	2462		15.00	14.79



			Frequency	Data	ANTS0	ANT S1	Max.	Total
Band	Mode	Channel	(MHz)	Rate	Average	Average	Tune	Average
				(Mbps)	Power(dBm)	Power(dBm)	up	Power(dBm)
		1	2412		14.57	14.56	18.00	17.58
		7	2442		14.68	14.56	18.00	17.63
	802.11b	11	2462	1	14.76	14.58	18.00	17.68
		12	2467		14.69	14.67	18.00	17.69
		13	2472		14.59	14.59	18.00	17.60
		1	2422		14.67	14.59	18.00	17.64
		7	2442		14.79	14.56	18.00	17.69
	802.11g	11	2452	6	14.67	14.72	18.00	17.71
		12	2457		14.98	14.67	18.00	17.84
		13	2462		14.87	14.89	18.00	17.89
		1	2412	MCS8	14.59	14.68	18.00	17.65
	802.11n	7	2442		14.68	14.62	18.00	17.66
2.4G	HT20	11	2462		14.59	14.51	18.00	17.56
WIFI	1120	12	2467		14.57	14.69	18.00	17.64
_2TX		13	2472		14.67	14.68	18.00	17.69
_ANT		3	2422		14.68	14.67	18.00	17.69
_AN1 S0+S1	802.11n	6	2437		14.69	14.68	18.00	17.70
50+51	HT40	9	2452	MCS8	14.75	14.67	18.00	17.72
	11140	10	2457		14.59	14.59	18.00	17.60
		11	2462		14.53	14.59	18.00	17.57
		1	2412		14.60	14.49	18.00	17.56
	802.11ax	6	2437		14.59	14.51	18.00	17.56
	HE20	11	2462	MCS8	14.47	14.42	18.00	17.46
	11220	12	2467		14.51	14.62	18.00	17.58
		13	2472		14.49	14.30	18.00	17.41
		3	2422		14.34	14.34	18.00	17.35
	802.11ax	6	2437		14.34	14.15	18.00	17.26
	HE40	9	2452	MCS8	14.45	14.37	18.00	17.42
	11240	10	2457		14.12	14.02	18.00	17.08
		11	2462		14.00	14.26	18.00	17.14

Note:

1) The Average conducted power of WiFi 2.4G is measured with RMS detector.

2) Per KDB248227 D01, for WiFi 2.4G, the highest measured maximum output power Channel for DSSS modes (802.11b) was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4GHz 802.11g/n/ax) was not required When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM modes (802.11g/n/ax) to DSSS modes (802.11b) specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg.

3) The tested channel results are marks in bold.



7.1.3 CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF WIFI 5.2G

Dourd	Mada	Ohannal	Frequency	Data Rate	Max.	Average
Band	Mode	Channel	(MHz)	(Mbps)	Tune up	Power(dBm)
		36	5180		14.00	13.78
	802.11a	40	5200	6	14.00	13.85
	002.11d	44	5220	0	14.00	13.61
		48	5240		14.00	13.59
		36	5180		14.00	13.96
	802.11n HT20	40	5200	MCS0	14.00	13.54
	002.1111H120	44	5220	10030	14.00	13.51
		48	5240		14.00	13.94
	802.11n HT40	38	5190	MCS0	14.00	13.66
	о 02.1111 н 14 0	46	5230	WC30	14.00	13.63
5.2G WIFI		36	5180	- MCS0	14.00	13.96
5.26 WIFT	802.11ac VHT20	40	5200		14.00	13.91
_TTA _ANT S1	002.11ac VH120	44	5220		14.00	13.89
_ANT 51		48	5240		14.00	13.53
	802.11ac VHT40	38	5190	MCS0	14.00	13.59
	002.11ac V1140	46	5230	MCSU	14.00	13.56
	802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	MCS0	14.00	13.58
		36	5180		14.00	13.54
	802.11axHE20	40	5200	MCS0	14.00	13.53
	002. MAXHE20	44	5220	MCSU	14.00	13.58
		48	5240		14.00	13.63
		38	5190	MCS0	14.00	13.88
	802.11axHE40	46	5230		14.00	13.78
	802.11ax HE80	42	5210	MCS0	14.00	13.54



David	Maria	Ohannal	Frequency	Data Rate	Max.	Average
Band	Mode	Channel	(MHz)	(Mbps)	Tune up	Power(dBm)
		36	5180		14.00	13.71
	802.11a	40	5200	6	14.00	13.67
	002.11a	44	5220	0	14.00	13.85
		48	5240		14.00	13.67
		36	5180		14.00	13.67
	802.11n HT20	40	5200	MCS0	14.00	13.72
	002.1111H120	44	5220	10030	14.00	13.78
		48	5240		14.00	13.66
	802.11n HT40	38	5190	MCS0	14.00	13.33
	002.11111140	46	5230	WC30	14.00	13.12
5.2G WIFI		36	5180	MCS0	14.00	13.17
5.26 WIFT	802.11ac VHT20	40	5200		14.00	13.11
ANT S0	802.11ac VH120	44	5220		14.00	13.24
_ANT 50		48	5240		14.00	13.28
	802.11ac VHT40	38	5190	MCS0	14.00	13.33
	002.11ac V1140	46	5230	WC30	14.00	13.27
	802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	MCS0	14.00	13.56
		36	5180		14.00	13.79
	802.11axHE20	40	5200	MCS0	14.00	13.64
		44	5220	IVICOU	14.00	13.56
		48	5240		14.00	13.62
	802.11axHE40	38	5190	MCS0	14.00	13.06
		46	5230	IVIC OU	14.00	13.10
	802.11ax HE80	42	5210	MCS0	14.00	13.47



Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	ANT MAIN Average Power(dBm)	ANT AUX Average Power(dBm)	Max. Tune up	Total Average Power(dBm)
		36	5180		13.97	13.61	17.00	16.80
	000 44 -	40	5200		13.92	13.51	17.00	16.73
	802.11a	44	5220	6	13.56	13.59	17.00	16.59
		48	5240		13.78	13.54	17.00	16.67
		36	5180		13.89	13.75	17.00	16.83
	802.11n	40	5200	MCS8	13.59	13.57	17.00	16.59
	HT20	44	5220	101030	13.51	13.59	17.00	16.56
		48	5240		13.54	13.79	17.00	16.68
	802.11n	38	5190	MCS8	13.61	13.89	17.00	16.76
	HT40	46	5230		13.59	13.76	17.00	16.69
5.2G		36	5180		13.09	13.23	17.00	16.17
WIFI	802.11ac	40	5200	MCS8	12.89	13.13	17.00	16.02
_2TX	VHT20	44	5220	MOOO	13.03	12.97	17.00	16.01
		48	5240		12.84	12.89	17.00	15.88
	802.11ac	38	5190	MCS8	12.80	12.91	17.00	15.87
00.01	VHT40	46	5230	10000	13.46	13.42	17.00	16.45
	802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	MCS8	12.68	12.91	17.00	15.81
		36	5180		12.56	12.89	17.00	15.74
	802.11ax	40	5200	MCS8	12.68	12.98	17.00	15.84
	HE20	44	5220	WC30	12.26	12.67	17.00	15.48
		48	5240		12.68	13.01	17.00	15.86
	802.11ax	38	5190	MCS8	13.59	13.75	17.00	16.68
	HE40	46	5230	IVICOO	13.64	13.56	17.00	16.61
	802.11ax HE80	42	5210	MCS8	12.24	12.68	17.00	15.48

Note:

The Average conducted power of WiFi 5.2G is measured with RMS detector.
The tested channel results are marks in bold.



7.1.4 CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF WIFI 5.3G

Dand	Mada	Ohannal	Frequency	Data Rate	Max.	Average
Band	Mode	Channel	(MHz)	(Mbps)	Tune up	Power(dBm)
		52	5260		14.00	13.71
	802.11a	56	5280	6	14.00	13.78
	002.11d	60	5300		14.00	13.57
		64	5320		14.00	13.88
		52	5260		14.00	13.78
	802.11n HT20	56	5280	MCS0	14.00	13.82
	002.1111H120	60	5300	10030	14.00	13.79
		64	5320		14.00	13.63
	802.11n HT40	54	5270	MCS0	14.00	13.96
	002.1111 H140	62	5310	IVICSU	14.00	13.94
5.3G WIFI		52	5260	- MCS0	14.00	13.54
5.3G WIFI	802.11ac VHT20	56	5280		14.00	13.89
_TTA _ANT S1	002.11ac VH120	60	5300		14.00	13.76
_ANT 51		64	5320		14.00	13.66
	802.11ac VHT40	54	5270	MCS0	14.00	13.68
	002.11ac v1140	62	5310	MCSU	14.00	13.75
	802.11ac VHT80	58	5290	MCS0	14.00	13.68
		52	5260		14.00	13.70
	802.11ax HE20	56	5280	MCS0	14.00	13.52
	002.110X HE20	60	5300	MCSU	14.00	13.86
		64	5320		14.00	13.87
		54	5270	MCS0	14.00	13.83
	802.11ax HE40	62	5310	INICOU	14.00	13.71
	802.11ax HE80	58	5290	MCS0	14.00	13.63



Dand	Mada	Observal	Frequency	Data Rate	Max.	Average
Band	Mode	Channel	(MHz)	(Mbps)	Tune up	Power(dBm)
		52	5260		14.00	13.62
	802.11a	56	5280	6	14.00	13.56
	002.11d	60	5300	0	14.00	13.89
		64	5320		14.00	13.94
		52	5260		14.00	13.75
	802.11n HT20	56	5280	MCS0	14.00	13.67
	002.11111120	60	5300	WIC50	14.00	13.67
		64	5320		14.00	13.64
	802.11n HT40	54	5270	MCS0	14.00	13.12
	002.1111H140	62	5310	WC30	14.00	13.78
5.3G WIFI		52	5260	MCS0	14.00	13.08
1TX	802.11ac VHT20	56	5280		14.00	13.87
_TTA	802.11ac VH120	60	5300		14.00	13.79
_ART 50		64	5320		14.00	13.65
	802.11ac VHT40	54	5270	MCS0	14.00	13.29
	002.11ac V1140	62	5310	WC30	14.00	13.18
	802.11ac VHT80	58	5290	MCS0	14.00	13.73
		52	5260		14.00	13.67
	802.11ax HE20	56	5280	MCS0	14.00	13.60
	002.11ax HE20	60	5300	NIC30	14.00	13.49
		64	5320		14.00	13.34
		54	5270	MCS0	14.00	13.14
	802.11ax HE40	62	5310	NIC30	14.00	13.04
	802.11ax HE80	58	5290	MCS0	14.00	13.29



Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	ANT MAIN Average Power(dBm)	ANT AUX Average Power(dBm)	Max. Tune up	Total Average Power(dBm)
		52	5260		13.84	13.75	17.00	16.81
	000 44 -	56	5280		13.78	13.65	17.00	16.73
	802.11a	60	5300	6	13.67	13.64	17.00	16.67
		64	5320		13.85	13.74	17.00	16.81
		52	5260		13.68	13.68	17.00	16.69
	802.11n	56	5280	MCS8	13.56	13.56	17.00	16.57
	HT20	60	5300	101030	13.59	13.59	17.00	16.60
		64	5320		13.49	13.79	17.00	16.65
	802.11n	54	5270	MCS8	13.58	13.67	17.00	16.64
	HT40	62	5310		13.68	13.49	17.00	16.60
5.3G		52	5260		13.37	13.60	17.00	16.50
WIFI	802.11ac	56	5280	MCS8	13.40	13.46	17.00	16.44
_2TX	VHT20	60	5300	MCCO	12.95	13.23	17.00	16.10
_21A		64	5320		13.23	13.31	17.00	16.28
	802.11ac	54	5270	MCS8	13.08	13.13	17.00	16.12
00.01	VHT40	62	5310	10000	13.70	13.82	17.00	16.77
	802.11ac VHT80	58	5290	MCS8	13.08	13.35	17.00	16.23
		52	5260		13.35	13.69	17.00	16.53
	802.11ax	56	5280	MCS8	12.95	13.32	17.00	16.15
	HE20	60	5300	111030	13.23	13.36	17.00	16.31
		64	5320		12.93	13.38	17.00	16.17
	802.11ax	54	5270	MCS8	13.83	13.46	17.00	16.66
	HE40	62	5310	IVICSO	13.91	13.59	17.00	16.76
	802.11ax HE80	58	5290	MCS8	13.01	13.23	17.00	16.13

Note:

The Average conducted power of WiFi 5.3G is measured with RMS detector.
The tested channel results are marks in bold.



7.1.5 CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF WIFI 5.6G

David		Observat	Frequency	Data Rate	Max.	Average
Band	Mode	Channel	(MHz)	(Mbps)	Tune up	Power(dBm)
		100	5500		14.00	13.65
		104	5520		14.00	13.90
		108	5540		14.00	13.84
		112	5560		14.00	13.82
	802.11a	116	5580	6	14.00	13.76
		132	5660		14.00	13.74
		136	5680		14.00	13.94
		140	5700		14.00	13.89
		144	5720		14.00	13.73
		100	5500		14.00	13.58
		104	5520		14.00	13.61
		108	5540		14.00	13.63
	802.11n HT20	112	5560		14.00	13.68
		116	5580	MCS0	14.00	13.65
		132	5660		14.00	13.57
5.6G WIFI		136	5680		14.00	13.92
_1TX		140	5700	-	14.00	13.72
_ANT S1		144	5720		14.00	13.57
		102	5510		14.00	13.61
		110	5550		14.00	13.58
	802.11n HT40	118	5590	MCS0	14.00	13.52
	002.11111140	126	5630	Mooo	14.00	13.87
		134	5670		14.00	13.79
		142	5710		14.00	13.68
		100	5500		14.00	13.89
		104	5520		14.00	13.87
		108	5540		14.00	13.86
		112	5560		14.00	13.90
	802.11ac VHT20	116	5580	MCS0	14.00	13.84
		132	5660		14.00	13.67
		136	5680		14.00	13.72
		140	5700		14.00	13.66
		144	5720		14.00	13.49





Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Max. Tune up	Average Power(dBm)
		102	5510		14.00	13.62
		110	5550		14.00	13.85
	802.11ac VHT40	118	5590	MCS0	14.00	13.79
	802.11ac VH140	126	5630	IVIC30	14.00	13.71
		134	5670		14.00	13.52
		142	5710		14.00	13.43
	802.11ac VHT80	106	5530	MCS0	14.00	13.58
	002.11ac VH100	122	5610	IVIC30	14.00	13.87
	802.11ax HE20	100	5500		14.00	13.87
		104	5520	MCS0	14.00	13.76
		108	5540		14.00	13.81
5.6G WIFI		112	5560		14.00	13.77
_1TX		116	5580		14.00	13.79
_ANT S1		132	5660		14.00	13.67
		136	5680		14.00	13.68
		140	5700		14.00	13.62
		144	5720		14.00	13.56
		102	5510		14.00	13.79
		110	5550		14.00	13.79
	802.11ax HE40	118	5590	MCS0	14.00	13.84
	002.11dX HE40	126	5630	INICOU	14.00	13.88
		134	5670		14.00	13.65
		142	5710		14.00	13.53
	802.11ax HE80	106	5530	MCS0	14.00	13.68
		122	5610	NICOU	14.00	13.59



Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency	Data Rate	Max.	Average
Band	wode	Channel	(MHz)	(Mbps)	Tune up	Power(dBm)
		100	5500		14.00	13.84
		104	5520		14.00	13.58
		108	5540		14.00	13.72
		112	5560		14.00	13.61
	802.11a	116	5580	6	14.00	13.69
		132	5660		14.00	13.80
		136	5680		14.00	13.91
		140	5700		14.00	13.66
		144	5720		14.00	13.74
		100	5500		14.00	13.62
		104	5520		14.00	13.78
		108	5540		14.00	13.65
	900 44a UT20	112	5560		14.00	13.70
	802.11n HT20	116	5580	MCS0	14.00	13.74
		132	5660		14.00	13.56
5.6G WIFI		136	5680		14.00	13.59
_1TX		140	5700		14.00	13.32
_ANT S0		144	5720		14.00	13.29
		102	5510		14.00	13.67
		110	5550		14.00	13.70
	802.11n HT40	118	5590	MCS0	14.00	13.78
	002.1111H140	126	5630	10030	14.00	13.71
		134	5670		14.00	13.61
		142	5710		14.00	13.55
		100	5500		14.00	13.58
		104	5520		14.00	13.71
		108	5540		14.00	13.68
		112	5560		14.00	13.74
	802.11ac VHT20	116	5580	MCS0	14.00	13.86
		132	5660		14.00	13.62
		136	5680		14.00	13.45
		140	5700		14.00	13.52
		144	5720		14.00	13.58





Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Max. Tune up	Average Power(dBm)
		102	5510		14.00	13.77
		110	5550		14.00	13.90
		118	5590	MCCO	14.00	13.83
	802.11ac VHT40	126	5630	MCS0	14.00	13.76
		134	5670	-	14.00	13.61
		142	5710		14.00	13.53
	802.11ac VHT80	106	5530	MCS0	14.00	13.62
	002.11ac VH100	122	5610	IVIC30	14.00	13.71
		100	5500		14.00	13.20
		104	5520		14.00	13.41
		108	5540	MCS0	14.00	13.50
5.6G WIFI		112	5560		14.00	13.47
_1TX	802.11ax HE20	116	5580		14.00	13.44
_ANT S0		132	5660		14.00	13.29
		136	5680		14.00	13.25
		140	5700		14.00	13.11
		144	5720		14.00	13.35
		102	5510		14.00	13.54
		110	5550		14.00	13.67
	802.11ax HE40	118	5590	MCS0	14.00	13.72
	002. HAX HE40	126	5630	WICOU	14.00	13.60
		134	5670		14.00	13.55
		142	5710		14.00	13.42
	802.11ax HE80	106	5530	MCS0	14.00	13.64
	002. HAX HEOU	122	5610	WC30	14.00	13.60



Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	ANT MAIN Average Power(dBm)	ANT MAIN Average Power(dBm)	Max. Tune up	Total Average Power(dBm)																										
		100	5500	(13.95	13.75	17.00	16.86																										
		100	5520		13.95	13.89	17.00	16.92																										
		104	5540		13.85	13.67	17.00	16.92																										
		108	5560		13.61	13.56	17.00	16.60																										
	802.11a	112	5580	6	13.87	13.91	17.00	16.60																										
	002.118	132	5660	0	13.79	13.91	17.00	16.69																										
		132	5680		13.84	13.67	17.00	16.77																										
		140	5700		13.64	13.81	17.00	16.76																										
		140	5720		13.49	13.81	17.00	16.68																										
		144	5500		13.49	13.59	17.00	16.54																										
		100	5520		13.46	13.67	17.00	16.54																										
		104	5540		13.55	13.89	17.00	16.52																										
		108	5560					16.74																										
	802.11n	112	5580	MCS8	13.79 13.89	13.67 13.49	17.00 17.00	16.74																										
	HT20			MC58																														
5.6G		132	5660 5680		13.38	13.57	17.00 17.00	16.49 16.77																										
WIFI		136		-	13.67	13.84																												
_2TX		140	5700						13.59	13.67	17.00	16.64																						
_ANT S0+S1		144 102	5720																															
30731			5510		13.56	13.97	17.00	16.78																										
	000.44	110	5550		13.29	13.78	17.00	16.55																										
	802.11n	118	5590	MCS8	13.67	13.84	17.00	16.77																										
	HT40	126	5630		13.87	13.67	17.00	16.78																										
		134	5670		13.54	13.89	17.00	16.73																										
		142	5710		13.48	13.85	17.00	16.68																										
		100	5500		13.79	13.89	17.00	16.85																										
		104	5520		13.68	13.82	17.00	16.76																										
		108	5540		13.54	13.68	17.00	16.62																										
	802.11ac	112	5560		13.64	13.59	17.00	16.63																										
	VHT20	116	5580	MCS8	13.89	13.67	17.00	16.79																										
		132	5660		13.15	13.56	17.00	16.37																										
		136	5680		13.26	13.56	17.00	16.42																										
		140	5700		13.54	13.66	17.00	16.61																										
		144	5720		13.62	13.71	17.00	16.68																										



Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	ANT MAIN Average Power(dBm)	ANT MAIN Average Power(dBm)	Max. Tune up	Total Average Power(dBm)			
		102	5510		13.78	13.56	17.00	16.68			
		110	5550		13.76	13.64	17.00	16.71			
	802.11ac	118	5590	MCS8	13.16	13.34	17.00	16.26			
	VHT40	126	5630	MC58	13.34	13.46	17.00	16.41			
		134	5670					13.23	13.31	17.00	16.28
		142	5710		13.25	13.43	17.00	16.35			
	802.11ac	106	5530	MCS8	12.56	12.67	17.00	15.63			
	VHT80	122	5610	MC30	12.34	12.45	17.00	15.41			
		100	5500		13.43	13.68	17.00	16.57			
		104	5520		13.53	13.57	17.00	16.56			
5.6G		108	5540		13.24	13.45	17.00	16.36			
WIFI	802.11ax	112	5560		13.15	13.53	17.00	16.35			
_2TX	HE20	116	5580	MCS8	13.31	13.43	17.00	16.38			
_ANT	HE20	132	5660		13.13	13.42	17.00	16.29			
S0+S1		136	5680		12.73	13.23	17.00	16.00			
		140	5700		12.91	13.43	17.00	16.19			
		144	5720		13.05	13.47	17.00	16.28			
		102	5510		13.79	13.91	17.00	16.86			
		110	5550		13.89	13.76	17.00	16.84			
	802.11ax	118	5590	MCS8	13.79	13.82	17.00	16.82			
	HE40	126	5630	10000	13.57	13.84	17.00	16.72			
		134	5670		13.67	13.76	17.00	16.73			
		142	5710		13.57	13.69	17.00	16.64			
	802.11ax	106	5530	MCS8	12.55	13.16	17.00	15.88			
	HE80	122	5610	IVICOO	12.60	13.07	17.00	15.85			

Note:

The Average conducted power of WiFi 5.6G is measured with RMS detector.
The tested channel results are marks in bold.



7.1.6 CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF WIFI 5.8G

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency	Data Rate	Max.	Average
Danu	wode	Channel	(MHz)	(Mbps)	Tune up	Power(dBm)
		149	5745		14.00	13.78
		153	5765		14.00	13.67
	802.11a	157	5785	6	14.00	13.97
		161	5805		14.00	13.80
		165	5825		14.00	13.89
		149	5745		14.00	13.60
		153	5765		14.00	13.89
	802.11n HT20	157	5785	MCS0	14.00	13.61
		161	5805		14.00	13.59
	802.11n HT40	165	5825		14.00	13.71
		151	5755	MCCO	14.00	13.87
		159	5795	MCS0	14.00	13.76
		149	5745		14.00	13.53
5.8G WIFI		153	5765		14.00	13.81
_1TX	802.11ac VHT20	157	5785	MCS0	14.00	13.56
_ANT S1		161	5805		14.00	13.67
		165	5825		14.00	13.92
		151	5755	MCCO	14.00	13.51
	802.11ac VHT40	159	5795	MCS0	14.00	13.93
	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	MCS0	14.00	13.67
		149	5745		14.00	13.73
		153	5765		14.00	13.91
	802.11ax HE20	157	5785	MCS0	14.00	13.84
	-	161	5805		14.00	13.65
		165	5825		14.00	13.61
		151	5755		14.00	13.87
	802.11ax HE40	159	5795	MCS0	14.00	13.58
	802.11ax HE80	155	5775	MCS0	14.00	13.53



Dand	Mada	Ohannal	Frequency	Data Rate	Max.	Average
Band	Mode	Channel	(MHz)	(Mbps)	Tune up	Power(dBm)
		149	5745		14.00	13.98
		153	5765		14.00	13.72
	802.11a	157	5785	6	14.00	13.87
		161	5805		14.00	13.97
		165	5825		14.00	13.91
		149	5745		14.00	13.43
		153	5765		14.00	13.64
	802.11n HT20	157	5785	MCS0	14.00	13.88
		161	5805		14.00	13.44
		165	5825		14.00	13.51
	802.11n HT40	151	5755	MCS0	14.00	13.21
		159	5795	IVIC30	14.00	13.54
		149	5745		14.00	13.91
5.8G WIFI		153	5765		14.00	13.07
_1TX ANT S0	802.11ac VHT20	157	5785	MCS0	14.00	13.26
_ANT 50		161	5805		14.00	13.53
		165	5825		14.00	13.72
	802.11ac VHT40	151	5755	MCS0	14.00	13.24
	002.11ac v1140	159	5795	WC30	14.00	13.56
	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	MCS0	14.00	13.53
		149	5745		14.00	13.80
		153	5765		14.00	13.07
	802.11ax HE20	157	5785	MCS0	14.00	13.12
		161	5805		14.00	13.38
		165	5825		14.00	13.46
	902 44 84 115 40	151	5755	MCCO	14.00	13.24
	802.11ax HE40	159	5795	MCS0	14.00	13.51
	802.11ax HE80	155	5775	MCS0	14.00	13.74



Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	ANT MAIN Average Power(dBm)	ANT MAIN Average Power(dBm)	Max. Tune up	Total Average Power(dBm)						
		149	5745		13.50	13.64	17.00	16.58						
		153	5765		13.67	13.59	17.00	16.64						
	802.11a	157	5785	6	13.76	13.89	17.00	16.84						
		161	51 5805		13.57	13.67	17.00	16.63						
		165	5825		13.68	13.87	17.00	16.79						
		149	5745		13.67	13.89	17.00	16.79						
	802.11n	153	5765		13.67	13.67	17.00	16.68						
	HT20	157	5785	MCS8	13.32	13.48	17.00	16.41						
	11120	161	5805		13.49	13.49	17.00	16.50						
		165	5825		13.67	13.67	17.00	16.68						
	802.11n 151 5755	MCS8	13.51	13.87	17.00	16.70								
	HT40	159	5795	10000	13.57	13.69	17.00	16.64						
5.8G		149 5745		13.67	13.59	17.00	16.64							
WIFI	802.11ac	153	5765		13.54	13.06	17.00	16.32						
2TX	VHT20	157	5785	MCS8	13.98	13.69	17.00	16.85						
ANT	VIII20	161	5805					_	_		13.26	13.54	17.00	16.41
_Citi S0+S1		165	5825		13.21	13.53	17.00	16.38						
00101	802.11ac	151	5755	MCS8	13.18	13.78	17.00	16.50						
	VHT40	159	5795	10000	13.26	13.56	17.00	16.42						
	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	MCS8	11.96	12.56	17.00	15.28						
		149	5745		13.35	13.75	17.00	16.56						
	000 11 ov	153	5765		13.17	13.62	17.00	16.41						
	802.11ax HE20	157	5785	MCS8	13.23	13.79	17.00	16.53						
	HE20	161	5805		13.28	13.81	17.00	16.56						
		165	5825		13.34	13.67	17.00	16.52						
	802.11ax	151	5755	MCS8	13.72	13.72	17.00	16.73						
	HE40	159	5795	10030	13.59	13.86	17.00	16.74						
	802.11ax HE80	155	5775	MCS8	12.92	13.39	17.00	16.17						

Note:

The Average conducted power of WiFi 5.8G is measured with RMS detector.
The tested channel results are marks in bold.



7.2 SAR TEST RESULTS

General Notes:

1) Per KDB447498 D01, all measurement SAR results are scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to demonstrate compliant.

2) Per KDB447498 D01, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is: ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

3) Per KDB865664 D01, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is \geq 0.8W/kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is \leq 20%, and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.

4) Per KDB941225 D06, the DUT Dimension is bigger than 9 cm x 5 cm, so 10mm is chosen as the test separation distance for Hotspot mode. When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.

5) Per KDB648474 D04, SAR is evaluated without a headset connected to the device. When the standalone reported body-worn SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset are required.

6) Per KDB865664 D02, SAR plot is only required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination; Plots are also required when the measured SAR is > 1.5 W/kg, or > 7.0 W/kg for occupational exposure. The published RF exposure KDB procedures may require additional plots; for example, to support SAR to peak location separation ratio test exclusion and/or volume scan post-processing.

WLAN Notes:

1) For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all positions in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.

2) Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 for 2.4GHZ WIFI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power Channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4GHz 802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR. See Section7.1 for more information.

3) Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 for 5GHZ WIFI single transmission chain operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed power. Other transmission modes were not investigated since the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ratio of maximum output powers is less than 1.2W/kg. See Section 7.1 for more information.



7.2.1 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT

1. SAR Measurement Result of 2.4G WiFi

Test No.	Band	Channel	LOCT	Separation Distance (cm)	Ant	Ant Vendor	Data Rate	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	SAR 10g (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR
W01	802.11b	6	Back of Screen	2.5	S0	Luxshare	1	15	14.94	0	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
W02	802.11b	6	Back of Keyboard	0	S0	Luxshare	1	15	14.94	0	0.050	0.026	0.051
W03	802.11b	1	Back of Keyboard	0	S0	Luxshare	1	15	14.87	0	0.034	0.018	0.035
W04	802.11b	11	Back of Keyboard	0	S0	Luxshare	1	15	14.71	0	0.043	0.022	0.046
W05	802.11b	11	Back of Keyboard	0	S0	INPAQ	1	15	14.71	0	0.045	0.021	0.048
W07	802.11b	1	Back of Screen	2.5	S1	Luxshare	1	15	14.92	0	0.005	0.003	0.005
W08	802.11b	1	Back of Keyboard	0	S1	Luxshare	1	15	14.92	0.09	0.081	0.041	0.082
W09	802.11b	6	Back of Keyboard	0	S1	Luxshare	1	15	14.81	0	0.048	0.026	0.050
W10	802.11b	11	Back of Keyboard	0	S1	Luxshare	1	15	14.61	0	0.071	0.038	0.078
W11	802.11b	1	Back of Keyboard	0	S1	INPAQ	1	15	14.92	0	0.079	0.039	0.080

Note: The value with boldface is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. SAR Measurement Result of BT

Test No.	Band	Channel	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ant	Ant Vendor	Data Rate	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	SAR 10g (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR
B01	BT DH5	39	Back of Screen	2.5	S1	Luxshare	1	12.5	11.15	0	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
B02	BT DH5	39	Back of Keyboard	0	S1	Luxshare	1	12.5	11.15	0	0.013	0.005	0.017
B03	BT DH5	0	Back of Keyboard	0	S1	Luxshare	1	12.5	10.86	0	0.010	0.004	0.015
B04	BT DH5	78	Back of Keyboard	0	S1	Luxshare	1	12.5	11.78	0	0.012	0.005	0.014
B05	BT DH5	39	Back of Keyboard	0	S1	INPAQ	1	12.5	11.15	0	0.011	0.004	0.014
B06	BT BLE	19	Back of Screen	2.5	S1	Luxshare	1	12.5	11.03	0	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
B07	BT BLE	19	Back of Keyboard	0	S1	Luxshare	1	12.5	11.03	0	0.017	0.008	0.024
B08	BT BLE	0	Back of Keyboard	0	S1	Luxshare	1	12.5	10.65	0	0.014	0.007	0.022
B09	BT BLE	39	Back of Keyboard	0	S1	Luxshare	1	12.5	11.5	0	0.014	0.006	0.017
B10	BT BLE	19	Back of Keyboard	0	S1	INPAQ	1	12.5	11.03	0	0.016	0.008	0.023

Note: The value with boldface is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.



3. SA	R Measurer	nent Res	sult of 5G Wil	=i									
Test No.	Band	Channel	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ant	Ant Vendor	Data Rate	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	SAR 10g (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR
W19	802.11ac VHT80	42	Back of Screen	2.5	S0	Luxshare	MCS0	14	13.56	0	0.159	0.065	0.176
W20	802.11ac VHT80	42	Back of Keyboard	0	S0	Luxshare	MCS0	14	13.56	0	0.136	0.046	0.151
W23	802.11ac VHT80	42	Back of Screen	2.5	S0	INPAQ	MCS0	14	13.56	0	0.151	0.064	0.167
W25	802.11ac VHT80	42	Back of Screen	2.5	S1	Luxshare	MCS0	14	13.58	0	0.075	0.032	0.083
W26	802.11ac VHT80	42	Back of Keyboard	0	S1	Luxshare	MCS0	14	13.58	0	0.126	0.042	0.139
W29	802.11ac VHT80	42	Back of Screen	0	S1	INPAQ	MCS0	14	13.58	0	0.112	0.034	0.123
W31	802.11ac VHT80	58	Back of Screen	2.5	S0	Luxshare	MCS0	14	13.73	0	0.157	0.059	0.167
W32	802.11ac VHT80	58	Back of Keyboard	0	S0	Luxshare	MCS0	14	13.73	0	0.151	0.048	0.161
W35	802.11ac VHT80	58	Back of Screen	2.5	S0	INPAQ	MCS0	14	13.73	0	0.153	0.057	0.163
W37	802.11ac VHT80	58	Back of Screen	2.5	S1	Luxshare	MCS0	14	13.68	0	0.086	0.032	0.093
W38	802.11ac VHT80	58	Back of Keyboard	0	S1	Luxshare	MCS0	14	13.68	0	0.092	0.030	0.099
W41	802.11ac VHT80	58	Back of Screen	0	S1	INPAQ	MCS0	14	13.68	0	0.090	0.029	0.096
W43	802.11ac VHT80	122	Back of Screen	2.5	S0	Luxshare	MCS0	14	13.71	0	0.062	0.026	0.066
W44	802.11ac VHT80	122	Back of Keyboard	0	S0	Luxshare	MCS0	14	13.71	0	0.073	0.026	0.078
W45	802.11ac VHT80	106	Back of Keyboard	0	S0	Luxshare	MCS0	14	13.62	0	0.061	0.021	0.067
W46	802.11ac VHT80	122	Back of Keyboard	0	S0	INPAQ	MCS0	14	13.71	0	0.070	0.025	0.075
W48	802.11ac VHT80	122	Back of Screen	2.5	S1	Luxshare	MCS0	14	13.87	0	0.038	0.016	0.039
W49	802.11ac VHT80	122	Back of Keyboard	0	S1	Luxshare	MCS0	14	13.87	0	0.066	0.023	0.068
W50	802.11ac VHT80	106	Back of Keyboard	0	S1	Luxshare	MCS0	14	13.58	0	0.058	0.018	0.064
W51	802.11ac VHT80	122	Back of Keyboard	0	S1	INPAQ	MCS0	14	13.87	0	0.059	0.020	0.061
W53	802.11ac VHT80	155	Back of Screen	2.5	S0	Luxshare	MCS0	14	13.53	0	0.044	0.017	0.049
W54	802.11ac VHT80	155	Back of Keyboard	0	S0	Luxshare	MCS0	14	13.53	0	0.056	0.020	0.062
W55	802.11ac VHT80	155	Back of Keyboard	0	S0	INPAQ	MCS0	14	13.53	0	0.049	0.018	0.055
W57	802.11ac VHT80	155	Back of Screen	2.5	S1	Luxshare	MCS0	14	13.67	0	0.031	0.011	0.033
W58	802.11ac VHT80	155	Back of Keyboard	0	S1	Luxshare	MCS0	14	13.67	0	0.048	0.016	0.052
W59	802.11ac VHT80	155	Back of Keyboard	0	S1	INPAQ	MCS0	14	13.67	0	0.042	0.014	0.045

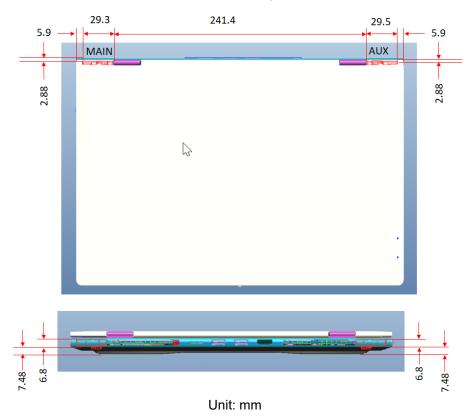
Note: The value with boldface is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.



7.3 MULTIPLE TRANSMITTER EVALUATION

The following tables list information which is relevant for the decision if a simultaneous transmit evaluation is necessary according to FCC KDB 447498D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06.

The location of the antennas inside the EUT is shown as below picture:



7.3.1 STAND-ALONE SAR TEST EXCLUSION

Per FCC KDB 447498D01, SAR compliance for simultaneous transmission must be considered when the maximum duration of overlapping transmissions, including network hand-offs, is greater than 30 seconds. This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis.

No.	Configuration	Body
1	WLAN 2.4G Ant S0 + WLAN 2.4G Ant S1	Yes
2	WLAN 5.2G Ant S0 + WLAN 5.2G Ant S1	Yes
3	WLAN 5.3G Ant S0 + WLAN 5.3G Ant S1	Yes
4	WLAN 5.6G Ant S0 + WLAN 5.6G Ant S1	Yes
5	WLAN 5.8G Ant S0 + WLAN 5.8G Ant S1	Yes
6	BT Ant S1 + WLAN 2.4G Ant S0	Yes
7	BT Ant S1 + WLAN 5.2G Ant S0	Yes
8	BT Ant S1 + WLAN 5.3G Ant S0	Yes
9	BT Ant S1 + WLAN 5.6G Ant S0	Yes
10	BT Ant S1 + WLAN 5.8G Ant S0	Yes

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities of this device are as below:

Note: Only the Ant S1 supports BT function.



7.3.2 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION CONDITIONS

About WIFI and Bluetooth transmit simultaneously

Band	Position	Back of Screen	Back of Keyboard	
	2.4G WLAN	<0.001	0.051	
	5.2G WLAN	0.176	0.151	
ANT S0	5.3G WLAN	0.167	0.161	
	5.6G WLAN	0.066	0.078	
	5.8G WLAN	0.049	0.062	
	2.4G WLAN	0.005	0.082	
	5.2G WLAN	0.083	0.139	
ANT S1	5.3G WLAN	0.093	0.099	
ANTST	5.6G WLAN	0.039	0.068	
	5.8G WLAN	0.033	0.052	
	Bluetooth	<0.001	0.024	
MAX	∑SAR₁g	0.260	0.290	

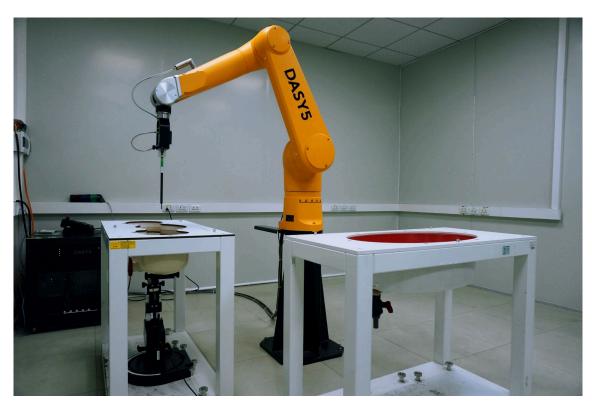
Note: Thus SAR_{MAX.total} = 0.290 W/kg < 1.6 W/kg, it is compliant with 1999/519/EC, so Simultaneous SAR are not required for WIFI and Bluetooth antenna.



APPENDIX

1. TEST LAYOUT

Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout



Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (≥15cm depth) HSL_2300MHz-2700MHz_15.3cm HSL_5GHz_15.7cm





Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

(PIs See 2102C067-2-FCC SAR_WLAN Module_abgn for RTL8852AE_Appendix A.)

Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

(PIs See 2102C067-2-FCC SAR_WLAN Module_abgn for RTL8852AE_Appendix B.)

Appendix C. Calibration Certificate

(PIs See 2102C067-2-FCC SAR_WLAN Module_abgn for RTL8852AE_Appendix C.)

Appendix D. Photographs of the Test Set-Up

(PIs See 2102C067-2-FCC SAR_WLAN Module_abgn for RTL8852AE_Appendix D.)

End of Test Report