



The SAR system verification must be required that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR.

Band	Position	Area scan (1g)	Zoom scan (1g)	Drift (%)
835	Head	2.41	2.45	-1.63
835	Body	2.36	2.32	1.72
1900	Head	9.95	9.82	1.32
1900	Body	10.1	10.0	1.00

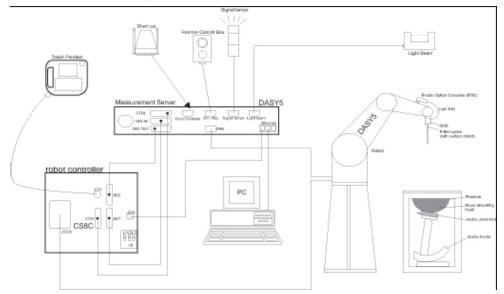
Table B.1 Comparison between area scan and zoom scan for system verification



ANNEX C SAR Measurement Setup

C.1 Measurement Set-up

The Dasy4 or DASY5 system for performing compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:



Picture C.1 SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY4 or DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as
- warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



C.2 Dasy4 or DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 or DASY5 software reads the reflection durning a software approach and looks for the maximum using 2nd ord curve fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

Probe Specifications:

riese epeeme	
Model:	ES3DV3, EX3DV4
Frequency	10MHz — 6.0GHz(EX3DV4)
Range:	10MHz — 4GHz(ES3DV3)
Calibration:	In head and body simulating tissue at
	Frequencies from 835 up to 5800MHz
Linearity:	± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 6 GHz) for EX3DV4
	± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 4 GHz) for ES3DV3
Dynamic Range:	10 mW/kg — 100W/kg
Probe Length:	330 mm
Probe Tip	
Length:	20 mm
Body Diameter:	12 mm
Tip Diameter:	2.5 mm (3.9 mm for ES3DV3)
Tip-Center:	1 mm (2.0mm for ES3DV3)
Application:	SAR Dosimetry Testing
	Compliance tests of mobile phones
	Dosimetry in strong gradient fields



Picture C.2 Near-field Probe



Picture C.3 E-field Probe

C.3 E-field Probe Calibration

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and inn a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed ©Copyright. All rights reserved by CTTL.



in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/ cm².

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:

 Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds), C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle), ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{\left|E\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where: σ = Simulated tissue conductivity, ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

C.4 Other Test Equipment

C.4.1 Data Acquisition Electronics(DAE)

The data acquisition electronics consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



PictureC.4: DAE

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C.4.2 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY4: RX90XL; DASY5: RX160L) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- > Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- > Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



Picture C.5 DASY 4

Picture C.6 DASY 5

C.4.3 Measurement Server

The Measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU broad with CPU (dasy4: 166 MHz, Intel Pentium; DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY4: 32 MB; DASY5: 128MB), RAM (DASY4: 64 MB, DASY5: 128MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O broad, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU broad.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.



Picture C.7 Server for DASY 4

Picture C.8 Server for DASY 5

C.4.4 Device Holder for Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of $\pm 20\%$. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss

POM material having the following dielectric

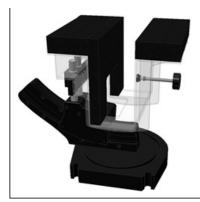
parameters: relative permittivity ε =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

<Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin-SAM and ELI phantoms.



Picture C.9-1: Device Holder



Picture C.9-2: Laptop Extension Kit

C.4.5 Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to

Represent the 90th percentile of the population. The phantom enables the dissymmetric evaluation ©Copyright. All rights reserved by CTTL.



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of SAR for both left and right handed handset usage, as well as body-worn usage using the flat phantom region. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. The shell phantom has a 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6 mm).

Shell Thickness:2 ± 0. 2 mmFilling Volume:Approx. 25 litersDimensions:810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)Available:Special



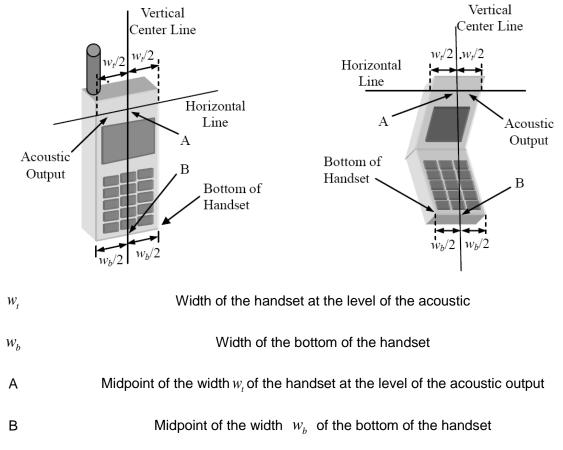
Picture C.10: SAM Twin Phantom



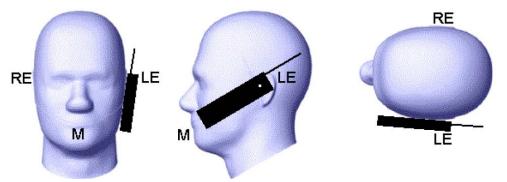
ANNEX D Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

D.1 General considerations

This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the "cheek" position and the "tilt" position.

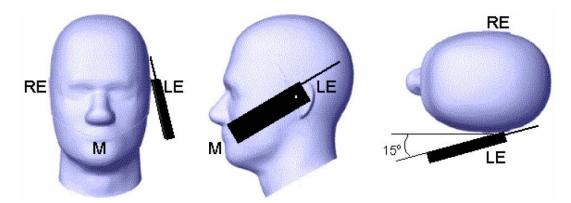


Picture D.1-a Typical "fixed" case handset Picture D.1-b Typical "clam-shell" case handset



Picture D.2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

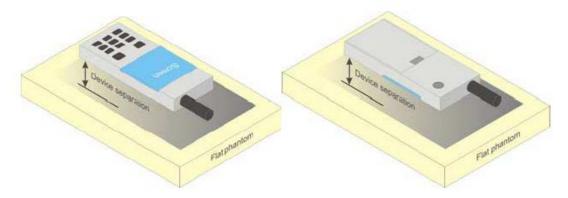




Picture D.3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

D.2 Body-worn device

A typical example of a body-worn device is a mobile phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.



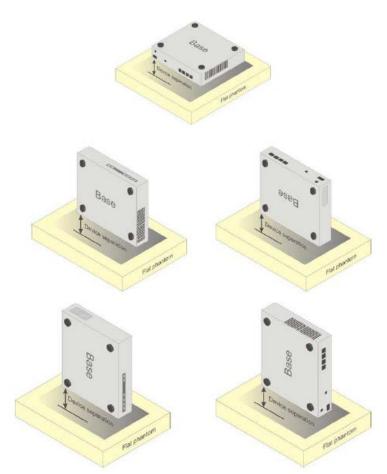
Picture D.4 Test positions for body-worn devices

D.3 Desktop device

A typical example of a desktop device is a wireless enabled desktop computer placed on a table or desk when used.

The DUT shall be positioned at the distance and in the orientation to the phantom that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. For devices that employ an external antenna with variable positions, tests shall be performed for all antenna positions specified. Picture 8.5 show positions for desktop device SAR tests. If the intended use is not specified, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom.





Picture D.5 Test positions for desktop devices



D.4 DUT Setup Photos

Picture D.6



ANNEX E Equivalent Media Recipes

The liquid used for the frequency range of 800-3000 MHz consisted of water, sugar, salt, preventol, glycol monobutyl and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table E.1 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209.

	Table		poolition					
Frequency	835	835	1900	1900	2450	2450	5800	5800
(MHz)	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Ingredients (% by	v weight)							
Water	41.45	52.5	55.242	69.91	58.79	72.60	65.53	65.53
Sugar	56.0	45.0	١	\	\	١	١	\
Salt	1.45	1.4	0.306	0.13	0.06	0.18	١	\
Preventol	0.1	0.1	١	\	\	١	١	\
Cellulose	1.0	1.0	١	\	\	\	١	\
Glycol Monobutyl	١	١	44.452	29.96	41.15	27.22	١	١
Diethylenglycol monohexylether	١	١	١	١	١	١	17.24	17.24
Triton X-100	١	١	١	\	\	١	17.24	17.24
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	ε=41.5 σ=0.90	ε=55.2 σ=0.97	ε=40.0 σ=1.40	ε=53.3 σ=1.52	ε=39.2 σ=1.80	ε=52.7 σ=1.95	ε=35.3 σ=5.27	ε=48.2 σ=6.00

Table E.1: Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter



ANNEX F System Validation

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probes, system components or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such components.

		Table F.1: System	Validation	
Probe SN.	Liquid name	Validation date	Frequency point	Status (OK or Not)
3846	Head 750MHz	Mar. 06, 2014	750 MHz	OK
3846	Head 850MHz	Mar. 06, 2014	850 MHz	OK
3846	Head 900MHz	Mar. 01, 2014	900 MHz	OK
3846	Head 1750MHz	Mar. 03, 2014	1750 MHz	OK
3846	Head 1810MHz	Mar. 03, 2014	1810 MHz	OK
3846	Head 1900MHz	Mar. 07, 2014	1900 MHz	OK
3846	Head 1950MHz	Mar. 04, 2014	1950 MHz	OK
3846	Head 2000MHz	Mar. 04, 2014	2000 MHz	ОК
3846	Head 2100MHz	Mar. 05, 2014	2100 MHz	ОК
3846	Head 2300MHz	Mar. 05, 2014	2300 MHz	ОК
3846	Head 2450MHz	Mar. 02, 2014	2450 MHz	ОК
3846	Head 2550MHz	Mar. 08, 2014	2550 MHz	OK
3846	Head 2600MHz	Mar. 08, 2014	2600 MHz	OK
3846	Head 3500MHz	Mar. 09, 2014	3500 MHz	OK
3846	Head 3700MHz	Mar. 09, 2014	3700 MHz	OK
3846	Head 5200MHz	Mar. 10, 2014	5200 MHz	OK
3846	Head 5500MHz	Mar. 10, 2014	5500 MHz	OK
3846	Head 5800MHz	Mar. 10, 2014	5800 MHz	ОК
3846	Body 750MHz	Mar. 06, 2014	750 MHz	ОК
3846	Body 850MHz	Mar. 06, 2014	850 MHz	ОК
3846	Body 900MHz	Mar. 01, 2014	900 MHz	OK
3846	Body 1750MHz	Mar. 03, 2014	1750 MHz	OK
3846	Body 1810MHz	Mar. 03, 2014	1810 MHz	OK
3846	Body 1900MHz	Mar. 07, 2014	1900 MHz	OK
3846	Body 1950MHz	Mar. 04, 2014	1950 MHz	OK
3846	Body 2000MHz	Mar. 04, 2014	2000 MHz	OK
3846	Body 2100MHz	Mar. 05, 2014	2100 MHz	OK
3846	Body 2300MHz	Mar. 05, 2014	2300 MHz	OK
3846	Body 2450MHz	Mar. 02, 2014	2450 MHz	OK
3846	Body 2550MHz	Mar. 08, 2014	2550 MHz	OK
3846	Body 2600MHz	Mar. 08, 2014	2600 MHz	OK
3846	Body 3500MHz	Mar. 09, 2014	3500 MHz	OK
3846	Body 3700MHz	Mar. 09, 2014	3700 MHz	OK
3846	Body 5200MHz	Mar. 10, 2014	5200 MHz	OK
3846	Body 5500MHz	Mar. 10, 2014	5500 MHz	OK
3846	Body 5800MHz	Mar. 10, 2014	5800 MHz	OK

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ANNEX G Probe Calibration Certificate

Probe 3846 Calibration Certificate

Cchmid & Partner Engineering AG eughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zuri	ry of ch, Switzerland	BIC MEA REVERSION S	Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service
ccredited by the Swiss Accredit he Swiss Accreditation Servio lultilateral Agreement for the	ce is one of the signatories	s to the EA	lo.: SCS 108
lient CTTL (Auden)		Certificate No:	EX3-3846_Sep14
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE		
Dbject	EX3DV4 - SN:38	46	
Calibration procedure(s)		A CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA dure for dosimetric E-field probes	CAL-25.v6
Calibration date:	September 24, 20	014	
The measurements and the unc	ertainties with confidence pr	conal standards, which realize the physical units robability are given on the following pages and x_1 facility: environment temperature (22 + 3)*C =	are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unc	ertainties with confidence providence of a second s		are part of the certificate.
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Certificate No: EX3-3846_Sep14

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

S

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G

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Classon

Glossary.	
TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),
	i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is • implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y, z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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September 24, 2014

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3846

Manufactured: Calibrated:

October 25, 2011 September 24, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3846_Sep14

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September 24, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3846

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.39	0.42	0.49	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ⁸	103.8	100.3	98.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	141.2	±3.8 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		146.9	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		139.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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 ^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
 ^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 ^E Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the Statemeter. field value.



September 24, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3846

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.53	9.53	9.53	0.80	0.62	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.18	9.18	9.18	0.39	0.87	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.00	9.00	9.00	0.38	0.91	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	7.90	7.90	7.90	0.60	0.75	± 12.0 %
1640	40.3	1.29	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.62	0.74	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.64	7.64	7.64	0.46	0.91	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	7.40	7.40	7.40	0.56	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.26	7.26	7.26	0.39	0.98	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	7.24	7.24	7.24	0.57	0.79	± 12.0 %
2100	39.8	1.49	7.33	7.33	7.33	0.40	0.93	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	6.94	6.94	6.94	0.32	1.16	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.56	6.56	6.56	0.31	1.18	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.50	6.50	6.50	0.30	1.30	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.75	6.75	6.75	0.81	0.65	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	6.32	6.32	6.32	0.23	1.60	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.79	4.79	4.79	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.64	4.64	4.64	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.25	4.25	4.25	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.44	4.44	4.44	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.
^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to preserved at 04 for uncertainty of the uncertainty is the SAB under so the formula of the uncertainty is the SAB under so the formula is applied to the DEC.

measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and o) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3846

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.18	9.18	9.18	0.52	0.82	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.09	9.09	9.09	0.80	0.64	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	8.93	8.93	8.93	0.65	0.72	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	7.79	7.79	7.79	0.60	0.70	± 12.0 %
1640	53.8	1.40	7.93	7.93	7.93	0.35	0.91	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.43	7.43	7.43	0.63	0.69	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.27	7.27	7.27	0.30	0.98	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.15	7.15	7.15	0.38	0.87	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	7.31	7.31	7.31	0.50	0.76	± 12.0 %
2100	53.2	1.62	7.42	7.42	7.42	0.31	0.94	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.07	7.07	7.07	0.43	0.82	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.90	6.90	6.90	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.68	6.68	6.68	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.25	6.25	6.25	0.41	1.04	± 13.1 %
3700	51.0	3.55	6.12	6.12	6.12	0.46	0.98	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.32	4.32	4.32	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.18	4.18	4.18	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.80	3.80	3.80	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.76	3.76	3.76	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.86	3.86	3.86	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.
^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to present the validity of validi

At requencies below 3 GHz, the validity of itssue parameters (s and 6) can be relaxed to ± 10% in induit compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and o) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

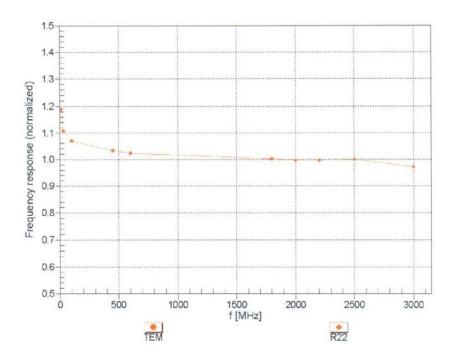
Certificate No: EX3-3846_Sep14

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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

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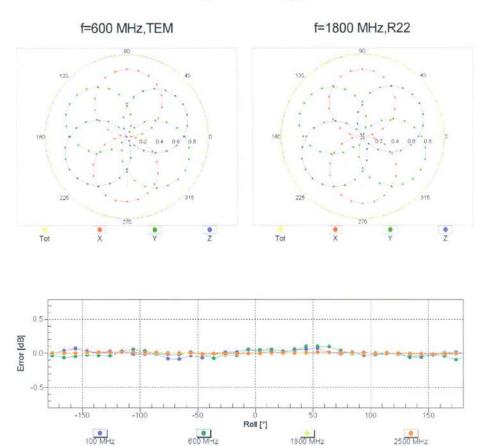
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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

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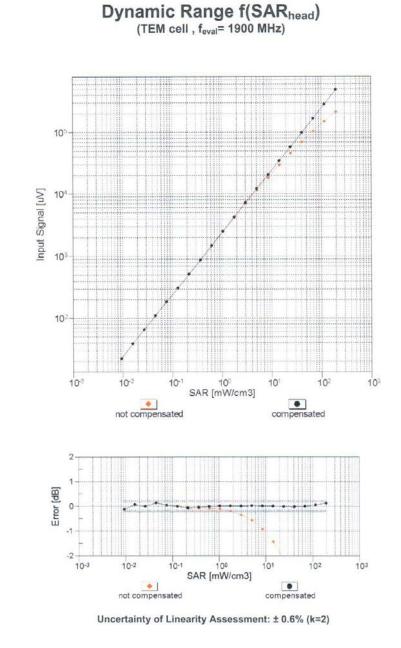
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)



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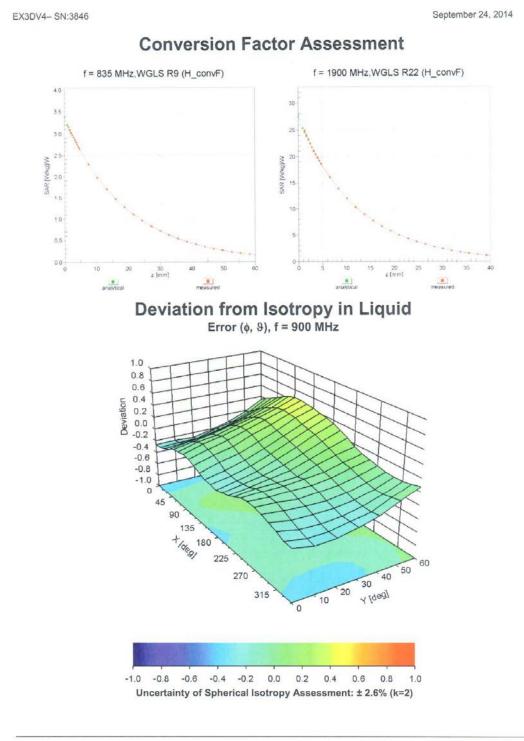
September 24, 2014



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September 24, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3846

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	4
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

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ANNEX H Dipole Calibration Certificate

835 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

		Accreditation	
credited by the Swiss Accredita a Swiss Accreditation Service			No.: SCS 108
ultilateral Agreement for the re	ecognition of calibration of		
lient CTTL (Auden)			o: D835V2-4d069_Aug14
CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICATE		
Dbject	D835V2 - SN: 4d	069	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration proces	dure for dipole validation kits ab	ove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	August 28, 2014		
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu	rtainties with confidence protection of the closed laborator	onal standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages a y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) ⁴	nd are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu	rtainties with confidence protection of the closed laborator	robability are given on the following pages a	nd are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards	ertainties with confidence protected in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration)	robability are given on the following pages a y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.)	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A	ertainties with confidence proceed in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-14
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	rtainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	rtainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator	rtainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power sensor EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	rtainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduin Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3	rtainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5057.2 / 06327	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15 Apr-15
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4	rtainties with confidence protected in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-14
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards	rtainties with confidence provide the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-14 Aug-15
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06	rtainties with confidence protected in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house)	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-15 Apr-15 Dec-14 Aug-15 Scheduled Check
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 601 ID # 10,0005	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01927) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-14 Aug-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 601 ID # 100005 US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01927) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01928) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. <u>Scheduled Calibration</u> Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-14 Aug-15 <u>Scheduled Check</u> In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-14
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 601 ID # 100005 US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01928) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	nd are part of the certificate. 'C and humidity < 70%. <u>Scheduled Calibration</u> Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-14 Aug-15 <u>Scheduled Check</u> In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-14



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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

- C Service suisse d'étalonnage
- Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service
- Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d069_Aug14

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.0 ± 6 %	0.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		54444

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.43 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.43 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	1.58 W/kg

Body TSL parameters The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.2 ± 6 %	1.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	1000	-1112

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.46 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.55 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.62 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.33 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d069_Aug14

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.3 Ω + 0.8 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 29.7 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.8 Ω - 1.4 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 34.5 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.393 ns	
----------------------------------	----------	--

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	November 09, 2007	

Certificate No: D835V2-4d069_Aug14

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 28.08.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

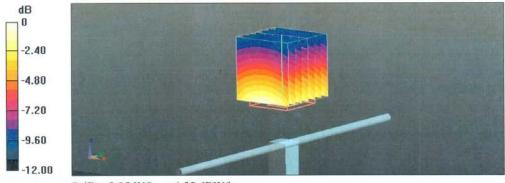
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d069

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.94$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.74 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.61 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.85 W/kg



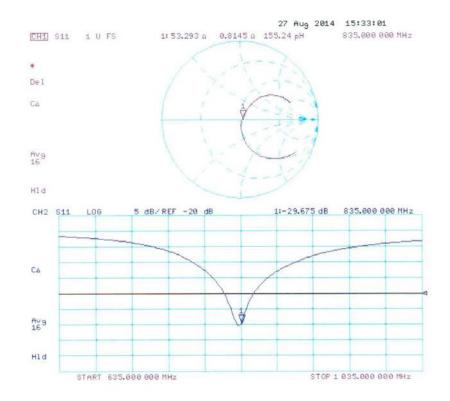
0 dB = 2.85 W/kg = 4.55 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D835V2-4d069_Aug14

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D835V2-4d069_Aug14

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 27.08.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

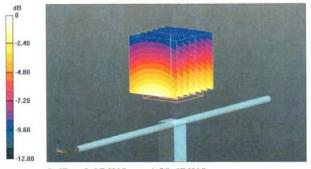
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d069

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.97 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.60 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.87 W/kg



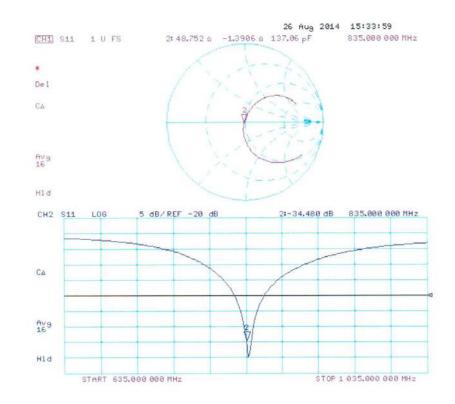
0 dB = 2.87 W/kg = 4.58 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D835V2-4d069_Aug14

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D835V2-4d069_Aug14

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1900 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laborator Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich		BOC MRA	Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura
Accredited by the Swiss Accredita The Swiss Accreditation Service Multilateral Agreement for the re	is one of the signatorie	s to the EA	n No.: SCS 108
Client CTTL (Auden)			lo: D1900V2-5d101_Jul14
CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICATE		
Object	D1900V2 - SN: 5	d101	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits ab	ove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	July 23, 2014		
All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T		ry facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)	°C and humidity < 70%.
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783 MY41092317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14 Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01928)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Apr-14 (No. DAE4-601_Apr14)	Apr-15
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	file
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Relt
			Issued: July 23, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d101_Jul14

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura S

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

S

C

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)". February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY5	V52.8.8
Advanced Extrapolation	
Modular Flat Phantom	
10 mm	with Spacer
dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	
	Advanced Extrapolation Modular Flat Phantom 10 mm dx, dy, dz = 5 mm

Head TSL parameters The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.5 ± 6 %	1.38 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	5.25 W/kg

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.5 ± 6 %	1.51 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.4 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	5.35 W/kg

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d101_Jul14



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.7 Ω + 6.3 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.1 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.6 Ω + 6.5 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 22.4 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

1.203 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	March 28, 2008	

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d101_Jul14



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 23.07.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

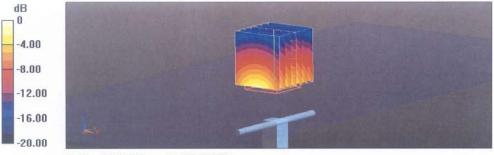
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d101

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.38 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- · Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 99.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.25 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.8 W/kg



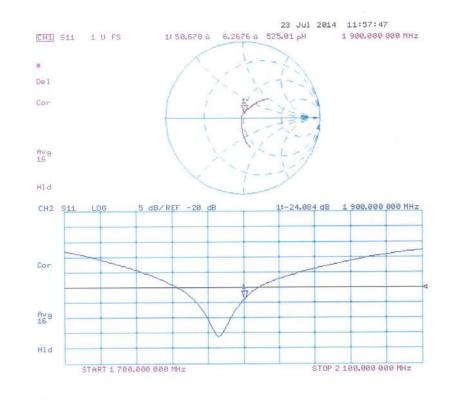
0 dB = 12.8 W/kg = 11.07 dBW/kg

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 23.07.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

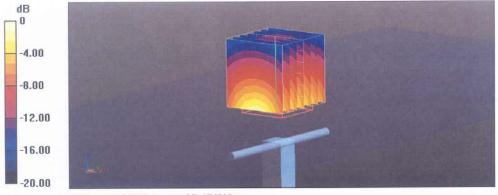
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d101

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.51 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 95.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.35 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.8 W/kg



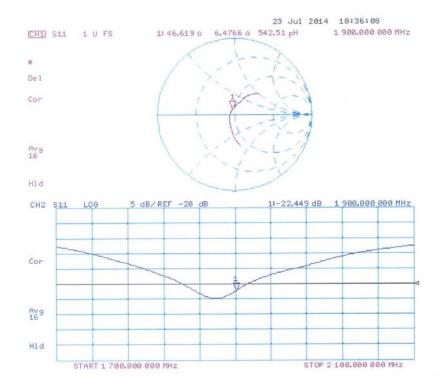
0 dB = 12.8 W/kg = 11.07 dBW/kg

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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ANNEX I: Accreditation Certificate

