

SAR Test Report

Report No.: AGC01110230329FH01

FCC ID : 2AOKB-A3993RC

APPLICATION PURPOSE: Original Equipment

PRODUCT DESIGNATION: Wireless Headphone

BRAND NAME: soundcore

MODEL NAME : A3993RC, A3983RC

APPLICANT: Anker Innovations Limited

DATE OF ISSUE : Apr. 06, 2023

IEEE Std. 1528:2013

STANDARD(S) : FCC 47 CFR Part 2§2.1093

IEEE Std C95.1 ™-2005

REPORT VERSION: V1.0

Attestation of Global compnance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.



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Report Revise Record

Report Version	Revise Time	Issued Date	Valid Version	Notes
V1.0	/	Apr. 06, 2023	Valid	Initial Release



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Test Report			
Applicant Name	Anker Innovations Limited		
Applicant Address	Room 1318-19, Hollywood Plaza, 610 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Kowloon, Hongkong		
Manufacturer Name	Anker Innovations Limited		
Manufacturer Address	Room 1318-19, Hollywood Plaza, 610 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Kowloon, Hongkong		
Product Designation	Wireless Headphone		
Brand Name	soundcore		
Model Name	A3993RC, A3983RC		
Different Description	All the same except for the model name and color.		
EUT Voltage	DC3.85V by battery		
Applicable Standard	IEEE Std. 1528:2013 FCC 47 CFR Part 2§2.1093 IEEE Std C95.1 ™-2005		
Date of receipt of test item	Mar. 23, 2023		
Test Date	Mar. 27, 2023		
Report Template	AGCRT-US-2.4G/SAR (2021-04-20)		

Note: The results of testing in this report apply to the product/system which was tested only.

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Mar. 27, 2023

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Apr. 06, 2023

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Apr. 06, 2023

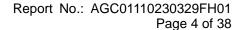




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1. SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM SAR VALUE

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for EUT are as follows:

Frequency Band	Highest Reported 1g-SAR(W/kg)	SAR Test Limit (W/kg)
BT(BR/EDR)	0.007	
BT(BLE) _GFSK_1M	0.010	1.6
BT(BLE) _GFSK_2M	0.009	
SAR Test Result	PASS	

This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/kg) specified in IEEE Std. 1528:2013; FCC 47CFR § 2.1093; IEEE/ANSI C95.1:2005 and the following specific FCC Test Procedures:

- KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz v01r04



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2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1. EUT Description

General Information	
Product Designation	Wireless Headphone
Test Model	A3993RC
Hardware Version	V1.2
Software Version	V30.12
Duty cycle(BR&EDR)	29.80%
Device Category	Portable
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled
Antenna Type	FPC Antenna
Bluetooth	
Operation Frequency	2402~2480MHz
Antenna Gain	-1.38dBi
Bluetooth Version	V5.2
Type of modulation	BR/EDR: GFSK, ∏/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK; BLE: GFSK
Avg. Burst Power (dBm)	BR/EDR : 10.621dBm ; BLE : 8.840dBm
Li-ion Battery	
Brand Name	N/A
Model Name	M1154A6
Manufacturer Name	Guangdong Mic-power New Energy Co.,Ltd
Manufacturer Address	No.4Xinju west road, Dongjiang District, Dongjiang Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Huizhou, Guangdong, China, 516055
Capacitance	53mAh
Rated Voltage/ Charging Voltage	DC3.85V/ DC4.4V

Note: 1. The sample used for testing is end product.

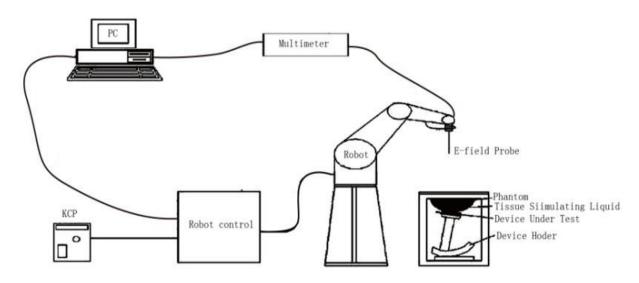
2. The test sample has no any deviation to the test method of standard mentioned in page 1.





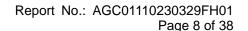
3. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

3.1. The SATIMO system used for performing compliance tests consists of following items



The COMOSAR system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- The PC. It controls most of the bench devices and stores measurement data. A computer running WinXP and the Opensar software.
- The E-Field probe. The probe is a 3-axis system made of 3 distinct dipoles. Each dipole returns a voltage in function of the ambient electric field.
- The Keithley multimeter measures each probe dipole voltages.
- The SAM phantom simulates a human head. The measurement of the electric field is made inside the phantom.
- The liquids simulate the dielectric properties of the human head tissues.
- The network emulator controls the mobile phone under test.
- The validation dipoles are used to measure a reference SAR. They are used to periodically check the bench to make sure that there is no drift of the system characteristics over time.
- •The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.





3.2. COMOSAR E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SATIMO. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. SATIMO conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE1528 etc.)Under ISO17025.The calibration data are in Appendix D.

Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	SSE2		
Manufacture	MVG		
Identification No.	SN 13/22 EPGO368		
Frequency	0.15GHz-6GHz Linearity:±0.09dB(0.15GHz-6GHz)		
Dynamic Range	0.01W/kg-100W/kg Linearity:±0.09dB		
Dimensions	Overall length:330mm Length of individual dipoles:2mm Maximum external diameter:8mm Probe Tip external diameter:2.5mm Distance between dipoles/ probe extremity:1mm		
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precisin of better 30%.		

3.3. Robot

The COMOSAR system uses the KUKA robot from SATIMO SA (France). For the 6-axis controller COMOSAR system, the KUKA robot controller version from SATIMO is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

☐ High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)

☐ High reliability (industrial design)

☐ Jerk-free straight movements

☐ Low ELF interference (the closed metallic

construction shields against motor control fields)

□ 6-axis controller



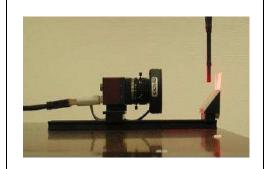


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3.4. Video Positioning System

The video positioning system is used in OpenSAR to check the probe. Which is composed of a camera, LED, mirror and mechanical parts. The camera is piloted by the main computer with firewire link. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.

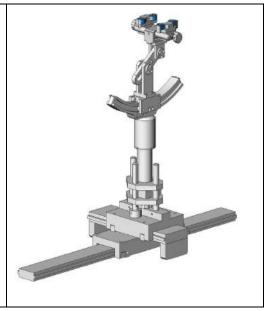


3.5. Device Holder

The COMOSAR device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The COMOSAR device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity

 $\epsilon r=3$ and loss tangent $\delta=0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.





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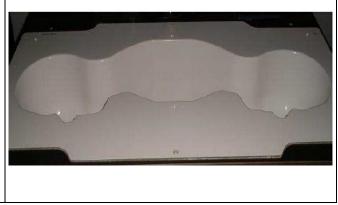
3.6. SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

□ Left head

☐ Right head

☐ Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.



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4. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

4.1. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and occupational/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element(dv) of given mass density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR can be obtained using either of the following equations:

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

$$SAR = c_h \frac{dT}{dt}\Big|_{t=0}$$

Where

SAR is the specific absorption rate in watts per kilogram;

F is the r m s value of the electric field strength in the tissue in y

E is the r.m.s. value of the electric field strength in the tissue in volts per meter;

σ is the conductivity of the tissue in siemens per metre;

ρ is the density of the tissue in kilograms per cubic metre;
 c_h is the heat capacity of the tissue in joules per kilogram and Kelvin;

 $\frac{dT}{dt}$ | t=0 is the initial time derivative of temperature in the tissue in kelvins per second



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4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.7mm This distance cannot be smaller than the distance os sensor calibration points to probe tip as `defined in the probe properties,

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in SATIMO software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in db) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2db range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC62209 standards, whereby 3db is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan) If one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximum are detected, the number of Zoom Scan has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
	≤2 GHz: ≤15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scan are used to assess the peak spatial SAR value within a cubic average volume containing 1g abd 10g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points(refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1g and 10g and displays these values next to the job's label.



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Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB865664 d01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm ≤ 5 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	\(\Delta z_{Zoom}(1):\ \text{ between} \) 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Surface	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

Step 4: Power Drift Measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the same settings. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



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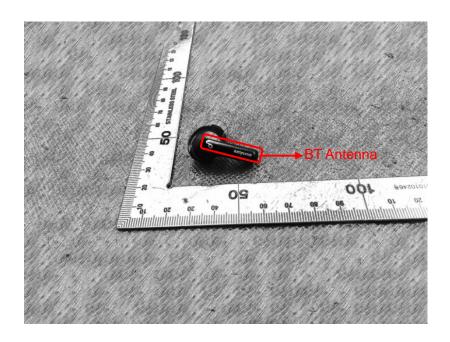
4.3. RF Exposure Conditions

Test Configuration and setting:

The device is a Wireless Headphone, and supports Bluetooth wireless technology.

For SAR testing, the device was controlled by software to test at reference fixed frequency points.

Antenna Location:





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5. TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15cm. For head SAR testing the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in 5.2

5.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Ingredient (% Weight) Frequency (MHz)	Water	Nacl	Polysorbate 20	DGBE	1,2 Propanediol	Triton X-100
2450 Head	71.88	0.16	0.0	7.99	0.0	19.97

5.2. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE 1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head

parameters specified in IEEE 1528.

Target Frequency	he	ad	bo	dy
(MHz)	εr	σ (S/m)	εr	σ (S/m)
300	45.3	0.87	45.3	0.87
450	43.5	0.87	43.5	0.87
835	41.5	0.90	41.5	0.90
900	41.5	0.97	41.5	0.97
915	41.5	1.01	41.5	1.01
1450	40.5	1.20	40.5	1.20
1610	40.3	1.29	40.3	1.29
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	40.0	1.40
2450	39.2	1.80	39.2	1.80
3000	38.5	2.40	38.5	2.40

($\varepsilon r = relative permittivity$, $\sigma = conductivity$ and $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$)



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5.3. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using SATIMO Dielectric Probe Kit and R&S Network Analyzer ZVL6.

	Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 2450MHz					
	Fr. Dielectric Parameters (±10%)			Tissue	T	
	(MHz)	εr39.2(35.28-43.12)	δ[s/m]1.80(1.62-1.98)	Temp [°C]	Test time	
Head	2402	38.98	1.75			
	2441	38.76	1.77	20.7	Mar. 27, 2023	
	2450	38.59	1.78	20.7	Mai. 21, 2023	
	2480	38.02	1.79			



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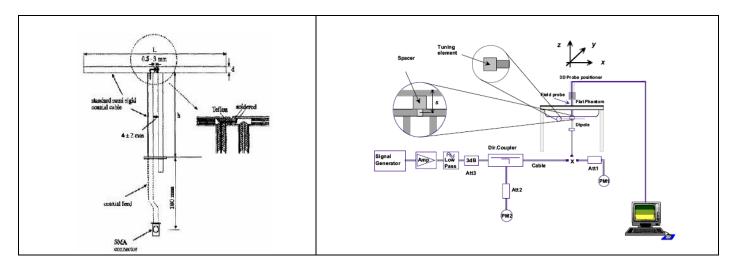
6. SAR SYSTEM CHECK PROCEDURE

6.1. SAR System Check Procedures

SAR system check is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are remeasured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

Each SATIMO system is equipped with one or more system check kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the SATIMO software, enable the user to conduct the system check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

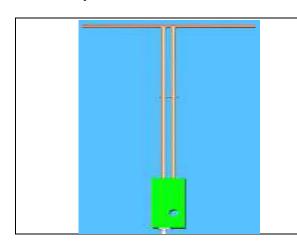
The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system check setup is shown as below.





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6.2. SAR System Check 6.2.1. Dipoles



The dipoles are based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and are complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of IEEE. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical Specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
2450MHz	51.5	30.4	3.6



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6.2.2. System Check Result

System Performance Check at 2450MHz for Head								
Validation Kit: SN 29/15 DIP 2G450-393								
Frequency		rget (W/kg)	Reference Result (± 10%)		Normalized to 1W(W/kg)		Tissue Temp.	Test time
[MHz]	1g	10g	1g	10g	1g	10g	[°C]	
2450	54.32	24.25	48.888-59.752	21.825-26.675	52.56	23.73	20.7	Mar. 27, 2023

Note:

(1) We use a CW signal of 18dBm for system check, and then all SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. The result must be within ±10% of target value.



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7. EUT TEST POSITION

This EUT was tested in Back, Front.

7.1. Test Position

- (1) To position the EUT parallel to the phantom surface.
- (2) To adjust the EUT parallel to the flat phantom.
- (3) To adjust the distance between the EUT surface and the flat phantom to 0mm.



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8. SAR EXPOSURE LIMITS

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

	(
Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit (W/kg)
Spatial Peak SAR (1 g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60
Spatial Average SAR (Whole body)	0.08
Spatial Peak SAR (Limbs)	4.0



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9. TEST FACILITY

Test Site	Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd
Location	1-2/F, Building 19, Junfeng Industrial Park, Chongqing Road, Heping Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Designation Number	CN1259
FCC Test Firm Registration Number	975832
A2LA Cert. No.	5054.02
Description	Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd is accredited by A2LA



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10. TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Equipment description	Manufacturer/ Model	Identification No.	Software version	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	MVG	SN 13/22 EPGO368	N/A	Apr. 13,2022	Apr. 12,2023
Phantom	SATIMO	SN_4511_SAM90	N/A	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid	SATIMO	N/A	N/A	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1350784	N/A	Aug. 06,2022	Aug. 05,2023
SAR Software	MVG-OpenSAR	N/A	OpenSAR V4_02_32	N/A	N/A
Dipole	SATIMO SID2450	SN 29/15 DIP 2G450-393	N/A	Apr. 28,2022	Apr. 27,2025
Signal Generator	Agilent-E4438C	US41461365	V5.03	Aug. 03,2022	Aug. 02,2023
EXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent / N9010A	MY53470504	N/A	Aug. 04,2022	Aug. 03,2023
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVL6	SN101443	3.2	Oct. 28,2021	Oct. 27,2022
Attenuator	Warison /WATT-6SR1211	S/N:WRJ34AYM2F1	N/A	June 08,2022	June 07,2023
Attenuator	Mini-circuits / VAT-10+	31405	N/A	June 08,2022	June 07,2023
Amplifier	EM30180	SN060552	N/A	June 09,2022	June 08,2023
Directional Couple	Werlatone/ C5571-10	SN99463	N/A	Mar. 10,2022	Mar. 09,2024
Directional Couple	Werlatone/ C6026-10	SN99482	N/A	Mar. 10,2022	Mar. 09,2024
Power Sensor	NRP-Z21	1137.6000.02	N/A	Sep. 06,2022	Sep. 05,2023
Power Sensor	NRP-Z23	100323	N/A	Feb. 15,2023	Feb. 14,2024
Power Viewer	R&S	V2.3.1.0		N/A	N/A
Calibration standard parts for network sub - port	R&S/ ZV-Z132	N/A	V2.3.1.0	Nov. 15,2022	Nov. 14,2023

Note: Per KDB 865664 Dipole SAR Validation, AGC Lab has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

- 1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- 2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- 3. Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement;
- 4. Impedance is within 5Ω of calibrated measurement.



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11. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

11. MEASUREMENT				N 40/00 E	00000				
M	SA easurement u	TIMO Unce				10 gram.			
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
Measurement System		(, , , , ,			I	l.	(, , , , ,	(, , , , ,	1
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.000	N	1	1	1	7.000	7.000	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.175	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√0.5	√0.5	0.071	0.071	×
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	0.175	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√0.5	√0.5	0.071	0.071	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.000	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.577	0.577	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.990	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.572	0.572	∞
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.000	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.577	0.577	∞
Modulation response	E2.5	3.000	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.732	1.732	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.021	N	1	1	1	0.021	0.021	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.000	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.000	0.000	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.400	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.808	0.808	∞
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.000	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.732	1.732	∞
RF ambient conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3.000	R	√3	1	1	1.732	1.732	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.400	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.808	0.808	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	1.400	R	√3	1	1	0.808	0.808	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.300	R	√3	1	1	1.328	1.328	∞
Test sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.600	2.600	∞
Device holder uncertainty	E.4.1	3	N	1	1	1	3.000	3.000	∞
Output power variation—SAR drift measurement	E.2.9	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.887	2.887	∞
SAR scaling	E.6.5	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.887	2.887	8
Phantom and tissue parameter	's								
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	4	R	√3	1	1	2.309	2.309	8
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.900	1.596	∞
Liquid conductivity measurement	E.3.3	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	3.120	2.840	8
Liquid permittivity measurement	E.3.3	5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.150	1.300	М
Liquid conductivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	√3	0.23	0.26	1.126	1.025	∞
Liquid permittivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.332	0.375	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				10.529	10.344	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				21.058	20.688	





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System		uncertainty Tol	Prob.				1g Ui	10g Ui	
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	(+- %)	Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	(+-%)	(+-%)	vi
Measurement System	1	T	1	7	_	1	•	1	
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.000	N	1	1	1	7.000	7.000	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.175	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.101	0.101	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	0.175	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.000	0.000	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.000	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.577	0.577	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.990	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.572	0.572	∞
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Modulation response	E2.5	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.021	N	1	1	1	0.021	0.021	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	_∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.3	R	√3	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
System validation source					_				
Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	E.6.4	5.0	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.4	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
Dipole axis to liquid distance	8,E.6.6	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	8
Phantom and set-up									
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	8
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	8
Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	E.3.3	2.5	R	√3	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	∞
Liquid conductivity (measured)	E.3.3	4	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	М
Liquid permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	E.3.4	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	∞
Liquid permittivity (measured)	E.3.4	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				10.462	10.276	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				20.924	20.551	



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Sy	SATIMO Uncertainty- SN 13/22 EPGO368 System Check uncertainty for DUT averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram.								
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
Measurement System		(, , , , ,		1	1	1	(, , , , ,	(, , , ,	
Probe calibration drift	E.2.1.3	0.500	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.175	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	0.175	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.000	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.990	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.0	R	√ 3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Modulation response	E2.5	3.0	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.021	N	1	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.4	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
RF ambient conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Probe positioner mechanical	E.6.2	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.3	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
System check source (dipole)									
Deviation of experimental dipoles	E.6.4	2.0	N	1	1	1	2.00	2.00	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.4	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Dipole axis to liquid distance	8,E.6.6	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and tissue parameter	rs					•			
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	4	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	∞
Liquid conductivity measurement	E.3.3	4	R	√3	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	∞
Liquid permittivity measurement	E.3.3	5	N	1	0.78	0.71	1.15	1.30	М
Liquid conductivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	√3	0.23	0.26	1.13	1.02	∞
Liquid permittivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				5.562	5.203	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				11.124	10.406	



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12. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT

Bluetooth V5.2

Modulation	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Avg. Burst Power (dBm)
BR/EDR			•
	0	2402	10.379
GFSK	39	2441	10.621
	78	2480	10.437
	0	2402	6.807
π /4-DQPSK	39	2441	9.064
	78	2480	8.760
	0	2402	7.019
8-DPSK	39	2441	8.077
	78	2480	7.871
BLE			
	0	2402	8.371
GFSK 1M	19	2440	8.840
	39	2480	8.464
	0	2402	3.402
GFSK 2M	19	2440	6.464
	39	2480	6.163



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13. TEST RESULTS

13.1. SAR Test Results Summary 13.1.1. Test position and configuration

1. The EUT is a model of Wireless Headphone.

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guide v06, due to maximum peak power for bluetooth is more than just a test exclusion threshold, which must be tested.

- 2. Test procedure:
 - (1) For the back and front side test 1-g SAR at a test separation distance of 0mm from the flat phantom filled with head tissue simulating Liquid.
- 3. For SAR testing, the device was controlled by software to test at reference fixed frequency points.

13.1.2. Operation Mode

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06 ,for each exposure position, if the highest 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01 v01r04,for each frequency band, if the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg, testing for repeated SAR measurement is required, that the highest measured SAR is only to be tested. When the SAR results are near the limit, the following procedures are required for each device to verify these types of SAR measurement related variation concerns by repeating the highest measured SAR configuration in each frequency band.
 - (1) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.8W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
 - (2) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is >1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥1.45 W/kg.
 - (3) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first and second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second measurement is ≥ 1.20.
- 3. Maximum Scaling SAR in order to calculate the Maximum SAR values to test under the standard Peak Power, Calculation method is as follows:

 Maximum Scaling SAR =tested SAR (Max.) ×[maximum turn-up power (mw)/ maximum measurements.]

Maximum Scaling SAR =tested SAR (Max.) \times [maximum turn-up power (mw)/ maximum measurement output power(mw)]



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13.1.3. SAR Test Results Summary

SAR MEASUREMEN	IT								
Depth of Liquid (cm)::	Rela	Relative Humidity (%): 56.2							
Product: Wireless He	adphone								
Position	Mode	Ch.	Fr. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Limit W/kg
Test Mode: BT (BR/E	DR)								
Back	1DH5	39	2441	-0.16	0.003	11.00	10.379	0.003	1.6
Back	1DH5	0	2402	-0.21	0.001	11.00	10.621	0.001	1.6
Back	1DH5	39	2441	-0.16	0.006	11.00	10.437	0.007	1.6
Front	1DH5	78	2480	0.01	0.003	11.00	10.621	0.003	1.6
Test Mode: BT (BLE)	_GFSK_1M								
Back	GFSK	0	2402	0.12	0.006	9.00	8.371	0.007	1.6
Back	GFSK	19	2440	-0.29	0.010	9.00	8.840	0.010	1.6
Back	GFSK	39	2480	-0.18	0.004	9.00	8.464	0.005	1.6
Front	GFSK	19	2440	0.11	0.007	9.00	8.840	0.007	1.6
Test Mode: BT (BLE)	_GFSK_2M								
Back	GFSK	19	2440	0.18	0.008	7.00	6.464	0.009	1.6
Front	GFSK	19	2440	-0.10	0.006	7.00	6.464	0.007	1.6

Note:

- When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.
- The test separation of all above table is 0mm.
- \bullet Plots are only shown for the bold markered worst case SAR results.



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APPENDIX A. SAR SYSTEM CHECK DATA

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Mar. 27, 2023

System Check Head 2450 MHz

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz Type: SID 2450

Communication System CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=1.99 Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.78$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 38.59$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm

Ambient temperature (°C):20.9, Liquid temperature (°C): 20.7

SATIMO Configuration

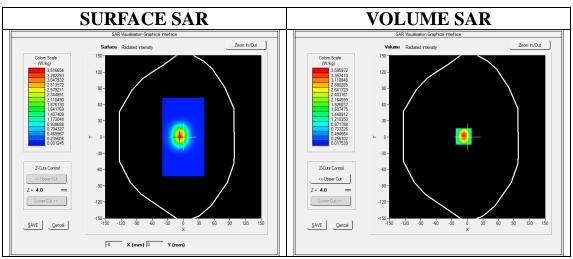
• Probe: SSE2; Calibrated: Apr. 13, 2022; Serial No.: SN 13/22 EPGO368

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Phantom: SAM twin phantom

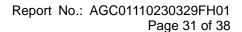
• Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_32

Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Head/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Head/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

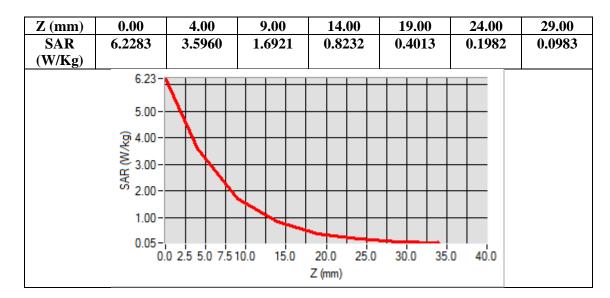


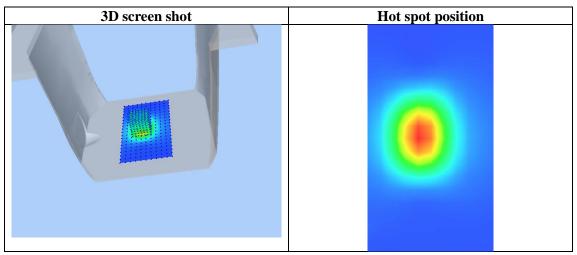
Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=1.00 SAR Peak: 6.16 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.497109
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.316213











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APPENDIX B. SAR MEASUREMENT DATA

BT (BR/EDR)

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Mar. 27, 2023

BT (BR/EDR) High-Front (1DH5)

DUT: Wireless Headphone ; Type: A3993RC

Communication System: BT; Communication System Band: Bluetooth; Duty Cycle:29.80%; Conv.F=1.99; Frequency: 2480 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.77$ mho/m; $\epsilon = 38.76$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C):20.9, Liquid temperature (°C): 20.7

SATIMO Configuration:

• Probe: SSE2; Calibrated: Apr. 13, 2022; Serial No.: SN 13/22 EPGO368

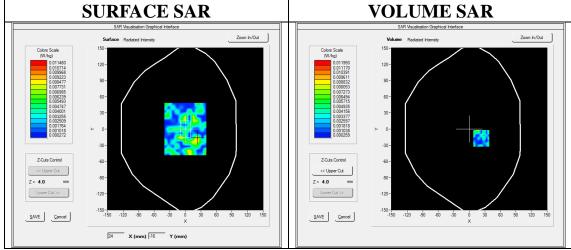
• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Phantom: SAM twin phantom

• Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_32

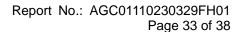
Configuration/BT (BR/EDR) High - Front /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/BT (BR/EDR) High - Front /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Front
Band	BT (BR/EDR)
Channels	High
Signal	Crest factor: 3.35

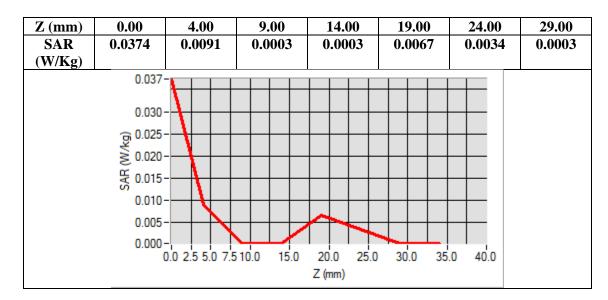


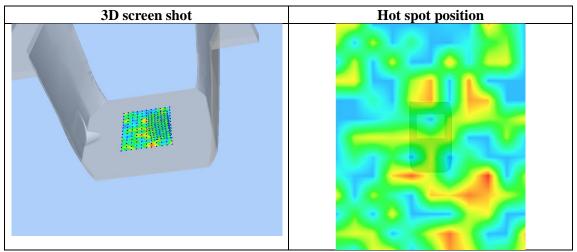
Maximum location: X=23.00, Y=-17.00 SAR Peak: 0.03 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.002761
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.003233











Date: Mar. 27, 2023

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BT (BLE) _GFSK_1M
Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
BT (BLE) Mid-Back(GFSK)

DUT: Wireless Headphone ; Type: A3993RC

Communication System: BT; Communication System Band: Bluetooth; Duty Cycle:1:1;Conv.F=1.99;

Frequency: 2440 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.77$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 38.76$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C):20.9, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 20.7

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: SSE2; Calibrated: Apr. 13, 2022; Serial No.: SN 13/22 EPGO368

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Signal

• Phantom: SAM twin phantom

• Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_32

Configuration/BT (BLE) Mid-Back /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/BT (BLE) Mid-Back /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

 Area Scan
 surf_sam_plan.txt, h= 5.00 mm

 ZoomScan
 7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm

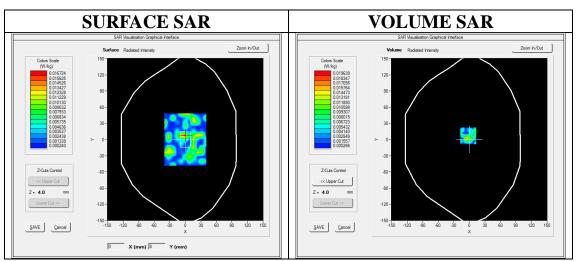
 Phantom
 Validation plane

 Device Position
 Back

 Band
 BT (BLE)

 Channels
 Middle

Crest factor: 1.0



Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=7.00 SAR Peak: 0.05 W/kg

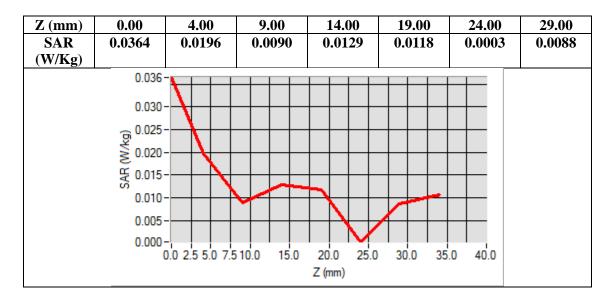
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.006321
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.009645

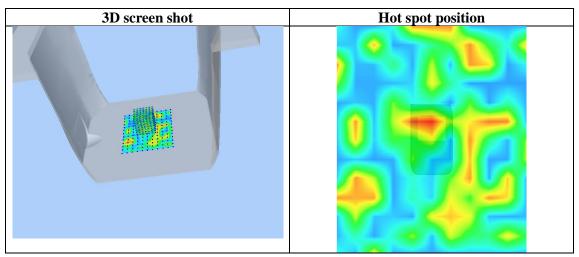
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Date: Mar. 27, 2023

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BT (BLE) _GFSK_2M
Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
BT (BLE) Mid-Back(GFSK)

DUT: Wireless Headphone ; Type: A3993RC

Communication System: BT; Communication System Band: Bluetooth; Duty Cycle:1:1;Conv.F=1.99;

Frequency: 2440 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.77$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 38.76$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C):20.9, Liquid temperature (°C): 20.7

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: SSE2; Calibrated: Apr. 13, 2022; Serial No.: SN 13/22 EPGO368

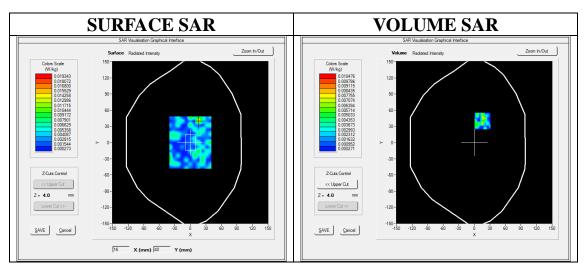
• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: SAM twin phantom

• Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_32

Configuration/BT (BLE) Mid-Back /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/BT (BLE) Mid-Back /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back
Band	BT (BLE)
Channels	Middle
Signal	Crest factor: 1.0



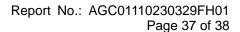
Maximum location: X=16.00, Y=40.00

SAR Peak: 0.03 W/kg

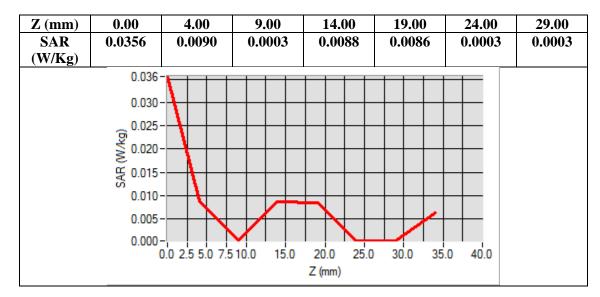
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.003550
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.008222

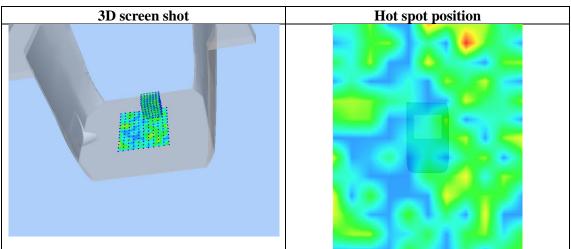
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APPENDIX C. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Refer to Attached files.

APPENDIX D. CALIBRATION DATA

Refer to Attached files.

----END OF REPORT----



Conditions of Issuance of Test Reports

- 1. All samples and goods are accepted by the Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd (the "Company") solely for testing and reporting in accordance with the following terms and conditions. The company provides its services on the basis that such terms and conditions constitute express agreement between the company and any person, firm or company requesting its services (the "Clients").
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- 4. In the event of the improper use of the report as determined by the Company, the Company reserves the right to withdraw it, and to adopt any other additional remedies which may be appropriate.
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- 7.Clients wishing to use the Report in court proceedings or arbitration shall inform the Company to that effect prior to submitting the sample for testing.
- 8. The Company is not responsible for recalling the electronic version of the original report when any revision is made to them. The Client assumes the responsibility to providing the revised version to any interested party who uses them.
- 9. Subject to the variable length of retention time for test data and report stored hereinto as otherwise specifically required by individual accreditation authorities, the Company will only keep the supporting test data and information of the test report for a period of six years. The data and information will be disposed of after the aforementioned retention period has elapsed. Under no circumstances shall we provide any data and information which has been disposed of after retention period. Under no circumstances shall we be liable for damage of any kind, including (but not limited to) compensatory damages, lost profits, lost data, or any form of special, incidental, indirect, consequential or punitive damages of any kind, whether based on breach of contract of warranty, tort (including negligence), product liability or otherwise, even if we are informed in advance of the possibility of such damages.