

## FCC ID: 2AIOC-S003W RF Exposure Report

Test Requirement: FCC Part 1.1307

Evaluation Method: FCC Part 2.1091 & KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

### Requirements

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby a distance of 0.2 m normally can be maintained between the user and the device.

### The procedures / limit

#### (A) Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure

| Frequency Range (MHz) | Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m) | Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m) | Power Density (S) (mW/ cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Averaging Time  E  <sup>2</sup> ,  H  <sup>2</sup> or S (minutes) |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| 0.3-3.0               | 614                               | 1.63                              | (100)*                                   | 6   |
| 3.0-30                | 1842 / f                          | 4.89 / f                          | (900 / f)*                               | 6   |
| 30-300                | 61.4                              | 0.163                             | 1.0                                      | 6   |
| 300-1500              |                                   |                                   | F/300                                    | 6   |
| 1500-100,000          |                                   |                                   | 5  | 6   |

#### (B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

| Frequency Range (MHz) | Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m) | Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m) | Power Density (S) (mW/ cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Averaging Time  E  <sup>2</sup> ,  H  <sup>2</sup> or S (minutes) |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| 0.3-1.34              | 614                               | 1.63                              | (100)*                                   | 30  |
| 1.34-30               | 824/f                             | 2.19/f                            | (180/f)*                                 | 30  |
| 30-300                | 27.5                              | 0.073                             | 0.2                                      | 30  |
| 300-1500              |                                   |                                   | F/1500                                   | 30  |
| 1500-100,000          |                                   |                                   | 1.0                                      | 30  |

Note: f = frequency in MHz ; \*Plane-wave equivalent power density

**MPE Calculation Method**

$$S = \frac{P \times G}{4 \times \pi \times R^2}$$

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)

P = output power to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW).

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator,  
the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain.

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

From the peak EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, R=20cm, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained

| Antenna Gain (dBi) | Antenna Gain (numeric) | Maximum Peak output power (dBm) | Maximum Peak output power (mW) | Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Limit of Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Result     |
|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------|
| 0                  | 1.0                    | 15.08                           | 32.21                          | 0.0064                              | 1  | Compliance |

=====End of Report=====