



SAR TEST REPORT

No. I23Z60093-SEM01

For

TCL Communication Ltd.

Tablet PC

Model Name: 9138S,9150S

with

Hardware Version: 05

Software Version: YNS7

FCC ID: 2ACCJB199

Issued Date: 2023-03-17

Note:

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No.I23Z60093-SEM01

REPORT HISTORY

Report Number	Revision	Issue Date	Description
I23Z60093-SEM01	Rev.0	2023-03-10	Initial creation of test report
I23Z60093-SEM01	Rev.1	2023-03-17	Update the information on section 2

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1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location

Company Name:	CTTL
Address:	No. 52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China 100191.

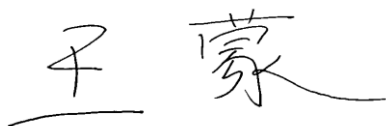
1.2 Testing Environment

Temperature:	18°C~25°C,
Relative humidity:	30%~ 70%
Ground system resistance:	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise & Reflection:	< 0.012 W/kg

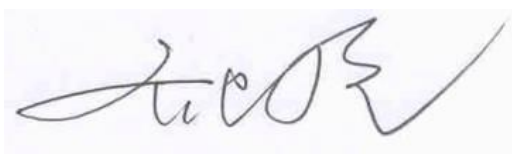
1.3 Project Data

Project Leader:	Qi Dianyuan
Test Engineer:	Wang Meng
Testing Start Date:	February 22, 2023
Testing End Date:	March 8, 2023

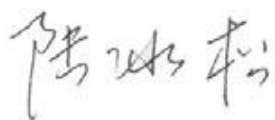
1.4 Signature



Wang Meng
(Prepared this test report)



Qi Dianyuan
(Reviewed this test report)



Lu Bingsong
Deputy Director of the laboratory
(Approved this test report)

2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for TCL Communication Ltd. Tablet PC 9138S,9150S are as follows:

Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR (1g)

Technology Band	Body SAR 1g (W/kg)	Equipment Class
GSM850	0.70	PCT
GSM1900	1.15	
WCDMA1900	1.21	
WCDMA1700	1.04	
WCDMA 850	0.71	
LTE Band2	1.10	
LTE Band5	0.79	
LTE Band12	0.85	
LTE Band13	0.81	
LTE Band66	1.00	
WLAN 2.4GHz	0.81	DTS
WLAN 5GHz	0.77	NII
Bluetooth	0.15	DSS

The SAR values found for the tablet PC are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the ANSI C95.1-1992.

For body operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and which provides a minimum separation distance of 0mm/9mm/10mm/11mm/13mm/14mm between this device and the body of the user. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output.

The measurement together with the test system set-up is described in annex C of this test report. A detailed description of the equipment under test can be found in chapter 4 of this test report. The highest reported SAR value is obtained at the case of **(Table 2.1)**, and the values are:

Body: 1.21 W/kg(1g)

Table 2.2: The sum of SAR values for Main antenna + WiFi-2.4G

	Position	Main antenna	WiFi-2.4G	Sum
Highest SAR value for Body	Rear 0mm (WCDMA850)	0.71	0.81	1.52

Table 2.4: The sum of SAR values for Main antenna + WiFi-5G + BT

	Position	Main antenna	WiFi-5G	BT	Sum
Highest SAR value for Body	Rear 0mm (LTE B12)	0.85	0.59	0.15	1.59

According to the above tables, the highest sum of reported SAR values is **1.59 W/kg (1g)**. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 15.

Conclusion:

According to the above tables, the sum of reported SAR values is <1.6W/kg. So the simultaneous transmission SAR with volume scans is not required.

3 Client Information

3.1 Applicant Information

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E-mail:	nianxiang.jiang@tcl.com
Telephone:	+86 755 3661 1621
Fax:	+86 755 3661 2000-81722

4 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

4.1 About EUT

Description:	Tablet PC
Model name:	9138S,9150S
Operating mode(s):	GSM850/900/1800/1900, WCDMA850/1700/1900 LTEBand2/4/5/12/13/66 BT, Wi-Fi(2.4G&5G)
Tested Tx Frequency:	824 – 849 MHz (GSM 850)
	1850 – 1910 MHz (GSM 1900)
	824–849 MHz (WCDMA 850 Band V)
	1710 – 1755 MHz (WCDMA 1700 Band IV)
	1850–1910 MHz (WCDMA1900 Band II)
	1850 – 1910 MHz (LTE Band 2)
	824 – 849 MHz (LTE Band 5)
	699 – 716 MHz (LTE Band 12)
	777 –787 MHz (LTE Band 13)
	1710 – 1780 MHz (LTE Band 66)
	2412 – 2462 MHz (Wi-Fi 2.4G)
	2400 – 2483.5 MHz (Bluetooth)
	5150 – 5250 MHz (U-NII-1)
	5250 – 5350 MHz (U-NII-2A)
	5725 – 5850 MHz (U-NII-3)
GPRS/EGPRS Multislot Class:	12
Test device production information:	Production unit
Device type:	Portable device
Antenna type:	Integrated antenna
Hotspot mode:	Support

4.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI/SN	HW Version	SW Version
EUT1	358975210002052	05	YNS7
EUT2	358975210002078	05	YNS7
EUT3	358975210002151	05	YNS7
EUT4	358975210000627	05	YNS7

*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test SAR with the EUT1-3 and conducted power with the EUT4.

4.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer
AE1	Battery	TLp053C1	/	BYD

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

5 TEST METHODOLOGY

5.1 Applicable Limit Regulations

ANSI C95.1–1992:IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **1.6 W/kg** as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

5.2 Applicable Measurement Standards

IEEE 1528–2013: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB447498 D01: General RF Exposure Guidance v06: Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.

KDB616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Notebook and Tablet Computers.

KDB941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v03r01: SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

KDB941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05: SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices

KDB941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01: SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities

KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS

KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

6 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = c \left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

7.1 Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Table 7.1: Targets for tissue simulating liquid

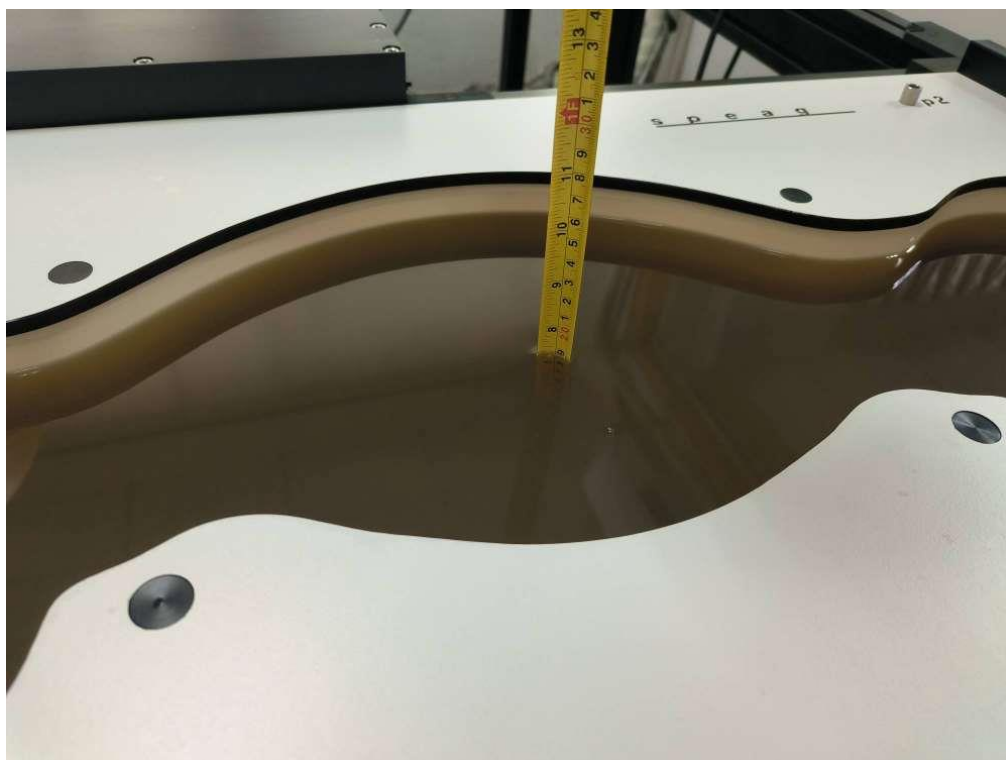
Frequency(MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity(σ)	$\pm 5\%$ Range	Permittivity(ϵ)	$\pm 5\%$ Range
750	Head				
835	Head	0.90	0.86~0.95	41.5	39.4~43.6
1750	Head				
1900	Head	1.40	1.33~1.47	40.0	38.0~42.0
2450	Head	1.67	1.59~1.75	39.47	37.5~41.4
5250	Head	4.71	4.47~4.95	35.93	34.13~37.73
5750	Head	5.22	4.96~5.48	35.36	33.59~37.13

7.2 Dielectric Performance

Table 7.2: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Measurement Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Type	Frequency	Permittivity ϵ	Drift (%)	Conductivity σ (S/m)	Drift (%)
2023/2/27	Head	750 MHz	43.98	4.86	0.867	-2.58
2023/2/22	Head	835 MHz	43.36	4.48	0.900	0.00
2023/2/23	Head	1750 MHz	41.95	4.67	1.360	-0.73
2023/2/24	Head	1900 MHz	41.63	4.08	1.428	2.00
2023/2/26	Head	2450 MHz	40.60	3.57	1.840	2.22
2023/3/8	Head	5250 MHz	35.79	-0.39	4.594	-2.46
2023/3/8	Head	5750 MHz	35.05	-0.88	5.099	-2.32

Note: The liquid temperature is 22.0°C

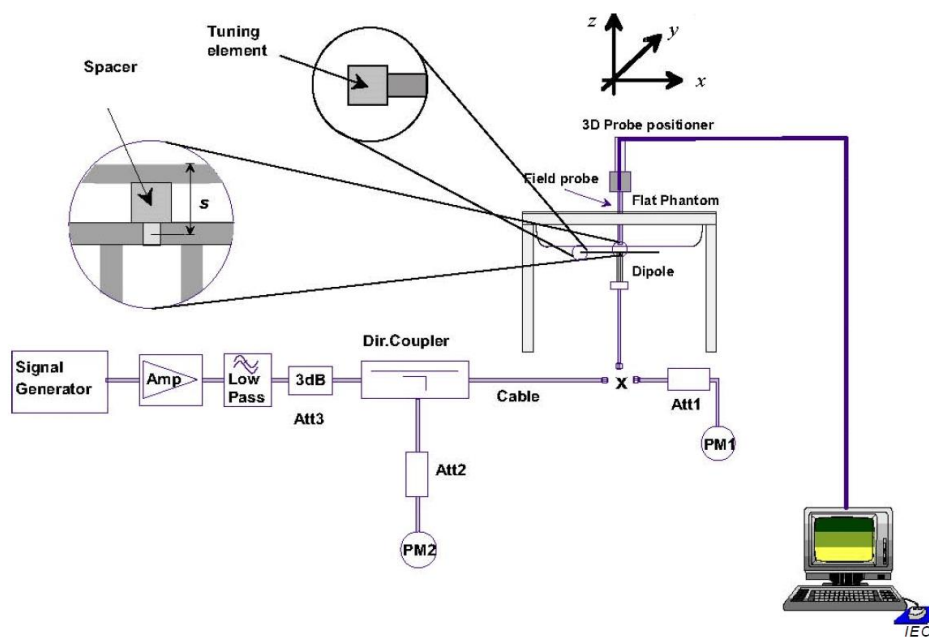


Picture 7-1 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom

8 System verification

8.1 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



Picture 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation



Picture 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup

8.2 System Verification

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device.

The system verification results are required that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR. The details are presented in annex B.

Table 8.1: System Verification of Head

Measurement Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value(W/kg)		Deviation	
		10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average
2023/2/27	750 MHz	5.64	8.63	5.60	8.56	-0.71%	-0.81%
2023/2/22	835 MHz	6.34	9.73	6.28	9.60	-0.95%	-1.34%
2023/2/23	1750 MHz	19.3	36.8	19.4	36.3	0.52%	-1.41%
2023/2/24	1900 MHz	20.7	39.7	20.8	40.0	0.68%	0.76%
2023/2/26	2450 MHz	24.9	52.7	24.4	52.4	-2.01%	-0.57%
2023/3/8	5250 MHz	22.3	78.1	21.7	77.1	-2.69%	-1.28%
2023/3/8	5750 MHz	22.8	80.4	21.9	78.1	-3.95%	-2.86%

9 Measurement Procedures

9.1 Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in picture 9.1.

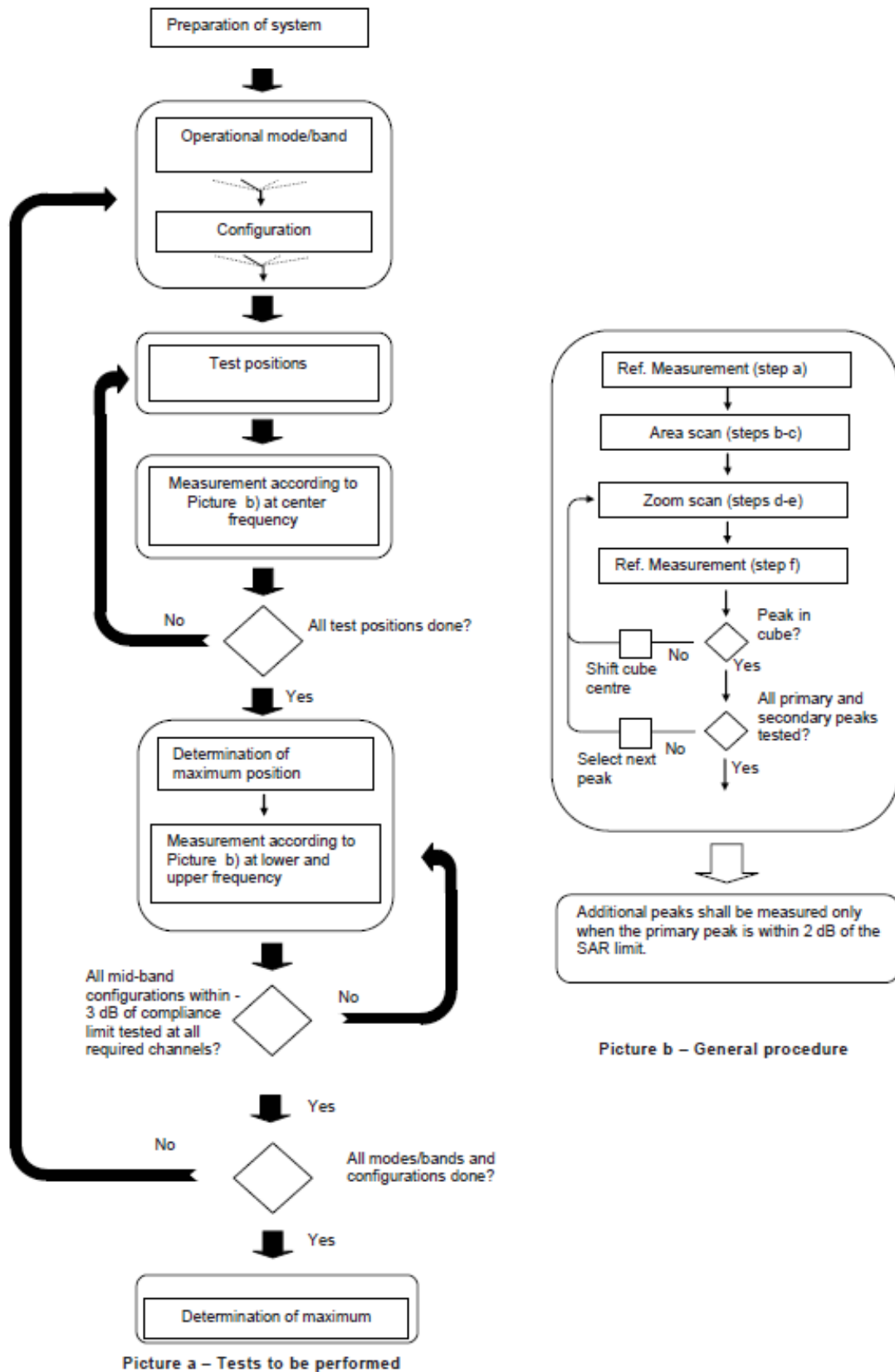
Step 1: The tests described in 9.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the centre of the transmit frequency band (f_c) for:

- a) all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom, as described in annex D),
- b) all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and
- c) all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration in b) in each frequency band.

If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e., $N_c > 3$), then all frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

Step 2: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1, perform all tests described in 9.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3 dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

Step 3: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.



Picture 9.1Block diagram of the tests to be performed

9.2 General Measurement Procedure

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements and fully documented in SAR reports to qualify for TCB approval. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003. The results should be documented as part of the system validation records and may be requested to support test results when all the measurement parameters in the following table are not satisfied.

			$\leq 3\text{ GHz}$	$> 3\text{ GHz}$
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			$5 \pm 1\text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5\text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			$\leq 2\text{ GHz: } \leq 15\text{ mm}$ $2 - 3\text{ GHz: } \leq 12\text{ mm}$	$3 - 4\text{ GHz: } \leq 12\text{ mm}$ $4 - 6\text{ GHz: } \leq 10\text{ mm}$
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			$\leq 2\text{ GHz: } \leq 8\text{ mm}$ $2 - 3\text{ GHz: } \leq 5\text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4\text{ GHz: } \leq 5\text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6\text{ GHz: } \leq 4\text{ mm}^*$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		$\leq 5\text{ mm}$	$3 - 4\text{ GHz: } \leq 4\text{ mm}$ $4 - 5\text{ GHz: } \leq 3\text{ mm}$ $5 - 6\text{ GHz: } \leq 2\text{ mm}$
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4\text{ mm}$	$3 - 4\text{ GHz: } \leq 3\text{ mm}$ $4 - 5\text{ GHz: } \leq 2.5\text{ mm}$ $5 - 6\text{ GHz: } \leq 2\text{ mm}$
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		$\geq 30\text{ mm}$	$3 - 4\text{ GHz: } \geq 28\text{ mm}$ $4 - 5\text{ GHz: } \geq 25\text{ mm}$ $5 - 6\text{ GHz: } \geq 22\text{ mm}$
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4\text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8\text{ mm}$, $\leq 7\text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5\text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

9.3 WCDMA Measurement Procedures for SAR

The following procedures are applicable to WCDMA handsets operating under 3GPP Release99, Release 5 and Release 6. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the DUT and a communication test set using a 12.2kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCH_n), HSDPA and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) modes according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Both uplink and downlink should be configured with the same RMC or AMR, when required. SAR for Release 5 HSDPA and Release 6 HSPA are measured using the applicable FRC (fixed reference channel) and E-DCH reference channel configurations. Maximum output power is verified according to applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121 and SAR must be measured according to these maximum output conditions. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is not implemented according to Cubic Metric (CM) requirements for Release 6 HSPA, the following procedures do not apply.

For Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices:

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c / β_d	β_{hs}	CM/dB
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/25	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

For Release 6 HSPA Data Devices

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c / β_d	β_{hs}	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15	15/15	64	11/15	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.5	1.5	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	12/15	4	1	1.5	1.5	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}:47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}:47/15$	4	2	1.5	1.5	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	4/15	56/75	4	1	1.5	1.5	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	64	15/15	24/15	30/15	134/15	4	1	1.5	1.5	21	81

Rel.8 DC-HSDPA (Cat 24)

SAR test exclusion for Rel.8 DC-HSDPA must satisfy the SAR test exclusion requirements of Rel.5 HSDPA. SAR test exclusion for DC-HSDPA devices is determined by power measurements according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to qualify for SAR test exclusion.

9.4 SAR Measurement for LTE

SAR tests for LTE are performed with a base station simulator, Rohde & Schwarz CMW500. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. All powers were measured with the CMW 500.

It is performed for conducted power and SAR based on the KDB941225 D05.

SAR is evaluated separately according to the following procedures for the different test positions in each exposure condition – head, body, body-worn accessories and other use conditions. The procedures in the following subsections are applied separately to test each LTE frequency band.

1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

9.5 Bluetooth & Wi-Fi Measurement Procedures for SAR

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 transmitters in general. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure that the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in a test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

9.6 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY5 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in section14 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

10 Area Scan Based 1-g SAR

10.1 Requirement of KDB

According to the KDB447498 D01, when the implementation is based the specific polynomial fit algorithm as presented at the 29th Bioelectromagnetics Society meeting (2007) and the estimated 1-gSAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, a zoom scan measurement is not required provided it is also not needed for any other purpose; for example, if the peak SAR location required for simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion can be determined accurately by the SAR system or manually to discriminate between distinctive peaks and scattered noisy SAR distributions from area scans.

There must not be any warning or alert messages due to various measurement concerns identified by the SAR system; for example, noise in measurements, peaks too close to scan boundary, peaks are too sharp, spatial resolution and uncertainty issues etc. The SAR system verification must also demonstrate that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR (See Annex B). When all the SAR results for each exposure condition in a frequency band and wireless mode are based on estimated 1-g SAR, the 1-g SAR for the highest SAR configuration must be determined by a zoom scan.

10.2 Fast SAR Algorithms

The approach is based on the area scan measurement applying a frequency dependent attenuation parameter. This attenuation parameter was empirically determined by analyzing a large number of phones. The MOTOROLA FAST SAR was developed and validated by the MOTOROLA Research Group in Ft. Lauderdale.

In the initial study, an approximation algorithm based on Linear fit was developed. The accuracy of the algorithm has been demonstrated across a broad frequency range (136-2450 MHz) and for both 1- and 10-g averaged SAR using a sample of 264 SAR measurements from 55 wireless handsets. For the sample size studied, the root-mean-squared errors of the algorithm are 1.2% and 5.8% for 1- and 10-g averaged SAR, respectively. The paper describing the algorithm in detail is expected to be published in August 2004 within the Special Issue of Transactions on MTT.

In the second step, the same research group optimized the fitting algorithm to an Polynomial fit whereby the frequency validity was extended to cover the range 30-6000MHz. Details of this study can be found in the BEMS 2007 Proceedings.

Both algorithms are implemented in DASY software.

11 Conducted Output Power

There are two sets of tune-up power, Normal power and Low power, for all bands by proximity sensor. The detail of proximity sensor is presented in Annex I.

11.1 GSM Measurement result

Table 11.1-1: The conducted power for GSM – Normal power

GSM 850 GPRS (GMSK)	Measured Power (dBm)			Tune up	calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	251	190	128			251	190	128
1 Txslot	31.74	31.63	31.55	33.50	-9.03	22.71	22.60	22.52
2 Txslots	30.34	30.30	30.04	32.00	-6.02	24.32	24.28	24.02
3 Txslots	28.19	28.23	28.04	30.00	-4.26	23.93	23.97	23.78
4 Txslots	26.77	26.87	26.58	28.50	-3.01	23.76	23.86	23.57
GSM 850 EGPRS (GMSK)	Measured Power (dBm)				calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	251	190	128			251	190	128
1 Txslot	31.81	31.74	31.55	33.50	-9.03	22.78	22.71	22.52
2 Txslots	30.27	30.28	30.01	32.00	-6.02	24.25	24.26	23.99
3 Txslots	28.13	28.22	28.04	30.00	-4.26	23.87	23.96	23.78
4 Txslots	26.72	26.87	26.57	28.50	-3.01	23.71	23.86	23.56
GSM 850 EGPRS (8PSK)	Measured Power (dBm)				calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	251	190	128			251	190	128
1 Txslot	25.40	25.05	24.97	26.00	-9.03	16.37	16.02	15.94
2 Txslots	24.17	23.98	23.97	25.00	-6.02	18.15	17.96	17.95
3Txslots	22.12	21.99	22.68	23.00	-4.26	17.86	17.73	18.42
4 Txslots	21.08	21.67	21.12	22.00	-3.01	18.07	18.66	18.11
PCS1900 GPRS (GMSK)	Measured Power (dBm)				calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	810	661	512			810	661	512
1 Txslot	28.71	28.69	28.63	30.00	-9.03	19.68	19.66	19.60
2 Txslots	27.88	27.85	27.76	29.00	-6.02	21.86	21.83	21.74
3 Txslots	25.97	25.91	25.73	27.50	-4.26	21.71	21.65	21.47
4 Txslots	24.80	24.74	24.62	26.00	-3.01	21.79	21.73	21.61
PCS1900 EGPRS (GMSK)	Measured Power (dBm)				calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	810	661	512			810	661	512
1 Txslot	28.49	28.49	28.41	30.00	-9.03	19.46	19.46	19.38
2 Txslots	27.65	27.64	27.55	29.00	-6.02	21.63	21.62	21.53
3Txslots	25.75	25.71	25.52	27.50	-4.26	21.49	21.45	21.26
4 Txslots	24.58	24.53	24.40	26.00	-3.01	21.57	21.52	21.39
PCS1900 EGPRS (8PSK)	Measured Power (dBm)				calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	810	661	512			810	661	512
1 Txslot	25.59	25.64	25.60	27.50	-9.03	16.56	16.61	16.57
2 Txslots	24.85	24.66	24.69	26.50	-6.02	18.83	18.64	18.67

3Txslots	22.86	22.78	22.99	24.50	-4.26	18.60	18.52	18.73
4 Txslots	21.79	21.73	21.77	23.50	-3.01	18.78	18.72	18.76

NOTES:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 2Txslots for GSM850/1900.

Table 11.1-2: The conducted power for GSM – Low power

GSM 850 GPRS (GMSK)	Measured Power (dBm)			Tune up	calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	251	190	128			251	190	128
1 Txslot	25.22	25.66	25.68	26.50	-9.03	16.19	16.63	16.65
2 Txslots	22.11	22.62	22.56	23.50	-6.02	16.09	16.60	16.54
3 Txslots	20.44	20.84	20.82	21.50	-4.26	16.18	16.58	16.56
4 Txslots	19.18	19.60	19.64	21.00	-3.01	16.17	16.59	16.63
GSM 850 EGPRS (GMSK)	Measured Power (dBm)				calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	251	190	128			251	190	128
1 Txslot	25.29	25.78	25.71	26.50	-9.03	16.26	16.75	16.68
2 Txslots	22.17	22.74	22.65	23.50	-6.02	16.15	16.72	16.63
3 Txslots	20.43	20.99	20.92	21.50	-4.26	16.17	16.73	16.66
4 Txslots	19.17	19.71	19.64	21.00	-3.01	16.16	16.70	16.63
GSM 850 EGPRS (8PSK)	Measured Power (dBm)				calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	251	190	128			251	190	128
1 Txslot	19.68	19.44	19.54	20.50	-9.03	10.65	10.41	10.51
2 Txslots	16.37	16.27	16.40	17.50	-6.02	10.35	10.25	10.38
3Txslots	14.45	14.39	14.47	15.50	-4.26	10.19	10.13	10.21
4 Txslots	13.04	13.03	13.56	14.50	-3.01	10.03	10.02	10.55
PCS1900 GPRS (GMSK)	Measured Power (dBm)				calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	810	661	512			810	661	512
1 Txslot	21.55	21.46	21.16	22.50	-9.03	12.52	12.43	12.13
2 Txslots	18.73	18.49	18.23	19.50	-6.02	12.71	12.47	12.21
3 Txslots	16.96	16.67	16.19	17.50	-4.26	12.70	12.41	11.93
4 Txslots	15.66	15.29	14.97	16.00	-3.01	12.65	12.28	11.96
PCS1900 EGPRS (GMSK)	Measured Power (dBm)				calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	810	661	512			810	661	512
1 Txslot	21.42	21.36	21.07	22.50	-9.03	12.39	12.33	12.04

2 Txslots	18.61	18.40	18.14	19.50	-6.02	12.59	12.38	12.12
3Txslots	16.58	16.59	16.12	17.50	-4.26	12.32	12.33	11.86
4 Txslots	15.57	15.21	14.91	16.00	-3.01	12.56	12.20	11.90
PCS1900 EGPRS (8PSK)	Measured Power (dBm)				calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	810	661	512			810	661	512
1 Txslot	18.88	18.61	18.39	19.50	-9.03	9.85	9.58	9.36
2 Txslots	15.72	15.55	15.42	16.50	-6.02	9.70	9.53	9.40
3Txslots	13.80	13.68	13.88	14.50	-4.26	9.54	9.42	9.62
4 Txslots	12.43	12.34	12.29	13.50	-3.01	9.42	9.33	9.28

NOTES:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 1Txslot for GSM850 and 2Txslot for GSM1900.

11.2 WCDMA Measurement result

Table 11.2-1: The conducted Power for WCDMA – Normal power

WCDMA850	FDDV result (dBm)			Tune up
	4233/4458	4183/4408	4132/4357	
	(846.6MHz)	(836.6MHz)	(826.4MHz)	
	22.55	22.59	22.61	
HSUPA	19.55	19.60	19.62	20.50
	19.56	19.61	19.64	20.50
	20.56	20.61	20.60	21.50
	19.05	19.10	19.16	20.00
	20.51	20.50	20.58	21.50
HSPA+	20.98	21.00	21.05	22.00
DC-HSDPA	21.59	21.69	21.61	22.50
	21.56	21.50	21.54	22.50
	21.04	21.05	21.09	22.00
	21.05	21.00	21.07	22.00
WCDMA1700	FDDIV result (dBm)			Tune up
	1513/1738	1412/1637	1312/1537	
	(1752.6MHz)	(1732.4MHz)	(1712.4MHz)	
	22.59	22.56	22.55	
HSUPA	19.74	19.80	19.76	20.00
	19.36	19.34	19.39	20.00
	20.45	20.46	20.41	21.00
	18.96	19.00	18.92	19.50
	20.36	20.35	20.38	21.00
HSPA+	20.75	20.80	20.81	21.50
DC-HSDPA	21.46	21.45	21.48	22.00
	21.46	21.49	21.46	22.00
	20.95	20.91	20.96	21.50
	20.96	20.95	20.91	21.50
WCDMA1900	FDDII result (dBm)			Tune up
	9538/9938	9400/9800	9262/9662	
	(1907.6MHz)	(1880MHz)	(1852.4MHz)	
	22.39	22.49	22.48	
HSUPA	19.80	19.79	19.77	20.50
	19.38	19.35	19.40	20.50
	20.39	20.46	20.42	20.50
	18.90	18.85	18.93	20.00
	20.44	20.35	20.41	21.50
HSPA+	20.85	20.81	20.88	22.00

DC-HSDPA	21.30	21.41	20.86	22.00
	21.34	21.35	21.37	22.00
	20.88	20.91	20.93	21.50
	20.81	20.88	20.90	21.50

Table 11.2-2: The conducted Power for WCDMA – Low power

WCDMA850	FDDV result (dBm)			Tune up
	4233/4458	4183/4408	4132/4357	
	(846.6MHz)	(836.6MHz)	(826.4MHz)	
	16.57	16.59	16.63	
HSUPA	14.65	14.62	14.60	15.50
	14.60	14.68	14.60	15.50
	15.59	15.61	15.63	16.50
	14.20	14.16	14.18	15.00
	15.52	15.69	15.60	16.50
HSPA+	16.20	16.16	16.21	17.00
DC-HSDPA	16.55	16.62	16.64	17.50
	16.50	16.68	16.59	17.50
	15.98	15.99	16.05	17.00
	16.10	16.09	16.06	17.00
WCDMA1700	FDDIV result (dBm)			Tune up
	1513/1738	1412/1637	1312/1537	
	(1752.6MHz)	(1732.4MHz)	(1712.4MHz)	
	12.58	12.52	12.59	
HSUPA	10.10	10.16	10.12	11.00
	10.15	10.10	10.11	11.00
	11.10	11.15	11.17	12.00
	9.56	9.52	9.61	11.00
	11.05	11.09	11.09	12.00
HSPA+	11.50	11.51	11.55	12.00
DC-HSDPA	12.04	12.09	12.12	12.50
	11.98	12.06	12.09	12.50
	11.51	11.59	11.64	12.50
	11.51	11.50	11.56	12.50
WCDMA1900	FDDII result (dBm)			Tune up
	9538/9938	9400/9800	9262/9662	
	(1907.6MHz)	(1880MHz)	(1852.4MHz)	
	12.33	12.36	12.34	
HSUPA	10.18	10.27	10.28	11.00
	10.26	10.32	10.29	11.00
	11.09	11.14	11.17	12.00
	9.78	9.81	9.83	11.00

	11.14	11.07	11.16	12.00
HSPA+	11.72	11.74	11.75	13.00
DC-HSDPA	11.86	11.79	12.11	12.50
	12.00	12.09	12.05	12.50
	11.56	11.55	11.61	12.00
	11.66	11.69	11.64	12.00

11.3 LTE Measurement result

Table 11.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for LTE- Normal power

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth configuration [RB]						MPR (dB)
	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	2

Table 11.3-2: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for LTE-Low power

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth configuration [RB]						MPR (dB)
	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	0
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	0
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	0

Table 11.3-3: The tune up for LTE

Band	Tune up	
	Normal power	Low power
LTE Band 2	24	14.5
LTE Band 5	24	19
LTE Band 12	24	21
LTE Band 13	24	19
LTE Band 66	24	14

LTE Band2-Normal Power

BANDWIDTH	Number of RBs	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
1.4MHz	1RB-High (5)	1909.3 (19193)	22.93	22.35
		1880 (18900)	22.89	22.13
		1850.7 (18607)	23.09	22.35
	1RB-Middle (3)	1909.3 (19193)	23.08	22.31
		1880 (18900)	22.99	22.26
		1850.7 (18607)	23.16	22.46
	1RB-Low (0)	1909.3 (19193)	22.94	22.23
		1880 (18900)	22.87	22.16
		1850.7 (18607)	23.06	22.29
	3RB-High (3)	1909.3 (19193)	23.07	22.02
		1880 (18900)	22.99	21.96
		1850.7 (18607)	23.19	22.11
	3RB-Middle (1)	1909.3 (19193)	23.15	22.13
		1880 (18900)	23.08	21.99
		1850.7 (18607)	23.23	22.18
	3RB-Low (0)	1909.3 (19193)	23.08	22.11
		1880 (18900)	23.01	21.90
		1850.7 (18607)	23.21	22.09
	6RB (0)	1909.3 (19193)	22.10	21.21
		1880 (18900)	22.04	21.11
		1850.7 (18607)	22.21	21.30
3MHz	1RB-High (14)	1908.5 (19185)	23.03	22.30
		1880 (18900)	22.96	22.18
		1851.5 (18615)	23.09	22.33
	1RB-Middle (7)	1908.5 (19185)	23.22	22.50
		1880 (18900)	23.10	22.39
		1851.5 (18615)	23.29	22.55
	1RB-Low (0)	1908.5 (19185)	23.03	22.20
		1880 (18900)	22.95	22.17
		1851.5 (18615)	23.14	22.37
	8RB-High (7)	1908.5 (19185)	22.08	21.12
		1880 (18900)	21.98	21.07
		1851.5 (18615)	22.15	21.23
	8RB-Middle (4)	1908.5 (19185)	22.13	21.18
		1880 (18900)	22.02	21.08
		1851.5 (18615)	22.22	21.29
	8RB-Low (0)	1908.5 (19185)	22.10	21.13
		1880 (18900)	22.00	21.04
		1851.5 (18615)	22.19	21.24
	15RB (0)	1908.5 (19185)	22.09	21.11
		1880 (18900)	22.01	21.01
		1851.5 (18615)	22.18	21.18

5MHz	1RB-High (24)	1907.5 (19175)	22.93	22.25
		1880 (18900)	22.87	22.01
		1852.5 (18625)	22.97	22.21
	1RB-Middle (12)	1907.5 (19175)	23.21	22.37
		1880 (18900)	23.06	22.26
		1852.5 (18625)	23.35	22.39
	1RB-Low (0)	1907.5 (19175)	22.95	22.14
		1880 (18900)	22.86	22.15
		1852.5 (18625)	23.05	22.24
	12RB-High (13)	1907.5 (19175)	22.08	21.03
		1880 (18900)	22.00	20.96
		1852.5 (18625)	22.17	21.14
	12RB-Middle (6)	1907.5 (19175)	22.14	21.15
		1880 (18900)	22.07	21.00
		1852.5 (18625)	22.21	21.15
	12RB-Low (0)	1907.5 (19175)	22.09	21.08
		1880 (18900)	22.00	20.97
		1852.5 (18625)	22.15	21.15
	25RB (0)	1907.5 (19175)	22.13	21.11
		1880 (18900)	22.01	21.00
		1852.5 (18625)	22.15	21.16
10MHz	1RB-High (49)	1905 (19150)	23.07	22.29
		1880 (18900)	22.95	22.19
		1855 (18650)	23.06	22.35
	1RB-Middle (24)	1905 (19150)	23.12	22.49
		1880 (18900)	23.05	22.21
		1855 (18650)	23.21	22.46
	1RB-Low (0)	1905 (19150)	23.08	22.26
		1880 (18900)	23.02	22.31
		1855 (18650)	23.16	22.43
	25RB-High (25)	1905 (19150)	22.14	21.11
		1880 (18900)	22.05	21.03
		1855 (18650)	22.17	21.17
	25RB-Middle (12)	1905 (19150)	22.13	21.14
		1880 (18900)	22.07	21.06
		1855 (18650)	22.18	21.15
	25RB-Low (0)	1905 (19150)	22.16	21.12
		1880 (18900)	22.10	21.06
		1855 (18650)	22.17	21.16
	50RB (0)	1905 (19150)	22.16	21.11
		1880 (18900)	22.07	21.05
		1855 (18650)	22.18	21.14

15MHz	1RB-High (74)	1902.5 (19125)	23.02	22.29
		1880 (18900)	22.90	22.17
		1857.5 (18675)	22.96	22.20
	1RB-Middle (37)	1902.5 (19125)	23.10	22.35
		1880 (18900)	23.02	22.20
		1857.5 (18675)	23.13	22.35
	1RB-Low (0)	1902.5 (19125)	22.98	22.18
		1880 (18900)	22.96	22.19
		1857.5 (18675)	23.13	22.27
	36RB-High (38)	1902.5 (19125)	22.17	21.11
		1880 (18900)	22.04	20.98
		1857.5 (18675)	22.15	21.09
	36RB-Middle (19)	1902.5 (19125)	22.18	21.09
		1880 (18900)	22.10	21.03
		1857.5 (18675)	22.17	21.16
	36RB-Low (0)	1902.5 (19125)	22.14	21.08
		1880 (18900)	22.11	21.08
		1857.5 (18675)	22.19	21.11
	75RB (0)	1902.5 (19125)	22.16	21.11
		1880 (18900)	22.07	21.02
		1857.5 (18675)	22.15	21.11
20MHz	1RB-High (99)	1900 (19100)	22.86	22.13
		1880 (18900)	22.78	21.99
		1860 (18700)	22.84	22.05
	1RB-Middle (50)	1900 (19100)	23.09	22.43
		1880 (18900)	22.99	22.17
		1860 (18700)	23.12	22.36
	1RB-Low (0)	1900 (19100)	22.85	22.15
		1880 (18900)	22.85	22.13
		1860 (18700)	22.99	22.33
	50RB-High (50)	1900 (19100)	22.08	21.03
		1880 (18900)	21.93	20.90
		1860 (18700)	22.08	21.07
	50RB-Middle (25)	1900 (19100)	22.09	21.05
		1880 (18900)	22.03	20.99
		1860 (18700)	22.11	21.09
	50RB-Low (0)	1900 (19100)	22.13	21.11
		1880 (18900)	22.02	21.00
		1860 (18700)	22.06	21.04
	100RB (0)	1900 (19100)	22.12	21.08
		1880 (18900)	21.96	20.95
		1860 (18700)	22.06	21.02

LTE Band2-Low Power

BANDWIDTH	Number of RBs	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
1.4MHz	1RB-High (5)	1909.3 (19193)	13.97	14.21
		1880 (18900)	13.89	14.09
		1850.7 (18607)	14.06	14.28
	1RB-Middle (3)	1909.3 (19193)	14.12	14.36
		1880 (18900)	14.03	14.22
		1850.7 (18607)	14.22	14.28
	1RB-Low (0)	1909.3 (19193)	13.96	14.15
		1880 (18900)	13.89	14.04
		1850.7 (18607)	14.07	14.33
	3RB-High (3)	1909.3 (19193)	14.07	14.06
		1880 (18900)	14.00	13.92
		1850.7 (18607)	14.19	14.12
	3RB-Middle (1)	1909.3 (19193)	14.14	14.11
		1880 (18900)	14.04	14.00
		1850.7 (18607)	14.22	14.17
	3RB-Low (0)	1909.3 (19193)	14.07	14.03
		1880 (18900)	14.00	13.96
		1850.7 (18607)	14.21	14.10
	6RB (0)	1909.3 (19193)	14.08	14.11
		1880 (18900)	13.99	14.05
		1850.7 (18607)	14.16	14.23
3MHz	1RB-High (14)	1908.5 (19185)	14.02	14.31
		1880 (18900)	13.92	14.09
		1851.5 (18615)	14.06	14.27
	1RB-Middle (7)	1908.5 (19185)	14.16	14.21
		1880 (18900)	14.10	14.26
		1851.5 (18615)	14.23	14.40
	1RB-Low (0)	1908.5 (19185)	13.97	14.14
		1880 (18900)	13.89	14.20
		1851.5 (18615)	14.08	14.33
	8RB-High (7)	1908.5 (19185)	14.02	14.04
		1880 (18900)	13.96	13.97
		1851.5 (18615)	14.09	14.14
	8RB-Middle (4)	1908.5 (19185)	14.09	14.10
		1880 (18900)	13.98	14.00
		1851.5 (18615)	14.17	14.16
	8RB-Low (0)	1908.5 (19185)	14.05	14.09
		1880 (18900)	13.94	13.97
		1851.5 (18615)	14.12	14.15
	15RB (0)	1908.5 (19185)	14.04	14.03
		1880 (18900)	13.92	13.94
		1851.5 (18615)	14.13	14.11

5MHz	1RB-High (24)	1907.5 (19175)	13.90	14.17
		1880 (18900)	13.79	14.10
		1852.5 (18625)	13.91	14.21
	1RB-Middle (12)	1907.5 (19175)	14.13	14.32
		1880 (18900)	14.02	14.39
		1852.5 (18625)	14.27	14.21
	1RB-Low (0)	1907.5 (19175)	13.86	14.10
		1880 (18900)	13.82	14.01
		1852.5 (18625)	13.98	14.30
	12RB-High (13)	1907.5 (19175)	14.02	13.96
		1880 (18900)	13.94	13.88
		1852.5 (18625)	14.11	14.05
	12RB-Middle (6)	1907.5 (19175)	14.09	14.06
		1880 (18900)	13.99	13.95
		1852.5 (18625)	14.14	14.12
	12RB-Low (0)	1907.5 (19175)	14.04	14.02
		1880 (18900)	13.95	13.93
		1852.5 (18625)	14.10	14.05
25RB (0)	1907.5 (19175)	14.04	14.06	
	1880 (18900)	13.95	13.94	
	1852.5 (18625)	14.08	14.11	
10MHz	1RB-High (49)	1905 (19150)	14.03	14.31
		1880 (18900)	13.92	14.16
		1855 (18650)	13.99	14.27
	1RB-Middle (24)	1905 (19150)	14.10	14.21
		1880 (18900)	14.01	14.28
		1855 (18650)	14.13	14.26
	1RB-Low (0)	1905 (19150)	14.01	14.26
		1880 (18900)	13.94	14.24
		1855 (18650)	14.13	14.31
	25RB-High (25)	1905 (19150)	14.06	14.04
		1880 (18900)	13.97	13.93
		1855 (18650)	14.10	14.08
	25RB-Middle (12)	1905 (19150)	14.10	14.04
		1880 (18900)	14.00	13.98
		1855 (18650)	14.09	14.08
	25RB-Low (0)	1905 (19150)	14.07	14.06
		1880 (18900)	14.03	14.00
		1855 (18650)	14.08	14.06
50RB (0)	1905 (19150)	14.06	14.05	
	1880 (18900)	13.99	13.98	
	1855 (18650)	14.09	14.08	

15MHz	1RB-High (74)	1902.5 (19125)	13.92	14.22
		1880 (18900)	13.81	13.98
		1857.5 (18675)	13.87	14.17
	1RB-Middle (37)	1902.5 (19125)	14.01	14.19
		1880 (18900)	13.95	14.09
		1857.5 (18675)	14.05	14.24
	1RB-Low (0)	1902.5 (19125)	13.86	14.11
		1880 (18900)	13.85	14.10
		1857.5 (18675)	14.06	14.24
	36RB-High (38)	1902.5 (19125)	14.07	14.02
		1880 (18900)	13.94	13.90
		1857.5 (18675)	14.04	14.00
	36RB-Middle (19)	1902.5 (19125)	14.08	14.04
		1880 (18900)	14.01	13.96
		1857.5 (18675)	14.10	14.03
	36RB-Low (0)	1902.5 (19125)	14.02	13.99
		1880 (18900)	14.00	13.95
		1857.5 (18675)	14.09	14.04
	75RB (0)	1902.5 (19125)	14.06	14.03
		1880 (18900)	13.98	13.94
		1857.5 (18675)	14.05	14.03
20MHz	1RB-High (99)	1900 (19100)	13.86	14.15
		1880 (18900)	13.78	13.97
		1860 (18700)	13.86	14.11
	1RB-Middle (50)	1900 (19100)	14.05	14.22
		1880 (18900)	13.98	14.20
		1860 (18700)	14.10	14.20
	1RB-Low (0)	1900 (19100)	13.85	14.03
		1880 (18900)	13.86	14.00
		1860 (18700)	14.00	14.32
	50RB-High (50)	1900 (19100)	14.00	14.02
		1880 (18900)	13.89	13.89
		1860 (18700)	14.04	14.01
	50RB-Middle (25)	1900 (19100)	14.04	14.03
		1880 (18900)	14.00	13.99
		1860 (18700)	14.09	14.08
	50RB-Low (0)	1900 (19100)	14.08	14.08
		1880 (18900)	14.02	13.98
		1860 (18700)	14.04	14.01
	100RB (0)	1900 (19100)	14.07	14.05
		1880 (18900)	13.95	13.94
		1860 (18700)	14.02	14.01

LTE Band5-Normal Power

BANDWIDTH	Number of RBs	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
1.4MHz	1RB-High (5)	848.3 (20643)	23.05	22.38
		836.5 (20525)	23.02	22.20
		824.7 (20407)	22.99	22.21
	1RB-Middle (3)	848.3 (20643)	23.18	22.47
		836.5 (20525)	23.13	22.41
		824.7 (20407)	23.07	22.35
	1RB-Low (0)	848.3 (20643)	23.04	22.37
		836.5 (20525)	23.00	22.27
		824.7 (20407)	22.98	22.16
	3RB-High (3)	848.3 (20643)	23.16	22.19
		836.5 (20525)	23.11	22.08
		824.7 (20407)	23.09	22.08
	3RB-Middle (1)	848.3 (20643)	23.23	22.23
		836.5 (20525)	23.16	22.12
		824.7 (20407)	23.13	22.06
	3RB-Low (0)	848.3 (20643)	23.15	22.17
		836.5 (20525)	23.11	22.11
		824.7 (20407)	23.11	22.03
	6RB (0)	848.3 (20643)	22.16	21.20
		836.5 (20525)	22.13	21.22
		824.7 (20407)	22.09	21.12
3MHz	1RB-High (14)	847.5 (20635)	23.13	22.38
		836.5 (20525)	23.06	22.33
		825.5 (20415)	23.09	22.42
	1RB-Middle (7)	847.5 (20635)	23.28	22.61
		836.5 (20525)	23.22	22.59
		825.5 (20415)	23.22	22.46
	1RB-Low (0)	847.5 (20635)	23.12	22.38
		836.5 (20525)	23.04	22.39
		825.5 (20415)	23.06	22.27
	8RB-High (7)	847.5 (20635)	22.17	21.20
		836.5 (20525)	22.12	21.19
		825.5 (20415)	22.12	21.13
	8RB-Middle (4)	847.5 (20635)	22.18	21.25
		836.5 (20525)	22.16	21.22
		825.5 (20415)	22.11	21.21
	8RB-Low (0)	847.5 (20635)	22.19	21.21
		836.5 (20525)	22.11	21.16
		825.5 (20415)	22.09	21.11
	15RB (0)	847.5 (20635)	22.17	21.16
		836.5 (20525)	22.12	21.12
		825.5 (20415)	22.07	21.09

5MHz	1RB-High (24)	846.5 (20625)	23.01	22.39
		836.5 (20525)	22.96	22.28
		826.5 (20425)	22.98	22.30
	1RB-Middle (12)	846.5 (20625)	23.31	22.58
		836.5 (20525)	23.18	22.61
		826.5 (20425)	23.26	22.54
	1RB-Low (0)	846.5 (20625)	23.03	22.35
		836.5 (20525)	22.97	22.26
		826.5 (20425)	22.98	22.14
	12RB-High (13)	846.5 (20625)	22.20	21.18
		836.5 (20525)	22.10	21.09
		826.5 (20425)	22.15	21.15
	12RB-Middle (6)	846.5 (20625)	22.27	21.26
		836.5 (20525)	22.19	21.18
		826.5 (20425)	22.17	21.15
	12RB-Low (0)	846.5 (20625)	22.20	21.18
		836.5 (20525)	22.15	21.13
		826.5 (20425)	22.11	21.07
	25RB (0)	846.5 (20625)	22.22	21.21
		836.5 (20525)	22.16	21.16
		826.5 (20425)	22.13	21.13
10MHz	1RB-High (49)	844 (20600)	23.00	22.25
		836.5 (20525)	23.00	22.34
		829 (20450)	22.98	22.17
	1RB-Middle (24)	844 (20600)	23.11	22.48
		836.5 (20525)	23.11	22.37
		829 (20450)	23.12	22.44
	1RB-Low (0)	844 (20600)	22.99	22.21
		836.5 (20525)	23.02	22.16
		829 (20450)	22.97	22.15
	25RB-High (25)	844 (20600)	22.15	21.15
		836.5 (20525)	22.07	21.05
		829 (20450)	22.08	21.07
	25RB-Middle (12)	844 (20600)	22.16	21.17
		836.5 (20525)	22.07	21.06
		829 (20450)	22.04	21.06
	25RB-Low (0)	844 (20600)	22.14	21.16
		836.5 (20525)	22.11	21.12
		829 (20450)	22.05	21.05
	50RB (0)	844 (20600)	22.16	21.19
		836.5 (20525)	22.09	21.12
		829 (20450)	22.06	21.07

LTE Band5-Low Power

BANDWIDTH	Number of RBs	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
1.4MHz	1RB-High (5)	848.3 (20643)	18.02	18.33
		836.5 (20525)	17.98	18.30
		824.7 (20407)	18.01	18.27
	1RB-Middle (3)	848.3 (20643)	18.16	18.46
		836.5 (20525)	18.15	18.43
		824.7 (20407)	18.11	18.32
	1RB-Low (0)	848.3 (20643)	18.02	18.39
		836.5 (20525)	18.00	18.34
		824.7 (20407)	17.97	18.28
	3RB-High (3)	848.3 (20643)	18.10	18.10
		836.5 (20525)	18.11	18.05
		824.7 (20407)	18.04	18.02
	3RB-Middle (1)	848.3 (20643)	18.18	18.17
		836.5 (20525)	18.16	18.14
		824.7 (20407)	18.13	18.12
	3RB-Low (0)	848.3 (20643)	18.15	18.15
		836.5 (20525)	18.10	18.12
		824.7 (20407)	18.05	18.07
	6RB (0)	848.3 (20643)	18.13	18.22
		836.5 (20525)	18.08	18.19
		824.7 (20407)	18.03	18.16
3MHz	1RB-High (14)	847.5 (20635)	18.07	18.40
		836.5 (20525)	18.02	18.37
		825.5 (20415)	18.03	18.32
	1RB-Middle (7)	847.5 (20635)	18.26	18.57
		836.5 (20525)	18.23	18.54
		825.5 (20415)	18.20	18.43
	1RB-Low (0)	847.5 (20635)	18.09	18.43
		836.5 (20525)	17.99	18.26
		825.5 (20415)	18.03	18.27
	8RB-High (7)	847.5 (20635)	18.09	18.17
		836.5 (20525)	18.04	18.08
		825.5 (20415)	18.05	18.08
	8RB-Middle (4)	847.5 (20635)	18.13	18.19
		836.5 (20525)	18.09	18.16
		825.5 (20415)	18.09	18.14
	8RB-Low (0)	847.5 (20635)	18.11	18.20
		836.5 (20525)	18.04	18.08
		825.5 (20415)	18.03	18.08
	15RB (0)	847.5 (20635)	18.08	18.11
		836.5 (20525)	18.03	18.07
		825.5 (20415)	17.99	18.02

5MHz	1RB-High (24)	846.5 (20625)	18.01	18.18
		836.5 (20525)	17.89	18.23
		826.5 (20425)	17.92	18.28
	1RB-Middle (12)	846.5 (20625)	18.26	18.56
		836.5 (20525)	18.19	18.42
		826.5 (20425)	18.23	18.46
	1RB-Low (0)	846.5 (20625)	18.01	18.28
		836.5 (20525)	17.93	18.29
		826.5 (20425)	17.89	18.24
	12RB-High (13)	846.5 (20625)	18.13	18.11
		836.5 (20525)	18.01	17.97
		826.5 (20425)	18.05	18.04
	12RB-Middle (6)	846.5 (20625)	18.17	18.17
		836.5 (20525)	18.10	18.10
		826.5 (20425)	18.10	18.11
	12RB-Low (0)	846.5 (20625)	18.14	18.12
		836.5 (20525)	18.07	18.06
		826.5 (20425)	18.02	18.00
	25RB (0)	846.5 (20625)	18.12	18.15
		836.5 (20525)	18.08	18.06
		826.5 (20425)	18.04	18.06
10MHz	1RB-High (49)	844 (20600)	18.06	18.32
		836.5 (20525)	18.04	18.34
		829 (20450)	17.98	18.30
	1RB-Middle (24)	844 (20600)	18.18	18.46
		836.5 (20525)	18.16	18.33
		829 (20450)	18.10	18.36
	1RB-Low (0)	844 (20600)	18.05	18.34
		836.5 (20525)	18.04	18.21
		829 (20450)	17.99	18.25
	25RB-High (25)	844 (20600)	18.18	18.18
		836.5 (20525)	18.06	18.07
		829 (20450)	18.08	18.10
	25RB-Middle (12)	844 (20600)	18.16	18.19
		836.5 (20525)	18.09	18.07
		829 (20450)	18.07	18.07
	25RB-Low (0)	844 (20600)	18.15	18.16
		836.5 (20525)	18.12	18.11
		829 (20450)	18.05	18.08
	50RB (0)	844 (20600)	18.15	18.18
		836.5 (20525)	18.10	18.10
		829 (20450)	18.06	18.04

LTE Band12-Normal Power

BANDWIDTH	Number of RBs	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
1.4MHz	1RB-High (5)	715.3	22.94	22.38
		707.5	23.00	22.39
		699.7	23.01	22.31
	1RB-Middle (3)	715.3	23.13	22.44
		707.5	23.15	22.43
		699.7	23.10	22.57
	1RB-Low (0)	715.3	22.96	22.33
		707.5	23.02	22.40
		699.7	23.05	22.44
	3RB-High (3)	715.3	23.07	22.16
		707.5	23.10	22.09
		699.7	23.11	22.13
	3RB-Middle (1)	715.3	23.14	22.18
		707.5	23.17	22.25
		699.7	23.15	22.24
	3RB-Low (0)	715.3	23.08	22.15
		707.5	23.13	22.17
		699.7	23.13	22.19
	6RB (0)	715.3	22.15	21.24
		707.5	22.15	21.27
		699.7	22.16	21.23
3MHz	1RB-High (14)	714.5	23.02	22.42
		707.5	23.05	22.40
		700.5	23.09	22.39
	1RB-Middle (7)	714.5	23.23	22.45
		707.5	23.23	22.56
		700.5	23.22	22.54
	1RB-Low (0)	714.5	23.02	22.27
		707.5	23.09	22.46
		700.5	23.12	22.36
	8RB-High (7)	714.5	22.10	21.17
		707.5	22.16	21.25
		700.5	22.18	21.23
	8RB-Middle (4)	714.5	22.13	21.23
		707.5	22.20	21.26
		700.5	22.24	21.32
	8RB-Low (0)	714.5	22.13	21.24
		707.5	22.17	21.24
		700.5	22.17	21.23
	15RB (0)	714.5	22.08	21.15
		707.5	22.15	21.17
		700.5	22.18	21.21

5MHz	1RB-High (24)	713.5	22.91	22.31
		707.5	22.92	22.28
		701.5	22.97	22.34
	1RB-Middle (12)	713.5	23.21	22.55
		707.5	23.31	22.67
		701.5	23.30	22.56
	1RB-Low (0)	713.5	22.93	22.28
		707.5	22.99	22.39
		701.5	22.99	22.39
	12RB-High (13)	713.5	22.05	21.05
		707.5	22.19	21.17
		701.5	22.16	21.14
	12RB-Middle (6)	713.5	22.20	21.20
		707.5	22.24	21.23
		701.5	22.26	21.27
	12RB-Low (0)	713.5	22.17	21.15
		707.5	22.17	21.18
		701.5	22.19	21.18
	25RB (0)	713.5	22.11	21.13
		707.5	22.18	21.19
		701.5	22.18	21.15
10MHz	1RB-High (49)	711	22.94	22.26
		707.5	22.92	22.23
		704	22.97	22.38
	1RB-Middle (24)	711	23.11	22.44
		707.5	23.18	22.58
		704	23.17	22.57
	1RB-Low (0)	711	23.06	22.45
		707.5	23.05	22.44
		704	23.07	22.43
	25RB-High (25)	711	22.01	21.02
		707.5	22.21	21.21
		704	22.18	21.24
	25RB-Middle (12)	711	22.11	21.13
		707.5	22.20	21.21
		704	22.21	21.21
	25RB-Low (0)	711	22.12	21.13
		707.5	22.16	21.18
		704	22.20	21.21
	50RB (0)	711	22.08	21.10
		707.5	22.17	21.18
		704	22.23	21.25

LTE Band12-Low Power

BANDWIDTH	Number of RBs	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
1.4MHz	1RB-High (5)	715.3	20.00	20.30
		707.5	20.01	20.41
		699.7	20.01	20.31
	1RB-Middle (3)	715.3	20.10	20.43
		707.5	20.12	20.39
		699.7	20.10	20.35
	1RB-Low (0)	715.3	19.98	20.33
		707.5	20.02	20.37
		699.7	20.04	20.43
	3RB-High (3)	715.3	20.13	20.06
		707.5	20.12	20.18
		699.7	20.08	20.20
	3RB-Middle (1)	715.3	20.15	20.16
		707.5	20.19	20.21
		699.7	20.17	20.22
	3RB-Low (0)	715.3	20.09	20.15
		707.5	20.12	20.17
		699.7	20.11	20.13
	6RB (0)	715.3	20.08	20.21
		707.5	20.09	20.24
		699.7	20.12	20.25
3MHz	1RB-High (14)	714.5	20.04	20.30
		707.5	20.02	20.32
		700.5	20.12	20.38
	1RB-Middle (7)	714.5	20.19	20.46
		707.5	20.27	20.22
		700.5	20.29	20.27
	1RB-Low (0)	714.5	20.03	20.43
		707.5	20.09	20.44
		700.5	20.09	20.24
	8RB-High (7)	714.5	20.05	20.15
		707.5	20.10	20.20
		700.5	20.14	20.24
	8RB-Middle (4)	714.5	20.08	20.19
		707.5	20.12	20.23
		700.5	20.19	20.25
	8RB-Low (0)	714.5	20.09	20.18
		707.5	20.14	20.24
		700.5	20.13	20.22
	15RB (0)	714.5	20.03	20.09
		707.5	20.11	20.17
		700.5	20.11	20.19

5MHz	1RB-High (24)	713.5	19.92	20.17
		707.5	19.89	20.29
		701.5	19.93	20.31
	1RB-Middle (12)	713.5	20.17	20.23
		707.5	20.21	20.39
		701.5	20.32	20.44
	1RB-Low (0)	713.5	19.91	20.32
		707.5	19.99	20.39
		701.5	19.98	20.36
	12RB-High (13)	713.5	19.98	20.01
		707.5	20.11	20.16
		701.5	20.11	20.16
	12RB-Middle (6)	713.5	20.13	20.16
		707.5	20.18	20.19
		701.5	20.21	20.24
	12RB-Low (0)	713.5	20.07	20.12
		707.5	20.14	20.11
		701.5	20.13	20.18
	25RB (0)	713.5	20.06	20.10
		707.5	20.11	20.15
		701.5	20.12	20.16
10MHz	1RB-High (49)	711	19.96	20.35
		707.5	19.91	20.28
		704	19.98	20.33
	1RB-Middle (24)	711	20.10	20.44
		707.5	20.20	20.44
		704	20.17	20.45
	1RB-Low (0)	711	20.08	20.46
		707.5	20.06	20.46
		704	20.06	20.38
	25RB-High (25)	711	19.98	19.98
		707.5	20.13	20.14
		704	20.13	20.17
	25RB-Middle (12)	711	20.07	20.09
		707.5	20.14	20.17
		704	20.13	20.16
	25RB-Low (0)	711	20.09	20.09
		707.5	20.11	20.15
		704	20.14	20.20
	50RB (0)	711	20.03	20.05
		707.5	20.11	20.14
		704	20.16	20.18

LTE Band13-Normal Power

BANDWIDTH	Number of RBs	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
5MHz	1RB-High (24)	784.5 (23255)	22.37	21.70
		782 (23230)	22.42	21.74
		779.5 (23205)	22.44	21.67
	1RB-Middle (12)	784.5 (23255)	22.68	22.08
		782 (23230)	22.73	22.02
		779.5 (23205)	22.71	22.11
	1RB-Low (0)	784.5 (23255)	22.45	21.71
		782 (23230)	22.45	21.72
		779.5 (23205)	22.40	21.61
	12RB-High (13)	784.5 (23255)	21.61	20.67
		782 (23230)	21.54	20.63
		779.5 (23205)	21.63	20.69
	12RB-Middle (6)	784.5 (23255)	21.61	20.71
		782 (23230)	21.62	20.69
		779.5 (23205)	21.63	20.72
	12RB-Low (0)	784.5 (23255)	21.56	20.61
		782 (23230)	21.53	20.62
		779.5 (23205)	21.49	20.58
	25RB (0)	784.5 (23255)	21.56	20.68
		782 (23230)	21.52	20.60
		779.5 (23205)	21.56	20.62
10MHz	1RB-High (49)	782 (23230)	22.51	21.87
	1RB-Middle (24)	782 (23230)	22.68	22.01
	1RB-Low (0)	782 (23230)	22.54	21.82
	25RB-High (25)	782 (23230)	21.68	20.73
	25RB-Middle (12)	782 (23230)	21.64	20.71
	25RB-Low (0)	782 (23230)	21.60	20.67
	50RB (0)	782 (23230)	21.62	20.69

LTE Band13-Low Power

BANDWIDTH	Number of RBs	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
5MHz	1RB-High (24)	784.5 (23255)	17.94	18.27
		782 (23230)	17.91	18.29
		779.5 (23205)	17.96	18.27
	1RB-Middle (12)	784.5 (23255)	18.25	18.69
		782 (23230)	18.31	18.63
		779.5 (23205)	18.23	18.54
	1RB-Low (0)	784.5 (23255)	17.97	18.27
		782 (23230)	18.02	18.27
		779.5 (23205)	17.97	18.19
	12RB-High (13)	784.5 (23255)	18.16	18.17
		782 (23230)	18.09	18.09
		779.5 (23205)	18.15	18.15
	12RB-Middle (6)	784.5 (23255)	18.16	18.17
		782 (23230)	18.17	18.18
		779.5 (23205)	18.18	18.18
	12RB-Low (0)	784.5 (23255)	18.09	18.11
		782 (23230)	18.08	18.10
		779.5 (23205)	18.01	18.02
	25RB (0)	784.5 (23255)	18.12	18.16
		782 (23230)	18.08	18.10
		779.5 (23205)	18.11	18.14
10MHz	1RB-High (49)	782 (23230)	18.04	18.36
	1RB-Middle (24)	782 (23230)	18.26	18.52
	1RB-Low (0)	782 (23230)	18.12	18.33
	25RB-High (25)	782 (23230)	18.17	18.26
	25RB-Middle (12)	782 (23230)	18.19	18.21
	25RB-Low (0)	782 (23230)	18.13	18.16
	50RB (0)	782 (23230)	18.16	18.15

LTE Band66-Normal Power

BANDWIDTH	Number of RBs	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
1.4MHz	1RB-High (5)	1779.3 (132665)	23.30	22.51
		1745 (132322)	23.14	22.36
		1710.7 (131979)	23.14	22.28
	1RB-Middle (3)	1779.3 (132665)	23.43	22.66
		1745 (132322)	23.24	22.38
		1710.7 (131979)	23.27	22.42
	1RB-Low (0)	1779.3 (132665)	23.32	22.59
		1745 (132322)	23.13	22.40
		1710.7 (131979)	23.16	22.36
	3RB-High (3)	1779.3 (132665)	23.40	22.39
		1745 (132322)	23.23	22.13
		1710.7 (131979)	23.27	22.13
	3RB-Middle (1)	1779.3 (132665)	23.44	22.40
		1745 (132322)	23.27	22.21
		1710.7 (131979)	23.28	22.26
	3RB-Low (0)	1779.3 (132665)	23.43	22.36
		1745 (132322)	23.22	22.17
		1710.7 (131979)	23.28	22.21
	6RB (0)	1779.3 (132665)	22.42	21.45
		1745 (132322)	22.23	21.31
		1710.7 (131979)	22.24	21.39
3MHz	1RB-High (14)	1778.5 (132657)	23.34	22.64
		1745 (132322)	23.21	22.42
		1711.5 (131987)	23.22	22.35
	1RB-Middle (7)	1778.5 (132657)	23.45	22.68
		1745 (132322)	23.33	22.57
		1711.5 (131987)	23.35	22.47
	1RB-Low (0)	1778.5 (132657)	23.35	22.66
		1745 (132322)	23.20	22.35
		1711.5 (131987)	23.19	22.44
	8RB-High (7)	1778.5 (132657)	22.39	21.43
		1745 (132322)	22.21	21.23
		1711.5 (131987)	22.24	21.29
	8RB-Middle (4)	1778.5 (132657)	22.42	21.44
		1745 (132322)	22.24	21.25
		1711.5 (131987)	22.27	21.34
	8RB-Low (0)	1778.5 (132657)	22.39	21.41
		1745 (132322)	22.22	21.26
		1711.5 (131987)	22.21	21.33
	15RB (0)	1778.5 (132657)	22.37	21.37
		1745 (132322)	22.22	21.22
		1711.5 (131987)	22.25	21.29

5MHz	1RB-High (24)	1777.5 (132647)	23.30	22.55
		1745 (132322)	23.11	22.27
		1712.5 (131997)	23.13	22.23
	1RB-Middle (12)	1777.5 (132647)	23.55	22.63
		1745 (132322)	23.31	22.51
		1712.5 (131997)	23.36	22.60
	1RB-Low (0)	1777.5 (132647)	23.28	22.56
		1745 (132322)	23.12	22.33
		1712.5 (131997)	23.15	22.25
	12RB-High (13)	1777.5 (132647)	22.40	21.38
		1745 (132322)	22.21	21.17
		1712.5 (131997)	22.29	21.32
	12RB-Middle (6)	1777.5 (132647)	22.45	21.42
		1745 (132322)	22.27	21.24
		1712.5 (131997)	22.26	21.27
	12RB-Low (0)	1777.5 (132647)	22.41	21.35
		1745 (132322)	22.23	21.15
		1712.5 (131997)	22.19	21.21
	25RB (0)	1777.5 (132647)	22.43	21.38
		1745 (132322)	22.25	21.21
		1712.5 (131997)	22.24	21.27
10MHz	1RB-High (49)	1775 (132622)	23.33	22.58
		1745 (132322)	23.18	22.34
		1715 (132022)	23.23	22.51
	1RB-Middle (24)	1775 (132622)	23.50	22.68
		1745 (132322)	23.34	22.45
		1715 (132022)	23.38	22.58
	1RB-Low (0)	1775 (132622)	23.31	22.49
		1745 (132322)	23.18	22.36
		1715 (132022)	23.24	22.37
	25RB-High (25)	1775 (132622)	22.45	21.42
		1745 (132322)	22.31	21.30
		1715 (132022)	22.38	21.39
	25RB-Middle (12)	1775 (132622)	22.49	21.47
		1745 (132322)	22.32	21.28
		1715 (132022)	22.37	21.37
	25RB-Low (0)	1775 (132622)	22.50	21.45
		1745 (132322)	22.30	21.33
		1715 (132022)	22.26	21.29
	50RB (0)	1775 (132622)	22.49	21.46
		1745 (132322)	22.30	21.31
		1715 (132022)	22.32	21.34

15MHz	1RB-High (74)	1772.5 (132597)	23.31	22.49
		1745 (132322)	23.12	22.35
		1717.5 (132047)	23.17	22.32
	1RB-Middle (37)	1772.5 (132597)	23.36	22.61
		1745 (132322)	23.23	22.45
		1717.5 (132047)	23.22	22.43
	1RB-Low (0)	1772.5 (132597)	23.25	22.53
		1745 (132322)	23.15	22.37
		1717.5 (132047)	23.19	22.30
	36RB-High (38)	1772.5 (132597)	22.40	21.38
		1745 (132322)	22.28	21.21
		1717.5 (132047)	22.33	21.31
	36RB-Middle (19)	1772.5 (132597)	22.43	21.39
		1745 (132322)	22.26	21.24
		1717.5 (132047)	22.31	21.32
	36RB-Low (0)	1772.5 (132597)	22.42	21.35
		1745 (132322)	22.27	21.26
		1717.5 (132047)	22.25	21.23
	75RB (0)	1772.5 (132597)	22.38	21.37
		1745 (132322)	22.27	21.21
		1717.5 (132047)	22.29	21.31
20MHz	1RB-High (99)	1770 (132572)	23.17	22.41
		1745 (132322)	23.04	22.22
		1720 (132072)	23.08	22.32
	1RB-Middle (50)	1770 (132572)	23.37	22.59
		1745 (132322)	23.29	22.49
		1720 (132072)	23.33	22.54
	1RB-Low (0)	1770 (132572)	23.13	22.44
		1745 (132322)	23.10	22.31
		1720 (132072)	23.09	22.33
	50RB-High (50)	1770 (132572)	22.32	21.27
		1745 (132322)	22.21	21.17
		1720 (132072)	22.29	21.33
	50RB-Middle (25)	1770 (132572)	22.36	21.35
		1745 (132322)	22.23	21.27
		1720 (132072)	22.30	21.31
	50RB-Low (0)	1770 (132572)	22.35	21.34
		1745 (132322)	22.22	21.25
		1720 (132072)	22.23	21.28
	100RB (0)	1770 (132572)	22.33	21.31
		1745 (132322)	22.21	21.17
		1720 (132072)	22.22	21.21

LTE Band66-Low Power

BANDWIDTH	Number of RBs	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
1.4MHz	1RB-High (5)	1779.3 (132665)	13.24	13.54
		1745 (132322)	13.07	13.46
		1710.7 (131979)	13.12	13.51
	1RB-Middle (3)	1779.3 (132665)	13.40	13.52
		1745 (132322)	13.18	13.48
		1710.7 (131979)	13.27	13.52
	1RB-Low (0)	1779.3 (132665)	13.24	13.40
		1745 (132322)	13.10	13.43
		1710.7 (131979)	13.15	13.35
	3RB-High (3)	1779.3 (132665)	13.36	13.34
		1745 (132322)	13.22	13.17
		1710.7 (131979)	13.20	13.22
	3RB-Middle (1)	1779.3 (132665)	13.39	13.45
		1745 (132322)	13.24	13.23
		1710.7 (131979)	13.28	13.28
	3RB-Low (0)	1779.3 (132665)	13.35	13.35
		1745 (132322)	13.18	13.25
		1710.7 (131979)	13.26	13.28
	6RB (0)	1779.3 (132665)	13.34	13.43
		1745 (132322)	13.18	13.28
		1710.7 (131979)	13.22	13.37
3MHz	1RB-High (14)	1778.5 (132657)	13.32	13.39
		1745 (132322)	13.15	13.42
		1711.5 (131987)	13.22	13.50
	1RB-Middle (7)	1778.5 (132657)	13.44	13.40
		1745 (132322)	13.29	13.35
		1711.5 (131987)	13.34	13.38
	1RB-Low (0)	1778.5 (132657)	13.31	13.36
		1745 (132322)	13.15	13.49
		1711.5 (131987)	13.22	13.28
	8RB-High (7)	1778.5 (132657)	13.33	13.36
		1745 (132322)	13.17	13.23
		1711.5 (131987)	13.23	13.29
	8RB-Middle (4)	1778.5 (132657)	13.35	13.44
		1745 (132322)	13.17	13.25
		1711.5 (131987)	13.24	13.33
	8RB-Low (0)	1778.5 (132657)	13.33	13.40
		1745 (132322)	13.18	13.21
		1711.5 (131987)	13.20	13.28
	15RB (0)	1778.5 (132657)	13.29	13.34
		1745 (132322)	13.16	13.18
		1711.5 (131987)	13.20	13.21

5MHz	1RB-High (24)	1777.5 (132647)	13.25	13.41
		1745 (132322)	13.07	13.41
		1712.5 (131997)	13.13	13.46
	1RB-Middle (12)	1777.5 (132647)	13.51	13.49
		1745 (132322)	13.30	13.38
		1712.5 (131997)	13.34	13.36
	1RB-Low (0)	1777.5 (132647)	13.20	13.45
		1745 (132322)	13.06	13.35
		1712.5 (131997)	13.11	13.48
	12RB-High (13)	1777.5 (132647)	13.32	13.33
		1745 (132322)	13.18	13.19
		1712.5 (131997)	13.29	13.28
	12RB-Middle (6)	1777.5 (132647)	13.39	13.36
		1745 (132322)	13.21	13.23
		1712.5 (131997)	13.28	13.24
	12RB-Low (0)	1777.5 (132647)	13.38	13.35
		1745 (132322)	13.21	13.18
		1712.5 (131997)	13.17	13.18
	25RB (0)	1777.5 (132647)	13.34	13.35
		1745 (132322)	13.19	13.19
		1712.5 (131997)	13.21	13.20
10MHz	1RB-High (49)	1775 (132622)	13.29	13.44
		1745 (132322)	13.15	13.31
		1715 (132022)	13.24	13.49
	1RB-Middle (24)	1775 (132622)	13.45	13.49
		1745 (132322)	13.33	13.55
		1715 (132022)	13.37	13.34
	1RB-Low (0)	1775 (132622)	13.29	13.36
		1745 (132322)	13.16	13.53
		1715 (132022)	13.19	13.39
	25RB-High (25)	1775 (132622)	13.36	13.36
		1745 (132322)	13.23	13.26
		1715 (132022)	13.33	13.34
	25RB-Middle (12)	1775 (132622)	13.41	13.42
		1745 (132322)	13.27	13.30
		1715 (132022)	13.31	13.34
	25RB-Low (0)	1775 (132622)	13.43	13.46
		1745 (132322)	13.23	13.27
		1715 (132022)	13.21	13.22
	50RB (0)	1775 (132622)	13.41	13.41
		1745 (132322)	13.22	13.23
		1715 (132022)	13.23	13.24

15MHz	1RB-High (74)	1772.5 (132597)	13.26	13.57
		1745 (132322)	13.07	13.38
		1717.5 (132047)	13.13	13.42
	1RB-Middle (37)	1772.5 (132597)	13.32	13.50
		1745 (132322)	13.20	13.49
		1717.5 (132047)	13.21	13.45
	1RB-Low (0)	1772.5 (132597)	13.20	13.56
		1745 (132322)	13.14	13.37
		1717.5 (132047)	13.18	13.54
	36RB-High (38)	1772.5 (132597)	13.33	13.30
		1745 (132322)	13.20	13.19
		1717.5 (132047)	13.27	13.28
	36RB-Middle (19)	1772.5 (132597)	13.37	13.36
		1745 (132322)	13.21	13.17
		1717.5 (132047)	13.27	13.23
	36RB-Low (0)	1772.5 (132597)	13.34	13.35
		1745 (132322)	13.21	13.20
		1717.5 (132047)	13.21	13.18
	75RB (0)	1772.5 (132597)	13.33	13.35
		1745 (132322)	13.21	13.24
		1717.5 (132047)	13.23	13.24
20MHz	1RB-High (99)	1770 (132572)	13.18	13.39
		1745 (132322)	13.07	13.38
		1720 (132072)	13.09	13.36
	1RB-Middle (50)	1770 (132572)	13.33	13.47
		1745 (132322)	13.23	13.54
		1720 (132072)	13.28	13.42
	1RB-Low (0)	1770 (132572)	13.13	13.39
		1745 (132322)	13.10	13.38
		1720 (132072)	13.11	13.48
	50RB-High (50)	1770 (132572)	13.27	13.29
		1745 (132322)	13.14	13.18
		1720 (132072)	13.23	13.24
	50RB-Middle (25)	1770 (132572)	13.33	13.34
		1745 (132322)	13.19	13.20
		1720 (132072)	13.27	13.25
	50RB-Low (0)	1770 (132572)	13.31	13.33
		1745 (132322)	13.18	13.19
		1720 (132072)	13.19	13.18
	100RB (0)	1770 (132572)	13.30	13.30
		1745 (132322)	13.19	13.17
		1720 (132072)	13.21	13.20

11.4 Wi-Fi and BT Measurement result

The maximum output power of BT is 10.36dBm.

The maximum tune up of BT is 10.5dBm.

The average conducted power of Wi-Fi for normal power is as following:

802.11b(dBm)	
Channel\data rate	1Mbps
11(2462MHz)	20.58
6(2437MHz)	20.57
1(2412MHz)	20.49
Tune up	21.00
802.11g(dBm)	
Channel\data rate	6Mbps
11(2462MHz)	17.03
6(2437MHz)	18.50
1(2412MHz)	16.80
Tune up	19.00
802.11n(dBm)-20MHz	
Channel\data rate	MCS0
11(2462MHz)	16.88
Tune up	18.00
6(2437MHz)	18.24
Tune up	19.00
1(2412MHz)	16.64
Tune up	18.00
802.11n(dBm)-40MHz	
Channel\data rate	MCS0
9(2452MHz)	13.22
Tune up	14.50
6(2437MHz)	16.43
Tune up	17.00
3(2422MHz)	13.74
Tune up	14.50

802.11n(dBm)-20MHz	
Channel\data rate	MCS0
36(5180 MHz)	16.21
40(5200 MHz)	16.12
44(5220 MHz)	15.89
48(5240 MHz)	15.77
52(5260 MHz)	15.60
56(5280 MHz)	15.75
60(5300 MHz)	16.03
64(5320 MHz)	16.26
Tune up	17.00
149(5745 MHz)	19.14
153(5765 MHz)	18.79
157(5785 MHz)	19.16
161(5805 MHz)	18.74
165(5825 MHz)	18.98
Tune up	19.50

The average conducted power of Wi-Fi for Low power is as following:

802.11b(dBm)	
Channel\data rate	1Mbps
11(2462MHz)	13.37
6(2437MHz)	13.84
1(2412MHz)	13.68
Tune up	14.00
802.11g(dBm)	
Channel\data rate	6Mbps
11(2462MHz)	10.88
6(2437MHz)	11.58
1(2412MHz)	10.80
Tune up	12.00
802.11n(dBm)-20MHz	
Channel\data rate	MCS0
11(2462MHz)	10.03
Tune up	11.00
6(2437MHz)	11.48
Tune up	12.00
1(2412MHz)	10.19
Tune up	11.00
802.11n(dBm)-40MHz	
Channel\data rate	MCS0
9(2452MHz)	8.52
Tune up	9.00
6(2437MHz)	9.37
Tune up	10.00
3(2422MHz)	8.62
Tune up	9.00
802.11n(dBm)-20MHz	
Channel\data rate	MCS0
36(5180 MHz)	6.04
40(5200 MHz)	6.34
44(5220 MHz)	6.61
48(5240 MHz)	6.70
52(5260 MHz)	7.07
56(5280 MHz)	6.72
60(5300 MHz)	6.88
64(5320 MHz)	6.58
Tune up	8.00
149(5745 MHz)	8.98
153(5765 MHz)	9.47
157(5785 MHz)	9.10
161(5805 MHz)	9.01
165(5825 MHz)	9.17
Tune up	10.00

12 Antenna Location

12.1 Transmit Antenna Separation Distances

The detail for transmit antenna separation distance is described in the additional document:

Appendix to test report No.I23Z60093-SEM01

The photos of SAR test

12.2 SAR Measurement Positions

According to the KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01, the edges with less than 2.5 cm distance to the antennas need to be tested for SAR.

SAR measurement positions						
Mode	Front	Rear	Left edge	Right edge	Top edge	Bottom edge
Main	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
WIFI	No	Yes	Left	No	Yes	No

13 SAR Test Result

Note:

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance:

For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor

For BT/WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz

≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz

≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR:

With headset attached, when the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices:

When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices:

SAR test reduction is applied using the following criteria:

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB, and 50% RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.

When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, testing for other Channels is performed at the highest output power level for 1RB, and 50% RB configuration for that channel.

Testing for 100% RB configuration is performed at the highest output power level for 100% RB configuration across the Low, Mid and High Channel when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB are > 0.8 W/kg. Testing for the remaining required channels is not needed because the reported SAR for 100% RB Allocation < 1.45 W/kg.

Testing for 16-QAM modulation is not required because the reported SAR for QPSK is < 1.45 W/Kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that of QPSK.

Testing for the other channel bandwidths is not required because the reported SAR for the highest channel bandwidth is < 1.45 W/Kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that of the highest channel bandwidth.

For LTE bands that do not support at least three non-overlapping channels in certain channel bandwidths, test the available non-overlapping channels instead. When a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the

group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing; therefore, the requirement for H, M and L channels may not fully apply.

KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802.11:

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the initial test position(s) by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The initial test position(s) is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s).

When the reported SAR for the initial test position is:

≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures.

> 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions are tested.

- For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
- When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.

For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are considered.

- The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.

When the specified maximum output power is the same for both UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR measurements in UNII 2A with the channel with the highest measured output power. If the reported SAR for UNII 2A is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for UNII 1; otherwise treat the remaining bands separately and test them independently for SAR.

When the specified maximum output power is different between UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR with the band that has the higher specified maximum output. If the highest reported SAR for the band with the highest specified power is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, testing for the band with the lower specified output power is not required; otherwise test the remaining bands independently for SAR.

Table 13.1: Duty Cycle

Mode	Duty Cycle
Speech for GSM	1:8.3
GPRS&EGPRS 1 Slot	1:8.3
GPRS&EGPRS 2 Slot	1:4
GPRS&EGPRS 3 Slot	1:2.67
GPRS&EGPRS 4 Slot	1:2
WCDMA<E FDD	1:1

13.1 SAR results

Test Position	Frequency Band	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Test setup	Distance	Fig	ELT Measured Power (dBm)	Tune up (dBm)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Calculated SAR 1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR 10g (W/kg)	Calculated SAR 10g (W/kg)	Power Drift
Body	GSM850	190	836.6	GPRS(ZTX)	Rear	14mm	\	30.30	32.00	0.379	0.56	0.269	0.40	0.18
Body	GSM850	190	836.6	GPRS(ZTX)	Right	9mm	\	30.30	32.00	0.199	0.29	0.120	0.18	0.18
Body	GSM850	190	836.6	GPRS(ZTX)	Top	14mm	\	30.30	32.00	0.296	0.44	0.189	0.28	-0.10
Body	GSM850	251	848.8	GPRS(LTX)	Rear	0mm	F, 1	25.22	26.50	0.523	0.70	0.256	0.34	0.15
Body	GSM850	190	836.6	GPRS(LTX)	Rear	0mm	\	25.66	26.50	0.537	0.65	0.257	0.31	-0.18
Body	GSM850	128	824.2	GPRS(LTX)	Rear	0mm	\	25.68	26.50	0.505	0.61	0.232	0.28	-0.16
Body	GSM850	190	836.6	GPRS(LTX)	Right	0mm	\	25.66	26.50	0.274	0.33	0.148	0.18	-0.08
Body	GSM850	190	836.6	GPRS(LTX)	Top	0mm	\	25.66	26.50	0.396	0.48	0.141	0.17	-0.07
Body	GSM850	190	836.6	EGPRS(LTX)	Rear	0mm	\	25.29	26.50	0.488	0.64	0.229	0.30	0.14
Body	GSM1900	661	1880	GPRS(ZTX)	Rear	14mm	\	27.85	29.00	0.499	0.65	0.294	0.38	0.04
Body	GSM1900	661	1880	GPRS(ZTX)	Right	9mm	\	27.85	29.00	0.303	0.39	0.183	0.24	0.13
Body	GSM1900	661	1880	GPRS(ZTX)	Top	14mm	\	27.85	29.00	0.570	0.74	0.326	0.42	-0.10
Body	GSM1900	810	1909.8	GPRS(ZTX)	Rear	0mm	\	18.73	19.50	0.840	1.00	0.308	0.37	-0.04
Body	GSM1900	661	1880	GPRS(ZTX)	Rear	0mm	\	18.49	19.50	0.840	1.06	0.331	0.42	-0.14
Body	GSM1900	512	1890.2	GPRS(ZTX)	Rear	0mm	F, 2	18.23	19.50	0.860	1.15	0.337	0.45	-0.03
Body	GSM1900	661	1880	GPRS(ZTX)	Right	0mm	\	18.49	19.50	0.294	0.37	0.138	0.17	0.05
Body	GSM1900	661	1880	GPRS(ZTX)	Top	0mm	\	18.49	19.50	0.423	0.53	0.190	0.24	0.17
Body	GSM1900	512	1890.2	EGPRS(ZTX)	Rear	0mm	\	18.14	19.50	0.806	1.10	0.292	0.40	0.04
Body	WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	RMC	Rear	14mm	\	22.59	24.00	0.494	0.68	0.312	0.43	-0.13
Body	WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	RMC	Right	9mm	\	22.59	24.00	0.153	0.21	0.093	0.13	-0.06
Body	WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	RMC	Top	14mm	\	22.59	24.00	0.368	0.51	0.229	0.32	-0.13
Body	WCDMA 850	4233	846.6	RMC	Rear	0mm	\	16.57	18.00	0.479	0.67	0.244	0.34	0.16
Body	WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	RMC	Rear	0mm	\	16.59	18.00	0.502	0.69	0.249	0.34	0.02
Body	WCDMA 850	4132	826.4	RMC	Rear	0mm	F, 3	16.63	18.00	0.515	0.71	0.258	0.35	-0.18
Body	WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	RMC	Right	0mm	\	16.59	18.00	0.242	0.33	0.144	0.20	-0.16
Body	WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	RMC	Top	0mm	\	16.59	18.00	0.242	0.33	0.132	0.18	0.04
Body	WCDMA1700	1513	1752.6	RMC	Rear	14mm	\	22.59	23.50	0.721	0.89	0.419	0.52	-0.03
Body	WCDMA1700	1412	1732.4	RMC	Rear	14mm	\	22.56	23.50	0.701	0.87	0.427	0.53	0.06
Body	WCDMA1700	1312	1712.4	RMC	Rear	14mm	\	22.55	23.50	0.666	0.83	0.392	0.49	-0.04
Body	WCDMA1700	1412	1732.4	RMC	Right	9mm	\	22.56	23.50	0.399	0.50	0.228	0.28	0.05
Body	WCDMA1700	1412	1732.4	RMC	Top	14mm	\	22.59	23.50	0.794	0.98	0.456	0.56	0.13
Body	WCDMA1700	1513	1752.6	RMC	Top	14mm	\	22.56	23.50	0.675	0.84	0.399	0.50	-0.02
Body	WCDMA1700	1312	1712.4	RMC	Top	14mm	\	22.55	23.50	0.501	0.62	0.280	0.35	0.09
Body	WCDMA1700	1513	1752.6	RMC	Rear	0mm	F, 4	12.58	13.50	0.843	1.04	0.356	0.44	0.12
Body	WCDMA1700	1412	1732.5	RMC	Rear	0mm	\	12.52	13.50	0.833	1.04	0.323	0.40	0.03
Body	WCDMA1700	1312	1712.4	RMC	Rear	0mm	\	12.59	13.50	0.711	0.88	0.283	0.35	-0.06
Body	WCDMA1700	1412	1732.5	RMC	Right	0mm	\	12.52	13.50	0.393	0.49	0.137	0.17	-0.16
Body	WCDMA1700	1412	1732.5	RMC	Top	0mm	\	12.52	13.50	0.630	0.79	0.275	0.34	0.15
Body	WCDMA1900	9538	1907.6	RMC	Rear	14mm	\	22.39	24.00	0.680	0.99	0.398	0.58	0.18
Body	WCDMA1900	9400	1880	RMC	Rear	14mm	\	22.49	24.00	0.628	0.89	0.372	0.53	0.09
Body	WCDMA1900	9262	1852.4	RMC	Rear	14mm	\	22.48	24.00	0.675	0.96	0.386	0.55	-0.12
Body	WCDMA1900	9400	1880	RMC	Right	9mm	\	22.49	24.00	0.535	0.76	0.297	0.42	0.01
Body	WCDMA1900	9538	1907.6	RMC	Top	14mm	\	22.39	24.00	0.628	0.91	0.358	0.52	0.13
Body	WCDMA1900	9400	1880	RMC	Top	14mm	\	22.49	24.00	0.655	0.93	0.373	0.53	0.19
Body	WCDMA1900	9262	1852.4	RMC	Top	14mm	\	22.48	24.00	0.711	1.01	0.407	0.58	-0.11
Body	WCDMA1900	9538	1907.6	RMC	Rear	0mm	F, 5	12.33	13.50	0.921	1.21	0.345	0.45	0.10
Body	WCDMA1900	9400	1880	RMC	Rear	0mm	\	12.36	13.50	0.865	1.12	0.328	0.43	0.13
Body	WCDMA1900	9262	1852.4	RMC	Rear	0mm	\	12.34	13.50	0.849	1.11	0.323	0.42	0.01
Body	WCDMA1900	9400	1880	RMC	Right	0mm	\	12.36	13.50	0.254	0.33	0.117	0.15	-0.12
Body	WCDMA1900	9400	1880	RMC	Top	0mm	\	12.36	13.50	0.549	0.71	0.246	0.32	-0.11
Body	WCDMA1900	9538	1907.6	RMC	Rear	0mm	protection case	12.33	13.50	0.184	0.24	0.089	0.12	0.13
Body	LTE Band2	18700	1860	1RB-Mid	Rear	14mm	\	23.12	24.00	0.555	0.68	0.332	0.41	0.03
Body	LTE Band2	18700	1860	1RB-Mid	Right	9mm	\	23.12	24.00	0.306	0.37	0.174	0.21	0.18
Body	LTE Band2	19100	1900	1RB-Mid	Top	14mm	\	23.09	24.00	0.647	0.80	0.363	0.45	-0.15
Body	LTE Band2	18900	1880	1RB-Mid	Top	14mm	\	22.99	24.00	0.640	0.81	0.357	0.45	-0.02
Body	LTE Band2	18700	1860	1RB-Mid	Top	14mm	\	23.12	24.00	0.675	0.83	0.387	0.47	0.12
Body	LTE Band2	19100	1900	50RB-Low	Rear	14mm	\	22.13	23.00	0.431	0.53	0.256	0.31	-0.05
Body	LTE Band2	19100	1900	50RB-Low	Right	9mm	\	22.13	23.00	0.218	0.27	0.125	0.15	0.12
Body	LTE Band2	19100	1900	50RB-Low	Top	14mm	\	22.13	23.00	0.565	0.69	0.319	0.39	-0.19
Body	LTE Band2	19100	1900	100RB	Top	14mm	\	22.12	23.00	0.583	0.71	0.324	0.40	0.15
Body	LTE Band2	19100	1900	1RB-Mid	Rear	0mm	F, 6	14.05	14.50	0.990	1.10	0.372	0.41	0.16
Body	LTE Band2	18900	1880	1RB-Mid	Rear	0mm	\	13.98	14.50	0.940	1.06	0.355	0.40	-0.19
Body	LTE Band2	18700	1860	1RB-Mid	Rear	0mm	\	14.10	14.50	0.952	1.04	0.364	0.40	-0.18
Body	LTE Band2	18700	1860	1RB-Mid	Right	0mm	\	14.10	14.50	0.206	0.23	0.102	0.11	-0.06
Body	LTE Band2	19100	1900	1RB-Mid	Top	0mm	\	14.05	14.50	0.648	0.72	0.289	0.32	0.18
Body	LTE Band2	18900	1880	1RB-Mid	Top	0mm	\	13.98	14.50	0.652	0.73	0.293	0.33	0.01
Body	LTE Band2	18700	1860	1RB-Mid	Top	0mm	\	14.10	14.50	0.793	0.87	0.361	0.40	-0.13
Body	LTE Band2	19100	1900	50RB-Low	Rear	0mm	\	14.08	14.50	0.980	1.08	0.366	0.40	0.17
Body	LTE Band2	18900	1880	50RB-Low	Rear	0mm	\	14.02	14.50	0.916	1.02	0.342	0.38	0.17
Body	LTE Band2	18700	1860	50RB-Low	Rear	0mm	\	14.09	14.50	0.933	1.03	0.352	0.39	-0.08
Body	LTE Band2	18700	1860	50RB-Mid	Right	0mm	\	14.09	14.50	0.196	0.22	0.098	0.11	-0.12
Body	LTE Band2	19100	1900	50RB-Low	Top	0mm	\	14.08	14.50	0.609	0.67	0.272	0.30	0.18
Body	LTE Band2	18900	1880	50RB-Low	Top	0mm	\	14.02	14.50	0.638	0.71	0.286	0.32	0.09
Body	LTE Band2	18700	1860	50RB-Mid	Top	0mm	\	14.09	14.50	0.772	0.85	0.351	0.39	0.12
Body	LTE Band2	19100	1900	100RB	Rear	0mm	\	14.07	14.50	0.933	1.03	0.352	0.39	0.12
Body	LTE Band2	19100	1900	100RB	Top	0mm	\	14.07	14.50	0.599	0.66	0.267	0.29	0.14

Test Position	Frequency Band	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Test setup	Distance	Fig	ELT Measured Power (dBm)	Tune up (dBm)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Calculated SAR 1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR 10g (W/kg)	Calculated SAR 10g (W/kg)	Power Drift
Body	LTE Band5	20450	829	1RB-Mid	Rear	14mm	\	23.12	24.00	0.479	0.59	0.309	0.38	-0.01
Body	LTE Band5	20450	829	1RB-Mid	Right	9mm	\	23.12	24.00	0.189	0.23	0.114	0.14	-0.02
Body	LTE Band5	20450	829	1RB-Mid	Top	14mm	\	23.12	24.00	0.237	0.29	0.151	0.18	-0.03
Body	LTE Band5	20600	844	25RB-Middle	Rear	14mm	\	22.16	23.00	0.384	0.47	0.248	0.30	-0.11
Body	LTE Band5	20600	844	25RB-Middle	Right	9mm	\	22.16	23.00	0.154	0.19	0.094	0.11	-0.17
Body	LTE Band5	20600	844	25RB-Middle	Top	14mm	\	22.16	23.00	0.213	0.26	0.135	0.16	0.03
Body	LTE Band5	23230	844	1RB-Mid	Rear	0mm	F, 7	18.18	19.00	0.656	0.79	0.322	0.39	0.12
Body	LTE Band5	23230	844	1RB-Mid	Right	0mm	\	18.18	19.00	0.301	0.36	0.186	0.22	0.03
Body	LTE Band5	23230	844	1RB-Mid	Top	0mm	\	18.18	19.00	0.356	0.43	0.160	0.19	0.15
Body	LTE Band5	23230	844	25RB-High	Rear	0mm	\	18.18	19.00	0.651	0.79	0.320	0.39	-0.13
Body	LTE Band5	23230	844	25RB-High	Right	0mm	\	18.18	19.00	0.297	0.36	0.182	0.22	-0.11
Body	LTE Band5	23230	844	25RB-High	Top	0mm	\	18.18	19.00	0.364	0.44	0.223	0.27	0.11
Body	LTE Band12	23095	707.5	1RB-Mid	Rear	14mm	\	23.18	24.00	0.257	0.31	0.171	0.21	-0.07
Body	LTE Band12	23095	707.5	1RB-Mid	Right	9mm	\	23.18	24.00	0.075	0.09	0.048	0.06	-0.13
Body	LTE Band12	23095	707.5	1RB-Mid	Top	14mm	\	23.18	24.00	0.140	0.17	0.088	0.11	-0.07
Body	LTE Band12	23095	707.5	25RB-High	Rear	14mm	\	22.21	23.00	0.201	0.24	0.134	0.16	0.12
Body	LTE Band12	23095	707.5	25RB-High	Right	9mm	\	22.21	23.00	0.060	0.07	0.004	0.00	0.08
Body	LTE Band12	23095	707.5	25RB-High	Top	14mm	\	22.21	23.00	0.108	0.13	0.068	0.08	-0.11
Body	LTE Band12	23130	711	1RB-Mid	Rear	0mm	F, 8	20.10	21.00	0.691	0.85	0.330	0.41	0.02
Body	LTE Band12	23095	707.5	1RB-Mid	Rear	0mm	\	20.20	21.00	0.685	0.82	0.327	0.39	0.14
Body	LTE Band12	23060	704	1RB-Mid	Rear	0mm	\	20.17	21.00	0.668	0.81	0.320	0.39	0.03
Body	LTE Band12	23095	707.5	1RB-Mid	Right	0mm	\	20.20	21.00	0.252	0.30	0.133	0.16	-0.02
Body	LTE Band12	23095	707.5	1RB-Mid	Top	0mm	\	20.20	21.00	0.501	0.60	0.278	0.33	-0.06
Body	LTE Band12	23095	707.5	25RB-Middle	Rear	0mm	\	20.14	21.00	0.566	0.69	0.305	0.37	0.15
Body	LTE Band12	23095	707.5	25RB-Middle	Right	0mm	\	20.14	21.00	0.231	0.28	0.124	0.15	-0.06
Body	LTE Band12	23095	707.5	25RB-Middle	Top	0mm	\	20.14	21.00	0.474	0.58	0.267	0.33	-0.04
Body	LTE Band12	23130	704	50RB	Rear	0mm	\	20.16	21.00	0.671	0.81	0.321	0.39	-0.05
Body	LTE Band13	23230	782	1RB-Mid	Rear	14mm	\	22.68	24.00	0.475	0.64	0.312	0.42	-0.07
Body	LTE Band13	23230	782	1RB-Mid	Right	9mm	\	22.68	24.00	0.118	0.16	0.070	0.09	0.09
Body	LTE Band13	23230	782	1RB-Mid	Top	14mm	\	22.68	24.00	0.317	0.43	0.207	0.28	0.05
Body	LTE Band13	23230	782	25RB-High	Rear	14mm	\	21.68	23.00	0.369	0.50	0.242	0.33	0.06
Body	LTE Band13	23230	782	25RB-High	Right	9mm	\	21.68	23.00	0.091	0.12	0.054	0.07	-0.01
Body	LTE Band13	23230	782	25RB-High	Top	14mm	\	21.68	23.00	0.247	0.33	0.161	0.22	-0.09
Body	LTE Band13	23230	782	1RB-Mid	Rear	0mm	F, 9	18.26	19.00	0.687	0.81	0.332	0.39	0.14
Body	LTE Band13	23230	782	1RB-Mid	Right	0mm	\	18.21	19.00	0.218	0.26	0.125	0.15	-0.02
Body	LTE Band13	23230	782	1RB-Mid	Top	0mm	\	18.21	19.00	0.474	0.57	0.215	0.26	0.05
Body	LTE Band13	23230	782	25RB-Middle	Rear	0mm	\	18.19	19.00	0.630	0.76	0.319	0.38	-0.05
Body	LTE Band13	23230	782	25RB-Middle	Right	0mm	\	18.19	19.00	0.200	0.24	0.112	0.13	-0.05
Body	LTE Band13	23230	782	25RB-Middle	Top	0mm	\	18.19	19.00	0.421	0.51	0.188	0.23	-0.11
Body	LTE Band13	23230	782	50RB	Rear	0mm	\	18.16	19.00	0.621	0.75	0.314	0.38	0.02
Body	LTE Band66	132572	1770	1RB-Mid	Rear	14mm	\	23.37	24.00	0.716	0.83	0.410	0.47	0.03
Body	LTE Band66	132322	1745	1RB-Mid	Rear	14mm	\	23.29	24.00	0.763	0.90	0.441	0.52	0.04
Body	LTE Band66	132072	1720	1RB-Mid	Rear	14mm	\	23.33	24.00	0.670	0.78	0.383	0.45	0.06
Body	LTE Band66	132572	1770	1RB-Mid	Right	9mm	\	23.37	24.00	0.248	0.29	0.136	0.16	-0.03
Body	LTE Band66	132572	1770	1RB-Mid	Top	14mm	\	23.37	24.00	0.808	0.93	0.468	0.54	-0.14
Body	LTE Band66	132322	1745	1RB-Mid	Top	14mm	F, 10	23.29	24.00	0.853	1.00	0.492	0.58	-0.12
Body	LTE Band66	132072	1720	1RB-Mid	Top	14mm	\	23.33	24.00	0.775	0.90	0.446	0.52	0.06
Body	LTE Band66	132572	1770	50RB-Mid	Rear	14mm	\	22.36	23.00	0.638	0.74	0.368	0.43	0.19
Body	LTE Band66	132572	1770	50RB-Mid	Right	9mm	\	22.36	23.00	0.193	0.22	0.106	0.12	-0.13
Body	LTE Band66	132572	1770	50RB-Mid	Top	14mm	\	22.36	23.00	0.721	0.84	0.403	0.47	0.14
Body	LTE Band66	132322	1745	50RB-Mid	Top	14mm	\	22.23	23.00	0.733	0.88	0.409	0.49	0.13
Body	LTE Band66	132072	1720	50RB-Mid	Top	14mm	\	22.30	23.00	0.623	0.73	0.347	0.41	0.13
Body	LTE Band66	132572	1770	100RB	Rear	14mm	\	22.33	23.00	0.612	0.71	0.353	0.41	0.16
Body	LTE Band66	132572	1770	100RB	Top	14mm	\	22.33	23.00	0.736	0.86	0.412	0.48	0.14
Body	LTE Band66	132572	1770	1RB-Mid	Rear	0mm	\	13.33	14.00	0.832	0.97	0.355	0.41	0.01
Body	LTE Band66	132322	1745	1RB-Mid	Rear	0mm	\	13.23	14.00	0.812	0.97	0.352	0.42	0.10
Body	LTE Band66	132072	1720	1RB-Mid	Rear	0mm	\	13.28	14.00	0.722	0.85	0.318	0.38	0.05
Body	LTE Band66	132322	1770	1RB-Mid	Right	0mm	\	13.33	14.00	0.206	0.24	0.129	0.15	-0.02
Body	LTE Band66	132572	1770	1RB-Mid	Top	0mm	\	13.33	14.00	0.752	0.88	0.331	0.39	0.13
Body	LTE Band66	132322	1745	1RB-Mid	Top	0mm	\	13.23	14.00	0.680	0.81	0.299	0.36	0.18
Body	LTE Band66	132072	1720	1RB-Mid	Top	0mm	\	13.28	14.00	0.664	0.78	0.293	0.35	0.11
Body	LTE Band66	132572	1770	50RB-Mid	Rear	0mm	\	13.33	14.00	0.811	0.95	0.346	0.40	-0.16
Body	LTE Band66	132322	1745	50RB-Mid	Rear	0mm	\	13.19	14.00	0.796	0.96	0.345	0.42	0.03
Body	LTE Band66	132072	1720	50RB-Mid	Rear	0mm	\	13.27	14.00	0.701	0.83	0.308	0.36	-0.09
Body	LTE Band66	132572	1770	50RB-Mid	Right	0mm	\	13.33	14.00	0.199	0.23	0.124	0.14	0.16
Body	LTE Band66	132572	1770	50RB-Mid	Top	0mm	\	13.33	14.00	0.716	0.84	0.448	0.52	0.16
Body	LTE Band66	132322	1745	50RB-Mid	Top	0mm	\	13.19	14.00	0.667	0.80	0.293	0.35	0.14
Body	LTE Band66	132072	1720	50RB-Mid	Top	0mm	\	13.27	14.00	0.580	0.69	0.253	0.30	0.10
Body	LTE Band66	132572	1770	100RB	Rear	0mm	\	13.30	14.00	0.822	0.97	0.346	0.41	0.15
Body	LTE Band66	132572	1770	100RB	Top	0mm	\	13.30	14.00	0.710	0.83	0.315	0.37	0.13

13.2 SAR results for WLAN

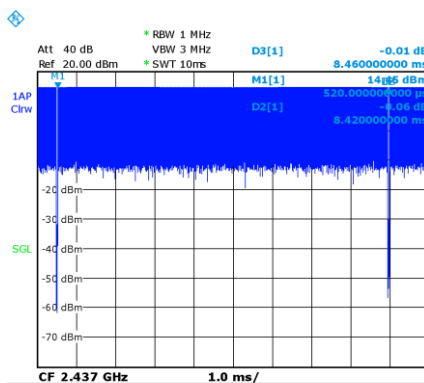
The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures.

When the same transmission mode configurations have the same maximum output power on the same channel for the 802.11 a/g/n/ac/ax modes, the channel in the lower order/sequence 802.11 mode (i.e. a, g, n ac then ax) is selected.

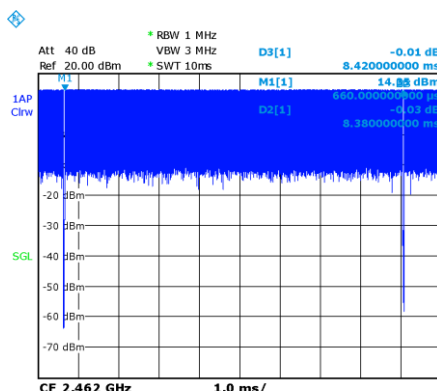
SAR Test reduction was applied from KDB 248227 guidance, when the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band. Additional output power measurements were not deemed necessary.

Duty factor plot

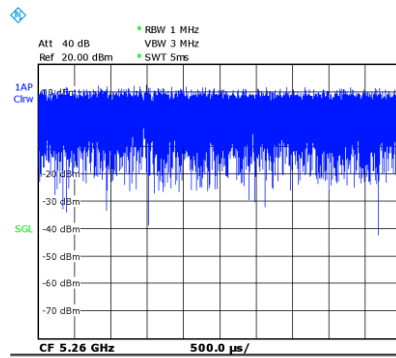
CH6



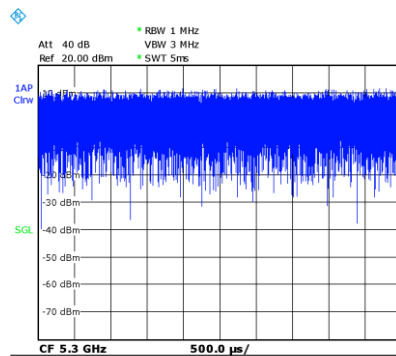
CH11



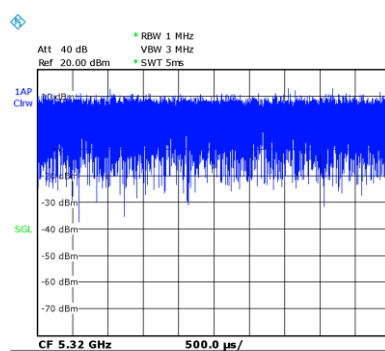
CH52



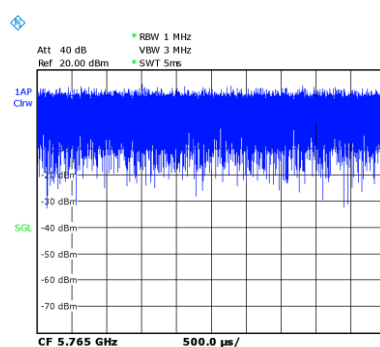
CH60



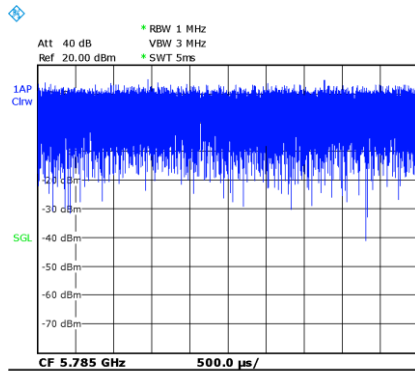
CH64



CH153



CH157



WLAN 2.4G

Test Position	Frequency Band	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Test setup	Distance	Fig	Duty Cycle	EUT Measured Power (dBm)	Tune up (dBm)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Calculated SAR 1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR 10g (W/kg)	Calculated SAR 10g (W/kg)	Power Drift
Body	WIFI2.4G	11	2462	11b	Rear	13mm	\	99.52%	20.58	21.00	0.156	0.17	0.080	0.09	-0.16
Body	WIFI2.4G	11	2462	11b	Left	10mm	\	99.52%	20.58	21.00	0.118	0.13	0.063	0.07	0.06
Body	WIFI2.4G	11	2462	11b	Top	11mm	\	99.52%	20.58	21.00	0.189	0.21	0.100	0.11	0.14
Body	WIFI2.4G	6	2437	11b	Rear	0mm	F.11	99.52%	13.84	14.00	0.779	0.81	0.342	0.35	0.12
Body	WIFI2.4G	1	2412	11b	Rear	0mm	\	99.52%	13.68	14.00	0.506	0.55	0.221	0.24	0.05
Body	WIFI2.4G	6	2437	11b	Left	0mm	\	99.52%	13.84	14.00	0.269	0.28	0.113	0.12	0.15
Body	WIFI2.4G	6	2437	11b	Top	0mm	\	99.52%	13.84	14.00	0.251	0.26	0.105	0.11	0.12

WLAN 5G

Test Position	Frequency Band	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Test setup	Distance	Fig	Duty Cycle	EUT Measured Power (dBm)	Tune up (dBm)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Calculated SAR 1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR 10g (W/kg)	Calculated SAR 10g (W/kg)	Power Drift
Body	WIFI5G	64	5320	11n-20M	Rear	13mm	\	100.00%	16.26	17.50	0.390	0.52	0.143	0.19	0.12
Body	WIFI5G	64	5320	11n-20M	Left	10mm	\	100.00%	16.26	17.50	0.226	0.30	0.091	0.12	-0.15
Body	WIFI5G	64	5320	11n-20M	Top	11mm	F.12	100.00%	16.26	17.50	0.579	0.77	0.212	0.28	0.16
Body	WIFI5G	157	5785	11n-20M	Rear	13mm	\	100.00%	19.16	19.50	0.430	0.47	0.152	0.16	0.05
Body	WIFI5G	157	5785	11n-20M	Left	10mm	\	100.00%	19.16	19.50	0.209	0.23	0.081	0.09	0.06
Body	WIFI5G	157	5785	11n-20M	Top	11mm	\	100.00%	19.16	19.50	0.555	0.60	0.205	0.22	0.11
Body	WIFI5G	52	5260	11n-20M	Rear	0mm	\	100.00%	7.07	8.00	0.474	0.59	0.096	0.12	0.11
Body	WIFI5G	52	5260	11n-20M	Left	0mm	\	100.00%	7.07	8.00	0.170	0.21	0.044	0.05	0.15
Body	WIFI5G	52	5260	11n-20M	Top	0mm	\	100.00%	7.07	8.00	0.524	0.65	0.106	0.13	0.03
Body	WIFI5G	153	5765	11n-20M	Rear	0mm	\	100.00%	9.47	10.00	0.494	0.56	0.100	0.11	0.12
Body	WIFI5G	153	5765	11n-20M	Left	0mm	\	100.00%	9.47	10.00	0.132	0.15	0.034	0.04	-0.11
Body	WIFI5G	153	5765	11n-20M	Top	0mm	\	100.00%	9.47	10.00	0.254	0.29	0.058	0.07	-0.05

13.3 SAR results for BT

Test Position	Frequency Band	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Test setup	Distance	Fig	EUT Measured Power (dBm)	Tune up (dBm)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Calculated SAR 1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR 10g (W/kg)	Calculated SAR 10g (W/kg)	Power Drift
Body	BT	78	2480	11n-20M	Rear	0mm	F.13	10.36	10.50	0.141	0.15	0.060	0.06	0.15
Body	BT	78	2480	11n-20M	Left	0mm	\	10.36	10.50	0.075	0.08	0.03	0.03	0.12
Body	BT	78	2480	11n-20M	Top	0mm	\	10.36	10.50	0.051	0.05	0.021	0.02	0.11

15 Evaluation of Simultaneous

15.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from “FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters” are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as WLAN and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter. KDB 447498 D01 provides two procedures for determining simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion: Sum of SAR and SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR)

15.1.1 Sum of SAR

To qualify for simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion based upon Sum of SAR the sum of the reported standalone SARs for all simultaneously transmitting antennas shall be below the applicable standalone SAR limit. If the sum of the SARs is above the applicable limit then simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may still apply if the requirements of the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR) evaluation are met.

15.1.2 SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR)

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance explains how to calculate the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR) between pairs of simultaneously transmitting antennas:

$$SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / Ri$$

Where:

SAR1 is the highest reported or estimated SAR for the first of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition.

SAR2 is the highest reported or estimated SAR for the second of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in the same test operating mode and exposure condition as the first .

Ri is the separation distance between the pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas. When the SAR is measured, for both antennas in the pair, it is determined by the actual x, y and z coordinates in the 1-g SAR for each SAR peak location, based on the extrapolated and interpolated result in the zoom scan measurement, using the formula of

$$[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$$

In order for a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas with the sum of 1-g SAR > 1.6 W/kg to qualify for exemption from Simultaneous Transmission SAR measurements, it has to satisfy the condition of:

$$(SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / Ri \leq 0.04$$

When an individual antenna transmits at on two bands simultaneously, the sum of the highest reported SAR for the frequency bands should be used to determine SAR1 or SAR2. When SPLSR is necessary, the smallest distance between the peak SAR locations for the antenna pair with respect to the peaks from each antenna should be used.

15.2 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

The simultaneous transmission possibilities for this device are listed as below:

NO	If support: WWAN*1TX and WLAN*1TX	Y or N
1	WWAN + WLAN 2.4GHz	Y
2	WWAN + WLAN 2.4GHz +BT	N
3	WWAN + WLAN 5GHz	Y
4	WWAN + WLAN 5GHz +BT	Y

Note:

1. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
2. For the devices edges with antennas more than 2.5 cm from edge are not required to be evaluated for SAR, we determined the SAR of this edges were less than 0.01. For the convenience of simultaneous transmission calculation, all SAR values less than or equal to 0.01 are uniformly written as 0.00

15.3 Evaluation of Simultaneous

Position	WWAN (W/kg)		WLAN2.4G (W/kg)	Sum (W/kg)	SPLSR
Rear (0mm)	GSM850	0.70	0.81	1.51	/
	GSM1900	1.15	0.81	1.96	Yes
	WCDMA850	0.71	0.81	1.52	/
	WCDMA1700	1.04	0.81	1.85	Yes
	WCDMA1900	1.21	0.81	2.02	Yes
	LTE B2	1.10	0.81	1.91	Yes
	LTE B5	0.79	0.81	1.60	/
	LTE B12	0.85	0.81	1.66	Yes
	LTE B13	0.81	0.81	1.62	Yes
	LTE B66	0.97	0.81	1.78	Yes
Top (0mm)	GSM850	0.48	0.26	0.74	/
	GSM1900	0.53	0.26	0.79	/
	WCDMA850	0.33	0.26	0.59	/
	WCDMA1700	0.79	0.26	1.05	/
	WCDMA1900	0.71	0.26	0.97	/
	LTE B2	0.87	0.26	1.13	/
	LTE B5	0.44	0.26	0.70	/
	LTE B12	0.60	0.26	0.86	/
	LTE B13	0.57	0.26	0.83	/
	LTE B66	0.88	0.26	1.14	/

Position	WWAN (W/kg)		WLAN2.4G (W/kg)	Sum (W/kg)	SPLSR
Rear (14mm)	GSM850	0.56	0.17	0.73	/
	GSM1900	0.65	0.17	0.82	/
	WCDMA850	0.68	0.17	0.85	/
	WCDMA1700	0.89	0.17	1.06	/
	WCDMA1900	0.99	0.17	1.16	/
	LTE B2	0.68	0.17	0.85	/
	LTE B5	0.59	0.17	0.76	/
	LTE B12	0.31	0.17	0.48	/
	LTE B13	0.64	0.17	0.81	/
	LTE B66	0.90	0.17	1.07	/
Top (14mm)	GSM850	0.44	0.21	0.65	/
	GSM1900	0.74	0.21	0.95	/
	WCDMA850	0.51	0.21	0.72	/
	WCDMA1700	0.98	0.21	1.19	/
	WCDMA1900	1.01	0.21	1.22	/
	LTE B2	0.83	0.21	1.04	/
	LTE B5	0.29	0.21	0.50	/
	LTE B12	0.17	0.21	0.38	/
	LTE B13	0.43	0.21	0.64	/
	LTE B66	1.00	0.21	1.21	/

Position	WWAN (W/kg)		WLAN5G (W/kg)	BT (W/kg)	Sum (W/kg)	SPLSR
Rear (0mm)	GSM850	0.70	0.59	0.15	1.44	/
	GSM1900	1.15	0.59	0.15	1.89	Yes
	WCDMA850	0.71	0.59	0.15	1.45	/
	WCDMA1700	1.04	0.59	0.15	1.78	Yes
	WCDMA1900	1.21	0.59	0.15	1.95	Yes
	LTE B2	1.10	0.59	0.15	1.84	Yes
	LTE B5	0.79	0.59	0.15	1.53	/
	LTE B12	0.85	0.59	0.15	1.59	/
	LTE B13	0.81	0.59	0.15	1.55	/
	LTE B66	0.97	0.59	0.15	1.71	Yes
Top (0mm)	GSM850	0.48	0.65	0.05	1.18	/
	GSM1900	0.53	0.65	0.05	1.23	/
	WCDMA850	0.33	0.65	0.05	1.03	/
	WCDMA1700	0.79	0.65	0.05	1.49	/
	WCDMA1900	0.79	0.65	0.05	1.49	/
	LTE B2	0.87	0.65	0.05	1.57	/
	LTE B5	0.44	0.65	0.05	1.14	/
	LTE B12	0.60	0.65	0.05	1.30	/
	LTE B13	0.57	0.65	0.05	1.27	/
	LTE B66	0.88	0.65	0.05	1.58	/

Position	WWAN (W/kg)		WLAN5G (W/kg)	BT (W/kg)	Sum (W/kg)	SPLSR
Rear (14mm)	GSM850	0.56	0.52	0.15	1.23	/
	GSM1900	0.65	0.52	0.15	1.32	/
	WCDMA850	0.68	0.52	0.15	1.35	/
	WCDMA1700	0.89	0.52	0.15	1.56	/
	WCDMA1900	0.99	0.52	0.15	1.66	Yes
	LTE B2	0.68	0.52	0.15	1.35	/
	LTE B5	0.59	0.52	0.15	1.26	/
	LTE B12	0.31	0.52	0.15	0.98	/
	LTE B13	0.64	0.52	0.15	1.31	/
	LTE B66	0.90	0.52	0.15	1.57	/
Top (14mm)	GSM850	0.44	0.77	0.05	1.26	/
	GSM1900	0.74	0.77	0.05	1.56	/
	WCDMA850	0.51	0.77	0.05	1.33	/
	WCDMA1700	0.98	0.77	0.05	1.80	Yes
	WCDMA1900	1.01	0.77	0.05	1.83	Yes
	LTE B2	0.83	0.77	0.05	1.65	Yes
	LTE B5	0.29	0.77	0.05	1.11	/
	LTE B12	0.17	0.77	0.05	0.99	/
	LTE B13	0.43	0.77	0.05	1.25	/
	LTE B66	1.00	0.77	0.05	1.82	Yes

Band	Position	SAR(W/kg)	distance	Pair SAR sum(W/kg)	SPLSR	Simultaneous SAR
GSM1900	Rear 0mm	1.15	99.41	1.96	0.028	Not required
WLAN 2.4G		0.81				
WCDMA1700	Rear 0mm	1.04	99.64	1.85	0.025	Not required
WLAN 2.4G		0.81				
WCDMA1900	Rear 0mm	1.21	94.75	2.02	0.030	Not required
WLAN 2.4G		0.81				
LTE B2	Rear 0mm	1.10	100.71	1.91	0.026	Not required
WLAN 2.4G		0.81				
LTE B12	Rear 0mm	0.85	58.17	1.66	0.037	Not required
WLAN 2.4G		0.81				
LTE B13	Rear 0mm	0.81	58.17	1.62	0.035	Not required
WLAN 2.4G		0.81				
LTE B66	Rear 0mm	0.97	99.64	1.78	0.024	Not required
WLAN 2.4G		0.81				

Band	Position	SAR(W/kg)	distance	Pair SAR sum(W/kg)	SPLSR	Simultaneous SAR
GSM1900	Rear 0mm	1.15	102.58	1.89	0.025	Not required
WLAN 5G		0.74				
WCDMA1700	Rear 0mm	1.04	102.54	1.78	0.023	Not required
WLAN 5G		0.74				
WCDMA1900	Rear 0mm	1.21	98.88	1.95	0.028	Not required
WLAN 5G		0.74				
LTE B2	Rear 0mm	1.10	104.44	1.84	0.024	Not required
WLAN 5G		0.74				
LTE B12	Rear 0mm	0.97	61.94	1.71	0.036	Not required
WLAN 5G		0.74				
LTE B66	Rear 0mm	0.97	102.54	1.71	0.022	Not required
WLAN 5G		0.74				

Band	Position	SAR(W/kg)	distance	Pair SAR sum(W/kg)	SPLSR	Simultaneous SAR
GSM1900	Rear 0mm	1.15	102.18	1.89	0.025	Not required
BT		0.74				
WCDMA1700	Rear 0mm	1.04	102.48	1.78	0.023	Not required
BT		0.74				
WCDMA1900	Rear 0mm	1.21	96.01	1.95	0.028	Not required
BT		0.74				
LTE B2	Rear 0mm	1.10	103.34	1.84	0.024	Not required
BT		0.74				
LTE B12	Rear 0mm	0.97	61.16	1.71	0.037	Not required
BT		0.74				
LTE B66	Rear 0mm	0.97	102.48	1.71	0.022	Not required
BT		0.74				
Band	Position	SAR(W/kg)	distance	Pair SAR sum(W/kg)	SPLSR	Simultaneous SAR
WCDMA1900	Rear 14mm	0.89	104.34	1.56	0.019	Not required
WLAN 5G		0.67				
Band	Position	SAR(W/kg)	distance	Pair SAR sum(W/kg)	SPLSR	Simultaneous SAR
WCDMA1900	Rear 14mm	0.89	97.59	1.56	0.020	Not required
BT		0.67				
Band	Position	SAR(W/kg)	distance	Pair SAR sum(W/kg)	SPLSR	Simultaneous SAR
WCDMA1700	Top 14mm	0.98	90.15	1.8	0.027	Not required
WLAN 5G		0.82				
WCDMA1900	Top 14mm	1.01	84.43	1.83	0.029	Not required
WLAN 5G		0.82				
LTE B2	Top 14mm	0.83	91.75	1.65	0.023	Not required
WLAN 5G		0.82				
LTE B66	Top 14mm	1	81.1	1.82	0.030	Not required
WLAN 5G		0.82				
Band	Position	SAR(W/kg)	distance	Pair SAR sum(W/kg)	SPLSR	Simultaneous SAR
WCDMA1700	Top 14mm	0.98	72.11	1.8	0.033	Not required
BT		0.82				
WCDMA1900	Top 14mm	1.01	66	1.83	0.038	Not required
BT		0.82				
LTE B2	Top 14mm	0.83	73.71	1.65	0.029	Not required
BT		0.82				
LTE B66	Top 14mm	1	63.38	1.82	0.039	Not required
BT		0.82				

15.4 Conclusion

According to the above tables, the highest simultaneous transmission reported SAR values is **1.59W/kg (10g)**. The sum of reported SAR values is < 1.6W/kg.

16 Measurement Uncertainty

16.1 Measurement Uncertainty for Normal SAR Tests (300MHz~3GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement system										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
2	Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
4	Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	B	1.0	N	1	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	B	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
13	Post-processing	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Test sample related										
14	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
15	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
16	Drift of output power	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up										
17	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
18	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
20	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521

Combined standard uncertainty	$u_c' = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					9.55	9.43	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)	$u_e = 2u_c$					19.1	18.9	

16.2 Measurement Uncertainty for Normal SAR Tests (3~6GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement system										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
2	Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	B	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
4	Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RFambient conditions-reflection	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
13	Post-processing	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test sample related										
14	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
15	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
16	Drift of output power	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up										
17	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
18	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
20	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞

21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						10.7	10.6	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$						21.4	21.1	

16.3 Measurement Uncertainty for Fast SAR Tests (300MHz~3GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement system										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
2	Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
4	Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. Restrictions	B	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
13	Post-processing	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
14	Fast SAR z-Approximation	B	7.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.0	4.0	∞
Test sample related										
15	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
16	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
17	Drift of output power	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up										
18	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞

20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
22	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c' = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						10.4	10.3	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$						20.8	20.6	

16.4 Measurement Uncertainty for Fast SAR Tests (3~6GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement system										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
2	Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	B	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
4	Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. Restrictions	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
13	Post-processing	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
14	Fast SAR z-Approximation	B	14.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	8.1	8.1	∞
Test sample related										
15	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
16	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5

17	Drift of output power	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up										
18	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
22	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
Combined standard uncertainty		$u'_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						13.5	13.4	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$						27.0	26.8	

17 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Table 17.1: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	N5239A	MY55491241	June 2, 2022	One year
02	Power sensor	NRP8S	104291	September 22, 2022	One year
03	Power sensor	NRP8S	104292		
04	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49070393	May 17, 2022	One Year
05	Amplifier	60S1G4	0331848	No Calibration Requested	
06	BTS	CMW500	159889	January 6, 2023	One year
07	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	1588	September 15,2022	One year
08	E-field Probe	SPEAG EX3DV4	3617	March 11, 2022	One year
09	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D750V3	1017	July 20,2022	One year
10	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D835V2	4d069	July 20,2022	One year
11	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D1750V2	1003	July 18,2022	One year
12	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D1900V2	5d101	July 26,2022	One year
13	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D2450V2	853	July 20,2022	One year
14	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D5GHzV2	1060	July 05,2022	One year

END OF REPORT BODY

ANNEX A Graph Results

GSM850

Date: 2/22/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.904$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.345$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 (0) Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(9.91, 9.91, 9.91)

Area Scan (141x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.00 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 2.955 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.523 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.256 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg

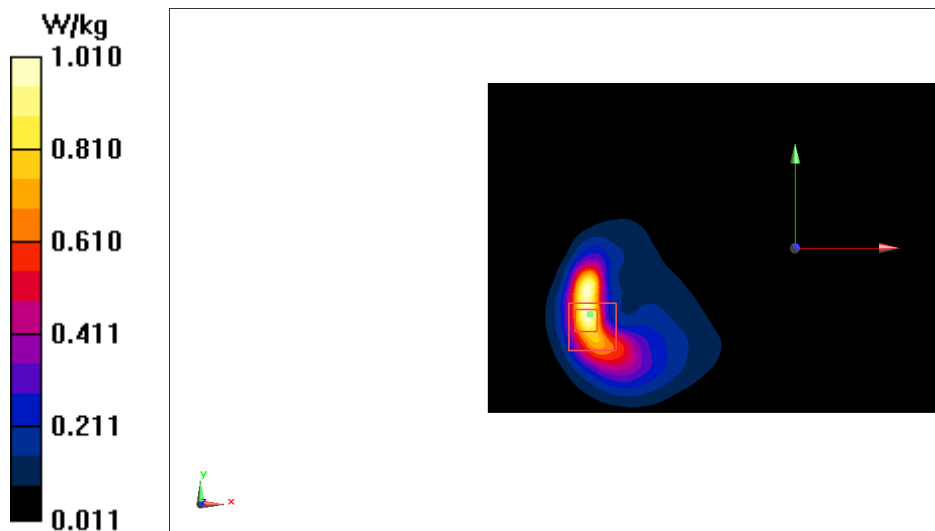


Fig A.1

PCS1900

Date: 2/24/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.414$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.643$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, GSM1900 (PCS) (0) Frequency: 1850.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:4

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08)

Area Scan (141x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.33 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 3.212 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.27 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.860 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.337 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.57 W/kg

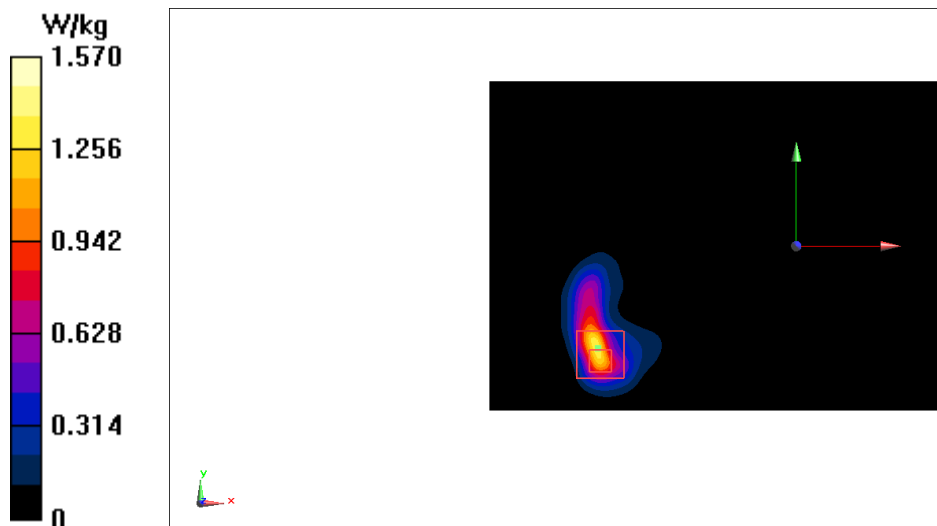


Fig A.2

WCDMA1900

Date: 2/24/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.431$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.626$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA1900(B2) (0) Frequency: 1907.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08)

Area Scan (141x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.63 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 3.347 V/m; Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.38 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.921 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.345 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.49 W/kg

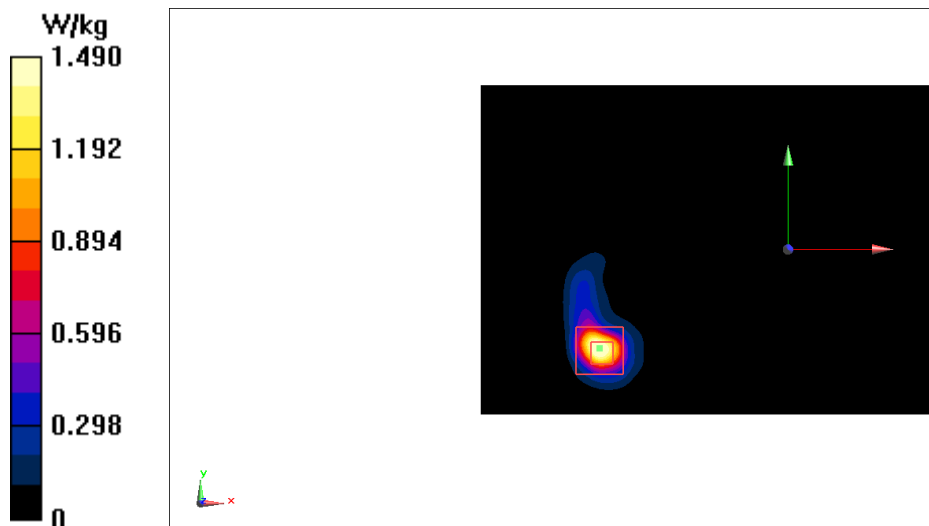


Fig A.3

WCDMA1700

Date: 2/23/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.362$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.948$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA1700(B4) (0) Frequency: 1752.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(8.21, 8.21, 8.21)

Area Scan (141x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.43 W/kg

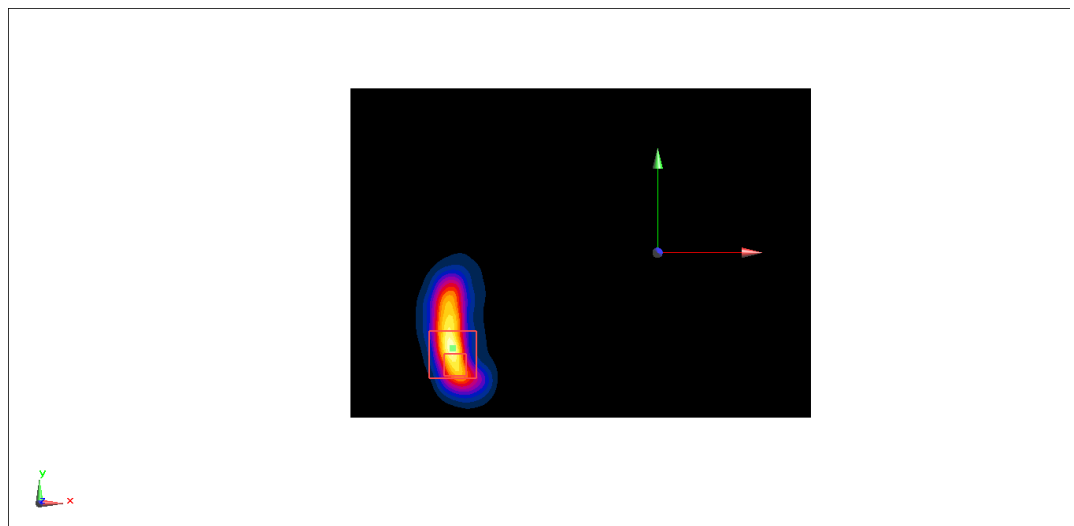
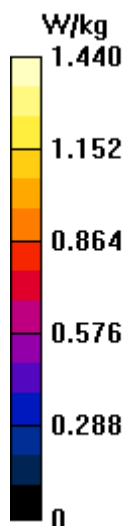
Zoom Scan (8x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 3.552 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.843 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.356 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.44 W/kg



WCDMA850

Date: 2/22/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.898$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.368$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA850(B5) (0) Frequency: 826.4 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(9.91, 9.91, 9.91)

Area Scan (141x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.989 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 3.582 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.56 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.515 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.258 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg

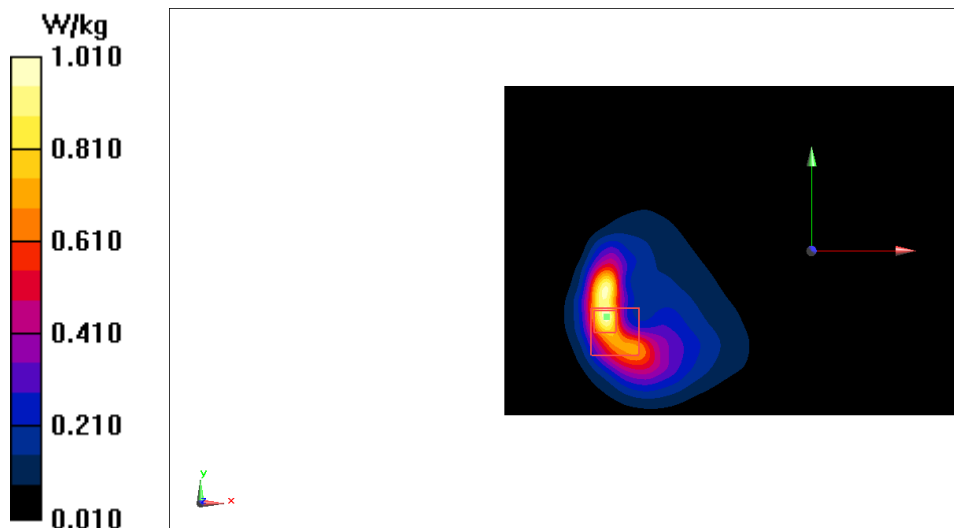


Fig A.4

LTE B2

Date: 2/24/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.428$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.629$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band2 (0) Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08)

Area Scan (141x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.60 W/kg

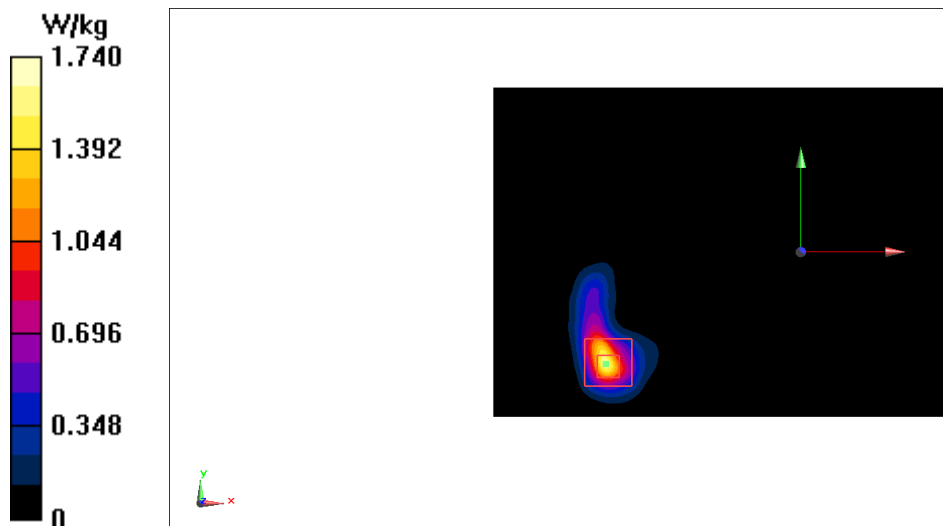
Zoom Scan (8x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 2.961 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.990 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.372 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.74 W/kg



LTE B5

Date: 2/22/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 844 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.903 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.355$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band5 (0) Frequency: 844 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(9.91, 9.91, 9.91)

Area Scan (141x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.27 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.701 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.85 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.656 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.322 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.30 W/kg

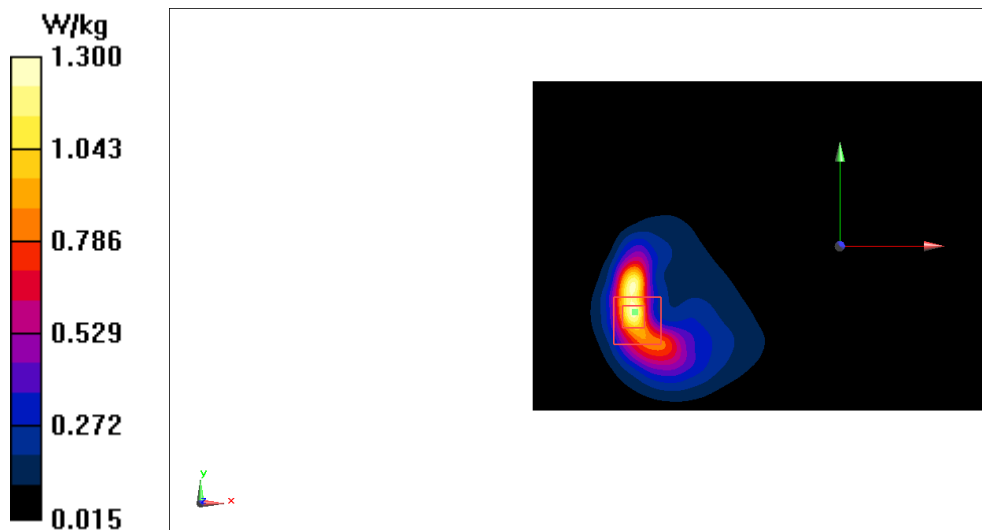


Fig A.5

LTE B12

Date: 2/27/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 711 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.853 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 44.215$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band12 (0) Frequency: 711 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(9.91, 9.91, 9.91)

Area Scan (141x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.39 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.931 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.691 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.330 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.54 W/kg

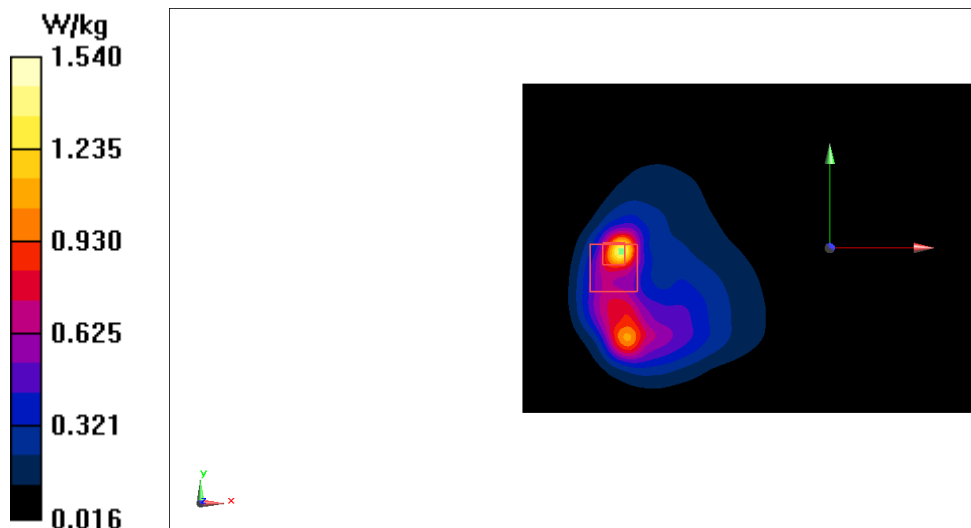


Fig A.6

LTE B13

Date: 2/27/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 782 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.88 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.89$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band13 (0) Frequency: 782 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(9.91, 9.91, 9.91)

Area Scan (141x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.30 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.075 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.687 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.332 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.27 W/kg

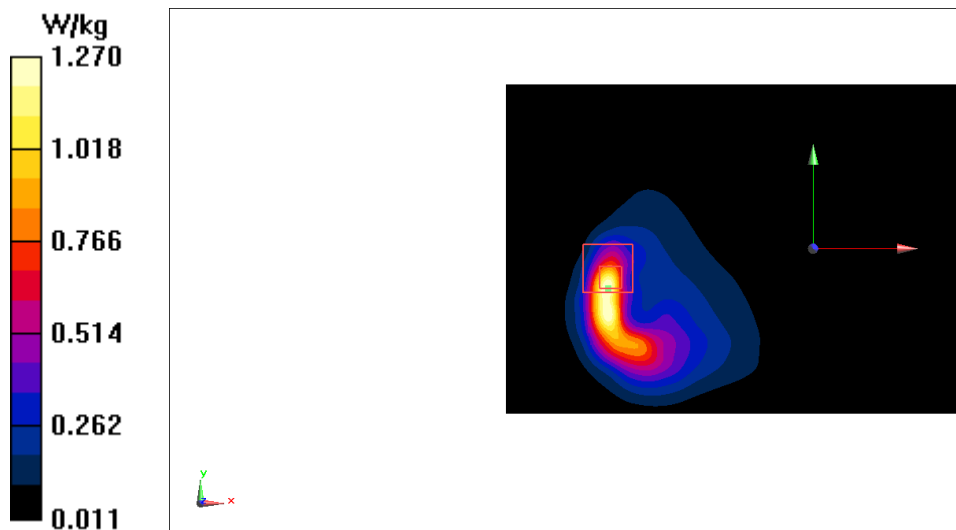


Fig A.7

LTE B66

Date: 2/23/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used: $f = 1745$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.357$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.957$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band66 (0) Frequency: 1745 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(8.21, 8.21, 8.21)

Area Scan (141x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.23 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 17.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.853 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.492 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.22 W/kg

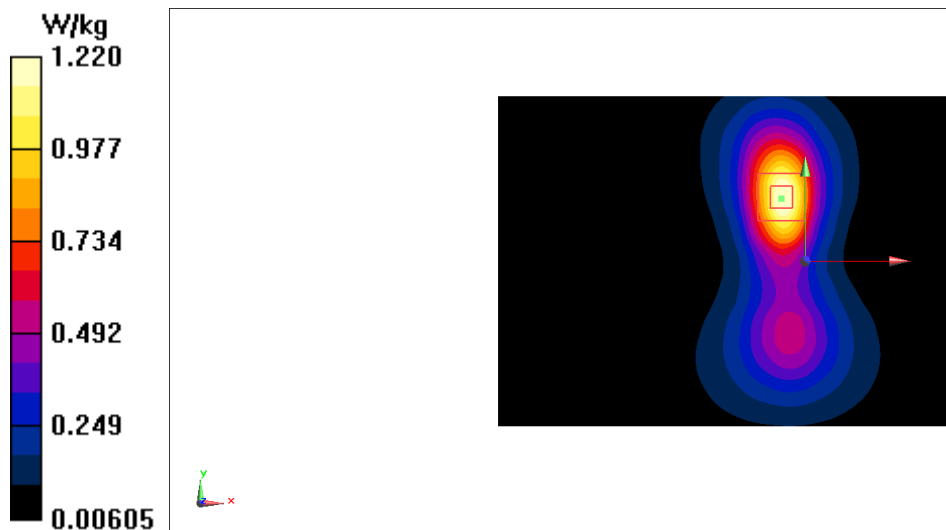


Fig A.8

WLAN2450

Date: 2/26/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.837$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.637$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 2450 (0) Frequency: 2437 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55)

Area Scan (141x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200$ mm, $dy=1.200$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.65 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 5.147 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.93 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.779 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.342 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.43 W/kg

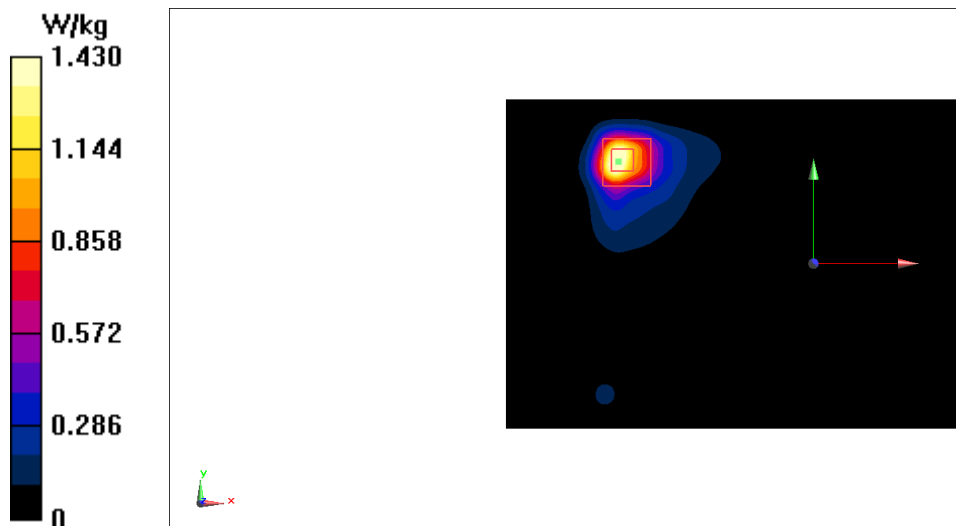


Fig A.12

WLAN5G

Date: 3/8/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used: $f = 5320$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.656$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.724$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 11a (0) Frequency: 5320 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(5.53, 5.53, 5.53)

Area Scan (141x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.39 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 1.196 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.06 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.579 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.212 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.30 W/kg

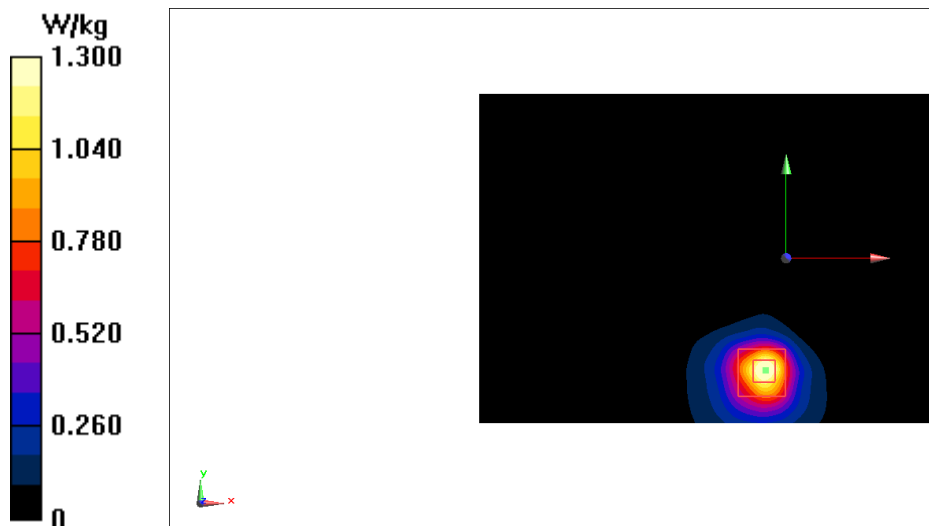


Fig A.13

BT

Date: 2/26/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used: $f = 2480$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.859$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.527$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0) Frequency: 2480 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55)

Area Scan (141x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200$ mm, $dy=1.200$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.301 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 2.365 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.395 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.141 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.060 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.247 W/kg

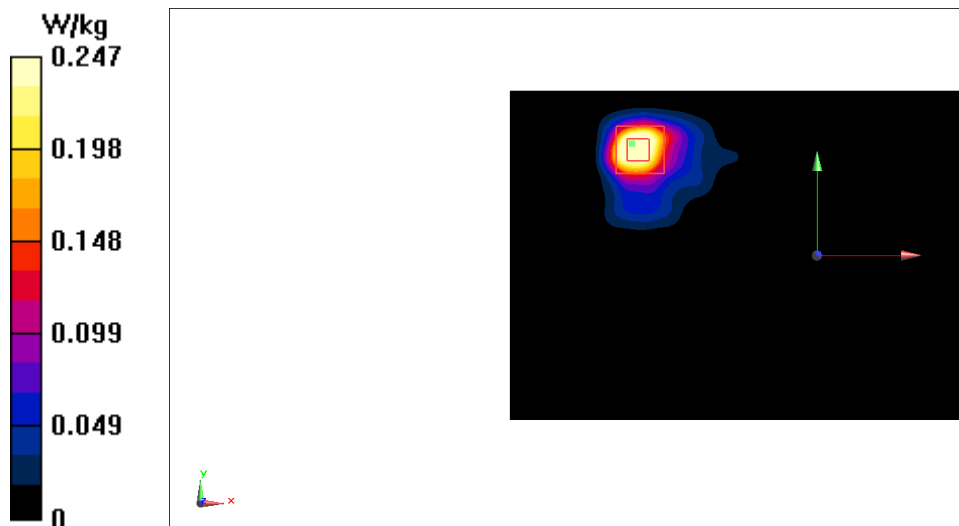
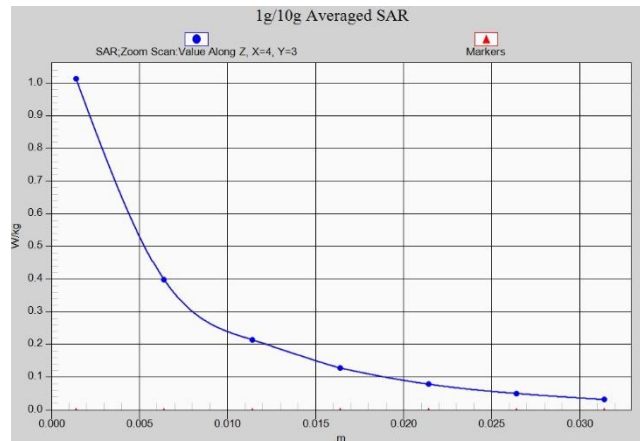
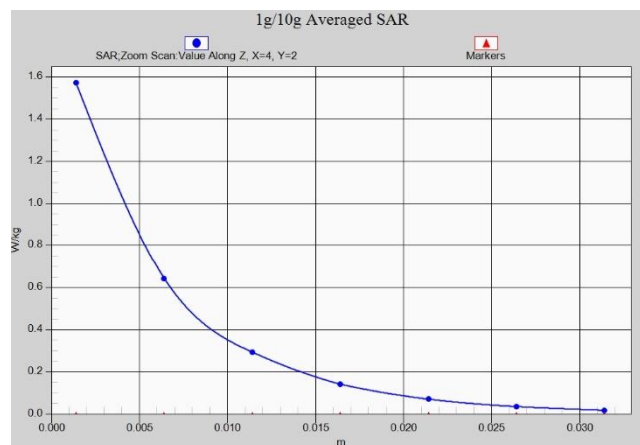


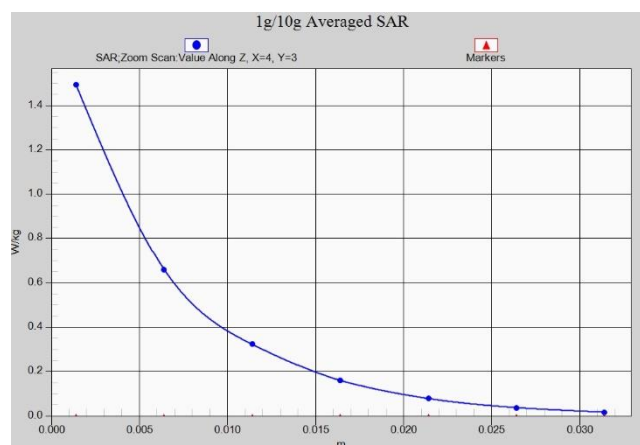
Fig A.14



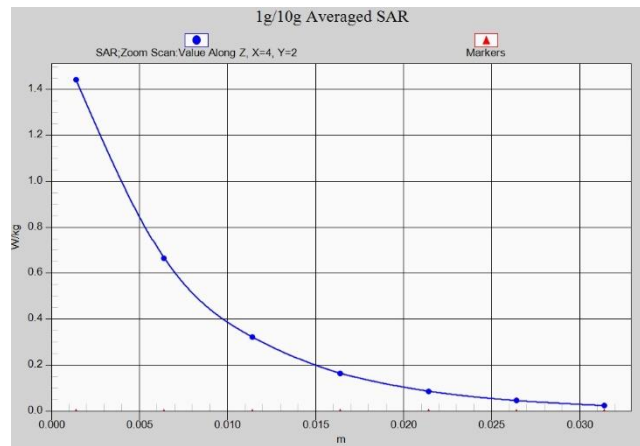
Z-Scan at power reference point (GSM850)



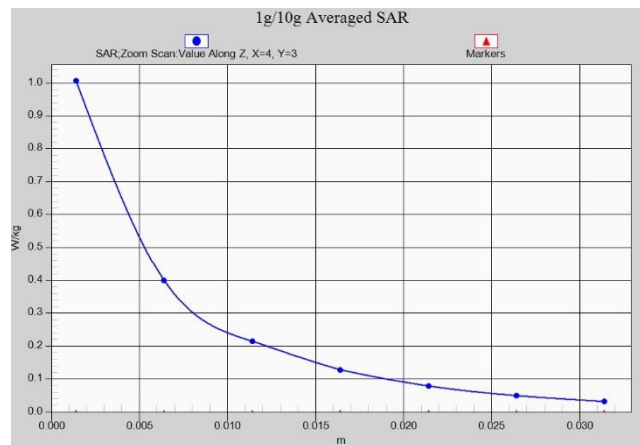
Z-Scan at power reference point (GSM1900)



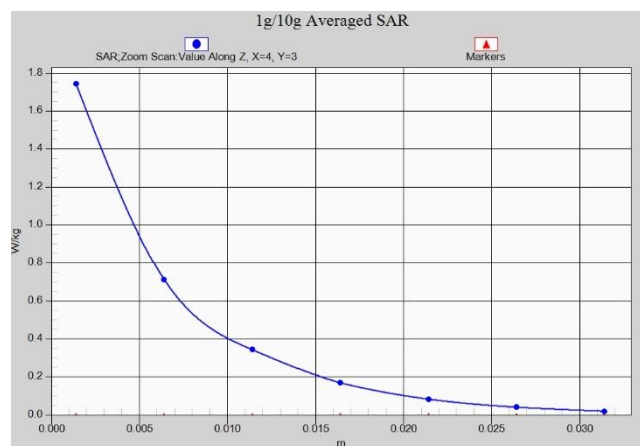
Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA1900)



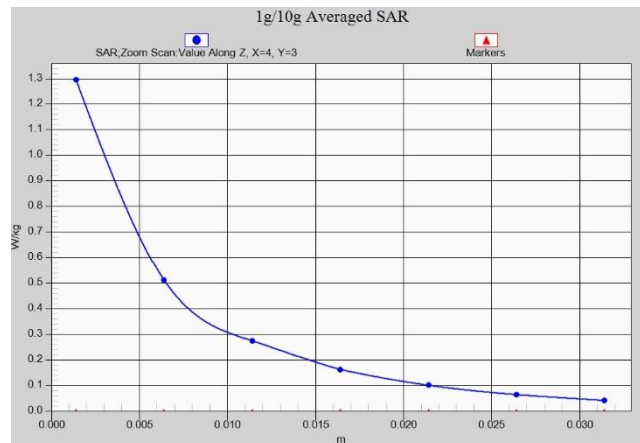
Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA1700)



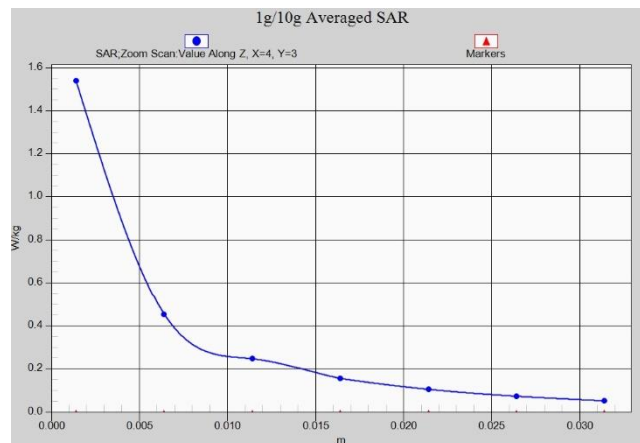
Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA850)



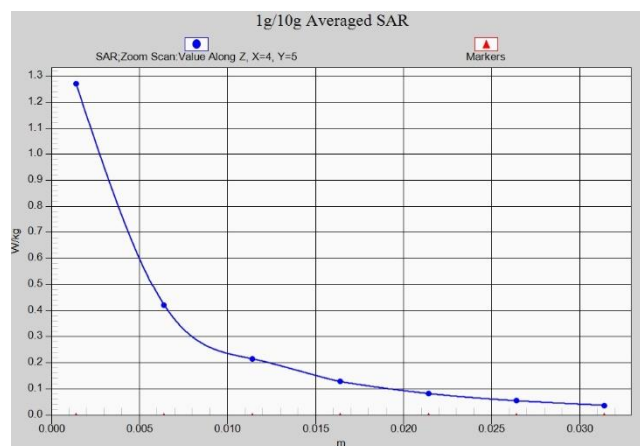
Z-Scan at power reference point (LTEB2)



Z-Scan at power reference point (LTEB5)



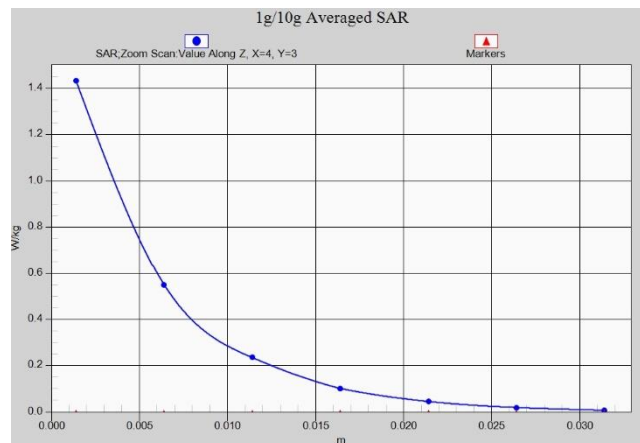
Z-Scan at power reference point (LTEB12)



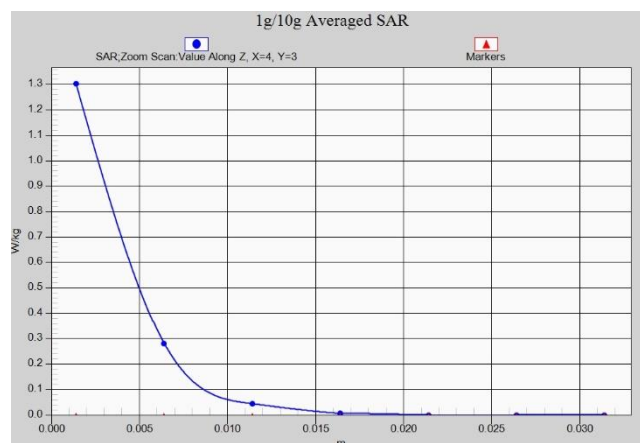
Z-Scan at power reference point (LTEB13)



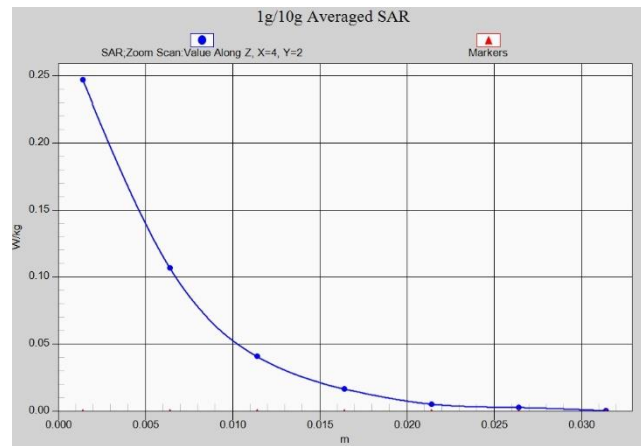
Z-Scan at power reference point (LTEB66)



Z-Scan at power reference point (WIFI2.4G)



Z-Scan at power reference point (WIFI5G)



Z-Scan at power reference point (BT)

ANNEX B System Verification Results

750 MHz

Date: 2/27/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.867 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.98$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(9.91, 9.91, 9.91)

Area Scan (131x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.86 W/kg

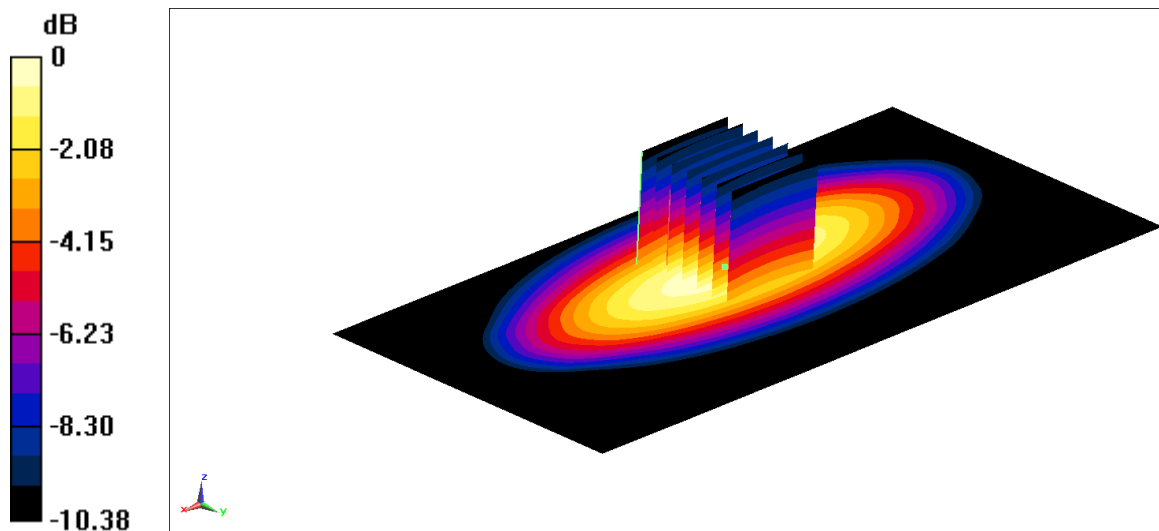
Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 50.59 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.14 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 1.4 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.93 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 2.93 \text{ W/kg} = 4.67 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

835 MHz

Date: 2/22/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(9.91, 9.91, 9.91)

Area Scan (131x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.24 W/kg

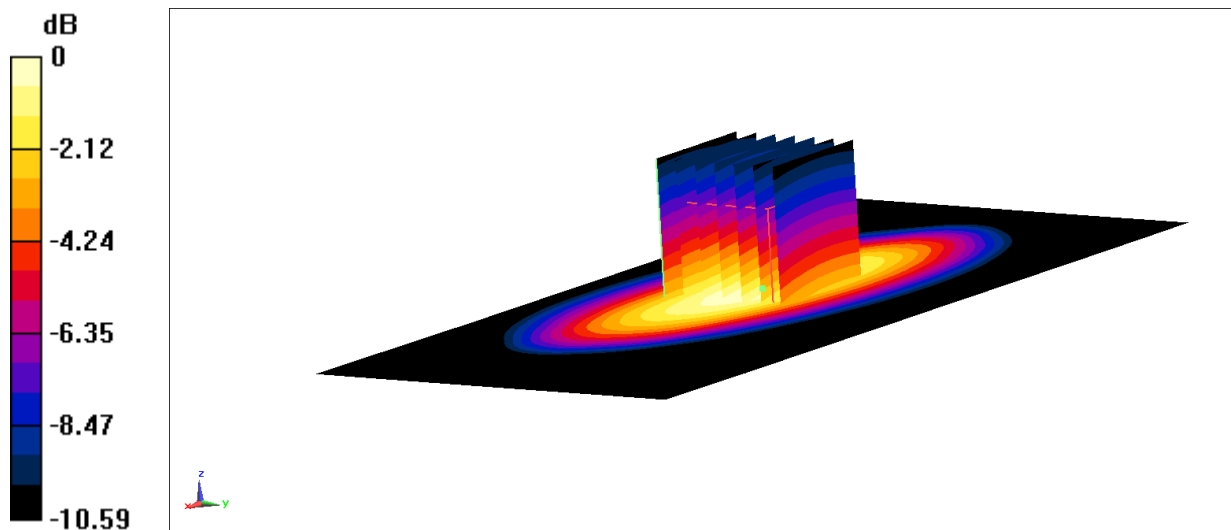
Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 55.51 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.83 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.30 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 3.30 \text{ W/kg} = 5.19 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

1750MHz

Date: 2/23/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.95$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 1750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(8.21, 8.21, 8.21)

Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.9 W/kg

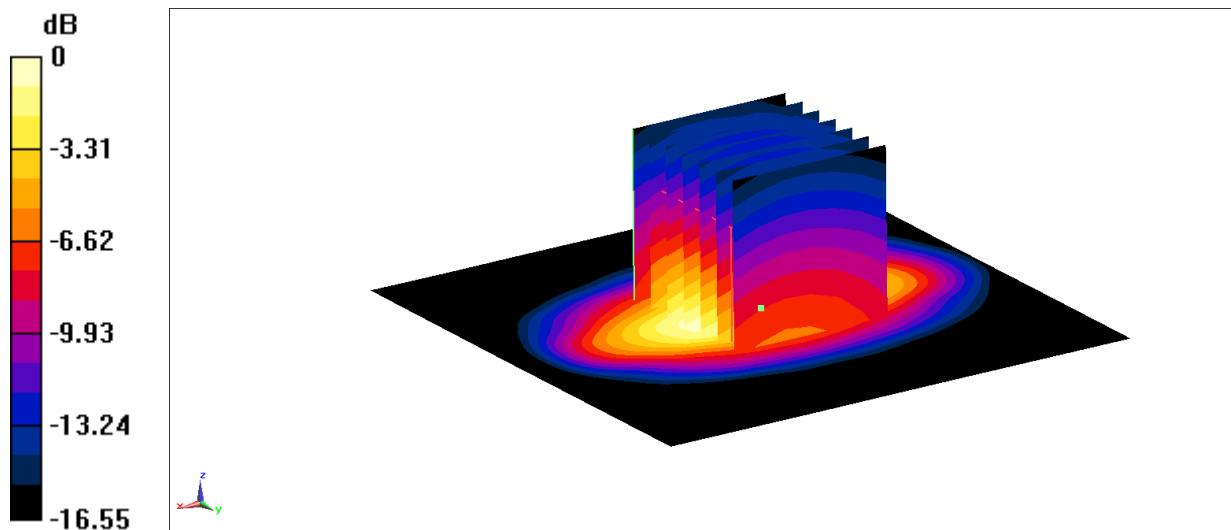
Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 95.69 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.85 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.8 W/kg



0 dB = 13.8 W/kg = 11.40 dBW/kg

1900MHz

Date: 2/24/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.428$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.63$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08)

Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.6 W/kg

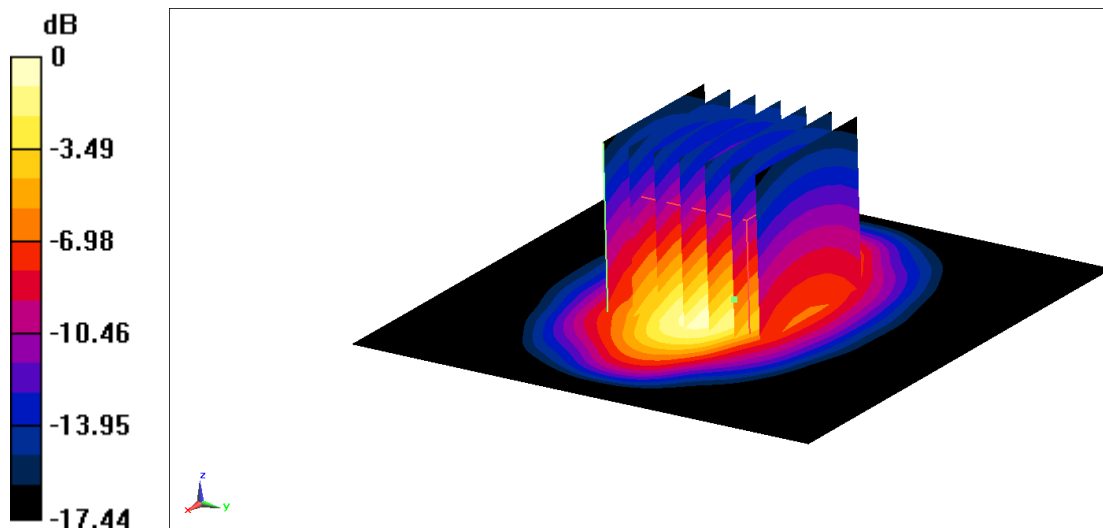
Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 100.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.21 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 15.7 \text{ W/kg} = 11.96 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

2450MHz

Date: 2/26/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.84$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55)

Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.2 W/kg

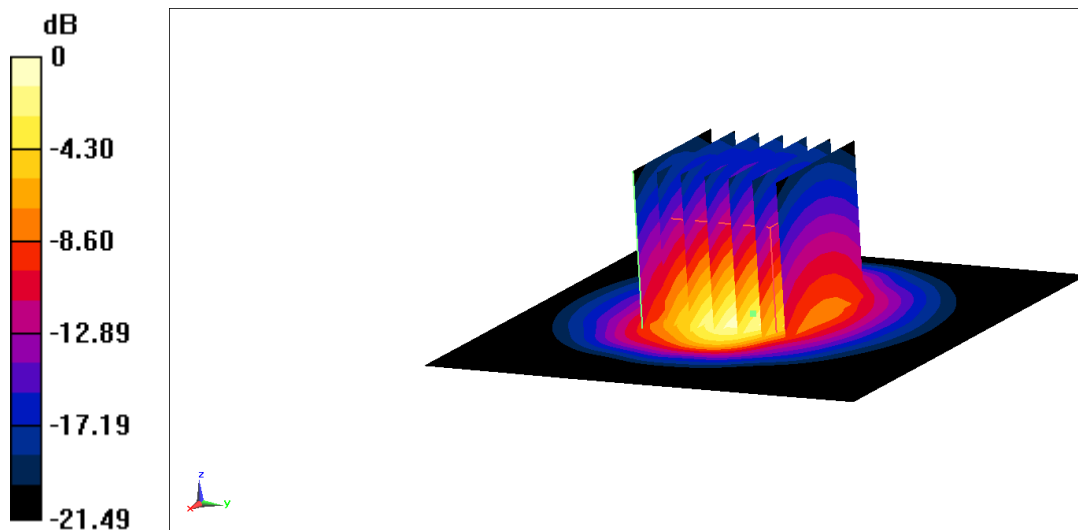
Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 104.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.1 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.0 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 22.0 \text{ W/kg} = 13.42 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

5250 MHz

Date: 3/8/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.594$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.79$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 5250 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(5.53, 5.53, 5.53)

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.4 W/kg

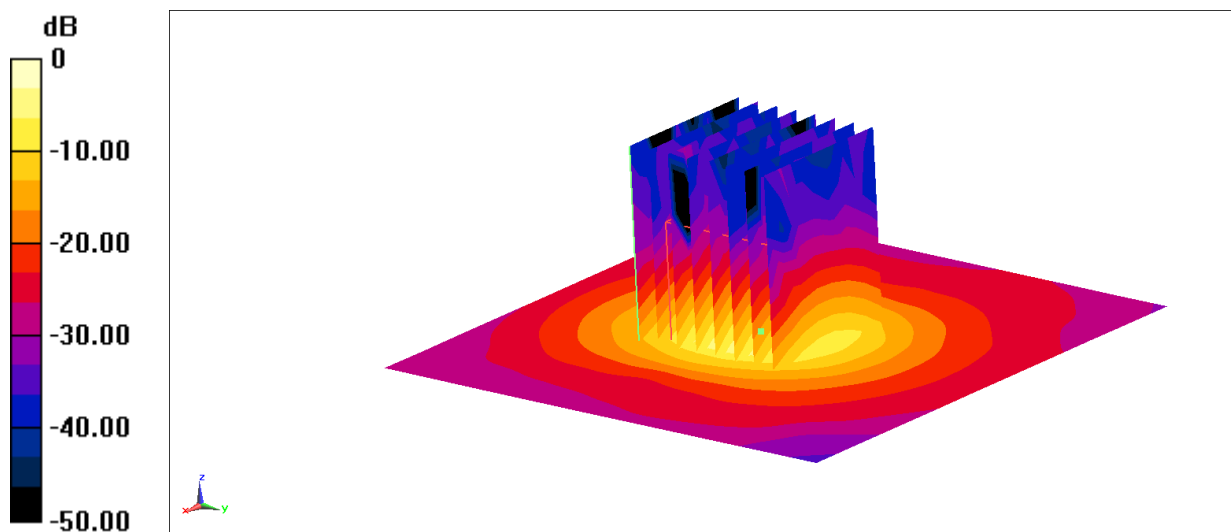
Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), $dist=1.4$ mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 65.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.71 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 18.5 \text{ W/kg} = 12.67 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

5750 MHz

Date: 3/8/2023

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1588

Medium: H700-6000

Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.099$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.05$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0) Frequency: 5750 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617 ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2)

Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.8 W/kg

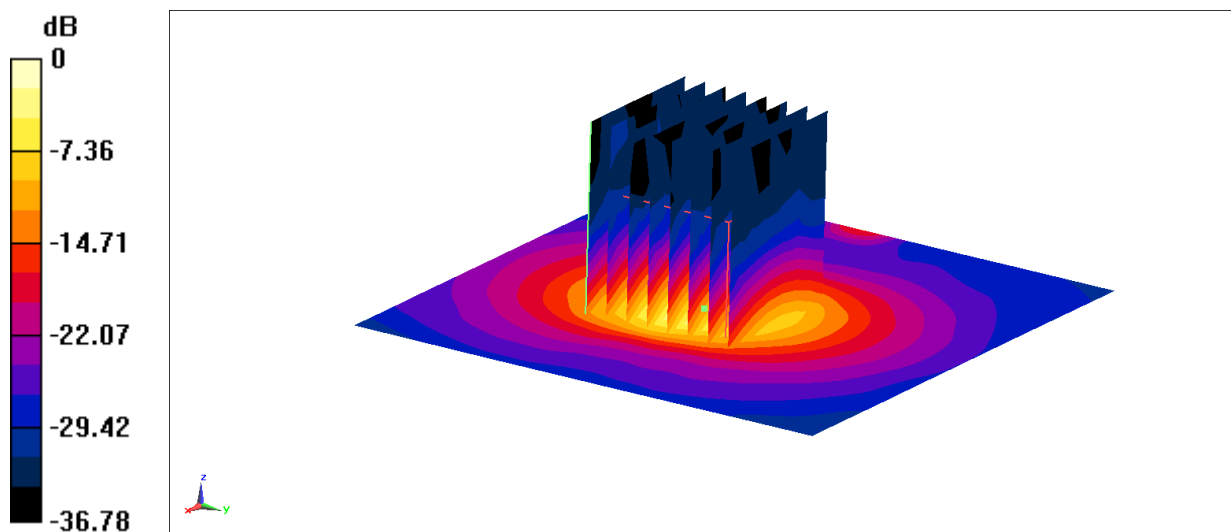
Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), $dist=1.4$ mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 59.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg

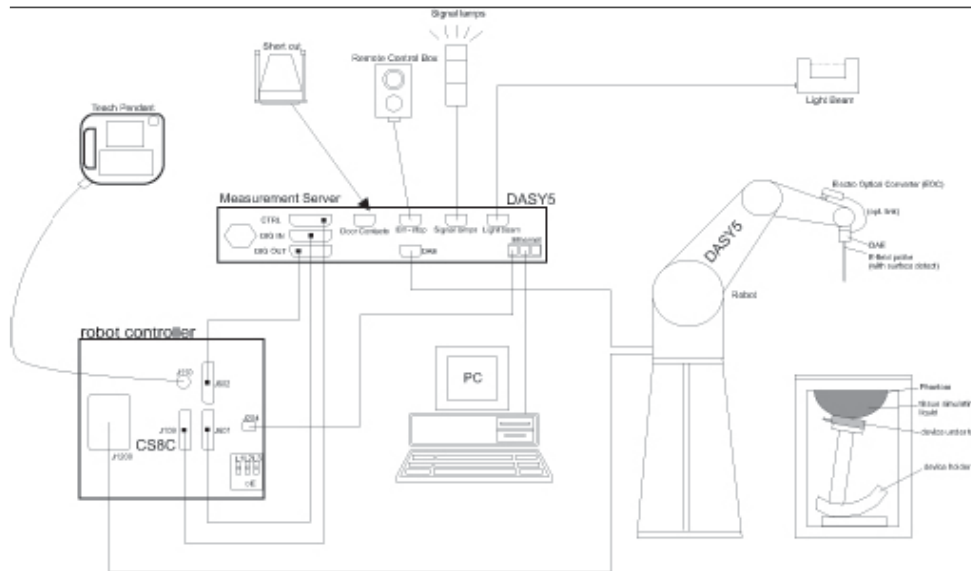


$$0 \text{ dB} = 19.6 \text{ W/kg} = 12.92 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

ANNEX C SAR Measurement Setup

C.1 Measurement Set-up

The Dasy5 or DASY6 system for performing compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:



Picture C.1 SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 or DASY6 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

C.2 Dasy5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY5 or DASY6 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using 2nd order curve fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

Probe Specifications:

Model:	ES3DV3, EX3DV4
Frequency	10MHz — 6.0GHz(EX3DV4)
Range:	10MHz — 4GHz(ES3DV3)
Calibration:	In head and body simulating tissue at Frequencies from 835 up to 5800MHz
Linearity:	± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 6 GHz) for EX3DV4 ± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 4 GHz) for ES3DV3
DynamicRange:	10 mW/kg — 100W/kg
Probe Length:	330 mm
Probe Tip	
Length:	20 mm
Body Diameter:	12 mm
Tip Diameter:	2.5 mm (3.9 mm for ES3DV3)
Tip-Center:	1 mm (2.0mm for ES3DV3)
Application:	SAR Dosimetry Testing Compliance tests of mobile phones Dosimetry in strong gradient fields



Picture C.2Near-field Probe



Picture C.3E-field Probe

C.3 E-field Probe Calibration

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or

other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:

Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

C.4 Other Test Equipment

C.4.1 Data Acquisition Electronics(DAE)

The data acquisition electronics consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



PictureC.4: DAE

C.4.2 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: RX160L) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



Picture C.5 DASY 5

C.4.3 Measurement Server

The Measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128MB), RAM DASY5: 128MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.



Picture C.6 Server for DASY 5

C.4.4 Device Holder for Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$ would produce a SAR uncertainty of $\pm 20\%$. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

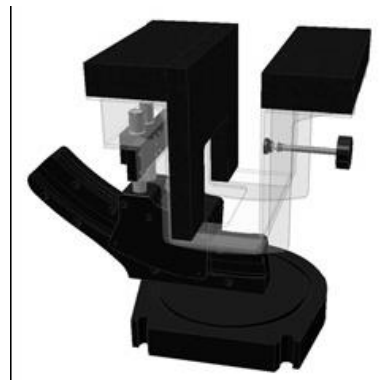
The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

<Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin-SAM and ELI phantoms.



Picture C7-1: Device Holder



Picture C.7-2: Laptop Extension Kit

C.4.5 Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to

Represent the 90th percentile of the population. The phantom enables the dissymmetric evaluation of SAR for both left and right handed handset usage, as well as body-worn usage using the flat phantom region. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. The shell phantom has a 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6 mm).

Shell Thickness: 2 ± 0.2 mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)

Available: Special

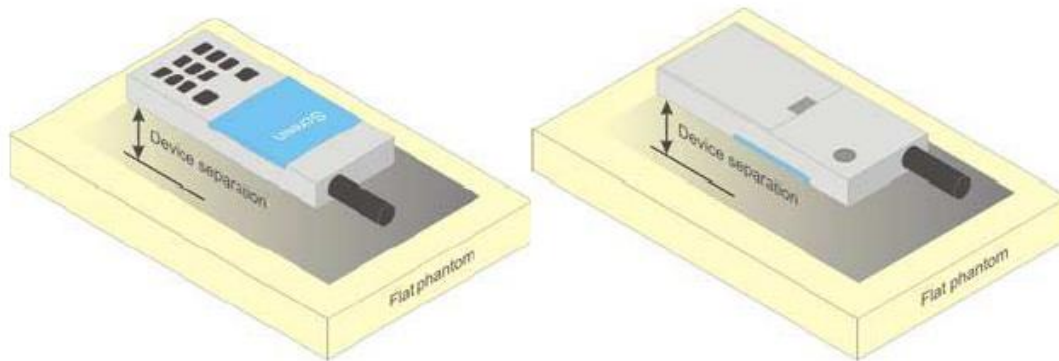


Picture C.8: SAM Twin Phantom

ANNEX D Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

D.1 Body-worn device

A typical example of a body-worn device is a mobile phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.

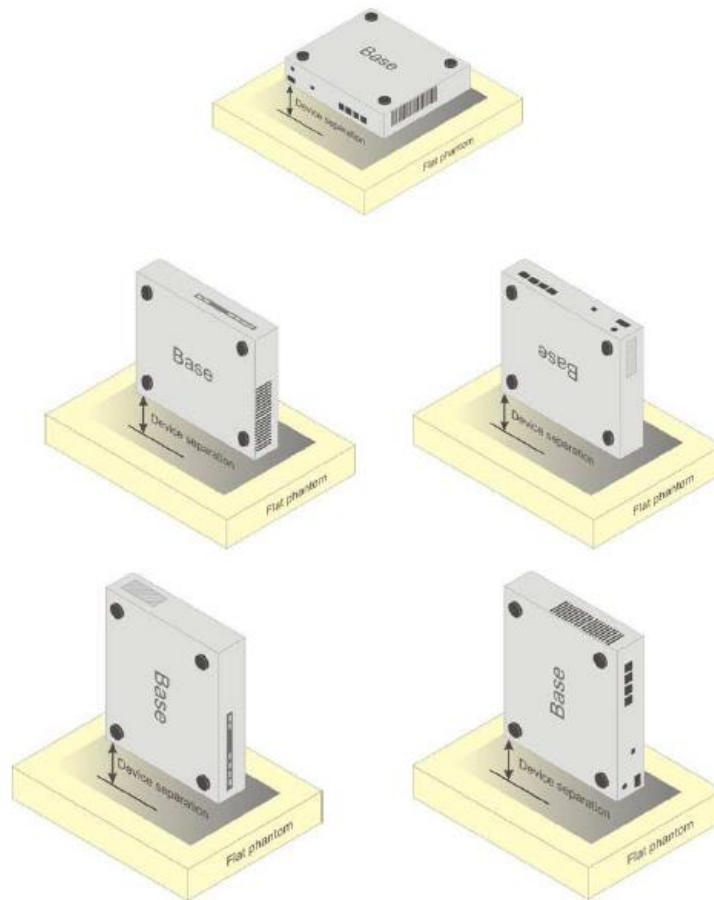


Picture D.1 Test positions for body-worn devices

D.2 Desktop device

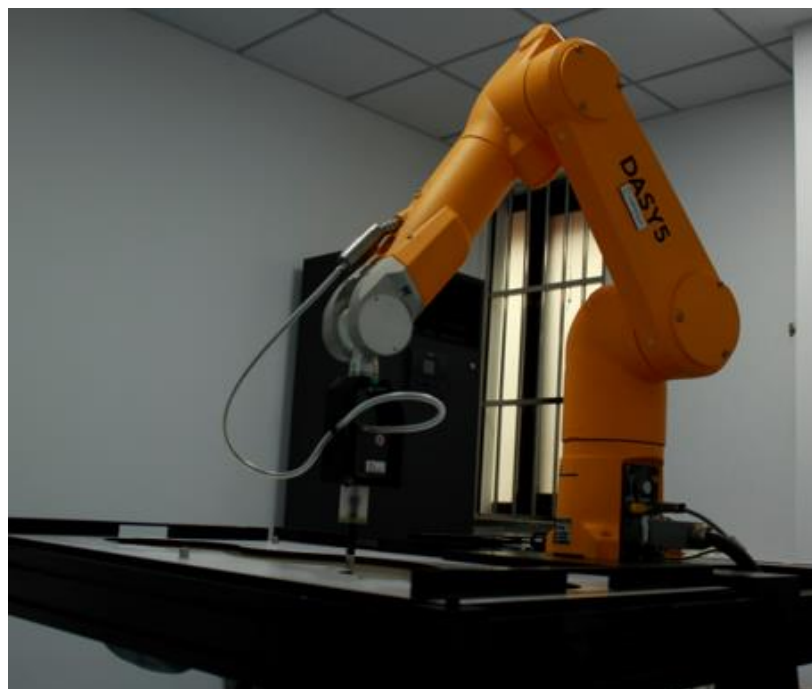
A typical example of a desktop device is a wireless enabled desktop computer placed on a table or desk when used.

The DUT shall be positioned at the distance and in the orientation to the phantom that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. For devices that employ an external antenna with variable positions, tests shall be performed for all antenna positions specified. Picture8.5 show positions for desktop device SAR tests. If the intended use is not specified, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom.



Picture D.2 Test positions for desktop devices

D.3 DUT Setup Photos



Picture D.3

ANNEX E Equivalent Media Recipes

The liquid used for the frequency range of 800-3000 MHz consisted of water, sugar, salt, preventol, glycol monobutyl and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table E.1 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209.

TableE.1: Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

Frequency (MHz)	835Head	835Body	1900 Head	1900 Body	2450 Head	2450 Body	5800 Head	5800 Body
Ingredients (% by weight)								
Water	41.45	52.5	55.242	69.91	58.79	72.60	65.53	65.53
Sugar	56.0	45.0	\	\	\	\	\	\
Salt	1.45	1.4	0.306	0.13	0.06	0.18	\	\
Preventol	0.1	0.1	\	\	\	\	\	\
Cellulose	1.0	1.0	\	\	\	\	\	\
Glycol Monobutyl	\	\	44.452	29.96	41.15	27.22	\	\
Diethyleneglycol monohexylether	\	\	\	\	\	\	17.24	17.24
Triton X-100	\	\	\	\	\	\	17.24	17.24
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	$\epsilon=41.5$ $\sigma=0.90$	$\epsilon=55.2$ $\sigma=0.97$	$\epsilon=40.0$ $\sigma=1.40$	$\epsilon=53.3$ $\sigma=1.52$	$\epsilon=39.2$ $\sigma=1.80$	$\epsilon=52.7$ $\sigma=1.95$	$\epsilon=35.3$ $\sigma=5.27$	$\epsilon=48.2$ $\sigma=6.00$

Note: There are a little adjustment respectively for 750, 1750, 2600, 5200, 5300 and 5600 based on the recipe of closest frequency in table E.1.

ANNEX F System Validation

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probes, system components or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such components.

Table F.2: System Validation for 3617

Probe SN.	Liquid name	Validation date	Frequency point	Status (OK or Not)
3617	Head 750MHz	March 24, 2022	750 MHz	OK
3617	Head 900MHz	March 24, 2022	900 MHz	OK
3617	Head 1450MHz	March 24, 2022	1450 MHz	OK
3617	Head 1750MHz	March 24, 2022	1750 MHz	OK
3617	Head 1900MHz	March 24, 2022	1900 MHz	OK
3617	Head 2000MHz	March 25, 2022	2000 MHz	OK
3617	Head 2300MHz	March 25, 2022	2300 MHz	OK
3617	Head 2450MHz	March 25, 2022	2450 MHz	OK
3617	Head 2600MHz	March 25, 2022	2600 MHz	OK
3617	Head 3300MHz	March 26, 2022	3300 MHz	OK
3617	Head 3500MHz	March 26, 2022	3500 MHz	OK
3617	Head 3700MHz	March 26, 2022	3700 MHz	OK
3617	Head 3900MHz	March 26, 2022	3900 MHz	OK
3617	Head 4100MHz	March 26, 2022	4100MHz	OK
3617	Head 4200MHz	March 26, 2022	4200MHz	OK
3617	Head 4400MHz	March 26, 2022	4400MHz	OK
3617	Head 4600MHz	March 27, 2022	4600MHz	OK
3617	Head 4800MHz	March 27, 2022	4800MHz	OK
3617	Head 4950MHz	March 27, 2022	4950MHz	OK
3617	Head 5250MHz	March 27, 2022	5250MHz	OK
3617	Head 5600MHz	March 27, 2022	5600 MHz	OK
3617	Head 5750MHz	March 27, 2022	5750 MHz	OK

ANNEX G Probe Calibration Certificate

Probe 3617 Calibration Certificate



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CNAS L0570



Client **CTTL**
Certificate No: **Z22-60028**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN : 3617

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-004-02
Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: March 11, 2022

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	Jun-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	Jun-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	Jun-22
Reference 10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00486)	Jan-23
Reference 20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00485)	Jan-23
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7307	26-May-21(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May21)	May-22
DAE4	SN 1555	20-Aug-21(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug21/2)	Aug-22

Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGenerator MG3700A	6201052605	16-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04467)	Jun-22
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	14-Jan-22(CTTL, No.J22X00406)	Jan-23

Calibrated by: Yu Zongying

Reviewed by: Lin Hao

Approved by: Qi Dianyuan

Name Function Signature

SAR Test Engineer

SAR Test Engineer

SAR Project Leader

Issued: March 17, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z22-60028
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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A,B,C,D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization Φ	Φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i $\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis

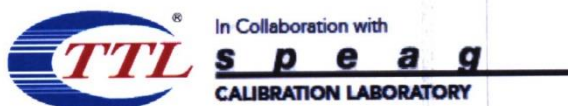
Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta=0$ ($f \leq 900\text{MHz}$ in TEM-cell; $f > 1800\text{MHz}$: waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}: A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800\text{MHz}$) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800\text{MHz}$. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from $\pm 50\text{MHz}$ to $\pm 100\text{MHz}$.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3617

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$) ^A	0.34	0.22	0.34	$\pm 10.0\%$
DCP(mV) ^B	102.7	98.3	98.7	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB/ μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Max Dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	140.9	$\pm 2.3\%$	$\pm 4.7\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		101.3		
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		138.5		
10352-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	4.68	73.78	15.64	10.00	60	$\pm 3.2\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	20.00	100.32	26.29		60		
		Z	20.00	95.47	23.48		60		
10353-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	5.54	77.25	15.64	6.99	80	$\pm 1.9\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	20.00	101.90	25.86		80		
		Z	20.00	95.46	22.12		80		
10354-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	9.09	84.14	16.60	3.98	95	$\pm 1.2\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	20.00	106.63	26.76		95		
		Z	20.00	98.05	21.85		95		
10355-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	20.00	94.35	18.77	2.22	120	$\pm 1.1\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	20.00	113.90	29.05		120		
		Z	20.00	101.22	22.06		120		
10387-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.78	66.21	15.14	1.00	150	$\pm 1.2\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	1.98	66.25	15.69		150		
		Z	1.78	66.17	15.19		150		
10388-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.35	68.41	15.87	0.00	150	$\pm 2.5\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	2.49	68.22	16.09		150		
		Z	2.38	68.42	15.93		150		
10396-AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	3.32	71.56	18.90	3.01	150	$\pm 1.0\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	3.39	71.34	19.37		150		
		Z	3.34	71.53	19.17		150		
10414-AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	5.19	66.74	16.07	0.00	150	$\pm 4.9\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.00	65.30	15.47		150		
		Z	5.22	66.70	16.15		150		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3617

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V^{-1}	T1 $ms.V^{-2}$	T2 $ms.V^{-1}$	T3 ms	T4 V^{-2}	T5 V^{-1}	T6
X	48.86	355.95	34.02	12.06	0.10	4.96	1.32	0.31	1.00
Y	57.20	428.55	35.77	12.39	0.05	5.03	1.11	0.33	1.01
Z	50.11	374.56	35.59	11.54	0.08	5.02	1.10	0.36	1.01

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	10.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

Certificate No:Z22-60028

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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:3617

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.91	9.91	9.91	0.12	1.38	±12.1%
900	41.5	0.97	9.49	9.49	9.49	0.30	0.94	±12.1%
1450	40.5	1.20	8.60	8.60	8.60	0.11	1.31	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.21	8.21	8.21	0.19	1.06	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.08	8.08	8.08	0.22	1.17	±12.1%
2000	40.0	1.40	8.05	8.05	8.05	0.20	1.22	±12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.89	7.89	7.89	0.53	0.73	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.55	7.55	7.55	0.41	0.88	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.40	7.40	7.40	0.43	0.88	±12.1%
3300	38.2	2.71	7.12	7.12	7.12	0.40	0.94	±13.3%
3500	37.9	2.91	6.85	6.85	6.85	0.41	1.00	±13.3%
3700	37.7	3.12	6.70	6.70	6.70	0.44	1.00	±13.3%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.61	6.61	6.61	0.35	1.35	±13.3%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.67	6.67	6.67	0.40	1.15	±13.3%
4200	37.1	3.63	6.55	6.55	6.55	0.35	1.35	±13.3%
4400	36.9	3.84	6.46	6.46	6.46	0.35	1.35	±13.3%
4600	36.7	4.04	6.36	6.36	6.36	0.45	1.25	±13.3%
4800	36.4	4.25	6.28	6.28	6.28	0.45	1.28	±13.3%
4950	36.3	4.40	6.05	6.05	6.05	0.45	1.30	±13.3%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.53	5.53	5.53	0.55	1.22	±13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	5.11	5.11	5.11	0.55	1.20	±13.3%
5750	35.4	5.22	5.20	5.20	5.20	0.55	1.20	±13.3%

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

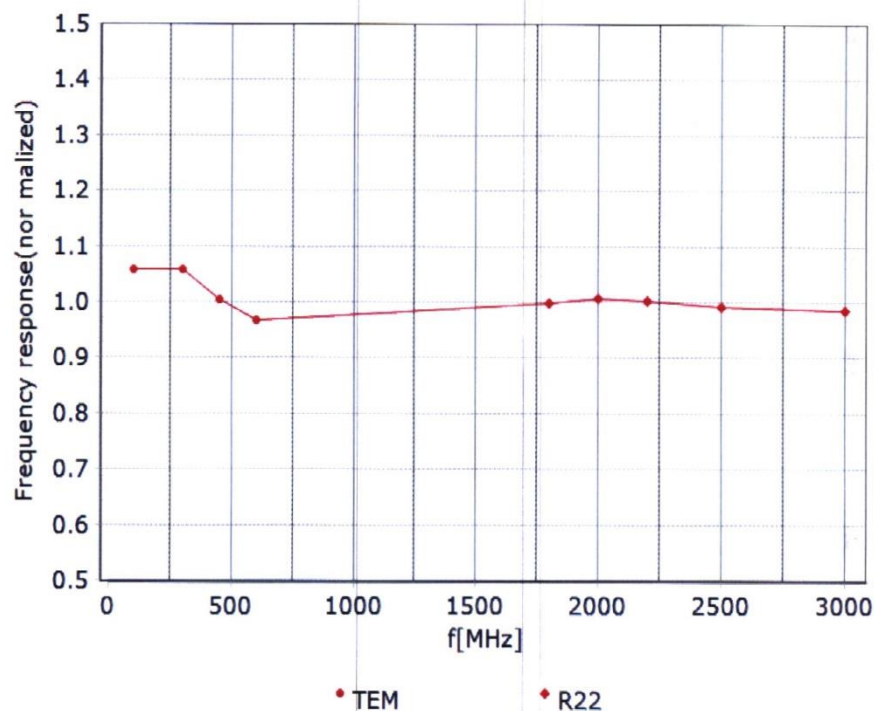
^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

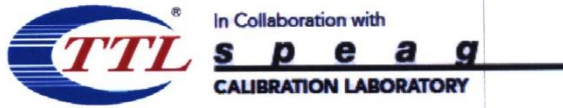
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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



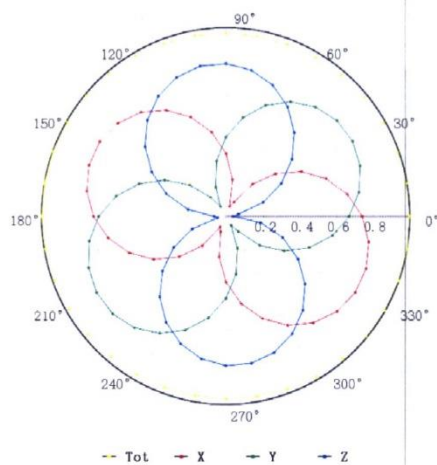
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 7.4\%$ ($k=2$)



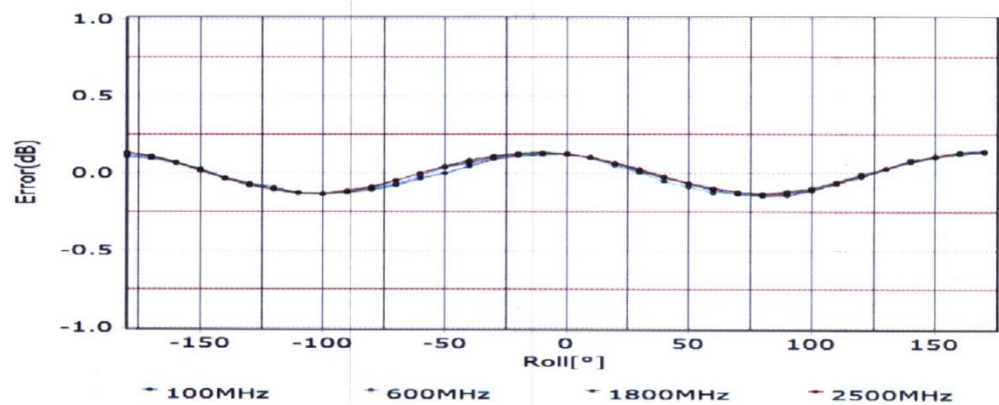
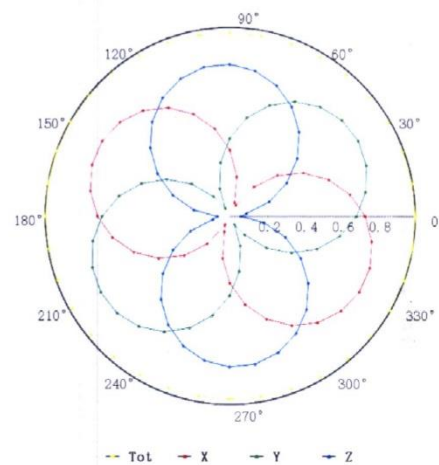
Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504
E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com [Http://www.chinattl.cn](http://www.chinattl.cn)

Receiving Pattern (Φ), $\theta=0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM

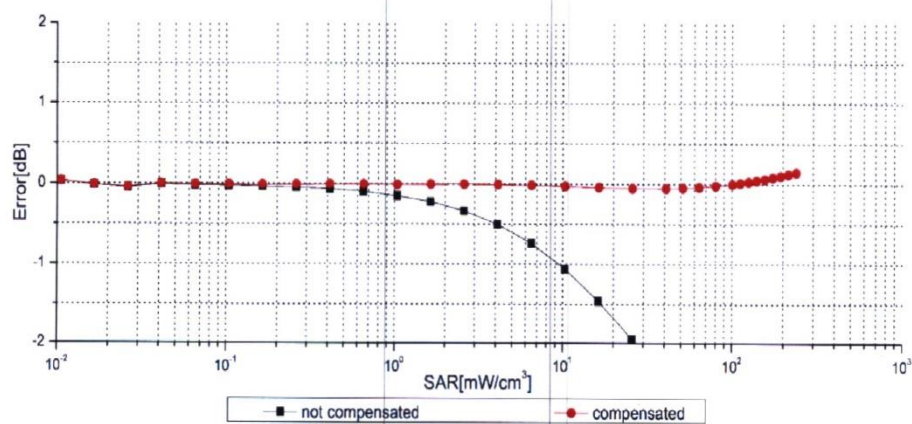
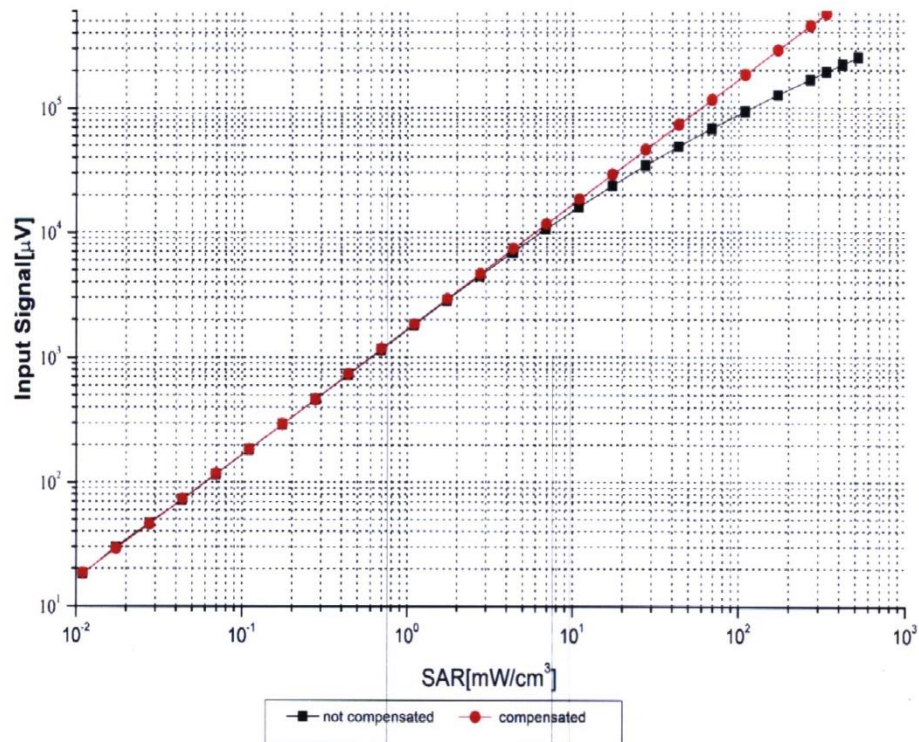


f=1800 MHz, R22



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 1.2\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.9\%$ ($k=2$)



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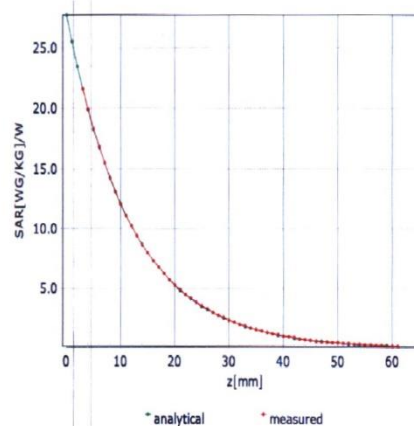
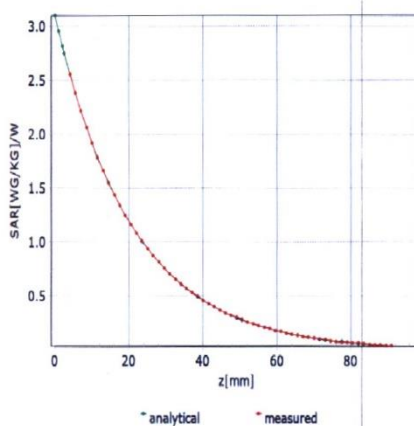
Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504
E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com [Http://www.chinattl.cn](http://www.chinattl.cn)



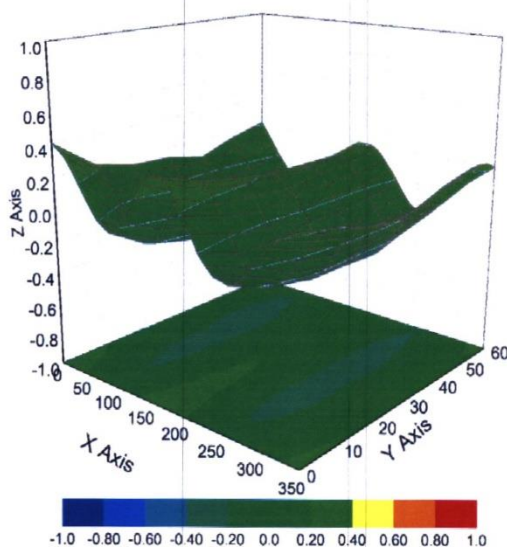
Conversion Factor Assessment

$f=750\text{ MHz}$,WGLS R9(H_convF)

$f=1750\text{ MHz}$,WGLS R22(H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 3.2\%$ ($k=2$)

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