



TESTING LABORATORY  
CERTIFICATE #4820.01



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## TEST REPORT

For

**Hangzhou Great Star Industrial Co., Ltd.**

No.35, Jiuhuan Road, Jianggan District, Hangzhou, China

**FCC ID: 2AMI2-IM040201  
IC: 22853-IM040201**

<b>Report Type:</b> Original Report	<b>Product Name:</b> Smart WiFi Zapper Bulb
<b>Report Number:</b> RSHD190218009-00	
<b>Report Date:</b>	2019-04-08
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**Note:** This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the device described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan). This report must not be used by the customer to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by A2LA\* or any agency of the Federal Government. \* This report may contain data that are not covered by the A2LA accreditation and are marked with an asterisk \*\*.

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## GENERAL INFORMATION

### Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

<b>EUT Name:</b>	Smart WiFi Zapper Bulb
<b>EUT Model:</b>	IM040201
<b>Rated Input Voltage:</b>	AC 120V/60Hz
<b>External Dimension:</b>	158mm(L)* 78 mm(W)* 78 mm(H)
<b>Serial Number:</b>	190218009
<b>EUT Received Date:</b>	2019.02.22

### Objective

This report is prepared on behalf of **Hangzhou Great Star Industrial Co., Ltd.** in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, Part 15, Subparts A and C of the Federal Communications Commission's rules, RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017, RSS-Gen Issue 5, April 2018 of the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada.

The tests were performed in order to determine the compliance of the EUT with FCC Rules Part 15-Subpart C, section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 rules, RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017, RSS-Gen Issue 5, April 2018 of the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada.

### Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices. And 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r01.

All emissions measurement was performed and Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan).

### Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter	Measurement Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5 %
RF output power, conducted	±0.61dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±0.61 dB
Unwanted Emissions, radiated	30M~200MHz: 4.55 dB, 200M~1GHz: 5.92 dB, 1G~6GHz: 4.98 dB, 6G~18GHz: 5.89 dB, 18G~26.5G: 5.47 dB, 26.5G~40G: 5.63 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±1.5 dB
Temperature	±1°C
Humidity	±5%
DC and low frequency voltages	±0.4%
Duty Cycle	1%
AC Power Lines Conducted Emission	3.12 dB (150 kHz to 30 MHz)

## Test Facility

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industry Area, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 897218, the FCC Designation No. : CN1220.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0022.

## SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

### Description of Test Configuration

The system was configured for testing in Engineering Mode, which was provided by the manufacturer.

For 2.4GHz band, total 11 channels are provided:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2412	7	2442
2	2417	8	2447
3	2422	9	2452
4	2427	10	2457
5	2432	11	2462
6	2437	/	/

For 802.11b, 802.11g, and 802.11n ht20 modes were test with channel 1,6,11.

The worst-case data rates are determined to be as follows for each mode based upon investigations by measuring the average power and PSD across all data rates, bandwidths, and modulations.

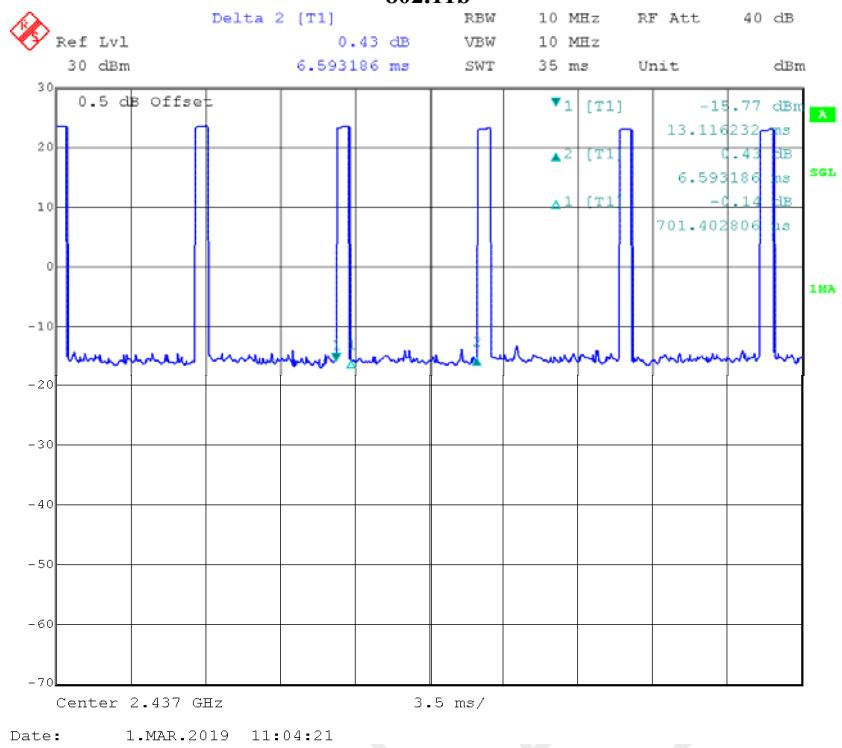
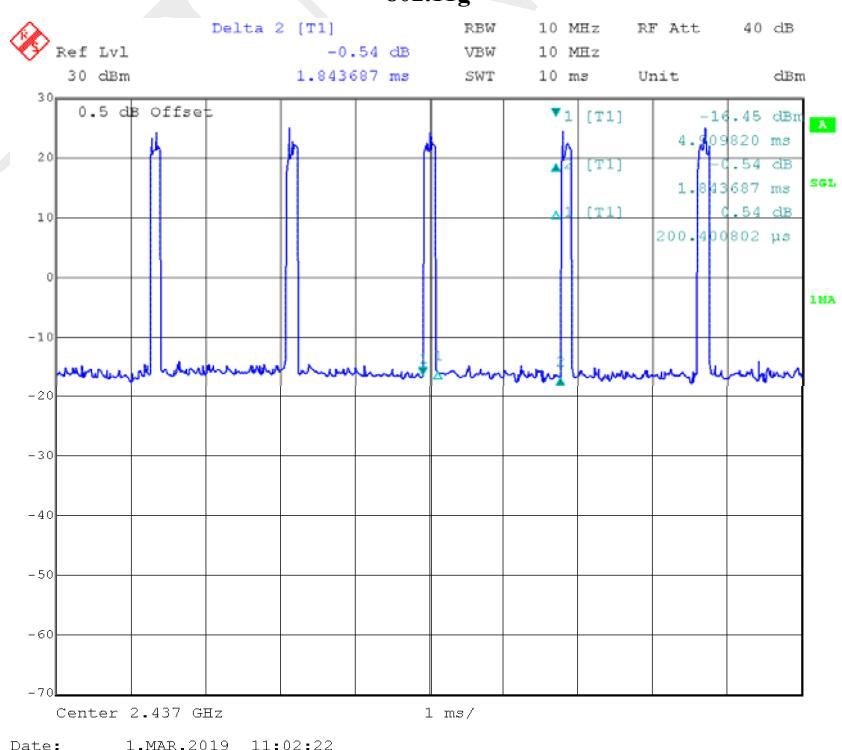
### EUT Exercise Software

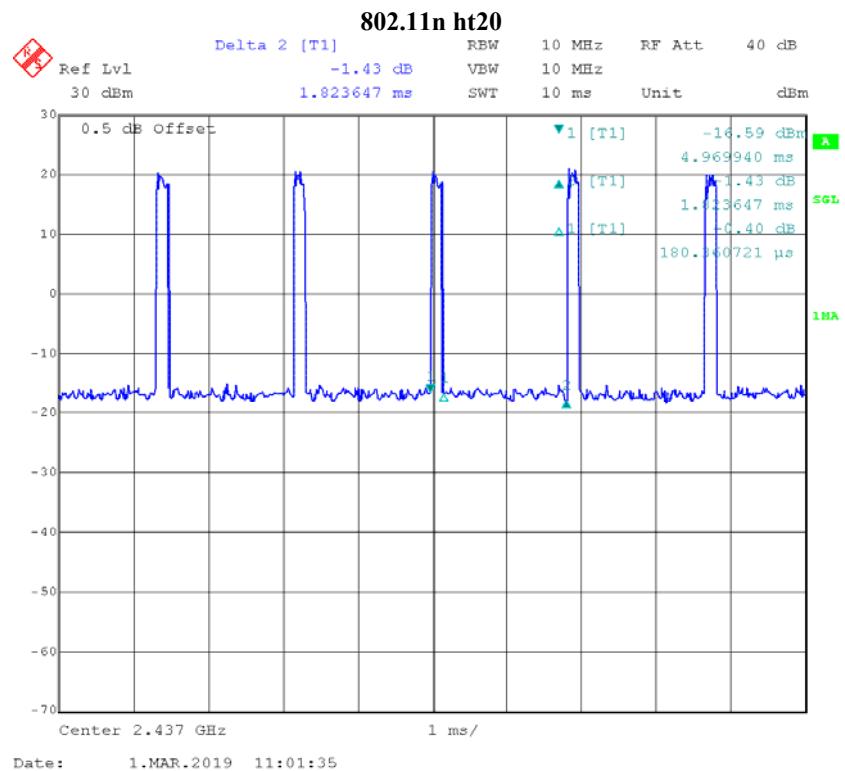
The software “Ampak RFTestTool.apk” was used for testing and the maximum power was configured as default setting.

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data rate	Power level Setting
802.11b	Low	2412	1 Mbps	Default
	Middle	2437	1 Mbps	Default
	High	2462	1 Mbps	Default
802.11g	Low	2412	6 Mbps	Default
	Middle	2437	6 Mbps	Default
	High	2462	6 Mbps	Default
802.11n ht20	Low	2412	MCS0	Default
	Middle	2437	MCS0	Default
	High	2462	MCS0	Default

The maximum duty cycle as following table:

Test mode	T <sub>on</sub> (ms)	T <sub>on+off</sub> (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)
802.11b	0.701	6.593	10.63
802.11g	0.200	1.843	10.85
802.11n ht20	0.180	1.823	9.87

**802.11b****802.11g**



## Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT.

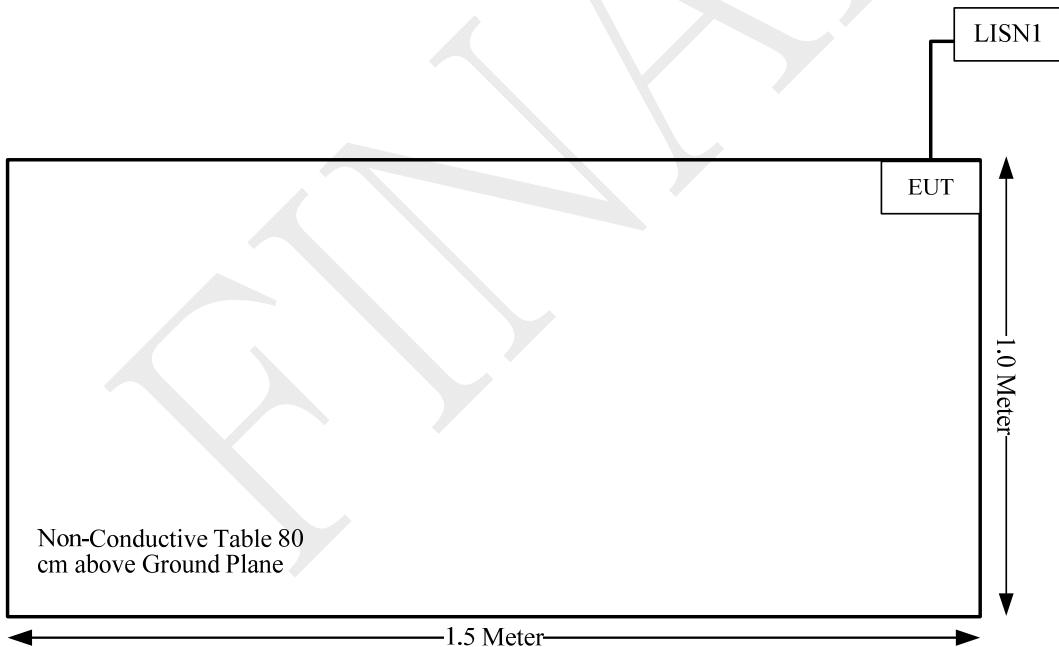
## Local Support Equipment List and Details

Manufacturers	Description	Model	Serial Number
/	/	/	/

## Support Cable List and Details

Cable Description	Shielding Type	Ferrite Core	Length(m)	From Port	To
/	/	/	/	/	/

## Block Diagram of Test Setup



## SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Rules	Description of Test	Result
FCC §15.247 (i) & §1.1310 & §2.1091	Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)	Compliance
RSS-102 § 2.5.2	Exemption limits for Routine Evaluation – RF Exposure Evaluation	Compliance
FCC §15.203, RSS-GEN Clause 6.8	Antenna Requirement	Compliance
FCC §15.207 (a); RSS-Gen Clause 8.8	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliance
FCC §15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d); RSS-247 Clause 5.5 RSS-Gen Clause 8.10	Spurious Emissions	Compliance
FCC §15.247 (a)(2); RSS-247 Clause 5.2 a) RSS-Gen Clause 6.7	6 dB Bandwidth and 99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliance
FCC §15.247(b)(3); RSS-247 Clause 5.4 d)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliance
FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247 Clause 5.5	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliance
FCC §15.247(e) RSS-247 Clause 5.2 b)	Power Spectral Density	Compliance

**FCC §15.247 (i) , §1.1310 , §2.1091 - MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)****Applicable Standard**

According to subpart 15.247(i) and subpart §1.1310, systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) (§1.1310, §2.1091)

(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time (minutes)
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500–100,000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz; \* = Plane-wave equivalent power density;

According to §1.1310 and §2.1091 RF exposure is calculated.

**Calculated Formulary:**

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

S = PG/4πR<sup>2</sup> = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm<sup>2</sup>);

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW);

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain;

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm);

**Calculated Data:**

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Gain		Conducted output power including Tune-up Tolerance		Evaluation Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	MPE Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
	(dBi)	(numeric)	(dBm)	(mW)			
2412-2462	3.0	2.00	23	199.53	20	0.079	1.0

**Result:** The device meets MPE at distance 20cm.

## RSS-102 § 2.5.2 - EXEMPTION LIMITS FOR ROUTINE EVALUATION – RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

### Applicable Standard

According to RSS-102 § (2.5.2):

RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the device's radiating element is greater than 20 cm, except when the device operates as follows:

- below 20 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 20 MHz and below 48 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than  $4.49/f^{0.5}$  W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where  $f$  is in MHz;
- at or above 48 MHz and below 300 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 0.6 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 300 MHz and below 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than  $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834}$  W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where  $f$  is in MHz;
- at or above 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance).

In these cases, the information contained in the RF exposure technical brief may be limited to information that demonstrates how the e.i.r.p. was derived.

### Calculated Data:

The maximum power including tune-up tolerance is 23dBm@ 2.4GHz band, the maximum antenna gain is 3.0dBi, so the maximum e.r.i.p. is 26dBm (0.40W)

Exemption from Routine Evaluation Limit is:

$$1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834} = 1.31 \times 10^{-2} \times 2412^{0.6834} = 2.68 > 0.40\text{W}$$

So the device is compliance exemption from Routine Evaluation Limits –RF exposure Evaluation.

**Result:** Compliance

## FCC §15.203, RSS-GEN CLAUSE 6.8 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

### Applicable Standard

According to FCC § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

According to RSS-Gen §6.8, The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer. The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

For licence-exempt equipment with detachable antennas, the user manual shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter [enter the device's ISED certification number] has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

### Antenna Connector Construction

The EUT has one integral Helix antenna arrangement, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos.

Antenna Type	input impedance (Ohm)	Antenna Gain
Helix antenna	50	3 dBi

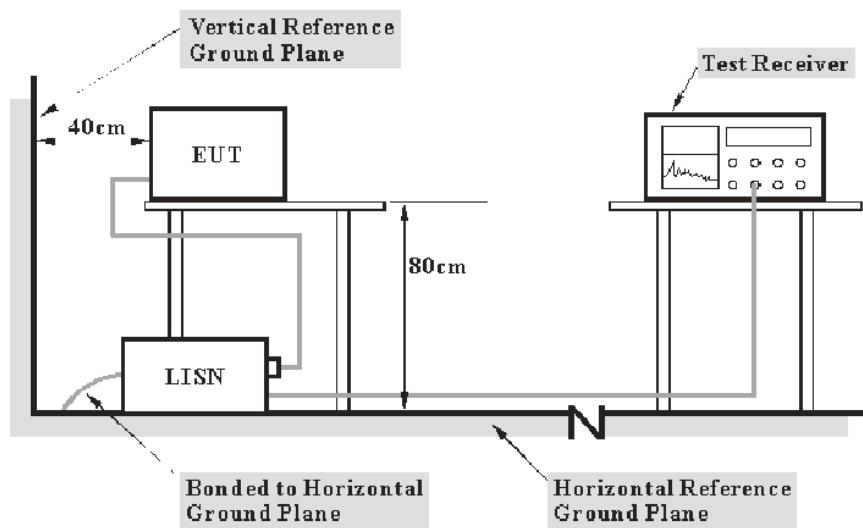
**Result:** Compliance.

## FCC §15.207 (a), RSS-GEN CLAUSE 8.8 – AC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

### Applicable Standard

FCC§15.207(a), RSS-Gen§8.8.

### EUT Setup



Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.  
2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 and the RSS-Gen limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

The adapter was connected to the main lisn with a 120 V/60 Hz AC power source.

### EMI Test Receiver Setup

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	IF B/W
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz

## Test Procedure

During the conducted emission test, the adapter was connected to the first LISN.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

## Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The basic equation is as follows:

$$V_C = V_R + A_c + VDF$$

$$C_f = A_c + VDF$$

Herein,

$V_C$  (cord. Reading): corrected voltage amplitude

$V_R$ : reading voltage amplitude

$A_c$ : attenuation caused by cable loss

VDF: voltage division factor of AMN

$C_f$ : Correction Factor

The “Margin” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Corrected Amplitude}$$

## Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	EMI Test Receiver	ESCS 30	830245/006	2018-12-10	2019-12-10
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-NJNJ-50	C-0200-01	2018-09-05	2019-09-05
R&S	Test Software	EMC32	Version8.53.0	N/A	N/A
R&S	Two-line V-network	ENV 216	101614	2018-12-10	2019-12-10

\* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## Test Data

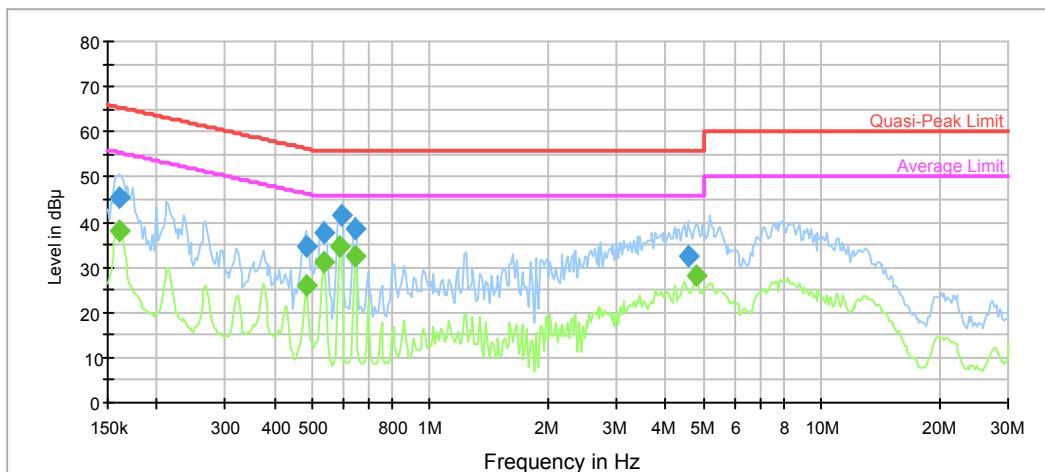
### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	24.6 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	63 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	102 kPa

The testing was performed by Lily Xie on 2019-04-01

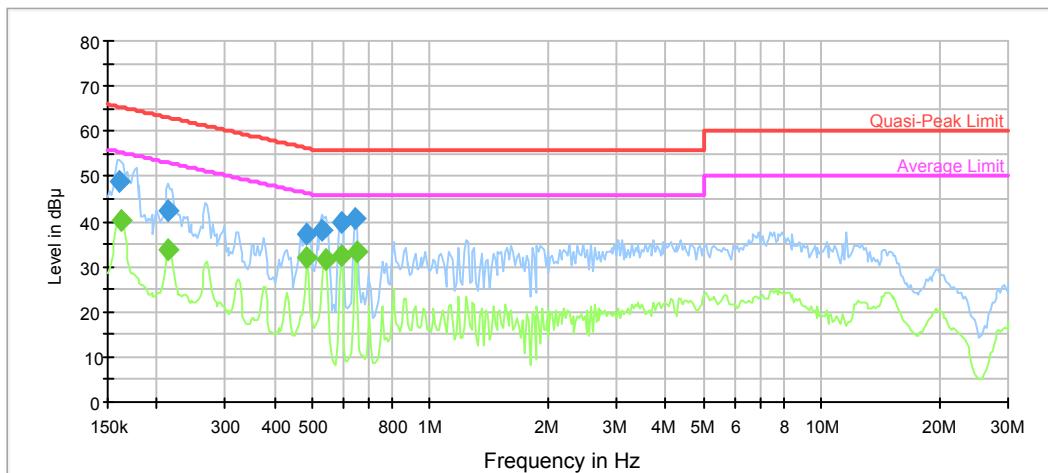
Test Mode: Transmitting (802.11b Low channel was the worst)

### AC120 V, 60 Hz, Line:



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dB $\mu$ V)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V)
0.160820	45.4	9.000	L1	11.0	20.0	65.4
0.480499	34.4	9.000	L1	9.9	21.9	56.3
0.536077	37.6	9.000	L1	9.9	18.4	56.0
0.592163	41.7	9.000	L1	9.8	14.3	56.0
0.641227	38.5	9.000	L1	9.8	17.5	56.0
4.553263	32.4	9.000	L1	9.8	23.6	56.0

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dB $\mu$ V)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V)
0.160820	38.2	9.000	L1	11.0	17.2	55.4
0.485304	25.8	9.000	L1	9.9	20.4	46.2
0.536077	31.0	9.000	L1	9.9	15.0	46.0
0.586300	34.4	9.000	L1	9.8	11.6	46.0
0.641227	32.4	9.000	L1	9.8	13.6	46.0
4.785525	28.2	9.000	L1	9.8	17.8	46.0

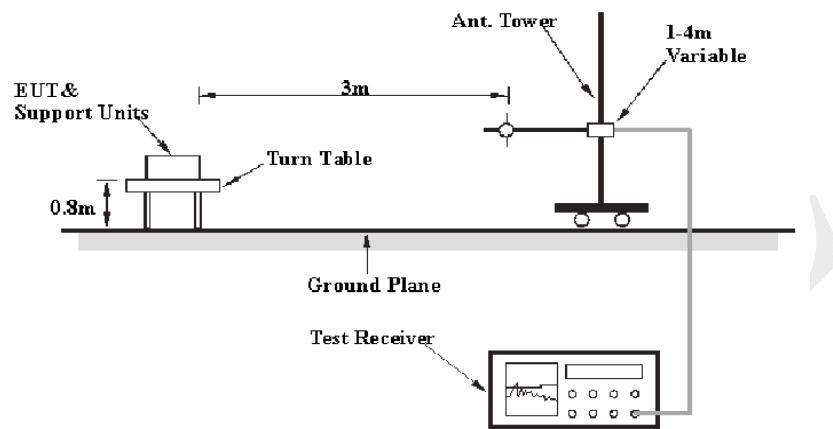
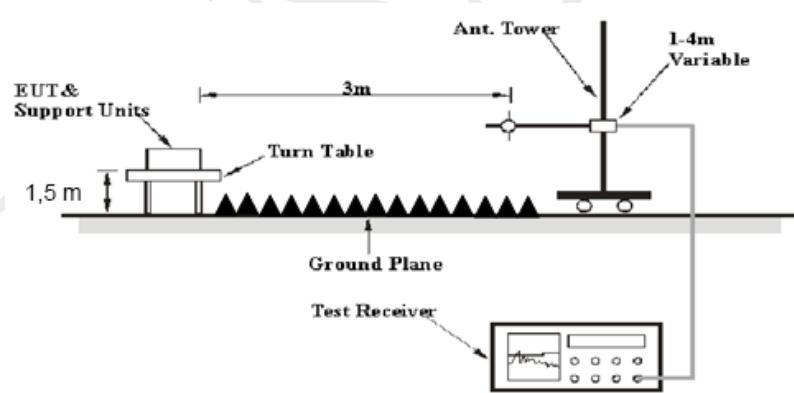
**AC120 V, 60 Hz, Neutral:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dB $\mu$ V)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V)
0.160820	48.7	9.000	N	11.0	16.7	65.4
0.214615	42.3	9.000	N	10.5	20.7	63.0
0.485304	37.3	9.000	N	9.9	18.9	56.2
0.530770	38.2	9.000	N	9.9	17.8	56.0
0.592163	39.9	9.000	N	9.8	16.1	56.0
0.641227	40.6	9.000	N	9.8	15.4	56.0

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dB $\mu$ V)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V)
0.162429	40.3	9.000	N	11.0	15.0	55.3
0.214615	33.6	9.000	N	10.5	19.4	53.0
0.485304	31.9	9.000	N	9.9	14.3	46.2
0.541438	31.7	9.000	N	9.8	14.3	46.0
0.592163	32.6	9.000	N	9.8	13.4	46.0
0.647640	33.2	9.000	N	9.8	12.8	46.0

**FCC §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(d), RSS-247 CLAUSE 5.5, RSS-GEN  
CLAUSE 8.10 - SPURIOUS EMISSIONS****Applicable Standard**

FCC §15.247 (d); §15.209; §15.205; RSS-247 §5.5, RSS-GEN §8.10.

**EUT Setup****Below 1GHz:****Above 1GHz:**

The radiated emission Below 1GHz tests were performed in the 3 meters chamber test site A, above 1GHz tests were performed in the 3 meters chamber test site B, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.209, and FCC 15.247 limits.

## EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

30MHz-1000MHz:

Measurement	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W
QP	120 kHz	300 kHz	120kHz

1GHz- 25GHz:

Measurement	Duty cycle	RBW	Video B/W
PK	Any	1MHz	3 MHz
AV	>98%	1MHz	10 Hz
	<98%	1MHz	1/T

Note: T is minimum transmission duration

If the maximized peak measured value complies with under the QP/Average limit more than 6dB, then it is unnecessary to perform an QP/Average measurement.

## Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz-1 GHz, peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

## Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Meter Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Corrected Amplitude} = \text{Meter Reading} + \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The “Margin” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Corrected Amplitude}$$

## Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100224	2018-12-10	2019-12-10
Farad	Test Software	EZ-EMC	V1.1.4.2	N/A	N/A
Sunol Sciences	Antenna	JB3	A060611-1	2017-11-10	2020-11-10
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-NJNJ-50	C-0400-01	2018-09-05	2019-09-05
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-NJNJ-50	C-0075-01	2018-09-05	2019-09-05
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-NJNJ-50	C-1400-01	2018-05-06	2019-05-06
HP	Amplifier	8447D	2727A05902	2018-09-05	2019-09-05
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSU 26	200256	2019-01-04	2020-01-04
Farad	Test Software	EZ-EMC	V1.1.4.2	N/A	N/A
ETS-Lindgren	Horn Antenna	3115	000 527 35	2018-10-12	2021-10-12
Ducommun Technologies	Horn Antenna	ARH-4223-02	1007726-01 1304	2016-11-18	2019-11-18
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-SJSJ-50	C-0800-01	2018-09-05	2019-09-05
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-2.4J2.4J-50	C-0700-02	2018-06-27	2019-06-27
MITEQ	Amplifier	AFS42-00101800-25-S-42	2001271	2018-09-05	2019-09-05
Quinstar	Amplifier	QLW-18405536-JO	15964001001	2018-06-27	2019-06-27
E-Microwave	Band-stop Filters	OBSF-2400-2483.5-S	OE01601525	2018-06-16	2019-06-16

\* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23.7-25.8 °C
Relative Humidity:	49-63%
ATM Pressure:	100.2-102kPa

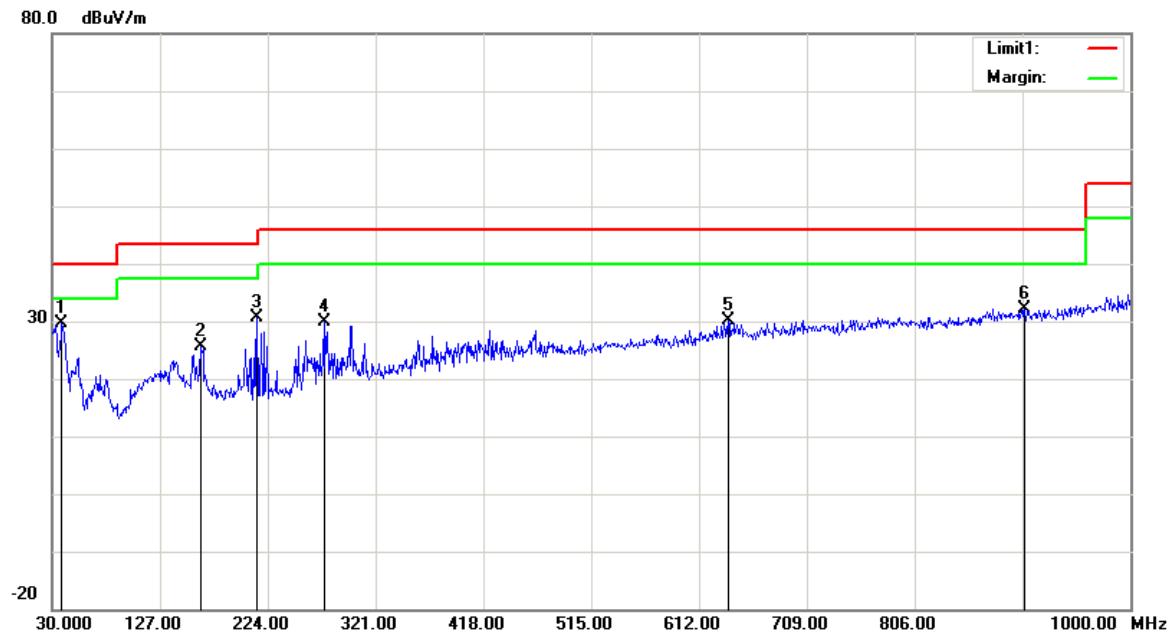
\* The testing was performed by Tyler Pan,Neil Liao on 2019-03-01~2019-04-01

Test Result: Compliance, please Refer to the following data

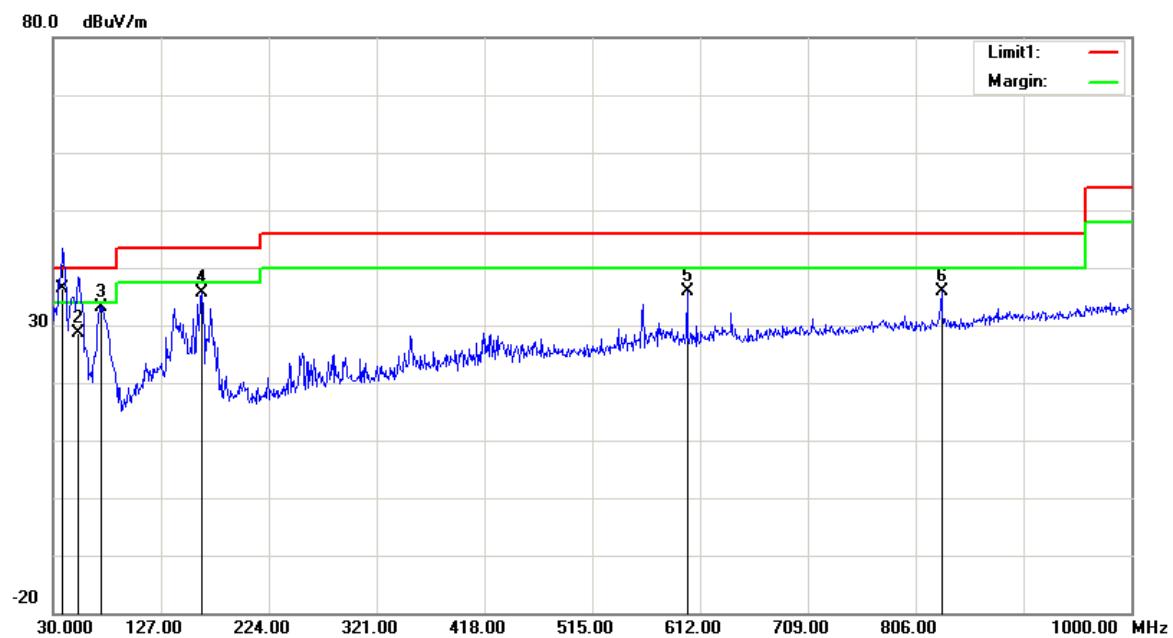
Test Mode: Transmitting

**1) 30MHz-1GHz (802.11b mode Low channel was the worst)**

**Horizontal:**



Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBuV)	Detector	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Cord. Amp. (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
38.7300	34.56	peak	-4.95	29.61	40.00	10.39
163.8600	31.77	peak	-6.16	25.61	43.50	17.89
214.3000	37.92	peak	-7.17	30.75	43.50	12.75
274.4400	33.91	peak	-4.12	29.79	46.00	16.21
638.1900	27.94	peak	2.23	30.17	46.00	15.83
904.9400	35.97	peak	-3.77	32.20	46.00	13.80

**Vertical:**

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dB <sub>B</sub> V)	Detector	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Cord. Amp. (dB <sub>B</sub> uV/m)	Limit (dB <sub>B</sub> uV/m)	Margin (dB)
38.7300	41.35	QP	-4.95	36.40	40.00	3.60
52.3100	40.54	QP	-11.84	28.70	40.00	11.30
72.6800	44.27	peak	-11.04	33.23	40.00	6.77
163.8600	41.71	peak	-6.16	35.55	43.50	7.95
600.3600	34.88	peak	1.03	35.91	46.00	10.09
829.2800	30.80	peak	5.05	35.85	46.00	10.15

**2) 1-25GHz:**  
**802.11b Mode:**

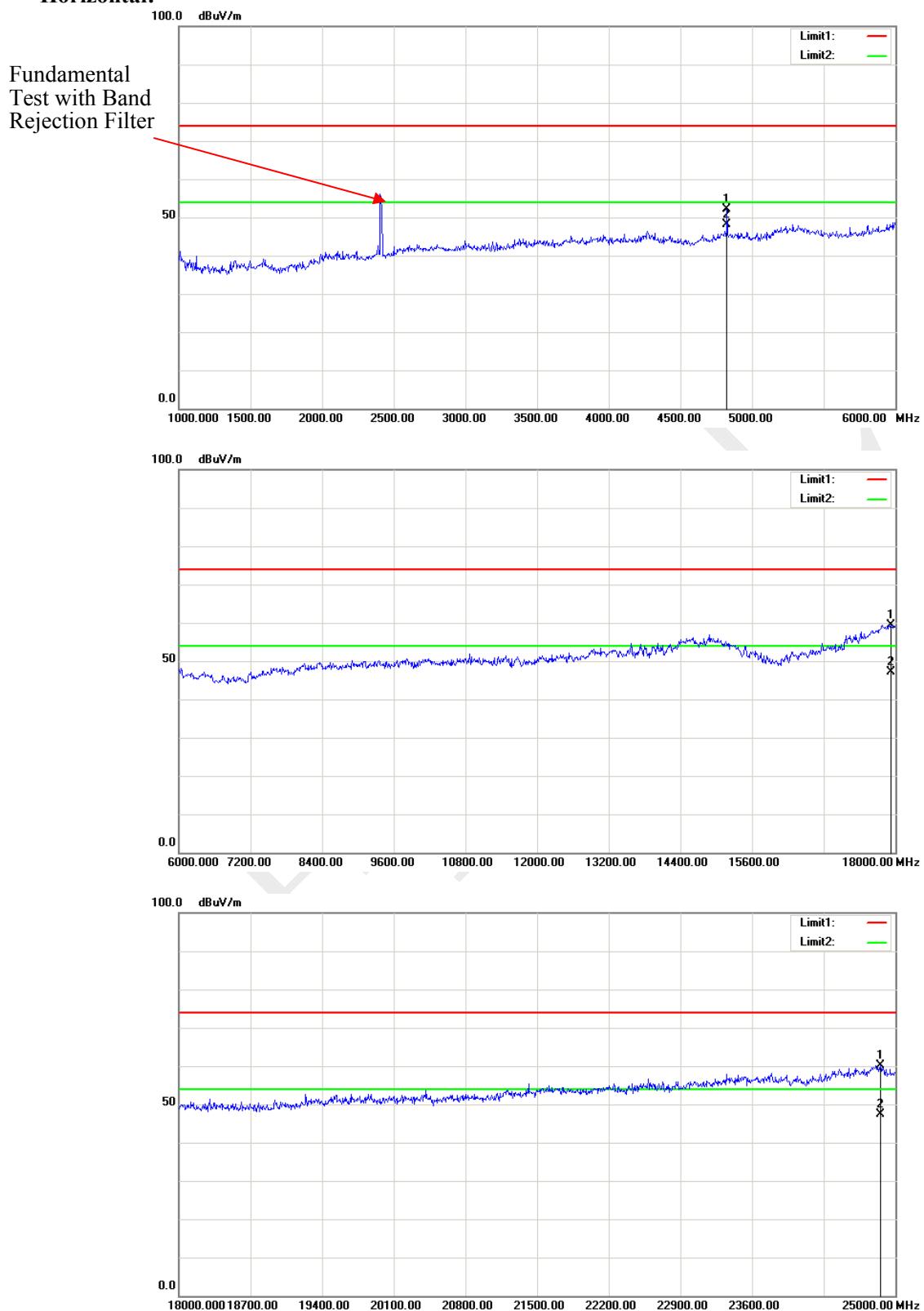
Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Rx Antenna		Cable loss (dB)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector	Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)					
Low Channel: 2412 MHz									
2412.00	66.13	PK	H	28.12	1.81	0.00	96.06	N/A	N/A
2412.00	61.54	AV	H	28.12	1.81	0.00	91.47	N/A	N/A
2412.00	72.47	PK	V	28.12	1.81	0.00	102.40	N/A	N/A
2412.00	67.59	AV	V	28.12	1.81	0.00	97.52	N/A	N/A
2390.00	28.52	PK	V	28.08	1.80	0.00	58.40	74.00	15.60
2390.00	17.14	AV	V	28.08	1.80	0.00	47.02	54.00	6.98
4824.00	55.05	PK	V	32.95	3.19	37.20	53.99	74.00	20.01
4824.00	50.61	AV	V	32.95	3.19	37.20	49.55	54.00	4.45
7236.00	45.67	PK	V	35.81	4.77	37.27	48.98	74.00	25.02
7236.00	33.17	AV	V	35.81	4.77	37.27	36.48	54.00	17.52
Middle Channel: 2437 MHz									
2437.00	65.86	PK	H	28.17	1.82	0.00	95.85	N/A	N/A
2437.00	61.32	AV	H	28.17	1.82	0.00	91.31	N/A	N/A
2437.00	70.73	PK	V	28.17	1.82	0.00	100.72	N/A	N/A
2437.00	66.01	AV	V	28.17	1.82	0.00	96.00	N/A	N/A
4874.00	53.77	PK	V	33.05	3.26	37.21	52.87	74.00	21.13
4874.00	49.56	AV	V	33.05	3.26	37.21	48.66	54.00	5.34
7311.00	45.41	PK	V	36.01	4.64	37.36	48.70	74.00	25.30
7311.00	33.10	AV	V	36.01	4.64	37.36	36.39	54.00	17.61
High Channel: 2462 MHz									
2462.00	65.03	PK	H	28.22	1.83	0.00	95.08	N/A	N/A
2462.00	61.12	AV	H	28.22	1.83	0.00	91.17	N/A	N/A
2462.00	69.79	PK	V	28.22	1.83	0.00	99.84	N/A	N/A
2462.00	65.73	AV	V	28.22	1.83	0.00	95.78	N/A	N/A
2483.50	28.64	PK	V	28.27	1.84	0.00	58.75	74.00	15.25
2483.50	16.70	AV	V	28.27	1.84	0.00	46.81	54.00	7.19
4924.00	53.80	PK	V	33.15	3.27	37.22	53.00	74.00	21.00
4924.00	49.57	AV	V	33.15	3.27	37.22	48.77	54.00	5.23
7386.00	45.70	PK	V	36.20	4.51	37.46	48.95	74.00	25.05
7386.00	33.34	AV	V	36.20	4.51	37.46	36.59	54.00	17.41

**802.11g Mode:**

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Rx Antenna		Cable loss (dB)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector	Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)					
Low Channel: 2412 MHz									
2412.00	66.23	PK	H	28.12	1.81	0.00	96.16	N/A	N/A
2412.00	56.70	AV	H	28.12	1.81	0.00	86.63	N/A	N/A
2412.00	71.33	PK	V	28.12	1.81	0.00	101.26	N/A	N/A
2412.00	61.76	AV	V	28.12	1.81	0.00	91.69	N/A	N/A
2390.00	29.11	PK	V	28.08	1.80	0.00	58.99	74.00	15.01
2390.00	19.30	AV	V	28.08	1.80	0.00	49.18	54.00	4.82
4824.00	53.27	PK	V	32.95	3.19	37.20	52.21	74.00	21.79
4824.00	40.37	AV	V	32.95	3.19	37.20	39.31	54.00	14.69
7236.00	46.24	PK	V	35.81	4.77	37.27	49.55	74.00	24.45
7236.00	33.74	AV	V	35.81	4.77	37.27	37.05	54.00	16.95
Middle Channel: 2437 MHz									
2437.00	65.13	PK	H	28.17	1.82	0.00	95.12	N/A	N/A
2437.00	55.69	AV	H	28.17	1.82	0.00	85.68	N/A	N/A
2437.00	70.03	PK	V	28.17	1.82	0.00	100.02	N/A	N/A
2437.00	60.54	AV	V	28.17	1.82	0.00	90.53	N/A	N/A
4874.00	52.04	PK	V	33.05	3.26	37.21	51.14	74.00	22.86
4874.00	39.11	AV	V	33.05	3.26	37.21	38.21	54.00	15.79
7311.00	45.75	PK	V	36.01	4.64	37.36	49.04	74.00	24.96
7311.00	33.34	AV	V	36.01	4.64	37.36	36.63	54.00	17.37
High Channel: 2462 MHz									
2462.00	64.57	PK	H	28.22	1.83	0.00	94.62	N/A	N/A
2462.00	55.10	AV	H	28.22	1.83	0.00	85.15	N/A	N/A
2462.00	69.25	PK	V	28.22	1.83	0.00	99.30	N/A	N/A
2462.00	59.78	AV	V	28.22	1.83	0.00	89.83	N/A	N/A
2483.50	29.53	PK	V	28.27	1.84	0.00	59.64	74.00	14.36
2483.50	19.37	AV	V	28.27	1.84	0.00	49.48	54.00	4.52
4924.00	51.89	PK	V	33.15	3.27	37.22	51.09	74.00	22.91
4924.00	38.76	AV	V	33.15	3.27	37.22	37.96	54.00	16.04
7386.00	45.79	PK	V	36.20	4.51	37.46	49.04	74.00	24.96
7386.00	33.40	AV	V	36.20	4.51	37.46	36.65	54.00	17.35

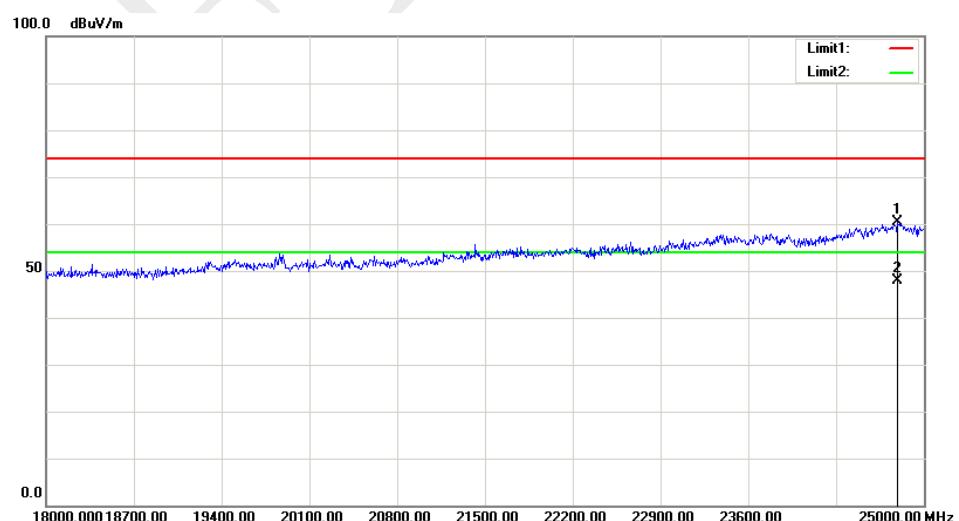
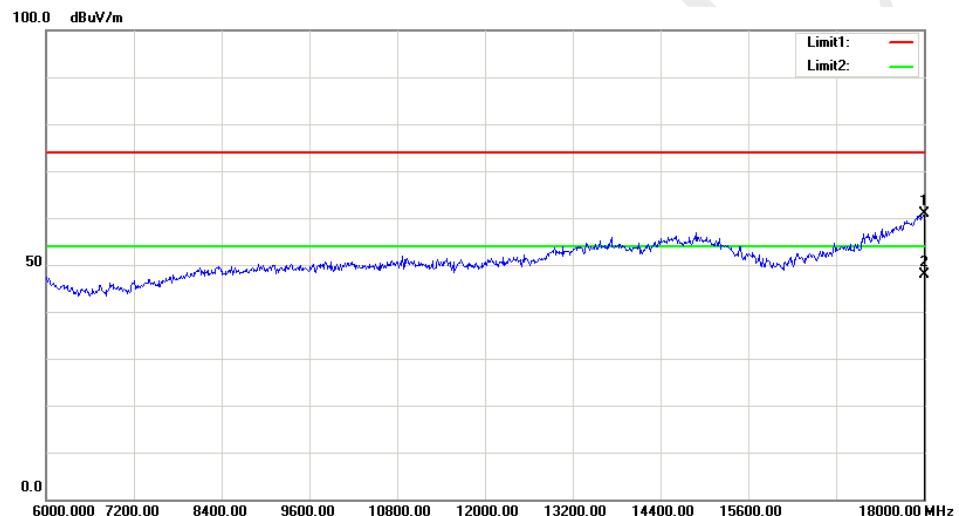
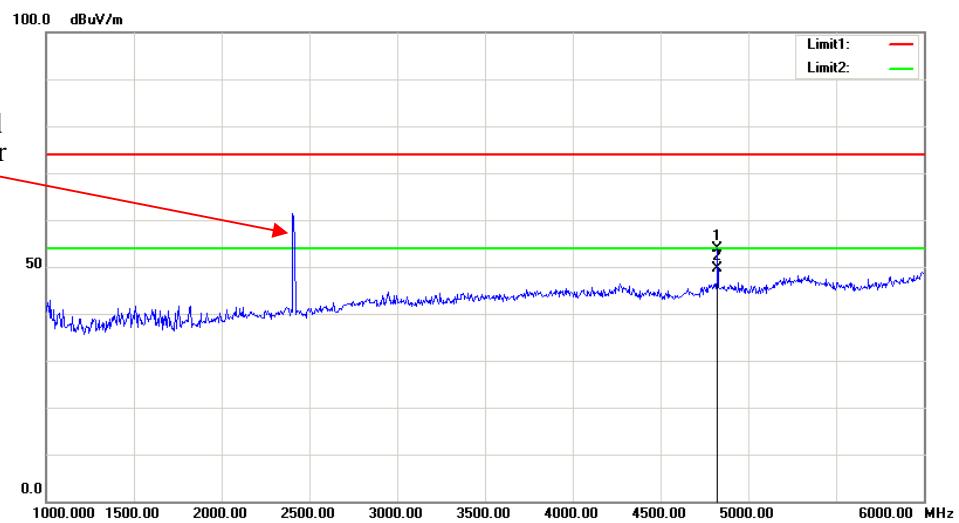
**802.11n ht20 Mode:**

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Rx Antenna		Cable loss (dB)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detector	Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)					
Low Channel: 2412 MHz									
2412.00	64.33	PK	H	28.12	1.81	0.00	94.26	N/A	N/A
2412.00	54.87	AV	H	28.12	1.81	0.00	84.80	N/A	N/A
2412.00	69.30	PK	V	28.12	1.81	0.00	99.23	N/A	N/A
2412.00	59.78	AV	V	28.12	1.81	0.00	89.71	N/A	N/A
2390.00	30.13	PK	V	28.08	1.80	0.00	60.01	74.00	13.99
2390.00	19.11	AV	V	28.08	1.80	0.00	48.99	54.00	5.01
4824.00	51.89	PK	V	32.95	3.19	37.20	50.83	74.00	23.17
4824.00	38.34	AV	V	32.95	3.19	37.20	37.28	54.00	16.72
7236.00	45.69	PK	V	35.81	4.77	37.27	49.00	74.00	25.00
7236.00	33.21	AV	V	35.81	4.77	37.27	36.52	54.00	17.48
Middle Channel: 2437 MHz									
2437.00	63.38	PK	H	28.17	1.82	0.00	93.37	N/A	N/A
2437.00	53.93	AV	H	28.17	1.82	0.00	83.92	N/A	N/A
2437.00	68.24	PK	V	28.17	1.82	0.00	98.23	N/A	N/A
2437.00	58.72	AV	V	28.17	1.82	0.00	88.71	N/A	N/A
4874.00	51.36	PK	V	33.05	3.26	37.21	50.46	74.00	23.54
4874.00	38.04	AV	V	33.05	3.26	37.21	37.14	54.00	16.86
7311.00	46.32	PK	V	36.01	4.64	37.36	49.61	74.00	24.39
7311.00	33.87	AV	V	36.01	4.64	37.36	37.16	54.00	16.84
High Channel: 2462 MHz									
2462.00	62.74	PK	H	28.22	1.83	0.00	92.79	N/A	N/A
2462.00	53.17	AV	H	28.22	1.83	0.00	83.22	N/A	N/A
2462.00	67.33	PK	V	28.22	1.83	0.00	97.38	N/A	N/A
2462.00	57.87	AV	V	28.22	1.83	0.00	87.92	N/A	N/A
2483.50	30.42	PK	V	28.27	1.84	0.00	60.53	74.00	13.47
2483.50	19.23	AV	V	28.27	1.84	0.00	49.34	54.00	4.66
4924.00	50.68	PK	V	33.15	3.27	37.22	49.88	74.00	24.12
4924.00	37.24	AV	V	33.15	3.27	37.22	36.44	54.00	17.56
7386.00	45.65	PK	V	36.20	4.51	37.46	48.90	74.00	25.10
7386.00	33.13	AV	V	36.20	4.51	37.46	36.38	54.00	17.62

**Test plots (802.11b Low channel was the worst)****Horizontal:**

**Vertical:**

Fundamental Test with Band Rejection Filter



## FCC §15.247(a) (2), RSS-247 CLAUSE 5.2 a) &RSS-GEN CLAUSE 6.7 – 6 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH AND 99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

### Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(a) (2)

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

According to RSS-247 §5.2 a)

The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be 500 kHz.

According to RSS-Gen §6.7

The occupied bandwidth or the “99% emission bandwidth” is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs.

In some cases, the “x dB bandwidth” is required, which is defined as the frequency range between two points, one at the lowest frequency below and one at the highest frequency above the carrier frequency, at which the maximum power level of the transmitted emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum in-band power level of the modulated signal, where the two points are on the outskirts of the in-band emission.

The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and x dB bandwidth:

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.
- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to “Sample”. However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or “Max Hold”) may be necessary to determine the occupied / x dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).

## Test Procedure

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.



## Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 38	100478	2018-12-08	2019-12-08
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-SJ00-0010	C0010/01	Each time	N/A

\* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25.9 °C
Relative Humidity:	49 %
ATM Pressure:	100.2 kPa

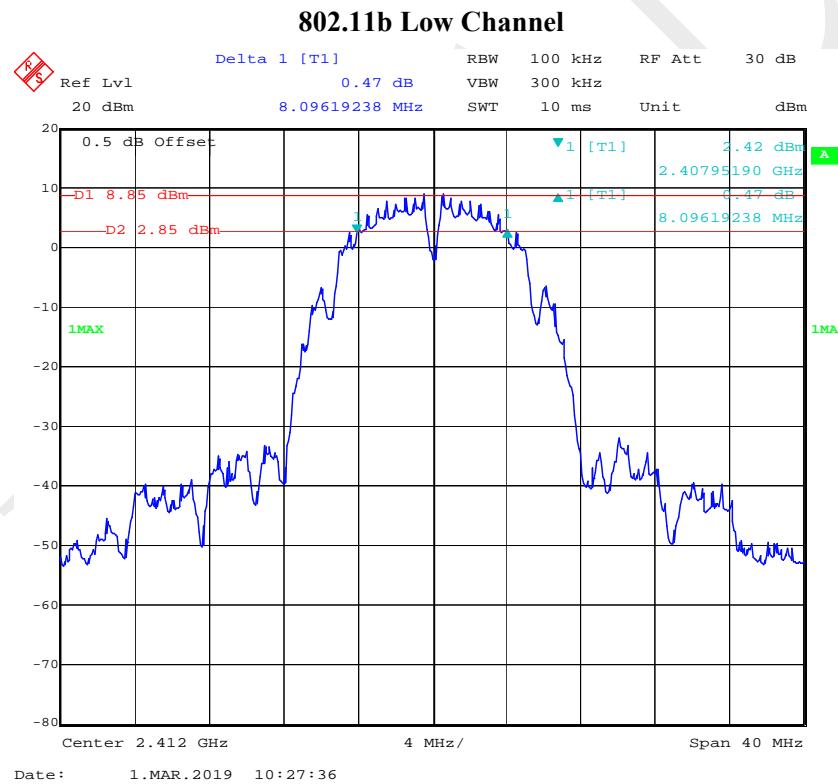
\* The testing was performed by Andy Huang on 2019-03-01

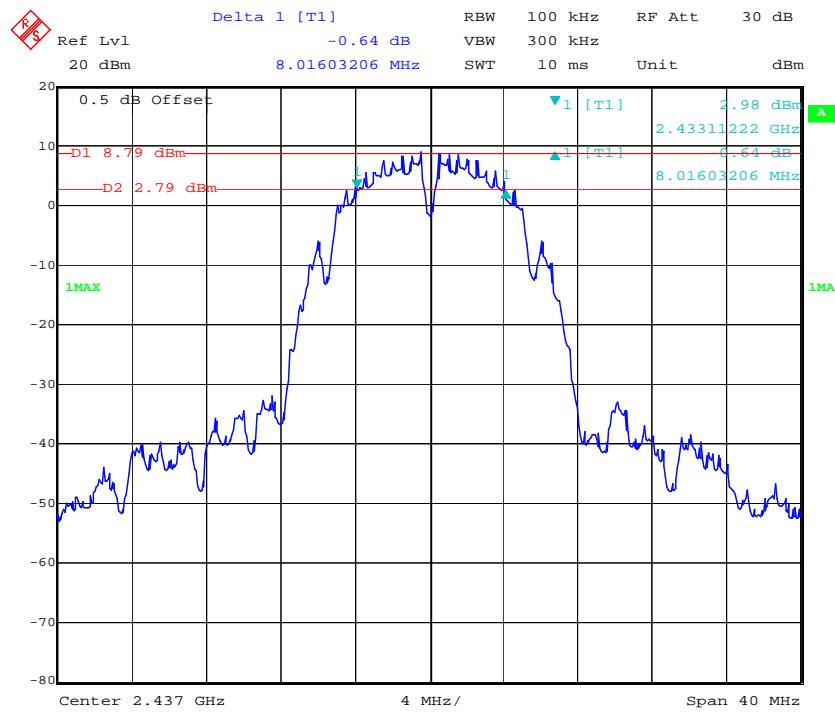
Test Mode: Transmitting

*Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the following table and plots.*

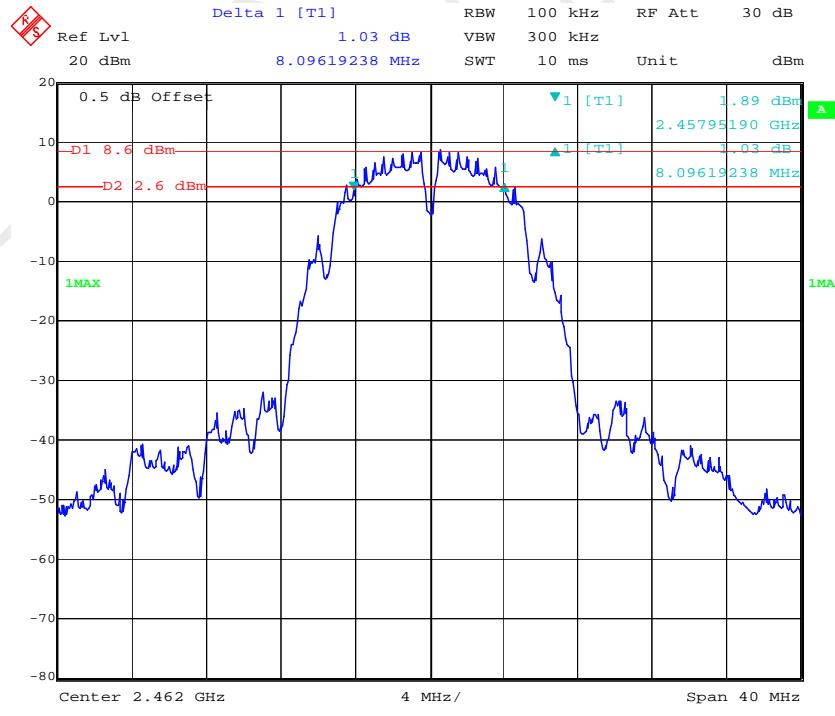
Test mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)
802.11b	Low	2412	8.096	11.062	$\geq 0.5$
	Middle	2437	8.016	11.062	$\geq 0.5$
	High	2462	8.096	11.062	$\geq 0.5$
802.11g	Low	2412	16.353	17.715	$\geq 0.5$
	Middle	2437	16.353	17.555	$\geq 0.5$
	High	2462	16.433	17.395	$\geq 0.5$
802.11n ht20	Low	2412	17.555	18.517	$\geq 0.5$
	Middle	2437	17.555	18.437	$\geq 0.5$
	High	2462	17.555	18.357	$\geq 0.5$

### 6 dB Bandwidth:

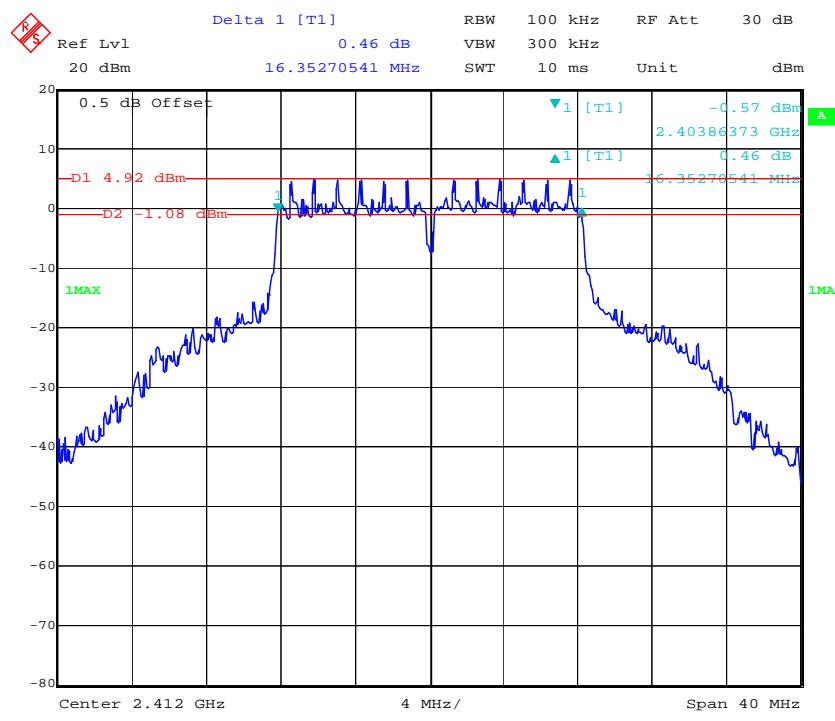


**802.11b Middle Channel**

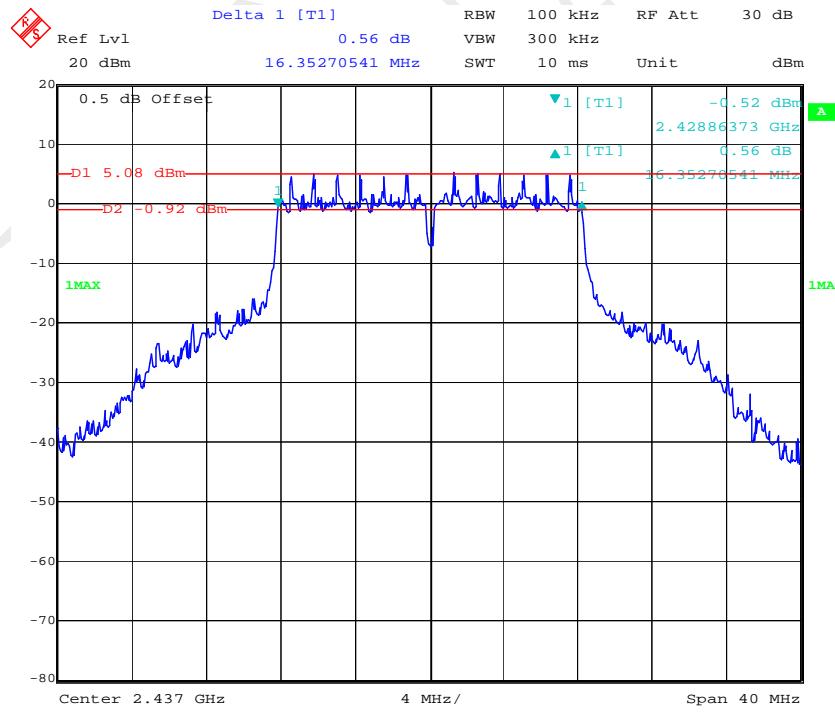
Date: 1.MAR.2019 10:31:25

**802.11b High Channel**

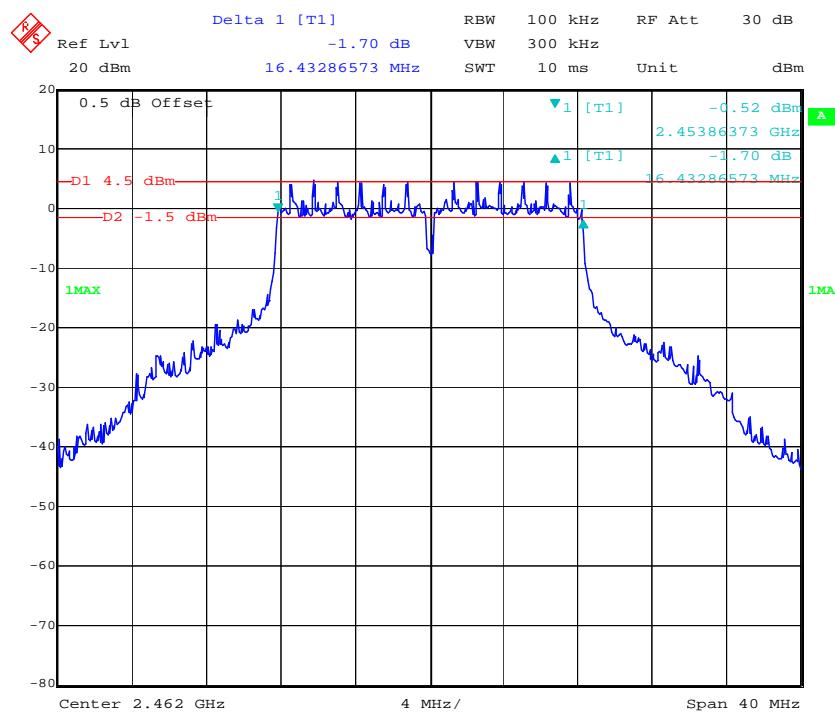
Date: 1.MAR.2019 10:34:48

**802.11g Low Channel**

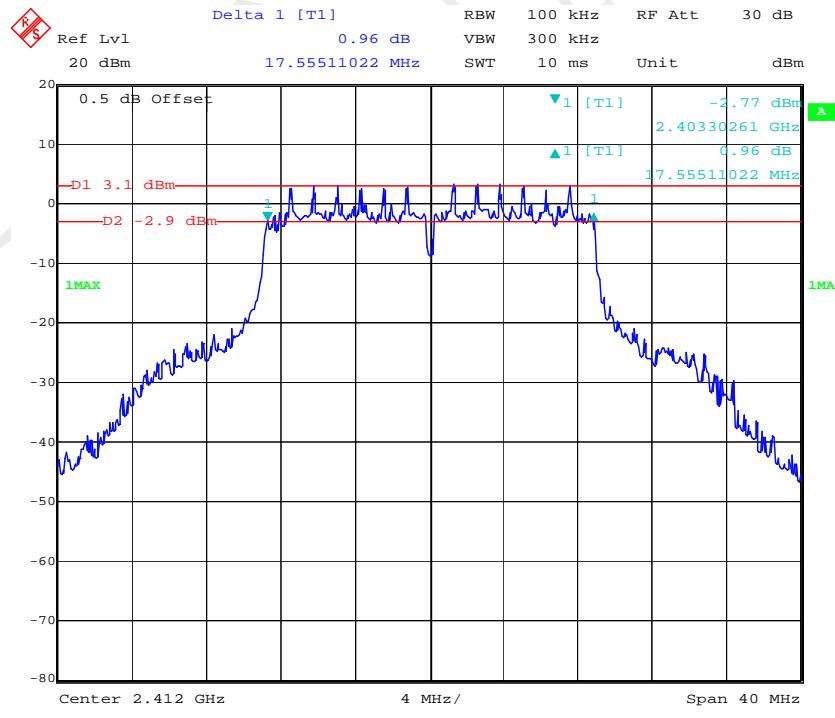
Date: 1.MAR.2019 10:40:02

**802.11g Middle Channel**

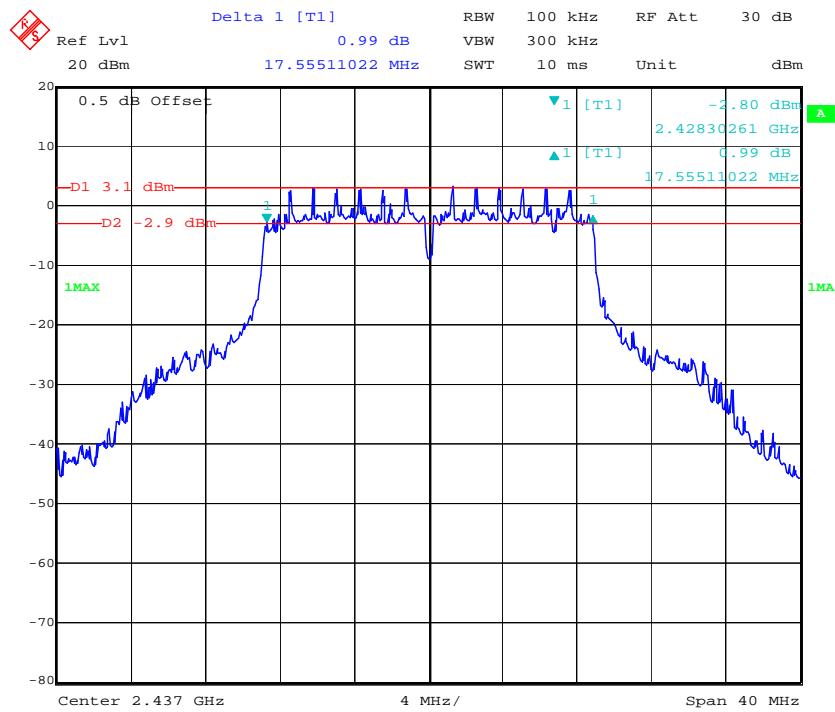
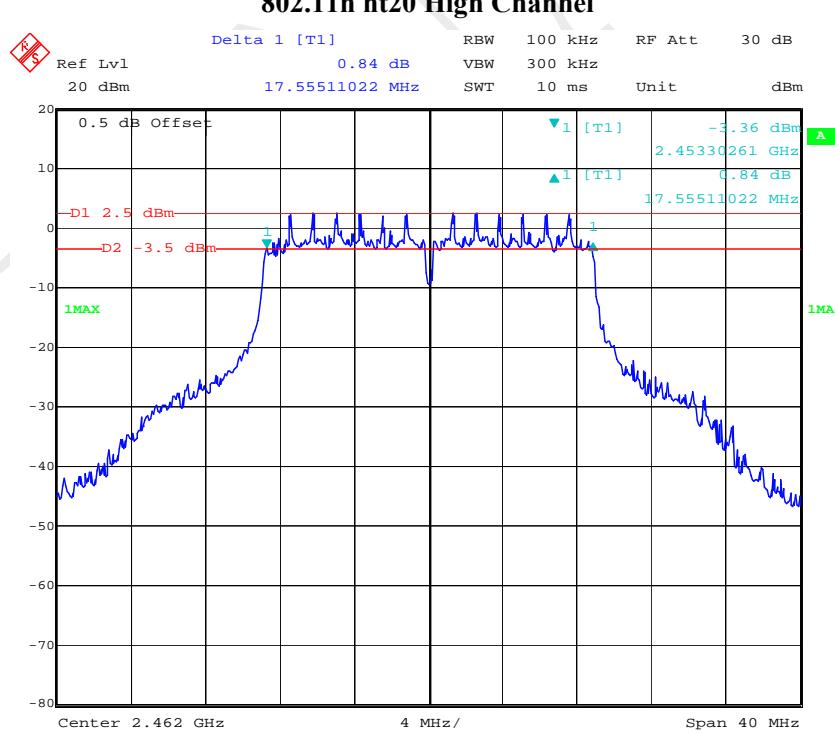
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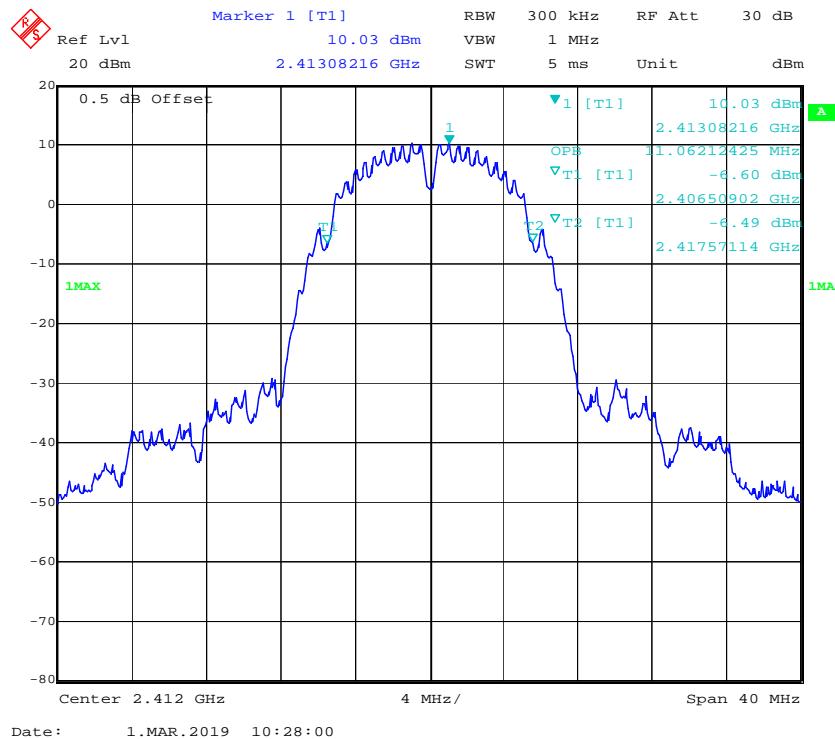
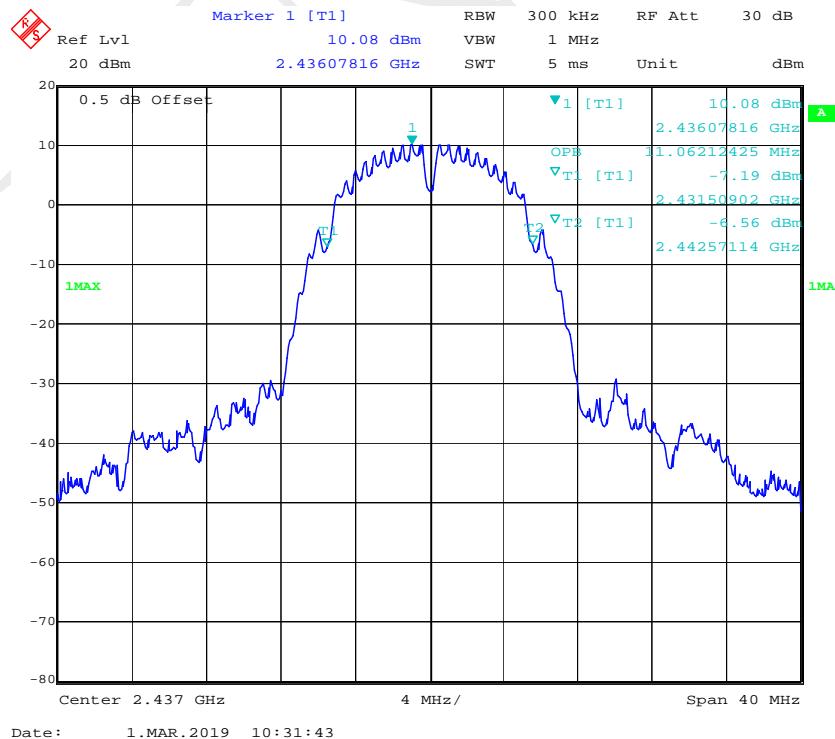
**802.11g High Channel**

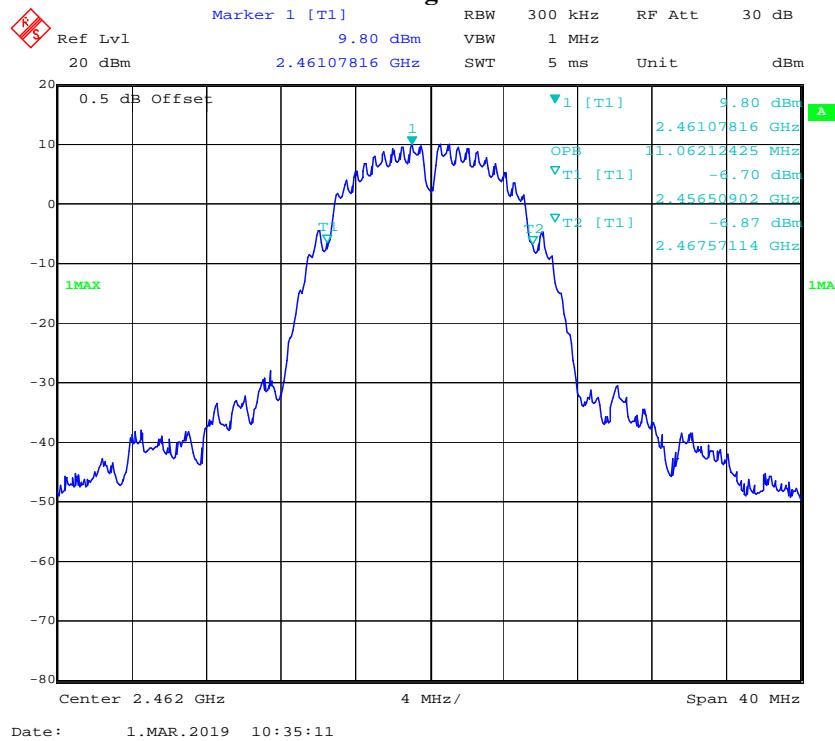
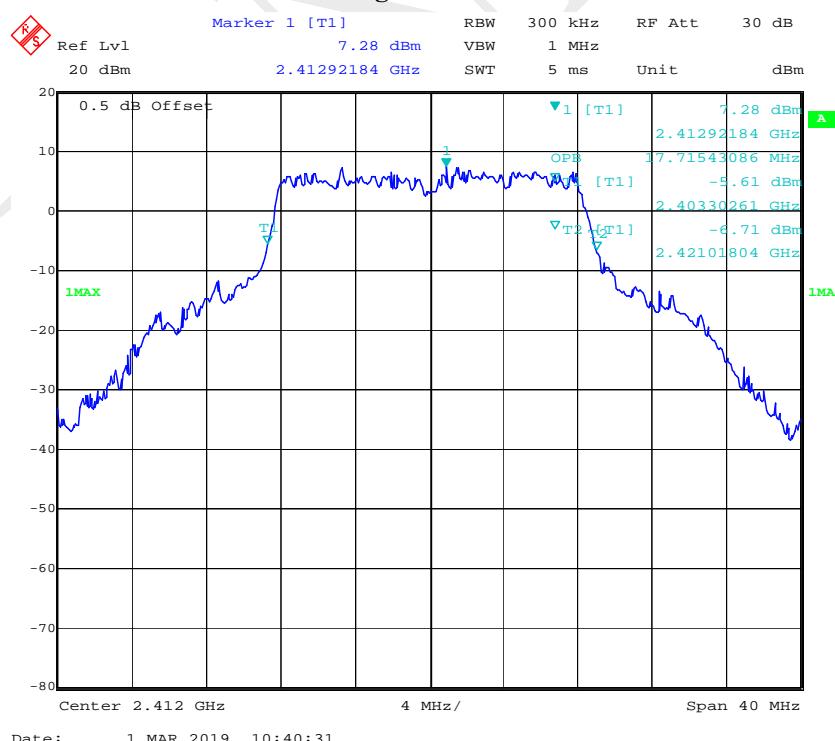
Date: 1.MAR.2019 10:46:41

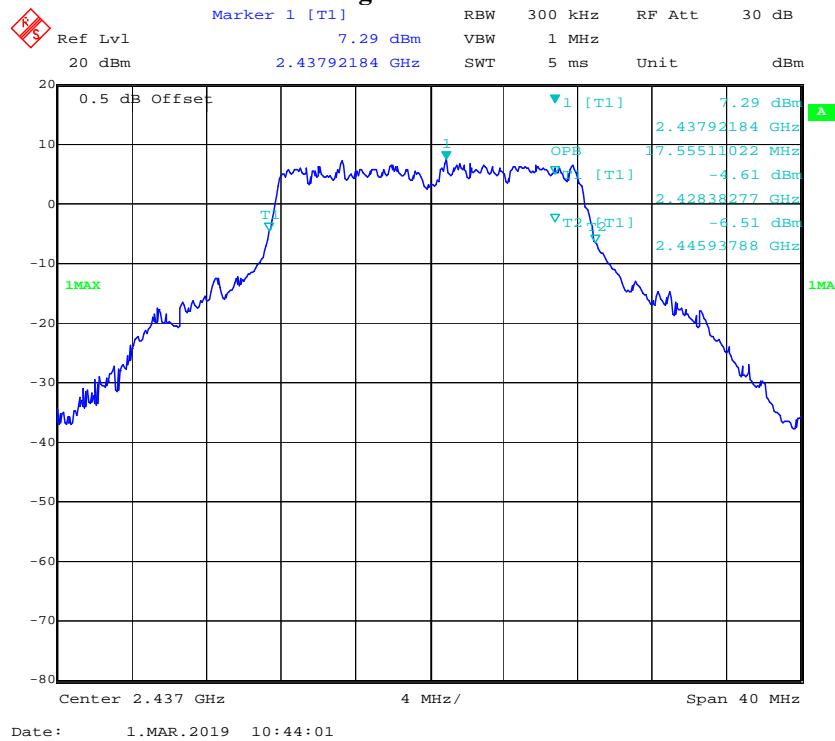
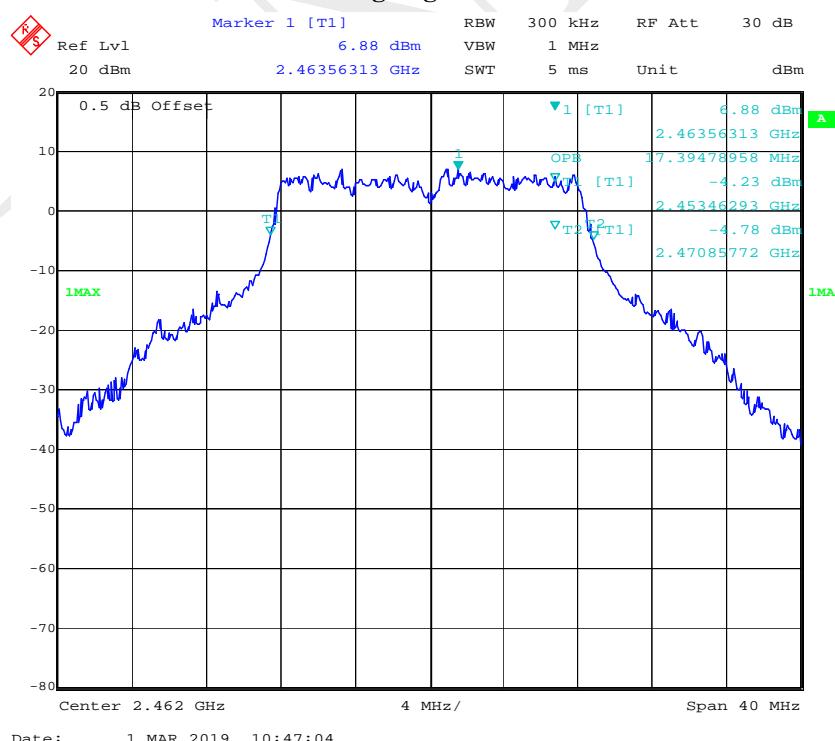
**802.11n ht20 Low Channel**

Date: 1.MAR.2019 10:50:12

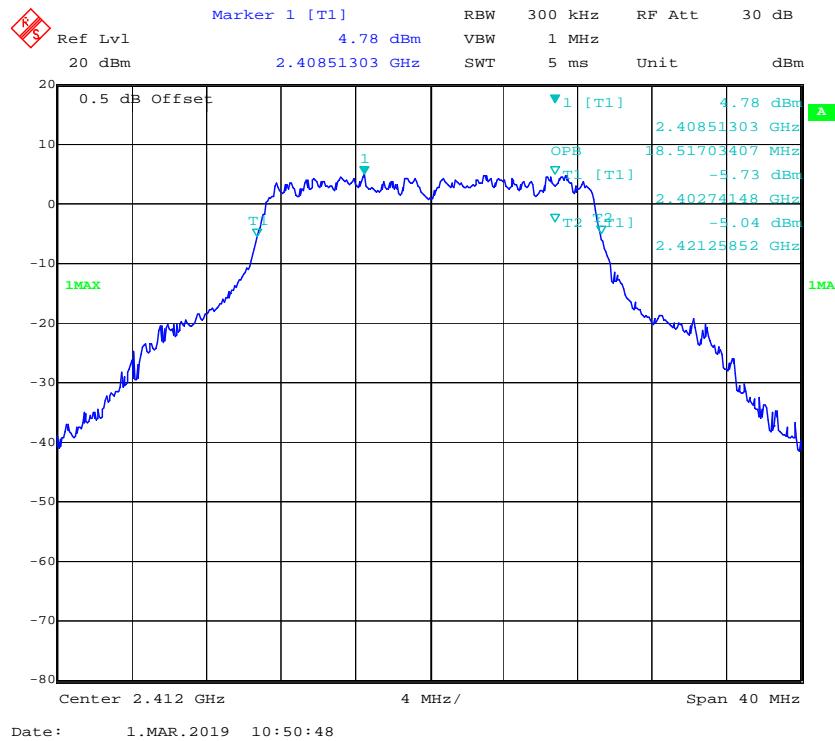
**802.11n ht20 Middle Channel****802.11n ht20 High Channel**

**99% occupied Bandwidth****802.11b Low Channel****802.11b Middle Channel**

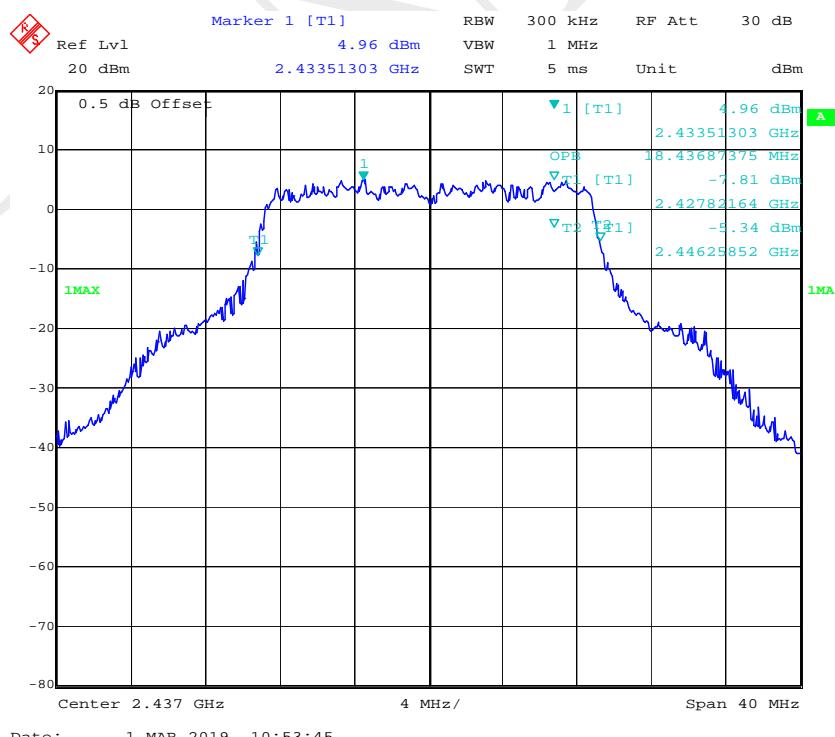
**802.11b High Channel****802.11g Low Channel**

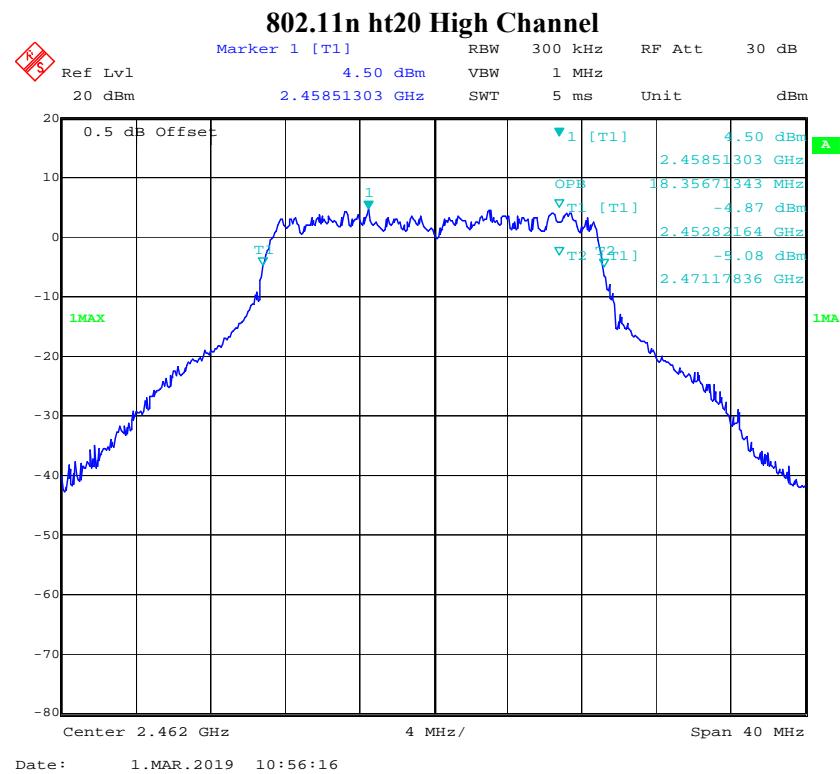
**802.11g Middle Channel****802.11g High Channel**

## **802.11n ht20 Low Channel**



## **802.11n ht20 Middle Channel**





## FCC §15.247(b) (3) , RSS-247 CLAUSE 5.4 D) - MAXIMUM PEAK CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

### Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(b) (3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power.

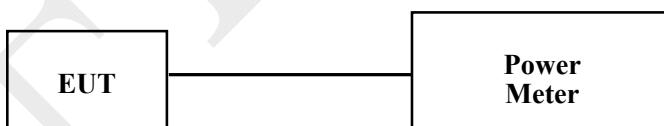
Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to RSS-247§5.4 d) For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1W. Except as provided in Section 5.4(e), the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W.

As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. The maximum conducted output power is the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements, averaged across all symbols in the signalling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are implemented, the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

### Test Procedure

1. Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to test equipment.
3. Add a correction factor to the display.
4. Set the power Meter to test Peak output power, record the result as peak power.
5. Set the power meter to test average output power, record the result as average power.



## Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Agilent	USB Wideband Power Sensor	U2022XA	MY5417006	2018-12-11	2019-12-11
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-SJ00-0010	C0010/01	Each time	N/A

\* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25.9 °C
Relative Humidity:	49 %
ATM Pressure:	100.2 kPa

\* The testing was performed by Andy Huang on 2019-03-01

Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the following table.

Test mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Max Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Max Conducted Average Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
802.11b	Low	2412	21.26	17.94	30
	Middle	2437	21.19	17.89	30
	High	2462	21.17	17.90	30
802.11g	Low	2412	22.07	15.87	30
	Middle	2437	22.36	15.89	30
	High	2462	22.75	15.78	30
802.11n ht20	Low	2412	21.35	13.92	30
	Middle	2437	21.72	13.95	30
	High	2462	22.02	13.73	30

Note: The data above was tested in conducted mode and the antenna gain is 3dBi, so it meets the EIRP limit for ISED.

## FCC §15.247(d), RSS-247 CLAUSE 5.5 – 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF FREQUENCY BAND EDGE

### Applicable Standard

According to FCC§15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

According to RSS-247 Clause 5.5:

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

### Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW to 100 kHz and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 300 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

## Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 38	100478	2018-12-08	2019-12-08
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-SJ00-0010	C0010/01	Each time	N/A

\* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## Test Data

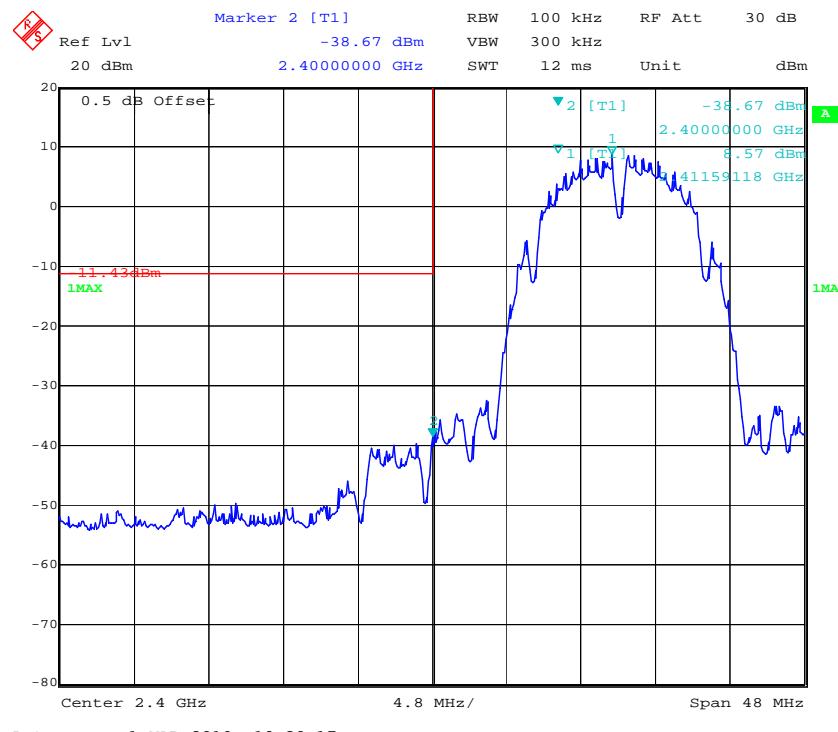
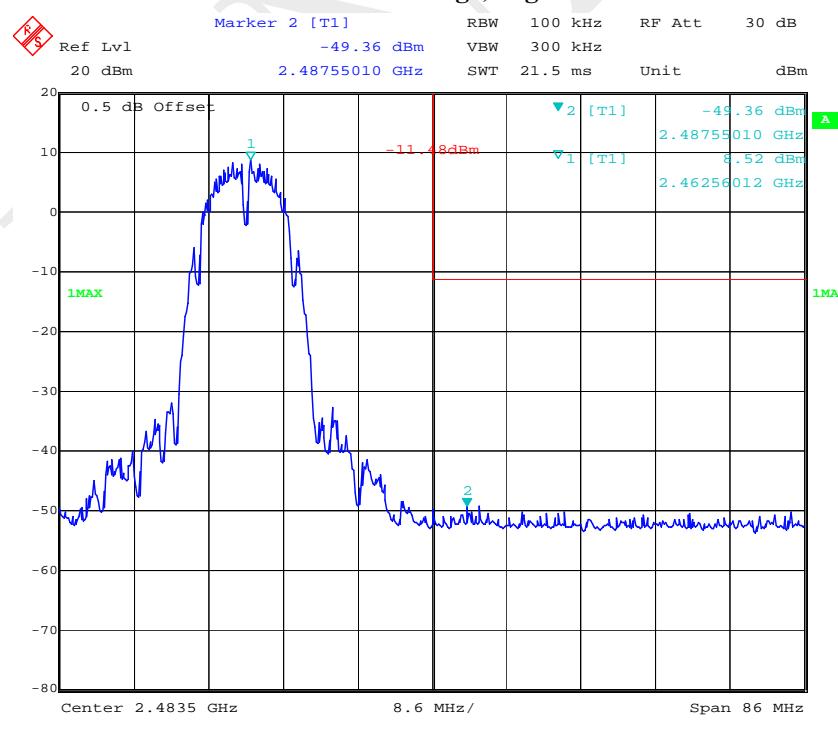
### Environmental Conditions

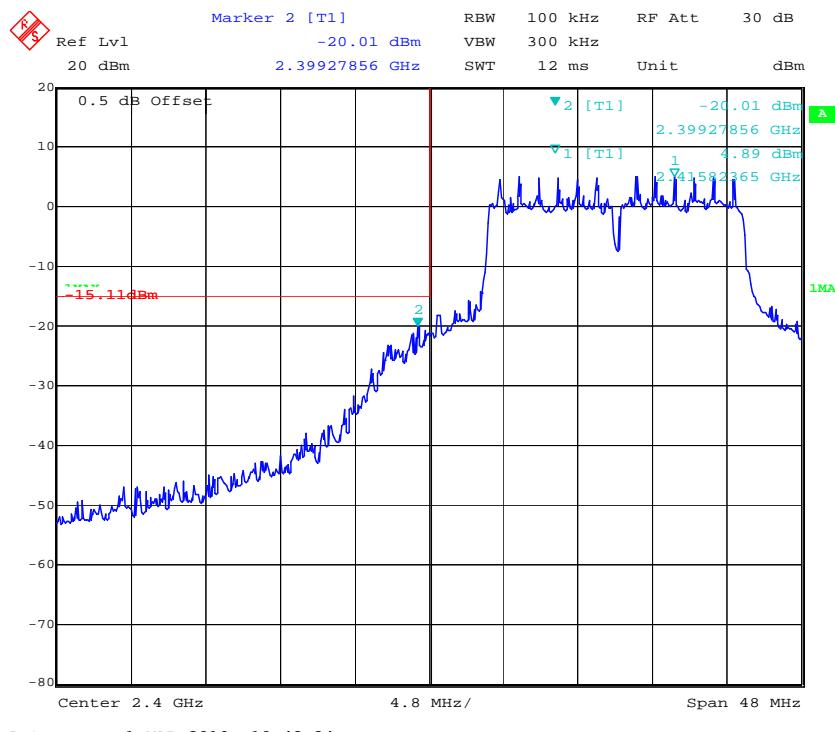
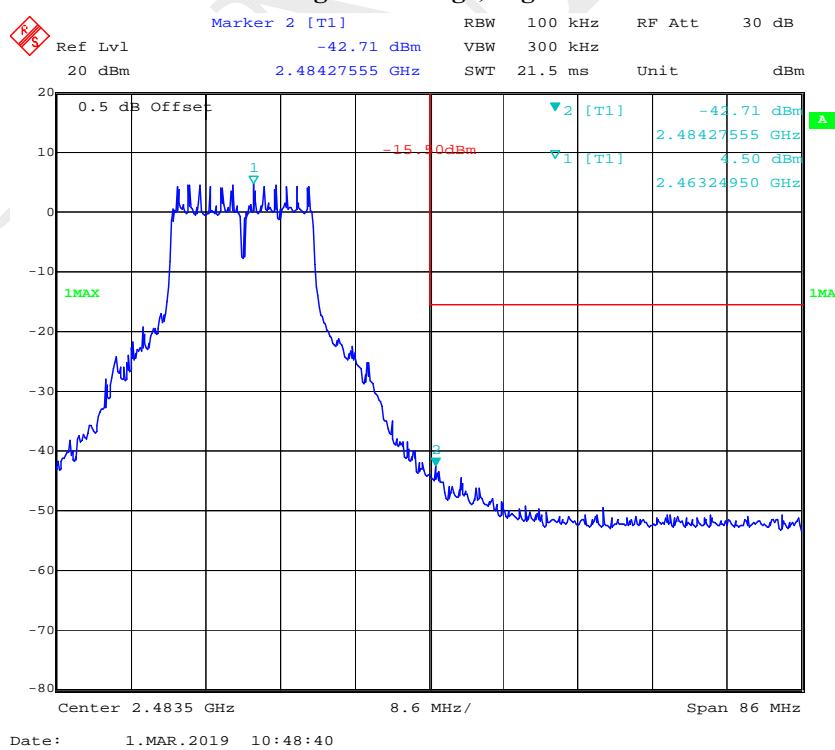
Temperature:	25.9 °C
Relative Humidity:	49 %
ATM Pressure:	100.2 kPa

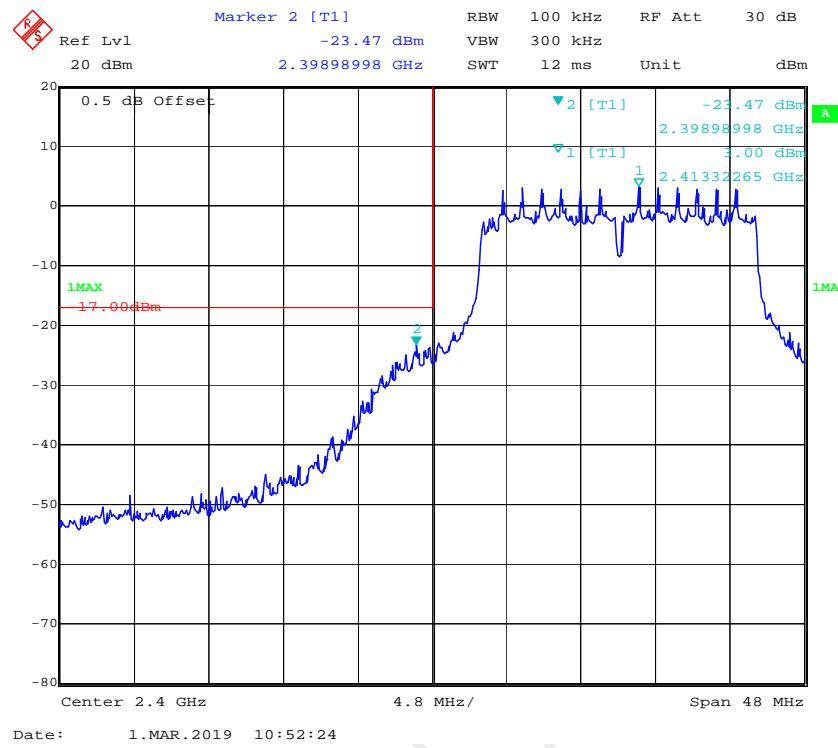
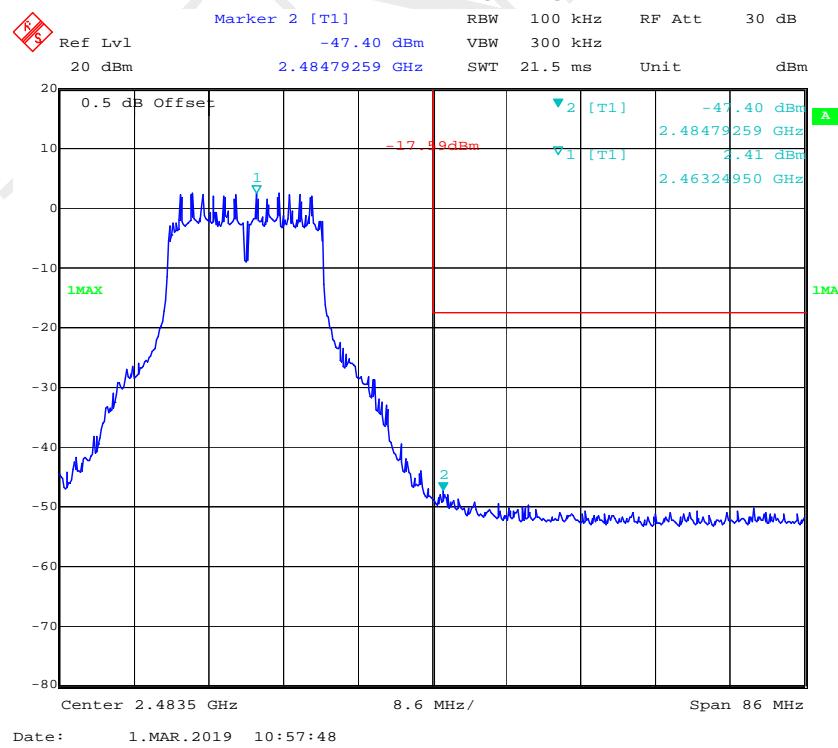
\* The testing was performed by Andy Huang on 2019-03-01

Test mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to following plots.

**802.11b: Band Edge, Left Side****802.11b: Band Edge, Right Side**

**802.11g: Band Edge, Left Side****802.11g: Band Edge, Right Side**

**802.11n ht20 Band Edge, Left Side****802.11n ht20 Band Edge, Right Side**

## FCC §15.247(e), RSS-247 CLAUSE 5.2 B - POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

### Applicable Standard

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

According to RSS-247 §5.2 b):

- b) The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of section 5.4(d), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

### Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT was set without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set the RBW = 3 kHz, VBW = 10 kHz, Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
4. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

### Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 38	100478	2018-12-08	2019-12-08
Unknown	Coaxial Cable	C-SJ00-0010	C0010/01	Each time	N/A

\* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25.9 °C
Relative Humidity:	49 %
ATM Pressure:	100.2 kPa

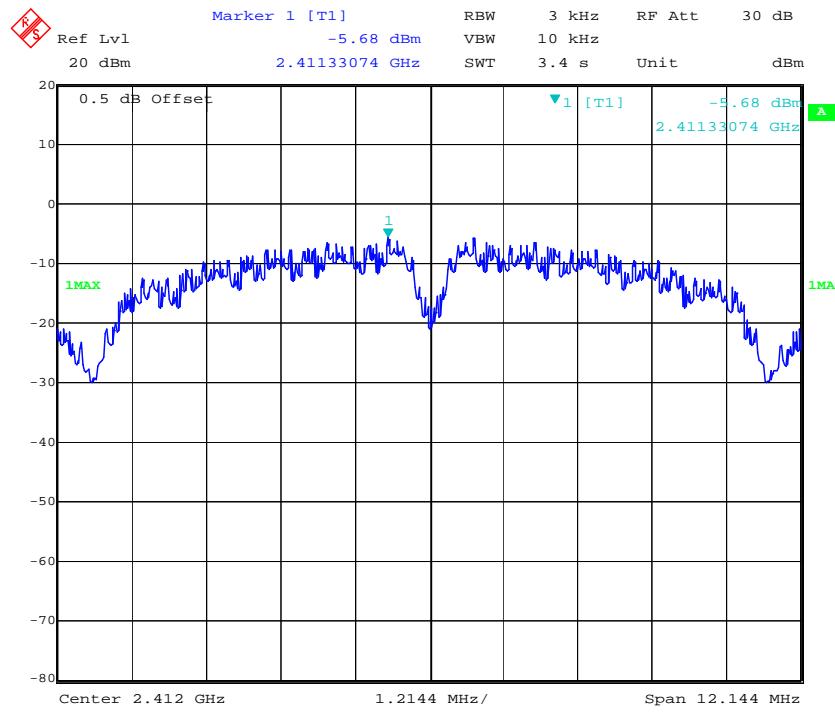
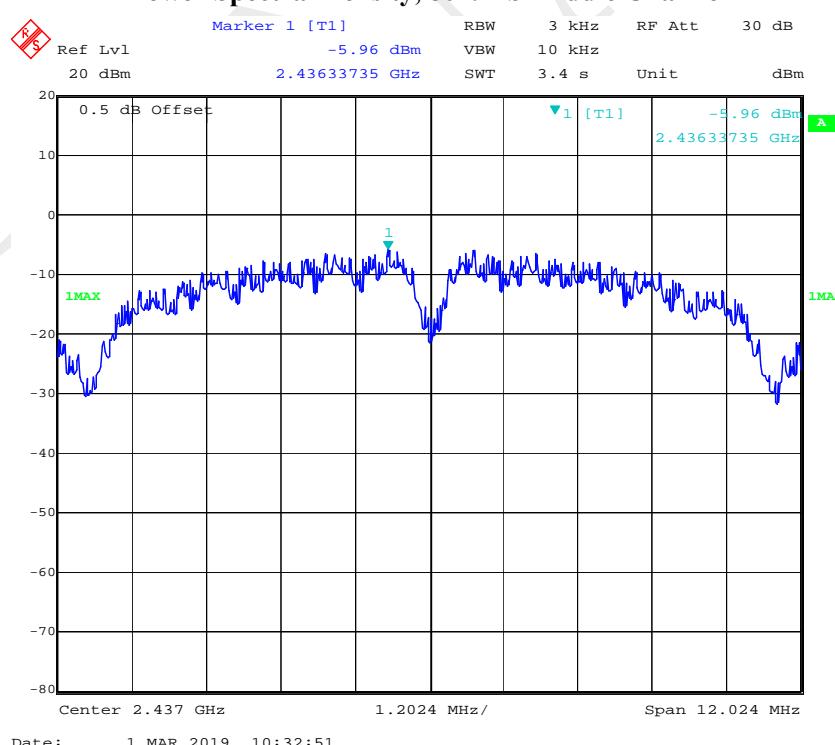
\* The testing was performed by Andy Huang on 2019-03-01

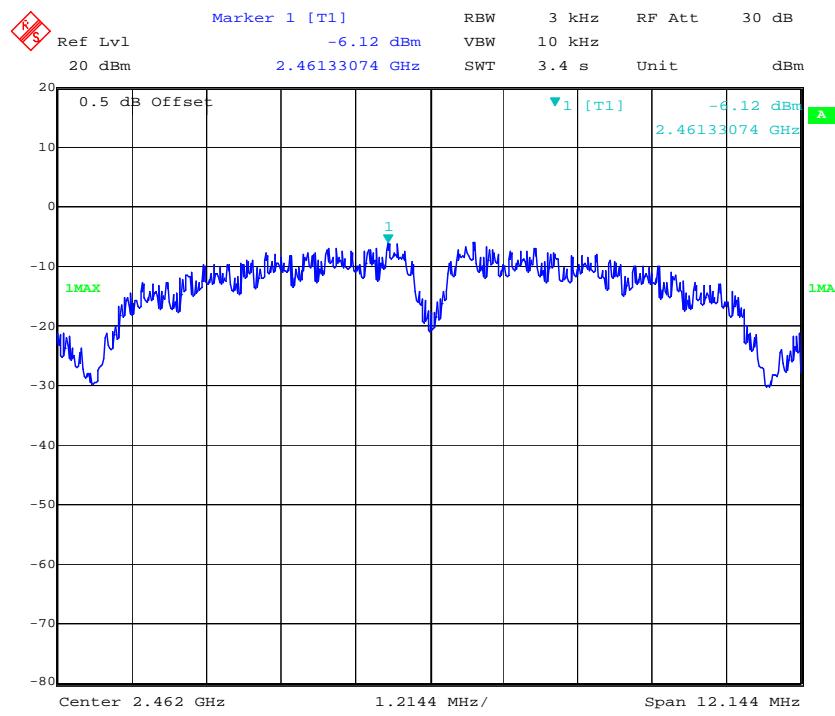
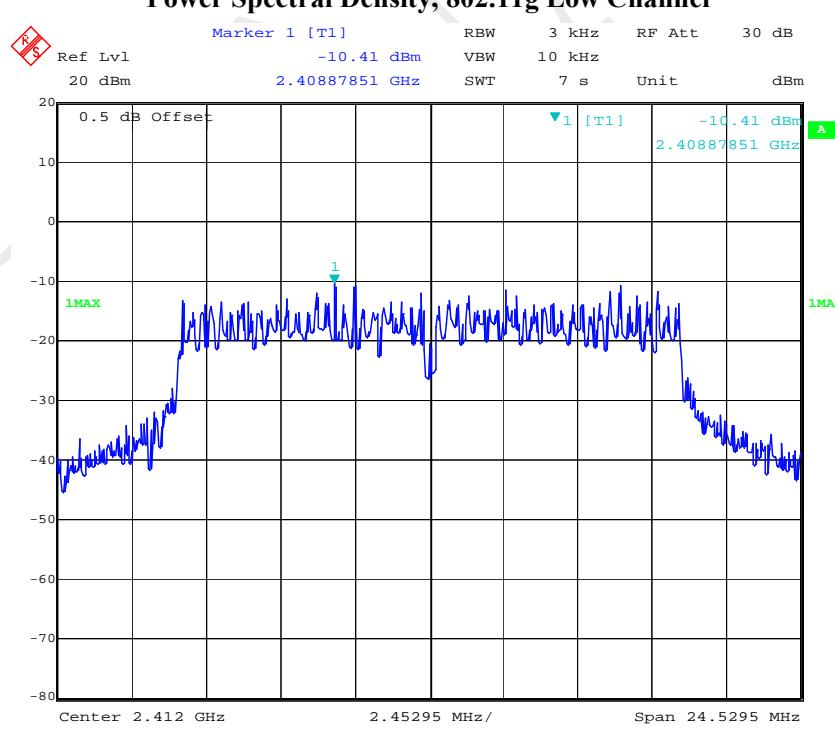
### Test Result: Compliance

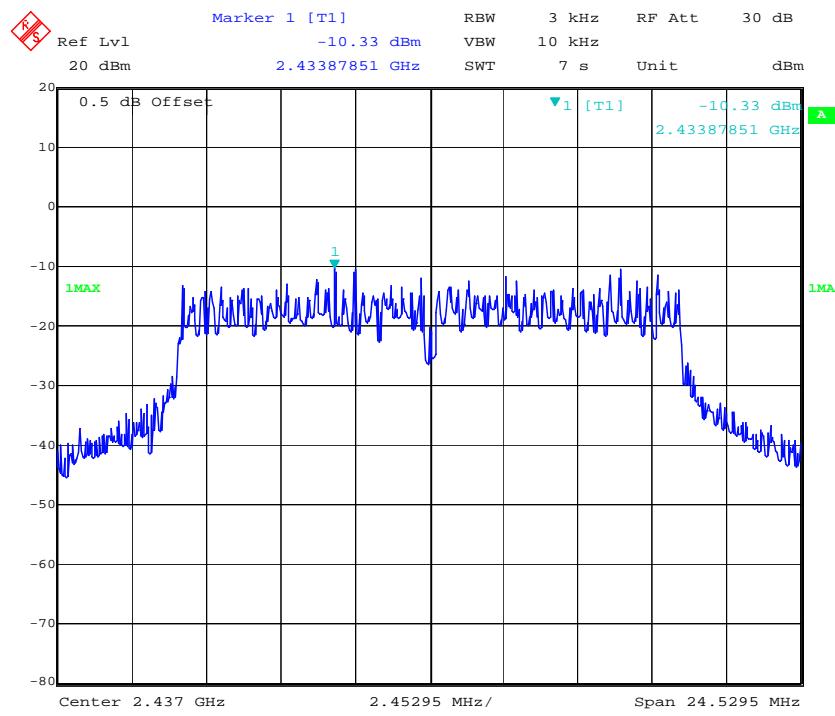
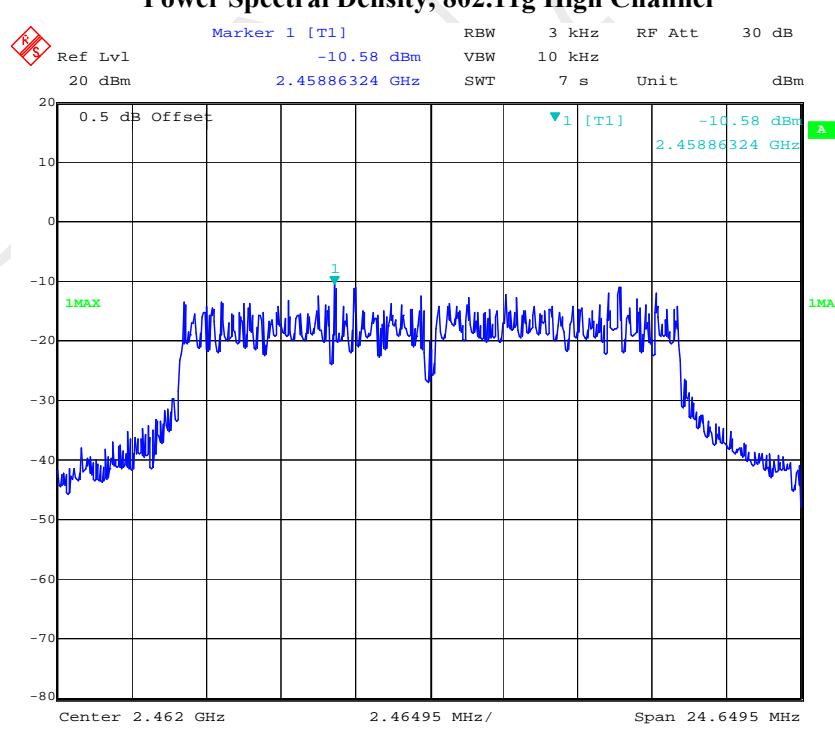
Test Mode: Transmitting

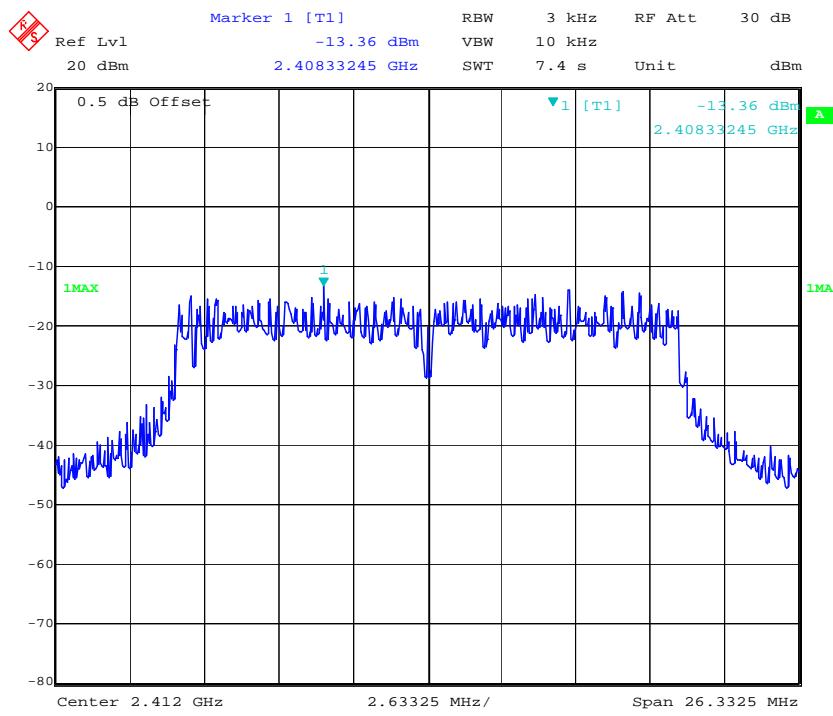
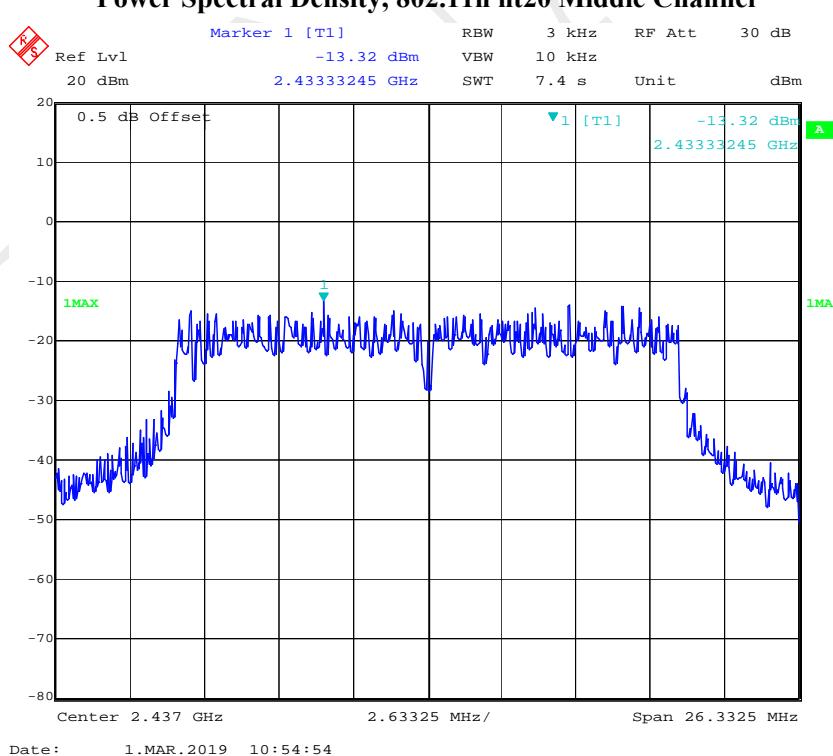
Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the following table and plots

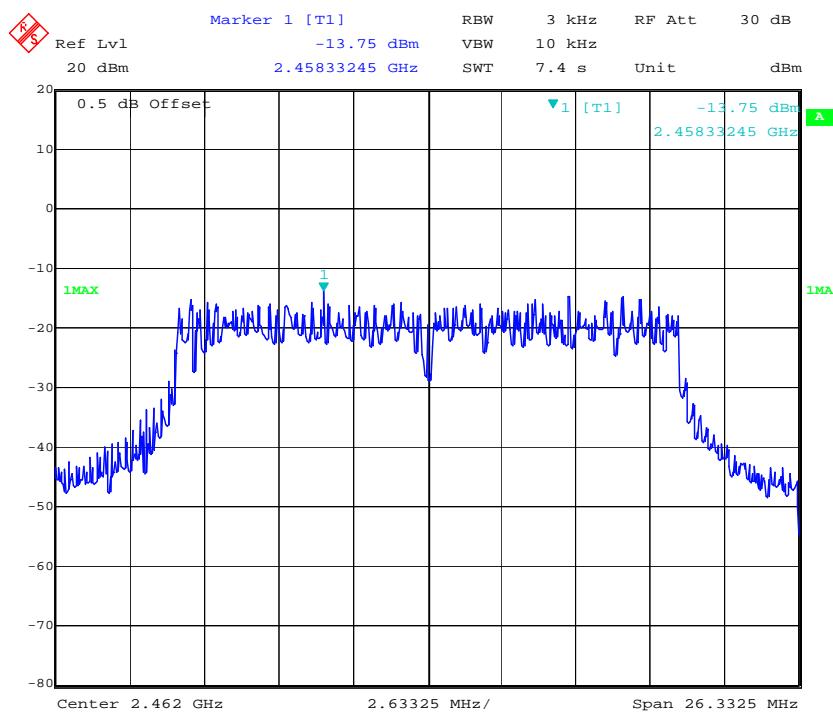
Test mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
802.11b	Low	2412	-5.68	≤8
	Middle	2437	-5.96	≤8
	High	2462	-6.12	≤8
802.11g	Low	2412	-10.41	≤8
	Middle	2437	-10.33	≤8
	High	2462	-10.58	≤8
802.11n ht20	Low	2412	-13.36	≤8
	Middle	2437	-13.32	≤8
	High	2462	-13.75	≤8

**Power Spectral Density, 802.11b Low Channel****Power Spectral Density, 802.11b Middle Channel**

**Power Spectral Density, 802.11b High Channel****Power Spectral Density, 802.11g Low Channel**

**Power Spectral Density, 802.11g Middle Channel****Power Spectral Density, 802.11g High Channel**

**Power Spectral Density, 802.11n ht20 Low Channel****Power Spectral Density, 802.11n ht20 Middle Channel**

**Power Spectral Density, 802.11n ht20 High Channel**

\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*