

FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : SA190612C39
Applicant : Realtek Semiconductor Corp.
Address : No.2, Innovation Road II, Hsinchu Science Park Hsinchu 300, Taiwan
Product : 802.11a/b/g/n/ac RTL8822CE Combo module
FCC ID : TX2-RTL8822CE
Brand : REALTEK
Model No. : RTL8822CE
Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093), IEEE C95.1:1992, IEEE Std 1528:2013
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CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch – Lin Kou Laboratories**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any government agencies.

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FCC Accredited No.: TW0003

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Release Control Record

Report No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
SA190612C39	Initial release	Jul. 30, 2019

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1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest SAR-1g Body (W/kg)			
		Tablet PC Mode		Laptop PC Mode	
		Sample YAGEO	Sample HTK	Sample YAGEO	Sample HTK
DTS	2.4G WLAN	0.77	0.67	0.11	0.14
NII	5.3G WLAN	0.85	0.77	0.09	0.07
	5.6G WLAN	0.68	0.66	0.14	0.15
	5.8G WLAN	0.80	0.00	0.12	0.10
DSS	Bluetooth	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.00

Note:

- The SAR criteria (**Head & Body: SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg, and Extremity: SAR-10g 4.0 W/kg**) for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.

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2. Description of Equipment Under Test

EUT Type	802.11a/b/g/n/ac RTL8822CE Combo module
FCC ID	TX2-RTL8822CE
Brand Name	REALTEK
Model Name	RTL8822CE
Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	WLAN : 2412 ~ 2472, 5180 ~ 5240, 5260 ~ 5320, 5500 ~ 5700, 5745 ~ 5825 Bluetooth : 2402 ~ 2480
Uplink Modulations	802.11b : DSSS 802.11a/g/n/ac : OFDM Bluetooth : GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK
Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	Please refer to section 4.6.1 of this report
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
EUT Stage	Engineering Sample

Note:

- The EUT is authorized for use in specific End-product. Please refer to below for more details.

Product	Brand	Model
Notebook Computer	Lenovo	Lenovo IdeaPad C340-14IML *****, 81TK*****, Lenovo IdeaPad FLEX-14IML*****, 81XG***** (*=0~9, A~Z, a~z, "-" or blank, for marketing use only, with no impact on RF compliance of the product)

- The antenna information is listed as below.

Antenna Type	Manuf.	Parts Number	Antenna Gain			
			WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 5.15~5.35GHz	WLAN 5.47~5.725GHz	WLAN 5.725~5.85GHz
PIFA	High-Tek Electronics Co., Ltd	Main Antenna: 0ACCN018020N (DC330029800)	1.79	2.44	2.01	0.75
		Aux. Antenna: 0ACCN018020N (DC330029800)	-0.76	-0.40	-0.24	0.31
	Yageo Corporation	Main Antenna: ANTA0LC13162WLAN3 (DC330029J20)	-0.36	2.05	1.69	1.69
		Aux Antenna: ANTA0LC13162WLAN3 (DC330029J20)	-0.96	0.35	0.04	0.04

- The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SPEAG DASY52 System

DASY52 system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY52 software defined. The DASY52 software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

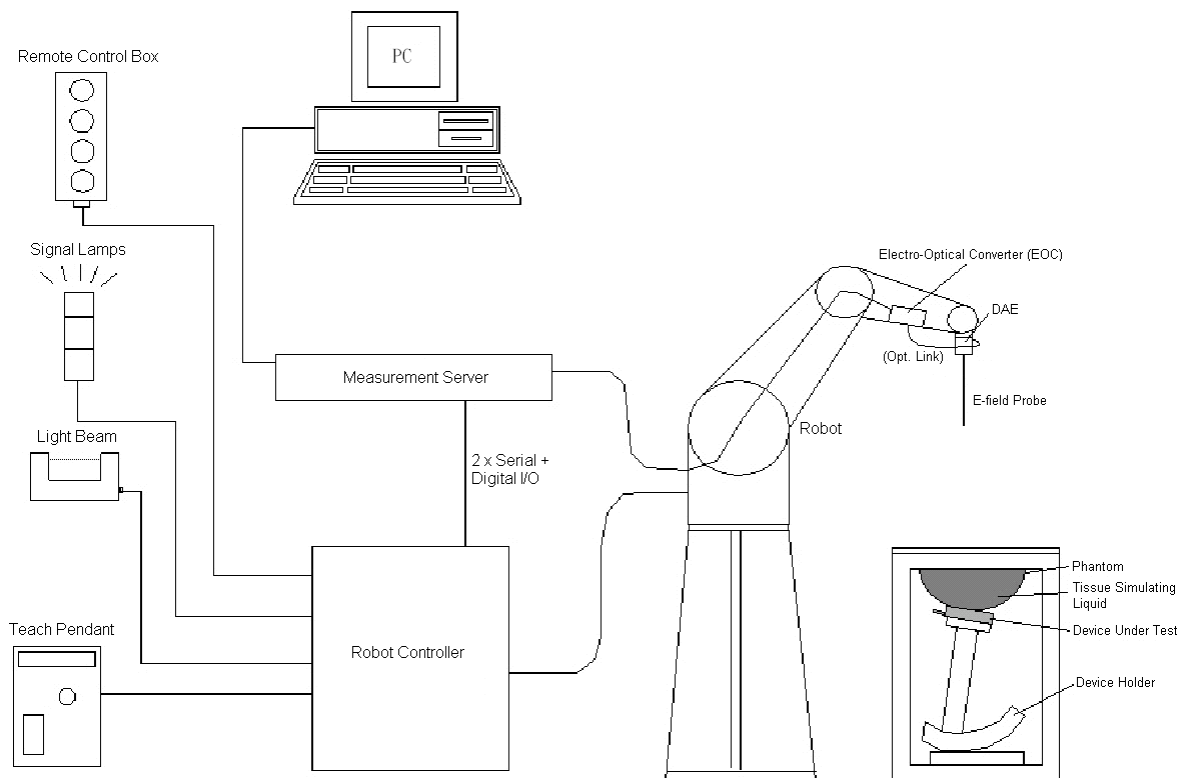


Fig-3.1 SPEAG DASY52 System Setup

3.2.1 Robot

The DASY52 systems use the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version of CS8c from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ± 0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Fig-3.2 SPEAG DASY52 System

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3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Model	ES3DV3	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	

Model	ET3DV6	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz to 2.3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 6.8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm	

3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	$< 5\mu$ V (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

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3.2.4 Phantoms

Model	Twin SAM	
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	

Model	ELI	
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	

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3.2.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	

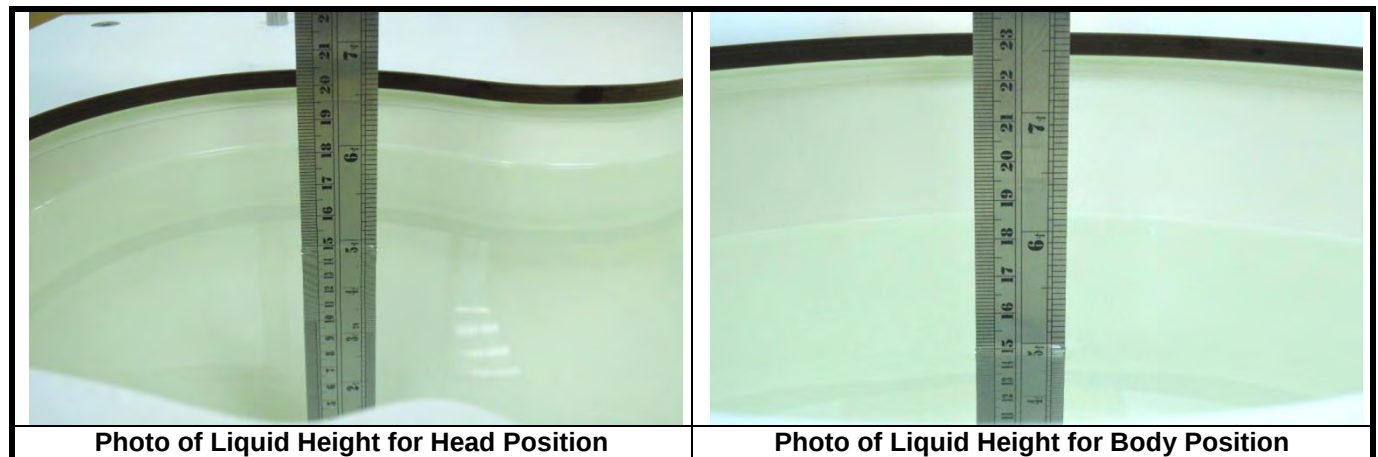
Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	

3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

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Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of $\pm 5\%$	Target Conductivity	Range of $\pm 5\%$
For Head				
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35
1750	40.1	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53
For Body				
750	55.5	52.7 ~ 58.3	0.96	0.91 ~ 1.01
835	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
900	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10
1450	54.0	51.3 ~ 56.7	1.30	1.24 ~ 1.37
1640	53.8	51.1 ~ 56.5	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1750	53.4	50.7 ~ 56.1	1.49	1.42 ~ 1.56
1800	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
1900	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2000	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2300	52.9	50.3 ~ 55.5	1.81	1.72 ~ 1.90
2450	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05
2600	52.5	49.9 ~ 55.1	2.16	2.05 ~ 2.27
3500	51.3	48.7 ~ 53.9	3.31	3.14 ~ 3.48
5200	49.0	46.6 ~ 51.5	5.30	5.04 ~ 5.57
5300	48.9	46.5 ~ 51.3	5.42	5.15 ~ 5.69
5500	48.6	46.2 ~ 51.0	5.65	5.37 ~ 5.93
5600	48.5	46.1 ~ 50.9	5.77	5.48 ~ 6.06
5800	48.2	45.8 ~ 50.6	6.00	5.70 ~ 6.30

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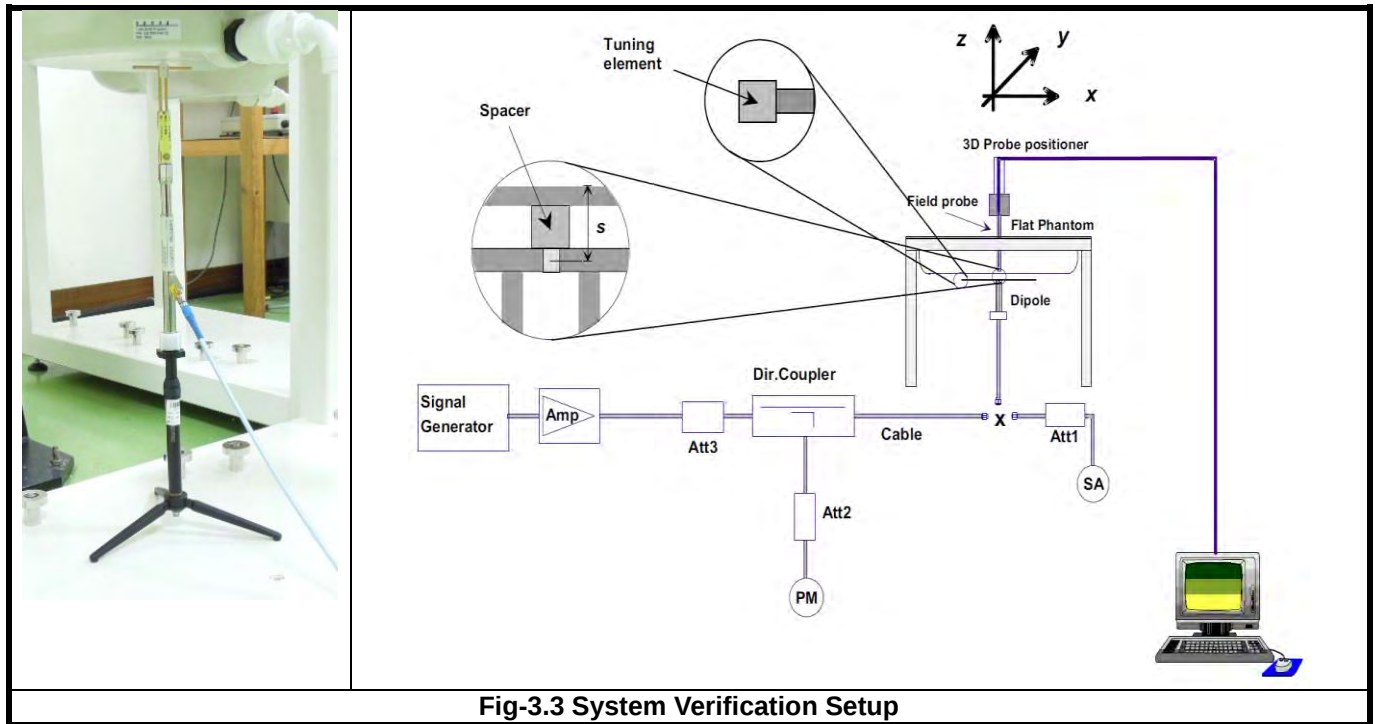
The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono-hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	-	0.3	-	-	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	8.0	-	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3
B750	0.2	-	0.2	0.8	48.8	-	50.0	-
B835	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.5	-	50.2	-
B900	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.2	-	50.5	-
B1450	-	34.0	-	0.3	-	-	65.7	-
B1640	-	32.5	-	0.3	-	-	67.2	-
B1750	-	31.0	-	0.2	-	-	68.8	-
B1800	-	29.5	-	0.4	-	-	70.1	-
B1900	-	29.5	-	0.3	-	-	70.2	-
B2000	-	30.0	-	0.2	-	-	69.8	-
B2300	-	31.0	-	0.1	-	-	68.9	-
B2450	-	31.4	-	0.1	-	-	68.5	-
B2600	-	31.8	-	0.1	-	-	68.1	-
B3500	-	28.8	-	0.1	-	-	71.1	-
B5G	-	-	-	-	-	10.7	78.6	10.7

3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- Record the SAR value

3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan ($\Delta x, \Delta y$)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan ($\Delta x, \Delta y$)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of $\Delta x / \Delta y$ (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

<Considerations Related to WLAN for Setup and Testing>

In general, various vendor specific external test software and chipset based internal test modes are typically used for SAR measurement. These chipset based test mode utilities are generally hardware and manufacturer dependent, and often include substantial flexibility to reconfigure or reprogram a device. A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. The test frequencies established using test mode must correspond to the actual channel frequencies. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. In addition, a periodic transmission duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR correctly. The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

According to KDB 248227 D01, this device has installed WLAN engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During WLAN SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

Initial Test Configuration

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.

Subsequent Test Configuration

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.

SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection

When multiple channel bandwidth configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is using largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate, and lowest order 802.11 mode (i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n). After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following.

- 1) The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
- 2) For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

Test Reduction for U-NII-1 (5.2 GHz) and U-NII-2A (5.3 GHz) Bands

For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following.

- 1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition).
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

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<Considerations Related to Bluetooth for Setup and Testing>

This device has installed Bluetooth engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During Bluetooth SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

The Bluetooth call box has been used during SAR measurement and the EUT was set to DH5 mode at the maximum output power. Its duty factor was calculated as below and the measured SAR for Bluetooth would be scaled to the 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance.



Time-domain plot for Bluetooth transmission signal

The duty factor of Bluetooth signal has been calculated as following.

$$\text{Duty Factor} = \text{Pulse Width} / \text{Total Period} = 100 \%$$

4.2 EUT Testing Position

4.2.1 Body Exposure Conditions

For laptop PC, according to KDB 616217 D04, SAR evaluation is required for the bottom surface of the keyboard. This EUT was tested in the base of EUT directly against the flat phantom. The required minimum test separation distance for incorporating transmitters and antennas into laptop computer display is determined with the display screen opened at an angle of 90° to the keyboard compartment.

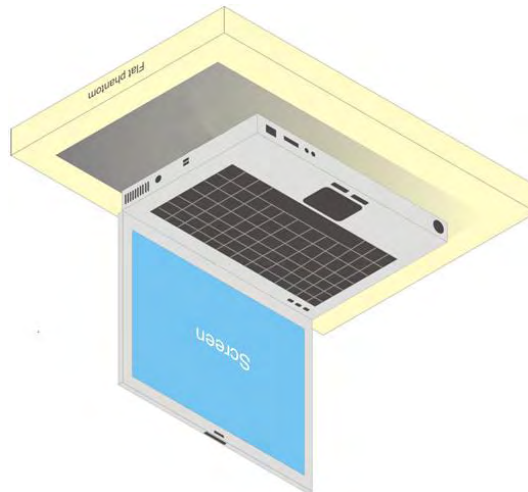


Fig-4.1 Illustration for Laptop Setup

For full-size tablet, according to KDB 616217 D04, SAR evaluation is required for back surface and edges of the devices. The back surface and edges of the tablet are tested with the tablet touching the phantom. Exposures from antennas through the front surface of the display section of a tablet are generally limited to the user's hands. Exposures to hands for typical consumer transmitters used in tablets are not expected to exceed the extremity SAR limit; therefore, SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary. When voice mode is supported on a tablet and it is limited to speaker mode or headset operations only, additional SAR testing for this type of voice use is not required.

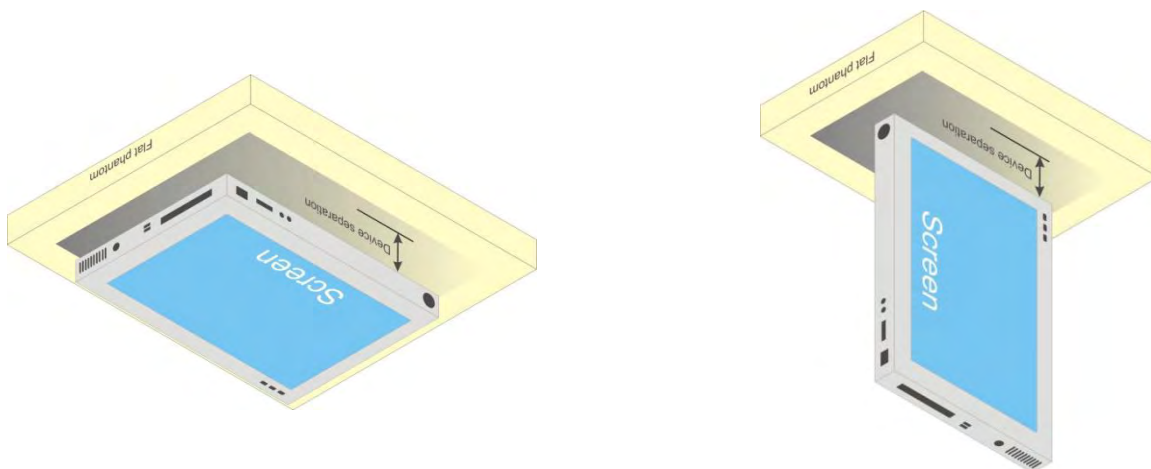
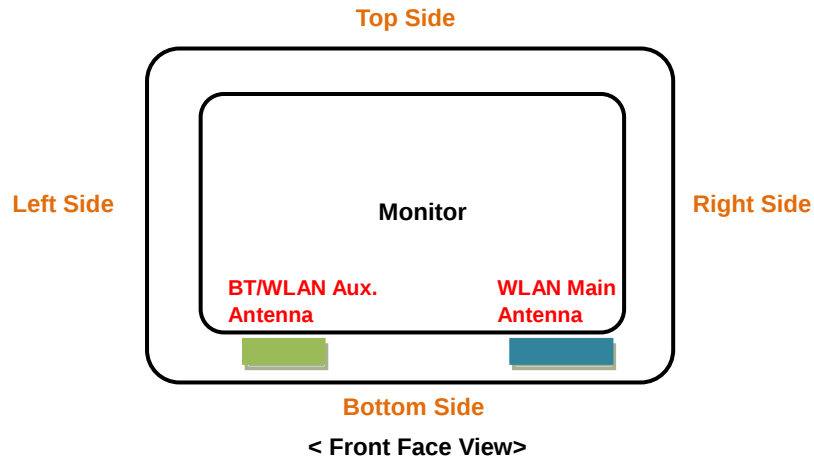


Fig-4.2 Illustration for Tablet Setup

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<Antenna Location>

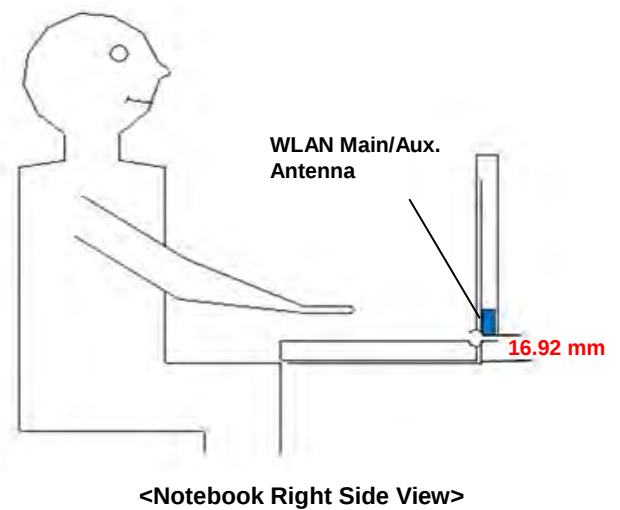
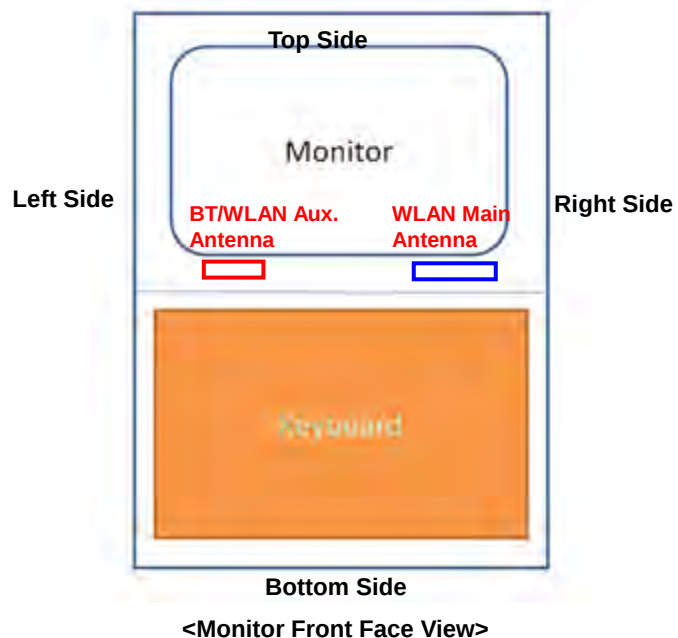
Tablet Mode



The separation distance for antenna to edge:

Antenna	To Top Side (mm)	To Bottom Side (mm)	To Left Side (mm)	To Right Side (mm)
WLAN Main	210.76	5.02	223.8	60.25
BT/WLAN Aux.	210.76	5.02	69.2	222.8

Laptop Mode



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4.2.2 SAR Test Exclusion Evaluations

According to KDB 447498 D01, the SAR test exclusion condition is based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions. The SAR exclusion threshold is determined by the following formula.

- For the test separation distance ≤ 50 mm

$$\frac{\text{Max. Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\text{Min. Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \leq 3.0 \text{ for SAR-1g, } \leq 7.5 \text{ for SAR-10g}$$

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

- For the test separation distance > 50 mm, and the frequency at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

$$\left[(\text{Threshold at 50 mm in Step 1}) + (\text{Test Separation Distance} - 50 \text{ mm}) \times \left(\frac{f_{(MHz)}}{150} \right) \right]_{(mW)}$$

- For the test separation distance > 50 mm, and the frequency at > 1500 MHz to 6 GHz

$$[(\text{Threshold at 50 mm in Step 1}) + (\text{Test Separation Distance} - 50 \text{ mm}) \times 10]_{(mW)}$$

<For WLAN Ant-0>

Mode	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power (mW)	Rear Face			Left Side			Right Side			Top Side			Bottom Side		
			Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?
WLAN 2.4G	18.5	71	5	22.28	Yes	223.8	1834 mW	No	60.25	198 mW	No	210.76	1703 mW	No	5.02	22.19	Yes
WLAN 5.2G	13	20	5	9.16	Yes	223.8	1804 mW	No	60.25	168 mW	No	210.76	1673 mW	No	5.02	9.12	Yes
WLAN 5.3G	13	20	5	9.23	Yes	223.8	1803 mW	No	60.25	168 mW	No	210.76	1673 mW	No	5.02	9.19	Yes
WLAN 5.6G	13	20	5	9.57	Yes	223.8	1801 mW	No	60.25	165 mW	No	210.76	1670 mW	No	5.02	9.53	Yes
WLAN 5.8G	13	20	5	9.65	Yes	223.8	1800 mW	No	60.25	165 mW	No	210.76	1670 mW	No	5.02	9.62	Yes

<For BT/WLAN Ant-1>

Mode	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power (mW)	Rear Face			Left Side			Right Side			Top Side			Bottom Side		
			Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?
WLAN 2.4G	18.5	71	5	22.28	Yes	69.2	288 mW	No	222.8	1824 mW	No	210.76	1703 mW	No	5.02	22.19	Yes
WLAN 5.2G	13	20	5	9.16	Yes	69.2	258 mW	No	222.8	1794 mW	No	210.76	1673 mW	No	5.02	9.12	Yes
WLAN 5.3G	13	20	5	9.23	Yes	69.2	257 mW	No	222.8	1793 mW	No	210.76	1673 mW	No	5.02	9.19	Yes
WLAN 5.6G	13	20	5	9.57	Yes	69.2	255 mW	No	222.8	1791 mW	No	210.76	1670 mW	No	5.02	9.53	Yes
WLAN 5.8G	13	20	5	9.65	Yes	69.2	254 mW	No	222.8	1790 mW	No	210.76	1670 mW	No	5.02	9.62	Yes
BT	6	4	5	1.26	No	69.2	287 mW	No	222.8	1823 mW	No	210.76	1703 mW	No	5.02	1.25	No

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<For WLAN Ant-0 + Ant-1>

Mode	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power (mW)	Rear Face			Left Side			Right Side			Top Side			Bottom Side		
			Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?
WLAN 2.4G	18.5	71	5	22.28	Yes	69.2	288 mW	No	60.25	198 mW	No	210.76	1703 mW	No	5.02	22.19	Yes
WLAN 5.2G	13	20	5	9.16	Yes	69.2	258 mW	No	60.25	168 mW	No	210.76	1673 mW	No	5.02	9.12	Yes
WLAN 5.3G	13	20	5	9.23	Yes	69.2	257 mW	No	60.25	168 mW	No	210.76	1673 mW	No	5.02	9.19	Yes
WLAN 5.6G	13	20	5	9.57	Yes	69.2	255 mW	No	60.25	165 mW	No	210.76	1670 mW	No	5.02	9.53	Yes
WLAN 5.8G	13	20	5	9.65	Yes	69.2	254 mW	No	60.25	165 mW	No	210.76	1670 mW	No	5.02	9.62	Yes

4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
Jul. 19, 2019	Head	2450	23.2	1.876	38.41	1.8	39.2	4.22	-2.02
Jul. 20, 2019	Head	2450	23.2	1.883	38.286	1.8	39.2	4.61	-2.33
Jul. 23, 2019	Head	2450	23.1	1.885	38.339	1.8	39.2	4.72	-2.20
Jul. 20, 2019	Head	5250	23.2	4.762	35.023	4.71	35.9	1.10	-2.44
Jul. 21, 2019	Head	5250	23.2	4.748	36.881	4.71	35.9	0.81	2.73
Jul. 22, 2019	Head	5250	23.4	4.751	36.886	4.71	35.9	0.87	2.75
Jul. 20, 2019	Head	5600	23.2	5.13	34.536	5.07	35.5	1.18	-2.72
Jul. 21, 2019	Head	5600	23.2	5.189	36.13	5.07	35.5	2.35	1.77
Jul. 22, 2019	Head	5600	23.2	5.124	35.657	5.07	35.5	1.07	0.44
Jul. 20, 2019	Head	5750	23.2	5.278	34.377	5.22	35.4	1.11	-2.89
Jul. 21, 2019	Head	5750	23.2	5.364	35.845	5.22	35.4	2.76	1.26
Jul. 22, 2019	Head	5750	23.4	5.338	35.825	5.22	35.4	2.26	1.20

Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$.

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4.4 System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01. The validation status in tabulated summary is as below.

Test Date	Probe S/N	Calibration Point		Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Validation for CW			Validation for Modulation		
						Sensitivity Range	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR
Jul. 19, 2019	7375	Body	2450	1.876	38.41	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jul. 20, 2019	7375	Body	2450	1.883	38.286	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jul. 23, 2019	7375	Body	2450	1.885	38.339	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jul. 20, 2019	7375	Body	5250	4.762	35.023	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jul. 21, 2019	7375	Body	5250	4.748	36.881	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jul. 22, 2019	7375	Body	5250	4.751	36.886	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jul. 20, 2019	7375	Body	5600	5.13	34.536	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jul. 21, 2019	7375	Body	5600	5.189	36.13	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jul. 22, 2019	7375	Body	5600	5.124	35.657	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jul. 20, 2019	7375	Body	5750	5.278	34.377	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jul. 21, 2019	7375	Body	5750	5.364	35.845	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Jul. 22, 2019	7375	Body	5750	5.338	35.825	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass

4.5 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Test Date	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Jul. 19, 2019	Body	2450	51.50	13.50	54.00	4.85	737	7375	1277
Jul. 20, 2019	Body	2450	51.50	12.6	50.40	-2.14	737	7375	1277
Jul. 23, 2019	Body	2450	51.50	12.6	50.40	-2.14	737	7375	1277
Jul. 20, 2019	Body	5250	80.70	7.74	77.40	-4.09	1019	7375	1277
Jul. 21, 2019	Body	5250	80.70	7.71	77.10	-4.46	1019	7375	1277
Jul. 22, 2019	Body	5250	80.70	7.75	77.50	-3.97	1019	7375	1277
Jul. 20, 2019	Body	5600	85.80	8.2	82.00	-4.43	1019	7375	1277
Jul. 21, 2019	Body	5600	85.80	8.66	86.60	0.93	1019	7375	1277
Jul. 22, 2019	Body	5600	85.80	9.06	90.60	5.59	1019	7375	1277
Jul. 20, 2019	Body	5750	81.50	7.61	76.10	-6.63	1019	7375	1277
Jul. 21, 2019	Body	5750	81.50	8.32	83.20	2.09	1019	7375	1277
Jul. 22, 2019	Body	5750	81.50	8.22	82.20	0.86	1019	7375	1277

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

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4.6 Maximum Output Power

4.6.1 Maximum Target Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

<WLAN 2.4G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up Power (Ant-0)	Tune-up Power (Ant-1)	Tune-up Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11b	1	2412	18.0	18.0	21.0
	6	2437	18.5	18.5	21.5
	11	2462	18.0	18.0	21.0
	12	2467	13.0	13.0	16.0
	13	2472	12.0	12.0	12.0
802.11g	1	2412	13.0	13.0	16.0
	6	2437	18.5	18.5	21.5
	11	2462	13.0	13.0	16.0
	12	2467	10.0	10.0	13.0
	13	2472	7.0	7.0	10.0
802.11n (HT20)	1	2412	13.0	13.0	16.0
	6	2437	18.5	18.5	21.5
	11	2462	13.0	13.0	16.0
	12	2467	10.0	10.0	13.0
	13	2472	7.0	7.0	10.0
802.11n (HT40)	3	2422	13.0	13.0	15.0
	6	2437	16.0	16.0	19.0
	9	2452	13.0	13.0	16.0
	10	2457	10.0	10.0	13.0
	11	2462	7.0	7.0	9.5
802.11ac (VHT20)	1	2412	13.0	13.0	16.0
	6	2437	18.5	18.5	21.5
	11	2462	13.0	13.0	16.0
	12	2467	10.0	10.0	13.0
	13	2472	7.0	7.0	10.0
802.11ac (VHT40)	3	2422	13.0	13.0	15.0
	6	2437	16.0	16.0	19.0
	9	2452	13.0	13.0	16.0
	10	2457	10.0	10.0	13.0
	11	2462	7.0	7.0	9.5

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<WLAN 5.2G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up Power (Ant-0)	Tune-up Power (Ant-1)	Tune-up Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11a	36	5180	13.0	13.0	16.0
	40	5200	13.0	13.0	16.0
	44	5220	13.0	13.0	16.0
	48	5240	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11n (HT20)	36	5180	13.0	13.0	16.0
	40	5200	13.0	13.0	16.0
	44	5220	13.0	13.0	16.0
	48	5240	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11n (HT40)	38	5190	13.0	13.0	16.0
	46	5230	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11ac (VHT20)	36	5180	13.0	13.0	16.0
	40	5200	13.0	13.0	16.0
	44	5220	13.0	13.0	16.0
	48	5240	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11ac (VHT40)	38	5190	13.0	13.0	16.0
	46	5230	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11ac (VHT80)	42	5210	13.0	13.0	16.0

<WLAN 5.3G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up Power (Ant-0)	Tune-up Power (Ant-1)	Tune-up Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11a	52	5260	13.0	13.0	16.0
	56	5280	13.0	13.0	16.0
	60	5300	13.0	13.0	16.0
	64	5320	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11n (HT20)	52	5260	13.0	13.0	16.0
	56	5280	13.0	13.0	16.0
	60	5300	13.0	13.0	16.0
	64	5320	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11n (HT40)	54	5270	13.0	13.0	16.0
	62	5310	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11ac (VHT20)	52	5260	13.0	13.0	16.0
	56	5280	13.0	13.0	16.0
	60	5300	13.0	13.0	16.0
	64	5320	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11ac (VHT40)	54	5270	13.0	13.0	16.0
	62	5310	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11ac (VHT80)	58	5290	13.0	13.0	16.0

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<WLAN 5.6G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up Power (Ant-0)	Tune-up Power (Ant-1)	Tune-up Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11a	100	5500	13.0	13.0	16.0
	116	5580	13.0	13.0	16.0
	120	5600	13.0	13.0	16.0
	124	5620	13.0	13.0	16.0
	132	5660	13.0	13.0	16.0
	140	5700	13.0	13.0	16.0
	144	5720	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11n (HT20)	100	5500	13.0	13.0	16.0
	116	5580	13.0	13.0	16.0
	120	5600	13.0	13.0	16.0
	124	5620	13.0	13.0	16.0
	132	5660	13.0	13.0	16.0
	140	5700	13.0	13.0	16.0
	144	5720	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11n (HT40)	102	5510	13.0	13.0	16.0
	110	5550	13.0	13.0	16.0
	118	5590	13.0	13.0	16.0
	126	5630	13.0	13.0	16.0
	134	5670	13.0	13.0	16.0
	142	5710	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11ac (VHT20)	100	5500	13.0	13.0	16.0
	116	5580	13.0	13.0	16.0
	120	5600	13.0	13.0	16.0
	124	5620	13.0	13.0	16.0
	132	5660	13.0	13.0	16.0
	140	5700	13.0	13.0	16.0
	144	5720	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11ac (VHT40)	102	5510	13.0	13.0	16.0
	110	5550	13.0	13.0	16.0
	118	5590	13.0	13.0	16.0
	126	5630	13.0	13.0	16.0
	134	5670	13.0	13.0	16.0
	142	5710	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11ac (VHT80)	106	5530	13.0	13.0	15.5
	122	5610	13.0	13.0	16.0
	138	5690	13.0	13.0	16.0

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<WLAN 5.8G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up Power (Ant-0)	Tune-up Power (Ant-1)	Tune-up Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11a	149	5745	13.0	13.0	16.0
	153	5765	13.0	13.0	16.0
	157	5785	13.0	13.0	16.0
	161	5805	13.0	13.0	16.0
	165	5825	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11n (HT20)	149	5745	13.0	13.0	16.0
	153	5765	13.0	13.0	16.0
	157	5785	13.0	13.0	16.0
	161	5805	13.0	13.0	16.0
	165	5825	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11n (HT40)	151	5755	13.0	13.0	16.0
	159	5795	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11ac (VHT20)	149	5745	13.0	13.0	16.0
	153	5765	13.0	13.0	16.0
	157	5785	13.0	13.0	16.0
	161	5805	13.0	13.0	16.0
	165	5825	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11ac (VHT40)	151	5755	13.0	13.0	16.0
	159	5795	13.0	13.0	16.0
802.11ac (VHT80)	155	5775	13.0	13.0	16.0

<Bluetooth>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up Power
Bluetooth EDR	0	2402	6.0
	39	2441	6.0
	78	2480	6.0
Bluetooth LE	0	2402	6.0
	19	2440	6.0
	39	2480	6.0

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4.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

<WLAN 2.4G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11b	1	2412	17.98	17.99	20.96
	6	2437	18.49	18.46	21.45
	11	2462	17.99	17.95	20.95
	12	2467	12.99	12.99	15.99
	13	2472	11.99	11.98	11.97

<WLAN 5.3G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11ac (VHT80)	58	5290	12.99	12.99	15.97

<WLAN 5.6G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11ac (VHT80)	106	5530	12.99	12.99	15.46
	122	5610	12.90	12.97	15.92
	138	5690	12.98	12.98	15.97

<WLAN 5.8G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (Ant-0)	Average Power (Ant-1)	Average Power (Ant-0 + Ant-1)
802.11ac (VHT80)	155	5775	12.99	12.91	15.95

<Bluetooth>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power
Bluetooth EDR	0	2402	4.76
	39	2441	5.00
	78	2480	4.51
Bluetooth LE	0	2402	4.82
	19	2440	4.87
	39	2480	4.93

4.7 SAR Testing Results

4.7.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations

<KDB 447498 D01, General RF Exposure Guidance>

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- (1) ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- (2) ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- (3) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the measured SAR will be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to determine compliance. The scaling factor for the tune-up power is defined as maximum tune-up limit (mW) / measured conducted power (mW). The reported SAR would be calculated by measured SAR x tune-up power scaling factor.

The SAR has been measured with highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for WLAN and/or Bluetooth. When the transmission duty factor could not achieve 100%, the reported SAR will be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up power. The scaling factor for the duty factor is defined as 100% / transmission duty cycle (%). The reported SAR would be calculated by measured SAR x tune-up power scaling factor x duty cycle scaling factor.

<KDB 248227 D01, SAR Guidance for Wi-Fi Transmitters>

- (1) For handsets operating next to ear, hotspot mode or mini-tablet configurations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR testing for remaining test positions is not required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- (2) For WLAN 2.4 GHz, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- (3) For WLAN 5 GHz, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power. When the reported SAR of initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for the subsequent highest measured output power channel until the reported SAR result is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are measured. For other transmission modes, SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and it is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- (4) For WLAN MIMO mode, the power-based standalone SAR test exclusion or the sum of SAR provision in KDB 447498 to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion should be applied. Otherwise, SAR for MIMO mode will be measured with all applicable antennas transmitting simultaneously at the specified maximum output power of MIMO operation.

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4.7.2 SAR Results for Body Exposure Condition

Tablet Mode

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Sample	Ant Status	Duty Cycle	Crest Factor	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
Q1	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	0	6	YAGEO	Ant 0	100	1.00	18.5	18.49	1.00	-0.08	0.214	0.21
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom Side	0	6	YAGEO	Ant 0	100	1.00	18.5	18.49	1.00	-0.07	0.770	0.77
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	0	6	YAGEO	Ant 1	100	1.00	18.5	18.46	1.01	0.03	0.056	0.06
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom Side	0	6	YAGEO	Ant 1	100	1.00	18.5	18.46	1.01	0.01	0.504	0.51
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	0	6	YAGEO	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	21.5	21.45	1.01	-0.07	0.066	0.07
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom Side	0	6	YAGEO	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	21.5	21.45	1.01	0.11	0.691	0.70
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom Side	0	1	YAGEO	Ant 0	100	1.00	18.0	17.98	1.00	0.05	0.669	0.67
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom Side	0	11	YAGEO	Ant 0	100	1.00	18.0	17.99	1.00	-0.09	0.602	0.60
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom Side	0	12	YAGEO	Ant 0	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.13	0.203	0.20
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom Side	0	13	YAGEO	Ant 0	100	1.00	12.0	11.99	1.00	0.05	0.275	0.28
Q2	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	58	YAGEO	Ant 0	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	-0.07	0.138	0.14
	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	58	YAGEO	Ant 0	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.04	0.444	0.44
	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	58	YAGEO	Ant 1	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.00	<0.001	0.00
	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	58	YAGEO	Ant 1	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	-0.01	0.847	0.85
	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	58	YAGEO	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	16.0	15.97	1.01	-0.18	<0.001	0.00
	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	58	YAGEO	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	16.0	15.97	1.01	0.08	0.706	0.71
Q3	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	58	YAGEO	Ant 1	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.07	0.826	0.83
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	106	YAGEO	Ant 0	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	-0.03	0.089	0.09
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	106	YAGEO	Ant 0	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.18	0.197	0.20
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	106	YAGEO	Ant 1	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.00	<0.001	0.00
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	106	YAGEO	Ant 1	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	-0.11	0.68	0.68
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	138	YAGEO	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	16.0	15.97	1.01	0.00	<0.001	0.00
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	138	YAGEO	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	16.0	15.97	1.01	0.01	0.384	0.39
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	122	YAGEO	Ant 1	100	1.00	13.0	12.97	1.01	-0.14	0.602	0.61
Q4	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	138	YAGEO	Ant 1	100	1.00	13.0	12.98	1.00	-0.09	0.491	0.49
	WLAN5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	155	YAGEO	Ant 0	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.02	0.129	0.13
	WLAN5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	155	YAGEO	Ant 0	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	-0.12	0.471	0.47
	WLAN5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	155	YAGEO	Ant 1	100	1.00	13.0	12.91	1.02	0.00	<0.001	0.00
	WLAN5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	155	YAGEO	Ant 1	100	1.00	13.0	12.91	1.02	-0.03	0.788	0.80
	WLAN5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	155	YAGEO	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	16.0	15.95	1.01	0.00	<0.001	0.00
	WLAN5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	155	YAGEO	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	16.0	15.95	1.01	0.006	0.561	0.57
	BT	BDR	Rear Face	0	39	YAGEO	Ant 1	100	1.00	6.0	5.00	1.26	0.00	<0.001	0.00
Q5	BT	BDR	Bottom Side	0	39	YAGEO	Ant 1	100	1.00	6.0	5.00	1.26	-0.08	0.011	0.01
	BT	BDR	Bottom Side	0	0	YAGEO	Ant 1	100	1.00	6.0	4.76	1.33	0.13	0.011	0.01
	BT	BDR	Bottom Side	0	78	YAGEO	Ant 1	100	1.00	6.0	4.51	1.41	-0.04	0.012	0.02

Note: The "< 0.001" means there is no SAR value or the SAR is too low to be measured.

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Sample	Ant Status	Duty Cycle	Crest Factor	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	0	6	HTK	Ant 0	100	1.00	18.5	18.49	1.00	-0.02	0.069	0.07
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom Side	0	6	HTK	Ant 0	100	1.00	18.5	18.49	1.00	0.05	0.559	0.56
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	0	6	HTK	Ant 1	100	1.00	18.5	18.46	1.01	0.03	0.089	0.09
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom Side	0	6	HTK	Ant 1	100	1.00	18.5	18.46	1.01	0.16	0.577	0.58
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	0	6	HTK	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	21.5	21.45	1.01	-0.11	0.154	0.16
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom Side	0	6	HTK	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	21.5	21.45	1.01	0.09	0.65	0.66
06	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom Side	0	1	HTK	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	21.0	20.96	1.01	-0.04	0.666	0.67
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom Side	0	11	HTK	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	21.0	20.95	1.01	-0.17	0.645	0.65
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom Side	0	12	HTK	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	16.0	15.99	1.00	-0.08	0.214	0.21
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom Side	0	13	HTK	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	12.0	11.97	1.01	0.06	0.317	0.32
	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	58	HTK	Ant 0	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	58	HTK	Ant 0	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.00	0.562	0.56
	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	58	HTK	Ant 1	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.00	0.001	0.00
07	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	58	HTK	Ant 1	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	-0.01	0.774	0.77
	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	58	HTK	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	16.0	15.97	1.01	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	58	HTK	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	16.0	15.97	1.01	-0.07	0.752	0.76
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	106	HTK	Ant 0	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	106	HTK	Ant 0	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.06	0.403	0.40
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	106	HTK	Ant 1	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.00	0.001	0.00
08	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	106	HTK	Ant 1	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	-0.09	0.663	0.66
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	138	HTK	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	16.0	15.97	1.01	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	138	HTK	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	16.0	15.97	1.01	0.02	0.616	0.62
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	122	HTK	Ant 1	100	1.00	13.0	12.97	1.01	-0.06	0.574	0.58
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	138	HTK	Ant 1	100	1.00	13.0	12.98	1.00	0.01	0.548	0.55
	WLAN5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	155	HTK	Ant 0	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	155	HTK	Ant 0	100	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.03	0.493	0.49
	WLAN5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	155	HTK	Ant 1	100	1.00	13.0	12.91	1.02	0.00	0.001	0.00
09	WLAN5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	155	HTK	Ant 1	100	1.00	13.0	12.91	1.02	-0.17	0.666	0.68
	WLAN5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	0	155	HTK	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	16.0	15.95	1.01	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	0	155	HTK	Ant 0+1	100	1.00	16.0	15.95	1.01	0.12	0.521	0.53
	BT	BDR	Rear Face	0	39	HTK	Ant 1	100	1.00	6.0	5.00	1.26	0.00	0.001	0.00
	BT	BDR	Bottom Side	0	39	HTK	Ant 1	100	1.00	6.0	5.00	1.26	0.04	0.016	0.02
	BT	BDR	Bottom Side	0	0	HTK	Ant 1	100	1.00	6.0	4.76	1.33	0.13	0.013	0.02
10	BT	BDR	Bottom Side	0	78	HTK	Ant 1	100	1.00	6.0	4.51	1.41	-0.15	0.017	0.02

Note: The "< 0.001" means there is no SAR value or the SAR is too low to be measured.

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Laptop Mode

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Sample	Ant Status	Duty Cycle	Crest Factor	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom	0	6	YAGEO	Ant 0	100.00	1.00	18.5	18.49	1.00	0.08	0.053	0.05
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom	0	6	YAGEO	Ant 1	100.00	1.00	18.5	18.46	1.01	0.07	0.058	0.06
11	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom	0	6	YAGEO	Ant 0+1	100.00	1.00	21.5	21.45	1.01	-0.05	0.113	0.11
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom	0	1	YAGEO	Ant 0+1	100.00	1.00	21.0	20.96	1.01	0.07	0.099	0.10
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom	0	11	YAGEO	Ant 0+1	100.00	1.00	21.0	20.95	1.01	-0.11	0.077	0.08
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom	0	12	YAGEO	Ant 0+1	100.00	1.00	16.0	15.99	1.00	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom	0	13	YAGEO	Ant 0+1	100.00	1.00	12.0	11.97	1.01	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	58	YAGEO	Ant 0	100.00	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.00	0.001	0.00
12	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	58	YAGEO	Ant 1	100.00	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.14	0.090	0.09
	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	58	YAGEO	Ant 0+1	100.00	1.00	16.0	15.97	1.01	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	58	YAGEO	Ant 0	100.00	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	106	YAGEO	Ant 0	100.00	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.11	0.11	0.11
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	106	YAGEO	Ant 1	100.00	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	138	YAGEO	Ant 0+1	100.00	1.00	16.0	15.97	1.01	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	122	YAGEO	Ant 0	100.00	1.00	13.0	12.90	1.02	0.13	0.133	0.14
13	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	138	YAGEO	Ant 0	100.00	1.00	13.0	12.98	1.00	-0.05	0.143	0.14
14	WLAN5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	155	YAGEO	Ant 0	100.00	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.17	0.122	0.12
	WLAN5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	155	YAGEO	Ant 1	100.00	1.00	13.0	12.91	1.02	0.00	0.001	0.00
	WLAN5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	155	YAGEO	Ant 0+1	100.00	1.00	16.0	15.95	1.01	0.00	0.001	0.00
	BT	BDR	Bottom	0	39	YAGEO	Ant 1	100.00	1.00	6.0	5.00	1.26	0.00	0.001	0.00
	BT	BDR	Bottom	0	0	YAGEO	Ant 1	100.00	1.00	6.0	4.76	1.33	0.00	0.001	0.00
	BT	BDR	Bottom	0	78	YAGEO	Ant 1	100.00	1.00	6.0	4.51	1.41	0.00	0.001	0.00

Note: The "< 0.001" means there is no SAR value or the SAR is too low to be measured.

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Sample	Ant Status	Duty Cycle	Crest Factor	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom	0	6	HTK	Ant 0	100.00	1.00	18.5	18.49	1.00	0.03	0.072	0.07
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom	0	6	HTK	Ant 1	100.00	1.00	18.5	18.46	1.01	-0.11	0.108	0.11
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom	0	6	HTK	Ant 0+1	100.00	1.00	21.5	21.45	1.01	0.07	0.122	0.12
15	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom	0	1	HTK	Ant 0+1	100.00	1.00	21.0	20.96	1.01	0.10	0.134	0.14
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom	0	11	HTK	Ant 0+1	100.00	1.00	21.0	20.95	1.01	-0.05	0.104	0.11
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom	0	12	HTK	Ant 0+1	100.00	1.00	16.0	15.99	1.00	0.07	0.035	0.04
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Bottom	0	13	HTK	Ant 0+1	100.00	1.00	12.0	11.97	1.01	-0.12	0.051	0.05
	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	58	HTK	Ant 0	100.00	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.11	0.063	0.06
16	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	58	HTK	Ant 1	100.00	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	-0.18	0.074	0.07
	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	58	HTK	Ant 0+1	100.00	1.00	16.0	15.97	1.01	0.05	0.064	0.06
	WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	58	HTK	Ant 0	100.00	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.11	0.063	0.06
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	106	HTK	Ant 0	100.00	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	0.07	0.079	0.08
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	106	HTK	Ant 1	100.00	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	-0.03	0.054	0.05
17	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	138	HTK	Ant 0+1	100.00	1.00	16.0	15.97	1.01	-0.10	0.151	0.15
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	106	HTK	Ant 0+1	100.00	1.00	15.5	15.46	1.01	0.12	0.113	0.11
	WLAN5.6G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	122	HTK	Ant 0+1	100.00	1.00	16.0	15.97	1.01	0.09	0.143	0.14
	WLAN5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	155	HTK	Ant 0	100.00	1.00	13.0	12.99	1.00	-0.09	0.075	0.08
	WLAN5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	155	HTK	Ant 1	100.00	1.00	13.0	12.91	1.02	0.07	0.031	0.03
18	WLAN5.8G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom	0	155	HTK	Ant 0+1	100.00	1.00	16.0	15.95	1.01	0.16	0.095	0.10
	BT	BDR	Bottom	0	39	HTK	Ant 1	100.00	1.00	6.0	5.00	1.26	0	0.001	0.00
	BT	BDR	Bottom	0	0	HTK	Ant 1	100.00	1.00	6.0	4.76	1.33	0	0.001	0.00
	BT	BDR	Bottom	0	78	HTK	Ant 1	100.00	1.00	6.0	4.51	1.41	0	0.001	0.00

Note: The "< 0.001" means there is no SAR value or the SAR is too low to be measured.

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4.7.3 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
2. When the highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 , or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 , and the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Original Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	1st Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio
WLAN5.3G	802.11ac VHT80	Bottom Side	58	0.847	0.826	1.03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

4.7.4 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation

There is no simultaneous transmission configuration in this device.

Test Engineer : Willy Chang, and James Chu

5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	737	Aug. 24, 2018	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1019	Mar. 21, 2019	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7375	Dec. 13, 2018	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1277	Jan. 24, 2019	1 Year
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSL6	102006	Mar. 26, 2019	1 Year
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46104190	Apr. 16, 2019	1 Year
Vector Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3710A	6201599977	Mar. 21, 2019	1 Year
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1232003	Dec. 25, 2018	1 Year
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1207334	Dec. 25, 2018	1 Year
Thermometer	YFE	YF-160A	130504591	Mar. 22, 2019	1 Year

6. Measurement Uncertainty

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in SAR reports only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is ≥ 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR, and ≥ 3.75 W/kg for 10-g SAR. The procedures described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 should be applied. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\leq 30\%$, for a confidence interval of $k = 2$. When the highest measured SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg for 1-g and < 3.75 W/kg for 10-g, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. Hence, the measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in this SAR report because the test result met the condition.

FCC SAR Test Report

Source of Uncertainty	Uncertainty (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Probe Modulation Response	3.5	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom	6.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Post-processing	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	3.68 / 1.73	Normal	1	1	1	3.7	1.7	29
Device Holder Uncertainty	2.55 / 2.76	Normal	1	1	1	2.6	2.8	7
Power Drift of Measurement	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Power Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	2.58	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	1.2	1.1	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Measured)	2.95	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.1	61
Liquid Permittivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	1.97	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.3	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Measured)	3.04	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8	47
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 12.5 %	± 12.1 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						± 25.0 %	± 24.2 %	

Body SAR Uncertainty Budget for Frequency Range of 3 GHz to 6 GHz

7. Information of the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

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The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

System Check_H2450_190719

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; SN: 737

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H19T27N1_0719 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.876$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.5 W/kg

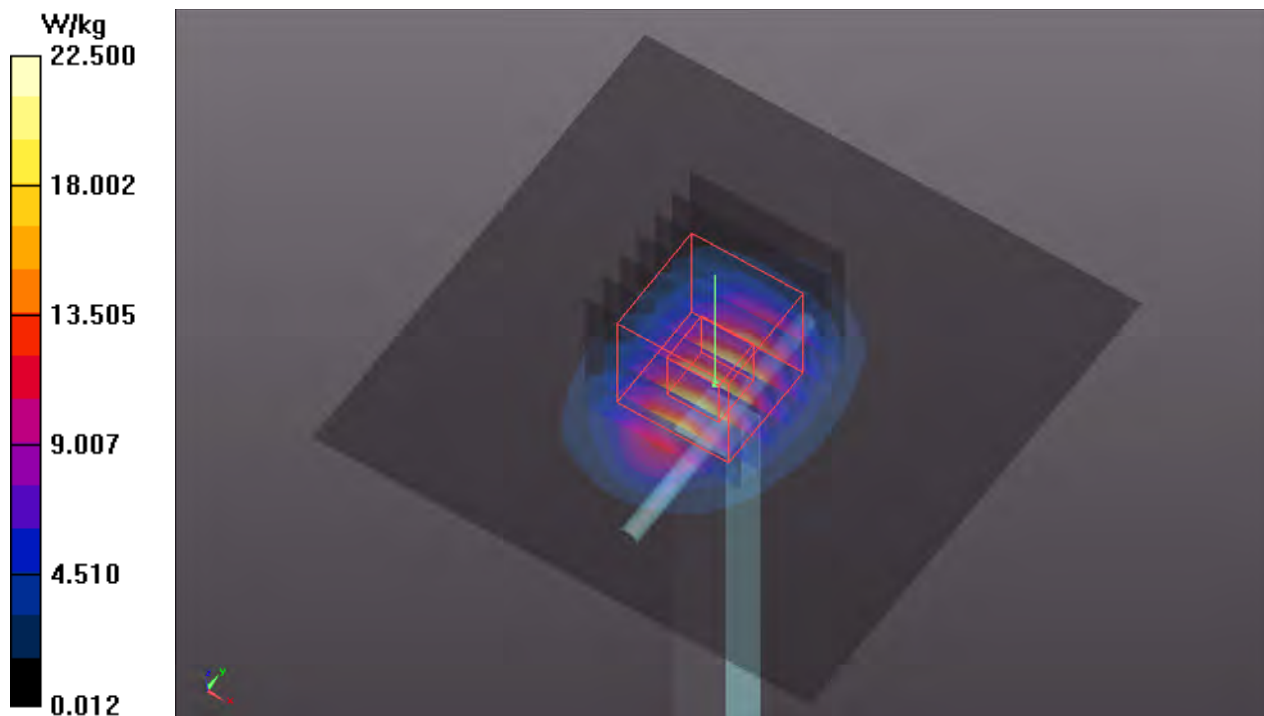
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 111.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.27 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.6 W/kg



System Check_H5250_190721

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H34T60N1_0721 Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.748$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.881$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(5.29, 5.29, 5.29); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.6 W/kg

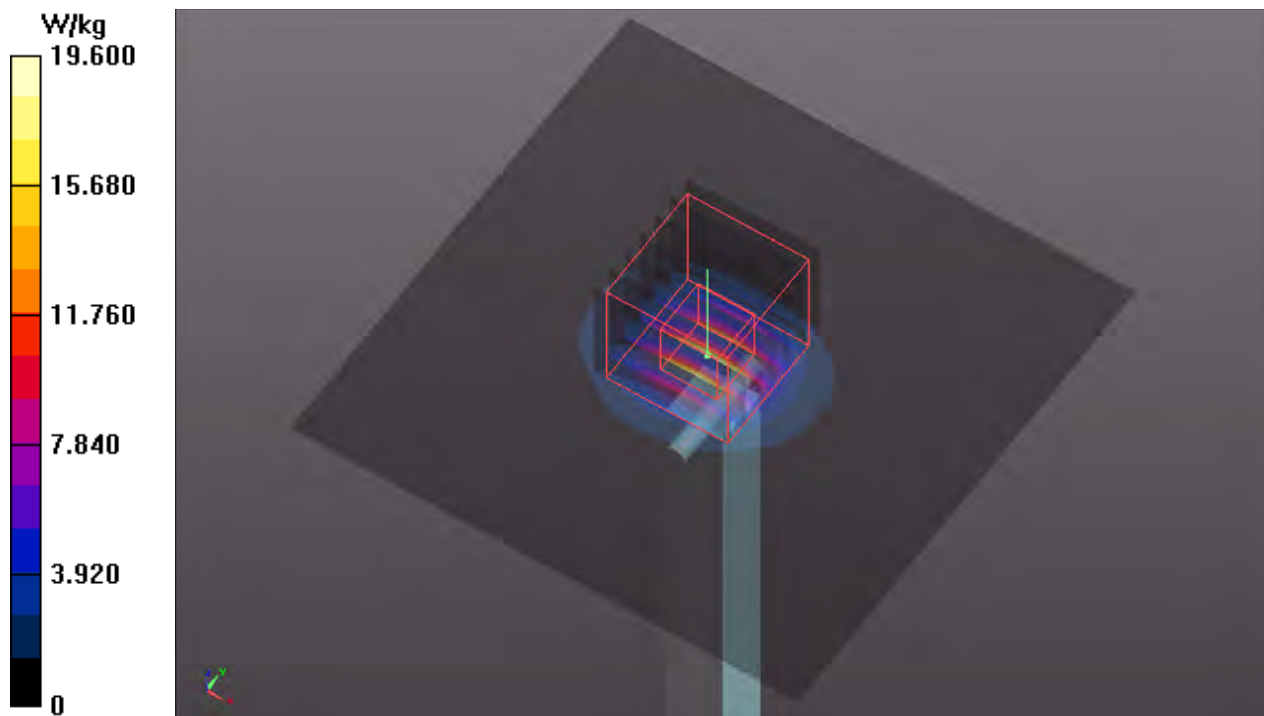
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 73.94 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.71 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.21 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.4 W/kg



System Check_H5600_190722

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H34T60N1_0722 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.124$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.657$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 26.4 W/kg

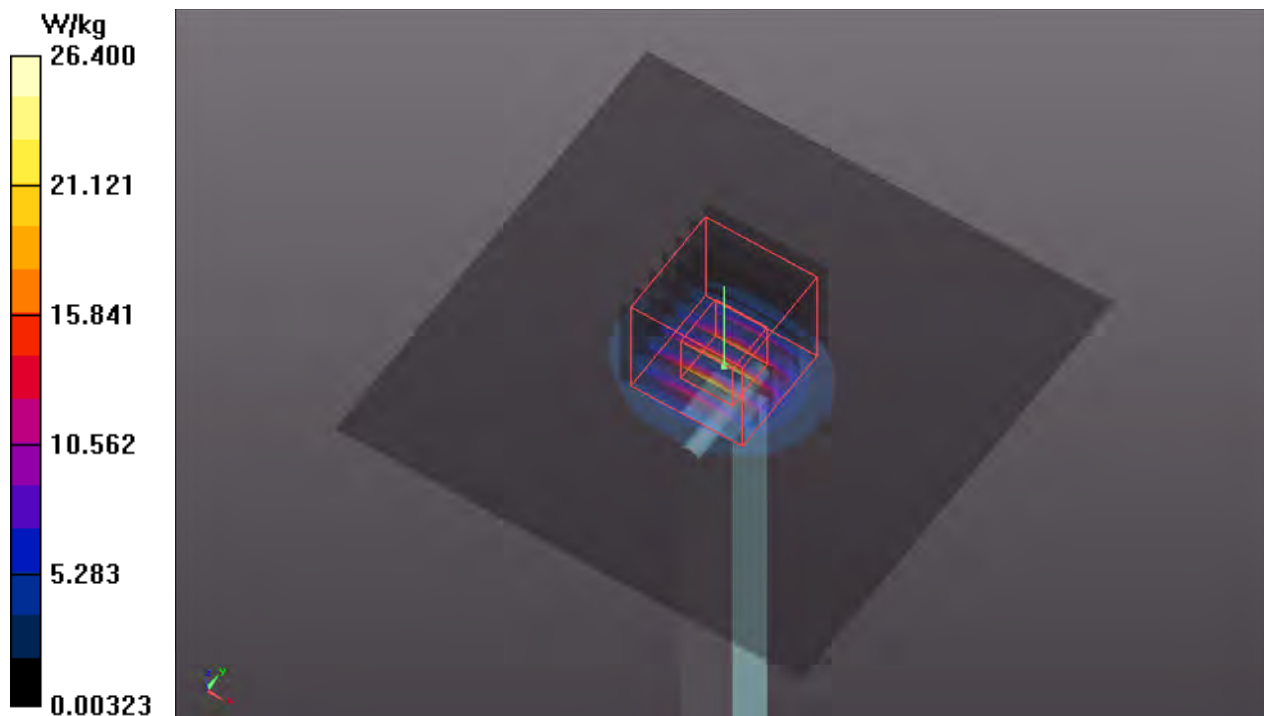
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 81.62 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 50.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.58 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 28.0 W/kg



System Check_H5750_190720

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H34T60N1_0720 Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.278$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.377$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.2 W/kg

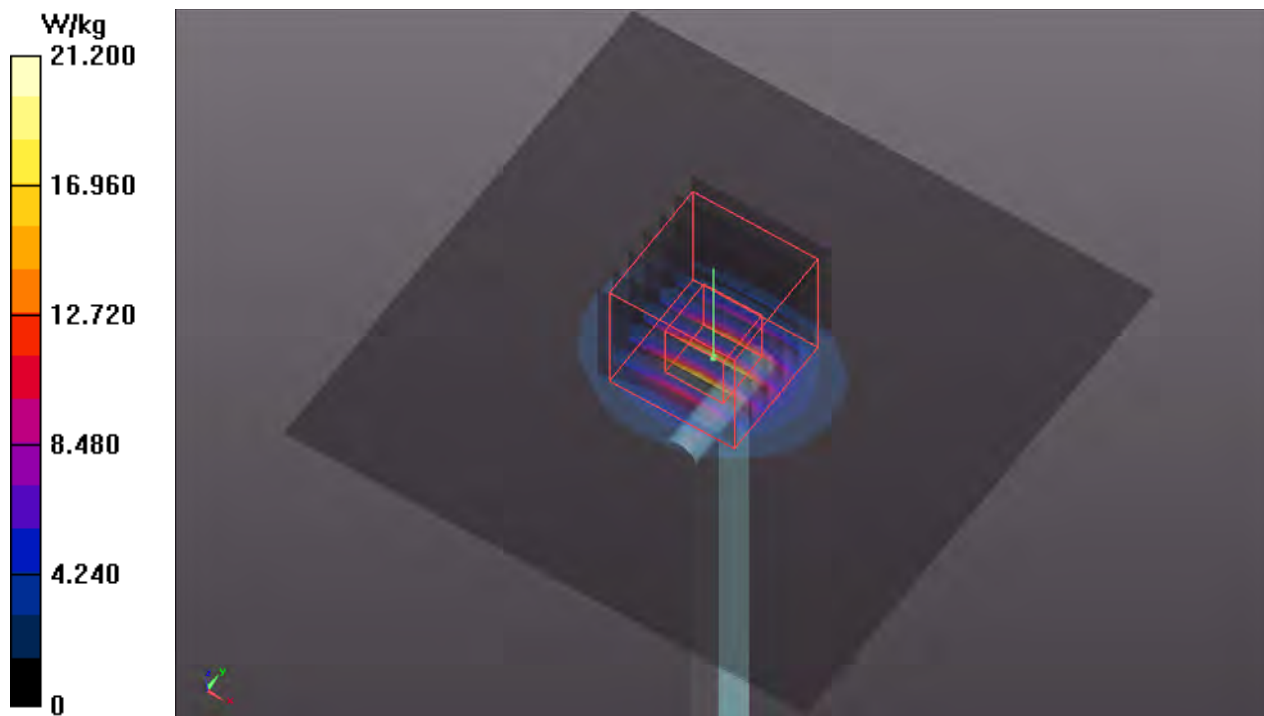
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 72.20 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 38.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.5 W/kg



Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

P01 WLAN2.4G_802.11b_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch6_Sample YAGEO_Ant0**DUT: 190612C39**

Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H19T27N1_0719 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.862$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.468$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

- Area Scan (71x291x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 W/kg

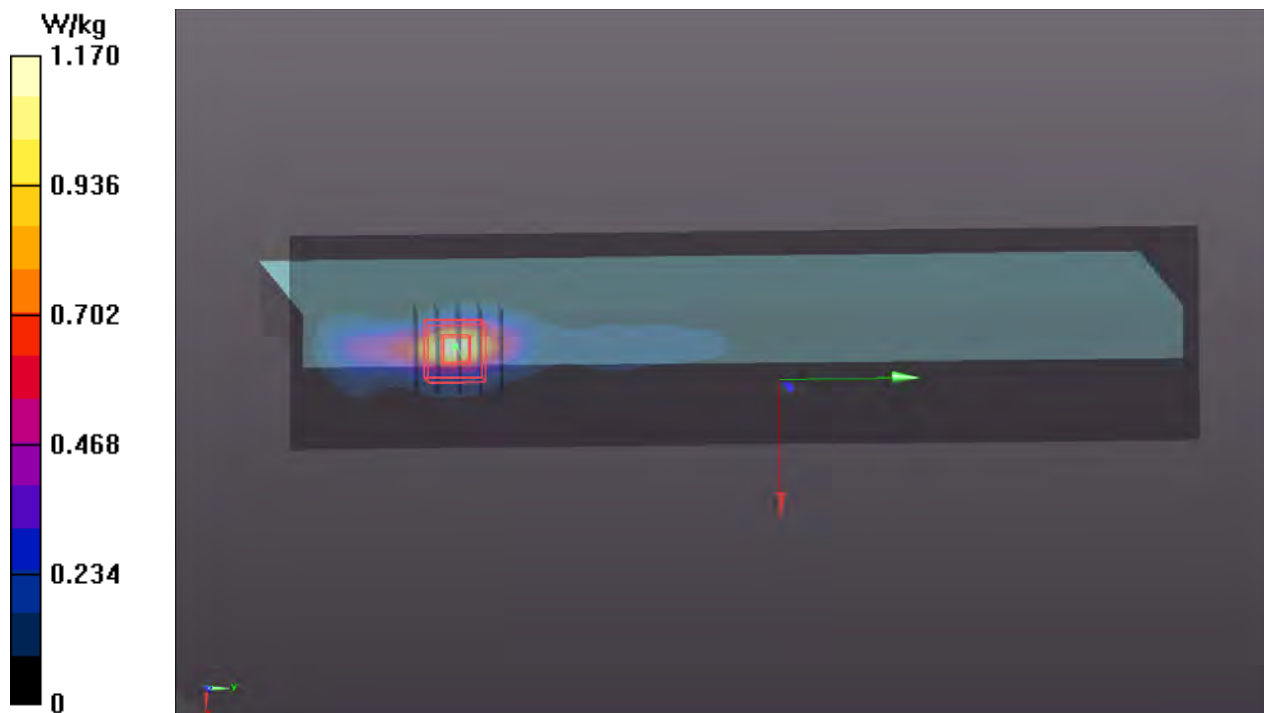
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.43 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.74 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.770 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.338 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.30 W/kg



P02 WLAN5.3G_802.11ac VHT80_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch58_Sample YAGEO_Ant1**DUT: 190612C39**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5290 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H34T60N1_0720 Medium parameters used : $f = 5290$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.808$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.004$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(5.29, 5.29, 5.29); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

- Area Scan (81x341x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.56 W/kg

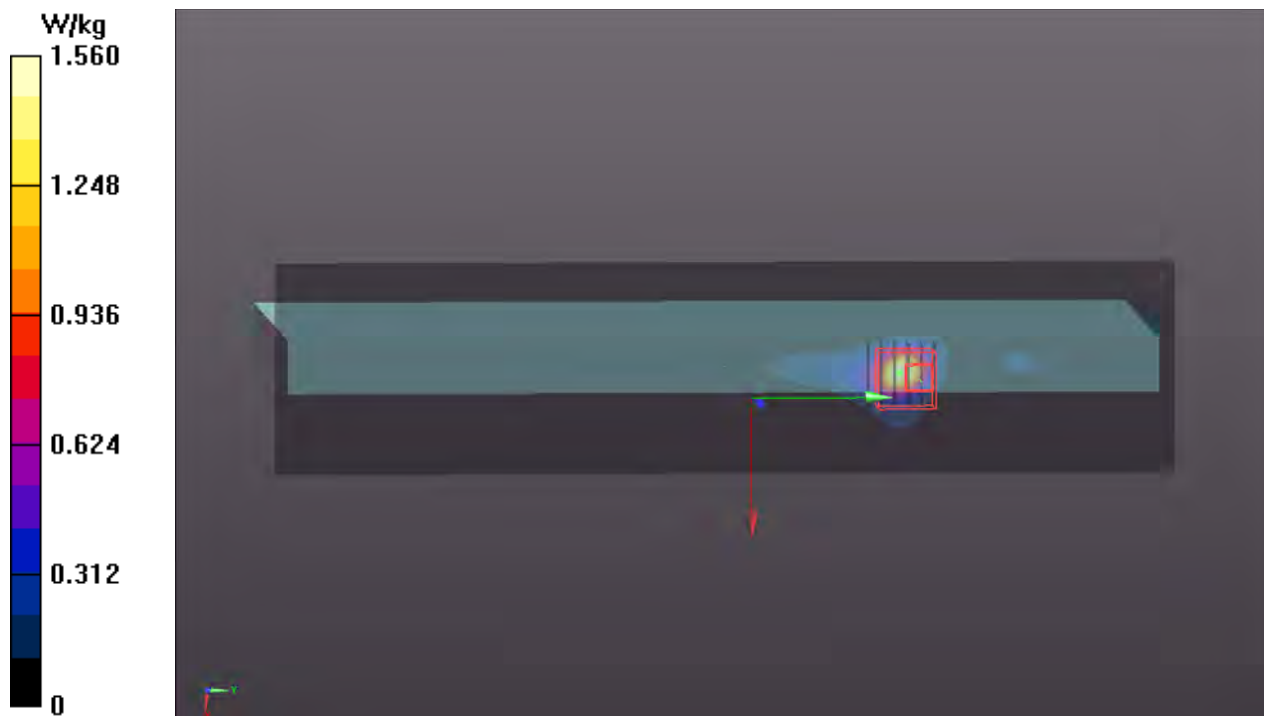
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 18.99 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.91 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.847 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.186 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.28 W/kg



P03 WLAN5.6G_802.11ac VHT80_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch106_Sample YAGEO_Ant1**DUT: 190612C39**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5530 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H34T60N1_0720 Medium parameters used : $f = 5530$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.045$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.669$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

- **Area Scan (81x341x1):** Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.62 W/kg

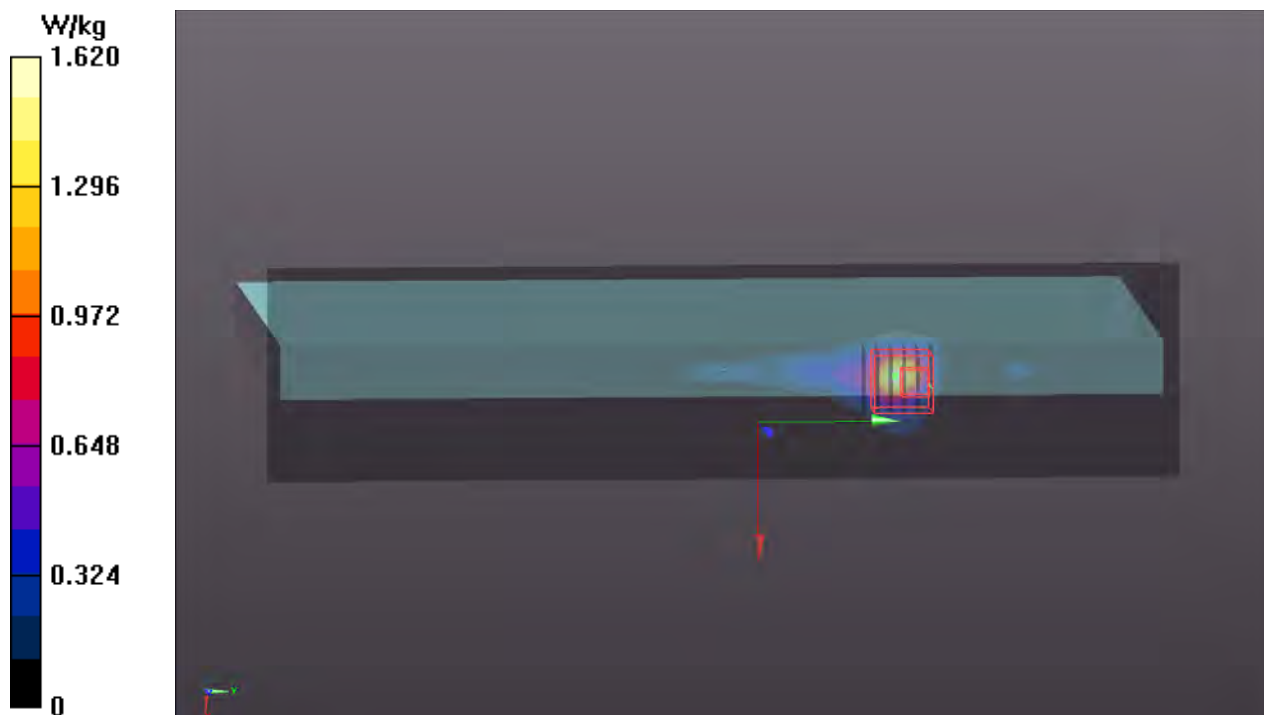
- **Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 17.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.83 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.680 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.160 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.13 W/kg



P04 WLAN5.8G_802.11ac VHT80_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch155_Sample YAGEO_Ant1**DUT: 190612C39**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H34T60N1_0720 Medium parameters used: $f = 5775$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.292$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.303$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

- **Area Scan (81x341x1):** Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.23 W/kg

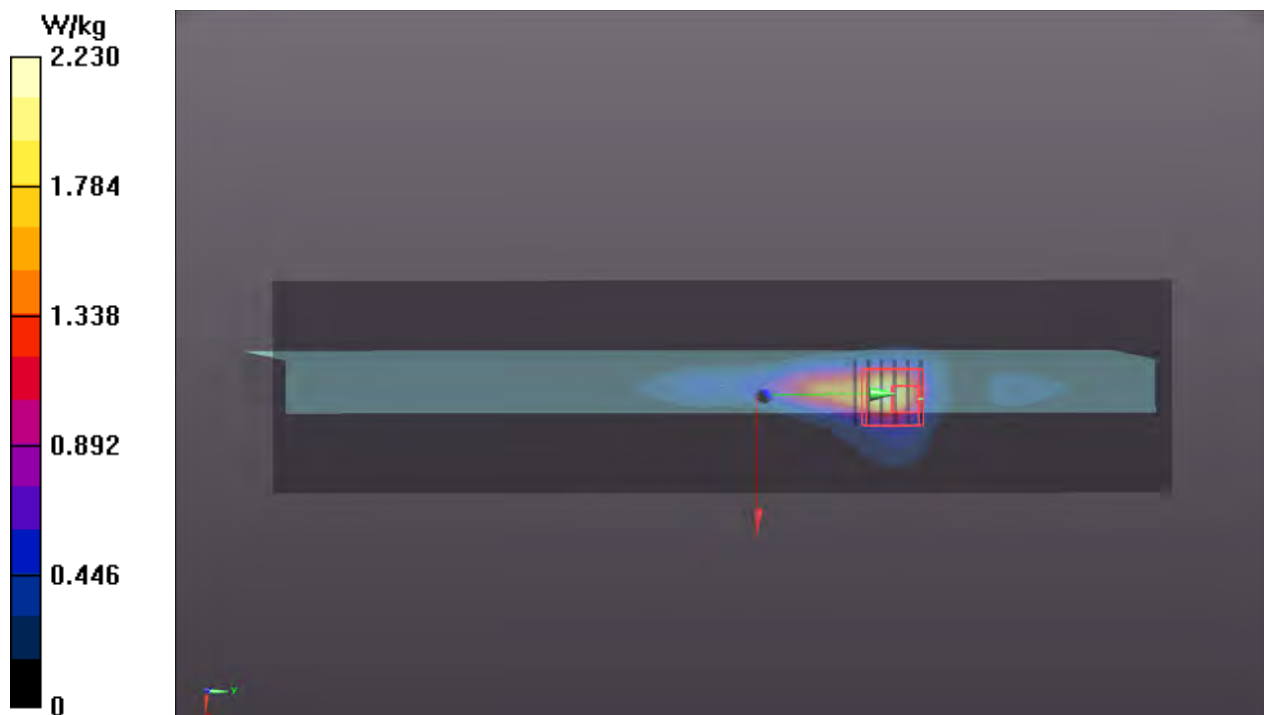
- **Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 19.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.86 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.788 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.235 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.26 W/kg



P05 BT_BDR_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch78_Sample YAGEO_Ant1**DUT: 190612C39**

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H19T27N1_0719 Medium parameters used: $f = 2480$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.91$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.315$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

- Area Scan (71x291x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200$ mm, $dy=1.200$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0180 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 3.377 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0410 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.012 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00359 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0263 W/kg

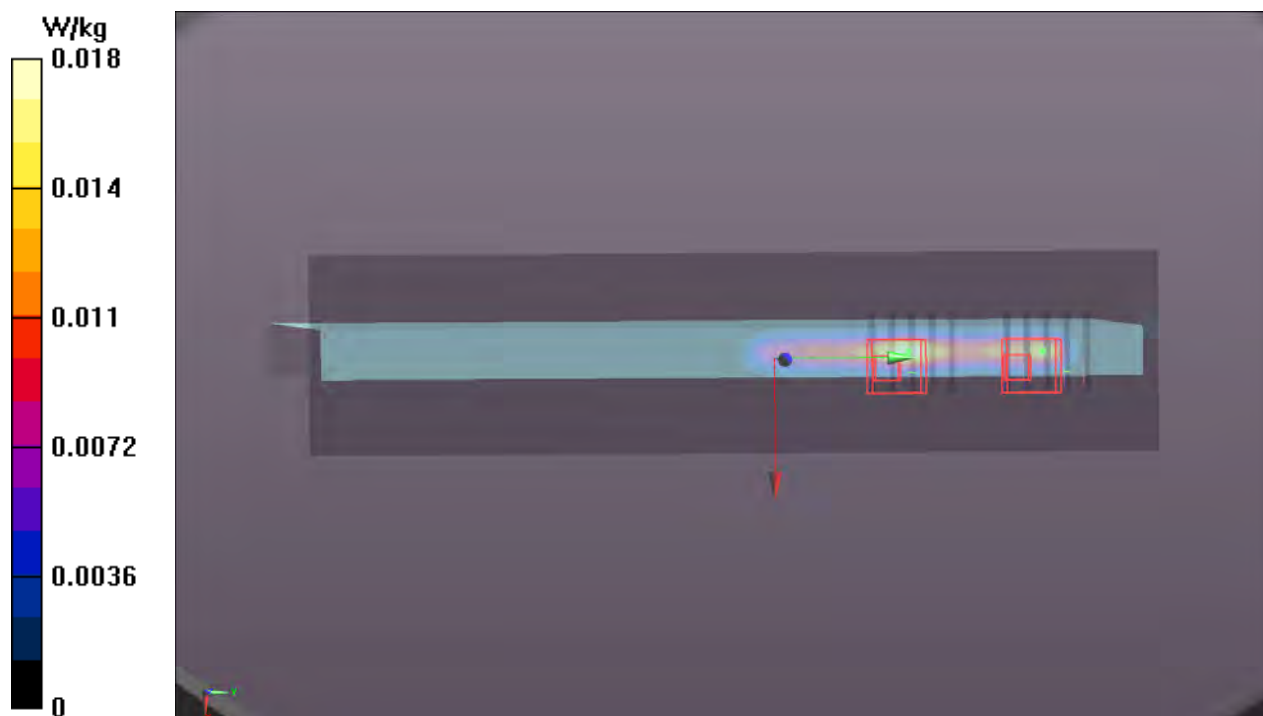
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 3.377 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0370 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00594 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00168 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0210 W/kg



P06 WLAN2.4G_802.11b_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch1_Sample HTK_Ant0+1**DUT: 190612C39**

Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H19T27N1_0720 Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.835$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.865$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

- Area Scan (71x291x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.951 W/kg

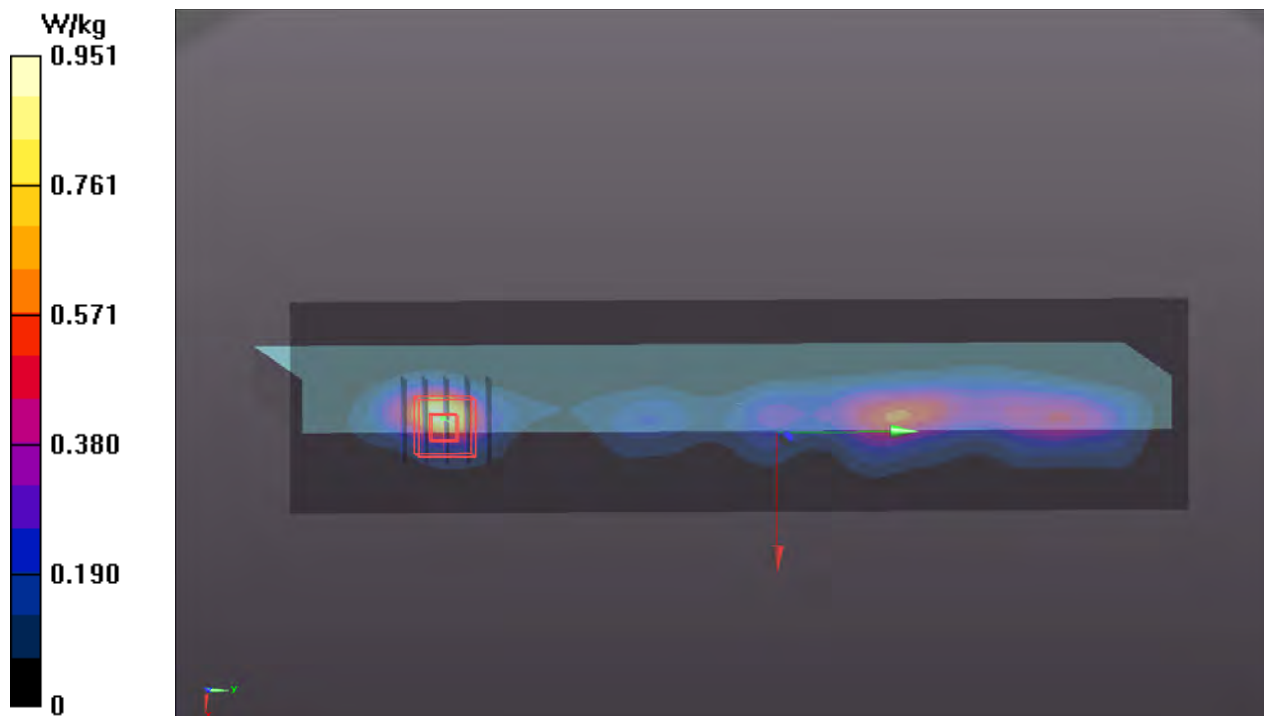
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.666 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.281 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.996 W/kg



P07 WLAN5.3G_802.11ac VHT80_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch58_Sample HTK_Ant1**DUT: 190612C39**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5290 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H34T60N1_0721 Medium parameters used: $f = 5290$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.8$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.818$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(5.29, 5.29, 5.29); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

- Area Scan (81x341x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.778 W/kg

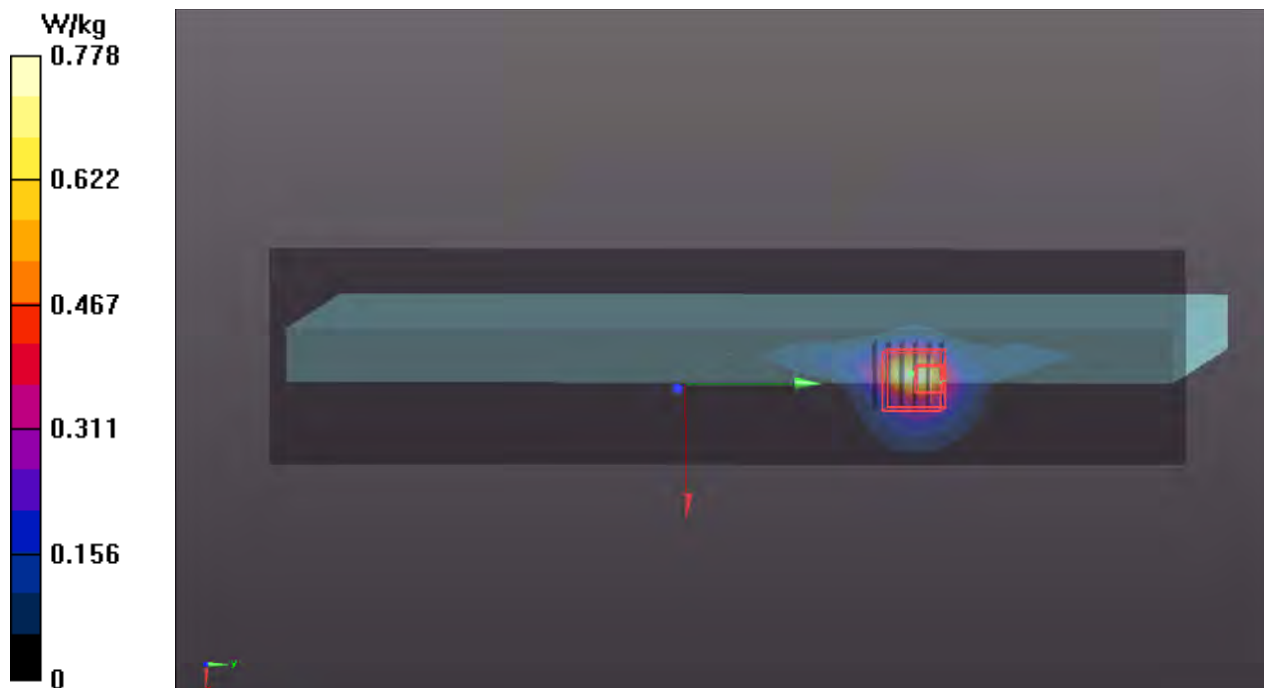
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 10.90 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.774 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.160 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.24 W/kg



P08 WLAN5.6G_802.11ac VHT80_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch106_Sample HTK_Ant1**DUT: 190612C39**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5530 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H34T60N1_0721 Medium parameters used: $f = 5530$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.091$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

- Area Scan (81x341x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.599 W/kg

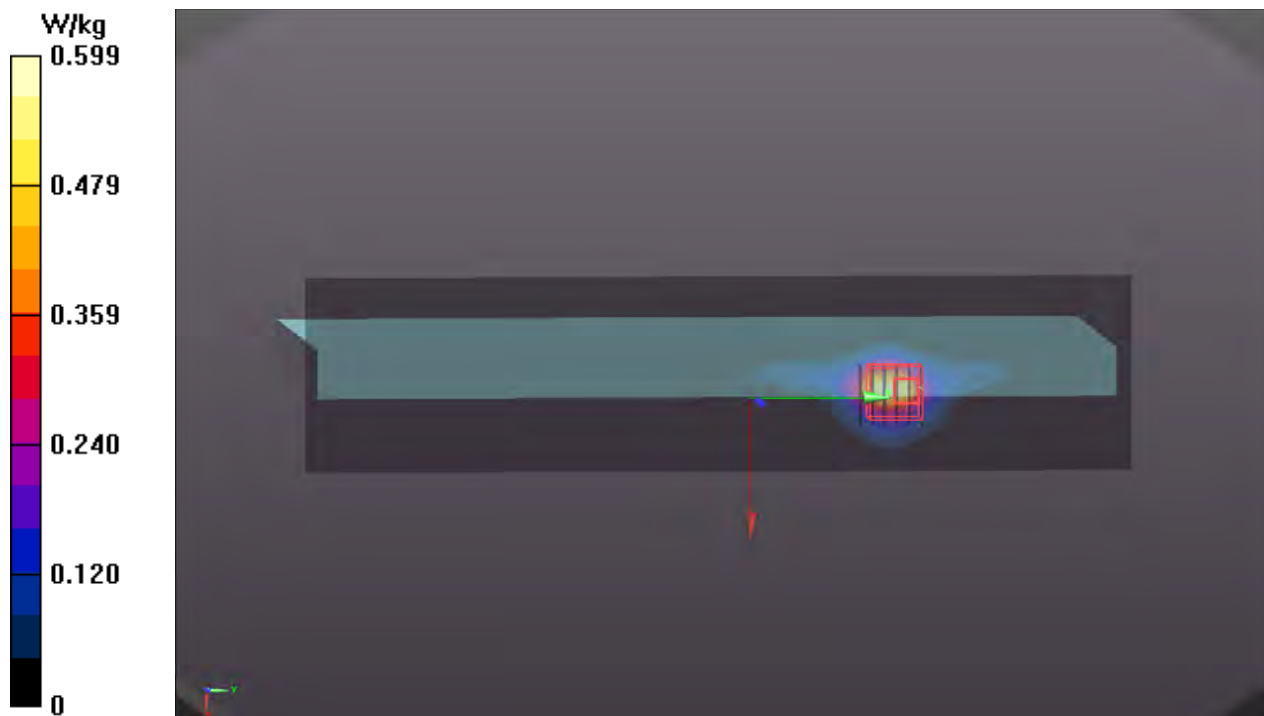
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 9.568 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.663 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.145 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.05 W/kg



**P09 WLAN5.8G_802.11ac VHT80_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch155_Sample
HTK_Ant1****DUT: 190612C39**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H34T60N1_0721 Medium parameters used: $f = 5775$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.386$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.783$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

- **Area Scan (81x341x1):** Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.742 W/kg

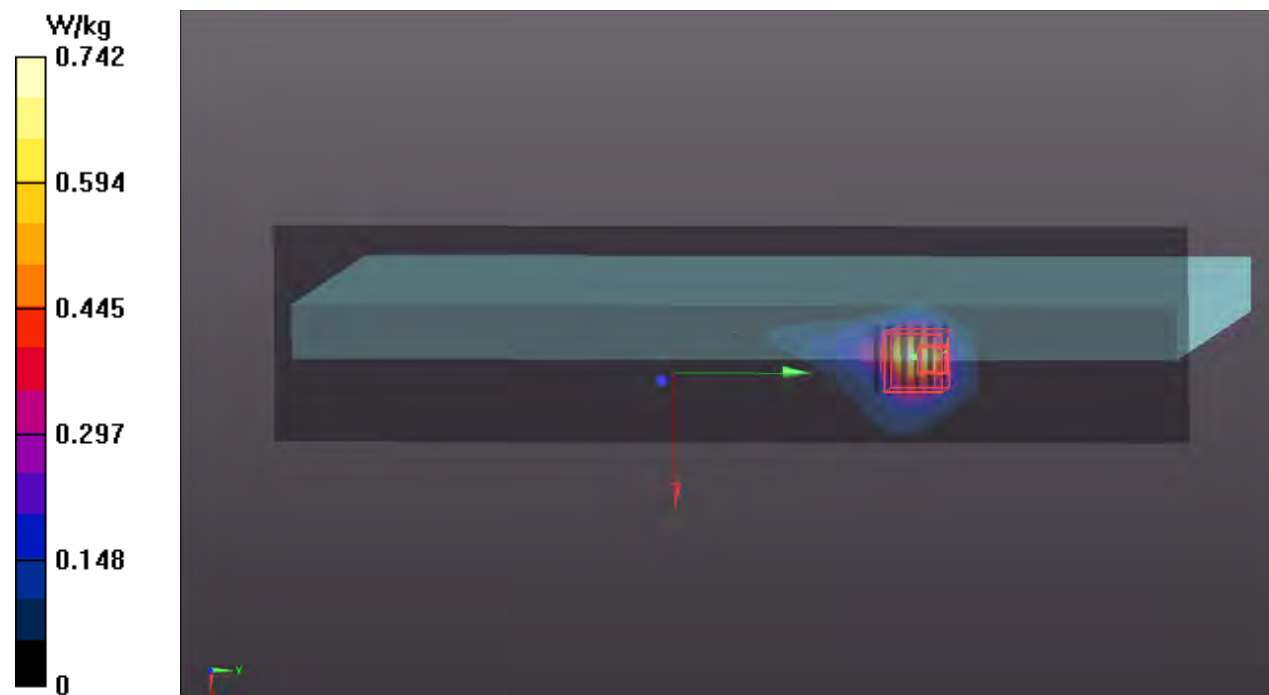
- **Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 9.531 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.80 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.666 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.170 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.06 W/kg



P10 BT_BDR_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch78_Sample HTK_Ant1**DUT: 190612C39**

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H19T27N1_0720 Medium parameters used: $f = 2480$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.905$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.622$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

- Area Scan (71x291x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200$ mm, $dy=1.200$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0222 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 2.836 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0460 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.017 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00492 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0271 W/kg

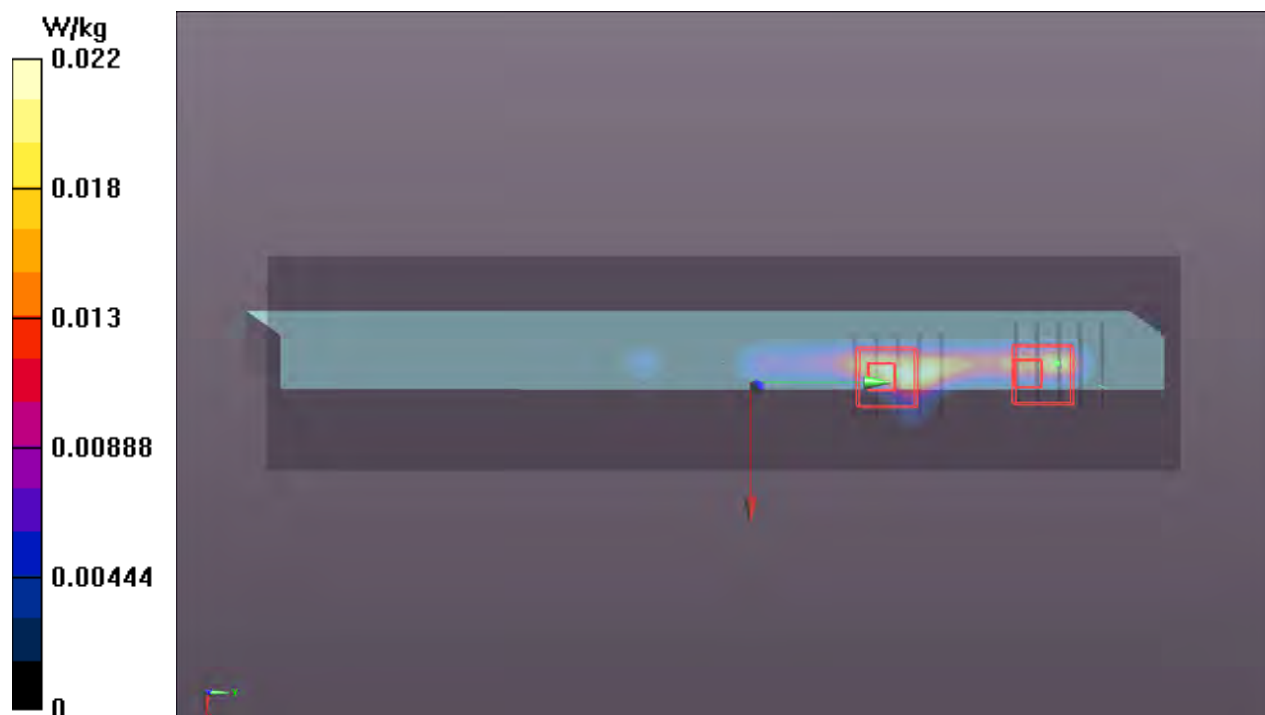
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 2.836 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0290 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00462 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00137 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0149 W/kg



P11 WLAN2.4G_802.11b_Bottom_0mm_Ch6_Sample YAGEO_Ant0+1**DUT: 190612C39**

Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H19T27N3_0723 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.871$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.387$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

- Area Scan (71x291x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.140 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.371 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.161 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.090 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.046 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.131 W/kg

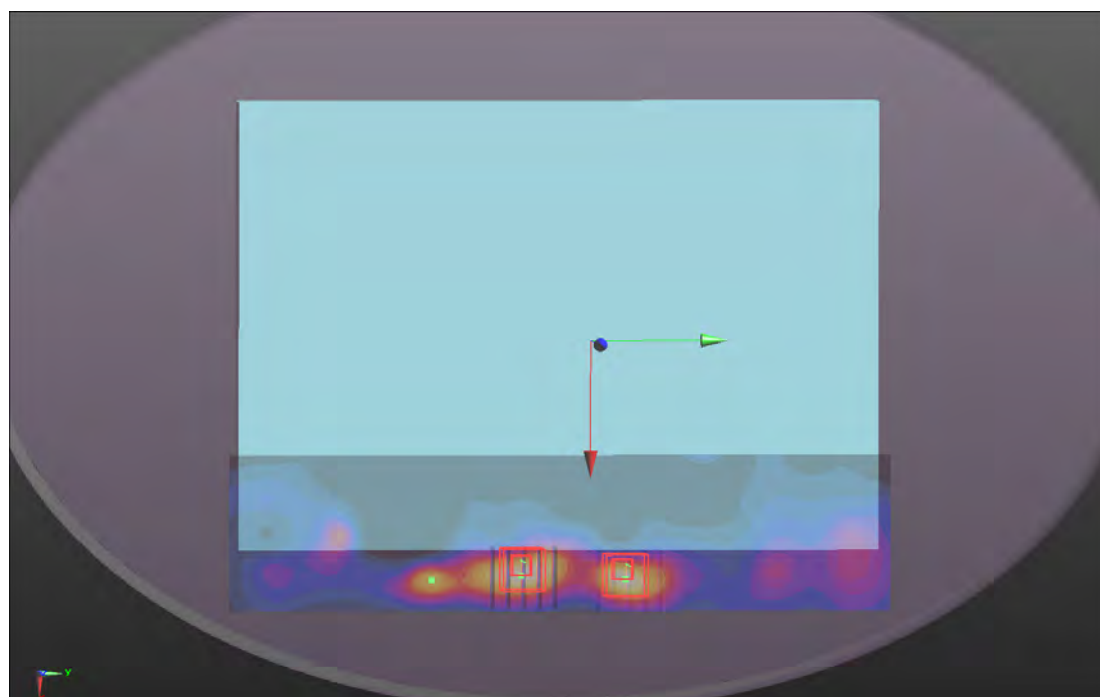
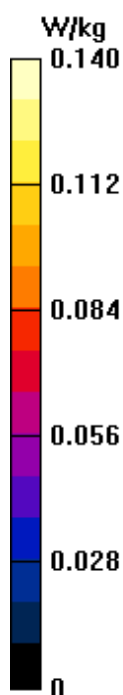
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.371 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.208 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.113 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.058 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.169 W/kg



P12 WLAN5.3G_802.11ac VHT80_Bottom_0mm_Ch58_Sample YAGEO_Ant1**DUT: 190612C39**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5290 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H34T60N1_0722 Medium parameters used: $f = 5290$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.8$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.818$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(5.29, 5.29, 5.29); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

- Area Scan (81x341x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.133 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 5.598 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.315 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.090 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.026 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.206 W/kg



P13 WLAN5.6G_802.11ac VHT80_Bottom_0mm_Ch138_Sample YAGEO_Ant0**DUT: 190612C39**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5530 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H34T60N1_0722 Medium parameters used: $f = 5530$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.091$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

- Area Scan (81x341x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.428 W/kg

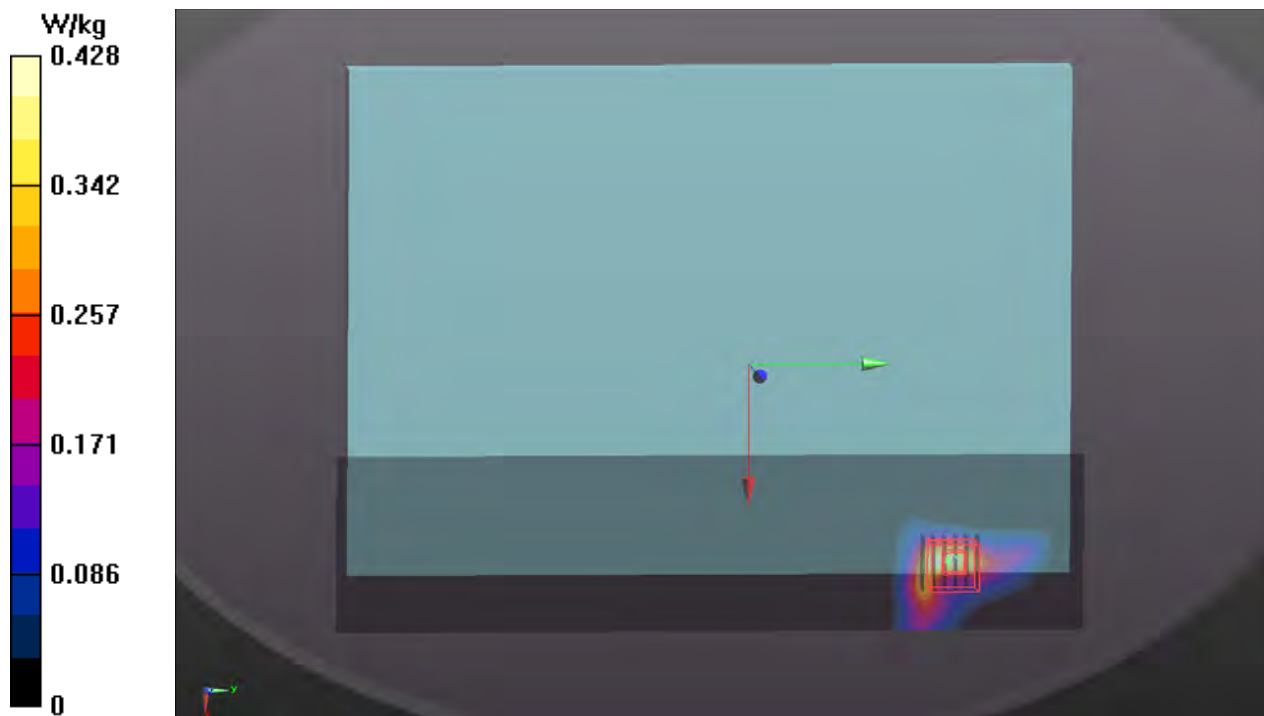
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 7.119 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.767 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.143 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.044 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.358 W/kg



P14 WLAN5.8G_802.11ac VHT80_Bottom_0mm_Ch155_Sample YAGEO_Ant0**DUT: 190612C39**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H34T60N1_0722 Medium parameters used: $f = 5775$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.386$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.783$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

- Area Scan (81x341x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.531 W/kg

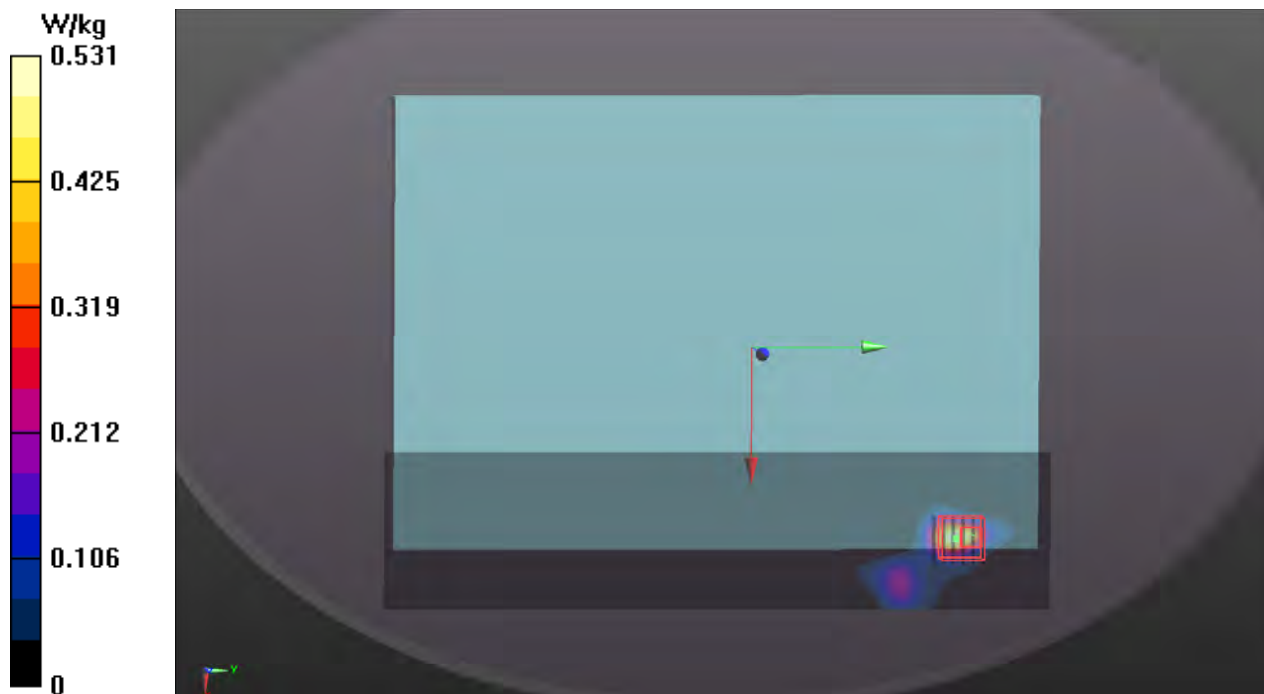
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 8.969 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.542 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.122 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.029 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.369 W/kg



P15 WLAN2.4G_802.11b_Bottom_0mm_Ch1_Sample HTK_Ant0+1**DUT: 190612C39**

Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H19T27N3_0723 Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.844$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.508$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.1 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

- Area Scan (71x291x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.183 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.430 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.192 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.111 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.060 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.162 W/kg

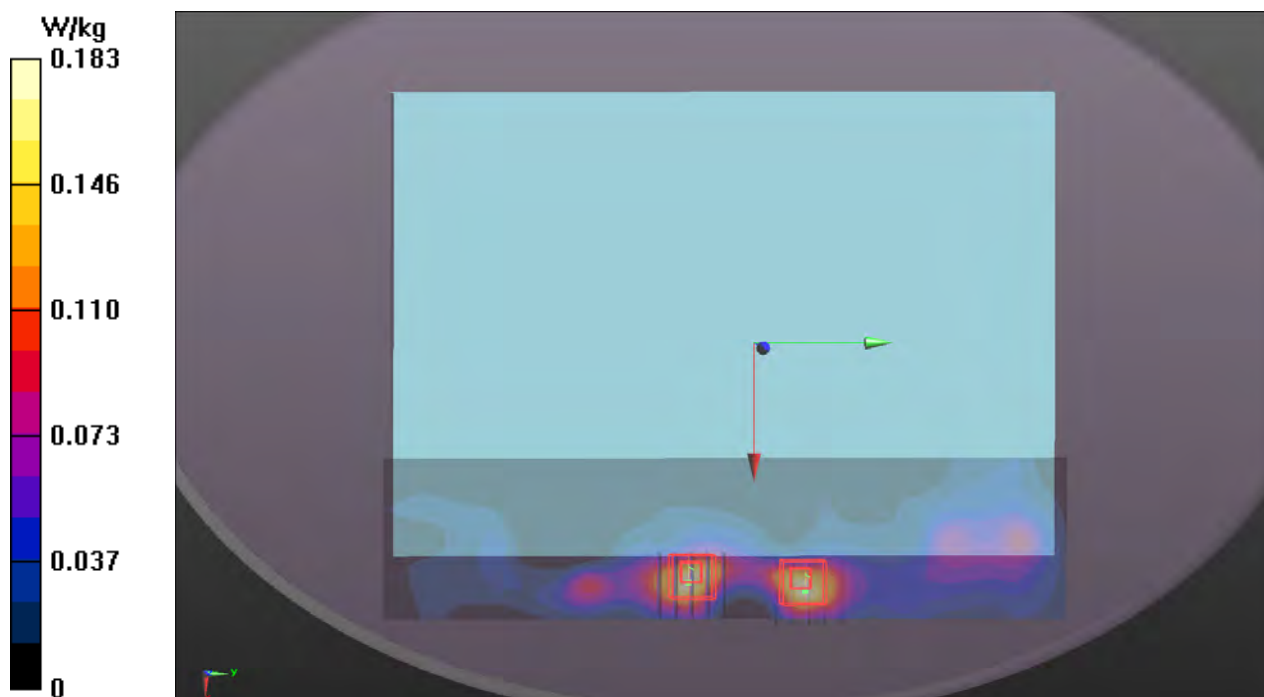
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.430 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.240 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.134 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.197 W/kg



P16 WLAN5.3G_802.11ac VHT80_Bottom_0mm_Ch58_Sample HTK_Ant1**DUT: 190612C39**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5290 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H34T60N1_0722 Medium parameters used: $f = 5290$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.8$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.818$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(5.29, 5.29, 5.29); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

- Area Scan (81x341x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.138 W/kg

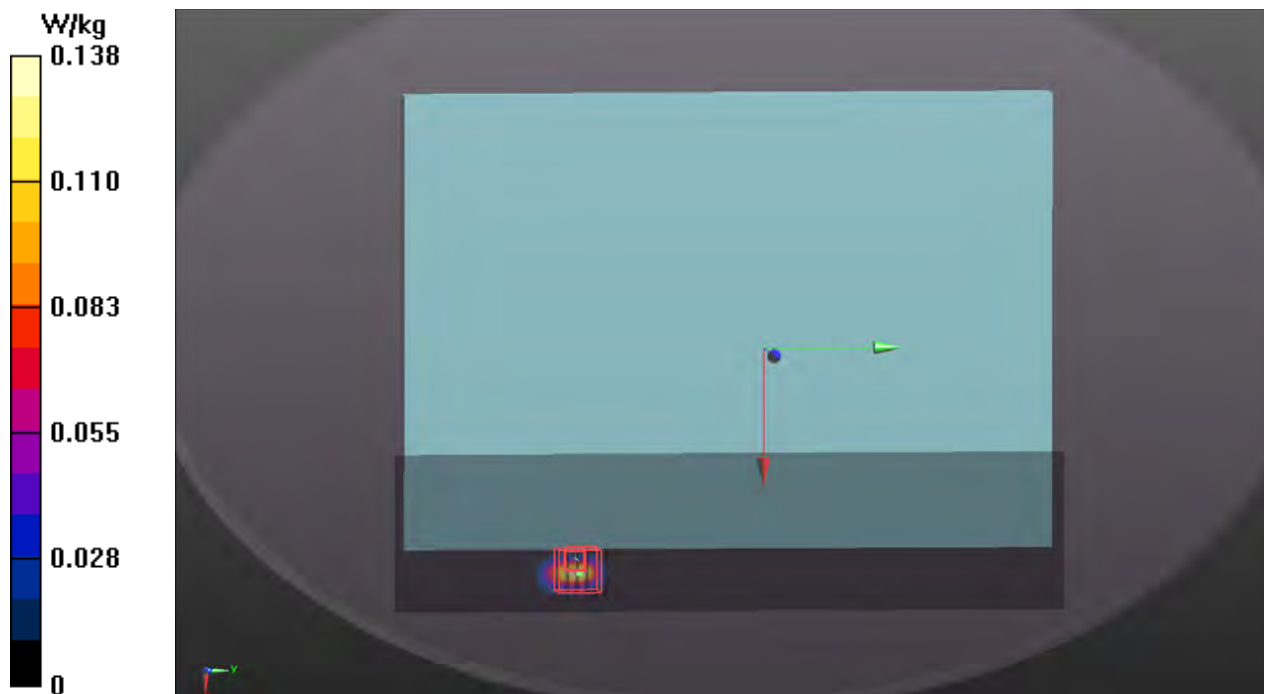
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 4.850 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.248 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.074 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.023 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.174 W/kg



P17 WLAN5.6G_802.11ac VHT80_Bottom_0mm_Ch138_Sample HTK_Ant0+1**DUT: 190612C39**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5690 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H34T60N1_0722 Medium parameters used: $f = 5690$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.288$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.502$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

- Area Scan (81x341x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.510 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 8.948 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.559 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.141 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.045 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.382 W/kg

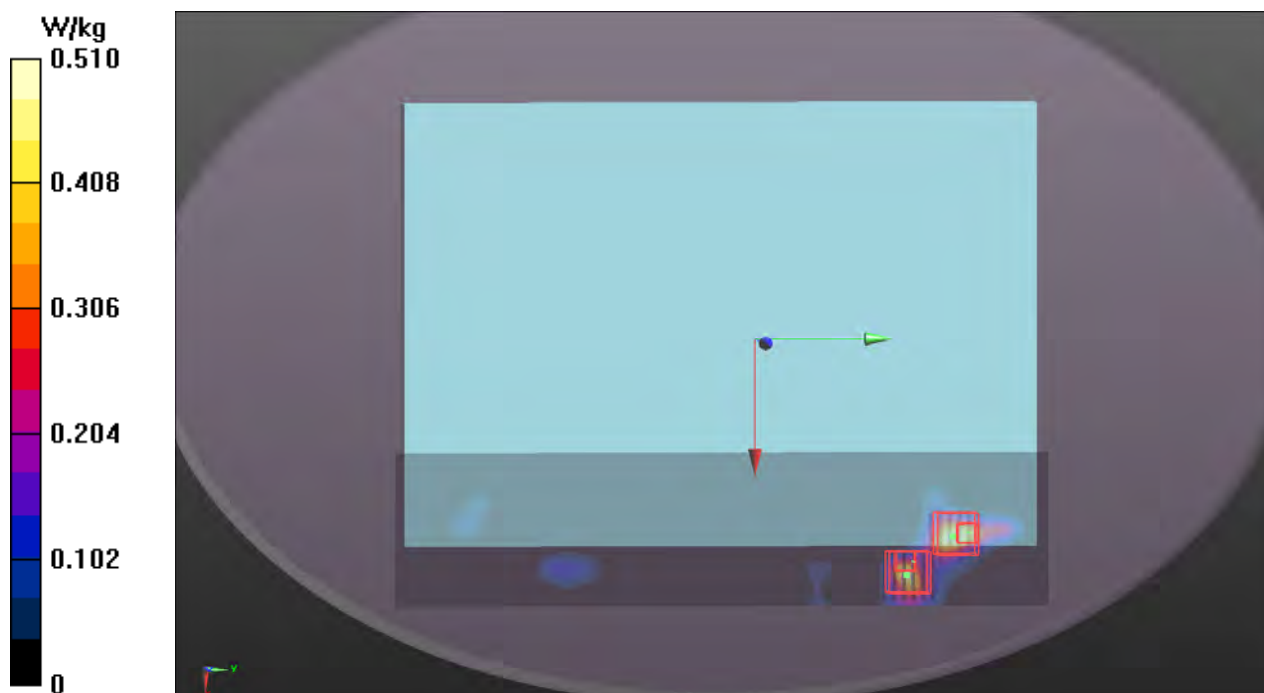
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 8.948 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.592 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.151 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.052 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.337 W/kg



P18 WLAN5.8G_802.11ac VHT80_Bottom_0mm_Ch155_Sample HTK_Ant0+1**DUT: 190612C39**

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H34T60N1_0722 Medium parameters used: $f = 5775$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.322$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.371$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 23.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 2018/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1277; Calibrated: 2019/01/24
- Phantom: ELI Phantom_1204; Type: QDOVA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

- Area Scan (81x341x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.280 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 7.868 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.541 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.095 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.026 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.287 W/kg

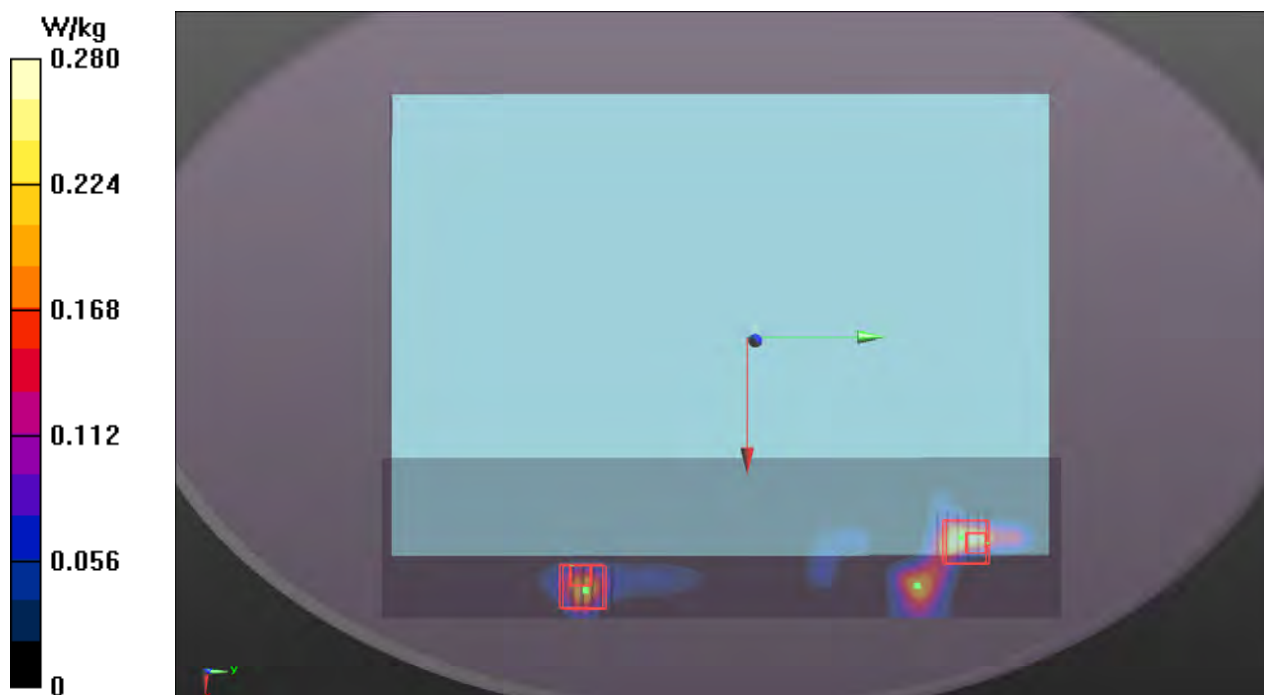
- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 7.868 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.294 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.075 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.025 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.189 W/kg



Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole

The SPEAG calibration certificates are shown as follows.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **B.V. ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-737_Aug18**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN:737**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v10**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: **August 24, 2018**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	30-Dec-17 (No. EX3-7349_Dec17)	Dec-18
DAE4	SN: 601	26-Oct-17 (No. DAE4-601_Oct17)	Oct-18
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18

Calibrated by: **Manu Seitz** **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**

Signature

Issued: August 24, 2018

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