# Report on the RF Testing of:

**KYOCERA** Corporation

Mobile Phone, Model: EB1135

FCC ID: JOYEB1135

# In accordance with FCC Part 24 Subpart E

Prepared for: **KYOCERA** Corporation

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# COMMERCIAL-IN-CONFIDENCE

Document Number: JPD-TR-22084-0

# **SIGNATURE** Kiroah Suguh NAME **JOB TITLE RESPONSIBLE FOR ISSUE DATE** 2022,04,20

Signatures in this approval box have checked this document in line with the requirements of TÜV SÜD Japan Ltd. document control rules.

Deputy Manager of RF Group

**EXECUTIVE SUMMARY - Result: Complied** 

Hiroaki Suzuki

A sample(s) of this product was tested and the result above was confirmed in accordance with FCC Part 24 Subpart E.



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# 1 Summary of Test

# 1.1 Modification history of the test report

Document Number	Modification History	Issue Date
JPD-TR-22084-0	First Issue	Refer to the cover page

### 1.2 Standards

CFR47 FCC Part 24 Subpart E

#### 1.3 Test methods

KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01 ANSI/TIA/EIA 603-E-2016 ANSI C63.26-2015

# 1.4 Deviation from standards

None

# 1.5 List of applied test(s) of the EUT

Test item section	Test item	Condition	Result	Remark
2.1046	Conducted Output Power	Conducted	PASS	*1
24.232(c)	Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power	Radiated	PASS	-
24.232(d)	Peak to Average Ratio	Conducted	PASS	-
24.238(a) 2.1049	` / I Occupied Bandwigth		PASS	-
24.238(a) 2.1051	Band Edge Spurious and Harmonic at Antenna Terminal	Conducted	PASS	-
24.238(a) 2.1053	` '		PASS	-
24.235 2.1055	Frequency Stability	Conducted	PASS	-

<sup>\*1:</sup> Refer to RF Exposure Report (Test Report\_SAR)

#### 1.6 Test information

None

#### 1.7 Test set up

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# 1.8 Test period

22-February-2022 - 9-April-2022



# 2 Equipment Under Test

All information in this chapter was provided by the applicant.

#### 2.1 EUT information

Applicant KYOCERA Corporation

Yokohama Office 2-1-1 Kagahara, Tsuzuki-ku Yokohama-shi,

Kanagawa, Japan

Phone: +81-45-943-6253 Fax: +81-45-943-6314

Equipment Under Test (EUT) Mobile Phone

Model number EB1135

Serial number RF7, RF8, RF9

Trade name Kyocera

Number of sample(s) 3

EUT condition Pre-Production

Power rating Battery: DC 3.8 V

Size (W) 112.9 mm  $\times$  (D) 51.3 mm  $\times$  (H) 18.0 mm

Environment Indoor and Outdoor use

Terminal limitation -20 °C to 60 °C

Hardware version DMT1

Software version nightly\_20220208
Firmware version Not applicable

RF Specification

Frequency of Operation Up Link

GSM1900: 1850.2-1909.8 MHz

Down Link

GSM1900: 1930.2-1989.8 MHz

Modulation type GSM1900: GMSK

Emission designator GSM1900: 244KGXW

Equivalent Isotropic Radiated

Power (E.I.R.P)

GSM1900: 1.8197 W (32 6 dBm)

Antenna type Internal antenna
Antenna gain GSM1900: 0.94 dBi



#### 2.2 Modification to the EUT

The table below details modifications made to the EUT during the test project.

Modification State Description of Modification		Modification fitted by	Date of Modification
Model: EB1135, Se			
0	As supplied by the applicant	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

# 2.3 Variation of family model(s)

### 2.3.1 List of family model(s)

EB1135 has model with camera and without camera.

#### 2.3.2 Reason for selection of EUT

Not applicable

# 2.4 Description of test mode

The EUT had been tested under operating condition. There are three channels have been tested as following:

Band	Modulation	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	
GSM1900	GMSK	512, 661, 810	1850.2, 1880.0, 1909.8	

The field strength of spurious emissions was measured at each position of all three axis X, Y and Z to compare the level, and the maximum noise.

The worst emission was found in X-axis, Open, With camera and the worst case recorded. Pre-scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports.



# **3** Configuration of Equipment

Numbers assigned to equipment on the diagram in "3.2 System configuration" correspond to the list in "3.1 Equipment used".

This test configuration is based on the manufacture's instruction.

Cabling and setup(s) were taken into consideration and test data was taken under worse case condition.

# 3.1 Equipment used

No.	Equipment	Company	Model No.	Serial No.	FCC ID/DoC	Comment
1	Mobile Phone	KYOCERA	EB1135	RF7, RF8, RF9	JOYEB1135	EUT

# 3.2 System configuration

1. Mobile Phone (EUT)	



# 4 Test Result

### 4.1 Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power

### 4.1.1 Measurement procedure

### [FCC 24.232(c)]

### <Step 1>

The EUT and support equipment are placed on a 0.6 meter x 0.6 meter surface, 1.5 meter height styrene foam table. Radiated emission measurements are performed at 3 meter distance with the broadband antenna (double ridged guide antenna). The antenna is positioned both the horizontal and vertical planes of polarization and height is varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at height producing the maximum emission.

The bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer is set to 1 MHz. The turntable is rotated by 360 degrees and stopped at azimuth of producing the maximum emission.

## <Step 2>

The substitution antenna is replaced by the transmitter antenna (EUT).

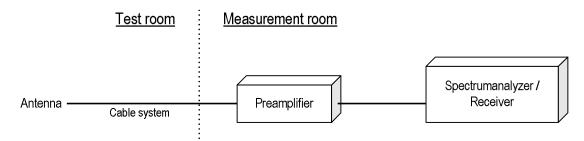
The frequency of the signal generator is adjusted to the measurement frequency.

Level of the signal generator is adjusted to the level that is obtained from step 1, and record the emission level of signal generator.

The spectrum analyzer is set to;

- a) Span = 1.5 times the OBW
- b) RBW = 1-5% of the expected OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz
- c) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW
- d) Number of sweep points ≥ 2 x span / RBW
- e) Sweep time = auto-couple
- f) Detector = RMS (power averaging)
- g) If the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., burst duty cycle ≥ 98%), then set the trigger to free run.
- h) If the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., burst duty cycle < 98 %), then use a sweep trigger with the level set to enable triggering only on full power bursts and configure the EUT to transmit at full power for the entire duration of each sweep. Ensure that the sweep time is less than or equal to the transmission burst duration.
- i) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode.
- j) Compute the power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function, with the band limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the spectrum levels (in linear power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.

### - Test configuration





#### 4.1.2 Calculation method

Result (EIRP) = Ant. Input - Cable loss + Antenna Gain Margin = Limit - Result (EIRP)

Example:

Limit @ 1880 MHz: 33.0 dBm

Ant. Input = 25.0 dBm Cable loss = 1.1dB Ant. Gain = 4.7 dBi

Result = 25.0 - 1.1 + 4.7 = 28.6 dBm

Margin = 33.0 - 28.6 = 4.4 dB

#### 4.1.3 Limit

2 W (33 dBm)

#### 4.1.4 Test data

Date : 22~23-February-2022

Temperature : 22.1 [°C]

Humidity : 19.8 [%] Test engineer

Test place : 3m Semi-anechoic chamber <u>Chiaki Kanno</u>

Date : 25~26-February-2022

Temperature : 22.1 [°C]

Humidity : 23.2 [%] Test engineer

[GSM1900 - X-axis, Open, With camera]

 		-, ,	1 11 11 11 11 11					
H/V	Frequency [MHz]	S.A Reading [dBm]	Ant. Input [dBm]	Cable loss [dB]	Ant.Gain [dBi]	Result [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
Н	1850.2	-27.6	28.9	1.1	4.9	32.6	33.0	0.4
Н	1880.0	-29.1	27.8	1.1	4.8	31.4	33.0	1.6
Н	1909.8	-29.5	27.7	1.2	4.6	31.1	33.0	1.9



# 4.2 Peak to Average Ratio

# 4.2.1 Measurement procedure

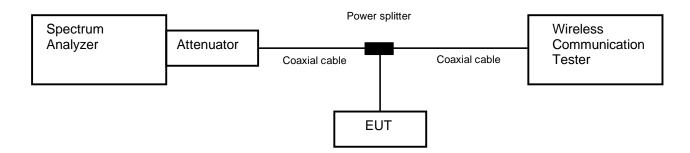
# [FCC 24.232(d)]

The peak to average ratio was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal.

The spectrum analyzer is set to;

# [GSM1900]

- a) Span = 5 MHz
- b) RBW = 1 MHz
- c) VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
- d) Detector = Peak / Average
- e) Sweep time = auto-couple
- f) Trace mode=Max hold
  - Test configuration



#### 4.2.2 Limit

13 dB or less



#### 4.2.3 **Measurement result**

: 8-April-2022 Date

Temperature : 22.5 [°C]
Humidity : 29.1 [%]
Test place : Shielded room No.4 Kazunori Saito

Test engineer

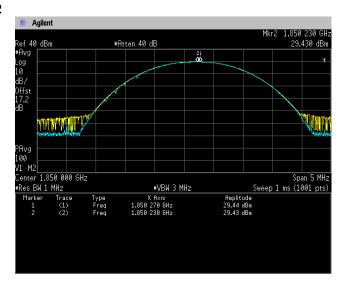
Band	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Peak to Average Power Ratio [dB]	Limit [dB]
	512	1850.2	0.01	
GSM1900	661	1880.0	0.01	13.0
	810	1909.8	0.01	



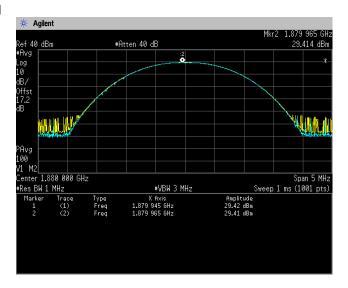
# 4.2.4 Trace data

# [GSM1900]

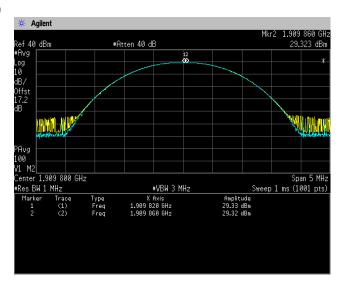
Channel: 512



#### Channel: 661



#### Channel: 810





#### 4.3 **Occupied Bandwidth**

#### 4.3.1 Measurement procedure

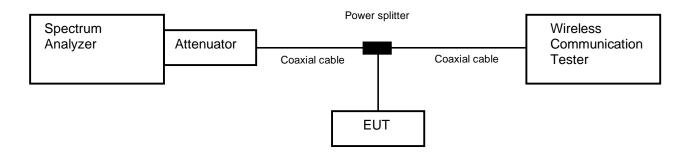
# [FCC 24.238(a), 2.1049]

The Occupied bandwidth was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal.

The spectrum analyzer is set to;

- RBW = 1-5% of the expected OBW & VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW
- b) Detector = Peak
- Trace mode = Max hold c)
- d) Sweep time = auto-couple

### - Test configuration



#### 4.3.2 Limit

None

#### 4.3.3 Measurement result

Date 8-April-2022 Temperature 22.5 [°C]

Humidity 29.1 [%]

Test engineer Test place Shielded room No.4 Kazunori Saito

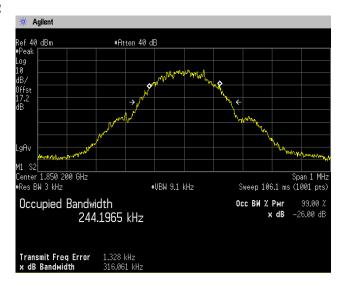
Band	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Test Result [kHz]	
	512	1850.2	244.1965	
GSM1900	661	1880.0	243.7135	
	810	1909.8	243.9229	



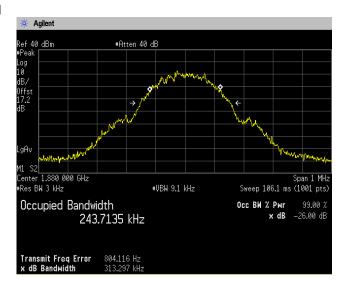
# 4.3.4 Trace data

# [GSM1900]

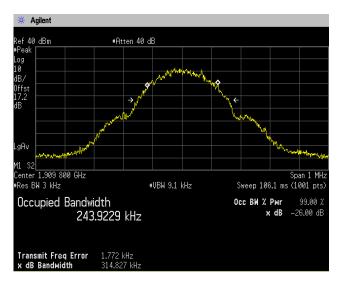
Channel: 512



#### Channel: 661



#### Channel: 810





# 4.4 Band Edge Spurious and Harmonic at Antenna Terminals

#### 4.4.1 Measurement procedure

#### [FCC 24.238(a), 2.1051]

The band edge spurious and harmonic was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal.

The spectrum analyzer is set to;

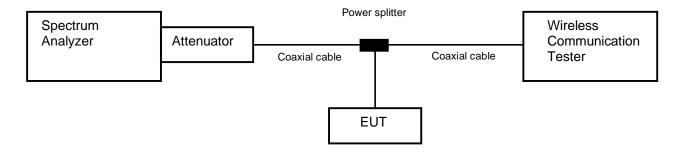
### <Band Edge>

- a) Span was set large enough so as to capture all out of band emissions near the band edge
- b) RBW ≥ 1% of the emission bandwidth or 2% of the emission bandwidth
- c) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW
- d) Detector = RMS
- e) Trace mode = Max hold
- f) Sweep time = auto-couple
- g) Number of sweep point ≥ 2 x span / RBW

#### <Spurious Emissions>

- a) RBW =  $1MHz \& VBW \ge 3 \times RBW$
- b) Detector = Peak
- c) Trace mode = Max hold
- d) Sweep time = auto-couple
- e) Number of sweep point ≥ 2 x span / RBW

#### - Test configuration



## 4.4.2 Limit

-13 dBm or less



# 4.4.3 Measurement result

Date : 8-April-2022 Temperature : 22.5 [°C] Humidity : 29.1 [%]

Test place : Shielded room No.4

Test engineer

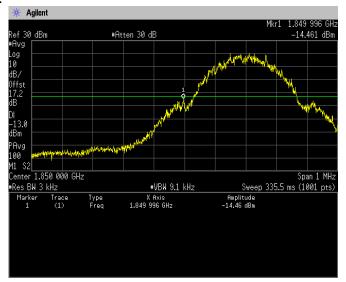
Kazunori Saito

Band	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Limit [dBm]	Results	
GSM1900	512	1850.2	-13.0	See the trace data	PASS
G3W11900	810	1909.8	-13.0	See the trace data	PASS

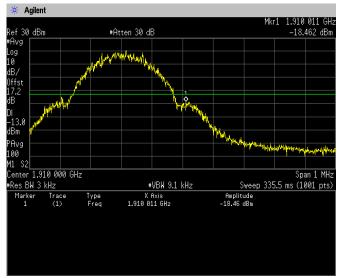
#### 4.4.4 Trace data

[GSM1900] (Band Edge)

Channel: 512



Channel: 810



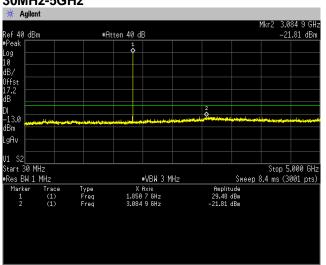


Japan

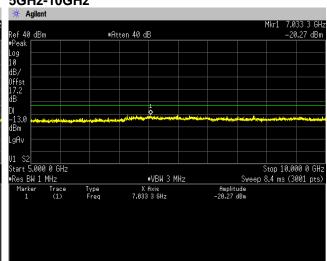
# (Spurious Emissions)

Note: Conducted spurious test was measured in the worst case of conducted output power.

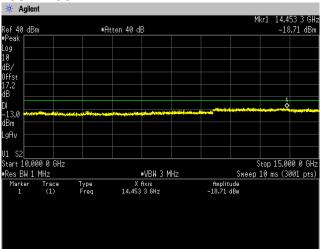
# Channel: 512 30MHz-5GHz



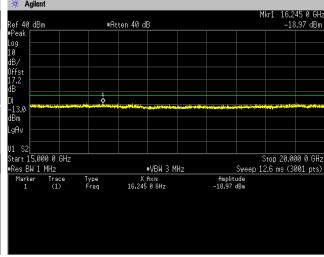
#### 5GHz-10GHz



#### 10GHz-15GHz



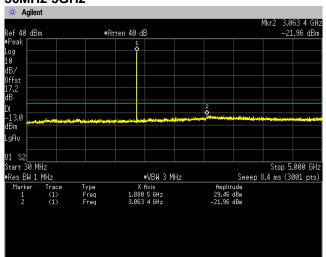
#### 15GHz-20GHz



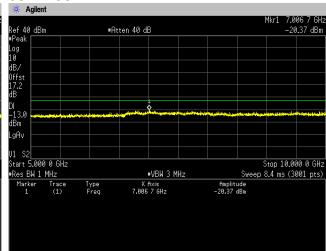


Japan

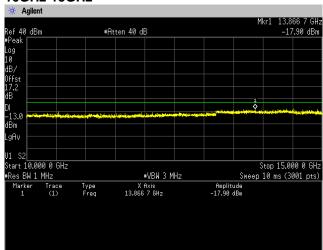
Channel: 661 30MHz-5GHz



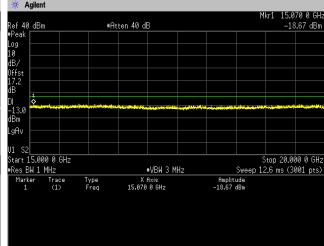
# 5GHz-10GHz



# 10GHz-15GHz



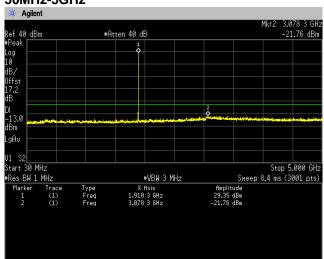
#### 15GHz-20GHz



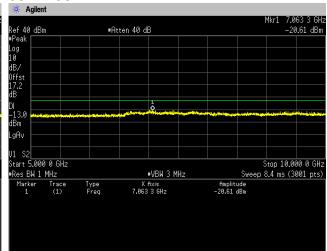


Japan

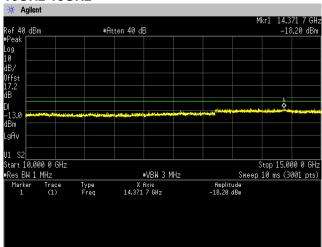
Channel: 810 30MHz-5GHz



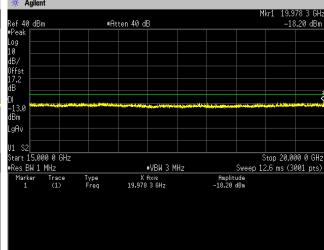
# 5GHz-10GHz



# 10GHz-15GHz



#### 15GHz-20GHz





#### 4.5 Radiated Emissions and Harmonic Emissions

#### 4.5.1 Measurement procedure

# [FCC 24.238(a), 2.1053]

### <Step 1>

The EUT and support equipment are placed on a 1 meter x 1 meter surface, 0.8 meter height (Below 1GHz) or 0.6 meter x 0.6 meter surface, 1.5 meter height (Above 1GHz) styrene foam table. Radiated emission measurements are performed at 3 meter distance with the broadband antenna (Biconical antenna, Log periodic antenna and double ridged guide antenna). The antenna is positioned both the horizontal and vertical planes of polarization and height is varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at height producing the maximum emission.

The bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer is set to 1 MHz. The turntable is rotated by 360 degrees and stopped at azimuth of producing the maximum emission. The frequency is investigated up to 20 GHz.

#### <Step 2>

The substitution antenna is replaced by the transmitter antenna (EUT).

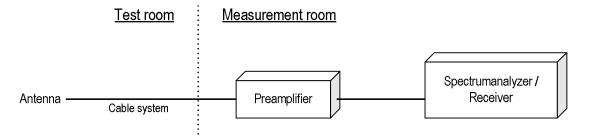
The frequency of the signal generator is adjusted to the measurement frequency.

Level of the signal generator is adjusted to the level that is obtained from step 1, and record the emission level of signal generator.

The spectrum analyzer is set to;

- a) RBW = 100 kHz for below 1 GHz and 1 MHz for above 1 GHz / VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
- b) Detector = Peak
- c) Trace mode = Max hold
- d) Sweep time = auto-couple

# - Test configuration





#### 4.5.2 Calculation method

Result (EIRP) = Ant. Input - Cable loss + Antenna Gain Margin = Limit – Result (EIRP)

Example:

Limit @ 3760.0 MHz: -13.0 dBm

Ant. Input = -55.6 dBm Cable loss = 1.6 dB Ant. Gain = 9.2 dBi

Result = -55.6 - 1.6 + 9.2 = -48.0 dBmMargin = -13.0 - (-48.0) = 35.0 dB

#### 4.5.3 Limit

-13 dBm or less

#### 4.5.4 Test data

Date 22~23-February-2022

Temperature 22.1 [°C]

Humidity 19.8 [%] Test engineer

Test place 3m Semi-anechoic chamber Chiaki Kanno

25~26-February-2022 Date

Temperature 22.1 [°C]

23.2 [%] Humidity

3m Semi-anechoic chamber Test place Chiaki Kanno

Date 28-February~1-March-2022

Temperature 22.4 [°C]

Humidity 23.1 [%] Test engineer

Test place 3m Semi-anechoic chamber Chiaki Kanno

Test engineer

# [GSM1900 - X-axis, Open, With camera]

Channel: 512

•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
H/V	Frequency [MHz]	S.A Reading [dBm]	Ant. Input [dBm]	Cable loss [dB]	Ant.Gain [dBi]	Result [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
Н	3700.4	-55.2	-53.0	1.6	8.1	-46.5	-13.0	33.5

#### Channel: 661

H/V	Frequency [MHz]	S.A Reading [dBm]	Ant. Input [dBm]	Cable loss [dB]	Ant.Gain [dBi]	Result [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]
Н	3760.0	-55.0	-52.4	1.6	8.2	-45.8	-13.0	32.8

# Channel: 810

H/V	Frequency [MHz]	S.A Reading [dBm]	Ant. Input [dBm]	Cable loss [dB]	Ant.Gain [dBi]	Result [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin [dB]	
Н	3819.6	-55.1	-52.0	1.7	8.2	-45.4	-13.0	32.4	



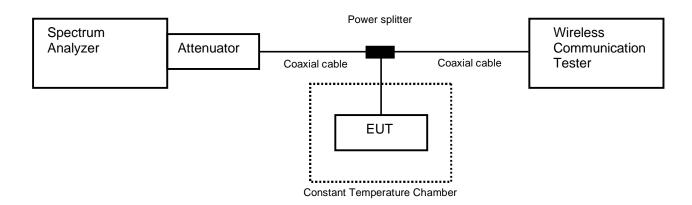
# 4.6 Frequency Stability

# 4.6.1 Measurement procedure

# [FCC 24.235, 2.1055]

The EUT was placed of an inside of a constant temperature chamber as the temperature in the chamber was varied between -30°C and +50°C. The temperature was incremented by 10°C intervals and the unit was allowed to stabilize at each measurement. The frequency drift was measured with the normal Temperature and voltage tolerance and it is presented as the ppm unit.

# - Test configuration



#### 4.6.2 Limit

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.



#### 4.6.3 **Measurement result**

Date : 9-April-2022
Temperature : 20.3 [°C]
Humidity : 27.7 [%]
Test place : Shielded room No.4

Test engineer

Kazunori Saito

# [GSM1900] Channel: 661

Power Supply	Temperature	Measurements Frequency	Frequency Tolerance	Result	
[V]	[°C]	[Hz]	[ppm]		
	25(Ref.)	1,880,000,025	0.00000	Pass	
	50	1,880,000,035	0.00527	Pass	
	40	1,880,000,033	0.00411	Pass	
	30	1,880,000,031	0.00294	Pass	
3.87	20	1,880,000,023	-0.00127	Pass	
3.07	10	1,880,000,021	-0.00196	Pass	
	0	1,880,000,018	-0.00381	Pass	
	-10	1,880,000,011	-0.00744	Pass	
	-20	1,880,000,009	-0.00881	Pass	
	-30	1,879,999,988	-0.01997	Pass	
3.48	25	1,880,000,027	0.00108	Pass	
4.26	25	1,880,000,029	0.00193	Pass	

#### Calculation;

Frequency Tolerance (ppm) = Measurements Frequency (Hz) – Reference Frequency (Hz) / Reference Frequency (Hz) x 1000000



# 5 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded uncertainties stated are calculated with a coverage Factor k=2. Please note that these results are not taken into account when measurement uncertainty considerations contained in ETSI TR 100 028 Parts 1 and 2 determining compliance or noncompliance with test result.

Test item	Measurement uncertainty
Conducted emission, AMN (9 kHz – 150 kHz)	±3.7 dB
Conducted emission, AMN (150 kHz – 30 MHz)	±3.3 dB
Radiated emission (9kHz – 30 MHz)	±3.2 dB
Radiated emission (30 MHz – 1000 MHz)	±5.5 dB
Radiated emission (1 GHz – 6 GHz)	±4.8 dB
Radiated emission (6 GHz – 18 GHz)	±4.4 dB
Radiated emission (18 GHz – 40 GHz)	±6.4 dB
Radio Frequency	±1.3 * 10 <sup>-8</sup>
RF power, conducted	±0.7 dB
Adjacent channel power	±1.5 dB
Temperature	±0.6 °C
Humidity	±1.2 %
Voltage (DC)	±0.4 %
Voltage (AC, <10kHz)	±0.2 %

Judge	Measured value and standard limit value						
PASS	Case1	+Uncertainty -Uncertainty  Even if it takes uncertainty into consideration,  Measured value a standard limit value is fulfilled.					
	_	Although measured value is in a standard limit value, a limit value won't be fulfilled if uncertainty is taken into consideration.					
FAIL	Case3	Although measured value exceeds a standard limit value, a limit value will be fulfilled if uncertainty is taken into consideration.					
	Case4	Even if it takes uncertainty into consideration, a standard limit value isn't fulfilled.					



# **6** Laboratory Information

Testing was performed and the report was issued at:

# TÜV SÜD Japan Ltd. Yonezawa Testing Center

Address: 5-4149-7 Hachimanpara, Yonezawa-shi, Yamagata, 992-1128 Japan

Phone: +81-238-28-2881

# **Accreditation and Registration**

A2LA

Certificate #3686.03

**VLAC** 

Accreditation No.: VLAC-013

**BSMI** 

Laboratory Code: SL2-IN-E-6018, SL2-A1-E-6018

Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada

ISED#: 4224A

VCCI Council

Registration number: A-0166



# **Appendix A. Test Equipment**

Antenna port conducted test

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Equipment	Company	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Due	Cal. Date			
Spectrum analyzer	Agilent Technologies	E4440A	US44302655	30-Sep-2022	01-Sep-2021			
Attenuator	HUBER+SUHNER	6810.19.A	N/A(S450)	31-Dec-2022	21-Dec-2021			
Microwave cable	Junkosha Inc.	MWX221/1m	N/A(S400)	31-Mar-2023	02-Mar-2022			
Power divider	Keysight	11636B	MY51360915	30-Sep-2022	15-Sep-2021			
Wideband Radio Frequency Tester	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CMW500	116338	31-Aug-2022	04-Aug-2021			
Temperature and humidity chamber	ESPEC	PL1KP	14007261	30-Sep-2022	21-Sep-2021			

# **Radiated emission**

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Equipment	Company	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Due	Cal. Date
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESCI	100765	30-Sep-2022	15-Sep-2021
Spectrum analyzer	Agilent Technologies	E4440A	US40420937	31-Dec-2022	13-Dec-2021
Preamplifier	SONOMA	310	372170	30-Sep-2022	15-Sep-2021
Biconical antenna	Schwarzbeck	VHBB9124/BBA9106	1333	31-Dec-2022	15-Dec-2021
Log periodic antenna	Schwarzbeck	VUSLP9111B	346	31-Oct-2022	15-Oct-2021
Attenuator	TOYO Connector	NA-PJ-6/6dB	N/A(S541)	30-Sep-2022	16-Sep-2021
Attenuator	TAMAGAWA.ELEC	CFA-10/3dB	N/A(S503)	31-Jul-2022	20-Jul-2021
Preamplifier	TSJ	MLA-100M18-B02-40	1929118	31-Dec-2022	22-Dec-2021
Attenuator	AEROFLEX	26A-10	081217-08	31-Dec-2022	22-Dec-2021
Double ridged guide antenna	ETS LINDGREN	3117	00052315	31-May-2022	24-May-2021
Attenuator	HUBER+SUHNER	6803.17.B	N/A(2340)	31-Dec-2022	23-Dec-2021
Double ridged guide antenna	A.H.Systems Inc.	SAS-574	469	31-Aug-2022	02-Aug-2021
Preamplifier	TSJ	MLA-1840-B03-35	1240332	31-Aug-2022	02-Aug-2021
Band rejection filter	Micro-Tronics	BRC50720	014	31-Dec-2022	20-Dec-2021
Signal generator	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	SMB100A	177525	31-Dec-2022	08-Dec-2021
RF power amplifier	R&K	CGA020M602-2633R	B40240	30-Jun-2022	02-Jun-2021
Attenuator	HUBER+SUHNER	6820.19.A	N/A(2399)	30-Sep-2022	15-Sep-2021
Microwave cable	HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFELX102/2m	31648	31-Mar-2022	10-Mar-2021
Dipole antenna	Schwarzbeck	VHAP	1021	31-Jul-2022	28-Jul-2021
Dipole antenna	Schwarzbeck	UHAP	993	31-Jul-2022	28-Jul-2021
Double ridged guide antenna	ETS LINDGREN	3117	00218815	31-Dec-2022	06-Dec-2021
Wideband Radio Frequency Tester	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CMW500	126079	30-Nov-2022	15-Nov-2021
Wideband Radio Frequency Tester	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CMW500	116338	31-Aug-2022	04-Aug-2021
		SUCOFLEX104/9m	MY30037/4	31-Dec-2022	22-Dec-2021
	HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX104/1m	my24610/4	31-Dec-2022	22-Dec-2021
Missaura and a		SUCOFLEX104/8m	SN MY30033/4	31-Dec-2022	22-Dec-2021
Microwave cable		SUCOFLEX104/1m	MY32976/4	31-Dec-2022	22-Dec-2021
		SUCOFLEX104/2m	SN MY28404/4	31-Dec-2022	22-Dec-2021
		SUCOFLEX104/7m	41625/6	31-Dec-2022	22-Dec-2021
PC	DELL	DIMENSION E521	75465BX	N/A	N/A
Software	TOYO Corporation	EP5/RE-AJ	0611193/V6.0.140	N/A	N/A
Absorber	RIKEN	PFP30	N/A	N/A	N/A
3m Semi an-echoic Chamber	TOKIN	N/A	N/A(9002-NSA)	31-May-2022	20-May-2021
3m Semi an-echoic Chamber	TOKIN	N/A	N/A(9002-SVSWR)	31-May-2022	20-May-2021

<sup>\*:</sup> The calibrations of the above equipment are traceable to NIST or equivalent standards of the reference organizations.